



Universal Forest Products®

Report to Shareholders

2016



Universal Forest Products®

“Arriving at one goal is the starting point to another.”

— *John Dewey*

To our Shareholders:

After we announced 2016’s record results, we asked our employees, “What if we said we hope 2016’s profits are a low point?” Because that is, indeed, what we want. In 2026, we would like to look back on 2016 – a record year – and say, “That was the lowest point of the last 10 years.”

We believe that breaking records starts with an attitude. You must believe you can do it. Then you must add hard work, innovation and a well-thought-out strategy. Only then can you own it!

That’s the mentality of the people of the companies of Universal Forest Products. After creating record results in 2015, our 60th year in business, we shattered them in 2016. Great wasn’t good enough; we knew we could achieve more. We did—and hit some big goals early.

We posted record annual net sales of \$3.24 billion, up 12.2 percent over 2015. Our goal was to get to \$3 billion in sales by the end of 2017—so not only did our people hit the goal early, they crushed it.

We posted annual net earnings attributable to controlling interest of \$101.2 million, or \$4.96 per diluted share, which was a 25.5 percent increase over 2015.

We grew new product sales to \$354.3 million – up 28.9 percent over 2015, beating another goal early. (Our target was new product sales of \$250 million by 2016.)

We are proud of our people, but humble about our successes. There are many great companies and professionals out there, and to win, we must add new products, services and solutions for our customers. And, of course, we must outwork the competition. So, we come to our facilities and job sites every day with that intent. It’s not magic. It’s just a simple formula we’ve used for more than 60 years.

In 2016, we added many great people to our team, both at existing operations and through our acquisitions, including:

- idX, an international provider of highly customized merchandising solutions, which brought to Universal 20 facilities in North America, Europe and Asia,
- Idaho Western, a Nampa, Idaho-based distributor of products for building materials retailers and the manufactured housing and recreational vehicle industries,
- Seven D Truss, L.P., a manufacturer and distributor of roof and floor trusses whose assets were incorporated into our operations in Gordon, Penn.,
- The UBEECO Group Pty. Ltd., a manufacturer of wood packaging based in Erskine Park, Australia, a suburb of Sydney. UBEECO joins our other Australian industrial packaging operation, Integra Packaging, which joined the Universal family in 2015, and
- UFP Elkwood, LLC, a producer of doors and trim for customers in the greater Washington, D.C., metro area and Virginia.

These are our results by market:

Retail. Gross sales to the **retail market** were \$1.3 billion, up 13.7 percent over 2015, with healthy increases to both big box and independent retailers. Our successes in this market included share gains in existing product lines and growth with new product sales. Better consumer demand and improved product mix helped drive sales with customers who are growing to rely on us to bring exciting new products to market. In our retail business, we sell hundreds of products ranging from decking, fencing and accessories (such as balusters and post caps) to outdoor games to loose lumber. Among our products and brands are ProWood® Lumber (www.prowoodlumber.com), Deckorators® decking and accessories (www.deckorators.com), the popular Rustic Collection of shiplap siding and trim boards in our UFP-Edge portfolio (www.ufpedge.com), and the lattice and other panel products sold under our Dimensions™ brand (www.dimensionsdiy.com).

Industrial. Gross sales to the **industrial market** were \$988 million, up nearly 11 percent over 2015, due to a 13 percent increase in unit sales, offset by a 2 percent decrease in selling prices. Acquisitions contributed to 10 percent of the growth in our unit sales. We achieved share gains during the year, adding more than 190 new customers and doing more with existing customers. In this market, we supply specialty crates and packaging to multiple industries, as well as components for products, like wood frames for mattresses and furniture. It's a strong opportunity not just for maximizing our design and production expertise, which often must accommodate intricate needs for protecting and transporting goods, but also for using raw material that otherwise would have been waste.

Construction. Gross sales to the **construction market** were \$1.0 billion, up 12 percent over 2015 due to an 11 percent increase in unit sales and a 1 percent increase in selling prices. Residential construction includes traditional site-built single- and multifamily construction as well as factory built homes. Unit sales increased 17 percent to residential construction customers and 5 percent to manufactured housing customers (which includes both modular and HUD-code homes). In commercial construction, we saw a 10 percent increase in shipments in 2016 over the prior year.

We are proud of these achievements and numbers, but they tell only part of the story. Our growth and opportunities lie in new areas—whether by geography, market or distribution channel—and, in 2016, we unfolded exciting strategies in those areas. For example, we launched a global group, responsible for growing our business around the world, and we put a Universal veteran at its helm. Mike Mordell joined the company in 1993 and was successful in many capacities, including the position he had prior to his appointment: executive vice president of our purchasing affiliate. Today, Mike is responsible for sales, production, distribution and developing partnerships related to our business outside the U.S.

While we had many people throughout our organization working on E-commerce initiatives, we strengthened the focus in 2016 by bringing them into a single group and appointing another company veteran to lead it. Today, former CIO Ron Klyn is running our E-commerce group as its vice president, responsible for creating, managing and growing our business through digital channels, including B2B (business to business) and B2C (business to consumer), working with both existing and new customers.

Concerned about students graduating from college with mountains of debt and, too often, limited practical skills, we started UFP Business School. It's a two-year program aimed at recent high school graduates that's modeled after a traditional business degree program. Students are in classes 10 hours a week and in paid internships 20 hours a week. The company underwrites the cost of the school and, upon graduation, UFP Business School grads get the first crack at available jobs. The inaugural class of nine students has been a great success. We're working to expand the program by adding students and placing coursework online so that we can offer it outside of our Grand Rapids, Michigan, headquarters.

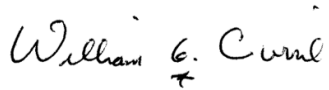
As you can see, we're driven to do things differently and better than others.

We don't think government can solve all of our challenges without usurping many of our freedoms, and we remain cautiously optimistic that elected officials can foster a business climate that enables us to grow, which, in turn, allows us to employ more people, give them great opportunities to provide for themselves and their families and build wealth for their futures.

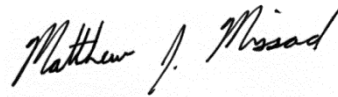
Thank you for your investment, interest and trust in us. We take none of it lightly, and we work hard to earn it every day we turn on the lights. We exist to succeed and to create opportunity and wealth for all of our stakeholders. We believe that what works for our company can also help work to heal our country. Growth, jobs, opportunity and freedom seem like a good start!

In 2017, we will be focused on building shareholder value and breaking records again with the hopes that we are able to write an even better letter to you next year. Thank you! And God bless America!

Cordially,

Handwritten signature of William G. Currie in black ink.

William G. Currie
Chairman of the Board

Handwritten signature of Matthew J. Missad in black ink.

Matthew J. Missad
Chief Executive Officer

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FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Table of Contents**

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SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA*(In thousands, except per share and statistics data)*

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Consolidated Statement of Earnings Data					
Net sales	\$ 3,240,493	\$ 2,887,071	\$ 2,660,329	\$ 2,470,448	\$ 2,054,933
Gross profit	474,590	399,904	325,342	280,552	225,109
Earnings before income taxes	160,671	131,002	95,713	70,258	41,064
Net earnings attributable to controlling interest	\$ 101,179	\$ 80,595	\$ 57,551	43,082	23,934
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 4.96	\$ 3.99	\$ 2.86	\$ 2.15	\$ 1.21
Dividends per share	\$ 0.870	\$ 0.820	\$ 0.610	\$ 0.410	\$ 0.400
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data					
Working capital ⁽¹⁾	\$ 484,661	\$ 444,057	\$ 397,546	\$ 357,299	\$ 338,389
Total assets	1,292,058	1,107,679	1,023,800	916,987	860,540
Total debt	111,693	85,895	98,645	84,700	95,790
Shareholders' equity	860,466	766,409	699,560	649,734	607,525
Statistics					
Gross profit as a percentage of					
net sales	14.6%	13.9%	12.2%	11.4%	11.0%
Net earnings attributable to controlling interest as a percentage of net sales					
	3.1%	2.8%	2.2%	1.7%	1.2%
Return on beginning equity ⁽²⁾	13.2%	11.5%	8.8%	7.1%	4.1%
Current ratio ⁽⁴⁾	2.78	3.17	3.27	3.59	3.95
Debt to equity ratio ⁽⁵⁾	0.13	0.11	0.14	0.13	0.16
Book value per common share ⁽³⁾	\$ 42.30	\$ 38.05	\$ 35.01	\$ 32.57	\$ 30.68

(1) Current assets less current liabilities.

(2) Net earnings attributable to controlling interest divided by beginning shareholders' equity.

(3) Shareholders' equity divided by common stock outstanding.

(4) Current assets divided by current liabilities.

(5) Total debt divided by shareholders' equity.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF
FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Universal Forest Products, Inc. is a holding company with subsidiaries throughout North America, Europe, Asia, and in Australia that supply wood, wood composite and other products to three robust markets: retail, industrial, and construction. The Company is headquartered in Grand Rapids, Mich. For more information about Universal Forest Products, Inc., or its affiliated operations, go to www.ufpi.com.

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended, that are based on management's beliefs, assumptions, current expectations, estimates and projections about the markets we serve, the economy and the Company itself. Words like "anticipates," "believes," "confident," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "likely," "plans," "projects," "should," variations of such words, and similar expressions identify such forward-looking statements. These statements do not guarantee future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict with regard to timing, extent, likelihood and degree of occurrence. The Company does not undertake to update forward-looking statements to reflect facts, circumstances, events, or assumptions that occur after the date the forward-looking statements are made. Actual results could differ materially from those included in such forward-looking statements. Investors are cautioned that all forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainty. Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements are the following: fluctuations in the price of lumber; adverse or unusual weather conditions; adverse economic conditions in the markets we serve; government regulations, particularly involving environmental and safety regulations; and our ability to make successful business acquisitions. Certain of these risk factors as well as other risk factors and additional information are included in the Company's reports on Form 10-K and 10-Q on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We are pleased to present this overview of 2016.

OVERVIEW

Our results for 2016 were impacted by the following:

- Our sales increased 12% in 2016 due to an 11% increase in our unit sales and a 1% increase in overall selling prices (see "Historical Lumber Prices"). Our unit sales increased in all three of our markets - retail, industrial, and construction - and were driven by a combination of acquisition and organic growth. Businesses we acquired contributed 3% to our unit sales growth in 2016 (see Note C of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements).
- The Home Improvement Research Institute reported a 6% increase in home improvement sales in 2016. Comparatively, our unit sales to the retail market increased 10% in 2016.
- Our sales to the industrial market increased 11% in 2016. Businesses we acquired contributed 10% to unit sales growth. Comparatively, the *Federal Reserve's Industrial Production* noted that national industrial production increased less than 1% in 2016.
- National housing starts increased approximately 5% in the period from December 2015 through November 2016, compared to the same period of the prior year (our sales trail housing starts by about a month). Comparatively, our unit sales to residential construction customers increased 17% in 2016.
- Production of HUD code manufactured homes were up 15% in the period from January through December 2016, compared to the same period of the prior year, and year over year modular home starts increased 9% in the first six months of 2016 (the last period reported). Comparatively, our unit sales to the manufactured housing market increased 5% in 2016.
- Our profitability improved to \$101.2 million in net earnings attributable to controlling interest from \$80.6 million last year primarily due to a combination of strong organic sales growth and favorable improvements in sales mix.
- Our cash flow from operating activities increased to \$172 million due to our improved profitability and working capital management. Additionally, we invested almost \$173 million in newly acquired businesses in 2016.

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HISTORICAL LUMBER PRICES

The following table presents the Random Lengths framing lumber composite price.

	Random Lengths Composite Average \$/MBF		
	2016	2015	2014
January	\$ 316	\$ 379	\$ 395
February	310	361	394
March	321	339	387
April	345	334	367
May	356	315	377
June	353	328	375
July	351	346	381
August	367	327	401
September	354	300	398
October	356	308	381
November	346	326	367
December	357	314	375
Annual average	\$ 344	\$ 331	\$ 383
Annual percentage change	3.9%	(13.6)%	

In addition, a Southern Yellow Pine ("SYP") composite price, which we prepare and use, is presented below. Our purchases of this species comprises approximately 43% of total lumber purchases for 2016 and 2015.

	Random Lengths SYP Average \$/MBF		
	2016	2015	2014
January	\$ 358	\$ 411	\$ 375
February	357	399	398
March	366	393	406
April	389	400	392
May	397	368	402
June	382	354	406
July	380	344	396
August	391	321	419
September	375	290	416
October	385	318	393
November	387	348	386
December	400	347	399
Annual average	\$ 381	\$ 358	\$ 399
Annual percentage change	6.4%	(10.3)%	

IMPACT OF THE LUMBER MARKET ON OUR OPERATING RESULTS

We experience significant fluctuations in the cost of commodity lumber products from primary producers ("Lumber Market"). We generally price our products to pass lumber costs through to our customers so that our profitability is based on the value-added

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manufacturing, distribution, engineering, and other services we provide. As a result, our sales levels (and working capital requirements) are impacted by the lumber costs of our products. Lumber costs were 48.5%, 48.9%, and 53.5% of our sales in 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively.

Our gross margins are impacted by (1) the relative level of the Lumber Market (i.e. whether prices are higher or lower from comparative periods), and (2) the trend in the market price of lumber (i.e. whether the price of lumber is increasing or decreasing within a period or from period to period). Moreover, as explained below, our products are priced differently. Some of our products have fixed selling prices, while the selling prices of other products are indexed to the reported Lumber Market with a fixed dollar adder to cover conversion costs and profits. Consequently, the level and trend of the Lumber Market impact our products differently.

Below is a general description of the primary ways in which our products are priced.

- Products with fixed selling prices. These products include value-added products such as decking and fencing sold to retail building materials customers, as well as trusses, wall panels and other components sold to the residential construction market, and most industrial packaging products. Prices for these products are generally fixed at the time of the sales quotation for a specified period of time or are based upon a specific quantity. In order to maintain margins and reduce any exposure to adverse trends in the price of component lumber products, we attempt to lock in costs with our suppliers for these sales commitments. Also, the time period and quantity limitations generally allow us to re-price our products for changes in lumber costs from our suppliers.
- Products with selling prices indexed to the reported Lumber Market with a fixed dollar "adder" to cover conversion costs and profits. These products primarily include treated lumber, remanufactured lumber, and trusses sold to the manufactured housing industry. For these products, we estimate the customers' needs and we carry anticipated levels of inventory. Because lumber costs are incurred in advance of final sale prices, subsequent increases or decreases in the market price of lumber impact our gross margins. For these products, our margins are exposed to changes in the trend of lumber prices.

The greatest risk associated with changes in the trend of lumber prices is on the following products:

- Products with significant inventory levels with low turnover rates, whose selling prices are indexed to the Lumber Market. In other words, the longer the period of time these products remain in inventory, the greater the exposure to changes in the price of lumber. This would include treated lumber, which comprises approximately 19% of our total sales. This exposure is less significant with remanufactured lumber, trusses sold to the manufactured housing market, and other similar products, due to the higher rate of inventory turnover. We attempt to mitigate the risk associated with treated lumber through vendor consignment inventory programs. *(Please refer to the "Risk Factors" section of our annual report on form 10-K, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.)*
- Products with fixed selling prices sold under long-term supply arrangements, particularly those involving multi-family construction projects. We attempt to mitigate this risk through our purchasing practices by locking in costs.

In addition to the impact of the Lumber Market trends on gross margins, changes in the level of the market cause fluctuations in gross margins when comparing operating results from period to period. This is explained in the following example, which assumes the price of lumber has increased from period one to period two, with no changes in the trend within each period.

	Period 1	Period 2
Lumber cost	\$ 300	\$ 400
Conversion cost	50	50
= Product cost	350	450
Adder	50	50
= Sell price	\$ 400	\$ 500
Gross margin	12.5%	10.0%

As is apparent from the preceding example, the level of lumber prices does not impact our overall profits but does impact our margins. Gross margins are negatively impacted during periods of high lumber prices; conversely, we experience margin improvement when lumber prices are relatively low. As a result of this factor, we believe it is useful to compare our change in units shipped with our change in gross profits as a method of evaluating profitability.

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BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND ASSET PURCHASES

We completed five business acquisitions during 2016 and two during 2015 and each was accounted for using the purchase method. The aggregate annual sales of these acquisitions totals \$362 million and collectively they contributed \$100 million to net sales in 2016. These business combinations were not significant to our operating results individually or in aggregate, and thus pro forma results for 2016 and 2015 are not presented.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Note C, "Business Combinations" for additional information.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, the components of our Consolidated Statements of Earnings as a percentage of net sales.

