



2021



ANNUAL REPORT

**SUSTAINABLE
GROWTH**



DEAR FELLOW SHAREHOLDERS:

2021 was a year of record-setting performance. Our total shareholder return reached 98.5% and we grew our adjusted funds from operations per share by 27.7%. As we take time to reflect on our accomplishments - and what a year 2021 is to reflect on - we remain laser-focused on long-term, sustainable growth. At Life Storage, we are anchored on our core values of teamwork, respect, accountability, integrity and innovation. We believe that doing right by our stakeholders can mean (and should mean) doing good for our world. Our guiding principles not only support our conduct in business and operations, but also support our efforts to consistently deliver long-term value to our employees, customers, communities and shareholders.

Life Storage was founded in 1982 and went public in 1995 with a total of 74 stores. Today, we are proud that we own and/or operate a broadly diversified portfolio of just over 1,100 storage facilities across 36 states with a robust pipeline to fuel future growth. In 2021, we achieved record acquisition volume of \$2.3 billion, adding 144 high-quality stores in key markets such as Sacramento, CA; Tampa, FL; and Atlanta, GA. Of this volume, \$1.7 billion represented wholly owned acquisitions that added 112 properties, growing our portfolio 20% in one year. Additionally, our third-party management business continues to gain significant traction with the growing appeal of our operating performance and technology platforms. On a net basis, we added 13 non-joint venture stores to our management platform and have grown this business 57% per year since 2016.

Our performance in 2021 was buoyed by our strategic emphasis on investing in people, process and technology. Customer self-service rentals began in 2018 with the roll-out of Rent Now, our proprietary fully digital online rental platform. Rent Now proved to be a game changer for us in the early days of the pandemic and contributed significantly to our ability to create a safe environment for our teammates and customers to conduct business. We further augmented this sales channel by incorporating dynamic pricing functionality to allow customers to select a storage unit from one of three pricing-based tiers according to their individual needs and preferences. At the end of 2021, approximately 30% of our same store move-ins were conducted digitally through Rent Now. This platform contributed to record same store occupancy of 93.9% (up 100 basis points year-over-year) and same-store revenue growth of 14.1% in 2021.

We continue to invest in talent and culture as we attract and retain a best-in-class workforce. We are strategically aligning our Diversity, Equality and Inclusion efforts with innovative and competitive compensation, benefit, and recognition programs. In addition, we are advancing our Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”) initiatives. A few highlights include:

- Forbes Magazine recently named Life Storage as one of the best midsize employers for 2022.
- Life Storage joined over 2,000 other CEOs in signing the Action Pledge for Diversity and Inclusion in the workplace.
- We were recently recognized by Sustainalytics, a Morningstar Company, as an ESG Regional Top-Rated Company for our ESG efforts.
- We have established a five-year solar development initiative to reduce our energy consumption (like-for-like stores) by 10% and to realize a 200% increase in our renewable energy generation. We are projecting to increase installed solar arrays roughly 50% during 2022.

Finally, for more than 36 years, we have been keenly focused on protecting our balance sheet and maintaining our liquidity. These fundamentals served us well in 2021 and through the COVID-19 pandemic. The Company's financial position is excellent with a BBB/Baa2 debt rating, modest debt to EBITDA and leverage ratios, healthy fixed charge and dividend coverage, and no significant near-term debt maturities. Our \$500 million line of credit facility is largely untapped, and our free cash flow (after dividends) provides considerable flexibility and funding for potential growth opportunities.

We believe that we have the portfolio, the operating platforms, the financial strength, the leadership, and the personnel to continue growing our Company and our shareholder's value in the years to come.

As always, we thank you for your continued support and confidence in us.

Joe Saffire • CEO | *Andy Gregoire • CFO* | *Dave Dodman • COO*



**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number:
1-13820 (Life Storage, Inc.)
0-24071 (Life Storage LP)

**LIFE STORAGE, INC.
LIFE STORAGE LP**

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland (Life Storage, Inc.)
Delaware (Life Storage LP)
(State of incorporation
or organization)

16-1194043 (Life Storage, Inc.)
16-1481551 (Life Storage LP)
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

6467 Main Street
Williamsville, NY 14221
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(716) 633-1850
(Registrant's telephone number including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Life Storage, Inc.:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$.01 Par Value	LSI	New York Stock Exchange

Life Storage LP:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
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Securities registered pursuant to section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Life Storage, Inc. Yes No
Life Storage LP Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

Life Storage, Inc. Yes No
Life Storage LP Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Life Storage, Inc. Yes No
Life Storage LP Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).

Life Storage, Inc. Yes No
Life Storage LP Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Life Storage, Inc.:			
Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Life Storage LP:			
Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Life Storage, Inc.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Life Storage LP	<input type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

Life Storage, Inc.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Life Storage LP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Life Storage, Inc.	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Life Storage LP	Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

As of June 30, 2021, the aggregate market value of the Common Stock held by non-affiliates of Life Storage, Inc. was approximately \$8,377,796,999 (based on the closing price of the Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on June 30, 2021). As of February 18, 2022, 83,688,924 shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share, were outstanding.

As of June 30, 2021, the aggregate market value of the limited partnership units (the "OP Units") held by non-affiliates of Life Storage LP was \$35,683,033 (based on the closing price of the Common Stock of Life Storage, Inc. on the New York Stock Exchange on June 30, 2021). (For this calculation, the market value of all OP Units beneficially owned by Life Storage, Inc. has been excluded.)

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's Proxy Statement for the 2022 Annual Meeting of Shareholders are incorporated herein by reference in Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K to the extent stated herein. Such proxy statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days of the registrants' fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This report combines the annual reports on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 of Life Storage, Inc. (the “Parent Company”) and Life Storage LP (the “Operating Partnership”). The Parent Company is a real estate investment trust, or REIT, that owns its assets and conducts its operations through the Operating Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership, and subsidiaries of the Operating Partnership. The Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and their consolidated subsidiaries are collectively referred to in this report as the “Company.” In addition, terms such as “we,” “us,” or “our” used in this report may refer to the Company, the Parent Company and/or the Operating Partnership.

Life Storage Holdings, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Parent Company (“Holdings”), is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership; the Parent Company is a limited partner of the Operating Partnership, and through its ownership of Holdings and its limited partnership interest, controls the operations of the Operating Partnership, holding a 98.1% ownership interest therein as of December 31, 2021, assuming the conversion of all preferred operating partnership units at that date. The remaining ownership interests in the Operating Partnership are held by certain former owners of assets acquired by the Operating Partnership. As the owner of the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, the Parent Company has full and complete authority over the Operating Partnership’s day-to-day operations and management.

Management operates the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership as one enterprise. The management teams of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership are identical.

There are few differences between the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, which are reflected in the note disclosures in this report. The Company believes it is important to understand the differences between the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership in the context of how these entities operate as a consolidated enterprise. The Parent Company is a REIT, whose only material asset is its ownership of the partnership interests of the Operating Partnership. As a result, the Parent Company does not conduct business itself, other than acting as the owner of the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership, issuing public equity from time to time and guaranteeing the debt obligations of the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership holds substantially all the assets of the Company and, directly or indirectly, holds the ownership interests in the Company’s real estate ventures. The Operating Partnership conducts the operations of the Company’s business and is structured as a partnership with no publicly traded equity. Except for net proceeds from equity issuances by the Parent Company, which are contributed to the Operating Partnership in exchange for partnership units, the Operating Partnership generates the capital required by the Company’s business through the Operating Partnership’s operations, by the Operating Partnership’s direct or indirect incurrence of indebtedness or through the issuance of partnership units of the Operating Partnership.

The substantive difference between the Parent Company’s filings and the Operating Partnership’s filings is the fact that the Parent Company is a REIT with public equity, while the Operating Partnership is a partnership with no publicly traded equity. In the financial statements, this difference is primarily reflected in the equity (or capital for the Operating Partnership) section of the consolidated balance sheets and in the consolidated statements of shareholders’ equity (or partners’ capital). Apart from the different equity treatment, the consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership are nearly identical.

The Company believes that combining the annual reports on Form 10-K of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership into a single report will:

- facilitate a better understanding by the investors of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership by enabling them to view the business as a whole in the same manner as management views and operates the business;
- remove duplicative disclosures and provide a more straightforward presentation in light of the fact that a substantial portion of the disclosure applies to both the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership; and
- create time and cost efficiencies through the preparation of one combined report instead of two separate reports.

In order to highlight the differences between the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, the separate sections in this report for the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership specifically refer to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership. In the sections that combine disclosures of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership, this report refers to such disclosures as those of the Company. Although the Operating Partnership is generally the entity that directly or indirectly enters into contracts and real estate ventures and holds assets and debt, reference to the Company is appropriate because the business is one enterprise and the Parent Company operates the business through the Operating Partnership.

As the owner of the general partner with control of the Operating Partnership, the Parent Company consolidates the Operating Partnership for financial reporting purposes, and the Parent Company does not have significant assets other than its investment in the Operating Partnership. Therefore, the assets and liabilities of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership are the same on their respective financial statements. The separate discussions of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership in this report should be read in conjunction with each other to understand the results of the Company’s operations on a consolidated basis and how management operates the Company.

All share and per share amounts and unit and per unit amounts for all years presented herein have been adjusted to reflect the impact of the three-for-two distribution of common stock announced by the Company on January 4, 2021 and distributed on January 27, 2021 to shareholders and unitholders of record on January 15, 2021.

This report also includes separate Item 9A - Controls and Procedures sections, signature pages and Exhibit 31 and 32 certifications for each of the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership in order to establish that the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Parent Company and the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Operating Partnership have made the requisite certifications and that the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership are compliant with Rule 13a-15 or Rule 15d-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended and 18 U.S.C. §1350.

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Part I

Forward Looking Statements

When used in this discussion and elsewhere in this document, the words “intends,” “believes,” “expects,” “anticipates,” and similar expressions are intended to identify “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of that term in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and in Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

All forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. We may also make additional forward-looking statements from time to time. All such subsequent forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, by us or on our behalf, are also expressly qualified by these cautionary statements. All forward-looking statements apply only as of the date made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise forward-looking statements which may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

There are a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this report. Any forward-looking statements should be considered in light of the risks referenced in “Part I. Item 1A. Risk Factors” below. Such factors include, but are not limited to:

- adverse changes in general economic conditions, the real estate industry and in the markets in which we operate;
- the effect of competition from new self-storage facilities or other storage alternatives, which would cause rents and occupancy rates to decline;
- impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic or the future outbreak of other highly infectious or contagious diseases on the U.S., regional and global economies and our financial condition and results of operations;
- potential liability for uninsured losses and environmental contamination;
- the impact of the regulatory environment as well as national, state, and local laws and regulations including, without limitation, those governing real estate investment trusts (“REITs”), tenant reinsurance and other aspects of our business, which could adversely affect our results;
- loss of key personnel;
- the Company’s ability to evaluate, finance and integrate acquired self-storage facilities on expected terms into the Company’s existing business and operations;
- the Company’s ability to effectively compete in the industry in which it does business;
- disruptions in credit and financial markets and resulting difficulties in raising capital or obtaining credit at reasonable rates or at all, which could impede our ability to grow.
- the Company’s existing indebtedness may mature in an unfavorable credit environment, preventing refinancing or forcing refinancing of the indebtedness on terms that are not as favorable as the existing terms;
- interest rates may increase, impacting costs associated with the Company’s outstanding floating rate debt, if any, and impacting the Company’s ability to comply with debt covenants;
- exposure to litigation or other claims;
- risks associated with breaches of our data security;
- the regional concentration of the Company’s business may subject the Company to economic downturns in the states of Florida and Texas;
- the Company’s cash flow may be insufficient to meet required payments of operating expenses, principal, interest and dividends; and
- failure to maintain our REIT status for U.S. federal income purposes, including tax law changes that may change the taxability of future income.

The forward-looking statements are based on our beliefs, assumptions and expectations of our future performance, taking into account all information currently available to us. These beliefs, assumptions and expectations are subject to risks and uncertainties and can change as a result of many possible events or factors, not all of which are known to us. If a change occurs, our business, financial condition, liquidity and results of operations may vary materially from those expressed in our forward-looking statements. You should carefully consider these risks before you make an investment decision with respect to our securities.

Item 1. Business

The Company is a self-administered and self-managed real estate company that acquires, owns and manages self-storage properties. We refer to the self-storage properties in which we have an ownership interest, lease, and/or are managed by us as “Properties.” We began operations on June 26, 1995. We were formed to continue the business of our predecessor company, which had engaged in the self-storage business since 1985. At December 31, 2021, we had an ownership interest in and/or managed 1,076 self-storage properties in 35 states. Among our 1,076 self-storage properties are 116 properties that we manage for unconsolidated joint ventures, 251 properties that we manage and have no ownership interest, and five properties that we lease. We believe we are the fourth largest operator of self-storage properties in the United States based on square feet owned and managed. Our Properties in the United States conduct business under the customer-friendly name Life Storage®.

At December 31, 2021, the Parent Company owned a direct or indirect interest in 825 of the Properties through the Operating Partnership, which includes 709 wholly-owned properties and 116 properties owned by unconsolidated joint ventures. In total, we own a 98.1% economic interest in the Operating Partnership and unaffiliated third parties collectively own a 1.9% limited partnership interest at December 31, 2021, assuming the conversion of all preferred operating partnership units at that date. We believe that this structure, commonly known as an umbrella partnership real estate investment trust (“UPREIT”), facilitates our ability to acquire properties by using units of the Operating Partnership as currency. By utilizing interests in the Operating Partnership as currency in self-storage facility acquisitions, we may partially defer the seller’s income tax liability which in turn may allow us to obtain more favorable pricing.

The Parent Company was incorporated on April 19, 1995 under Maryland law. The Operating Partnership was formed on June 1, 1995 as a Delaware limited partnership and has engaged in virtually all aspects of the self-storage business, including the development, acquisition, management, ownership and operation of self-storage facilities. Our principal executive offices are located at 6467 Main Street, Williamsville, New York 14221, our telephone number is (716) 633-1850, and our website is www.lifestorage.com.

We seek to enhance shareholder value through internal growth, acquisition of additional storage properties, expansion and enhancement of existing self-storage properties, expansion of our third-party management platform, select new development, and advances in innovative technology. Internal growth is achieved through aggressive property management: optimizing rental rates, increasing occupancy levels, controlling costs, maximizing collections, and strategically expanding and enhancing the Properties. Should demographic and economic conditions warrant, we may develop new properties. We believe that there continues to be opportunity for growth through acquisitions, including acquisitions through unconsolidated joint ventures of the Company. We seek to acquire self-storage properties that are susceptible to realization of increased economies of scale and improved performance through application of our expertise.

Industry Overview

We believe that self-storage facilities offer affordable storage space to residential and commercial users. In addition to fully enclosed and secure storage space, many facilities also offer outside storage for automobiles, recreational vehicles and boats. Modern facilities, such as those owned and/or managed by the Company, are usually fenced and well lighted with automated access systems and surveillance cameras, offer temperature and humidity control features, and have a full-time manager. Our customers rent space on a month-to-month basis and typically have access to their storage space up to 15 hours a day, with 24-hour access in certain circumstances. Individual storage spaces are secured by the customer’s lock, and the customer has control of access to the space.

According to the 2022 Self-Storage Almanac, of the estimated 51,000 core self-storage facilities in the United States (those properties identified as having self-storage operated as the core business at the address), approximately 21.9% are owned and/or managed by the 10 largest operators. This results in a highly fragmented industry as the remainder of the industry is characterized by numerous small, local operators. The scarcity of capital available to small operators for acquisitions and expansions, internet marketing, call centers, and the potential for savings through economies of scale are factors that are leading to consolidation in the industry. We believe that, as a result of this trend, significant growth opportunities exist for operators with proven management systems and sufficient capital resources to grow through acquisitions and/or third-party management platforms.

Property Management

We have over 35 years of experience acquiring, building, expanding and managing self-storage facilities, and the combined experience of our key personnel makes us one of the leaders in the industry. Our primary business objectives are to maximize cash flow available for distribution to our stockholders and to achieve sustainable long-term growth in cash flow per share in order to maximize long-term stockholder value at acceptable levels of risk. To support our long-term growth, we employ the following strategies with respect to our property management:

Our People:

We recognize the importance of quality people to the success of an organization. Accordingly, we hire and train to ensure that associates can reach their full potential. We conduct annual anonymous surveys of all employees to proactively identify areas for improvement. We strive to ensure that all associates conduct themselves in accordance with our core values: Teamwork, Respect, Accountability, Integrity, and Innovation. In turn, we support them with state-of-the-art training tools including an online learning management system, a company intranet and a network of certified training personnel. Every store team also has frequent, and sometimes daily, interaction with an Area Manager, a

Regional Vice President, an Accounting Representative, and other support personnel. As such, our store associates are held to high standards for customer service, store appearance, financial performance, and overall operations.

Training & Development:

Our employees benefit from a wide array of training and development opportunities. New store employees undergo a comprehensive, proprietary training program designed to drive sales and operational results while ensuring the delivery of quality customer service. To supplement their initial training, employees enjoy continuing edification, coaching, and performance feedback, including customer satisfaction surveying, throughout their tenure.

All learning and development activities are facilitated through our online training and development portal. This portal delivers and tracks hundreds of computer-based training and compliance courses; it also administers tests, surveys, and the employee appraisal process. The Company's training and development program encompasses the tools and support we deem essential to the success of our employees and business.

Marketing and Advertising:

The digital age has changed consumer behavior – the way people shop, their expectations, and the way we communicate with them. As such, we utilize the following strategies to market our properties and products:

- We created, developed and implemented Rent Now, our proprietary fully-digital rental platform for customers who prefer to self-serve and complete the rental process online. Customers can now “skip the counter” by selecting a storage unit, completing the rental agreement and making their rental payment online. The customer receives their property access code and step-by-step directions to their specific rental unit on a digital map sent to their mobile device. Rent Now is fully-integrated with Life Storage's operating, security and revenue management systems, allowing for real-time and efficient inventory and sales management.
- We employ a Customer Care Center (call center) that services an average of 52,000 rental related inquiries per month. Our Sales Representatives answer incoming sales calls for all of our locations, 364 days a year, 24 hours a day. In addition, they respond to email inquiries and serve as overnight customer service agents to assist customers outside of regular office hours. The team undergoes continuous training and coaching in effective storage sales techniques and best practices in customer service, which we believe results in higher conversions of inquiries to rentals.
- We maintain a website and involve internal and external expertise to manage our internet presence and leverage a search engine and social media marketing strategy to attract customers and gain rentals online, through our call center and at our stores. Precise targeting and tracking through campaign management and analysis allows us to attract the right customers, at the right time, for reasonable costs of acquisition.
- Since demand for storage is largely based on timing, the goal is to create positive brand recognition through a variety of channels, both digital and traditional. When the time comes for a customer to select a storage company, we want the Life Storage brand to be recognized as the most trusted and respected provider. We employ a variety of different strategies to create brand awareness; this includes our Life Storage rental trucks, branded merchandise such as moving and packing supplies, regional marketing in the communities in which we operate, and digital targeting using search, social media and remarketing campaigns. We strive to introduce storage solutions early and often to gain the most exposure as possible for the longest duration.
- Approximately 55.6% of our self-storage space is comprised of units with temperature and/or humidity control capabilities which we market to corporate, retail and residential customers seeking storage solutions for valuable, sentimental, or otherwise sensitive items.
- We also have a fleet of rental trucks that serve as an added incentive to choose our storage facilities. We believe the availability of our trucks provides a valuable service and added incentive to choose Life Storage. Further, the prominent display of our logo turns each truck into a moving billboard.

Third-Party Management:

We seek to add third-party managed stores to our portfolio in order to help drive fee revenue, brand awareness, cost efficiencies and customer data to make more informed revenue management decisions with little capital investment. The portfolio also may, in certain circumstances, serve to supplement our acquisition pipeline.

To broaden opportunities available, we have implemented a bridge lending program, under which an unconsolidated joint venture of the Company provides financing to properties that we will manage. We anticipate that this program will help us increase our management business, create additional future acquisition opportunities, and strengthen our relationship with partners, all while providing interest and fee income. This joint venture generally originates mortgage loans and mezzanine loans, with the intent to sell the mortgage loans to third parties, while retaining the joint venture's interests in these loans.

Corporate Customer Value Proposition:

We offer a differentiated corporate customer value proposition through Warehouse Anywhere. Warehouse Anywhere is Life Storage's proprietary intelligent and technologically advanced warehousing solution that provides third-party logistics (3PL) through a forward deployed, unmanned model combining storage asset management with a proprietary inventory management application across a network of more than 12,000 Life Storage or partner facilities. Warehouse Anywhere also retrofits storage units in select Life Storage facilities to create micro-fulfillment centers that are equipped with needed infrastructure and technology to place e-commerce customers' inventory and fulfillment orders from numerous online marketplaces and platforms. As a final mile delivery solution, Warehouse Anywhere gets our customers' products closer to their customers, reduces logistics costs, increases inventory tracking accuracy and improves delivery time.

Ancillary Income:

We know that our over 625,000 customers require more than just a storage space. Knowing this, we offer a wide range of other products and services that fulfill their needs while providing us with ancillary income. Our Life Storage trucks are available for rent to our new and existing customers, as well as to non-customers. We also rent moving dollies and blankets, in addition to carrying a wide assortment of moving and packing supplies including boxes, tape, locks, and other essential items. For those customers who do not carry storage insurance, we make available renters insurance on which we earn income by providing reinsurance through a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. We also receive incidental income from billboards and cell towers.

Information Systems:

Each of our primary business functions is linked to our customized computer applications, many of which are proprietary. These systems provide for consistent, timely and accurate flow of information throughout our critical platforms:

- Our proprietary operating software ("LifeOS") is installed at all locations and performs the functions necessary for field personnel to efficiently and effectively run a property. This includes customer account management, automatic imposition of late fees, move-in and move-out analysis, generation of essential legal notices, and marketing reports to aid in regional marketing efforts. Financial reports are automatically transmitted to our Corporate Offices overnight to allow for strict accounting oversight.
- LifeOS is linked with each of our primary sales channels (customer care center, internet, store) allowing for real-time access to space type and inventory, pricing, promotions, and other pertinent store information. This robust flow of information facilitates our commitment to capturing prospective customers from all channels.
- LifeOS provides our revenue management team with raw data on historical pricing, move-in and move-out activity, specials and occupancies, etc. This data is utilized in the various algorithms that form the foundation of our revenue management program. Changes to pricing and specials are "pushed out" to all sales channels instantaneously.
- LifeOS generates financial reports for each property that provide our accounting and audit departments with the necessary oversight of transactions; this allows us to maintain proper control of cash receipts.

Revenue Management:

Our proprietary revenue management system is constantly evolving through the efforts of our dedicated data science and revenue management team. We have the ability to change pricing instantaneously for any single unit type, at any single location, based on the occupancy, competition, and forecasted changes in demand. By analyzing current customer rent tenures, we can implement rental rate increases at optimal times to increase revenues. Advanced pricing analytics enable us to reduce the amount of concessions, attracting a more stable customer base and discouraging short-term price shoppers. This system continues to drive revenue stability and/or growth throughout our portfolio.

Property Maintenance:

We take great pride in the appearance and structural integrity of our Properties. All of our Properties go through a thorough annual inspection performed by experienced project managers. These inspections provide the basis for short and long term planned projects that are all performed under a standardized set of specifications. Routine maintenance such as landscaping, pest control, and snowplowing is contracted to local providers to whom we clearly communicate our standards. Further, our software tracks repairs, monitors contractor performance and measures the useful life of assets. As with many other aspects of our Company, our size has allowed us to enjoy relatively low maintenance costs because we have the benefit of economies of scale in purchasing, travel, and overhead absorption. In addition, we continually look to green alternatives and implement energy saving alternatives as new technology becomes available. This includes the installation of solar panels, LED lighting, energy efficient air conditioning units, and cool roofs which are all environmentally friendly solutions that have the potential to reduce energy consumption (thereby reducing costs) in the buildings in which they are installed. We continue to implement and expand the Company's solar panel initiative which has reduced energy consumption and costs at those installed locations.

Environmental Social Governance:

Our Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”) Committee supports our on-going commitment to sustainability by identifying, evaluating and monitoring ESG issues throughout the Company and overseeing the integration of strategic ESG initiatives throughout the organization. On-going initiatives can be found within our annual Sustainability Report located on our website at <https://www.lifestorage.com/company/sustainability/>.

Environmental and Other Regulations

We are subject to federal, state, and local environmental regulations that apply generally to the ownership of real property. We have not received notice from any governmental authority or private party of any material environmental noncompliance, claim, or liability in connection with any of the Properties, and are not aware of any environmental condition with respect to any of the Properties that could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

The Properties are also generally subject to the same types of local regulations governing other real property, including zoning ordinances. We believe that the Properties are in substantial compliance with all such regulations.

Insurance

Each of the Properties is covered by fire and property insurance (including comprehensive liability and business interruption), and all-risk property insurance policies, which are provided by reputable companies and on commercially reasonable terms. In addition, we maintain a policy insuring against environmental liabilities resulting from tenant storage on terms customary for the industry, and title insurance insuring fee title to the Company-owned Properties in an amount that we believe to be adequate.

Federal Income Tax

We operate, and we intend to continue to operate, in such a manner as to continue to qualify as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), but no assurance can be given that we will at all times so qualify. To the extent that we continue to qualify as a REIT, we will not be taxed, with certain limited exceptions, on the taxable income that is distributed to our shareholders. We have elected to treat certain of our subsidiaries as taxable REIT subsidiaries. In general, our taxable REIT subsidiaries may perform additional services for customers and generally may engage in certain real estate or non-real estate related business. Our taxable REIT subsidiaries are subject to federal and state corporate income taxes. See Item 7, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - REIT Qualification and Distribution Requirements.”

Competition

The primary factors upon which competition in the self-storage industry is based are location, appearance, rental rates, suitability of the property’s design to prospective customers’ needs, and how the property is operated and marketed. We believe we compete successfully on these factors. The extent of competition depends significantly on local market conditions. We seek to locate where we can increase market share while not adversely affecting any of our existing locations in that market. However, the number of self-storage facilities in a particular area could have a material adverse effect on the performance of any of the Properties.

Several of our competitors are larger and have substantially greater financial resources than we do. These larger operators may, among other possible advantages, be capable of greater leverage and the payment of higher prices for acquisitions. However, we believe that we are well positioned to compete for acquisitions.

Investment Policy

While we emphasize equity real estate investments, we may, at our discretion, invest in mortgage and other real estate interests related to self-storage properties in a manner consistent with our qualification as a REIT. We may also retain a purchase money mortgage for a portion of the sale price in connection with the disposition of Properties from time to time. Should investment opportunities become available, we may look to acquire additional self-storage properties via new or existing joint-venture partnerships or similar entities. We may or may not elect to have a significant investment in such a venture, but would use such an opportunity to expand our portfolio of branded and managed properties. We also invest in innovative, and sometimes proprietary, new technology that we believe provides us with a competitive advantage.

Subject to the percentage of ownership limitations and gross income tests necessary for REIT qualification, we also may invest in securities of entities engaged in real estate activities or securities of other issuers, including for the purpose of exercising control over such entities.

Disposition Policy

Any disposition decision of our Properties is based on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, (i) the potential to continue to increase cash flow and value, (ii) the sale price, (iii) the strategic fit with the rest of our portfolio, (iv) the potential for, or existence of, environmental or regulatory issues, (v) alternative uses of capital, and (vi) maintaining qualification as a REIT.

The Company did not sell any self-storage facilities in 2021 or 2020. During 2021, the Company's unconsolidated joint ventures sold a total of four self-storage facilities, all of which were acquired by the Company. During 2020, the Company's unconsolidated joint ventures sold a total of 36 self-storage facilities, 32 of which were acquired by the Company.

During 2019, the Company sold 32 non-strategic self-storage facilities in Louisiana (9), Mississippi (8), North Carolina (4), South Carolina (5), and Texas (6) to an unrelated third-party for net proceeds of \$207.6 million, resulting in a \$100.2 million gain on sale. The Company is continuing to manage these properties subsequent to sale.

Distribution Policy

We intend to pay regular quarterly distributions to our shareholders. However, future distributions by us will be at the discretion of the Board of Directors and will depend on the actual cash available for distribution, our financial condition and capital requirements, the annual distribution requirements under the REIT provisions of the Code and such other factors as the Board of Directors deems relevant. In order to maintain our qualification as a REIT, we must make annual distributions to shareholders of at least 90% of our REIT taxable income (which does not include capital gains or losses). Under certain circumstances, we may be required to make distributions in excess of cash available for distribution in order to meet the minimum requirements.

Financing Policy

Our Board of Directors currently limits the amount of debt that may be incurred by us to less than 50% of the sum of the market value of our issued and outstanding common and preferred stock plus our debt. We, however, may from time to time re-evaluate and modify our borrowing policy considering current economic conditions, relative costs of debt and equity capital, market values of properties, growth and acquisition opportunities and other factors. In addition to our Board of Directors' debt limits, our most restrictive debt covenants limit our leverage. However, we believe cash flow from operations, access to the capital markets and access to our credit facility, as described below, are adequate to execute our current business plan and remain in compliance with our debt covenants.

The following sets forth certain financing activities during the year ended December 31, 2021:

On October 7, 2021, the Operating Partnership issued \$600 million in aggregate principal amount of 2.400% unsecured senior notes due October 15, 2031 (the "2031 Senior Notes"). The 2031 Senior Notes were issued at 0.917% discount to par value. Interest on the 2031 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on each April 15 and October 15, commencing with April 15, 2022. The 2031 Senior Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Parent Company.

There were no amounts outstanding on the Company's line of credit at December 31, 2021.

During 2021, the Company issued 6,365,971 shares of common stock under the Company's continuous equity offering programs at a weighted average issue price of \$106.51, generating net proceeds of \$670.3 million. Additionally, on September 16, 2021, the Company completed the public offering of 2,875,000 shares of common stock at \$122.30 per share, generating net proceeds of \$348.8 million.

To the extent that we desire to obtain additional capital to pay distributions, to provide working capital, to pay existing indebtedness or to finance acquisitions, expansions or development of new properties, we may utilize amounts available under our line of credit, common or preferred stock offerings, floating or fixed rate debt financing, retention of cash flow (subject to satisfying our distribution requirements under the REIT rules) or a combination of these methods. Additional debt financing may also be obtained through mortgages on our Properties, which may be recourse, non-recourse, or cross-collateralized and may contain cross-default provisions. We have not established any limit on the number or amount of mortgages that may be placed on any single Property or on our portfolio as a whole, although certain of our existing term loans contain limits on overall mortgage indebtedness. For additional information regarding borrowings and equity activities, see Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources" and Notes 5, 6 and 12 to the Consolidated Financial Statements filed herewith.

Employees

At December 31, 2021, we employ a total of 2,241 employees, including 966 property managers, 60 area managers, and 873 associate managers and part-time employees. At our headquarters, in addition to our three senior executive officers, we employ 339 people engaged in various support activities, including accounting, human resources, customer care, and management information systems. None of our employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement. We consider our employee relations to be excellent.

Available Information

We file with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission quarterly and annual reports on Forms 10-Q and 10-K, respectively, current reports on Form 8-K, and proxy statements pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in addition to other information as required. We file this information with the SEC electronically, and the SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>. Our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and all amendments to those reports are available free of charge on our web site at <http://www.lifestorage.com> as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with or furnished to the SEC. In addition, our Codes of Ethics and Charters of our Nominating, Governance and Corporate Responsibility Committee, Audit and Risk Management Committee, and Compensation and Human Capital Committee are available free of charge on our website at <http://www.lifestorage.com>.

Also, copies of our annual report and Charters of our committees will be made available, free of charge, upon written request to Life Storage, Inc., Attn: Investor Relations, 6467 Main Street, Williamsville, NY 14221.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

You should carefully consider the risks described below, together with all of the other information included in or incorporated by reference into our Form 10-K, as part of your evaluation of the Company. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business could be harmed. In such case, the trading price of our securities could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Our Acquisitions May Not Perform as Anticipated

We have completed hundreds of acquisitions of self-storage facilities since our initial public offering of common stock in June 1995. One of our strategies is to continue to grow by acquiring additional self-storage facilities. Acquisitions entail risks that investments will fail to perform in accordance with our expectations. Our judgments with respect to the prices paid for acquired self-storage facilities and the costs of any improvements required to bring an acquired property up to our standards may prove to be inaccurate. Acquisitions also involve general investment risks associated with any new real estate investment.

We May Incur Problems with Our Real Estate Financing

Unsecured Credit Facility, Term Notes and Senior Notes. We have a line of credit and term note agreements with a syndicate of financial institutions and other lenders, along with senior debt of \$2,400 million. This indebtedness is recourse to us and the required payments are not reduced if the economic performance of any of the properties declines. The facilities limit our ability to make distributions to our shareholders, except in limited circumstances.

Rising Interest Rates. Indebtedness that we incur under the unsecured credit facility bears interest at a variable rate. Accordingly, increases in interest rates could increase our interest expense, which would reduce our cash available for distribution and our ability to pay expected distributions to our shareholders. We manage our exposure to rising interest rates by entering into fixed rate financing agreements for a portion of our outstanding indebtedness and through other available mechanisms, including interest rate swaps, as deemed necessary. If the amount of our indebtedness bearing interest at a variable rate increases, our unsecured credit facility may require us to enter into interest rate swaps.

Refinancing May Not Be Available. It may be necessary for us to refinance our indebtedness through additional debt financing or equity offerings. If we were unable to refinance this indebtedness on acceptable terms, we might be forced to dispose of some of our self-storage facilities upon disadvantageous terms, which might result in losses to us and might adversely affect the cash available for distribution. If prevailing interest rates or other factors at the time of refinancing result in higher interest rates on any refinancings, our interest expense would increase, which would adversely affect our cash available for distribution and our ability to pay expected distributions to shareholders.

Covenants and Risk of Default. Our loan instruments require us to operate within certain covenants, including financial covenants with respect to leverage, fixed charge coverage, minimum net worth, limitations on additional indebtedness and dividend limitations. If we violate any of these covenants or otherwise default under these instruments, then our lenders could declare all indebtedness under these facilities to be immediately due and payable which would have a material adverse effect on our business and could require us to sell self-storage facilities under distressed conditions and seek replacement financing on substantially more expensive terms.

Reduction in or Loss of Credit Rating. Certain of our debt instruments require us to maintain an investment grade rating from at least one, and in some cases two, debt ratings agencies. Should we receive a reduction in our credit rating from the agencies, the interest rate on our line of credit would increase by up to 0.50% and the interest rate on any bank term notes under our revolving credit facility (no principal outstanding at December 31, 2021) would increase by up to 0.65%. Should we fail to attain an investment grade rating from the agencies, the interest rate on our \$175 million term note due 2024 would increase by 1.75%.

Our Debt Levels May Increase

Our Board of Directors currently has a policy of limiting the amount of our debt at the time of incurrence to less than 50% of the sum of the market value of our issued and outstanding common stock and preferred stock plus the amount of our debt at the time that debt is incurred. However, our organizational documents do not contain any limitation on the amount of indebtedness we might incur. Accordingly, our Board of Directors could alter or eliminate the current policy limitation on borrowing without a vote of our shareholders. We could become highly leveraged if this policy were changed. However, our ability to incur debt is limited by covenants in our debt instruments.

We Are Subject to the Risks Posed by Fluctuating Demand and Significant Competition in the Self-Storage Industry

Our self-storage facilities are subject to all operating risks common to the self-storage industry. These risks include but are not limited to the following:

- Decreases in demand for rental spaces in a particular locale;
- Changes in supply of similar or competing self-storage facilities in an area;
- Changes in market rental rates; and
- Inability to collect rents from customers.

Our current strategy is to acquire interests only in self-storage facilities. Consequently, we are subject to risks inherent in investments in a single industry. Our self-storage facilities compete with other self-storage facilities in their geographic markets. Due to competition, the self-storage facilities could experience a decrease in occupancy levels and rental rates, which would decrease our cash available for distribution. We compete in operations and for acquisition opportunities with companies that have substantial financial resources. Competition may reduce the number of suitable acquisition opportunities offered to us and increase the bargaining power of property owners seeking to sell. The self-storage industry has at times experienced overbuilding in response to perceived increases in demand. A recurrence of overbuilding might cause us to experience a decrease in occupancy levels, limit our ability to increase rents, and compel us to offer discounted rents.

We are Subject to Risks from Natural Disasters and Climate Change

We are subject to risks from natural disasters and climate change. Natural disasters and severe weather such as earthquakes, tornadoes, hurricanes or floods may result in significant damage to our properties. The extent of our casualty losses and loss in operating income in connection with such events is a function of the severity of the event and the total amount of exposure in the affected area. When we have geographic concentration of exposures, a single catastrophe, such as a tornado affecting our properties in Texas or elsewhere, or destructive weather event, such as a hurricane affecting our properties in Florida or elsewhere, may have a significant negative effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. As a result, our operating and financial results may vary significantly from one period to the next. Our financial results may be adversely affected by our exposure to losses arising from natural disasters or severe weather. We also are exposed to risks associated with inclement winter weather, particularly in the Northeast and Midwest regions, regions in which some of our properties are located, including increased need for maintenance and repair of our buildings.

As a result of climate change, we may also experience extreme weather and changes in precipitation and temperature, all of which may result in physical damage of, decreased demand for, and/or increased cost of insurance for our Properties located in the areas affected by these conditions. Should the impact of climate change be material in nature, our financial condition or results of operations would be adversely affected. In addition, changes in federal and state legislation and regulation on climate change could result in increased capital expenditures to improve the energy efficiency of our existing properties in order to comply with such regulations.

