# Appendix 4E - Preliminary Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2019



Weebit Nano Limited ACN: 146 455 576

## Details of the reporting period and previous reporting period

This preliminary financial report under ASX listing rule 4.3A covers Weebit Nano Limited and its controlled entities ("the Group") and is based on the audited Financial Report.

#### Results for announcement to the market

Revenue from ordinary activities	\$NIL (100	)%)	\$NIL
Loss from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	up \$2,39 <sup>.</sup> (56%)	1,934	to \$6,693,803
Dividends	Amour	nt per	Franked
	secu	rity	amount per
			security
Final dividend	NII	_	N/A
Interim dividend	NII		N/A
Record date for determining entitlements to the		N/A	

## Net tangible assets per security with the comparative figure for the previous corresponding period

	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
Net tangible asset backing per share	2.521 cents	6.055* cents

<sup>\*</sup> comparative adjusted to reflect the 25:1 share consolidation effected in the year

Details of entities over which control has been gained or lost during the year. There were no entities over which control has been gained or lost during the year.

## Dividend paid or reinvested.

No dividends have been declared or are payable for the year ended 30 June 2019.

### Dividend reinvestment plan

No dividend or distribution reinvestment plan was in operation during the year ended 30 June 2019.

## Accounting standard for foreign entities

The accounts of foreign entities within the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

A commentary on the results and additional disclosure information required under listing rule 4.3a is disclosed within the Directors' Report within the audited full year report for FY19.



ACN 146 455 576

**ANNUAL REPORT** 

for the year ended 30 June 2019

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This Annual Report covers Weebit Nano Ltd ("WBT" or the "Company") as a Group consisting of Weebit Nano Ltd and its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as the "Group". The financial report is presented in Australian currency.

WBT is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Weebit Nano Ltd C/- Mertons Corporate Services Pty Ltd Level 7 330 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

**Directors:** 

**David Perlmutter** 

Chairman

Jacob Hanoch

Managing Director and CEO

Fred Bart

Non-Executive Director

Yossi Keret

Non-Executive Director

Ashley Krongold

Non-Executive Director

Yoav Nissan-Cohen Executive Director

Atiq Raza

Non-Executive Director

**Company Secretaries:** 

Mark Licciardo Tamara Barr

**Auditors:** 

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd

Level 3, 88 William Street

PERTH WA 6000

Bankers:

Westpac Banking Corporation

108 Stirling Highway

**NEDLANDS WA 6009** 

Solicitors - Sydney:

King & Wood Mallesons

Level 61

Governor Phillip Tower

1 Farrer Place

Sydney NSW 2000

Registered & Principal Office:

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Level 7

330 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

+61 3 8689 9997

**Postal Address:** 

C/- Mertons Corporate Services Pty Ltd

Level 7

330 Collins Street

Melbourne VIC 3000

**Home Stock Exchange:** 

**Australian Securities Exchange Limited** 

Level 40

152-158 St Georges Terrace

PERTH WA 6000

**ASX Code:** 

 $\mathsf{WBT}$ 

**Share Registry:** 

Computershare Investor Services Pty Limited

Level 11, 172 St Georges Terrace

Perth, WA 6000 Australia

Website:

www.weebit-nano.com

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Your Directors have pleasure in submitting their report on the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30 June 2019.

#### **DIRECTORS**

David 'Dadi' Perlmutter - Chairman (Appointed 01/08/2016)

#### **EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE**

Mr David (Dadi) Perlmutter is focused on investment in growing technology companies in Israel. Mr Perlmutter also serves as a member of the Board of Directors of Mellanox Technologies, chairs various non-profit organisations, is a member of the Board of Governors of the Technion – Israel Institute of Technology and sits on the board of directors of various startups.

Mr Perlmutter served until early 2014 as Executive Vice President and General Manager of the Intel Architecture Group (IAG) and chief product officer of Intel Corporation. He was responsible for the business and development of Intel's platform solutions for all computing and communication segments including datacenters, desktops, laptops, handhelds, embedded devices, and computer electronics. In his tenure he grew the business from \$35 billion in 2008 to more than \$50 billion in 2013, managed 35,000 people worldwide and made investments and acquisitions exceeding \$2.5 billion.

#### **OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES**

Mellanox Technologies (MLNX (NASDAQ))

Jacob 'Coby' Hanoch - Managing Director and CEO (Appointed 01/10/2017)

#### **EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE**

Mr Jacob (Coby) Hanoch comes to Weebit Nano with 15 years' experience in engineering and engineering management and 24 years' experience in sales management and executive roles. Coby was Vice President Worldwide Sales at Verisity where he was part of the founding team and grew the company to over \$100M in annual sales which facilitated its acquisition by Cadence Design Systems (NASDAQ: CDNS).

He was also Vice President Worldwide Sales at Jasper, doubling sales in 3 years before it was acquired by Cadence. As CEO of PacketLight, Coby helped steer the company away from bankruptcy. Coby set up a consulting company, EDAcon Partners, which helps startups define their corporate strategies, set up their worldwide sales channel and raise capital.

Coby holds a Bachelor of Science in Systems Design from Technion – Israel Institute of Technology.

#### NO OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Fred Bart - Non-Executive Director (Appointed 05/03/2018)

#### **EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE**

Mr. Fred Bart has an extensive track record of business success behind him and brings decades of business know-how to Weebit Nano. Starting his career in the bed linen retail and fashion industries, Fred's business interests diversified to include genetics, securities, electro-optics, hospitality and more. In the 1980s he was responsible for transforming his family business from a small operation to a 1,200 employee corporation with a \$200 million turnover. He acquired and turned around several businesses during his impressive career, expanding their operations, growing revenue and helping them to become publicly listed. Currently, he is Chairman and major shareholder of Electro Optics Systems Limited (ASX: EOS) and Chairman of Audio Pixels Holdings Limited (ASX: AKP). Mr Bart also holds a wide range of private companies worldwide.

**DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)** 

#### **OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES**

Electro Optics Systems Limited – Chairman Audio Pixels Holdings Limited – Chairman

Yossi Keret- Non-Executive Director (Appointed 01/08/2016)

#### **EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE**

Mr Yossi Keret has extensive managerial and financial experience and has led a variety of international companies in different fields including industrial, financing, biotech and high-tech startups both in Europe and the USA. Mr Keret has a vast experience in public and private companies and took a major part in M&A negotiations and implementation as well as in complex international tax planning. Mr Keret has played a major part in initial public offerings on NASDAQ and has led successful private equity raising for public companies. Mr Keret was formerly the Managing Director and CEO of Weebit Nano Limited and announced his resignation for personal reasons on 30 June 2017, effective 30 September 2017 when he became a non-executive director. Yossi currently serves as the CEO of Nanorobotics Ltd, an Israeli Biotech company. Yossi also serves as a board member in Wize Pharma a traded company on the OTCQB (WIZP).

#### OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Wize Pharma (OTCQB(WIZP) - Non-Executive Director

Ashley Krongold – Non-Executive Director (Appointed 29/09/2016)

Mr Ashley Krongold is the CEO of The Krongold Group, a third-generation, family-run group of companies based in Melbourne, Australia with businesses spanning various industries. Prior to Krongold Group, Ashley spent 15 years in the Investment Banking and Accounting industries. He was a founding member of Investec Bank Australia, worked at William Buck Chartered Accountants, ANZ Corporate Finance (London) and ANZ Private Bank (Australia).

#### **OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES**

Dotz Nano Limited - Non-Executive Director

#### **Dr Yoav-Nissan Cohen** – Executive Director (Appointed 15/02/2018)

Dr Yoav Nissan-Cohen's career covers nearly 40 years of scientific research, technology development and executive management in the hi-tech industry. He is currently Chairman and CEO of Zullavision, a company which leverages Israeli technologies to provide innovative solutions for film and TV productions.

Yoav received his PhD researching non-volatile memories, under the supervision of Prof Dov Frohman, the inventor of the first non-volatile memory technology.

He started his illustrious career as a research scientist in GE's R&D centre in New York where he studied the use of silicon dioxide in semiconductor memory devices. He then led the spin-off of National Semiconductor's fabrication facility in Israel, establishing Tower Semiconductor, a Nasdaq-listed, global specialty semiconductor foundry leader with a market cap of US\$3.4 billion, where he served as CEO for nine years. Dr. Nissan-Cohen also played a key role in establishing a non-volatile technology startup, Saifun Semiconductor, which was subsequently sold to Spansion. After two years in the venture capital industry, he returned to his entrepreneurial origins taking up Chairman and CEO positions in Amimon which provides wireless transmissions of HD Video at zero latency. Dr. Nissan-Cohen holds a PhD in Applied Physics where his focus was on semiconductor device physics.

**NO OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES** 

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

Atiq Raza – Non-Executive Director (Appointed 01/07/2019)

#### **EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE**

Atiq Raza is currently the Chairman and CEO of Virsec, a next generation Cybersecurity software company. He has served as Chairman of the board at Validity, a biometric solutions company acquired by Synaptics and was also on the board of Seeo, a next generation Li-ion battery company acquired by Bosch. Atiq served on the Stanford University School of Engineering Advisory Council for eight years until 2016.

Atiq Raza is an industry veteran and has been working in engineering leadership and senior management positions for the past thirty-two years. He was Chairman and CEO of NexGen, the first company to challenge Intel in microprocessors. NexGen became a public company and subsequently was acquired by AMD for approximately \$850 million in AMD stock. Atiq became the President and COO of AMD and served on its Board of Directors. At AMD he laid the foundation of its processor business and brought the AMD-K6 and Athlon products to market and established the Opteron 64-bit instruction set architecture. Prior to NexGen, Atiq held various management positions at VLSI technology Incorporated, most notably the president of Technology Centers.

Post AMD, Atiq founded Raza Microelectronics Incorporated (RMI). RMI was acquired by NetLogic in October 2009 and Atiq served as Chief Technology Advisor to NetLogic. NetLogic in turn was acquired by Broadcom on the strength of the RMI Processor.

Atiq has been on the boards of several successful start-ups including Mellanox (now a public company), SiByte (acquired by Broadcom for \$2.2 billion), Siara (acquired by Redback for \$4 billion), VxTel (acquired by Intel for \$500 million) and Magma (now a public company). He has several degrees, including his Bachelor's degree with honors in Physics from Punjab University, with a double bachelor's degree in Philosophy, his Bachelor's degree in Electrical Engineering with honours from the University of London, and his Master's degree in Materials Science & Engineering from Stanford University.

### **NO OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES**

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

#### Mark Licciardo (Appointed 01/02/2017)

Mark Licciardo is Managing Director of Mertons Corporate Services Pty Ltd (Mertons) which provides company secretarial and corporate governance consulting services to ASX listed and unlisted public and private companies.

As a former Company Secretary of ASX 50 companies, Transurban Group and Australian Foundation Investment Company Limited, his expertise includes working with Boards of Directors in the areas of corporate governance, business management, administration, consulting and company secretarial matters. Mark is also an experienced Chairman and non-executive Director of a number of ASX listed public and private companies. Mark holds a Bachelor of Business Degree (Accounting) from Victoria University and a Graduate Diploma in Company Secretarial Practice, is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, the Governance Institute of Australia and the Institute of Company Secretaries and Administrators.

#### FORMER SECRETARIES DURING THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2019

#### Adam Sutherland (Resigned 07/05/2019)

Adam Sutherland is an experienced corporate governance professional and is Company Secretary for a number of ASX listed entities. He has expertise in corporate compliance obligations, including ASX and ASIC requirements. Currently a Corporate Governance Advisor at Mertons Corporate Services, Adam has also held legal support and corporate compliance roles with Crown Resorts Limited and Crown Melbourne Limited

He holds an Advanced Diploma of Business (Legal Practice) from RMIT and Certificate in Corporate Governance from the Governance Institute of Australia.