	Years Ended		
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of goods sold	85.4	86.1	87.8
Gross profit	14.6	13.9	12.2
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	9.6	9.2	8.6
Loss contingency for anti-dumping duty assessments	—	—	0.1
Net loss (gain) on disposition of assets and other impairment charges	—	—	(0.1)
Earnings from operations	5.1	4.7	3.7
Other expense, net	0.1	0.2	0.1
Earnings before income taxes	5.0	4.5	3.6
Income taxes	1.7	1.6	1.3
Net earnings	3.3	2.9	2.3
Less net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.2)
Net earnings attributable to controlling interest	3.1%	2.8%	2.2%

Note: Actual percentages are calculated and may not sum to total due to rounding.

GROSS SALES

We design, manufacture and market wood and wood-alternative products for national home centers and other retailers, structural lumber and other products for the manufactured housing industry, engineered wood components for residential and commercial construction, specialty wood packaging, components and packing materials for various industries, and customized interior fixtures used in a variety of retail stores, commercial and other structures. Our strategic long-term sales objectives include:

- Diversifying our end market sales mix by increasing sales of specialty wood packaging to industrial users, increasing our penetration of the concrete forming market, increasing our sales of engineered wood components for custom home, multi-family, military and light commercial construction, increasing our market share with independent retailers, and increasing our sales of customized interior fixtures used in a variety of markets.
- Expanding geographically in our core businesses, domestically and internationally.
- Increasing sales of "value-added" products, which primarily consist of fencing, decking, lattice, and other specialty products sold to the retail market, specialty wood packaging, engineered wood components, customized interior fixtures, and "wood alternative" products. Engineered wood components include roof trusses, wall panels, and floor systems. Wood alternative products consist primarily of composite wood and plastics. Although we consider the treatment of dimensional lumber with certain chemical preservatives a value-added process, treated lumber is not presently included in the value-added sales totals.

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- Maximizing unit sales growth while achieving return on investment goals
- Developing new products and expanding our product offering for existing customers. New product sales were \$354.3 million in 2016, \$274.9 million in 2015, and \$200.7 million in 2014. (Certain prior year product reclassifications resulted in an increase in new product sales in 2015 and 2014.)

	New Product Sales by Market		
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014
Retail	\$ 205,934	\$ 153,880	\$ 116,119
Industrial	94,844	74,424	33,077
Construction	53,505	46,572	51,537
Total New Product Sales	<u>\$ 354,283</u>	<u>\$ 274,876</u>	<u>\$ 200,733</u>

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, our gross sales (in thousands) and percentage change in gross sales by market classification.

Market Classification	Years Ended				
	December 31, 2016	%	December 26, 2015	%	December 27, 2014
		Change		Change	
Retail	\$ 1,292,892	13.7	\$ 1,136,643	10.9	\$ 1,024,788
Industrial	988,040	10.6	893,149	13.3	788,450
Construction	1,009,317	12.5	897,301	1.4	884,698
Total Gross Sales	3,290,249	12.4	2,927,093	7.8	2,697,936
Sales Allowances	(49,756)	24.3	(40,022)	6.4	(37,607)
Total Net Sales	<u>\$ 3,240,493</u>	12.2	<u>\$ 2,887,071</u>	8.5	<u>\$ 2,660,329</u>

Note: During 2016, certain customers were reclassified to a different market. Prior year information has been restated to reflect these changes.

The following table presents estimates, for the periods indicated, of our percentage change in gross sales which were attributable to changes in overall selling prices versus changes in units shipped.

	% Change		
	in Sales	in Selling Prices	in Units
2016 versus 2015	12.4%	1.2 %	11.2%
2015 versus 2014	8.5%	(3.0)%	11.5%
2014 versus 2013	7.7%	— %	7.7%

Retail:

Gross sales to the retail market increased almost 14% in 2016 compared to 2015 due to a 10% increase in unit sales and a 4% increase in selling prices. Within this market, sales to our big box customers increased 17% while our sales to other retailers increased 10%. Our increase in unit sales was primarily organic growth achieved through a combination of share gains in existing product lines with certain retailers, an improvement in consumer demand, and growth in our new product sales. Our large retail customers reported year over year same store sales growth of approximately 6% during the first nine months of 2016.

Gross sales to the retail market increased almost 11% in 2015 compared to 2014 due to a 12% increase in unit sales, offset by a 1% decrease in selling prices. Within this market, sales to our big box customers increased 15% while our sales to other retailers increased 5%. We believe that our increase in unit sales was primarily due to share gains in existing product lines with certain

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retailers, an improvement in consumer demand, and growth in our new product sales. Our large retail customers reported year over year same store sales growth of approximately 5% during the first nine months of 2015.

Industrial:

Gross sales to the industrial market increased 11% in 2016 compared to 2015, resulting from a 13% increase in overall unit sales, offset by a 2% decrease in selling prices. Businesses we acquired contributed 10% to our growth in unit sales. Our organic growth in unit sales was 3% as a result of share gains achieved by adding 191 new customers during the year and increasing the number of locations we serve of certain large customers. We believe overall market demand decreased in 2016.

Gross sales to the industrial market increased 14% in 2015 compared to 2014, resulting from a 17% increase in overall unit sales, offset by a 3% decrease in selling prices. Businesses we acquired contributed 12% to our growth in unit sales. Our organic growth in unit sales of 5% was due to share gains achieved with several existing customers, as well as adding 168 new customers.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Note C, "Business Combinations" for additional information concerning acquired businesses.

Construction:

Gross sales to the construction market increased over 12% in 2016 compared to 2015, due to a unit sales increase of 11% and a 1% increase in selling prices. Unit sales increased due to a 17% increase in units shipped to residential construction customers, a 10% increase in shipments to commercial construction customers, and a 5% increase in shipments to manufactured housing customers. Businesses we acquired in 2016 contributed 2% in unit sales growth to manufactured housing customers. Comparatively, *Mortgage Bankers Association of America* reported year over year national housing starts increased 5%, the commercial construction market increased 5%, *National Association of Home Builders* reported industry production of HUD-code homes increased 14%, and modular home starts increased 9% for the first six months of 2016 (the last period reported). The increases in our sales to residential and commercial construction above nationally recognized market data are primarily due to a combination of increased demand and market share in certain areas of our geographic footprint. Our growth in the manufactured housing market was less than the national average, which was primarily due to a reduction in market share resulting from the loss of certain customers.

Gross sales to the construction market increased approximately 1% in 2015 compared to 2014, due to a unit sales increase of 5%, offset by a 4% decrease in selling prices. Unit sales increased due to a 4% increase in units shipped to residential construction customers, a 15% increase in shipments to commercial construction customers, and a 2% increase in shipments to manufactured housing customers. Comparatively, *Mortgage Bankers Association of America* reported year over year housing starts increased 11% nationally, the commercial construction market increased 11%, *National Association of Home Builders* reported industry production of HUD-code homes increased 8.7%, and modular home starts remained flat for the first nine months of 2015 (the last period reported).

Value-Added and Commodity-Based Sales:

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, our percentage of value-added and commodity-based sales to total sales. Value-added products generally carry higher gross margins than our commodity-based products.

	Value-Added	Commodity-Based
2016	62.6%	37.4%
2015	59.8%	40.2%
2014	58.5%	41.5%

COST OF GOODS SOLD AND GROSS PROFIT

Our gross profit percentage increased from 13.9% in 2015 to 14.6% in 2016. Additionally, our gross profit dollars increased by almost \$75 million, or 19%, which exceeds our 11% increase in unit sales. The improvement in our profitability in 2016 is attributable to the following factors:

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- Approximately \$38 million of the increase is attributable to our growth in unit sales to the retail market and an improvement in margin on those sales. New product sales, effective inventory positioning leading to lower lumber costs, and the favorable impact of selling into a rising lumber market on variable priced products contributed to our margin improvement.
- Our growth in unit sales to the industrial market and margin improvement on those sales for most of the year resulted in a \$22 million improvement in our gross profit. Businesses we acquired in 2016 contributed \$16 million of this increase. The gross margin improvement is attributable to a favorable improvement in our product sales mix of more value-added products.
- Almost \$16 million of our gross profit improvement was due to growth in sales to the residential construction, commercial construction, and manufactured housing markets as our gross margins remained relatively flat.

Our gross profit percentage increased from 12.2% in 2014 to 13.9% in 2015. Additionally, our gross profit dollars increased by almost \$75 million, or 23%, which exceeds our 11.5% increase in unit sales. The improvement in our profitability in 2015 is attributable to the following factors:

- Our growth in unit sales to the industrial market and a significant margin improvement on those sales contributed almost \$50 million to our gross profit improvement. The gross margin improvement is attributable to an improvement in our sales mix and benefiting from lower lumber costs relative to our fixed selling prices in the last six months of 2015. We estimate lower lumber costs contributed \$17 million to \$20 million to our overall improvement in gross profits.
- Approximately \$17 million of the increase is attributable to our growth in unit sales to the retail market and a slight improvement in margin on those sales. New product sales contributed to our margin improvement;
- Over \$9 million of our gross profit improvement was due to growth in sales and an improvement in margins on sales to the residential construction market. Margins improved primarily as a result of efforts to be more selective in the business that we take as market conditions have improved.

SELLING, GENERAL, AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased by approximately \$45.9 million, or 17%, in 2016 compared to 2015, while we reported an 11% increase in unit sales. Acquired businesses contributed \$17 million to our increase. The remaining increase in SG&A was primarily due to an \$11 million increase in compensation and benefit costs resulting from annual raises, other cost increases, and hiring additional personnel to support sales growth, and a \$14 million increase in incentive compensation expense tied to profitability and return on investment.

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased by approximately \$34.5 million, or 15%, in 2015 compared to 2014, while we reported an 11.5% increase in unit sales. The increase in SG&A was primarily due to a \$12 million increase in compensation and related expenses resulting from annual raises and hiring additional sales and design personnel to support sales growth, and a \$16 million increase in incentive compensation expense tied to profitability and return on investment. Our SG&A has increased as a percentage of sales due to the favorable change in our sales mix of more value-added products which require higher SG&A costs and incentive compensation.

ANTI-DUMPING DUTY ASSESSMENTS

We accrued \$1.6 million related to estimated anti-dumping duty assessments in 2014, imposed by the US government on plywood and steel nails imported from China. During a 2016 assessment, it was determined that the estimated anti-dumping duty accrual was no longer necessary.

NET LOSS (GAIN) ON DISPOSITION OF ASSETS AND OTHER IMPAIRMENT CHARGES

The net gain on disposition and impairment of assets totaled \$3.4 million in 2014. Included within the \$3.4 million net gain was a gain on the sale of certain real estate totaling \$2.7 million completed by a 50% owned subsidiary of the Company. During 2014, we also recognized a net gain on the sale of other properties and equipment totaling \$1.9 million. These gains were offset by a \$1.2 million impairment loss recorded to reduce the value of one of our vacant properties.

INTEREST, NET

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Net interest costs were lower in 2016 compared to 2015, due to a lower outstanding balance on our revolving line of credit throughout 2016 resulting in less associated interest expense.

Net interest costs were higher in 2015 compared to 2014, due to a higher outstanding balance on our revolving line of credit throughout 2015 resulting in additional associated interest expense and the loss of interest income related to notes receivable collected in late 2014 and 2015.

INCOME TAXES

Effective tax rates differ from statutory federal income tax rates, primarily due to provisions for state and local income taxes and permanent tax differences. Our effective tax rate decreased to 34.3% in 2016 compared to 35.0% in 2015. The decrease in the 2016 tax rate is primarily due to a reduction in our estimated state tax rate.

Our effective tax rate decreased to 35.0% in 2015 compared to 35.7% in 2014. The decrease in the 2015 tax rate is due to an increase in our domestic manufacturing deduction and a reduction in our estimated state tax rate.

SEGMENT REPORTING

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, our net sales and earnings from operations by reportable segment.

(in thousands)	Net Sales				
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014	2016 vs 2015	2015 vs 2014
North	\$ 1,000,426	\$ 922,092	\$ 840,277	8.5%	9.7%
South	711,862	656,550	611,700	8.4	7.3
West	1,251,093	1,133,398	1,062,565	10.4	6.7
idX	87,001	—	—	—	—
All Other	190,111	175,031	145,787	8.6	20.1
Total	\$ 3,240,493	\$ 2,887,071	\$ 2,660,329	12.2%	8.5%

(in thousands)	Earnings from Operations				
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014	2016 vs 2015	2015 vs 2014
North	\$ 59,408	\$ 53,879	\$ 32,988	10.3%	63.3%
South	47,146	30,740	24,474	53.4	25.6
West	76,875	70,220	53,575	9.5	31.1
idX	627	—	—	—	—
All Other	16,012	3,038	3,155	427.1	(3.7)
Corporate ¹	(35,630)	(22,410)	(16,825)	(59.0)	(33.2)
Total	\$ 164,438	\$ 135,467	\$ 97,367	21.4%	39.1%

¹Corporate primarily represents over (under) allocated administrative costs and certain incentive compensation expense.

North

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(in thousands)	Net Sales				
	North Segment by Market				
	Twelve Months Ended				
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014	% Change 2016 vs 2015	% Change 2015 vs 2014
<u>Market Classification</u>					
Retail	\$ 465,823	\$ 415,709	\$ 351,734	12.1	18.2
Industrial	118,492	119,890	122,189	(1.2)	(1.9)
Construction	436,121	402,534	379,011	8.3	6.2
Total Gross Sales	1,020,436	938,133	852,934	8.8	10.0
Sales Allowances	(20,010)	(16,041)	(12,657)	(24.7)	(26.7)
Total Net Sales	\$ 1,000,426	\$ 922,092	\$ 840,277	8.5	9.7

Net sales attributable to the North reportable segment increased by 8.5% in 2016, due to increases in sales to our retail and residential construction markets, offset by a decrease in sales to our industrial customers as a result of the same factors discussed under "Gross Sales".

Earnings from operations for the North reportable segment increased in 2016 primarily due to the growth in our sales to retail and residential construction customers. Additionally, margin improvements were achieved on sales to the retail and industrial markets due to a more favorable product sales mix focused on value-added products. These improvements were offset by a 12.6% increase in our SG&A expenses from 2015 to 2016.

Net sales attributable to the North reportable segment increased by 9.7% in 2015, due to an increase in sales to our retail, residential construction, and manufactured housing customers, offset by a decline in sales to our industrial customers, as a result of the same factors discussed under "Gross Sales".

Earnings from operations for the North reportable segment increased in 2015 primarily due to the growth in our sales to retail and residential construction customers. Margin improvements were also achieved due to a more favorable product sales mix and a decline in lumber costs in the last six months of 2015 on products we sell with fixed selling prices. These improvements were offset by an 11.4% increase in our SG&A expenses from 2014 to 2015.

South

(in thousands)	Net Sales				
	South Segment by Market				
	Twelve Months Ended				
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014	% Change 2016 vs 2015	% Change 2015 vs 2014
<u>Market Classification</u>					
Retail	\$ 315,109	\$ 288,395	\$ 259,121	9.3	11.3
Industrial	249,599	245,539	234,271	1.7	4.8
Construction	161,382	134,400	127,603	20.1	5.3
Total Gross Sales	726,090	668,334	620,995	8.6	7.6
Sales Allowances	(14,228)	(11,784)	(9,295)	(20.7)	(26.8)
Total Net Sales	\$ 711,862	\$ 656,550	\$ 611,700	8.4	7.3

Net sales attributable to the South reportable segment increased by 8.4% in 2016, primarily due to an increase in sales to our retail and manufactured housing customers, as a result of the same factors discussed under "Gross Sales".

Earnings from operations for the South reportable segment increased in 2016 primarily due to the growth in our sales to retail and manufactured housing customers. Additionally, we achieved margin improvements primarily due to improvements in our sales

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mix of more value-added products and closure of certain under-performing operations. The overall improvement in gross profit was offset by a 4.7% increase in SG&A expenses from 2015 to 2016.

Net sales attributable to the South reportable segment increased by 7.3% in 2015, primarily due to an increase in sales to our retail, industrial, and manufactured housing customers, as a result of the same factors discussed under "Gross Sales".

Earnings from operations for the South reportable segment increased in 2015 primarily due to our growth in sales and margin improvements. Margin improvements were primarily due to a more favorable product sales mix and low lumber costs in the last six months of 2015 on products we sell with fixed selling prices. The overall improvement in gross profit was offset by a 9.5% increase in SG&A expenses from 2014 to 2015.

West

(in thousands)	Net Sales				
	West Segment by Market				
	Twelve Months Ended				
	<u>Market Classification</u>	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014	% Change 2016 vs 2015
Retail	\$ 384,666	\$ 322,639	\$ 313,403	19.2	2.9
Industrial	471,055	463,908	384,265	1.5	20.7
Construction	411,810	360,353	378,059	14.3	(4.7)
Total Gross Sales	1,267,531	1,146,900	1,075,727	10.5	6.6
Sales Allowances	(16,438)	(13,502)	(13,162)	(21.7)	(2.6)
Total Net Sales	<u>\$ 1,251,093</u>	<u>\$ 1,133,398</u>	<u>\$ 1,062,565</u>	10.4	6.7

Net sales of the West reportable segment increased by 10.4% in 2016, primarily due to an increase in sales to the retail and construction markets, as a result of the same factors discussed under "Gross Sales". Additionally, newly acquired businesses contributed \$11.3 million in gross sales to the retail and construction markets in 2016.