The Extent to Which the COVID-19 Global Health Crisis Will Adversely Affect Our Business, Results of Operations and Financial Condition is Uncertain

The COVID-19 global health crisis has affected many industries, including real estate, throughout the United States and worldwide, creating significant uncertainty and economic disruption. We have modified, and may further modify, our business practices in response to the COVID-19 global health crisis in an effort to protect our people and our customers. We may experience continued volatility in customer demand, constriction on our ability to increase rental rates, and/or restrictions on our ability to evict delinquent customers or to execute auctions related to delinquent customers. Additionally, the high unemployment and other adverse economic effects of the pandemic is having and likely will continue to have an adverse impact on many of our customers' ability to afford their rent obligations. We may also experience a change in the move-out patterns of our longer-term customers resulting in reduced occupancy and/or reduced average rental rates as longer-term customers are replaced by new customers at lower rates.

We may experience a negative impact on our operations should the ability of our store-level employees to report to work be significantly impacted by the COVID-19 global health crisis. However, we believe that this risk is partially mitigated by the availability and capabilities of our "Rent Now" online rental platform.

Additionally, the COVID-19 global health crisis resulted in stay-at-home and social distancing requirements. Although such restrictions have eased, similar future restrictions related to COVID-19 may apply.

The extent to which COVID-19 will continue to affect our business and the magnitude of the impact on our results of operation and financial condition is difficult to predict, and will be driven primarily by the duration, spread and severity of the COVID-19 global health crisis itself, as well as the duration of the indirect economic impacts, all of which are uncertain. As a result, we are not able at this time to estimate the effect these factors will have on our business, but the adverse impact on our business could be material.

Our Real Estate Investments Are Illiquid and Are Subject to Uninsurable Risks and Government Regulation

General Risks. Our investments are subject to varying degrees of risk generally related to the ownership of real property. The underlying value of our real estate investments and our income and ability to make distributions to our shareholders are dependent upon our ability to operate the self-storage facilities in a manner sufficient to maintain or increase cash available for distribution. Income from our self-storage facilities may be adversely affected by the following factors:

- Changes in national economic conditions;
- Changes in general or local economic conditions and neighborhood characteristics;
- Competition from other self-storage facilities;
- Changes in interest rates and in the availability, cost and terms of financing;
- The impact of present or future environmental legislation and compliance with environmental laws;
- The ongoing need for capital improvements, particularly in older facilities;
- Changes in real estate tax rates and other operating expenses;
- Adverse changes in governmental rules and fiscal policies;
- Uninsured losses resulting from casualties associated with civil unrest, acts of God, including natural disasters, and acts of war;
- Adverse changes in zoning laws; and
- Other factors that are beyond our control.

Illiquidity of Real Estate May Limit its Value. Real estate investments are relatively illiquid. Our ability to vary our portfolio of self-storage facilities in response to changes in economic and other conditions is limited. In addition, provisions of the Code may limit our ability to profit on the sale of self-storage facilities held for fewer than two years. We may be unable to dispose of a facility when we find disposition advantageous or necessary and the sale price of any disposition may not equal or exceed the amount of our investment.

Uninsured and Underinsured Losses Could Reduce the Value of our Self Storage Facilities. Some losses, generally of a catastrophic nature, that we potentially face with respect to our self-storage facilities may be uninsurable or not insurable at an acceptable cost. Our management uses its discretion in determining amounts, coverage limits and deductibility provisions of insurance, with a view to acquiring appropriate insurance on our investments at a reasonable cost and on suitable terms. These decisions may result in insurance coverage that, in the event of a substantial loss, would not be sufficient to pay the full current market value or current replacement cost of our lost investment. Inflation, changes in building codes and ordinances, environmental considerations, and other factors also might make it infeasible to use insurance proceeds to replace a property after it has been damaged or destroyed. Under those circumstances, the insurance proceeds received by us might not be adequate to restore our economic position with respect to a particular property.

Possible Liability Relating to Environmental Matters. Under various federal, state and local environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, a current or previous owner or operator of real property may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances on, under, or in that property. Those laws often impose liability even if the owner or operator did not cause or know of the presence of hazardous or toxic substances and even if the storage of those substances was in violation of a customer's lease. In addition, the presence of hazardous or toxic substances, or the failure of the owner to address their presence on the property, may adversely affect the owner's ability to borrow using that real property as collateral. In connection with the ownership of the self-storage facilities, we may be potentially liable for any of those costs.

Americans with Disabilities Act. The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, or ADA, generally requires that buildings be made accessible to persons with disabilities. A determination that we are not in compliance with the ADA could result in imposition of fines or an award of damages to private litigants. If we were required to make modifications to comply with the ADA, our results of operations and ability to make expected distributions to our shareholders could be adversely affected.

There Are Limitations on the Ability to Change Control of the Company

Limitation on Ownership and Transfer of Shares. To maintain our qualification as a REIT, not more than 50% in value of our outstanding shares of stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals, as defined in the Code. To limit the possibility that we will fail to qualify as a REIT under this test, our Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (“Articles of Incorporation”) include ownership limits and transfer restrictions on shares of our stock. Our Articles of Incorporation limit ownership of our issued and outstanding stock by any single shareholder to 9.8% of the aggregate value of our outstanding stock, except that the ownership by some of our shareholders is limited to 15%.

These ownership limits may:

- Have the effect of precluding an acquisition of control of the Company by a third-party without consent of our Board of Directors even if the change in control would be in the interest of shareholders; and
- Limit the opportunity for shareholders to receive a premium for shares of our common stock they hold that might otherwise exist if an investor were attempting to assemble a block of common stock in excess of 9.8% or 15%, as the case may be, of the outstanding shares of our stock or to otherwise effect a change in control of the Company.

Our Board of Directors may waive the ownership limits if it is satisfied that ownership by those shareholders in excess of those limits will not jeopardize our status as a REIT under the Code or in the event it determines that it is no longer in our best interests to be a REIT. Waivers have been granted to the former holders of our Series C preferred stock, FMR Corporation, Cohen & Steers, Inc. and Invesco Advisers, Inc. A transfer of our common stock and/or preferred stock to a person who, as a result of the transfer, violates the ownership limits may not be effective under some circumstances.

Other Limitations. Other limitations could have the effect of discouraging a takeover or other transaction in which holders of some, or a majority, of our outstanding common stock might receive a premium for their shares of our common stock that exceeds the then prevailing market price or that those holders might believe to be otherwise in their best interest. The issuance of shares of preferred stock could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company even if a change in control were in the shareholders’ interest. In addition, the Maryland General Corporation Law, or MGCL, imposes restrictions and requires specific procedures with respect to the acquisition of stated levels of share ownership and business combinations, including combinations with interested shareholders. These provisions of the MGCL could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company even if a change in control were in the shareholders’ interest. Our bylaws contain a provision exempting from the MGCL control share acquisition statute any and all acquisitions by any person of shares of our stock. However, this provision may be amended or eliminated at any time. In addition, under the Operating Partnership’s agreement of limited partnership, in general, we may not merge, consolidate or engage in any combination with another person or sell all or substantially all of our assets unless that transaction includes the merger or sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Operating Partnership, which requires the approval of the holders of 75% of the limited partnership interests thereof. If we were to own less than 75% of the limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership, this provision of the limited partnership agreement could have the effect of delaying or preventing us from engaging in some change of control transactions.

The Ability to Attract, Train and Retain Qualified Personnel May Have an Adverse Impact on Our Operations

We have over 2,000 personnel involved in the management and operation of our stores. We compete with various other companies in attracting and retaining qualified personnel. Competitive pressures may require that we enhance our pay and benefits package to compete effectively for such personnel. If there is an increase in these costs or if we fail to attract or retain qualified personnel, our business and operating results could be adversely affected.

Legal Disputes, Settlement and Defense Costs Could Have an Adverse Effect on our Operating Results

We may have to make monetary settlements or defend actions or arbitration (including class actions) to resolve tenant-related, employee-related or other claims and disputes. Settling any such claims and disputes could negatively impact our operating results and cash available for distribution to shareholders, and could also adversely affect our ability to sell, lease, operate or encumber affected self-storage facilities.

Our Tenant Reinsurance Program is Subject to Significant Governmental Regulation Which May Adversely Affect our Operating Results

Our tenant reinsurance program, which commenced April 1, 2019, is subject to significant government regulation. The regulatory authorities generally have broad discretion to grant, renew and revoke licenses and approvals; to promulgate, interpret, and implement regulations; and to evaluate compliance with regulations through periodic examinations, audits and investigations of the affairs of insurance providers. As a result of regulation or private action in any jurisdiction, we may be temporarily or permanently suspended from continuing some or all of our reinsurance activities, or otherwise fined, penalized and/or suffer an adverse judgment, which could all adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our Failure to Qualify as a REIT Would Have Adverse Consequences

We intend to continue to operate in a manner that will permit us to qualify as a REIT under the Code. We have not requested and do not plan to request a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) that we qualify as a REIT, and the statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K are not binding on the IRS or any court. Qualification as a REIT involves the application of highly technical and complex Code provisions for which there are only limited judicial and administrative interpretations. Continued qualification as a REIT depends upon our continuing ability to meet various requirements concerning, among other things, the ownership of our outstanding stock, the nature of our assets, the sources of our income and the amount of our distributions to our shareholders. The fact that we hold substantially all of our assets through our Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries and joint ventures further complicates the application of the REIT requirements for us. Even a technical or inadvertent mistake could jeopardize our REIT status and, given the highly complex nature of the rules governing REITs and the ongoing importance of factual determinations, we cannot provide any assurance that we will continue to qualify as a REIT. Furthermore, Congress and the IRS might make changes to the tax laws and regulations, and the courts and the IRS might issue new rulings, that make it more difficult, or impossible, for us to remain qualified as a REIT.

If we were to fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year and are unable to avail ourselves of certain savings provisions set forth in the Code, we would not be allowed a deduction for distributions to shareholders in computing our taxable income and would be subject to federal income tax (including possibly increased state and local taxes) on our taxable income at the regular corporate rate of 21%. Unless entitled to relief under certain Code provisions, we also would be ineligible for qualification as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which our qualification was lost. As a result, distributions to the shareholders would be reduced for each of the years involved. Although we currently intend to continue to operate in a manner designed to qualify as a REIT, it is possible that future economic, market, legal, tax or other considerations may cause our Board of Directors to revoke our REIT election. If we fail to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes and are able to avail ourselves of one or more of the statutory savings provisions in order to maintain our REIT status, we would nevertheless be required to pay penalty taxes of \$50,000 or more for each such failure.

We Will Pay Some Taxes Even if We Qualify as a REIT, Reducing Cash Available for Shareholders

Even if we qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we are required to pay some federal, state and local taxes on our income and property. For example, we will be subject to income tax to the extent we distribute less than 100% of our REIT taxable income (including capital gains). Additionally, we will be subject to a 4% nondeductible excise tax on the amount, if any, by which dividends paid by us in any calendar year are less than the sum of 85% of our ordinary income, 95% of our capital gain net income and 100% of our undistributed income from prior years. Moreover, if we have net income from “prohibited transactions,” that income will be subject to a 100% tax. In general, prohibited transactions are sales or other dispositions of property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business. The determination as to whether a particular sale is a prohibited transaction depends on the facts and circumstances related to that sale. While we will undertake sales of assets if those assets become inconsistent with our long-term strategic or return objectives, we do not believe that those sales should be considered prohibited transactions, but there can be no assurance that the IRS would not contend otherwise. The need to avoid prohibited transactions could cause us to forego or defer sales of properties that might otherwise be in our best interest to sell.

Certain of our subsidiaries have elected to be treated as “taxable REIT subsidiaries” of the Company for federal income tax purposes. A taxable REIT subsidiary is taxed as a regular corporation and is limited in its ability to deduct interest payments made to us in excess of a certain amount, in addition to other limitations imposed on the deductibility of interest under the applicable tax law. In addition, if we receive or accrue certain amounts and the underlying economic arrangements between our taxable REIT subsidiaries and us are not comparable to similar arrangements among unrelated parties, we will be subject to a 100% penalty tax on those payments in excess of amounts deemed reasonable between unrelated parties.

Finally, some state and local jurisdictions may tax some of our income even though as a REIT we are not subject to federal income tax on that income because not all states and localities follow the federal income tax treatment of REITs. To the extent that we are, or any taxable REIT subsidiary is, required to pay federal, foreign, state or local taxes, we will have less cash available for distribution to shareholders.

Complying with REIT Requirements May Limit Our Ability to Hedge Effectively and May Cause Us to Incur Tax Liabilities

The REIT provisions of the Code may limit our ability to hedge our assets and operations. Under these provisions, any income that we generate from transactions intended to hedge our interest rate risk will be excluded from gross income for purposes of the REIT 75% and 95% gross income tests if the instrument hedges interest rate risk on liabilities used to carry or acquire real estate assets or manages the risk of certain currency fluctuations, and such instrument is properly identified under applicable Treasury Regulations. Income from hedging transactions that do not meet these requirements will generally constitute non-qualifying income for purposes of both the REIT 75% and 95% gross income tests. As a result of these rules, we may have to limit our use of hedging techniques that might otherwise be advantageous or implement those hedges through a taxable REIT subsidiary. This could increase the cost of our hedging activities because our taxable REIT subsidiaries would be subject to tax on gains or expose us to greater risks associated with changes in interest rates than we would otherwise want to bear. In addition, any losses in the taxable REIT subsidiary will generally not provide any tax benefit, except for being carried forward against future taxable income in the taxable REIT subsidiary.

Complying with the REIT Requirements May Cause Us to Forgo and/or Liquidate Otherwise Attractive Investments

To qualify as a REIT, we must continually satisfy tests concerning, among other things, the sources of our income, the nature and diversification of our assets, the amounts that we distribute to our shareholders and the ownership of our shares. To meet these tests, we may be required to take or forgo taking actions that we would otherwise consider advantageous. For instance, in order to satisfy the gross income or asset tests applicable to REITs under the Code, we may be required to forgo investments that we otherwise would make. Furthermore, we may be required to liquidate from our portfolio otherwise attractive investments. In addition, we may be required to make distributions to shareholders at disadvantageous times or when we do not have funds readily available for distribution. These actions could reduce our income and amounts available for distribution to our shareholders. Thus, compliance with the REIT requirements may hinder our investment performance.

If the Operating Partnership Fails to Qualify as a Partnership for Federal Income Tax Purposes, We Could Fail to Qualify as a REIT and Suffer Other Adverse Consequences

We believe that the Operating Partnership is organized and operated in a manner so as to be treated as a partnership and not an association or a publicly traded partnership taxable as a corporation, for federal income tax purposes. As a partnership, the Operating Partnership is not subject to federal income tax on its income. Instead, each of the partners is allocated its share of the Operating Partnership's income. No assurance can be provided, however, that the IRS will not challenge the Operating Partnership's status as a partnership for federal income tax purposes, or that a court would not sustain such a challenge. If the IRS were successful in treating the Operating Partnership as an association or publicly traded partnership taxable as a corporation for federal income tax purposes, we would fail to meet the gross income tests and certain of the asset tests applicable to REITs and, accordingly, would cease to qualify as a REIT. Also, the failure of the Operating Partnership to qualify as a partnership would cause it to become subject to federal corporate income tax, which would reduce significantly the amount of its cash available for distribution to its partners, including us.

U.S. Federal Income Tax Treatment of REITs and Investments in REITs May Change, Which May Result in the Loss of Our Tax Benefits of Operating as a REIT

Current U.S. federal income tax treatment of a REIT and an investment in a REIT may be modified by legislative, judicial or administrative action at any time, and we cannot predict when such action may occur. We cannot predict how changes in U.S. federal income tax law will affect us or our investors nor can we predict the long-term impact of tax reforms on REITs.

We May Change the Dividend Policy for Our Common Stock in the Future

In 2021, our Board of Directors authorized and we declared quarterly common stock dividends of \$0.74 per share in January, April, and July, and \$0.86 per share in October, for a total 2021 dividend per share annual rate of \$3.08 per share. In addition, our Board of Directors authorized and we declared a quarterly common stock dividend of \$1.00 per share in January 2022. We can provide no assurance that our Board of Directors will not reduce or eliminate entirely dividend distributions on our common stock in the future.

Our Board of Directors will continue to evaluate our distribution policy on a quarterly basis as they monitor the capital markets and the impact of the economy on our operations. The decisions to authorize and pay dividends on our common stock in the future, as well as the timing, amount and composition of any such future dividends, will be at the sole discretion of our Board of Directors given conditions then existing, including our earnings, financial condition, capital requirements, debt maturities, the availability of capital, applicable REIT and legal restrictions and the general overall economic conditions and other factors. Any change in our dividend policy could have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

Market Interest Rates May Influence the Price of Our Common Stock

One of the factors that may influence the price of our common stock in public trading markets or in private transactions is the annual yield on our common stock as compared to yields on other financial instruments. An increase in market interest rates will result in higher yields on other financial instruments, which could adversely affect the price of our common stock.

Regional Concentration of Our Business May Subject Us to Economic Downturns in the States of Texas and Florida

As of December 31, 2021, 342 of our 1,076 self-storage facilities are located in the states of Texas and Florida. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the facilities in Texas and Florida accounted for approximately 17% and 14% of store revenues, respectively. This concentration of business in Texas and Florida exposes us to potential losses resulting from a downturn in the economies of those states. If

economic conditions in those states deteriorate, we may experience a reduction in existing and new business, which may have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

When We Acquire Properties in New Markets, We Will Be Subject to Increased Operational Risks

We may acquire self-storage properties in markets where we have little or no operational experience. When we enter into new markets, we will be subject to increased risks resulting from our lack of experience and infrastructure in these markets and may need to incur additional costs, both expected and unexpected, to develop our operating capabilities in these markets. These risks could materially and adversely affect us, including our growth prospects, financial condition and results of operations.

Changes in Taxation of Corporate Dividends May Adversely Affect the Value of Our Common Stock

The maximum marginal rate of tax payable by domestic noncorporate taxpayers on dividends received from a regular “C” corporation under current federal law generally is 20%, as opposed to higher ordinary income rates, plus a 3.8% Medicare tax on net investment income. The reduced tax rate, however, does not apply to distributions paid to domestic noncorporate taxpayers by a REIT on its stock, except for certain limited amounts. However, the TCJA allows domestic noncorporate taxpayers to deduct 20% of their dividends from REITs, excluding capital gain dividends and qualified dividend income (which continue to be subject to the 20% rate). As a result, dividend income received by our domestic non-corporate shareholders is subject to a maximum effective federal income tax rate of 29.6% (plus the 3.8% Medicare tax on net investment income). The cumulative amount that a domestic noncorporate taxpayer may deduct for any taxable year with respect to ordinary REIT dividends from all sources (together with certain other categories of income that are eligible for such 20% deduction) may not exceed 20% of such person’s total taxable income (excluding any net capital gain). The income tax rate changes applicable to domestic noncorporate taxpayers and the 20% deduction for ordinary REIT dividends apply for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017 and before January 1, 2026.

The earnings of a REIT that are distributed to its stockholders generally remain subject to less federal income taxation than earnings of a non-REIT “C” corporation that are distributed to its stockholders net of corporate-level income tax. However, the lower rate of taxation to dividends paid by regular “C” corporations could cause domestic noncorporate investors to view the stock of regular “C” corporations as more attractive relative to the stock of a REIT, because the dividends from regular “C” corporations continue to be taxed at a lower rate while distributions from REITs (other than distributions designated as capital gain dividends) are generally taxed at the same rate as other ordinary income for domestic noncorporate taxpayers.

We Are Heavily Dependent on Computer Systems, Telecommunications and the Internet to Process Transactions, Summarize Results and Manage our Business. Security Breaches or a Failure of such Networks, Systems or Technology Could Adversely Impact Our Business and Customer Relationships.

We are heavily dependent upon automated information technology and Internet commerce, with many of our new customers coming from the Internet or the telephone, and the nature of our business involves the receipt and retention of personal information about them. We centrally manage significant components of our operations with our computer systems, including our financial information, and we also rely extensively on third-party vendors to retain data, process transactions and provide other systems services. These systems are subject to damage or interruption from power outages, computer and telecommunications failures, computer worms, viruses and other destructive or disruptive security breaches and catastrophic events.

As a result, our operations could be severely impacted by a natural disaster, terrorist attack or other circumstance that resulted in a significant outage of our systems or those of our third-party providers, despite our use of back up and redundancy measures. Further, viruses and other related risks could negatively impact our information technology processes. We could also be subject to a “cyber-attack” or other data security breach which would penetrate our network security, resulting in misappropriation of our confidential information, including customer personal information. Although the Company has insurance for such events, system disruptions and shutdowns could also result in additional costs to repair or replace such networks or information systems and possible legal liability, including government enforcement actions and private litigation. In addition, our customers could lose confidence in our ability to protect their personal information, which could cause them to move out of rented storage spaces. Such events could lead to lost future sales and adversely affect our results of operations.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 2. Properties

At December 31, 2021, we held ownership interests in, leased, and/or managed a total of 1,076 Properties situated in 35 states. Among our 1,076 self-storage properties are 116 properties that we manage for unconsolidated joint ventures of which we have varying percentage ownership interests. For additional information regarding unconsolidated joint ventures, see Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements filed herewith.

Our Properties offer inexpensive, easily accessible, enclosed storage space to residential and commercial users on a month-to-month basis. Most of our Properties are fenced and well lighted with automated access systems and surveillance cameras. A majority of the Properties are single-story, thereby providing customers with the convenience of direct vehicle access to their storage spaces. Our Properties range in size from 9,000 to 194,000 net rentable square feet, with an average of approximately 73,000 net rentable square feet. The Properties generally are constructed of masonry or steel walls resting on concrete slabs and have standing seam metal, shingle, or tar and gravel roofs. Most Properties have a property manager on-site during business hours. Generally, customers have access to their storage space up to 15 hours a day, with 24-hour access in certain circumstances. Individual storage spaces are secured by a lock furnished by the customer to provide the customer with control of access to the space.

The following table provides certain information regarding the Properties in which we have an ownership interest, lease, and/or manage as of December 31, 2021:

	Number of Stores at December 31, 2021	Square Feet	Number of Spaces	Percentage of Store Revenue
Alabama	30	2,069,888	16,298	1.95%
Arizona	44	3,248,482	30,055	5.05%
Arkansas	1	84,715	593	0.00%
California	35	3,364,462	29,713	5.81%
Colorado	15	1,033,680	8,932	1.27%
Connecticut	20	1,494,278	15,102	1.97%
Florida	155	10,586,360	105,035	13.51%
Georgia	69	4,896,852	43,059	5.00%
Illinois	47	3,658,788	35,901	5.16%
Indiana	3	183,371	1,715	0.09%
Kansas	1	126,675	1,134	0.10%
Kentucky	3	197,638	1,865	0.20%
Louisiana	58	5,142,115	44,833	5.11%
Maine	6	360,648	3,692	0.59%
Maryland	8	426,597	4,771	0.74%
Massachusetts	20	1,191,324	11,813	1.74%
Michigan	3	203,117	2,158	0.11%
Mississippi	15	1,119,177	8,465	1.39%
Missouri	25	1,811,215	16,109	1.85%
Nevada	26	1,949,197	16,512	3.18%
New Hampshire	15	1,108,192	9,588	1.39%
New Jersey	45	3,483,969	34,906	6.04%
New York	75	4,817,483	56,431	7.57%
North Carolina	36	2,390,112	22,974	2.37%
Ohio	29	2,049,718	17,764	2.59%
Oklahoma	5	353,285	2,991	0.09%
Oregon	1	35,065	384	0.03%
Pennsylvania	16	1,113,314	10,337	1.50%
Rhode Island	5	264,438	2,418	0.44%
South Carolina	25	1,672,586	15,759	1.74%
Tennessee	14	1,050,301	9,363	0.82%
Texas	187	14,083,296	117,942	17.03%
Virginia	25	1,892,979	17,536	2.36%
Washington	7	539,239	5,616	0.73%
Wisconsin	7	627,431	6,070	0.48%
Total	<u>1,076</u>	<u>78,629,987</u>	<u>727,834</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

At December 31, 2021, the Properties had an average occupancy of 88.2%, including the Company's wholly owned self-storage facilities which had an average occupancy of 93.0%. For the quarter ended December 31, 2021, the Properties had an annualized rent per occupied square foot of \$16.67, including the Company's wholly owned self-storage facilities which had an annualized rent per occupied square foot of \$16.84.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Although we are party to various legal proceedings, we believe that the likelihood of these contingencies resulting in a material loss to the Company, either individually or in the aggregate, is remote.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable

Part II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Our Common Stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "LSI". As of February 18, 2022, there were approximately 489 holders of record of our Common Stock. These figures do not include common shares held by brokers and other institutions on behalf of shareholders.

We have paid quarterly dividends to our shareholders since our inception.

For federal income tax purposes, distributions to shareholders are treated as ordinary income, capital gain, return of capital or a combination thereof. Distributions to shareholders for 2021 represent 97% ordinary income and 3% capital gain.

On August 2, 2017, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$200 million of the Company's common stock. We have not made any repurchases under such program since 2017, and up to approximately \$191.8 million of the Company's common stock may yet be purchased under such program. The program does not have an expiration date but may be suspended or discontinued at any time.

In the fourth quarter of 2021, in connection with the acquisition of a total of 19 self-storage facilities across four separate transactions, the Company issued a total of an additional 620,677 common units of the Operating Partnership with an aggregate value of \$81.5 million. The issuance of the common units of the Operating Partnership in connection with these acquisitions were exempt from registration under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, because it did not involve any public offering.

EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION

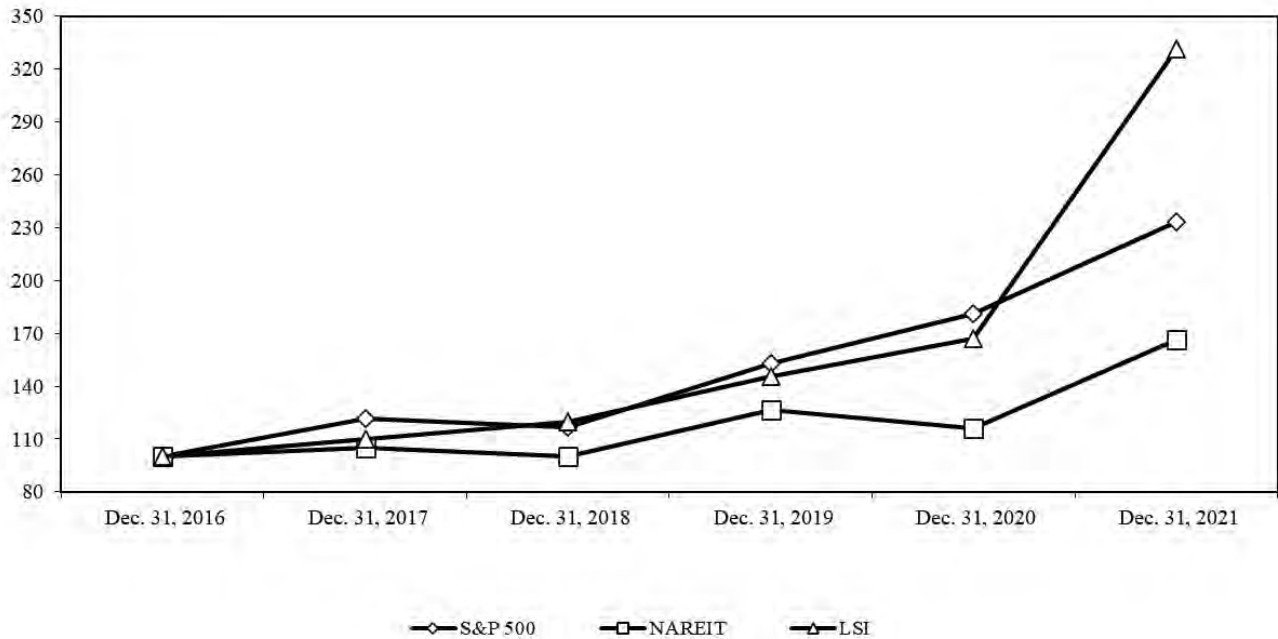
The following table sets forth certain information as of December 31, 2021, with respect to equity compensation plans under which shares of the Company's Common Stock may be issued.

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance
Equity compensation plans approved by shareholders:			
2015 Award and Option Plan (1)	221,050	\$ —	170,111
2009 Outside Directors' Stock Option and Award Plan (2)	24,750	\$ 52.09	—
2020 Outside Directors' Stock Award Plan	—	\$ —	131,810
Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors (3)	35,135	N/A	27,307
Equity compensation plans not approved by shareholders:	N/A	N/A	N/A

- (1) Includes the actual number of shares issued in January 2022 related to performance-based awards issued on December 18, 2018 (38,110) and the maximum number of shares (182,940) that could be issued as part of the performance-based awards issued in 2019, 2020, and 2021. The actual number of shares to be issued as part of the performance-based awards issued in 2019, 2020 and 2021 will be determined at the end of the three-year performance periods in 2022, 2023 and 2024, respectively. See Note 9 to our consolidated financial statements filed herewith.
- (2) The 2009 Outside Directors' Stock Option and Award Plan expired on May 21, 2020 and was replaced by the 2020 Outside Directors' Stock Award Plan. Therefore, no securities are available for future issuance under the 2009 Outside Directors' Stock Option and Award Plan at December 31, 2021.
- (3) Under the Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors, non-employee Directors may defer all or part of their Directors' fees that are otherwise payable in cash. Directors' fees that are deferred under the Plan will be credited to each Directors' account under the Plan in the form of Units. The number of Units credited is determined by dividing the amount of Directors' fees deferred by the closing price of the Company's Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on the day immediately preceding the day upon which Directors' fees otherwise would be paid by the Company. A Director is credited with additional Units for dividends on the shares of Common Stock represented by Units in such Directors' account. A Director may elect to receive the shares in a lump sum on a date specified by the Director or in quarterly or annual installments over a specified period and commencing on a specified date.

CORPORATE PERFORMANCE GRAPH

The following chart and line-graph presentation compares (i) the Company's shareholder return on an indexed basis since December 31, 2016 with (ii) the S&P Stock Index and (iii) the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT) Equity Index.



CUMULATIVE TOTAL SHAREHOLDER RETURN LIFE STORAGE, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2016 - DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Dec. 31, 2016	Dec. 31, 2017	Dec. 31, 2018	Dec. 31, 2019	Dec. 31, 2020	Dec. 31, 2021
S&P	\$ 100.00	\$ 121.83	\$ 116.49	\$ 153.17	\$ 181.35	\$ 233.41
NAREIT	\$ 100.00	\$ 105.23	\$ 100.36	\$ 126.45	\$ 116.34	\$ 166.64
LSI	\$ 100.00	\$ 109.81	\$ 119.90	\$ 145.40	\$ 167.06	\$ 331.63

The foregoing item assumes \$100.00 invested on December 31, 2016, with dividends reinvested.

Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of the consolidated financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this report. We make statements in this section that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws. For a complete discussion of forward-looking statements, see the section in this Form 10-K entitled “Forward Looking Statements.” Certain risk factors may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the following discussion. For a discussion of such risk factors, see the section in this Form 10-K entitled “Risk Factors.” Dollar amounts in thousands, except share and per share data, unless otherwise stated.

Business and Overview

We believe we are the fourth largest operator of self-storage properties in the United States based on square feet owned and managed. All of our stores in the United States conduct business under the customer-friendly name Life Storage ®.

Operating Strategy

Our operating strategy is designed to generate growth and enhance value by:

A. Increasing operating performance and cash flow through aggressive management of our stores:

- We seek to differentiate our self-storage facilities from our competition through innovative marketing and value-added product offerings including:
 - o Strategic and efficient Web and Mobile marketing that places Life Storage in front of customers in search engines at the right time for conversion;
 - o Regional marketing which creates effective brand awareness in the cities where we do business;
 - o Our Customer Care Center answers sales inquiries and makes reservations for all of our Properties on a centralized basis. Further, our call center and customer contact software was developed in-house and is 100% supported by our in-house experts;
 - o Our “Rent Now” fully-digital rental platform allows customers to “skip the counter” by selecting a specific storage unit, completing the rental agreement and making their rental payment online;
 - o Our truck move-in program, under which, at present, approximately 300 of our stores offer Life Storage trucks to assist our customers moving into their spaces, and also serve as a moving billboard further supporting our branding efforts;
 - o Our dehumidification system provides our customers with a better environment to store their goods and improves yields on our Properties;
 - o Our Warehouse Anywhere last mile delivery solution provides corporate customers with third-party logistics and related services through a forward deployed, unmanned, decentralized model combining storage asset management with proprietary inventory tracking technology;
- Our customized computer applications link each of our primary sales channels (customer care center, web, and store) allowing for real time access to space type and inventory, pricing, promotions, and other pertinent store information. This also provides us with raw data on historical and current pricing, move-in and move-out activity, specials and occupancies, etc. This data is then used within the advanced pricing analytics programs employed by our revenue management team;
- All of our store employees receive a high level of training. New store associates are assigned a Certified Training Manager as a mentor during their initial training period. In addition, all employees have access to our online training and development portal for initial training as well as continuing education. Finally, we have a company intranet that acts as a communications portal for company policy and procedures, online ordering, incentive rankings, etc.

B. Acquiring additional stores:

- Our objective is to acquire new stores in markets in which we currently operate. This is a proven strategy we have employed over the years as it facilitates our branding efforts, grows market share, and allows us to achieve improved economies of scale through shared advertising, payroll, and other services.
- We also look to enter new markets that are in the top 50 Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA) by acquiring established multi-property portfolios. With this strategy we are then able to seek out additional acquisition or third-party management opportunities to continue to grow market share and branding and enhance economies of scale.
- We primarily target stores with higher average rental rates per square foot than our overall portfolio to help improve operating margin.

C. Expanding our management business:

- We see our management business as a source of future acquisitions. We hold a noncontrolling interest in multiple joint ventures which hold a total of 116 properties that we manage. In addition, we manage 251 self-storage facilities for which we have no ownership. We may enter into additional management agreements and develop additional joint ventures in the future.
- To broaden opportunities available, we have implemented a bridge lending program under which an unconsolidated joint venture of the Company provides financing to operating properties that we manage. We anticipate that this program will help us increase our management business, create additional future acquisition opportunities, and strengthen our relationship with partners, all while providing interest and fee income.

D. Expanding and enhancing our existing stores:

- Over the past five years we have undertaken a program of expanding and enhancing our Properties. In 2017, we added or converted to premium storage 504,000 square feet to existing Properties for a total cost of approximately \$35.2 million; in 2018, we added or converted to premium storage 390,000 square feet to existing Properties for a total cost of approximately \$27.8 million; in 2019, we added or converted to premium storage 694,000 square feet to existing Properties for a total cost of approximately \$58.1 million; in 2020, we added or converted to premium storage 522,000 square feet to existing Properties for a total cost of approximately \$41.4 million; and in 2021, we added or converted to premium storage 287,000 square feet to existing Properties for a total cost of approximately \$23.5 million.

Supply and Demand / Operating Trends

We believe the supply and demand model in the self-storage industry is micro-market specific in that a majority of our business comes from within a five-mile radius of our stores. The out-performance of the sector compared to other real estate asset classes has drawn new capital to self-storage. The Company experienced significant new competition in recent years and expects moderate growth in new supply at least through 2022. Despite the inflow of additional properties, we have seen capitalization rates on quality stabilized acquisitions in the top 50 major metropolitan markets (expected annual return on investment) compress slightly at approximately 4.0% to 5.0%.

We have experienced annual same store sales increases each year for the past 12 years, subsequent to the economic recession of 2009. We feel our recent performance further supports the notion that the self-storage industry holds up well regardless of the prevailing economic landscape. Our performance in 2021 and 2020 despite the ongoing effects of the COVID-19 global health crisis further supports this notion.

We believe the decrease in same store move ins in 2021 when compared to 2020 was due to lack of available space at many of our stores as a result of extremely high occupancy rates throughout 2021. We believe the increase in same store move outs over the same period was a result of the COVID-19 global health crisis during 2020 as many jurisdictions implemented stay-at-home orders for a portion of that year.

	2021	2020	Change
Same store move ins	194,816	204,976	(10,160)
Same store move outs	188,925	187,935	990
Difference	5,891	17,041	(11,150)

Although property tax increases were kept at moderate levels through assessment challenges in 2021, elevated property tax increases are expected in the coming years. We expect same store expense growth resulting from increases in health costs, property insurance and property taxes in 2022, to be partially offset by operating efficiencies gained from leveraging technology. We believe the same store expense increases will be at manageable levels.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the amounts reported in our financial statements and the accompanying notes. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and judgments, including those related to carrying values of storage facilities, bad debts, and contingencies and litigation. We base these estimates on experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The following estimates are considered critical because they are particularly dependent on our judgment about matters that have a significant level of uncertainty at the time the accounting estimates are made, and changes to those estimates could have a material impact on our financial condition or operating results.

Assigning purchase price to assets acquired: Upon adoption of Accounting Standards Update 2017-01, most of our self-storage facility acquisitions, including all self-storage facility acquisitions in 2021 and 2020, do not meet the definition of business combinations and are therefore treated as asset acquisitions. As a result, the cost of acquired storage facilities is assigned primarily to land, land improvements, building, equipment, and in-place customer leases based on the relative fair values of these assets as of the date of acquisition. We use significant unobservable inputs in our determination of the fair values of these assets. The determination of these inputs involves judgments and estimates that can vary for each individual property based on various factors specific to the properties and the functional, economic and other factors affecting each property. The fair values of the acquired facilities are determined using financial projections and applicable capitalization rates. To determine the fair value of land, we use prices per acre derived from observed transactions involving comparable land in similar locations. To determine the fair value of buildings, equipment and improvements, we use current replacement cost estimates based on information derived from construction industry data by geographic region as adjusted for age, condition, and turnkey factor, economic profit and economic obsolescence considerations associated with these assets. The fair values of in-place customer leases are based on the rent that would be lost due to the amount of time required to replace existing customers which is based on our historical experience with market demand and turnover in our facilities.