## Tamara Barr (Appointed 21/08/2019)

Tamara Barr has extensive experience as a Company Secretary, working predominantly within the financial services sector for both Australian ASX listed companies and UK unlisted companies. Her experience includes leading a team of company secretaries for a prominent Lloyd's of London insurance company, Assistant Company Secretary for Australia's largest listed investment company (Australian Foundation Investment Company), and its sister companies, and providing company secretarial services to corporate finance clients. As a corporate governance professional, she has solid experience in due diligence, corporate finance administration, market research, investor relations and restructuring (procedure and process development). Tamara is currently a Corporate Governance Advisor and Company Secretary to various public and private companies.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

Weebit Nano Ltd ("WBT" or the "Company") develops a next generation Non-Volatile Memory using a Resistive RAM (ReRAM) technology based on Silicon Oxide (SiOx).

On 24 November 2017 Weebit Nano Israel, a wholly owned subsidiary, incorporated a 100% held R&D subsidiary in France- Weebit Nano France.

#### **RESULTS**

As the group is in the research and development stage it does not yet generate revenue. The Loss for the year attributable to members of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019 amounted to \$6,693,803 (2018-\$4,301,869). The loss mainly reflects the research and development activities of the Group as well as administration costs.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends were paid or declared during the year or in the period from the year end to the date of this report.

#### **OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Overview

As described above, the Company's strategy is to develop a next generation Non-Volatile Memory made of Silicon Oxide (SiOx).

The Company, through its R&D French subsidiary, signed a collaboration agreement with CEA-Leti (Leti), a leading French microelectronics research institute, for the development and prototyping of advanced ReRAM memories based on switching SiOx materials. This created a team of highly-skilled scientists based in a world-class facility to further develop the technology.

The first phase of development started in mid-September 2016, which was the development and engineering of the base technology, bringing it to a production-level geometry of 40 nanometers and demonstrating an initial 1 Mb (Mega-bit) memory array.

In May 2018 the agreement with Leti was extended to enable improving the "baseline parameters" bringing the memory array closer to the level required for production. In May 2019 the Company announced it has reached technical results at the forefront of the market which enabled it to engage with an initial potential customer. The Company is now in the process of adapting its technology to the specification given by this potential customer.

The Company has also announced it has registered 3 patents related to its technology.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### **Financial Position**

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group has incurred a loss for the year ended 30 June 2019 of \$6,693,803, (2018- Loss of \$4,301,869) and experienced net cash outflows from operating activities of \$5,745,444 (2018: \$3,454,282). As at 30 June 2019 the Group had cash on hand of \$1,670,912 (2018: \$3,356,748) and net working capital of \$1,522,767 (2018: \$3,402,537). The loss mainly reflects the research and development activities of the Group, as well as administration costs.

Management has prepared a cash flow forecast for 14 months from the commencement of the 2020 financial year. The directors are confident that, subject to being able to raise further capital, the Group will be able to continue its operations as a going concern. The directors also carefully manage discretionary expenditure in line with the Group's cash flow.

Subsequent to year-end and as disclosed to the ASX on 27 August 2019, the Company received commitments from existing and new wholesale and sophisticated investors to place approximately 6.4 million new ordinary shares to raise \$2.5 million. In addition, the company is also expecting receipt of approximately AU\$1.5 million in respect of the 2018 R and D claim lodged in France (not provided for in the attached financial statements and as disclosed in note 3(s) and note 6) which will further increase the company's funding.

Based on the matters described above, the Directors consider the going concern basis of preparation to be appropriate.

#### **Financial review**

As the group is in the research and development stage it does not yet generate revenue. The Loss for the year ended 30 June 2019 was \$6,693,803 (2018: \$4,301,869).

The Loss for the year ended 30 June 2019 mainly comprised the following:

Research and development	\$ 3,766,411	For the development process of Non-Volatile Memory made of Silicon Oxide.
		Cost of development with Leti was \$2,556,092 in 2019 (2018: \$816,579).
		Weebit Nano France is entitled to receive Research and Development grants (tax refunds) from the French government. Such grants are recognised as revenue upon receipt. During 2018, Weebit Nano France received grants of \$388,191 which partly offsets the R&D expenses. The 2019 grant has not yet been received.  R&D expenses include \$427,147 for share based compensation (2018: \$203,530).
General and Administrative	\$ 3,114,453	Of which \$636,686 was for share based compensation (2018: \$1,269,261)

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

As at 30 June 2019, the total current assets of the group were \$1,891,933 (2018: \$3,914,139) out of which \$1,670,912 (2018-\$3,356,748) was cash and cash equivalents. Total assets were \$1,973,601 (2018: \$4,005,966).

Total liabilities (trade and other payables) as at 30 June 2019 were \$369,166 (2018: \$511,602).

Total Equity as at 30 June 2019 was \$1,604,435 (2018: \$3,494,364). The decrease in Equity is mainly due to the 2019 Comprehensive loss, offset by share issuance, net of capital raising costs.

Net cash used in operating activities for the year ended 2019 was \$5,745,444 (2018: \$3,454,282), mainly in respect of payments to suppliers, consultants and employees. Net cash flows provided by financing activities for the year ended 2019 were \$4,061,262 from share issuance, net of capital raising costs (2018: \$5,169,682).

#### LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Weebit Nano is currently focused on the adaptation of its technology to the specification given by the first potential customer. It is engaging with additional potential customers and partners as part of its move from development to commercialisation and productisation. It will also continue to develop the technology with a focus on moving to the more advanced 28nm node on 300mm wafers.

#### SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

On 1 July 2019 Atiq Raza was appointed to the Board of directors as a non-executive director. Independently, Yossi Keret will retire from the board of directors at the next annual general meeting.

On 14 August 2019 the Board of directors approved the grant of 160,000 options and 128,000 performance rights to Mr. Atiq Raza. This grant is pending shareholder approval at the next annual general meeting.

On 14 August 2019 the Board of directors approved the grant of options to directors and employees. The options granted to directors are pending shareholder approval at the next annual general meeting.

On 12 August 2019 the company signed a letter of intent with XTX technology (a Chinese provider of high quality memory solutions for consumer electronics, industrial embedded system, telecom and networking markets), to cooperate in investigating ways in which XTX can use Weebit's technology in its products.

On 27 August 2019, the Company announced to the ASX that it had received commitments from existing and new wholesale and sophisticated investors of \$2.5 million.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION**

The Group's operations are not subject to environmental regulations in the jurisdictions in which it operates.

## INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

During the financial year, the Company has paid a premium of \$70,000 (2018: \$60,519) excluding GST to insure the Directors and officers of the Company for a 12 months period.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Company, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings. This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a willful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else or to cause detriment to the Company.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN THE SHARES AND OPTIONS OF THE COMPANY**

Details of relevant interests of current Directors in Weebit Nano's shares as at the date of this report are as follows:

	Sha	ares	Options		Performance Rights	
Director	Held Directly	Held Indirectly	Held Directly	Held Indirectly	Held Directly	Held Indirectly
Dadi Perlmutter	97,977	1,153,500	800,000	-	-	-
Coby Hanoch	45,641	-	1,520,000	-	300,000	180,000
Fred Bart	-	233,143	160,000	-	128,000	-
Yossi Keret	-	753,500	-	-	-	1
Ashley Krongold	-	1,429,150	-	-	-	-
Yoav Nissan-Cohen	-	28,572	160,000	160,000	88,000	88,000
Atiq Raza	-	-	1	-	-	-
TOTAL	143,618	3,597,865	2,640,000	160,000	516,000	268,000

On 8 August 2019 the Board preapproved the grant of options and performance rights to Mr Atiq Raza. On 14 August 2019 the Board preapproved the grant of additional options to several Directors. These grants are subject to approval by the Shareholders of the Company and thus are not included in the above table.

#### **MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS**

Set out below are details of the number of Board meetings held by Weebit Nano during the 2019 financial year with each director's attendance details.

	Board I	Board Meetings		
	Held	Attended		
Dadi Perlmutter	23	20		
Coby Hanoch	23	23		
Fred Bart	23	20		
Yossi Keret	23	21		
Ashley Krongold	23	20		
Yoav Nissan-Cohen	23	21		

Under Weebit Nano's Constitution, documents containing written resolutions assented to by Directors are to be taken as a minute of a meeting of Directors. There was one written resolution assented to by the Board this financial year.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)**

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for Directors and Key Management Personnel of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019. The information contained in this report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

This remuneration report details the remuneration arrangements for key management controlling the major activities of the Company and the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the parent company, and includes those executives in the Parent and the Group receiving the highest remuneration.

#### Key Management Personnel

Directors:

Mr David Perlmutter (Chairman)
Mr Jacob Hanoch (CEO and MD)
Mr Fred Bart (Non-Executive Director)

Mr Yossi Keret (Non-Executive Director)

Mr Ashley Krongold (Non-Executive Director)

Dr Yoav Nissan-Cohen (Executive Director)

Mr Atiq Raza (Non-Executive Director) (appointed on 01/07/2019)

#### **Remuneration Policy**

The Company's performance relies heavily on the quality of its Key Management Personnel (KMP) which currently consists of directors only. The Company has therefore designed a remuneration policy to align director and executive reward with business objectives and shareholder value.

The Board believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain high calibre management personnel and directors to run and manage the Group.

#### **Remuneration Structure**

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive director and any executive remuneration is separate and distinct.

#### Non-Executive Director Remuneration

The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive Directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the non-executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required.

The maximum aggregate amount of annual fees that can be paid to non-executive Directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting (currently \$300,000).

Fees for non-executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Group. However, to align Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company and are able to participate in employee incentive option plans that may exist from time to time.

#### **Executive Remuneration**

Executive Remuneration currently consists of fixed remuneration only, and the board is considering variable remuneration (comprising short-term and long-term incentive schemes).

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)

#### **Fixed Remuneration**

The Company's performance relies heavily on the quality of its Key Management Personnel. The Company has therefore designed a remuneration policy to align director and executive reward with business objectives and shareholder value.

The fixed remuneration of the Company's Key Management Personnel is detailed in page 13.

#### **Variable Remuneration**

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase goal congruence between shareholders and directors and key management personnel. Currently this is facilitated through bonus plans and through the issue of options and performance rights to key management personnel to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The Company believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth.

Directors and executives may be issued options to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. Options and performance rights issued to Directors may be subject to market-based price hurdles and vesting conditions and the exercise price of options is set at a level that encourages the Directors to focus on share price appreciation. The Company believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth. Key Management Personnel are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements.

The Board may exercise discretion in relation to approving incentives such as options. The policy is designed to reward key management personnel for performance that results in long- term growth in shareholder value.