Earnings from operations for the West reportable segment increased in 2016 primarily due to growth in our sales to the retail and construction markets, and an improvement in margins. Our margins increased due to an improvement in our sales mix of value-added products. These improvements were offset by a 14.2% increase in SG&A expenses during 2016.

Net sales of the West reportable segment increased by 6.7% in 2015, due to an increase in sales to the retail, commercial construction, and industrial markets. Businesses we acquired in 2015 and at the end of 2014 contributed \$92.3 million to our growth in sales to the industrial market. These increases were offset by a decline in sales to manufactured housing and residential construction customers.

Earnings from operations for the West reportable segment increased in 2015 primarily due to the growth in our sales to the retail and industrial markets and an improvement in margins. Our margins increased due to an improvement in our sales mix of value-add products and lower lumber prices in the last six months of 2015 on products we sell with fixed selling prices. These improvements were offset by a 9.9% increase in SG&A expenses during 2015.

idX

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(in thousands)	Net Sales				
	idX Segment by Market				
	Twelve Months Ended				
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014	% Change 2016 vs 2015	% Change 2015 vs 2014
<u>Market Classification</u>					
Industrial	87,262	—	—	—	—
Total Gross Sales	87,262	—	—	—	—
Sales Allowances	(261)	—	—	—	—
Total Net Sales	\$ 87,001	\$ —	\$ —	—	—

On September 16, 2016, we acquired idX Holdings, Inc. ("idX"). idX is a designer, manufacturer and installer of highly customized in-store environments that are used in a range of end markets. Prior to acquisition, idX had annual sales and earnings from operations of approximately \$300 million and \$23 million, respectively.

All Other

(in thousands)	Net Sales				
	All Other Segment by Market				
	Twelve Months Ended				
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014	% Change 2016 vs 2015	% Change 2015 vs 2014
<u>Market Classification</u>					
Retail	\$ 127,295	\$ 109,900	\$ 100,530	15.8	9.3
Industrial	61,632	63,813	47,724	(3.4)	33.7
Construction	3	12	26	(75.0)	(53.8)
Total Gross Sales	188,930	173,725	148,280	8.8	17.2
Sales Allowances	1,181	1,306	(2,493)	9.6	152.4
Total Net Sales	\$ 190,111	\$ 175,031	\$ 145,787	8.6	20.1

Net sales of all other segments increased 8.6% in 2016 primarily due to an increase in sales by our Alternative Materials operations, primarily due to an increase in market share with certain Big Box retailers.

Earnings from operations for all other segments increased in 2016, primarily due to the sales growth and operational improvements of our Alternative Materials operations and to a lesser extent the performance of our captive insurance subsidiary, Ardellis.

Net sales of all other segments increased 20.1% in 2015 primarily due to:

- An increase in sales by our Alternative Materials operations to retail customers. Our Alternative Materials operations primarily manufacture, distribute, and sell composite decking, decorative post caps and balusters, and a variety of other deck accessories to retail customers.
- An increase in sales to the Industrial market by our Pinelli Universal partnership. Pinelli Universal manufactures moulding and millwork products out of its plant in Durango, Mexico.
- Our Integra Packaging partnership, acquired in 2015, which manufactures and distributes specialty packaging products.

Earnings from operations for all other segments decreased slightly in 2015, primarily due to a gain on the sale of certain real estate in Mexico recorded in the third quarter of 2014 totaling \$2.7 million and a 28% increase in SG&A expenses in 2015, offset by margin improvements achieved by our Pinelli Universal partnership on its sales to industrial customers in 2015.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AND CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

We have no significant off-balance sheet commitments other than operating leases. The following table summarizes our contractual obligations as of December 31, 2016 (in thousands).

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<u>Contractual Obligation</u>	Payments Due by Period				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1 – 3 Years	3 – 5 Years	After 5 Years	
Long-term debt and capital lease obligations	\$ 2,595	\$ 24,348	\$ 41,490	\$ 43,260	\$ 111,693
Estimated interest on long-term debt and capital lease obligations	3,548	6,954	6,114	6,296	22,912
Operating leases	17,664	23,014	10,214	4,974	55,866
Capital project purchase obligations	10,075	—	—	—	10,075
Total	\$ 33,882	\$ 54,316	\$ 57,818	\$ 54,530	\$ 200,546

As of December 31, 2016, we also had \$25.5 million in outstanding letters of credit issued during the normal course of business, as required by some vendor contracts.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The table below presents, for the periods indicated, a summary of our cash flow statement (in thousands):

	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014
Cash from operating activities	172,520	168,796	73,120
Cash used in investing activities	(227,469)	(46,817)	(67,063)
Cash from (used in) financing activities	3,211	(33,002)	(5,205)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(1,927)	(1,221)	(852)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(53,665)	87,756	—
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	87,756	0	0
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 34,091	\$ 87,756	\$ —

In general, we financed our growth in the past through a combination of operating cash flows, our revolving credit facility, industrial development bonds (when circumstances permit), and issuance of long-term notes payable at times when interest rates are favorable. We have not issued equity to finance growth except in the case of a large acquisition. We manage our capital structure by attempting to maintain a targeted ratio of debt to equity and debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. We believe this is one of many important factors to maintaining a strong credit profile, which in turn helps ensure timely access to capital when needed.

Seasonality has a significant impact on our working capital due to our primary selling season which occurs during the period from March to August. Consequently, our working capital increases during our first and second quarter resulting in negative or modest cash flows from operations during those periods. Conversely, we experience a substantial decrease in working capital once we move beyond our peak selling season which typically results in significant cash flows from operations in our third and fourth quarters.

Due to the seasonality of our business and the effects of the Lumber Market, we believe our cash cycle (days of sales outstanding plus days supply of inventory less days payables outstanding) is a good indicator of our working capital management. As indicated in the table below, our cash cycle decreased to 48 days in 2016 from 53 days in 2015.

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	Twelve Months Ended		
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014
Days of sales outstanding	\$ 31	\$ 31	\$ 31
Days supply of inventory	38	43	41
Days payables outstanding	(21)	(21)	(22)
Days in cash cycle	48	53	50

Improvements in our days supply of inventory in 2016 was due, in part, to strong customer demand, particularly in our retail market which typically requires a greater investment in inventory than our other markets, as well as certain improvements in inventory management. Additionally, during 2015 we carried higher levels of safety stock inventory due to inclement weather early in the year and expected industry transportation challenges. Each of our operating segments achieved significant improvements in their days supply of inventory. Our North, South, and West segments improved their days supply of inventory by 9%, 22%, and 12%, respectively, through 2016.

Our cash flows from operating activities in 2016 was \$172.5 million, which was comprised of net earnings of \$105.5 million, \$48.2 million of non-cash expenses, and a \$18.8 million decrease in working capital since the end of December 2015. Comparatively, cash generated from operating activities was approximately \$168.8 million in 2015, which was comprised of net earnings of \$85.1 million, \$41.6 million of non-cash expenses, and a \$42.1 million decrease in working capital since the end of 2014. In 2015, working capital declined primarily due to reducing inventory to targeted levels and an increase in accrued liabilities resulting from a \$17 million increase in accrued compensation.

Acquisitions comprised most of our cash used in investing activities during 2016 and totaled \$172.9 million, which includes \$92.8 million paid to retire all of idX's debt and certain other obligations on the acquisition date. Additionally purchases of property, plant, and equipment totaled \$53.8 million and included approximately \$16 million of investments we believe will contribute to future sales and profit growth. Outstanding purchase commitments on existing capital projects totaled approximately \$10.1 million on December 31, 2016. Comparatively, capital expenditures were \$43.5 million in 2015, and we had outstanding purchase commitments on existing capital projects totaling approximately \$3.3 million on December 26, 2015.

Cash flows from financing activities primarily consisted of net borrowings under our revolving credit facility of approximately \$23.7 million, offset by \$17.7 million in dividend payments in June at \$0.42 per share and December at \$0.45 per share. In 2015, cash flows used in financing activities included \$16.5 million of dividends paid to shareholders. Additionally in 2015, we repaid the \$13.9 million outstanding balance on our revolving credit facility.

On December 31, 2016, we had \$23.9 million outstanding on our \$295 million revolving credit facility. The revolving credit facility also supports letters of credit totaling approximately \$9.8 million on December 31, 2016. As a result, we have approximately \$261 million in remaining availability on our revolver. Additionally, we have \$150 million in availability under a "shelf agreement" for long term debt with a current lender. Financial covenants on the unsecured revolving credit facility and unsecured notes include minimum interest tests and a maximum leverage ratio. The agreements also restrict the amount of additional indebtedness we may incur and the amount of assets which may be sold. We were in compliance with all our covenant requirements on December 31, 2016.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS AND REGULATIONS

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Note M, "Commitments, Contingencies, and Guarantees".

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In preparing our consolidated financial statements, we follow accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These principles require us to make certain estimates and apply judgments that affect our financial position and results of operations. We continually review our accounting policies and financial information disclosures. Following is a summary of our more significant accounting policies that require the use of estimates and judgments in preparing the financial statements.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE ALLOWANCES

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We record provisions against gross revenues for estimated returns and cash discounts in the period when the related revenue is recorded. These estimates are based on factors that include, but are not limited to, historical discounts taken, analysis of credit memorandums activity, and customer demand. We also evaluate the allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable and discounts based on historical collection experience and specific identification of other potential problems, including the economic climate. Actual collections can differ, requiring adjustments to the allowances.

LONG-LIVED ASSETS AND GOODWILL

We evaluate long-lived assets for indicators of impairment when events or circumstances indicate that this risk may be present. Our judgments regarding the existence of impairment are based on market conditions, operational performance and estimated future cash flows. As a result of favorable factors in each of these areas combined with substantial excess equity value over carrying value from the prior year analysis, management has determined that the carryforward method is appropriate to use. The discounted cash flow analysis, from prior years, uses the following assumption: a business is worth today what it can generate in future cash flows; cash received today is worth more than an equal amount of cash received in the future; and future cash flows can be reasonably estimated. The discounted cash flow analysis is based on the present value of projected cash flows and residual values.

As of September 25, 2016, based on the carryforward method and the analysis, the fair values would exceed the carrying values for each of the Company's operating segments.

If the carrying value of a long-lived asset is considered impaired, a level two analysis will be conducted and an impairment charge is recorded to adjust the asset to its fair value. Changes in forecasted operations and changes in discount rates can materially affect these estimates. In addition, we test goodwill annually for impairment or more frequently if changes in circumstances or the occurrence of other events suggest impairments exist. The test for impairment requires us to make several estimates about fair value, most of which are based on projected future cash flows and market valuation multiples. Changes in these estimates may result in the recognition of an impairment loss.

INSURANCE RESERVES

We are primarily self-insured for certain employee health benefits, and have self-funded retentions for general liability, automobile liability, property and workers' compensation. We are fully self-insured for environmental liabilities. The general liability, automobile liability, property, workers' compensation, and certain environmental liabilities are managed through a wholly-owned insurance company; the related assets and liabilities of which are included in the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2016. Our accounting policies with respect to the reserves are as follows:

- General liability, automobile, and workers' compensation reserves are accrued based on third party actuarial valuations of the expected future liabilities.
- Health benefits are self-insured up to our pre-determined stop loss limits. These reserves, including incurred but not reported claims, are based on internal computations. These computations consider our historical claims experience, independent statistics, and trends.
- The environmental reserve is based on known remediation activities at certain wood preservation facilities and the potential for undetected environmental matters at other sites. The reserve for known activities is based on expected future costs and is computed by in-house experts responsible for managing our monitoring and remediation activities.

In addition to providing coverage for the Company, our wholly-owned insurance company provides Excess Loss Insurance (primarily medical and prescription drug) to certain third parties. As of December 31, 2016, there were 26 such contracts in place. Reserves associated with these contracts were \$2.5 million at December 31, 2016 and \$2.0 million at December 26, 2015, and are accrued based on third party actuarial valuations of the expected future liabilities.

INCOME TAXES

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future. Such deferred income tax asset and liability computations are based on enacted tax laws and rates. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred income tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred income tax assets and liabilities.

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Tax laws are complex and subject to different interpretations by taxpayers and respective government taxing authorities, which results in judgment in determining our tax expense and in evaluating our tax positions. Our tax positions are reviewed quarterly and adjusted as new information becomes available.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue for product sales is recognized at the time the product is shipped to the customer. Generally, title passes at the time of shipment. In certain circumstances, the customer takes title when the shipment arrives at the destination. However, our shipping process is typically completed the same day.

Performance on construction contracts is reflected in operations using percentage-of-completion accounting, under either the cost to cost or units of delivery methods, depending on the nature of the business at individual operations. Under percentage-of-completion using the cost to cost method, revenues and related earnings on construction contracts are measured by the relationships of actual costs incurred related to the total estimated costs. Under percentage-of-completion using the units of delivery method, revenues and related earnings on construction contracts are measured by the relationships of actual units produced related to the total number of units per the contract. Revisions in earnings estimates on the construction contracts are recorded in the accounting period in which the basis for such revisions becomes known. Projected losses on individual contracts are charged to operations in their entirety when such losses become apparent.

Our construction contracts are generally entered into with a fixed price and completion of the projects can range from 6 to 18 months in duration. Therefore, our operating results are impacted by, among many other things, labor rates and commodity costs. During the year, we update our estimated costs to complete our projects using current labor and commodity costs and recognize losses to the extent that they exist.

FORWARD OUTLOOK

GOALS

The Company's goal is to achieve sales growth that exceeds positive GDP growth by 4 percent to 6 percent.

Our general long-term objectives also include:

- Achieving sales growth primarily through new product introduction, international business expansion, and gaining additional market share, particularly in our retail, industrial and commercial construction markets;
- Increasing our profitability through cost reductions, productivity improvements as volume improves, and a more favorable mix of value-added products; and
- Earning a return on invested capital in excess of our weighted average cost of capital.

RETAIL MARKET

The Home Improvement Research Institute ("HIRI") anticipates growth in home improvement spending and has forecasted a 3.9% compounded annual growth rate through 2020.

We continue to compete for market share for certain retail customers and face intense pricing pressure from other suppliers to this market.

Our long-term goal is to achieve sales growth by:

- Increasing our market share of value-added and preservative-treated products, particularly with independent retail customers.
- Developing new, value-added products, such as our Eovations product line.
- Adding new products and customers through strategic business acquisitions or alliances.
- Increasing our emphasis on product innovation and product differentiation in order to counter commoditization trends and influences.

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INDUSTRIAL MARKET

Our goal is to increase our sales of wood and alternative packaging products to a wide variety of industrial and OEM users. We believe the vast amount of hardwood and softwood lumber consumed for industrial applications, combined with the highly fragmented nature of this market, provides us with growth opportunities as a result of our competitive advantages in manufacturing, purchasing, and material utilization. We plan to continue to obtain market share by expanding our manufacturing capabilities and product offerings and increasing the size of our dedicated industrial design and sales personnel. We also plan to pursue strategic acquisition opportunities.

On September 16, 2016, we acquired idX. See Footnote C "Business Combinations" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. We plan to pursue opportunities to grow this business in the future including strategic acquisition opportunities.

CONSTRUCTION MARKET

The *National Association of Home Builders* forecasts an 8% decrease in manufactured home shipments in 2017 followed by a 13% increase in 2018. We will strive to maintain our market share of trusses produced for this market.

The *Mortgage Bankers Association of America* forecasts an 8% increase in national housing starts to an estimated 1.3 million starts in 2017. The *National Association of Home Builders* forecasts starts of 1.2 million, a 7% increase from 2016. We believe we are well-positioned to capture our share of any increase that may occur in housing starts in the regions we operate. However, due to our conservative approach to adding capacity to serve this market and focus on managing potential channel conflicts with certain customers, our growth may trail the market in future years.

GROSS PROFIT

We believe the following factors may impact our gross profits and margins in 2017:

- End market demand.
- Our ability to maintain market share and gross margins on products sold to our largest customers. We believe our level of service, geographic diversity, and quality of products provides an added value to our customers. However, if our customers are unwilling to pay for these advantages, our sales and gross margins may be reduced. Excess capacity exists for suppliers in certain of our markets. As a result, we may experience pricing pressure in the future.
- Sales mix of value-added and commodity products.
- Fluctuations in the relative level of the Lumber Market and the trend in the market place of lumber. (See "Impact of the Lumber Market on our Operating Results.")
- Fuel and transportation costs.
- Rising labor and benefit costs.
- Our ability to continue to achieve productivity improvements as our unit sales increase and planned cost reductions through our continuous improvement and other initiatives.

