

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-K** **ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

 **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 001-37370

**MY SIZE, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

<b>Delaware</b>	<b>51-0394637</b>
(State or jurisdiction of Incorporation or organization)	I.R.S Employer Identification No.
<b>3 Arava St., POB 1026, Airport City, Israel</b>	<b>7010000</b>
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip code)
<b>+972-3- 6009030</b> (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
<b>Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share</b>	<b>MYSZ</b>	<b>The Nasdaq Capital Market</b>

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None.**Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes  No Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Emerging Growth Company <input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes  No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. 

The aggregate market value of voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of June 30, 2020, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, was approximately \$7,666,806.

Number of shares of common stock outstanding as of March 26, 2021 was 12,145,547.

Documents Incorporated by Reference: None.

**Table of Contents****Part I**

Item 1. <a href="#">Business</a>	2
Item 1A. <a href="#">Risk Factors</a>	14
Item 1B. <a href="#">Unresolved Staff Comments</a>	34
Item 2. <a href="#">Properties</a>	34
Item 3. <a href="#">Legal Proceedings</a>	34

Item 4.	<a href="#">Mine Safety Disclosures</a>	34
<b>Part II</b>		
Item 5.	<a href="#">Market For Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities</a>	35
Item 6.	<a href="#">Selected Financial Data</a>	35
Item 7.	<a href="#">Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</a>	36
Item 7A.	<a href="#">Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</a>	40
Item 8.	<a href="#">Financial Statements and Supplementary Data</a>	F-1
Item 9.	<a href="#">Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure</a>	41
Item 9A.	<a href="#">Controls and Procedures</a>	41
Item 9B.	<a href="#">Other Information</a>	41
<b>Part III</b>		
Item 10.	<a href="#">Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance</a>	42
Item 11.	<a href="#">Executive Compensation</a>	46
Item 12.	<a href="#">Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters</a>	49
Item 13.	<a href="#">Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence</a>	51
Item 14.	<a href="#">Principal Accounting Fees and Services</a>	51
<b>Part IV</b>		
Item 15.	<a href="#">Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules</a>	52
<a href="#">Signatures</a>		54

## PART I

In this Annual Report on Form 10-K, unless the context requires otherwise, the terms "we," "our," "us," or "the Company" refer to MySize, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its subsidiaries, including MySize Israel 2014 Ltd. taken as a whole.

References to "U.S. dollars" and "\$" are to currency of the United States of America, and references to "NIS" are to New Israeli Shekels. Unless otherwise indicated, U.S. dollar translations of NIS amounts presented in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended on December 31, 2020 are translated using the rate of NIS 3.2150 to \$1.00.

### CAUTIONARY NOTE ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Any statements in Annual Report on Form 10-K about our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance are not historical facts and are forward-looking statements. These statements are often, but not always, made through the use of words or phrases such as "believe," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "plan" and "would." For example, statements concerning financial condition, possible or assumed future results of operations, growth opportunities, industry ranking, plans and objectives of management, markets for our common stock and future management and organizational structure are all forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance. They involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may cause actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from any results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statement.

Any forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the risk factors discussed throughout this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Some of the risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates or projections contained in the forward-looking statements include but are not limited to:

- our history of losses and needs for additional capital to fund our operations and our inability to obtain additional capital on acceptable terms, or at all;
- risks related to our ability to continue as a going concern;
- risks related to the COVID-19 pandemic;
- the new and unproven nature of the measurement technology markets;
- our ability to achieve customer adoption of our products;
- our dependence on assets we purchased from a related party and the risk that such assets be repurchased;
- our ability to enhance our brand and increase market awareness;
- our ability to introduce new products and continually enhance our product offerings;
- the success of our strategic relationships with third parties;
- information technology system failures or breaches of our network security;
- competition from competitors;

- our reliance on key members of our management team;
- current or future litigation; and
- the impact of the political and security situation in Israel on our business.

The foregoing list sets forth some, but not all, of the factors that could affect our ability to achieve results described in any forward-looking statements. You should read this Annual Report on Form 10-K and the documents that we reference herein and have filed as exhibits to the Annual Report on Form 10-K, completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. You should assume that the information appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K is accurate as of the date hereof. Because the risk factors referred to in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by us or on our behalf, you should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.

Further, any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict which factors will arise. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. We qualify all of the information presented in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and particularly our forward-looking statements, by these cautionary statements.

## **ITEM 1. BUSINESS**

### **Overview**

We are a creator of mobile device measurement solutions that has developed innovative solutions designed to address shortcomings in multiple verticals, including the e-commerce fashion/apparel, shipping/parcel and do it yourself, or DIY, industries. Utilizing our sophisticated algorithms within our proprietary technology, we can calculate and record measurements in a variety of novel ways, and most importantly, increase revenue for businesses across the globe.

Our solutions can be utilized to accurately take measurements of a variety of items via a mobile device. By downloading the application to a smartphone, the user is then able to run the mobile device over the surface of an item the user wishes to measure. The information is then automatically sent to a cloud-based server where the dimensions are calculated through our proprietary algorithms, and the accurate measurements (+ or - 2 centimeters) are then sent back to the user's mobile device. We believe that the commercial applications for this technology are significant in many areas.

Currently, we are mainly focusing on the e-commerce fashion/apparel industry. In addition, our solutions address the shipping/parcel and DIY uses markets.

We are in the commercialization phase of our products, although we have only generated minimal revenues to date. While we rollout our products to major retailers and apparel companies, there is a lead time for new customers to ramp up before we can recognize revenue. This lead time varies between customers, especially when the customer is a tier 1 retailer, where the integration process may take longer. Generally, first we integrate our product into a customer's online platform, which is followed by piloting and implementation, and, assuming we are successful, commercial roll-out, all of which takes time before we expect it to impact our financial results in a meaningful way. While we have begun generating initial sales revenue, we do not expect to generate meaningful revenue during the upcoming quarters. In addition, the COVID-19 pandemic has had a particularly adverse impact on the retail industry and this has resulted in an adverse impact on our marketing and sales activities. For example, we have three ongoing pilots with international retailers that have been halted, we are unable to participate physically in industry conferences, our ability to meet with potential customers is limited and in certain instances sales processes have been delayed or cancelled. Because of the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with the COVID-19 pandemic, the success of our market penetration and our dependence on the extent to which MySizeID is adopted and utilized, we are unable to predict the extent to which we will recognize revenue. We may be unable to successfully develop or market any of our current or proposed products or technologies, those products or technologies may not generate any revenues, and any revenues generated may not be sufficient for us to become profitable or thereafter maintain profitability.

### **Our Solution**

Our cloud-based software platform provides accurate sizing and measurement with broad applications including the online fashion/apparel industry, logistics and courier services and home DIY. This proprietary technology is driven by several patented algorithms which are able to calculate and record measurements in a variety of novel ways. Although specific functionality varies by product, our core solutions address the need for highly accurate measurements in a variety of consumer friendly, every day uses.

The following are some select key features:

- **Integration Capability.** We design our solutions to be flexible and configurable, allowing our clients to match their use of our algorithms and software with their specific business processes and workflows. Our platform has been organically developed from a common code base, data structure and user interface, providing a consistent user experience with powerful features that are easily adaptable to our clients' needs;
- **Intuitive user experience.** Our intuitive, easy-to-use interface is based on current technology multiple focus groups and automatically adapts to users' devices, including mobile platforms, thereby significantly increasing accessibility of our solutions;
- **Big Data Generation.** While we supply to the user the information he/she requires, we gather certain vital information such as body measurement and package volume which can be used anonymously to help the retailer acquire predictive size information on stocking, operations and consumers that may be in between sizes. All this information is being gathered and stored on our servers where it can be used by retailers;
- **White Label Solution.** Our solutions can be transformed into white label applications at an extra cost to any customer that wants to utilize or embed our technology within their systems; and
- **Non-Invasive.** Owing to our unique, non-invasive technology, the smartphone camera is not used for measurement; all the measurements are recorded by moving the smartphone over the consumer's body or package, thus ensuring greater privacy.

### **Our Growth Strategy**

We intend to drive revenue primarily through penetration of the U.S. market through a B2B2C model in the verticals we are targeting. We intend to pursue the following growth strategies:

- **Sign Additional Commercial Agreements with U.S. Retailers.** During 2019 and 2020, we entered into commercial agreements with Penti, DeMoulin,

- **Pursue a Two-Pronged Commercialization Strategy.** We are seeking to accelerate adoption of our solutions both through direct partnerships with e-commerce websites as well as through third party platform websites. While we seek to directly enter into partnerships with companies maintaining e-commerce websites in the apparel, courier and DIY markets, we are also seeking to deploy our solutions on third party platforms. *MySizeID* is available for online retailers utilizing the WooCoomerce, Shopify and Lightspeed platforms while *BoxSize* is available on the Honeywell Marketplace, Zebra Technologies and Datalogic
- **Ongoing Investment in our Technology Platform.** We intend to continue to invest in building new software capabilities and extending our platform to bring the power of accurate measurement to a broader range of applications. In particular, we seek not only to deliver size recommendations but to provide a robust, end-to-end, AI-driven platform that inspires consumer confidence and drives revenue growth by providing a superior consumer journey to both online and the brick and mortar stores.

- **Grow our database.** As the usage of our measurement apps increases, our database of information including user behavior and body measurements generates valuable statistics. Such data can be used in the big data market for targeted advertising and for blind consumer data mining.
- **Identify and acquire synergistic businesses.** In order to reduce time to market and obtain complementary technologies, we are seeking to acquire technologies and businesses that are synergistic to our product offering.
- **Partnerships and cooperation** – in order to bring a wider solution for the retail market we are working to partner and integrate our technology with partners that can increase our penetration and offering to the market.

## The Markets

The mass adoption of mobile technologies such as tablets and smartphones has led to a surge of consumer activity online. Tasks that were once primarily brick-and-mortar – shopping for clothes, shipping a package, or buying supplies for a DIY home renovation project – have now shifted to digital, as consumers prefer the convenience of shopping anywhere, anytime.

E-commerce's meteoric rise has been a boon to retailers who can offer shoppers a simple customer experience through desktop or mobile devices. Retail e-commerce sales worldwide for 2019 were estimated to be \$3.5 trillion and forecast to grow to \$6.5 trillion in 2022. While many sectors have found ways to increase revenue through e-commerce, e-commerce is still plagued by issues that cut into profits and negatively impact the bottom line, such as customer returns, low consumer conversion, and associated restocking and shipping costs.

### Fashion/Apparel

The fashion market is one of the fastest growing sectors of online retail – what was already estimated to be an approximately \$525 billion market in 2019 and is projected to increase to over \$1,003 billion by the end of 2025. However, conveniences of online shopping, including simple search filters, the ability to purchase apparel without trying it on, and free returns, have led consumers to a more free-wheeling buying style that is costing retailers major dollars.

One of the biggest causes for returns are sizing issues, due in part to a truly universal sizing system that leaves consumers guessing what size they need or ordering multiple sizes and returning the ones that do not fit, all the retailer's expense. The value of e-commerce items returned in the U.S. was estimated to be \$121 billion in 2017 and expected to reach to \$348 billion in 2023.

To address this issue, we have developed an innovative mobile technology for retailers, known as *MySizeID*. *MySizeID* enables shoppers to generate highly accurate measurements of their body to find proper fitting clothes and accessories, through the use of our App on their mobile phone or through a simple questionnaire if the user decide not to download the app. *MySizeID* syncs the user's measurement data to a sizing chart integrated through a retailer's (or a white labeled) mobile application, and only presents items for purchase that match their measurements to ensure a correct fit. *MySizeID* is available for license by retailers and download by consumers on both iOS and Android operating systems.

During 2020, *MySizeID* delivered over 12 million size recommendations.

### Shipping/Parcel

According to Pitney Bowes, parcel revenue in 13 major countries around the world increased by 9% year over year from \$323 billion in 2018 (reflecting 87.5 billion parcels) to \$351 billion in 2019 or 103 billion parcels. In the shipping/parcel industry, the dimensions of a package are critical. It is not merely the measurement of a package or box – but rather the amount of space that the package or box will take up on a truck, airplane, or ship that will be transporting the package or box. Far too often, retailers use unfit packaging for their items, adding additional costs in materials and shipping fees.

To address this issue for shipping companies, we have developed an innovative mobile technology known as *BoxSize*. *BoxSize* enables customers to quickly and easily measure the size and volume of a parcel to accurately calculate shipping fees. It also offers shipping companies a variety of precise logistical data for more efficiently managing their supply chain, providing them with an accurate way to compare the physical package with what is in the shipping manifest. *BoxSize* solution is available for license on both iOS and Android operating systems.

*BoxSize* is available on the Honeywell Marketplace and in August 2019 was approved for Honeywell's Independent Software Vendor Program, and MySize was granted an independent software vendor (ISV) status on the Zebra Technologies and on DataLogic platforms.

### DIY

Similar to issues in the apparel and fashion market, big box, hardware, furniture, and DIY stores are plagued by returns due to incorrect fit and measurements. In an industry where precise measurement for projects is an absolute necessity, e-commerce has not grown as quickly as in other industries which we believe is due to lack of consumer confidence in measurements at home and buying the correct item online.

To address this issue for retailers, we have developed an innovative mobile technology known as *SizeUp*. *SizeUp* is a digital tape measure that allows users to measure length, width and height of a surface by moving their smartphone from point to point of an object or space. *SizeUp* is a value-add for DIY and home improvement retailers whose customers struggle to find the appropriately sized items (like blinds or curtains) for their homes or projects due to inaccurate measurements. *SizeUp* also is designed to replace rulers, tape measures and other measuring tools used for DIY projects. *SizeUp* is available for consumer download on both iOS and Android operating systems, with more than 1,210,600 consumer downloads to date.

We have released the *MySizeID* app for both iOS and Android which assists consumers to take highly accurate measurement of their own body in order to size clothing in the best way possible without the need to try the clothes on before purchasing. The benefit of our application is that it simplifies the process of purchasing clothes online and significantly reduces the rate of returns of ill-fitting clothing.

The application is the result of a research and development effort that combines:

- anthropometric research – analyses of information pertaining to body measurements derived from a survey and the subsequent determination of correlations between body parts;
- body measurement algorithm research – an algorithm created by us to measure body parts;
- retailers size chart analyses – adopting a deep understanding of the size charts of retailers and the corresponding “body to garment size.”

*MySizeID* allows consumers to create a secure, online profile of their personal measurements, which can then be utilized, with partnered online retailers, to ensure that no matter the manufacturer or size chart, they will get the right fit. *MySizeID* operates based on the use of existing sensors in smart phones which enable, through a specific purpose application, the measurement of the body of any consumer by moving the smartphone phone along his or her body. The *MySizeID* application does not rely on user photographs or any additional hardware; all a user needs to do is scan their body with their smartphone and the application records their measurements. The measurements can then be saved in our database in the cloud, enabling the user to search for clothes in various retailer websites without worrying about size. When a search is made, the retailer will connect to our cloud database, and then provide results based on the user’s measurements and other parameters as he or she may have defined. This data is also saved for use when a customer enters a brick and mortar store to help serve the customer more efficiently and to provide a better shopping experience.