#### Remuneration of Directors and Executives

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the key management personnel (as defined in AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures) of Weebit Nano Ltd are set out in the following tables.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)

## Key management personnel of Weebit Nano Limited

2019	Short Ben	Term efits	Post Employment Benefits	Share Based Payments	Total	% of remuneration consisting of
Key Management Personnel	Salary and Fees \$	Non- Monetary \$	\$	\$	\$	options and performance rights
D :10 1	06.447			444.426	240.272	600/
David Perlmutter	96,147	-	-	144,126	240,273	60%
Jacob Hanoch	471,761	-	-	719,962	1,191,723	58%
Fred Bart	45,000	-	-	37,873	82,873	46%
Yossi Keret	44,854	-	-	-	44,854	-
Ashley Krongold	45,000	-	-	-	45,000	-
Yoav Nissan Cohen	192,113	-	-	40,120	232,233	17%
Total	894,875	-	-	942,081	1,836,956	-

2018	Short Ben	Term efits	Post Employment Benefits	Share Based Payments	Total	% of remuneration consisting of
Key Management Personnel	Salary and Fees \$	Non- Monetary \$	\$	\$	\$	options and performance rights
David Perlmutter	98,306	_		_	98,306	_
David i Crimatter	30,300				30,300	
Jacob Hanoch	247,927	-	-	548,813	796,740	68%
Fred Bart	14,577	-	-	64,407	78,984	82%
Yossi Keret	163,798	-	-	-	163,798	-
Ashley Krongold	45,000	-	-	504,000	549,000	92%
Yoav Nissan Cohen	66,545	-	-	165,220	231,765	71%
Kobi Ben Shabat	18,750	-	-	-	18,750	-
Ananda Kathiravelu	31,612	-	3,003	-	34,615	-
Total	686,615	_	3,003	1,282,440	1,971,958	-

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)

## a) Shareholdings of key management personnel

The number of ordinary shares of Weebit Nano Ltd held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each Director, including their personally-related entities, as at balance date:

## 2019:

	Held at	Movement during	<b>Held Prior to</b>	Held at
Directors	1 July 2018	year*	Resignation	30 June 2019
D. Perlmutter	29,858,321	(28,606,844)	-	1,251,477
J. Hanoch	426,724	(381,083)	-	45,641
F. Bart	4,400,000	(4,166,857)	-	233,143
Y. Keret	28,837,489	(28,083,989)	-	753,500
A. Krongold	35,728,729	(34,299,579)	-	1,429,150
Y. Nissan Cohen	-	28,572	-	28,572
A Raza**	-	-	-	-
Total	99,251,263	(95,509,780)	-	3,741,483

<sup>\*</sup> Figures were adjusted to reflect a 1:25 share consolidation that was finalised on 25 February 2019.

#### 2018:

	Held at	Movement during	<b>Held Prior to</b>	Held at
Directors	1 July 2017	year	Resignation	30 June 2018
D. Perlmutter	28,837,488	1,020,833	-	29,858,321
J. Hanoch	-	426,724	-	426,724
F. Bart	-	4,400,000	-	4,400,000
Y. Keret	28,837,489	-	-	28,837,489
A. Krongold	28,728,729	7,000,000	-	35,728,729
Y. Nissan Cohen	-	-	-	-
K. Ben Shabat*	4,104,104	-	4,104,104	-
A. Kathiravelu**	130,000	-100,000	30,000	-
Total	90,637,810	12,747,557	4,134,104	99,251,263

<sup>\*</sup> Resigned on 30 November 2017.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Appointed on 1 July 2019.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Resigned on 5 March 2018.

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)

*b)* Options and Performance Rights holdings of Key Management Personnel

The number of options over ordinary shares in Weebit Nano Ltd held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each specified Director and specified executive, including their personally-related entities, as at the balance date is as follows:

#### 2019 (Options):

Directors	Held at 1 July 2018	Movement during year	Held prior to resignation	Held at 30 June 2019	exercisable at 30 June 2019
F. Bart	4,000,000	(3,840,000)	-	160,000	Refer (a)
Y. Nissan-Cohen	8,000,000	(7,680,000)	-	320,000	Refer (b)
J. Hanoch	28,000,000	(26,480,000)	-	1,520,000	Refer (c)
Total	40,000,000	(38,000,000)	-	2,000,000	

## 2019 (Performance Rights):

Directors	Held at 1 July 2018	Movement during year	Held prior to resignation	Held at 30 June 2019	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2019
F. Bart	3,200,000	(3,072,000)	-	128,000	Refer (a)
Y. Nissan-Cohen	6,400,000	(6,144,000)	-	256,000	Refer (b)
J. Hanoch	-	480,000	-	480,000	Refer (c)
Total	9,600,000	(8,736,000)	-	864,000	

- (a) Mr Bart's options and performance rights were issued on 24 December 2018; both classes of securities were subject to the 1:25 securities' consolidation finalised on 25 February 2019. The option and performance rights vest over 4 years: 25% after 1 year, and 12 equal quarterly portions thereafter. These options and rights will expire 10 years from the date of grant. For further details on the valuation assumptions, refer to Note 13 to the financial statements.
- (b) Mr Nissan-Cohen's options and performance rights were issued on 24 December 2018; both classes of securities were subject to the 1:25 securities' consolidation finalised on 25 February 2019. The instruments shall vest over 4 years: 25% after 1 year, and 12 equal quarterly portions thereafter. These options and rights will expire 10 years from the date of grant. For further details on the valuation assumptions, refer to Note 13 to the financial statements.
- (c) 28,000,000 options were approved by Shareholders to J. Hanoch on 30 November 2017. A further 10,000,000 options and 12,000,000 performance rights were granted to Mr Hanoch on 24 December 2018; both classes of securities were subject to the 1:25 securities' consolidation finalised on 25 February 2019. These vest over 4 years: 25% after 1 year and 12 equal quarterly portions thereafter. These options and rights will expire 10 years from the date of grant. For further details on the valuation assumptions, refer to Note 13 to the financial statements.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED) (continued)

2018: (Options)

					Vested and
Directors	Held at	Movement	Held prior to	Held at 30	exercisable at 30 June
	1 July 2017	during year	resignation	June 2018	2018
A. Kathiravelu*	20,385,000	(2,000,000)**	18,385,000	-	-
F. Bart***	-	4,000,000	N/A	4,000,000	Refer (a) above
Y. Nissan-Cohen***	-	8,000,000	N/A	8,000,000	Refer (b) above
J. Hanoch	-	28,000,000	-	28,000,000	Refer (c) above
Total	20,385,000	26,000,000	18,385,000	40,000,000	
2018: (Performance					
Rights)					Vested and
	Held at	Movement	Held prior to	Held at 30	exercisable at 30
Directors	1 July 2017	during year	resignation	June 2018	June 2018
F. Bart***	_	3,200,000	N/A	3,200,000	Refer (a)
Y. Nissan-Cohen***	_	6,400,000	N/A	6,400,000	Refer (b)

<sup>\*</sup>Resigned 05/03/2018.

Total

N/A

9,600,000

9,600,000

\*\*\*\*\*\*END OF REMUNERATION REPORT\*\*\*\*\*\*

<sup>\*\*</sup>Expired 31/10/2017.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Shares, options and performance rights issued to F. Bart on 26 February 2018 and Y. Nissan Cohen on 15 February 2018 were approved by shareholders at the 2018 Annual General Meeting.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings. The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

#### LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in the report, no other likely developments, future prospects and business strategies of the operations of the Company have been included in this report as the Directors believe that the inclusion of such information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company.

#### **SHARE OPTIONS/PERFORMANCE RIGHTS**

#### **Shares under Option**

At the date of this report there are 8,933,187 unissued shares under option outstanding as summarised below:

Date Granted	Security Type	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of shares under option
25-Oct-17	Unlisted Options	30-Jun-20	\$0.75000	1,977,096
30-Nov-17	Unlisted Options	02-Oct-21	\$0.43875	1,120,000
12-Oct-18	Unlisted Options	12-Oct-22	\$1.31250	180,000
12-Oct-18	Unlisted Options	12-Oct-22	\$1.53125	180,000
24-Dec-18	Unlisted Options	01-Jan-28	\$1.44500	160,000
24-Dec-18	Unlisted Options	29-Jan-28	\$1.71750	290,000
24-Dec-18	Unlisted Options	15-Feb-28	\$1.56500	160,000
24-Dec-18	Unlisted Options	05-Mar-28	\$1.27250	160,000
24-Dec-18	Unlisted Options	16-Oct-28	\$0.84750	800,000
24-Dec-18	Unlisted Options	01-Oct-27	\$0.43875	400,000
24-Dec-18	Performance Rights	1-Oct-27	Nil	480,000
24-Dec-18	Performance Rights	1-Jan-28	Nil	128,000
24-Dec-18	Performance Rights	29-Jan-28	Nil	296,000
24-Dec-18	Performance Rights	15-Feb-28	Nil	128,000
24-Dec-18	Performance Rights	5-Mar-28	Nil	128,000
30-Jul-16	Performance Shares	30-Jul-21	Nil	346,091

These options do not entitle the holders to participate in any share issue of the Company or any other body corporate.

The Board of Directors approved additional options and performance rights granted to several Directors. These grants are pending approval by the Shareholders of the company and thus are not included in the above table.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### **AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION**

The auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ended 30 June 2019 has been received and can be found on page 24.

## **AUDITOR**

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

#### **AUDIT SERVICES**

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor.

Amounts received or due and receivable by Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd	Consolidated 2019 \$	Consolidated 2018 \$
An audit and review of the financial report of the parent and any other entity in the Group	40,800	43,070
Other services in relation to the parent and any other entity in the Group  Amounts received or due and receivable by BDO Israel	5,600	7,400
BDO Israel – Audit and review of the subsidiary Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel)*	62,884	65,345
	109,284	115,815

<sup>\*</sup>The fee for BDO Israel includes the audit of statutory financial statements for Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel) and Weebit Nano SARL (France), as well as the audit of the tax return for Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel).

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to Section 298(2) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

David Perlmutter Chairman

Melbourne 27 August 2019

#### **Corporate Governance Statement**

The Board is responsible for establishing the Company's corporate governance framework. In establishing its corporate governance framework, the Board has referred to the 3rd edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Councils' Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations. The Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company follows the recommendations. The Company will follow each recommendation where the Board has considered the recommendation to be an appropriate benchmark for its corporate governance practices. Where the Company's corporate governance practices will follow a recommendation, the Board has made appropriate statements reporting on the adoption of the recommendation. In compliance with the "if not, why not" reporting regime, where, after due consideration, the Company's corporate governance practices will not follow a recommendation, the Board has explained its reasons for not following the recommendation and disclosed what, if any, alternative practices the Company will adopt instead of those in the recommendation. The Company's governance-related documents can be found on its website at <a href="https://www.weebit-nano.com">www.weebit-nano.com</a> under the section marked Corporate Governance.

#### Principle 1 – Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

#### Recommendation 1.1 - Recommendation followed

The Company has established the respective roles and responsibilities of its Board and management, and those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management, and has documented this in its Board Charter.

The responsibilities of the Board include but are not limited to:

- a) setting and reviewing strategic direction and planning;
- b) reviewing financial and operational performance;
- c) identifying principal risks and reviewing risk management strategies; and
- d) considering and reviewing significant capital investments and material transactions.

In exercising its responsibilities, the Board recognises that there are many stakeholders in the operations of the Company, including employees, shareholders, co-ventures, the government and the community.

### Recommendation 1.2 - Recommendations followed

The Board carefully considers the character, experience, education and skillset, as well as interests and associations of potential candidates for appointment to the Board and conducts appropriate checks to verify the suitability of the candidate, prior to their election. The Company has appropriate procedures in place to ensure that material information relevant to a decision to elect or re-elect a director is disclosed in the notice of meeting provided to shareholders.

#### Recommendation 1.3 - Recommendations followed

The Company has a written agreement with each of the Directors. The material terms of any employment, service or consultancy agreement the Company, or any of its child entities, has entered into with its Chief Executive Officer, any of its directors, and any other person or entity who is a related party of the Chief Executive Officer or any of its directors will be disclosed in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 3.16.4 (taking into consideration the exclusions from disclosure outlined in that rule).

Contract details of senior executives who are KMP are summarised in the Remuneration Report in the Company's Annual Report.

### Recommendation 1.4 - Recommendations followed

The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board for facilitating the Company's corporate governance processes and the proper functioning of the Board. Each Director is entitled to access the advice and services of the Company Secretary.

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, the appointment or removal of the Company Secretary is a matter for the Board as a whole. Details of the Company Secretary's experience and qualifications are set out in the Annual Report.

**Corporate Governance Statement (continued)** 

#### Recommendation 1.5 - Recommendation not followed

The Company is committed to creating a diverse working environment and promoting a culture which embraces diversity. Given the size of the Company and scale of its operations, however, the Board is of the view that a written diversity policy with measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity is not required at this time. Further as the Company has not established measureable objectives for achieving gender diversity, the Company has not reported on progress towards achieving them.