Qualification as a REIT: We operate, and intend to continue to operate, as a REIT under the Code, but no assurance can be given that we will at all times so qualify. To the extent that we continue to qualify as a REIT, we will not be taxed, with certain limited exceptions, on the taxable income that is distributed to our shareholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT, any requirement to pay federal income taxes could have a material adverse impact on our financial condition and results of operations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 to the financial statements.

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 COMPARED TO YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

We recorded rental revenues of \$690.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, an increase of \$151.2 million or 28.0% when compared to 2020 rental revenues of \$539.6 million. Of the change in rental revenue, \$72.2 million of the increase resulted from a 14.3% increase in rental revenues at the 531 core properties considered in same store sales (the Company will include stores in its same store pool in the second year after the stores achieve 80% sustained occupancy using market rates and incentives; therefore the 531 core properties considered in same store sales are those included in the consolidated results of operations since December 31, 2019, excluding stores not yet stabilized, four stores significantly impacted by flooding, and two stores that the Company began to fully replace in 2017). The increase in same store rental revenues was a result of a 290 basis point increase in average occupancy coupled with a 9.8% increase in rental income per square foot. Also contributing to the overall increase in rental revenues was an increase of \$79.0 million in rental revenues contributed by stores not included in the same store pool, primarily those acquired in 2021 and 2020. We recorded tenant reinsurance revenues of \$58.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, an increase of \$13.4 million or 29.9% when compared to 2020 tenant reinsurance revenues of \$44.7 million. The increase in tenant reinsurance revenues is primarily due to the increase in stores owned or managed in 2021. Other operating income, which includes merchandise sales, truck rentals, management fees and acquisition fees, increased by \$7.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 compared to 2020 primarily as the result of increased acquisition fees, increased management fees earned as a result of an increase in managed properties and increased revenues from the Company's Warehouse Anywhere third-party logistics and warehousing solution.

Property operations and maintenance expenses increased \$21.1 million or 17.2% in 2021 compared to 2020. The 531 core properties considered in the same store pool experienced a \$3.7 million or 3.5% increase in such expenses primarily as the result of increased repairs and maintenance expenditures and office related expenses. The net activity of the stores not included in the same store pool also contributed \$17.4 million to the overall increase in property operations and maintenance expenses. Tenant reinsurance expenses increased \$7.2 million or 45.5% in 2021 compared to 2020 primarily as the result of the increase in stores owned or managed in 2021. Real estate tax expense increased \$9.6 million or 13.6% in 2021 compared to 2020. The 531 core properties considered in the same store pool experienced a \$2.2 million or 3.4%

increase in real estate taxes which is reflective of a net increase in property tax levies on those properties. In addition to the same store real estate tax expense increase, real estate taxes increased \$7.3 million from the stores not included in the same store pool.

Our 2021 same store results consist of only those Properties that have been owned by the Company and included in our consolidated results since December 31, 2019, excluding stores not yet stabilized, four stores significantly impacted by flooding, and two stores that the Company began to fully replace in 2017. The impact of tenant reinsurance related items is excluded from same store results. We believe that same store results are meaningful measures to investors in evaluating our operating performance because, given the acquisitive nature of the industry, same store results provide information about the overall business after removing the results from those properties that were not consistent from year-to-year. Additionally, same store results are widely used in the real estate industry and the self-storage industry to measure performance. Same store results should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, consolidated results in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

The following table sets forth operating data for our 531 same store properties. These results provide information relating to property operating changes without the effects of acquisitions.

Same Store Summary

(dollars in thousands)	Year ended December 31,		Percentage Change
	2021	2020	
Same store rental income	\$ 578,658	\$ 506,469	14.3%
Same store other operating income	6,893	6,519	5.7%
Total same store operating income	585,551	512,988	14.1%
Payroll and benefits	38,900	38,995	(0.2)%
Real estate taxes	67,142	64,918	3.4%
Utilities	14,654	14,273	2.7%
Repairs and maintenance	18,259	16,098	13.4%
Office and other operating expenses	16,680	15,397	8.3%
Insurance	6,374	6,151	3.6%
Advertising	212	241	(12.0)%
Internet marketing	13,871	14,069	(1.4)%
Total same store operating expenses	176,092	170,142	3.5%
Same store net operating income	\$ 409,459	\$ 342,846	19.4%

Net operating income increased \$134.0 million or 32.8% as a result of a 19.4% increase in our same store net operating income along with an increase of \$67.4 million primarily related to the Company's tenant insurance program, increased management fees, and the properties not included in the same store pool.

Net operating income or "NOI" is a non-GAAP financial measure that we define as total continuing revenues less continuing property operating expenses. NOI also can be calculated by adding back to net income: interest expense, impairment and casualty losses, operating lease expense, depreciation and amortization expense, any losses on sale of real estate, acquisition related costs, general and administrative expense, and deducting from net income: income from discontinued operations, interest income, any gains on sale of real estate, and equity in income of joint ventures. We believe that NOI is a meaningful measure to investors in evaluating our operating performance because we utilize NOI in making decisions with respect to capital allocations, in determining current property values, and in comparing period-to-period and market-to-market property operating results. Additionally, NOI is widely used in the real estate industry and the self-storage industry to measure the performance and value of real estate assets without regard to various items included in net income that do not relate to or are not indicative of operating performance, such as depreciation and amortization, which can vary depending on accounting methods and the book value of assets. NOI should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for, other measures of financial performance reported in accordance with GAAP, such as total revenues, operating income and net income. There are material limitations to using a measure such as NOI, including the difficulty associated with comparing results among more than one company and the inability to analyze certain significant items, including depreciation and interest expense, that directly affect our net income. We compensate for these limitations by considering the economic effect of the excluded expense items independently as well as in connection with our analysis of net income.

The following table reconciles our net income presented in the 2021 and 2020 consolidated financial statements to NOI generated by our self-storage facilities during those years.

(dollars in thousands)	Year ended December 31,	
	2021	2020
Net income	\$ 252,175	\$ 152,360
General and administrative	62,617	52,055
Depreciation and amortization	147,119	122,925
Gain on sale of real estate	—	(302)
Interest expense	86,786	86,015
Interest income	(827)	(19)
Equity in income of joint ventures	(5,696)	(4,838)
Net operating income	\$ 542,174	\$ 408,196
Net operating income		
Same store	409,459	342,846
Other stores, tenant reinsurance related income and management fee income	132,715	65,350
Total net operating income	\$ 542,174	\$ 408,196

General and administrative expenses increased \$10.6 million or 20.3% from 2020 to 2021. This increase was primarily driven by an increase in home office personnel related costs to support the growth in stores and increased investments in technology.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased to \$147.1 million in 2021 from \$122.9 million in 2020 as a result of depreciation and amortization related to self-storage facilities acquired in 2021 and 2020.

Interest expense increased from \$86.0 million in 2020 to \$86.8 million in 2021 primarily as a result of increased outstanding debt balances in 2021 as compared to 2020, partially offset by a make whole payment of \$4.0 million made in 2020 as part of the early repayment of \$100 million of term notes.

The Company did not sell any properties in 2021 or 2020.

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 COMPARED TO YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

We recorded rental revenues of \$539.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of \$28.8 million or 5.6% when compared to 2019 rental revenues of \$510.8 million. Of the change in rental revenue, \$8.3 million of the increase resulted from a 1.7% increase in rental revenues at the 515 core properties considered in same store sales (the Company will include stores in its same store pool in the second year after the stores achieve 80% sustained occupancy using market rates and incentives; therefore the 515 core properties considered in same store sales are those included in the consolidated results of operations since December 31, 2018, excluding stores not yet stabilized, the properties we sold in 2019, four stores significantly impacted by flooding, and two stores that the Company began to fully replace in 2017). The increase in same store rental revenues was a result of a 130 basis point increase in average occupancy, partially offset by a 0.6% decrease in rental income per square foot. Also contributing to the overall increase in rental revenues was an increase of \$20.5 million in rental revenues contributed by stores not included in the same store pool, primarily those acquired in 2020 and 2019, partially offset by stores sold in 2019. We recorded tenant reinsurance revenues of \$44.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2020, an increase of \$9.8 million or 28.2% when compared to 2019 tenant reinsurance revenues of \$34.9 million. The increase in tenant reinsurance revenues is primarily due to the increase in stores in 2020 along with the change in the Company's tenant reinsurance program effective April 1, 2019. Other operating income, which includes merchandise sales, truck rentals, management fees and acquisition fees, increased by \$3.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to 2019 primarily as the result of increased management fees earned as a result of an increase in managed properties.

Property operations and maintenance expenses increased \$1.0 million or 0.9% in 2020 compared to 2019. The 515 core properties considered in the same store pool experienced a \$1.4 million or 1.4% decrease in such expenses as a result of the impact of the Company's investments in technology such as our "Rent Now" online rental platform which has enabled the Company to operate more efficiently. Further, same store payroll, repairs and maintenance, utilities, and other operating expenses all decreased in 2020 as compared to 2019 due to the Company's focus on efficiencies. These same store decreases were offset by an increase in internet marketing costs used to drive move ins during the second and third quarters of 2020. The overall increase in property operations and maintenance expense is the result of the net activity of the stores not included in the same store pool along with expenses incurred during 2020 due to damages resulting from the impact of a hurricane on two of our self-storage facilities. Tenant reinsurance expenses increased \$7.1 million or 82.8% in 2020 compared to 2019 primarily as the result of the change in the Company's tenant insurance program effective April 1, 2019, along with an increase in stores in 2020 and tenant reinsurance claims resulting from the impact of a hurricane on two of our self-storage facilities in 2020. Real estate tax expense increased \$5.2 million or 8.1% in 2020 compared to 2019. The 515 core properties considered in the same store pool experienced a \$1.9 million or 3.1% increase which is reflective of a net increase in property tax levies on those properties. In addition to the same store real estate expense increase, real estate taxes increased \$3.3 million from the stores not included in the same store pool.

Our 2020 same store results consist of only those Properties that have been owned by the Company and included in our consolidated results since December 31, 2018, excluding stores not yet stabilized, the properties we sold in 2019, four stores significantly impacted by flooding, and two stores that the Company began to fully replace in 2017. The impact of tenant reinsurance related items is excluded from same store results.

The following table sets forth operating data for our 515 same store properties. These results provide information relating to property operating changes without the effects of acquisitions.

Same Store Summary

(dollars in thousands)	Year ended December 31,		Percentage Change
	2020	2019	
Same store rental income	\$ 490,343	\$ 482,006	1.7%
Same store other operating income	6,298	6,617	(4.8)%
Total same store operating income	496,641	488,623	1.6%
Payroll and benefits	37,761	38,864	(2.8)%
Real estate taxes	62,958	61,054	3.1%
Utilities	13,894	15,199	(8.6)%
Repairs and maintenance	15,579	16,582	(6.0)%
Office and other operating expenses	14,998	15,529	(3.4)%
Insurance	6,017	5,909	1.8%
Advertising	233	877	(73.4)%
Internet marketing	13,645	10,589	28.9%
Total same store operating expenses	165,085	164,603	0.3%
Same store net operating income	\$ 331,556	\$ 324,020	2.3%

Net operating income increased \$28.6 million or 7.5% as a result of a 2.3% increase in our same store net operating income along with an increase of \$21.1 million related to the Company's tenant insurance program, increased management fees, and the properties not included in the same store pool.

The following table reconciles NOI generated by our self-storage facilities to our net income presented in the 2020 and 2019 consolidated financial statements.

(dollars in thousands)	Year ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Net income	\$ 152,360	\$ 260,077
General and administrative	52,055	46,622
Payments for rent	—	358
Depreciation and amortization	122,925	107,130
Gain on sale of storage facilities	—	(104,353)
Gain on sale of real estate	(302)	(1,781)
Interest expense	86,015	76,430
Interest income	(19)	(342)
Equity in income of joint ventures	(4,838)	(4,566)
Net operating income	\$ 408,196	\$ 379,575
Net operating income		
Same store	331,556	324,020
Other stores, tenant reinsurance related income and management fee income	76,640	55,555
Total net operating income	\$ 408,196	\$ 379,575

General and administrative expenses increased \$5.4 million or 11.7% from 2019 to 2020. This increase was primarily driven by increased personnel costs to support the growth in stores, a \$1.7 million cost reduction in the second quarter of 2019 relating to the finalization of a legal settlement which did not recur in 2020, and \$0.8 million of costs incurred related to a legal settlement in 2020.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased to \$122.9 million in 2020 from \$107.1 million in 2019 as a result of depreciation and amortization related to self-storage facilities acquired in 2020 and 2019, paired with \$5.8 million of additional depreciation expense in 2020 related to self-storage facilities that were identified for replacement.

Interest expense increased from \$76.4 million in 2019 to \$86.0 million in 2020 primarily as a result of increased outstanding debt balances in 2020 as compared to 2019 and a make whole payment of \$4.0 million made in 2020 as part of the early repayment of \$100 million of term notes.

The Company did not sell any properties in 2020. On July 2, 2019, the Company sold 32 non-strategic properties to an unrelated third-party and received net cash proceeds of \$207.6 million, resulting in a gain of \$100.2 million. The Company also recognized a gain of \$4.1 million in 2019 related to a property that was sold during 2017 and subsequently leased by the Company through November 2019. These dispositions were not classified as discontinued operations since they did not meet the criteria for such classification under ASU 2014-08 guidance.

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

We believe that Funds from Operations (“FFO”) provides relevant and meaningful information about our operating performance that is necessary, along with net earnings and cash flows, for an understanding of our operating results. FFO adds back historical cost depreciation, which assumes the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably in the future. In fact, real estate asset values increase or decrease with market conditions. Consequently, we believe FFO is a useful supplemental measure in evaluating our operating performance by disregarding (or adding back) historical cost depreciation.

FFO is defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, Inc. (“NAREIT”) as net income available to common shareholders computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains or losses on sales of properties, plus impairment of real estate assets, plus depreciation and amortization and after adjustments to record unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures on the same basis. We believe that to further understand our performance FFO should be compared with our reported net income and cash flows in accordance with GAAP, as presented in our consolidated financial statements.

Our computation of FFO may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs or real estate companies that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently. FFO does not represent cash generated from operating activities determined in accordance with GAAP, and should not be considered as an alternative to net income (determined in accordance with GAAP) as an indication of our performance, as an alternative to net cash flows from operating activities (determined in accordance with GAAP) as a measure of our liquidity, or as an indicator of our ability to make cash distributions.

Reconciliation of Net Income to Funds From Operations

(dollars in thousands)	For Year Ended December 31,				
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$ 249,317	\$ 151,571	\$ 258,699	\$ 206,590	\$ 96,365
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership	1,364	789	1,378	968	444
Depreciation of real estate and amortization of intangible assets exclusive of debt issuance costs	144,978	120,512	105,107	100,528	125,580
Depreciation and amortization from unconsolidated joint ventures	6,227	5,814	6,195	5,107	4,296
(Gain) loss on sale of storage facilities	—	—	(104,353)	(56,398)	3,503
Funds from operations allocable to noncontrolling interest in the Operating Partnership	(2,177)	(1,443)	(1,417)	(1,197)	(1,045)
Funds from operations available to common shareholders	<u>\$ 399,709</u>	<u>\$ 277,243</u>	<u>\$ 265,609</u>	<u>\$ 255,598</u>	<u>\$ 229,143</u>

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The COVID-19 global health crisis impacted the cost of debt and equity for a period of time and may disrupt markets in the future. We expect to be able to maintain adequate liquidity as we manage through the current environment. While significant uncertainty exists as to the full impact of the COVID-19 global health crisis on our liquidity and capital resources, as of the date of this report we believe that the combination of our cash on hand, the cash generated by our operations, and our line of credit will be adequate to fund our operations. We will continue to actively monitor the potential impact of the COVID-19 global health crisis on our liquidity and capital resources.

Our line of credit and term notes require us to meet certain financial covenants measured on a quarterly basis, including prescribed leverage, fixed charge coverage, minimum net worth, limitations on additional indebtedness, and limitations on dividend payouts. At December 31, 2021, the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants. In the event that the Company violates its debt covenants in the future, the amounts due under the agreements could be callable by the lenders and could adversely affect our credit rating requiring us to pay higher interest and other debt-related costs. We believe that if operating results remain consistent with historical levels and levels of other debt and liabilities remain consistent with amounts outstanding at December 31, 2021, the entire availability under our line of credit could be drawn without violating our debt covenants.

Our ability to retain cash flow is limited because we operate as a REIT. To maintain our REIT status, a substantial portion of our operating cash flow must be used to pay dividends to our shareholders. We believe that our internally generated net cash provided by operating activities and the availability on our line of credit will be sufficient to fund ongoing operations, capital improvements, dividends and debt service requirements.

Cash flows from operating activities were \$433.9 million, \$299.0 million, and \$278.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively. The increases in operating cash flows from 2020 to 2021 and from 2019 to 2020 were primarily due to an increase in net income as adjusted for non-cash depreciation and amortization expenses, gains on the sale of storage facilities and other non-cash items during these periods.

Cash used in investing activities was \$1,680.7 million, \$576.0 million, and \$302.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively. The increase in cash used in investing activities from 2020 to 2021 was the result of an increase in self-storage facility acquisition activity, increased capital spending, and an increase in the Company's investment in unconsolidated joint ventures, partially offset by an increase in return of investment in unconsolidated joint ventures. The increase in cash used in investing activities from 2019 to 2020 was the result of an increase in self-storage facility acquisition activity, partially offset by a \$28.0 million return of investment in unconsolidated joint ventures and decreases in both capital spending and net proceeds from the sales of storage facilities in 2020.

Cash provided by financing activities was \$1,364.5 million, \$314.2 million, and \$31.2 million during the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively. The increase in cash provided by financing activities from 2020 to 2021 was primarily the result of the Company's issuance of 2,875,000 shares of common stock through a public equity offering in 2021 resulting in net proceeds of \$348.8 million, an increase in sales of shares of common stock under the Company's continuous equity offering programs during 2021, and an increase in proceeds from term notes resulting from \$600 million of senior notes issued in 2021 as compared to \$400 million of senior notes issued in 2020, partially offset by an increase in dividends paid. Also contributing to this increase is a reduction in the net repayment of the Company's line of credit in 2021 as compared to 2020. The increase in cash provided by finance activities from 2019 to 2020 was primarily the result of \$296.0 million of net proceeds from the issuance of shares of common stock under the Company's continuous equity offering program in 2020.

For the years 2019, 2020 and 2021, see Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements for details of the Company's unsecured line of credit and term note activity, Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements for the Company's mortgage activity and related details, and Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements for the Company's equity activity. Also, see Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements for details of the activity in debt held by unconsolidated joint ventures of the Company. The debt held by these unconsolidated joint ventures is secured by the real estate owned by these entities and is nonrecourse to us.

Our line of credit facility and term notes have an investment grade rating from Standard and Poor's (BBB) and Moody's (Baa2).

We expect to fund operating expenses, future acquisitions, our expansion and enhancement program, and share repurchases, if any, and any other cash requirements with future cash flows from operations, draws on our line of credit, issuance of common and/or preferred stock, the issuance of unsecured term notes, sale of properties, and private placement solicitation of joint venture equity. Should the capital markets deteriorate, we may have to curtail acquisitions, our expansion and enhancement program, and/or any share repurchases.

PENDING OBLIGATIONS

The following table summarized our pending obligations:

Contractual obligations	Payments due by period (in thousands)				
	Total	2022	2023-2024	2025-2026	2027 and thereafter
Term notes	2,775,000	—	175,000	600,000	2,000,000
Mortgages payable	37,030	515	30,316	6,199	—
Interest payments	592,032	93,304	178,151	155,645	164,932
Land leases	10,036	741	1,484	1,488	6,323
Expansion and enhancement contracts	61,379	61,379	—	—	—
Building leases	17,607	2,294	4,521	4,155	6,637
Retail space rent	5,254	5,254	—	—	—
Self-storage facility acquisitions	246,300	246,300	—	—	—
Total	\$ 3,744,638	\$ 409,787	\$ 389,472	\$ 767,487	\$ 2,177,892

Interest payments include actual interest on fixed rate debt.

ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES

In 2021, we acquired 112 self-storage facilities comprising 7.9 million square feet in Alabama (7), Arizona (4), California (1), Colorado (3), Connecticut (6), Florida (31), Georgia (16), Illinois (4), Kentucky (1), Maine (1), New Hampshire (4), New Jersey (5), New York (1), North Carolina (6), Ohio (1), Oklahoma (2), South Carolina (5), Tennessee (1), Texas (10), Virginia (1), and Washington (2) for a total purchase price of \$ 1,696.3 million, which is net of the Company's equity in profit from the acquisitions of the New York store and three Georgia stores purchased from unconsolidated joint ventures. Additionally, 27 of these facilities were managed by the Company for a third-party prior to acquisition. Based on the trailing financial information of the entities from which the properties were acquired, the weighted average capitalization rate for these acquisitions was 3.6%.

In 2020 we acquired 40 self-storage facilities comprising 3.1 million square feet in California (8), Florida, (6), Georgia (1), Missouri (1), New Jersey (7), New York (1), Ohio (6), Pennsylvania (4), South Carolina (1), and Texas (5) for a total purchase price of \$532.6 million. One of these acquired properties resulted from the Company acquiring the remaining 15% of a joint venture. Additionally, two of these facilities were managed by the Company for a third-party prior to acquisition. Based on the trailing financial information of the entities from which the properties were acquired, the weighted average capitalization rate for these acquisitions was 5.0%.

In 2019, we acquired 30 self-storage facilities comprising 2.2 million square feet in Florida (4), Georgia (1), Maryland (5), Nevada (1), New York (1), New Jersey (2), North Carolina (1), Ohio (3), South Carolina (2), Tennessee (1), Texas (1), Virginia (5), and Washington (3) for a total purchase price of \$429.4 million. One of these acquired properties resulted from the Company acquiring the remaining 60% of a joint venture. Additionally, one of these self-storage facilities was previously leased by the Company prior to acquisition. Based on the trailing financial information of the entities from which the properties were acquired, the weighted average capitalization rate for these acquisitions was 2.5%.

FUTURE ACQUISITION AND DEVELOPMENT PLANS

Our external growth strategy is to increase the number of facilities we own by acquiring suitable facilities in markets in which we already have operations, or to expand into new markets by acquiring several facilities at once in those new markets. We are actively pursuing acquisitions in 2022 and at December 31, 2021 we were under contract to acquire ten self-storage facilities for an aggregate purchase price of \$246.3 million. During January 2022, the Company completed the acquisition of six of these self-storage facilities for an aggregate purchase price of \$165.0 million. Also, subsequent to December 31, 2021, the Company entered into a contracts to acquire 15 self-storage facilities for an aggregate purchase price of \$236.2 million. The purchases of these 19 self-storage facilities under contract are subject to customary conditions to closing, and there is no assurance that these facilities will be acquired.

In 2021, we added or converted to premium storage 287,000 square feet to existing Properties for a total cost of approximately \$23.5 million. Although we do not expect to construct any new facilities in 2022, we do plan to complete \$65 million to \$75 million in expansions and enhancements to existing facilities of which \$36.6 million was paid as of December 31, 2021.

In 2021, the Company spent approximately \$35.3 million for recurring capitalized expenditures including roofing, paving, and office renovations. We expect to spend \$25 million to \$30 million in 2022 on similar capital expenditures.

DISPOSITION OF PROPERTIES

The Company did not sell or otherwise dispose of any properties during 2021 or 2020. During 2019, the Company sold 32 non-strategic properties in Louisiana (9), Mississippi (8), North Carolina (4), South Carolina (5), and Texas (6) to an unrelated third-party for net proceeds of \$207.6 million, resulting in a gain on sale of approximately \$100.2 million.

As part of our ongoing strategy to improve overall operating efficiencies and portfolio quality, we may seek to sell additional Properties to third-parties or joint venture partners in 2022.

REIT QUALIFICATION AND DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS

As a REIT, we are not required to pay federal income tax on income that we distribute to our shareholders, provided that we satisfy certain requirements, including distributing at least 90% of our REIT taxable income for a taxable year. These distributions must be made in the year to which they relate, or in the following year if declared before we file our federal income tax return, and if they are paid not later than the date of the first regular dividend of the following year.

As a REIT, we must derive at least 95% of our total gross income from income related to real property, interest and dividends. In 2021, our percentage of revenue from such sources was approximately 97%, thereby passing the 95% test, and no special measures are expected to be required to enable us to maintain our REIT designation. Although we currently intend to operate in a manner designed to qualify as a REIT, it is possible that future economic, market, legal, tax or other considerations may cause our Board of Directors to revoke our REIT election.

INTEREST RATE RISK

The primary market risk to which we believe we are exposed is interest rate risk, which may result from many factors, including government monetary and tax policies, domestic and international economic and political considerations, and other factors that are beyond our control.

We do not carry any floating rate debt at December 31, 2021. Therefore, a 100 basis point increase in interest rates would not have an effect on our annual interest expense. This analysis does not consider the effects of the reduced level of overall economic activity that could exist in such an environment. Further, in the event of a change of such magnitude, we would consider taking actions to further mitigate our exposure to the change. However, due to the uncertainty of the specific actions that would be taken and their possible effects, the sensitivity analysis assumes no changes in our capital structure.

INFLATION

We do not believe that inflation has had or will have a direct effect on our operations. Substantially all of the leases at the facilities are on a month-to-month basis which provides us with the opportunity to increase rental rates in a timely manner in response to any potential future inflationary pressures.

SEASONALITY

Our revenues typically have been higher in the third and fourth quarters, primarily because self-storage facilities tend to experience greater occupancy during the late spring, summer and early fall months due to the greater incidence of residential moves and college student activity during these periods. However, we believe that our customer mix, diverse geographic locations, rental structure and expense structure provide adequate protection against undue fluctuations in cash flows and net revenues during off-peak seasons. Thus, we do not expect seasonality to materially affect distributions to shareholders.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The information required is incorporated by reference to the information appearing under the caption "Interest Rate Risk" in "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" above.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Life Storage, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Life Storage, Inc. (the Parent Company) as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a)(2) (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Parent Company at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Parent Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) and our report dated February 25, 2022 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Parent Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Parent Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Parent Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Accounting for the Acquisition of Storage Facilities

Description of the Matter

As described in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2021, the Parent Company acquired 112 storage facilities for an aggregate purchase price of \$1.7 billion. The transactions were accounted for as asset acquisitions and the purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired based on their relative fair value.

Auditing the Parent Company's accounting for its storage facility acquisitions in 2021 involved a high degree of subjectivity due to the significant estimation required to determine the fair values of the acquired land and buildings. In particular, the fair value estimates were sensitive to assumptions such as prices per acre and current replacement cost estimates, including adjustments for the age, condition, turnkey factor, economic profit, and economic obsolescence associated with the acquired facilities.

How We Addressed the Matter in Our Audit

We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design, and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over the Parent Company's storage facility acquisition process. This included testing controls over management's evaluation of the significant assumptions used to determine the fair values of the assets acquired.

For the 2021 acquisitions of storage facilities described above, our audit procedures included, among others, evaluating the Parent Company's valuation methodologies and testing the significant assumptions used to determine the fair value of the assets acquired. We tested the completeness and accuracy of the underlying data by, among other things, recalculating the current replacement cost of buildings and comparing the adjustments for the age, condition, turnkey factor, economic profit, and economic obsolescence associated with the acquired assets to industry publications on a test basis. We also compared significant assumptions, including prices per acre, to third-party sources such as recent land sales. For certain of these asset acquisitions, we involved our valuation specialists to assist in the assessment of the methodology utilized by the Parent Company, in addition to performing corroborative analyses to assess whether the conclusions in the valuation were supported by observable market data. For example, our valuation specialists used independently identified data sources to evaluate management's selected comparable land sales, replacement cost assumptions and the fair value of individual storage facilities acquired in portfolio acquisitions.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

We have served as the Parent Company's auditor since 1994.

Buffalo, New York
February 25, 2022

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Partners and the Board of Directors of Life Storage LP

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Life Storage LP (the Operating Partnership) as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, partners' capital and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a)(2) (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Operating Partnership at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) and our report dated February 25, 2022 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Operating Partnership's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Operating Partnership's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Operating Partnership in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Accounting for the Acquisition of Storage Facilities

Description of the Matter

As described in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2021, the Operating Partnership acquired 112 storage facilities for an aggregate purchase price of \$1.7 billion. The transactions were accounted for as asset acquisitions and the purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired based on their relative fair value.

Auditing the Operating Partnership's accounting for its storage facility acquisitions in 2021 involved a high degree of subjectivity due to the significant estimation required to determine the fair values of the acquired land and buildings. In particular, the fair value estimates were sensitive to assumptions such as prices per acre and current replacement cost estimates, including adjustments for the age, condition, turnkey factor, economic profit, and economic obsolescence associated with the acquired facilities.

How We Addressed the Matter in Our Audit

We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design, and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over the Operating Partnership's storage facility acquisition process. This included testing controls over management's evaluation of the significant assumptions used to determine the fair values of the assets acquired.

For the 2021 acquisitions of storage facilities described above, our audit procedures included, among others, evaluating the Operating Partnership's valuation methodologies and testing the significant assumptions used to determine the fair value of the assets acquired. We tested the completeness and accuracy of the underlying data by, among other things, recalculating the current replacement cost of buildings and comparing the adjustments for the age, condition, turnkey factor, economic profit, and economic obsolescence associated with the acquired assets to industry publications on a test basis. We also compared significant assumptions, including prices per acre, to third-party sources such as recent land sales. For certain of these asset acquisitions, we involved our valuation specialists to assist in the assessment of the methodology utilized by the Operating Partnership, in addition to performing corroborative analyses to assess whether the conclusions in the valuation were supported by observable market data. For example, our valuation specialists used independently identified data sources to evaluate management's selected comparable land sales, replacement cost assumptions and the fair value of individual storage facilities acquired in portfolio acquisitions.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

We have served as the Operating Partnership's auditor since 2016.

Buffalo, New York
February 25, 2022

LIFE STORAGE, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(dollars in thousands, except share data)	December 31,	
	2021	2020
Assets		
Investment in storage facilities:		
Land	\$ 1,185,976	\$ 951,813
Building, equipment, and construction in progress	5,904,481	4,378,510
	7,090,457	5,330,323
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,007,650)	(873,178)
Investment in storage facilities, net	6,082,807	4,457,145
Cash and cash equivalents	171,865	54,400
Accounts receivable	17,784	15,464
Receivable from unconsolidated joint ventures	333	1,064
Investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	213,003	143,042
Prepaid expenses	9,918	8,326
Trade name	16,500	16,500
Other assets	44,387	31,907
Total Assets	\$ 6,556,597	\$ 4,727,848
Liabilities		
Line of credit	\$ —	\$ —
Term notes, net	2,747,838	2,155,457
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	131,778	112,654
Deferred revenue	27,277	17,416
Mortgages payable	37,030	37,777
Total Liabilities	2,943,923	2,323,304
Noncontrolling redeemable Preferred Operating Partnership Units at redemption value	90,783	—
Noncontrolling redeemable Common Operating Partnership Units at redemption value	142,892	26,446
Shareholders' Equity		
Common stock \$.01 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 83,565,710 shares outstanding at December 31, 2021 (74,211,920 at December 31, 2020)	836	495
Additional paid-in capital	3,697,000	2,671,311
Dividends in excess of net income	(314,713)	(288,667)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,124)	(5,041)
Total Shareholders' Equity	3,378,999	2,378,098
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 6,556,597	\$ 4,727,848

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

LIFE STORAGE, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019
Revenues			
Rental income	\$ 690,758	\$ 539,554	\$ 510,774
Tenant reinsurance	58,103	44,742	34,902
Other operating income	39,704	32,475	29,063
Total operating revenues	788,565	616,771	574,739
Expenses			
Property operations and maintenance	143,648	122,544	121,499
Tenant reinsurance	22,882	15,729	8,604
Real estate taxes	79,861	70,302	65,061
General and administrative	62,617	52,055	46,622
Payments for rent	—	—	358
Depreciation and amortization	147,119	122,925	107,130
Total operating expenses	456,127	383,555	349,274
Gain on sale of storage facilities	—	—	104,353
Gain on sale of real estate	—	302	1,781
Income from operations	332,438	233,518	331,599
Other income (expenses)			
Interest expense	(86,786)	(86,015)	(76,430)
Interest income	827	19	342
Equity in income of joint ventures	5,696	4,838	4,566
Net income	252,175	152,360	260,077
Net income attributable to noncontrolling preferred interests in the Operating Partnership	(1,494)	—	—
Net income attributable to noncontrolling common interests in the Operating Partnership	(1,364)	(789)	(1,378)
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$ 249,317	\$ 151,571	\$ 258,699
Earnings per common share attributable to common shareholders - basic	\$ 3.18	\$ 2.13	\$ 3.70
Earnings per common share attributable to common shareholders - diluted	\$ 3.17	\$ 2.13	\$ 3.70

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

LIFE STORAGE, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(dollars in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019
Net income	\$ 252,175	\$ 152,360	\$ 260,077
Other comprehensive income:			
Effective portion of gain on derivatives net of reclassification to interest expense	917	917	917
Total comprehensive income	253,092	153,277	260,994
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership	(2,863)	(794)	(1,383)
Comprehensive income attributable to common shareholders	\$ 250,229	\$ 152,483	\$ 259,611

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

LIFE STORAGE, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(dollars in thousands, except share data)	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Dividends in Excess of Net Income	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (AOCL)	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance January 1, 2019	69,926,161	466	2,372,157	(308,011)	(6,875)	2,057,737
Exercise of stock options	9,750	—	376	—	—	376
Issuance of non-vested stock	80,180	1	(1)	—	—	—
Forfeiture of non-vested stock	(2,192)	—	—	—	—	—
Earned portion of non-vested stock	—	—	4,192	—	—	4,192
Carrying value less than redemption value on redeemed noncontrolling interest	—	—	(1)	—	—	(1)
Adjustment to redemption value of noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units	—	—	—	(2,455)	—	(2,455)
Net income attributable to common shareholders	—	—	—	258,699	—	258,699
Amortization of terminated hedge included in AOCL	—	—	—	—	917	917
Dividends	—	—	—	(186,571)	—	(186,571)
Balance December 31, 2019	70,013,899	467	2,376,723	(238,338)	(5,958)	2,132,894
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	4,091,666	27	295,935	—	—	295,962
Issuance of non-vested stock	113,829	1	(1)	—	—	—
Forfeiture of non-vested stock	(7,474)	—	—	—	—	—
Earned portion of non-vested stock	—	—	4,559	—	—	4,559
Carrying value less than redemption value on redeemed noncontrolling interest	—	—	(264)	—	—	(264)
Adjustment to redemption value of noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units	—	—	—	(2,884)	—	(2,884)
Purchases of equity in consolidated subsidiary from noncontrolling interests	—	—	(5,641)	3,341	—	(2,300)
Net income attributable to common shareholders	—	—	—	151,571	—	151,571
Amortization of terminated hedge included in AOCL	—	—	—	—	917	917
Dividends	—	—	—	(202,357)	—	(202,357)
Balance December 31, 2020	74,211,920	495	2,671,311	(288,667)	(5,041)	2,378,098
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	9,244,736	88	1,019,269	—	—	1,019,357
Issuance of non-vested stock	109,112	1	(1)	—	—	—
Earned portion of non-vested stock	—	—	6,604	—	—	6,604
Stock dividend	(58)	252	(252)	—	—	—
Carrying value less than redemption value on redeemed noncontrolling interest	—	—	(48)	—	—	(48)
Adjustment to redemption value of noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units	—	—	—	(34,163)	—	(34,163)
Deferred compensation - Directors	—	—	117	—	—	117
Net income attributable to common shareholders	—	—	—	249,317	—	249,317
Amortization of terminated hedge included in AOCL	—	—	—	—	917	917
Dividends	—	—	—	(241,200)	—	(241,200)
Balance December 31, 2021	<u>83,565,710</u>	<u>\$ 836</u>	<u>\$ 3,697,000</u>	<u>\$ (314,713)</u>	<u>\$ (4,124)</u>	<u>\$ 3,378,999</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

LIFE STORAGE, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(dollars in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019
Operating Activities			
Net income	\$ 252,175	\$ 152,360	\$ 260,077
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	147,119	122,925	107,130
Amortization of debt issuance costs and bond discount	4,513	4,096	3,900
Gain on sale of storage facilities	—	—	(104,353)
Gain on sale of real estate	—	(302)	(1,781)
Equity in income of joint ventures	(5,696)	(4,838)	(4,566)
Distributions from unconsolidated joint ventures	13,866	14,098	10,165
Non-vested stock earned and deferred compensation	6,604	4,559	4,192
Deferred income taxes	34	496	1,328
Other	(107)	(210)	—
Changes in assets and liabilities (excluding the effects of acquisitions):			
Accounts receivable	(2,140)	(2,915)	(4,534)
Prepaid expenses	(1,569)	(247)	(356)
Receipts from (advances to) joint ventures	731	(95)	(81)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	13,888	4,787	5,295
Deferred revenue	4,483	4,252	2,426
Net cash provided by operating activities	433,901	298,966	278,842
Investing Activities			
Acquisition of storage facilities, net of cash and restricted cash acquired	(1,514,684)	(520,943)	(393,298)
Improvements, equipment additions, and construction in progress	(85,080)	(56,397)	(90,995)
Net proceeds from the sale of storage facilities and other real estate	—	—	207,568
Return of investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	37,584	28,008	—
Investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	(113,465)	(26,383)	(25,659)
Loans to unconsolidated joint ventures	—	(35,850)	—
Loan payments received from unconsolidated joint ventures	—	35,850	—
Property deposits	(5,089)	(280)	(138)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,680,734)	(575,995)	(302,522)
Financing Activities			
Net proceeds from sale of common stock	1,019,357	295,962	376
Proceeds from line of credit	459,000	285,000	305,000
Repayment of line of credit	(459,000)	(350,000)	(331,000)
Proceeds from term notes, net of discount	594,498	398,096	348,166
Repayment of term notes	—	(100,000)	(100,000)
Debt issuance costs	(5,114)	(3,490)	(3,099)
Dividends paid - common stock	(241,200)	(202,357)	(186,571)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest holders	(1,751)	(1,047)	(993)
Payments to acquire equity in consolidated subsidiary from noncontrolling interests	—	(2,000)	—
Redemption of operating partnership units	(805)	(2,751)	(250)
Mortgage principal payments	(489)	(3,169)	(458)
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,364,496	314,244	31,171
Net increase in cash and restricted cash	117,663	37,215	7,491
Cash and restricted cash at beginning of period	58,771	21,556	14,065
Cash and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 176,434	\$ 58,771	\$ 21,556
Supplemental cash flow information			
Cash paid for interest, net of interest capitalized	\$ 81,421	\$ 79,423	\$ 73,378
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 1,727	\$ 1,294	\$ 1,625

