

NAVARRE MINERALS LIMITED

ABN 66 125 140 105

Annual Report 2013

ABN 66 125 140 105

Corporate Directory

Company

Navarre Minerals Limited ABN 66 125 140 105 and subsidiary: Black Range Metals Pty Ltd ABN 31 158 123 687

Directors

Kevin Wilson (Chairman)
Geoff McDermott (Managing Director)
John Dorward
Colin Naylor

Company Secretary

Jane Nosworthy

Registered Office & Principal Operations Office

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Share Registrar

Boardroom Pty Limited Level 7, 207 Kent Street Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Telephone +61 (2) 9290 9600 Facsimile +61 (3) 9279 0664

Auditor

RSM Bird Cameron Partners Level 8, South Tower, Rialto 525 Collins Street Melbourne Victoria 3000 Australia

Stock Exchange Listing

ASX Limited Level 4, North Tower, Rialto 525 Collins Street Melbourne Victoria 3000 Australia

ASX Code: NML

Incorporated 30 April 2007

Victoria, Australia

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FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report includes certain forward-looking statements that have been based on current expectations about future acts, events and circumstances. These forward-looking statements are, however, subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause those acts, events and circumstances to differ materially from the expectations described in such forward-looking statements.

These factors include, among other things, commercial and other risks associated with the meeting of objectives and other investment considerations, as well as other matters not yet known to the Company or not currently considered material by the Company.

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CHAIRMAN'S REPORT

It is my pleasure to report on your company's progress for the 2013 financial year, our second full year listed on the Australian Securities Exchange.

The past 12 months have been characterised by equity market volatility and poor sentiment towards the mineral exploration sector in general. Nevertheless, we continued to seek new discoveries and invest for growth while adding value to our exciting project portfolio. We remain committed to capitalising on the opportunities and meeting the challenges that lie ahead, and to achieving our goal of defining a maiden mineral resource of significant economic value through exploration success.

During 2013, exploration expenditures have been prioritised on key targets at Tandarra, Black Range and Stavely. Our achievements in the past twelve months at Tandarra include:

- extending the total strike length of the gold mineralisation to over two kilometres through drilling on the northern extensions of the established lines of reef;
- recording our highest gold result for the Macnaughtan line from a depth of 69m with an intercept of 4.5m @ 23.1g Au/t, including an interval of 1.5m containing visible gold up to 4.5mm in length; and
- achieving full ownership of the Tandarra project in return for a 2% royalty.

At our Western Victoria Copper Project, the Eclipse prospect was recognised as a large-tonnage porphyry-style coppergold target containing potential ore grade mineralisation. Most recently, a new porphyry-style copper and molybdenum target was identified on the recently granted Stavely licence. The Lexington prospect, as it is now known, was uncovered from historical records revealed by the Geological Survey of Victoria.

These exciting developments highlight the emergence of interest in copper in western Victoria during the year. This is an area your management have been monitoring and observing for several years. Recent work from the Geological Survey of Victoria suggests that this region represents an old tectonic plate boundary, similar to that seen in New South Wales where the large copper-gold porphyry deposit at Cadia is hosted. Our Western Victoria Copper Project comprises 1,200km² of tenements, capturing over 130 kilometres of highly prospective volcanic rocks. We see a significant opportunity for a large-scale porphyry copper and gold discovery in these rocks and we are currently planning our search strategy for 2014.

We remain positive for the company's prospects. In the year ahead, we will continue to focus on developing our mineral opportunities at Tandarra and within our Western Victoria Copper Project. We will also continue to explore opportunities to develop your company's existing assets through investment partnerships with other industry participants and to build our asset portfolio through transactional opportunities.

My particular thanks go to our Managing Director, Geoff McDermott, for his strong leadership and to our first-rate team of employees for their efforts and commitment towards growing Navarre into a leading Victorian mineral explorer. I also thank my fellow directors, John Dorward and Colin Naylor, for their commitment to Navarre and our company secretary Jane Nosworthy. I am confident that the contributions of this dedicated group of individuals will ensure a sound future for Navarre.

I would also like to thank the people in the communities in which we explore. In particular, I would like to thank our farming neighbours at our Tandarra and Black Range -Stavely project areas for their assistance during our work programs in the last twelve months.

Finally, I would like to thank my fellow shareholders for their continued support in a difficult economic environment, and our largest shareholder, Crocodile Gold, for their assistance with the construction and commissioning of our bulk sampling plant at Stawell.

Kevin Wilson

Chairman

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MANAGING DIRECTOR'S REVIEW OF OPERATIONS 2013

Navarre Minerals maintained an active exploration program during the year with the objective of identifying economic copper and gold mineral deposits. In accordance with the Company's strategy of self-funding its copper and gold search, exploration programs were undertaken at the Western Victoria Copper, Landsborough Fault and Bendigo North projects located in central and western Victoria.

Exploration expenditure for the 2013 financial year was \$1,271,064, reflecting a balance between conserving cash resources and maintaining exploration activities at reduced levels in response to external economic conditions affecting the resources industry. Despite the difficult external environment, much has been achieved over the course of the past year.

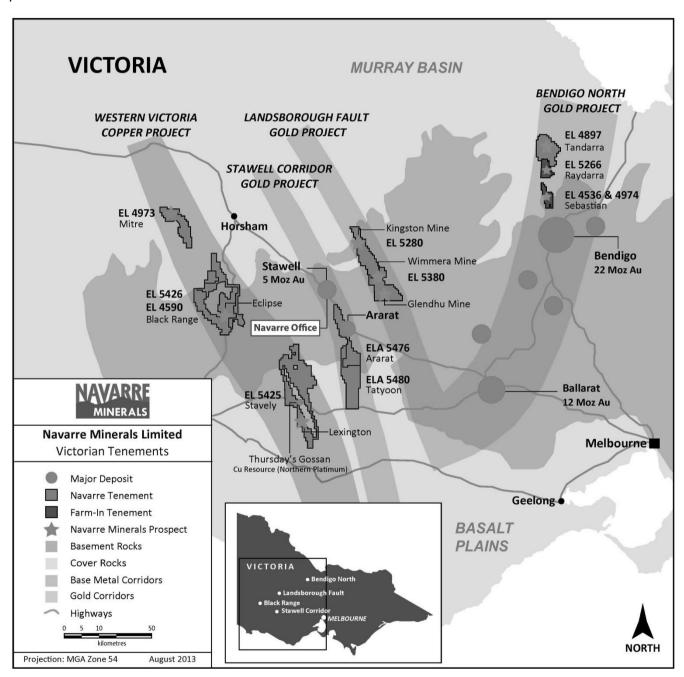


Figure 1: Location of Navarre tenements

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MANAGING DIRECTOR'S REVIEW OF OPERATIONS 2013 (cont.)

Bendigo North Group of Gold Projects

Tandarra prospect

The Tandarra prospect is a recent greenfields gold discovery under shallow cover, 40 kilometres north of the 22 million ounce Bendigo Goldfield (Figure 1). The Company believes that Tandarra is part of a potential new goldfield emerging in central Victoria with opportunities for open pit mining.

Navarre achieved a significant milestone on 5 September 2012 when the Company attained full ownership of the Tandarra prospect following completion of formal agreements with Crocodile Gold Corp. (Crocodile), Navarre's largest shareholder and leading Victorian gold producer. The agreements to convert Crocodile's right to earn a majority interest in Tandarra into a 2% net smelter royalty (NSR) over future gold production gives Navarre greater control over its number one gold project. The arrangement also gives Navarre the right to buy back 1% of the NSR for \$2.0 million within four years, which would reduce the NSR to 1%.

During the year Navarre completed a 5,900 metre drilling campaign comprising 60 air-core holes at Tandarra, targeting the northern extensions of the established Macnaughtan, Tomorrow and Reynolds lines of reef. The highlight of this drilling was a result of **4.5m** @ **23.1g** Au/t from 69m down-hole in air-core hole ACT151, including an interval of **1.5m** @ **59.2g** Au/t which contained multiple grains of visible gold up to 4.5mm in length (see ASX release 18 December 2012). This is Navarre's highest gold result for the Macnaughtan line, and is surpassed only by ACT015 which returned **10m** @ **34.4g** Au/t from a depth of 37m on the adjacent Tomorrow line (see ASX release 3 June 2011). These results are typical of the nuggety gold distribution within the quartz reefs systems at Tandarra which is analogous to the reefs mined at the 22Moz Bendigo Goldfield.

During the year the Company also acquired a bulk sample treatment plant (Plant) for the purpose of testing existing larger drill samples collected over the past 18 months for contained gold and to help estimate the nugget effect at Tandarra. Following execution of a commercial agreement with Crocodile, the Plant was relocated to Crocodile's Stawell Gold Mine operation (SGM) in November 2012 and has undergone substantial modification and reassembly using SGM expertise.

The Plant has been commissioned successfully and a total of 10 RC sample residues have now been processed with concentrates and tail products dispatched for laboratory analysis. Several specks of visible gold, often with pyrite and arsenopyrite sulphides, were noted in some of the concentrate products. The bulk testing program is expected to take several months to complete.

Raydarra and Sebastian Gold Projects

During the year Navarre met the initial expenditure requirement to earn a 51% participating interest in the prospective Sebastian Gold Project.

The Company completed a four line CSAMT geophysical survey at Sebastian across a nine kilometre corridor of the Frederick the Great (FTG) line of mineralisation. Five CSAMT anomalies were selected for follow-up drill testing with a 1,100 metre program comprising 15 air-core holes. All holes intersected quartz veining. The best result returned was 1.5m @ 0.38g Au/t from 45m in ACS011 (see ASX release 16 January 2013). The Company is reviewing the results of the program.

Western Victoria Copper Project

Navarre's 100%-owned Western Victoria Copper Project (ELs 4590, 4973, 5425 & 5426) capture multiple, largely untested targets in 130 kilometres of Black Range – Stavely volcanic rocks, generally masked by younger cover ranging in thickness from a few metres to approximately 100 metres at Mitre. Small windows of basement exposure have led to the discovery of a number of copper and gold prospects, of which Eclipse and Lexington are two of the more advanced. These volcanics form part of an ancient magmatic arc system, which is considered highly prospective for porphyry copper, volcanic-hosted massive sulphides and epithermal-style mineralisation.

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MANAGING DIRECTOR'S REVIEW OF OPERATIONS 2013 (cont.)

Eclipse prospect

During the year, the Eclipse prospect was recognised as a large-tonnage porphyry-style copper-gold target containing potential ore grade mineralisation. Recent drilling by the Company has identified a large phyllic alteration zone of over 1,000m x 500m from within a large demagnetised geophysical footprint. This alteration occurs from near surface to a vertical depth of approximately 300m, only limited by drilling depth. Mineralisation intensity and tenor appear to increase to the west and plunge gently to the west under sandstone cover away from diamond hole DD10BR001 which recorded 276.1m @ 0.3% Zn and 0.1g Au/t (see Navarre's December 2010 prospectus). Previously reported shallow highgrade intercepts of significance from within the phyllic alteration zone at Eclipse include:

- 15m @ 0.7% Cu, 1.9% Zn, 0.8g Au/t from 28m depth to end of hole in RC92GM52
- 13m @ 0.7% Cu, 0.2g Au/t, including 2m @ 2.2% Cu from 29m down hole in RC92GM55 (hole ends in mineralisation)
- 2m @ 3.0% Cu, 2.0g Au/t from 37m down hole in RC93GM65

A broad pattern of surface soils geochemistry was trialed during early 2013 over Eclipse. The program generated two high quality anomalies each containing an overlap of elements considered indicative of proximal zones to a porphyry copper-gold core. In April 2013 a program of 20 shallow air-core and reverse circulation drill holes targeting these geochemical anomalies demonstrated further broad zones of potential ore grade mineralisation with assays typical of porphyry systems currently mined in Australia and overseas.

Highlights of the program included:

- 7.5m @ 0.41% Cu from 30m depth to end of hole in ACBR009;
- 25.5m @ 0.18% Cu, including 4.5m @ 0.40% Cu and 0.1 g/t Au from 24.0 metres to end of hole in ACBR010; and
- 13.5m @ 0.4% Zn and 0.3 g/t Au from 34.5 metres to end of hole in ACBR006.

Most drill holes at Eclipse encountered a metal depletion zone within the top 10 to 20 metres of the basement, with eight holes transitioning into sulphide mineralisation which persisted to the end of hole. Five drill holes targeting anomalies beneath un-mineralised sandstone failed to reach target depths due to thicker sandstone cover than expected. These targets remain to be tested.

Next steps are aimed at locating a potential high-grade copper and gold porphyry core, which will involve infill geochemistry, field mapping, petrology studies, geological modelling of the alteration zones and planning for deeper drilling.

Lexington prospect

In June 2013 a new porphyry-style copper and molybdenum target was identified on the recently granted Stavely licence (EL 5425). The Lexington prospect, as it is now known, was uncovered from historical records revealed by the Geological Survey of Victoria (GSV). In 1994 a single diamond hole (VICT3D1, 249.0m deep) was drilled by North Limited on a 500m by 700m copper anomaly identified by shallow air-core drilling. Results revealed a diorite host containing primary copper and molybdenum mineralisation. Peak results of **1m** @ **0.6% Cu** from near the base of the hole (246-247m) and **1m** @ **800ppm Mo** from 179m were reported by North Limited but were not followed up (see Navarre's ASX release 17 June 2013).

Recent field reconnaissance has highlighted that this copper anomaly is part of a much larger porphyry complex centred on the Buckeran Diorite.

In cooperation with the GSV, the Company is compiling and evaluating historic information to enable design of a follow-up exploration program.

Regional exploration activity

Processing and evaluation of existing geophysical data over the Cambrian volcanic sequences was undertaken. Review and field checking has highlighted several priority gold and copper target anomalies. As follow-up, a surface geochemical soils survey will be undertaken over the porphyry targets identified.

^{*} See Navarre's December 2010 prospectus for complete table of results.

^{*} See ASX release dated 16 April 2013 for complete table of results.

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MANAGING DIRECTOR'S REVIEW OF OPERATIONS 2013 (cont.)

Landsborough Fault Gold Project (Kingston & Glendhu)

The Kingston Project is Navarre's second most important gold prospect. Navarre completed a geophysics survey as follow-up to a diamond drill program completed in early 2012 which returned a best result of **16.9m at 5.5g Au/t** from 65.7m depth in DDK001, including **3.1m at 29.5g Au/t** (see ASX release 24 January 2012). Work has focused on geophysical modelling and drill hole planning to test a large bull's-eye Induced Polarisation anomaly located 300 metres southeast of the old Kingston mine workings believed to be a possible parallel reef system to the Kingston reef.