#### Recommendations 1.6 and 1.7 – Recommendations not followed

Whilst the Company has a written policy, the Board recognises that as a result of the Company's size and the stage of the entity's life as a public listed junior technology company, the assessment of the directors' and executives' overall performance and its own succession plan is conducted on an informal basis. Whilst this is at variance with the ASX Recommendations, for the financial year ended June 2019, the Directors consider an appropriate and adequate process for the evaluation of Directors is in place.

#### Principle 2 – Structure the board to add value

#### Recommendation 2.1 – Recommendation followed

As a result of the Company's size and the stage of the entity's life as a publicly listed junior technology company and given the size of the Board at present a Nomination Committee has not been established. The Board meets as a whole to consider. The Board from time to time reviews the skill mix required for the Board and, where gaps are identified, embarks on a process to fill those gaps.

## Recommendation 2.2 – Recommendation followed

The details of the skill set of the current Board members are set out in the description of each Director in the Annual Report. The Board has adopted the following Board Skills Matrix which sets out the mix of skills and diversity that the Board is looking to achieve in its membership. The Board Skills Matrix highlights the key skills and experience of the Board and the extent to which those skills are currently represented on the Board.

Skills and experience	Number of Directors/ Board representations (out of 7*)
<b>Executive leadership</b> - Senior executive experience including international experience.	7
<b>Board experience</b> - Experience as a board member or member of a governance body.	7
<b>Financial acumen</b> - Senior executive or equivalent experience in financial accounting and reporting, corporate finance, risk and internal controls.	7
Semiconductor - Experience related to the Semiconductor market, connections to key companies in the domain.	4
<b>ASX and Australian public market</b> - Experience in raising capital in Australia, knowledge of the Australian regulations.	5
<b>Strategy</b> - Experience in developing, implementing and challenging a plan of action designed to achieve the long-term goals of an organisation, including information technology and digital experience.	7
Capital management - Experience in capital management strategies, including capital partnerships, debt financing and capital raisings.	7

<sup>\*</sup> Including Atiq Raza, who was appointed on 1 July 2019.

**Corporate Governance Statement (continued)** 

### Recommendation 2.3 – Recommendation followed

As at 30 June 2019, the board consisted of six directors, four of whom are non-executive and three of whom are Independent Directors. Since 30 June 2019, Mr Atiq Raza was also appointed to the board as an independent non-executive. The Board considers David Perlmutter (Non-executive Chairman), Ashley Krongold (Non-executive Director), Fred Bart (Non-executive Director) and Atiq Raza (Non-executive Director) to be Independent Directors.

#### Recommendation 2.4 – Recommendation not followed

As noted under Recommendation 2.3, the Board comprises seven Directors of whom four are considered Independent Directors. The Board comprises a majority of independent directors and is satisfied that its current composition is suitable for the Company given its resources, size and operations. The current structure and composition of the Board has been determined having regard to the nature and size of the Company, the skill set of The Company's directors both individually and collectively, and the best interests of shareholders. The Board believes that independent judgment is achieved and maintained in respect of its decision-making processes. Furthermore, all directors are entitled to seek independent professional advice as and when required. The directors believe that they are able to objectively analyse the issues before them in the best interests of all shareholders and in accordance with their duties as directors.

#### Recommendation 2.5 – Recommendation followed

The Chairman, Mr Perlmutter, is an Independent Director. His role as Chairman of the Board is separate from that of the Managing Director (who is responsible for the day to day management of the Company) and is in compliance with the ASX Recommendation that these roles not be exercised by the same individual.

## Recommendation 2.6 – Recommendation not followed

The Board recognises that as a result of the Company's size and the stage of the entity's life as a publicly listed junior technology company, the Board has not put in place a formal program for inducting new directors. However, it does provide a package of background information on commencement and provides ready interaction with the Company's personnel to gain a stronger understanding of the business. Similarly, the Company does not at this stage provide professional development opportunities for Directors. More formal processes for both of these areas will be considered in the future as the Company develops.

#### Principle 3 – Act ethically and responsibly

### Recommendation 3.1 – Recommendation followed

The Company is committed to promoting good corporate conduct grounded by strong ethics and responsibility. The Company has established a Code of Conduct (Code), which addresses matters relevant to the Company's legal and ethical obligations to its stakeholders. It may be amended from time to time by the Board and is disclosed on the Company's website. The Code applies to all Directors, employees, contractors and officers of the Company.

#### Principle 4 – Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

## Recommendation 4.1 – Recommendation followed

WBT was not a Company required by ASX Listing Rule 12.7 to have an Audit Committee although it is included in the ASX Recommendations. The Board has not established an audit committee at this point in the Company's development. It is considered that the size of the Board along with the level of activity of the Company renders this impractical and the full Board considers in detail all of the matters for which the directors are responsible. The Board has adopted an Audit Committee Charter and is disclosed on the Company's website.

**Corporate Governance Statement (continued)** 

#### Recommendation 4.2 - Recommendation followed

In accordance with ASX Recommendation 4.2 the Chief Executive Officer (or their equivalent) and Chief Financial Officer (or their equivalent) are required to provide assurances that the written declarations under s295A of the Corporations Act (and for the purposes of ASX Recommendation 4.2) are founded on a sound framework of risk management and internal control and that the framework is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks. Both the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer provide such assurances at the time the s295A declarations are provided to the Board.

#### Recommendation 4.3 - Recommendation followed

The Company's external audit function is performed by Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd (Nexia). Representatives of Nexia attend the Annual General Meeting and are available to answer shareholder questions regarding the audit.

#### Principle 5 – Make timely and balanced disclosure

#### Recommendation 5.1 - Recommendations followed

The Company operates under the continuous disclosure requirements of the ASX Listing Rules and has adopted a policy. The Continuous Disclosure Policy sets out policies and procedures for the Company's compliance with its continuous disclosure obligations under the ASX Listing Rules, and addresses financial markets communication, media contact and continuous disclosure issues. It forms part of the Company's corporate policies and procedures and is available to all staff. A copy of the Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on the Company's website.

#### Principle 6 – Respect the rights of security holders

#### Recommendation 6.1 – Recommendations followed

The Company keeps investors informed of its corporate governance, financial performance and prospects via its website – <a href="www.weebit-nano.com">www.weebit-nano.com</a>. Investors can access copies of all announcements to the ASX, notices of meetings, annual reports and financial statements, and Investor presentations via the 'Investor Information' tab and can access general information regarding the Company and the structure of its business under the 'Company' and 'Projects' tabs.

#### Recommendation 6.2 – Recommendations followed

The Board aims to ensure that shareholders are informed of all major developments affecting the Company's state of affairs. In accordance with the ASX Recommendations, information is communicated to shareholders as follows:

- the annual financial report which includes relevant information about the operations of the Company during the year, changes in the state of affairs of the entity and details of future developments, in addition to the other disclosures required by the Corporations Act 2001;
- the half yearly financial report lodged with the Australian Securities Exchange and Australian Securities and Investments Commission and sent to all shareholders who request it;
- notifications relating to any proposed major changes in the Company which may impact on share ownership rights that are submitted to a vote of shareholders;
- notices of all meetings of shareholders;
- publicly released documents including full text of notices of meetings and explanatory material-made available on the Company's website at www.weebit-nano.com; and
- disclosure of the Company's Corporate Governance practices and communications strategy on the entity's website.

#### **Corporate Governance Statement (continued)**

#### Recommendation 6.2 – Recommendations followed (continued)

While the Company aims to provide sufficient information to Shareholders about the Company and its activities, it understands that Shareholders may have specific questions and require additional information. To ensure that Shareholders can obtain all relevant information to assist them in exercising their rights as Shareholders, the Company has made available a telephone number and relevant contact for Shareholders to make their enquiries.

#### Recommendation 6.3 - Recommendation followed

The Board encourages full participation of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to ensure a high level of accountability and identification with the Company's strategy and goals. Important issues are presented to the shareholders as single resolutions. The external auditor of the Company is also invited to the Annual General Meeting of shareholders and is available to answer any questions concerning the conduct, preparation and content of the auditor's report. Pursuant to section 249K of the Corporations Act 2001 the external auditor is provided with a copy of the notice of meeting and related communications received by shareholders.

#### Recommendation 6.4 – Recommendation followed

The Company provides its investors the option to receive communications from and send communications to, the Company and the share registry electronically.

#### Principle 7 - Recognise and manage risks

### Recommendation 7.1 - Recommendations followed

Due to the size of the Board, the Company does not have a separate Risk Committee. The Board is responsible for the oversight of the Company's risk management and control framework. The Board has adopted a Risk Management Policy, which is disclosed on the Company's website.

#### Recommendation 7.2 - Recommendations not followed

The Board recognises that there are inherent risks associated with the Company's operations including technological, legal and other operational risks. The Board endeavours to mitigate such risks by continually reviewing the activities of the Company in order to identify key business and operational risks and ensuring that they are appropriately assessed and managed. No formal report in relation to the Company's management of its material business risks is presented to the Board. The Board reviews the risk profile of the Company and monitors risk informally throughout the year.

#### Recommendation 7.3 – Recommendation not followed

The Company does not have an internal audit function. This is due to the size of the Company and the stage of life of the entity. To evaluate and continually improve the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control processes, the Board relies on ongoing reporting and discussion of the management of material business risks as outlined in the Company's Risk Management Policy.

ACN: 146 455

### Recommendation 7.4 - Recommendation followed

**Corporate Governance Statement (continued)** 

As already outlined above in relation to various ASX Recommendations, the Company constantly monitors and reviews the key risks that affect the Company and the management of those risks. They include economic, environment and sustainability risks. The risks which the Company has identified that it has a material exposure to are its ability to raise funds within an acceptable time frame and on terms acceptable to it ("Capital Risk"); and that its existing technology, or any other technologies that it may acquire in the future, will be able to be economically exploited ("Commercialisation Risk").

The manner in which the Company manages those risks, in the case of Capital Risk, to monitor the market and investment appetite and to raise further required capital in a timely manner such that the Company's operations are adequately funded; in the case of Commercialisation Risk, to adopt a focused approach using modern techniques, seek partnerships with world-leading organisations and seeking to lay off risk where possible.

## Principle 8 – Remunerate fairly and responsibly

#### Recommendation 8.1 - Recommendation followed

Due to the size of the Board, the Company does not have a separate remuneration committee. The roles and responsibilities of a remuneration committee are currently undertaken by the Board. The duties of the full board in its capacity as a remuneration committee are set out in the Company's Remuneration Committee Charter. Items that are usually required to be discussed by a Remuneration Committee are marked as separate agenda items at Board meetings when required. The Board has adopted a Remuneration Committee Charter which describes the role, composition, functions and responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee and is disclosed on the Company's website.

## Recommendation 8.2 – Recommendations followed

Details of the Company's policies on remuneration are set out in the Company's "Remuneration Report" in each Annual Report published by the Company. This disclosure will include a summary of the Company's policies regarding the deferral of performance-based remuneration and the reduction, cancellation or clawback of the performance-based remuneration in the event of serious misconduct or a material misstatement in the Company's financial statements.

#### Recommendation 8.3 - Recommendation followed

The Company's Security Trading Policy includes a statement prohibiting directors, officers and employees entering into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of their security holding in the Company or of participating in unvested entitlements under any equity based remuneration schemes.

#### **Security Trading Policy**

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 12.9, the Company has adopted a trading policy which sets out the following information:

- a) closed periods in which directors, employees and contractors of the Company must not deal in the Company's securities;
- b) trading in the Company's securities which is not subject to the Company's trading policy; and
- c) the procedures for obtaining written clearance for trading in exceptional circumstances.