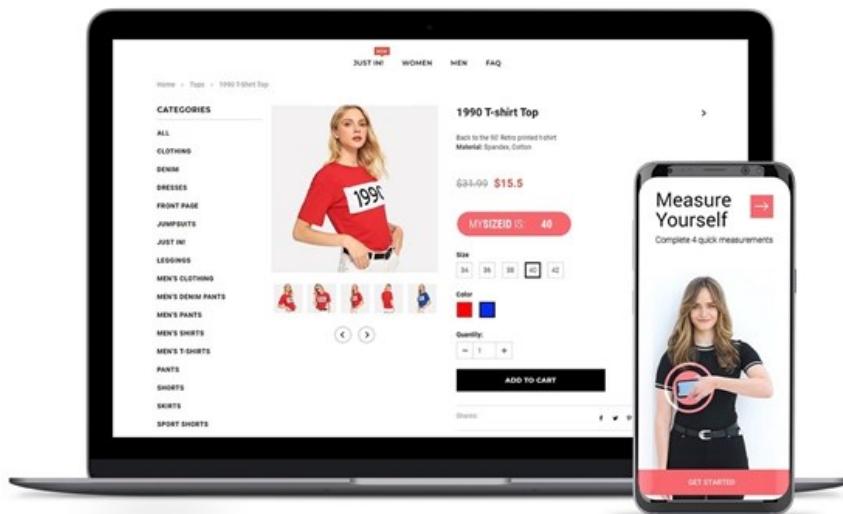


Figure 1: Screenshot of *MySizeID* on smartphone and e-commerce website

As part of the integration process, we offer to the retailer three main components:

- **Mobile App.** *MySizeID* comes in the form of a native app or as white label app. Our native app can be used “as is” integrated into the retailer’s e-commerce website. Alternatively, it can be white labeled according to the retailer’s needs in a manner that showcases the retailer brand (colors, logo etc.). The retailer can also receive the *MySizeID* SDK, and integrate it into its own existing application so the retailer’s consumers will not have to have two separate apps when shopping online.

During 2020, we released a ‘Made 2 Measure’ feature for *MySizeID* which allows retailers to receive a custom body measurement instead of a size to make a custom made clothing. We also developed and released a contact less shopping feature that enables consumers to scan a barcode through the *MySizeID* app when they are in the brick and mortar store to make a purchase completely free of contact.

Moreover we have released *MySizeID* app 2.0 version features a simpler onboarding experience with video tutorials focusing on a personalized consumer shopping experience.

In addition, we recently announced the full integration of our e-commerce shoe sizing solution directly to retailers’ websites and plan to introduce a 3D try-on avatar feature in the fourth quarter of 2021. Furthermore, we recently announced a planned launch of an application for the Evropeyskiy Mall in Russia which is designed to streamline in-person shopping from browsing to point of sale.

- **Widget.** When a consumer enters into the retailer’s website and looks for a specific item, he or she can click on the *MySizeID* widget which will inform the consumer of his or her recommended size, based on his or her actual measurements, as measured using the app and the item he or is looking at.

The widget has two features:

**Manual mode** – which allows the user to obtain size from the following parameters: gender, height and weight only. Thus we are able to give a size estimation even without having all the measurements made with the app.

**Guest mode** - allows a user that does not wish to sign up to *MySizeID* as a user, to obtain size recommendations as well.



## Dust Pink Drop Shoulder Ripped Oversized Sweater

A dusty pink soft, cozy & sexy oversized knit sweater. Features with edge-to-edge.

Material: Acrylic

\$60.00 \$36.99

MY SIZE is M

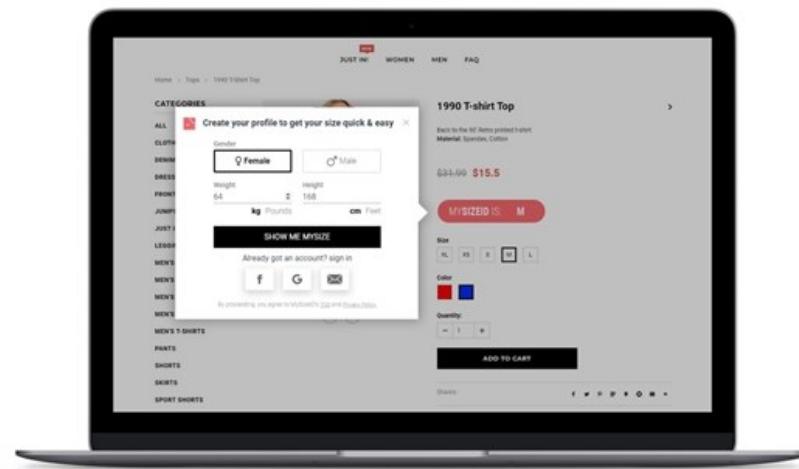
Color

Size

Quantity:

Subtotal: \$36.99

Figure 2: Screenshot of MySizeID widget on Modelista website



Another feature we added is the in between sizing feature. Our system can detect a user that has body dimensions that place the user between sizes and lets the user know that. That way a user can choose between the two sizes according to the user's fit preference (tight/loose/average).

- **MyDash Platform** The MyDash platform is a smart back-office system where the retailer enters all the information regarding its size charts that correlates to every product in its e-commerce site, and where the retailer can access the information on its users. This system is very flexible and can customize itself to every retailer's needs. In 2019, we improved the MyDash system to be much more accessible, added walkthroughs, user guides and changed the user interface and much more for the ease of use. We added mails mechanism, automatic error detections and size validation mechanism.

The screenshot shows the MyDash back-office system. At the top, there are navigation links: 'Manage charts' and 'Summary'. On the left, there are categories like 'Women's Tops' and 'Men's tops'. A red arrow points to a 'Women's Pants' section. Below these, there are buttons for '+ Add a size chart' and '+ Create a category'. A note says 'Organize your size charts with custom categories, like women's tops or men's bottoms.' The main area is a 'Size Chart Editor' for 'Women'. It has sections for 'Sizes' (with dropdowns for 24, 26, 28, 30), 'Hips' (checkboxes for 71, 72, 74, 76, 78), 'Waist' (checkboxes for 74, 70, 75, 80, 85), 'Height' (checkboxes for 'From To' ranges), and 'Inseam' (checkboxes for 'From To' ranges). There are also 'Chart Code' and 'Settings' buttons, and a 'SAVE' button at the top right.

Figure 3: Screenshot of Back-Office System

As we are licensing the technology, we are currently offering MySizeID to retailers on a pay per use basis and a monthly subscription fee. In a pay per use business model, every time the consumer obtains a recommended size, we charge the retailer for the usage.

In addition, we have developed applications for third party ecommerce platforms so that retailers who use those platforms will find our application on the platform's app store and will be able to easily install it in their store. In February 2019, MySizeID became available for online retailers utilizing the Shopify platform. Fashion and apparel retailers using Shopify can now deploy the MySizeID turnkey solution through the simple integration of the MySizeID widget on their site. During 2019 we also released applications for Lightspeed and for WooCommerce which are the biggest ecommerce platform in the market allowing more retailers to easily integrate and use the MySizeID solution. In 2020, we integrated MySizeID with Sellers Commerce a US uniform platform, ZeroGrey, and Italian Koomoo

## BoxSize

*BoxSize* is an intuitive parcel measurement application that can provide real-time logistic data on package volumes and transportation, resulting in improved operational efficiency and reduced operating expenses. In addition, *BoxSize* allows customers to easily measure the size of their parcel with their smartphone, calculate shipping costs and arrange for a convenient pick-up time for the package. In 2018, we released *BoxSize* for Android which has a greater market opportunity since, based on our experience, most courier companies are using Android based handheld devices. As a result, *BoxSize* is available both on iOS and Android.

In 2020 released the “One Click” feature that enables the user to measure a package with just one swipe of the handheld device, instead of taking three separate measurements.



Figure 4: Screenshot of *BoxSize*

We have developed the “Two Shots”, an algorithm that is intended to make package measurement even faster through two measurements, to measure the height, width and depth, of a package rather than three separate measurements.

We announced the general availability of *BoxSize* mobile measurement solution on the Honeywell Marketplace. In addition, *BoxSize* was approved for Honeywell’s Global Vendor Program *BoxSize* and is now available to provide highly accurate mobile measurement solutions for thousands of Honeywell clients. We also developed a new dashboard for the courier companies to have all the required data about each package in one place. It includes package dimensions, pictures, scan geo location and more. The dashboard also let the courier use Webhooks, which allows him to get the information from his own system.

In 2020, we announced our partnership with Datalogic, a global leader in the automatic data capture and process automation markets. The partnership makes our *BoxSize* measurement solution available to thousands of Datalogic customers in the Transportation and Logistics vertical.

## Agreement with Katz Delivery Services, LTD

On November 20, 2015, we entered into an agreement, or the Katz Agreement, with Katz Deliveries, LTD, or Katz, one of the largest courier services in Israel. Pursuant to the Katz Agreement, the parties have agreed to mutually work together to develop and integrate *MySize* technology with the Katz ERP to accurately monitor the volume of all parcels delivered to it for shipment by its clients. The goal is for Katz to use our technology to help with planning its distribution routes, thus reducing operational costs by adjusting the distribution vehicles to the volume of the shipments.

*KatzID* was developed for Katz and is to be used to measure packages, boxes and pallets at Katz’ logistics center. The app allows users to scan the barcode of a package and measure the package dimensions using *MySize*’s *SizeIT* technology (described below) and then subsequently upload the information directly to Katz’s back office. The technology is being used to control package volumes and accurately charge Katz’ customers accordingly.

In September 2018, we entered into a new agreement with Katz pursuant to which we are licensing to Katz on a software-as-a-service basis *KatzID* for a monthly fee based on the number of packages measured. We have completed integration of *KatzID* into the Katz ERP system. To date, there have been no material revenues from this agreement.

## SizeUp

We are working on additional consumer applications. One of these applications is in the category of DIY. This application is a smart tape measure for the business to consumer market which allows users to utilize their smartphone as a tape measure. The application provides measurements with an accuracy of plus or minus 2 centimeters. Through the use of this application users will be able to visualize how an object or a piece of furniture will fit in an existing room in their home or office. As many people have difficulty with spatial recognition, we hope this will help alleviate the problem. During 2020, we expanded availability of *SizeUp* to more than 68 different iOS and Android smartphone models worldwide. It also added Google Vision for image content analysis, object detection, and title suggestions. As of March 1, 2021, there have been over 1,210,600 downloads of the *SizeUp* app.

Currently the *SizeUp* app for Android and iOS is available for free for the first 30 days, after which a user will be required to register via e-mail and pay a one-time fee of \$1.99 to continue using the application. To date, revenues from downloads have been minimal.

## SizeIT

We have developed *SizeIT*, a smart measuring tape SDK for both Android and iOS platforms. *SizeIT* provides users with the ability to instantly and accurately measure objects with a quick movement of their mobile device. *SizeIT*, the core technology behind *MySizeID*, *SizeUp*, and *BoxSize* applications, can be embedded into any company’s existing or white label mobile app in a short period of time, offering an efficient solution to the escalating costs associated with product sizing issues and returns. *SizeIT* enables users to measure objects by moving their mobile device from one side of an object to another side of the object. Our algorithm utilizes a mobile device’s motion sensors to calculate the travelled distance.

## **Research and Development**

Our research and development team is responsible for the research, algorithm, design, development, and testing of all aspects of our measurement platform technology. We invest in these efforts to continuously improve, innovate, and add new features to our solutions.

We incurred research and development expenses of approximately \$1.5 million in 2020 and \$1.5 million in 2019, relating to the development of its applications and technologies. We intend to continue to invest in our research and development capabilities to extend our platform and bring our measurement technology to a broader range of applications.

## **Sales and Marketing**

In 2019, we launched a commercialization strategy that directs our sales efforts toward both sales to e-commerce players in specific vertical markets such as fashion/apparel and shipping/delivery as well as to e-commerce third party platform providers. As of March 26, 2021, we have nine sales offices in the following countries: US, UK, France, Netherlands, Turkey, Russia, Germany, Israel and Italy, generating customer leads, building out a sales pipeline, and developing customer relationships.

We believe an effective method to market our suite of products is for users to actively use and explore its capabilities. We encourage free trials of one or more of our products in order to successfully convert those accounts to paid subscriptions.

## **Proprietary Rights**

We rely on a combination of patent, copyright, trademark and trade secret laws in the United States and other jurisdictions, as well as contractual protections, to protect our proprietary technology.

---

10

As of December 31, 2020, we owned ten issued patents three in each of Russia and the US and one each in Canada, Japan and Israel which expire between January 20, 2033 and August 18, 2036, and we have eight additional patent applications in process. As of such date, we do not have any registered trademarks.

We cannot provide any assurance that our proprietary rights with respect to our products will be viable or have value in the future since the validity, enforceability and type of protection of proprietary rights in software-related industries are uncertain and still evolving.

Despite our efforts to protect our proprietary rights, unauthorized parties may attempt to copy aspects of our products or to obtain and use information that we regard as proprietary. Policing unauthorized use of our products is difficult, and while we are unable to determine the extent to which piracy of our software products exists, software piracy can be expected to be a persistent problem. In addition, the laws of some foreign countries do not protect proprietary rights to as great an extent as do the laws of the United States, and effective copyright, trademark, trade secret and patent protection may not be available in those jurisdictions. Our means of protecting our proprietary rights may not be adequate to protect us from the infringement or misappropriation of such rights by others.

Further, in recent years, there has been significant litigation in the United States involving patents and other intellectual property rights, particularly in the software and Internet-related industries. We can become subject to intellectual property infringement claims as the number of our competitors grows and our products and services overlap with competitive offerings. These claims, even if not meritorious, could be expensive to defend and could divert management's attention from operating our business. If we become liable to third parties for infringing their intellectual property rights, we could be required to pay a substantial award of damages and to develop non-infringing technology, obtain a license or cease selling the products that contain the infringing intellectual property. We may be unable to develop non-infringing technology or obtain a license on commercially reasonable terms, if at all.

## **Government Regulation**

We are subject to a number foreign and domestic laws and regulations that involve matters central to our business. These laws and regulations may involve privacy, data protection, intellectual property, or other subjects. Many of the laws and regulations to which we are subject are still evolving and being tested in courts and could be interpreted in ways that could harm our business. In addition, the application and interpretation of these laws and regulations often are uncertain, particularly in the new and rapidly evolving industry in which we operate. Because global laws and regulations have continued to develop and evolve rapidly, it is possible that we, our products, or our platform may not be, or may not have been, compliant with each such applicable law or regulation.

In particular, we are subject to a variety of federal, state and international laws and regulations governing the processing of personal data. Many U.S. states have passed laws requiring notification to data subjects when there is a security breach of personally identifiable data. There are also a number of legislative proposals pending before the U.S. Congress, various state legislative bodies and foreign governments concerning data protection. In addition, data protection laws in Europe and other jurisdictions outside the United States can be more restrictive than those within the United States, and the interpretation and application of these laws are still uncertain and in flux.

For example, the General Data Protection Regulation, or GDPR, which took effect on May 25, 2018, enhances data protection obligations for entities that process personal data about individuals, including obligations to cooperate with European data protection authorities, implement security measures and keep records of personal data processing activities. Noncompliance with the GDPR can trigger fines equal to the greater of €20 million or 4% of global annual revenue. In addition, the California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018, or CCPA, effective as of January 1, 2020, gives California residents expanded rights to access and require deletion of their personal information, opt out of certain personal information sharing, and receive detailed information about how their personal information is used. The CCPA provides for civil penalties for violations, as well as a private right of action for data breaches, that is expected to increase data breach litigation. Further, failure to comply with the Israeli Privacy Protection Law of 1981, and its regulations, as well as the guidelines of the Israeli Privacy Protection Authority, may expose us to administrative fines, civil claims (including class actions) and in certain cases criminal liability. Current pending legislation may result in a change of the current enforcement measures and sanctions. Given the breadth and depth of changes in data protection obligations, meeting the requirements of GDPR and other applicable laws and regulations has required significant time and resources, including a review of our technology and systems currently in use against the requirements of GDPR and other applicable laws and regulations. We have taken various steps to prepare for complying with GDPR and other applicable laws and regulations however there can be no assurance that these steps are sufficient to assure compliance. Further, additional EU laws and regulations (and member states' implementations thereof) further govern the protection of individuals and of electronic communications. If our efforts to comply with GDPR or other applicable laws and regulations are not successful, we may be subject to penalties and fines that would adversely impact our business and results of operations, and our ability to use personal data of individuals could be significantly impaired.

---

11

## **Competition**

We operate in a highly competitive industry that is characterized by constant change and innovation. Changes in the applications and the programming

languages used to develop applications, devices, operating systems, and technology landscape result in evolving customer requirements. Our competitors include True Fit, Virtusize, EasyMeasure, AR MeasureKit, Smart Measure and 3DLook.