SELLING, GENERAL, AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

In recent years, selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses have increased as we have added personnel needed to take advantage of growth opportunities and execute our initiatives designed to increase our sales of new products and improve our sales mix of value-added products. We anticipate our trend of increases in these costs will continue in 2017, but it is an objective to reduce these costs as a percentage of sales (assuming lumber prices remain stable) as we grow as a result of fixed costs and through the improved productivity of our people. In addition, bonus and other incentive expenses for all salaried and sales employees is based on profitability and the effective management of our assets and will continue to fluctuate based on our results.

On a long-term basis, we expect that our SG&A expenses will primarily be impacted by:

- Our growth in sales to the industrial market and, as industry conditions continue to improve, the residential construction market. Our sales to these markets require a higher ratio of SG&A costs due, in part, to product design and engineering requirements.

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FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

- Sales of new products which generally require higher development, marketing, advertising, and other selling costs.
- Our incentive compensation programs which are tied to gross profits, pre-bonus earnings from operations, and return on investment.
- Our growth and success in achieving continuous improvement objectives designed to improve our productivity and leveraging our fixed costs.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our cash cycle will continue to be impacted in the future by our mix of sales by market. Sales to the residential and commercial construction and industrial markets require a greater investment in working capital (inventory and accounts receivable) than our sales to the retail and manufactured housing markets. Additionally, our investment in trade receivables and inventory will continue to be impacted by the level of lumber prices.

In 2017, management expects to spend approximately \$65 million on capital expenditures, incur depreciation of approximately \$42 million, and incur amortization and other non-cash expenses of approximately \$10 million. On December 31, 2016, we had outstanding purchase commitments on capital projects of approximately \$10.1 million. We intend to fund capital expenditures and purchase commitments through our operating cash flows and availability under our revolving credit facility which is considered sufficient to meet these commitments and working capital needs.

We have no present plan to change our dividend policy, which was recently increased to a semi-annual rate of \$0.45 per share. Our dividend rates are reviewed and approved at our April and October board meetings and payments are made in June and December of each year.

We have a share repurchase program approved by our Board of Directors, and as of December 31, 2016, we have authorization to buy back approximately 2.9 million shares. In the past, we have repurchased shares in order to offset the effect of issuances resulting from our employee benefit plans and at opportune times when our stock price falls to predetermined levels.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The management of Universal Forest Products, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Our internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance to us and the Board of Directors regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

We assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2016, based on the framework in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 Framework) ("COSO"). Based on that evaluation, management has concluded that as of December 31, 2016, our internal control over financial reporting was effective.

Management excluded the assessment of our effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting for idX Holdings, Inc. ("idX"), which was acquired on September 16, 2016. We have made the election to complete the evaluation of internal controls over financial reporting in 2017 for idX. idX constitutes 14% of total assets, 3% of net sales, and less than 1% of earnings from operations of Universal Forest Products, Inc.'s consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2016.

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report, which follows our report.

Universal Forest Products, Inc.

March 1, 2017

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of
Universal Forest Products, Inc.
Grand Rapids, Michigan

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Universal Forest Products, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2016, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. As described in Management's Annual Report on Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting, management excluded from its assessment the internal control over financial reporting at idX Holdings, Inc., which was acquired on September 16, 2016 and whose financial statements constitute 14% of total assets, 3% of net sales, and less than 1% of earnings from operations of the consolidated financial statement amounts as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016. Accordingly, our audit did not include the internal control over financial reporting of idX Holdings, Inc. The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the company's principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, and effected by the company's board of directors, management, and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of the inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2016, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 of the Company and our report dated March 1, 2017 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Grand Rapids, Michigan
March 1, 2017

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of
Universal Forest Products, Inc.
Grand Rapids, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Universal Forest Products, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of earnings and comprehensive income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2016. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Universal Forest Products, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years then in the period ended December 31, 2016, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2016, based on the criteria established in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated March 1, 2017 expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Grand Rapids, Michigan
March 1, 2017

**UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(in thousands, except share data)

	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,091	\$ 87,756
Investments	10,348	6,743
Restricted cash	398	586
Accounts receivable, net	282,253	222,964
Inventories:		
Raw materials	198,954	168,548
Finished goods	198,273	136,370
Total inventories	397,227	304,918
Refundable income taxes	11,459	7,784
Other current assets	20,662	17,481
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	756,438	648,232
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	1,546	1,312
OTHER ASSETS	8,617	8,298
GOODWILL	198,535	180,990
INDEFINITE-LIVED INTANGIBLE ASSETS	2,340	2,340
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET	26,731	15,357
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:		
Land and improvements	124,316	118,701
Building and improvements	204,586	180,066
Machinery and equipment	332,397	303,081
Furniture and fixtures	22,570	21,682
Construction in progress	15,593	4,515
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, GROSS	699,462	628,045
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(401,611)	(376,895)
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET	297,851	251,150
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,292,058	\$ 1,107,679

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

**UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(in thousands, except share data)

	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Cash overdraft	\$ 19,761	\$ —
Accounts payable	124,660	95,041
Accrued liabilities:		
Compensation and benefits	92,441	78,877
Other	32,281	29,112
Current portion of long-term debt	2,634	1,145
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	271,777	204,175
LONG-TERM DEBT	109,059	84,750
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	20,817	23,838
OTHER LIABILITIES	29,939	28,507
TOTAL LIABILITIES	431,592	341,270
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Controlling interest shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, no par value; shares authorized 1,000,000; issued and outstanding, none	\$ —	\$ —
Common stock, \$1 par value; shares authorized 40,000,000; issued and outstanding, 20,342,069 and 20,141,709	20,342	20,142
Additional paid-in capital	185,333	171,562
Retained earnings	649,135	565,636
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings	(5,630)	(4,585)
Total controlling interest shareholders' equity	849,180	752,755
Noncontrolling interest	11,286	13,654
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	860,466	766,409
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 1,292,058	\$ 1,107,679

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Year Ended		
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014
NET SALES	\$ 3,240,493	\$ 2,887,071	\$ 2,660,329
COST OF GOODS SOLD	2,765,903	2,487,167	2,334,987
GROSS PROFIT	474,590	399,904	325,342
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	310,152	264,265	229,775
ANTI-DUMPING DUTY ASSESSMENTS	—	—	1,600
NET LOSS (GAIN) ON DISPOSITION OF ASSETS AND IMPAIRMENT CHARGES	—	172	(3,400)
EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS	164,438	135,467	97,367
INTEREST EXPENSE	4,575	5,133	4,267
INTEREST INCOME	(541)	(294)	(2,235)
EQUITY IN EARNINGS OF INVESTEE	(267)	(374)	(378)
	<u>3,767</u>	<u>4,465</u>	<u>1,654</u>
EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	160,671	131,002	95,713
INCOME TAXES	55,174	45,870	34,149
NET EARNINGS	105,497	85,132	61,564
LESS NET EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST	(4,318)	(4,537)	(4,013)
NET EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONTROLLING INTEREST	<u>\$ 101,179</u>	<u>\$ 80,595</u>	<u>\$ 57,551</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC	\$ 4.97	\$ 3.99	\$ 2.87
EARNINGS PER SHARE - DILUTED	\$ 4.96	\$ 3.99	\$ 2.86
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:			
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	(2,703)	(7,257)	(3,116)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	102,794	77,875	58,448
LESS COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTEREST	(2,660)	(3,213)	(3,015)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONTROLLING INTEREST	<u>\$ 100,134</u>	<u>\$ 74,662</u>	<u>\$ 55,433</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Controlling Interest Shareholders' Equity						Noncontrolling Interest	Total
	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehen- sive Earnings	Employees Stock Notes Receivable			
Balance at December 28, 2013	\$ 19,948	\$ 156,129	\$ 461,812	\$ 3,466	\$ (732)	\$ 9,111	\$ 649,734	
Net earnings			57,551			4,013	61,564	
Foreign currency translation adjustment				(2,118)		(998)	(3,116)	
Noncontrolling interest associated with business acquisitions						3,650	3,650	
Distributions to noncontrolling interest						(1,910)	(1,910)	
Cash dividends - \$0.210 & \$0.400 per share - semiannually			(12,205)				(12,205)	
Issuance of 15,639 shares under employee stock plans	16	525					541	
Issuance of 77,970 shares under stock grant programs	78	1,125	13				1,216	
Issuance of 49,337 shares under deferred compensation plans	49	(49)					—	
Repurchase of 105,012 shares	(105)		(4,761)				(4,866)	
Tax benefits from non-qualified stock options exercised		319					319	
Expense associated with share-based compensation arrangements		1,919					1,919	
Accrued expense under deferred compensation plans		2,515					2,515	
Note receivable adjustment	(2)		(76)		78		—	
Payments received on employee stock notes receivable					199		199	
Balance at December 27, 2014	\$ 19,984	\$ 162,483	\$ 502,334	\$ 1,348	\$ (455)	\$ 13,866	\$ 699,560	

See notes to consolidated financial statements

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Controlling Interest Shareholders' Equity						Total
	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehen- sive Earnings	Employees Stock Notes Receivable	Noncontrolling Interest	
Net earnings			80,595			4,537	85,132
Foreign currency translation adjustment				(5,892)		(1,324)	(7,216)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment				(41)			(41)
Noncontrolling interest associated with business acquisitions						1,019	1,019
Distributions to noncontrolling interest						(3,188)	(3,188)
Purchase of noncontrolling interest						(1,256)	(1,256)
Cash dividends - \$0.400 & \$0.420 per share - semiannually			(16,507)				(16,507)
Issuance of 30,213 shares under employee stock plans	31	1,044					1,075
Issuance of 75,604 shares under stock grant programs	76	1,836					1,912
Issuance of 65,054 shares under deferred compensation plans	65	(65)					—
Repurchase of 13,613 shares	(14)		(786)		304		(496)
Tax benefits from non-qualified stock options exercised		370					370
Expense associated with share-based compensation arrangements		1,846					1,846
Accrued expense under deferred compensation plans		4,048					4,048
Payments received on employee stock notes receivable					151		151
Balance at December 26, 2015	\$ 20,142	\$ 171,562	\$ 565,636	\$ (4,585)	\$ —	\$ 13,654	\$ 766,409

See notes to consolidated financial statements

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	Controlling Interest Shareholders' Equity					Total
	Common Stock	Additional Paid- In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Earnings	Noncontrolling Interest	
Net earnings			101,179		4,318	105,497
Foreign currency translation adjustment				(1,316)	(1,658)	(2,974)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investment				271		271
Distributions to noncontrolling interest					(3,280)	(3,280)
Net purchase and dissolution of noncontrolling interest		856			(1,748)	(892)
Cash dividends - \$0.420 & \$0.450 per share - semiannually			(17,680)			(17,680)
Issuance of 6,813 shares under employee stock plans	7	529				536
Issuance of 135,757 shares under stock grant programs	135	5,162				5,297
Issuance of 57,790 shares under deferred compensation plans	58	(58)				—
Expense associated with share-based compensation arrangements		2,208				2,208
Accrued expense under deferred compensation plans		5,074				5,074
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 20,342	\$ 185,333	\$ 649,135	\$ (5,630)	\$ 11,286	\$ 860,466

See notes to consolidated financial statements

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

	Year Ended		
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net earnings	\$ 105,497	\$ 85,132	\$ 61,564
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings attributable to controlling interest to net cash from operating activities:			
Depreciation	40,823	37,710	33,913
Amortization of intangibles	2,795	3,531	2,410
Expense associated with share-based compensation arrangements	2,208	1,846	1,919
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation arrangements	—	(33)	(14)
Expense associated with stock grant plans	127	109	94
Deferred income taxes	2,464	(1,369)	4,926
Equity in earnings of investee	(267)	(374)	(378)
Net loss (gain) on disposition and impairment of assets	—	172	(3,400)
Changes in:			
Accounts receivable	(5,119)	(26,007)	(9,710)
Inventories	(3,245)	34,139	(49,575)
Accounts payable and cash overdraft	11,259	4,798	15,390
Accrued liabilities and other	15,978	29,142	15,981
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	172,520	168,796	73,120
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(53,762)	(43,522)	(45,305)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	3,126	2,843	9,005
Acquisitions, net of cash received	(80,077)	(2,505)	(34,641)
Repayment of debt of acquiree	(92,830)	—	—
Purchase and dissolution of remaining noncontrolling interest in subsidiary	(892)	(1,256)	—
Advances on notes receivable	(6,012)	(6,994)	(6,201)
Collections on notes receivable	7,899	11,446	9,926
Purchases of investments	(5,666)	(7,858)	—
Proceeds from sale of investments	2,568	1,115	—
Cash restricted as to use	188	(181)	315
Other	(2,011)	95	(162)
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(227,469)	(46,817)	(67,063)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Borrowings under revolving credit facilities	131,002	297,711	211,770
Repayments under revolving credit facilities	(107,294)	(311,271)	(197,825)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	536	1,074	541
Distributions to noncontrolling interest	(3,280)	(3,188)	(1,910)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(17,680)	(16,507)	(12,205)
Repurchase of common stock	—	(800)	(4,866)
Other	(73)	(21)	(710)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	3,211	(33,002)	(5,205)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(1,927)	(1,221)	(852)

NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(53,665)	87,756	—
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	87,756	0	—
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 34,091	\$ 87,756	\$ 0

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

Interest paid	\$ 4,550	\$ 5,118	\$ 4,334
Income taxes paid	57,311	42,767	38,475
NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Accounts receivable exchanged for notes receivable	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,768
Notes receivable exchanged for property	—	389	3,000
NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Common stock issued under deferred compensation plans	\$ 4,353	\$ 3,461	\$ 2,567
Property exchanged for notes receivable	—	300	—
Acquisition earnout and noncompete adjustment prior to final purchase accounting	—	14,195	—

See notes to consolidated financial statements

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

OPERATIONS

We design, manufacture and market wood and wood-alternative products for large home centers and other retailers; structural lumber, engineered wood components, framing services, and other products for the construction market; specialty wood packaging, components, packing materials, and other wood-based products for various industries; and design, manufacture, and install customized fixtures and in-store environments for various markets.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include our accounts and those of our wholly-owned and majority-owned subsidiaries and partnerships. In addition, we consolidate any entity which we own 50% or more and exercise control. Intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

NONCONTROLLING INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARIES

Noncontrolling interest in results of operations of consolidated subsidiaries represents the noncontrolling shareholders' share of the income or loss of various consolidated subsidiaries. The noncontrolling interest reflects the original investment by these noncontrolling shareholders combined with their proportional share of the earnings or losses of these subsidiaries, net of distributions paid.

FISCAL YEAR

Our fiscal year is a 52 or 53 week period, ending on the last Saturday of December. Unless otherwise stated, references to 2016, 2015, and 2014 relate to the fiscal years ended December 31, 2016, December 26, 2015, and December 27, 2014, respectively. Fiscal year 2016 was comprised of 53 weeks, which contributed an additional \$53 million in sales in 2016 compared to fiscal years 2015 and 2014, which were comprised of 52 weeks.

FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

We follow ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, which provides a consistent definition of fair value, focuses on exit price, prioritizes the use of market-based inputs over entity-specific inputs for measuring fair value and establishes a three-tier hierarchy for fair value measurements. This topic requires fair value measurements to be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1 — Financial instruments with unadjusted, quoted prices listed on active market exchanges.
- Level 2 — Financial instruments lacking unadjusted, quoted prices from active market exchanges, including over-the-counter traded financial instruments. Financial instrument values are determined using prices for recently traded financial instruments with similar underlying terms and direct or indirect observational inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves at commonly quoted intervals.
- Level 3 — Financial instruments not actively traded on a market exchange and there is little, if any, market activity. Values are determined using significant unobservable inputs or valuation techniques.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and highly-liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less.

Restricted cash consists of amounts required to be held for loss funding totaling \$0.4 and \$0.6 million as of December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, respectively.

INVESTMENTS

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Investments are deemed to be "available for sale" and are, accordingly, carried at fair value being the quoted market value. Unrealized investment gains or losses, net of deferred taxes, are reported as a separate component of comprehensive income or loss until sold.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCES

We perform periodic credit evaluations of our customers and generally do not require collateral. Accounts receivable are due under a range of terms we offer to our customers. Discounts are offered, in most instances, as an incentive for early payment.

We base our allowances related to receivables on historical credit and collections experience, and the specific identification of other potential problems, including the general economic climate. Actual collections can differ, requiring adjustments to the allowances. Individual accounts receivable balances are evaluated on a monthly basis, and those balances considered uncollectible are charged to the allowance.

