# RARE



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# **Corporate Directory**

### **Directors**

John Young (Non-Executive Chairman)
Jeremy Robinson (Managing Director)
Shaun Hardcastle (Non-Executive Director)
Cameron Henry (Non-Executive Director)

# **Company secretary**

Oonagh Malone

### Securities exchange

Australian Securities Exchange (ASX)

Code: REE
Home office: Perth

# **Country of incorporation and domicile**

Australia

### Registered and business address

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Telephone: +61 8 6383 6593 Website: www.rarex.com.au

### **Auditors**

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# **Share registry**

Automic Registry Services 126 Phillip Street Sydney, New South Wales 2000 Telephone: 1300 288 664

# **Review of Operations**

The Board is pleased to provide a review of operations across the Company's asset portfolio for the financial year 2021 and to date.

# **Cummins Range Rare Earths Project**

Cummins Range is located in the mining-friendly state of Western Australia and now has the potential to underpin a standalone rare earth oxide production scenario as well as becoming a supplier of concentrate to third parties within Australia and overseas.

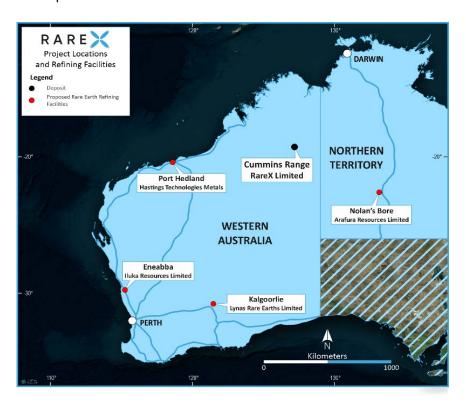


Figure 1 – Cummins Range Rare Earths Project, Kimberley Region, Western Australia with potential refining locations

### 2020 Drill Program

In July 2020, RareX commenced a 6,000m Reverse Circulation in-fill and extensional drilling program at its 100%-owned **Cummins Range Rare Earths Project** in the Kimberley Region of Western Australia. The commencement of drilling marked an important milestone for the Company and the project, being the first drilling to be undertaken there since 2011.

The drilling program was completed by late August 2020, with the program comprising a total of 58 holes for 6,146m of Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling. Drilling was successful in confirming the Resource in the known areas and extending the mineralisation, primarily at depth, with the deepest hole intersecting weathered carbonatite to a depth of 150m.

Logging of the drill chips also identified a NW-SE striking breccia fault zone for the first time, which represents a likely control on both the higher grade mineralisation in the weathered material and a target for primary mineralisation, as it is likely to be a conduit for mineralisation and has never been tested at depth.



Figure 1 – Recently completed RC drilling at Cummins Range

On the 30 September 2020, RareX reported the first batch of assays received from the program, with assays from the first three RC holes returning results significantly above the resource grade, including spectacular widths and grades in both CRX0002 and CRX0003.

Results for the full suite of elements were subsequently reported on 13 October 2020, confirming the presence of the critical mineral, niobium, in significant concentrations.

These holes intersected significant shallow zones of mineralisation including 41m at 4% TREO + 0.21%  $Nb_2O_5$  from 29m and 36m at 4.6% TREO + 0.32%  $Nb_2O_5$  from surface including an ultra-high-grade zone of 3m at 25.1% TREO + 0.45%  $Nb_2O_5$ .

Results for drill-holes CRX0010 and CRX0011 (reported on 19 October 2020) confirmed an outcropping, thick high-grade mineralised channel trending north-west with further strongly mineralised assays. Drill holes CRX0010 and CRX0011 are located 100m along strike from the high-grade results reported in drill holes CRX0002 and CRX0003.

These holes also have ultra-high-grade seams within a broader high-grade intersection, with the internal zones including 3m @ 11.3% TREO, 5m @ 9% TREO and 2m @ 10.4% TREO.

On 27 October 2020, the Company released results from RC holes, CRX0012 and CRX0013, which included significant widths of high-grade rare earths and niobium mineralisation with broad zones of bonanza grade mineralisation encountered in CRX0013.

The north-west trending channel of mineralisation encountered in drill holes CRX0002, CRX0003, CRX0010 and CRX0011 has been confirmed in holes CRX0012 and CRX0013, further enhancing the potential size and grade of the Resource in this area.

Previous historical drilling on surrounding sections had confirmed the presence of high-grade mineralisation down to 70m below surface. The 2020 drill program extended the zone of high-grade mineralisation to 130m below surface.

Hole CRX0013 is especially significant in that it contains wide ultra-high grade zones including 13m at 10.7% TREO and 1.04% Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> from 76m and 8m at 9.1% TREO and 0.58% Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>.

Results from the next 18 holes (CRX0020 to CRX0037) (reported on 17 November 2020) demonstrate that the mineralisation is thickening towards the east, while maintaining excellent widths and grades such as 62m at 2.62% TREO and 0.48% Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> including 25m at 4.36% TREO and an ultra-high grade zone of 6m at 9.44% TREO and 1.46% Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> in CRX0035.

Sections 307,315 and 307,370 remain open along strike to the north and south, and section 307,315 is open at depth in the main mineralised channel, where hole CRX0025 was stopped due to ground conditions in a strongly mineralised silicified breccia.

On 17 December 2020, the Company was pleased to release the results for the remaining 20 holes of the program. Results from this final batch, particularly for holes CRX0053 (section 307,130mE) and CRX0054 (section 307,180mE), have extended the mineralisation on those sections 40m and 65m deeper respectively.

Geological modelling is ongoing and a mineralised fault breccia with associated quartz veining, silicification and carbonate alteration has been intersected in some of the drill holes and highlighted in section 307,420mE. Initial interpretation of the fault is a shallow south-dipping fault ranging from 10m to 40m wide that has not been tested in fresh rock.

A revised geological model has recently been established, based largely on the 58 RC drill holes completed in the 2020 drill program, leading to the identification of significant new high-grade exploration targets.

The new interpretation has established that, while there is general erosion of the entire carbonatite pipe leading to an upgrade in the regolith profile, there are also pre-existing high-grade fault structures that represent high-priority exploration targets with the potential to substantially change the scale of the Cummins Range Project.

Deeper RC drilling completed as part of the 2020 drill program has identified for the first time the presence of a strongly rare earth element (**REE**) mineralised fault that sits beneath the length of the known mineralisation at the Cummins Range deposit.

The RareX geological team has identified a mineralised fault that has been intersected over 550m of strike length and is open in all directions.

The Main Fault strikes in a north-westerly direction of 230 degrees and dips to the south-west at 50-60 degrees as shown below. Identifying the fault in the upper 70m can very difficult due to the strong weathering profile, which is most likely the reason for it not being recognised previously.

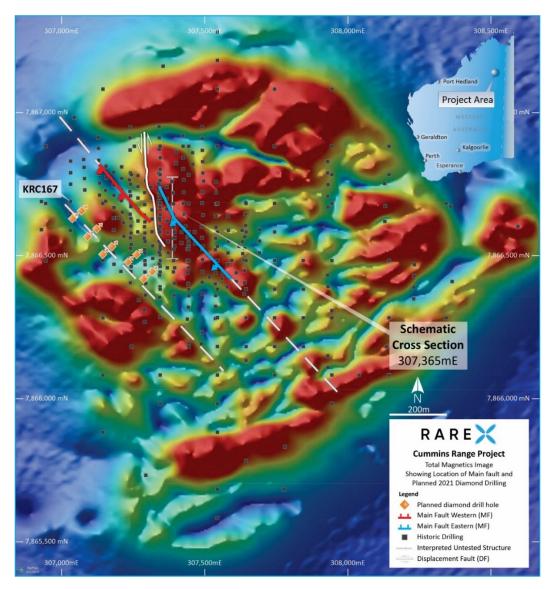


Figure 2 - Total Magnetic Image of Cummins Range Pipe with Main Fault position and planned 2021 diamond drilling

At depth, where weathering has decreased, the fault is characterised by strong wall rock silicification with quartz veining and the fault itself is a silicified sulphidic milled breccia and is 5-20m in true width. High-grade REE mineralisation is consistently greater than 1% TREO.

In addition to the MF mineralisation, the 2020 drilling has shown that a significant proportion of the grade is also related to dispersion in the regolith as shown in below.

Grade within the dispersion or enriched areas is often moderate to high grade: for example, in Figure 2, the upper 20m of the significant intercept in hole CRX0035 is an enriched zone that sits beneath a 40m deep REE and Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> depleted zone. This enriched zone contains 20m at 4.5% TREO and 0.6% Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, including 6m @ 9.4% TREO and 1.5% Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (see ASX: 17 November 2020).

Dispersion and enrichment are seen in the regolith profile along the entire strike of the known mineralised system and will be an exploration target for this year's RC drill program.

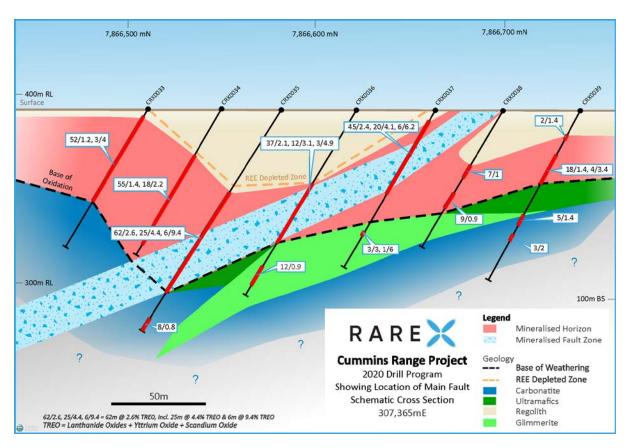


Figure 3 - Cross-section 307365E showing geological interpretation, oblique view of Main Fault, true thickness is approximately 40% of drilled metres.

The surface expression of the MF can be seen in Figure 2.

At 307300E, the MF has been displaced by an interpreted north-south trending fault. At this position, the MF is displaced by 100m and is showing sinistral displacement.

Mineralised intervals associated with the MF are shown in the vertical longitudinal projection (**VLP**) in Figure 4. The red dots are the MF on the western side of the displacement fault and the blue dots are the MF on the eastern side of the displacement fault.

Also shown on the VLP are the 10 diamond drill holes that will be drilled in coming months. These holes are designed to target the down-dip extension of the MF, which has proven to be fertile in all MF intersections to date.

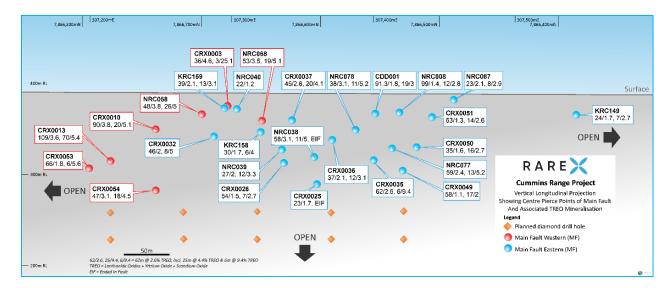


Figure 4 - Vertical Longitudinal Projection showing centre points of Main Fault and associated TREO mineralisation

The MF strike of 230 degrees is parallel to the north-eastern and south-western walls of the Cummins Range carbonatite pipe, as seen in the magnetics in Figure 2. This structural orientation is likely to be repeated throughout the pipe from a micro to a macro scale.

A parallel candidate to the south-west of the MF has been identified from the magnetics and is shown in Figure 2. This location has not been tested from an appropriate angle and a historical drill hole KRC167 finishing in REE and  $Nb_2O_5$  mineralisation with assays up to 3.2% TREO and 0.67%  $Nb_2O_5$  (ASX: 15 October 2019).

### Resource Upgrade

On 19 July, the Company announced a substantial resource upgrade for Cummins Range, having incorporated the results of the successful 2020 drill program. The Cummins Range Mineral Resource has grown significantly both in size and quality, firmly establishing the deposit as a high-quality development opportunity in a Tier-1 mining jurisdiction.

The resource has increased on the back of the quality work undertaken by the RareX technical team, with the increase stemming both from drilling results from 2020 and correct specific gravity measurements taken from the current expansionary drill program.

The overall 46% increase in the deposit is accompanied by a significant high-grade component and the announcement of a maiden Indicated resource of 11.1 million tonnes at 1.34% TREO + 0.17%  $Nb_2O_5$  (0.5% TREO cut-off) and 4.9 million tonnes at 2.11% + 0.23%  $Nb_2O_5$  (1.0% TREO cut-off) marking a significant increase in the quality of the resource as well.

Table 1: Cummins Range JORC Resource at 0.5% TREO and 1.0% TREO Cut Off grade

0.5% Cut Off	Tonnes Mt	TREO %	NdPr %	Nb₂O₅ %	HREO ppm
Indicated	11.1	1.34	0.27	0.17	830
Inferred	7.7	0.88	0.18	0.11	540
Total	18.8	1.15	0.23	0.14	711
1.0% Cut Off	Tonnes Mt	TREO %	NdPr %	Nb₂O₅ %	HREO ppm
Indicated	4.9	2.11	0.41	0.23	1,150
Inferred	1.6	1.60	0.31	0.16	800
Total	6.5	1.98	0.38	0.21	1,060

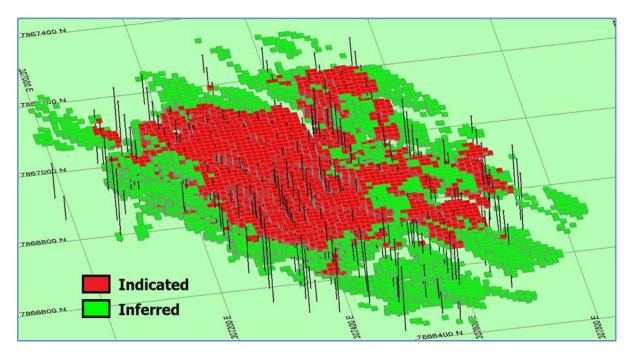


Figure 5: Cummins Range JORC Resource at 0.5% TREO Block Model

# 2021 Drill Program

In July 2021, the Company announced the commencement of a significant diamond drilling program at Cummins Range.

The drilling represents the first-ever test of the primary potential of the deposit and the opportunity to significantly grow the scale of the Resource. The 2021 diamond drill program will comprise over 3,000m of diamond drilling, to be undertaken by ASX-listed DDH1 Drilling.



Figure 6: Diamond drill rig on site at Cummins Range.

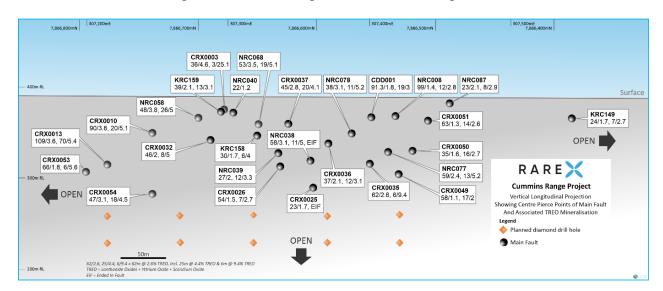


Figure 7: Vertical longitudinal projection showing centre pierce points of main fault and associated TREO mineralisation and planned diamond drill holes.

To date, multiple diamond holes have been drilled along the main fault at Cummins Range, designed for both exploration and study test work purposes. Visual inspection of the drill core has exceeded RareX's expectations, with the initial holes intersecting wide mineralised breccia/fault zones and, more importantly, a significant zone of fresh mineralisation at the bottom of CDX0007. This represents the first time significant primary REE-Nb mineralisation has been intersected at Cummins Range.

Three drill holes (CDX0001, CDX0003 and CDX0004) were completed for mining studies, with CDX0004 intersecting a 67m fault breccia that had been previously interpreted from RC drilling as a well-mineralised saprolite zone that had rare earth elements upgraded via dispersion.

This fault breccia is located where a displacement fault is interpreted in the new geological model. Surrounding drill holes to CDX0004 are well mineralised, indicating that the fault breccia is the source of the REE mineralisation in this area. This presents strong exploration upside with a previously-unrecognised wide mineralised structure to test at depth.

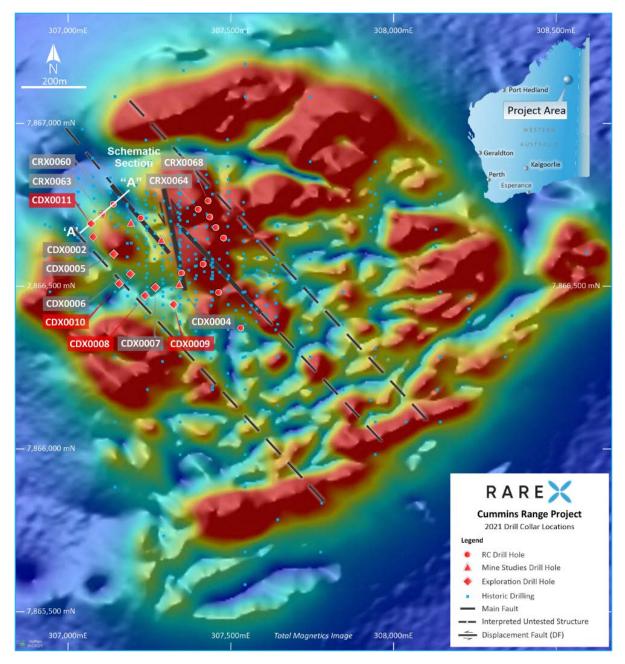


Figure 8: 2021 Drill Collar Location Plan, red boxes indicate the recent drill holes



Figure 9: CDX0004 Example of oxidized polymictic breccia

Four of the planned exploration drill holes (CDX0002, CDX0005 CDX0006 and CDX0007) were drilled (with CDX0002 being lost metres) before the expected Main Fault target. CDX0005 intersected carbonatite in the target area with sparse patchy massive monazite over 5m.

Hole CDX0006 intersected a 10m mineralised fault breccia on a carbonatite contact. Drill hole CRX0007 was drilled 75m east of hole CDX0004 and intersected 77m of fault breccia. This zone is interpreted to be part of the displacement fault intersected in hole CDX0004. The width and extent of the fault breccia between these two holes indicates a significant brittle breccia system with extensive alteration.



Figure 10: CDX0007 123.5m massive orange monazite forming on lower contact of a primary sulphidic carbonatite breccia within a larger 75m fault breccia

A further four diamond drill holes (CDX0008 to CDX0011) were then drilled to test for primary mineralisation. The additional holes are shown on the collar location plan in Figure 8.

Importantly, all four holes intersected primary mineralisation in shear or breccia zones over various widths as described below, providing further strong evidence of the potential to significantly expand the potential scope and scale of the Project.

Of greatest significance, hole CDX0011 intersected a 24m-wide strongly rare earth mineralised fault zone with common visible coarse-grained monazite, as shown in Figure 12.

CDX0011 was drilled to test down-dip of a high-grade intersection returned from Reverse Circulation (RC) drill hole CRX0063 during the Quarter, which intersected 41m at 2.4% TREO and 0.51%  $Nb_2O_5$  including 10m at 4.1% TREO and 0.75%  $Nb_2O_5$ .

CDX0011 is the westernmost diamond drill-hole completed to date and extends the primary Main Fault mineralisation to 120 vertical metres, which is amenable for extraction via open pit. Further drilling is planned both along strike and down-dip.

The continued success of the diamond drilling program further reinforces RareX's view that there is considerable potential to expand the Cummins Range deposit, with significant zones of high-grade primary mineralisation present over mineable widths.

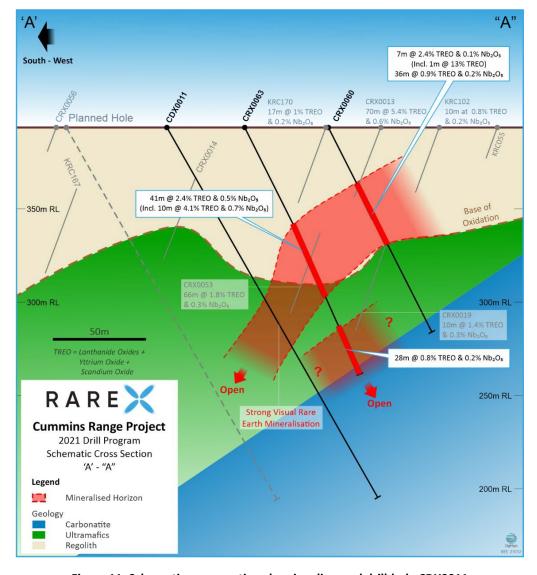


Figure 11: Schematic cross-section showing diamond drill-hole CDX0011

Hole CDX0008, which was drilled to test an area 40m south-west of hole CDX0007 intersected a 20m silicified fault breccia zone from 70m down-hole. Routine XRF analysis suggests that the breccia is anomalous in rare earths. The zone is weathered and likely correlates with the 77m wide zone seen in CDX0007.

Further down-hole common foliated and sheared areas were seen in carbonatite with localised visual monazite. The geometry of the mineralised structures around the interpreted displacement fault is currently unclear and requires further drilling.

Hole CDX0009 is the easternmost diamond drill-hole completed to date and was designed to test the fresh rock Main Fault position. A 10m silicified sulphidic carbonatite breccia was encountered from 30m down-hole, with confirmed rare earths mineralisation observed from XRF analysis.

In the Main Fault position, broad breccia and fault zones were seen with patchy fresh monazite mineralisation occurring at up to 15% monazite over 1m intervals.