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

LIFE STORAGE LP
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(dollars in thousands, except unit data)	December 31,	
	2021	2020
Assets		
Investment in storage facilities:		
Land	\$ 1,185,976	\$ 951,813
Building, equipment, and construction in progress	5,904,481	4,378,510
	7,090,457	5,330,323
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,007,650)	(873,178)
Investment in storage facilities, net	6,082,807	4,457,145
Cash and cash equivalents	171,865	54,400
Accounts receivable	17,784	15,464
Receivable from unconsolidated joint ventures	333	1,064
Investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	213,003	143,042
Prepaid expenses	9,918	8,326
Trade name	16,500	16,500
Other assets	44,387	31,907
Total Assets	\$ 6,556,597	\$ 4,727,848
Liabilities		
Line of credit	\$ —	\$ —
Term notes, net	2,747,838	2,155,457
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	131,778	112,654
Deferred revenue	27,277	17,416
Mortgages payable	37,030	37,777
Total Liabilities	2,943,923	2,323,304
Limited partners' preferred redeemable capital interest at redemption value (3,590,603 and 0 units outstanding at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively)	90,783	—
Limited partners' common redeemable capital interest at redemption value (960,708 and 334,149 units outstanding at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively)	142,892	26,446
Partners' Capital		
General partner (881,030 and 745,461 units outstanding at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively)	36,131	24,045
Limited partners (82,684,680 and 73,466,459 units outstanding at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively)	3,346,992	2,359,094
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,124)	(5,041)
Total Controlling Partners' Capital	3,378,999	2,378,098
Total Liabilities and Partners' Capital	\$ 6,556,597	\$ 4,727,848

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

LIFE STORAGE LP
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(dollars in thousands, except per unit data)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019
Revenues			
Rental income	\$ 690,758	\$ 539,554	\$ 510,774
Tenant reinsurance	58,103	44,742	34,902
Other operating income	39,704	32,475	29,063
Total operating revenues	788,565	616,771	574,739
Expenses			
Property operations and maintenance	143,648	122,544	121,499
Tenant reinsurance	22,882	15,729	8,604
Real estate taxes	79,861	70,302	65,061
General and administrative	62,617	52,055	46,622
Payments for rent	—	—	358
Depreciation and amortization	147,119	122,925	107,130
Total operating expenses	456,127	383,555	349,274
Gain on sale of storage facilities	—	—	104,353
Gain on sale of real estate	—	302	1,781
Income from operations	332,438	233,518	331,599
Other income (expenses)			
Interest expense	(86,786)	(86,015)	(76,430)
Interest income	827	19	342
Equity in income of joint ventures	5,696	4,838	4,566
Net income	252,175	152,360	260,077
Net income attributable to noncontrolling preferred interests in the Operating Partnership	(1,494)	—	—
Net income attributable to noncontrolling common interests in the Operating Partnership	(1,364)	(789)	(1,378)
Net income attributable to common unitholders	\$ 249,317	\$ 151,571	\$ 258,699
Earnings per common unit attributable to common unitholders - basic	\$ 3.18	\$ 2.13	\$ 3.70
Earnings per common unit attributable to common unitholders - diluted	\$ 3.17	\$ 2.13	\$ 3.70
Net income attributable to general partner	\$ 2,522	\$ 1,524	\$ 2,601
Net income attributable to limited partners	246,795	150,047	256,098

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

LIFE STORAGE LP
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(dollars in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019
Net income	\$ 252,175	\$ 152,360	\$ 260,077
Other comprehensive income:			
Effective portion of gain on derivatives net of reclassification to interest expense	917	917	917
Total comprehensive income	253,092	153,277	260,994
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership	(2,863)	(794)	(1,383)
Comprehensive income attributable to common unitholders	\$ 250,229	\$ 152,483	\$ 259,611

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

LIFE STORAGE LP
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PARTNERS' CAPITAL

(dollars in thousands)	Life Storage Holdings, Inc. General Partner	Life Storage, Inc. Limited Partner	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Controlling Partners' Capital
Balance January 1, 2019	20,816	2,043,796	(6,875)	2,057,737
Exercise of stock options	4	372	—	376
Issuance of non-vested stock	—	—	—	—
Forfeiture of non-vested stock	—	—	—	—
Earned portion of non-vested stock	42	4,150	—	4,192
Carrying value less than redemption value on redeemed noncontrolling interest	(2)	1	—	(1)
Adjustment to redemption value of noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units	—	(2,455)	—	(2,455)
Net income attributable to common unitholders	2,601	256,098	—	258,699
Amortization of terminated hedge included in AOCL	9	(9)	917	917
Distributions	(1,876)	(184,695)	—	(186,571)
Balance December 31, 2019	21,594	2,117,258	(5,958)	2,132,894
Net proceeds from issuance of Operating Partnership Units	2,960	293,002	—	295,962
Issuance of non-vested stock	—	—	—	—
Forfeiture of non-vested stock	—	—	—	—
Earned portion of non-vested stock	46	4,513	—	4,559
Carrying value less than redemption value on redeemed noncontrolling interest	(28)	(236)	—	(264)
Adjustment to redemption value of noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units	—	(2,884)	—	(2,884)
Purchases of equity in consolidated subsidiary from noncontrolling interests	(23)	(2,277)	—	(2,300)
Net income attributable to common unitholders	1,521	150,050	—	151,571
Amortization of terminated hedge included in AOCL	9	(9)	917	917
Distributions	(2,034)	(200,323)	—	(202,357)
Balance December 31, 2020	24,045	2,359,094	(5,041)	2,378,098
Net proceeds from issuance of Operating Partnership Units	10,194	1,009,163	—	1,019,357
Issuance of non-vested stock	—	—	—	—
Earned portion of non-vested stock	66	6,538	—	6,604
Issuance of common Operating Partnership Units	829	(829)	—	—
Issuance of preferred Operating Partnership Units	898	(898)	—	—
Carrying value less than redemption value on redeemed noncontrolling interest	(8)	(40)	—	(48)
Adjustment to redemption value of noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units	—	(34,163)	—	(34,163)
Deferred compensation - Directors	1	116	—	117
Net income attributable to common unitholders	2,522	246,795	—	249,317
Amortization of terminated hedge included in AOCL	9	(9)	917	917
Distributions	(2,424)	(238,776)	—	(241,200)
Balance December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 36,132</u>	<u>\$ 3,346,991</u>	<u>\$ (4,124)</u>	<u>\$ 3,378,999</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

LIFE STORAGE LP
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(dollars in thousands)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019
Operating Activities			
Net income	\$ 252,175	\$ 152,360	\$ 260,077
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	147,119	122,925	107,130
Amortization of debt issuance costs and bond discount	4,513	4,096	3,900
Gain on sale of storage facilities	—	—	(104,353)
Gain on sale of real estate	—	(302)	(1,781)
Equity in income of joint ventures	(5,696)	(4,838)	(4,566)
Distributions from unconsolidated joint ventures	13,866	14,098	10,165
Non-vested stock earned	6,604	4,559	4,192
Deferred income taxes	34	496	1,328
Other	(107)	(210)	—
Changes in assets and liabilities (excluding the effects of acquisitions):			
Accounts receivable	(2,140)	(2,915)	(4,534)
Prepaid expenses	(1,569)	(247)	(356)
Receipts from (advances to) joint ventures	731	(95)	(81)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	13,888	4,787	5,295
Deferred revenue	4,483	4,252	2,426
Net cash provided by operating activities	433,901	298,966	278,842
Investing Activities			
Acquisition of storage facilities, net of cash and restricted cash acquired	(1,514,684)	(520,943)	(393,298)
Improvements, equipment additions, and construction in progress	(85,080)	(56,397)	(90,995)
Net proceeds from the sale of storage facilities and other real estate	—	—	207,568
Return of investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	37,584	28,008	—
Investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	(113,465)	(26,383)	(25,659)
Loans to unconsolidated joint ventures	—	(35,850)	—
Loan payments received from unconsolidated joint ventures	—	35,850	—
Property deposits	(5,089)	(280)	(138)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,680,734)	(575,995)	(302,522)
Financing Activities			
Net proceeds from sale of partnership units	1,019,357	295,962	376
Proceeds from line of credit	459,000	285,000	305,000
Repayment of line of credit	(459,000)	(350,000)	(331,000)
Proceeds from term notes, net of discount	594,498	398,096	348,166
Repayment of term notes	—	(100,000)	(100,000)
Debt issuance costs	(5,114)	(3,490)	(3,099)
Distributions to unitholders	(241,200)	(202,357)	(186,571)
Distributions to noncontrolling interest holders	(1,751)	(1,047)	(993)
Payments to acquire equity in consolidated subsidiary from noncontrolling interests	—	(2,000)	—
Redemption of operating partnership units	(805)	(2,751)	(250)
Mortgage principal payments	(489)	(3,169)	(458)
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,364,496	314,244	31,171
Net increase in cash and restricted cash	117,663	37,215	7,491
Cash and restricted cash at beginning of period	58,771	21,556	14,065
Cash and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 176,434	\$ 58,771	\$ 21,556
Supplemental cash flow information			
Cash paid for interest, net of interest capitalized	\$ 81,421	\$ 79,423	\$ 73,378
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 1,727	\$ 1,294	\$ 1,625

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

LIFE STORAGE, INC. AND LIFE STORAGE LP
DECEMBER 31, 2021
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ORGANIZATION

The Parent Company, which operates as a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust (a “REIT”), was formed on April 19, 1995 to own and operate self-storage facilities throughout the United States. On June 26, 1995, the Parent Company commenced operations effective with the completion of its initial public offering. The Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and their consolidated subsidiaries are collectively referred to in this report as the “Company.” In addition, terms such as “we,” “us,” or “our” used in this report may refer to the Company, the Parent Company and/or the Operating Partnership.

At December 31, 2021, we had an ownership interest in, and/or managed 1,076 self-storage properties in 35 states. Among our 1,076 self-storage properties are 116 properties that we manage for unconsolidated joint ventures (See Note 11), 251 properties that we manage and have no ownership interest, and five properties that we lease. During 2021, approximately 17% and 14% of the Company’s revenue was derived from stores in the states of Texas and Florida, respectively.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation : All of the Company’s assets are owned by, and all of its operations are conducted through, the Operating Partnership. Life Storage Holdings, Inc. (“Holdings”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Parent Company, is the sole general partner of the Operating Partnership; the Parent Company is a limited partner of the Operating Partnership, and, through its ownership of Holdings and its limited partnership interest, controls the operations of the Operating Partnership, holding a 98.1% ownership interest therein as of December 31, 2021. The remaining ownership interests in the Operating Partnership (the “Units”) are held by certain former owners of assets acquired by the Operating Partnership. Share and per share amounts and unit and per unit amounts for all years presented have been adjusted to reflect the impact of the three-for-two distribution of common stock announced by the Company on January 4, 2021 and distributed on January 27, 2021 to shareholders and unitholders of record on January 15, 2021.

We consolidate all wholly owned subsidiaries. Partially owned subsidiaries and joint ventures are consolidated when we control the entity. Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership, Life Storage Solutions, LLC (one of the Parent Company’s taxable REIT subsidiaries), Warehouse Anywhere LLC, and all other wholly-owned subsidiaries. Prior to July 2, 2020, the Company owned 60% of Warehouse Anywhere LLC. On July 2, 2020, the Company acquired the remaining ownership interest in Warehouse Anywhere LLC for cash payment of \$2.0 million along with potential for the sellers to receive additional future payment based on the 2023 results of Warehouse Anywhere LLC. At the date of acquisition and at December 31, 2021, the Company estimates this potential future payment to be approximately \$0.3 million based on the projected 2023 results of Warehouse Anywhere LLC. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. Investments in joint ventures that we do not control but for which we have significant influence over are accounted for using the equity method.

Included in the Parent Company’s consolidated balance sheets are noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units and included in the Operating Partnership’s consolidated balance sheets are limited partners’ redeemable capital interests at redemption value. These interests are presented in the “mezzanine” section of the consolidated balance sheets because they do not meet the functional definition of a liability or equity under current accounting literature. These represent the outside ownership interests of the limited partners in the Operating Partnership. There were 960,708 and 334,149 common noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units outstanding at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively, and 3,590,603 and 0 preferred noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units outstanding at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. The preferred noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units rank senior to all other partnership interest with respect to distributions and liquidation.

The common unitholders are entitled to receive distributions per unit equivalent to the dividends declared per share on the Parent Company’s common stock. The preferred unitholders are entitled to receive a fixed priority return of 4.5% and the preferred noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units are convertible at the option of the unitholders after the earlier of (i) the first anniversary of the date of issuance, (ii) the date of death of an initial holder who is a natural person or (iii) the sale, lease or conveyance of all or substantially all of the assets of the Operating Partnership, into common noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units. Upon any such conversion, each preferred noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Unit being converted shall be convertible into a number of common Operating Partnership Units equal to the quotient of (i) the stated value of the preferred noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units being converted (such stated value being \$25.00 per preferred noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Unit) plus any accrued and unpaid distributions, divided by (ii) the average closing price of the Parent Company’s common stock over the 90 consecutive trading days ending the trading day preceding the date of conversion. The Operating Partnership is obligated to redeem each of the common noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units at the request of the holder thereof for cash equal to the fair market value of a share of the Parent Company’s common stock based on a 10-day average of the daily market price, at the time of such redemption, provided that the Company, at its option, may elect to acquire any such Unit presented for redemption for one common share or cash.

The Company accounts for the noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units under the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 480-10-S99. The application of the ASC Topic 480-10-S99 accounting model requires the noncontrolling interest to follow normal noncontrolling interest accounting and then be marked to redemption value at the end of each reporting period if higher (but never adjusted below that normal noncontrolling interest accounting amount) for the common noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units. The offset to the adjustment to the carrying amount of the common noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units is reflected in the Parent Company's dividends in excess of net income and in the Operating Partnership's general partner and limited partners capital balances. Accordingly, in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, common noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units are reflected at redemption value at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, equal to the number of common noncontrolling interest units outstanding multiplied by the fair market value of the Parent Company's common stock at that date. Redemption value exceeded the value determined under the Company's historical basis of accounting at those dates. ASC Topic 480-10-S99 requires the preferred noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units to be valued at fair value as of the date of issuance and to continue to be recorded at the value determined at initial measurement plus any accrued distributions.

The following is a reconciliation of the Parent Company's common noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units and the Operating Partnership's limited partners' redeemable capital interest for the years ending December 31:

<u>(dollars in thousands)</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 26,446	\$ 26,307
Redemption of units	(757)	(2,487)
Issuance of units	82,951	—
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership	1,364	789
Distributions	(1,275)	(1,047)
Adjustment to redemption value	34,163	2,884
Ending balance	<u>\$ 142,892</u>	<u>\$ 26,446</u>

In 2021, the Operating Partnership issued a total of 633,559 common noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units with an aggregate fair value of \$83.0 million as part of the consideration paid to acquire certain self-storage facilities. The fair value of these common Units on the date of issuance was determined based upon the fair market value of the Company's common stock on that date.

In 2021 and 2020, 7,000 and 35,550 common noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units, respectively, were redeemed for cash.

The following is a reconciliation of the Parent Company's preferred noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units and the Operating Partnership's limited partners' preferred redeemable capital interest for the years ending December 31:

<u>(dollars in thousands)</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Beginning balance	\$ —	\$ —
Issuance of units	89,765	—
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership	1,494	—
Distributions	(476)	—
Ending balance	<u>\$ 90,783</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

On August 19, 2021, the Company issued 3,590,603 preferred redeemable Operating Partnership Units with a fair value of \$89.8 million in connection with the acquisition of certain self-storage facilities. The fair value of these preferred Units on the date of issuance was determined based upon the fixed priority return on these preferred Units of 4.5% as compared to the estimated market return of similar instruments on the date of issuance.

No common or preferred noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units were issued by the Operating Partnership in 2020.

Reclassification : Due to growth in the Company's tenant reinsurance program, tenant reinsurance revenues and expenses are presented separately on the consolidated statements of operations beginning in 2021. The 2020 and 2019 consolidated statements of operations have been revised accordingly to comply with this presentation. Prior to 2021, such tenant reinsurance revenues and expenses were included in other income and property operations and maintenance expense, respectively, in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash : The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Restricted cash represents those amounts required to be placed in escrow by banks with whom the Company has entered into mortgages and amounts required to be placed into escrow related the Company's tenant reinsurance program which became effective April 1, 2019. Restricted cash is included in other assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and restricted cash reported within the consolidated statements of cash flows for the years ending December 31:

(dollars in thousands)	2021	2020	2019
Cash	\$ 171,865	\$ 54,400	\$ 17,458
Restricted cash	4,569	4,371	4,098
Total cash and restricted cash	<u>\$ 176,434</u>	<u>\$ 58,771</u>	<u>\$ 21,556</u>

Accounts Receivable : Accounts receivable are composed of trade and other receivables recorded at billed amounts and do not bear interest. The allowance for doubtful accounts on leasing receivables is the Company's best estimate of the amount of probable uncollectible amounts in the Company's existing accounts receivable. The allowance for doubtful accounts on non-leasing receivables is the Company's best estimate of the amount that will ultimately not be collected at the time that revenue is recognized. The Company determines these allowances based on a number of factors, including experience, credit worthiness of customers, and current market and economic conditions. The Company reviews the allowance for doubtful accounts on a regular basis. Account balances are charged against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. The allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded as a reduction of accounts receivable and amounted to \$1.5 million and \$1.7 million at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326)" which makes significant changes to the accounting for credit losses on financial instruments and related disclosures about them. ASU 2016-13 is not applicable to the Company's leasing receivables. ASU 2016-13 was effective for the Company as of January 1, 2020 and the adoption of ASU 2016-13 did not have a material impact on the Company.

Revenue and Expense Recognition : ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)" requires an entity to recognize revenue in a way that depicts the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. Payment from the Company's revenue streams is due and generally collected upon invoice.

Leases are specifically excluded from the scope of ASU 2014-09 and instead are accounted for following the guidance under ASU 2016-20. Rental income is recognized when earned pursuant to the terms of month-to-month leases for storage space. Promotional discounts are recognized as a reduction to rental income over the promotional period, which is generally during the first month of occupancy. Rental income received prior to the start of the rental period is included in deferred revenue.

Management fee income, which relates to managing self-storage facilities for third-parties and unconsolidated joint ventures, is recorded over time each month as the related management services are provided. The total amount of consideration under property management contracts is variable as the Company's management fee is based on monthly revenues. The Company has elected to apply a practical expedient provided in ASC 606-10-55-18 which allows the Company to recognize revenue in the amount of management fees to which the Company has a right to invoice as that amount corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date.

Through March 31, 2019, the Company recognized revenues related to tenant insurance based upon the amount that the Company had the right to invoice following the practical expedient in ASC 606-10-55-18 as such amount corresponds directly with the value to the third-party insurer of the entity's performance completed to date. Beginning April 1, 2019, the Company recognizes tenant reinsurance revenue in the period during which premiums are earned and tenant reinsurance is provided.

Equity in earnings of real estate joint ventures that we have significant influence over is recognized based on our ownership interest in the earnings of these entities.

The disaggregated revenues of the Company presented in accordance with ASC Topic 606 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" are as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	2021	2020	2019
Rental income	\$ 690,758	\$ 539,554	\$ 510,774
Management and acquisition fee income	22,127	17,407	14,274
Tenant reinsurance	58,103	44,742	34,902
Other	17,577	15,068	14,789
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 788,565</u>	<u>\$ 616,771</u>	<u>\$ 574,739</u>

Other revenue consists primarily of sales of storage-related merchandise (locks and packing supplies) and storage and inventory management services provided by Warehouse Anywhere.

Cost of operations, general and administrative expense, interest expense and advertising costs are expensed as incurred. For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, advertising costs were \$16.9 million, \$15.3 million, and \$12.4 million, respectively. The Company accrues property taxes based on actual invoices, estimates and historical trends. If these estimates are incorrect, the timing and amount of expense recognition would be affected. Expenses related to tenant reinsurance are comprised of actual and estimated claims, costs to administer the Company's tenant reinsurance program, and fees related to tenant reinsurance paid to owners of self-storage facilities that the Company manages for third-parties.

Investment in Storage Facilities : Storage facilities are recorded at cost. The purchase price of acquired facilities is allocated to land, land improvements, building, equipment, and in-place customer leases based on the relative fair value of each component, or based on the fair value of each component if accounted for as a business combination. The fair values of the acquired facilities are determined using financial projections and applicable capitalization rates. The fair values of land are determined based upon comparable market sales information using prices per acre derived from observed transactions involving comparable land in similar locations. The fair values of buildings are determined using current replacement cost estimates based on information derived from construction industry data by geographic region as adjusted for age, condition, and the turnkey factor, economic profit and economic obsolescence considerations associated with these assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 40 years for buildings and improvements, and five to 20 years for furniture, fixtures and equipment. Estimated useful lives are reevaluated when facts and circumstances indicate that the economic lives of assets do not extend to their currently assigned useful lives. Expenditures for significant renovations or improvements that extend the useful life of assets are capitalized. Depreciation expense was \$134.8 million, \$117.3 million and \$104.2 million for the years ending December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively. Interest and other costs incurred during the construction period of major expansions, and on investments in joint ventures with properties under construction, are capitalized. Capitalized interest during the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019 was \$0.4 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.9 million, respectively. Repair and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

Whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the Company's property may not be recoverable, the Company's policy is to complete an assessment of impairment. Impairment is evaluated based upon comparing the sum of the property's expected undiscounted future cash flows to the carrying value of the property. If the sum of the undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the property, an impairment loss is recognized for any amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. For the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, no assets have been determined to be impaired under this policy.

In general, sales of real estate and related profits or losses are recognized when control of the underlying assets has transferred.

Trade Name : The Company's trade name, which was acquired in 2016, has an indefinite life and is not amortized but is reviewed for impairment annually or more frequently when facts and circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the Company's trade name may not be recoverable. We may elect to perform a qualitative assessment that considers economic, industry and company-specific factors as part of our annual test. If, after completing this assessment, it is determined that it is more likely than not that the fair value of the trade name is less than its carrying value, we proceed to a quantitative test. We did not elect to perform a qualitative assessment in 2021.

Quantitative testing requires a comparison of the fair value of the trade name to its carrying value. We use a discounted cash flow analysis under the relief-from-royalty method to estimate the fair value of the trade name. This method incorporates various assumptions, including projected revenue growth rates, the terminal growth rate, the royalty rate to be applied, and the discount rate utilized. If the carrying value of the trade name exceeds the calculated fair value, the trade name is considered impaired to the extent that the carrying value exceeds the fair value. We did not record any impairment in 2021.

Other Assets : Included in other assets are restricted cash balances as discussed above, property deposits and the unamortized value placed on in-place customer leases related to self-storage facilities acquired by the Company. Property deposits at December 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$5.7 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

The Company allocates a portion of the purchase price of acquisitions to in-place customer leases. The methodology used to determine the fair value of in-place customer leases is described in Note 8. The Company amortizes in-place customer leases on a straight-line basis over 12 months (the estimated future benefit period).

Investment in Unconsolidated Joint Ventures : The Company's investment in unconsolidated joint ventures where the Company has significant influence but not control, and joint ventures which are variable interest entities in which the Company is not the primary beneficiary, are recorded under the equity method of accounting in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Under the equity method, the Company's investment in unconsolidated joint ventures is stated at cost, adjusted for the Company's share of net earnings or losses, and reduced by distributions. Equity in earnings of unconsolidated joint ventures is generally recognized based on the Company's ownership interest in the earnings of each of the unconsolidated joint ventures. For the purposes of presentation in the statement of cash flows, the Company follows the "look through" approach for classification of distributions from joint ventures. Under this approach, distributions are reported under operating cash flow unless the facts and circumstances of a specific distribution clearly indicate that it is a return of capital (e.g., a liquidating dividend or distribution of the proceeds from the joint venture's sale of assets), in which case it is reported as an investing activity.

Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities : Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist primarily of trade payables, accrued interest, property tax accruals, and the Company's lease liability related to operating leases where the Company is the lessee.

Income Taxes : The Company qualifies as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and will generally not be subject to corporate income taxes to the extent it distributes its taxable income to its shareholders and complies with certain other requirements.

The Company has elected to treat certain of its subsidiaries as taxable REIT subsidiaries. In general, the Company's taxable REIT subsidiaries may perform additional services for tenants and generally may engage in certain real estate or non-real estate related business. A taxable REIT subsidiary is subject to federal and state corporate income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities.

The Company recorded federal and state income tax expense of \$1.7 million, \$1.6 million, and \$2.2 million in 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively, which are included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations. The 2021 income tax expense includes current tax expense of \$1.6 million and deferred tax expense of \$0.1 million. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, there were no material unrecognized tax benefits and the Company had no interest or penalties related to uncertain tax provisions during the years then ended. Interest and penalties relating to uncertain tax positions will be recognized in income tax expense when incurred. Income taxes payable by the Company and the net deferred tax liabilities of our taxable REIT subsidiaries are classified within accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets, while prepaid income taxes are classified within prepaid expenses. As of December 31, 2021, the Company's taxable REIT subsidiaries have deferred tax assets of \$0.4 million and a deferred tax liability of \$1.8 million. As of December 31, 2020, the Company's taxable REIT subsidiaries have deferred tax assets of \$0.4 million and a deferred tax liability of \$1.7 million. The tax years 2018-2021 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which the Company is subject.

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "TCJA") was enacted on December 20, 2017. The TCJA significantly changed the U.S. federal income tax laws applicable to businesses and their owners, including REITs and their shareholders. Under the TCJA, the corporate income tax rate is reduced from a maximum rate of 35% to a flat 21% rate. The reduced corporate income tax rate, which is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017, applies to income earned by our taxable REIT subsidiaries.

Leases : The Company leases corporate office space as well as the land and/or buildings in which certain of the Company's self-storage facilities operate. The Company accounts for these leases under the guidance in ASU 2016-02, "*Leases (Topic 842)*" (ASC 842) which requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for virtually all leases (other than leases that meet the definition of a short-term lease). The lease liability under this guidance is equal to the present value of lease payments and the right-of-use asset is based on the lease liability, subject to adjustments such as for initial direct costs and prepaid or accrued lease payments. All leases where the Company is the lessee qualify as operating leases under the guidance in ASC 842. Two of the leases for real estate at which the Company operates self-storage facilities include unilateral options for the Company to extend the terms of these leases. However, those extension periods are not included in the terms of the respective leases under ASC 842 due to the Company's inability to assert that it is reasonably certain to exercise those options based primarily on the length of time before such options would be exercised. Future lease payments which are based on changes to the consumer price index and future common area maintenance charges related to leases of corporate office space have been excluded from the future minimum noncancelable lease payments for the respective leases due to their variable nature.

The Company has made the following accounting policy elections and practical expedient elections provided for in ASC 842:

- The package of practical expedients in ASC 842-10-65-1(f) which, if elected, stipulates that for all leases existing at the date of application (1) an entity need not reassess whether any expired or existing contracts contain leases; (2) an entity need not reassess the lease classification for any expired or existing leases; and (3) an entity need not reassess initial direct costs for any existing leases.
- The practical expedient in ASC 842-10-65-1(g) which, if elected, stipulates that an entity may use hindsight at the date of initial application in determining the lease term and in assessing impairment of the entity's right to use assets.
- The practical expedient in ASC 842-10-65-1(gg) which, if elected, stipulates that an entity need not assess whether existing or expired land easements that were not previously accounted for as leases under ASC 840 are or contain a lease under ASC 842.
- The practical expedient in ASC 842-10-15-37 which, if elected, allows a lessee to choose not to separate nonlease components from lease components and instead account for each separate lease component and the nonlease components associated with that lease component as a single lease component.
- The practical expedient in ASC 842-10-15-42A which, if elected, allows a lessor to choose not to separate nonlease components from lease components and, instead, to account for each separate lease component and the nonlease components associated with that lease component as a single lease component if the nonlease components otherwise would be accounted for under ASC 606, "*Revenue from Contracts with Customers*," and both (1) the timing and pattern of transfer for the lease component and nonlease component(s) associated with the lease component are the same, and (2) the lease component, if accounted for separately, would be classified as an operating lease in accordance with ASC 842-10-25 paragraphs 2 and 3.
- The option in ASC 842-20-25-2 for a lessee to elect, as an accounting policy, not to apply the recognition requirements in ASC 842 to short-term leases and, instead, to recognize the lease payments in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term and

variable lease payments in the period in which the obligation for those payments is incurred. Leases are considered short-term when they have a term of less than one year.

- The Company has elected to define the term “major part,” as referenced in ASC 842-10-25-2 related to the remaining economic life of an asset, as being 75% or more of the remaining economic life of the asset.
- The Company has elected to define the term “substantially all,” as referenced in ASC 842-10-25-2 related to the fair value of an asset, as being 90% or more of the fair value of the underlying asset.
- The Company has elected to define the term “at or near the end,” as referenced in ASC 842-10-25-2 related to a lease commencement date, as being a date that falls within the last 25% of the total economic life of the underlying asset.

At December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Company’s aggregate right-of-use assets totaled \$19.5 million and \$20.3 million, respectively, and are included in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets. The related lease liabilities total \$19.2 million and \$19.9 million at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively, and are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. Expenses related to operating leases under ASC 842 totaled \$2.5 million, \$2.1 million, and \$2.4 million in 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively. At December 31, 2021, the weighted average remaining lease term and weighted average discount rate for the Company’s operating leases were 10.3 years and 4.6%, respectively.

Derivative Financial Instruments : The Company accounts for derivatives in accordance with ASC Topic 815 “*Derivatives and Hedging*,” which requires companies to carry all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. The Company determines the fair value of derivatives using an income approach. The accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative instrument depends on whether it has been designated and qualifies as part of a hedging relationship and, if so, the reason for holding it. The Company’s use of derivative instruments has been limited to cash flow hedges of certain interest rate risks.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements : In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, “*Debt – Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging – Contracts in Entity’s Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40: Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity’s Own Equity)*,” which reduced the number of accounting models for convertible debt instruments and convertible preferred stock, thus simplifying the accounting for convertible instruments. ASU 2020-06 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 31, 2021, and interim periods within those annual periods, and is therefore effective for the Company as of January 1, 2022. Management has evaluated the impact of the adoption of ASU 2020-06 on the Company, including, but not limited to, the accounting for the Company’s noncontrolling redeemable Operating Partnership Units, and has concluded that the adoption of ASU 2020-06 did not have a material impact on the Company.

Stock-Based Compensation : The Company accounts for stock-based compensation under the provisions of ASC Topic 718, “*Compensation - Stock Compensation*.” The Company recognizes compensation cost in its financial statements for all share-based payments granted, modified, or settled during the period. For awards with graded vesting, compensation cost is recognized on a straight-line basis over the related vesting period. Forfeitures are recognized when incurred.

The Company recorded compensation expense (included in general and administrative expense) of \$6.6 million, \$4.6 million, and \$4.2 million, respectively, related to amortization of non-vested stock grants for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019. In September 2021, the Company announced that then current Chief Operating Officer, Edward Killeen, would be retiring effective December 31, 2021. In conjunction with this announcement, the vesting periods of certain restricted stock awards previously granted to Mr. Killeen were accelerated to reflect his December 31, 2021 retirement date. As a result of this change, an additional \$0.6 million of compensation expense was recorded in 2021.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes Merton option pricing model to estimate the fair value of stock options granted subsequent to the adoption of ASC Topic 718. The application of this pricing model involves assumptions that are judgmental and sensitive in the determination of compensation expense. To determine expected volatility, the Company uses historical volatility based on daily closing prices of its Common Stock over periods that correlate with the expected terms of the options granted. The risk-free rate is based on the United States Treasury yield curve at the time of grant for the expected life of the options granted. Expected dividends are based on the Company’s history and expectation of dividend payouts. The expected life of stock options is based on the midpoint between the vesting date and the end of the contractual term. The Company recognizes the impact of any forfeitures as they occur. There were no options granted during the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019.

During 2021, 2020, and 2019, the Company issued performance based non-vested stock awards to certain executives. The fair values of the performance-based awards in 2021, 2020 and 2019 were estimated at the time the awards were granted using a Monte Carlo pricing model applying the following weighted-average assumptions:

	2021	2020	2019
Expected life (years)	3.0	3.0	3.0
Risk free interest rate	0.93%	0.19%	1.64%
Expected volatility	27.75%	28.15%	18.22%
Fair value	\$ 157.61	\$ 78.00	\$ 66.96

The Monte Carlo pricing model was not used to value any other non-vested shares granted in 2021, 2020, or 2019 as no market conditions were present in these awards. The value of these other non-vested shares was equal to the stock price of the Company on the date of grant.

Use of Estimates : The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. EARNINGS PER SHARE AND EARNINGS PER UNIT

The Company reports earnings per share and earnings per unit data in accordance with ASC Topic 260, “*Earnings Per Share.*” Under ASC Topic 260-10, unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends or dividend equivalents, whether paid or unpaid, are participating securities and shall be included in the computation of earnings-per-share pursuant to the two-class method. The Parent Company and the Operating Partnership have calculated their basic and diluted earnings per share/unit using the two-class method.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share of the Parent Company utilizing the two-class method.

(amounts in thousands, except per share data)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019
Numerator:			
Net income attributable to common shareholders	\$ 249,317	\$ 151,571	\$ 258,699
Denominator:			
Denominator for basic earnings per share - weighted average shares	78,425	71,055	69,876
Effect of Dilutive Securities:			
Stock options and non-vested stock	183	123	104
Denominator for diluted earnings per share - adjusted weighted average shares and assumed conversion	78,608	71,178	69,980
Basic Earnings per common share attributable to common shareholders	\$ 3.18	\$ 2.13	\$ 3.70
Diluted Earnings per common share attributable to common shareholders	\$ 3.17	\$ 2.13	\$ 3.70

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common unit of the Operating Partnership utilizing the two-class method.

(amounts in thousands, except per unit data)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2021	2020	2019
Numerator:			
Net income attributable to common unitholders	\$ 249,317	\$ 151,571	\$ 258,699
Denominator:			
Denominator for basic earnings per unit - weighted average units	78,425	71,055	69,876
Effect of Dilutive Securities:			
Stock options and non-vested stock	183	123	104
Denominator for diluted earnings per unit - adjusted weighted average units and assumed conversion	78,608	71,178	69,980
Basic Earnings per common unit attributable to common unitholders	\$ 3.18	\$ 2.13	\$ 3.70
Diluted Earnings per common unit attributable to common unitholders	\$ 3.17	\$ 2.13	\$ 3.70

Not included in the effect of dilutive securities above are 133,660 unvested restricted shares for the year ended December 31, 2021; 159,228 unvested restricted shares for the year ended December 31, 2020; and 120,741 unvested restricted shares for the year ended December 31, 2019. The effects of including these securities would have been anti-dilutive.

4. INVESTMENT IN STORAGE FACILITIES AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The following summarizes activity in storage facilities during the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

(dollars in thousands)	2021	2020
Cost:		
Beginning balance	\$ 5,330,323	\$ 4,749,473
Acquisition of storage facilities	1,675,366	523,922
Improvements and equipment additions	59,569	67,069
Net increase (decrease) in construction in progress	25,946	(9,632)
Dispositions	(747)	(509)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 7,090,457</u>	<u>\$ 5,330,323</u>
Accumulated Depreciation:		
Beginning balance	\$ 873,178	\$ 756,333
Additions during the year	134,773	117,168
Dispositions	(301)	(323)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 1,007,650</u>	<u>\$ 873,178</u>

The Company acquired 112 self-storage facilities during 2021 and 40 self-storage facilities during 2020. The acquisitions of these facilities were accounted for as asset acquisitions. The cost of these facilities, including closing costs, was assigned to land, buildings,

equipment, improvements, construction in progress and in-place customer leases based upon their relative fair values. The operating results of the facilities acquired have been included in the Company's operations since the respective acquisition dates.