The principal competitive factors in our market include the following:

- Product and platform features, architecture, reliability, privacy and security, performance, effectiveness, and supported environments;
- Product extensibility and ability to integrate with other technology infrastructures;
- Digital operations expertise;
- Ease of use of products and platform capabilities;
- Total cost of ownership;
- Adherence to industry standards and certifications;
- Strength of sales and marketing efforts;
- Brand awareness and reputation; and
- Focus on customer success.

We believe we generally compete favorably with our competitors on the basis of these factors. We expect competition to increase as other established and emerging companies enter our markets, as customer requirements evolve, and as new products and technologies are introduced. We expect this to be particularly true as we are a smartphone-based offering that does not need to utilize the smartphone's camera, and our competitors may also seek to repurpose their existing offerings to provide similar solutions. Many of our competitors have substantially greater financial, technical, and other resources, greater name recognition, larger sales and marketing budgets, broader distribution, and larger and more mature intellectual property portfolios.

#### **Human Capital Management**

As of March 26, 2021, we had a total of 27 employees, of which 24 were full-time employees, including 7 in sales and marketing, 13 in technology and development and 4 in administration and finance. None of our employees are represented by a collective bargaining agreement, nor have we experienced any work stoppage. We consider our relationship with our employees to be good. Our future success depends on our continuing ability to attract and retain highly qualified engineers, sales and marketing, account management, and senior management personnel.

We believe that our future success will depend, in part, on our continued ability to attract, hire and retain qualified personnel. In particular, we depend on the skills, experience and performance of our senior management and research personnel. We compete for qualified personnel with other medical device, biotechnology, pharmaceutical and healthcare companies, as well as universities and non-profit research institutions.

We provide competitive compensation and benefits programs to help meet the needs of our employees. In addition to salaries, these programs (which vary by country/region and employment classification) include incentive compensation plan, pension, healthcare and insurance benefits, paid time off, family leave, and on-site services, among others. We also use targeted equity-based grants with vesting conditions to facilitate retention of personnel, particularly for our key employees.

The success of our business is fundamentally connected to the well-being of our people. Accordingly, we are committed to the health and safety of our employees. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, we implemented significant changes that we determined were in the best interest of our employees, as well as the communities in which we operate, and which comply with government regulations. This includes having employees work from home, while implementing additional safety measures for employees continuing critical on-site work.

We consider our relations with our employees to be good.

#### **Company Information**

Our principal executive offices are located at 4 Hayarden St., POB 1026, Airport City, Israel 7010000, and our telephone number is +972-3-600-9030. Our website address is [www.mysizeid.com](http://www.mysizeid.com). Any information contained on, or that can be accessed through, our website is not incorporated by reference into, nor is it in any way a part of, this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We use our website ([www.mysizeid.com](http://www.mysizeid.com)) as a channel of distribution of Company information. The information we post through this channel may be deemed material. Accordingly, investors should monitor our website, in addition to following our press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts. The contents of our website are not, however, a part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Corporate History**

We were incorporated in the State of Delaware on September 20, 1999 under the name Topspin Medical, Inc. In December 2013, we changed our name to KnowledgeTree Ventures Inc. Subsequently, in February 2014, we changed our name to MySize, Inc. In 2020, we created a subsidiary in the Russian Federation, My Size LLC.

From inception through 2012, we were engaged in research and development of a medical magnetic resonance imaging, or MRI, technology for interventional cardiology and in the development of MRI technology for use in the diagnosis and treatment of prostate cancer. In January 2012, we acquired Metamorefix Ltd., or Metamorefix. Metamorefix was incorporated in 2007, and was engaged in the development of innovative solutions for the rehabilitation of tissues, particularly skin tissues. By the end of 2012, we ceased operations and in January 2013, we sold our entire ownership interest in Metamorefix.

In September 2013, Ronen Luzon, our Chief Executive Officer, acquired control of the Company from Asher Shmuelvitch, according to which Mr. Luzon purchased 1,755,950 shares of common stock from Mr. Shmuelvitch, which shares represented approximately 40% of the issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company at such time, thus becoming a controlling shareholder of the Company. In connection with the acquisition, Mr. Luzon reached a settlement with our then creditors pursuant to which the main creditor, Mr. Shmuelvitch, was paid a total sum of approximately \$140,000 in consideration for a full and final waiver of any and all his claims that he may have relating to any monetary indebtedness of the Company to the creditors.

In February 2014, My Size Israel 2014 Ltd., or My Size Israel, our wholly owned subsidiary, entered into a Purchase Agreement, or the Purchase Agreement, with Shoshana Zigdon, or the Seller, who at the time was a beneficial owner of more than 20% of our outstanding shares, with respect to the acquisition by us of certain rights related to the collection of data for measurement purposes including rights in the venture, the method and a patent application that had been filed by the Seller (PCT/IL2013/050056), or the Assets. In consideration for the sale of the Assets, we agreed to pay to Seller, 18% of our operating profit, directly or indirectly connected with the Assets together with value-added tax in accordance with the law for a period of seven years from the end of the development period of the aforementioned venture. In addition to the foregoing, the Purchase Agreement provides that all developments, improvements, knowledge and know-how

The Purchase Agreement may be terminated by either party in the event of an uncured material breach. The Purchase Agreement further provides that the Seller is entitled to repurchase the Assets from us upon the occurrence of one or more of the following events: (a) in the case of liquidation or bankruptcy; or (b) if on the seventh anniversary of the execution of the Purchase Agreement, the amount of our income, directly and/or indirectly derived from the Assets is less than NIS 3.6 million (approximately \$1 million), each a “Repurchase Event”. If a Repurchase Event occurs, the Seller shall have a 90 day right, subject to delivery of written notice to us of Seller’s intention to exercise such right, to repurchase the Assets from us. The repurchase price will be based upon a market price to be determined by one or more external appraisers. Unless the Seller provides written notice of retraction of Seller’s intention to repurchase the Assets, the Seller shall be obligated to repurchase the Assets within 60 days from the date of receipt of the appraisal. Seller shall have the right to retract its intention to repurchase the Assets, provided Seller gives written notice to us within 30 days of receiving the appraisal and subject to the Seller refunding to us the expenses borne by us in respect of the appraisal. As of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we have only generated limited revenue and as a consequence of the passage of seven years since execution of the Purchase Agreement, the Seller, has a right to repurchase the Assets for 90 days from February 16, 2021. In accordance with the Purchase Agreement, on March 7, 2021, we notified Ms. Zigdon that the amount of our income, directly and/or indirectly derived from the Assets is less than NIS 3.6 million. We intend to negotiate the waiver of the Seller’s right to repurchase of the Assets and in consideration of such waiver expect to pay cash or issue shares of common stock and/or common stock equivalents, or a combination of both. At this stage, we are unable to estimate the amount or form of consideration that we will expect to pay in consideration of the waiver. To the extent that we pay cash, this could materially reduce the amount of cash available for working capital and other purposes and to the extent we issue any equity this could result in substantial dilution to you and our then current stockholders. If the Seller exercises her right to repurchase the Assets, our ability to develop and commercialize our products would be significantly harmed and we may cease operations.

In September 2005, we commenced trading on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange, or TASE. Between 2007 and 2012 we reported as a public company with the SEC. In August 2012, we suspended our reporting obligations. In mid-2015 we resumed reporting as a public company. On July 25, 2016, our common stock began publicly trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol “MYSZ”.

#### **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the following risk factors and the other information in this Annual Report on Form 10-K before investing in our common stock. Our business and results of operations could be seriously harmed by any of the following risks. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In such case, the value and trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

##### **Summary Risk Factors**

The principal factors and uncertainties that make investing in our ordinary shares risky, include, among others:

##### **Risks Related to Our Financial Position and Capital Requirements**

- We have historically incurred significant losses and there can be no assurance when, or if, we will achieve or maintain profitability.
- Our limited operating history makes it difficult to evaluate our business and prospects.
- We will need to raise additional capital to meet our business requirements in the future, which is likely to be challenging, could be highly dilutive and may cause the market price of our common stock to decline.
- The report of our independent registered public accounting firm contains an explanatory paragraph regarding substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

##### **Risks Related to Our Company and Our Business**

- We are substantially dependent on assets we purchased from a related party, and if we lose the rights to such assets or the assets are repurchased for any reason, our ability to develop existing and new applications based upon these assets would be harmed, and our business, results of operations and financial condition would be materially and adversely affected.
- We may never successfully develop any products or generate revenues.

- The market for our measurement technology is new and unproven, may experience limited growth and is highly dependent on U.S. retailers and online third party resellers adopting our flagship product, MySizeID.
- Our business may be adversely affected by the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Failure to effectively develop and expand our sales and marketing capabilities could harm our ability to grow our business and achieve broader market acceptance of our products.
- We expect our sales cycle to be long and unpredictable and require considerable time and expense before executing a customer agreement, which may make it difficult to project when, if at all, we will obtain new customers and when we will generate revenue from those customers.
- We may in the future engage in acquisitions, joint ventures or collaborations which may increase our capital requirements, dilute our shareholders, cause us to incur debt or assume contingent liabilities, and subject us to other risks. We may not realize the benefits of these acquisitions, joint ventures or collaborations.
- If we are not able to enhance our brand and increase market awareness of our company and products, then our business, results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected.
- If we do not develop enhancements to our products and introduce new products that achieve market acceptance, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.
- The mobile technology industry is subject to rapid technological change and, to compete, we must continually enhance our mobile Apps and custom

- development services.
- Our growth depends, in part, on the success of our strategic relationships with third parties.
- We rely upon third parties to provide distribution for our applications, and disruption in these services could harm our business.
- We rely on third-party hosting and cloud computing providers to operate certain aspects of our business. Any failure, disruption or significant interruption in our network or hosting and cloud services could adversely impact our operations and harm our business.
- Information technology system failures or breaches of our network security could interrupt our operations and adversely affect our business.
- Real or perceived errors, failures, or bugs in our products could adversely affect our operating results and growth prospects.
- We could be harmed by improper disclosure or loss of sensitive or confidential company, employee, or customer data, including personal data.
- A material breach in security relating to our information systems and regulation related to such breaches could adversely affect us.
- Our products and our business are subject to a variety of U.S. and international laws and regulations, including those regarding privacy, data protection and information security, and our customers may be subject to regulations related to the handling and transfer of certain types of sensitive and confidential information. Any failure of our products to comply with or enable our customers to comply with applicable laws and regulations would harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.
- We may not be able to adequately protect our intellectual property, which, in turn, could harm the value of our brands and adversely affect our business.
- We may face intense competition and expect competition to increase in the future, which could prohibit us from developing a customer base and generating revenue.
- Our business operations and future development could be significantly disrupted if we lose key members of our management team.
- If we are able to expand our operations, we may be unable to successfully manage our future growth.

---

15

#### **Risks Related To Our Operations In Israel**

- Our headquarters and most of our operations are located in Israel, and therefore, political conditions in Israel may affect our operations and results.

#### **Risks Related To Our Common Stock**

- A more active, liquid trading market for our common stock may not develop, and the price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.
- Sales by our stockholders of a substantial number of shares of our common stock in the public market could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.
- Our securities are traded on more than one market which may result in price variations.
- We are a former “shell company” and as such are subject to certain limitations not applicable to other public companies generally.

#### **Risks Related to Our Financial Position and Capital Requirements**

***We have historically incurred significant losses and there can be no assurance when, or if, we will achieve or maintain profitability.***

We realized a net loss of approximately \$6.2 million and \$5.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 and had an accumulated deficit of \$34.7 million as at December 31, 2020. Because of the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with the development of our products and business, we are unable to predict the extent of any future losses or when we will become profitable, if at all. Expected future operating losses will have an adverse effect on our cash resources, shareholders' equity and working capital. Our failure to become and remain profitable could depress the value of our stock and impair our ability to raise capital, expand our business, maintain our development efforts, or continue our operations. A decline in our value could also cause you to lose all or part of your investment in us.

***Our limited operating history makes it difficult to evaluate our business and prospects.***

We have only been developing our measurement technology since 2014. Since then, our operating history has been primarily limited to research and development, pilot studies, raising capital, and limited sales and marketing efforts. Therefore, it may be difficult to evaluate our business and prospects. We have not yet demonstrated an ability to commercialize our products. Consequently, any predictions about our future performance may not be accurate, and you may not be able to fully assess our ability to complete development and/or commercialize our products, and any future products.

***We will need to raise additional capital to meet our business requirements in the future, which is likely to be challenging, could be highly dilutive and may cause the market price of our common stock to decline.***

Based on our projected cash flows and the cash balances as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we believe we have sufficient cash to fund our obligations through January 2022. However, in order to meet our business objectives in the future, we will need to raise additional capital, which may not be available on reasonable terms or at all. Additional capital would be used to accomplish the following:

- finance our current operating expenses;
- pursue growth opportunities;
- hire and retain qualified management and key employees;
- respond to competitive pressures;
- comply with regulatory requirements; and
- maintain compliance with applicable laws.

Current conditions in the capital markets are such that traditional sources of capital may not be available to us when needed or may be available only on unfavorable terms. Our ability to raise additional capital, if needed, will depend on conditions in the capital markets, economic conditions, the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak and a number of other factors, many of which are outside our control, and on our financial performance. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that we will be able to successfully raise additional capital at all or on terms that are acceptable to us. If we cannot raise additional capital when needed, it may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

To the extent that we raise additional capital through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of such securities could result in substantial dilution for our current stockholders. The terms of any securities issued by us in future capital transactions may be more favorable to new investors, and may include preferences, superior voting rights and the issuance of warrants or other derivative securities, which may have a further dilutive effect on the holders of any of our securities then-outstanding. We may issue additional shares of our common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for our common stock in connection with hiring or retaining personnel, option or warrant exercises, future acquisitions or future placements of our securities for capital-raising or other business purposes. The issuance of additional securities, whether equity or debt, by us, or the possibility of such issuance, may cause the market price of our common stock to decline and existing stockholders may not agree with our financing plans or the terms of such financings. In addition, we may incur substantial costs in pursuing future capital financing, including investment banking fees, legal fees, accounting fees, securities law compliance fees, printing and distribution expenses and other costs. We may also be required to recognize non-cash expenses in connection with certain securities we issue, such as convertible notes and warrants, which may adversely impact our financial condition. Furthermore, any additional debt or equity financing that we may need may not be available on terms favorable to us, or at all. If we are unable to obtain such additional financing on a timely basis, we may have to curtail our development activities and growth plans and/or be forced to sell assets, perhaps on unfavorable terms, or we may have to cease our operations, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***The report of our independent registered public accounting firm contains an explanatory paragraph regarding substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.***

We have incurred significant losses and negative cash flows from operations and has an accumulated deficit that raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 were prepared under the assumption that we would continue our operations as a going concern. Our independent registered public accounting firm has included a “going concern” explanatory paragraph in its report on our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. If we are unable to improve our liquidity position, by, among other things, raising capital through public or private offerings or reducing our expenses, we may exhaust our cash resources and will be unable to continue our operations. If we cannot continue as a viable entity, our shareholders would likely lose most or all of their investment in us.

#### **Risks Related to Our Company and Our Business**

***We are substantially dependent on assets we purchased from a former related party, and if we lose the rights to such assets or the assets are repurchased for any reason, our ability to develop existing and new applications based upon these assets would be significantly harmed, and our business, results of operations and financial condition would be materially and adversely affected.***

In February 2014, we entered into a Purchase Agreement with a former related party, Shoshana Zigdon, or the Seller, pursuant to which we acquired certain rights related to the collection of data for measurement purposes including rights in the venture, the method and a patent application that had been filed by the Seller (PCT/IL2013/050056), or the Assets. Our business is substantially dependent upon the Assets we acquired pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. Therefore, our ability to develop and commercialize our applications depends upon the effectiveness and continuation of the Purchase Agreement. If we lose the rights, including the rights to the patent that comprise the Assets, our ability to develop existing and new applications would be harmed. In consideration for the sale of the Assets, we agreed to pay to Ms. Zigdon, 18% of our operating profit, directly or indirectly connected with the Assets together with value-added tax in accordance with the Israeli tax law for a period of seven years from the end of the development period of the aforementioned venture.