## Lead auditor's independence declaration under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the directors of Weebit Nano Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor's independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act* 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

**Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd** 

M. Janse Van Nieuwenhuizen

Director

Perth 27 August 2019

Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd

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## Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2019	Note	Consolidated 2019 \$	Consolidated 2018 \$
Research and Development expenses Sales and Marketing expenses	3(s)	(3,766,411) (184,432)	(1,079,476) (140,423)
General and Administrative expenses	8	(3,114,453)	(3,216,571)
Finance income (costs) Other Income (expenses)		371,493 -	150,266 (15,665)
Loss before tax		(6,693,803)	(4,301,869)
Income tax expense	5	-	-
Loss for the year		(6,693,803)	(4,301,869)
Other Comprehensive Income potentially reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		(371,625)	(198,039)
Total Comprehensive Loss for the year Total Comprehensive Loss attributable to:		(7,065,428)	(4,499,908)
Owners of the parent entity		(7,065,428)	(4,499,908)
Basic and Diluted Loss per share	4	(0.108)*	(0.080)*

<sup>\*</sup>The comparative has been adjusted to reflect the 25:1 share consolidation effected during the year ended 30 June 2019.

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## **Statement of Financial Position**

As at 30 June 2019

	Note	Consolidated 30 June 2019 \$	Consolidated 30 June 2018 \$
ASSETS Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		1,670,912	3,356,748
Trade and other receivables	6	221,021	557,391
Total current assets	_	1,891,933	3,914,139
Non-current assets	_		
Plant and equipment		68,854	35,787
Long term deposit		12,814	56,040
Total non-current assets	_	81,668	91,827
TOTAL ASSETS	_	1,973,601	4,005,966
LIABILITIES Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	369,166	511,602
Total current liabilities	_	369,166	511,602
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	369,166	511,602
NET ASSETS	_	1,604,435	3,494,364
EQUITY			
Share capital	9	31,552,035	27,269,973
Reserves		5,585,389	5,063,577
Accumulated losses		(35,532,989)	(28,839,186)
TOTAL EQUITY	<u>-</u>	1,604,435	3,494,364

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Foreign

For the year ended 30 June 2019

Balance at 30 June 2018

CONSOLIDATED 2019	Note	Issued Capital \$	currency translation differences for foreign operations \$	Option Reserve \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2018	•	27,269,973	(219,069)	5,282,646	(28,839,186)	3,494,364
Loss for the year		-	(213,003)	-	(6,693,803)	(6,693,803)
Other comprehensive income		_	(371,625)	_	(0,055,005)	(371,625)
Total comprehensive loss for the year		-	(371,625)	-	(6,693,803)	(7,065,428)
Transactions with equity holders:						
Contributions of capital	9	4,819,550	-	_	-	4,819,550
Capital raising costs	9	(537,488)	-	-	-	(537,488)
Exercise of options	9	-	-	-	-	-
Share-based payments	13	-	-	893,437	-	893,437
Balance at 30 June 2019	·	31,552,035	(590,694)	6,176,083	(35,532,989)	1,604,435
CONSOLIDATED 2018	Note	Issued Capital \$	Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations	Option Reserve \$	Accumulated Losses	Total Equity
Balance at 1 July 2017					\$	\$
Loss for the year		23,795,057	(21,030)	2,114,857	(24,537,317)	1,351,567
<u>-</u>		23,795,057	(21,030)	2,114,857 -	-	1,351,567 (4,301,869)
Other comprehensive income		23,795,057	(21,030) - (198,039)	2,114,857 - -	(24,537,317) (4,301,869)	1,351,567 (4,301,869) (198,039)
<u>•</u>		23,795,057	(21,030)	2,114,857 -	(24,537,317)	1,351,567 (4,301,869)
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive loss for the year Transactions with equity holders:		23,795,057	(21,030) - (198,039)	2,114,857 - -	(24,537,317) (4,301,869) -	1,351,567 (4,301,869) (198,039)
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive loss for the year Transactions with equity holders: Contributions of capital	9	23,795,057 - - - 2,500,000	(21,030) - (198,039)	2,114,857 - -	(24,537,317) (4,301,869) -	1,351,567 (4,301,869) (198,039)
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive loss for the year Transactions with equity holders: Contributions of capital Capital raising costs	9	23,795,057 - - - - 2,500,000 (2,042,420)	(21,030) - (198,039)	2,114,857 - -	(24,537,317) (4,301,869) -	1,351,567 (4,301,869) (198,039) (4,499,908) 2,500,000 (2,042,420)
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive loss for the year Transactions with equity holders: Contributions of capital Capital raising costs Exercise of options	9 9	23,795,057 - - - 2,500,000	(21,030) - (198,039)	2,114,857 - - - -	(24,537,317) (4,301,869) -	1,351,567 (4,301,869) (198,039) (4,499,908) 2,500,000 (2,042,420) 3,017,336
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive loss for the year Transactions with equity holders: Contributions of capital Capital raising costs	9	23,795,057 - - - - 2,500,000 (2,042,420)	(21,030) - (198,039)	2,114,857 - -	(24,537,317) (4,301,869) -	1,351,567 (4,301,869) (198,039) (4,499,908) 2,500,000 (2,042,420)

5,282,646

(219,069)

(28,839,186)

3,494,364

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

27,269,973

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended 30 June 2019

Note	Consolidated 2019 S	Consolidated 2018 \$
11010	<b>Y</b>	<b>Y</b>
	-	-
-	(5,745,444)	(3,454,282)
10	(5,745,444)	(3,454,282)
	(44,880)	(6,923)
	43,226	(46,817)
-	(1,654)	(53,740)
9	4,450,000	2,500,000
9	-	3,017,336
9	(388,738)	(347,496)
-	4,061,262	5,169,682
	(1,685,836)	1,661,660
_	3,356,748	1,695,088
_	1,670,912	3,356,748
	9	Note \$  (5,745,444)  10 (5,745,444)  (44,880) 43,226  (1,654)  9 4,450,000 9 - 9 (388,738)  4,061,262  (1,685,836) 3,356,748

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the year ended 30 June 2019

#### **NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY**

Weebit Nano Ltd (the "Company") is a company domiciled in Australia. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 30 June 2019 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group").

A description of the nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities is included in the review of operations and activities in the Directors' Report on page 6, which does not form part of this financial report.

#### **NOTE 2: BASIS OF PREPARATION**

This General Purpose Financial Report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001.

The Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes of the Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Weebit Nano Ltd is a company limited by shares. The financial report is presented in Australian Dollars which is the Group's reporting currency and monetary amounts are rounded to the nearest dollar, except for earnings per share.

This Consolidated Financial Report was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 August 2019.

#### **Financial Position**

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group has incurred a loss for the year ended 30 June 2019 of \$6,693,803, (2018: Loss of \$4,301,869) and experienced net cash outflows from operating activities of \$5,745,444 (2018: \$3,454,282). As at 30 June 2019 the Group had cash on hand of \$1,670,912 (2018: \$3,356,748) and net working capital of \$1,522,767 (2018: \$3,402,537). The loss mainly reflects the research and development activities of the Group, as well as administration costs.

Management has prepared a cash flow forecast for 14 months from the commencement of the 2020 financial year. The directors are confident that, subject to being able to raise further capital, the Group will be able to continue its operations as a going concern. The directors also carefully manage discretionary expenditure in line with the Group's cash flow.

Subsequent to year-end and as disclosed to the ASX on 27 August 2019, the Company received commitments from existing and new wholesale and sophisticated investors to place approximately 6.4 million new ordinary shares to raise \$2.5 million. In addition, the company is also expecting receipt of approximately AU\$1.5 million in respect of the 2018 R and D claim lodged in France (not provided for in the attached financial statements and as disclosed in note 3(s) and note 6) which will further increase the company's funding.

Based on the matters described above, the Directors consider the going concern basis of preparation to be appropriate.

#### **Historical cost convention**

These financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and under the historical cost convention.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The preparation of the financial reports requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report are:

#### (a) Principles of Consolidation

### <u>Subsidiaries</u>

The consolidated financial statements comprise the assets and liabilities of Weebit Nano Ltd and its subsidiaries at 30 June 2019 and the results of the subsidiaries for the year ended. A subsidiary is any entity controlled by Weebit Nano Ltd.

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Company, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

All inter-company balances and transactions, including unrealised profits arising from intra-entity transactions, have been eliminated in full. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless costs cannot be recovered. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the individual financial statements of Weebit Nano Ltd. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is obtained by the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. Where there is a loss of control of a subsidiary, the consolidated financial statements include the results for the part of the reporting period which Weebit Nano Ltd has control.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. The acquisition method of accounting involves recognising at acquisition date, separately from goodwill, the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. The identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are measured at their acquisition date fair values (see note 3(g)).

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### (b) Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available. This includes startup operations which are yet to earn revenues. Management will also consider other factors in determining operating segments such as the existence of a line manager and the level of segment information presented to the board of directors.

Operating segments have been identified based on the information provided to the chief operating decision maker – being the board of directors.

The group aggregates two or more operating segments when they have similar economic characteristics, and the segments are similar in nature.

Operating segments that meet the quantitative criteria as prescribed by AASB 8 are reported separately. However, an operating segment that does not meet the quantitative criteria is still reported separately where information about the segment would be useful to users of the financial statements.

Information about other business activities and operating segments that are below the quantitative criteria are combined and disclosed in a separate category for "all other segments".

#### (c) Income Tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the year is the tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### (c) Income Tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

#### (d) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax ("GST"), except where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authorities, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense item as applicable and receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows are included the Cash Flow Statement on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority, are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

### (e) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to another party with no intention of selling the receivables. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance date which are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

#### (f) Property, Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the items. Repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate asset costs over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Computer equipment 3 yearsSoftware 3 yearsPlant & equipment 5 years

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### (f) Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Each asset's residual value and useful life is reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

#### (g) Business Combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given, securities issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition.

Where equity instruments are issued in an acquisition, the fair value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of equity instruments, that the Group incurs in connection with a Business Combination are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

#### (h) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Where an indicator of impairment exists, the Group makes a formal estimate of the recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount the asset or cash generating unit is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets or groups of assets that generate cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit" or "CGU"). Subject to an operating segment ceiling test, for the purposes of goodwill impairment testing, CGUs to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment is tested reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of combination.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### (i) Share-Based Payments

The Group has provided payment to service providers and related parties in the form of share-based compensation whereby services are rendered in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions'). The cost of these equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using an appropriate option valuation model for services provided by employees or where the fair value of the goods and services received cannot be reliably estimated.

For goods and services received where the fair value can be determined reliably, the goods and services and the corresponding increase in equity are measured at that fair value. The fair value of the options granted is adjusted to reflect market vesting conditions but excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable.

At each balance date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to become exercisable subject to non-market vesting conditions.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant parties become fully entitled to the award ('vesting date').

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects the number of awards that, in the opinion of the Directors of the Group, will ultimately vest. This opinion is formed based on the best available information at balance date. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any increase in the value of the transaction as a result of the modification, as measured at the date of modification.

#### (j) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### (k) Finance income and expense

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, gains on disposal of financial assets and changes in fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss. Finance expenses comprise changes in the fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss and impairment losses on financial assets.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest rate method.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### (I) Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

#### (m) Earnings per Share

#### i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

#### ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### (n) Trade and other Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### (o) Foreign Currency Translation

#### i) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel) (Weebit Israel) is US dollars. The functional currency of Weebit Nano Ltd is Australian Dollars. The functional currency of Weebit France (SARL) is Euro Dollars. The presentation currency of the Group is Australian Dollars.

#### ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency by applying the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance date.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### (p) Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

#### Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period are Share-based payment transactions.

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with management and other parties by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by the Board of Directors using either the Binomial or the Black-Scholes valuation methods, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the equity instruments were granted. The assumptions in relation to the valuation of the equity instruments are detailed in Note 13. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period but may impact expenses and equity.

#### (q) Comparative Information

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

#### (r) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised and measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

#### Interest revenue

Revenue is recognised as interest is earned.