CDX0010 was drilled to target the area down-dip of the 10m mineralised fault breccia intersected in hole CDX0006. The hole drilled through two intervals of fresh rare earth mineralisation, as confirmed by pXRF. The first is 4.9m of 10% coarse monazite from 115.1m. The second was a 20m mineralised sulphidic fault zone from 139m.



Figure 12: Zones of massive coarse monazite at Cummins Range

CDX0010 encountered massive patches of coarse green-brown monazite.

CDX0011 was drilled to test down-dip of the high-grade intersection in hole CRX0063 of **41m at 2.4% TREO and 0.51% Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> including 10m at 4.1% TREO and 0.75% Nb<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>.** The 24m strongly-mineralised fault breccia was intersected and has common disseminated to massive patches of monazite. The fault breccia also contains a milled matrix component which has highly-anomalous rare earths from pXRF analysis and fine monazite banding as shown in Figure 10. This position has not been tested along strike to the north-west and drilling is planned in this area.

Note: RareX has a Niton XRF on site that has been calibrated to Cummins Range mineralisation. The XRF analyses for 43 elements including Cerium, Lanthanum, Praseodymium, Neodymium, Yttrium, Niobium and Phosphorus. The XRF is used as a tool to indicate whether a zone is mineralised, however it is not an accurate indicator of grade. With the XRF results, rock type and visual confirmation of mineralisation, the RareX geologist can assess whether an interval is mineralised.

### **Scoping Study Underway**

Given the exciting results from Resource drilling to date, with deeper diamond drilling significantly expanding the mineralisation at depth, RareX is now targeting to release the Scoping Study for the Cummins Range Project in Q1 2022 to provide sufficient time to continue to develop the Resource and integrate this with metallurgy and processing design.

### **Project strategy**

The Scoping Study has been refined in scope to focus on the following key objectives in order to test the financial sensitivity and scale of a proposed facility:

- 1. Resource optimisation and geo-metallurgical modelling
- 2. Balanced metallurgical understanding
- 3. Product definition
- 4. Environmental approvals and impacts
- 5. Stakeholder engagement and social impacts

To support the Scoping Study, RareX has assembled a team of appropriately experienced consultants as shown in the table below. This team is capable of delivering the study, future and further defined studies and supporting project execution.

Consultant	Scope
Gavin Beer	Rare Earth Element, metallurgical and general technical counsel
Primero	Lead consultant; process design and cost estimation
METS Group	Metallurgical program lead
Mining Plus	Pit design, pit optimisation mining method
AMC	Geo-metallurgical modelling
<b>Animal Plant Resources</b>	ESG integration, stakeholder engagement, approvals and permitting
Advisian	Hydrogeology
PWC	ESG integration

### Resource optimisation and geo-metallurgical modelling

With the continuation of Resource drilling and the re-interpretation of the Resource, the scope of chemical, mineral and metallurgical investigations has increased.

The Resource is being re-defined with additional domains and, in conjunction with geo-metallurgical modelling, will allow for an improved understanding of metallurgical performance in each domain and sub-domain.

The integration of geological, geotechnical, mining, metallurgical, environmental and economic information will help maximize the Net Present Value (**NPV**) of the Project and can continually be applied and advanced to minimise future technical and operational risk.

### Metallurgical understanding

The metallurgical program – led by METS Group, with Gavin Beer as technical counsel and leading laboratories in support – has worked methodically through early testing.

The program for the Scoping Study must define likely metallurgical processing steps but is not designed to optimise recovery. The team will work to an optimal program for the stage of study and identify key development areas for subsequent phases.

### **Product definition**

The Cummins Range Critical Metals Project has an array of strategic metals within the Resource which are likely to add to the value-in-use of the product and may form discrete by-products in their own right. The product suite is notionally:

- Rare Earths Elements principally Neodymium and Praseodymium
- Niobium
- Scandium

RareX has set out to define the simplest product that will facilitate a commercially viable project as a base case for project definition. To achieve this, the metallurgical and marketing teams are working together with potential off-taker requirements.

Feedback on technical viability and pricing is iterated into the plant design to confirm the base case. From this platform the team will be able to optimise the product specifications with additional plant facilities, principally by way of upgrade modules, to produce the preferred product.

### **Environmental approvals and impacts**

RareX is defining a clear pathway for approvals, permitting and stakeholder engagement which is of particular importance in the Kimberley and with the Jaru as Traditional Owners. The Project is likely to remain entirely within Western Australia and will be assessed within the framework of WA legislation as well as being considered under the Commonwealth *Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999*.

The Project area is on relatively flat, open shrubland and tussock grassland, within the Kimberley and within a Native Title Determination Area. Hydrogeological investigations are underway and baseline investigations across social and environmental aspects have been scoped and made ready for investigation early in 2022.

### Stakeholder engagement and social impacts

The regional stakeholders have been identified and a stakeholder engagement roadmap is being developed. The nearest community is Billiluna (population c. 150) and, when possible, the project team has been prioritising recruitment from this community, other local communities and the Halls Creek township.

RareX continues to have positive engagement with the Kimberley Land Council (**KLC**), the Jaru and with the station owners in the Project area as well as a number of key stakeholders including shire councils and industry groups along the likely supply chain between the Project site and Wyndham Port.

RareX is operating under a Native Title Heritage Protection and Mineral Exploration Agreement with the KLC in relations to Jaru lands (Agreement).

The Agreement provides a cooperative framework under which the Company can conduct activities on tenements granted on Jaru land and provides for community benefits to the Jaru people.

Additionally, and following on from the release of the RareX ESG Framework, activities on site are monitored to develop a baseline from which the Company can establish improvement initiatives to

further integrate with local communities and to reduce adverse the environmental and social impact of the Project at any given development stage.

# **NSW Joint-Venture Copper Gold Projects**

In January 2020, RareX entered into a binding Memorandum of Understanding (**MoU**) with Kincora Copper (**Kincora**) whereby Kincora paid a non-refundable option payment of C\$25,000 to RareX for a six week exclusive option period.

Following completion of its due diligence activities, Kincora subsequently exercised the option and paid RareX an additional C\$150,000 and issued RareX with 14.95 million shares in Kincora.

As a result of the agreement, RareX transferred a 65% interest in its NSW tenements to Kincora with RareX retaining a 35% free carried interest until such time as a positive scoping study or preliminary economic assessment is delivered, following which industry standard JV dilution mechanisms will apply.

Kincora's technical team includes Mr John Holliday and Mr Peter Leaman. Mr Holliday has over 30 years' experience in metals exploration mostly with BHP Minerals and Newcrest Mining, including the positions of Chief Geoscientist and General Manager, Property Generation and more recently in the junior sector. Mr Holliday was a principal discoverer and site manager of the undercover Cadia and Marsden porphyry Tier 1 gold-copper deposits in NSW, and was a principal geological advisor on the acquisition of many significant projects, including Namosi and Wafi-Golpu. Mr Leaman has over 40 years' experience in exploration mostly with BHP Minerals, with a particular focus on Base & Precious Metals, and PanAust Limited, where he was Regional Exploration Manager SE Asia and remains an Exploration Advisor.

### **Trundle Park Prospect**

Kincora's first drill hole (TRDD001) intersected multiple significantly mineralized skarn zones including 51m @ 1.17 g/t gold and 0.54% copper from 39m and 18m @ 0.53 g/t gold and 0.05% copper from 284m. TRDD001 also intersected broad anomalous mineralization (including 21.1m @ 0.25 g/t Au and 0.03% Cu from 664m to end of hole) in the outer zone of the targeted adjacent porphyry intrusion system.

Kincora's second follow-up drill hole (TRDD004) was drilled 269m to the west of TRDD001, a considerable step-out, and was completed to 694m targeting a blind finger porphyry and not targeting the previously intersected high-grade skarn mineralization in TRDD001.

TRDD004 did not intersect any skarn alteration and is interpreted to have intersected volcanics intruded by monzodiorite and monzonite across a fault block with minor potassic alteration at the bottom of the hole – anomalous results presented in Table 3. Such a fault setting is not uncommon in other Ordovician age porphyry systems in the Macquarie Arc and TRDD004 has assisted understanding of the fault blocks and potential preservation levels within the Trundle Park target.

On 2 December 2020, Kincora reported that drilling at Trundle Park has returned further encouragement for the targeted at/near surface skarn system, with ongoing deeper drilling also testing the potential for a larger causative porphyry intrusion system.

Assay results received for TRDD008 have returned two significant zones of mineralised skarn:

- Surface zone: returned 87.7 metres @ 0.65g/t gold and 0.19% copper from surface, including 16.4 metres @ 1.51g/t gold and 0.19% copper from surface and 8 metres @ 1.63g/t gold and 0.57% copper from 66 metres.
- Second zone: 27 metres @ 0.10g/t gold and 0.07% copper from 305 metres, 5 metres @ 0.18g/t gold and 0.02% copper from 379 metres and 19 metres @ 0.43g/t gold and 0.21% copper from 388 metres, including 4 metres @ 0.94g/t gold and 0.57% copper.

As outlined in the 21 December 2020 release, hole TRDD011 intersected intense structurally controlled mineralization hosted within near surface skarn alteration with further positive visual indications reported from TRDD012, a step back to the south-east from TRDD011.

Assay results from nearer surface intervals for TRDD011 (to 102m of 332m) and TRDD012 (to 202m of 581m) have been received and were released on 21 January 2021. Highlights include:

- TRDD011: 74m @ 0.40% copper and 0.37 g/t gold from surface including:
  - 42m @ 0.64% copper and 0.58 g/t gold from 32m including:
  - 14m @ 1.69% copper and 1.39 g/t gold from 58m including:
  - 4m @ 4.98% copper and 3.36 g/t gold from 68m
- TRDD012: 29m @ 0.10% copper and 0.18 g/t gold from 191m including:
  - 2m @ 0.87% copper and 0.05 g/t gold from 195m; and,
  - 1m @ 0.09% copper and 1.17 g/t gold from 204m.

TRDD011 extended the mineralised skarn horizon to the north-west of TRDD001 (previously reported 51m @ 0.54% copper and 1.17g/t gold from 39m) and TRDD012 was a 50m step out to the south from TRDD001.

TRDD012 has provided encouragement and vectors for the targeted causative porphyry intrusion system source with observations of:

- Primary bornite and chalcopyrite within quartz veins occurring in an interval of volcaniclastic rocks from 160m to 210m down-hole which are the best primary bornite and chalcopyrite veining intersected to date at the Trundle project (Figure 3);
- Observations of discrete monzodiorite intrusions from 275m to 340m down-hole depth, and coarse primary molybdenum within a quartz vein at 314m down-hole depth (assay results pending); and,
- Four well developed and broad skarn horizons identified commencing from the surface (noting dilution in reported intervals from core loss) and extending deep down-hole (assay results pending).

On 22 April 2021, Kincora reported that recent drilling has provided encouragement for the northern and southern extensions to the skarn alteration, extending the strike of the mineralised skarn footprint at Trundle Park to over 500 metres and still open in all directions.

Assay results from TRDD007 have expanded the mineralization to the north with intervals including: 39.3m @ 0.21g/t gold and 0.03% copper from 2.6m and 8m @ 0.96g/t gold (Table 1) and 0.34% copper from 158m and also TRDD016 with 12m @ 0.46g/t gold and 0.02% copper from 58m and 66m @ 0.21g/t gold and 0.03% copper from 130m (Table 9).

Assay results from TRDD0014 and visual indications of advanced skarn and epithermal alteration in TRDD016 (assays pending) have extended the mineralisation to the south and west (Figure 3). TRDD014 intersected multiple skarn horizons including 44m @ 0.20g/t gold and 0.12% copper from 358m, including 7m @ 0.64g/t gold and 0.53% copper (from 385m), and 1.3m @ 2.34g/t gold and 0.54% copper from 487m, and 10m @ 0.73g/t gold and 0.10% copper from 626m.

Further drilling is proposed at Trundle Park to expand the near skarn mineralised footprint in all directions.

Assay results and relogging of TRDD010 and TRDD015 have provided encouragement and vectors for the targeted causative porphyry intrusive and interpreted source of intersected gold and copper mineralization in the skarn system. Increased quartz veining and multiple phases of monzodiorite, felsic alteration and minor zones of chalcopyrite and molybdenite have been noted. Molybdenite in TRDD015 was mostly observed in quartz veins cutting monzodiorite in an interval with 12m @ 0.13 g/t gold, 0.10% copper and 79ppm molybdenite from 426m, including 2m @ 0.33g/t gold, 0.23% copper and 78ppm molybdenite from 426m.

A key advancement for the Trundle Park prospect from TRDD010 and TRDD015 has been confirmation of multiple mineralising phases of the targeted intrusion. Given the mineral tenor intersected in the nearer surface skarn, the intrusions intersected in TRDD010 and TRDD015 are not expected to be the main causative source but provide support for the team's exploration concepts and model, and vectors for follow up drilling to the north, west and south.

Subsequent to the year end, Kincora reported significant gold-bearing intervals at Trundle Park including assay results for hole TRDD022, which returned significant broad mineralised intervals, strongly indicating proximity to the core of a large porphyry intrusive system and providing vectors for recently commenced follow-up drilling. TRDD022 intersected 162m at 0.24g/t gold and 0.04% copper from 670m, including 46m at 0.54g/t gold and 0.08% copper from 684m, and 18m at 0.75g/t gold and 0.09% copper from 712m.

TRDD026, the follow up scissor hole to TRDD022 was also drilled and intersected broad zones of porphyry-style intrusions, with assay results currently pending.

### The Mordialloc Prospect

Assay results reported on 2 December 2020 have reinforced prior observed potential for close proximity to a potassic and higher-grade core of the targeted system, with multiple significant intervals of anomalous copper, gold and molybdenum.

TRDD006 has returned the broadest anomalous zones to date at the Mordialloc target including:

- 42m @ 0.07% copper, 0.04g/t gold and 7.43ppm molybdenum from 62m, hosted by intermixed volcanoclastic rocks comprising andesite lava and greywacke;
- 306m @ 0.10% copper, 0.06g/t gold and 19.4ppm molybdenum from 144m, associated with a coarse plagioclase phyric diorite intrusion;
- 98m @ 0.11% copper, 0.07g/t gold and 17.6ppm molybdenum from 466m, occurring in intermixed volcanoclastic rocks comprising andesite lava and greywacke; and,
- 2m @ 0.98g/t gold, 0.02% copper and 2ppm molybdenum from 880m, also hosted by intermixed volcanoclastic rocks comprising andesite lava and greywacke.

On 22 April 2021, Kincora advised that two rigs are now operational at the Mordialloc prospect, specifically at the Mordialloc, Mordialloc North East and Mordialloc South West targets (the latter previously known as Yarrabandi).

Results for TRDD019 and TRDD020 at the Mordialloc prospect as reported on 8 July 2021 include TRDD019 with 20m @ 0.20 g/t gold and 0.07% copper from 88m, including 8m 0.32 and 0.07% copper from 92m, hosted by quartz-monzonite and TRDD020 with 68m @ 0.11% copper, from 82m hosted by volcanoclastic breccia.

# Fairholme Project

On 8 July 2021, Kincora announced that permits and land access agreement are to hand with advanced preparations in progress to commence drilling this month at the Fairholme project for a first phase 6,000m drilling program. Initial diamond drilling will focus on the Gateway prospect, following up multiple shallow to moderate depth broad, with localized high grade gold and copper intervals, within a north trending 2km long by 300m wide copper-gold-zinc anomaly (>500ppm, >0.1g/t Au & >900ppm Zn).

# Byro East & Orange East Projects

During the year, RareX made the strategic decision to spin-out and IPO its non-core Byro East Nickel-Copper-PGE Project (**Byro East**) and Orange East Gold Project (**Orange East**) into a new ASX-listed company, Cosmos Exploraton.

RareX and Cosmos signed a Demerger Implementation Deed (**DID**) on 23 August 2021 to give effect to the proposed spin-out. Pursuant to the DID, RareX will transfer to Cosmos 100% of its legal and beneficial interest in the Byro East tenements and 75% of its legal and beneficial interest in the Orange East tenements (**Sale Assets**), with RareX retaining a 25% interest to be free-carried until completion of a Bankable Feasibility Study.

Cosmos will issue 10 million fully-paid ordinary shares and pay \$80,000 in cash to RareX (as reimbursement of expenditure incurred by RareX) in consideration for the Sale Assets.

In conjunction with the spin-out, Cosmos will make an application for admission to the Official List of the ASX and seek to raise no less than \$5 million via an Initial Public Offering of 25 million shares at an issue price of \$0.20 (Cosmos IPO). Existing RareX shareholders were invited to participate in the Cosmos IPO on a priority basis.

RareX will retain exposure to the upside potential of the Sale Assets through its direct equity holding, allowing it to focus on the development and exploration of its flagship Cummins Range Project.

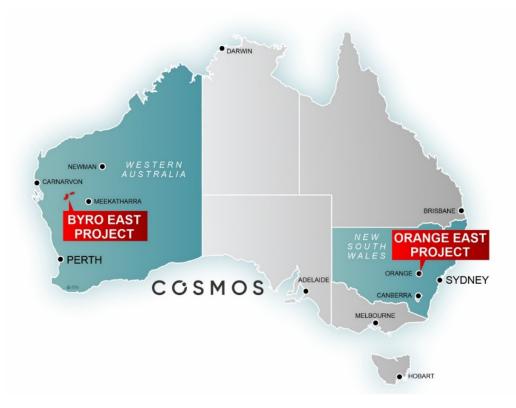


Figure 6 - Project locations, Australia

# Hong Kong Gold Project

On 7 December 2018, Clancy announced the completion of an agreement with Canadian listed Pacton Gold Inc (TSXV: PAC) (**Pacton**) which provided for Pacton to acquire a 70% equity interest in RareX's Hong Kong Project in the Pilbara (Exploration Licence E47/3566 covering 40.15 km²).

Subsequent to the year end, 100% ownership of the Hong Kong Gold Project returned to RareX.

# Weld North Rare Earths Project

Drilling was completed before Christmas 2020 for a total of 23 air-core holes and assay results have now been received. The results indicate that the circular magnetic anomaly is a late-stage granite.

# Moroccan Cobalt Project

Following its strategic review of assets and with regard to the current cobalt price, the Board has elected to cease work on the Moroccan Cobalt Project and no material work was undertaken during the 2021 financial year. The Company is currently completing a divestment of this asset.

# Leogang Project, Austria

In mid-2017, the Company was granted exploration licences over the Leogang Cobalt-Nickel Project covering in the Salzburg and Kitzbuhel regions in western Austria. Subsequently, Cadence Minerals Plc acquired a 10% interest in the licences held by Clancy and both parties entered into a joint venture.

No material work was undertaken on the Leogang Project during the 2021 financial year and to date.

# **Environmental, Social and Governance Framework**

In September 2021, RareX announced the establishment of its Environmental, Social & Governance (**ESG**) Framework as part of its sustainable ESG-integrated project development approach.

The Company's ESG Framework adopts the World Economic Forum (**WEF**) Framework guidelines to support its journey from exploration to operational mining activities to ensure that it has a leading approach in place from inception as it advances its flagship Cummins Range Rare Earths Project in the Kimberley region of WA towards the next stage of development.

RareX believes it has an important role to play in sustainably supplying critical and rare earth metals that are crucial for the decarbonisation of the global economy, such as electric vehicles and wind turbines, as well as advanced technical applications for telecommunications and military purposes as part of sustainable supply chains.

The RareX ESG Framework will help to ensure that it can develop Cummins Range in a responsible and balanced manner, with due regard for safety, corporate governance, the environment, Indigenous relationships, community and stakeholder engagement and other critical elements of the ESG matrix.

### **Mineral Resources Statement**

The following information is provided in accordance with Listing Rule 5.21 and as at 30 June 2021.

### **Mineral Resource Estimation Governance Statement**

RareX Limited ensures that the Mineral Resource estimates are subject to appropriate levels of governance and internal controls. The Mineral Resources have been generated by independent external consultants and internal employees who are experienced in best practices in modelling and estimation methods. Where applicable, the consultants have also undertaken review of the quality and suitability of the underlying information used to generate the resource estimations. The Mineral Resource estimates follow standard industry methodology using geological interpretation and assay results from samples won through drilling. RareX Limited reports its Mineral Resources in accordance with the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves" (the JORC Code) (2004 Edition). Competent Persons named by the Company qualify as Competent Persons as defined in the JORC Code.

### Mineral Resource for Cummins Range Project, Western Australia

The table below sets out the Mineral Resources as at 30 June 2020 (estimated in October 2019) and as at 30 June 2021 (no change) for the Cummins Range Project, Western Australia.

The Maiden 2012 Inferred Mineral Resource for Cummins Range has been estimated at 13.0Mt at 1.13% Total Rare Earth Oxides (**TREO**) comprising 147,000,000 kg TREO using a cut-off grade of 0.5% TREO.

Tonnes (Mt)	Grade (TREO)	TREO (kg)	
13.0	1.13%	147,300,000	

### **Competent Person Statements**

The exploration results for Cummins Range in this report were reported by the Company in accordance with listing rule 5.7 on 15 September 2019, 30 September 2020, 17 November 2020, 18 October 2020, 27 October 2020, 17 December 2020, 22 April 2021 and 8 July 2021. The Company confirms it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the previous announcements.