At Glendhu a reconnaissance program of rock chip and waste dump sampling was undertaken near the old Wimmera Gold Mine (687,245E, 5900180N, GDA94 Zone 54) returning encouraging assay results, including:

- Sample LR201013: 48.3g Au/t, 288g Ag/t, 1.6% Zn, 2.0% Pb and 0.4% Cu (Wimmera Mine waste dump);
- Sample LR201012: 18.2g Au/t, 21.3g Ag/t, 0.3% Zn, 0.2% Pb and 0.07% Cu (Wimmera Mine waste dump); and
- Sample LR201026: 4.85g Au/t from a quartz reef located approximately 500 metres northeast of the Wimmera Mine.

Stawell Corridor Gold Project (Ararat & Tatyoon)

Navarre has been awarded priority for two mineral exploration licences covering the historic Ararat Goldfield and its possible southern extension located under shallow basalt cover at Tatyoon. Historically the Ararat Goldfield produced over 20 tonnes (approximately 600,000 ounces) of gold during the period 1854 to 1925, worth about \$0.9 billion at today's prices. Mining was principally from alluvial and deep lead sources worked to shallow depths. The Ararat Goldfield is located within a short distance of the Stawell Gold Mine, which is operated by our major shareholder, Crocodile. The Minister's decision on grant of the licences is anticipated in late 2013.

Conclusion

Despite external economic conditions currently affecting the resource industry being less than favourable, your Company is funded to execute its planned exploration programs, with a cash balance of \$1.6 million as at 6 September 2013. The Company is working to strike a balance between conserving cash resources and maintaining exploration activities at reduced expenditure levels.

Significant mineral discoveries by Navarre and other explorers within the western Victorian Black Range – Stavely volcanic corridor have established the existence of large-scale mineralising systems associated with porphyry-style mineralisation at Eclipse, Thursdays Gossan, and Lexington. The promising copper, gold, silver and molybdenum assays returned from drill testing of this emerging volcanic belt could signal the discovery of a new mining region ideally located close to existing infrastructure. The prospectivity of this region holds great promise for our shareholders in the years to come and we look forward to keeping you informed through regular updates as our exploration programs progress.

Geoff McDermott Managing Director

24 September 2013

Competent Person Declaration

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The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on information compiled by Wessley Edgar, who is a member of The Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and who is Exploration Manager of Navarre Minerals Limited. Mr Edgar has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration, and to the activity which he is undertaking, to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Edgar consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

^{*} See ASX release dated 29 April 2013 for complete list of results.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

The directors present their report together with the consolidated financial statements of the group comprising Navarre Minerals Limited (variously the "Company", "Navarre" and "Navarre Minerals") and its subsidiary (together, the "Group") for the financial year ended 30 June 2013. Navarre Minerals is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. In order to comply with the provisions of the *Corporations Act 2001*, the directors report as follows:

1. DIRECTORS

The names and details of the Company's directors in office during the financial year and until the date of this report are as follows. The directors were in office during the entire period unless otherwise stated.

Director	Designation & independence status	Qualifications, experience & expertise	Directorships of other listed companies	Special responsibilities during the year
Kevin Wilson Appointed 30 April 2007	Chairman Non-executive Non- independent ¹	Mr Wilson has over 30 years' experience in the minerals and finance industries. He was the Managing Director of Leviathan Resources Limited, a Victorian gold mining company, from its initial public offering in 2005 through to its sale in 2006. His previous experience includes 8 years as a geologist with the Anglo American Group in Africa and North America and 14 years as a stockbroking analyst and investment banker with CS First Boston and Merrill Lynch in Australia and USA. Mr Wilson is currently Managing Director of Rey Resources Limited, an energy exploration company listed on the ASX.	Rey Resources Limited (ongoing)	Chairman of the Board Chairman of the Remuneration & Nomination Committee Member of the Audit Committee (from 4 February 2013)
Geoff McDermott Appointed 19 May 2008	Managing Director Executive	Mr McDermott is a geologist with over 25 years' industry experience working in surface and underground metalliferous mining operations, in mineral exploration and as a consultant to the minerals industry. A graduate from Macquarie University, Mr McDermott has a broad range of international experience having worked as a geologist in Canada, Fiji and Australia for companies such as WMC and Rio Tinto and with the Government of the Northwest Territories, Canada. From 2002 until 2007, Mr McDermott was Chief Geologist and Group Geologist with MPI Mines Limited and Leviathan Resources Limited.	None	Member of the Remuneration & Nomination Committee
John Dorward Appointed 15 August 2008	Director Non-executive Non- independent ¹	BComm (Hons), GradDipAppFin, ACSA Mr Dorward is currently President, Chief Executive Officer and Director of Roxgold Inc., a TSX listed gold explorer. Mr Dorward is also a non-executive director of Pilot Gold Inc. Mr Dorward was previously the Vice President Business Development of Fronteer Gold Inc, a TSX listed gold and uranium developer. Prior to joining Fronteer, he was CFO of Mineral Deposits Limited where he was responsible for financing the Sabodala Gold Project in Senegal, West Africa. Preceding this he was CFO and Company Secretary of Leviathan Resources Limited and Commercial Executive and Company Secretary of MPI Mines Limited. Before joining MPI Mines Limited, Mr Dorward had 8 years' experience in the banking sector with a number of years spent in a senior resource project finance role with BankWest.	Pilot Gold Inc. (ongoing) Roxgold Inc. (ongoing)	Member of the Audit Committee Member of the Remuneration & Nomination Committee
Colin Naylor Appointed 5 November 2010	Director Non-executive Independent	B.Bus (Acc), FCPA Mr Naylor is currently Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of oil and gas explorer, MEO Australia Limited. Before joining MEO, Mr Naylor held a number of senior roles in major resource companies, including Woodside Petroleum, BHP Petroleum and Newcrest Mining. Mr Naylor also worked at MPI Mines Limited and Leviathan Resources Limited as Financial Controller. Mr Naylor has previously been a member of the Victorian Divisional Council of the CPA and a previous member of the Group of 100 National Executive and Victorian State Chapter.	None	Chairman of the Audit Committee Member of the Remuneration & Nomination Committee

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$ See page 26 for information about director independence.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

1. DIRECTORS (cont.)

Interests in the shares and options of the company

As at the date of this report, the relevant beneficial and non-beneficial interests of each of the directors in the shares and share options in the Company were:

	Ordinary	Options
	Shares	
K Wilson	4,467,174	600,000
G McDermott	4,824,243	2,086,668
J Dorward	3,355,000	500,000
C H Naylor	1,730,000	500,000

The options include options provided as remuneration, as well as bonus options issued to directors following their subscription for shares under the Company's 2012 share purchase plan. The terms of the options provided as remuneration are set out in Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements and details of these options, including fair value at date of grant, are set out in the Remuneration Report.

2. COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms Jane Nosworthy was appointed as Company Secretary on 16 January 2012. Ms Nosworthy has previously held legal, commercial and company secretarial roles at Oceana Gold Corporation, Leviathan Resources Limited and MPI Mines Limited, prior to which she was a Senior Associate in the Melbourne Office of law firm Allens Arthur Robinson. She holds a Bachelor of Arts and a Bachelor of Laws from the University of Adelaide, and a Certificate in Governance Practice from Chartered Secretaries Australia.

3. DIVIDENDS

No dividend has been paid, provided or recommended during the financial year and to the date of this report (2012: nil).

4. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

4.1 Principal activities

The principal activities during the year were gold and base metals mineral exploration in Victoria, Australia.

The Company had 9 employees at 30 June 2013 including directors (2012: 12).

4.2 Environment, health and safety

The Group conducts exploration activities in Victoria. No mining activity has been conducted by the Group on its exploration licences.

The Group's exploration operations are subject to environmental and health and safety regulations under the various laws of Victoria and the Commonwealth.

While exploration activities to date have had a low level of environmental impact, the Group has adopted a best practice approach in satisfaction of the regulations of relevant government authorities.

4.3 Review of operations

The Group maintained an active exploration program during the year with the objectives of identifying economic copper and gold mineral deposits.

Direct exploration expenditure during the 2013 financial year was \$1,271,064.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

4. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (cont.)

4.3 Review of operations (cont.)

(a) Bendigo North Gold Project (Tandarra) (EL 4897)

In September 2012, the Company attained full ownership of the Tandarra prospect following completion of formal agreements with Crocodile Gold Corp. (Crocodile), Navarre's largest shareholder and leading Victorian gold producer, to convert Crocodile's right to earn a majority interest in Tandarra into a 2% net smelter royalty (NSR) over future gold production. Navarre has the right to buy back 1% of the NSR for \$2.0 million within four years, which would reduce the NSR to 1%.

During the year, the Company completed a 5,900 metre drilling campaign comprising 60 air-core holes at Tandarra targeting the northern extensions of the established Macnaughtan, Tomorrow and Reynolds lines of reef. The highlight of this drilling was a result of 4.5m @ 23.1g Au/t from 69m down-hole in air-core hole ACT151, including an interval of 1.5m @ 59.2g Au/t, which contained multiple grains of visible gold up to 4.5mm in length. The Company also acquired a bulk sample treatment plant (Plant) for the purpose of testing existing larger drill samples collected at Tandarra over the past 18 months.

The Plant has been reassembled at Crocodile's Stawell Gold Mine operation and commissioned successfully. Processing of sample residues has commenced and is expected to take several months to complete.

(b) Raydarra and Sebastian Gold Projects (EL4536 & EL4974)

During the year, the Company completed a four line CSAMT geophysical survey at the prospective Sebastian Gold Project across a nine kilometre corridor of the Frederick the Great (FTG) line of mineralisation. Five CSAMT anomalies were selected for follow-up drill testing with a 1,100 metre program comprising 15 air-core holes. All holes intersected quartz veining. The best result returned was 1.5m @ 0.38g Au/t from 45m in ACS011.

The Company met the initial expenditure requirement to earn a 51% participating interest in the prospective Sebastian Gold Project.

(c) Landsborough Fault Gold Project (Kingston (EL5280) & Glendhu (EL5380))

At the wholly owned Kingston Project, the Company completed a geophysics survey as follow-up to a diamond drill program completed in early 2012, which returned a best result of 16.9m at 5.5g Au/t from 65.7m depth in DDK001, including 3.1m at 29.5g Au/t. Subsequent work focused on geophysical modelling and drill hole planning to test an Induced Polarisation anomaly located 300 metres southeast of the old Kingston mine workings.

At Glendhu, a reconnaissance program of rock chip and waste dump sampling was undertaken near the old Wimmera Gold Mine (687,245E, 5900180N, GDA94 Zone 54) and returned encouraging assay results.

(d) Western Victoria Copper Project (EL4590, EL5425, EL4973, EL5426 & EL5164)

During the year, the wholly-owned Eclipse copper-gold prospect was recognised as a large-tonnage porphyry-style copper-gold target containing potential ore grade mineralisation.

In early 2013, the Company trialled a broad pattern of ionic leach soils geochemistry over Eclipse. The program generated two high quality anomalies, each containing an overlap of elements considered indicative of proximal zones to a porphyry copper-gold core. In April 2013 a program of 20 shallow air-core and reverse circulation drill holes targeting these geochemical anomalies demonstrated further broad zones of potential ore grade mineralisation with assays typical of porphyry systems currently mined in Australia and overseas.

Highlights of the program included:

- 7.5 metres @ 0.41% Cu from 30m depth to end of hole in ACBR009 for a gold equivalent grade of 0.66 g/t;
- 25.5 metres @ 0.18% Cu (includes an interval of 4.5 metres @ 0.40% Cu) and 0.1 g/t Au from 24.0 metres to end of hole in ACBR010 for a gold equivalent grade of 0.37 g/t; and
- 13.5 metres @ 0.4% Zn and 0.3 g/t Au from 34.5 metres to end of hole in ACBR006 for a gold equivalent grade of 0.57 g/t.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

4. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (cont.)

4.3 Review of operations (cont.)

The Company has commenced work on next steps aimed at locating a potential high-grade copper and gold porphyry core, which will involve infill geochemistry, field mapping, petrology studies, geological modelling of the alteration zones and planning for deeper drilling.

In June 2013 a new porphyry-style copper and molybdenum target was identified on the recently granted Stavely licence (EL 5425), which is wholly owned by Navarre. The Lexington prospect, as it is now known, was uncovered from historical records revealed by the Geological Survey of Victoria (GSV).

Processing and evaluation of existing geophysical data over the Cambrian volcanic sequences was undertaken. Review and field checking has highlighted several priority gold and copper target anomalies for follow-up.

(e) Stawell Corridor Gold Project (Ararat (ELA5480) & Tatyoon (ELA5476))

Navarre was awarded priority over two mineral exploration licences covering the historic Ararat Goldfield and its possible southern extension located under shallow basalt cover at Tatyoon. The Minister's decision on grant of the licences is anticipated in late 2013.

(f) Ballarat South Gold Project (EL 4996)

Exploration licence EL 4996 was surrendered following a review.

4.4 Review of financial position

(a) Results for the year

The net loss for the financial year, after provision for income tax, was \$610,770 (2012: loss after tax of \$843,061).

(b) Review of financial condition at the balance date

At balance date the Group held cash and cash equivalents of \$571,281. During the year the Group decreased the cash balance by \$883,853 following net capital raisings of \$515,011 (from the Company's 2012 share purchase plan) and interest received of \$47,937 which was used to partially meet exploration and capital cash outflows of \$1,135,960 and corporate costs of \$310,841.

(c) Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group

Significant changes in the affairs of the Group during the financial year were as follows:

- (i) On 16 July 2012, the Company announced the appointment of Mr Wessley Edgar as Exploration Manager, effective 13 August 2012. Chief Geologist, Mr Steve Harper ceased employment with the Company on 6 July 2012.
- (ii) 300,000 unlisted Navarre options lapsed as a result of Mr Harper ceasing employment with the Company.
- (iii) On 5 September 2012, the Company announced its agreement with Crocodile Gold Corp. (Crocodile) to convert Crocodile's right to earn a majority interest in Tandarra (EL 4897) into a 2% net smelter royalty (NSR) over future gold production at Tandarra. Navarre has the right to buy back 1% of the NSR for \$2 million within four years, which would reduce the NSR to 1%.
- (iv) In November 2012, Navarre raised \$569,000 (before transaction costs) from issuing 3,793,370 ordinary shares at a price of \$0.15 per share through a share purchase plan. On 1 November 2012, 3,793,370 new shares were allotted, pursuant to the share purchase plan.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

4. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (cont.)

4.4 Review of financial position

- (v) On 30 November 2012, the Annual General Meeting of shareholders approved the following resolutions:
 - The issue of 800,000 options over unissued ordinary shares in the capital of the Company under the Company's Option Plan to directors of the Company; and
 - The issue of 500,000 options over unissued ordinary shares in the capital of the Company under the Company's Option Plan to the Managing Director of the Company.
- (vi) In December 2012, 1,846,693 options over fully paid ordinary shares (Bonus Options) were allotted and issued to eligible shareholders (being shareholders who subscribed for shares under the Company's 2012 share purchase plan) who accepted the offer of bonus options made pursuant to the Company's prospectus dated 2 November 2012.

d. Significant events after the balance date

In July 2013, the Company received a \$1.4 million Research and Development (R&D) tax refund under the Federal Government's R&D Tax Incentive Scheme. The refund relates to the costs of research and development conducted by the Company as part of its exploration programs during the 2012 financial year. This provided a significant cash inflow to the Group.