The Purchase Agreement may be terminated by either party in the event of an uncured material breach. The Purchase Agreement further provides that the Seller is entitled to repurchase the Assets from us upon the occurrence of one or more of the following events: (a) in the case of liquidation or bankruptcy of the Company; or (b) if on the seventh anniversary of the execution of the Purchase Agreement, the amount of our income, directly and/or indirectly derived from the Assets is less than NIS 3.6 million (approximately \$1 million). As of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we have only generated limited revenue and as a consequence of the passage of seven years since execution of the Purchase Agreement, Ms. Zigdon, has a right to repurchase the Assets for 90 days from February 16, 2021 at the market price of the Assets as determined by a third party independent valuation. In accordance with the Purchase Agreement, on March 7, 2021, we notified Ms. Zigdon that the amount of our income, directly and/or indirectly derived from the Assets is less than NIS 3.6 million. We intend to negotiate the waiver of Ms. Zigdon's right to repurchase of the Assets and in consideration of such waiver expect to pay cash or issue shares of common stock and/or common stock equivalents, or a combination of both. At this stage, we are unable to estimate the amount or form of consideration that we will expect to pay in consideration of the waiver. To the extent that we pay cash, this could materially reduce the amount of cash available for working capital and other purposes and to the extent we issue any equity this could result in substantial dilution to you and our then current stockholders. If Ms. Zigdon exercises her right to repurchase the Assets, our ability to develop and commercialize our products would be significantly harmed and we may cease operations.

***We may never successfully develop any products or generate significant revenues.***

We only recently transitioned into the commercialization phase of our products and have only generated minimal revenues to date. We may be unable to successfully develop or market any of our current or proposed products or technologies, those products or technologies may not generate any revenues, and any revenues generated may not be sufficient for us to become profitable or thereafter maintain profitability.

***The market for our measurement technology is new and unproven, may experience limited growth and is highly dependent on U.S. retailers and online third party resellers adopting our flagship product, MySizeID.***

The market for our measurement technology is relatively new and unproven and is subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. We believe that our future success will depend in large part on market adoption of our flagship product, *MySizeID*, by U.S. retailers and online third party resellers. In order to grow our business, we intend to focus on educating retailers and resellers and other potential customers about the benefits of our measurement technology, expanding the functionality of our products and bringing new products to market to increase market acceptance and use of our technology. Our ability to develop and expand the market that our products address depends upon a number of factors, including the cost savings, performance and perceived value associated with such products. The market for our products could fail to develop or there could be a reduction in interest or demand for our products as a result of a lack of consumer acceptance, technological challenges, competing products and services, weakening economic conditions and other causes. We may never successfully commercialize our products and if our products fail to achieve market acceptance, this would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***Our business may be adversely affected by the impact of COVID-19 pandemic.***

Public health epidemics or outbreaks could adversely impact our business. In late 2019, a novel strain of COVID-19, also known as coronavirus, was reported in Wuhan, China. While initially the outbreak was largely concentrated in China, it has now spread to Israel and the United States, and infections have been reported globally. Many countries around the world, including in Israel, have implemented significant governmental measures to control the spread of the virus, including temporary closure of businesses, severe restrictions on travel and the movement of people, and other material limitations on the conduct of business. These measures have resulted in work stoppages and other disruptions. We implemented remote working and work place protocols for our employees in accordance with Israeli government requirements. In addition, while we have seen an increased demand for MySizeID, the COVID-19 pandemic has had a particularly adverse impact on the retail industry and this has resulted in an adverse impact on our marketing and sales activities. For example, we have three ongoing pilots with international retailers that have been halted, we are unable to participate physically in industry conferences, our ability to meet with potential customers is limited, and in certain instances sales processes have been delayed or cancelled. The extent to which COVID-19 continues to impact our operations will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, including the duration and severity of the outbreak, and the actions that may be required to contain COVID-19 or treat its impact.

In particular, the continued spread of COVID-19 in Israel and globally could adversely impact our operations, including among others, our sales and marketing efforts and our ability to raise additional funds, and accordingly, the impact of coronavirus could have an adverse impact on our business and our financial results.

***Failure to effectively develop and expand our sales and marketing capabilities could harm our ability to grow our business and achieve broader market acceptance of our products.***

Our ability to achieve customer adoption, especially among U.S. retailers will depend, in part, on our ability to effectively organize, focus and train our sales and marketing personnel. We have limited experience selling to U.S. retailers and only recently established a U.S. sales force. We believe that there is significant competition for experienced sales professionals with the skills and industry knowledge that we require. Our ability to achieve significant revenue growth in the future will depend, in part, on our ability to recruit, train and retain a sufficient number of experienced sales professionals, particularly those with experience selling to U.S. retailers. In addition, even if we are successful in hiring qualified sales personnel, new hires require significant training and experience before they achieve full productivity, particularly for sales efforts targeted at U.S. retailers and new markets. Because we only recently started sales efforts, we cannot predict whether, or to what extent, our sales efforts will be successful.

***We expect our sales cycle to be long and unpredictable and require considerable time and expense before executing a customer agreement, which may make it difficult to project when, if at all, we will obtain new customers and when we will generate revenue from those customers.***

As we seek adoption of our products by U.S. retailers, we expect to incur higher costs and long sales cycles, especially as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. In this market segment, the decision to adopt our products may require the approval of multiple technical and business decision makers, including security, compliance, procurement, operations and IT. In addition, while U.S. retailers may be willing to deploy our products on a limited basis, before they will commit to deploying our products at scale, they often require extensive education about our products and significant customer support time, engage in protracted pricing negotiations and seek to secure readily available development resources. As a result, it is difficult to predict when we will obtain new customers and begin generating revenue from these customers. As part of our sales cycle, we may incur significant expenses before executing a definitive agreement with a prospective customer and before we are able to generate any revenue from such agreement. We have no assurance that the substantial time and money spent on our sales efforts will generate significant revenue. If conditions in the marketplace generally or with a specific prospective customer change negatively, it is possible that no definitive agreement will be executed, and we will be unable to recover any of these expenses. If we are not successful in targeting, supporting and streamlining our sales processes and if revenue expected to be generated from a prospective customer is not realized in the time period expected or not realized at all, our ability to grow our business, and our operating results and financial condition may be adversely affected. If our sales cycles lengthen, our future revenue could be lower than expected, which would have an adverse impact on our operating results and could cause our stock price to decline.

***We may in the future engage in acquisitions, joint ventures or collaborations which may increase our capital requirements, dilute our shareholders, cause us to incur debt or assume contingent liabilities, and subject us to other risks. We may not realize the benefits of these acquisitions, joint ventures or collaborations.***

In order to reduce time to market and obtain complementary technologies, we are seeking to acquire technologies and businesses that are synergistic to our product offering. We may evaluate various acquisitions and collaborations, including licensing or acquiring complementary technologies, intellectual property rights, or businesses. The process for acquiring a company may take from several months up to a year and costs can vary greatly. We may also compete with others to acquire companies, and such competition may result in decreased availability of, or an increase in price for, suitable acquisition candidates. In addition, we may not be able to consummate acquisitions or investments that we have identified as crucial to the implementation of our strategy for other commercial or economic reasons. As a result, it may be more difficult for us to identify suitable acquisition or investment targets or to consummate acquisitions or investments on acceptable terms or at all. If we are not able to execute on any acquisition, we may not be able to achieve a future growth strategy and may lose market share.

In addition, any potential acquisition, joint venture or collaboration will entail numerous potential risks, including:

- increased operating expenses and cash requirements;
- the assumption of additional indebtedness or contingent liabilities;
- assimilation of operations, intellectual property and products of an acquired company, including difficulties associated with integrating new personnel;
- the diversion of our management's attention from our existing programs and initiatives in pursuing such a strategic merger or acquisition;
- retention of key employees, the loss of key personnel, and uncertainties in our ability to maintain key business relationships;
- risks and uncertainties associated with the other party to such a transaction, including the prospects of that party and their existing technologies; and
- our inability to generate revenue from acquired technologies or products sufficient to meet our objectives in undertaking the acquisition or even to offset the associated acquisition and maintenance costs.

All of the foregoing risks may be magnified as the cost, size or complexity of an acquisition or acquired company increases, or where the acquired company's products, market or business are materially different from ours, or where more than one integration is occurring simultaneously or within a concentrated period of time. We may not be able to obtain the necessary regulatory approvals, including those of antitrust authorities and foreign investment authorities, in countries where we seek to consummate acquisitions or make investments. For those and other reasons, we may ultimately fail to consummate an acquisition, even if we announce the intended acquisition.

In addition, we may require significant financing to complete an acquisition or investment, whether through bank loans, raising of equity or debt or otherwise. We cannot assure you that such financing options will be available to us on reasonable terms, or at all. If we are not able to obtain such necessary financing, it could have an impact on our ability to consummate a substantial acquisition or investment and execute a future growth strategy. Alternatively, we may issue a significant number of shares as consideration for an acquisition, which would have a dilutive effect on our existing shareholders. Furthermore, if we

***If we are not able to enhance our brand and increase market awareness of our company and products, then our business, results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected.***

We believe that enhancing the “MySize” brand identity and increasing market awareness of our company and products, particularly among U.S. retailers, is critical to achieving widespread acceptance of our products. Our ability to successfully develop new retailers may be adversely affected by a lack of awareness or acceptance of our brand. To the extent that we are unable to foster name recognition and affinity for our brand, our growth may be significantly delayed or impaired. The successful promotion of our brand will depend largely on our continued marketing efforts, market adoption of our products, and our ability to successfully differentiate our products from competing products and services. Our brand promotion may not be successful or result in revenue generation. Any incident that erodes consumer affinity for our brand could significantly reduce our brand value and damage our business. If consumers perceive or experience a reduction in quality, or in any way believe we fail to deliver a consistently positive experience, our brand value could suffer and our business may be adversely affected.

In particular, adverse weather conditions can impact guest traffic at our retailers, and, in more severe cases, cause temporary retail closures, sometimes for prolonged periods. Our business is subject to seasonal fluctuations, with retail sales typically higher during certain months, such as December. Adverse weather conditions during our most favorable months or periods may exacerbate the effect of adverse weather on consumer traffic and may cause fluctuations in our operating results from quarter-to-quarter within a fiscal year.

***If we do not develop enhancements to our products and introduce new products that achieve market acceptance, our business, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.***

Our ability to attract new customers depends in part on our ability to enhance and improve our existing products, increase adoption and usage of our products and introduce new products. The success of any enhancements or new products depends on several factors, including timely completion, adequate quality testing, actual performance quality, and overall market acceptance. Enhancements and new products that we develop may not be introduced in a timely or cost-effective manner, may contain errors or defects, may have interoperability difficulties with our platform or other products or may not achieve the broad market acceptance necessary to generate significant revenue. Furthermore, our ability to increase the usage of our products depends, in part, on the development of new use cases for our products and may be outside of our control. If we are unable to successfully enhance our existing products to meet evolving customer requirements, increase adoption and usage of our products, develop new products, then our business, results of operations and financial condition would be adversely affected.

***The mobile technology industry is subject to rapid technological change and, to compete, we must continually enhance our mobile Apps and custom development services.***

We must continue to enhance and improve the performance, functionality and reliability of our products. The mobile technology industry is characterized by rapid technological change, changes in user requirements and preferences, frequent new product and services introductions embodying new technologies and the emergence of new industry standards and practices that could render our products obsolete. Our success will depend, in part, on our ability to both internally develop and enhance our existing products, develop new products that address the increasingly sophisticated and varied needs of our customers, and respond to technological advances and emerging industry standards and practices on a cost-effective and timely basis. The development of our technology involves significant technical and business risks. We may fail to use new technologies effectively or to adapt our proprietary technology and systems to customer requirements or emerging industry standards. If we are unable to adapt to changing market conditions, customer requirements or emerging industry standards, we may not be able to increase our revenue and expand our business.

***Changes in economic conditions could materially affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.***

Because our primary target customers include U.S. retailers, we, together with the rest of the fashion/apparel industry, will depend upon consumer discretionary spending. Increases in unemployment rates, reductions in home values, increases in home foreclosures, investment losses, personal bankruptcies and reductions in access to credit and reduced consumer confidence, may impact consumers’ ability and willingness to spend discretionary dollars. In addition, volatile economic conditions may repress consumer confidence and discretionary spending. Any of the foregoing may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

***Our growth depends, in part, on the success of our strategic relationships with third parties.***

To grow our business, we anticipate that we will continue to depend on relationships with third parties, such as our customers and third party platforms. Identifying partners, and negotiating and documenting relationships with them, requires significant time and resources. If we are unsuccessful in establishing or maintaining our relationships with third parties, our ability to compete in the marketplace or to grow our revenue could be impaired, and our results of operations may suffer. Even if we are successful, we cannot assure you that these relationships will result in increased customer usage of our products or increased revenue.

***We rely upon third parties to provide distribution for our applications, and disruption in these services could harm our business.***

We currently utilize, and plan on continuing to utilize over the current fiscal year, third-party networking providers and distribution through companies including, but not limited to, Apple and Google as well as Shopify, WooCommerce and, Datalogic, Honeywell and Zebra to distribute our technologies. If disruptions or capacity constraints occur, we may have no means of replacing these services, on a timely basis or at all. This could cause a material adverse condition for our operations and financial earnings.

***We rely on third-party hosting and cloud computing providers to operate certain aspects of our business. Any failure, disruption or significant interruption in our network or hosting and cloud services could adversely impact our operations and harm our business.***

Our technology infrastructure is critical to the performance of our products and customer satisfaction. Our products run on a complex distributed system, or what is commonly known as cloud computing. We own, operate and maintain elements of this system, but significant elements of this system are operated by third-parties that we do not control and which would require significant time to replace. We expect this dependence on third-parties to continue. In particular, a significant portion, if not almost all data storage, data processing and other computing services and systems is hosted by cloud computing providers. Any disruptions, outages and other performance problems relating to such services, including infrastructure changes, human or software errors and capacity constraints, could adversely impact our business, financial condition or results of operations.

***Information technology system failures or breaches of our network security could interrupt our operations and adversely affect our business.***

Our operations depend upon our ability to protect our computer equipment and systems against damage from physical theft, fire, power loss, telecommunications failure or other catastrophic events, as well as from internal and external security breaches, viruses, worms and other disruptive problems. Any damage or failure of our computer systems or network infrastructure that causes an interruption in our operations could have a material adverse effect on our business and subject us to litigation or actions by regulatory authorities. Although we employ both internal resources and external consultants to conduct auditing and testing for weaknesses in our systems, controls, firewalls and encryption and intend to maintain and upgrade our security technology and operational procedures to prevent such damage, breaches or other disruptive problems, there can be no assurance that these security measures will be successful.

***Real or perceived errors, failures, or bugs in our products could adversely affect our operating results and growth prospects.***

We update our products on a frequent basis. Despite efforts to test our updates, errors, failures or bugs may not be found in our products until after they are deployed to a customer. We have discovered and expect we will continue to discover errors, failures and bugs in our products and anticipate that certain of these errors, failures and bugs will only be discovered and remediated after deployment. Real or perceived errors, failures or bugs in our platform could result in negative publicity, government inquiries, loss of or delay in market acceptance of our products, loss of competitive position, or claims by customers for losses sustained by them. In such an event, we may be required, or may choose, for customer relations or other reasons, to expend additional resources in order to help correct the problem.