The purchase price of the 112 facilities acquired in 2021 and the 40 facilities acquired in 2020 has been assigned as follows:

(dollars in thousands)				Consideration Paid			Acquisition Date Fair Value			
States	Number of Properties	Date of Acquisition	Purchase Price	Cash Paid	Value of Operating Partnership Units Issued	Net Other Liabilities Assumed (Assets Acquired)	Land	Building, Equipment, and Improvements	Construction in Progress	In-Place Customer Leases
2021										
SC	1	1/4/2021	\$ 8,070	8,042	\$ —	\$ 28	\$ 812	\$ 7,153		\$ 105
CA	1	1/21/2021	18,287	18,251	—	36	1,322	16,830		135
NY	1	3/4/2021	47,947	47,933	—	14	10,591	37,020		336
FL	8	3/11/2021	85,156	84,586	—	570	13,381	70,538		1,237
AZ	3	3/24/2021	67,089	66,890	—	199	7,129	59,320		632
WA	2	3/25/2021	39,666	39,495	—	171	6,166	33,037		443
FL	1	5/3/2021	16,545	16,497	—	48	1,658	14,739		148
NJ	5	5/12/2021	90,944	90,710	—	234	11,557	78,116		1,271
NC	2	6/1/2021	26,942	26,793	—	149	2,209	24,395		338
TX	4	6/10/2021	44,563	43,952	—	611	9,163	34,746		654
FL	1	6/16/2021	14,344	14,235	—	109	2,601	11,526		217
FL, NH	3	6/22/2021	59,618	59,257	—	361	19,101	39,752		765
NC	1	6/23/2021	14,539	14,468	—	71	657	13,695		187
NH	2	7/29/2021	22,315	22,311	—	4	6,271	15,743		301
FL	1	8/17/2021	14,846	14,740	—	106	2,884	11,789		173
AL, CO, FL, GA, KY, OH, OK, SC, TX	22	8/19/2021	229,982	137,188	91,265	1,529	23,173	203,682		3,127
AZ	1	8/25/2021	17,190	17,187	—	3	1,034	15,974		182
GA	3	9/1/2021	51,707	51,375	—	332	5,570	45,447		690
TX	4	10/1/2021	58,904	25,180	32,841	883	9,407	48,641		856
FL	2	10/20/2021	58,043	57,613	—	430	13,147	44,281		615
GA, NC, SC, TN	7	10/21/2021	129,345	125,778	3,300	267	13,769	114,338		1,238
VA	1	11/16/2021	14,488	14,449	—	39	341	13,963		184
ME	1	12/2/2021	20,100	20,082	—	18	1,669	18,204		227
IL	1	12/8/2021	19,044	18,922	—	122	1,705	17,136		203
FL	1	12/10/2021	12,577	12,540	—	37	2,746	9,661		170
FL, GA, IL	23	12/13/2021	369,487	367,635	—	1,852	47,189	317,719		4,579
FL	1	12/15/2021	14,095	14,056	—	39	2,989	10,924		182
CO	2	12/16/2021	33,087	14,334	18,173	580	3,726	28,940		421
FL	1	12/17/2021	20,596	20,548	—	48	737	19,623		236
CT	6	12/28/2021	76,801	49,666	27,137	(2)	10,461	65,269		1,071
Total acquired 2021	112		\$ 1,696,317	\$ 1,514,713	\$ 172,716	\$ 8,888	\$ 233,165	\$ 1,442,201		\$ 20,923

(dollars in thousands)				Consideration Paid			Acquisition Date Fair Value				
States	Number of Properties	Date of Acquisition	Purchase Price	Cash Paid	Carrying Value of Noncontrolling Interest in Joint Venture	Mortgage Assumed	Net Other Liabilities Assumed (Assets Acquired)	Land	Building, Equipment, and Improvements	Construction in Progress	In-Place Customer Leases
2020											
CA	6	3/9/2020	\$ 124,298	\$ 124,204	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 94	\$ 20,307	\$ 101,734	\$ 582	\$ 1,675
FL, GA, NJ, OH, PA, TX	25	9/29/2020	295,310	293,726	—	—	1,584	32,555	257,844	—	4,911
NJ	1	11/5/2020	13,874	7,521	—	6,353	—	2,158	11,498	—	218
FL	1	11/25/2020	11,492	8,162	3,404	—	(74)	2,032	9,325	—	135
MO	1	12/9/2020	7,499	7,453	—	—	46	1,312	6,070	—	117
FL	1	12/14/2020	10,776	10,744	—	—	32	1,747	8,863	—	166
FL	1	12/14/2020	15,523	15,483	—	—	40	1,240	14,063	—	220
SC	1	12/22/2020	9,583	9,548	—	—	35	671	8,771	—	141
CA	1	12/23/2020	15,857	15,807	—	—	50	3,528	12,127	—	202
NY	1	12/28/2020	16,868	16,873	—	—	(5)	507	16,195	—	166
CA	1	12/30/2020	11,545	11,515	—	—	30	1,588	9,787	—	170
Total acquired 2020	40		\$ 532,625	\$ 521,036	\$ 3,404	\$ 6,353	\$ 1,832	\$ 67,645	\$ 456,277	\$ 582	\$ 8,121

The facility purchased in New York in 2021 was acquired from SNL Orix Merrick ("Merrick"), an unconsolidated joint venture in which the Company holds a 5% ownership interest. In accordance with ASC Topic 970, "Real Estate – General," ("ASC 970") the Company recorded its equity in the profit from the sale of this self-storage facility as a reduction in the respective purchase price allocated to land and depreciable fixed assets. In addition to the \$47.9 million cash payment for the self-storage facility acquired from Merrick, the Company also recognized \$0.8 million as a return on the Company's investment in Merrick as discussed further in Note 11.

The three facilities purchased in Georgia in September 2021 were acquired from Life Storage-SERS Storage LLC ("SERS"), an unconsolidated joint venture in which the Company holds a 20% ownership interest. In accordance with ASC 970, the Company recorded its equity in the profit from the sale of these self-storage facilities as a reduction in the respective purchase price allocated to land and depreciable fixed assets. In addition to the \$51.7 million cash payment for the self-storage facilities acquired from SERS, the Company also recognized \$8.3 million as a return on the Company's investment in SERS as discussed further in Note 11.

Twenty-seven of the facilities acquired in 2021 were managed by the Company prior to their respective acquisition. The remaining 81 facilities acquired in 2021 were all acquired from unrelated third-parties.

The six facilities purchased in California during the first quarter of 2020 were acquired from 191 III Life Storage Holdings LLC ("191 III"), an unconsolidated joint venture in which the Company holds a 20% ownership interest. Seventeen of the 25 facilities purchased in the third quarter of 2020 were acquired from Sovran HHF Storage Holdings LLC ("Sovran HHF") and eight of the 25 facilities purchased in the third quarter of 2020 were acquired from Sovran HHF Storage Holdings II LLC ("Sovran HHF II"), unconsolidated joint ventures in which the Company holds 20% and 15% ownership interests, respectively. In accordance with ASC 970, the Company recorded its equity in the profit from the sales of these self-storage facilities as a reduction in the respective purchase price allocated to land and depreciable fixed assets. In addition to the \$124.2 million cash payment for the six self-storage facilities acquired from 191 III, the Company also recognized \$8.4 million as a return on the Company's investment in 191 III as discussed further in Note 11. In addition to the \$293.7 million combined cash payments for the 25 self-storage facilities acquired from Sovran HHF and Sovran HHF II, the Company also recognized \$32.7 million as a return on the Company's investments in Sovran HHF and Sovran HHF II as discussed further in Note 11.

The facility acquired in Florida in November 2020 was acquired as the result of the Company's acquisition of the remaining 15% ownership interest in Urban Box Coralway Storage, LLC ("Urban Box"). Prior to this acquisition, Urban Box was a joint venture between the Company and an otherwise unrelated third-party which had been accounted for by the Company using the equity method of accounting. The purchase price for this acquisition includes the carrying value of the Company's equity investment in Urban Box of \$3.4 million at the time of the acquisition.

One of the facilities acquired in Florida in 2020 and the facility acquired in New York in 2020 were managed by the Company prior to their respective acquisition. The remaining seven facilities acquired in 2020 were all acquired from unrelated third-parties.

Non-cash investing activities during 2021 include the issuance of \$89.8 million of preferred Operating Partnership Units valued based upon the terms of the preferred Operating Partnership Units as compared to market rates for similar instruments at the time of acquisition, the issuance of \$82.9 million of common Operating Partnership Units based on the average closing price of the Parent Company's common stock for a stated number of days prior to closing on the related self-storage facility acquisitions, and the assumption of net other liabilities totaling \$8.9 million. Non-cash investing activities during 2020 include the Company's equity investment in Urban Box at carrying value, the assumption of a mortgage with an acquisition-date fair values of \$6.4 million, and the assumption of net other liabilities totaling \$1.8 million. Non-cash investing activities during 2019 include the Company's equity investment in Review Avenue Partners ("RAP") at its carrying value, the assumption of mortgages with acquisition-date fair values totaling \$23.0 million, and the assumption of net other liabilities totaling \$0.8 million. RAP was a joint venture between the Company and an otherwise unrelated third-party from which the Company acquired a self-storage facility in 2019.

The Company measures the fair value of in-place customer lease intangible assets based on the Company's experience with customer turnover and the estimated cost to replace the in-place leases. The Company amortizes in-place customer leases on a straight-line basis over 12 months (the estimated future benefit period).

In-place customer leases are included in other assets on the Company's consolidated balance sheets at December 31 as follows:

<u>(dollars in thousands)</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
In-place customer leases	\$ 107,786	\$ 86,863
Accumulated amortization	(93,820)	(81,455)
Net carrying value at the end of period	<u>\$ 13,966</u>	<u>\$ 5,408</u>

Amortization expense related to in-place customer leases totaled \$12.4 million, \$5.6 million, and \$2.9 million, during the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively. Amortization expense is expected to be \$14.0 million in 2022 based on in-place customer leases at December 31, 2021.

Property Dispositions

No self-storage facilities were sold during 2021 or 2020. During 2019, the Company sold 32 non-strategic properties and received net cash proceeds of \$207.6 million. The sale resulted in a gain of \$100.2 million, which is reflected within gain on sale of storage facilities in the 2019 consolidated statement of operations. The Company subsequently leased a property it had sold during 2017 and continued to operate the

property through November 2019. Due to the Company's continuing involvement in this property, the related gain on the sale of this property of \$4.1 million was deferred and recognized by the Company in 2019 upon termination of this lease. This gain is reflected within gain on sale of storage facilities in the 2019 consolidated statement of operations.

Change in Useful Life Estimates

As part of the Company's capital improvement efforts, buildings at certain self-storage facilities were identified for replacement during 2021, 2020, and 2019. As a result of the decision to replace these buildings, the Company reassessed the estimated useful lives of the then existing buildings. This useful life reassessment resulted in increases in depreciation expense of approximately \$2.5 million, \$5.8 million, and \$1.1 million in 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively. The Company estimates that the change in estimated useful lives of buildings identified for replacement as of December 31, 2021 will not have a significant impact on depreciation expense in 2022.

The accelerated depreciation resulting from the events discussed above reduced both basic and diluted earnings per share/unit by approximately \$0.03, \$0.08, and \$0.02 per share/unit in 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

5. UNSECURED LINE OF CREDIT AND TERM NOTES

Borrowings outstanding on our unsecured line of credit and term notes are as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	Dec. 31, 2021	Dec. 31, 2020
Revolving line of credit borrowings	\$ —	\$ —
Term note due April 8, 2024	175,000	175,000
Senior term note due July 1, 2026	600,000	600,000
Senior term note due December 15, 2027	450,000	450,000
Term note due July 21, 2028	200,000	200,000
Senior term note due June 15, 2029	350,000	350,000
Senior term note due October 15, 2030	400,000	400,000
Senior term note due October 15, 2031	600,000	—
Total term note principal balance outstanding	2,775,000	2,175,000
Less: unamortized debt issuance costs	(16,008)	(12,833)
Less: unamortized senior term note discount	(11,154)	(6,710)
Term notes payable	<u>\$ 2,747,838</u>	<u>\$ 2,155,457</u>

The Company's unsecured amended and restated credit agreement includes a revolving credit facility with a limit of \$500 million and with a maturity date of March 10, 2023, and initially included a term note in the principal amount of \$100 million with a maturity date of June 4, 2020. Such credit agreement provides for interest on the revolving credit facility at a variable annual rate equal to LIBOR plus a margin based on the Company's credit rating (the margin was 0.95% at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020), interest on any term notes at a variable annual rate equal to LIBOR plus a margin based on the Company's credit rating (the margin was 1.00% at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020), and requires an annual facility fee on the revolving credit facility which varies based on the Company's credit rating (the facility fee was 0.15% at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020). The interest rate on the Company's revolving credit facility at December 31, 2021 was approximately 1.05% (1.09% at December 31, 2020) and the interest rate on any term notes at December 31, 2021 was approximately 1.10% (1.14% at December 31, 2020). At December 31, 2021, there was \$499.9 million available on the unsecured line of credit. The Company has the option under this credit facility to increase the total aggregate borrowing capacity of the facilities to \$900 million.

On October 7, 2021, the Operating Partnership issued \$600 million in aggregate principal amount of 2.400% unsecured senior notes due October 15, 2031 (the "2031 Senior Notes"). The 2031 Senior Notes were issued at 0.917% discount to par value. Interest on the 2031 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on each April 15 and October 15, commencing with April 15, 2022. Proceeds received upon issuance, net of discount to par of \$5.5 million, and underwriting discount and other offering expenses of \$5.1 million, totaled \$589.4 million.

On September 23, 2020, the Operating Partnership issued \$400 million in aggregate principal amount of 2.200% unsecured senior notes due October 15, 2030 (the "2030 Senior Notes"). The 2030 Senior Notes were issued at 0.476% discount to par value. Interest on the 2030 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on each April 15 and October 15. Proceeds received upon issuance, net of discount to par of \$1.9 million and underwriting and other offering expenses of \$3.5 million, totaled \$394.6 million.

On June 3, 2019, the Operating Partnership issued \$350 million in aggregate principal amount of 4.000% unsecured senior notes due June 15, 2029 (the "2029 Senior Notes"). The 2029 Senior Notes were issued at a 0.524% discount to par value. Interest on the 2029 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on each June 15 and December 15. Proceeds received upon issuance, net of discount to par of \$1.8 million and underwriting discount and other offering expenses of \$3.1 million, totaled \$345.1 million.

On December 7, 2017, the Operating Partnership issued \$450 million in aggregate principal amount of 3.875% unsecured senior notes due December 15, 2027 (the “2027 Senior Notes”). The 2027 Senior Notes were issued at a 0.477% discount to par value. Interest on the 2027 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15. Proceeds received upon issuance, net of discount to par of \$2.1 million and underwriting discount and other offering expenses totaling \$4.0 million, totaled \$443.9 million.

On June 20, 2016, the Operating Partnership issued \$600 million in aggregate principal amount of 3.50% unsecured senior notes due July 1, 2026 (the “2026 Senior Notes”). The 2026 Senior Notes were issued at a 0.553% discount to par value. Interest on the 2026 Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on January 1 and July 1. Proceeds received upon issuance, net of discount to par of \$3.3 million and underwriting discount and other offering expenses of \$5.5 million, totaled \$591.2 million.

The 2031 Senior Notes, the 2030 Senior Notes, the 2029 Senior Notes, the 2027 Senior Notes and the 2026 Senior Notes are all fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Parent Company. The indenture under which the 2031 Senior Notes, the 2030 Senior Notes, the 2029 Senior Notes, the 2027 Senior Notes and the 2026 Senior Notes were issued restricts the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to incur debt unless the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries comply with a leverage ratio not to exceed 60% and an interest coverage ratio of more than 1.5:1 on all outstanding debt, after giving effect to the incurrence of the debt. The indenture also restricts the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to incur secured debt unless the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries comply with a secured debt leverage ratio not to exceed 40% after giving effect to the incurrence of the debt. The indenture also contains other financial and customary covenants, including a covenant not to own unencumbered assets with a value less than 150% of the unsecured indebtedness of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries. At December 31, 2021, the Company was in compliance with such covenants.

On July 21, 2016, the Company entered into a \$200 million term note maturing July 21, 2028 bearing interest at a fixed rate of 3.67%.

On April 8, 2014, the Company entered into a \$175 million term note maturing April 8, 2024 bearing interest at a fixed rate of 4.533%. The interest rate on this term note increases to 6.283% if the Company is not rated by at least one rating agency or if the Company’s credit rating is downgraded.

In 2011, the Company entered into a \$100 million term note maturing August 5, 2021 bearing interest at a fixed rate of 5.54%. On October 9, 2020, the Company paid off this \$100 million term note in addition to making a make-whole payment of \$4.0 million required as a result of paying off the term note prior to its maturity. Such make-whole payment is included in interest expense in the 2020 consolidated statement of operations.

The line of credit and term notes require the Company to meet certain financial covenants, measured on a quarterly basis, including prescribed leverage, fixed charge coverage, minimum net worth, limitations on additional indebtedness and limitations on dividend payouts. At December 31, 2021, the Company was in compliance with such covenants.

We believe that if operating results remain consistent with historical levels and levels of other debt and liabilities remain consistent with amounts outstanding at December 31, 2021, the entire availability on the line of credit could be drawn without violating our debt covenants.

The Company’s fixed rate term notes contain a provision that allows for the noteholders to call the debt upon a change of control of the Company at an amount that includes a make whole premium based on rates in effect on the date of the change of control.

Deferred debt issuance costs and the discount on the outstanding term notes are both presented as reductions of term notes in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020. Amortization expense related to these deferred debt issuance costs was \$2.5 million, \$2.4 million and \$2.3 million for the periods ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and is included in interest expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

6. MORTGAGES PAYABLE AND DEBT MATURITIES

Mortgages payable at December 31, 2021 and 2020 consist of the following:

(dollars in thousands)	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
4.065% mortgage note due April 1, 2023, secured by one self-storage facility with an aggregate net book value of \$7.1 million, principal and interest paid monthly (effective interest rate 4.31%)	\$ 3,728	\$ 3,832
5.26% mortgage note due November 1, 2023, secured by one self-storage facility with an aggregate net book value of \$7.7 million, principal and interest paid monthly (effective interest rate 5.58%)	3,650	3,728
4.4625% mortgage notes due December 6, 2024, secured by three self-storage facilities with an aggregate net book value of \$54.3 million, interest paid monthly with principal due at maturity (effective interest rate 3.21%)	22,427	22,684
4.44% mortgage note due July 6, 2025, secured by one self-storage facility with an aggregate net book value of \$13.4 million, principal and interest paid monthly (effective interest rate 4.50%)	6,228	6,343
5.99% mortgage note due May 1, 2026, secured by one self-storage facility with an aggregate net book value of \$6.3 million, principal and interest paid monthly (effective interest rate 6.37%)	997	1,190
Total mortgages payable	<u>\$ 37,030</u>	<u>\$ 37,777</u>

The table below summarizes the Company's debt obligations at December 31, 2021. The estimated fair value of financial instruments is subjective in nature and is dependent on a number of important assumptions, including discount rates and relevant comparable market information associated with each financial instrument. The fair values of the fixed rate term notes and mortgage notes were estimated by discounting the future cash flows using the current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings and for the same remaining maturities. These assumptions are considered Level 2 inputs within the fair value hierarchy as described in Note 8. The carrying values of our variable rate debt instruments, if any, approximate their fair values as these debt instruments bear interest at current market rates that approximate market participant rates. This is considered a Level 2 input within the fair value hierarchy. The use of different market assumptions and estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the reported estimated fair value amounts. Accordingly, the estimates presented below are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company would realize in a current market exchange.

(dollars in thousands)	Expected Maturity Date Including Discount							Total	Fair Value
	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Thereafter			
Line of credit—variable rate LIBOR + 0.95% (1.05% at December 31, 2021)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Notes Payable:									
Term note—fixed rate 4.533%	—	—	175,000	—	—	—	175,000	188,065	
Term note—fixed rate 3.50%	—	—	—	—	600,000	—	600,000	643,804	
Term note—fixed rate 3.875%	—	—	—	—	—	450,000	450,000	498,557	
Term note—fixed rate 3.67%	—	—	—	—	—	200,000	200,000	213,748	
Term note—fixed rate 4.00%	—	—	—	—	—	350,000	350,000	388,482	
Term note—fixed rate 2.20%	—	—	—	—	—	400,000	400,000	385,048	
Term note—fixed rate 2.40%	—	—	—	—	—	600,000	600,000	585,837	
Mortgage note—fixed rate 4.065%	108	3,620	—	—	—	—	3,728	3,810	
Mortgage note—fixed rate 5.26%	83	3,567	—	—	—	—	3,650	3,820	
Mortgage notes—fixed rate 4.4625%	—	—	22,427	—	—	—	22,427	22,730	
Mortgage notes—fixed rate 4.44%	121	126	131	5,850	—	—	6,228	6,582	
Mortgage note—fixed rate 5.99%	203	216	229	243	106	-	997	1,068	
Total	<u>\$ 515</u>	<u>\$ 7,529</u>	<u>\$ 197,787</u>	<u>\$ 6,093</u>	<u>\$ 600,106</u>	<u>\$ 2,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,812,030</u>		

7. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In 2015 and 2016, the Company entered into forward starting interest rate swap agreements to hedge the risk of changes in the interest-related cash flows associated with the potential issuance of fixed rate long-term debt. In conjunction with the issuance of the 2026 Senior Notes (see Note 5), the Company terminated these hedges and settled the forward starting swap agreements for approximately \$9.2 million. The \$9.2 million has been deferred in AOCL and is being amortized as additional interest expense over the 10-year term of the 2026 Senior Notes or until such time as interest payments on the 2026 Senior Notes are no longer probable. The Company expects to record \$0.9 million of interest expense in 2022 as a result of the amortization of the amount deferred in AOCL related to these forward starting interest rate swap agreements.

The changes in AOCL for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019 are summarized as follows:

<u>(dollars in thousands)</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Accumulated other comprehensive loss beginning of period	\$ (5,041)	\$ (5,958)	\$ (6,875)
Realized loss reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to interest expense	917	917	917
Accumulated other comprehensive loss end of period	<u>\$ (4,124)</u>	<u>\$ (5,041)</u>	<u>\$ (5,958)</u>

8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company applies the provisions of ASC Topic 820 “*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*” in determining the fair value of its financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities. ASC Topic 820 establishes a valuation hierarchy for disclosure of the inputs to valuation used to measure fair value. This hierarchy prioritizes the inputs into three broad levels as follows. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly through market corroboration. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs based on our own assumptions used to measure assets and liabilities at fair value. A financial asset or liability’s classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Refer to Note 6 for presentation of the fair values of debt obligations which are disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis.

There are no assets or liabilities carried at fair value measured on a recurring basis on the consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

9. STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The Company established the 2015 Award and Option Plan (the “2015 Plan”) for the purpose of attracting and retaining the Company’s executive officers and other key employees. There are 841,500 shares authorized for issuance under the 2015 Plan. The exercise price for qualified incentive stock options must be at least equal to the fair market value of the common shares at the date of grant. As of December 31, 2021, there were no options outstanding under the 2015 Plan and options for 170,111 shares of common stock were available for future issuance. The Company may also grant other stock-based awards under the 2015 Plan, including restricted stock and performance-based awards.

The Company also established the 2009 Outside Directors’ Stock Option and Award Plan (the “2009 Directors’ Plan”) for the purpose of attracting and retaining the services of experienced and knowledgeable outside directors. Prior to April 1, 2016, the 2009 Directors’ Plan provided for the granting of options to purchase shares of common stock to eligible directors. The issuance of stock options to directors was discontinued in 2016. In addition, each outside director received non-vested shares annually equal to 80% of the annual fees paid to them. As of December 31, 2021, options for 24,750 common shares were outstanding under the 2009 Directors’ Plan.

The 2009 Directors’ Plan expired on May 21, 2020 and was replaced by the 2020 Outside Directors’ Stock Award Plan (the “2020 Directors’ Plan”) which provides for the issuance of shares of restricted stock to eligible directors. Such non-vested shares vest over a one-year period. Dividends payable with respect to the restricted stock are accumulated during the vesting period and paid to the respective directors only upon vesting of the restricted stock. There are 150,000 shares authorized for issuance under the 2020 Directors’ Plan. During 2021, 4,416 non-vested shares were issued to outside directors, of which certain directors elected to defer a total of 3,054 shares, and as of December 31, 2021, 131,810 shares of common stock were available for future issuance. As of December 31, 2021, 15,137 of non-vested shares were outstanding under the 2020 Directors’ Plan.

A summary of the Company's stock option activity and related information for the years ended December 31 follows:

	2021		2020		2019	
	Options	Weighted average exercise price	Options	Weighted average exercise price	Options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding at beginning of year:	24,750	\$ 52.09	24,750	\$ 52.09	34,500	\$ 52.58
Granted	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exercised	—	—	—	—	(9,750)	53.83
Adjusted / (forfeited)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Outstanding at end of year	24,750	\$ 52.09	24,750	\$ 52.09	24,750	\$ 52.09
Exercisable at end of year	24,750	\$ 52.09	24,750	\$ 52.09	24,750	\$ 52.09

A summary of the Company's stock options outstanding at December 31, 2021 follows:

Exercise Price Range	Outstanding		Exercisable	
	Options	Weighted average exercise price	Options	Weighted average exercise price
\$32.95 – \$49.99	8,250	\$ 37.91	8,250	\$ 37.91
\$50.00 – \$61.05	16,500	\$ 59.17	16,500	\$ 59.17
Total	24,750	\$ 52.09	24,750	\$ 52.09
Intrinsic value of outstanding stock options at December 31, 2021				\$ 2,502,075
Intrinsic value of exercisable stock options at December 31, 2021				\$ 2,502,075

The intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$0.1 million.

Proceeds from stock options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2019 totaled \$0.5 million.

The aggregate intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the exercise price of the underlying awards and the quoted price of the Company's common stock at December 31, 2021, or the price on the date of exercise for those exercised during the year. The weighted average remaining contractual life of all outstanding options, which are all exercisable, is 2.4 years.

Non-vested stock

The Company has also issued shares of non-vested stock to employees which vest over two- to eight-year periods. During the restriction period, the non-vested shares may not be sold, transferred, or otherwise encumbered. The holder of the non-vested shares has all rights of a holder of common shares, including the right to vote and receive dividends. For issuances of non-vested stock during the year ended December 31, 2021, the fair market value of the non-vested stock on the date of grant ranged from \$84.06 to \$144.63. During 2021, 55,433 shares of non-vested stock were issued to employees and directors with an aggregate fair value of \$6.4 million. The Company charges the fair value ratably to expense over the vesting period. The Company uses the average of the high and low price of its common stock on the date the award is granted as the fair value for non-vested stock awards that do not have a market condition.

A summary of the status of unvested shares of stock issued to employees and directors as of and during the years ended December 31 follows:

	2021		2020		2019	
	Non-vested Shares	Weighted average grant date fair value	Non-vested Shares	Weighted average grant date fair value	Non-vested Shares	Weighted average grant date fair value
Unvested at beginning of year:	154,770	\$ 66.62	147,723	\$ 63.07	145,004	\$ 60.19
Granted	55,433	114.61	60,288	71.70	57,849	67.33
Vested	(60,716)	67.14	(45,767)	63.10	(52,938)	59.89
Forfeited	—	—	(7,474)	59.06	(2,192)	61.84
Unvested at end of year	149,487	\$ 84.21	154,770	\$ 66.62	147,723	\$ 63.07

Compensation expense of \$6.6 million, \$4.6 million, and \$4.2 million was recognized for the vested portion of non-vested stock grants in 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively. The fair value of non-vested stock that vested during 2021, 2020, and 2019 was \$4.1 million, \$2.9 million, and \$3.2 million, respectively. The total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock was \$11.2 million at December 31, 2021, and the remaining weighted-average period over which this expense will be recognized was 4.0 years.

Performance-based awards

During 2021, 2020 and 2019, the Company granted performance-based awards that entitle the recipients to earn up to 53,034, 70,272 and 59,634 shares, respectively, if certain performance criteria are achieved over a three-year period. The actual number of shares to be issued will be determined at the end of the three-year period. The Company issued 53,680, 53,541, and 22,331 performance-based shares in 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively. The performance-based shares issued are based upon the Company's performance over a three-year period depending on the Company's total shareholder return relative to a group of peer companies. Performance-based awards are recognized as compensation expense based on the fair value of the awards on the date of grant, the number of shares ultimately expected to vest and the vesting period of the awards. For accounting purposes, the performance shares are considered to have a market condition. The effect of the market condition is reflected in the grant date fair value of the award and thus, compensation expense is recognized on this type of award provided that the requisite service is rendered (regardless of whether the market condition is achieved). The Company estimated the fair value of each performance-based award granted under the Plans on the date of grant using a Monte Carlo simulation that uses the assumptions discussed in Note 2.

During 2021, compensation expense of \$2.3 million (included in the \$6.6 million discussed above) was recognized for performance awards granted in 2021 and prior. The total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested performance awards was \$5.5 million at December 31, 2021 and the weighted-average period over which this expense will be recognized is 2.3 years.

Deferred compensation plan for Directors

Under the Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors, non-employee Directors may defer all or part of their Directors' fees that are otherwise payable in cash. Directors' fees that are deferred under this plan are credited to each Directors' account under the plan in the form of Units. The number of Units credited is determined by dividing the amount of Directors' fees deferred by the closing price of the Company's Common Stock on the New York Stock Exchange on the day immediately preceding the day upon which Directors' fees otherwise would be paid by the Company. A Director is credited with additional Units for dividends on the shares of Common Stock represented by Units in such Directors' account. A Director may elect to receive the shares in a lump sum on a date specified by the Director or in quarterly or annual installments over a specified period and commencing on a specified date. The Directors may not elect to receive cash in lieu of shares. Under this plan there were a total of 35,135 units outstanding at December 31, 2021. During 2021, non-employee directors elected to defer fees totaling \$117,000. No fees were elected to be deferred by any non-employee Directors in 2020 or 2019.

10. RETIREMENT PLAN

Employees of the Company qualifying under certain age and service requirements are eligible to be a participant in a 401(k) Plan sponsored by the Company. The Company contributes to the Plan at the rate of 33% of the first 5% of gross wages that the employee contributes. Total expense to the Company was approximately \$1,046,000, \$926,000, and \$842,000 for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

11. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES

A summary of the Company's unconsolidated joint ventures is as follows:

Venture	Number of Properties at December 31, 2021	Company common ownership interest	Carrying value of investment at December 31, 2021	Carrying value of investment at December 31, 2020
Sovran HHF Storage Holdings LLC ("Sovran HHF") ¹	36	20%	\$58.7 million	\$60.5 million
Sovran HHF Storage Holdings II LLC ("Sovran HHF II") ²	22	15%	(\$2.4 million)	\$27.3 million
Life Storage-SERS Storage LLC ("SERS") ³	—	20%	—	\$3.0 million
Life Storage-HIERS Storage LLC ("HIERS") ⁴	17	20%	\$13.9 million	\$14.3 million
191 V Life Storage Holdings LLC ("191 V") ⁵	17	20%	\$27.4 million	—
GII Life Storage Holdings LLC ("GII") ⁶	13	35%	\$51.5 million	—
Iskalo Office Holdings, LLC ("Iskalo") ⁷	N/A	49%	(\$2.4 million)	(\$2.5 million)
Life Storage Spacemax, LLC ("Spacemax") ⁸	6	40%	\$14.5 million	\$16.7 million
Life Storage Virtus, LLC ("Virtus") ⁹	1	20%	\$1.3 million	\$1.5 million
SNL Orix Merrick, LLC ("Merrick") ¹⁰	—	5%	—	\$2.5 million
Life Storage 898 McDonald LLC ("McDonald") ¹¹	1	86%	\$30.0 million	\$2.7 million
Life Storage ArrowMark Venture LLC ("ArrowMark Venture") ¹²	N/A	50%	\$1.5 million	—
Joint ventures with properties in development stage ¹³	4	Various	\$8.2 million	\$7.4 million
Other unconsolidated joint ventures (7 joint ventures)	7	Various	\$6.1 million	\$7.1 million

1. In September 2020, the Company acquired 17 self-storage facilities and related assets from Sovran HHF for total consideration of \$175.2 million, which is net of the Company's share of Sovran HHF's gain resulting from the transaction. In connection with this transaction, non-recourse loans with principal balances totaling \$34.0 million were settled. Also in September 2020, Sovran HHF sold four self-storage facilities to an unrelated third-party for total consideration of \$42.3 million, resulting in a gain on sale of \$2.1 million. As of December 31, 2021, the carrying value of the Company's investment in Sovran HHF exceeds its share of the underlying equity in net assets of Sovran HHF by approximately \$1.7 million as a result of the capitalization of certain acquisition related costs in 2008. This difference is included in the carrying value of the investment.
2. In September 2020, the Company acquired eight self-storage facilities and related assets from Sovran HHF II for total consideration of \$120.2 million, which is net of the Company's share of Sovran HHF II's gain resulting from the transaction. In connection with this transaction, \$35.8 million of non-recourse loans related to these properties were settled in April 2021. Also in connection with this transaction, the Company made a \$12.7 million contribution to Sovran HHF II. On April 1, 2021, Sovran HHF II paid off \$69.1 million in existing nonrecourse mortgage debt and entered into \$110 million of new nonrecourse mortgage debt which matures in 2029. As a result of the net proceeds from these transactions, the Company received a distribution of \$31.6 million from Sovran HHF II. This distribution is included in return of investment in unconsolidated joint ventures on the 2021 consolidated statement of cash flows.
3. In September 2021, the Company acquired three self-storage facilities and related assets from SERS for total consideration of \$51.7 million which is net of the Company's share of SERS's gain resulting from the transaction. In connection with this transaction, all non-recourse loans held by SERS were settled. See Note 4 for additional information regarding this transaction. As SERS no longer operates any self-storage facilities subsequent to the sale of the three self-storage facilities to the Company, the Company received a distribution of \$2.8 million in September 2021 as the Company's return of its remaining investment in SERS. SERS is expected to be dissolved in 2022.
4. In 2019, HIERS acquired five self-storage facilities for a total of \$56.3 million. In connection with the acquisition of these self-storage facilities, HIERS entered into \$27.6 million of nonrecourse mortgage debt which is secured by the self-storage facilities acquired. During 2019, the Company contributed \$5.7 million as is its share of capital to fund the acquisition of these five self-storage facilities.
5. In May 2021, the Company executed a joint venture agreement, 191 V Life Storage Holdings LLC, with an unrelated third-party with the purpose of acquiring and operating self-storage facilities. In June 2021, 191 V acquired 17 self-storage facilities for a total of \$320 million, at which time 191 V entered into \$184 million of nonrecourse mortgage debt which matures in 2026. During 2021, the Company contributed \$28.7 million to 191 V as the Company's share of the initial capital investment in the joint venture.
6. In November 2021, the Company executed a joint venture agreement, GII Life Storage Holdings LLC, with an unrelated third-party with the purpose of acquiring and operating self-storage facilities. In December 2021, GII acquired 13 self-storage facilities for a total of \$290.6 million, at which time GII entered into \$145.3 million of nonrecourse mortgage debt which matures in 2029. During 2021, the Company contributed \$52.0 million to GII as the Company's share of the initial capital investment in the joint venture.
7. Iskalo owns the building that houses the Company's headquarters. The Company paid rent to Iskalo of \$1.5 million, \$1.3 million, and \$1.2 million during 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.
8. In 2019, the Company executed a joint venture agreement, Life Storage Spacemax, LLC, with an unrelated third-party with the purpose of acquiring and operating self-storage facilities. During 2019, Spacemax acquired six self-storage facilities for a total of \$82.7 million.

In connection with this acquisition, Spacemax entered into \$42.0 million of nonrecourse mortgage debt. During 2020, the Company contributed \$16.3 million to Spacemax as the Company's share of the initial capital investment in the joint venture.

9. In February 2020, the Company executed a joint venture agreement, Life Storage Virtus, LLC, with an unrelated third-party with the purpose of acquiring and operating a self-storage facility. During the first quarter of 2020, Virtus acquired a self-storage facility for a total of \$21.7 million. In connection with this acquisition, Virtus entered into \$14.0 million of non-recourse mortgage debt. During 2020, the Company contributed \$1.7 million to Virtus as the Company's share of the initial capital investment in the joint venture.
10. In March 2021, the Company acquired a self-storage facility and related assets from Merrick for total consideration of \$47.9 million which is net of the Company's share of Merrick's gain resulting from the transaction. In connection with this transaction, all non-recourse loans held by Merrick were settled.
11. In September 2021, the Company made an additional investment of \$27.3 million in McDonald (formerly SNL/Orix 1200 McDonald Ave., LLC) which increased the Company's ownership interest in McDonald from 5% to 86%.
12. In October 2021, the Company executed a joint venture agreement, Life Storage ArrowMark Venture LLC with the purpose of arranging and originating mortgage loans to owners of self-storage facilities throughout the United States. During 2021, the Company contributed \$1.6 million to ArrowMark Venture as the Company's share of the funding of two mortgage loans to third-parties in 2021.
13. The Company has entered into four separate joint ventures, one of which is developing a self-storage facility in Ontario, Canada, two of which are developing self-storage facilities in the New York City market, and one of which is developing a self-storage facility in the Tucson, AZ market. The Company has contributed an aggregate total of \$8.2 million as its share of capital to these joint ventures.

In addition to the joint venture activity in the preceding table, 191 III Holdings LLC ("191 III"), an unconsolidated joint venture in which the Company held a 20% ownership interest, owned six self-storage facilities in California. The Company acquired these six self-storage facilities from 191 III in 2020 for total contractual consideration of \$124.2 million, which is net of the Company's share of 191 III's gain resulting from the transaction. In connection with this transaction, the non-recourse mortgage loan previously entered into by 191 III was settled. See Note 4 for additional information regarding this transaction. As 191 III no longer operates any self-storage facilities subsequent to the sale of the six self-storage facilities to the Company, the Company received a distribution of \$8.4 million in 2020 as the Company's return of its remaining investment in 191 III. 191 III is expected to be dissolved in 2022.