Other than the above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or state of affairs of the Group, in future financial years.

(e) Likely developments and expected results

During the course of the next financial year, the Group will continue its mineral exploration activities and will investigate additional resource opportunities in which the Group may wish to participate.

The Group is mindful of the external economic conditions currently affecting the resource industry and is responding with a considered and methodical program of cost reductions. The Group is working to strike a balance between conserving cash resources and maintaining exploration activities at reduced expenditure levels. Strategies implemented to date include staff reductions, reduced hours of work and cessation of work programs not linked to advancing the Group's key prospects.

4.5 Business strategy and prospects for future financial years

(a) Business strategy

The Group's mission is to reward shareholders by creating value through mineral discovery.

The Group's goal is to define a maiden mineral resource and to become a low cost Victorian copper and gold producer through exploration success. The Group undertakes an active exploration program within emerging and proven mineral corridors, with the objective of identifying economic copper and gold mineral deposits. The Group's strategy for the next twelve months is to focus its financial and managerial resources on development of its most prospective mineral opportunities at Tandarra and Black Range – Stavely.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

- 4. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (cont.)
- 4.5 Business strategy and prospects for future financial years
- (b) Future prospects of the Group

The key driver of the Group's future prospects will be the success of its exploration programs. The discovery of an economic mineral deposit has the potential to significantly increase shareholder wealth.

The key material risks faced by the Group that are likely to have an effect on its future financial prospects include:

- (i) exploration risk the Group's mineral tenements are in the early stages of exploration, and there can be no assurance that exploration of the tenements currently held by the Group, or any other tenements that may be acquired in the future, will result in the discovery of an economic mineral deposit. Until the Group is able to realise value from its mineral tenements, it is likely to incur ongoing operating losses. If exploration is successful, there will be additional costs and processes involved in moving to the development phase. By its nature, exploration risk can never be fully mitigated, but the Group has the benefit of significant exploration expertise through its management team and of operational and business expertise at both board and management level;
- (ii) requirements for capital as exploration costs reduce the Group's cash reserves, the Group will require additional capital to support the long term exploration and evaluation of its projects. The past twelve months have been characterised by equity market volatility and poor market sentiment towards the mineral exploration sector, which has limited the Group's access to capital. The Group has responded to the external economic conditions affecting the resources industry with a considered and methodical program of cost reductions. The Group is working to strike a balance between conserving cash and maintaining exploration activities at reduced levels. If the Group is unable to obtain additional financing as needed, through equity, debt or joint venture financing, it may be required to further scale back its exploration programs. The Group is currently funded to execute its planned exploration programs, with a cash balance of \$1.6 million as at 6 September 2013. The Group will continue to consider capital raising initiatives, as required, including possible corporate opportunities; and
- (iii) tenement title the Group could lose title to its mineral tenements if insufficient funds are available to meet the relevant annual expenditure commitments, as and when they arise. The Group considers that this is an unlikely scenario. The Group closely monitors its compliance with licence conditions, including expenditure commitments, and maintains a dialogue with the relevant State government representatives who are responsible for enforcing licence conditions.

This is not intended to be an exhaustive list of the risk factors to which the Company is exposed.

Navarre Minerals is also exposed to a range of market, financial and governance risks. The Company has risk management and internal control systems to manage material business risks which include insurance coverage over major operational activities and regular review of material business risks by the Board.

5. SHARE OPTIONS

Compensation options issued during the financial year

During the financial year, the Company issued 800,000 share options to non-executive directors of the Company and 500,000 share options to the Managing Director of the Company (pursuant to shareholder approvals obtained at the Company's 2012 Annual General Meeting), as well as 590,000 share options to senior employees of the Company.

Other options issued during the financial year

Pursuant to a Prospectus lodged by the Company on 2 November 2012, the Company issued 1,846,693 bonus share options to participants in the Company's share purchase plan, on the basis of one free option for every two new shares subscribed for under the share purchase plan.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

5. SHARE OPTIONS

Unissued shares under option

At the date of this report, there were 6,036,693 unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option. The terms of these options are as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number
31 December 2013	\$0.25	250,000
31 December 2013	\$0.20	1,846,693
31 December 2014	\$0.20	1,500,000
31 December 2014	\$0.25	650,000
31 December 2015	\$0.25	250,000
31 December 2015	\$0.30	400,000
31 December 2015	\$0.35	400,000
31 December 2016	\$0.30	300,000
30 June 2017	\$0.30	40,000
31 December 2017	\$0.15	400,000

These options do not entitle the holder to participate in any share issue of the Company.

Shares issued on the exercise of Options

During or since the end of the financial year, there has been no issue of ordinary shares as a result of the exercise of options.

6. INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS

The Company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring all directors of the Company against legal costs incurred in defending proceedings as permitted by Section 199B of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

7. BOARD AND COMMITTEE MEETINGS

The following table sets out the members of the Board of Directors and the members of the Committees of the Board, the number of meetings of the Board and of the Committees held during the year and the number of meetings attended during each director's period of office.

	Board of Directors		Audit Committee		Remuneration & Nomination Committee	
	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В
K Wilson	12	12	3	3	5	5
G McDermott	12	12			5	5
J Dorward	12	12	4	4	5	5
C H Naylor	12	12	4	4	5	5

A – Number of meetings attended

8. AUDITOR INDEPENDENCE AND NON-AUDIT SERVICES

The directors have received the independence declaration from the auditor, RSM Bird Cameron Partners, set out on page 14.

Non Audit Services

There were no non-audit services provided during the year by Auditor RSM Bird Cameron Partners.

B – Number of meetings held during the time the director held office during the year



RSM Bird Cameron Partners

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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Navarre Minerals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

RSM BIRD CAMERON PARTNERS

J S/CROALL Partner

Dated: 19 September 2013 Melbourne, Victoria





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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

9. REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited)

The Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2013 outlines the remuneration arrangements of the Company, in accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001* and its regulations.

The information provided in this Remuneration Report has been audited as required by Section 308(3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001*. This Remuneration Report forms part of the Directors' Report.

The Remuneration Report details the remuneration arrangements for Key Management Personnel ("KMP"), who are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the Company.

9.1 Key Management Personnel for the year ended 30 June 2013

Directors

K Wilson Chairman (non-executive)

G McDermott Managing Director

J Dorward Director (non-executive)

C H Naylor Director (independent non-executive)

Executives

W Edgar Exploration Manager (appointed 13 August 2012)

J Nosworthy Company Secretary

S Harper Chief Geologist (resigned 06 July 2012)

9.2 Board oversight of remuneration

The policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for directors and executives is set by the Board of Directors as a whole. The Board established a Remuneration and Nomination (R&N) Committee to provide the Board with a regular, structured opportunity to focus on remuneration and nomination issues. All directors of the Company, including the Managing Director, are members of the R&N Committee. Any potential for, or perception of, conflict of interest resulting from the Managing Director's membership of the R&N Committee is addressed by ensuring that the Managing Director withdraws from committee meetings during any discussion of his remuneration arrangements or performance, and takes no part in the discussion or decision-making process in relation to such matters.

The Board may obtain professional advice when appropriate to ensure that the Company attracts and retains talented and motivated directors and employees who can enhance Company performance through their contributions and leadership.

9.3 Non-executive director remuneration arrangements

The Board seeks to set non-executive director remuneration at a level that provides the Company with the ability to attract and retain directors of high calibre, at a cost acceptable to shareholders.

The amount of aggregate remuneration approved by shareholders and the fee structure for non-executive directors is reviewed annually by the Board against fees paid to non-executive directors of comparable companies.

The Company's Constitution and the ASX Listing Rules specify that the aggregate remuneration of non-executive directors must be determined from time to time by members in a general meeting. An amount not exceeding the amount determined is then divided between the directors as agreed. The maximum aggregate annual remuneration for non-executive directors is currently set at \$300,000 per annum. Any increase in this amount will require shareholder approval at a general meeting.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

9. REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (cont.)

9.3 Non-executive director remuneration arrangements (cont.)

Non-executive directors are remunerated at marketplace levels by way of fixed fees, in the form of cash and statutory superannuation contributions, and options issued through the Navarre Minerals Limited Option Plan ("NMLOP"). The Chairman, Mr Wilson, receives a base fee of \$40,000 per annum (excluding statutory superannuation) and the other non-executive directors receive \$30,000 per annum (excluding statutory superannuation).

In addition, the directors are entitled to be paid all travelling and other expenses they incur in attending to the Company's affairs, including attending and returning from general meetings of the Company or meetings of the Board or of committees of the Board. No additional remuneration is paid to directors for service on board committees or on the board of the wholly owned subsidiary, but additional remuneration may be paid to directors if they are called upon to perform extra services or make any special exertion for the purposes of the Company. In November 2012, the Board (excluding Mr Naylor) approved a \$5,000 (plus statutory superannuation) payment to Mr Naylor, the Chairman of the Audit Committee, by way of additional remuneration for the significant amount of time and effort expended by him in connection with the preparation of the Company's 2012 financial accounts.

The non-executive directors have no leave entitlements and do not receive any retirement benefits, other than statutory superannuation and salary sacrifice superannuation (if directors wish to exercise their discretion to make additional superannuation contributions by way of salary sacrifice).

The remuneration of the Company's non-executive directors for the year ended 30 June 2013 and 30 June 2012 is detailed in Table 1 and Table 2 of this Remuneration Report.

9.4 Executive remuneration arrangements

The Company aims to reward executives with a level and mix of remuneration commensurate with their position and responsibilities within the Company and so as to:

- ensure total remuneration is competitive by market standards;
- reward executives for exceptional individual performance; and
- align the interests of executives with those of shareholders.

Executive remuneration consists of fixed remuneration and, where appropriate, variable (at risk) remuneration.

Fixed remuneration

The base salaries of the Managing Director and other executives are fixed. Fixed remuneration is set at a market competitive level, taking into account an individual's responsibilities, performance, qualifications and experience, and current market conditions in the mining industry. Base salaries are reviewed annually, but executive contracts do not guarantee any increases in fixed remuneration. In light of the financial environment in which the Company is currently operating, it was considered appropriate to maintain the base salaries of the Company's executives at 2012 levels for calendar year 2013.

Executives receive statutory superannuation from the Company and may, in their discretion, make additional superannuation contributions by way of salary sacrifice.

The fixed component of executives' remuneration is detailed in Table 1 and Table 2 of this Report.

Variable/at risk remuneration

The performance of executives is measured against criteria agreed annually with each executive and is based predominantly on the overall success of the Company in achieving its broader corporate goals. Variable remuneration is linked to predetermined performance criteria.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

9. REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (cont.)

9.4 Executive remuneration arrangements (cont.)

Short term incentives

Managing Director

The Managing Director's remuneration package for calendar year 2012 included a short term incentive in the form of a cash payment of up to \$60,000, subject to achievement of agreed KPIs. Those KPIs comprised performance measures in relation to:

- health and safety, because the Company regards the safety of its people as a major priority; and
- delivery of drill programs and exploration success, because these are key drivers of shareholder value.

In February 2013, the R&N Committee (excluding the Managing Director) assessed the Managing Director's performance against his 2012 short term incentive KPIs and determined that three of the five KPIs had been met. Accordingly, the Board (excluding the Managing Director) approved a cash payment of \$36,000 to the Managing Director by way of short term incentive for calendar year 2013.

The Managing Director's remuneration package for calendar year 2013 includes a short term incentive in the form of a cash payment of up to \$60,000, subject to achievement of agreed KPIs. Those KPIs comprise performance measures in relation to:

- health and safety, because the Company regards the safety of its people as a major priority;
- delivery of operating programs and exploration success, because these are key drivers of shareholder value;
 and
- delivery of finance at reasonable cost that enables the Company to execute its business plans.

The Managing Director's performance against these KPIs will be assessed by the R&N Committee (excluding the Managing Director) at its first meeting in 2014.

Exploration Manager

The Exploration Manager commenced employment with the Company in August 2012. His initial remuneration package included a short term incentive for the remainder of calendar year 2012 in the form of a cash payment of up to \$30,000, subject to achievement of agreed KPIs. The amount of any short term incentive payment for 2012 would be calculated on a pro rata basis for the period between commencement of the Exploration Manager's employment and 31 December 2012. The Exploration Manager's KPIs for 2012 were the same as those applicable to the Managing Director's 2012 short term incentive. In February 2013, the R&N Committee assessed the Exploration Manager's performance against his 2012 short term incentive KPIs and determined that three of the five KPIs had been met. Accordingly, a cash payment of \$7,500 was made to the Exploration Manager.

The Exploration Manager's remuneration package for calendar year 2013 includes a short term incentive in the form of a cash payment of up to \$30,000, subject to achievement of agreed KPIs. Those KPIs comprise performance measures in relation to:

- health and safety, because the Company regards the safety of its people as a major priority; and
- delivery of drill programs and exploration success, because these are key drivers of shareholder value.

The Exploration Manager's performance against these KPIs will be assessed by the R&N Committee at its first meeting in 2014.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

9. REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (cont.)

9.4 Executive remuneration arrangements (cont.)

Long term incentives

The Company considers the retention of high calibre staff to be essential to the growth and success of the Company. Executives are eligible to participate in the NMLOP, which is used to provide long term performance and retention incentives, as appropriate, in the form of the grant of share options over unissued shares in the Company.

Managing Director

The Managing Director's remuneration package for calendar year 2012 included long term performance and retention incentives in the form of share options, to be granted subject to achievement of agreed KPIs. The Managing Director was eligible for the grant of up to 500,000 options (250,000 as a long term performance incentive and 250,000 as a long term retention incentive), subject to KPIs related to improvement in the Company's share price during the 2012 calendar year, relative to the prevailing share price when the KPIs were set in March 2012. The Managing Director was eligible to receive 125,000 options if the volume weighted average price (VWAP) of the Company's shares in December 2012 was 30 cents or higher, and a further 125,000 options if the VWAP was 35 cents or higher. The Managing Director was also eligible to receive 125,000 options if the Company's share price on 31 December 2012 was 30 cents or higher, and a further 125,000 options if the share price on 31 December 2012 was 35 cents or higher. The Company obtained shareholder approval for the grant of these options (subject to achievement of the applicable KPIs) at the Company's 2012 AGM. In February 2013, the R&N Committee (excluding the Managing Director) determined that none of the KPIs applicable to the Managing Director's 2012 long term incentive options had been met and, accordingly, no options were granted to the Managing Director by way of long term incentive in respect of calendar year 2012.