The following table presents the activity in our accounts receivable allowances (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance	Additions Charged to Costs and Expenses	Deductions*	Ending Balance
Year Ended December 31, 2016:				
Allowance for possible losses on accounts receivable	\$ 2,672	\$ 28,405	\$ (28,232)	\$ 2,845
Year Ended December 26, 2015:				
Allowance for possible losses on accounts receivable	\$ 2,390	\$ 20,538	\$ (20,256)	\$ 2,672
Year Ended December 27, 2014:				
Allowance for possible losses on accounts receivable	\$ 2,060	\$ 18,871	\$ (18,541)	\$ 2,390

* Includes accounts charged off, discounts given to customers and actual customer returns and allowances.

We record estimated sales returns, discounts, and other applicable adjustments as a reduction of net sales in the same period revenue is recognized.

Accounts receivable retainage amounts related to long term construction contracts totaled \$6.0 million and \$6.5 million as of December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, respectively. All amounts are expected to be collected within 18 months. Concentration of accounts receivable related to our largest customer totaled \$34.0 million and \$39.1 million as of December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, respectively.

NOTES RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCES

We have written agreements to receive repayment of funds borrowed from us, consisting of principal as well as any accrued interest, at a specified future date. If we expected a portion to be uncollectible, a valuation allowance relating to these agreements would be recorded. The current portion of notes receivable totaled \$1.4 million and \$2.0 million at December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, respectively and are included in "Other Current Assets". The long-term portion of notes receivable totaled \$0.9 million and \$2.4 million at December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, respectively and are included in "Other Assets". We had no notes receivable allowances at December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015.

INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost of inventories includes raw materials, direct labor, and manufacturing overhead. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis. Raw materials consist primarily of unfinished wood products expected to be manufactured or treated prior to sale, while finished goods represent various manufactured and treated wood products ready for sale. We have inventory on consignment at customer locations valued at \$12.2 million as of December 31, 2016 and \$11.7 million as of December 26, 2015. During 2015, management decided to discontinue certain product lines in our Gulf region which resulted in a \$2.5 million inventory write-down. This product was sold in 2016 at an amount which approximated its carrying value after the write-down.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant, and equipment are stated at cost. Expenditures for renewals and betterments are capitalized, and maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Amortization of assets held under capital leases is included in depreciation and amortized over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term. Depreciation is computed principally by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Land improvements	5 to 15 years
Buildings and improvements	10 to 32 years
Machinery, equipment and office furniture	2 to 8 years

LONG-LIVED ASSETS

In accordance with ASC 360, *Property, Plant, and Equipment* (“ASC 360”), when an indicator of potential impairment exists, we evaluate the recoverability of our long-lived assets by determining whether unamortized balances could be recovered through undiscounted future operating cash flows over the remaining lives of the assets. If the sum of the expected future cash flows was less than the carrying value of the assets, an impairment loss would be recognized for the excess of the carrying value over the fair value.

LEASES

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standard Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, “Leases (Topic 842)” (ASU 2016-02). Under ASU 2016-02, an entity will be required to recognize assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by leases on the entity’s balance sheet for both finance and operating leases. For leases with a term of 12 months or less, an entity can elect to not recognize lease assets and lease liabilities and expense the lease over a straight-line basis for the term of the lease. ASU 2016-02 will require new disclosures that depict the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows pertaining to an entity’s leases. Companies are required to adopt the new standard using a modified retrospective approach for annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption of ASU 2016-02 is permitted. The Company plans to evaluate the effect of the new leasing guidance in 2017, therefore the quantitative impact has not yet been determined.

GOODWILL

Our annual testing date for evaluating goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment is the first day of the Company’s fourth fiscal quarter for all reporting units. Additionally, the Company reviews various triggering events throughout the year to ensure that a mid-year impairment analysis is not required.

FOREIGN CURRENCY

Our foreign operations use the local currency as their functional currency. Accordingly, assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates as of the balance sheet date and revenues and expenses are translated using weighted average rates, with translation adjustments included as a separate component of shareholders' equity. Gains and losses arising from re-measuring foreign currency transactions are included in earnings.

INSURANCE RESERVES

Our wholly-owned insurance company, Ardellis Insurance Ltd. (“Ardellis”), was incorporated on April 21, 2001 under the laws of Bermuda and is licensed as a Class 3A insurer under the Insurance Act 1978 of Bermuda.

We are primarily self-insured for certain employee health benefits, and have self-funded retentions for general liability, automobile liability, property and workers' compensation. We are fully self-insured for environmental liabilities. The general liability, automobile liability, property, workers' compensation, and certain environmental liabilities are managed through Ardellis; the related assets and liabilities of which are included in the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015. Our policy is to accrue amounts equal to actuarially determined or internally computed liabilities. The actuarial and internal valuations are based on historical information along with certain assumptions about future events. Changes

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

in assumptions for such matters as legal actions, medical cost trends, and changes in claims experience could cause these estimates to change in the future.

In addition to providing coverage for the Company, Ardellis provides Excess Loss Insurance (primarily medical and prescription drug) to certain third parties. As of December 31, 2016, Ardellis had 26 such contracts in place. Reserves associated with these contracts were \$2.5 million at December 31, 2016 and \$2.0 million at December 26, 2015, and are accrued based on third party actuarial valuations of the expected future liabilities.

INCOME TAXES

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future. Such deferred income tax asset and liability computations are based on enacted tax laws and rates. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred income tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred income tax assets and liabilities.

DEBT

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2015-03 - *Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs* on April 7, 2015 and effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. The ASU requires the presentation of debt issuance costs in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the recognized debt liability rather than as an asset and amortization of the costs is reported as interest expense. In accordance with ASU 2015-03, the Company complied with this ASU during the reporting period of 2016. There was no material retroactive impact to the 2015 Balance Sheet.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

On May 28, 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09 (Accounting Standard Codification 606), Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP. The core principle of the ASU is that an entity should recognize revenue for the transfer of goods or services equal to the amount that it expects to be entitled to receive for those goods or services. The ASU requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments. Preliminarily, the Company plans to adopt the guidance in the first quarter of fiscal 2018 and apply the modified retrospective method. The Company is assessing the impact of this ASU on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Revenue is recognized at the time the product is shipped to the customer. Generally, title passes at the time of shipment. In certain circumstances, the customer takes title when the shipment arrives at the destination. However, our shipping process is typically completed the same day.

Earnings on construction contracts are reflected in operations using percentage-of-completion accounting, under either the cost to cost or units of delivery methods, depending on the nature of the business at individual operations. Under percentage-of-completion using the cost to cost method, revenues and related earnings on construction contracts are measured by the relationships of actual costs incurred related to the total estimated costs. Under percentage-of-completion using the units of delivery method, revenues and related earnings on construction contracts are measured by the relationships of actual units produced related to the total number of units. Revisions in earnings estimates on the construction contracts are recorded in the accounting period in which the basis for such revisions becomes known. Projected losses on individual contracts are charged to operations in their entirety when such losses become apparent.

Our construction contracts are generally entered into with a fixed price and completion of the projects can range from 6 to 18 months in duration. Therefore, our operating results are impacted by, among many other things, labor rates and commodity costs. During the year, we update our estimated costs to complete our projects using current labor and commodity costs and recognized losses to the extent that they exist.

The following table presents the balances of percentage-of-completion accounts on December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015 which are included in other current assets and other accrued liabilities, respectively (in thousands):

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

	2016	2015
Cost and Earnings in Excess of Billings	\$ 2,573	\$ 3,624
Billings in Excess of Cost and Earnings	4,748	4,978

SHIPPING AND HANDLING OF PRODUCT

Shipping and handling costs that are charged to and reimbursed by the customer are recognized as revenue. Costs incurred related to the shipment and handling of products are classified in cost of goods sold.

EARNINGS PER SHARE

The computation of earnings per share (“EPS”) is as follows (in thousands):

	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014
Numerator:			
Net earnings attributable to controlling interest	\$ 101,179	\$ 80,595	\$ 57,551
Adjustment for earnings allocated to non-vested restricted common stock	(1,595)	(1,059)	(718)
Net earnings for calculating EPS	\$ 99,584	\$ 79,536	\$ 56,833
Denominator:			
Weighted average shares outstanding	20,363	20,184	20,081
Adjustment for non-vested restricted common stock	(321)	(265)	(250)
Shares for calculating basic EPS	20,042	19,919	19,831
Effect of dilutive stock options	33	36	23
Shares for calculating diluted EPS	20,075	19,955	19,854
Net earnings per share:			
Basic	\$ 4.97	\$ 3.99	\$ 2.87
Diluted	\$ 4.96	\$ 3.99	\$ 2.86

No options were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS for 2016, 2015, or 2014.

USE OF ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. We believe our estimates to be reasonable; however, actual results could differ from these estimates.

B. FAIR VALUE

We apply the provisions of ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, to assets and liabilities measured at fair value. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are as follows:

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

(in thousands)	December 31, 2016			December 26, 2015		
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Prices with Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Prices with Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Total
Money market funds	\$ 64	178	\$ 242	\$ 78,210	—	\$ 78,210
Fixed income funds	1,676	2,592	4,268	—	238	238
Equity Securities	5,609	—	5,609	—	3,130	3,130
Mutual funds:						
Domestic stock funds	760	—	760	3,523	—	3,523
International stock funds	72	—	72	237	—	237
Target funds	235	—	235	230	—	230
Bond funds	201	—	201	172	—	172
Total mutual funds	1,268	—	1,268	4,162	—	4,162
Assets at fair value	<u>\$ 8,617</u>	<u>\$ 2,770</u>	<u>\$ 11,387</u>	<u>\$ 82,372</u>	<u>3,368</u>	<u>\$ 85,740</u>

We maintain money market, mutual funds, bonds, and/or stocks in our non-qualified deferred compensation plan and our wholly owned licensed captive insurance company. These funds are valued at prices quoted in an active exchange market and are included in "Cash and Cash Equivalents", "Investments", and "Other Assets". We have elected not to apply the fair value option under ASC 825, *Financial Instruments*, to any of our financial instruments except for those expressly required by U.S. GAAP.

The valuations of the Level 2 assets or liabilities rely on quoted prices in markets that are not active or observable inputs over the full term of the asset or liability. We do not maintain any Level 3 assets or liabilities that would be based on significant unobservable inputs.

In accordance with our investment policy, our wholly-owned company, Ardellis Insurance Ltd. ("Ardellis"), maintains an investment portfolio, totaling \$10.3 million as of December 31, 2016, consisting of mutual funds, domestic and international stocks, and fixed income bonds.

Ardellis' available for sale investment portfolio consists of the following:

	December 31, 2016			December 26, 2015		
	Cost	Unrealized Gain/Loss	Fair Value	Cost	Unrealized Gain/Loss	Fair Value
Fixed Income	\$ 4,310	\$ (43)	\$ 4,267	\$ 3,362	\$ (12)	\$ 3,350
Equity	5,181	428	5,609	3,438	(45)	3,393
Mutual Funds	481	(9)	472	—	—	—
Total	<u>\$ 9,972</u>	<u>\$ 376</u>	<u>\$ 10,348</u>	<u>\$ 6,800</u>	<u>\$ (57)</u>	<u>\$ 6,743</u>

Our Fixed Income investments consist of short, intermediate, and long term bonds, as well as fixed blend bonds. Within the fixed income investments, we maintain a specific mixture of US treasury notes, US agency mortgage backed securities, private label mortgage backed securities, and various corporate securities. Our equity investments consist of small, mid, and large cap growth and value funds, as well as international equity. The net pre-tax unrealized gain was \$376 thousand. Carrying amounts above are recorded in the investments line item within the balance sheet as of December 31, 2016. During 2016, Ardellis reported a net realized gain of \$8 thousand which was recorded in interest income on the statement of earnings.

C. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

We completed the following business combinations in fiscal 2016 and 2015, which were accounted for using the purchase method (in thousands).

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Company Name	Acquisition Date	Purchase Price	Intangible Assets	Net Tangible Assets	Operating Segment	Business Description
The UBEECO Group Pty. Ltd. ("Ubeeco")	November 29, 2016	\$9,455 cash paid for 100% stock purchase	\$7,313	\$2,142	All Other	A manufacturer and distributor of a variety of wood packaging and alternative material products, including boxes, crates, pallets, skids, protective packaging, packaging accessories and loose lumber. Ubeeco has annual sales of approximately \$20 million.
idX Holdings, Inc. ("idX")	September 16, 2016	\$66,046 cash paid for 100% stock purchase which includes \$11,337 in net cash received. Also, paid \$86,294 to retire outstanding debt and \$6,536 of certain other obligations.	\$17,016	\$49,030	idX	A designer, producer, and installer of customized in-store environments that are used in a range of end markets. idX has annual sales of \$300 million.
Seven D Truss, L.P.	July 29, 2016	\$1,246 cash paid for asset purchase	\$405	\$841	North	A manufacturer and distributor of roof and floor trusses. 7D had annual sales of approximately \$4.0 million.
Idaho Western, Inc. ("IWI")	June 30, 2016	\$10,787 cash paid for 100% stock purchase plus \$500 holdback.	\$6,817	\$4,248	West	A supplier of products ranging from lumber and plywood to siding and doors. IWI had annual sales of approximately \$21 million.
Packnet Ltd ("Packnet")	November 24, 2014 (majority interest) April 15, 2016 (minority interest)	\$7,506 November 24, 2014 cash paid for controlling interest and \$1,877 cash paid for noncontrolling asset purchase.	\$7,885	\$1,498	West	A supplier of industrial packaging and services based in Eagan, MN. Packnet had annual sales of \$9.6 million.
Capital Components & Millwork, Inc. ("CCM")	April 15, 2016	\$1,682 cash paid for asset purchase plus \$205 assumed liability	\$—	\$1,887	North	A producer of doors and trim for customers in the greater Washington, D.C., metro area and Virginia. CCM had approximately \$16.6 million in annual sales.
Rapid Wood Mfg., LLC ("Rapid Wood")	February 2, 2015	\$1,638 cash paid for asset purchase	\$789	\$849	West	A supplier of lumber products to the region's manufactured housing and recreational vehicle industries based in Caldwell, Idaho. Rapid Wood had annual sales of \$3.5 million in 2015.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Integra Packaging Proprietary, Ltd (“Integra Packaging”)	January 16, 2015	\$1,102 cash paid for 51.94% stock purchase	\$1,406 (The Company portion of Intangible Assets \$730 or 51.94%)	\$715 (The Company portion of Net Tangible Assets \$372 or 51.94%)	All Other	An Australian-based manufacturer and distributor of industrial wood specialty packaging products. Integra Packaging had annual sales of \$7.6 million in 2015.
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The intangible assets for each acquisition were finalized and allocated to their respective identifiable intangible asset and goodwill accounts during 2016, excluding idX and Ubeeco. Initial estimates have been made for idX's identifiable intangible and goodwill allocations and deferred tax, however finalization will be completed in 2017.

At December 31, 2016, the amounts assigned to major intangible classes for the business combinations mentioned above are as follows (in thousands):

	Non-Compete Agreements	Customer Relationships	Goodwill	Goodwill - Tax Deductible
Ubeeco	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 7,313	\$ —
idX	—	10,000	7,016	—
7D	405	—	—	405
IWI	—	3,640	3,177	—
Rapid Wood	—	—	789	789
Integra Packaging	85	467	854	—

The business combinations mentioned above were not significant to our operating results individually or in aggregate, and thus pro forma results for 2016 and 2015 are not presented. The initial estimated allocation from goodwill to an identifiable intangible of \$10 million for idX as of December 31, 2016, has been presented above.

D. NET LOSS (GAIN) ON DISPOSITION OF ASSETS AND IMPAIRMENT CHARGES

The net gain on disposition and impairment of assets totaled \$3.4 million in 2014. Included within the \$3.4 million net gain was a gain on the sale of certain real estate totaling \$2.7 million completed by a 50% owned subsidiary of the Company. During 2014, we also recognized a net gain on the sale of other properties and equipment totaling \$1.9 million. These gains were offset by a \$1.2 million impairment loss recorded to reduce the value of one of our vacant properties.

E. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net tangible and identifiable intangible assets of acquired businesses. Goodwill and intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives are not amortized, but are subject to impairment tests at least annually in accordance with ASC 350, Intangibles-Goodwill and Other. We review the carrying amounts of goodwill and other non-amortizable intangibles by reporting unit to determine if such assets may be impaired. As the carrying amount of these assets are recoverable based upon a discounted cash flow and market approach analysis, no impairment was recognized.

The changes in the net carrying amount of goodwill by reporting segment for the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, are as follows (in thousands):

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

	North	South	West	idX	All Other	Total
Balance as of December 27, 2014	44,983	43,625	85,092	—	9,362	183,062
2015 Acquisitions	—	—	789	—	618	1,407
2014 Final Purchase Accounting	—	—	(1,328)	—	—	(1,328)
Foreign Exchange, Net	(1,730)	—	—	—	(421)	(2,151)
Balance as of December 26, 2015	43,253	43,625	84,553	—	9,559	180,990
2016 Acquisitions	—	—	3,177	7,016	7,313	17,506
Foreign Exchange, Net	133	—	—	—	(94)	39
Balance as of December 31, 2016	<u>\$ 43,386</u>	<u>43,625</u>	<u>\$ 87,730</u>	<u>\$ 7,016</u>	<u>\$ 16,778</u>	<u>\$ 198,535</u>

Indefinite-lived intangible assets totaled \$2.3 million as of December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015 related to the Consumer Products reporting unit which is included in the All Other reportable segment.