The mineral resource estimate in this report were reported by the Company in accordance with listing rule 5.8 on 15 October 2019 and updated on 26 May 2020 (resource at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2021), and 19 July 2021 (current resource). The Company confirms it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the previous announcements and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the previous announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed.

The exploration results for NSW Gold-Copper Projects as set out in this report were reported by Kincora Copper in accordance with listing rule 5.7 on 6 July 2020, 24 July 2020, 7 September 2020, 2 December 2020, 21 December 2020, 21 January 2021, 22 April 2021 and 8 July 2021. The Company confirms it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the previous announcements.

# **Corporate Governance**

RareX Limited's Corporate Governance Statement for FY2021 is available on the Company's website www.rarex.com.au

# Financial Statements FY2021

The Board of Directors has pleasure in presenting its report on the consolidated entity consisting of RareX Limited (Company or RareX) and the entities (Group or Consolidated Entity) it controlled at the end of, or during, the year ended 30 June 2021.

### 1. Directors

The names and details of the Company's Directors in office at any time during the year to 30 June 2021 and until the date of this report are as follows. Directors were in office for the entire period unless otherwise stated.

### Mr John Young, B.AppSc(Geology), MAusIMM

### Non-Executive Chairman – Appointed 18 February 2020

Mr Young has a Bachelor of Applied Science (Geology) and is a member of AusIMM. Mr Young is a highly experienced geologist who has worked on exploration and production projects encompassing gold, uranium and specialty metals, including tungsten, molybdenum, tantalum and lithium. Mr Young's corporate experience includes appointments as Chief Executive Officer of Marenica Energy Limited and CEO and Director of Thor Mining PLC. Mr Young was Exploration Manager of Pilbara Minerals Ltd (ASX: PLS) from June 2014 until August 2015, appointed Technical Director in September 2015 and transitioned to Non-Executive Director in July 2017 until his resignation on 20 April 2018. Mr Young was also the Managing Director of Bardoc Gold Limited (ASX: BDC) from May 2017 to April 2019 and remains a Non-Executive Director. Mr Young is also a Non-Executive Director of AIM listed Mosman Oil and Gas Ltd and Trek Metals Ltd (ASX: TKM).

### Mr Jeremy Robinson, BComm

### Managing Director - Appointed 27 September 2019

Mr Robinson is an experienced mining executive having held senior roles at multiple junior and mid-tier mining and exploration companies. Mr Robinson holds a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of Western Australia majoring in Corporate Finance, Investment Finance and Marketing. He is also currently a director of Cosmos Exploration Limited and Churchill Strategic Investments Group.

### Mr Shaun Hardcastle, LLB, BA

### Non-Executive Director – Appointed 1 December 2017

Mr Hardcastle has over 15 years' experience as a corporate lawyer and extensive experience in corporate governance, risk management and compliance. He has been involved in a broad range of cross-border and domestic transactions including IPOs, capital raisings, joint ventures, corporate restructuring, project finance and asset/equity sales and acquisitions. Mr Hardcastle has practiced law both in Australia and overseas and is a partner at HWL Ebsworth Lawyers. Mr Hardcastle is currently a non-executive director of ASX listed Cygnus Gold Limited (ASX: CY5). Mr Hardcastle was also previously non-executive director of Schrole Group Ltd (ASX:SCL); Hawkstone Mining Limited (ASX: HWK) until 14 July 2020 and Bunji Corporation Limited (ASX: BCL) until 28 April 2020.

### Mr Cameron Henry,

### Non-Executive Director - Appointed 2 June 2020

Mr Henry is the founding Managing Director of ASX-listed engineering firm, Primero Group Limited (ASX: PGX), where he has led the Company's strategic and operational direction resulting in its successful listing on the ASX in 2018 and rapid growth globally. Mr Henry has over 20 years of industry experience in the development and delivery of minerals processing, energy and infrastructure projects across Australia, Indonesia, North and South America. Mr Henry has been a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors since 2013 and was previously non-executive director of Titan Minerals Limited (ASX: TTM) until 15 July 2019.

### 2. Company Secretary

### Ms Oonagh Malone - Appointed 1 February 2018

Ms Malone is a principal of a corporate advisory firm which provides company secretarial and administrative services. Ms Malone has over 10 years' experience in administrative and company secretarial roles for listed companies and is a member of the Governance Institute of Australia. Ms Malone currently acts as company secretary for ASX-listed Caprice Resources Limited, Carbine Resources Limited, Aston Minerals Limited, Hawkstone Mining Limited, Riversgold Ltd and African Gold Limited. Ms Malone is a non-executive director of Carbine Resources Limited and Peak Minerals Ltd.

### 3. Principal Activities

The principal activities during the year of the entities within the consolidated entity were mineral exploration.

### 4. Review of financial performance

The net consolidated loss from continuing operations for the year ended 30 June 2021, after income tax, amounted to \$6,261,175 (2020: \$6,687,791).

During the year ended 30 June 2021, total expenses amounted to \$6,920,377 (2020: \$9,330,344). Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents amounted to \$4,477,985 as at 30 June 2021 (30 June 2020: \$3,425,058).

### 5. Dividends

No dividend has been declared or paid by the Company since the end of the previous financial year and the Directors do not at present recommend a dividend.

### 6. Review of Operations

During the year, the Company:

- completed a 6,146m Reverse Circulation drilling program at the Cummins Range Rare Earths Project which returned spectacular wide, high-grade intercepts;
- completed a drilling program at Weld North Rare Earths Project;
- completed a share placement which raised \$3m before costs;
- acquired 24,779,658 shares in Canada Rare Earth Corp from Talaxis Group Holding for CAD991,186;
- subscribed for 3,500,000 shares at A\$0.20 per share as part of Kincora Copper Ltd's A\$10 million capital raising and Initial Public Offering of 50 million Chess Depository Units on the ASX;
- commenced activities to spin-out of its non-core Byro East Nickel-Copper-PGE Project and Orange East Gold Project, respectively located in Western Australia and New South Wales, subject to shareholder and other requisite approvals. The assets will be spun out into RareX's 100% owned subsidiary, Cosmos Exploration Ltd;
- completed a \$2.75 million (before costs) placement comprising 25 million new fully-paid ordinary shares at A\$0.11 per share to prominent resource investor Mr Simon Lee AO via a share placement;
- reported a substantial resource upgrade for its 100%-owned Cummins Range Rare Earths Project; and
- completed over 3,000m of reverse circulation drilling at the Cummins Range Rare Earths Project.

### 7. Likely Developments and Expected Results

Other than as referred to in this report, further information as to likely developments in the operations of the Company and likely results of those operations in future financial years would, in the opinion of the Directors, be speculative.

### 8. Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs during the financial year ending 30 June 2021, other than as follows:

- Completion of the following share placements:
  - \$3,000,000 (before costs) via the issue of 30,000,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.10 per share; and
  - \$2,750,000 (before costs) via the issue of 25,000,000 ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.11 per share.

### 9. Significant Events After Balance Date

Subsequent to 30 June 2021, the Company:

On 28 September 2021, the Company released the prospectus for Cosmos Exploration Ltd in relation to the spin out
of its non-core Byro East Nickel-Copper-PGE Project and Orange East Gold Project, respectively located in Western
Australia and New South Wales, subject to shareholder and other requisite approvals. The prospectus is for the
offer of 25,000,000 shares in Cosmos Exploration Ltd at an issue price of \$0.20 each to raise \$5,000,000 (before
costs).

### 10. Indemnity and Insurance for Group Officers and Auditor

To the extent permitted by law, the Company indemnifies every person who is or has been:

- an Officer against any liability to any person (other than the Company or a related entity) incurred while acting in that capacity and in good faith; and
- an Officer or auditor of the Company, against costs and expenses incurred by that person in that capacity in successfully defending legal proceedings and ancillary matters.

The Company has in respect of any person who is or has been a director or officer of the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring all directors and officers against a liability. The Company maintains insurance policies for the benefit of the relevant director or officer for the term of their appointment and for a period of seven years after retirement or resignation.

The Company has entered into a Deed of Indemnity, Access and Insurance with each of its Directors and the Company Secretary. Under the Deeds of Indemnity, Access and Insurance the Company will indemnify each officer to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act against any liability arising as a result of the officer acting as an officer of the Company. The Deeds of Indemnity, Access and Insurance also provide for the right to access Board papers and other Company records.

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has agreed to indemnify its auditor, Walker Wayland WA Audit Pty Ltd, as part of the terms of its audit engagement agreement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payment has been made to indemnify either Walker Wayland WA Audit Pty Ltd during, or since the end of, the financial year.

### 11. Remuneration Report – Audited

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each Director of RareX Limited and the Group and for the executives receiving the highest remuneration in accordance with the requirements of Section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001 and its Regulations. The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by Section 308(3C) of the Act. This remuneration report forms a part of the Directors' Report.

For the purposes of this report Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Group are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Company and the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the parent company.

### **Remuneration Policy**

The remuneration policy of RareX Limited has been designed to align director and executive objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives. The Board of RareX Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best executives and directors to run and manage the consolidated entity, as well as align interests of directors, executives and shareholders.

The Board believes that shares are an effective remuneration tool which preserves the cash reserves of the Company whilst providing valuable remuneration. During the year ended 30 June 2021, no options (2020: 33,000,000) and 30,000,000 performance rights (2020: nil) were issued to key management personnel of the Company.

The Board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for board members and senior executives of the consolidated entity is as follows:

- The remuneration policy, setting the terms and conditions for the executive directors and other senior executives, was developed and approved by the Board.
- All executives receive a base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service and experience).
- The Board reviews executive packages annually by reference to the consolidated entity's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors.

All remuneration paid to directors and executives is valued at the cost to the Company and is expensed over the appropriate vesting period. Shares issued under the Employee Share Plan are valued using the Black Scholes methodology.

### **Non-Executive Directors**

The Board policy is to remunerate non-executive directors at market rates for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the non-executive directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required.

The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Currently there is a maximum aggregate sum of \$200,000 per annum, which is to be divided between the non-executive directors in the proportions agreed between them or, failing agreement, equally.

### Company performance, shareholder wealth and director and executive remuneration

Shares have been issued to directors and executives to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests in prior years. Options have been issued to directors to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests in the current year.

Executive and non-executive directors, other key management personnel and other senior employees have been granted ordinary shares and options. The recipients of shares and options are responsible for growing the Company and increasing shareholder value. If they achieve this goal the value of the shares and options granted to them will also increase. Therefore, the shares and options provide an incentive to the recipients to remain with the Company and to continue to work to enhance the Company's value.

### 11. Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

There is no policy in place which limits exposure to risk in relation to those securities in the Company which constitute an element of directors' remuneration and which are linked to satisfaction of Company performance conditions.

The table below sets out summary information about the consolidated entity's earnings and movements in shareholder wealth for the five years to 30 June 2021:

### Consolidated Entity:

	30-Jun-21	30-Jun-20	30-Jun-19	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-17
Revenue	\$709,202	\$2,642,553	\$725,440	\$495,640	\$20,741
Net loss before tax	(\$6,211,175)	(\$6,687,791)	(\$2,209,009)	(\$1,276,041)	(\$998,614)
Net loss after tax	(\$6,211,175)	(\$6,687,791)	(\$2,209,009)	(\$1,276,041)	(\$998,614)
Share price at end of year	7.2 cents	9.2 cents	0.1 cents <sup>1</sup>	0.4 cents <sup>1</sup>	0.2 cents <sup>1</sup>
Basic loss per share	(1.53 cents)	(2.48 cents)	(0.06 cents)1	(0.04 cents) <sup>1</sup>	(0.04 cents)1
Diluted loss per share	(1.53 cents)	(2.48 cents)	(0.06 cents) <sup>1</sup>	(0.04 cents) <sup>1</sup>	(0.04 cents) <sup>1</sup>

Note: No dividends have been declared or paid since the Company was listed.

### **Key Management Personnel Remuneration Policy**

The remuneration structure for key management personnel, as determined by the Board, is based on a number of factors, including length of service, particular experience of the individual concerned and their role within the organisation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The share price at end of year and basic and diluted loss per share for the years ended 30 June 2019 and prior are disclosed in the above table on a preconsolidated basis. On 2 August 2019 the shareholders of the Company approved the consolidation of the Company's capital on a 1 for 25 basis.

# 11. Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

# **Key Management Personnel Remuneration:**

### Remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2021

Key Management Person	Short-term benefits		Post- nt Short-term benefits Long Term employment benefits benefits		Long term incentives	Total	
	Salary or Fees Paid or Payable	Consulting Fees	Non Monetary Benefits	Long Service Leave	Superannuation	Share-based payments	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
J Young	50,417	-	-	-	-	10,649	61,066
J Robinson	225,833	-	580	-	20,030	35,494	281,937
S Hardcastle	43,915	-	-	-	-	10,649	54,564
C Henry	42,237	-	-	-	4,013	10,649	56,899
O Malone	40,500	-	-	-	-	21,160	61,660
	402,902	-	580	-	24,043	88,601	516,126

### Remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2020

Key Management Person	Short-term benefits			Long Term benefits	Post- employment benefits	Long term incentives	Total	
	Salary or Fees Paid or Payable	Consulting Fees	Non Monetary Benefits	Long Service Leave	Superannuation	Share-based payments		
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
J Young <sup>1</sup>	13,046	-	-	-	-	20,200	33,246	
J Robinson <sup>2</sup>	138,618	-	-	-	25,000	289,350	452,968	
S Hardcastle	34,500	-	-	-	-	69,447	103,947	
C Henry <sup>3</sup>	2,943	-	-	-	279	70,600	73,822	
O Malone	30,000	-	-	-	-	42,706	72,706	
S Patrizi <sup>4</sup>	24,000	-	-	-	-	69,447	93,447	
D Scoggin <sup>5</sup>	8,700	-	-	-	-	-	8,700	
	251,807	-	-	-	25,279	561,750	838,836	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}{\rm J}$  Young was appointed as a director on 18 February 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> J Robinson was appointed as a director on 27 September 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> C Henry was appointed as a director on 2 June 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>S Patrizi resigned as a director on 18 February 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> D Scoggin resigned as a director on 27 September 2019.

### 11. Remuneration Report - Audited (continued)

### Shares

During the year, no ordinary shares were issued in relation to the settlement of outstanding invoices for fees owed to key management personnel (2020: 3,300,000). The deemed issue price of the shares issued in 2020 was \$0.017 per share, however, the last sale price on the date of issue, being 27 September 2019, was \$0.061 per share resulting in an adjustment to the fair value of these shares of \$0.044 per share. The ordinary shares were issued as follows:

Key management personnel	Total amount of outstanding invoices	No. of shares issued	Fair value per share	Fair value of shares issued	Fair value adjustment <sup>2</sup>
	(\$)		(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
S Hardcastle	19,800	1,164,706	0.061	71,047	51,247
O Malone	16,500	970,588	0.061	59,206	42,706
S Patrizi <sup>1</sup>	19,800	1,164,706	0.061	71,047	51,247
	56,100	3,300,000		201,300	145,200

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>S Patrizi resigned as a director on 18 February 2020.

No options were issued to directors and key management personnel as part of their remuneration during the year ended 30 June 2021 (2020: 33,000,000). No options were exercised or forfeited during the year by current Directors or key management personnel. The option issued in 2020 were as follows:

Director	Option series	Grant date	No. of options	Value per option	Total value of options issued	Consideration paid	Total fair value of options issued	No. of options vested
				(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	
J Young	Series 7	18/02/2020	2,000,000	0.0044	8,800	-	8,800	-
J Young	Series 8	18/02/2020	2,000,000	0.0032	6,400	-	6,400	-
J Young	Series 9	18/02/2020	2,000,000	0.0025	5,000	-	5,000	-
			6,000,000		20,200	-	20,200	-
J Robinson	Series 4	27/09/2019	5,000,000	0.0256	128,000	50	127,950	127,950
J Robinson	Series 5	27/09/2019	5,000,000	0.0182	91,000	50	90,950	-
J Robinson	Series 6	27/09/2019	5,000,000	0.0141	70,500	50	70,450	-
			15,000,000		289,500	150	289,350	127,950
S Hardcastle	Series 1	12/12/2019	1,000,000	0.0077	7,700	-	7,700	-
S Hardcastle	Series 2	12/12/2019	1,000,000	0.0058	5,800	-	5,800	-
S Hardcastle	Series 3	12/12/2019	1,000,000	0.0047	4,700	-	4,700	-
			3,000,000		18,200	-	18,200	-
C Henry	Series 7	2/06/2020	2,000,000	0.0141	28,200	-	28,200	-
C Henry	Series 8	2/06/2020	2,000,000	0.0115	23,000	-	23,000	-
C Henry	Series 9	2/06/2020	2,000,000	0.0097	19,400	-	19,400	-
			6,000,000		70,600	-	70,600	-
S Patrizi	Series 1	12/12/2019	1,000,000	0.0077	7,700	-	7,700	-
S Patrizi	Series 2	12/12/2019	1,000,000	0.0058	5,800	-	5,800	-
S Patrizi	Series 3	12/12/2019	1,000,000	0.0047	4,700	-	4,700	-
			3,000,000		18,200	-	18,200	-
			33,000,000		416,700	150	416,550	127,950

### Note:

- Series 1: Director options exercisable at \$0.0607 each expiring 12 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10.
- Series 2: Director options exercisable at \$0.0607 each expiring 12 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15.
- Series 3: Director options exercisable at \$0.0607 each expiring 12 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20.
- Series 4: Options exercisable at \$0.025 each expiring 27 September 2022 and vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.05.
- Series 5: Options exercisable at \$0.025 each expiring 27 September 2022 and vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10.
- Series 6: Options exercisable at \$0.025 each expiring 27 September 2022 and vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15.
- Series 7: Director options exercisable at \$0.0607 each expiring 22 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10. Series 8: Director options exercisable at \$0.0607 each expiring 22 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15.
- Series 9: Director options exercisable at \$0.0607 each expiring 22 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The fair value adjustment has been included as a share-based payment in the remuneration table for the year ended 30 June 2020.

# 11. Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

# Performance Rights

The following performance rights were issued to directors and key management personnel as part of their remuneration during the year ended 30 June 2021 (2020: nil).

Director Class		Grant date	No. of performance rights	Fair value per performance right	Total fair value of performance rights issued	Expense to Statement of Profit or Loss for the year <sup>1</sup>
				(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
	Е	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.078200	117,300	3,746
J Young	F	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.073800	110,700	3,535
Troung	G	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.070300	105,450	3,368
			4,500,000		333,450	10,649
	E	26/5/2021	5,000,000	0.078200	391,000	12,486
J Robinson	F	26/5/2021	5,000,000	0.073800	369,000	11,784
J KODIIISOII	G	26/5/2021	5,000,000	0.070300	351,500	11,224
			15,000,000		1,111,500	35,494
	E	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.078200	117,300	3,746
S Hardcastle	F	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.073800	110,700	3,535
3 Harucastie	G	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.070300	105,450	3,368
			4,500,000		333,450	10,649
	E	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.078200	117,300	3,746
Cllown	F	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.073800	110,700	3,535
C Henry	G	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.070300	105,450	3,368
			4,500,000		333,450	10,649
	E	5/2/2021	500,000	0.112400	56,200	7,442
O Malana	F	5/2/2021	500,000	0.106100	53,050	7,024
O Malone	G	5/2/2021	500,000	0.101100	50,550	6,694
			1,500,000		159,800	21,160
Total			30,000,000		2,271,650	88,601

 $<sup>{\</sup>bf 1} \ {\bf Performance} \ {\bf rights} \ {\bf are} \ {\bf expensed} \ {\bf on} \ {\bf a} \ {\bf straight-line} \ {\bf basis} \ {\bf over} \ {\bf the} \ {\bf vesting} \ {\bf period}.$ 

### 11. Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

The Board considers that the performance rights are a cost effective and efficient reward for the Company to make to appropriately incentivise the continued performance of the management, and are consistent with the strategic goals and targets of the Company.

No performance rights vested during the year (2020: 15,500,000 pre-consolidation). The remaining performance rights (shown below on a post-consolidated basis) held by Directors and key management personnel will vest on meeting the following performance conditions before the expiry date:

Class	Vesting Condition - vesting will occur:	Number
В	12 months after the date that the 10 day VWAP for the shares on the ASX is A\$0.25 or higher within 3 years from the date of issue, provided that the holder does not resign from the Board before the vesting date	250,000
С	12 months after the date that the 10 day VWAP for the shares on the ASX is A\$0.375 or higher within 3 years from the date of issue, provided that the holder does not resign from the Board before the vesting date	250,000
D	12 months after the date that the 10 day VWAP for the shares on the ASX is A\$0.50 or higher within 3 years from the date of issue, provided that the holder does not resign from the Board before the vesting date	250,000
E	20 Day VWAP of \$0.20 and 12 months continuous service within 3 years from the date of issue	10,000,000
F	20 Day VWAP of \$0.25 and 18 months continuous service within 3 years from the date of issue	10,000,000
G	20 Day VWAP of \$0.30 and 24 months continuous service within 3 years from the date of issue	10,000,000

The movement during the reporting period in the number of ordinary shares of RareX Limited held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each specified director and each specified executive, including their personally related entities is as follows:

### (i) SHARES - 30 June 2021

	Held at 1 July 2020	Acquired	Disposed	Other	Held at 30 June 2021 or date of resignation
Director					
J Young	397,000	2,607,000	-	-	3,004,000
J Robinson	8,550,000	750,000	-	-	9,300,000
S Hardcastle	1,708,823	400,000	-	-	2,108,823
C Henry	-	1,557,000	-	-	1,557,000
Company Secretary					
O Malone	580,588	-	-	-	580,588
	11,236,411	5,314,000	-	-	16,550,411

# 11. Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

### (ii) SHARES - 30 June 2020

	Held at 1 July 2019 <sup>7</sup>	Consolidation adjustment <sup>1</sup>	Acquired	Disposed	Other	Held at 30 June 2020 or date of resignation
Director						
J Young <sup>2</sup>	-	-	397,000	-	-	397,000
J Robinson <sup>3</sup>	-	-	8,550,000	-	-	8,550,000
S Hardcastle	-	-	1,708,823	-	-	1,708,823
C Henry <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-
S Patrizi <sup>5</sup>	-	-	1,414,706	-	-	1,414,706
D Scoggin <sup>6</sup>	-	-	120,000	-	-	120,000
Company Secretary						
O Malone	4,000,000	(3,840,000)	970,588	(550,000)		580,588
	4,000,000	(3,840,000)	13,161,117	(550,000)	-	12,771,117

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> On 2 August 2019 the shareholders of the Company approved the consolidation of the Company's capital on a 1 for 25 basis.