#### (s) Research and Development grants

Research and Development grants are recognised as and when the receipts are virtually certain. Weebit Nano SARL (France) recognised grants of \$388,191 during the year ended 30 June 2018 which partly offsets the R&D expenses in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. No grants were recognised in the year ended 30 June 2019 as such grants had not yet been received and is not included in trade and other receivables.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### (t) Intangible Assets

An intangible asset is recognised, whether purchased or self-created (at cost) if, and only if:

- it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity; and
- the cost of the asset can be measured reliably

Initial recognition: research and development costs:

- All research costs are expensed as incurred:
- Development costs are capitalised only after technical and commercial feasibility of the asset for sale or use have been established. This means that the Company must intend and be able to complete the intangible asset and either use it or sell it and be able to demonstrate how the asset will generate future economic benefits.

#### (u) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

The following new accounting standards came into effect on 1 July 2018:

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers replaces AASB 118 Revenue and AASB 111 Construction Contracts and related interpretations and it applies to all revenue arising from contracts with customers, unless those contracts are in the scope of other standards. AASB 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognised, including in respect of multiple element arrangements. The core principle of AASB 15 is that it requires identification of discrete performance obligations within a transaction and associated transaction price allocation to these obligations, Revenue is recognised upon satisfaction of these performance obligations, which occur when control of goods or services is transferred, rather than on transfer of risks or rewards. Revenue received for a contract that includes a variable amount is subject to revised conditions for recognition, whereby it must be highly probable that no significant reversal of the variable component may occur when the uncertainties around its measurement are removed.

The Group does not have any revenue from contracts with customers for the current period and in prior periods. There is no material impact to profit or loss or net assets on the adoption of this new standard in the financial year ended 30 June 2019 or comparative years.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### (u) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards (continued)

#### AASB 9 Financial Instruments

AASB 9 replaces AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and makes changes to a number of areas including classification of financial instruments, measurement, impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting model. Financial instruments are classified as either held at amortised cost or fair value. Financial instruments are carried at amortised cost if the business model concept can be satisfied.

All equity instruments are carried at fair value and the cost exemption under AASB 139 which was used where it was not possible to reliably measure the fair value of an unlisted entity has been removed. The Group did not early adopt any of the new and revised accounting standards. The impact of the new and revised accounting standards is disclosed below.

Equity instruments which are non-derivative and not held for trading may be designated as fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Previously classified available-for-sale investments, now carried at fair value are exempt from impairment testing and gains or loss on sale are no longer recognised in profit or loss.

The AASB 9 impairment model is based on expected loss at day 1, rather than needing evidence of an incurred loss, this is likely to cause earlier recognition of bad debt expenses.

The Group has applied AASB 9 retrospectively with the effect of initially applying this standard recognised at the date of initial application, being 1 July 2018 and has elected not to restate comparative information Accordingly, the information presented for 30 June 2018 has not been restated. The Group's financial instruments consist of cash, trade payables & other debtors. There is no impact to profit or loss or net assets on the adoption of this new standard in the financial year ended 30 June 2019 or comparative years.

#### (v) New accounting standards issued but not yet effective

## AASB 16 Leases (Effective annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2019)

AASB 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. A lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments.

A lessee measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets (such as property, plant and equipment) and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities. As a consequence, a lessee recognises depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows applying AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows. Under AASB 16, right of use assets will be tested for impairment in accordance with AASB 136 Impairment of Assets. This will replace the previous requirement to recognise a provision for onerous lease contracts.

AASB 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in AASB 117 Leases. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases.

#### **Transition to AASB16**

The Group will recognise new assets and liabilities for its long term operating leases. The nature of expenses related to those leases will now change because the Group will recognise a depreciation charge for right-of-use assets and interest expense on lease liabilities. Previously, the Group recognised operating lease expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, and recognised assets and liabilities only to the extent that there was a timing difference between actual lease payments and the expense recognised.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### (v) New accounting standards issued but not yet effective (continued)

The Group will elect to use the exemptions proposed by the standard on lease contracts for which the lease terms ends within 12 months as of the date of initial application, and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value.

The Group intends to initially apply the new standard using the modified retrospective approach, which requires no restatement of comparative information. As is permitted by the standard, the Group intends to recognise the opening balance of right of use assets to be equal to the opening lease liability, adjusted for any prepayment or accrued lease payments recognised in the financial position prior to adoption.

As at 30 June 2019 the Group had non-cancellable operating lease commitments of approximately \$188,364 (see Note 18). A preliminary assessment indicates that all of these arrangements relate to leases other than short term leases and leases of low value assets, and hence the Group will recognise a right of use asset of \$169,348 and a corresponding lease liability of \$169,348 in respect of all these leases. The impact on profit or loss is to increase depreciation by approximately \$84,760 and to increase interest expense by approximately \$13,831.

#### **NOTE 4: LOSS PER SHARE**

	Consolidated 2019 \$	Consolidated 2018* \$
Basic and diluted loss per share -cents	(0.108)	(0.080)*
Loss used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share	(6,693,803)	(4,301,869)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculation of basic loss per share	61,869,341	54,027,660
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculation of diluted loss per share	61,869,341	54,027,660

Options outstanding during the year have not been taken into account in the calculation of the weighted average number of ordinary shares as they are considered anti-dilutive.

<sup>\*</sup> The comparative has been adjusted to reflect the 25:1 share consolidation effected during the year ended 30 June 2019 (see Note 9).

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 5: INCOME TAX

Numerical reconciliation between aggregate tax expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other comprehensive Income and tax expense calculated per the statutory income tax rate  A reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit before income tax multiplied by the Group's applicable income tax rate is as follows:	Consolidated 2019 \$	Consolidated 2018 \$
Accounting loss before income tax	(6,693,803)	(4,301,869)
Income tax (benefit) using the domestic corporation tax rate of		
30.0% (2018: 30%)	(2,008,141)	(1,290,561)
Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdictions	286,715	143,278
Opening balance of Weebit Israel Tax Losses	(34,114)	2,370,865
Change in tax rate	-	7,582
Non-deductible expenses	(63,394)	137,358
Non-assessable income	-	-
Share based payments	334,150	441,837
Capital raising costs deductible	(209,117)	(177,937)
Unrecognised temporary differences	(16,124)	(43,208)
Unrecognised tax losses	1,710,024	(1,589,214)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	-	-

Weebit Nano Ltd has unrecognised tax losses arising in Australia & Israel which are available indefinitely to offset against future profits of the Group on the condition that the tests for deductibility against future profits are met.

## (a) Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

In AUD	2019	2018
Deductible temporary differences	758,175	690,999
Tax losses	5,876,767	4,239,546
	6,634,942	4,930,545

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 6: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

	Consolidated 2019 \$	Consolidated 2018 \$
<u>Current</u>		
Grant receivable from French authorities	-	389,816
GST Recoverable	122,477	88,895
Other receivables	98,544	78,680
Total	221,021	557,391

The above amounts do not bear interest and their carrying amounts are equivalent to their fair value. Weebit Nano SARL (France) participates in a French government R&D incentive plan. According to this plan, Weebit Nano SARL (France) may claim each calendar year a partial refund on its R&D expenses. During 2018, Weebit Nano SARL (France) filed its request for a refund on 2017 R&D costs. The refund was received in July 2018. During 2019, Weebit Nano SARL (France) filed its request for a refund on 2018 R&D costs. The refund has not yet been received and is not included in the above trade and other receivables. Other receivables include mainly prepaid expenses.

#### **NOTE 7: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

	Consolidated 2019 \$	Consolidated 2018 \$
Trade payables (a)	92,291	129,699
Accruals & accrued employee entitlements	266,131	366,312
Other payables (b)	10,744	15,591
	369,166	511,602

- (a) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms.
- (b) Other payables are non-trade payables, are non-interest bearing and have an average term of 3 months.

#### **NOTE 8: GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE**

	Consolidated	Consolidated
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Administration, insurance and compliance costs	294,913	243,526
Consultants and contractors	1,070,745	721,923
Depreciation	11,814	11,156
Employee benefits expenses	1,399,511	1,984,653
Other expenses	337,470	255,313
	3,114,453	3,216,571

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 9: ISSUED CAPITAL & RESERVES**

## **CONSOLIDATED AND PARENT ENTITY**

In February 2019 the General Meeting of the company approved a share consolidation so that every 25 ordinary shares were consolidated into one share.

	June 2019 No	June 2019 \$	June 2018 No	June 2018 \$
(a)Issued and Paid up Capital				
Fully paid ordinary shares	63,648,648	31,552,035	1,442,815,483	27,269,973
(b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue				
Balance at the start of the year	1,442,815,483	27,269,973	1,175,576,215	23,795,057
Shares issued in the year:	100 740 440	4.040.550	100 000 000	2 5 2 2 2 2 2
Capital Raising Options and performance rights	139,748,449	4,819,550	166,666,668	2,500,000
converted to shares	8,652,274	-	100,572,600	3,017,336
Capital Raising Costs*	-	(537,488)	-	(2,042,420)
Share consolidation	(1,527,567,558)	-	-	-
Balance at end of year	63,648,648	31,552,035	1,442,815,483	27,269,973

<sup>\* \$148,750</sup> of the capital raising costs (2018: \$1,695,000) were settled via the issue of options to the broker. Refer to Note 13 Share Based Payments. The balance of \$388,738 (2018: \$347,420) was paid in cash.

#### **NOTE 10: OPERATING CASH FLOW INFORMATION**

	Consolidated 2019 \$	Consolidated 2018 \$
Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with loss after income tax:		
Loss for the year Adjusted for – Non-cash items:	(6,693,803)	(4,301,869)
Depreciation	11,814	9,009
Share-based payments (Note 13)	1,114,237	1,472,789
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Increase/(Decrease) in trade creditors and accruals	(142,436)	41,811
Decrease/(Increase) in other debtors	336,370	(478,217)
Movement in FCTR	(371,626)	(197,805)
Cash flows used in operations	(5,745,444)	(3,454,282)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 11: INTEREST IN CONTROLLED ENTITIES**

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Weebit Nano Ltd and the subsidiaries listed in the following table.

Name	Country of Incorporation	% Equity Interest 2019	\$ Investment 2019	% Equity Interest 2018	\$ Investment 2018
Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel)	Israel	100%	100%	100%	100%
Weebit Nano SARL (France)*	France	100%	100%	100%	100%

<sup>\*</sup> held by Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel).

#### **NOTE 12: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

#### a) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The parent entity and ultimate controlling party is Weebit Nano Ltd.

- b) Related party compensation and Equity Interests of Key Management Personnel
  Information on remuneration of Directors and Key Management Personnel including details of shares and option holdings is contained in the Remuneration Report within the Directors' Report.
- c) Loans to and from related parties

#### **Terms and Conditions of loans**

On 8 August 2016, Weebit Nano Ltd signed a loan agreement with its 100% subsidiary Weebit Nano Israel, for up to AUD \$4,000,000. Weebit Nano Ltd granted Weebit Nano Israel additional funds on the same terms during the financial year. Repayment terms were not defined. The loan bears no interest. As at 30 June 2019 the loan balance was \$6,392,196 (2018: \$3,982,660).

#### d) Other related party transactions

In November 2017, Weebit Nano (Israel) signed an agreement with Weebit Nano (France), whereby Weebit Nano France performs R&D Services for Weebit Nano (Israel). In consideration for the services rendered, Weebit Nano (Israel) pays Cost + 5% of the R&D cost incurred by Weebit Nano (France).

Related party transactions that occurred during the year were in the form of short term employee and advisory benefits, payments to directors and officers and share based payments. Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS**

#### **Share-based payment transactions**

Consistent with the disclosure in Note 9, at a General Meeting in February 2019 the Company approved a share consolidation so that every 25 shares were consolidated into one share. Consequently, every 25 options and every 25 performance rights were also consolidated into one option and one performance right respectively. The exercise prices of existing options were adjusted accordingly. The details of options and performance rights granted prior to February 2019 have been adjusted to reflect the effect of the 25:1 consolidation.