The following amounts were included in other amortizable intangible assets, net as of December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015 (in thousands):

	2016		2015	
	Assets	Accumulated Amortization	Assets	Accumulated Amortization
Non-compete agreements	\$ 5,411	\$ (1,954)	\$ 5,496	\$ (1,725)
Customer relationships	25,503	(4,351)	19,194	(10,140)
Licensing agreements	4,589	(2,991)	4,589	(2,524)
Patents	704	(180)	3,563	(3,096)
Total	<u>\$ 36,207</u>	<u>\$ (9,476)</u>	<u>\$ 32,842</u>	<u>\$ (17,485)</u>

Amortization is computed principally by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the intangible assets as follows:

Intangible Asset Type	Estimated Useful Life	Weighted Average Amortization Period
Non-compete agreements	5 to 15 years	9.6 years
Customer relationship	5 to 15 years	13.1 years
Licensing agreements	10 years	10 years

Amortization expense of intangibles totaled \$2.8 million, \$3.5 million and \$2.4 million in 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The estimated amortization expense for intangibles for each of the five succeeding fiscal years is as follows (in thousands):

2017	\$ 3,070
2018	2,762
2019	2,469
2020	2,058
2021	1,803
Thereafter	14,569
Total	<u>\$ 26,731</u>

F. DEBT

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

On December 17, 2012, we entered into an unsecured Note Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") under which we issued our 3.89% Series 2012 A Senior Notes, due December 17, 2022, in the aggregate principal amount of \$35 million and our 3.98% Series 2012 B Senior Notes, due December 17, 2024, in the aggregate principal amount of \$40 million. Proceeds from the sale of the Series A Senior Notes and Series B Senior Notes were used to repay amounts due on our existing Series 2002-A Senior Notes, Tranche B totaling \$40 million and our revolving credit facility.

On November 3, 2014, the Company entered into a five-year, \$295 million unsecured revolving credit facility with a syndicate of U.S. banks led by JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as syndication agent. The facilities include up to \$45 million which may be advanced in the form of letters of credit, and up to \$100 million (U.S. dollar equivalent) which may be advanced in Canadian dollars, Australian dollars, pounds Sterling, Euros and such other foreign currencies as may subsequently be agreed upon among the parties. This facility replaced our \$265 million unsecured revolving credit facility. Cash borrowings are charged interest based upon an index selected by the Company, plus a margin that is determined based upon the index selected and upon the financial performance of the Company and certain of its subsidiaries. The Company is charged a facility fee on the entire amount of the lending commitment, at a per annum rate ranging from 15 to 32.5 basis points, also determined based upon the Company's performance. The facility fee is payable quarterly in arrears.

Outstanding letters of credit extended on our behalf on December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015 aggregated \$25.5 million and \$25.4 million; respectively, which includes approximately \$9.8 million related to industrial development revenue bonds. As a result, we have approximately \$261 million in remaining availability on our revolver. Additionally, we have \$150 million in availability under a "shelf agreement" for long term debt with a current lender. Letters of credit have one year terms and include an automatic renewal clause. The letters of credit related to industrial development revenue bonds are charged an annual interest rate of 110 basis points, based upon our financial performance. The letters of credit related to workers' compensation are charged an annual interest rate of 75 basis points.

Long-term debt obligations are summarized as follows on December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015 (amounts in thousands):

	2016	2015
Series 2012 Senior Notes Tranche A, due on December 17, 2022, interest payable semi-annually at 3.89%	\$ 35,000	\$ 35,000
Series 2012 Senior Notes Tranche B, due on December 17, 2024, interest payable semi-annually at 3.98%	40,000	40,000
Revolving credit facility totaling \$295 million due on November 3, 2019, interest payable monthly at a floating rate (1.67% on December 31, 2016)	23,860	—
Series 1999 Industrial Development Revenue Bonds, due on August 1, 2029, interest payable monthly at a floating rate (0.52% on December 31, 2016 and 0.17% on December 26, 2015)	3,300	3,300
Series 2000 Industrial Development Revenue Bonds, due on October 1, 2020, interest payable monthly at a floating rate (0.59% on December 31, 2016 and 0.26% on December 26, 2015)	2,700	2,700
Series 2002 Industrial Development Revenue Bonds, due on December 1, 2022, interest payable monthly at a floating rate (0.57% on December 31, 2016 and 0.25% on December 26, 2015)	3,700	3,700
Capital leases and foreign affiliate debt	3,336	1,195
	<u>111,896</u>	<u>85,895</u>
Less current portion	2,634	1,145
Less debt issuance costs	203	—
Long-term portion	<u>\$ 109,059</u>	<u>\$ 84,750</u>

Financial covenants on the unsecured revolving credit facility and unsecured notes include minimum interest coverage tests and a maximum leverage ratio. The agreements also restrict the amount of additional indebtedness we may incur and the amount of assets which may be sold among other industry standard covenants. We were within all of our lending requirements on December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015.

On December 31, 2016, the principal maturities of long-term debt and capital lease obligations are as follows (in thousands):

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

2017	\$ 2,634
2018	393
2019	24,009
2020	2,832
2021	28
Thereafter	82,000
Total	\$ 111,896

On December 31, 2016, the estimated fair value of our long-term debt, including the current portion, was \$111.6 million, which was \$0.3 million less than the carrying value. The estimated fair value is based on rates anticipated to be available to us for debt with similar terms and maturities. We consider the valuations of our long-term debt, including the current portion, to be Level 2 liabilities which rely on quoted prices in markets that are not active or observable inputs over the full term of the liability.

G. LEASES

We lease certain real estate under operating lease agreements with original terms ranging from one to ten years. We are required to pay real estate taxes and other occupancy costs under these leases. Certain leases carry renewal options of five to fifteen years. We also lease motor vehicles, equipment, and an aircraft under operating lease agreements for periods of one to ten years. Future minimum payments under non-cancelable operating leases on December 31, 2016 are as follows (in thousands):

	Operating Leases
2017	\$ 17,664
2018	14,216
2019	8,798
2020	6,034
2021	4,180
Thereafter	4,974
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 55,866

Rent expense was approximately \$10.5 million, \$6.3 million, and \$5.2 million in 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively.

H. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

We have a program whereby certain executives irrevocably elected to defer receipt of certain compensation in 1985 through 1988. Deferred compensation payments to these executives will commence upon their retirement. We purchased life insurance on these executives, payable to us in amounts which, if assumptions made as to mortality experience, policy dividends, and other factors are realized, will accumulate cash values adequate to reimburse us for all payments for insurance and deferred compensation obligations. In the event cash values are not sufficient to fund such obligations, the program allows us to reduce benefit payments to such amounts as may be funded by accumulated cash values. The deferred compensation liabilities and related cash surrender value of life insurance policies totaled \$2.4 million and \$2.3 million on December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, respectively, and are included "Other Liabilities" and "Other Assets," respectively.

We also maintain a non-qualified deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") for the benefit of senior management employees who may elect to defer a portion of their annual bonus payments and salaries. The Plan provides investment options similar to our 401(k) plan, including our stock. The investment in our stock is funded by the issuance of shares to a Rabbi trust, and may only be distributed in kind. Assets held by the Plan totaled approximately \$0.9 million and \$0.8 million on December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015 respectively, and are included in "Other Assets." Related liabilities totaled \$17.4 million and \$13.3 million on December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, respectively, and are included in "Other Liabilities" and "Shareholders' Equity." Assets associated with the Plan are recorded at fair market value. The related liabilities are recorded at fair market value, with the exception of obligations associated with investments in our stock which are recorded at the market value on the date of deferral.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

I. COMMON STOCK

In April 2002, our shareholders approved the 2002 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("Stock Purchase Plan") to succeed the Employee Stock Purchase Plan originally approved in 1994. In April 2008, our shareholders authorized additional shares to be allocated to the Stock Purchase Plan and extended the term of the Stock Purchase Plan to 2018. The plan allows eligible employees to purchase shares of our stock at a share price equal to 85% of fair market value on the purchase date. We have expensed the fair value of the compensation associated with these awards, which approximates the discount. The amount of expense is nominal.

In April 1994, our shareholders approved the Directors' Retainer Stock Plan ("Stock Retainer Plan"). In April 2007, our shareholders authorized additional shares to be issued pursuant to this plan. The Stock Retainer Plan allows eligible members of the Board of Directors to defer their retainer fees and receive shares of our stock at the time of their retirement, disability or death. The number of shares to be received is equal to the amount of the retainer fee deferred multiplied by 110%, divided by the fair market value of a share of our stock at the time of deferral. The number of shares is increased by the amount of dividends paid on the Company's common stock. We recognized expense for this plan of \$0.7 million in 2016, \$0.6 million in 2015, and \$0.6 million in 2014. Effective January 1, 2017, this plan was amended to allow directors to defer payment of the annual retainer paid in the form of our common stock.

On April 15, 2010, our shareholders approved an amended and restated Long Term Stock Incentive Plan (the "LTSIP"). The LTSIP reserves 1,000,000 shares, plus a balance of unused shares from prior plans of approximately 1.6 million shares, plus an annual increase of no more than 200,000 shares per year which may be added on the dates of our annual shareholder meetings. The LTSIP provides for the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, performance shares and other stock-based awards.

A summary of the transactions under the stock option plans is as follows:

	Stock Under Option	Weighted- Average Exercise Price Per Share	Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at December 28, 2013	32,474	31.65	1.55	661,674
Exercised	(8,737)	30.64		163,830
Forfeited or expired	—	—		
Outstanding at December 27, 2014	23,737	32.03	1.00	493,304
Exercised	(23,737)	30.64		559,510
Forfeited or expired	—	—		—
Outstanding at December 26, 2015	—	—	0.00	—
Exercised	—	—		—
Forfeited or expired	—	—		—
Outstanding at December 31, 2016	—	—	0.00	—
Vested or expected to vest at December 31, 2016	—	—		
Exercisable at December 31, 2016	—	\$ —	0.00	\$ —

There is no unrecognized compensation expense remaining for stock options in 2016, 2015, and 2014.

A summary of the nonvested restricted stock awards granted under the LTSIP is as follows:

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

	Restricted Awards	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value	Unrecognized Compensation Expense (in millions)	Weighted- Average Period to Recognize Expense
Nonvested at December 28, 2013	206,420	32.52	2.9	2.00 years
Granted	62,555	55.30		
Vested	(9,446)	55.30		
Forfeited	(2,443)	36.13		
Nonvested at December 27, 2014	257,086	36.39	1.7	1.81 years
Granted	76,321	54.01		
Vested	(121,642)	38.61		
Forfeited	(3,849)	48.85		
Nonvested at December 26, 2015	207,916	40.97	5.2	2.53 years
Granted	116,964	71.88		
Vested	(60,155)	46.98		
Forfeited	(881)	64.36		
Nonvested at December 31, 2016	263,844	\$ 57.95	\$ 4.8	1.51 years

Under the Stock Purchase Plan and LTSIP, we recognized share-based compensation expense of \$2.2 million, \$1.8 million, and \$1.9 million and the related total income tax benefits of \$1.1 million, \$0.9 million, and \$0.9 million in 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In 2016, 2015 and 2014, cash received from option exercises and share issuances under our plans was \$0.5 million, \$1.1 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. The actual tax benefit realized in 2016, 2015 and 2014 for the tax deductions from option exercises totaled \$0.0 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

On November 14, 2001, the Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program (which succeeded a previous program) allowing us to repurchase up to 2.5 million shares of our common stock. On October 14, 2010, our Board authorized an additional 2 million shares to be repurchased under our share repurchase program. We repurchased 0 and 13,613 shares under this program in 2016 and 2015, respectively. As of December 31, 2016, the cumulative total authorized shares available for repurchase is approximately 2.9 million shares.

J. RETIREMENT PLANS

We have a profit sharing and 401(k) plan for the benefit of substantially all of our employees, excluding the employees of certain wholly-owned subsidiaries. Amounts contributed to the plan are made at the discretion of the Board of Directors. We matched 25% of employee contributions in 2016, 2015, and 2014, on a discretionary basis, totaling \$4.4 million, \$2.4 million, and \$2.0 million respectively. The basis for matching contributions may not exceed the lesser of 6% of the employee's annual compensation or the IRS limitation.

On July 14, 2011, the compensation committee of the board of directors approved a retirement plan for officers whereby we will pay, upon retirement, benefits totaling 150% of the officer's highest base salary in the three years immediately preceding separation from service plus health care benefits for a specified period of time if certain eligibility requirements are met. Approximately \$6.5 million and \$5.8 million are accrued in "Other Liabilities" for this plan at December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, respectively.

K. INCOME TAXES

Income tax provisions for the years ended December 31, 2016, December 26, 2015, and December 27, 2014 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

	2016	2015	2014
Currently Payable:			
Federal	\$ 42,397	\$ 34,672	\$ 18,664
State and local	6,341	6,643	4,852
Foreign	6,143	5,599	5,619
	<u>54,881</u>	<u>46,914</u>	<u>29,135</u>
Net Deferred:			
Federal	(455)	(1,104)	4,128
State and local	438	96	1,079
Foreign	310	(36)	(193)
	<u>293</u>	<u>(1,044)</u>	<u>5,014</u>
	<u>\$ 55,174</u>	<u>\$ 45,870</u>	<u>\$ 34,149</u>

The components of earnings before income taxes consist of the following:

	2016	2015	2014
U.S.	\$ 140,106	\$ 115,231	\$ 79,365
Foreign	20,565	15,771	16,348
Total	<u>\$ 160,671</u>	<u>\$ 131,002</u>	<u>\$ 95,713</u>

The effective income tax rates are different from the statutory federal income tax rates for the following reasons:

	2016	2015	2014
Statutory federal income tax rate	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%
State and local taxes (net of federal benefits)	3.1	3.6	4.1
Effect of noncontrolling owned interest in earnings of partnerships	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.2)
Manufacturing deduction	(2.4)	(2.4)	(2.0)
Tax credits, including foreign tax credit	(1.4)	(1.6)	(1.9)
Change in uncertain tax positions reserve	0.4	0.3	(0.2)
Other permanent differences	0.1	0.7	0.6
Other, net	(0.3)	(0.3)	0.3
Effective income tax rate	<u>34.3%</u>	<u>35.0%</u>	<u>35.7%</u>

Temporary differences which give rise to deferred income tax assets and (liabilities) on December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

	2016	2015
Employee benefits	\$ 13,375	\$ 10,996
Net operating loss carryforwards	13,605	1,256
Foreign subsidiary capital loss carryforward	509	478
Other tax credits	1,196	3,518
Inventory	2	1,264
Reserves on receivables	1,208	1,213
Accrued expenses	8,931	5,311
Other, net	2,323	4,728
Gross deferred income tax assets	41,149	28,764
Valuation allowance	(5,371)	(1,454)
Deferred income tax assets	35,778	27,310
Depreciation	(29,971)	(25,795)
Intangibles	(25,078)	(20,765)
Other, net	—	(3,276)
Deferred income tax liabilities	(55,049)	(49,836)
Net deferred income tax liability	\$ (19,271)	\$ (22,526)

As of December 31, 2016, the company had state and foreign net operating loss carryforwards of \$1.5 million and state tax credit carryforwards of \$0.6 million, which will expire at various dates. As a result of the acquisition of idX, the company also acquired estimated federal, state and foreign net operating loss carryforwards of \$12.1 million and federal foreign tax credit carryforwards of \$0.4 million.

Because of the federal, state and certain foreign change of ownership law provisions, some of the various acquired NOLs and the federal foreign tax credits maybe limited. An evaluation under these law provisions will be performed during the business combination measurement period for idX, and therefore the ultimate resolution of their future availability is yet undetermined.

The NOL and credit carryforwards expire as follows:

	Net Operating Losses			Tax Credits	
	U.S.	State	Foreign	U.S.	State
2016 - 2020	\$ —	\$ 396	\$ 2,300	\$ 253	\$ 118
2021 - 2025	—	469	117	180	440
2026 - 2030	—	689	—	—	—
2031 - 2035	7,726	1,204	202	—	—
Thereafter	16	220	268	—	—
Total	\$ 7,742	\$ 2,978	\$ 2,887	\$ 433	\$ 558

As of December 31, 2016, we believe that it is more likely than not that the benefit from certain state and foreign NOL carryforwards as well as certain state tax credit carryforwards will not be realized. In recognition of this risk, we have provided a valuation allowance against various NOL and tax credit carryforwards. Furthermore, there is a valuation allowance of \$0.5 million against a capital loss carryforward we have for a wholly-owned subsidiary, UFP Canada, Inc. Based upon the business activity and the nature of the assets of this subsidiary, our ability to realize a future benefit from this carryforward is doubtful. The capital loss has an unlimited carryforward and therefore will not expire unless there is a change in control of the subsidiary.