The movement during the reporting period in the number of options over ordinary shares of RareX Limited held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each specified director and each specified executive, including their personally related entities is as follows:

# (iii) OPTIONS - 30 June 2021

	Held at 1 July 2020	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ Forfeited/ Other	Held at 30 June 2021 or date of resignation
Director					
J Young	6,000,000	-	-	-	6,000,000
J Robinson	17,750,000	-	-	-	17,750,000
S Hardcastle	3,800,000	-	-	(800,000)	3,000,000
C Henry	6,000,000	-	-	-	6,000,000
Company Secretary					
O Malone	-	-	-	-	-
	33,550,000	-	-	(800,000)	32,750,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> J Young was appointed as a director on 18 February 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> J Robinson was appointed as a director on 27 September 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>C Henry was appointed as a director on 2 June 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>S Patrizi resigned as a director on 18 February 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> D Scoggin resigned as a director on 27 September 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Pre-consolidation basis.

### 11. Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

### (iv) OPTIONS - 30 June 2020

	Held at 1 July 2019 <sup>7</sup>	Consolidation adjustment <sup>1</sup>	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ Forfeited/ Other	Held at 30 June 2020 or date of resignation
Director						
J Young <sup>2</sup>	-	-	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000
J Robinson <sup>3</sup>	-	-	17,750,0008	-	-	17,750,000
S Hardcastle	20,000,000	(19,200,000)	3,000,000	-	-	3,800,000
C Henry <sup>4</sup>	-	-	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000
S Patrizi <sup>5</sup>	30,000,000	(28,800,000)	3,000,000	-	-	4,200,000
D Scoggin <sup>6</sup>	-	-				
Company Secretary						
O Malone	-	-	-	-	-	-
	50,000,000	(48,000,000)	35,750,000	-	-	37,750,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> On 2 August 2019 the shareholders of the Company approved the consolidation of the Company's capital on a 1 for 25 basis.

The movement during the reporting period in the number of performance rights of RareX Limited held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each specified director and each specified executive, including their personally related entities is as follows:

### (v) PERFORMANCE RIGHTS – 30 June 2021

	Held at 1 July 2020	Granted	Converted	Expired/ Forfeited/ Other	Held at 30 June 2021	Vested
Director						
J Young	-	4,500,000	-	-	4,500,000	-
J Robinson	-	15,000,000	-	-	15,000,000	-
S Hardcastle	750,000	4,500,000	-	-	5,250,000	-
C Henry	-	4,500,000	-	-	4,500,000	-
Company Secretary						
O Malone	-	1,500,000	-	-	1,500,000	-
	750,000	30,000,000	-	-	30,750,000	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> J Young was appointed as a director on 18 February 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> J Robinson was appointed as a director on 27 September 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>C Henry was appointed as a director on 2 June 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>S Patrizi resigned as a director on 18 February 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> D Scoggin resigned as a director on 27 September 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Pre-consolidation basis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Options issued to J Robinson consisted of 15,000,000 in relation to remuneration and 2,750,000 issued as part consideration for the acquisition of the Cummins Range Pty Ltd which holds the Cummins Range Rare Earths Project.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

## 11. Remuneration Report – Audited (continued)

## (vi) PERFORMANCE RIGHTS - 30 June 2020

	Held at 1 July 2019 <sup>4</sup>	Consolidation adjustment <sup>1</sup>	Granted	Converted	Expired/ Forfeited/ Other	Held at 30 June 2020	Vested
Director							
S Hardcastle	25,000,000	(18,000,000)	-	(6,250,000)	-	750,000	-
S Patrizi <sup>2</sup>	25,000,000	(18,000,000)	-	(6,250,000)	(750,000)	-	-
D Scoggin <sup>3</sup>	12,000,000	(8,640,000)	-	(3,000,000)	(360,000)	-	-
		(44,640,000)	-	(15,500,000)	(1,110,000)	750,000	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> On 2 August 2019 the shareholders of the Company approved the consolidation of the Company's capital on a 1 for 25 basis.

Details of share-based payments in existence during the year ended 30 June 2021 are disclosed in this Directors' Report and Notes 21, 29 and 30 to the Annual Financial Statements.

## **Contracts with Directors and Key Management Personnel**

A summary of contracts entered into with Executives is set out below:

Executive	Mr Jeremy Robinson
Term of Agreement	Ongoing until terminated in accordance with the agreement
Base salary per annum including any superannuation* (Non-performance based)	\$293,568 (ie: \$270,000 plus statutory superannuation)
Termination Conditions	3 months notice by either party
Elements of remuneration related to performance issued during the year	<ul> <li>5,000,000 performance rights expiring 26 May 2024 and 20 day VWAP of \$0.20 and 12 months continuous service.</li> <li>5,000,000 performance rights expiring 26 May 2024 and 20 day VWAP of</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>\$0.25 and 18 months continuous service.</li> <li>5,000,000 performance rights expiring 26 May 2024 and 20 day VWAP of \$0.30 and 24 months continuous service.</li> </ul>

<sup>\*</sup> Base salary as reviewed during the year and is the position as at 30 June 2021; salaries are reviewed annually.

# [END OF REMUNERATION REPORT]

## 12. Auditor Independence and Non-Audit Services

The Group's current auditor, Walker Wayland WA Audit Pty Ltd, did not perform any services in addition to its statutory audit services (2020: nil).

## 13. Auditor's Independence Declaration

The auditor's independence declaration for the reporting period ended 30 June 2021 has been received and can be found on page 16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> S Patrizi resigned as a director on 18 February 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> D Scoggin resigned as a director on 27 September 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Pre-consolidation basis.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

## 14. Share Options

At the date of this report 97,250,000 options (2020: 93,900,000) to acquire ordinary shares in RareX Limited were on issue.

Type of Options	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number
Unquoted options	27/9/21	\$0.025	16,250,000
Unquoted options vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.05	27/9/22	\$0.025	5,000,000
Unquoted options vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10	27/9/22	\$0.025	5,000,000
Unquoted options vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15	27/9/22	\$0.025	5,000,000
Unquoted options	11/10/22	\$0.085	28,500,000
Unquoted director options vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10	12/12/22	\$0.0607	1,000,000
Unquoted director options vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15	12/12/22	\$0.0607	1,000,000
Unquoted director options vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20	12/12/22	\$0.0607	2,000,000
Unquoted employee options vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10	12/12/22	\$0.0607	1,500,000
Unquoted employee options vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15	12/12/22	\$0.0607	1,500,000
Unquoted employee options vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20	12/12/22	\$0.0607	1,500,000
Unquoted director options vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10	22/12/22	\$0.0607	4,000,000
Unquoted director options vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15	22/12/22	\$0.0607	4,000,000
Unquoted director options vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20	22/12/22	\$0.0607	4,000,000
Unquoted options	30/11/23	\$0.15	10,000,000
Unquoted options	31/12/23	\$0.15	5,000,000
Unquoted options	31/12/23	\$0.15	2,000,000

Share-based payments and options issued to directors, consultants and eligible employees, are disclosed in this Directors' Report and Notes 21, 29 and 30 to the Annual Financial Statement.

Option holders do not have any right, by virtue of the option, to participate in any share issue of the Company or any related body corporate.

# 15. Directors' Meetings

The number of meetings of Directors (including meetings of committees of directors) held during the year ended 30 June 2021 and the number of meetings attended by each director was as follows:

Director	Directors' Meetings Eligible to Attend	Directors' Meetings Attended
J Young	4	4
J Robinson	4	4
S Hardcastle	4	4
C Henry	4	4

## 16. Risk Management

The Company takes a proactive approach to risk management including monitoring actual performance against budgets and forecast and monitoring investment performance. The Board is responsible for ensuring that risks, and also opportunities, are identified on a timely basis and that the consolidated entity's objectives and activities are aligned with the risks and opportunities identified by the Board.

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

## 17. Environmental Regulations and Performance

The Company is required to carry out the exploration and evaluation of its mining tenements in accordance with various State Government Acts and Regulations.

In regard to environmental considerations, the Company is required to obtain approval from various State regulatory authorities before any exploration requiring ground disturbance, is carried out. It is normally a condition of such regulatory approval that any area of ground disturbed during the Company's activities is rehabilitated in accordance with various guidelines. There have been no significant breaches of these guidelines.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Jeremy Robinson

**Managing Director** 

Dated this 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021





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# Auditor's Independence Declaration Under Section 307C of The Corporations Act 2001 to The Directors of RareX Limited And Controlled Entities

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2021 there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Walber Wayland WA Audit Ply Ital

WALKER WAYLAND WA AUDIT PTY LTD

Dichord J Grepa

Richard Gregson CA

**Director** 

Level 3, 1 Preston Street, COMO WA 6152 Dated this 30<sup>th</sup> day of September 2021



# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Consolidated		
		2021	2020
	Notes		\$
Income			
Other income	4(a)	56,726	48,378
Sale of tenements	5	-	1,301,466
Gain on sale of investments	4(b)	382,976	6,900
Fair value increase in financial assets	4(c)	219,500	1,285,809
Total income			
		659,202	2,642,553
Expenses			
Administration expenses		(797,441)	(489,647)
Consultants and management expenses	8(a)	(728,715)	(256,181)
Depreciation and amortisation	8(b)	(48,863)	
Financial costs		(7,664)	-
Legal expenses		(38,010)	(48,371)
Share-based payment expense	30	(1,671,448)	(1,761,028)
Exploration expenses	7	(2,291,409)	(677,849)
Acquisition of tenements	6	(1,335,613)	(6,095,382)
Foreign exchange loss		(1,203)	(1,684)
Impairment	15	(11)	(202)
Total expenses		(6,920,377)	(9,330,344)
Loss before income tax		(6,261,175)	(6,687,791)
Income tax expense		-	-
Loss attributable to the owners of RareX Limited		(6,261,175)	(6,687,791)
Expense			
Other comprehensive loss			
Foreign currency translation reserve		1,059	(455)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the parent		(6,260,116)	(6,688,246)
Loss per share			
- basic and diluted	10	(1.54) cents	(2.48) cents

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		Consolida	ted
		2021	2020
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	11	4,477,985	3,425,05
Trade and other receivables	12	227,303	152,11
Total Current Assets		4,705,288	3,577,174
Non-current Assets			
Exploration and evaluation costs	13	505,032	1,656,04
Financial assets at fair value	15	3,657,619	2,388,94
Plant and equipment	16	114,431	66,80
Right of use asset	17	380,630	
Total Non-current Assets		4,657,712	4,111,78
TOTAL ASSETS		9,363,000	7,688,96
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	18	668,948	1,318,23
Provisions		73,226	20,55
Lease liability	19	71,220	
Total Current Liabilities		813,394	1,338,78
Non-current Liabilities			
Lease liability	19	314,060	
Total Non-current Liabilities		314,060	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,127,454	1,338,780
NET ASSETS		8,235,546	6,350,182
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	20	36,189,630	29,605,19
Reserves	21	6,419,832	4,857,730
Accumulated losses		(34,373,916)	(28,112,741
TOTAL EQUITY		8,235,546	6,350,182

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	Notes	Contributed equity	Options reserve	Share- based payment reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
At 1 July 2020		29,605,193	4,775,912	83,840	(2,022)	(28,112,741)	6,350,182
Currency translation differences		-	-	-	1,059	-	1,059
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-	-	-	(6,261,175)	(6,261,175)
Issue of share capital - cash	20	6,510,150	-	-	-	-	6,510,150
Issue of share capital – equity settled transactions	20	6,949	-	-	-	-	6,949
Transaction costs on share issues	20	(543,067)	-	-	-	-	(543,067)
Share-based payment expense	30	110,405	1,387,800	173,243	-	-	1,671,448
Fair value consideration for acquisition of subsidiary	14	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000
At 30 June 2021		36,189,630	6,163,712	257,083	(963)	(34,373,916)	8,235,546
At 1 July 2019		20,405,948	2,294,087	83,840	(1,567)	(21,424,950)	1,357,358
Currency translation differences		-	-	-	(455)	-	(455)
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-	-	-	(6,687,791)	(6,687,791)
Issue of share capital - cash	20	4,520,000	-	-	-	-	4,520,000
Issue of share capital – equity settled transactions	20	519,313	-	-	-	-	519,313
Transaction costs on share issues	20	(313,702)	-	-	-	-	(313,702)
Share-based payment expense	30	-	1,383,965	-	-	-	1,383,965
Fair value consideration for acquisition of subsidiary	14	3,660,000	1,097,250	-	-	-	4,757,250
Fair value consideration for acquisition of tenement	13	813,634	-	-	-	-	813,634
Consideration received from issue of options	21	-	610	-	-	-	610
At 30 June 2020		29,605,193	4,775,912	83,840	(2,022)	(28,112,741)	6,350,182

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		ted		
		2021	2020	
	Notes	\$	\$	
CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Payments to suppliers and employees		(3,472,147)	(1,395,829)	
Interest received		9,841	13,437	
Interest paid		(7,664)	-	
Other income		48,305	33,506	
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	22	(3,421,665)	(1,348,886)	
CASH FLOWS (USED IN)/FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payments for acquisition of investments	15	(1,757,309)	-	
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(104,353)	(33,400)	
Payments for acquisition of tenements		(664,936)	(525,000)	
Proceeds from disposal of tenements		-	198,333	
Proceeds from sale of investments	15	1,091,107	490,255	
Payment of security deposits		(26,942)	-	
Cash acquired on acquisition of subsidiary		-	339	
NET CASH FLOWS (USED IN)/FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(1,462,433)	130,527	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from share issue	20	5,950,000	4,520,000	
Proceeds from exercise of options	20	560,150	-	
Proceeds from issue of options		-	610	
Share issue transaction costs		(552,234)	(304,534)	
Payment of finance lease liability		(20,891)	-	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		5,937,025	4,216,076	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,052,927	2,997,717	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,425,058	427,318	
Effect of movement in exchange rate		-	23	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	11	4,477,985	3,425,058	

## 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The financial statements of RareX Limited (the Company or the Group) for the year ended 30 June 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021. RareX Limited is a for profit entity. RareX Limited (the parent) is a company limited by shares, incorporated in Australia, and whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange.

The nature of the operations and principal activities of the consolidated entity are described in the Directors' Report.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The financial statements include separate financial statements for RareX Limited as an individual entity and the consolidated entity consisting of RareX Limited and its controlled entities.

## (a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. These financial statements have also been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for available-for-sale investments, which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

#### Going concern

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had working capital of \$3,891,894 (2020: \$2,188,394) and returned a loss attributable to owners of \$6,261,175 (2020: \$6,687,791). The ability of the Group to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the future successful raising of the necessary funding through equity and/or debt and the successful exploitation of the Group's tenements.

The Directors believe it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis because the Directors have appropriate plans to raise additional funds if required.

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Group can meet its commitments as and when they fall due and can therefore continue normal business activities and the realisation of its assets and settlement of its liabilities can occur in the ordinary course of business.

In the event the Group is not able to achieve the above requirements, there is material uncertainty whether the Group will continue as a going concern and realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at the amounts stated in its financial report.

## (b) Statement of Compliance

These financial statements comply with Australian Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

These financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Accounting Standards and Interpretations, and comply with other requirements of the law.

## (c) New accounting standards and interpretations

The Group has adopted all of the new and revised Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board that are mandatory for the current reporting period. The adoption of these new and revised Accounting Standards and Interpretations has not resulted in a significant or material change to the consolidated entity's accounting policies.

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The adoption of the new Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting from 1 July 2020 has not led to any changes in accounting or disclosure for the Group, but the new Conceptual Framework may be referred to if accounting matters arise that are not addressed by accounting standards.

The adoption of the new definition of Material included in AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Definition of Material from 1 July 2020 provides a new definition of material, which now extends materiality consideration to obscuration and clarifies that materiality now depends on the nature or magnitude of information.

Future effects of the implementation of these standards will depend on future details.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted by the Group.

## New accounting Standards issued but not yet effective

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations issued by the AASB which are not yet mandatorily applicable to the Company have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. The Company has not elected to adopt any new Accounting Standards or Interpretations prior to their applicable date of implementation.

There are no standards that are not yet effective and that would be expected to have a material impact on the Company in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

## (d) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group and its subsidiary as at 30 June 2021. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the statement of comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

#### (e) Investment in joint operations

A joint operation is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement.

Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The considerations made in determining significant influence or joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries. The Group accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation in accordance with the IFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

The Group can elect to contribute to ongoing exploration costs in proportion to its interests or dilute (a farm-out arrangement). If contributions are made during the reporting period, they are accounted for as exploration expenditure. Once the joint arrangement partner had earned its interest, the Company recovers expenditure equivalent to the other joint arrangement partner's interest.

The Group does not record any expenditure made by the farminee on its account. It also does not recognise any gain or loss on its exploration and evaluation farm-out arrangements. Any cash consideration received directly from the farminee is credited against costs previously incurred in relation to the whole interest.

When the Group, acting as an operator, receives reimbursement of direct costs recharged to the joint operation, such recharges represent reimbursements of costs that the operator incurred as an agent for the joint operation and therefore have no effect on profit or loss.

In many cases, the Group also incurs certain general overhead expenses in carrying out activities on behalf of the joint operation. As these costs can often not be specifically identified, joint operation agreements allow the operator to recover the general overhead expenses incurred by charging an overhead fee that is based on a fixed percentage of the total costs incurred for the year, often in the form of a management fee. Although the purpose of this recharge is very similar to the reimbursement of direct costs, the Group is not acting as an agent in this case. Therefore, the general overhead expenses and the overhead fee are recognised in profit or loss as an expense and income, respectively.

## (f) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination shall be measured at fair value, which shall be calculated as the sum of the acquisition date fair value of the assets transferred by the acquirer, the liabilities incurred by the acquirer to former owners of the acquiree and the equity issued by the acquirer, and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic conditions, the Group's operating or accounting policies and other pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured at fair value as at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability will be recognised in accordance with AASB 139 either in profit or loss or in other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it shall not be remeasured.

## (g) Segment reporting

Management has assessed that the Group's reportable business segments under the quantitative criteria set out in AASB 8 Segment Reporting and has determined that no additional operating segments disclosures are required.

AASB 8 requires the 'management approach' to the identification, measurement and disclosure of operating segments. The 'management approach' requires that operating segments be identified on the basis of internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing performance. This could also include the identification of operating segments which sell primarily or exclusively to other internal operating segments.

In its adoption of the 'management approach' to segment reporting, the Group has identified that it continues to operate as a gold, copper and base metals explorer and developer, in a single reportable business segment, under one segment manager, in one geographical location being Australia, consistent with the prior year. The information disclosed in the financial statements is the same information utilised internally by the chief operating decision maker. Accordingly, no additional quantitative or qualitative disclosures are required.

## (h) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and short-term deposits with an original maturity of not more than 3 months that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above. The consolidated entity does not have any bank overdraft facilities.

Where the Company calls cash in advance from its joint venture partners, the cash is recognised as an asset with an offsetting liability for the amount of expenses not yet incurred on the relevant joint venture project at balance date. The liability is then released to the profit and loss as the expenditure is incurred.

## (i) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are generally paid on 30-day settlement terms and are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for impairment. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Individual debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An impairment provision would be recognised when legal notice has been sent and a reply not received within 30 days.

# (j) Investments and other financial assets

Investments and financial assets in the scope of AASB 9 *Financial Instruments* are categorised as either financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, or available-forsale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Designation is re-evaluated at each financial year end, but there are restrictions on reclassifying to other categories.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of assets not at fair value through profit and loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

## Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets not measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Typically, such financial assets will be either: (i) held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit, or a derivative; or (ii) designated as such upon initial recognition where permitted. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

## Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income include equity investments which the consolidated entity intends to hold for the foreseeable future and has irrevocably elected to classify them as such upon initial recognition.

## (i) Recognition and Derecognition

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the consolidated entity commits to purchase the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets under contracts that require delivery of the assets within the period established generally by regulation or convention in the market place. Financial assets are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the financial assets has expired or when the entity transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of the financial assets. If the entity neither retains nor transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards, it derecognises the asset if it has transferred control of the assets.