The Managing Director's remuneration package for calendar year 2013 includes a long term incentive in the form of a grant of up to 600,000 share options, subject to achievement of agreed KPIs. The KPIs relate to improvement in the Company's share price during the 2013 calendar year, relative to the prevailing share price when the KPIs were set by the Board (excluding the Managing Director) in February 2013. The Managing Director will be eligible to receive 300,000 options if the volume weighted average price (VWAP) of the Company's shares in December 2013 is 15 cents or higher, and a further 300,000 options if the VWAP is 20 cents or higher. Shareholder approval for the grant of these options will be sought at the Company's 2013 AGM. The Managing Director's performance against his 2013 long term incentive KPIs will be assessed by the R&N Committee (excluding the Managing Director) at its first meeting in 2014. No options will be granted to the Managing Director unless shareholder approval has been obtained and the applicable KPIs have been met.

• Exploration Manager

The Exploration Manager's remuneration package for calendar year 2013 includes a long term incentive in the form of a grant of up to 500,000 share options. The Exploration Manager is eligible to receive 100,000 options if he is employed by the Company at 31 December 2013. The remaining 400,000 options are subject to achievement of agreed KPIs, which mirror the Managing Director's long term incentive KPIs and relate to improvement in the Company's share price during the 2013 calendar year. The Exploration Manager will be eligible to receive 200,000 options if the VWAP of the Company's shares in December 2013 is 15 cents or higher, and a further 200,000 options if the VWAP is 20 cents or higher. At its first meeting in 2014, the R&N Committee will assess the Exploration Manager's performance against his 2013 long term incentive KPIs. No options will be granted to the Exploration Manager unless the applicable KPIs have been met.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

9. REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (cont.)

9.4 Executive remuneration arrangements (cont.)

Other executives and senior employees

During the financial year, other executives and senior employees have been granted options which have time-based vesting conditions, therefore requiring them to remain employed with the Company through to the vesting date of the options.

See page 23 for details of all options granted to the Managing Director and other key management personnel during the financial year.

The Company prohibits executives from entering into arrangements to protect the value of unvested share options. The prohibition includes entering into contracts to hedge their exposure to options awarded as part of their remuneration package.

Subject to the exception noted below, the Managing Director approves the terms and conditions of consultants' contracts, including fees, taking into account market conditions for the services that are provided. Consulting contracts do not include any guaranteed fee increases.

In the case of the Company's consulting contract with non-executive director Mr Dorward, the terms and conditions of the contract were approved by the Board (excluding Mr Dorward).

9.5 Executive Contractual Arrangements

Remuneration arrangements for Key Management Personnel are formalised in service agreements. Details of these contracts are provided below.

Managing Director

Mr Geoff McDermott entered into an executive service agreement dated 10 December 2010 which contains the following major terms (including amendments made in March 2013):-

- Term: From 31 March 2011 until either the Company or Mr McDermott terminates the agreement.
- Notice: The Company may terminate the agreement at any time by giving six months' notice in writing. Mr McDermott may terminate the agreement at any time by giving six months' written notice to the Company or on one month's written notice to the Company if a 'fundamental change' to his employment occurs or the Company has failed to remedy a notified breach of its obligations under the agreement. The Company may immediately terminate the agreement by giving written notice in certain circumstances, including if serious misconduct has occurred. The Company may elect to pay Mr McDermott in lieu of part or all of any notice period.
- Base salary: Mr McDermott's total fixed remuneration is \$245,936 per annum plus statutory superannuation (\$16,470). This is reviewed by the R&N Committee (excluding the Managing Director) on an annual basis. In line with the Company's emphasis on cost management in a difficult external economic environment, Mr McDermott elected, on review in April 2013, to maintain his total fixed remuneration at the level set in April 2012.
- **Short-term incentive:** Mr McDermott is eligible to receive an annual short-term incentive payment on terms decided by the Board (excluding the Managing Director). For calendar year 2013, the maximum short-term incentive payment that Mr McDermott is eligible to receive is \$60,000.
- Long-term incentive: Subject to receiving any required or appropriate shareholder approval, Mr McDermott is eligible to participate in the Company's long-term incentive arrangements (as amended or replaced) on terms decided by the Board. For calendar year 2013, the maximum number of options that may be granted to Mr McDermott by way of long-term incentives is 600,000, depending on the achievement of KPIs as approved by the Board.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

9. REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (cont.)

9.5 Executive Contractual Arrangements (cont.)

- **Termination payments:** If Mr McDermott's employment is terminated by the Company for any reason (other than in circumstances warranting summary dismissal), Mr McDermott is entitled to a retirement benefit calculated as one month's total fixed remuneration, plus two weeks' total fixed remuneration for each completed or part-completed year of continuous service with the Company. If Mr McDermott resigns within six months of a 'fundamental change', Mr McDermott is entitled to a lump sum payment equivalent to the total fixed remuneration paid to Mr McDermott in the six months prior to his resignation.

Exploration Manager

Mr Wessley Edgar entered into an executive service agreement dated 13 August 2012 which contains the following major terms:-

- Term: From 13 August 2012 until either the Company or Mr Edgar terminates the agreement.
- Notice: The Company may terminate the agreement at any time by giving three months' notice in writing. Mr Edgar may terminate the agreement at any time by giving three months' written notice to the Company or on one month's written notice to the Company if a 'fundamental change' to his employment occurs or the Company has failed to remedy a notified breach of its obligations under the agreement. The Company may immediately terminate the agreement by giving written notice in certain circumstances, including where serious misconduct has occurred. The Company may elect to pay Mr Edgar in lieu of part or all of any notice period.
- Base salary: Mr Edgar's total fixed remuneration is \$228,780 per annum plus statutory superannuation (\$16,470). Total fixed remuneration is reviewed by the R&N Committee on an annual basis. Mr Edgar's total fixed remuneration remains unchanged since he commenced employment with the Company in August 2012.
- **Short-term incentive:** Mr Edgar is eligible to receive an annual short-term incentive payment on terms decided by the Board. For calendar year 2013, the maximum short-term incentive payment that Mr Edgar is eligible to receive is \$30.000.
- **Long-term incentive:** Mr Edgar is eligible to participate in the Company's long-term incentive arrangements (as amended or replaced) on terms decided by the Board. For calendar year 2013, the maximum number of options that may be granted to Mr Edgar by way of long-term incentives is 500,000, depending on the achievement of KPIs as approved by the Board.
- Termination payments: If Mr Edgar's employment is terminated by the Company for any reason (other than in circumstances warranting summary dismissal), or if Mr Edgar resigns due to a 'fundamental change' or a failure by the Company to remedy a notified breach of its obligations, Mr Edgar is entitled to a retirement benefit calculated as one month's total fixed remuneration, plus two weeks' total fixed remuneration for each completed or part-completed year of continuous service with the Company.

Other Executives

All executives have standard employment agreements. The Company may terminate the executive's employment agreement by written notice (ranging from four weeks to three months' notice) or providing payment in lieu of the notice period (based on the fixed component of the executive's remuneration). The Company may terminate the agreement at any time without notice if serious misconduct has occurred. The executive may terminate the agreement by written notice to the Company (ranging from four weeks to three months' notice). In the case of the Company Secretary, she is entitled to a retirement benefit calculated as one month's total fixed remuneration, plus two weeks' total fixed remuneration for each completed or part-completed year of continuous service with the Company, if her employment is terminated by the Company for any reason (other than in circumstances warranting summary dismissal), or if she resigns due to a 'fundamental change' or a failure by the Company to remedy a notified breach of its obligations. For all employees, on cessation of employment, any options that have not vested will be forfeited and any options that have vested must be exercised within 90 days or will be forfeited.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

9. REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (cont.)

9.6 Remuneration of Key Management Personnel of the Company

Table 1: Remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2013

		Short term		Post Employment	Share- based Payment	Long term	Total	Performance Related
	Directors fees \$	Salary \$	STI cash bonus \$	Superannuation benefits \$	Option plan ¹ \$	Long service leave \$	\$	%
Non- executive direct	tors							
K Wilson	40,000	-	-	3,700	15,678	-	59,378	26.4
J Dorward ²	30,000	5,000	-	2,775	12,798	-	50,573	25.3
C H Naylor ³	35,000	-	-	3,238	12,798	-	51,036	25.1
Sub-total non-executive directors	105,000	5,000	-	9,713	41,274	-	160,987	25.6
Executive director G McDermott	_	237,406	36,000	25,000	38,732	_	337,138	22.2
Other key manageme	nt personnel	2077.00	30,000	23,000	30,732		557,155	
W Edgar ⁴	-	203,849	7,500	14,913	4,029	-	230,291	5.0
J Nosworthy	-	58,623	-	5,282	11,452	-	75,357	15.2
S Harper	-	11,106	=	777	ı	-	11,883	-
Other key managemen	Other key management personnel – consultants							
Sub-total executive KMP	-	510,984	43,500	45,972	54,213	-	654,669	14.9
TOTAL	105,000	515,984	43,500	55,685	95,487	-	815,656	17.0

¹Refer Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements for fair value calculation of options.

²Includes fees paid for consulting services provided by entities of the director. Refer to Note 19 for details.

³Includes a one-off payment of \$5,000 (plus superannuation) for additional work as Chairman of Audit Committee.

⁴Commenced employment on 13 August 2012.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

9. REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (cont.)

9.6 Remuneration of Key Management Personnel of the Company (cont.)

Table 2: Remuneration for the year ended 30 June 2012

		Short term		Post Employment	Share- based Payment	Long term	Total	Performance Related
	Directors fees \$	Salary \$	STI cash bonus \$	Superannuation benefits \$	Option plan¹ \$	Long service leave \$	\$	%
Non- executive direc	tors							
K Wilson	40,000	-	-	3,600	26,682	-	70,282	38.0
J Dorward ²	30,000	50,000	-	2,700	21,345	-	104,045	20.5
C H Naylor	20,275	-	-	12,425	21,345	ı	54,045	39.5
Sub-total non-executive directors	90,275	50,000	-	18,725	69,372	1	228,372	30.4
Executive director	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>, </u>		,	•		,	
G McDermott	-	227,928	50,000	25,000	64,310	-	367,238	31.1
Other key manageme	ent personnel							
S Harper	-	132,150	-	12,275	15,562	-	159,987	9.7
J Nosworthy	-	40,446	-	3,640	3,851	I	47,937	8.0
Other key management personnel – consultants								
T Shard ³	-	19,899	-	-	-	ı	19,899	<u> </u>
Sub-total executive KMP	-	420,423	50,000	40,915	83,723	-	595,061	22.5
TOTAL	90,275	470,423	50,000	59,640	153,095	-	823,433	24.7

¹Refer Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements for fair value calculation of options.

9.7 Remuneration Mix

The Company's executive remuneration is structured as a mix of fixed annual remuneration and variable 'at risk' remuneration. The mix of these components varies for different management levels.

Table 3: Relative proportion and components of total remuneration packages for the year ended 30 June 2013

	% of Total Remuneration					
		Performance-based	remuneration			
	Fixed remuneration	Short Term Incentive	Long Term Incentive			
	%	%	%			
Directors						
K Wilson	81.2	-	18.8			
G McDermott	83.8	11.5	4.7			
J Dorward	83.5	-	16.5			
C H Naylor	82.0	-	18.0			
	·	·				
W Edgar	94.0	3.2	2.8			
J Nosworthy	85.7	-	14.3			
S Harper	100.0	-	-			

²Includes fees paid/payable for consulting services provided by entities of the director. Refer to Note 19 for details.

³Represents fees paid/payable for services provided by entities of the consultant.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

9. REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (cont.)

9.8 Equity instruments

Table 4: Options granted, vested and lapsed during the year

	Number of options granted during 2013	Grant date	Fair value per option at grant date (\$)	Exercise price per option (\$)	Expiry Date	Vest Date	Number of options vested during 2013	Number of options lapsed during 2013
Directors								
K Wilson	150,000	30 Nov 12	0.0322	0.30	31 Dec 15	31 Dec 12 ¹	-	-
K Wilson	150,000	30 Nov 12	0.0352	0.35	31 Dec 15	31 Dec 12 ¹	-	-
G McDermott	250,000	30 Nov 12	0.0148	0.25	31 Dec 13	30 Nov 12 ¹	-	-
G McDermott	83,333	30 Nov 12	0.0398	0.25	31 Dec 15	30 Nov 12 ¹	-	-
G McDermott	83,333	30 Nov 12	0.0407	0.25	31 Dec 15	1 Jan 13 ¹	-	-
G McDermott	83,334	30 Nov 12	0.0502	0.25	31 Dec 15	1 Jan 14 ¹	-	-
J Dorward	125,000	30 Nov 12	0.0322	0.30	31 Dec 15	31 Dec 12 ¹	-	-
J Dorward	125,000	30 Nov 12	0.0352	0.35	31 Dec 15	31 Dec 12 ¹	-	-
C H Naylor	125,000	30 Nov 12	0.0322	0.30	31 Dec 15	31 Dec 12 ¹	-	-
C H Naylor	125,000	30 Nov 12	0.0352	0.35	31 Dec 15	31 Dec 12 ¹	-	-
K Wilson	-	25 Nov 11	-	-	31 Dec 14	31 Dec 12	125,000	-
G McDermott	-	21 Mar 11	-	-	31 Dec 14	31 Dec 12	500,000	-
J Dorward	-	25 Nov 11	-	-	31 Dec 14	31 Dec 12	100,000	-
C H Naylor	-	25 Nov 11	-	-	31 Dec 14	31 Dec 12	100,000	-
Executives								
W Edgar	50,000	29 Oct 12	0.0381	0.30	31 Dec 16	1 Jan 13 ¹	-	-
W Edgar	50,000	29 Oct 12	0.0459	0.30	31 Dec 16	1 Jan 14 ¹	-	-
W Edgar	50,000	29 Oct 12	0.0528	0.30	31 Dec 16	1 Jan 15 ¹	-	-
J Nosworthy	66,667	12 Mar 13	0.0488	0.15	31 Dec 17	1 Jan 14 ¹	-	-
J Nosworthy	66,667	12 Mar 13	0.0534	0.15	31 Dec 17	1 Jan 15 ¹	-	-
J Nosworthy	66,666	12 Mar 13	0.0576	0.15	31 Dec 17	1 Jan 16 ¹	-	-
J Nosworthy	-	19 Mar 12	-	-	31 Dec 16	1 Jan 13	33,333	-
S Harper	-	12 May 11	-	-	12 May 17	-	-	200,000
S Harper	-	19 Mar 12	-	-	31 Dec 16	-	-	100,000

¹ Closing share price must exceed exercise price for 10 consecutive trading days after the vesting date.

All options expire on the earlier of their expiry date or termination of the employee's employment. These options do not entitle the holder to participate in any share issue of the Company.

Table 5: Shares issued on exercise of options

There was no exercise of compensation options during the reporting period.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

9. REMUNERATION REPORT (Audited) (cont.)

9.8 Equity instruments (cont.)

Table 6: Value of options granted, exercised and lapsed during the year

	Value of options granted during the year \$	Value of options exercised during the year \$	Value of options lapsed during the year \$
Directors			
K Wilson	10,110	-	-
G McDermott	14,592	-	-
J Dorward	8,425	-	-
C H Naylor	8,425	-	-
Executives			
W Edgar	6,480	-	-
J Nosworthy	10,653	-	-
S Harper	-	-	39,693

For details on the valuation of options, including models and assumptions used, please refer to Note 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

9.9 Company performance

The remuneration of executives and consultants is not linked to financial performance measures of the Company, with the exception of the Managing Director and the Exploration Manager who have long-term incentives linked to improvements in the Company's share price over the course of the calendar year.

In accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*, the following table summarises Navarre's performance over a two year period:

	2013	2012
Net profit/(loss) - \$000	(611)	(843)
Basic earnings/(loss) per share – cents per share	(0.79)	(1.57)
Share price at the beginning of year - \$	0.15	0.26
Share price at end of year - \$	0.045	0.15
Dividends per share – cents	Nil	Nil

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to s298(2) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors

Anderno H.

G McDermott Managing Director

Melbourne, 24 September 2013

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

INTRODUCTION

The Board and management are committed to good corporate governance and recognise the eight core principles contained in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations with 2010 amendments ("ASX Principles"). The Board assesses the compliance of the Company with the ASX Principles and, in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 4.10.3, reports the extent of the Company's compliance with the ASX Principles.

Additional information about the Company's corporate governance practices and policies is set out on the Company's website at www.navarre.com.au.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Principle 1 - Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

Companies should establish and disclose the respective roles and responsibilities of board and management.

Board Role and Responsibilities

The Board's primary role is to set the Company's values, direction, strategies and financial objectives and to ensure effective monitoring of corporate performance, capabilities and management of risk consistent with creating shareholder value and maintaining effective corporate governance. The Board is also responsible for the appointment, and for monitoring the performance, of the Managing Director.

The Board operates in accordance with the Company's Constitution and has adopted a Board charter which outlines a framework for the Board's operation, the matters reserved to the Board and the functions delegated to management. The charter is available on the Company's website.

Management Role and Responsibilities

Responsibility for the operation and administration of the Company and the implementation of the corporate strategy and budgets approved by the Board is formally delegated by the Board to the Managing Director, who is supported by a small team of executives. The performance of the Managing Director is formally reviewed annually and includes agreement on key performance measures for the following year. In February 2013, the Board assessed the performance of the Managing Director against his agreed key performance measures for 2012 and agreed his key performance measures for 2013, and the Chairman conducted a performance review with the Managing Director.

Newly appointed executives receive formal employment contracts describing their terms of appointment, duties, rights and responsibilities. The Managing Director conducts annual performance reviews for the executives reporting directly to him. The Managing Director completed performance reviews for his direct reports in December 2012.

Principle 2 - Structure the Board to add value

Companies should have a board of an effective composition, size and commitment to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties.

Board Composition and Expertise

At the date of this report, the Board comprises a non-executive chairman, two non-executive directors and the Managing Director. The roles of chairperson and managing director are not exercised by the same individual. A profile of each director is set out in the Directors' Report. The Board aims to ensure that it has a mix of skills and capabilities among its members, including technical skills, business development experience and financial management experience. The Board considers that the directors collectively bring the range of skills, knowledge and experience necessary to direct the Company. The size and composition of the Board, and its mix of skills and capabilities, is expected to change as the Company evolves.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Director Independence

A director is regarded as independent if that director is independent of management and free of any business or other relationship that could materially interfere with, or could reasonably be perceived to materially interfere with, the exercise of their unfettered and independent judgment. When determining the independent status of a director, the Board has regard to the existence of any of the relationships listed in Box 2.1 of the ASX Principles.

Mr Kevin Wilson and Mr John Dorward are not regarded as independent under the guidelines in Principle 2, as each of them is, or is an officer of, or otherwise associated directly with, a substantial shareholder of the Company. Mr Dorward has also provided consulting services to the Company in relation to business development, although these are not in themselves considered to be material. Accordingly, the Company does not meet Recommendation 2.1 of the ASX Principles (a majority of the board should be independent directors) or Recommendation 2.2 (the chair should be an independent director). Despite this, the Board considers that its composition is appropriate for the size and scale of the Company and its activities, and that the Company benefits from Mr Wilson's and Mr Dorward's long-standing experience in the resources and finance industries. Mr Wilson and Mr Dorward also consider that they bring quality, independent judgment to bear on all relevant issues falling within the scope of the role of chairman and non-executive director (respectively), notwithstanding their substantial interests in shares of the Company.

As the Company evolves, the Board will consider the appointment of additional independent directors when appropriate.

Remuneration and Nomination Committee

The Board has established a Remuneration and Nomination (R&N) Committee to provide the Board with a regular, structured opportunity to focus on remuneration and nomination issues. The role and responsibilities of the Committee are set out in the Committee's Charter, which is available on the Company's website. The Committee is chaired by Mr Kevin Wilson. Given the size of the Board, all members of the Board are members of the R&N Committee. The Directors' Report sets out the attendance of directors at meetings of the R&N Committee.

Recommendations for nomination of new directors are considered by the R&N Committee and approved by the Board as a whole.

Retirement and Re-election of Directors

The Company's Constitution states that at each annual general meeting, one third of the Company's non-executive directors cease to hold office. Directors who retire as required may offer themselves for re-election by shareholders. Any director appointed to fill a casual vacancy since the date of the previous annual general meeting must also submit themselves to shareholders for election at the next annual general meeting.

Board Performance Evaluation

In June 2013, the Board completed a review of the performance of the Board and its committees. Directors completed an agreed questionnaire, the results of which were confidentially summarised and distributed, and were then discussed at a meeting of the R&N Committee. An action plan to address areas for development has been formulated.

Professional Advice

In accordance with the Board Charter, each director has the right to seek independent professional advice to assist them to carry out their duties as directors, at the expense of the Company, after consultation with the Chairman. No independent professional advice was sought during the financial year.

All directors also have direct access to the management of the Company, including the Company Secretary.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Principle 3 - Promote ethical and responsible decision-making

Companies should actively promote ethical and responsible decision-making.

Code of Conduct

The Board has adopted a Code of Conduct that sets the standard of ethical behaviour required of the Company's directors and employees. The Code of Conduct is posted on the Company's website. Failure to comply with the Code of Conduct may result in the Board requiring the resignation of any director or employee who breaches the Code.

Diversity

The Board has also adopted a Diversity Policy, which is available on the Company's website. This policy affirms the Board's commitment to workplace diversity for the Company (including gender diversity). It includes requirements for the Board to establish measureable objectives for achieving gender diversity and for the Board to assess annually both the objectives and progress in achieving them.

The Board reports that the Company's workforce, although small, includes significant female participation at all levels. As at 30 June 2013, 50% of the Company's employees (inclusive of permanent and casual staff) were women, including three of four direct reports to the Managing Director.

The Company's objective is to maintain a significant level of female participation in the Company's workforce at all levels, with a particular emphasis on gender diversity in technical roles. Given the size of the Company and the challenges of recruiting appropriately qualified staff in a regional area, the Board considers it unrealistic to commit to a specific level of female participation in the Company's workforce on an ongoing basis. However, the Board supports measures to attract women to the Company, including continuing to offer flexible work arrangements and setting out clear expectations of behaviours for employees that foster a supportive and inclusive work environment.

There are no female members of the Board at the date of this report. If a vacancy arises or the Board is expanded in future, the Board will consider a diverse range of candidates who will be assessed on merit based on their judgment, skills, experience with business and other organisations of a comparable size, the interplay of the candidate's experience with the experience of other Board members and the extent to which the candidate would be a desirable addition to the Board and its committees.

Principle 4 - Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

Companies should have a structure to independently verify and safeguard the integrity of their financial reporting.

Audit Committee

The Board has an Audit Committee. Its role and responsibilities are set out in its charter, which is posted on the Company's website. The Committee is chaired by Mr Naylor, who is an independent non-executive director with substantial accounting/financial experience. The other committee members are Mr Dorward and Mr Wilson, both non-executive directors with substantial finance and industry experience. The qualifications of Mr Naylor, Mr Dorward and Mr Wilson and their attendance at meetings are described in detail in the Directors' Report. The Audit Committee met four times during the year as stated in the Directors' Report.

The structure of the Audit Committee meets Recommendation 4.2 of the ASX Principles insofar as it consists only of non-executive directors, has at least three members and is chaired by an independent chair who is not chair of the Board. It does not meet Recommendation 4.2 insofar as it does not consist of a majority of independent directors. Given the current size of the Company and the Board, and the current stage of development and straightforward structure of the Group, the Directors consider that the Audit Committee is of sufficient size and technical expertise to discharge its mandate effectively.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

External Auditor Relationship

The Company's independent external auditor is RSM Bird Cameron Partners. RSM Bird Cameron Partners was appointed by shareholders at the 2011 Annual General Meeting in accordance with the Corporations Act. The Audit Committee oversees the terms of engagement of the Company's external auditor, including provisions directed at maintaining the independence of the external auditor and in assessing whether the provision of any proposed non-audit services by the external auditor is appropriate. The Company requires the rotation of the external audit engagement partner at least every five years.

Principle 5 - Make timely and balanced disclosure

Companies should promote timely and balanced disclosure of all material matters concerning the company.

The Company has an obligation under the ASX Listing Rules to ensure that all investors have equal and timely access to factual, material information concerning the Company, presented in a clear and balanced way. The Company has a Continuous Disclosure Policy that includes procedures designed to ensure compliance with the ASX Listing Rules' disclosure requirements and to ensure accountability at senior executive level for the compliance. This policy is available on the Company's website.

Principle 6 - Respect the rights of shareholders

Companies should respect the rights of shareholders and facilitate the effective exercise of those rights.

Shareholder Communication

The Company has a formal policy on shareholder communication, which reflects the Board's objective of maintaining active communication with shareholders as owners of the Company. Mechanisms used by the Company for communicating with shareholders include:

- the Company's annual report, which is distributed, or otherwise made available, to all shareholders;
- the Company's quarterly activities reports;
- the Company's half-year financial report;
- the Company's annual general meeting and other general meetings called to obtain shareholder approval for significant corporate actions, as appropriate;
- Company announcements;
- the Company's website; and
- direct email alerts of ASX releases and other information to shareholders and other interested parties who register their email address via the Company's website.

The Company posts all shareholder-related information and Company ASX announcements (other than disclosures of a routine compliance nature) on the Company's website www.navarre.com.au in an accessible manner.

Shareholder Meetings

The Company encourages shareholders attending annual and other general meetings to ask questions of the directors regarding the Company's governance and business performance, and of the external auditor regarding the conduct of the audit and the contents of the audit report. In addition, the Company welcomes questions from shareholders at any time and these are answered promptly unless the information requested is market sensitive and not in the public domain.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Principle 7 - Recognise and manage risk

Companies should establish a sound system of risk oversight and management and internal control.

The Board defines risk to be any event that, if it occurs, will have a material impact (whether financial or non-financial) on the Company's ability to achieve its objectives. The identification and effective management of risk, including calculated risk taking, is viewed as an essential part of the Company's approach to creating shareholder value.

Risk Management Roles and Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for overseeing the effectiveness of risk management systems. The Board determines the Company's risk profile and is responsible for overseeing and approving risk management strategy and policy, internal compliance and internal control. The Board considers it important for all Board members to be part of this process and, as such, has not established a separate risk management committee.

The Company has a Risk Oversight Policy, which is available on the Company's website. The Board has established various specific policies and practices designed to identify and manage significant business risks, including:

- detailed monthly financial and operational reporting to the Board;
- approval of budgets;
- policies regarding internal controls and authority levels for expenditure; and
- policies and procedures relating to health, safety and environment.

Day-to-day responsibility for risk oversight and management is delegated to the Managing Director, who is primarily responsible for identifying, monitoring and communicating risk events to the Board and responding to risk events.

Given the size of the Company, the implementation of the policies and practices outlined above and the existence of open channels of communication between the Board and management, the Board does not consider it necessary to have separate, stand-alone risk management and control systems designed by management which are reported to the Board.

Management Assurances in relation to Financial Reporting

The Board has received statements in writing from the Managing Director and Accountant that the declaration provided in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal control and that the system is operating effectively in all material respects in relation to financial reporting risks.

Principle 8 - Remunerate fairly and responsibly

Companies should ensure that the level and composition of remuneration is sufficient and reasonable and that its relationship to performance is clear.

Remuneration & Nomination Committee

The R&N Committee is responsible for determining compensation arrangements for directors, including the Managing Director, and reviewing compensation arrangements for senior executives. Details of the role and responsibilities of the Committee are set out in the Committee's Charter, which is available on the Company's website.

Given the size of the Board, all members of the Board are members of the R&N Committee. The Committee is chaired by Mr Kevin Wilson. As a result, the Company does not meet Recommendation 8.2 of the ASX Principles insofar as the R&N Committee is not chaired by an independent chair and does not consist of a majority of independent directors. Nonetheless, the Board considers that the R&N Committee effectively discharges its mandate. Any potential for, or perception of, conflict of interest resulting from the Managing Director's membership of the R&N Committee is addressed by ensuring that the Managing Director withdraws from committee meetings during any discussion of his remuneration arrangements or performance, and takes no part in the discussion or decision-making process in relation to such matters.

The Directors' Report sets out the attendance of directors at meetings of the R&N Committee.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Structure of Non-executive Director Remuneration and Executive Remuneration

The structure of non-executive directors' remuneration is distinguished from that of the Managing Director and senior executives. The R&N Committee assesses the appropriateness of the nature and amount of emoluments on a periodic basis by reference to relevant market conditions with the overall objective of ensuring maximum stakeholder benefit from the retention of a high quality board and executive team.

The non-executive directors are remunerated by way of fixed annual fees (within the aggregate fee limit approved by shareholders) but may also receive fees for additional services provided to the Company. The non-executive directors do not receive any retirement benefits, other than statutory superannuation. The non-executive directors have, with the prior approval of shareholders, received options to subscribe for shares in the Company. For a company of the size and limited cash resources of the Company, the grant of options is a useful tool for attracting and retaining quality non-executive directors without diminishing the Company's cash resources. The Board is aware that the ASX Corporate Governance Council's guidelines do not support the issue of options to non-executive directors as part of their remuneration. As the Company grows and its cash resources increase, the Board will review the practice of issuing options to non-executive directors.

The senior executives of the Company are remunerated by way of a total salary package which includes a balance of fixed remuneration (including statutory superannuation) and performance-based remuneration in the form of cash bonuses, linked to clearly specified short-term performance targets. Equity-based remuneration, in the form of options to subscribe for shares in the Company, is also offered in connection with long-term performance objectives appropriate to the Company's circumstances and goals.