L. ACCOUNTING FOR UNCERTAINTY IN INCOME TAXES

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

ASC 740, *Income Taxes* (“ASC 740”) clarifies the accounting for income taxes by prescribing the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. ASC 740 also provides guidance on derecognition, measurement, classification, interest and penalties, and disclosure requirements.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows (in thousands):

	2016	2015	2014
Gross unrecognized tax benefits beginning of year	\$ 2,209	\$ 1,793	\$ 1,923
Increase in tax positions for prior years	243	—	—
Increase in tax positions due to acquisitions	362	—	—
Increase in tax positions for current year	905	754	556
Settlements with taxing authorities	(32)	—	—
Lapse in statute of limitations	(306)	(338)	(686)
Gross unrecognized tax benefits end of year	<u>\$ 3,381</u>	<u>\$ 2,209</u>	<u>\$ 1,793</u>

Our effective tax rate would have been affected by the unrecognized tax benefits had this amount been recognized as a reduction to income tax expense.

We recognized interest and penalties for unrecognized tax benefits in our provision for income taxes. The liability for unrecognized tax benefits included accrued interest and penalties of \$0.6 million at December 31, 2016, and \$0.2 million at December 26, 2015 and December 27, 2014.

We file income tax returns in the United States and in various state, local and foreign jurisdictions. The federal and a majority of state and foreign jurisdictions are no longer subject to income tax examinations for years before 2013. A number of routine state and local examinations are currently ongoing. Due to the potential for resolution of state examinations, and the expiration of various statutes of limitation, and new positions that may be taken, it is reasonably possible that the amounts of unrecognized tax benefits could change in the next twelve months is \$0.7 million.

M. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND GUARANTEES

We are self-insured for environmental impairment liability, including certain liabilities which are insured through a wholly owned subsidiary, Ardellis Insurance Ltd., a licensed captive insurance company.

We own and operate a number of facilities throughout the United States that chemically treat lumber products. In connection with the ownership and operation of these and other real properties, and the disposal or treatment of hazardous or toxic substances, we may, under various federal, state, and local environmental laws, ordinances, and regulations, be potentially liable for removal and remediation costs, as well as other potential costs, damages, and expenses. Environmental reserves, calculated with no discount rate, have been established to cover remediation activities at wood preservation facilities in Stockertown, PA; Elizabeth City, NC; Auburndale, FL; and Medley, FL. In addition, a reserve was established for our facility in Thornton, CA to remove certain lead containing materials which existed on the property at the time of purchase.

On a consolidated basis, we have reserved approximately \$3.6 million and \$3.5 million on December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, respectively, representing the estimated costs to complete future remediation efforts. These amounts have not been reduced by an insurance receivable.

Many of our wood treating operations utilize "Subpart W" drip pads, defined as hazardous waste management units by the Environmental Protection Agency. The rules regulating drip pads require that a pad be “closed” at the point that it is no longer intended to be used for wood treating operations or to manage hazardous waste. Closure involves identification and disposal of contaminants which are required to be removed from the facility. The cost of closure is dependent upon a number of factors including, but not limited to, identification and removal of contaminants, cleanup standards that vary from state to state, and the time period over which the cleanup would be completed. Based on our present knowledge of existing circumstances, it is considered probable that these costs will approximate \$0.3 million. As a result, this amount is recorded in other long-term liabilities on December 31, 2016.

In February 2014, one of our operations was served with a federal grand jury subpoena from the Southern District of New York. The subpoena was issued in connection with an investigation being conducted by the US Attorney's Office for the

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

Southern District of New York. The subpoena requested documents relating to a developer and construction projects for which our operation had provided materials and labor. Following receipt of the subpoena, the Audit Committee of the Company's Board of Directors retained outside counsel to conduct an internal investigation and respond to the subpoena. The Company cooperated in all respects with the US Attorney's Office, complied with this subpoena and voluntarily provided additional information. As a result of the internal investigation, in April 2014, two Company employees were terminated for violating the Company's Code of Conduct and Business Ethics. In May 2015, those ex-employees were indicted by the grand jury. In April 2016, one of the two former employees pled guilty to four of the charges included in the indictment. In May 2016, the other former employee was found guilty by a jury on four of the charges included in the indictment. The Company has not been named as a target and continues to cooperate with the US Attorney's Office in this matter; however, because of the duration and unique nature of this proceeding, any potential, adverse financial implications to the Company are uncertain.

In addition, on December 31, 2016, we were parties either as plaintiff or defendant to a number of lawsuits and claims arising through the normal course of our business. In the opinion of management, our consolidated financial statements will not be materially affected by the outcome of these contingencies and claims.

On December 31, 2016, we had outstanding purchase commitments on commenced capital projects of approximately \$10.1 million.

We provide a variety of warranties for products we manufacture. Historically, warranty claims have not been material. We distribute products manufactured by other companies, some of which are no longer in business. While we do not warrant these products, we have received claims as a distributor of these products when the manufacturer no longer exists or has the ability to pay. Historically, these costs have not had a material affect on our consolidated financial statements.

As part of our operations, we supply building materials and labor to site-built construction projects or we jointly bid on contracts with framing companies for such projects. In some instances we are required to post payment and performance bonds to insure the project owner that the products and installation services are completed in accordance with our contractual obligations. We have agreed to indemnify the surety for claims made against the bonds. As of December 31, 2016, we had approximately \$6.1 million in outstanding payment and performance bonds for open projects. We had approximately \$0.3 million in payment and performance bonds outstanding for completed projects which are still under warranty.

On December 31, 2016 we had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$25.5 million, primarily related to certain insurance contracts and industrial development revenue bonds described further below.

In lieu of cash deposits, we provide irrevocable letters of credit in favor of our insurers to guarantee our performance under certain insurance contracts. We currently have irrevocable letters of credit outstanding totaling approximately \$15.7 million for these types of insurance arrangements. We have reserves recorded on our balance sheet, in accrued liabilities, that reflect our expected future liabilities under these insurance arrangements.

We are required to provide irrevocable letters of credit in favor of the bond trustees for all industrial development revenue bonds that have been issued. These letters of credit guarantee principal and interest payments to the bondholders. We currently have irrevocable letters of credit outstanding totaling approximately \$9.8 million related to our outstanding industrial development revenue bonds. These letters of credit have varying terms but may be renewed at the option of the issuing banks.

Certain wholly owned domestic subsidiaries have guaranteed the indebtedness of Universal Forest Products, Inc. in certain debt agreements, including the Series 2012 Senior Notes and our revolving credit facility. The maximum exposure of these guarantees is limited to the indebtedness outstanding under these debt arrangements and this exposure will expire concurrent with the expiration of the debt agreements.

We did not enter into any new guarantee arrangements during 2016 which would require us to recognize a liability on our balance sheet.

N. SEGMENT REPORTING

ASC 280, Segment Reporting ("ASC 280"), defines operating segments as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

The Company operates manufacturing, treating and distribution facilities throughout North America, but primarily in the United States. The Company manages the operations of its individual locations primarily through a geographic reporting

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

structure under which each location is included in a region and regions are included in our North, South, and West divisions. The exceptions to this geographic reporting and management structure are (a) the Company's Alternative Materials Division, which offers a portfolio of non-wood products and distributes those products nation-wide, (b) the Company's distribution unit (referred to as UFPD) which distributes a variety of products to the manufactured housing industry and is accounted for as a reporting unit within the North segment, and (c) idX division, which designs, produces, and installs customized in-store environments.

With respect to the facilities in the north, south, and west segments, these facilities generally supply the three markets the Company serves nationally - Retail, Industrial, and Construction. Also, substantially all of our facilities support customers in the immediate geographical region surrounding the facility. Additionally, our recently acquired idX division has been presented, which generally serves the Industrial market.

Our Alternative Materials and International divisions have been included in the "All Other" column of the table below. The "Corporate" column includes unallocated administrative costs and certain incentive compensation expense.

	2016						Total
	North	South	West	idX	All Other	Corporate	
Net sales to outside customers	\$1,000,426	\$ 711,862	\$1,251,093	\$ 87,001	\$ 190,111	\$ —	\$3,240,493
Intersegment net sales	57,770	38,641	88,311	15	19,307	—	204,044
Interest expense	1	307	387	50	93	3,737	4,575
Amortization expense	115	—	1,858	190	632	—	2,795
Depreciation expense	8,948	6,190	13,326	1,598	2,933	7,828	40,823
Segment earnings from operations	59,408	47,146	76,875	627	16,012	(35,630)	164,438
Segment assets	220,148	145,451	303,607	185,813	131,854	305,185	1,292,058
Capital expenditures	10,902	5,571	19,648	—	6,037	11,604	53,762

	2015						Total
	North	South	West	All Other	Corporate		
Net sales to outside customers	\$ 922,092	\$ 656,550	\$ 1,133,398	\$ 175,031	\$ —	\$ 2,887,071	
Intersegment net sales	51,796	29,940	58,412	13,673	—	153,821	
Interest expense	—	296	516	52	4,269	5,133	
Amortization expense	267	9	2,467	788	—	3,531	
Depreciation expense	7,901	6,255	13,033	3,707	6,814	37,710	
Segment earnings from operations	53,879	30,740	70,220	3,038	(22,410)	135,467	
Segment assets	291,614	185,818	369,077	98,004	163,166	1,107,679	
Capital expenditures	9,622	6,138	13,356	6,698	7,708	43,522	

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

	2014					
	North	South	West	All Other	Corporate	Total
Net sales to outside customers	\$ 840,277	\$ 611,700	\$ 1,062,565	\$ 145,787	\$ —	\$ 2,660,329
Intersegment net sales	37,624	20,224	47,737	12,783	—	118,368
Interest expense	—	323	39	—	3,905	4,267
Amortization expense	331	10	1,358	711	—	2,410
Depreciation expense	7,060	5,700	11,029	4,082	6,042	33,913
Segment earnings from operations	32,988	24,474	53,575	3,155	(16,825)	97,367
Segment assets	303,213	201,245	351,557	85,661	82,124	1,023,800
Capital expenditures	10,887	8,875	11,984	3,879	9,680	45,305

In 2016, 2015, and 2014, 20%, 19%, and 17% of net sales, respectively, were to a single customer.

Information regarding principal geographic areas was as follows (in thousands):

	2016		2015		2014	
	Net Sales	Long-Lived Tangible Assets	Net Sales	Long-Lived Tangible Assets	Net Sales	Long-Lived Tangible Assets
United States	\$ 3,162,331	\$ 280,362	\$ 2,811,359	\$ 244,040	\$ 2,596,278	\$ 242,156
Foreign	78,162	26,106	75,712	15,408	64,051	15,678
Total	<u>\$ 3,240,493</u>	<u>\$ 306,468</u>	<u>\$ 2,887,071</u>	<u>\$ 259,448</u>	<u>\$ 2,660,329</u>	<u>\$ 257,834</u>

Sales generated in Canada and Mexico are primarily to customers in the United States of America.

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, our percentage of value-added and commodity-based sales to total sales.

	Value-Added	Commodity- Based
2016	62.6%	37.4%
2015	59.8%	40.2%
2014	58.5%	41.5%

Value-added product sales consist of fencing, decking, lattice, and other specialty products sold to the retail building materials market, specialty wood packaging, engineered wood components, and wood-alternative products. Engineered wood components include roof trusses, wall panels, and floor systems. Wood-alternative products consist primarily of composite wood and plastics. Although we consider the treatment of dimensional lumber with certain chemical preservatives a value-added process, treated lumber is not presently included in the value-added sales totals. Commodity-based product sales consist primarily of remanufactured lumber and preservative treated lumber.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, our gross sales (in thousands) by major product classification.

	Years Ended		
	December 31, 2016	December 26, 2015	December 27, 2014
<u>Value-Added Sales</u>			
Trusses – residential, modular and manufactured housing	\$ 334,956	\$ 299,111	\$ 273,605
Fencing	176,668	149,526	143,252
Decking and railing – composite, wood and other	200,004	177,787	141,121
Turn-key framing and installed sales	141,474	129,803	121,434
Industrial packaging and components	391,610	374,030	298,335
Engineered wood products (eg. LVL; i-joist)	76,503	67,804	61,970
In-store fixtures	87,262	—	—
Manufactured brite and other lumber	68,517	59,804	73,261
Wall panels	53,279	46,496	43,751
Outdoor DIY products (eg. stakes; landscape ties)	106,284	56,846	51,710
Construction and building materials (eg. door packages; drywall)	204,732	200,901	191,426
Lattice – plastic and wood	50,556	47,392	40,943
Manufactured brite and other panels	60,753	57,999	69,622
Siding, trim and moulding	66,048	45,215	32,323
Hardware	20,713	17,123	17,265
Manufactured treated lumber	17,412	13,611	12,071
Manufactured treated panels	3,449	5,353	6,042
Other	390	281	248
Total Value-Added Sales	\$ 2,060,610	\$ 1,749,082	\$ 1,578,379
<u>Commodity-Based Sales</u>			
Non-manufactured brite and other lumber	469,042	458,023	454,695
Non-manufactured treated lumber	479,333	423,543	389,487
Non-manufactured brite and other panels	238,806	253,678	232,821
Non-manufactured treated panels	30,374	31,789	33,146
Other	12,084	10,978	9,402
Total Commodity-Based Sales	\$ 1,229,639	\$ 1,178,011	\$ 1,119,551
Total Gross Sales	\$ 3,290,249	\$ 2,927,093	\$ 2,697,930
Sales allowances	(49,756)	(40,022)	(37,601)
Total Net Sales	\$ 3,240,493	\$ 2,887,071	\$ 2,660,329

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

O. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

The following table sets forth selected financial information for all of the quarters, consisting of 14 and 13 weeks during the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 26, 2015, respectively, (in thousands, except per share data):

	First		Second		Third		Fourth	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net sales	\$682,151	\$633,025	\$872,093	\$838,171	\$826,665	\$762,275	\$859,584	\$653,600
Gross profit	102,739	79,582	131,487	112,443	118,054	110,706	122,310	97,173
Net earnings	20,255	10,804	34,237	26,884	28,764	26,883	22,241	20,561
Net earnings attributable to controlling interest	19,212	10,162	33,398	25,976	27,819	25,556	20,750	18,901
Basic earnings per share	0.95	0.51	1.64	1.29	1.36	1.26	1.02	0.93
Diluted earnings per share	0.95	0.51	1.64	1.28	1.36	1.26	1.02	0.93

P. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to December 31, 2016, the Company has signed definitive agreements to acquire the operating assets of two businesses. The purchase price for these acquisitions is currently estimated to total approximately \$53 million. These acquisitions will be financed from expected operating cash flows and the use of the revolving credit facility.

PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK AND DIVIDENDS

Our common stock trades on The Nasdaq Stock Market (“NASDAQ”) under the symbol UFPI. The following table sets forth the range of high and low sales prices as reported by NASDAQ.