#### (ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables including loan notes are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at the transaction price minus principal repayments and minus any allowance for impairment or uncollectability. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired. Loans and receivables are included with receivables in current assets in the statement of financial position, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after balance date, which are classified as non-current. Loans and receivables with maturities greater than 12 months are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

## (iii) Financial assets carried at cost

Investments are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost in the Group's financial statements. If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value (because its fair value cannot be reliably measured), the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset.

## (k) Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of these items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the consolidated entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line and diminishing value methods to allocate the cost of the specific assets over their estimated useful lives. The expected useful lives are detailed in Note 16.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

## (i) Impairment

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

The directors have determined that items of plant and equipment do not generate independent cash inflows and that the business of the consolidated entity is, in its entirety, a cash-generating unit. The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is thus determined to be its fair value less costs to sell.

An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The asset or cash-generating unit is then written down to its recoverable amount. For plant and equipment, impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

## (ii) Derecognition and disposal

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no further future economic benefits are expected from its use.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in the statement of comprehensive income. When revalued assets are sold, it is consolidated entity policy to transfer the amounts included in other reserves in respect of those assets to retained earnings.

## (I) Right of use assets

A right of use asset is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The right of use asset is measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for, as applicable, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date net of any lease incentives received, any initial direct costs incurred, and, except where included in the cost of inventories, an estimate of costs expected to be incurred for dismantling and removing the underlying asset, and restoring the site or asset.

Right of use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the asset, whichever is the shorter. Where the consolidated entity expects to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the depreciation is over its estimated useful life. Right of use assets are subject to impairment or adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The Group has elected not to recognise a right of use asset and corresponding lease liability for short-term leases with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. Lease payments on these assets are expensed to Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income as incurred.

## (m) Trade and other payables

Trade payables and other payables are carried at the transaction price minus principal repayments. They represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the consolidated entity prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the consolidated entity becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

## (n) Provisions and employee benefits

Provisions are recognised when the consolidated entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the consolidated entity expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date using a discounted cash flow methodology. The risks specific to the provision are factored into the cash flows and as such a risk-free corporate bond rate relative to the expected life of the provision is used as a discount rate. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision resulting from the passage of time is recognised in finance costs.

## (o) Lease liabilities

A lease liability is recognised at the commencement date of a lease. The lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the term of the lease, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments comprise of fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option when the exercise of the option is reasonably certain to occur, and any anticipated termination penalties. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The carrying amounts are remeasured if there is a change in the following: future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate used; residual guarantee; lease term; certainty of a purchase option and termination penalties. When a lease liability is remeasured, an adjustment is made to the corresponding right-of use asset, or to profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is fully written down.

## Employee leave benefits

## (i) Wages, salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled with 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date. Liabilities for annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in the current provision for the employee benefits. They are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Expenses for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and are measured at the rates paid or payable. For annual leave, expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

## (ii) Long Service Leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

#### (p) Share-based payment transactions

### (i) Equity settled transactions

The consolidated entity provides benefits to its directors, employees and consultants in the form of share-based payments, whereby directors and employees render services in exchange for options to acquire shares, rights over shares (equity-settled transactions) and shares issued pursuant to the Company's Employee Share and Loan Plan ("Plan"). The consolidated entity has also issued ordinary shares and unlisted options as consideration to vendors for the acquisition of exploration licences and drilling services.

The cost of these equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to the fair value to the Company of the equity instruments at the date at which they were granted in the case of options and shares issued under the Plan for directors, employees and consultants; and the closing share price on, or just before, either the date of entering into, or executing, an exploration licence purchase agreement in the case of options and shares issued to tenement vendors as consideration for the settlement price. The fair value of the unlisted options and shares issued under the Plan is determined using the Black-Scholes model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised as an expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity over the period in which the vesting and/or service conditions are fulfilled (the vesting period), ending on the date on which the relevant directors and employees become fully entitled to the options (the vesting date) or shares issued under the Plan.

At each subsequent reporting date until vesting, the cumulative charge to the statement of comprehensive income reflects:

- (i) the grant date fair value of the options and shares issued under the Plan;
- (ii) the current best estimate of the number of options and shares issued under the Plan that will ultimately vest, taking into account such factors as the likelihood of employee turnover during the vesting period and the likelihood of vesting conditions being met, based on best available information at balance date; and
- (iii) the extent to which the vesting period has expired.

The charge to the statement of comprehensive income for the period is the cumulative amount as calculated above less the amounts already charged in previous periods. There is a corresponding entry to equity.

If the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee, as measured at the date of modification.

If an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it has vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect, if any, of outstanding options and shares issued under the Plan is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

## (q) Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

## (r) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised and measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the consolidated entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### (i) Rendering of Services

Where the work performed in relation to a joint venture or other contract outcome can be reliably measured:

right to receive compensation for the services provided and the stage of completion can be reliably measured. Stage of completion is measured by reference to the labour hours performed to date as a percentage of total estimated labour hours in relation to a joint venture or for each contract. Where it is probable that a loss will arise in relation to a joint venture or from a contract, the excess of total costs over revenue is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where the contract outcome cannot be reliably measured:

revenue is recognised only to the extent that the costs that have been incurred are recoverable.

Unearned income is recognised in respect of progress billings and advances on exploration contracts in progress, received in advance, or not represented by work done or reimbursable expenditure incurred, under joint venture arrangements. Such income is recognised and brought to account over time as it is earned.

#### (ii) Interest revenue

Revenue is recognised as interest accrued using the effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised costs of a financial asset and allocating the interest revenue over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

All revenue is stated net of Goods and Services Tax ("GST").

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (s) Income tax and other taxes

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities based on the current period's taxable income. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets, liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial statements purposes.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

#### Tax consolidation legislation

RareX Limited and its wholly-owned Australian controlled entity formed a tax consolidated group on 1 July 2008. However, they continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. The consolidated entity has applied the stand alone taxpayer approach in determining the appropriate amount of current taxes and deferred taxes to allocate to members of the tax consolidated group. The current and deferred tax amounts are measured in a systematic manner that is consistent with the broad principles in AASB 112 Income Taxes.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, RareX Limited also recognises the current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the tax consolidated group.

Members of the tax consolidated group have not entered into a tax funding agreement and as no current tax assets or liabilities or deferred tax assets are recognised in relation to tax losses or unused tax credits, no contributions or distributions are required to be made under AASB Int 1052 Tax Consolidation Accounting.

## Other taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- · receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as part of operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (t) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated as profit attributable to members of the parent, adjusted to exclude any costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends, divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as profit attributable to members of the parent, adjusted for:

- costs of servicing equity (other than dividends);
- the after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses; and
- other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution
  of potential ordinary shares, divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential
  ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

## (u) Exploration Expenditure

Exploration and evaluation costs are accumulated and accounted for separately on an area of interest basis. An area of interest is represented by an exploration project, which may include multiple tenements within a single geographic region.

For each area of interest, the Company makes an election regarding its treatment of exploration and evaluation expenditure (including the costs of tenement acquisitions) and whether it will be charged to the income statement as incurred, under the expense category "exploration expenditure" (or other appropriate expense category), or capitalised as an exploration and evaluation asset, or a combination thereof.

An exploration and evaluation asset can only be recognised in relation to an area of interest if the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) the rights to tenure of the area of interest are current; and
- b) at least one of the following conditions is also met:
  - (i) the exploration and evaluation expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest, or alternatively, by its sale; and
  - (ii) exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not at the end of the reporting period reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditures are recorded as an exploration asset at cost less impairment charges. All capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure are monitored for indicators of impairment. Where an impairment indicator is identified, an assessment is performed for each area of interest to which the exploration and evaluation expenditure is attributed. To the extent that capitalised expenditure is not expected to be recovered it is charged to the income statement.

# (v) Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments Issued by the Consolidated Entity

(i) Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual agreement.

(ii) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit and loss' or 'other financial liabilities'.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (iv) Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financially liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company.

### Key estimates and judgements

#### (i) Impairment – general

The Company assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Company that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations, which incorporate various key assumptions. No impairment is recognised for the Hong Kong Gold Project because the Company has an ongoing right to explore over the project with substantive ongoing exploration planned, the Company has not decided to discontinue exploration in the project area, and insufficient data exists that could indicate that the carrying amount of the project is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

## (ii) Options and share-based payment transaction

The Consolidated Entity measures the cost of equity-settled transactions by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using a Black-Scholes model, using the assumptions and inputs detailed in Note 30.

## (iii) Tenement acquisition costs

The Directors have elected to expense certain tenement acquisition costs in relation to the Cummins Range Rare Earths Project as disclosed in Note 6.

#### 4. INCOME

	Consolidated		
	2021	2020	
	\$	\$	
(a) Other Income			
Interest received	8,421	14,872	
Australian Government cash flow boost	48,305	33,506	
	56,726	48,378	
(b) Gain on sale of investments			
Gain on sale of 3,500,000 Kincora Copper Ltd (ASX: KCC) shares	373,879	-	
Gain on sale of 200,000 Canada Rare Earth Corp (TSXV: LL.V) shares	9,097	-	
Gain on sale of nil (2020: 1,687,113) Pacton Gold Inc shares	-	9,640	
Loss on sale of nil (2020: 7,000,000) Cadence Minerals PLC shares	-	(2,740)	
	382,976	6,900	
(c) Fair value increase/(decrease) in financial assets			
Shares in Kincora Copper Ltd (TSXV: KCC.V)	(1,105,405)	1,285,809	
Shares in Canada Rare Earth Corp (TSXV: LL.V)	1,324,905	-	
	219,500	1,285,809	

## 5. SALE OF TENEMENTS

	Consolidated		
	2021	2020	
	\$	\$	
Sale of 65% interest in NSW Tenements	-	1,301,466	
	-	1,301,466	

(i) During the 2020 year, Kincora Copper Ltd ("Kincora") acquired a 65% interest in RareX's tenements in New South Wales (except for EL8442).

Sale of 65% of New South Wales tenements (excluding EL8442)	\$
Cash consideration (CAD175,000)	198,333
Fair value of Kincora shares received as consideration	1,103,133
Total Consideration	1,301,466
Less: Carrying value of 65% interest in tenements	-
Gain on sale of tenements	1,301,466

# 6. ACQUISITION OF TENEMENTS

During the year, the Directors elected to expense the following costs in relation to the acquisition of the Cummins Range Rare Earths Project to the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

	Consolidated		
	2021	2020	
	\$	\$	
Option fee	-	50,000	
Consideration – cash	500,000	500,000	
Consideration – fair value of RareX Ltd shares issued	500,000	813,634	
Exploration asset - Cummins Range Pty Ltd (Note 14)	-	4,731,748	
Stamp duty	335,613	-	
	1,335,613	6,095,382	

# 7. EXPLORATION EXPENSES

During the year, the Directors elected to expense the following costs in relation to the exploration activities of the Group to the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income:

	Consolidated		
	2021	2020	
	\$	\$	
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-	
Exploration expenditure incurred	2,291,409	677,849	
Exploration expenditure expensed	(2,291,409)	(677,849)	
Balance at the end of the year	-	-	

The Directors have elected to expense exploration expenditure for all areas of interest of the Group (Note 2(u)).

# 8. OTHER EXPENSES

	Consolidated	
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
(a) Consultants and management expense		
Consultants	235,522	26,269
Directors' fees - executive	225,833	149,423
Directors' fees – non-executive	136,569	83,189
Salary and on costs	408,381	148,719
Company secretarial fees	40,500	30,000
Less: Expenditure allocated to exploration and evaluation	(318,090)	(181,419)
	728,715	256,181
(b) Depreciation and amortisation included in income statement		
Depreciation of plant & equipment	15,663	-
Depreciation of motor vehicles	7,659	-
Depreciation of right of use assets	25,541	-
	48,863	-

# 9. INCOME TAX

	JIVIE TAX	Consolidated	
		2021 2020	
		\$	\$
(a)	Income tax expense	•	•
	The major components of income tax expense are:		
	Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income		
	Current income tax		
	Current income tax charge/(benefit)	-	-
	Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous years	-	-
	Deferred income tax	-	-
	Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
	Income tax expense/(benefit) reported in statement of profit	-	-
	or loss and other comprehensive income		
(b)	Amounts charged or credited directly to equity		
	Deferred income tax related to items charged or credited		
	directly to equity	-	-
	Unrealised loss on available-for-sale financial assets	-	-
	Income tax benefit reported in equity	-	-
(c)	Numerical reconciliation of accounting profit to tax expense		
	A reconciliation between tax expense and the accounting		
	profit before income tax multiplied by the consolidated		
	entity's applicable income tax rate is as follows:		
	Accounting loss before income tax	(6,261,175)	(6,687,791)
	At the consolidated entity's statutory income tax rate of 27.5%		
	(2020: 27.5%)	(1,721,823)	(1,839,143)
	Non-deductible items	1,312	3,334
	Non-assessable income	(13,284)	(9,214)
	Share-based payments	459,648	484,283
	Unrealised loss on investments	(60,363)	(353,597)
	Impairment	367,294	1,871,751
	Capital raising expenditure	(56,025)	(39,099)
	Increase in unrecognised deferred tax assets	1,023,241	(118,315)
		-	-

		Consolidated		
		2021 2020		
		\$	\$	
(d)	Current tax assets and liabilities			
	Current tax liability	-	-	

# (e) Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities

The Group has not recognised any deferred tax assets or liabilities during the year (2020: Nil).

# 9. INCOME TAX (continued)

#### (f) Tax losses

The Group has Australian revenue tax losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised on the statement of financial position of \$22,408,167 (2020: \$17,297,867) which are available indefinitely for offset against future taxable income subject to continuing to meet the relevant statutory tests.

The Group has no Australian capital tax losses available (2020: nil).

### (g) Unrecognised temporary differences

As at 30 June 2021, the Group has other temporary differences (excluding tax differences relating to tax losses) for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in the statement of financial position of \$131,018 (2020: \$63,411). None of these unrecognised temporary differences relate to investments in subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.

## (h) Tax consolidation

Members of the tax consolidated group and the tax sharing agreement

RareX Limited and its 100% owned Australian resident subsidiary were both subsidiaries in a tax-consolidated group with Geoinformatics Exploration Australia Pty Ltd as the head entity until 2 July 2007. A new tax-consolidated group was formed on 1 July 2008 with RareX Limited as Head Entity. Members of the new tax-consolidated group have not yet entered into a tax sharing agreement.

## 10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following reflects the income used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations.

		Consolidated	
		2021	2020
		\$	\$
(a)	Earnings used in calculating earnings per share		
	For basic and diluted earnings per share		
	Loss from continuing operations after tax for the year	(6,261,175)	(6,687,791)
(b)	Weighted average number of shares		
	Weighted average number of shares used in calculation of basic earnings per share	406,315,446	270,070,160
	Weighted average number of shares used in calculation of diluted earnings per share	406,315,446	270,070,160
(c)	Earnings per share		
	Basic loss per share	(1.54 cents)	(2.48 cents)
	Diluted loss per share	(1.54 cents)	(2.48 cents)

## 11. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consolidated		
	2021 2020		
	\$	\$	
Cash at bank	4,477,985	3,425,058	
	4,477,985	3,425,058	

### 12. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Consolidated		
	2021	2020	
	\$	\$	
Sundry debtors	8,968	8,478	
Security and tenement deposits	124,442	90,000	
Accrued income	214	1,634	
GST input tax refundable	71,742	38,014	
Prepayments	21,937	13,990	
	227,303	152,116	

#### Fair value and credit risk

Due to the short term nature of the receivables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value. GST input tax refundable is receivable from the Commonwealth of Australia and is therefore viewed as having low credit risk. Accrued income is receivable from National Australia Bank and is therefore viewed as having low credit risk.

## 13. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

		Consolidated		
		2021	2020	
	Notes	\$	\$	
<b>Cummins Range Rare Earths Project</b>				
Opening balance		1,151,014	-	
Tenement acquisition costs	(i)	-	2,363,634	
Acquisition of Cummins Range Pty Ltd (refer Note 14)		-	4,731,748	
Stamp duty on acquisition of tenement		184,599	151,014	
Less: Acquisition of costs expensed		(1,335,613)	(6,095,382)	
		-	1,151,014	
Hong Kong Gold Project				
Opening balance		505,032	505,032	
Movement for the year		-	-	
	(ii)	505,032	505,032	
Moroccan Cobalt Project				
Opening balance			-	
Capitalised exploration costs		-	-	
Less: Impairment		-	-	
		-	-	
		505,032	1,656,046	

- (i) During the period year ended 30 June 2020, Cummins Range Pty Ltd acquired the Cummins Range Rare Earths Project from Element 25 Ltd. The consideration for the acquisition of the project in accordance with the agreement between Cummins Range Pty Ltd and Element 25 Ltd is as follows:
- non-refundable option fee of \$50,000;
- upfront consideration of \$500,000 cash and \$500,000 settled in shares in RareX Ltd being 13,338,261 shares at a deemed price of \$0.0375 per shares. As the share price at the date of issue of these shares was \$0.061 per share, for accounting purposes these 13,338,261 shares have a fair value of \$813,634;
- deferred consideration to be settled on or before 27 September 2020 consisting of \$500,000 in cash and a further \$500,000 to be settled in cash or shares in RareX Ltd at the election of RareX Ltd; and
- subject to a positive bankable feasibility study (BFS) being achieved within 36 months from settlement, further deferred consideration of \$1,000,000 is payable to Element 25 Ltd and is to be settled in cash or shares in RareX Ltd at the election of RareX Ltd. As this further deferred consideration is subject to a positive BFS, it has not been included in the tenement acquisition costs, however, has been disclosed as a contingent liability in Note 26.
- (ii) The balance carried forward represents the acquisition costs of the Hong Kong Gold Project which is in the exploration and evaluation phase. Ultimate recoupment of exploration expenditure carried forward is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of respective areas.

# 14. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARY

During September 2019, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the issued share capital of Cummins Range Pty Ltd which holds the tenements for the Cummins Range Rare Earths Project.

The consideration for the acquisition of Cummins Range Pty Ltd was as follows:

- non-refundable deposit of \$25,000;
- 60,000,000 shares in RareX Ltd issued to the shareholders of Cummins Range Pty Ltd or their nominees with a fair value of \$3,660,000; and
- 25,000,000 options in RareX Ltd with an exercise price of \$0.025 and an expiry date of 27/9/21 with a fair value of \$1,097,250.

	\$
Cash deposit	25,000
Fair value of 60,000,000 shares in RareX Ltd	3,660,000
Fair value of 25,000,000 options in RareX Ltd	1,097,250
Total consideration paid	4,782,250

The assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the acquisition of Cummins Range Pty Ltd are as follows:

	\$
Cash	339
Other receivables	5,626
Exploration and evaluation assets	50,000
Trade and other payables	(5,463)
Net identifiable assets acquired	50,502
Add: Exploration asset	4,731,748
Net assets acquired	4,782,250
Total consideration paid	4,782,250

The acquisition of Cummins Range Pty Ltd has been accounted for as an acquisition of an asset pursuant to AASB 116 Property Plant and Equipment on the basis that it does not constitute a business as defined by AASB 3 Business Combinations.

# 15. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE

	Consolidated	
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Non-Current		
Shares in listed corporations, at fair value		
- Kincora Copper Ltd (TSXV: KCC.V)(4,983,333 shares <sup>2</sup> ; 2020: 14,950,000) <sup>1</sup>	1,283,537	2,388,942
- Canada Rare Earth Corp (TSXV: LL.V) (24,579,658 shares; 2020: nil shares) <sup>3</sup>	2,374,082	-
Investment in Atlas Managem Sarl (20% interest)	507,084	507,084
Less: Impairment	(507,084)	(507,084)
	3,657,619	2,388,942
Impairment expense in Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Incom	ne	
Impairment of Moroccan VAT receivable	11	202
	11	202

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The market value of the shares in Kincora Copper Ltd as at 30 June 2021 is based on a closing price of Kincora Copper Ltd shares of CAD0.24 (2020: CAD0.15 pre-consolidation) and an exchange rate of 1AUD = 0.9318CAD (2020: 0.9387CAD).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The market value of the shares in Canada Rare Earth Corp as at 30 June 2021 is based on a closing price of Canada Rare Earth Corp shares of CAD0.09 and an exchange rate of 1AUD = 0.9318CAD.

	Consolidated	
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
During the year, cash outflows in relation to financial assets acquired were:		
3,500,000 shares in Kincora Copper Ltd (ASX: KCC) shares	700,000	-
24,779,658 shares in Canada Rare Earth Corp (TSXV: LL.V)	1,057,309	-
Payments for acquisition of investments	1,757,309	
During the year, cash inflows in relation to financial assets disposed of were:		
3,500,000 shares in Kincora Copper Ltd (ASX: KCC) shares	1,073,879	-
200,000 shares in Canada Rare Earth Corp (TSXV: LL.V)	17,228	-
Nil (2020: 1,687,113) shares in Pacton Gold Inc	-	303,465
Nil (2020: 7,000,000) shares in Cadence Minerals PLC	-	11,172
Receipt of settlement funds from Pacton Gold Inc shares sold in 2018/19 year	-	175,618
Proceeds from sale of investments	1,091,107	490,254

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> During the year, Kincora Copper Ltd consolidated its share capital on a 1 for 3 basis. Therefore, the 14,950,000 shares held at 30 June 2020 were consolidated into 4,983,333 post-consolidation shares).

16. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Consolidated		
	2021 \$	2020 \$	
Original Cost			
Computer Equipment			
At 1 July	16,628	16,628	
Additions	10,964		
Disposals	-		
At 30 June	27,592	16,62	
Plant and Equipment			
At 1 July	66,800		
Additions	-	66,800	
Disposals	-		
At 30 June	66,800	66,80	
Motor Vehicles			
At 1 July	-		
Additions	59,989		
Disposals	-		
At 30 June	66,800		
Total Property, Plant and Equipment			
At 1 July	83,428	16,62	
Additions	70,953	66,80	
Disposals	-		
At 30 June	154,381	83,42	
Accumulated Depreciation			
Computer Equipment			
At 1 July	16,628	16,62	
Depreciation charge for year	2,303		
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	-		
At 30 June	18,931	16,62	
Plant and Equipment			
At 1 July	-		
Depreciation charge for year	13,360	(iii)	
Accumulated depreciation on disposals			
At 30 June	13,360		
Motor Vehicles			
At 1 July	_		
Depreciation charge for year	7,659		
Accumulated depreciation on disposals	7,033		
At 30 June	7,659		
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Total Accumulated Depreciation	16.630	16.00	
At 1 July	16,628	16,62	
Depreciation charge for year	23,322		
At 20 June	30.050	16.63	
At 30 June	39,950	16,62	
Total Plant and Equipment Original cost	154,381	83,42	
Accumulated depreciation	(39,950)		
Accumulated depreciation	(39,930)	(16,628	

# 16. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

(i) The useful life of the assets was estimated as follows:

Sundry equipment:5 to 15 yearsComputer equipment:4 yearsMotor vehicles:5 to 8 yearsFurniture and Fittings:5 to 15 yearsLibrary:7 years

Leasehold improvements: Over the remainder of the lease term up to 2 years

- (ii) No assets have been pledged as security for borrowings.
- (iii) The plant and equipment acquired during the year was not installed ready-for-use as at 30 June 2020. Accordingly, the asset was not depreciated during the year ended 30 June 2020.

## 17. RIGHT OF USE ASSET

	Consolidated		
	2021 2020		
	\$	\$	
Land and buildings - right-of-use			
Opening balance	-	-	
Additions	406,171	-	
Depreciation	(25,541)	-	
	380,630	-	

Additions to the right-of-use assets during the year were \$406,171. The consolidated entity leases land and buildings for its offices and warehouse under agreements of between four to five years with options to extend. The leases have various escalation clauses. On renewal, the terms of the leases are renegotiated.

## 18. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		Consolidated			
		2021 2020			
	Notes	\$	\$		
Trade payables	(i) — (ii)	269,394	124,355		
Accrued expenses		228,877	42,861		
Deferred consideration for Cummins Range Project		-	1,000,000		
Estimated stamp duty accrued on Cummins Range acquisition		170,677	151,014		
		668,948	1,318,230		

## Terms and conditions:

- (i) Due to the short term nature of these payables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.
- (ii) Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30 day terms.

# 19. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Conso	Consolidated		
	2021	2020 \$		
Current liability	71,220	<b>.</b>		
Current liability	,	-		
Non-current liability	314,060	-		
	385,280	-		

	Consol	idated
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Opening balance	-	-
Initial recognition of new leases	406,171	-
Interest	6,939	-
Principal	(27,830)	-
	385,280	-

The consolidated entity leases land and buildings for its offices and warehouse under agreements of between four to five years with options to extend. The leases have various escalation clauses. On renewal, the terms of the leases are renegotiated.

# 20. ISSUED CAPITAL

		Consolidated		
		2021 2020		
	Notes	\$	\$	
Ordinary shares	(a)	36,189,630	29,605,193	

## (a) Ordinary shares

Issued and fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the right to dividends. On 2 August 2019, the shareholders of the Company approved the consolidation of capital of the Company on the basis of 1 ordinary share for every 25 ordinary shares held. This consolidation of capital also applied to options and performance rights on the same basis. Unless stated otherwise, references to shares, options and performance rights in these financial statements are on a post-consolidation basis.

		Consolidated			
		202	21	2020	)
		No. of shares	\$	No. of shares	\$
Moven	nent in ordinary shares on issue				
As at 1	July	354,652,568	29,605,193	3,504,387,675 <sup>1</sup>	20,405,948
Add:	Shares issued on exercise of options	13,150,000	560,150		
	Fair value of shares issued for part consideration for acquisition of Cummins Range Rare Earths Project	7,462,687	500,000		
	Issue of shares to Directors	4,000,000	200,000		
	Shares issued via placement	29,100,000	2,910,000		
	Shares issued via placement - Directors	900,000	90,000		
	Fair value of equity settled transaction	277,949	33,354		
	Shares issued via placement	25,000,000	2,750,000		
	Fair value of shares issued to consultant	800,000	84,000		
	Conversion of performance rights			15,500,000 <sup>1</sup>	-
	Consolidation of capital			(3,379,092,015)	-
	Fair value of shares issued for part consideration for acquisition of Cummins Range Pty Ltd			60,000,000	3,660,000
	Shares issued via placement			68,823,540	1,170,000
	Fair value of shares issued for settlement of unpaid director fees			2,329,412	142,094
	Fair value of shares issued for settlement of unpaid service provider invoices			5,629,412	343,394
	Fair value of shares issued for part consideration for acquisition of Cummins Range Rare Earths Project			13,338,261	813,634
	Shares issued via placement			20,833,334	1,250,000
	Fair value of shares issued to service provider			312,500	9,688
	Fair value of shares issued to service provider			277,949	6,949
	Fair value of shares issued to service provider			312,500	17,188
	Shares issued via placement			42,000,000	2,100,000
Less:	Transactions costs on share issues	-	(543,067)	-	(313,702)
As at 3	0 June	435,343,204	36,189,630	354,652,568	29,605,193

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pre-consolidation basis.

# 20. ISSUED CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

## (b) Capital Risk Management

When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain appropriate returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management also aims to maintain a capital structure that ensures an appropriate cost of capital available for the entity.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the entity may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, enter into joint ventures or sell assets.

The entity does not have a defined share buy-back plan.

No dividends were paid in the year ended 30 June 2021 and no dividends are expected to be paid in the 2021/22 financial year.

The consolidated entity is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Management reviews management accounts on a monthly basis and actual expenditures against budget on a monthly basis.

## 21. RESERVES

	Consolida	ted
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Options reserve	6,163,712	4,775,912
Share-based payment reserve	257,083	83,840
Foreign currency translation reserve	(963)	(2,022)
	6,419,832	4,857,730
(a) Movement in reserves		
Options reserve		
Balance at beginning of the financial year	4,775,912	2,294,087
Consideration received from issue of options	-	610
Fair value of options issued	1,387,800	2,481,215
Balance at end of financial year	6,163,712	4,775,912
Share-based payment reserve		
Balance at beginning of the financial year	83,840	83,840
Fair value of performance rights issued	173,243	-
Balance at end of financial year	257,083	83,840
Foreign currency translation reserve		
Balance at beginning of the financial year	(2,022)	(1,567)
Currency translation differences	1,059	(455)
Balance at end of financial year	(963)	(2,022)

### (b) Nature and purpose of reserves

The options reserve records the value of share options issued to the Company's directors, employees, consultants and brokers as well as the vendors of drilling services and tenements.

The share-based payments reserve records the value of performance rights issued to the Company's directors. The foreign currency translation reserve is used to recognise exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations to Australian dollars.

# 21. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(c) Movement in options

Expiry date of options	Notes	Exercise price	On issue at 1 July 2020	Granted	Exercised	Cancelled/ expired/ forfeited	On issue at 30 June 2021
30/11/20	(i)	\$0.1750	800,000	-	-	(800,000)	-
31/12/20	(ii)	\$0.1625	1,200,000	-	-	(1,200,000)	-
31/12/20	(iii)	\$0.1250	400,000	-	(400,000)	-	-
27/09/21	(iv)	\$0.0250	25,000,000	-	(8,750,000)	-	16,250,000
27/09/22	(v)	\$0.0250	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
27/09/22	(vi)	\$0.0250	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
27/09/22	(vii)	\$0.0250	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
11/10/22	(viii)	\$0.0850	18,000,000	-	(2,000,000)	-	16,000,000
12/12/22	(ix)	\$0.0607	2,000,000	-	(1,000,000)	-	1,000,000
12/12/22	(x)	\$0.0607	2,000,000	-	(1,000,000)	-	1,000,000
12/12/22	(xi)	\$0.0607	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
12/12/22	(xii)	\$0.0607	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000
12/12/22	(xiii)	\$0.0607	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000
11/10/22	(xiv)	\$0.0607	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000
11/10/22	(xv)	\$0.0850	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000
22/12/22	(xvi)	\$0.0607	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
22/12/22	(xvii)	\$0.0607	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
22/12/22	(xviii)	\$0.0607	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
11/10/22	(xix)	\$0.0850	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
11/10/22	(xx)	\$0.0850	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
22/12/22	(xxi)	\$0.0607	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
22/12/22	(xxii)	\$0.0607	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
22/12/22	(xxiii)	\$0.0607	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
11/10/22	(xxiv)	\$0.0850	7,000,000	-	-	-	7,000,000
30/11/23	(xxv)	\$0.1500	-	10,000,000	-	-	10,000,000
31/12/23	(xxvi)	\$0.1500	-	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
31/12/23	(xxvii)	\$0.1500	-	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000
			95,400,000	17,000,000	(13,150,000)	(2,000,000)	97,250,000

# 21. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

All option granted have been valued according to the Black Scholes model.

- (i) Issued to a director in December 2017.
- (ii) Issued to a director in January 2018.
- (iii) Issued to a consultant in October 2018.
- (iv) Issued to the vendors of Cummins Range Pty Ltd in September 2019.
- (v) Issued to J Robinson (Executive Director) in September 2019; vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.05.
- (vi) Issued to J Robinson (Executive Director) in September 2019; vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10.
- (vii) Issued to J Robinson (Executive Director) in September 2019; vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15.
- (viii) Issued to a consultant in October 2019.
- (ix) Issued to S Hardcastle and S Patrizi (Non-Executive Directors) in December 2019; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10.
- (x) Issued to S Hardcastle and S Patrizi (Non-Executive Directors) in December 2019; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15.
- (xi) Issued to S Hardcastle and S Patrizi (Non-Executive Directors) in December 2019; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20.
- (xii) Issued to an employee in December 2019; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10.
- (xiii) Issued to an employee in December 2019; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15.
- (xiv) Issued to an employee in December 2019; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20.
- (xv) Issued to a consultant in December 2019.
- (xvi) Issued to J Young (Non-Executive Chairman) in February 2020; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10.
- (xvii) Issued to J Young (Non-Executive Chairman) in February 2020; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15.
- (xviii) Issued to J Young (Non-Executive Chairman) in February 2020; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20.
- (xix) Issued to a consultant in March 2020.
- (xx) Issued to a consultant in June 2020.
- (xxi) Issued to C Henry (Non-Executive Director) in June 2020; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10.
- (xxii) Issued to C Henry (Non-Executive Director) in June 2020; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15.
- (xxiii) Issued to C Henry (Non-Executive Director) in June 2020; vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20.
- (xxiv) Issued to a consultant in June 2020.
- (xxv) Issued to a broker in November 2020.
- (xxvi) Issued to a corporate advisor in February 2021.
- (xxvii) Issued to a consultant in February 2021.

#### (d) Movement in performance rights

	Note	Exercise price	On issue at 1 July 2020	Granted during the year	Vested during the year	Cancelled/ expired/ forfeited	On issue at 30 June 2021
Class B	(i)	\$0.000	250,000	-	-	-	250,000
Class C	(i)	\$0.000	250,000	-	-	-	250,000
Class D	(i)	\$0.000	250,000	-	-	-	250,000
Class E	(ii)	\$0.000	-	12,000,000	-	-	12,000,000
Class F	(ii)	\$0.000	-	12,000,000	-	-	12,000,000
Class G	(ii)	\$0.000	-	12,000,000	-	-	12,000,000
			750,000	36,000,000	-	-	36,750,000

- (i) Performance rights issued to Directors.
- (ii) Performance rights issued to Directors, key management personnel and other employees.

Class	Vesting Condition - vesting will occur:	Number on issue at 30 June 2021
В	12 months after the date that the 10 day VWAP for the shares on the ASX is A\$0.25 or higher within 3 years from the date of issue, provided that the holder does not resign from the Board before the vesting date	250,000
С	12 months after the date that the 10 day VWAP for the shares on the ASX is A\$0.375 or higher within 3 years from the date of issue, provided that the holder does not resign from the Board before the vesting date	250,000
D	12 months after the date that the 10 day VWAP for the shares on the ASX is A\$0.50 or higher within 3 years from the date of issue, provided that the holder does not resign from the Board before the vesting date	250,000
E	20 Day VWAP of \$0.20 and 12 months continuous service within 3 years from the date of issue	12,000,000
F	20 Day VWAP of \$0.25 and 18 months continuous service within 3 years from the date of issue	12,000,000
G	20 Day VWAP of \$0.30 and 24 months continuous service within 3 years from the date of issue	12,000,000

## 22. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS RECONCILIATION

	Consolid	lated
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Reconciliation of the net loss after tax to net cash flows from o	perations	
Loss from ordinary activities after income tax	(6,261,175)	(6,687,791)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	48,863	-
Impairment	11	202
Gain on disposal of investments	(382,976)	(6,900)
Gain on sale of tenements	-	(1,301,466)
Equity settled share-based payments	1,671,448	1,761,028
Equity settled payments	6,949	142,249
Unrealised gain on investments	(219,500)	(1,285,809)
Acquisition of tenements expense	1,335,613	6,095,382
Foreign exchange loss/(gain)	1,022	(648)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Movement in trade and other receivables	(25,458)	(31,445)
Movement in other assets	(22,799)	(6,158)
Movement in trade and other payables	373,660	(48,080)
Movement in provisions	52,677	20,550
Net cash flow used in operating activities	(3,421,665)	(1,348,886)

## 23. INTEREST IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED OPERATIONS

As at 30 June 2021, the Group had the following significant interests in joint ventures:

- (i) New South Wales tenements (excluding EL8442): On 12 March 2020, RareX announced Kincora Copper Limited (Kincora) had exercised its option to acquire a 65% interest in its NSW tenements (excluding EL8442) with RareX retaining a 35% free carried interest until such time as a positive scoping study or preliminary economic assessment is delivered, following which industry standard joint venture dilution mechanisms will apply.
- (ii) Hong Kong Gold Project: On 7 December 2018, RareX announced the completion of an agreement with Canadian listed Pacton Gold Inc (TSXV: PAC) (Pacton) which provided for Pacton to acquire a 70% equity interest in RareX's Hong Kong Project in the Pilbara (Exploration Licence E47/3566 covering 40.15 km²). Under the agreement, Pacton will act as operator of the Hong Kong Project and must spend a minimum of CAD\$500,000 on Hong Kong within two years of completion of the transaction. RareX will be free carried with respect to joint venture expenditure until a decision to mine is made unanimously by both parties. After 30 June 2021, Pacton returned its interest in E47/3566 to RareX and, accordingly, the joint venture has ceased and RareX now owns 100% of this tenement.

## 24. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are reported in a manner that is consistent with the internal reporting to the chief operating decision maker (CODM), which has been identified by the Group as the Board of Directors.

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components.

At 30 June 2021, the Group had the following segments:

	Operating Profit/(Loss)		Total Assets		Total Liabilities	
	30/6/2021 \$	30/6/2020 \$	30/6/2021 \$	30/6/2020 \$	30/6/2021 \$	30/6/2020 \$
Rare Earths (Western Australia)	(3,479,869)	(7,925,260)	28,652	1,158,544	(308,004)	(1,161,303)
Gold/Nickel/Copper (Western Australia)	(70,938)	-	505,032	505,032	-	-
Cobalt/Nickel (Austria)	(2,707)	(3,133)	-	-	-	-
Cobalt (Morocco)	(28,881)	(29,266)	890	458	-	(1,092)
Copper/Gold (New South Wales)	(107,615)	(41,247)	-	-	-	-
Corporate	(2,571,165)	1,311,115	8,828,426	6,024,928	(819,450)	(176,385)
	(6,261,175)	(6,687,791)	9,363,000	7,688,962	(1,127,454)	(1,338,780)

## 25. COMMITMENTS

	Consolidated		
	2021	2020	
	\$	\$	
Estimated commitments for which no provisions were included in			
the financial statements are as follows:			
(a) Exploration Expenditure Commitments:			
Payable			
- not later than one year	565,760	277,848	
- later than one year and not later than five years	2,263,040	111,392	
	2,828,800	389,240	

Included in overall commitments calculations are estimates of the Company's expected commitments in respect of its sole funded exploration licences. The above commitments for 2021 include a total of \$1,870,000 of commitments over the five year period which relate to the Byro East Nickel-Copper-PGE Project and Orange East Gold Project which are proposed to be spun out into Cosmos Exploration Ltd. Following the spin out of these projects, RareX's expenditure commitments will reduce by \$1,870,000 for the five year period.

All the exploration expenditure commitments are non-binding, in respect of outstanding expenditure commitments, in that the Company or its joint venture partners have the option to relinquish and lose these licences or their contractual commitments at any stage, at the cost of its cumulative expenditures up to the point of relinquishment.

Refer to Note 23 for details of Jointly Controlled Operations.

## 25. COMMITMENTS (continued)

## (b) Lease Commitments

During the year, the Company entered into lease commitments which resulted in recognition of any right-of-use asset, or associated lease liability. Please refer Note 17 and 19.

#### (c) Contractual Commitments

The Company entered an agreement to acquire up to 100% of three cobalt licences in Morocco.

As at the balance date, the Company had acquired a 20% interest in these cobalt licences via the completion of the first stage of the acquisition by acquiring an initial 20% interest in Atlas Managem S.A.R.L, which holds three Moroccan licences. The Board is currently reviewing its strategy and options for the Morocco Cobalt Project and at this point, has elected not to progress with Stage 2 of the acquisition of Atlas Managem.

The remaining stages of the acquisition, which at this time the Directors have elected not to proceed with, are as follows:

- ("Stage 2"): payment of US\$200,000 and issue of 120 million fully paid ordinary shares in RareX within 6 months and 5 days from the completion of Stage 1, in consideration for a further 20% interest;
- ("Stage 3"): payment of US\$200,000 and issue of 120 million fully paid ordinary shares in RareX within 6 months and 5 days from the completion of Stage 2, in consideration for a further 20% interest;
- ("Stage 4"): payment of US\$200,000 and issue of 120 million fully paid ordinary shares in RareX within 6 months and 5 days from the completion of Stage 3, in consideration for a further 20% interest; and
- ("Stage 5"): payment of US\$200,000 and issue of 120 million fully paid ordinary shares in RareX within 6 months and 5 days from the completion of Stage 4, in consideration for a further 20% interest, such that RareX (or a subsidiary of RareX) will have acquired or been issued a 100% interest at the completion of Stage 5.

## 26. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

- During the year ended 30 June 2017, the Company acquired the Leogang Cobalt-Nickel Sulphide Project in Austria. In the event that RareX elects to mine the Leogang Project a further \$300,000 "finder's fee" will be payable, in a mix of cash and shares.
- 2. Subject to a positive bankable feasibility study (BFS) being achieved within 36 months from settlement of the acquisition of the Cummins Range Rare Earths Project by the Company, further deferred consideration of \$1,000,000 is payable to Element 25 Ltd which is to be settled in cash or shares in RareX Ltd at the election of RareX Ltd. As this further deferred consideration is subject to a positive BFS, it is disclosed as a contingent liability and has not been brought to account as a liability in the financial statements as at 30 June 2021.

### 27. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

#### (a) Ultimate parent

The ultimate Australian parent entity and the ultimate parent of the consolidated entity is RareX Limited.

### (b) Subsidiaries

The subsidiaries of RareX Limited are listed in the following table:

	Nature of	Country of	% Equity interest		Investment \$	
Name	investment	incorporation	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cosmos Exploration Ltd <sup>1</sup>	Ordinary shares	Australia	100	-	1	-
Cummins Range Pty Ltd	Ordinary shares	Australia	100	100	4,782,250	4,782,250
Geoinformatics Exploration Tasmania Pty Ltd	Ordinary shares	Australia	100	100	1	1
Great Northern Hydrogen Pty Ltd <sup>1</sup>	Ordinary shares	Australia	100	-	1	-
Leogang Austria Pty Ltd	Ordinary shares	Australia	100	100	10	10
Ste Clancy Morocco Sarl	Ordinary shares	Morocco	100	100	15	15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Incorporated as a 100% owned subsidiary of RareX on 22 March 2021

#### (c) Transactions with related parties

The following table provides the total amount of transactions (GST exclusive where GST applies) entered into with related parties for the relevant financial year. The transactions have all been undertaken on an arms' length basis.