***We could be harmed by improper disclosure or loss of sensitive or confidential company, employee, or customer data, including personal data.***

In connection with the operation of our business, we store, process and transmit data, including personal and payment information, about our employees and customers, a portion of which is confidential and/or personally sensitive. Unauthorized disclosure or loss of sensitive or confidential data may occur through a variety of methods. These include, but are not limited to, systems failure, employee negligence, fraud or misappropriation, or unauthorized access to or through our information systems, whether by our employees or third parties, including a cyberattack by computer programmers, hackers, members of organized crime and/or state-sponsored organizations, who may develop and deploy viruses, worms or other malicious software programs. Such disclosure, loss or breach could harm our reputation and subject us to government sanctions and liability under our contracts and laws that protect sensitive or personal data and confidential information, resulting in increased costs or loss of revenues. It is possible that security controls over sensitive or confidential data and other practices we and our third-party vendors follow may not prevent the improper access to, disclosure of, or loss of such information. The potential risk of security breaches and cyberattacks may increase as we introduce new products and offerings. Further, data privacy is subject to frequently changing rules and regulations, which sometimes conflict among the various jurisdictions in which we provide services. Any failure or perceived failure to successfully manage the collection, use, disclosure, or security of personal information or other privacy related matters, or any failure to comply with changing regulatory requirements in this area, could result in legal liability or impairment to our reputation in the marketplace.

---

22

***A material breach in security relating to our information systems and regulation related to such breaches could adversely affect us.***

Information security risks have generally increased in recent years, in part because of the proliferation of new technologies and the use of the Internet, and the increased sophistication and activity of organized crime, hackers, terrorists, activists, cybercriminals and other external parties, some of which may be linked to terrorist organizations or hostile foreign governments. For example, a cybercriminal could use cybersecurity threats to gain access to sensitive information about another company or to alter or disrupt news or information to be distributed by PR Newswire. Cybersecurity attacks are becoming more sophisticated and include malicious software, ransomware, attempts to gain unauthorized access to data and other electronic security breaches that could lead to disruptions in critical systems, unauthorized release of confidential or otherwise protected information and corruption of data, substantially damaging our reputation. Any person who circumvents our security measures could steal proprietary or confidential customer information or cause interruptions in our operations. We incur significant costs to protect against security breaches, and may incur significant additional costs to alleviate problems caused by any breaches. Our failure to prevent security breaches, or well-publicized security breaches affecting the Internet in general, could significantly harm our reputation and business and financial results.

***Our products and our business are subject to a variety of U.S. and international laws and regulations, including those regarding privacy, data protection and information security, and our customers may be subject to regulations related to the handling and transfer of certain types of sensitive and confidential information. Any failure of our products to comply with or enable our customers to comply with applicable laws and regulations would harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.***

We and our customers that use our products may be subject to privacy- and data protection-related laws and regulations that impose obligations in connection with the collection, processing and use of personal data, financial data, health or other similar data. The U.S. federal and various state and foreign governments have adopted or proposed limitations on, or requirements regarding, the collection, distribution, use, security and storage of personally identifiable information of individuals. The U.S. Federal Trade Commission and numerous state attorneys general are applying federal and state consumer protection laws to impose standards on the online collection, use and dissemination of data, and to the security measures applied to such data.

Similarly, many foreign countries and governmental bodies, including the EU member states, have laws and regulations concerning the collection and use of personally identifiable information obtained from individuals located in the EU or by businesses operating within their jurisdiction, which are often more restrictive than those in the United States. Laws and regulations in these jurisdictions apply broadly to the collection, use, storage, disclosure and security of personally identifiable information that identifies or may be used to identify an individual, such as names, telephone numbers, email addresses and, in some jurisdictions, IP addresses and other online identifiers.

For example, the GDPR, which took full effect on May 25, 2018. The GDPR enhances data protection obligations for businesses and requires service providers (data processors) processing personal data on behalf of customers to cooperate with European data protection authorities, implement security measures and keep records of personal data processing activities. Noncompliance with the GDPR can trigger fines equal to or greater of €20 million or 4% of global annual revenues. In addition, the CCPA, effective as of January 1, 2020, gives California residents expanded rights to access and require deletion of their personal information, opt out of certain personal information sharing, and receive detailed information about how their personal information is used. The CCPA provides for civil penalties for violations, as well as a private right of action for data breaches, that is expected to increase data breach litigation. Further, failure to comply with the Israeli Privacy Protection Law of 1981, and its regulations, as well as the guidelines of the Israeli Privacy Protection Authority, may expose us to administrative fines, civil claims (including class actions) and in certain cases criminal liability. Current pending legislation may result in a change of the current enforcement measures and sanctions. There are also additional laws and regulations in additional jurisdictions around the world which govern the protection of consumers and of electronic communications. If our efforts to comply with GDPR, CCPA or other applicable laws and regulations are not successful, we may be subject to penalties and fines that would adversely impact our business and results of operations, and our ability to conduct business could be significantly impaired.

Additionally, although we endeavor to have our products comply with applicable laws and regulations, these and other obligations may be modified, they may be interpreted and applied in an inconsistent manner from one jurisdiction to another, and they may conflict with one another, other regulatory requirements, contractual commitments or our internal practices. We also may be bound by contractual obligations relating to our collection, use and disclosure of personal, financial and other data or may find it necessary or desirable to join industry or other self-regulatory bodies or other privacy- or data protection-related organizations that require compliance with their rules pertaining to privacy and data protection.

---

23

We expect that there will continue to be new proposed laws, rules of self-regulatory bodies, regulations and industry standards concerning privacy, data protection and information security in the United States, the European Union and other jurisdictions, and we cannot yet determine the impact such future laws, rules, regulations and standards may have on our business. Moreover, existing U.S. federal and various state and foreign privacy- and data protection-related laws and regulations are evolving and subject to potentially differing interpretations, and various legislative and regulatory bodies may expand current or enact new laws and regulations regarding privacy- and data protection-related matters. Because global laws, regulations and industry standards concerning privacy and data security have continued to develop and evolve rapidly, it is possible that we or our products or platform may not be, or may not have been, compliant with each such applicable law, regulation and industry standard and compliance with such new laws or to changes to existing laws may impact our business and practices, require us to expend significant resources to adapt to these changes, or to stop offering our products in certain countries. These developments could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***We may not be able to adequately protect our intellectual property, which, in turn, could harm the value of our brands and adversely affect our business.***

Our ability to implement our business plan successfully depends in part on our ability to build brand recognition using our trademarks, service marks and other proprietary intellectual property, including our names and logos. We currently have no registered trademarks. While we plan to register a number of our trademarks; however, no assurance can be given that our trademark applications will be approved. We have been issued ten patents, three of each in of Russia and the US and one each in Canada, Japan and Israel., and have several patent applications in process. No assurance can be given that our patent applications which are in process will be approved. If our patent applications are not approved, our ability to expand or develop our business may be negatively affected.

Third parties may also oppose our trademark or patent applications, or otherwise challenge our use of the trademarks or patents. In the event that our trademarks or patents are successfully challenged, we could be forced to rebrand our goods and services or redesign our technology, which could result in loss of brand recognition, and could require us to devote resources to advertising and marketing new brands and products.

If our efforts to register, maintain and protect our intellectual property are inadequate, or if any third party misappropriates, dilutes or infringes on our intellectual property, the value of our brands may be harmed, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and might prevent our brands from achieving or maintaining market acceptance. We may also face the risk of claims that we have infringed third parties' intellectual property rights. If third parties claim that we infringe upon their intellectual property rights, our operating profits could be adversely affected. Any claims of intellectual property infringement, even those without merit, could be expensive and time consuming to defend, require us to rebrand our services, if feasible, divert management's attention and resources or require us to enter into royalty or licensing agreements in order to obtain the right to use a third party's intellectual property.

Any royalty or licensing agreements, if required, may not be available to us on acceptable terms or at all. A successful claim of infringement against us could result in our being required to pay significant damages, enter into costly license or royalty agreements, or stop the sale of certain products or services, any of which could have a negative impact on our operating profits and harm our future prospects.

***We may face intense competition and expect competition to increase in the future, which could prohibit us from developing a customer base and generating revenue.***

We face significant competition in every aspect of our business. Our competitors include True Fit, Virtusize, EasyMeasure, AR MeasureKit, Smart Measure and 3DLook. These companies may already have an established market in our industry. Most of these companies have significantly greater financial and other resources than us and have been developing their products and services longer than we have been developing ours.

In addition, some of our larger competitors have substantially broader product offerings and leverage their relationships based on other products or incorporate functionality into existing products to gain business in a manner that discourages potential customers from purchasing our products. Potential customers may also prefer to purchase from their existing solution providers rather than a new solution provider regardless of product performance or features. These larger competitors often have broader product lines and market focus and will therefore not be as susceptible to downturns in a particular market. Conditions in our market could change rapidly and significantly as a result of technological advancements, partnering by our competitors or continuing market consolidation. New start-up companies that innovate and large competitors that are making significant investments in research and development may invent similar or superior products and technologies that compete with our products. In addition, some of our competitors may enter into new alliances with each other or may establish or strengthen cooperative relationships. Any such consolidation, acquisition, alliance or cooperative relationship could lead to pricing pressure and our loss of any future market share and could result in a competitor with greater financial, technical, marketing, service and other resources, all of which could harm our ability to compete. Furthermore, organizations may be more willing to incrementally add solutions to their existing infrastructure from competitors than to replace their existing infrastructure with our products. Any failure to meet and address these factors could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***Our business operations and future development could be significantly disrupted if we lose key members of our management team.***

The success of our business continues to depend to a significant degree upon the continued contributions of our senior officers and key employees, both individually and as a group. Our future performance will be substantially dependent in particular on our ability to retain and motivate Ronen Luzon, our Chief Executive Officer, and certain of our other senior executive officers. The loss of the services of our Chief Executive Officer, senior officers or other key employees could have a material adverse effect on our business and plans for future development. We have no reason to believe that we will lose the services of any of these individuals in the foreseeable future; however, we currently have no effective replacement for any of these individuals due to their experience, reputation in the industry and special role in our operations. We also do not maintain any key man life insurance policies for any of our employees.

***If we are able to expand our operations, we may be unable to successfully manage our future growth.***

Our growth may strain our infrastructure and resources. Any such growth could place increased strain on our management, operational, financial and other resources, and we will need to train, motivate, and manage employees, as well as attract management, sales, finance and accounting, international, technical, and other professionals. Any failure to expand these areas and implement appropriate procedures and controls in an efficient manner and at a pace consistent with our business objectives could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

***Our business operations are conducted in multiple languages and could be disrupted due to miscommunications or translation errors.***

The success of our business continues to depend on our marketing efforts in the United States, Europe and Israel, each of which is conducted in the local language. Miscommunications or inaccurate foreign language translations could have a material adverse effect on our business operations and financial conditions. Additionally, contracts, communications and complex technical information must be accurately translated into foreign languages.

***We will continue to incur costs and be subject to various obligations as a result of being a public company, listed in the United States and in Israel.***

We will continue to incur significant legal, accounting and other expenses as a result of being a public company, listed in the United States and in Israel. Although we will incur costs each year associated with being a publicly-traded company, it is possible that our actual costs of being a publicly-traded company will vary from year to year and may be different than our estimates. In estimating these costs, we take into account expenses related to insurance, legal, accounting and compliance activities.

Furthermore, the need to maintain the corporate infrastructure demanded of a public company may divert management's attention from implementing our growth strategy, which could prevent us from improving our business, results of operations and financial condition. We have made, and will continue to make, changes to our internal controls and procedures for financial reporting and accounting systems to meet our reporting obligations as a U.S. publicly traded company. However, the measures we take may not be sufficient to satisfy our obligations as a publicly traded company.

***Any future or current litigation could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity.***

From time to time we may be subject to litigation, including, among others, potential stockholder derivative actions and class actions. Risks associated with legal liability are difficult to assess and quantify, and their existence and magnitude can remain unknown for significant periods of time. Subject to certain exceptions, our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, or Certificate of Incorporation, and Amended and Restated Bylaws, or Bylaws, require us to indemnify and advance expenses to our officers and directors involved in legal proceedings. To date we have obtained directors and officers' liability, or D&O, insurance to cover some of the risk exposure for our directors and officers. Such insurance generally pays the expenses (including amounts paid to plaintiffs, fines, and expenses including attorneys' fees) of officers and directors who are the subject of a lawsuit as a result of their service to us. There can be no assurance that we will be able to continue to maintain this insurance at reasonable rates or at all, or in amounts adequate to cover such expenses should such a lawsuit occur. Without D&O insurance, the amounts we would pay to indemnify our officers and directors should they be subject to legal action based on their service to us could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations and liquidity. Such lawsuits, and any related publicity, may result in substantial costs and, among other things, divert the attention of management and our employees. An unfavorable outcome in any claim or proceeding against us could have a material adverse impact on our financial position and results of operations for the period in which the unfavorable outcome occurs, and potentially in future periods. Further, any settlement announced by us may expose us to further claims against us by third parties seeking monetary or other damages which, even if unsuccessful, would divert management attention from the business and cause us to incur costs, possibly material, to defend such matters, which could have a material adverse impact on our financial position. See "Legal Proceedings" on page 34 for more information regarding our involvement in ongoing litigation matters.

***Federal, state and local or Israeli tax rules may adversely impact our results of operations and financial position.***

We are subject to federal, state and local taxes in the U.S., as well as local taxes in Israel in respect to our operations in Israel. Although we believe our tax estimates are reasonable, if the Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authority disagrees with the positions we have taken on our tax returns, we could face additional tax liability, including interest and penalties. If material, payment of such additional amounts upon final adjudication of any disputes could have a material impact on our results of operations and financial position. In addition, complying with new tax rules, laws or regulations could impact our financial condition, and increases to federal or state statutory tax rates and other changes in tax laws, rules or regulations may increase our effective tax rate. Any increase in our effective tax rate could have a material impact on our financial results.

**Risks Related To Our Operations In Israel**

***Our headquarters and most of our operations are located in Israel, and therefore, political conditions in Israel may affect our operations and results.***

Our headquarters and most of our operations are located in central Israel and our key employees, officers and directors are residents of Israel. Accordingly, political, economic and military conditions in Israel and the surrounding region may directly affect our business. Since the establishment of the State of Israel in 1948, a number of armed conflicts have taken place between Israel and its Arab neighbors. Any hostilities involving Israel or the interruption or curtailment of trade within Israel or between Israel and its trading partners could adversely affect our operations and results of operations and could make it more difficult for us to raise capital. During the winter of 2008, winter of 2012 and the summer of 2014, Israel was engaged in an armed conflict with Hamas, a militia group and political party operating in the Gaza Strip, and during the summer of 2006, Israel was engaged in an armed conflict with Hezbollah, a Lebanese Islamist Shiite militia group and political party. Israel faces political tension with respect to its relationships with Turkey, Iran and certain Arab neighbor countries. In addition, recent conflicts involved missile strikes against civilian targets in various parts of Israel, and negatively affected business conditions in Israel. Recent political uprisings and social unrest in various countries in the Middle East and North Africa are affecting the political stability of those countries. This instability may lead to deterioration of the political relationships that exist between Israel and these countries, and have raised concerns regarding security in the region and the potential for armed conflict. Any armed conflicts, terrorist activities or political instability in the region could adversely affect business conditions and could harm our results of operations. For example, any major escalation in hostilities in the region could result in a portion of our employees and service providers being called up to perform military duty for an extended period of time. Parties with whom we do business have sometimes declined to travel to Israel during periods of heightened unrest or tension, forcing us to make alternative arrangements when necessary. In addition, the political and security situation in Israel may result in parties with whom we have agreements involving performance in Israel claiming that they are not obligated to perform their commitments under those agreements pursuant to force majeure provisions in such agreements. Any future deterioration in the political and security situation in Israel will negatively impact our business.

Our commercial insurance does not cover losses that may occur as a result of events associated with the security situation in the Middle East. Although the Israeli government currently covers the reinstatement value of direct damages that are caused by terrorist attacks or acts of war, we cannot assure you that this government coverage will be maintained. Any losses or damages incurred by us could have a material adverse effect on our business. Any armed conflicts or political instability in the region would likely negatively affect business conditions and could harm our results of operations.