Additionally, in 2020, the Company acquired the remaining 15% ownership of Urban Box Coralway Storage, LLC ("Urban Box"), a previously unconsolidated joint venture, for cash payment of \$7.8 million which included the payoff of a \$7.1 million mortgage loan previously entered into by Urban Box. The Company's investment in Urban Box had historically been accounted for by the Company using the equity method of accounting. As a result of this transaction, the Company now owns 100% of Urban Box and has consolidated Urban Box in accordance with ASC 810, "Consolidation" since the date that the remaining 15% ownership interest was acquired. The allocated purchase price of Urban Box also includes the carrying value of the Company's investment in Urban Box which totaled \$3.4 million (see Note 4 for additional information on the accounting for this acquisition).

Based on the facts and circumstances of each of the Company's joint ventures, the Company has determined that none of the joint ventures at December 31, 2021 are a variable interest entity ("VIE") in accordance with ASC 810, "Consolidation." The Company used the voting model under ASC 810 to determine whether or not to consolidate the joint ventures. Based upon each member's substantive participation rights over the activities as stipulated in the joint venture agreements, none of the joint ventures evaluated under the voting model are consolidated by the Company. Due to the Company's significant influence over the operations of each of the joint ventures, all above joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

The carrying values of the Company's investments in joint ventures are assessed for other-than-temporary impairment on a periodic basis and no such impairments have been recorded on any of the Company's investments in joint ventures.

As property manager of the self-storage facilities owned by each of the operational joint ventures, the Company earns management and/or call center fees based on a percentage of joint venture gross revenues. These fees earned from joint ventures, which are included in other operating income in the consolidated statements of operations, totaled \$8.2 million, \$8.5 million and \$8.9 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The Company's share of the unconsolidated joint ventures' income (loss) is as follows:

(dollars in thousands) Venture	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2020	Year Ended December 31, 2019
Sovran HHF	\$ 3,270	\$ 3,743	\$ 3,747
Sovran HHF II	1,627	1,884	1,870
Other unconsolidated joint ventures	799	(789)	(1,051)
	<u>\$ 5,696</u>	<u>\$ 4,838</u>	<u>\$ 4,566</u>

A summary of the combined unconsolidated joint ventures' financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

<u>(dollars in thousands)</u>	
<u>Balance Sheet Data:</u>	
Investment in storage facilities, net	\$ 1,650,866
Investment in office building, net	4,172
Other assets	29,153
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,684,191</u>
Due to the Company	\$ 333
Mortgages payable	872,574
Other liabilities	15,432
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 888,339</u>
Unaffiliated partners' equity	587,619
Company equity	208,233
Total Partners' Equity	<u>795,852</u>
Total Liabilities and Partners' Equity	<u>\$ 1,684,191</u>
<u>Income Statement Data:</u>	
Total revenues	\$ 126,426
Property operating expenses	(39,180)
Administrative, management and call center fees	(9,531)
Gain on sale of self-storage facilities	53,391
Depreciation and amortization of customer list	(29,914)
Amortization of financing fees	(976)
Income tax expense	(217)
Interest expense	(21,279)
Net income	<u>\$ 78,720</u>

The Company does not guarantee the debt of any of its equity method investees.

We do not expect to have material future cash outlays relating to these joint ventures outside our share of capital for future acquisitions of self-storage facilities, our share of capital for the origination of nonrecourse loans by the ArrowMark Venture joint venture, our share of capital required for the development of properties under construction, and our share of the payoff of secured debt held by these joint ventures.

A summary of our revenues, expenses and cash flows arising from the off-balance sheet arrangements with unconsolidated joint ventures for the three years ended December 31, 2021 are as follows:

<u>(dollars in thousands)</u>	<u>Year ended December 31,</u>		
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
<u>Operating activities</u>			
Other operating income (management fees and acquisition fee income)	\$ 10,017	\$ 8,694	\$ 9,298
General and administrative expenses (corporate office rent)	1,494	1,269	1,198
Equity in income of joint ventures	5,696	4,838	4,566
Distributions from unconsolidated joint ventures	13,866	14,098	10,165
Receipts from (advances to) joint ventures, net	731	(95)	(81)
<u>Investing activities</u>			
Investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	(113,465)	(26,383)	(25,659)
Return of investment in unconsolidated joint ventures	37,584	28,008	—

12. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

On June 14, 2018, the Company entered into a continuous equity offering program ("2018 Equity Program") with multiple sales agents, pursuant to which the Company was permitted to sell up to \$300 million in aggregate offering price of shares of the Company's common stock. The 2018 Equity Program was replaced on December 29, 2020, when the Company entered into a continuous equity offering program ("2020 Equity Program") with multiple sales agents, pursuant to which the Company was permitted to sell up to \$500 million in aggregate offering price of shares of the Company's common stock. The 2020 Equity Program was replaced on June 15, 2021 when the Company entered into a new continuous equity offering program ("2021 Equity Program") with multiple sales agents pursuant to which the Company is permitted to sell up to \$500 million in aggregate offering price of shares of the Company's stock. Actual sales under this continuous equity offering program will depend on a variety of factors and conditions, including, but not limited to, market conditions, the trading price of the Company's common stock, and determinations of the appropriate sources of funding for the Company. The Company expects to offer, sell and issue shares of

common stock under this equity program from time to time based on various factors and conditions, although the Company is under no obligation to sell any shares under this equity program.

During 2021, the Company issued 6,365,971 shares of common stock under the 2020 Equity Program and the 2021 Equity Program at a weighted average issue price of \$106.51, generating net proceeds of \$670.3 million after deducting \$6.8 million of sales commissions paid to the sales agents, as well as other expenses of \$0.9 million. The Company used such proceeds primarily to fund a portion of the 112 self-storage facilities acquired in 2021.

During 2020, the Company issued 4,091,666 shares of common stock under the 2018 Equity Program and the 2020 Equity Program at a weighted average issue price of \$73.16, generating net proceeds of \$296.0 million after deducting \$3.0 million of sales commissions paid to the sales agents, as well as other expenses of \$0.3 million. The Company used such proceeds primarily to fund a portion of the 40 self-storage facilities acquired in 2020.

During 2019, the Company did not issue any shares of common stock under these equity programs.

On September 16, 2021, the Company completed the public offering of 2,875,000 shares of the Company's common stock at \$122.30 per share. Net proceeds to the Company after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and offering expenses were approximately \$348.8 million. The Company used the net proceeds from the offering to repay amounts outstanding under the Company's revolving credit facility, to fund acquisitions, and for general corporate purposes.

On August 2, 2017, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$200 million of the Company's outstanding common shares ("Buyback Program"). The Buyback Program allows the Company to purchase shares of its common stock in accordance with applicable securities laws on the open market, through privately negotiated transactions, or through other methods of acquiring shares. The Buyback Program may be suspended or discontinued at any time. The Company did not repurchase any outstanding common shares under the Buyback Program in 2021, 2020, or 2019.

In 2013, the Company implemented a Dividend Reinvestment Plan which was suspended by the Company's Board of Directors in 2017. As a result, the Company did not issue any shares under the Dividend Reinvestment Plan during 2021, 2020, or 2019.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

The following is a summary of quarterly results of Life Storage, Inc. operations for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

	2021 Quarter Ended			
	Mar. 31	Jun. 30	Sept. 30	Dec. 31
Operating revenue	\$ 171,887	\$ 187,262	\$ 208,256	\$ 221,159
Net income	47,592	57,765	71,051	75,767
Net income attributable to common shareholders	47,383	57,516	70,274	74,145
Net income per share attributable to common shareholders				
Basic	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.90
Diluted	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.74	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.90

	2020 Quarter Ended			
	Mar. 31	Jun. 30	Sept. 30	Dec. 31
Operating revenue	\$ 146,943	\$ 147,013	\$ 156,310	\$ 166,505
Net income	36,625	36,648	37,288	41,799
Net income attributable to common shareholders	36,433	36,457	37,095	41,586
Net income per share attributable to common shareholders				
Basic	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.57
Diluted	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.57

The following is a summary of quarterly results of Life Storage LP operations for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (dollars in thousands, except per unit data):

	2021 Quarter Ended			
	Mar. 31	Jun. 30	Sept. 30	Dec. 31
Operating revenue	\$ 171,887	\$ 187,262	\$ 208,256	\$ 221,159
Net income	47,592	57,765	71,051	75,767
Net income attributable to common unitholders	47,383	57,516	70,274	74,145
Net income per unit attributable to common unitholders				
Basic	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.75	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.90
Diluted	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.74	\$ 0.89	\$ 0.90

	2020 Quarter Ended			
	Mar. 31	Jun. 30	Sept. 30	Dec. 31
Operating revenue	\$ 146,943	\$ 147,013	\$ 156,310	\$ 166,505
Net income	36,625	36,648	37,288	41,799
Net income attributable to common unitholders	36,433	36,457	37,095	41,586
Net income per unit attributable to common unitholders				
Basic	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.57
Diluted	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.57

See Note 2 for discussion of the Company's three-for-two distribution of common stock announced by the Company on January 4, 2021. See Note 4 for a discussion of the depreciation resulting from the change in estimated useful lives of buildings identified for replacement at certain of the Company's self-storage facilities. See note 5 for financing transactions entered into in 2021 and 2020.

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company's current practice is to conduct environmental investigations in connection with property acquisitions. At this time, the Company is not aware of any environmental contamination of any of its facilities that individually or in the aggregate would be material to the Company's overall business, financial condition, or results of operations.

At December 31, 2021 the Company has approximately \$24.5 million of operating lease commitments, excluding variable consideration. Future minimum lease payments on land and building leases related to self-storage facilities and the lease of the Company's headquarters are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year ending December 31:	
2022	\$ 2,657
2023	2,663
2024	2,584
2025	2,402
2026	2,483
Thereafter	11,697
Total	<u>\$ 24,486</u>

At December 31, 2021, the Company was under contract to acquire ten self-storage facilities for an aggregate purchase price of \$246.3 million. During January 2022, the Company completed the acquisition of six of these self-storage facilities for an aggregate purchase price of \$165.0 million. The purchases of the remaining four self-storage facilities are subject to customary conditions to closing, and there is no assurance that these facilities will be acquired.

At December 31, 2021, the Company has signed contracts in place with third-party contractors for expansion and enhancements at its existing facilities. The Company expects to pay \$61.4 million under these contracts in 2022.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 3, 2022, the Company declared a quarterly dividend of \$1.00 per common share. The dividend was paid on January 26, 2022 to shareholders of record on January 14, 2022. The total dividend paid amounted to \$83.6 million.

As discussed in Note 14, in January 2022, the Company acquired six self-storage facilities for an aggregate purchase price of \$165.0 million.

During January 2022, the Company issued 74,127 shares of common stock under the Company's continuous equity offering program at a weighted average issuance price of \$151.58 per share, generating net proceeds of \$11.1 million.

Subsequent to December 31, 2021, the Company entered into contracts to acquire 15 self-storage facilities for an aggregate purchase price of \$236.2 million. The purchases of these 15 self-storage facilities are subject to customary conditions to closing, and there is no assurance that these facilities will be acquired.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Controls and Procedures (Parent Company)

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Parent Company's management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Parent Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act), under the supervision of and with the participation of the Parent Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based on that evaluation, the Parent Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the Parent Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective at December 31, 2021. There have not been changes in the Parent Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls during the quarter ended December 31, 2021.

Management's Report on Life Storage, Inc. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of Life Storage, Inc. (the "Parent Company") is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, and for performing an assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021. The Parent Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Parent Company's system of internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Parent Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Parent Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Parent Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Parent Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

The Parent Company's management performed an assessment of the effectiveness of the Parent Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021 based upon criteria in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 Framework) ("COSO"). Based on our assessment, management determined that the Parent Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2021 based on the criteria in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by COSO.

The effectiveness of the Parent Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021 has been audited by Ernst & Young LLP (PCAOB ID: 42), an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included in Item 9A herein.

/S/ Joseph V. Saffire
Chief Executive Officer

/S/ Andrew J. Gregoire
Chief Financial Officer

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Life Storage, Inc.

Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited Life Storage, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021, based on criteria established in the Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) (the COSO criteria). In our opinion, Life Storage, Inc. (the Parent Company) maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting at December 31, 2021, based on the COSO criteria.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Parent Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the index at Item 15(a)(2) and our report dated February 25, 2022 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

The Parent Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Life Storage, Inc. Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Parent Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Parent Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Buffalo, New York
February 25, 2022

Controls and Procedures (Operating Partnership)

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Operating Partnership's management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Operating Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act), under the supervision of and with the participation of the Operating Partnership's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based on that evaluation, the Operating Partnership's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the Operating Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures were effective at December 31, 2021. There have not been changes in the Operating Partnership's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls during the quarter ended December 31, 2021.

Management's Report on Life Storage LP Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of Life Storage LP (the "Operating Partnership") is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, and for performing an assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021. The Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Operating Partnership's system of internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Operating Partnership; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Operating Partnership are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Operating Partnership; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Operating Partnership's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

The Operating Partnership's management performed an assessment of the effectiveness of the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021 based upon criteria in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 Framework) ("COSO"). Based on our assessment, management determined that the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2021 based on the criteria in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by COSO.

The effectiveness of the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021 has been audited by Ernst & Young LLP (PCAOB ID: 42), an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included in Item 9A herein.

/S/ Joseph V. Saffire
Chief Executive Officer

/S/ Andrew J. Gregoire
Chief Financial Officer

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Partners and the Board of Directors of Life Storage LP

Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited Life Storage LP's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2021, based on criteria established in the Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) (the COSO criteria). In our opinion, Life Storage LP (the Operating Partnership) maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting at December 31, 2021, based on the COSO criteria.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Operating Partnership as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, partners' capital and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the index at Item 15(a)(2) and our report dated February 25, 2022 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

The Operating Partnership's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Life Storage LP Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Operating Partnership in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Buffalo, New York
February 25, 2022

Item 9B. Other Information

None

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

Not applicable.

Part III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information contained in the Parent Company's Proxy Statement for the 2022 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed with the SEC within 120 days of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 ("2022 Proxy Statement"), with respect to directors, executive officers, audit committee, and audit committee financial experts of the Company and Section 16(a) beneficial ownership reporting compliance, is incorporated herein by reference in response to this item.

The Company has adopted a code of ethics that applies to all of its directors, officers, and employees. The Company has made the Code of Ethics available on its website at <http://www.lifestorage.com>.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required is incorporated by reference to "Executive Compensation" and "Director Compensation" in the 2022 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required herein is incorporated by reference to "Stock Ownership By Directors and Executive Officers" and "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners" in the 2022 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information required herein is incorporated by reference to "Certain Transactions" and "Election of Directors—Director Independence" in the 2022 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required herein is incorporated by reference to "Appointment of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" in the 2022 Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

Part IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

(a) Documents filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K:

1. The following consolidated financial statements of Life Storage, Inc. are included in Item 8.

- (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020;
- (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
- (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
- (iv) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
- (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019; and
- (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The following consolidated financial statements of Life Storage LP are included in Item 8.

- (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020;
- (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
- (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
- (iv) Consolidated Statements of Partners' Capital for the Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
- (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019; and
- (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

2. The following financial statement Schedule as of the period ended December 31, 2021 is included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Schedule III Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation at December 31, 2021.

All other Consolidated financial schedules are omitted because they are inapplicable, not required, or the information is included elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements or the notes thereto.

3. Exhibits

The exhibits required to be filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K have been included as follows:

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Parent Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 27, 2018).
- 3.2 Articles Supplementary to the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Parent Company classifying and designating the Series A Junior Participating Cumulative Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Parent Company's Form 8-A filed December 3, 1996).
- 3.3 Articles Supplementary to the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Parent Company classifying and designating the 9.85% Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.6 to the Parent Company's Form 8-A filed July 29, 1999).
- 3.4 Articles Supplementary to the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Parent Company classifying and designating the 8.375% Series C Convertible Cumulative Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Parent Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 12, 2002).
- 3.5 Articles Supplementary to the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Parent Company reclassifying shares of Series B Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock into Preferred Stock. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Parent Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 31, 2011).
- 3.6 Articles of Amendment of the Parent Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 11, 2016).
- 3.7 Articles of Amendment of the Parent Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 1, 2021).
- 3.8 Bylaws, as amended, of the Parent Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 11, 2016).
- 3.9 Amendment to Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 19, 2017).
- 3.10 Amendment to Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Parent Company and Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 31, 2019).
- 3.11 Amended and Restated Certificate of Limited Partnership (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 11, 2016).
- 3.12 Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Life Storage LP (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 8, 2021).
- 3.13 Certificate of Designation of 4.5% Series A Preferred Limited Partnership Units (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed August 23, 2021).
- 4.1 Form of Common Stock Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Parent Company's Registration Statement on Form S-11 (File No. 33-91422) filed June 19, 1995). P
- 4.2 Base Indenture, dated as of June 20, 2016, among the Company, the Operating Partnership and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 20, 2016).
- 4.3 First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 20, 2016, among the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 20, 2016).
- 4.4 Form of Note representing the Notes (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 20, 2016).
- 4.5 Form of Guarantee (included in Exhibit 4.4).
- 4.6 Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 7, 2017, among the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 7, 2017).
- 4.7 Form of Note representing the Notes (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 7, 2017).
- 4.8 Form of Guarantee (included in Exhibit 4.7).

- 4.9 Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 3, 2019, among the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 3, 2019).
- 4.10 Form of Note representing the Notes (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 3, 2019).
- 4.11 Form of Guarantee (included in Exhibit 4.10).
- 4.12 Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 23, 2020, among the Company, the Operating Partnership and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Parent Company and Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 23, 2020).
- 4.13 Form of Note representing the Notes (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Parent Company and Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 23, 2020).
- 4.14 Form of Guarantee (included in Exhibit 4.13).
- 4.16 Form of Note representing the Notes (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Parent Company and Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed October 8, 2021).
- 4.17 Form of Guarantee (included in Exhibit 4.16).
- 4.18* Description of Securities Registered Under Section 12 of the Exchange Act of 1934
- 10.1+ 2015 Award and Option Plan, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 27, 2017).
- 10.2+ Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors (incorporated by reference to the Parent Company's Schedule 14A Proxy Statement filed April 8, 2015).
- 10.3+ Form of Indemnification Agreements with members of the Board of Directors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 16, 2021).
- 10.4 Seventh Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement dated as of October 30, 2018 among the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company and certain other lending institutions a party thereto or which may become a party thereto (collectively, the "Lenders"), Manufacturers and Traders Trust Company, as administrative agent for itself and the other Lenders, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association and Citibank, N.A., as syndication agents, and U.S. Bank National Association, HSBC Bank USA, National Association, PNC Bank, National Association and SunTrust Bank as co-documentation agents (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed November 1, 2018).
- 10.5 Note Purchase Agreement dated as of April 8, 2014 among the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and the institutions named in Schedule A thereto as purchasers of \$175 million, 4.533% Senior Guaranteed Notes, Series E due April 8, 2024 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 9, 2014).
- 10.6 Amendment No. 2 to Note Purchase Agreement (2014) dated June 29, 2016 by and among the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership and the Required Holders (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 6, 2016).
- 10.7 Amendments to Note Purchase Agreement (2014) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 27, 2018).
- 10.8 Note Purchase Agreement dated as of July 21, 2016 among the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership and the institutions named in Schedule A thereto as purchasers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 26, 2016).
- 10.9 Amendment to Note Purchase Agreement (2016) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed February 27, 2018).
- 10.10+ Amended and Restated 2009 Outside Directors Stock Option and Award Plan (incorporated by reference to the Parent Company's Schedule 14A Proxy Statement filed April 16, 2019).
- 10.11+ Outside Directors' Stock Award Plan (incorporated by reference to the Parent Company's Schedule 14A Proxy Statement filed April 17, 2020).
- 10.12*+ Outside Director Fee Schedule.

- 10.13+ Annual Incentive Compensation Plan for Executive Officers, as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 3, 2018).
- 10.14+ Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and Andrew J. Gregoire dated November 1, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed November 3, 2017).
- 10.15+ Amended and Restated Employment Agreement between the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and Edward F. Killeen dated November 1, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed November 3, 2017).
- 10.16+ Separation Agreement by and among the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and Edward F. Killeen, dated September 2, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 2, 2021).
- 10.17+ Employment Agreement between the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and Joseph Saffire dated November 1, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed November 3, 2017).
- 10.18+ Form of Long Term Incentive Restricted Stock Award Notice (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed November 3, 2017).
- 10.19+ Letter Agreement between the Parent Company and Joseph V. Saffire (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 1, 2019).
- 10.20+ Amended and Restated Employment Agreement by and among the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership and David Dodman dated January 1, 2022 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed January 3, 2022).
- 10.21+ Form of Long Term Incentive Restricted Stock Award Notice (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 27, 2017).
- 10.22+ Form of Long Term Incentive Stock Award Notice (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 21, 2018).
- 10.23+ Form of Performance-Based Award Notice (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 21, 2018).
- 10.24+ Form of Long Term Incentive Restricted Stock Award Notice (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 19, 2019).
- 10.25+ Form of Performance-Based Award Notice (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Parent Company and the Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 19, 2019).
- 10.26+ Form of Long Term Restricted Stock Award Notice (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2020).
- 10.27+ Form of Performance-Based Award Notice (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Parent Company and Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 18, 2020).
- 10.28+ Form of Long Term Restricted Stock Award Notice (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Parent Company and Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 20, 2021).
- 10.29+ Form of Performance-Based Award Notice (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Parent Company and Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 20, 2021).
- 10.30 Form of Equity Distribution Agreement, dated June 16, 2021, by and among the Parent Company, the Operating Partnership, Life Storage Holdings, Inc., the Sales Agents, the Forward Sellers and the Forward Partners (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.1 of the Parent Company and Operating Partnership's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 16, 2021).
- 21.1* Subsidiaries of the Company.
- 23.1* Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- 23.2* Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- 24.1* Powers of Attorney (included on signature pages).
- 31.1* Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Life Storage, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.

- 31.2* Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Life Storage, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
- 31.3* Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Life Storage LP pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
- 31.4* Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Life Storage LP pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
- 32.1* Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Life Storage, Inc. Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2* Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of Life Storage LP Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 101* The following financial statements from Life Storage, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, formatted in inline XBRL, as follows:
- (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2021 and 2020;
 - (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
 - (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
 - (iv) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
 - (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019; and
 - (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
- The following financial statements from Life Storage LP's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, formatted in inline XBRL, as follows:
- (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2021 and 2020;
 - (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
 - (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
 - (iv) Consolidated Statements of Partners' Capital for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019;
 - (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for Years Ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019; and
 - (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)
- * Filed herewith.
- + Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

Not applicable.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

February 25, 2022

LIFE STORAGE, INC.

By: /s/ Andrew J. Gregoire
 Andrew J. Gregoire
 Chief Financial Officer
 (Principal Accounting Officer)

February 25, 2022

LIFE STORAGE LP

By: /s/ Andrew J. Gregoire
 Andrew J. Gregoire
 Chief Financial Officer
 (Principal Accounting Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
<u>/s/ Mark G. Barberio</u> Mark G. Barberio	Chair of Board and Director of Life Storage, Inc.	February 25, 2022
<u>/s/ Joseph V. Saffire</u> Joseph V. Saffire	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director of Life Storage, Inc. and Life Storage Holdings, Inc., general partner of Life Storage LP	February 25, 2022
<u>/s/ Andrew J. Gregoire</u> Andrew J. Gregoire	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) of Life Storage, Inc. and Life Storage Holdings, Inc., general partner of Life Storage LP	February 25, 2022
<u>/s/ Stephen R. Rusmisel</u> Stephen R. Rusmisel	Director of Life Storage, Inc.	February 25, 2022
<u>/s/ Arthur L. Havener, Jr.</u> Arthur L. Havener, Jr.	Director of Life Storage, Inc.	February 25, 2022
<u>/s/ Dana Hamilton</u> Dana Hamilton	Director of Life Storage, Inc.	February 25, 2022
<u>/s/ Edward J. Pettinella</u> Edward J. Pettinella	Director of Life Storage, Inc.	February 25, 2022
<u>/s/ David L. Rogers</u> David L. Rogers	Director of Life Storage, Inc.	February 25, 2022
<u>/s/ Susan S. Harnett</u> Susan S. Harnett	Director of Life Storage, Inc.	February 25, 2022

Life Storage, Inc. and Life Storage LP
Schedule III
Combined Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation
(in thousands)
December 31, 2021

Description	New	ST	Encumbrance	Initial Cost to Company		Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period			Accum. Deprec.	Date of Const.	Date Acquired	Life on which depreciation in latest income statement is computed
				Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.		Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Total				
Charleston		SC		\$ 416	\$ 1,516	\$ 2,488	\$ 416	\$ 4,004	\$ 4,420	\$ 2,098	1985	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Lakeland		FL		397	1,424	1,770	397	3,194	3,591	1,710	1985	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Charlotte		NC		308	1,102	3,744	747	4,407	5,154	1,824	1986	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Youngstown		OH		239	1,110	2,641	239	3,751	3,990	1,775	1980	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Cleveland		OH		701	1,659	3,855	1,036	5,179	6,215	2,071	1987/15	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Pt. St. Lucie		FL		395	1,501	3,554	779	4,671	5,450	1,657	1985/2019	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Orlando - Deltona		FL		483	1,752	2,473	483	4,225	4,708	2,351	1984	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
NY Metro-Middletown		NY		224	808	4,552	224	5,360	5,584	1,542	1988/17	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Buffalo		NY		423	1,531	4,274	497	5,731	6,228	2,651	1981	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Rochester		NY		395	1,404	3,460	395	4,864	5,259	1,185	1981	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Jacksonville		FL		152	728	3,957	687	4,150	4,837	1,594	1985	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Boston		MA		363	1,679	984	363	2,663	3,026	1,619	1980	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Rochester		NY		230	847	2,359	234	3,202	3,436	1,284	1980	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Boston		MA		680	1,616	1,008	680	2,624	3,304	1,541	1986	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Savannah		GA		463	1,684	5,034	1,445	5,736	7,181	3,155	1981	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Raleigh-Durham		NC		649	2,329	1,708	649	4,037	4,686	2,296	1985	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Hartford-New Haven		CT		387	1,402	4,051	387	5,453	5,840	2,163	1985	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Atlanta		GA		844	2,021	1,144	844	3,165	4,009	1,906	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Atlanta		GA		302	1,103	792	303	1,894	2,197	1,148	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Buffalo		NY		315	745	4,154	517	4,697	5,214	1,928	1984	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Raleigh-Durham		NC		321	1,150	3,535	321	4,685	5,006	1,608	1985	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Columbia		SC		189	719	4,593	189	5,312	5,501	953	1989/2020	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Atlanta		GA		430	1,579	2,481	602	3,888	4,490	2,016	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Orlando		FL		513	1,930	958	513	2,888	3,401	1,841	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Sharon		PA		194	912	730	194	1,642	1,836	990	1975	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Ft. Lauderdale		FL		1,503	3,619	1,757	1,503	5,376	6,879	2,957	1985	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
West Palm		FL		398	1,035	717	398	1,752	2,150	1,037	1985	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Atlanta		GA		423	1,015	3,463	424	4,477	4,901	1,167	1989	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Atlanta		GA		483	1,166	1,417	483	2,583	3,066	1,407	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Atlanta		GA		308	1,116	1,113	308	2,229	2,537	1,290	1986	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Atlanta		GA		170	786	997	174	1,779	1,953	1,043	1981	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Atlanta		GA		413	999	989	413	1,988	2,401	1,299	1975	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Baltimore		MD		154	555	1,590	306	1,993	2,299	1,090	1984	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Baltimore		MD		479	1,742	3,298	479	5,040	5,519	2,487	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Melbourne		FL		883	2,104	5,511	883	7,615	8,498	2,510	1986/2019	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Newport News		VA		316	1,471	1,216	316	2,687	3,003	1,613	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Pensacola		FL		632	2,962	2,061	651	5,004	5,655	3,091	1983	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Hartford		CT		715	1,695	1,447	715	3,142	3,857	1,886	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Atlanta		GA		304	1,118	3,071	619	3,874	4,493	2,024	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Alexandria		VA		1,375	3,220	3,300	1,376	6,519	7,895	3,779	1984	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Pensacola		FL		244	901	794	244	1,695	1,939	1,010	1986	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Melbourne		FL		834	2,066	3,599	1,591	4,908	6,499	2,120	1986/15	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Hartford		CT		234	861	3,652	612	4,135	4,747	1,767	1992	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Atlanta		GA		256	1,244	2,597	256	3,841	4,097	1,984	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Norfolk		VA		313	1,462	2,901	313	4,363	4,676	2,019	1984	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Birmingham		AL		307	1,415	1,985	385	3,322	3,707	1,827	1990	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years

Description	New	ST	Encumbrance	Initial Cost to Company		Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period			Accum. Deprec.	Date of Const.	Date Acquired	Life on which depreciation in latest income statement is computed
				Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.		Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Total				
Birmingham		AL		730	1,725	3,090	730	4,815	5,545	2,158	1990	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Montgomery		AL		863	2,041	1,613	863	3,654	4,517	2,094	1982	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Jacksonville		FL		326	1,515	1,473	326	2,988	3,314	1,574	1987	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Pensacola		FL		369	1,358	3,617	369	4,975	5,344	2,535	1986	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Pensacola		FL		244	1,128	2,965	720	3,617	4,337	1,658	1990	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Pensacola		FL		226	1,046	998	226	2,044	2,270	1,218	1990	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Tampa		FL		1,088	2,597	1,735	1,088	4,332	5,420	2,568	1989	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Clearwater		FL		526	1,958	1,635	526	3,593	4,119	2,091	1985	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Clearwater-Largo		FL		672	2,439	1,252	672	3,691	4,363	2,197	1988	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Providence		RI		345	1,268	2,167	486	3,294	3,780	1,607	1984	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Norfolk - Virginia Beach		VA		1,142	4,998	3,726	1,142	8,724	9,866	4,294	1989/93/95/16	6/26/1995	5 to 40 years
Richmond		VA		443	1,602	1,316	443	2,918	3,361	1,737	1987	8/25/1995	5 to 40 years
Orlando		FL		1,161	2,755	3,153	1,162	5,907	7,069	2,853	1986/15	9/29/1995	5 to 40 years
Syracuse		NY		470	1,712	1,832	472	3,542	4,014	1,991	1987	12/27/1995	5 to 40 years
Ft. Myers		FL		205	912	858	206	1,769	1,975	1,015	1988	12/28/1995	5 to 40 years
Ft. Myers		FL		412	1,703	979	413	2,681	3,094	1,706	1991/94	12/28/1995	5 to 40 years
Harrisburg		PA		360	1,641	3,425	360	5,066	5,426	1,507	1983	12/29/1995	5 to 40 years
Harrisburg		PA		627	2,224	5,359	692	7,518	8,210	2,912	1985	12/29/1995	5 to 40 years
Newport News		VA		442	1,592	1,593	442	3,185	3,627	1,938	1988/93	1/5/1996	5 to 40 years
Montgomery		AL		353	1,299	1,276	353	2,575	2,928	1,369	1984	1/23/1996	5 to 40 years
Charleston		SC		237	858	1,094	245	1,944	2,189	1,176	1985	3/1/1996	5 to 40 years
Tampa		FL		766	1,800	1,171	766	2,971	3,737	1,709	1985	3/28/1996	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Ft. Worth		TX		442	1,767	477	442	2,244	2,686	1,449	1987	3/29/1996	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Ft. Worth		TX		408	1,662	1,603	408	3,265	3,673	1,850	1986	3/29/1996	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Ft. Worth		TX		328	1,324	4,826	328	6,150	6,478	466	2018	3/29/1996	5 to 40 years
San Antonio		TX		436	1,759	1,760	436	3,519	3,955	1,977	1986	3/29/1996	5 to 40 years
San Antonio		TX		289	1,161	2,526	289	3,687	3,976	844	2012	3/29/1996	5 to 40 years
Montgomery		AL		279	1,014	1,593	433	2,453	2,886	1,343	1988	5/21/1996	5 to 40 years
West Palm		FL		345	1,262	694	345	1,956	2,301	1,157	1986	5/29/1996	5 to 40 years
Ft. Myers		FL		229	884	2,923	383	3,653	4,036	1,312	1986	5/29/1996	5 to 40 years
Syracuse		NY		481	1,559	2,752	671	4,121	4,792	2,327	1983	6/5/1996	5 to 40 years
Lakeland		FL		359	1,287	1,455	359	2,742	3,101	1,682	1988	6/26/1996	5 to 40 years
Boston - Springfield		MA		251	917	2,616	297	3,487	3,784	1,975	1986	6/28/1996	5 to 40 years
Ft. Myers		FL		344	1,254	768	310	2,056	2,366	1,230	1987	6/28/1996	5 to 40 years
Cincinnati		OH		557	1,988	1,044	688	2,901	3,589	1,317	1988	7/23/1996	5 to 40 years
Baltimore		MD		777	2,770	1,071	777	3,841	4,618	2,252	1990	7/26/1996	5 to 40 years
Jacksonville		FL		568	2,028	1,945	568	3,973	4,541	2,224	1987	8/23/1996	5 to 40 years
Jacksonville		FL		436	1,635	1,253	436	2,888	3,324	1,649	1985	8/26/1996	5 to 40 years
Jacksonville		FL		535	2,033	775	538	2,805	3,343	1,759	1987/92	8/30/1996	5 to 40 years
Charlotte		NC		487	1,754	786	487	2,540	3,027	1,508	1995	9/16/1996	5 to 40 years
Charlotte		NC		315	1,131	653	315	1,784	2,099	1,081	1995	9/16/1996	5 to 40 years
Orlando		FL		314	1,113	1,573	314	2,686	3,000	1,507	1975	10/30/1996	5 to 40 years
Rochester		NY		704	2,496	3,254	707	5,747	6,454	2,718	1990	12/20/1996	5 to 40 years
Youngstown		OH		600	2,142	2,843	693	4,892	5,585	2,415	1988	1/10/1997	5 to 40 years
Cleveland		OH		751	2,676	4,612	751	7,288	8,039	3,350	1986	1/10/1997	5 to 40 years
Cleveland		OH		725	2,586	2,723	725	5,309	6,034	2,851	1978	1/10/1997	5 to 40 years

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				Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Total				
Cleveland		OH		637	2,918	2,310	701	5,164	5,865	3,389	1979	1/10/1997	5 to 40 years
Cleveland		OH		495	1,781	4,243	495	6,024	6,519	2,225	1979/17	1/10/1997	5 to 40 years
Cleveland		OH		761	2,714	2,024	761	4,738	5,499	2,871	1977	1/10/1997	5 to 40 years
Cleveland		OH		418	1,921	3,095	418	5,016	5,434	2,581	1970	1/10/1997	5 to 40 years
Cleveland		OH		606	2,164	1,681	606	3,845	4,451	2,098	1982	1/10/1997	5 to 40 years
San Antonio		TX		346	1,236	704	346	1,940	2,286	1,157	1985	1/30/1997	5 to 40 years
San Antonio		TX		432	1,560	2,290	432	3,850	4,282	2,179	1995	1/30/1997	5 to 40 years
Houston-Beaumont		TX		634	2,565	4,840	634	7,405	8,039	2,905	1993/95/16	3/26/1997	5 to 40 years
Houston-Beaumont		TX		566	2,279	625	566	2,904	3,470	1,755	1995	3/26/1997	5 to 40 years
Houston-Beaumont		TX		293	1,357	736	293	2,093	2,386	1,189	1995	3/26/1997	5 to 40 years
Chesapeake		VA		260	1,043	4,944	260	5,987	6,247	2,315	1988/95	3/31/1997	5 to 40 years
Orlando-W 25th St		FL		289	1,160	2,666	616	3,499	4,115	1,411	1984	3/31/1997	5 to 40 years
Savannah		GA		296	1,196	754	296	1,950	2,246	1,101	1988	5/8/1997	5 to 40 years
Delray		FL		921	3,282	1,316	921	4,598	5,519	2,621	1980	5/21/1997	5 to 40 years
Cleveland-Avon		OH		301	1,214	2,456	304	3,667	3,971	1,916	1989	6/4/1997	5 to 40 years
Atlanta-Alpharetta		GA		1,033	3,753	940	1,033	4,693	5,726	2,787	1994	7/24/1997	5 to 40 years
Atlanta-Marietta		GA		769	2,788	866	825	3,598	4,423	2,113	1996	7/24/1997	5 to 40 years
Atlanta-Doraville		GA		735	3,429	814	735	4,243	4,978	2,480	1995	8/21/1997	5 to 40 years
Baton Rouge-Airline		LA		396	1,831	1,331	421	3,137	3,558	1,778	1982	10/9/1997	5 to 40 years
Baton Rouge-Airline2		LA		282	1,303	711	282	2,014	2,296	1,155	1985	11/21/1997	5 to 40 years
Harrisburg-Peiffers		PA		635	2,550	907	637	3,455	4,092	2,194	1984	12/3/1997	5 to 40 years
Tampa-E. Hillsborough		FL		709	3,235	1,202	709	4,437	5,146	2,621	1985	2/4/1998	5 to 40 years
NY Metro-Middletown		NY		843	3,394	4,796	843	8,190	9,033	2,989	1989/95	2/4/1998	5 to 40 years
Chesapeake-Military		VA		542	2,210	3,323	542	5,533	6,075	2,166	1996/2019	2/5/1998	5 to 40 years
Chesapeake-Volvo		VA		620	2,532	1,666	620	4,198	4,818	2,297	1995	2/5/1998	5 to 40 years
Norfolk-Naval Base		VA		1,243	5,019	1,226	1,243	6,245	7,488	3,644	1975	2/5/1998	5 to 40 years
Boston-Northbridge		MA		441	1,788	1,272	694	2,807	3,501	1,219	1988	2/9/1998	5 to 40 years
Titusville		FL		492	1,990	6,061	688	7,855	8,543	1,595	1986/90/2020	2/25/1998	5 to 40 years
Boston-Salem		MA		733	2,941	2,002	733	4,943	5,676	4,943	1979	3/3/1998	5 to 40 years
Providence		RI		702	2,821	4,432	702	7,253	7,955	3,222	1984/88	3/26/1998	5 to 40 years
Chattanooga-Lee Hwy		TN		384	1,371	728	384	2,099	2,483	1,303	1987	3/27/1998	5 to 40 years
Chattanooga-Hwy 58		TN		296	1,198	2,408	414	3,488	3,902	1,754	1985	3/27/1998	5 to 40 years
Ft. Oglethorpe		GA		349	1,250	1,923	464	3,058	3,522	1,489	1989	3/27/1998	5 to 40 years
Birmingham-Walt		AL		544	1,942	1,394	544	3,336	3,880	1,980	1984	3/27/1998	5 to 40 years
Salem-Policy		NH		742	2,977	756	742	3,733	4,475	2,144	1980	4/7/1998	5 to 40 years
Raleigh-Durham		NC		775	3,103	4,122	775	7,225	8,000	2,030	1988/91/2019	4/9/1998	5 to 40 years
Youngstown-Warren		OH		522	1,864	1,670	569	3,487	4,056	1,908	1986	4/22/1998	5 to 40 years
Youngstown-Warren		OH		512	1,829	2,982	633	4,690	5,323	2,153	1986/16	4/22/1998	5 to 40 years
Houston-Katy		TX		419	1,524	4,214	419	5,738	6,157	2,370	1994	5/20/1998	5 to 40 years
Melbourne		FL		662	2,654	3,747	662	6,401	7,063	2,338	1985/07/15	6/2/1998	5 to 40 years
Vero Beach		FL		489	1,813	1,953	584	3,671	4,255	1,579	1997	6/12/1998	5 to 40 years
Houston-Humble		TX		447	1,790	3,066	740	4,563	5,303	2,068	1986	6/16/1998	5 to 40 years
Houston-Webster		TX		635	2,302	841	635	3,143	3,778	1,614	1997	6/19/1998	5 to 40 years
San Marcos		TX		324	1,493	2,449	324	3,942	4,266	1,867	1994	6/30/1998	5 to 40 years
Hollywood-Sheridan		FL		1,208	4,854	1,059	1,208	5,913	7,121	3,353	1988	7/1/1998	5 to 40 years
Pompano Beach-Atlantic		FL		944	3,803	929	944	4,732	5,676	3,199	1985	7/1/1998	5 to 40 years