	Consolidated		
	2021	2020	
Purchase of goods and services	\$	\$	
Legal fees billed by the Bellanhouse Legal, a related party of Shaun Hardcastle	-	31,288	
Fair value of 8,250,000 shares and 2,750,000 options in RareX issued to Jeremy Robinson as one of the vendors of Cummins Range Pty Ltd which holds the Cummins Range Rare Earths Project. These shares and options were issued as part of the acquisition of the Cummins			
Range Rare Earths Project and Mr Robinson was appointed as Executive Director of RareX following completion of the acquisition.	-	623,948	

	Consol	Consolidated			
	2021 2020				
	\$	\$			
Amounts owed in respect of related party transactions included in the 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020 are as follows:	trade creditors and a	ccruals balance at			
Director fees billed by John Young	5,417	3,667			
Director fees billed by the Rod Dog Pty Ltd, a company controlled by a director, Shaun Hardcastle	4,583	825			

### 28. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to 30 June 2021:

• On 28 September 2021, the Company released the prospectus for Cosmos Exploration Ltd in relation to the spin out of its non-core Byro East Nickel-Copper-PGE Project and Orange East Gold Project, respectively located in Western Australia and New South Wales, subject to shareholder and other requisite approvals. The prospectus is for the offer of 25,000,000 shares in Cosmos Exploration Ltd at an issue price of \$0.20 each to raise \$5,000,000 (before costs).

#### 29. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

#### (a) Details of Key Management Personnel

The names of the Company's officeholders in office at any time during the financial year are as follows. Officeholders were in office for the entire period unless otherwise stated.

J Young Chairman (Non-Executive)
J Robinson Director (Executive)
S Hardcastle Director (Non-Executive)
C Henry Director (Non-Executive)
O Malone Company Secretary)

#### (b) Compensation for Key Management Personnel

(a) compensation for management discinici		
	Conso	lidated
	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	402,902	251,807
Non-monetary benefits	580	-
Post-employment benefits	24,043	25,279
Share-based payments	88,601	561,750
Total Compensation	516,126	838,836

#### 30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT EXPENSE

#### (a) Recognised share-based payments expenses

The expense recognised for the expensing of employee and consultant services received is shown in the table below:

	Consolidated		
	2021 2020		
	\$	\$	
Recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehens	ive Income		
Expense recognised for directors' services received			
Expense arising from equity-settled share-based payment transactions – directors	88,601	561,750	
	88,601	561,750	
Equity payment recognised for consulting fees			
Equity-settled share-based payment transactions – options issued for consideration for facilitation of acquisition and ongoing consultancy services	1,582,847	1,199,278	
	1,582,847	1,199,278	
Total recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	1,671,448	1,761,028	

#### (b) Weighted average remaining contractual life

The weighted average remaining contractual life of the options on issue is 1.34 years (2020: 2.0 years).

#### (c) Range of exercise price

The range of the exercise prices of the options on issue is \$0.025 - \$0.175 (2020: \$0.025 - \$0.175).

#### (d) Weighted average fair value

The fair value of the options issued as share-based payments during the year was \$0.0816 per option (2020: \$0.0267 per option).

### (e) Weighted average share price

The weighted average price per share in relation to shares issued during the year was \$0.0883 (2020: \$0.0445).

### **30.** SHARE-BASED PAYMENT EXPENSE (continued)

#### (f) Option valuation

During the year ended 30 June 2021, the following share based payments were made. The options have been valued by the Directors using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following:

	Broker Options	Corporate Advisor Options	Consultant Options
Underlying value of the security	\$0.12	\$0.125	\$0.125
Exercise price	\$0.15	\$0.15	\$0.15
Valuation date	23/11/2020	5/02/2021	5/02/2021
Expiry date	30/112023	21/12/2023	21/12/2023
Life of Options in years	3	2.87	2.87
Volatility	134.13%	103.88%	103.88%
Risk free rate	0.11%	0.11%	0.11%
Number of Options	10,000,000	5,000,000	2,000,000
Valuation per Option	0.0874	0.0734	0.0734
Valuation	874,000	367,000	146,800
Total consideration paid by option holders	-	-	-
Valuation less consideration paid	874,000	367,000	146,800

### 30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT EXPENSE (continued)

During the year ended 30 June 2020, the following share based payments were made. The options have been valued by the Directors using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following:

	Cummins Range Consideration Options	Employee Options #1	Employee Options #2	Employee Options #3	Consultant Options #1	Director Options #1	Director Options #2
Underlying value of the security	\$0.061	\$0.061	\$0.061	\$0.061	\$0.055	\$0.044	\$0.044
Exercise price	\$0.025	\$0.025	\$0.025	\$0.025	\$0.085	\$0.0607	\$0.0607
Valuation date	27/09/2019	27/09/2019	27/09/2019	27/09/2019	11/10/2019	12/12/2019	12/12/2019
Expiry date	27/09/2021	27/09/2022	27/09/2022	27/09/2022	11/10/2022	12/12/2022	12/12/2022
Life of Options in years	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Volatility	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Risk free rate	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	0.68%	0.70%	0.70%
Probability of vesting <sup>1</sup>	N/a	54.50%	38.70%	30.10%	N/a	31.70%	23.90%
Number of Options	25,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	18,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Valuation per Option	0.0439	0.0256	0.0182	0.0141	0.0292	0.0077	0.0058
Valuation	1,097,500	128,000	91,000	70,500	525,600	15,400	11,600
Total consideration paid by option holders	250	50	50	50	180	-	-
Valuation less consideration paid	1,097,250	127,950	90,950	70,450	525,420	15,400	11,600

### 30. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

	Director Options #3	Employee Options #4	Employee Options #5	Employee Options #6	Consultant Options #2	Director Options #4	Director Options #5
Underlying value of the security	\$0.044	\$0.044	\$0.044	\$0.044	\$0.046	\$0.035	\$0.035
Exercise price	\$0.0607	\$0.0607	\$0.0607	\$0.0607	\$0.085	\$0.0607	\$0.0607
Valuation date	12/12/2019	12/12/2019	12/12/2019	12/12/2019	20/12/2019	18/2/2020	18/2/2020
Expiry date	12/12/2022	12/12/2022	12/12/2022	12/12/2022	11/10/2022	22/12/2022	22/12/2022
Life of Options in years	3	3	3	3	2.8	2.8	2.8
Volatility	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Risk free rate	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	0.70%	0.85%	0.72%	0.72%
Probability of vesting <sup>1</sup>	19.10%	31.70%	23.90%	19.10%	N/a	26.6%	19.4%
Number of Options	2,000,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	3,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Valuation per Option	0.0047	0.0077	0.0058	0.0047	0.0219	0.0044	0.0032
Valuation	9,400	11,550	8,700	7,050	65,700	8,800	6,400
Total consideration paid by option holder	-	-	-	-	30	-	-
Valuation less consideration paid	9,400	11,550	8,700	7,050	65,670	8,800	6,400
	Director Options #6	Consultant Options #3	Consultant Options #4	Director Options #7	Director Options #8	Director Options #9	Consultant Options #5
Underlying value of the security	\$0.035	\$0.033	\$0.055	\$0.055	\$0.055	\$0.055	\$0.065
Exercise price	\$0.0607	\$0.085	\$0.085	\$0.0607	\$0.0607	\$0.0607	\$0.085
Valuation date	18/2/2020	5/3/2020	2/6/2020	2/6/2020	2/6/2020	2/6/2020	24/6/2020
Expiry date	22/12/2022	11/10/2022	11/10/2022	22/12/2022	22/12/2022	22/12/2022	11/10/2022
Life of Options in years	2.8	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.3
Volatility	100.00%	100.00%	128.61%	128.61%	128.61%	128.61%	132.20%
Risk free rate	0.72%	0.41%	0.26%	0.26%	0.26%	0.26%	0.27%
Probability of vesting <sup>1</sup>	15.0%	N/a	N/a	38.5%	31.2%	26.5%	N/a
Number of Options	2,000,000	1,250,000	1,250,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	7,000,000
Valuation per Option	0.0025	0.0125	0.0332	0.0141	0.0115	0.0097	0.0417
Valuation	5,000	15,625	41,500	28,200	23,000	19,400	291,900
Total consideration paid by option holder	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>1</sup> The probability of vesting in relation to share price vesting conditions is calculated using a probability calculation model and the volatility of the share price.

### 30. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share based payments expense in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2021 consists of the shares and options issued as follows:

	\$
Shares	
Fair value adjustment for shares issued to supplier	26,405
Fair value of shares issued to supplier	84,000
Sub-Total Shares	110,405
Options	
Broker Options	874,000
Corporate Advisor Options	367,000
Consultant Options	146,800
Sub-Total Options	1,387,800
Performance Rights (pro rata expense over vesting period)	
Directors	67,441
Key Management Personnel	21,160
Employees	84,642
Sub-Total Performance Rights	173,243
Total Share Based Payments Expense	1,671,448

Share based payments expense in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2020 consists of the shares and options issued as follows:

# 30. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

	\$
Shares	
Fair value adjustment for shares issued to directors and management personnel to settle unpaid fees	145,200
Fair value adjustment for shares issued to service providers to settle unpaid invoices	204,988
Fair value of shares issued to supplier	26,875
Sub-Total Shares	377,063
Options	
Employee Options #1	127,950
Employee Options #2	90,950
Employee Options #3	70,450
Consultant Options #1	525,420
Director Options #1	15,400
Director Options #2	11,600
Director Options #3	9,400
Employee Options #4	11,550
Employee Options #5	8,700
Employee Options #6	7,050
Consultant Options #2	65,670
Director Options #4	8,800
Director Options #5	6,400
Director Options #6	5,000
Consultant Options #3	15,625
Consultant Options #4	41,500
Director Options #7	28,200
Director Options #8	23,000
Director Options #9	19,400
Consultant Options #5	291,900
Sub-Total Options	1,383,965
Total Share Based Payments Expense	1,761,028

### 30. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

#### (g) Performance rights valuation

During the year ended 30 June 2021, the following share-based payments were made which have been accounted for in the share-based payments reserve:

(1) The following performance rights, which were issued to Directors, key management personnel and employees, were recorded at their fair value in the share-based payment reserve. The performance rights have been valued by the Directors at the closing share price on the grant date, less discounts to reflect the effects of any market based vesting conditions as detailed in the below table. The expected vesting period for each performance right for performance based vesting conditions is the period until expiry of the performance right.

Director	Class	Grant date	No. of performance rights	Fair value per performance right (\$)	Total fair value of performance rights issued	Expense to Statement of Profit or Loss for the year <sup>1</sup> (\$)
	E	26/5/2021	1,500,000	رج) 0.078200	117,300	3,746
_	F	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.073800	110,700	3,535
J Young	G	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.070300	105,450	3,368
	<u> </u>	20/3/2021	4,500,000	0.070500	333,450	10,649
		26/5/2021		0.078200		12,486
	E		5,000,000		391,000	
J Robinson	F	26/5/2021	5,000,000	0.073800	369,000	11,784
	G	26/5/2021	5,000,000	0.070300	351,500	11,224
			15,000,000		1,111,500	35,494
	E	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.078200	117,300	3,746
S Hardcastle	F	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.073800	110,700	3,535
3 Harucastie	G	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.070300	105,450	3,368
			4,500,000		333,450	10,649
	E	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.078200	117,300	3,746
	F	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.073800	110,700	3,535
C Henry	G	26/5/2021	1,500,000	0.070300	105,450	3,368
			4,500,000		333,450	10,649
	E	5/2/2021	500,000	0.112400	56,200	7,442
	F	5/2/2021	500,000	0.106100	53,050	7,024
O Malone	G	5/2/2021	500,000	0.101100	50,550	6,694
		, ,	1,500,000		159,800	21,160
	E	5/2/2021	2,000,000	0.112400	224,800	29,768
Other	F	5/2/2021	2,000,000	0.106100	212,200	28,099
Employees	G	5/2/2021	2,000,000	0.101100	202,200	26,775
			6,000,000		639,200	84,642
Total			36,000,000		2,910,850	173,243

<sup>1</sup> Performance rights are expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

No performance rights were issued during the year ended 30 June 2020.

### 30. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

The performance rights have been valued by the Directors using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following. The fair value for each class of performance right and the discount applied to share price at grant date to reflect

		Expiry date	Life of Options in Years	Number of Rights	Discount applied to share price at grant date to reflect market based vesting condition	Valuation per Right	Total Fair Value
Directors							
Underlying value of the security	\$0.087						
Exercise price	Nil						
Grant date	26/5/21						
Volatility	104%						
Risk free rate	0.08%						
Performance Right	:						
Class E		26/5/24	3	9,500,000	\$0.0088	\$0.0782	\$742,900
Class F		26/5/24	3	9,500,000	\$0.0132	\$0.0738	\$701,100
Class G		26/5/24	3	9,500,000	\$0.0167	\$0.0703	\$667,850
				28,500,000			\$2,111,850
Key management	personnel an	d other emplo	oyees				
Underlying value of the security	\$0.125						
Exercise price	Nil						
Grant date	5/2/21						
Volatility	104%						
Risk free rate	0.08%						
Performance Right	:						
Class E		5/2/24	3	2,500,000	\$0.0126	\$0.1124	\$281,000
Class F		5/2/24	3	2,500,000	\$0.0189	\$0.1061	\$265,250
Class G		5/2/24	3	2,500,000	\$0.0239	\$0.1011	\$252,750
				7,500,000			\$799,000
Total				36,000,000			\$2,910,850

market based vesting condition is shown in the table below:

The performance rights will vest on meeting the following performance conditions before the expiry date:

Class	Vesting Condition - vesting will occur:	Number
E	20 Day VWAP of \$0.20 and 12 months continuous service within 3 years from the date of issue	10,000,000
F	20 Day VWAP of \$0.25 and 18 months continuous service within 3 years from the date of issue	10,000,000
G	20 Day VWAP of \$0.30 and 24 months continuous service within 3 years from the date of issue	10,000,000

On meeting vesting conditions, performance rights will each convert into one ordinary share with no further consideration. Performance rights were valued at the closing share price on the grant date, less discounts to reflect the effects of any market based vesting conditions as detailed the table above. The expected vesting period for each performance right for performance-based vesting conditions is the period until expiry of the performance right.

### 31. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The auditor of RareX Limited was Walker Wayland WA Audit Pty Ltd.

	Consolidated	
	2021 \$	2020 \$
Amounts received or due and receivable by Walker Wayland WA Audit Pty Ltd (formerly Hall Chadwick WA Audit Pty Ltd) for:		
- an audit or review of the financial statements of the entity and its controlled entity	22,000	22,500
- other services in relation to the entity and its controlled entity	-	-
	22,000	22,500

### 32. INFORMATION RELATING TO RAREX LIMITED ('the Parent Entity')

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current Assets	4,672,845	3,569,083
Non-current Assets	4,361,677	2,953,113
TOTAL ASSETS	9,034,522	6,522,196
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities	484,916	172,014
Non-current Liabilities	314,060	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	798,976	172,014
NET ASSETS	8,235,546	6,350,182
EQUITY		
Issued capital	36,649,631	30,065,194
Reserves	6,420,795	4,859,752
Accumulated losses	(34,834,880)	(28,574,764)
TOTAL EQUITY	8,235,546	6,350,182
Loss of the parent entity	(6,267,777)	(6,889,899)
Total comprehensive loss of the parent entity	(6,267,777)	(6,889,899)

Contingent liabilities of the parent entity: Nil.

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Reserves included in the parent entity:		
Options reserve	6,163,712	4,775,912
Share-based payment reserve	257,083	83,840
	6,420,795	4,859,752

Commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment by the parent entity: Nil.

#### 33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The consolidated entity's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short-term deposits.

The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the consolidated entity's operations. The consolidated entity has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations. It is, and has been throughout the entire period under review, the consolidated entity's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

For all financial instruments of the Company, the carrying value approximates the fair value.

The main risk arising from the consolidated entity's financial instruments is cash flow interest rate risk. Other minor risks are summarised below or disclosed at Note 20 in the case of capital risk management. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks.

#### (a) Cash Flow Interest Rate Risk

The consolidated entity's exposure to the risks of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the consolidated entity's short-term deposits with a floating interest rate. These financial assets with variable rates expose the consolidated entity to cash flow interest rate risk. All other financial assets and liabilities in the form of receivables and payables are non-interest bearing. The consolidated entity does not engage in any hedging or derivative transactions to manage interest rate risk. In regard to its interest rate risk, the consolidated entity continuously analyses its exposure. Within this analysis consideration is given to potential renewals of existing positions, alternative investments and the mix of fixed and variable interest rates. The sensitivity to the movement in interest rates for the likely range of outcomes is immaterial.

Based on the sensitivity analysis only interest revenue from variable rate deposits and cash balances is impacted, resulting in a decrease or increase in overall income.

#### (b) Liquidity risk

The consolidated entity manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash reserves and through the continuous monitoring of budgeted and actual cash flows. Further, the consolidated entity only invests surplus cash with major financial institutions.

Contracted maturities of payables:

	Consolidated	
	2021 2020	
	\$	\$
Payable		
- less than 6 months	668,948	1,318,230
- 6 to 12 months	-	-
- 1 to 5 years	-	-
- later than 5 years	-	-
Total	668,948	1,318,230

#### (c) Commodity price risk

The consolidated entity has no direct commodity exposures.

#### (d) Foreign currency risk

The consolidated entity undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currency and is exposed to foreign currency risk through foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis and cash flow forecasting. Given the current level of transactions denominated in foreign currency, the Directors consider foreign current risk not material.

#### 33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

#### (e) Price risk

The Group is exposed to price risk on the value of its financial assets being listed investments.

If there was a 10% increase or decrease in market price of these listed investments, the net realisable value of these listed investments would increase/(decrease) by \$365,762 (2020: \$238,894). Accordingly, an increase of 10% in the value of the listed investments would decrease the net loss by \$365,762 (2020: \$238,894) and a decrease of 10% in the value of the listed investments would increase the net loss by \$365,762 (2020: \$238,894).

#### (f) Carrying values of financial instruments not recognised at fair value

Due to their short term nature, the carrying value of financial assets and financial liabilities, not recognised at fair value, recorded in the financial statements approximates their respective fair values, determined in accordance with accounting policies disclosed in Note 2 of the financial statements.

#### (g) Fair value hierarchy

The following table details the Groups assets and liabilities, measured or disclosed at fair value using a three level hierarchy reflecting the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy consists of the following levels:

- quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

2021	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Financial assets:				
Fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed investments	3,657,619	-	-	3,657,619
2020				
Financial assets:				
Fair value through profit or loss				
Listed investments	2,388,942	-	-	2,388,942

#### (h) Fair Value Estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes. All financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group at the balance date are recorded at amounts approximating their carrying amount. The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the last trade price. The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

#### **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

The Directors of RareX Limited declare that:

- 1. In the opinion of the Directors:
  - (a) the attached financial statements and the notes thereto of the Company and of the consolidated entity are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
    - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's and consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
    - (ii) complying with Accounting Standards;
  - (b) the attached financial statements and the notes thereto of the Company and of the consolidated entity are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board; and
  - (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- 2. This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the financial year ending 30 June 2021.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to Section 295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Board

Jeremy Robinson Managing Director

Dated this 30th September 2021

# Walker Wayland WA Audit Pty Ltd



ABN 94 608 776 834 www.ww-wa.com.au

30 September 2021

Independent Auditor's Report
To the Members of RareX Limited

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDTED FINANCIAL REPORT

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial report of RareX Limited ("the Company") and its controlled entities ("the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to the following matter. As a result of the matters disclosed in Note 2a) "Going Concern" of the financial report, there are material uncertainties that cast doubt whether the Group can continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at amounts stated in the financial report. The ability of the Group to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate additional funding through further capital raising and the successful exploitation of its tenements.





### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### **Key Audit Matter**

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

# **Exploration and Evaluation Assets** (Note 13) (AASB 6)

Exploration and Evaluation Assets had a net carrying value of \$505,032 at 30 June 2021 (2020: \$1,656,046).

This represents the remaining interest in a Hong Kong Gold Project which is in exploration and evaluation phase. These projects represent a significant asset of the Company, as such we consider it necessary to assess whether facts and circumstances existed to suggest that the carrying amount of this asset may exceed its recoverable amount

Audit procedures include amongst others the following:

- Obtain evidence that the company has valid rights to explore in the areas represented by the capitalised exploration and evaluation asset by obtaining independent searches of a sample of company's tenement holdings;
- Ensure criteria of AASB 6 are met to be able to carry the asset at its recorded amount;
- Make enquiries with management and review of budgets to ensure that the expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of the mineral resources are planned;
- Consideration of the impacts of COVID-19 on the impairment assessment; and
- Reviewed managements impairment assessment for reasonableness

### Share Based Payments (Note 21 and 30) (AASB 2)

The Company has issued 36,000,000 performance rights to directors of the Company and 17,000,000 options excisable at \$0.15 to a brokers, consultants and corporate advisors of the company as compensation.

Share based payments has been considered as a key audit matter; due to the high level of judgement required in evaluating the value.

Audit procedures include amongst other the following:

- obtaining and reviewing managements valuation model including the reasonableness of all inputs into the model:
- reviewing the Company's share price movements to assess volatility:
- review and discuss the disclosures in the financial statements with management.



#### Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2021 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud
or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Opinion on the Remuneration Report**

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 5 to 13 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2021.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of RareX Limited for the year ended 30 June 2021 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



### Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

WALKER WAYLAND WA AUDIT PTY LTD

Wallow Wagland WA Audit PG Ital

Richard Gregson CA

**Director** 

Level 3, 1 Preston Street, COMO WA 6152

Richard J Grego a

Dated this 30<sup>th</sup> day of September 2021

# **ASX Additional Information**

### **Shareholder Information**

The following information is based on share registry information processed up to 27 October 2021.