The Company completed the following share-based payment transactions during the year:

The company completed the following shale based	Options 2019	Performance Rights 2019	Shares 2019	Options/ Performance Rights 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Expense of options granted in previous periods (i.e. expensed over the vesting period)	345,264	243,430	-	-
800,000 options granted to Chairman	144,126	-	-	-
400,000 options granted to CEO	99,037	-	-	-
480,000 performance rights granted to CEO	-	147,896	-	-
360,000 options granted to a consultant*	148,750	-	-	-
57,139 shares issued to a consultant	-	-	50,000	
Shares issued to a director, previously included in options reserve	(245,000)	-	245,000	-
Shares issued to a past director	-	-	74,550	-
248,000 options granted to employees	9,934			-
1,120,000 options granted to CEO	-	-	-	548,813
5,000,000 options granted to a consultant of the company*	-	-	-	762,500
1,000,000 options granted to a consultant of the company*	-	-	-	932,500
610,000 Options issued to employees & directors on 30 January 2018	-	-	-	149,754
552,000 Performance Rights issued to employees & directors on 30 January 2018	-	-	-	205,815
280,000 shares issued to a director on 30 January 2018	-	-	-	504,000
160,000 options issued to directors and employees on 26 February 2018	-	-	-	24,772
128,000 performance rights issued to employees and directors	-	-	-	39,635
Total	502,111	391,326	369,550	3,167,789

<sup>\* 360,000</sup> options (2018: 6,000,000 options) were issued to consultants for services in relation to a capital raising. As such, a share-based payment expense was booked to capital raising of \$148,750 (2018: \$1,695,000).

The balance of \$1,114,237 (2018: \$1,472,789) has been recognised in the profit and loss. Total share based payments for the year ended 30 June 2019 were \$1,262,987 (2018: \$3,167,789).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)**

The options and performance rights detailed above and those granted in a previous period, vesting during the year, were issued on the following terms and conditions (the details of options and performance rights granted prior to February 2019 have been adjusted to reflect the effect of the 25:1 consolidation):

<b>P</b>	,	No. of options/			.,.	
		performance	Exercise		Contractual	
Date of Grant	Grantee	rights	price \$	Vesting Schedule	Term	Fair Value A\$
30.11.2017	CEO	1,120,000	0.43875	4 years: 25% after 1 year, and	10 years	1.2625 (1)
				12 equal quarterly portions		
				thereafter		
30.01.2018	Employees	290,000	1.7125	4 years: 25% after 1 year, and	10 years	1.0975-1.1475 (2)
				12 equal quarterly portions		
				thereafter		
30.01.2018	Employees	296,000	N/A	4 years: 25% after 1 year, and	10 years	1.8000 (2)
				12 equal quarterly portions		
22.24.2242	<b>5</b>	202.000		thereafter		0.7000 (0)
30.01.2018	Director	280,000	-	Vesting immediately	-	0.7000 (3)
30.01.2018	Director	160,000	1.4450	4 years: 25% after 1 year, and	10 years	0.3625 (4)
				12 equal quarterly portions		
15 02 2019	Director	160,000	1 5650	thereafter 4 years: 25% after 1 year, and	10 4000	0.3500 (5)
15.02.2018	Director	100,000	1.5650	12 equal quarterly portions	10 years	0.5500 (5)
				thereafter		
15.02.2018	Director	128,000	_	4 years: 25% after 1 year, and	10 years	0.7000 (6)
13.02.2010	Director	120,000		12 equal quarterly portions	10 years	0.7000 (0)
				thereafter		
15.02.2018	Director	128,000	_	4 years: 25% after 1 year, and	10 years	0.7000 (6)
				12 equal quarterly portions		
				thereafter		
26.02.2018	Director	160,000	1.2725	4 years: 25% after 1 year, and	10 years	0.3800 (7)
				12 equal quarterly portions		
				thereafter		
26.02.2018	Director	128,000	-	4 years: 25% after 1 year, and	10 years	0.7000 (7)
				12 equal quarterly portions		
				thereafter		
28.11.2018	Director	800,000	0.8475	25% vest on 16/10/2019 and	16.10.2028	0.5350 (8)
				6.25% on quarterly basis		
				thereafter		
28.11.2018	CEO	400,000	0.43875	25% vested on grant date and	01.10.2027	0.5625 (9)
				6.25% on quarterly basis		
				thereafter		
28.11.2018	CEO	480,000	-	25% vested on grant date and	01.10.2027	0.7000 (10)
				6.25% on quarterly basis		
				thereafter		
12.10.2018	Consultant	180,000	1.3125	Fully vested	11.10.2022	0.4275 (11)
12.10.2018	Consultant	180,000	1.53125	Fully vested	11.10.2022	0.4000 (11)
14.04.2019	Employees	248,000	0.4286	25% vested after 1 year and	14.04.2029	0.3306 (12)
				6.25% on quarterly basis		
				thereafter		

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### **NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)**

(1) The 1,120,000 Options granted to the CEO on 30 November 2017 were valued at \$1.2625 per option using the Black & Scholes option model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$1.525 per share
Option exercise price \$0.43875 per share
Effective date November 30, 2017
Option expiry date November 30, 2027

Share price volatility 65.17% - 67.51% (calculated separately for each portion) 2.49% - 2.66% (calculated separately for each portion)

(2) The 290,000 Options granted to employees on 30 January 2018 were valued at \$1.0975-\$1.1475 per option using the Black & Scholes option model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$1.80 per share
Option exercise price \$1.7125 per share
Effective date 30 January 2018
Option expiry date 29 January 2028

Share price volatility 65.54%-69.60% (calculated separately for each portion)
Risk free interest rate 2.47% - 2.75% (calculated separately for each portion)

The 7,400,000 performance rights granted to directors and employees on January 30, 2018 were valued at \$1.8000 per right based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$1.8000 per share Effective date 30 January 2018 Expiry date 29 January 2028

- (3) The 280,000 shares issued to a director on 30 January 2018 were initially valued at \$1.80 per share being the share price on grant date. The shares were subject to shareholder approval at the 2018 Annual General Meeting and were subsequently re-estimated at \$0.70.
- (4) The 160,000 options were granted to an advisor (who is also a director). The options granted on 30 January 2018 were valued at \$1.2225 per option. The options issued were initially valued using the Black & Scholes option model. The options were subject to shareholder approval at the 2018 Annual General Meeting and were subsequently re-estimated at \$0.3625 based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$0.70 per share
Option exercise price \$1.445 per share
Effective date 30 January 2018
Option expiry date 29 January 2028
Share price volatility 65.54%-69.60%
Risk free interest rate 2.47% - 2.75%

(5) The 160,000 options were granted to a director. The options granted on 15 February 2018 were valued at \$0.93 per option. The options issued were valued using the Black & Scholes option model. The options were subject to shareholder approval at the 2018 Annual General Meeting and were subsequently re-estimated at \$0.3500 based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price S0.70 per share Option exercise price \$1.565 per share Effective date 15 February 2018 Option expiry date Share price volatility 65.54%-69.60% Risk free interest rate \$2.47% - 2.75%

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)**

(6) The 256,000 performance rights granted to a director/advisor (Tranche 1: 128,000 rights as director on 15 February 2018 and Tranche 2: 128,000 rights as advisor on 30 January 2018) were initially valued at \$1.80. The options were subject to shareholder approval at the 2018 Annual General Meeting and were subsequently re-estimated at \$0.70 per right based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$0.70 per share for Tranche 1
Underlying Share price \$0.70 per share for Tranche 2
Expiry date \$29 January 2028 (Tranche 1)
Expiry date 14 February 2028 (Tranche 2)

(7) The 160,000 options granted to a director on 26 February 2018 were initially valued at \$0.875 using the Black & Scholes option model. The options were subject to shareholder approval at the 2018 Annual General Meeting and were subsequently re-estimated at \$0.3800 per right based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$0.70 per share
Option exercise price \$1.2725 per share
Effective date 26 February 2018
Option expiry date 25 February 2028

Share price volatility 65.54%-69.60% (calculates separately for each portion) Risk free interest rate 2.47% - 2.75% (calculates separately for each portion)

128,000 performance rights granted to a director on 26 February 2018 were initially valued at \$1.40. The performance rights were subject to shareholder approval at the 2018 Annual General Meeting and were subsequently re-estimated based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$0.70 per share Effective date 15 February 2018 Option expiry date 14 February 2028

(8) The 800,000 options granted to a director on 28 November 2018 were valued at \$0.535 per option using the Black & Scholes options model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$0.70
Option exercise price \$0.8475

Grant date November 28, 2018
Share price volatility 71.34%-74.25%
Risk free interest rate 2.58%-2.62%

(9) The 400,000 options granted to the CEO were valued at \$0.5625 per option using the Black & Scholes options model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$0.70 Option exercise price \$0.43875

Grant date November 28, 2018
Risk free interest rate 2.58%-2.62%
Share price volatility 71.34%-74.25%

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### **NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)**

(10) The 480,000 performance rights granted to the CEO were valued on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$0.70

(11) The 360,000 options issued to the broker in relation to the share placement in two tranches were valued using the Black & Scholes options model based on the following inputs:

First Tranche 180,000 Underlying share price \$0.825 Option exercise price \$1,3125

Grant date 12 October 2018 Option expiry date 12 October 2022

Share price volatility 83% Risk free interest rate 2.36%

Second Tranche 180,000 Underlying share price \$0.825 Option exercise price \$1.53125

Grant date 12 October 2018 Option expiry date 12 October 2022

Share price volatility 83% Risk free interest rate 2.36%

The cost of options issued to the broker was recorded against capital raising costs as a cost of equity.

(12) 248,000 options were granted to employees, valued at \$0.33060 per option using the Black & Scholes options model based on the following inputs:

Underlying share price \$0.475
Option exercise price \$04286
Grant date 14 April 2019
Option expiry date 23 January 2029
Risk free interest rate Share price volatility 74.18%-79.23%

A summary of the movements of all Company options issued as share-based payments is as follows:

	2019	Weighted Average Price \$	2018	Weighted Average Price \$
Outstanding at the	151,677,400	0.04	63,000,000	0.06
beginning of the year				
Granted	39,248,000	0.04	197,250,000	0.03
Exercised	-	-	(100,572,600)	0.03
Expired	(5,000,000)	0.03	(8,000,000)	0.05
25:1 consolidation	(178,250,304)	-	-	
Outstanding at year-end	7,675,096	1.01	151,677,400	0.04

The outstanding options have a weighted average contractual life of 4.22 years (2018: 4.71 years)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 13: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)**

A summary of the movements of all Company performance rights issued as share-based payments is as follows

	2019	2018
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	41,304,545	17,304,545
Granted	12,000,000	24,000,000
Exercised/vested	(15,652,274)	-
25:1 consolidation	(36,146,180)	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,506,091	41,304.545

#### **NOTE 14: AUDITORS' REMUNERATION**

	Consolidated 2019 \$	Consolidated 2018 \$
Amounts received or due and receivable by Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd:		
An audit or review of the financial report of the parent and any other entity in the Group	40,800	43,070
Other services in relation to the parent and any other entity in the Group	5,600	7,400
Amounts received or due and receivable by BDO Israel		
*Audit and review of the subsidiaries Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel) and Weebit Nano SARL (France)	62,884	65,345
	109,284	115,815

<sup>\*</sup>The fee for BDO Israel includes the audit of statutory financial statements for Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel) and audit of tax return for Weebit Nano Ltd (Israel).

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### **NOTE 15: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

Risk management is carried out by the CEO.

Foreign Currency Risk

As a result of significant operations in the Israel and France, the Group's statement of financial position can be affected significantly by movements in the NIS/USD, EURO/AUD USD/AUD exchange rates. As at the end of the reporting period the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk was considered immaterial by the Company and therefore no sensitivity analysis has been disclosed.