Further, in the past, the State of Israel and Israeli companies have been subjected to an economic boycott. Several countries still restrict business with the State of Israel and with Israeli companies. These restrictive laws and policies may have an adverse impact on our operating results, financial condition or the expansion of our business.

The legislative power of the State resides in the Knesset, a unicameral parliament that consists of 120 members elected by nationwide voting under a system of proportional representation. Israel's most recent general elections were held on April 9, 2019, September 17, 2019 and March 2, 2020. The uncertainty surrounding the results of the recent elections may continue. Actual or perceived political instability in Israel or any negative changes in the political environment, may individually or in the aggregate adversely affect the Israeli economy and, in turn, our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

***Israel's economy may become unstable.***

From time to time, Israel's economy may experience inflation or deflation, low foreign exchange reserves, fluctuations in world commodity prices, military conflicts and civil unrest. For these and other reasons, the government of Israel has intervened in the economy employing fiscal and monetary policies, import duties, foreign currency restrictions, controls of wages, prices and foreign currency exchange rates and regulations regarding the lending limits of Israeli banks to companies considered to be in an affiliated group. The Israeli government has periodically changed its policies in these areas. Reoccurrence of previous destabilizing factors could make it more difficult for us to operate its business and could adversely affect its business.

***Some of our employees are obligated to perform military reserve duty in Israel.***

Many Israeli citizens, including our employees are obligated to perform one month, and in some cases more, of annual military reserve duty until they reach the age of 40 (or older, for reservists with certain occupations) and, in the event of a military conflict, may be called to active duty. In response to increases in terrorist activity, there have been periods of significant call-ups of military reservists. It is possible that there will be military reserve duty call-ups in the future. Our

***It may be difficult to enforce a non-Israeli judgment against the Company or its officers and directors.***

The operating subsidiary of ours is incorporated in Israel. All of our executive officers and directors are not residents of the United States, and a substantial portion of our assets and the assets of our executive officers and directors are located outside the United States. Therefore, a judgment obtained against us, or any of these persons, including a judgment based on the civil liability provisions of the U.S. federal securities laws, may not be collectible in the United States and may not necessarily be enforced by an Israeli court. It also may be difficult to affect service of process on these persons in the United States or to assert U.S. securities law claims in original actions instituted in Israel. Additionally, it may be difficult for an investor, or any other person or entity, to initiate an action with respect to U.S. securities laws in Israel. Israeli courts may refuse to hear a claim based on an alleged violation of U.S. securities laws reasoning that Israel is not the most appropriate forum in which to bring such a claim. In addition, even if an Israeli court agrees to hear a claim, it may determine that Israeli law and not U.S. law is applicable to the claim. If U.S. law is found to be applicable, the content of applicable U.S. law often involves the testimony of expert witnesses, which can be a time consuming and costly process. Certain matters of procedure will also be governed by Israeli law. There is little binding case law in Israel that addresses the matters described above. As a result of the difficulty associated with enforcing a judgment against us in Israel, it may be impossible to collect any damages awarded by either a U.S. or foreign court.

***Our international operations could expose us to additional risks, including exchange rate fluctuations, legal regulations and political or economic instability that could harm our business and operating results.***

Our international operations expose us to the following risks which may have a material adverse effect on our business and operating results:

- devaluations and fluctuations in currency exchange rates including fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and the NIS;
- costs of compliance with local laws, including labor laws and intellectual property laws;
- compliance with domestic and foreign government policies, including compliance with Israeli securities laws and TASE;
- changes in trade regulations and procedures affecting approval, production, pricing, marketing, reimbursement for and access to, our products;
- compliance with applicable foreign anti-corruption laws, anti-trust/competition laws, anti-Boycott Israel law and anti-money laundering laws; and
- economic and geopolitical developments and conditions, including ongoing instability in global economies and financial markets, international hostilities, acts of terrorism and governmental reactions, inflation, outbreaks of contagious disease (e.g., the COVID-19 pandemic) and military and political alliances.

**Risks Related To Our Common Stock**

***A more active, liquid trading market for our common stock may not develop, and the price of our common stock may fluctuate significantly.***

Although our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market, it has only been traded on the Nasdaq Capital Market since July 25, 2016. There has been relatively limited trading volume in the market for our common stock, and a more active, liquid public trading market may not develop or may not be sustained. Limited liquidity in the trading market for our common stock may adversely affect a stockholder's ability to sell its shares of common stock at the time it wishes to sell them or at a price that it considers acceptable. If a more active, liquid public trading market does not develop, we may be limited in our ability to raise capital by selling shares of common stock and our ability to acquire other companies or assets by using shares of our common stock as consideration. In addition, if there is a thin trading market or "float" for our stock, the market price for our common stock may fluctuate significantly more than the stock market as a whole. Without a large float, our common stock would be less liquid than the stock of companies with broader public ownership and, as a result, the trading prices of our common stock may be more volatile and it would be harder for you to liquidate any investment in our common stock. Furthermore, the stock market is subject to significant price and volume fluctuations, and the price of our common stock could fluctuate widely in response to several factors, including:

- our quarterly or annual operating results;
- changes in our earnings estimates;
- investment recommendations by securities analysts following our business or our industry;
- additions or departures of key personnel;
- changes in the business, earnings estimates or market perceptions of our competitors;
- our failure to achieve operating results consistent with securities analysts' projections;
- changes in industry, general market or economic conditions;
- announcements of legislative or regulatory changes; and
- natural disasters and political and economic instability, including wars, terrorism, political unrest, results of certain elections and votes, emergence of a pandemic, or other widespread health emergencies (or concerns over the possibility of such an emergency, including for example, the recent the COVID-19 pandemic), boycotts, adoption or expansion of government trade restrictions, and other business restrictions.

The stock market has experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations in recent years that have significantly affected the quoted prices of the securities of many companies. The changes often appear to occur without regard to specific operating performance. The price of our common stock could fluctuate based upon factors that have little or nothing to do with us and these fluctuations could materially reduce our stock price.

If any of our shareholders were to decide to sell large amounts of stock over a short period of time (presuming such sales were permitted) such sales could cause the market price of our common stock to drop significantly, even if our business is doing well. Further, the market price of our common stock could decline as a result of the perception that such sales could occur. These sales, or the possibility that these sales may occur, also might make it more difficult for us to sell equity securities in the future at a time and price that we deem appropriate.

***Our securities are traded on more than one market which may result in price variations.***

Our securities have been trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market since July 2016 and on TASE since September 2005. Trading in our securities on such exchanges occurs in different currencies (U.S. dollars on the Nasdaq Capital Market and NIS on the TASE), and at different times (due to different time zones, trading days and public holidays in the United States and Israel). The trading prices of our securities on the two exchanges may differ due to the foregoing and other factors. Any decrease in the price of our shares on the TASE could cause a decrease in the trading price of our shares on the Nasdaq Capital Market and vice versa.

***We are a smaller reporting company and, as a result of the reduced disclosure and governance requirements applicable to such companies, our common stock may be less attractive to investors.***

We are a smaller reporting company, (i.e. a company with “public float” held by non-affiliates with a market value of less than \$250 million) and we are eligible to take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements applicable to other public companies. We have elected to adopt these reduced disclosure requirements. We cannot predict if investors will find our common stock less attractive as a result of our taking advantage of these exemptions. If some investors find our common stock less attractive as a result of our choices, there may be a less active trading market for our common stock and our stock price may be more volatile.

***We do not expect to pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future.***

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our common stock. We intend to retain our future earnings, if any, in order to reinvest in the development and growth of our business and, therefore, do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future. Any future determination to pay dividends will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, and such other factors as our board of directors deems relevant. Investors should not purchase our common stock expecting to receive cash dividends. Because we do not pay dividends, and there may be limited trading, investors may not have any manner to liquidate or receive any payment on their investment. Therefore, our failure to pay dividends may cause investors to not see any return on investment even if we are successful in our business operations. In addition, because we do not pay dividends we may have trouble raising additional funds, which could affect our ability to expand our business operations.

***We can sell additional shares of common stock without consulting stockholders and without offering shares to existing stockholders, which would result in dilution of shareholders' interests in the company and could depress our stock price.***

Our Certificate of Incorporation currently authorizes 100,000,000 shares of common stock, of which 12,145,547 are currently outstanding as of March 26, 2021, and our board of directors is authorized to issue additional shares of our common stock. Although our board of directors intends to utilize its reasonable business judgment to fulfill its fiduciary obligations to our then existing stockholders in connection with any future issuance of our capital stock, the future issuance of additional shares of our capital stock could cause immediate, and potentially substantial, dilution to our existing stockholders, which could also have a material effect on the market value of the shares. Further, other than certain participation rights that we have granted in a past offering, our shares do not have preemptive rights, which means we can sell shares of our capital stock to other persons without offering purchasers in this offering the right to purchase their proportionate share of such offered shares. Therefore, any additional sales of stock by us could dilute your ownership interest in our Company.

***A number of our outstanding warrants contain anti-dilution provisions that, if triggered, could cause substantial dilution to our then-existing stockholders and adversely affect our stock price.***

A number of our outstanding warrants contain anti-dilution provisions. As a result, if we, in the future, issue or grant any rights to purchase any of our common stock or other securities convertible into our common stock, for a per share price less than the exercise price of certain of our warrants, the exercise price will be reduced, subject to certain exceptions. To the extent that we issue or are or deemed to have issued securities for consideration that is less than the exercise price of those warrants, holders of our common stock may experience dilution, which may be substantial and which could lower the market price of our securities. Further, the potential application of such anti-dilution rights may prevent us from seeking additional financing, which would adversely affect our ability to finance our operations and continue to support our growth initiatives.

***Our quarterly operating results may fluctuate significantly.***

We expect our operating results to be subject to quarterly fluctuations. Our net loss and other operating results will be affected by numerous factors, including:

- variations in the level of expenses related to our research and development;
- any lawsuits in which we may become involved;
- regulatory developments affecting our products; and
- our execution of any collaborative, licensing or sales agreements, and the timing of payments under these arrangements.

If our quarterly operating results fall below the expectations of investors or securities analysts, the price of our common stock could decline substantially. Furthermore, any quarterly fluctuations in our operating results may, in turn, cause the price of our common stock to fluctuate substantially.

***If we fail to comply with the rules under the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 related to accounting controls and procedures or if we discover material weaknesses and deficiencies in our internal control and accounting procedures, our stock price could decline significantly and raising capital could be more difficult.***

If we fail to comply with the rules under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 related to disclosure controls and procedures, or, if we discover material weaknesses and other deficiencies in our internal control and accounting procedures, our stock price could decline significantly and raising capital could be more difficult. Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires annual management assessments of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting and a report by our independent auditors addressing these assessments. If material weaknesses or significant deficiencies are discovered or if we otherwise fail to achieve and maintain the adequacy of our internal control, we may not be able to ensure that we can conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. Moreover, effective internal controls are necessary for us to produce reliable financial reports and are important to helping prevent financial fraud. If we cannot provide reliable financial reports or prevent fraud, our business and operating results could be harmed, investors could lose confidence in our reported financial information, and the trading price of our common stock could drop significantly.

***Our Certificate of Incorporation, Bylaws and Delaware law may have anti-takeover effects that could discourage, delay or prevent a change in control, which may cause our stock price to decline.***

Our Certificate of Incorporation, Bylaws and Delaware law could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if closing such a transaction would be beneficial to our stockholders. Provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation, Bylaws and Delaware law also could have the effect of discouraging potential acquisition proposals or making a tender offer or delaying or preventing a change in control, including changes a stockholder might consider favorable. Such provisions may also prevent or frustrate attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our management. In particular, the Certificate of Incorporation, Bylaws and Delaware law, as applicable, among other things:

- provide the board of directors with the ability to alter the Bylaws without stockholder approval;
- place limitations on the removal of directors;
- provide that vacancies on the board of directors may be filled by a majority of directors in office, although less than a quorum;
- require that stockholder actions must be effected at a duly called stockholder meeting and generally prohibiting stockholder actions by written consent;
- eliminate the ability of stockholders to call a special meeting of stockholders; and
- establish advance notice requirements for nominations for election to the board of directors or for proposing matters that can be acted upon at duly called stockholder meetings.

We are subject to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law which, subject to certain exceptions, prohibits “business combinations” between a publicly-held Delaware corporation and an “interested stockholder,” which is generally defined as a stockholder who becomes a beneficial owner of 15% or more of a Delaware corporation’s voting stock for a three-year period following the date that such stockholder became an interested stockholder. These provisions are expected to discourage certain types of coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids and to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to first negotiate with our Board. These provisions may delay or prevent someone from acquiring or merging with us, which may cause the market price of our common stock and the value of our securities to decline. In addition, rules applicable to TASE listed companies also limit the terms permitted with respect to a new class of shares and prohibit any such new class of shares from having superior voting rights to the rights of the class of shares listed on TASE.

***If we fail to comply with the continued listing requirements of the Nasdaq Capital Market, our common stock may be delisted and the price of our common stock and our ability to access the capital markets could be negatively impacted.***

Nasdaq has established certain standards for the continued listing of a security on the Nasdaq Capital Market. The standards for continued listing include, among other things, that the minimum bid price for the listed securities not fall below \$1.00 per share for a period of 30 consecutive trading days and that we maintain a minimum of \$2,500,000 in shareholders’ equity.

On January 22, 2019, we were notified by the Nasdaq Stock Market that we were not in compliance with the minimum bid price requirements set forth in Nasdaq Listing Rule 5550(a)(2), or the Rule, for continued listing on the Nasdaq Capital Market. We regained compliance with the Rule on May 12, 2020, and this matter is now closed.

No assurance can be given that we will continue to meet applicable Nasdaq continued listing standards. Failure to meet applicable Nasdaq continued listing standards could result in a delisting of our common stock. A delisting of our common stock from Nasdaq could materially reduce the liquidity of our common stock and result in a corresponding material reduction in the price of our common stock. In addition, delisting could harm our ability to raise capital through alternative financing sources on terms acceptable to us, or at all, and may result in the potential loss of confidence by investors, employees and fewer business development opportunities.

***The exercise of outstanding warrants and stock options will have a dilutive effect on the percentage ownership of our capital stock by existing stockholders.***

As of March 26, 2021, we had outstanding warrants to acquire 4,696,466 shares of our common stock and stock options to purchase 1,036,517 shares of our common stock, which warrants and options are exercisable for prices ranging between \$0.04 and \$15. The expiration of the term of such options and warrants range from April 2021 to August 2025. If a significant number of such warrants and stock options are exercised by the holders, the percentage of our common stock owned by our existing stockholders will be diluted.

***Were our common stock to become subject to the penny stock rules then this could result in U.S. broker-dealers becoming discouraged from effecting transactions in shares of our common stock.***

Rule 15g-9 under the Exchange Act establishes the definition of a “penny stock,” for the purposes relevant to us, as any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or with an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. If we do not retain a listing on the Nasdaq Capital Market or do not meet certain net tangible asset or average revenue requirements and if the price of our common stock is less than \$5.00, our common stock will be deemed a penny stock. For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require: (a) that a broker or dealer approve a person’s account for transactions in penny stocks; and (b) the broker or dealer receive from the investor a written agreement to the transaction, setting forth the identity and quantity of the penny stock to be purchased.

In order to approve a person’s account for transactions in penny stocks, the broker or dealer must: (a) obtain financial information and investment experience objectives of the person and (b) make a reasonable determination that the transactions in penny stocks are suitable for that person and the person has sufficient knowledge and experience in financial matters to be capable of evaluating the risks of transactions in penny stocks. The broker or dealer must also deliver, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prescribed by the SEC relating to the penny stock market, which: (a) sets forth the basis on which the broker or dealer made the suitability determination; and (b) confirms that the broker or dealer received a signed, written agreement from the investor prior to the transaction. Generally, brokers may be less willing to execute transactions in securities subject to the “penny stock” rules. This may make it more difficult for investors to dispose of our common stock and cause a decline in the market value of our common stock.