Further details about the remuneration of the non-executive directors, the Managing Director and other senior executives are set out in the Remuneration Report. The Remuneration Report also outlines the Company's policy of prohibiting key management personnel from hedging remuneration that is unvested or is vested but subject to a holding lock

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

	Note	2013	2012
		\$	\$
Interest income		44,396	190,748
Income	-	44,396	190,748
	- -		
Net administration expenses	4	(604,325)	(691,152)
Exploration expenditure written-off		(50,841)	(342,657)
	-		
Loss before income tax		(610,770)	(843,061)
Income tax expense	5	-	-
Net loss for the period	=	(610,770)	(843,061)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	=	(610,770)	(843,061)
	_		
Basic loss per share (cents per share)	6	(0.79)	(1.57)
Diluted loss per share (cents per share)	6	(0.79)	(1.57)

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2013

	Note	2013	2012
CURRENT ASSETS		\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	7	571,281	1,455,134
Trade and other receivables	8	1,463,338	205,745
Other financial assets	9	10,000	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		2,044,619	1,660,879
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Other financial assets	9	50,000	50,000
Property, plant and equipment	10	154,147	160,368
Leasehold improvements	11	4,349	5,869
Exploration and evaluation costs	12	4,342,324	4,535,724
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		4,550,820	4,751,961
TOTAL ASSETS		6,595,439	6,412,840
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	13	429,613	260,274
Provisions	14	33,261	22,071
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		462,874	282,345
TOTAL LIABILITIES		462,874	282,345
NET ASSETS		6,132,565	6,130,495
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	15	8,303,049	7,782,800
Share based payments reserve	15	265,501	179,936
Accumulated losses	15	(2,435,985)	(1,832,241)
TOTAL EQUITY		6,132,565	6,130,495

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

	Issued Capital	Share Based Payments Reserve \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2012	7,782,800	179,936	(1,832,241)	6,130,495
Net loss for the period			(610,770)	(610,770)
Total comprehensive loss for the year			(610,770)	(610,770)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Cost of share based payments	-	92,591	-	92,591
Share issues	569,000	-	-	569,000
Costs of issues	(48,751)	-	-	(48,751)
Transfer of equity instruments expired unvested		(7,026)	7,026	
At 30 June 2013	8,303,049	265,501	(2,435,985)	6,132,565
	Issued Capital	Share Based Payments Reserve \$	Accumulated Losses \$	Total Equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2011	4,800,245	25,667	(993,313)	3,832,599
Net loss for the period			(843,061)	(843,061)
Total comprehensive loss for the year			(843,061)	(843,061)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:				
Cost of share based payments	-	158,402	-	158,402
Share issues	3,210,198		-	3,210,198
Costs of issues	(227,643)		-	(227,643)
Transfer of equity instruments expired				
unvested		(4,133)	4,133	

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2013 \$	2012 \$
Payments to suppliers and employees	(310,841)	(595,507)
Interest received	47,937	197,732
Net cash used in operating activities (Note 16)	(262,904)	(397,775)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Expenditure on plant and equipment	(48,845)	(99,215)
Expenditure on leasehold improvements	-	(273)
Expenditure on exploration tenements	(1,087,115)	(3,676,343)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,135,960)	(3,775,831)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from share issues	569,000	3,210,198
Transaction costs on issue of shares	(53,989)	(232,461)
Net cash from financing activities	515,011	2,977,737
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(883,853)	(1,195,869)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,455,134	2,651,003
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period (Note 7)	571,281	1,455,134

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 1: CORPORATE INFORMATION

The financial report of Navarre Minerals Limited ("Navarre Minerals", or the "Company") for the year ended 30 June 2013 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 24 September 2013.

Navarre Minerals Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia. The Company's shares are publicly traded on Australian Stock Exchange.

The nature of operations and principal activities of the Group are described in Note 3.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation

The financial report is a general-purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and is presented in Australian dollars. The financial report has also been prepared on a historical cost basis.

(i) Compliance with IFRS

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) Early adoption of new Accounting Standards

The Group has not elected to early adopt any of the standards set out under (c) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for the current reporting period.

(iii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under a historical cost convention.

(b) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The Group has adopted the following amended Australian Accounting Standard and AASB Interpretation as of 1 July 2012. Adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the financial position or performance of the Group.

Reference	Title
AASB 2011-9	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Presentation of Other Comprehensive Income [AASB 2011-9 amends AASB 1, 5, 7, 101, 112, 120, 121, 132, 133, 134, 1039 & 1049 as a consequence of the issuance of AASB 101 <i>Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income</i>].

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(c) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

The following standards and interpretations have been issued by the AASB but are not yet effective for the period ending 30 June 2013. Adoption of these standards is not expected to have a material effect on the financial position or performance of the Group however the position will be further reviewed during FY2012 – 2013.

Reference	Title	Summary	Application date of standard	Application date for Group
AASB 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	AASB 10 establishes a new control model that applies to all entities. It replaces parts of AASB 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements dealing with the accounting for consolidated financial statements and UIG-112 Consolidation — Special Purpose Entities.	1 January 2013	1 July 2013
		The new control model broadens the situations when an entity is considered to be controlled by another entity and includes new guidance for applying the model to specific situations, including when acting as a manager may give control, the impact of potential voting rights and when holding less than a majority voting rights may give control.		
		Consequential amendments were also made to other standards via AASB 2011-7.		
AASB 11	Joint Arrangements	AASB 11 replaces AASB 131 Interests in Joint Ventures and UIG-113 Jointly- controlled Entities – Non-monetary Contributions by Ventures. AASB 11 uses the principle of control in AASB 10 to define joint control, and therefore the determination of whether joint control exists may change. In addition it removes the option to account for jointly controlled entities (JCEs) using proportionate consolidation. Instead, accounting for a joint arrangement is dependent on the nature of the rights and obligations arising from the arrangement. Joint operations that give the venturers a right to the underlying assets and obligations themselves is accounted for by recognising the share of those assets and obligations. Joint ventures that give the venturers a right to the net assets is accounted for using the equity method.	1 January 2013	1 July 2013
		Consequential amendments were also made to other standards via AASB 2011-7 and amendments to AASB 128.		

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(c) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (cont.)

Reference	Title	Summary	Application date of standard	Application date for Group
AASB 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	AASB 12 includes all disclosures relating to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structures entities. New disclosures have been introduced about the judgments made by management to determine whether control exists, and to require summarised information about joint arrangements, associates and structured entities and subsidiaries with non-controlling interests.	1 January 2013	1 July 2013
AASB 13	Fair Value Measurement	AASB 13 establishes a single source of guidance for determining the fair value of assets and liabilities. AASB 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather, provides guidance on how to determine fair value when fair value is required or permitted. Application of this definition may result in different fair values being determined for the relevant assets. AASB 13 also expands the disclosure requirements for all assets or liabilities carried at fair value. This includes information about the assumptions made and the qualitative impact of those assumptions on the fair value determined.	1 January 2013	1 July 2013
AASB 119	Employee Benefits	The revised standard changes the definition of short-term employee benefits. The distinction between short-term and other long-term employee benefits is now based on whether the benefits are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the reporting date.	1 January 2013	1 July 2013
AASB 2011-4	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards to Remove Individual Key Management Personnel Disclosure Requirements [AASB 124]	This amendment deletes from AASB 124 individual key management personnel disclosure requirements for disclosing entities that are not companies. It also removes the individual key management personnel disclosure requirements for all disclosing entities in relation to equity holdings, loans and other related party transactions. This information will be disclosed in the Remuneration Report.	1 July 2013	1 July 2013

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(c) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (cont.)

Reference	Title	Summary	Application date of standard	Application date for Group
AASB 2012-5	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle	AASB 2012-5 makes amendments resulting from the 2009-2011 Annual Improvements Cycle. The standard addresses a range of improvements, including the following: ▶ Repeat application of AASB 1 is permitted (AASB 1) ▶ Clarification of the comparative information requirements when an entity provides a third balance sheet (AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements).	1 January 2013	1 July 2013
AASB 9	Financial Instruments	AASB 9 replaces the requirements of AASB 139 for the classification and measurement of financial assets. This is the result of Phase 1 of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39	1 January 2013	1 July 2013

Other new Australian accounting standards and Interpretations issued by not yet effective are not relevant to the Group.

(d) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Navarre Minerals Limited and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2013 and the results of all the subsidiaries for the year then ended (the Group).

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances and transactions, income, expenses and profit and losses from intra group transactions, have been eliminated in full. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group.

(e) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on judgements, estimates and assumptions of future events. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period are:

Share-based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value of share options is determined using either a Black Scholes or binomial option pricing model, and using the assumptions detailed in Note 20.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(e) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions (cont.)

Exploration and evaluation costs

Exploration and evaluation costs are accumulated separately for each area of interest and carried forward provided that one of the following conditions is met:

- such costs are expected to be recouped through successful development or sale; or
- exploration activities have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or
 otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in relation to the area are
 continuing.

Significant judgement is required in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will be derived from the capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure. In the judgement of the Directors, at 30 June 2013, apart from the tenements at Mooralla and Broken Hill East that were written off during the year, exploration activities in each area of interest have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of ore reserves. Active and significant operations in relation to each area of interest are continuing and nothing has come to the attention of the Directors to indicate future economic benefits will not be achieved. The Directors are continually monitoring the areas of interest and are exploring alternatives for funding the development of areas of interest when ore reserves are confirmed. If new information becomes available that suggests the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amounts capitalised will need to be reassessed at that time.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

(g) Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets which range from 3 to 5 years.

Impairment

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

For an asset that does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. The asset is written down to its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of plant and equipment is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period the item is derecognised.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(h) Exploration and evaluation costs

Exploration and evaluation expenditure is carried at cost. If indication of impairment arises, the recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount.

Exploration and evaluation costs are accumulated separately for each current area of interest and carried forward provided that one of the following conditions is met:

- such costs are expected to be recouped through successful development or sale; or
- exploration activities have not yet reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or
 otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in relation to the area are
 continuing.

Impairment of exploration and evaluation costs

To the extent that capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure is determined not to be recoverable in the future, profits/ (losses) and net assets will be varied in the period in which this determination is made.

Farm-outs

The Group will account for farm-out arrangements as follows:

- The Group will not record any expenditure made by the farminee on its behalf;
- The Group will not recognise a gain or loss on the farm-out arrangement but rather will redesignate any costs previously capitalised in relation to the whole interest as relating to the partial interest retained; and
- Any cash consideration to be received will be credited against costs previously capitalised in relation to the whole interest with any excess to be accounted for by the Group as gain on disposal.

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in receivables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Recognition and derecognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Impairment

The Group assesses at each balance date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(j) Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

Leases under which the lessor retains substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(k) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are carried at amortised cost and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Group becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of the goods and services.

(I) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision resulting from the passage of time is recognised in finance costs.

Employee leave benefits

Wages, salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wage and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave entitlements expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in provisions in respect of employees' service up to the reporting date. They are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and are measured at the rates paid or payable.

Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date in national government bonds with terms to maturity and currencies that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(m) Share-based payment transactions

The Group provides benefits to employees and directors of the Group in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby services are rendered in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions').

The cost of equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value of options is determined using either a Black Scholes or binomial option pricing model. The fair value of options with non-market performance criteria is determined by reference to the Company's share price at date of grant.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the recipient becomes fully entitled to the award ('vesting date').

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the number of awards that, in the opinion of the directors, based on the best available information at balance date, will ultimately vest. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in determination of fair value at grant date. The charge or credit for the period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of the period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any increase in the value of the transaction as a result of the modification, as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect, if any, of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

(n) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(o) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Specific recognition criteria must also to be met:

Interest income

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues using the effective interest method.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(p) Income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at balance date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or
- when the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be used, except:

- where the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- when the deductible temporary differences is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in
 joint ventures, in which case a deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the
 temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the
 temporary differences can be applied.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it is has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance date.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right of set off exists to set off current tax assets against current liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxable authority.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

(q) Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST, except receivables and payables which are stated with GST included. Where GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the consolidated statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

(r) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit/(loss) attributable to members divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as net profit/(loss) attributable to members divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(s) Going concern

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of the business.

The Group incurred a loss of \$610,770 and had net cash outflows from operating and investing activities of \$262,904 and \$1,135,960, respectively, for the year ended 30 June 2013. Notwithstanding this, the Directors are satisfied that the Group will have sufficient cash resources to meet its working capital requirements in the future.

The Group will seek to raise further capital, if required, as and when necessary to meet its projected operations. The decision of how the Group will raise future capital will depend on market conditions existing at that time. It is the Group's plan that this capital will be raised by any one or a combination of the following: placement of shares, pro-rata issue to shareholders, the exercise of outstanding options, and/or a further issue of shares to the public. Should these methods not be considered to be viable, or in the best interests of shareholders, then it would be the Group's intention to meet its obligations by either partial sale of the Group's interests or farm-out, the latter course of action being part of the Group's overall strategy.

Based on the above, the Directors are of the opinion that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate.

(t) Parent entity financial information

The financial information for the parent entity, Navarre Minerals Limited, disclosed in Note 23 has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements, except as set out below.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are accounting for at cost less accumulated impairment losses in the financial statements of Navarre Minerals Limited.

NOTE 3: SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's reportable segment is confined to mineral exploration only.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 4: NET ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

NOTE 4: NET ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES	Consoli	dated
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Net administration expenses		
Consultants fees and expenses	6,347	117,931
Directors remuneration (non-executive)	114,713	109,000
Salaries and on-costs	860,637	930,293
Share based payments	92,591	158,402
Investor relations	12,682	33,481
Motor vehicle expenses	21,349	27,641
Audit costs	23,500	27,234
Stock exchange registry and reporting costs	52,892	44,004
Travel costs	12,581	31,916
Depreciation and amortisation	56,587	40,715
Other administration expenses	84,233	84,137
Gross administration expenses	1,338,112	1,604,754
Allocated to exploration licences	(733,787)	(913,602)
Net administration expenses	604,325	691,152
rect damminut dition expenses	001,323	031)132
NOTE 5: INCOME TAX		
NOTE 3. INCOME TAX	Consolie	dated
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Statement of Comprehensive Income	7	Ţ
Current income tax		
Current income tax credit	155,093	204,029
Tax losses not recognised as probable	(155,093)	(204,029)
Tax 1033e3 Hot recognised as probable	(155,055)	(204,023)
Deferred income tax		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	93,757	(1,037,268)
Tax losses brought to account offsetting reversal of temporary differences	(93,757)	1,037,268
rax losses brought to account offsetting reversal of temporary unferences	(93,737)	1,037,208
Income tax expense reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive		
income	-	
	Consoli	
	2013	2012
W	\$	Ş
Tax Reconciliation A reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting loss before Group's applicable income tax rate is as follows:	income tax mult	ciplied by the
Accounting loss before tax	(610,770)	(843,061)
At the statute of 200/ to contact (2042, 200/)	400.004	252.010
At the statutory 30% tax rate (2012: 30%)	183,231	252,918
Share based payment expense	(27,777)	(47,520)
Non-deductible expenses	(361)	(1,369)
Tax losses not brought to account	(155,093)	(204,029)
Income tax expense reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive		
income	-	

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 5: INCOME TAX (cont.)