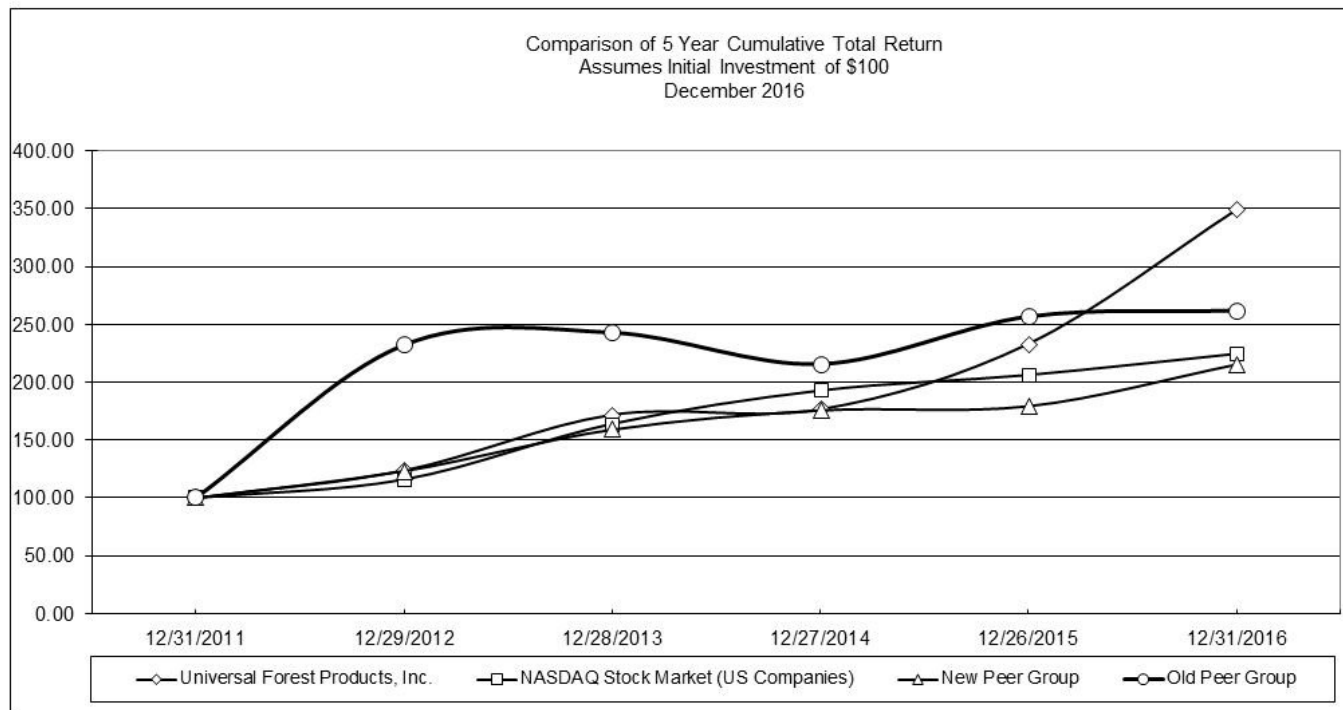
Fiscal 2016	High	Low	Fiscal 2015	High	Low
Fourth Quarter	107.09	83.41	Fourth Quarter	77.91	57.68
Third Quarter	109.99	84.77	Third Quarter	64.53	50.82
Second Quarter	91.49	76.65	Second Quarter	58.05	52.98
First Quarter	83.58	61.04	First Quarter	54.48	49.34

There were approximately 1,300 shareholders of record as of February 6, 2017.

We paid dividends on our common stock of \$0.42 and \$0.45 per share in June and December 2016, respectively. In June and December 2015, we paid dividends of \$0.40 and \$0.42 per share, respectively. We intend to continue with our current semi-annual dividend policy for the foreseeable future.

STOCK PERFORMANCE GRAPH

The following graph depicts the cumulative total return on our common stock compared to the cumulative total return on the indices for The Nasdaq Stock Market (all U.S. companies) and an industry peer group we selected. The graph assumes an investment of \$100 on December 31, 2011, and reinvestment of dividends in all cases.



The companies included in our self-determined industry peer group are as follows:

American Woodmark Corporation	Louisiana-Pacific Corporation
Bemis Company, Inc.	Masco Corporation
BlueLinx Holdings, Inc.	NCI Building Systems, Inc.
BMC Stock Holdings, Inc.	Simpson Manufacturing Company, Inc.
Boise Cascade, LLC	Sonoco Products Company
Builders FirstSource, Inc.	Trex Company, Inc.
Gibraltar Industries, Inc.	Westrock Company
Greif Bros. Corporation	

The returns of each company included in the self-determined peer group are weighted according to each respective company's stock market capitalization at the beginning of each period presented in the graph above. In determining the members of our peer group, we considered companies who selected UFPI as a member of their peer group, and looked for similarly sized companies or companies that are a good fit with the markets we serve.

Directors and Executive Officers

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

William G. Currie
Chairman of the Board
Universal Forest Products, Inc.

Matthew J. Missad
Chief Executive Officer
Universal Forest Products, Inc.

John M. Engler

Gary F. Goode, CPA
Chairman
Titan Sales & Consulting, LLC

Thomas W. Rhodes
President and Chief Executive Officer
TWR Enterprises, Inc.

Bruce A. Merino

Mary E. Tuuk
Chief Compliance Officer
Meijer, Inc.

Brian C. Walker
Chief Executive Officer
Herman Miller, Inc.

Michael G. Wooldridge
Partner
Varnum, LLP

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Matthew J. Missad
Chief Executive Officer

Patrick M. Webster
President and Chief Operating Officer

Michael R. Cole
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Allen T. Peters
President
UFP Western Division, Inc.

Patrick Benton
President
UFP Northern Division

Jonathan West
President
UFP Southern Division

Robert D. Coleman
Executive Vice President
Manufacturing

C. Scott Greene
Executive Vice President
Marketing

Donald L. James
Executive Vice President
National Sales

Michael F. Mordell
Executive Vice President
International Operations

Chad C. Uhlig Eastin
Executive Vice President
Purchasing

Shareholder Information

ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of Universal Forest Products, Inc. will be held at 8:30 a.m. on April 18, 2017, at 2880 East Beltline Lane NE, Grand Rapids, MI 49525.

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Shares of the Company's stock are traded under the symbol UFPI on the NASDAQ Stock Market. The Company's 10-K report, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, will be provided free of charge to any shareholder upon written request. For more information contact:

Investor Relations Department
Universal Forest Products, Inc.
2801 East Beltline NE
Grand Rapids, MI 49525
Telephone: (616) 364-6161
Web: www.ufpi.com

SECURITIES COUNSEL

Varnum, LLP
Grand Rapids, MI

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Deloitte & Touche LLP
Grand Rapids, MI

TRANSFER AGENT/SHAREHOLDER INQUIRIES

American Stock Transfer & Trust Company serves as the transfer agent for the Corporation. Inquiries relating to stock transfers, changes of ownership, lost or stolen stock certificates, changes of address, and dividend payments should be addressed to:

American Stock Transfer & Trust Co.
6201 15th Ave
Brooklyn, NY 11219
Telephone: (800) 937-5449

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS®, INC., CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS

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Grand Rapids, MI 49525
Telephone: (616) 364-6161
Facsimile: (616) 364-5558

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS®, INC., AND ITS AFFILIATES

Locations:

Ashburn, GA	Hudson, NY	Selma, AL
Athena, OR	Hutchinson, MN	Shanghai, China
Auburn, NY	Janesville, WI	Shawnee, OK
Auburndale, FL	Jefferson, GA	Shibuya-ku, Tokyo, Japan
Aurora, CO	Jeffersonville, IN	Sidney, NY
Bangalore, India	Kansas City, MO	Snohomish, WA
Belchertown, MA	Kearneysville, WV	Spring Lake, MI
Berlin, NJ	Kyle, TX	Stanfield, NC
Blanchester, OH	Lacolle, Quebec, Canada	Stockertown, PA
Bomaderry, NSW, Australia	Lafayette, CO	Swindon, Wiltshire, United Kingdom
Bridgeton, MO	Liberty, NC	Tacoma, WA
Burlington, NC	Locust, NC	Thornton, CA
Caldwell, ID	Magna, UT	Turlock, CA
Cedar Hill, TX	McMinnville, OR	Union City, GA
Chaffee, NY	Medley, FL	Warrens, WI
Chandler, AZ	Merciditas, Puerto Rico	Washington, NC
Chesapeake, VA	Mexico City, Mexico	Wenatchee, WA
Chicago, IL	Minneota, MN	White Bear Lake, MN
Chino, CA	Morristown, TN	White Pigeon, MI
Church Hill, TN	Moultrie, GA	Windsor, CO
Columbia, MD	Muscle Shoals, AL	Woodburn, OR
Concord, Ontario, Canada	Nampa, ID	Wujiang City, China
Conway, SC	Naugatuck, CT	Yakima, WA
Cordele, GA	New Delhi, India	Yeerongpilly, QLD, Australia
Dallas, TX	New Hartford, NY	
Dayton, OH	New London, NC	
Durango, Mexico	New Waverly, TX	
Eagan, MN	New Windsor, MD	
Earth City, MO	New York, NY	
Eatonton, GA	Ontario, CA	
Elizabeth City, NC	Ooltewah, TN	
Elkhart, IN	Parker, PA	
Elkwood, VA	Pearisburg, VA	
Embalaje, Mexico	Peru, IL	
Erskine Park, NSW, Australia	Plainville, MA	
Folkston, GA	Poulsbo, WA	
Franklinton, NC	Prairie du Chien, WI	
Gilmer, TX	Puyallup, WA	
Gordon, PA	Ranson, WV	
Grand Rapids, MI	Riverside, CA	
Grandview, TX	Saginaw, MI	
Granger, IN	Saginaw, TX	
Greene, ME	Salina, KS	
Haleyville, AL	Salisbury, NC	
Hamilton, OH	San Antonio, TX	
Harrisonville, MO	Sauk Rapids, MN	
Hillsboro, TX	Schertz, TX	

LIST OF REGISTRANT'S SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATES

234 Springs Rd., LLC	Delaware	UFP Gear, LLC	Michigan
2875 Springs Rd., LLC	Delaware	UFP Global Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
621 Hall St., LLC	Delaware	UFP Gordon, LLC	Michigan
Aljoma Holding Company, LLC	Michigan	UFP Grandview, LLC	Michigan
Aljoma Lumber, Inc.	Florida	UFP Granger, LLC	Michigan
Ardellis Insurance Ltd.	Bermuda	UFP Great Lakes, LLC	Michigan
CA Truss, Inc.	Michigan	UFP Gulf, LLC	Michigan
Caliper Building Systems, LLC	Michigan	UFP Haleyville, LLC	Michigan
Discount Building Products, LLC	Michigan	UFP Hamilton, LLC	Michigan
Eovations, LLC	Michigan	UFP Harrisonville, LLC	Michigan
Gulf Coast Components, LLC	Michigan	UFP Hillsboro, LLC	Michigan
Horizon terra, Incorporated	Indiana	UFP International, LLC	Michigan
Idaho Western, Inc.	Idaho	UFP International Employment Services, LLC	Michigan
idX Asia Fixtures Limited	Hong Kong	UFP Janesville, LLC	Michigan
idX Asia Trading Limited	Hong Kong	UFP Kyle, LLC	Michigan
idX Baltimore, Inc.	Delaware	UFP Lafayette, LLC	Michigan
idX Chicago, LLC	Delaware	UFP Lansing, LLC	Michigan
idX (China) Display System Co. Ltd.	China	UFP Magna, LLC	Michigan
idX Corporation London Limited	Delaware	UFP McMinnville, LLC	Michigan
idX Corporate	Delaware	UFP Mexico Embalaje y Distribution, S. de R.L. de C. V.	Mexico
idX Dallas, LLC	Delaware	UFP Mexico Investment, LLC	Michigan
idX Dayton, LLC	Delaware	UFP Mid-Atlantic, LLC	Michigan
idX Holdings, Inc.	Delaware	UFP Millry, LLC	Michigan
idX Impressions, LLC	Delaware	UFP Minneota, LLC	Michigan
idX (India) Display Privte Ltd.	India	UFP Morristown, LLC	Michigan
idX Los Angeles, LLC	Delaware	UFP Moultrie, LLC	Michigan
idX Mexico	Mexico	UFP Mountain West, LLC	Michigan
idX Shanghai Trading Company Ltd.	China	UFP National Enterprises II, Inc.	Michigan
Integra International Pty Ltd	Australia	UFP New London, LLC	Michigan
International Wood Industries, Inc.	California	UFP New Waverly, LLC	Michigan
Landura, LLC	Texas	UFP New Windsor, LLC	Michigan
Maine Ornamental, LLC	Michigan	UFP New York, LLC	Michigan
Metaworld Technologies, LLC	Michigan	UFP North Atlantic, LLC	Michigan
Mid-Atlantic Framing, LLC	Michigan	UFP Northeast, LLC	Michigan
North Atlantic Framing, LLC	Michigan	UFP Orlando, LLC	Michigan
Pacific Coast Showcase, Inc.	Washington	UFP Parker, LLC	Michigan
Pinelli Universal TKT, S de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	UFP Purchasing, Inc.	Michigan
Pinelli Universal, S de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	UFP Ranson, LLC	Michigan

PR Distribution, LLC	Puerto Rico	UFP RE Acquisition, LLC	Michigan
Shawnlee Construction, L.L.C.	Michigan	UFP Riverside, LLC	Michigan
Shepardville Construction, LLC	Michigan	UFP Rockwell, LLC	Michigan
Store Fixtures Canada Holdings, Inc.	Delaware	UFP Saginaw, LLC	Michigan
The UBEECO Group Pty Ltd	Australia	UFP Salisbury, LLC	Michigan
TKT Real State, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	UFP San Antonio, LLC	Michigan
Tresstar, LLC	Michigan	UFP Sauk Rapids, LLC	Michigan
Triangle Systems, Inc.	New York	UFP Schertz, LLC	Michigan
U.F.P. Mexico Holdings, S. de R.L.	Mexico	UFP Shawnee, LLC	Michigan
UFP Albuquerque, LLC	Michigan	UFP Southeast, LLC	Michigan
UFP Altoona, LLC	Michigan	UFP Southwest, LLC	Michigan
UFP Ashburn, LLC	Michigan	UFP Stockertown, LLC	Michigan
UFP Atlantic, LLC	Michigan	UFP Tampa, LLC	Michigan
UFP Atlantic Division, LLC	Michigan	UFP Thomaston, LLC	Michigan
UFP Auburndale, LLC	Michigan	UFP Thorndale Partnership	Canada
UFP Australia Ptd Ltd	Australia	UFP Thornton, LLC	Michigan
UFP Australia Real Estate Pty Ltd	Australia	UFP Transportation, Inc.	Michigan
UFP Belchertown, LLC	Michigan	UFP Union City, LLC	Michigan
UFP Berlin, LLC	Michigan	UFP Ventures II, Inc.	Michigan
UFP Blanchester, LLC	Michigan	UFP Warranty Corporation	Michigan
UFP Caldwell, LLC	Michigan	UFP Warrens, LLC	Michigan
UFP Canada, Inc.	Canada	UFP Washington, LLC	Michigan
UFP Central Plains, LLC	Michigan	UFP Western Division, Inc.	Michigan
UFP Chandler, LLC	Michigan	UFP White Bear Lake, LLC	Michigan
UFP Dallas, LLC	Michigan	UFP Windsor, LLC	Michigan
UFP de Mexico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	UFP Woodburn, LLC	Michigan
UFP Distribution, LLC	Michigan	United Lumber & Reman, LLC	Alabama
UFP Eagan, LLC	Michigan	Universal Consumer Products, Inc.	Michigan
UFP East Central, LLC	Michigan	Universal Forest Products RMS, LLC	Michigan
UFP Eastern Division, Inc.	Michigan	Universal Forest Products Texas LLC	Michigan
UFP Eaton LLC	Michigan	Universal Showcase ULC	Alberta
UFP Eatonton, LLC	Michigan	Upshur Forest Products, LLC	Michigan
UFP Elizabeth City, LLC	Michigan	Western Building Professionals of California II Limited Partnership	Michigan
UFP Elkwood, LLC	Michigan	Western Building Professionals of California, Inc.	Michigan
UFP Far West, LLC	Michigan	Western Building Professionals, LLC	Michigan
UFP Folkston, LLC	Michigan		
UFP Franklinton, LLC	Michigan		
UFP Gainesville, LLC	Michigan		

Exhibit 23 - Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statement No. 333-75278 on Form S-3 and Registration Statements on Form S-8 for various employee option and incentive stock plans (Registration Statement Nos. 33-81128, 33-81116, 33-81450, 333-60630, 333-88056, 333-150345, and 333-156596) of our reports dated March 1, 2017, relating to the consolidated financial statements of Universal Forest Products, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company"), and the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Grand Rapids, Michigan

March 1, 2017

Universal Forest Products, Inc.

Certification

I, Matthew J. Missad, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of Universal Forest Products, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the Audit Committee of registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 1, 2017

/s/ Matthew J. Missad

Matthew J. Missad
Chief Executive Officer and
Principal Executive Officer

Universal Forest Products, Inc.

Certification

I, Michael R. Cole, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-K of Universal Forest Products, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the Audit Committee of registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 1, 2017

/s/ Michael R. Cole

Michael R. Cole

Chief Financial Officer,

Principal Financial Officer and

Principal Accounting Officer

**CERTIFICATE OF THE
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF
UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.**

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350):

I, Matthew J. Missad, Chief Executive Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350) that:

(1) The report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, which this statement accompanies, fully complies with requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in this report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2016 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Universal Forest Products, Inc.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.

Date: March 1, 2017

By: /s/ Matthew J. Missad
Matthew J. Missad
Its: Chief Executive Officer and
Principal Executive Officer

The signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or any other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Universal Forest Products, Inc. and will be retained by Universal Forest Products, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATE OF THE
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF
UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.**

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350):

I, Michael R. Cole, Chief Financial Officer of Universal Forest Products, Inc., certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350) that:

(1) The report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2016, which this statement accompanies, fully complies with requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in this report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2016 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Universal Forest Products, Inc.

UNIVERSAL FOREST PRODUCTS, INC.

Date: March 1, 2017

By: /s/ Michael R. Cole
Michael R. Cole
Its: Chief Financial Officer,
Principal Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer

The signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or any other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Universal Forest Products, Inc. and will be retained by Universal Forest Products, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.