Disclosure also has to be made about the risks of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and in secondary trading and about the commissions payable to both the broker or dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and the rights and remedies available to an investor in cases of fraud in penny stock transactions. Finally, monthly statements have to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account

**Sales of our currently issued and outstanding stock may become freely tradable pursuant to Rule 144 and may dilute the market for your shares and have a depressive effect on the price of the shares of our common stock.**

A portion of our outstanding shares of common stock are “restricted securities” within the meaning of Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act. As restricted shares, these shares may be resold only pursuant to an effective registration statement or under the requirements of Rule 144 or other applicable exemptions from registration under the Securities Act and as required under applicable state securities laws. Rule 144 provides in essence that an affiliate (as such term is defined in Rule 144(a)(1)) of an issuer who has held restricted securities for a period of at least six months (one year after filing Form 10 information with the SEC for shell companies and former shell companies) may, under certain conditions, sell every three months, in brokerage transactions, a number of shares that does not exceed the greater of 1% of a company’s outstanding shares of common stock or the average weekly trading volume during the four calendar weeks prior to the sale (the four calendar week rule does not apply to companies quoted on the OTC Markets). Rule 144 also permits, under certain circumstances, the sale of securities, without any limitation, by a person who is not an Affiliate of the Company and who has satisfied a one-year holding period. A sale under Rule 144 or under any other exemption from the Securities Act, if available, or pursuant to subsequent registrations of our shares of common stock, may have a depressive effect upon the price of our shares of common stock in any active market that may develop.

***We are a former “shell company” and as such are subject to certain limitations not applicable to other public companies generally.***

Prior to our suspension of reporting in 2012, we were a public reporting “shell company,” as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act. Although we are no longer a “shell company,” we are subject to certain restrictions under the Securities Act for the resale of securities issued by issuers that have been at any time previously a shell company. Specifically, the Rule 144 safe harbor available for the resale of our restricted securities is only available to our stockholders if we have filed all reports and other materials required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, as applicable, during the preceding twelve months, other than current reports on Form 8-K, at the time of the proposed sale, regardless of whether the restricted securities were initially issued at the time we were a shell company or subsequent to termination of such status. Accordingly, holders of our “restricted securities” within the meaning of Rule 144 will be subject to the conditions set forth in Rule 144 with respect to our company. Other reporting companies that are not former shell companies and have been reporting for more than twelve months are not subject to this same reporting threshold for non-affiliate reliance on Rule 144. Accordingly, any restricted securities we have sold or sell in the future or issue to consultants or employees, in consideration for services rendered or for any other purpose, may not be resold unless such securities are registered with the SEC or the requirements of Rule 144 have been satisfied. As a result, it may be harder for us to fund our operations and pay our employees and consultants with our securities instead of cash. Furthermore, it may be harder for us to raise funding through the sale of debt or equity securities unless we agree to register such securities with the SEC, which could cause us to expend additional resources in the future. Our prior status as a “shell company” could prevent us in the future from raising additional funds, engaging employees and consultants, and using our securities to pay for any acquisitions, which could cause the value of our securities, if any, to decline in value or become worthless.

**ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS**

None.

**ITEM 2. PROPERTIES**

We currently lease 1,660 square feet of office space at 4 Hayarden Street, Airport City, Israel. The lease term is for 36 months beginning on August 20, 2019 and ending on August 20, 2022, with an option to extend for an additional 36 months. Monthly rent payments, including utilities, amount to approximately \$14,000 per month.

**ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

On August 7, 2018, we commenced an action against North Empire LLC, or North Empire, in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York for breach of a Securities Purchase Agreement or Agreement in which we are seeking damages in an amount to be determined at trial, but in no event less than \$616,000. On August 2, 2018, North Empire filed a Summons with Notice against us, also in the same Court, in which they allege damages in an amount of \$11.4 million arising from an alleged breach of the Agreement. On September 6, 2018, North Empire filed a Notice of Discontinuance of the action it had filed on August 2, 2018. On September 27, 2018, North Empire filed an answer and asserted counterclaims in the action commenced by us against them, alleging that we failed to deliver stock certificates to North Empire causing damage to North Empire in the amount of \$10,958,589. North Empire also filed a third-party complaint against our CEO and now former Chairman of the Board asserting similar claims against them in their individual capacities. On October 17, 2018, we filed a reply to North Empire’s counterclaims. On November 15, 2018, our CEO and now former Chairman of the Board filed a motion to dismiss North Empire’s third-party complaint. On January 6, 2020, the Court granted the motion and dismissed the third-party complaint. Discovery has been completed and both parties have filed motions for summary judgment in connection with the claims and counterclaims. We intend to vigorously defend any claims made by North Empire.

In addition to the above, from time to time, we may become involved in lawsuits as well as subject to various legal proceedings, claims, threats of litigation, and investigations in the ordinary course of business. While certain matters to which we are a party may specify the damages claimed, such claims may not represent reasonably possible losses. Given the inherent uncertainties of litigation, the ultimate outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time, nor can the amount of possible loss or range of loss, if any, be reasonably estimated.

An unfavorable outcome on any litigation matters could require us to pay substantial damages or could prevent us from selling certain of our products. As a result, a settlement of, or an unfavorable outcome on, any of the matters referenced above or other litigation matters could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

Not applicable.

**PART II**

**ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT’S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

**Market Information**

Our stock currently is listed on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange and the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol “MYSZ”. Our stock has been traded on the Nasdaq Capital Market since July 25, 2016.

**Holders**

As of March 26, 2021, we had 56 shareholders of record. The actual number of stockholders is greater than this number of record holders and includes stockholders who are beneficial owners but whose shares are held in street name by brokers and other nominees.

#### **Dividend Policy**

We have never declared or paid cash dividends on our common stock. We intend to retain our future earnings, if any, in order to reinvest in the development and growth of our business and, therefore, do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock for the foreseeable future. Any future determination to pay dividends will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, and such other factors as our board of directors deems relevant.

#### **Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans**

Information about our equity compensation plans is incorporated herein by reference to "Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters", of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities**

None.

#### **ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA**

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, we are not required to provide this information.

#### **ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITIONS AND RESULT OF OPERATIONS**

*You should read the following discussion along with our financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including those discussed under "Risk Factors." Our actual results, performance and achievements may differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements.*

##### **Overview**

We are a creator of mobile device measurement solutions that has developed innovative solutions designed to address shortcomings in multiple verticals, including the e-commerce fashion/apparel, shipping/parcel and do it yourself, or DIY, industries. Utilizing our sophisticated algorithms within our proprietary technology, we can calculate and record measurements in a variety of novel ways, and most importantly, increase revenue for businesses across the globe.

Our solutions can be utilized to accurately take measurements of a variety of items via a mobile device. By downloading the application to a smartphone, the user is then able to run the mobile device over the surface of an item the user wishes to measure. The information is then automatically sent to a cloud-based server where the dimensions are calculated through our proprietary algorithms, and the accurate measurements (+ or - 2 centimeters) are then sent back to the user's mobile device. We believe that the commercial applications for this technology are significant in many areas.

Currently, we are mainly focusing on the e-commerce fashion/apparel industry. In addition, our solutions address the shipping/parcel and DIY uses markets.

While we rollout our products to major retailers and apparel companies, there is a lead time for new customers to ramp up before we can recognize revenue. This lead time varies between customers, especially when the customer is a tier 1 retailer, where the integration process may take longer. Generally, first we integrate our product into a customer's online platform, which is followed by piloting and implementation, and, assuming we are successful, commercial roll-out, all of which takes time before we expect it to impact our financial results in a meaningful way. While we have begun generating initial sales revenue, we do not expect to generate meaningful revenue during the upcoming quarters. Because of the numerous risks and uncertainties associated with the success of our market penetration and our dependence on the extent to which *MySizeID* is adopted and utilized, we are unable to predict the extent to which we will recognize revenue. We may be unable to successfully develop or market any of our current or proposed products or technologies, those products or technologies may not generate any revenues, and any revenues generated may not be sufficient for us to become profitable or thereafter maintain profitability.

##### **Results of Operations**

The table below provides our results of operations for the periods indicated.

	Year ended December 31	
	2020	2019
	(dollars in thousands)	
Revenues	142	63
Cost of revenues	(2)	(21)
Gross profit	140	42
Research and development expenses	\$ (1,523)	\$ (1,516)
Sales and marketing	(2,196)	(1,929)
General and administrative	(2,567)	(2,587)
Operating loss	(6,146)	(5,990)
Financial income (expenses), net	(11)	493
Net loss	\$ (6,157)	\$ (5,497)

#### **Year Ended December 31, 2020 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2019**

##### **Revenues**

From inception through December 31, 2018, we did not generate any revenue from operations and we continue to expect to incur additional losses to perform further research and development activities. We started to generate revenues only in 2019. Our revenues for the year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to \$142,000 compared to \$63,000 for year ended December 31, 2019. The increase from the corresponding period primarily resulted from increase in traffic, as measured by the *MySizeID* engine under the license agreements with customers and from fees from customer projects.

## **Research and Development Expenses**

Our research and development expenses for the year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to \$1,523,000 an increase of \$7,000, or approximately 0.5%, compared to \$1,516,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The increase resulted primarily from increased expenses associated with hiring new employees and from stock-based payments, which were offset by a decrease in subcontractor expenses. We expect that research and development expenses will continue to increase in 2021 and that we will recruit additional employees.

## **Sales and Marketing Expenses**

Our sales and marketing expenses for the year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to \$2,196,000, an increase of \$267,000, or 13.8%, compared to \$1,929,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The increase primarily resulted from an increase in subcontractor and marketing expenses which were offset by a decrease in travel expenses and from stock-based payments.

## **General and Administrative Expenses**

Our general and administrative expenses for the year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to \$2,567,000, a decrease of \$20,000, or 0.8%, compared to \$2,587,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The decrease compared to the corresponding period was mainly due to a reduction in stock-based payment expenses, payroll expenses which were offset by an increase in rent and office maintenance related and insurance expenses. During 2020, we had an expense of \$276,000 in respect of stock-based payments, compared to an expense of \$352,000 in 2019.

## **Operating Loss**

As a result of the foregoing, for the year ended December 31, 2020, our operating loss was \$6,146,000, an increase of \$156,000, or 2.6%, compared to our operating loss for the year ended December 31, 2019 of \$5,990,000.

## **Financial Income (Expenses), net**

Our financial expenses, net for the year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to \$11,000 as opposed to financial income, net of \$493,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019. In 2020, we had financial expenses exchange rate differences offset by an income from fair value revaluation of investment in marketable securities whereas in 2019 we had financial income from the fair value revaluation of warrants offset by expenses from exchange rate differences and expenses from fair value revaluation of investment in marketable securities.

## **Net Loss**

As a result of the foregoing, research and development, marketing general and administrative expenses, and initial revenues, our net loss for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$6,157,000 compared to net loss of \$5,497,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The increase in net loss was mainly due increase in sales and marketing expenses and financial expenses as opposed to financial income in the corresponding period.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Since our inception, we have funded our operations primarily through public and private offerings of debt and equity in Israel and in the U.S.

As of December 31, 2020, we had cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of \$1,774,000 and short-term restricted deposit of \$184,000 compared to \$1,466,000 cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash as of December 31, 2019 and short-term deposit and no short-term restricted deposit as of December 31, 2019. This increase primarily resulted from the public offerings that we completed in January and May 2020 both of which are further described below.

In addition, on March 25, 2021, we completed an underwritten public offering of our common stock pursuant to which we issued 2,618,532 shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$1.28 per share for gross proceeds of \$3,300,000. We received net proceeds of approximately \$2,904,000, after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses. Prior to that, on January 8, 2021, we completed an underwritten public offering of our common stock pursuant to which we issued 1,569,179 shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$1.28 per share for gross proceeds of \$2,008,000. We received net proceeds of approximately \$1,700,000, after deducting the underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated offering expenses. Furthermore, in January and February 2021, a holder of warrants exercised warrants to purchase 725,000 of our ordinary shares in exchange for \$0.8 million.

On May 8, 2020, we completed a public offering of (i) 1,925,001 units, each unit consisting of one share of common stock, and one warrant to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$1.10, and (ii) 2,620,453 pre-funded units, each pre-funded unit consisting of one pre-funded warrant to purchase one share of common stock and one warrant, at a price of \$1.099 per pre-funded unit. We received net proceeds of approximately \$4.3 million, after deducting placement agent's fees and other offering expenses payable by us. The warrants to purchase an aggregate of 4,545,454 shares of common stock are immediately exercisable and may be exercised at a consideration of \$1.10 per share. The term of the warrants are five and a half years. Pre-funded warrants were immediately exercisable and were exercisable at a nominal consideration of \$0.001 per share. During May 2020, the pre-funded warrants were exercised in full and therefore are no longer outstanding.

On January 15, 2020, we completed a public offering of our securities pursuant to which we issued 514,801 shares of our common stock and warrants to purchase up to 514,801 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.76 per share for gross proceeds of \$2,000,000. The term of the warrants are five and a half years. We received net proceeds of \$1,700,000 after deducting placement agent fees and other offering expenses.

On September 13, 2019, we entered into an At the Market Offering Agreement with H.C. Wainwright. According to the agreement, we may offer and sell, from time to time, our shares of common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$5.5 million through H.C. Wainwright or the ATM Prospectus Supplement. From September 13, 2019 until December 31, 2020, we issued 87,756 shares of common stock at an average price of \$4.77 per share through the ATM Prospectus Supplement, resulting in net proceeds of \$418,524. We paid a commission equal to 3% of the gross proceeds from the sale of our shares of common stock under the ATM Prospectus Supplement. On January 15, 2020, we terminated the ATM Prospectus Supplement, but the offering agreement remains in full force and effect.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$5,679,000 for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to \$5,418,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The increase in cash used in operating activity is derived mainly from increase in the net loss.

Net cash used in investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$211,000 as opposed to net cash provided by investing activities of \$1,073,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The net cash used in investing activities for the year ended December 31, 2020 was mainly from investment in restricted deposits as opposed to proceeds from short-term deposits and restricted deposits during the year ended December 31, 2019.

We had positive cash flow from financing activities of \$6,094,000 for the year ended December 31, 2020 compared to \$266,000 for the year ended December 31, 2019. The cash flow from financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2020 was due to the proceeds from public offerings of our securities and proceeds from the exercise of outstanding warrants.

We do not have any material commitments for capital expenditures during the next twelve months. Based on our projected cash flows and the cash balances as of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we believe we have sufficient cash to fund our obligations through January 2022. As a result, there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. However, we will need to raise additional capital, which may not be available on reasonable terms or at all. Additional capital would be used to accomplish the following:

- finance our current operating expenses;
- pursue growth opportunities;
- hire and retain qualified management and key employees;
- respond to competitive pressures;
- comply with regulatory requirements; and
- maintain compliance with applicable laws.

Current conditions in the capital markets are such that traditional sources of capital may not be available to us when needed or may be available only on unfavorable terms. Our ability to raise additional capital, if needed, will depend on conditions in the capital markets, economic conditions, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and a number of other factors, many of which are outside our control, and on our financial performance. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that we will be able to successfully raise additional capital at all or on terms that are acceptable to us. If we cannot raise additional capital when needed, it may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

To the extent that we raise additional capital through the sale of equity or convertible debt securities, the issuance of such securities could result in substantial dilution for our current stockholders. The terms of any securities issued by us in future capital transactions may be more favorable to new investors, and may include preferences, superior voting rights and the issuance of warrants or other derivative securities, which may have a further dilutive effect on the holders of any of our securities then-outstanding. We may issue additional shares of our common stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for our common stock in connection with hiring or retaining personnel, option or warrant exercises, future acquisitions or future placements of our securities for capital-raising or other business purposes. The issuance of additional securities, whether equity or debt, by us, or the possibility of such issuance, may cause the market price of our common stock to decline and existing stockholders may not agree with our financing plans or the terms of such financings. In addition, we may incur substantial costs in pursuing future capital financing, including investment banking fees, legal fees, accounting fees, securities law compliance fees, printing and distribution expenses and other costs. We may also be required to recognize non-cash expenses in connection with certain securities we issue, such as convertible notes and warrants, which may adversely impact our financial condition. Furthermore, any additional debt or equity financing that we may need may not be available on terms favorable to us, or at all. If we are unable to obtain such additional financing on a timely basis, we may have to curtail our development activities and growth plans and/or be forced to sell assets, perhaps on unfavorable terms, or we may have to cease our operations, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

Certain recently issued accounting pronouncements are discussed in Note 2, Significant Accounting Policies, to the consolidated financial statements included in "Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have not entered into any transactions with unconsolidated entities in which we have financial guarantees, subordinated retained interests, derivative instruments or other contingent arrangements that expose us to material continuing risks, contingent liabilities or any other obligations under a variable interest in an unconsolidated entity that provides us with financing, liquidity, market risk or credit risk support.