Deferred Income Tax	Statement o Posit 2013	tion 2012	Income St 2013	atement 2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Deferred income tax at 30 June relates to the following	:			
CONSOLIDATED Deferred tax liabilities				
Interest receivable	(689)	(1,752)	1,063	43,867
Exploration and evaluation costs	(1,302,697)	(1,360,717)	58,020	(1,035,986)
Gross deferred income tax liabilities	(1,303,386)	(1,362,469)		
Deferred tax assets Accruals Provisions Share issue costs Temporary differences not recognised as not probable Tax losses brought to account to offset net deferred tax liability Gross deferred income tax assets Net Deferred Tax Asset	39,377 9,978 68,293 (68,293) 1,254,031 1,303,386	8,060 6,621 68,293 (68,293) 1,347,788 1,362,469	31,317 3,357 - - (93,757)	8,060 4,285 - - - 979,774
Deferred tax expense		=	-	-

Tax consolidation

(i) Members of the tax consolidated group

Navarre Minerals Limited and its 100% owned Australian resident subsidiary formed a tax consolidated group with effect from 2 May 2012. Navarre Minerals Limited is the head entity of the tax consolidated group.

(ii) Tax effect accounting by members of the tax consolidated group

Measurement method adopted under UIG 1052 Tax Consolidated Accounting

The head entity and the controlled entities in the tax consolidated group continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. The Group has applied the group allocation approach in determining the appropriate amount of current taxes and deferred taxes to allocate to members of the tax consolidated group. The current and deferred tax amounts are measured in a systematic manner that is consistent with the principles in AASB 112 *Income Taxes*.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, the head entity also recognises current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the tax consolidated group.

Tax losses

At balance date, the Group has estimated unused gross tax losses of \$7,912,000 (2012: \$5,902,000) that are available to offset against future taxable profits subject to continuing to meet relevant statutory tests. To the extent that it does not offset a net deferred tax liability, a deferred tax asset has not been recognised in the accounts for these unused losses because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available to use against such losses.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 6: EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings/(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing net loss for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

For the year ended 30 June 2013 and for the comparative period, there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares as conversion of share options and performance rights would decrease the loss per share and hence are non-dilutive.

The following data was used in the calculations of basic and diluted loss per share:

	Consolidated	
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Net loss	(610,770)	(843,061)
	Shares	Shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculation of basic and		
diluted loss per share	59,622,973	53,655,913

There have been no transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares that would significantly change the number of ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares outstanding between the reporting date and the date of completion of these consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 7: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Consoli	dated
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand	571,281	1,455,134
	571,281	1,455,134

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank rates.

NOTE 8: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Consona	ateu
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Research and development tax incentive refund	1,432,954	-
Goods and services tax refund	12,219	181,848
Interest receivable	2,297	5,838
Other	15,868	18,059
	1,463,338	205,745

Consolidated

At balance date, there are no trade receivables that are past due but not impaired. Due to the short term nature of these receivables, their carrying value approximates fair value. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30-90 day terms. Details regarding the credit risk of current receivables are disclosed in Note 17.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 9: OTI	IER FINANCIAL ASSETS	,
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	Consolid	ated
	2013	2012
Current	\$	\$
Term Deposits	10,000	
	10,000	_
	Consolid	ated
	2013	2012
Non-current	\$	\$
Bank Guarantees – Exploration Permits	50,000	50,000
	50,000	50,000
NOTE 10: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
	Consolid	ated
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
At cost	252,580	203,735
Accumulated depreciation	(98,433)	(43,367)
	154,147	160,368
Movement in Plant and Equipment		
Net carrying amount at beginning of year	160,368	102,252
Additions	48,846	97,312
Depreciation	(55,067)	(39,196)
Net carrying amount at end of year	154,147	160,368
The useful life of the plant and equipment is estimated for 2013 as 3 to 5 years.		
NOTE 11: LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS		
NOTE II. LEAGUIGES IVII NOVEMENTS	Consolid	ated
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
At cost	7,602	7,602
Accumulated depreciation	(3,253)	(1,733)
	4,349	5,869
	.,6 .5	3,000
Movement in Leasehold Improvements		
Net carrying amount at beginning of year	5,869	7,115
Additions	-	273
Depreciation	(1,520)	(1,519)
Net carrying amount at end of year	4,349	5,869
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

The useful life of the Leasehold Improvements is estimated as 5 years.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 12: EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION COSTS

	Consolic	lated
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of year	4,535,724	1,082,435
Expenditure for the year	1,271,064	3,795,946
Research and development tax incentive refund (net of costs)	(1,413,623)	-
Expenditure written-off during the year	(50,841)	(342,657)
	4,342,324	4,535,724

Capitalised exploration and evaluation costs at 30 June 2013 are \$4,342,324 (2012: \$4,535,724) which relate to Bendigo North \$ 3,364,673 (2012: \$3,875,231), Western Victoria Copper Project \$ 543,806 (2012: 297,497), Kingston \$432,912 (2012: \$362,996) and Stawell Corridor \$933 (2012: \$0).

NOTE 13: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Conso	lidated
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Trade Creditors	429,613	260,274

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30 day terms.

NOTE 14: PROVISIONS

	Consolida	ated
	2013	2012
CURRENT	\$	\$
Annual leave entitlement	33,261	22,071

NOTE 15: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY AND RESERVES

	Consolidated					
	2013	2013	2012	2012		
	Shares	\$	Shares	\$		
ISSUED AND PAID UP CAPITAL						
Ordinary shares	59,622,973	8,303,049	55,829,603	7,782,800		
	59,622,973	8,303,049	55,829,603	7,782,800		
Movements in Ordinary Shares						
Balance at beginning of year	55,829,603	7,782,800	41,872,222	4,800,245		
Share Issues:						
Share purchase plan at \$0.15	3,793,370	569,000	-	-		
Entitlement offer at \$0.23	-	-	13,957,381	3,210,198		
Transaction costs	-	(48,751)	-	(227,643)		
Balance at end of year	59,622,973	8,303,049	55,829,603	7,782,800		

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 15: CONTRIBUTED EQUITY AND RESERVES (cont.)

(a) Terms and Condition of Ordinary Shares

Ordinary shares entitle their holder to receive dividends as declared. In the event of winding up the Company, ordinary shares entitle their holder to participate in the proceeds from the sale of all surplus assets in proportion to the number of and amounts paid up or which should have been paid up on shares held. Each ordinary share entitles the holder to one vote, either in person or by proxy, at a meeting of the Company. Ordinary shares issued during the year and since the end of the year, from date of issue rank equally with the ordinary shares on issue.

(b) Share Options

At 30 June 2013 4,190,000 options over unissued shares granted to Non-Executive directors, executives and consultants were outstanding. The options are granted pursuant to the Navarre Minerals Limited Option Plan, details of which are set out in Note 20.

(c) Capital Management

Capital is defined as equity. When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits of other stakeholders. All methods of returning funds to shareholders outside of dividend payments or raising funds are considered within the context of the Group's objectives.

The Group will seek to raise further capital, if required, as and when necessary to meet its projected operations. The decision of how the Group will raise future capital will depend on market conditions existing at that time. It is the Group's plan that this capital will be raised by any one or a combination of the following: placement of shares, pro-rata issue to shareholders, the exercise of outstanding options, and/or a further issue of shares to the public. Should these methods not be considered to be viable, or in the best interests of shareholders, then it would be the Group's intention to meet its obligations by either partial sale of the Group's interests or farm-out, the latter course of action being part of the Group's overall strategy.

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

OTHER RESERVES

Share Based Payments Reserve

The share based payments reserve records the value of benefits provided as equity instruments to directors, employees and consultants under share-based payment plans (Note 20).

Canaalidatad

	Consolidated		
	2013	2012	
	\$	\$	
Balance at beginning of year	179,936	25,667	
Cost of share based payments	92,591	158,402	
Cost of unvested expired equity instruments			
transferred to accumulated losses	(7,026)	(4,133)	
Balance at end of year	265,501	179,936	
ACCUMULATED LOSSES			
	Consoli	dated	
	2013	2012	
	\$	\$	
Balance at beginning of year	(1,832,241)	(993,313)	
Net loss for the year	(610,770)	(843,061)	
Cost of equity instruments expired unvested	7,026	4,133	
Balance at end of year	2,435,985	(1,832,241)	

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 16: STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS RECONCILIATION

Reconciliation of net loss after tax to net cash flows used in operating activities

	Consolidated		
	2013	2012	
	\$	\$	
Net loss	(610,770)	(843,061)	
Adjustments for:			
Exploration expenditure written-off	50,841	342,657	
Depreciation and amortisation (net of allocation to	5,406	3,723	
exploration licences)			
Share based payments (net of allocation to	73,876	111,080	
exploration licences)			
Changes in assets and liabilities			
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	175,119	(52,747)	
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	36,015	32,968	
Increase in provisions (net of allocation to	6,609	7,605	
exploration licences)			
No. 1 Cl. 12 Property of the control	(262.004)	(207.775)	
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(262,904)	(397,775)	

Concolidated

NOTE 17: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short term deposits, the main purpose of which is to finance the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations. The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors has reviewed each of those risks and has determined that they are not significant in terms of the Group's current activities.

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognised, creditworthy third parties. Receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the results being that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

Credit risk arises from the financial assets of the Group, which comprise cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises from potential default of the counter party, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. No collateral is held as security. Exposure at balance date is the carrying value as disclosed in each applicable note.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 17: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (cont.)

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's cash and cash equivalents with a floating interest rate:

	Consol	idated
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	571,281	1,455,134

Taking into account past performances, future expectations, economic forecasts, and management's knowledge and experience of the financial markets, the Group believes that -/+ 1.0% from the year-end rates of 3.5% represents the 'reasonably possible' movement interest rates over the next 12 months. The following is the impact of this on the profit or loss with all other variables including foreign exchange rates held constant:

	Consolidated Net Profit	
	2013	2012 \$
+1.0% (100 basis points) increase in interest rates with all other variables held constant -1.0% (100 basis points) decrease in interest rates with all other variables held	5,700	14,600
constant	(5,700)	(14,600)

There is no impact on equity other than the above net profit sensitivities on retained earnings/accumulated losses.

Liquidity Risk

The Group's exposure to financial obligations relating to corporate administration and projects expenditure, are subject to budgeting and reporting controls, to ensure that such obligations do not exceed cash held and known cash inflows for a period of at least 1 year.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built in an appropriate liquidity risk framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and longer term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate equity funding through the monitoring of future cash flow forecasts of its operations, which reflect management's expectations of the settlement of financial assets and liabilities.

The Group has limited financial resources and will need to raise additional capital from time to time as such fund raisings will be subject to factors beyond the control of the Group and its directors. When Navarre requires further funding for its programs, then it is the Group's intention that the additional funds will be raised by any one or a combination of the following: placement of shares, pro-rata issue to shareholders, the exercise of outstanding options, and/or a further issue of shares to the public. Should these methods not be considered to be viable, or in the best interests of shareholders, then it would be the Group's intention to meet its obligations by either partial sale of the Group's interests or farm-out, the latter course of action being part of the Group's overall strategy.

Maturity Analysis

At balance date, the Group holds \$429,613 of financial liabilities consisting of trade and other payables. All financial liabilities have a contractual maturity of 30 days.

Fair Values

The aggregate net fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are the same as the carrying values in the consolidated statement of financial position.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 18: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

(a) Commitments

(a) Communents	2013 \$	2012 \$
Operating Lease		
Future minimum rentals payable under operating lease for office premises at balance date:		
Payable not later than one year	-	10,755
Payable later than one year but not later than five years	-	
	-	10,755
	2013	2012
	\$	\$
Exploration Commitments – Exploration Permits		
Estimated cost of minimum work requirements contracted for under exploration permit is estimated at balance date:		
Payable not later than one year	636,350	659,637
Payable later than one year but not later than five years	1,738,700	1,812,400
	2,375,050	2,472,037

Exploration commitments at 30 June 2013 relate to Bendigo North \$ 87,000 (2012: \$250,387), Western Victoria Copper Project \$ 1,767,550 (2012: \$1,626,000), Kingston \$520,500 (2012: \$563,250) and Ballarat South \$0 (2012: \$32,400).

In order to maintain current rights of tenure to exploration tenements, the Group is required to perform minimum exploration work to meet the minimum expenditure requirements. These obligations are expected to be fulfilled in the normal course of operations. Exploration interests may be relinquished or joint ventured to reduce this amount. The Victorian State Government has the authority to defer, waive or amend the minimum expenditure requirements.

(b) Contingent Liabilities

In June 2008, Navarre signed a Tenement Sale Agreement with Leviathan Resources, which is currently owned by Crocodile Gold Corp. (Crocodile), to acquire exploration licence EL 4897. Under the terms of the Agreement, Leviathan had a "once-off" right (but not the obligation) to earn a 60% interest in EL 4897 in the event that Navarre announced a Resource of not less than 500,000 ounces of gold and not less than one-half of which is an Indicated Mineral Resource or higher category.

In September 2012, Navarre announced an agreement with Crocodile to convert Crocodile's right to earn a majority interest in EL 4897 into a 2% net smelter royalty (NSR) over future gold production from EL 4897. Navarre has the right to buy back 1% of the NSR for \$2 million within four years, which would reduce the NSR to 1%.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 19: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Directors

K Wilson G McDermott J Dorward C H Naylor

Executives

W Edgar Exploration Manager (appointed 13 August 2012)

J Nosworthy Company Secretary

S Harper Chief Geologist (resigned 06 July 2012)

There were no other changes to the directors and executive after the reporting date and before the date the financial report was authorised for issue.

Compensation of key management personnel by category:

•	•	J	•	•	Ŭ	•		Consolidated	
								2013	2012
								\$	\$
Short term emp	oloyee be	nefits						664,484	610,698
Post-employme	ent benefi	ts						55,685	59,640
Share-based pa	yments							95,487	153,095
								815,656	823,433

Details of compensation of individual key management personnel are set out in the Remuneration Report.

During the year fees for consulting services were paid by the Group to entities controlled by directors as follows:

	Consulting	Outstanding	Consulting	Outstanding
Director	Fees Paid	at Balance	Fees Paid	at Balance
		Date		Date
	2013	2013	2012	2012
	\$	\$	\$	\$
J Dorward	5,000	-	50,000	10,000

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 19: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (cont.)