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				Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Total				
Pompano Beach-Sample	FL			903	3,643	884	903	4,527	5,430	2,548	1988	7/1/1998	5 to 40 years
Boca Raton-18th St	FL			1,503	6,059	(1,537)	851	5,174	6,025	2,938	1991	7/1/1998	5 to 40 years
Hollywood-N.21st	FL			840	3,373	681	840	4,054	4,894	2,412	1987	8/3/1998	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth	TX			550	1,998	974	550	2,972	3,522	1,599	1996	9/29/1998	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth	TX			670	2,407	1,947	670	4,354	5,024	2,325	1996	10/9/1998	5 to 40 years
Cincinnati-Batavia	OH			390	1,570	4,191	376	5,775	6,151	1,629	1988/2020	11/19/1998	5 to 40 years
Providence	RI			447	1,776	1,122	447	2,898	3,345	1,609	1986/94	2/2/1999	5 to 40 years
Lafayette-Ambassador	LA			314	1,095	5,951	314	7,046	7,360	461	2019	2/17/1999	5 to 40 years
Phoenix-Glendale	AZ			565	2,596	870	565	3,466	4,031	1,962	1997	5/18/1999	5 to 40 years
Phoenix-Mesa	AZ			330	1,309	2,777	733	3,683	4,416	1,632	1986	5/18/1999	5 to 40 years
Phoenix-Mesa	AZ			339	1,346	1,127	339	2,473	2,812	1,220	1986	5/18/1999	5 to 40 years
Phoenix-Mesa	AZ			291	1,026	1,515	291	2,541	2,832	1,163	1976	5/18/1999	5 to 40 years
Phoenix-Mesa	AZ			354	1,405	934	354	2,339	2,693	1,182	1986	5/18/1999	5 to 40 years
Phoenix-Bell	AZ			872	3,476	3,833	872	7,309	8,181	3,283	1984	5/18/1999	5 to 40 years
Phoenix-35th Ave	AZ			849	3,401	1,196	849	4,597	5,446	2,585	1996	5/21/1999	5 to 40 years
Portland	ME			410	1,626	2,183	410	3,809	4,219	1,884	1988	8/2/1999	5 to 40 years
Space Coast-Cocoa	FL			667	2,373	1,245	667	3,618	4,285	2,269	1982	9/29/1999	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth	TX			335	1,521	1,011	335	2,532	2,867	1,263	1985	11/9/1999	5 to 40 years
NY Metro-Middletown	NY			276	1,312	4,638	276	5,950	6,226	1,604	1998/2019	2/2/2000	5 to 40 years
Boston-N. Andover	MA			633	2,573	1,169	633	3,742	4,375	1,933	1989	2/15/2000	5 to 40 years
Houston-Seabrook	TX			633	2,617	5,883	583	8,550	9,133	1,535	1996/2020	3/1/2000	5 to 40 years
Ft. Lauderdale	FL			384	1,422	1,106	384	2,528	2,912	1,255	1994	5/2/2000	5 to 40 years
Birmingham-Bessemer	AL			254	1,059	3,507	332	4,488	4,820	1,489	1998	11/15/2000	5 to 40 years
NY Metro-Brewster	NY			1,716	6,920	1,986	1,981	8,641	10,622	3,356	1991/97	12/27/2000	5 to 40 years
Austin-Lamar	TX			837	2,977	3,865	966	6,713	7,679	2,194	1996/99	2/22/2001	5 to 40 years
Houston	TX			733	3,392	1,407	841	4,691	5,532	1,974	1993/97	3/2/2001	5 to 40 years
Ft.Myers	FL			787	3,249	859	902	3,993	4,895	1,847	1997	3/13/2001	5 to 40 years
Boston-Dracut	MA			1,035	3,737	6,069	1,104	9,737	10,841	1,937	1986/2020	12/1/2001	5 to 40 years
Boston-Methuen	MA			1,024	3,649	983	1,091	4,565	5,656	2,246	1984	12/1/2001	5 to 40 years
Myrtle Beach	SC			552	1,970	3,318	589	5,251	5,840	1,608	1984/2019	12/1/2001	5 to 40 years
Maine-Saco	ME			534	1,914	5,015	938	6,525	7,463	1,508	1988/2019	12/3/2001	5 to 40 years
Boston-Plymouth	MA			1,004	4,584	2,556	1,004	7,140	8,144	3,197	1996	12/19/2001	5 to 40 years
Boston-Sandwich	MA			670	3,060	691	714	3,707	4,421	1,825	1984	12/19/2001	5 to 40 years
Syracuse	NY			294	1,203	1,303	327	2,473	2,800	1,095	1987	2/5/2002	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth	TX			734	2,956	1,130	784	4,036	4,820	1,914	1984	2/13/2002	5 to 40 years
San Antonio-Hunt	TX			381	1,545	6,757	618	8,065	8,683	2,284	1980/17	2/13/2002	5 to 40 years
Houston-Humble	TX			919	3,696	1,183	852	4,946	5,798	2,175	1998/02	6/19/2002	5 to 40 years
Houston-Pasadena	TX			612	2,468	514	612	2,982	3,594	1,467	1999	6/19/2002	5 to 40 years
Houston-Montgomery	TX			817	3,286	2,350	1,119	5,334	6,453	2,391	1998	6/19/2002	5 to 40 years
Houston-S. Hwy 6	TX			407	1,650	903	407	2,553	2,960	1,094	1997	6/19/2002	5 to 40 years
Houston-Beaumont	TX			817	3,287	3,732	817	7,019	7,836	2,213	1996/17	6/19/2002	5 to 40 years
The Hamptons	NY			2,207	8,866	4,878	2,207	13,744	15,951	5,721	1989/95/2021	12/16/2002	5 to 40 years
The Hamptons	NY			1,131	4,564	690	1,131	5,254	6,385	2,503	1998	12/16/2002	5 to 40 years
The Hamptons	NY			635	2,918	510	635	3,428	4,063	1,629	1997	12/16/2002	5 to 40 years
The Hamptons	NY			1,251	5,744	1,062	1,251	6,805	8,075	3,072	1994/98	12/16/2002	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth	TX			1,039	4,201	528	1,039	4,729	5,768	2,125	1995/99	8/26/2003	5 to 40 years

Description	New	ST	Encumbrance	Initial Cost to Company		Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period			Accum. Deprec.	Date of Const.	Date Acquired	Life on which depreciation in latest income statement is computed
				Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.		Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Total				
Dallas-Fort Worth		TX		827	3,776	744	827	4,520	5,347	2,006	1998/01	10/1/2003	5 to 40 years
Stamford		CT		2,713	11,013	933	2,713	11,946	14,659	5,474	1998	3/17/2004	5 to 40 years
Houston-Tomball		TX		773	3,170	1,997	773	5,167	5,940	2,264	2000	5/19/2004	5 to 40 years
Houston-Conroe		TX		1,195	4,877	521	1,195	5,398	6,593	2,408	2001	5/19/2004	5 to 40 years
Houston-Spring		TX		1,103	4,550	1,286	1,103	5,836	6,939	2,434	2001	5/19/2004	5 to 40 years
Houston-Bissonnet		TX		1,061	4,427	3,249	1,061	7,676	8,737	3,172	2003	5/19/2004	5 to 40 years
Houston-Alvin		TX		388	1,640	1,144	388	2,784	3,172	1,187	2003	5/19/2004	5 to 40 years
Clearwater		FL		1,720	6,986	571	1,720	7,557	9,277	3,366	2001	6/3/2004	5 to 40 years
Houston-Missouri City		TX		1,167	4,744	3,943	1,566	8,288	9,854	3,230	1998	6/23/2004	5 to 40 years
Chattanooga-Hixson		TN		1,365	5,569	2,273	1,365	7,842	9,207	3,366	1998/02	8/4/2004	5 to 40 years
Austin-Round Rock		TX		2,047	5,857	1,064	1,976	6,992	8,968	3,094	2000	8/5/2004	5 to 40 years
Long Island-Bayshore		NY		1,131	4,609	321	1,131	4,930	6,061	2,093	2003	3/15/2005	5 to 40 years
Syracuse - Cicero		NY		527	2,121	3,401	527	5,522	6,049	1,751	1988/02/16	3/16/2005	5 to 40 years
Boston-Springfield		MA		612	2,501	998	612	3,499	4,111	1,307	1965/75	4/12/2005	5 to 40 years
Stamford		CT		1,612	6,585	436	1,612	7,021	8,633	3,044	2002	4/14/2005	5 to 40 years
Montgomery-Richard		AL		1,906	7,726	600	1,906	8,326	10,232	3,512	1997	6/1/2005	5 to 40 years
Houston-Jones		TX		1,214	4,949	1,238	1,215	6,186	7,401	2,377	1997/99	6/6/2005	5 to 40 years
Boston-Oxford		MA		470	1,902	4,605	470	6,507	6,977	1,656	2002	6/23/2005	5 to 40 years
Austin-290E		TX		537	2,183	6,183	491	8,412	8,903	1,639	2003/17	7/12/2005	5 to 40 years
San Antonio-Marbach		TX		556	2,265	879	556	3,144	3,700	1,317	2003	7/12/2005	5 to 40 years
Austin-South 1st		TX		754	3,065	513	754	3,578	4,332	1,513	2003	7/12/2005	5 to 40 years
Atlanta-Marietta		GA		811	3,397	696	811	4,093	4,904	1,721	2003	9/15/2005	5 to 40 years
Baton Rouge		LA		719	2,927	2,755	719	5,682	6,401	1,982	1984/94	11/15/2005	5 to 40 years
San Marcos-Hwy 35S		TX		628	2,532	3,526	982	5,704	6,686	1,530	2001/16	1/10/2006	5 to 40 years
Houston-Baytown		TX		596	2,411	736	596	3,147	3,743	1,163	2002	1/10/2006	5 to 40 years
Houston-Cypress		TX		721	2,994	2,547	721	5,541	6,262	2,056	2003	1/13/2006	5 to 40 years
Rochester		NY		937	3,779	364	937	4,143	5,080	1,672	2002/06	2/1/2006	5 to 40 years
Houston-Jones Rd 2		TX		707	2,933	3,043	707	5,976	6,683	2,317	2000	3/9/2006	5 to 40 years
Manchester		NH		832	3,268	281	832	3,549	4,381	1,422	2000	4/26/2006	5 to 40 years
Clearwater-Largo		FL		1,270	5,037	801	1,270	5,838	7,108	2,234	1998	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
Clearwater-Pinellas Park		FL		929	3,676	654	929	4,330	5,259	1,612	2000	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
Clearwater-Tarpon Spring		FL		696	2,739	290	696	3,029	3,725	1,230	1999	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
New Orleans		LA		1,220	4,805	463	1,220	5,268	6,488	2,084	2000	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
St Louis-Meramec		MO		1,113	4,359	2,763	1,113	7,122	8,235	1,943	1999/2019	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
St Louis-Charles Rock		MO		766	3,040	1,548	766	4,588	5,354	1,589	1999	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
St Louis-Shackelford		MO		828	3,290	319	828	3,609	4,437	1,448	1999	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
St Louis-W.Washington		MO		734	2,867	2,734	734	5,601	6,335	1,864	1980/01/15	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
St Louis-Howdershell		MO		899	3,596	400	899	3,996	4,895	1,587	2000	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
St Louis-Lemay Ferry		MO		890	3,552	586	890	4,138	5,028	1,628	1999	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
St Louis-Manchester		MO		697	2,711	277	697	2,988	3,685	1,195	2000	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth		TX		1,256	4,946	849	1,256	5,795	7,051	2,248	1998/03	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth		TX		605	2,434	451	605	2,885	3,490	1,076	2004	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth		TX		607	2,428	423	607	2,851	3,458	1,100	2004	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth		TX		1,073	4,276	235	1,073	4,511	5,584	1,760	2003	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth		TX		549	2,180	1,243	549	3,423	3,972	1,260	1998	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth		TX		644	2,542	446	644	2,988	3,632	1,110	1999	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years

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				Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.		Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Total				
San Antonio-Blanco		TX		963	3,836	348	963	4,184	5,147	1,697	2004	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
San Antonio-Broadway		TX		773	3,060	2,371	773	5,431	6,204	2,341	2000	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
San Antonio-Huebner		TX		1,175	4,624	566	1,175	5,190	6,365	2,017	1998	6/22/2006	5 to 40 years
Nashua		NH		617	2,422	789	617	3,211	3,828	1,235	1989	6/29/2006	5 to 40 years
Chattanooga-Lee Hwy II		TN		619	2,471	310	619	2,781	3,400	1,112	2002	8/7/2006	5 to 40 years
Montgomery-E.S.Blvd		AL		1,158	4,639	1,426	1,158	6,065	7,223	2,361	1996/97	9/28/2006	5 to 40 years
Auburn-Pepperell Pkwy		AL		590	2,361	749	590	3,110	3,700	1,220	1998	9/28/2006	5 to 40 years
Auburn-Gatewood Dr		AL		694	2,758	501	694	3,259	3,953	1,241	2002/03	9/28/2006	5 to 40 years
Columbus-Williams Rd		GA		736	2,905	539	736	3,444	4,180	1,347	2002/04/06	9/28/2006	5 to 40 years
Columbus-Miller Rd		GA		975	3,854	1,529	975	5,383	6,358	1,808	1995	9/28/2006	5 to 40 years
Columbus-Armour Rd		GA		—	3,680	416	—	4,096	4,096	1,610	2004/05	9/28/2006	5 to 40 years
Columbus-Amber Dr		GA		439	1,745	472	439	2,217	2,656	912	1998	9/28/2006	5 to 40 years
Concord		NH		813	3,213	2,121	813	5,334	6,147	1,959	2000	10/31/2006	5 to 40 years
Houston-Beaumont		TX		929	3,647	513	930	4,159	5,089	1,545	2002/04	3/8/2007	5 to 40 years
Houston-Beaumont		TX		1,537	6,018	1,112	1,537	7,130	8,667	2,610	2003/06	3/8/2007	5 to 40 years
Buffalo-Langner Rd		NY		532	2,119	3,818	532	5,937	6,469	1,693	1993/07/15	3/30/2007	5 to 40 years
Buffalo-Transit Rd		NY		437	1,794	3,251	437	5,045	5,482	949	1998/2021	3/30/2007	5 to 40 years
Buffalo-Lake Ave		NY		638	2,531	3,046	638	5,577	6,215	1,612	1997/06	3/30/2007	5 to 40 years
Buffalo-Union Rd		NY		348	1,344	3,818	348	5,162	5,510	968	1998/2019	3/30/2007	5 to 40 years
Buffalo-NF Blvd		NY		323	1,331	276	323	1,607	1,930	650	1998	3/30/2007	5 to 40 years
Buffalo-Young St		NY		315	2,185	4,485	881	6,104	6,985	1,370	1999/00/20	3/30/2007	5 to 40 years
Buffalo-Sheridan Dr		NY		961	3,827	2,763	961	6,590	7,551	2,186	1999	3/30/2007	5 to 40 years
Buffalo-Transit Rd		NY		375	1,498	953	375	2,451	2,826	847	1990/95	3/30/2007	5 to 40 years
Rochester-Phillips Rd		NY		1,003	4,002	230	1,003	4,232	5,235	1,582	1999	3/30/2007	5 to 40 years
San Antonio-Foster		TX		676	2,685	553	676	3,238	3,914	1,294	2003/06	5/21/2007	5 to 40 years
Huntsville-Memorial Pkwy		AL		1,607	6,338	1,215	1,677	7,483	9,160	2,783	1989/06	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Huntsville-Madison 1		AL		1,016	4,013	519	1,017	4,531	5,548	1,752	1993/07	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Bilox-Gulfport		MS		1,423	5,624	383	1,423	6,007	7,430	2,232	1998/05	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Huntsville-Hwy 72		AL		1,206	4,775	552	1,206	5,327	6,533	2,021	1998/06	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Mobile-Airport Blvd		AL		1,216	4,819	505	1,216	5,324	6,540	2,093	2000/07	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Bilox-Gulfport		MS		1,345	5,325	217	1,301	5,586	6,887	2,086	2002/04	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Huntsville-Madison 2		AL		1,164	4,624	408	1,164	5,032	6,196	1,895	2002/06	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Foley-Hwy 59		AL		1,346	5,474	5,086	1,347	10,559	11,906	2,629	2003/06/15	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Pensacola 6-Nine Mile		FL		1,029	4,180	3,307	1,029	7,487	8,516	1,906	2003/06/19	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Auburn-College St		AL		686	2,732	368	686	3,100	3,786	1,192	2003/20	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Biloxi-Gulfport		MS		1,811	7,152	260	1,811	7,412	9,223	2,720	2004/06	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Pensacola 7-Hwy 98		FL		732	3,015	3,407	732	6,422	7,154	1,355	2006/20	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Montgomery-Arrowhead		AL		1,075	4,333	485	1,076	4,817	5,893	1,786	2006	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Montgomery-McLemore		AL		885	3,586	352	885	3,938	4,823	1,470	2006	6/1/2007	5 to 40 years
Houston-Beaumont		TX		742	3,024	399	742	3,423	4,165	1,246	2002/05	11/14/2007	5 to 40 years
Biloxi-Ginger		MS		384	1,548	236	384	1,784	2,168	621	2000	12/19/2007	5 to 40 years
Foley-7905 St Hwy 59		AL		437	1,757	205	437	1,962	2,399	706	2000	12/19/2007	5 to 40 years
Cincinnati-Robertson		OH		852	3,409	409	852	3,818	4,670	1,263	2003/04	12/31/2008	5 to 40 years
Richmond-Bridge Rd		VA		1,047	5,981	2,787	1,047	8,768	9,815	2,539	2009/16	10/1/2009	5 to 40 years
Raleigh-Durham		NC		846	4,095	371	846	4,466	5,312	1,316	2000	12/28/2010	5 to 40 years
Charlotte-Wallace		NC		961	3,702	1,414	961	5,116	6,077	1,359	2008/16	12/29/2010	5 to 40 years

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Raleigh-Durham	NC		574	3,975	381	575	4,355	4,930	1,241	2008	12/29/2010	5 to 40 years
Charlotte-Westmoreland	NC		513	5,317	155	513	5,472	5,985	1,535	2009	12/29/2010	5 to 40 years
Charlotte-Matthews	NC		1,129	4,767	250	1,129	5,017	6,146	1,460	2009	12/29/2010	5 to 40 years
Raleigh-Durham	NC		381	3,575	199	381	3,774	4,155	1,085	2008	12/29/2010	5 to 40 years
Charlotte-Zeb Morris	NC		965	3,355	247	965	3,602	4,567	1,028	2007	12/29/2010	5 to 40 years
Fair Lawn	NJ		796	9,467	547	796	10,014	10,810	2,727	1999	7/14/2011	5 to 40 years
Elizabeth	NJ		885	3,073	938	885	4,011	4,896	1,037	1988	7/14/2011	5 to 40 years
Saint Louis-High Ridge	MO		197	2,132	129	197	2,261	2,458	745	2007	7/28/2011	5 to 40 years
Atlanta-Decatur	GA		1,043	8,252	236	1,043	8,488	9,531	2,262	2006	8/17/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Humble	TX		825	4,201	640	825	4,841	5,666	1,351	1993	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Dallas-Fort Worth	TX		693	3,552	506	693	4,058	4,751	1,110	2001	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Hwy 6N	TX		1,243	3,106	262	1,243	3,368	4,611	1,020	2000	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Katy	TX		691	4,435	2,539	691	6,974	7,665	1,794	2000/15	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Deer Park	TX		1,012	3,312	323	1,012	3,635	4,647	1,030	1998	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-W.Little York	TX		575	3,557	502	575	4,059	4,634	1,164	1998	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Friendswood	TX		1,168	2,315	1,061	1,168	3,376	4,544	791	1994/2021	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Spring	TX		2,152	3,027	508	2,152	3,535	5,687	1,064	1993	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-W.Sam Houston	TX		402	3,602	380	402	3,982	4,384	1,124	1999	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Austin-Pond Springs Rd	TX		1,653	4,947	625	1,653	5,572	7,225	1,576	1984	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Austin-Round Rock	TX		177	3,223	350	177	3,573	3,750	1,012	1999	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Silverado Dr	TX		1,438	4,583	344	1,438	4,927	6,365	1,395	2000	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Sugarland	TX		272	3,236	279	272	3,515	3,787	1,045	2001	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Wilcrest Dr	TX		1,478	4,145	337	1,478	4,482	5,960	1,248	1999	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Woodlands	TX		1,315	6,142	362	1,315	6,504	7,819	1,747	1997	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Woodlands	TX		3,189	3,974	255	3,189	4,229	7,418	1,177	2000	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Katy Freeway	TX		1,049	5,175	650	1,049	5,825	6,874	1,636	1999	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Houston-Webster	TX	998	2,054	2,138	3,230	2,054	5,368	7,422	1,100	1982/17	9/22/2011	5 to 40 years
Newport News-Brick Kiln	VA		2,848	5,892	180	2,848	6,072	8,920	1,699	2004	9/29/2011	5 to 40 years
Penasacola-Palafox	FL		197	4,281	800	197	5,081	5,278	5,074	1996	11/15/2011	5 to 40 years
Miami	FL		2,960	12,077	537	2,960	12,614	15,574	3,120	2005	5/16/2012	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Lake Forest	IL		1,932	11,606	318	1,932	11,924	13,856	2,922	1996/04	6/6/2012	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Schaumburg	IL		1,940	4,880	534	1,940	5,414	7,354	1,359	1998	6/6/2012	5 to 40 years
Norfolk - E. Little Creek	VA		911	5,862	187	911	6,049	6,960	1,512	2007	6/20/2012	5 to 40 years
Atlanta-14th St.	GA		1,560	6,766	140	1,560	6,906	8,466	1,728	2009	7/18/2012	5 to 40 years
Jacksonville - Middleburg	FL		644	5,719	194	644	5,913	6,557	1,434	2008	9/18/2012	5 to 40 years
Jacksonville - Orange Park	FL		772	3,882	375	772	4,257	5,029	998	2007	9/18/2012	5 to 40 years
Jacksonville - St. Augustine	FL		739	3,858	278	739	4,136	4,875	1,043	2007	9/18/2012	5 to 40 years
Atlanta - NE Expressway	GA		1,384	9,266	109	1,384	9,375	10,759	2,286	2009	9/18/2012	5 to 40 years
Atlanta - Kennesaw	GA		856	4,315	211	856	4,526	5,382	1,092	2008	9/18/2012	5 to 40 years
Atlanta - Lawrenceville	GA		855	3,838	163	855	4,001	4,856	986	2007	9/18/2012	5 to 40 years
Atlanta - Woodstock	GA		1,342	4,692	210	1,342	4,902	6,244	1,215	2009	9/18/2012	5 to 40 years
Raleigh-Durham	NC		2,337	4,901	352	2,337	5,253	7,590	1,319	2002	9/19/2012	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Lindenhurst	IL		1,213	3,129	331	1,213	3,460	4,673	888	1999/06	9/27/2012	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Orland Park	IL		1,050	5,894	265	1,050	6,159	7,209	1,518	2007	12/10/2012	5 to 40 years
Phoenix-83rd	AZ		910	3,656	442	910	4,098	5,008	1,008	2008	12/18/2012	5 to 40 years
Chicago-North Austin	IL		2,593	5,029	3,084	2,593	8,113	10,706	1,330	2005/20/21	12/20/2012	5 to 40 years

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Chicago-North Western	IL			1,718	6,466	830	1,798	7,216	9,014	1,631	2005	12/20/2012	5 to 40 years
Chicago-West Pershing	IL			395	3,226	412	395	3,638	4,033	813	2008	12/20/2012	5 to 40 years
Chicago - North Broadway	IL			2,373	9,869	286	2,373	10,155	12,528	2,307	2011	12/20/2012	5 to 40 years
Brandenton	FL			1,501	3,775	280	1,501	4,055	5,556	1,002	1997	12/21/2012	5 to 40 years
Ft. Myers-Cleveland	FL			515	2,280	179	515	2,459	2,974	621	1998	12/21/2012	5 to 40 years
Clearwater-Drew St.	FL			1,234	4,018	376	1,234	4,394	5,628	1,069	2000	12/21/2012	5 to 40 years
Clearwater-N. Myrtle	FL			1,555	5,978	196	1,555	6,174	7,729	1,487	2000	12/21/2012	5 to 40 years
Austin-Round Rock	TX			774	3,327	329	774	3,656	4,430	903	2004	12/27/2012	5 to 40 years
Austin-Round Rock	TX			632	1,985	342	632	2,327	2,959	607	2007	12/27/2012	5 to 40 years
Chicago-Aurora	IL			269	3,126	607	269	3,733	4,002	829	2010	12/31/2012	5 to 40 years
San Antonio - Marbach	TX			337	2,005	367	337	2,372	2,709	581	2005	2/11/2013	5 to 40 years
Long Island - Lindenhurst	NY			2,122	8,735	615	2,122	9,350	11,472	2,074	2002	3/22/2013	5 to 40 years
Boston - Somerville	MA			1,553	7,186	229	1,506	7,462	8,968	1,656	2008	3/22/2013	5 to 40 years
Long Island - Deer Park	NY			1,096	8,276	193	1,096	8,469	9,565	1,851	2009	8/29/2013	5 to 40 years
Long Island - Amityville	NY			2,224	10,102	179	2,224	10,281	12,505	2,220	2009	8/29/2013	5 to 40 years
Colorado Springs - Scarlet	CO			629	5,201	254	629	5,455	6,084	1,157	2006	9/30/2013	5 to 40 years
Toms River - Route 37 W	NJ			1,843	6,544	419	1,843	6,963	8,806	1,438	2007	11/26/2013	5 to 40 years
Lake Worth - S Military	FL			868	5,306	868	868	6,174	7,042	1,304	2000	12/4/2013	5 to 40 years
Austin-Round Rock	TX			1,547	5,226	421	1,547	5,647	7,194	1,276	2008	12/27/2013	5 to 40 years
Hartford-Bristol	CT			1,174	8,816	148	1,174	8,964	10,138	1,823	2004	12/30/2013	5 to 40 years
Piscataway - New Brunswick	NJ			1,639	10,946	196	1,639	11,142	12,781	2,248	2006	12/30/2013	5 to 40 years
Fort Lauderdale - 3rd Ave	FL			7,629	11,918	1,018	7,629	12,936	20,565	2,647	1998	1/9/2014	5 to 40 years
West Palm - Mercer	FL			15,680	17,520	1,430	15,680	18,950	34,630	3,924	2000	1/9/2014	5 to 40 years
Austin - Manchaca	TX			3,999	4,297	822	3,999	5,119	9,118	1,166	1998/02	1/17/2014	5 to 40 years
San Antonio	TX			2,235	6,269	442	2,235	6,711	8,946	1,412	2012	2/10/2014	5 to 40 years
Portland	ME			2,146	6,418	344	2,146	6,762	8,908	1,380	2000	2/11/2014	5 to 40 years
Portland-Topsham	ME			493	5,234	636	985	5,378	6,363	1,087	2006	2/11/2014	5 to 40 years
Chicago - St. Charles	IL			1,837	6,301	2,542	1,837	8,843	10,680	1,532	2004/13/20	3/31/2014	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Ashland	IL			598	4,789	503	598	5,292	5,890	1,065	2014	5/5/2014	5 to 40 years
San Antonio - Walzem	TX			2,000	3,749	3,755	2,000	7,504	9,504	1,141	1997/2019	5/13/2014	5 to 40 years
St. Louis - Woodson	MO			2,444	5,966	1,680	2,444	7,646	10,090	1,564	1998	5/22/2014	5 to 40 years
St. Louis - Mexico	MO			638	3,518	1,894	638	5,412	6,050	1,062	1998/16	5/22/2014	5 to 40 years
St. Louis - Vogel	MO			2,010	3,544	2,063	2,010	5,607	7,617	962	2000	5/22/2014	5 to 40 years
St. Louis - Manchester	MO			508	2,042	460	508	2,502	3,010	546	1996	5/22/2014	5 to 40 years
St. Louis - North Highway	MO			1,989	4,045	2,523	1,989	6,568	8,557	1,213	1997	5/22/2014	5 to 40 years
St. Louis - Dunn	MO			1,538	4,510	2,919	1,538	7,429	8,967	1,321	2000	5/22/2014	5 to 40 years
Trenton-Hamilton Twnship	NJ			5,161	7,063	1,271	5,161	8,334	13,495	1,643	1980	6/5/2014	5 to 40 years
NY Metro-Fishkill	NY			1,741	6,006	463	1,741	6,469	8,210	1,304	2005	6/11/2014	5 to 40 years
Atlanta-Peachtree City	GA			2,263	4,931	608	2,263	5,539	7,802	1,183	2007	6/12/2014	5 to 40 years
Wayne - Willowbrook	NJ			—	2,292	319	—	2,611	2,611	1,242	2000	6/12/2014	5 to 40 years
Asbury Park - 1st Ave	NJ			819	4,734	1,042	819	5,776	6,595	1,135	2003	6/18/2014	5 to 40 years
Farmingdale - Tinton Falls	NJ			1,097	5,618	719	1,097	6,337	7,434	1,236	2004	6/18/2014	5 to 40 years
Lakewood - Route 70	NJ			626	4,549	389	626	4,938	5,564	985	2003	6/18/2014	5 to 40 years
Matawan - Highway 34	NJ			1,512	9,707	1,187	1,512	10,894	12,406	2,143	2005	7/10/2014	5 to 40 years
St. Petersburg - Gandy	FL			2,958	6,904	409	2,958	7,313	10,271	1,434	2007	8/28/2014	5 to 40 years
Chesapeake - Campostella	VA			2,349	3,875	382	2,349	4,257	6,606	833	2000	9/5/2014	5 to 40 years

Description	New	ST	Encumbrance	Initial Cost to Company		Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition	Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period			Accum. Deprec.	Date of Const.	Date Acquired	Life on which depreciation in latest income statement is computed
				Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Total				
San Antonio-Castle Hills		TX		2,658	8,190	580	4,544	6,884	11,428	1,349	2002	9/10/2014	5 to 40 years
Chattanooga - Broad St		TN		759	5,608	322	759	5,930	6,689	1,120	2014	9/18/2014	5 to 40 years
New Orleans-Kenner		LA		5,771	10,375	558	5,771	10,933	16,704	2,089	2008	10/10/2014	5 to 40 years
Orlando-Celebration		FL		6,091	4,641	483	6,091	5,124	11,215	998	2006	10/21/2014	5 to 40 years
Austin-Cedar Park		TX		4,196	8,374	1,035	4,196	9,409	13,605	1,761	2003	10/28/2014	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Pulaski		IL		889	4,700	1,923	889	6,623	7,512	1,118	2014	11/14/2014	5 to 40 years
Houston - Gessner		TX		1,599	5,813	3,578	1,599	9,391	10,990	1,540	2006/17	12/18/2014	5 to 40 years
New England - Danbury		CT		9,747	18,374	265	9,747	18,639	28,386	3,284	1999	2/2/2015	5 to 40 years
New England - Milford		CT		9,642	23,352	167	9,642	23,519	33,161	4,131	1999	2/2/2015	5 to 40 years
Long Island - Hicksville		NY		5,153	27,401	204	5,153	27,605	32,758	4,840	2002	2/2/2015	5 to 40 years
Long Island - Farmingdale		NY		4,931	20,415	370	4,931	20,785	25,716	3,638	2000	2/2/2015	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Alsip		IL		2,579	4,066	3,600	2,579	7,666	10,245	1,145	1986/17	2/5/2015	5 to 40 years
Chicago - N. Pulaski		IL		1,719	6,971	919	1,719	7,890	9,609	1,342	2015	3/9/2015	5 to 40 years
Fort Myers - Tamiami Trail		FL		1,793	4,382	284	1,793	4,666	6,459	861	2004	4/1/2015	5 to 40 years
Dallas - Allen		TX		3,864	4,777	420	3,864	5,197	9,061	974	2002	4/16/2015	5 to 40 years
Jacksonville - Beach Blvd.		FL		2,118	6,501	90	2,118	6,591	8,709	1,145	2013	4/21/2015	5 to 40 years
Space Coast - Vero Beach		FL		1,169	4,409	422	1,169	4,831	6,000	848	1997	5/1/2015	5 to 40 years
Port St. Lucie - Federal Hwy.		FL		4,957	6,045	306	4,957	6,351	11,308	1,136	2001	5/1/2015	5 to 40 years
West Palm - N. Military		FL		3,372	4,206	325	3,372	4,531	7,903	814	1985	5/1/2015	5 to 40 years
Ft. Myers - Bonita Springs		FL		2,687	5,012	334	2,687	5,346	8,033	954	2000	5/1/2015	5 to 40 years
Phoenix - Tatum Blvd.		AZ		852	7,052	320	852	7,372	8,224	1,335	2015	6/16/2015	5 to 40 years
Boston - Lynn		MA		2,110	8,182	457	2,110	8,639	10,749	1,468	2015	6/16/2015	5 to 40 years
Syracuse - Ainsely Dr.		NY		2,711	3,795	2,259	2,711	6,054	8,765	841	2000/19	8/25/2015	5 to 40 years
Syracuse - Cicero		NY		668	1,957	205	668	2,162	2,830	383	2002	8/25/2015	5 to 40 years
Syracuse - Camillus		NY		473	5,368	127	473	5,495	5,968	908	2005/11	8/25/2015	5 to 40 years
Syracuse - Manlius		NY		834	1,705	2,942	834	4,647	5,481	422	2000/17/21	8/25/2015	5 to 40 years
Charlotte - Brookshire Blvd.		NC		718	2,977	992	718	3,969	4,687	706	2000	9/1/2015	5 to 40 years
Charleston III		SC		7,604	9,086	532	7,604	9,618	17,222	1,621	2005	9/1/2015	5 to 40 years
Myrtle Beach II		SC		2,511	6,147	3,834	2,511	9,981	12,492	1,350	1999/2019	9/1/2015	5 to 40 years
Hilton Head - Bluffton		SC		3,084	3,192	254	3,084	3,446	6,530	619	1998	9/1/2015	5 to 40 years
Philadelphia - Eagleville		PA		1,926	4,498	1,633	1,926	6,131	8,057	914	2010	12/30/2015	5 to 40 years
Orlando - University		FL		882	5,756	333	882	6,089	6,971	954	2001	1/6/2016	5 to 40 years
Orlando - N. Powers		FL		2,567	2,838	246	2,567	3,084	5,651	519	1997	1/6/2016	5 to 40 years
Sarasota - North Port		FL		4,884	10,014	(246)	4,278	10,374	14,652	1,509	2001/06	1/6/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - E. Commercial		CA		6,512	12,352	577	6,512	12,929	19,441	2,115	2004	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - E. Slauson		CA		3,998	13,547	322	3,998	13,869	17,867	2,114	2012	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - Westminster		CA		4,636	14,826	427	4,636	15,253	19,889	2,301	2006	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - Calabasas		CA		13,274	10,419	751	13,274	11,170	24,444	1,792	2004/14	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Portsmouth - Kingston		NH		1,713	2,709	127	1,713	2,836	4,549	445	2003	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Portsmouth - Danville		NH		1,615	3,333	2,061	1,615	5,394	7,009	535	2003/21	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Portsmouth - Hampton Falls		NH		2,445	6,295	174	2,445	6,469	8,914	979	2005	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Portsmouth - Lee		NH		3,078	2,861	1,389	3,078	4,250	7,328	520	2000/20	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Portsmouth - Heritage		NH		4,430	26,040	647	4,430	26,687	31,117	4,013	1985/99	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Boston - Salisbury		MA		4,880	6,342	231	4,880	6,573	11,453	1,009	2003	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Dallas - Frisco		TX		6,191	5,088	336	6,191	5,424	11,615	856	2003	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Dallas - McKinney		TX		8,097	7,047	228	8,097	7,275	15,372	1,155	2003	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years