The Group also has transactional currency exposures. Such exposure arises from sales or purchases by an operating entity in currencies other than the functional currency.

#### Price risk

The Company is not directly exposed to any price risk.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's cash balances are subject to changes in interest rates.

#### a) Credit Risk

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk except cash at bank with various banks

#### b) Liquidity Risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate working capital is maintained for the coming months. Upcoming capital needs and the timing of raisings are assessed by the Board at each Meeting of Directors.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 15: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**

The following are the contractual maturities of the financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the impact of netting arrangements:

Nature of financial	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	< 3 months	3-6 months	> 6 months
liabilities	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables					
At 30 June 2019	369,166	369,166	-	-	-
At 30 June 2018	511,602	511,602	-	-	-

#### c) Cash flow and Interest Rate Risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result in changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets and financial liabilities, only cash is affected by interest rate risk as cash is the Group's only financial asset exposed to fluctuating interest rates.

In accordance with AASB 9 the following sensitivity analysis has been performed for the Group's Interest Rate risk:

		Effect On:	Effect On:	Effect On:	Effect On:
		Profit Equit	Equity	ty Profit	Equity
Consolidated Risk		2019	2019	2018	2018
Variable	Sensitivity	\$	\$	\$	\$
Interest Rate	1%	16,709	16,709	33,500	33,500
	-1%	(16,709)	(16,709)	(33,500)	(33,500)

<sup>\*</sup> It is considered that 100 basis points a 'reasonably possible' estimate of the sensitivity in the interest rate.

The fair values of all financial assets and liabilities of the Group approximate their carrying values.

#### Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Group's capital includes ordinary share capital and share options, supported by financial assets.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year ended 30 June 2019. Neither the Company nor the Group are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### **NOTE 16: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On 1 July 2019 Atiq Raza was appointed to the Board of directors as a non-executive director. Independently, Yossi Keret will retire from the board of directors at the next annual general meeting.

On 14 August 2019 the Board of directors approved the grant of 160,000 options and 128,000 performance rights for Mr. Atiq Raza. This grant is pending approval at the next annual general meeting.

On 14 August 2019 the Board of directors approved the grant of options to directors and employees. The options granted to directors are pending approval at the next annual general meeting.

On 12 August 2019 the company signed a letter of intent with XTX technology (a Chinese provider of high quality memory solutions for consumer electronics, industrial embedded system, telecom and networking markets), to cooperate in investigating ways in which XTX can use Weebit's technology in its products.

On 27 August 2019, the Company announced to the ASX that it had received commitments from existing and new wholesale and sophisticated investors of \$2.5 million.

#### **NOTE 17: COMMITMENTS**

As at 30 June 2019, the Group had the following commitments:

	Within 1 year	Greater than 1 year
Contracted future payments to Leti*	\$750,584	\$-
Contracted future payments for rent	\$60,480	\$60,480
Contracted future payments for leased cars	\$49,804	\$70,160

<sup>\*</sup> In July 2019 the agreement with Leti was amended and an additional \$243,696 will be paid within 1 year.

#### **NOTE 18: SEGMENT REPORTING**

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity), whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available. This includes start-up operations which are yet to earn revenues. Management will also consider other factors in determining operating segments such as the existence of a line manager and the level of segment information presented to the board of directors.

During the year the Company has only operated in one segment and that was the development of the next generation of Non-Volatile Memory made of Silicon Oxide (SiOx).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 19: PARENT COMPANY DISCLOSURES**

	2019 \$	<b>2018</b> \$
Results of the parent entity		
Loss for the year	(7,065,428)	(4,499,719)
Financial position of the parent entity at year end		
Current assets	940,757	2,611,725
Non-Current Assets	10,209,312	5,482,960
Provision for non-recovery of loans	(9,459,206)	(4,443,156)
Total assets	1,690,863	3,651,529
Current liabilities	86,428	157,165
Total liabilities	86,428	157,165
Total equity of the parent entity comprising:		
Share capital	28,960,576	24,678,514
Reserves	6,176,083	5,282,646
Accumulated losses	(33,532,224)	(26,466,796)
Total equity	1,604,435	3,494,364

## **Parent Entity Contingencies**

The Directors are not aware of any contingent liabilities that may arise from the Company's operations as at 30 June 2019 apart from as disclosed elsewhere in this report.

In the Directors' opinion:

- a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 25 to 54 and the Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
  - i. giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its performance, as represented by the results of its operations, changes in equity and its cash flows, for the year ended on that date; and
  - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards, Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements.
- b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- c) the financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ended 30 June 2019.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

On behalf of the Board

**David Perlmutter** 

Chairman

27 August 2019

Melbourne



## **Independent Audit Report to the Members of Weebit Nano Limited**

## Report on the financial report

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of Weebit Nano Limited ("the Company"), including its subsidiaries ("the Group") which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations* Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Future Funding	Our audit procedures included, amongst others:
(Refer to Note 2)	Checking the mathematical accuracy of the
The Group's primary activity is research and development which is funded through equity raisings as the Group does not yet have revenue generating activities.  As disclosed in Note 2, the Group reported an operating loss after tax for the year ended 30 June 2019 of \$6,693,803, of which \$1,114,833 represented a share based payment expense. The Group reported net cash outflows from operating activities of \$5,745,444.  The adequacy of funding and liquidity, as well as the relevant impact on the going concern assessment, is a key audit matter due to the significance of management's judgments and estimates in respect of this assessment.	<ul> <li>cash flow forecast prepared by management;</li> <li>Evaluating the reliability and completeness of management's assumptions by</li> </ul>
	comparing them to our understanding of the Group's future plans and operating conditions;
	<ul> <li>Obtaining an understanding of management's forecast and evaluating the sensitivity of assumptions made by management;</li> </ul>
	Checking the available placement capacity of the Company;
	<ul> <li>Checking the progress on the receipt of the company's R and D claim;</li> </ul>
	Obtaining board meeting minutes and ASX announcements subsequent to year end to assess the impact of any additional facts or information on management's assumptions; and
	<ul> <li>Verifying the commitments received in respect of the placement announced on 27 August 2019.</li> </ul>

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Weebit Nano Limited annual report for the year ended 30 June 2019, but does not include the consolidated financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that include sour opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at The Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar1.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## **Report on the Remuneration Report**

## **Opinion on the Remuneration Report**

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 11 to 16 of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2019. In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Weebit Nano Limited for the year ended 30 June 2019 complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

## Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

**Nexia Perth Audit Services Pty Ltd** 

M. Janse Van Nieuwenhuizen

*Director*Perth

27 August 2019

#### **ASX Additional Information**

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules not disclosed elsewhere in this Annual Report is set out below. This information is dated as at 16 August 2019.

#### **CAPITAL**

a) Ordinary Share Capital

63,649,257 ordinary fully paid shares. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share.

b) Unlisted Options over Unissued Shares

7,427,096 unlisted options.

1,977,096	\$0.75000	30-Jun-20
1,120,000	\$0.43875	2-Oct-21
180,000	\$1.31250	12-Oct-22
180,000	\$1.53125	12-Oct-22
160,000	\$1.56500	15-Feb-28
160,000	\$1.44500	1-Jan-28
160,000	\$1.27250	5-Mar-28
800,000	\$0.84750	16-Oct-28
290,000	\$1.71750	29-Jan-28
400,000	\$0.43875	1-Oct-27

## c) Performance Rights

1,160,000 Performance Rights with an exercise price of \$NIL.

1-Oct-27
1-Jan-28
5-Mar-28
15-Feb-28
29-Jan-28
30-Jul-21
1-Oct-27
1-Jan-28
15-Feb-28
5-Mar-28
29-Jan-28

#### d) Performance Shares

346,091 Performance Shares escrowed until 30 July 2018 (following which the holder may elect to convert each Performance Share into one ordinary share) and expiring on 30 July 2021.

The voting rights attached to each class of equity security are as follows:

- Ordinary shares: Each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each member present at a meeting or by proxy has one vote on a show of hands.
- Unlisted Options, Performance Rights and Performance Shares: Options and performance rights do
  not entitle the holders to vote in respect of that equity instrument, nor participate in dividends, when
  declared, until such time as the options are exercised or performance rights convert and
  subsequently registered as ordinary shares.

## **TOP 20 SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 16 AUGUST 2019**

Rank	Holder Name	Designation	No. of Shares Held	% Held
1	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED		3,589,897	5.64
2	IBI TRUST MANAGEMENT	<james a="" c="" tour=""></james>	1,509,462	2.37
3	SILVER HORIZON PTY LTD		1,429,150	2.25
4	IBI TRUST MANAGEMENT	<david a="" c="" perlmutter=""></david>	1,153,500	1.81
5	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD	<ib au="" drp="" noms="" retailclient=""></ib>	1,132,404	1.78
6	DROXFORD INTERNATIONAL LIMITED		1,044,000	1.64
7	IBI TRUST MANAGEMENT	<yossi a="" c="" keret=""></yossi>	753,500	1.18
8	IBI TRUST MANAGEMENT	<limor a="" c="" kindler="" levy=""></limor>	688,355	1.08
9	IBI TRUST MANAGEMENT	<rami a="" c="" hadar=""></rami>	576,874	0.91
10	MRS ANNE LE		531,489	0.84
11	MR ERIC MARK CASPARY		523,731	0.82
12	EVERBLOOM TRADING PTY LTD		456,000	0.72
13	MR ELI STAUB		425,144	0.67
14	SHINEWARM RESOURCES (HK) GROUP LIMITED		400,000	0.63
15	IBI TRUST MANAGEMENT	<hagai a="" arbel="" c=""></hagai>	388,728	0.61
16	MR FABIAN SEIBOLD + DR SILVIA MARIA SEIBOLD	<seibold a="" c="" family=""></seibold>	377,832	0.59
17	BT PORTFOLIO SERVICES LIMITED	<michael burnell="" f<br="" s="">A/C&gt;</michael>	340,222	0.53
18	MR FABIAN SEIBOLD + MRS SILVIA MARIA SEIBOLD	<the a="" c="" family="" seibold=""></the>	333,333	0.52
19	BT PORTFOLIO SERVICES LIMITED	<hbody><horseland saddlery<="" th="">S/F A/C&gt;</horseland></hbody>	330,222	0.52
20	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED		315,458	0.50
Totals:	Top 20 holders of ORDINARY FUL	LY PAID SHARES	16,299,301	25.61
Total R	emaining Holders Balance		47,349,956	74.39

#### **TOP 20 SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 16 AUGUST 2019 (CONTINUED)**

Shares Range	No. of Holders	No. of Shares
1 – 1,000	994	525,753
1,001 – 5,000	1,254	3,364,253
5,001 – 10,000	538	4,084,532
10,001 - 100,000	874	25,417,365
100,001 and over	101	30,257,354
	3,761	63,649,257

Number of shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel at \$0.043 per share 1,058

There is no current on-market buy-back.

#### **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 16 AUGUST 2019**

There are no substantial shareholder of the Company as at 16 August 2019.

	No. of Shares	
	Held	% Held
4	•	

1

#### **RESTRICTED SECURITIES**

The Company had no Ordinary Shares subject to Voluntary Escrow as at the date of this report.

#### PRINCIPAL REGISTERED OFFICE

As disclosed in the Corporate directory on page 1 of this Annual Report.

#### **REGISTERS OF SECURITIES**

As disclosed in the Corporate directory on page 1 of this Annual Report.

#### STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Quotation has been granted for all the ordinary shares of the Company on all Member Exchanges of the Australian Securities Exchange Limited, as disclosed in the Corporate directory on page 1 of this Annual Report.

#### **USE OF FUNDS**

The Company has used its funds in accordance with its initial business objectives.

<sup>\*</sup> Includes pre and post share consolidation share sales between 7 January and 21 February 2019.