Movement in shares

The movement during the reporting period in the number of ordinary shares in Navarre Minerals Limited held directly, indirectly or beneficially, by key management personnel, including their related parties, is as follows:

		1	Received on		
	Held at 1		Exercise of		Held at 30
30 June 2013	July 2012	Purchases	Options	Sales	June 2013
Shares held in Nav	arre Minerals Li	mited (number)			
Directors					
K Wilson	4,367,174	100,000	-	-	4,467,174
G McDermott	4,602,307	221,936	-	-	4,824,243
J Dorward	3,250,000	105,000	-	-	3,355,000
C H Naylor	1,630,000	100,000	-	-	1,730,000
Executives					
W Edgar	13,333	33,334	-	-	46,667
J Nosworthy	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
S Harper	-	-	-	-	-
		1	Received on		
	Held at 1		Exercise of		Held at 30
30 June 2012	July 2011	Purchases	Options	Sales	June 2012
Shares held in Nav	arre Minerals Li	mited (number)	•		
Directors					
K Wilson	3,715,000	652,174	-	-	4,367,174
G McDermott	3,850,000	752,307			4,602,307
J Dorward					
J Doi Wai u	3,025,000	225,000	-	-	3,250,000
C H Naylor	3,025,000 1,222,500	225,000 407,500	-	-	3,250,000 1,630,000
		•	-	-	
C H Naylor		•	- -	-	
C H Naylor Executives		•	- - -	- - -	

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 19: KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (cont.)

Options over equity instruments

The movement during the reporting period in the number of options over ordinary shares in Navarre Minerals Limited held, directly, indirectly and beneficially by key management personnel, including their related parties is as follows:

	Held at 1 July 2012	Granted as Remuneration	Options Exercised	Options Lapsed	Held at 30 June 2013	Vested in 2013	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2013
Options held in		Limited (number)		Lapsea	Julic 2013	2013	2013
Directors							
K Wilson	250,000	300,000	_	_	550,000	125,000	250,000
G McDermott	1,500,000	500,000	_	_	2,000,000	500,000	1,000,000
J Dorward	200,000	250,000	_	_	450,000	100,000	200,000
C H Naylor	200,000	250,000	-	-	450,000	100,000	200,000
Executives							
W Edgar	-	150,000	-	-	150,000	-	-
J Nosworthy	100,000	200,000	-	-	300,000	33,333	33,333
S Harper	300,000	-	-	300,000	-	-	-
							Vested and exercisable
	Held at 1 July	Granted as	Options	Options	Held at 30	Vested in	at 30 June
	2011	Remuneration	Exercised	Lapsed	June 2012	2012	2012
Options held in	Navarre Minerals	Limited (number)					
Directors							
K Wilson	-	250,000	-	-	250,000	125,000	125,000
G McDermott	1,500,000	-	-	-	1,500,000	500,000	500,000
J Dorward	-	200,000	-	-	200,000	100,000	100,000
C H Naylor	-	200,000	-	-	200,000	100,000	100,000
Executives							
S Harper	200,000	100,000	-	-	300,000	66,667	66,667
J Nosworthy	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	-	-

NOTE 20: SHARE BASED PAYMENT PLANS

Navarre Minerals Limited Option Plan

Share options are granted to senior employees and non-executive directors under the Navarre Minerals Limited Option Plan. There were 1,890,000 options granted during the financial year (2012: 900,000 options).

Movements in share options on issue during the year:

	2013 Options	2012 Options
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	2,600,000	1,770,000
Granted during the year	1,890,000	900,000
Lapsed during the year	(300,000)	(70,000)
Exercised during the year		
	4,190,000	2,600,000

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 20: SHARE BASED PAYMENT PLANS (cont.)

• On 29 October 2012, 150,000 share options were granted to a senior employee of the Company. The options are exercisable at a price of 30 cents per option on or before 31 December 2016. The options vest in three tranches, when the Company's closing share price exceeds the exercise price of the options for ten consecutive trading days after the relevant vesting date (being 1 January 2013 for the first tranche, 1 January 2014 for the second tranche and 1 January 2015 for the third tranche).

The fair value of the options at date of grant is estimated to be 3.81 cents for the first tranche, 4.59 cents for the second tranche and 5.28 cents for the third tranche. The fair value was determined using a Binomial pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted, and using the following inputs to the model:

Expected volatility 71% Contractual life 4 years Risk-free interest rate 2.57% Dividend yield 0%

The total amount expensed in the year relating to these share options was \$4,029.

The effects of early exercise have been incorporated into the calculations by using an expected life for the option that is shorter than the contractual life based on historical exercise behaviour, which is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur in the future.

On 29 October 2012, 40,000 share options were granted to a senior employee of the Company. The options are
exercisable at a price of 30 cents per option on or before 30 June 2017. The options vest in three tranches, when
the Company's closing share price exceeds the exercise price of the options for ten consecutive trading days after
the relevant vesting date (being 1 July 2013 for the first tranche, 1 July 2014 for the second tranche and 1 July 2015
for the third tranche).

The fair value of the options at date of grant is estimated to be 4.58 cents for the first tranche, 5.28 cents for the second tranche and 5.93 cents for the third tranche. The fair value was determined using a Binomial pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted, and using the following inputs to the model:

Expected volatility 71% Contractual life 5 years Risk-free interest rate 2.57% Dividend yield 0%

The total amount expensed in the year relating to these share options was \$1,090.

The effects of early exercise have been incorporated into the calculations by using an expected life for the option that is shorter than the contractual life based on historical exercise behaviour, which is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur in the future.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 20: SHARE BASED PAYMENT PLANS (cont.)

On 30 November 2012, following approval by shareholders at the 2012 Annual General Meeting, 800,000 share
options were granted to the non-executive directors. The options vest in two tranches, when the Company's closing
share price exceeds the exercise price of the options for ten consecutive trading days after the relevant vesting date
(being 31 December 2012 for the first tranche and 31 December 2013 for the second tranche).

The exercise price is 30 cents for the first tranche and 35 cents for the second tranche. The options are exercisable on or before 31 December 2015.

The fair value of the options at date of grant is estimated to be 3.22 cents for the first tranche and 3.52 cents for the second tranche. The fair value was determined using a Binomial pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted, and using the following inputs to the model:

Expected volatility 71% Contractual life (years) 3 years Risk-free interest rate 2.67% Dividend yield 0%

The total amount expensed in the year relating to these share options was \$20,462.

The effects of early exercise have been incorporated into the calculations by using an expected life for the option that is shorter than the contractual life based on historical exercise behaviour, which is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur in the future.

• On 30 November 2012, following approval by shareholders at the 2012 Annual General Meeting, 500,000 share options were granted to the Managing Director. The options are exercisable at a price of 25 cents per option.

250,000 will vest when the Company's closing share price exceeds the exercise price of the options for ten consecutive trading days after the date of grant (30 November 2012). Once vested, these options must be exercised on or before 31 December 2013.

The fair value of the options at date of grant is estimated to be 1.48 cents. The fair value was determined using a Binomial pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted, and using the following inputs to the model:

Expected volatility 71% Contractual life 1 year Risk-free interest rate 2.67% Dividend yield 0%

The other 250,000 options will vest in three tranches, when the Company's closing share price exceeds the exercise price of the options for ten consecutive trading days after the relevant vesting date (being 30 November 2012 for the first tranche, 1 January 2013 for the second tranche and 1 January 2014 for the third tranche). Once vested, these options must be exercised on or before 31 December 2015.

The fair value of the options at date of grant is estimated to be 3.98 cents for the first tranche, 4.07 cents for the second tranche and 5.02 cents for the third tranche. The fair value was determined using a Binomial pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted, and using the following inputs to the model:

Expected volatility 71% Contractual life 3 years Risk-free interest rate 2.67% Dividend yield 0%

The total amount expensed in the year relating to these share options was \$12,661.

The effects of early exercise have been incorporated into the calculations by using an expected life for the option that is shorter than the contractual life based on historical exercise behaviour, which is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur in the future.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 20: SHARE BASED PAYMENT PLANS (cont.)

• On 12 March 2013, 400,000 share options were granted to senior employees of the Company. The options are exercisable at a price of 15 cents per option on or before 31 December 2017. The options vest in three tranches, when the Company's closing share price exceeds the exercise price of the options for ten consecutive trading days after the relevant vesting date (being 1 January 2014 for the first tranche, 1 January 2015 for the second tranche and 1 January 2016 for the third tranche).

The fair value of the options at date of grant is estimated to be 4.88 cents for the first tranche, 5.34 cents for the second tranche and 5.76 cents for the third tranche. The fair value was determined using a Binomial pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted, and using the following inputs to the model:

Expected volatility 71% Contractual life 5 years Risk-free interest rate 2.57% Dividend yield 0%

The total amount expensed in the year relating to these share options was \$3,884.

The effects of early exercise have been incorporated into the calculations by using an expected life for the option that is shorter than the contractual life based on historical exercise behaviour, which is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur in the future.

NOTE 21: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

	Consolida	ited
	2013 \$	2012 \$
Amounts received or due and receivable by the auditor for: Audit or review of the financial reports:	·	·
AFS & Associates	-	2,234
RSM Bird Cameron Partners	23,500	25,000
	23,500	27,234

NOTE 22: RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Navarre Minerals Limited and the following subsidiary:

	Country of		%
	Incorporation	Entity Interest	
		2013	2012
		%	%
Black Range Metals Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100

During the year, a total of \$5,000 was paid by the Group to an entity controlled by Mr Dorward as payment for consulting services provided by Mr Dorward to the Group.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2013

NOTE 23: PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

	2013 \$	2012 \$
Information relating to Navarre Minerals Limited	*	*
Current assets	2,098,738	1,710,878
Total assets	6,604,693	6,412,840
Current liabilities	462,874	282,345
Total liabilities	462,874	282,345
Issued capital	8,303,049	7,782,800
Share based payment reserve	265,501	179,936
Accumulated losses	(2,426,731)	(1,832,241)
Total shareholders' equity	6,141,819	6,130,495
(Loss) of the parent entity	(601,516)	(843,061)
Total comprehensive (loss) of the parent entity	(601,516)	(843,061)
Details of any guarantees entered into by the parent entity in relation to the debts		_
of its subsidiaries	n/a	n/a
Details of any contingent liabilities of the parent entity	n/a	n/a
Details of any contractual commitments by the parent entity for the acquisition of		
property, plant or equipment	n/a	n/a

NOTE 24: EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE DATE

In July 2013, the Company received a \$1.4 million Research and Development (R&D) tax refund under the Federal Government's R&D Tax Incentive Scheme. The refund relates to the costs of research and development conducted by the Company as part of its exploration programs during the 2012 financial year.

Other than the above, there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or state of affairs of the Group, in future financial years.

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DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the directors of Navarre Minerals Limited, I state that:

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) The financial statements and notes of Navarre Minerals Limited for the financial year ending 30 June 2013 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
 - (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Company's and the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2013.
 - (ii) Complying with Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and *Corporations Regulations* 2001.
- (b) The financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2(a)(i).
- (c) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with Section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the financial year ended 30 June 2013.

On behalf of the Board

An Deinett

G McDermott Managing Director

Melbourne, 24 September 2013



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF

NAVARRE MINERALS LIMITED

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Navarre Minerals Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2013, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 2, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Navarre Minerals Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Navarre Minerals Limited is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2013 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2.

Report on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included at pages 15 to 24 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2013. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Opinion

In our opinion the Remuneration Report of Navarre Minerals Limited for the year ended 30 June 2013 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

RSM BIRD CAMERON PARTNERS

J S/CROALL Partner

Dated: 19 September 2013 Melbourne, Victoria

ABN 66 125 140 105

ADDITIONAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

The shareholder information set out below was applicable as at 23 September 2013.

1. Listing Information

The Company is listed, and all of the Company's issued shares are quoted on, the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX).

2. Distribution of Shareholders

(i) Analysis of number of shareholders by size of holding:

Ranges	Holders	Total Units	% IC
1 – 1000	19	4,544	0.01
1,001 - 5,000	99	333,973	0.56
5,001 – 10,000	166	1,371,406	2.30
10,001 - 100,000	377	12,051,568	20.21
>100,001	83	45,861,482	76.92
Totals	744	59,622,973	100.00

(ii) The number of shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel of shares was 312, holding a total of 2,037,005 shares.

3. 20 Largest Shareholders

The following table sets out the top 20 holders of the Company's shares (when multiple holdings are grouped together by registered holder):

			% Issued
		Number of	capital
Shai	reholder	shares	
1	Northgate Australian Ventures Pty Ltd	5,187,222	8.7%
2	New Chum Holdings Pty Ltd		7.7%
	• .	4,610,642	
3	Mr Kevin John Wilson	4,467,174	7.5%
4	Mr John Darroch, Mrs Gloria Darroch, Mr Richard Darroch & Ms Helen Darroch	2,693,333	4.5%
5	Kautag Pty Ltd	2,345,000	3.9%
6	Lujeta Pty Ltd	2,100,000	3.5%
7	Mr Colin Henry Naylor & Mrs Anne Naylor	1,730,000	2.9%
8	Mambat Pty Ltd	1,600,000	2.7%
9	Dalregal Pty Ltd	1,560,722	2.6%
10	Mr Trevor James Shard & Ms Lidia Lee Merzel	1,220,000	2.1%
11	Mad Fish Management Pty Ltd	1,130,000	1.9%
12	Ms Katherine Griffin	1,010,000	1.7%
13	Yavern Creek Holdings Pty Ltd	950,000	1.6%
14	Mrs Karrina Mitchell	900,000	1.5%
15	Mr Wayne Daryl King & Mr Craig Alan King	834,000	1.4%
16	Kevin Philip Wilkie & Kerry Wilkie	544,000	0.9%
17	Mr Kouros Abbaszadeh	501,003	0.9%
18	Mr Alnis Ernst Vedig & Mrs Rasma Vedig	500,000	0.8%
19	Mrs Carmel Elizabeth Whiting	492,768	0.8%
20	Walkaround Pty Limited	478,075	0.8%
		34,853,939	58.4%

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4. **Substantial Shareholders**

The substantial holders were as follows:

Shareholder	No of shares	%
Northgate Australian Ventures Corporation Pty Ltd	5,187,222	8.7%
Mr Geoffrey McDermott (including New Chum Holdings Pty Ltd and others)	4,824,243	8.1%
Mr Kevin John Wilson	4,467,174	7.5%
Mr John Dorward (including Kautag Pty Ltd and Ms Katherine Griffin)	3,355,000	5.6%

5. **Voting Rights**

At a general meeting of shareholders:

- (i) On a show of hands, each person who is a member or sole proxy has one vote.
- (ii) On a poll, each shareholder is entitled to one vote for each fully paid share.

(iii) **TENEMENT INFORMATION (as at 23 September 2013)**

Project	Tenement Details ¹	Group Interest	
Bendigo North			
Tandarra	EL4897	100%	
Castlemaine Gold JV			
Raydarra ²	EL5266	0%	
Sebastian 1 ²	EL4536	0% ³	
Sebastian 2 ²	EL4974	0% ³	
Landsborough Fault			
Kingston	EL5280	100%	
Glendhu	EL5380	100%	
Western Victoria Copper Project			
Black Range	EL4590	100%	
Stavely	EL5425	100%	
Mitre	EL4973	100%	
Cherrypool	EL5426	100%	
Stawell Corridor			
Ararat	ELA5476	0%	
Tatyoon	ELA5480	0%	

¹EL = Exploration Licence; ELA = Exploration Licence Application. ² Navarre may earn up to a 75% in these projects.

³ Navarre has earned, but not yet registered, a 51% interest in the Sebastian Project.