### Distribution of Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

The number of holders, by size of holding, for fully paid ordinary shares in the Company is:

Spread of Holders	Number of Holders	Number of Shares
1 - 1,000	268	81,664
1,001 - 5,000	687	2,647,183
5,001 - 10,000	1,058	8,642,027
10,001 - 100,000	2,685	107,687,545
100,001 and over	661	332,534,785
Total	5,359	451,593,204

There are 813 holders of unmarketable parcels comprising a total of 2,018,847 ordinary shares amounting to 0.45% of issued capital.

### Twenty Largest Holders of Shares

			% of Issued
	Shareholder	Number Held	Shares
1	Mr Simon (Sui Hee) Lee	28,000,000	6.20
2	Mr Jeremy Kim Robinson	11,000,000	2.44
3	Evans Leap Holdings Pty Ltd <evans a="" c="" holdings="" leap=""></evans>	8,827,509	1.95
4	Chetcuti Holdings Pty Ltd	8,055,789	1.78
5	Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	7,787,312	1.72
6	Cale Consulting Pty Ltd <mclean a="" c="" family="" tyndal=""></mclean>	6,495,400	1.44
7	BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd <ib au="" drp="" noms="" retailclient=""></ib>	5,381,643	1.19
8	Mr Maxwell Alfred Kippe	5,200,000	1.15
9	Mr Kim Robinson	4,614,706	1.02
10	Mr Brett John Holdsworth <bj a="" c="" holdsworth=""></bj>	4,541,892	1.01
11	HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	3,524,517	0.78
12	Mr Marx Lin	3,000,000	0.66
13	BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd Hub24 Custodial Serv Ltd <drp a="" c="">&lt;</drp>	2,900,000	0.64
14	BNP Paribas Nominees Pty Ltd ACF Clearstream	2,595,939	0.57
15	Maverick Exploration Pty Ltd	2,550,000	0.56
16	Salona Nominees Pty Ltd <george a="" c="" family="" harris=""></george>	2,500,000	0.55
17	Mrs Jennifer Grace Robinson	2,150,000	0.48
18	Mr John Alexander Young & Mrs Cheryl Kaye Young <the a="" c="" f="" forever="" s="" young=""></the>	2,147,000	0.48
19	Swancave Pty Ltd <bmc a="" c="" family=""></bmc>	2,000,000	0.44
19	West Trade Enterprises Pty Ltd <minderup a="" c="" fund="" super=""></minderup>	2,000,000	0.44
20	CS Fourth Nominees Pty Limited <hsbc 11="" a="" au="" c="" cust="" ltd="" nom=""></hsbc>	1,982,618	0.44
Total		117,254,325	25.96

There are 451,593,204 ordinary fully paid shares currently listed and trading on the Australian Securities Exchange. There is no current on-market buy back taking place.

#### Substantial Holders

The Company notes the following substantial shareholder notices have been given to the Company under the Corporations Act:

Substantial Shareholder	Number Held	
Mr Simon (Sui Hee) Lee	25,000,000	

### Voting Rights - Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

Every shareholder present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative has one vote on a show of hands, and on a poll, one vote for each fully paid share.

### **Unquoted Equity Securities**

Quantity	Class
5,000,000	Options exercisable at \$0.025 each on or before 27 September 2022 vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.05
5,000,000	Options exercisable at \$0.025 each on or before 27 September 2022 vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10
5,000,000	Options exercisable at \$0.025 each on or before 27 September 2022 vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15
28,500,000	Options exercisable at \$0.085 each on or before 11 October 2022
2,500,000	Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 12 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10
2,500,000	Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 12 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15
3,500,000	Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 12 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20
4,000,000	Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 22 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10
4,000,000	Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 22 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15
4,000,000	Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 22 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20
10,000,000	Options exercisable at \$0.15 each on or before 30 November 2023
2,000,000	Options exercisable at \$0.15 each on or before 31 December 2023
5,000,000	Options exercisable at \$0.15 each on or before 31 December 2023 vesting 5 February 2022
12,000,000	Performance rights vesting on 20 day VWAP of \$0.20 and 12 months service expiring 5 February 2024
12,000,000	Performance rights vesting on 20 day VWAP of \$0.25 and 18 months service expiring 5 February 2024
12,000,000	Performance rights vesting on 20 day VWAP of \$0.30 and 24 months service expiring 5 February 2024

# Holders of Unquoted Securities Holding More than 20% of Each Class

Class	Holder	Number
Options exercisable at \$0.025 each on or before 27 September 2022 vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.05	Mr Jeremy Kim Robinson	5,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.025 each on or before 27 September 2022 vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10	Mr Jeremy Kim Robinson	5,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.025 each on or before 27 September 2022 vesting on 6 months employment and 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15	Mr Jeremy Kim Robinson	5,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.085 each on or before 11 October 2022	Malekula Projects Pty Ltd CG Nominees (Australia) Pty Ltd	18,000,000 7,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 12 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10	Guy William Moulang Rod Dog Pty Ltd	1,500,000 1,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 12 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15	Guy William Moulang Rod Dog Pty Ltd	1,500,000 1,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 12 December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20	Guy William Moulang Rod Dog Pty Ltd Valtellin Pty Ltd	1,500,000 1,000,000 1,000,000

Class	Holder	Number
Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 22	Meesha Investments	2,000,000
December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.10	Mr John A Young & Mrs Cheryl K Young	2,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 22	Meesha Investments	2,000,000
December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.15	Mr John A Young & Mrs Cheryl K Young	2,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.0607 each on or before 22	Meesha Investments	2,000,000
December 2022 and vesting on 20 day VWAP exceeding \$0.20	Mr John A Young & Mrs Cheryl K Young	2,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.15 each on or before 30 November 2023	CG Nominees (Australia) Pty Ltd	10,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.15 each on or before 31	A and R Assets Pty Ltd	1,000,000
December 2023	Mr Leo Samson Horn	1,000,000
Options exercisable at \$0.15 each on or before 31 December 2023 vesting 5 February 2022	Dr Christopher Baker & Mrs Judith Homewood	1,250,000
Performance rights vesting on 20 day VWAP of \$0.20 and 12 months service expiring 5 February 2024	Mr Jeremy Kim Robinson	5,000,000
Performance rights vesting on 20 day VWAP of \$0.25 and 18 months service expiring 5 February 2024	Mr Jeremy Kim Robinson	5,000,000
Performance rights vesting on 20 day VWAP of \$0.30 and 24 months service expiring 5 February 2024	Mr Jeremy Kim Robinson	5,000,000

# **Schedule of Mining Tenements**

Australian	Tenement Schedule			
State	Project	Lease No	RareX interest	Note
WA	Cummins Range	E80/5092	100%	
WA	Cummins Range Extension	E80/5372	100%	Application
WA	Byro	E09/2386	100%	
WA	Byro	E09/2387	100%	
WA	Byro	E09/2408	100%	
WA	Byro	E09/2409	100%	
WA	Byro	E09/2443	100%	Application
WA	Byro	E09/2525	100%	Application
WA	Byro	E09/2527	100%	Application
WA	Weld North	E38/3455	100%	
WA	Weld North	E38/3530	100%	
WA	Weld North	E38/3531	100%	
WA	Mt Mansbridge	E80/5430	100%	
WA	Hong Kong	EL 47/3566	100%	
NSW	Condobolin	EL 7748	35%	
NSW	Cundumbul	EL 6661	35%	
NSW	Fairholme	EL 6552	35%	
NSW	Fairholme	EL 6915	35%	
NSW	Trundle	EL 8222	35%	
NSW	Jemalong	EL 8502	35%	
NSW	Orange East	EL 8442	100%	

Austrian Tenement Schedule - Leogang - RareX First Priority					
Designation	Reference	Cadastral Municipalities			
	Meridian	Centre in the Cadastral	Other Cadastral Municipality		
		Municipality	Concerned		
51/17/S (CLY-LEOG-003)	M 31	Schwarzleo			
56/17/S (CLY-LEOG-008)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Sonnberg, Pirzbichl		
57/17/S (CLY-LEOG-009)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Grießen		
58/17/S (CLY-LEOG-010)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Grießen		
64/17/S (CLY-LEOG-016)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Grießen		
68/17/S (CLY-LEOG-020)	M 31	Grießen			
71/17/S (CLY-LEOG-023)	M 31	Grießen			
74/17/S (CLY-LEOG-026)	M 31	Grießen	Hoch filzen		

Austrian Tenement Schedu	ıle - Leogang -	- RareX First Priority	
Designation	Reference	Cadastra	ıl Municipalities
	Meridian	Centre in the Cadastral	Other Cadastral Municipality Concerned
70 /47 /6 /01 // 1500 000	NA 04	Municipality	Concerned
78/17/S (CLY-LEOG-030) 79/17/S (CLY-LEOG-031)	M 31 M 31	Schwarzleo Schwarzleo	Saalbach
80/17/S (CLY-LEOG-031)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Saalbach
81/17/S (CLY-LEOG-032)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Grießen, Hoch filzen, Fieberbrunn
82/17/S (CLY-LEOG-034)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Saalbach
83/17/S (CLY-LEOG-035)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Fieberbrunn
84/17/S (CLY-LEOG-036)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Fieberbrunn, Saalbach
85/17/S (CLY-LEOG-037)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	·
86/17/S (CLY-LEOG-038)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Hoch filzen
87/17/S (CLY-LEOG-039)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
88/17/S (CLY-LEOG-040)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
89/17/S (CLY-LEOG-041)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
90/17/S (CLY-LEOG-042)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Saalbach
91/17/S (CLY-LEOG-043)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
92/17/S (CLY-LEOG-044)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
93/17/S (CLY-LEOG-045)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
94/17/S (CLY-LEOG-046) 95/17/S (CLY-LEOG-047)	M 31 M 31	Fieberbrunn Fieberbrunn	Saalbach
96/17/S (CLY-LEOG-047) 96/17/S (CLY-LEOG-048)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Sadivacii
98/17/S (CLY-LEOG-048) 98/17/S (CLY-LEOG-050)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
99/17/S (CLY-LEOG-051)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Saalbach
101/17/S (CLY-LEOG-053)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Jaarbach
103/17/S (CLY-LEOG-055)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
104/17/S (CLY-LEOG-056)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
105/17/S (CLY-LEOG-057)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
106/17/S (CLY-LEOG-058)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
107/17/S (CLY-LEOG-059)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
108/17/S (CLY-LEOG-060)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
109/17/S (CLY-LEOG-061)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
110/17/S (CLY-LEOG-062)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
111/17/S (CLY-LEOG-063)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
112/17/S (CLY-LEOG-064)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
114/17/S (CLY-LEOG-066) 115/17/S (CLY-LEOG-067)	M 31 M 31	Fieberbrunn Fieberbrunn	
116/17/S (CLY-LEOG-067)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
117/17/S (CLY-LEOG-069)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
118/17/S (CLY-LEOG-070)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
119/17/S (CLY-LEOG-071)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
120/17/S (CLY-LEOG-072)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
121/17/S (CLY-LEOG-073)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
122/17/S (CLY-LEOG-074)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
123/17/S (CLY-LEOG-075)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
124/17/S (CLY-LEOG-076)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
125/17/S (CLY-LEOG-077)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
126/17/S (CLY-LEOG-078)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
127/17/S (CLY-LEOG-079)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
128/17/S (CLY-LEOG-080)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
129/17/S (CLY-LEOG-081)	M 31 M 31	Fieberbrunn	
130/17/S (CLY-LEOG-082) 131/17/S (CLY-LEOG-083)	M 31	Fieberbrunn Fieberbrunn	
131/17/5 (CLY-LEOG-083) 132/17/S (CLY-LEOG-084)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
133/17/S (CLY-LEOG-084)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
134/17/S (CLY-LEOG-086)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
135/17/S (CLY-LEOG-087)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
136/17/S (CLY-LEOG-088)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
137/17/S (CLY-LEOG-089)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Aurach
138/17/S (CLY-LEOG-090)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Aurach
139/17/S (CLY-LEOG-091)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
140/17/S (CLY-LEOG-092)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	

Austrian Tenement Schedule - Leogang - RareX First Priority				
Designation	Reference	ce Cadastral Municipalities		
	Meridian	Centre in the Cadastral Municipality	Other Cadastral Municipality Concerned	
141/17/S (CLY-LEOG-093)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Saalbach	
142/17/S (CLY-LEOG-094)	M 31	Fieberbrunn		
143/17/S (CLY-LEOG-095)	M 31	Hochfilzen	Grießen	
144/17/S (CLY-LEOG-096)	M 31	Hochfilzen	Grießen	
145/17/S (CLY-LEOG-097)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Saalbach	
146/17/S (CLY-LEOG-098)	M 31	Fieberbrunn		
147/17/S (CLY-LEOG-099)	M 31	Fieberbrunn		
148/17/S (CLY-LEOG- 100)	M 31	Fieberbrunn		

Austrian Tenement Schedu			
Designation	Reference		Municipalities
	Meridian	Centre in the Cadastral	Other Cadastral Municipality
00 (47 (7 (0) ) (477 004)	11.01	Municipality	Concerned
38/17/T (CLY- KITZ-001)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
39/17/T (CLY- KITZ -002)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
40/17/T (CLY- KITZ -003)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
41/17/T (CLY- KITZ -004)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
42/17/T (CLY- KITZ-005)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
43/17/T (CLY- KITZ-006)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
44/17/T (CLY- KITZ -007)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
45/17/T (CLY- KITZ -008)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
46/17/T (CLY- KITZ -009)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
47/17/T (CLY- KITZ-010)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
48/17/T (CLY- KITZ -011)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
49/17/T (CLY- KITZ-012)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
50/17/T (CLY- KITZ-013)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
51/17/T (CLY- KITZ-014)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
52/17/T (CLY- KITZ -015)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
53/17/T (CLY- KITZ -016)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
54/17/T (CLY- KITZ -017)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
55/17/T (CLY- KITZ -018)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
56/17/T (CLY- KITZ-019)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
57/17/T (CLY- KITZ-020)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
58/17/T (CLY- KITZ-021)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
59/17/T (CLY- KITZ-022)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	<u> </u>
60/17/T (CLY- KZTZ-023)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Aurach
61/17/T (CLY- KITZ-024)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Aurach
62/17/T (CLY-KITZ-025)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Aurach
63/17/T (CLY-KITZ-026)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Aurach
64/17/T (CLY-KITZ-027)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Aurach
65/17/T (CLY-KITZ-028)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
66/17/T (CLY-KITZ-029)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
67/17/T (CLY-KITZ-030)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	<u> </u>
68/17/T (CLY-KITZ-031)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Aurach
69/17/T (CLY-KITZ-032)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Aurach
70/17/T (CLY-KITZ-033)	M 31	Aurach	
71/17/T (CLY-KITZ-034)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
72/17/T (CLY-KITZ-035)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
73/17/T (CLY-KITZ-036)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
74/17/T (CLY-KITZ-037)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
75/17/T (CLY-KITZ-038)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
76/17/T (CLY-KITZ-039)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
77/17/T (CLY-KITZ-040)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	ļ
78/17/T (CLY-KITZ-041)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Fieberbrunn
79/17/T (CLY-KITZ-042)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Fieberbrunn
80/17/T (CLY-KITZ-043)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
81/17/T (CLY-KITZ-044)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	

Austrian Tenement Schedu	ule - Kitzbuhe	I - RareX First Priority	
Designation	Reference		Municipalities
	Meridian	Centre in the Cadastral	Other Cadastral Municipality
	1	Municipality	Concerned
82/17/T (CLY-KITZ-045)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	
83/17/T (CLY-KITZ-046)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Fieberbrunn
84/17/T (CLY-KITZ-047)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	5.1.1
85/17/T (CLY-KITZ-048)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Fieberbrunn
86/17/T (CLY-KITZ-049)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Fieberbrunn
87/17/T (CLY-KITZ-050)	M 31	Fieberbrunn	Ciabandan Aah
88/17/T (CLY-KITZ-051)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Fieberbrunn, Aurach
89/17/T (CLY-KITZ-052)	M 31	Aurach	
90/17/T (CLY-KITZ-053)	M 31	Aurach	A
91/17/T (CLY-KITZ-054)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Aurach
92/17/T (CLY-KITZ-055)	M 31	Aurach	
93/17/T (CLY-KITZ-056)	M 31	Aurach	Auroch
94/17/T (CLY-KITZ-057)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Aurach
95/17/T (CLY-KITZ-058)	M 31	Aurach	Aumook
96/17/T (CLY-KITZ-059)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Aurach
97/17/T (CLY-KITZ-060) 98/17/T (CLY-KITZ-061)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Aurach
99/17/T (CLY-KITZ-061)	M 31 M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Aurach
100/17/T (CLY-KITZ-063)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land Kitzbühel Land	
100/1//1 (CLY-KITZ-063) 101/17/T (CLY-KITZ-064)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Aurach
101/1//T (CLY-KITZ-064)	M 31	Aurach	Auracii
103/17/T (CLY-KITZ-066)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Aurach
104/17/T (CLY-KITZ-067)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Auracii
105/17/T (CLY-KITZ-068)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Aurach
106/17/T (CLY-KITZ-069)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Aurach
107/17/T (CLY-KITZ-079)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Adidon
108/17/T (CLY-KITZ-070)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
109/17/T (CLY-KITZ-071)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
110/17/T (CLY-KITZ-072)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
111/17/T (CLY-KITZ-074)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
112/17/T (CLY-KITZ-075)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
113/17/T (CLY-KITZ-076)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
114/17/T (CLY-KITZ-077)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
115/17/T (CLY-KITZ-078)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
116/17/T (CLY-KITZ-079)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
117/17/T (CLY-KITZ-080)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
118/17/T (CLY-KITZ-081)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
119/17/T (CLY-KITZ-082)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	Kitzbühel Land
121/17/T (CLY-KITZ-084)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	Fieberbrunn
122/17/T (CLY-KITZ-085)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	Kitzbühel Land
123/17/T (CLY-KITZ-086)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	Kitzbühel Land
124/17/T (CLY-KITZ-087)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	Kitzbühel Land, Fieberbrunn
125/17/T (CLY-KITZ-088)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	
126/17/T (CLY-KITZ-089)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	
127/17/T (CLY-KITZ-090)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	
128/17/T (CLY-KITZ-091)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	
129/17/T (CLY-KITZ-092)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	
130/17/T (CLY-KITZ-093)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	Kitzbühel Land
131/17/T (CLY-KITZ-094)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	
132/17/T (CLY-KITZ-095)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	
133/17/T (CLY-KITZ-096)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	
135/17/T (CLY-KITZ-098)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land	
137/17/T (CLY-KITZ-100)	M 31	Aurach	

Austrian Tenement Schedu	ıle - Leogang	- RareX Second Priority in at least	st 50% of the licence area	
Designation	Reference	Cadastral Municipalities		
	Meridian	Centre in the Cadastral	Other Cadastral Municipality	
		Municipality	Concerned	
49/17/S (CLY-LEOG-001)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Sonnberg	
50/17/S (CLY-LEOG-002)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
52/17/S (CLY-LEOG-004)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
53/17/S (CLY-LEOG-005)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
54/17/S (CLY-LEOG-006)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
55/17/S (CLY-LEOG-007)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
59/17/S (CLY-LEOG-011)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
60/17/S (CLY-LEOG-012)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
61/17/S (CLY-LEOG-013)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Grießen	
62/17/S (CLY-LEOG-014)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
63/17/S (CLY-LEOG-015)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
65/17/S (CLY-LEOG-017)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Grießen	
66/17/S (CLY-LEOG-018)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
67/17/S (CLY-LEOG-019)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
69/17/S (CLY-LEOG-021)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
70/17/S (CLY-LEOG-022)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Grießen	
72/17/S (CLY-LEOG-024)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
73/17/S (CLY-LEOG-025)	M 31	Schwarzleo	Grießen	
75/17/S (CLY-LEOG-027)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
76/17/S (CLY-LEOG-028)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
77/17/S (CLY-LEOG-029)	M 31	Schwarzleo		
97/17/S (CLY-LEOG-049)	M 31	Fieberbrunn		
100/17/S (CLY-LEOG-052)	M 31	Fieberbrunn		
102/17/S (CLY-LEOG-054)	M 31	Fieberbrunn		
113/17/S (CLY-LEOG-065)	M 31	Fieberbrunn		

Austrian Tenement Schedule - Kitzbuhel - RareX Second Priority in at least 50% of licence area					
Designation	Reference	Cadastral Municipalities			
	Meridian	Centre in the Cadastral	Other Cadastral Municipality		
		Municipality	Concerned		
120/17/T (CLY-KITZ-083)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land			
134/17/T (CLY-KITZ-097)	M 31	St. Johann in Tirol	Kitzbühel Land		
136/17/T (CLY-KITZ-099)	M 31	Kitzbühel Land			

Licence Name	Licence No	RareX interest
Tizi Belhaj	234 08 79	20%
Bou Amzil	233 88 04	20%
Imdere	233 94 05	20%
Bou Amzil Extension	PR 384 22 26	-

# **Company Secretary**

Ms Oonagh Malone

# **Registered Office**

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# **Share Registry**

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