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			Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.		Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Total				
Dallas - McKinney	TX		5,508	6,462	278	5,508	6,740	12,248	1,032	2002	1/21/2016	5 to 40 years
Phoenix - 48th	AZ		988	8,224	91	988	8,315	9,303	1,314	2015	2/1/2016	5 to 40 years
Miami	FL		2,294	8,980	217	2,294	9,197	11,491	1,450	2016	2/12/2016	5 to 40 years
Philadelphia - Glenolden	PA		1,768	3,879	447	1,768	4,326	6,094	682	1970	2/17/2016	5 to 40 years
Denver - Thornton	CO		4,528	7,915	166	4,528	8,081	12,609	1,257	2011	2/29/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - Costa Mesa	CA		17,976	25,145	956	17,976	26,101	44,077	3,891	2005	3/16/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - Irving	CA		—	6,318	1,180	—	7,498	7,498	2,242	1985	3/16/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - Durante	CA		4,671	13,908	157	4,671	14,065	18,736	2,081	2015	3/16/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - Wildomar	CA		6,728	10,340	7,370	6,728	17,710	24,438	2,101	2005/19	3/17/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - Torrance	CA		17,445	18,839	511	17,445	19,350	36,795	2,947	2003	4/11/2016	5 to 40 years
New Haven - Wallingford	CT		3,618	5,286	324	3,618	5,610	9,228	852	2000	4/14/2016	5 to 40 years
New Haven - Waterbury	CT		2,524	5,618	215	2,524	5,833	8,357	893	2001	4/14/2016	5 to 40 years
New York - Mahopac	NY	3,728	2,373	5,089	422	2,373	5,511	7,884	808	1991/94	4/26/2016	5 to 40 years
New York - Mount Vernon	NY		3,337	13,112	291	3,337	13,403	16,740	1,953	2013	4/26/2016	5 to 40 years
Pt. St. Lucie	FL	3,649	4,140	7,176	690	4,305	7,701	12,006	1,290	2002	5/2/2016	5 to 40 years
Dallas - Lewisville	TX		2,333	8,302	554	2,333	8,856	11,189	1,323	2007	5/5/2016	5 to 40 years
Buffalo - Cayuga	NY		499	5,198	2,481	499	7,679	8,178	913	2006	5/19/2016	5 to 40 years
Buffalo - Lackawanna	NY		215	2,323	452	215	2,775	2,990	409	2006	5/19/2016	5 to 40 years
Austin - W Braker	TX		1,210	14,833	328	1,210	15,161	16,371	2,131	2003	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Austin - Highway 290	TX		930	12,269	402	930	12,671	13,601	1,785	1999	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Austin - Killeen	TX		3,070	20,782	456	3,070	21,238	24,308	3,242	2005	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Austin - Round Rock	TX		830	6,129	263	830	6,392	7,222	944	1986	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Austin - Georgetown	TX		1,530	10,647	644	1,530	11,291	12,821	1,664	2001/15	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Austin - Pflugerville	TX		750	9,238	391	750	9,629	10,379	1,365	2005	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Algonquin	IL		1,430	14,958	137	1,430	15,095	16,525	2,136	2006	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Carpentersville	IL		350	4,710	41	350	4,751	5,101	672	2004	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - W. Addison	IL		2,770	25,112	281	2,770	25,393	28,163	3,576	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - State St.	IL		1,190	19,159	304	1,190	19,463	20,653	2,696	2009	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - W. Grand	IL		1,720	10,628	252	1,720	10,880	12,600	1,515	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Libertyville	IL		3,670	26,660	338	3,670	26,998	30,668	3,756	2009	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Aurora	IL		1,090	20,033	1,337	2,114	20,346	22,460	2,867	2009	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Morton Grove	IL		1,610	14,914	825	1,610	15,739	17,349	2,183	2009	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Bridgeview	IL		3,770	19,990	682	3,770	20,672	24,442	2,983	2008	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Addison	IL		1,340	11,881	518	1,340	12,399	13,739	1,743	2008	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - W Diversey	IL		1,670	10,811	167	1,670	10,978	12,648	1,517	2010	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Elmhurst	IL		670	18,729	168	670	18,897	19,567	2,623	2008	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Elgin	IL		1,130	12,584	327	1,130	12,911	14,041	1,826	2003	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - N. Paulina St.,	IL		5,600	12,721	233	5,600	12,954	18,554	1,837	2006	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Matteson	IL		1,590	12,053	267	1,590	12,320	13,910	1,808	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - S. Heights	IL		1,050	4,960	175	1,050	5,135	6,185	764	2006	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - W. Grand	IL		1,780	8,928	219	1,780	9,147	10,927	1,294	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - W 30th St	IL		600	15,574	738	600	16,312	16,912	2,226	2008	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Mokena	IL		3,230	18,623	2,142	3,230	20,765	23,995	2,733	2008/21	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Barrington	IL		1,890	9,395	773	1,890	10,168	12,058	1,440	2015	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Naperville	IL		2,620	11,933	229	2,620	12,162	14,782	1,795	2015	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Forest Park	IL		1,100	10,087	830	1,100	10,917	12,017	1,531	2015	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years

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				Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.		Land	Impvmts.	Total				
Chicago - La Grange		IL		960	13,019	549	960	13,568	14,528	1,900	2015	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Chicago - Glenview		IL		3,210	8,519	160	3,210	8,679	11,889	1,269	2014/15	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Dallas - Richardson		TX		630	10,282	213	630	10,495	11,125	1,522	2001	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Dallas - Arlington		TX		790	12,785	392	790	13,177	13,967	1,859	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Dallas - Plano		TX		1,370	10,166	393	1,370	10,559	11,929	1,467	1998	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Dallas - Mesquite		TX		620	8,771	307	620	9,078	9,698	1,256	2016	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Dallas - S Good Latimer		TX		4,030	8,029	178	4,030	8,207	12,237	1,187	2016	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Boulder - Arapahoe		CO		3,690	12,074	829	3,690	12,903	16,593	1,778	1992	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Boulder - Odell		CO		2,650	15,304	312	2,650	15,616	18,266	2,251	1998	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Boulder - Arapahoe		CO		11,540	15,571	291	11,540	15,862	27,402	2,296	1984	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Boulder - Broadway		CO		2,670	5,623	308	2,670	5,931	8,601	862	1992	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Houston - Westpark		TX		2,760	8,288	422	2,760	8,710	11,470	1,300	1996	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Houston - C. Jester		TX		8,080	10,114	2,948	8,080	13,062	21,142	1,592	2008/20	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Houston - Bay Pointe		TX		1,960	9,585	454	1,960	10,039	11,999	1,426	1972	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Houston - FM 529		TX		680	3,951	163	680	4,114	4,794	621	2005	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Houston - Jones		TX		1,260	2,382	269	1,260	2,651	3,911	424	1994	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Spencer		NV		1,020	25,152	391	1,020	25,543	26,563	3,601	2000	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Maule		NV		2,510	11,822	(951)	1,310	12,071	13,381	1,700	2005	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Wigwam		NV		590	16,838	170	590	17,008	17,598	2,379	2008	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Stufflebeam		NV		350	6,977	442	350	7,419	7,769	1,067	1996	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Ft. Apache		NV		1,470	11,047	332	1,470	11,379	12,849	1,636	2004	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - North		NV		390	7,042	232	390	7,274	7,664	1,046	2005	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Warm Springs		NV		1,340	5,141	108	1,340	5,249	6,589	1,248	2004	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Conestoga		NV		1,420	10,295	303	1,420	10,598	12,018	1,572	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Warm Springs		NV		1,080	16,436	206	1,080	16,642	17,722	2,343	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Nellis		NV		790	5,233	755	790	5,988	6,778	907	1995	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Cheyenne		NV		1,470	17,366	399	1,470	17,765	19,235	2,589	2004	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Dean Martin		NV		3,050	23,333	229	3,050	23,562	26,612	3,637	2005	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Flamingo		NV		980	13,451	241	980	13,692	14,672	1,945	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - North		NV		330	15,651	230	330	15,881	16,211	2,238	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Henderson		NV		570	12,676	324	570	13,000	13,570	1,897	2005	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - North		NV		520	10,105	216	520	10,321	10,841	1,486	2002	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Las Vegas - Farm		NV		1,510	9,388	122	1,510	9,510	11,020	1,351	2008	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - Torrance		CA		5,250	32,363	359	5,250	32,722	37,972	4,591	2004	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - Irvine		CA		2,520	18,402	301	2,520	18,703	21,223	2,689	2002	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Los Angeles - Palm Desert		CA		2,660	16,589	357	2,660	16,946	19,606	2,440	2002	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Milwaukee - Green Bay		WI		750	14,720	189	750	14,909	15,659	2,103	2005	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Orlando - Winter Garden		FL		640	6,688	107	640	6,795	7,435	977	2006	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Orlando - Longwood		FL		1,230	9,586	162	1,230	9,748	10,978	1,384	2000	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Orlando - Overland		FL		1,080	3,713	340	1,080	4,053	5,133	577	2000	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Sacramento - Calvine		CA		2,280	17,069	151	2,280	17,220	19,500	2,442	2004	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Sacramento - Folsom		CA		1,200	22,150	130	1,200	22,280	23,480	3,093	2005	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Sacramento - Pell		CA		540	8,874	593	932	9,075	10,007	1,342	2004	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Sacramento - Goldenland		CA		2,010	8,944	6,428	2,010	15,372	17,382	1,431	2005/21	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Sacramento - Woodland		CA		860	10,569	108	860	10,677	11,537	1,499	2003	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years
Sacramento - El Camino		CA		1,450	12,239	188	1,450	12,427	13,877	1,776	2002	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years

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				Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.			Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.						Total
					Land	Impvmts.			Impvmts.	Impvmts.					
Sacramento - Bayou	CA			1,640	21,603	214	1,640	21,817	23,457	3,081	2005	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years		
Sacramento - Calvine	CA			2,120	24,650	197	2,120	24,847	26,967	3,529	2003	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years		
Sacramento - El Dorado Hills	CA			1,610	24,829	138	1,610	24,967	26,577	3,534	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years		
Sacramento - Fruitridge	CA			1,480	15,695	347	1,480	16,042	17,522	2,369	2007	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years		
San Antonio - US 281	TX			1,380	8,457	242	1,380	8,699	10,079	1,236	2003	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years		
Austin - San Marcos	TX			990	7,323	127	990	7,450	8,440	1,080	2016	7/15/2016	5 to 40 years		
Charleston	SC			920	7,700	67	920	7,767	8,687	1,133	2016	7/29/2016	5 to 40 years		
Denver - Westminster	CO			5,062	3,679	474	5,062	4,153	9,215	581	2000	8/4/2016	5 to 40 years		
Chicago - Arlington Hgts.	IL			370	8,513	163	370	8,676	9,046	1,150	2016	11/17/2016	5 to 40 years		
Orlando - Curry Ford	FL			3,268	6,378	289	3,268	6,667	9,935	881	2016	12/20/2016	5 to 40 years		
Chicago - Lombard	IL			771	9,318	27	771	9,345	10,116	1,161	2017	2/23/2017	5 to 40 years		
Austin - Mary St.	TX			1,358	13,041	43	1,358	13,084	14,442	758	2017	4/3/2017	5 to 40 years		
Charlotte - Morehead St.	NC			1,110	11,439	86	1,110	11,525	12,635	1,210	2017	12/14/2017	5 to 40 years		
Londonderry - Smith Ln.	NH			1,257	4,276	77	1,257	4,353	5,610	405	2016	9/4/2018	5 to 40 years		
Sacramento - Main Ave.	CA			2,089	11,551	2,324	2,089	13,875	15,964	1,108	2016/18/19	9/18/2018	5 to 40 years		
Carmel - Old Rt. 6	NY			3,358	4,536	105	3,358	4,641	7,999	386	1998/2000	10/2/2018	5 to 40 years		
Chamblee - Peachtree Blvd.	GA			1,665	12,479	58	1,666	12,536	14,202	1,046	2018	11/1/2018	5 to 40 years		
West Sacramento - Jefferson	CA			1,331	8,131	51	1,331	8,182	9,513	661	2013/2018	12/7/2018	5 to 40 years		
Orlando - Semoran Blvd.	FL			2,014	7,534	565	2,014	8,099	10,113	636	2015	12/11/2018	5 to 40 years		
Riverhead - Flanders Rd.	NY			3,969	3,138	3,186	3,970	6,323	10,293	339	1995/2020	12/20/2018	5 to 40 years		
Saint Louis - Manchester Ave.	MO			1,633	7,620	72	1,633	7,692	9,325	591	2017	12/27/2018	5 to 40 years		
Long Island City	NY			30,094	26,927	65	30,094	26,992	57,086	2,002	2017	1/16/2019	5 to 40 years		
Tampa - MLK Jr. Blvd.	FL			1,817	7,377	90	1,817	7,467	9,284	571	2017	3/8/2019	5 to 40 years		
Cleveland - Wickliffe	OH			690	6,784	161	690	6,945	7,635	491	1997	4/30/2019	5 to 40 years		
Cleveland - Highland Heights	OH			1,036	9,518	138	1,036	9,656	10,692	683	2000	4/30/2019	5 to 40 years		
Cleveland - Westlake	OH			379	14,354	117	379	14,471	14,850	983	2008	4/30/2019	5 to 40 years		
Jacksonville	FL			662	9,208	82	662	9,290	9,952	639	2018	6/11/2019	5 to 40 years		
Wake Forest	NC			803	10,954	76	803	11,030	11,833	721	2017	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Chantilly	VA			2,723	12,298	84	2,723	12,382	15,105	798	2018	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Chattanooga	TN			1,266	8,250	123	1,266	8,373	9,639	562	2017	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Tampa - Lutz	FL			663	9,665	114	663	9,779	10,442	667	2018	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Summerville	SC			2,250	5,344	87	2,250	5,431	7,681	376	2017	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Charleston - Summerville	SC			2,824	10,634	118	2,824	10,752	13,576	703	2018	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Dumfries	VA			891	7,700	101	891	7,801	8,692	523	2017	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Greenville	SC			1,421	10,303	68	1,421	10,371	11,792	694	2017	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Cumming	GA			753	9,804	81	753	9,885	10,638	650	2018	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Glen Allen	VA			4,296	11,029	68	4,296	11,097	15,393	730	2018	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Tampa - Trout Creek Drive	FL			1,083	10,691	64	1,083	10,755	11,838	708	2017	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Midlothian	VA			1,726	6,695	89	1,726	6,784	8,510	459	2018	7/12/2019	5 to 40 years		
Las Vegas - Boulder Hwy	NV			4,586	7,853	819	4,586	8,672	13,258	501	1979/1993	8/29/2019	5 to 40 years		
Seattle - Auburn	WA	8,676		3,261	16,051	244	3,261	16,295	19,556	922	1986/2000	9/24/2019	5 to 40 years		
Seattle - Yancy Street	WA	7,802		10,629	8,570	152	10,629	8,722	19,351	495	1994	9/24/2019	5 to 40 years		
Seattle - 114th Street	WA	5,949		6,995	10,257	150	6,995	10,407	17,402	593	1995	9/24/2019	5 to 40 years		
Baltimore - Pulaski Hwy	MD			4,070	6,878	85	4,070	6,963	11,033	403	1984	9/26/2019	5 to 40 years		
Baltimore - North Point Road	MD			1,995	7,634	116	1,995	7,750	9,745	457	1990	9/26/2019	5 to 40 years		
Baltimore - Fontana Lane	MD			2,097	7,658	110	2,097	7,768	9,865	455	1989	9/26/2019	5 to 40 years		

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Baltimore - Jessup		MD		13,411	9,622	105	13,411	9,727	23,138	566	1987	9/26/2019	5 to 40 years
Baltimore - Windsor Mill Road		MD		2,195	6,646	35	2,195	6,681	8,876	391	1989	9/26/2019	5 to 40 years
Norwood		NJ		1,875	16,910	177	1,875	17,087	18,962	936	2006	10/23/2019	5 to 40 years
Ocean Township		NJ		4,058	14,014	665	4,058	14,679	18,737	766	1994/2019	12/12/2019	5 to 40 years
Elk Grove		CA		2,873	14,977	27	2,873	15,004	17,877	704	2000	3/9/2020	5 to 40 years
Norco		CA		3,532	19,613	15	3,532	19,628	23,160	916	2011	3/9/2020	5 to 40 years
Rohnert Park		CA		2,546	13,242	12	2,546	13,254	15,800	614	1984	3/9/2020	5 to 40 years
San Jose		CA		7,887	20,042	55	7,887	20,097	27,984	926	1999	3/9/2020	5 to 40 years
Palmdale		CA		1,939	16,039	3,438	1,939	19,477	21,416	771	2005/2021	3/9/2020	5 to 40 years
Lancaster		CA		1,529	17,822	83	1,529	17,905	19,434	837	2001	3/9/2020	5 to 40 years
Tampa - E Fletcher Ave		FL		2,576	7,101	4	2,576	7,105	9,681	240	1980/83/96	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Tampa - W Hillsborough Ave		FL		1,389	6,280	3	1,389	6,283	7,672	206	1985/86/2000	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
San Antonio - Culebra Rd		TX		888	4,391	15	888	4,406	5,294	146	2008	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Columbus - Cleveland Ave		OH		962	5,218	41	962	5,259	6,221	169	2000	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Columbus - Evanswood Dr		OH		1,342	6,932	26	1,342	6,958	8,300	222	2000	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
San Antonio - Jackson Keller Rd		TX		1,482	9,148	1	1,482	9,149	10,631	295	1984	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Whitehall		OH		807	4,380	5	807	4,385	5,192	141	2000	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Dallas - S Buckner Blvd		TX		2,040	4,902	—	2,040	4,902	6,942	161	1985	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Garland		TX		1,565	5,465	34	1,565	5,499	7,064	178	1984	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Dallas - N Buckner Blvd		TX		1,782	4,990	10	1,782	5,000	6,782	163	1985	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Columbus - W Henderson Rd		OH		1,304	11,847	79	1,304	11,926	13,230	380	2000	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Miami - SW 28th Ln		FL		2,568	16,912	9	2,568	16,921	19,489	534	1999	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Decatur		GA		2,110	8,486	43	2,110	8,529	10,639	274	1972/1998	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Columbus - E Broad St		OH		975	7,804	60	975	7,864	8,839	252	2000	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Dublin		OH		1,061	9,710	34	1,037	9,768	10,805	312	2000	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
North Brunswick		NJ		1,280	13,637	74	1,280	13,711	14,991	437	1986	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Hillsborough		NJ		1,077	10,560	35	1,077	10,595	11,672	337	1993	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Lodi		NJ		2,108	17,758	472	2,108	18,230	20,338	585	1998	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Flemington		NJ		855	15,942	132	855	16,074	16,929	516	1993	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
East Windsor		NJ		929	16,063	97	929	16,160	17,089	512	1993	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Ottsville		PA		1,032	14,481	36	1,032	14,517	15,549	472	2001	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
East Stroudsburg		PA		676	9,593	107	676	9,700	10,376	309	2000	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Doylestown		PA		741	11,560	83	741	11,643	12,384	371	2001	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Monmouth Junction		NJ		1,005	20,947	75	1,005	21,022	22,027	662	2006	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
King of Prussia		PA		—	13,736	40	—	13,776	13,776	439	2005	9/29/2020	5 to 40 years
Trenton		NJ	6,228	2,158	11,497	108	2,158	11,605	13,763	347	2008	11/5/2020	5 to 40 years
Miami - Coral Way		FL		2,032	9,325	104	2,032	9,429	11,461	274	2018	11/25/2020	5 to 40 years
Dardenne Prairie		MO		1,312	6,070	36	1,312	6,106	7,418	173	2017	12/9/2020	5 to 40 years
Brandon		FL		1,747	8,863	94	1,747	8,957	10,704	258	2014	12/14/2020	5 to 40 years
Sarasota - South Tamiami Trail		FL		1,240	14,063	60	1,240	14,123	15,363	389	2007	12/14/2020	5 to 40 years
Murrells Inlet		SC		671	8,771	30	671	8,801	9,472	232	2019	12/22/2020	5 to 40 years
Loomis		CA		3,528	12,127	78	3,528	12,205	15,733	311	1998	12/23/2020	5 to 40 years
Buffalo - Kenmore Ave		NY		507	16,195	—	507	16,195	16,702	418	2016	12/28/2020	5 to 40 years
Palm Desert		CA		1,588	9,787	33	1,588	9,820	11,408	250	2000	12/30/2020	5 to 40 years
Myrtle Beach		SC		812	7,153	26	812	7,179	7,991	191	2018	1/4/2021	5 to 40 years
Woodland		CA		1,322	16,830	40	1,322	16,870	18,192	411	2019	1/21/2021	5 to 40 years

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Jamaica - Merrick	NY		10,591	37,020	4	10,591	37,024	47,615	788	2018	3/4/2021	5 to 40 years
Sarasota - Fruitville	FL		1,461	15,830	84	1,461	15,914	17,375	343	2006	3/11/2021	5 to 40 years
Ruskin	FL		709	3,219	131	709	3,350	4,059	82	1990/2016	3/11/2021	5 to 40 years
North Port	FL		1,329	11,103	119	1,329	11,222	12,551	242	2006	3/11/2021	5 to 40 years
Venice - Center Rd	FL		3,239	19,038	102	3,239	19,140	22,379	408	2013/15/16/17	3/11/2021	5 to 40 years
Sarasota - Apex	FL		1,012	4,350	98	1,012	4,448	5,460	101	1976	3/11/2021	5 to 40 years
Venice - Englewood	FL		2,324	5,316	179	2,324	5,495	7,819	129	1991/2017	3/11/2021	5 to 40 years
Venice - S Tamiami	FL		2,205	5,789	111	2,205	5,900	8,105	131	1996	3/11/2021	5 to 40 years
Wimauma	FL		1,101	5,893	136	1,101	6,029	7,130	136	1999	3/11/2021	5 to 40 years
Tucson - Orange Grove	AZ		1,894	20,846	20	1,894	20,866	22,760	407	2017	3/24/2021	5 to 40 years
Oro Valley	AZ		1,200	21,192	31	1,200	21,223	22,423	413	2019	3/24/2021	5 to 40 years
Queen Creek	AZ		4,034	17,282	46	4,034	17,328	21,362	338	2015	3/24/2021	5 to 40 years
Covington	WA		3,499	15,784	78	3,499	15,862	19,361	308	2018	3/25/2021	5 to 40 years
Auburn	WA		2,667	17,253	109	2,667	17,362	20,029	336	2017	3/25/2021	5 to 40 years
Saint Augustine	FL		1,658	14,739	67	1,658	14,806	16,464	266	2019	5/3/2021	5 to 40 years
Wall	NJ		3,112	16,738	103	3,112	16,841	19,953	284	1987/1989	5/12/2021	5 to 40 years
Jackson	NJ		885	18,344	168	885	18,512	19,397	315	2003/2018	5/12/2021	5 to 40 years
Farmingdale	NJ		1,788	14,737	266	1,788	15,003	16,791	253	2003	5/12/2021	5 to 40 years
South Robbinsville	NJ		3,418	10,691	353	3,418	11,044	14,462	193	1998	5/12/2021	5 to 40 years
Hillsborough	NJ		2,354	17,607	222	2,354	17,829	20,183	309	1999	5/12/2021	5 to 40 years
Charlotte - West Mallard Creek	NC		1,312	10,700	62	1,312	10,762	12,074	168	2017	6/1/2021	5 to 40 years
Winston-Salem - Robinhood	NC		898	13,694	42	898	13,736	14,634	212	2018	6/1/2021	5 to 40 years
Plano - Jupiter Rd	TX		1,815	9,673	42	1,815	9,715	11,530	157	2018	6/10/2021	5 to 40 years
Austin - E Parmer Lane	TX		3,250	6,129	50	3,250	6,179	9,429	107	2017	6/10/2021	5 to 40 years
Round Rock - N Red Bud Land	TX		2,890	10,590	51	2,890	10,641	13,531	174	2017	6/10/2021	5 to 40 years
Lewisville	TX		1,207	8,354	43	1,207	8,397	9,604	138	2017	6/10/2021	5 to 40 years
Saint Petersburg - Tyrone Blvd	FL		2,601	11,525	50	2,601	11,575	14,176	160	2017	6/16/2021	5 to 40 years
Gastonia	NC		15,384	20,523	158	15,384	20,681	36,065	267	2001	6/22/2021	5 to 40 years
Oakland Park	FL		2,830	14,157	66	2,830	14,223	17,053	181	2002 / 2013	6/22/2021	5 to 40 years
Salem	NH		887	5,071	90	887	5,161	6,048	69	2012	6/22/2021	5 to 40 years
Derry - Linlew Dr	NH		656	13,695	46	656	13,741	14,397	182	2019	6/23/2021	5 to 40 years
Derry - Rockingham Dr	NH		5,422	4,657	26	5,422	4,683	10,105	53	2014	7/29/2021	5 to 40 years
Goffstown	NH		849	11,086	31	849	11,117	11,966	119	2012	7/29/2021	5 to 40 years
Orlando - Eastmar Commons	FL		2,884	11,790	50	2,884	11,840	14,724	101	2018	8/17/2021	5 to 40 years
Huntsville - Blake Bottom	AL		517	6,960	18	517	6,978	7,495	60	2001/2006	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Madison - County Line	AL		879	8,065	19	879	8,084	8,963	69	2006/2013	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Huntsville - Oakwood Ave	AL		409	5,084	19	409	5,103	5,512	44	1986	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Huntsville - Martin	AL		415	6,080	31	415	6,111	6,526	52	2002	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Madison - Slaughter Rd	AL		801	7,666	47	801	7,713	8,514	66	1996	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Huntsville - Leeman Ferry	AL		487	9,103	26	487	9,129	9,616	78	1999/2016	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Huntsville - Highway 72	AL		806	11,868	49	806	11,917	12,723	102	2018	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Brighton - Baseline Place	CO		640	6,057	61	640	6,118	6,758	53	2001	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Tampa - N Rome Ave	FL		1,467	9,787	36	1,467	9,823	11,290	84	2017	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Tampa - S West Shore Blvd	FL		1,796	14,034	20	1,796	14,054	15,850	120	2018	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Cumming	GA		1,573	7,859	5	1,573	7,864	9,437	67	2003	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Dunwoody	GA		1,984	12,949	40	1,984	12,989	14,973	120	2015	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years

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Alpharetta		GA		1,785	12,051	18	1,785	12,069	13,854	102	1997	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Jonesboro		GA		1,724	8,195	5	1,724	8,200	9,924	70	2012	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Louisville - E Market St		KY		1,336	7,655	18	1,336	7,673	9,009	67	1915 / 2016	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Columbus - West Broad St		OH		879	6,589	10	879	6,599	7,478	57	2000	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Oklahoma City - NW 122nd		OK		734	5,054	8	734	5,062	5,796	48	2017	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Edmond		OK		732	4,268	14	732	4,282	5,014	42	2017	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Greenville - Dunbar		SC		817	12,949	45	817	12,994	13,811	115	2015	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Mount Pleasant		SC		794	11,579	(185)	794	11,394	12,188	110	2016	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Austin - Airport Blvd		TX		1,440	18,543	17	1,440	18,560	20,000	160	2020	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Round Rock - University Blvd		TX		1,160	11,288	136	1,160	11,424	12,584	104	2018	8/19/2021	5 to 40 years
Gilbert		AZ		1,034	15,974	35	1,034	16,009	17,043	141	2020	8/25/2021	5 to 40 years
Atlanta - Decatur St		GA		3,407	19,086	1	3,407	19,087	22,494	161	2013	9/1/2021	5 to 40 years
Marietta - Johnson Ferry		GA		600	14,408	-	600	14,408	15,008	122	2014	9/1/2021	5 to 40 years
Cumming - Atlanta Hwy		GA		1,563	11,954	-	1,563	11,954	13,517	103	2015	9/1/2021	5 to 40 years
Round Rock - Double Creek		TX		2,746	10,690	21	2,746	10,711	13,457	77	2006	10/1/2021	5 to 40 years
San Antonio - Wurzbach		TX		1,557	9,747	48	1,557	9,795	11,352	73	2007	10/1/2021	5 to 40 years
San Antonio - Nacogdoches		TX		2,338	12,939	53	2,338	12,992	15,330	94	2007	10/1/2021	5 to 40 years
Leander		TX		2,766	15,265	40	2,766	15,305	18,071	108	2014	10/1/2021	5 to 40 years
Miami - SW 81st Terrace		FL		9,831	17,891	5	9,831	17,896	27,727	76	2019	10/20/2021	5 to 40 years
Miami - NW 37th Ave		FL		3,316	26,389	6	3,316	26,395	29,711	112	2018	10/20/2021	5 to 40 years
Charlotte - E 7th Street		NC		2,737	26,328	6	2,737	26,334	29,071	112	2018	10/21/2021	5 to 40 years
Durham - Petty		NC		516	19,358	5	516	19,363	19,879	82	2017	10/21/2021	5 to 40 years
Greenville - Laurens		SC		1,666	7,512	6	1,666	7,518	9,184	33	2015	10/21/2021	5 to 40 years
Greenville - Pleasantburg		SC		1,506	10,605	7	1,506	10,612	12,118	46	2017	10/21/2021	5 to 40 years
Nashville - 26th Avenue		TN		4,425	16,979	5	4,425	16,984	21,409	73	2018	10/21/2021	5 to 40 years
Savannah - E Victory		GA		1,127	21,213	10	1,127	21,223	22,350	89	2018	10/21/2021	5 to 40 years
Stanley		NC		1,792	12,343	6	1,792	12,349	14,141	54	2017	10/21/2021	5 to 40 years
Henrico - Cox Rd		VA		341	13,963	-	341	13,963	14,304	30	2016	11/16/2021	5 to 40 years
Portland - Riverside		ME		1,669	18,203	35	1,669	18,238	19,907	42	2020	12/2/2021	5 to 40 years
New Lenox - West Haven		IL		1,705	17,136	30	1,705	17,166	18,871	41	2020	12/8/2021	5 to 40 years
Orlando - E Colonial		FL		2,746	9,661	2	2,746	9,663	12,409	21	2002 / 2016	12/10/2021	5 to 40 years
Largo - Belcher		FL		1,715	16,833	4	1,715	16,837	18,552	36	2001	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Tampa - Gunn Highway		FL		2,113	15,166	4	2,113	15,170	17,283	32	2001	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Tampa - E Fletcher Ave		FL		2,076	13,699	5	2,076	13,704	15,780	29	2001	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Lakeland - Robin Rd		FL		1,103	11,522	4	1,103	11,526	12,629	24	2007	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Lutz - State Rd 54		FL		1,597	12,502	4	1,597	12,506	14,103	27	2001	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Tampa - Bruce D Downs Blvd		FL		1,276	13,061	5	1,276	13,066	14,342	27	2007	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Riverview - Boyete		FL		1,154	11,202	5	1,154	11,207	12,361	24	2002	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Seffner		FL		1,377	16,929	5	1,377	16,934	18,311	36	2000	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Spring Hill		FL		954	12,895	5	954	12,900	13,854	27	2004	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Largo - Starkey		FL		1,692	16,864	4	1,692	16,868	18,560	35	1990	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Wesley Chapel		FL		1,664	17,377	4	1,664	17,381	19,045	37	2008	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Tampa - W Fletcher Ave		FL		2,277	12,550	4	2,277	12,554	14,831	26	2003	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Decatur - Covington		GA		2,452	13,126	4	2,452	13,130	15,582	28	1999	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Lithia Springs		GA		2,057	8,978	4	2,057	8,982	11,039	19	1996 / 2014	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Lithonia		GA		3,006	19,232	4	3,006	19,236	22,242	40	1999	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years

Description	New	ST	Encumbrance	Initial Cost to Company		Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Gross Amount at Which Carried at Close of Period			Accum. Deprec.	Date of Const.	Date Acquired	Life on which depreciation in latest income statement is computed
				Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.		Land	Building, Equipment and Impvmts.	Total				
Norcross		GA		1,572	8,064	4	1,572	8,068	9,640	17	1994	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Roswell		GA		2,134	6,447	4	2,134	6,451	8,585	14	1998	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Shady Springs		GA		2,688	11,397	4	2,688	11,401	14,089	24	1999	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Stockbridge		GA		3,275	17,738	5	3,275	17,743	21,018	37	1998	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Stone Mountain		GA		2,961	12,119	5	2,961	12,124	15,085	26	2001	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Batavia		IL		1,881	17,160	4	1,881	17,164	19,045	36	1990	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Chicago - N Des Plaines		IL		5,276	19,420	4	5,276	19,424	24,700	41	2003	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Lake Zurich		IL		887	13,438	4	887	13,442	14,329	28	2002	12/13/2021	5 to 40 years
Sanford - W SR 46		FL		2,989	10,924	4	2,989	10,928	13,917	24	2015	12/15/2021	5 to 40 years
Broomfield		CO		2,652	13,159	54	2,652	13,213	15,865	—	2017	12/16/2021	5 to 40 years
Loveland		CO		1,074	15,781	4	1,074	15,785	16,859	—	2017	12/16/2021	5 to 40 years
Palmetto - 96th St E		FL		737	19,623	30	737	19,653	20,390	3	2020	12/20/2021	5 to 40 years
Southington		CT		1,111	7,913	3	1,111	7,916	9,027	—	2019	12/28/2021	5 to 40 years
Milford		CT		2,613	16,328	4	2,613	16,332	18,945	—	2018	12/28/2021	5 to 40 years
Meriden		CT		1,123	9,205	4	1,123	9,209	10,332	—	2008	12/28/2021	5 to 40 years
Glastonbury		CT		1,556	9,575	4	1,556	9,579	11,135	—	2006	12/28/2021	5 to 40 years
Plainville		CT		2,166	10,137	4	2,166	10,141	12,307	—	2006	12/28/2021	5 to 40 years
West Hartford - New Park Ave		CT		1,892	12,111	4	1,892	12,115	14,007	—	2008	12/28/2021	5 to 40 years
Construction in Progress				—	—	44,592	—	44,592	44,592	—	2021		
Corporate Office		NY		—	68	54,808	1,633	53,243	54,876	34,440	2000	5/1/2000	5 to 40 years
				<u>\$ 37,030</u>	<u>\$ 1,171,403</u>	<u>\$ 5,109,220</u>	<u>\$ 809,834</u>	<u>\$ 1,185,976</u>	<u>\$ 5,904,481</u>	<u>\$ 7,090,457</u>	<u>\$ 1,007,650</u>		

(dollars in thousands)

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cost:			
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 5,330,323	\$ 4,749,473	\$ 4,398,939
Additions during period:			
Acquisitions through foreclosure	—	—	—
Other acquisitions	1,675,366	523,922	424,578
Improvements, etc.	85,515	57,437	92,262
	<u>1,760,881</u>	<u>581,359</u>	<u>516,840</u>
Deductions during period:			
Cost of assets disposed	(747)	(509)	(166,306)
Impairment write-down	—	—	—
Casualty loss	—	—	—
	<u>(747)</u>	<u>(509)</u>	<u>(166,306)</u>
Balance at close of period	<u>\$ 7,090,457</u>	<u>\$ 5,330,323</u>	<u>\$ 4,749,473</u>
Accumulated Depreciation:			
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 873,178	\$ 756,333	\$ 704,681
Additions during period:			
Depreciation expense	134,773	117,168	104,218
	<u>134,773</u>	<u>117,168</u>	<u>104,218</u>
Deductions during period:			
Accumulated depreciation of assets disposed	(301)	(323)	(52,566)
Accumulated depreciation on impaired asset	—	—	—
Accumulated depreciation on casualty loss	—	—	—
	<u>(301)</u>	<u>(323)</u>	<u>(52,566)</u>
Balance at close of period	<u>\$ 1,007,650</u>	<u>\$ 873,178</u>	<u>\$ 756,333</u>

The aggregate cost of real estate for U.S. federal income tax purposes is \$6,947,483 at December 31, 2021.

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OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

Stephen R. Rusmisl
Director
Principal - V1 Funding LP

Arthur L. Havener, Jr.
Director
Principal - Stampede Capital LLC

Mark G. Barberio
Director
Principal - Markapital, LLC

Dana Hamilton
Director
Senior Managing Director -
Pretium Partners, LLC

Edward Pettinella
Director
CEO (Retired) - Home Properties, Inc.

David Rogers
Director
CEO (Retired) - Life Storage, Inc

Susan Harnett
Director
COO (Retired) - QBE North America

Joseph V. Saffire
Director
Chief Executive Officer

Andrew J. Gregoire
Chief Financial Officer
and Corporate Secretary

David Dodman
Chief Operating Officer

CORPORATE INFORMATION

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Registrar and Transfer Agent
American Stock Transfer & Trust Company LLC
6201 15th Avenue • Brooklyn, New York 11219
(800) 937 5449

Annual Meeting
May 26, 2022
www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/LSI2022
9:00 a.m. (e.d.t.)

Exchange
New York Stock Exchange Listing Symbol: LSI
Average Daily Volume in 2021: 557,379

The Chief Executive Officer has previously filed with the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) the annual CEO certification for 2021 as required by section 303A.12(a) of the NYSE listed company manual.

As of December 31, 2021, there were approximately 491 shareholders of record of the common stock.