#### **Application of Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our financial statements, which we have prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

While our significant accounting policies are more fully described in the notes to our financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we believe that the accounting policies discussed below are critical to our financial results and to the understanding of our past and future performance, as these policies relate to the more significant areas involving management's estimates and assumptions. We consider an accounting estimate to be critical if: (1) it requires us to make assumptions because information was not available at the time or it included matters that were highly uncertain at the time we were making our estimate; and (2) changes in the estimate could have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

#### **Revenue from contracts with customers**

The Company implemented ASC 606, Revenue from Contract with Customers.

To recognize revenue under ASC 606, the Company applies the following five steps:

1. Identify the contract with a customer. A contract with a customer exists when the Company enters into an enforceable contract with a customer and the Company determines that collection of substantially all consideration for the services is probable.
2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract.
3. Determine the transaction price. The transaction price is determined based on the consideration to which the Company will be entitled in exchange for providing the service to the customer.
4. Allocate the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract. If a contract contains a single performance obligation, the entire transaction price is allocated to the single performance obligation.
5. Recognize revenue when or as the Company satisfies a performance obligation. When the Company provides a service, revenue is recognized over the service term.

Revenue is recognized when a contract exists between the Company and a customer (business) and upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services. The Company enters into contracts that can include various combinations of products and services, which may be capable of being distinct and accounted for as separate performance obligations. In case of offerings such as cloud-enabled license services, other service elements in the contract are generally delivered concurrently with the subscription services and therefore revenue is recognized in a similar manner as the subscription services.

#### *Product, Subscription and Services Offerings*

Such performance obligations includes cloud-enabled subscriptions, software maintenance and technical support.

Fully hosted subscription services (SaaS) allow customers to access hosted software during the contractual term without taking possession of the software. Cloud-hosted subscription services are sold on a fee-per-subscription that is based on consumption or usage (per fit recommendation).

We recognize revenue ratably over the contractual service term for hosted services that are priced based on a committed number of transactions where the delivery and consumption of the benefit of the services occur evenly over time, beginning on the date the services associated with the committed transactions are first made available to the customer and continuing through the end of the contractual service term. Over-usage fees and fees based on the actual number of transactions are billed in accordance with contract terms as these fees are incurred and are included in the transaction price of an arrangement as variable consideration. Fees based on a number of transactions or impressions per month, are allocated to the period in which the transactions occur. Revenue for subscriptions sold as a fee per period is recognized ratably over the contractual term as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefit of the underlying service.

#### **ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.**

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, we are not required to provide this information.

#### **ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA**

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020**  
**U.S. DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS**

INDEX

	Page
<a href="#"><u>Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u></a>	F-2
<a href="#"><u>Consolidated Balance Sheets</u></a>	F-3
<a href="#"><u>Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss</u></a>	F-4
<a href="#"><u>Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity</u></a>	F-5
<a href="#"><u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u></a>	F-6
<a href="#"><u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u></a>	F-7 - F-27

---

#### **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors  
My Size, Inc.:

#### Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of My Size, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive loss, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2020, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Going Concern

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1d to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has incurred significant losses and negative cash flows from operations and has an accumulated deficit that raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 1d. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

#### Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States)

(PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

#### Critical Audit Matters

Critical audit matters are matters arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. We determined that there are no critical audit matters.

/s/ Somekh Chaikin  
Somekh Chaikin

Member Firm of KPMG International  
We have served as the Company's auditor since 2017.  
Tel Aviv, Israel  
March 29, 2021

F-2

#### MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data)**

		December 31,	2020	2019
	Note			
<b>Assets</b>				
<b>Current assets:</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,689	1,203	1,203
Restricted cash		85	263	263
Restricted deposit		184	-	-
Accounts receivable		28	38	38
Other receivables and prepaid expenses	4	482	321	321
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>2,468</b>	<b>1,825</b>	<b>1,825</b>
Property and equipment, net	5	128	141	141
Right-of-use asset	6	911	966	966
Investment in marketable securities	8	59	26	26
		<b>1,098</b>	<b>1,133</b>	<b>1,133</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>3,566</b>	<b>2,958</b>	<b>2,958</b>
<b>Liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>				
<b>Current liabilities:</b>				
Operating lease liability	6	129	102	102
Trade payables		381	440	440
Accounts payable		400	378	378
Warrants and derivatives	8,12	1	328	328
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>911</b>	<b>1,248</b>	<b>1,248</b>
Operating lease liability	6	579	659	659
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>579</b>	<b>659</b>	<b>659</b>
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	13			
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<b>1,490</b>	<b>1,907</b>	<b>1,907</b>
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	10			
Stock capital -				
Common stock of \$ 0.001 par value - Authorized: 100,000,000 shares; Issued and outstanding: 7,232,836 and 2,085,900, respectively (*)		7(*)	2(*)	2(*)
Additional paid-in capital		37,164	30,102	30,102
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(424)	(539)	(539)
Accumulated deficit		(34,671)	(28,514)	(28,514)
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>2,076</b>	<b>1,051</b>	<b>1,051</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>		<b>3,566</b>	<b>2,958</b>	<b>2,958</b>

(\*) Adjusted to give retroactive effect of 1:15 Reverse stock split, see note 10 (b)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)**

	Note	<b>Year ended December 31,</b>	
		<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Revenues</b>		142	63
<b>Cost of revenues</b>		(2)	(21)
<b>Gross profit</b>		140	42
<b>Operating expenses</b>			
Research and development		(1,523)	(1,516)
Sales and marketing	14	(2,196)	(1,929)
General and administrative	15	(2,567)	(2,587)
Total operating expenses		(6,286)	(6,032)
Operating loss		(6,146)	(5,990)
Financial income (expense), net	16	(11)	493
Net loss		(6,157)	(5,497)
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>			
Foreign currency translation differences		(115)	296
<b>Total comprehensive loss</b>		(6,272)	(5,201)
Basic loss per share (*)		(1.11)	(2.75)
Diluted loss per share (*)		(1.11)	(3.12)
Basic and diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding		5,539,700	1,999,222

(\*) Adjusted to give retroactive effect of 1:15 Reverse stock split, see note 10 (b)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data)**

	<b>Common stock</b>		<b>Additional paid-in capital</b>		<b>Accumulated other comprehensive loss</b>		<b>Total stockholders' equity (deficit)</b>
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Amount</b>			<b>Accumulated Deficit</b>		
Balance as of December 31, 2018	1,990,159	2	29,144	(835)	(23,017)		5,294
Stock-based compensation related to options granted to employees and consultants	-	-	644	-	-		644
Issuance of shares to consultants	2,084	(*)	48	-	-		48
Issuance of shares, net of issuance cost of \$138	87,756	(*)	266	-	-		266
Reverse Stock Split (Note 10 (b))	5,901	(*)	-	-	-		(*)
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	296	(5,497)		(5,201)
Balance as of December 31, 2019	2,085,900	2	30,102	(539)	(28,514)		1,051
Stock-based compensation related to options granted to employees and consultants	-	-	645	-	-		645
Issuance of shares, net of issuance cost of \$1,160	2,439,802	3	5,992	-	-		5,995
Exercise of warrants and pre funded warrants	2,707,134	2	97	-	-		99
Liability reclassified to equity (**)	-	-	328	-	-		328
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	115	(6,157)		(6,042)
Balance as of December 31, 2020	7,232,836	7	37,164	(424)	(34,671)		2,076

(\*) Represents an amount of less than \$1.

(\*\*) See note 2 b

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands**

	<b>Year ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net loss	(6,157)	(5,497)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	40	30
Amortization of operating lease right-of-use asset	42	7
Revaluation of warrants and derivatives	-	(997)
Interest and revaluation of short-term deposit	-	55
Interest received on short-term deposits	-	16
Revaluation of investment in marketable securities	(33)	195
Capital loss on disposal of property and equipment	-	8
Stock based compensation	645	692
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	13	(37)
Increase in other receivables and prepaid expenses	(155)	(83)
(Decrease) increase in trade payables	(69)	117
(Decrease) increase in accounts payables	(5)	76
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(5,679)</u>	<u>(5,418)</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from short-term deposits, net	-	1,200
Proceeds from (investment in) restricted deposits, net	(170)	181
Investment in right to use asset	(25)	(205)
Purchase of property and equipment	(16)	(103)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>(211)</u>	<u>1,073</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of shares, net of issuance costs	5,995	-
Proceeds from Exercise of warrants and pre funded warrants	99	-
Proceeds from issuance of shares, warrants and short-term loan, net	-	266
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>6,094</u>	<u>266</u>
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents	104	315
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	308	(3,764)
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at the beginning of the year	<u>1,466</u>	<u>5,230</u>
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at the end of the year	<u>1,774</u>	<u>1,466</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)**

**NOTE 1 - GENERAL**

- a. My Size, Inc. is developing unique measurement technologies based on algorithms with applications in a variety of areas, from the apparel e-commerce market, to the courier services market and to the Do It Yourself ("DIY") smartphone and tablet apps market. The technology is driven by proprietary algorithms, which are able to calculate and record measurements in a variety of novel ways.

The Company has three subsidiaries, My Size Israel 2014 Ltd. ("My Size Israel") and Topspin Medical (Israel) Ltd., both of which are incorporated in Israel and My Size LLC which was incorporated in Russian Federation. References to the Company include the subsidiaries unless the context indicates otherwise.

My Size, Inc., was incorporated and commenced operations in September 1999, as Topspin Medical Inc. ("Topspin"), a private company registered in the State of Delaware. In December 2013, the Company changed its name to Knowledgedtree Ventures Inc. Subsequently, in February 2014, the Company changed its name to My Size, Inc. Topspin was engaged, through its Israeli subsidiary, in research and development in the field of cardiology and urology.

Since September 1, 2005, the Company has traded on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange (“TASE”).

Between 2007 and 2012 the Company reported as a public company with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). In August 2012, the Company suspended its reporting obligations under Section 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. In mid-2015, the Company resumed reporting as a public company.

- b. On January 9, 2014, at the Company’s general meeting of shareholders, its shareholders approved an engagement with one of the Company’s investors (the “Seller”) for the purchase of rights in a Venture (the “Venture”), including the rights to the method and the certain patent application that had been filed by the Seller (the “Assets”). The Venture relates to the development of technologies and applications which will assist the consumer to take his or her body measurements accurately using a mobile device to ensure the purchase of clothing with the best possible fit without the need to try them on.

In February 2014, the Company established a wholly-owned subsidiary, My Size (Israel) 2014 Ltd., a company registered in Israel, which is currently engaged in the development of the Venture described above.

In return for purchasing an interest in the Venture, the Company undertook to pay the Seller 18% of the Company’s operating profit, direct or indirect, connected to the Venture for a period of seven years starting from the end of the Venture’s development period.

As part of the agreement, the Seller received an option to buy back the Assets for consideration which will reflect the market fair value at that time, on the occurrence of the following events: a) if a motion is filed to liquidate the Company; b) if seven years after signing the agreement, the Company’s total accumulated revenues, direct or indirect, from the Venture or the commercialization of the patent will be lower than NIS 3.6 million.

In such an event, Seller may repurchase the interest in the Venture at a market price to be determined by an independent third party valuation consultant, who shall be chosen by agreement by the parties, and the audit committee shall conduct the negotiations on behalf of the Company to determine the identity of the consultant.

As of December 31, 2020, the Company has only generated limited revenue and as a consequence of the passage of seven years since execution of the agreement with the Seller, the Seller, has a right to repurchase the Assets for 90 days from February 16, 2021. The Company intends to negotiate the waiver of the Seller’s right to repurchase of the Assets and in consideration of such waiver expect to pay cash or issue shares of common stock and/or common stock equivalents, or a combination of both.

- c. On July 25, 2016, the Company’s common stock began publicly trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol “MYSZ”. The Company’s shares of common stock are listed both on the Nasdaq Capital Market and TASE.
- d. Since inception, the Company has incurred significant losses and negative cash flows from operations and has an accumulated deficit of \$34,671. The Company has financed its operations mainly through fundraising from various investors.

The Company’s management expects that the Company will continue to generate losses and negative cash flows from operations for the foreseeable future. Based on the projected cash flows and cash balances as of December 31, 2020, management is of the opinion that its existing cash will be sufficient to fund operations until the end of January 2022. As a result, there is substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

---

## MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

#### NOTE 1 - GENERAL (Cont.)

Management’s plans include the continued commercialization of the Company’s products and securing sufficient financing through the sale of additional equity securities, debt or capital inflows from strategic partnerships. Additional funds may not be available when the Company needs them, on terms that are acceptable to it, or at all. If the Company is unsuccessful in commercializing its products and securing sufficient financing, it may need to cease operations.

The financial statements include no adjustments for measurement or presentation of assets and liabilities, which may be required should the Company fail to operate as a going concern.

- e. The Company operates in one reportable segment and all of its long-lived assets are located in Israel.
- f. In late 2019, a novel strain of COVID-19, also known as coronavirus, was reported in Wuhan, China. While initially the outbreak was largely concentrated in China, it has now spread to Israel and the United States, and infections have been reported globally. Many countries around the world, including in Israel, have significant governmental measures being implemented to control the spread of the virus, including temporary closure of businesses, severe restrictions on travel and the movement of people, and other material limitations on the conduct of business. These measures have resulted in work stoppages and other disruptions. The Company has implemented remote working and work place protocols for its employees in accordance with government requirements. In addition, while the Company has seen an increased demand for MySizeID, the COVID-19 pandemic has had a particularly adverse impact on the retail industry and this has resulted in an adverse impact on the Company’s marketing and sales activities. For example, the Company has three ongoing pilots with international retailers that have been halted, the Company is unable to participate physically in industry conferences, its ability to meet with potential customers is limited and in certain instances sales processes have been delayed or cancelled. The extent to which COVID-19 continues to impact the Company’s operations will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, including the duration and severity of the outbreak, and the actions that may be required to contain COVID-19 or treat its impact.

#### NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements are prepared according to United States generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”), applied on a consistent basis, as follows

- a. Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

- b. Functional currency:

In 2019 the currency of the primary economic environment in which the operations of the Company and its subsidiary are conducted is the New Israeli Shekel (“NIS”) and thus it is the Company’s and its subsidiary functional currency. The reporting currency according to which these financial statements are prepared is the U.S. dollar.

The Company reassessed its functional currency and determined to change its functional currency to the U.S. dollar from the NIS as of January 1, 2020. The change in functional currency was accounted for prospectively from such date.

My Size Israel functional currency remains the NIS.

As a result of the change in the Company’s functional currency, the Company reclassified its warrants that were outstanding as a financial liability in an amount of \$328 as at December 31, 2019 to equity.

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)**

**NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)**

c. Principles of consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

d. Cash equivalents:

Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash with original maturities of three months or less at the date acquired.

e. Property and equipment:

Property and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, at the following annual rates:

	%
Computers and peripheral equipment	33
Office furniture and equipment	7-15
Leasehold improvements	Over the term of the lease or the useful life of the improvements, whichever is shorter

f. Impairment of long-lived assets:

The Company’s property and equipment are reviewed for impairment in accordance with ASC 360, “Property Plant and Equipment”, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to the future undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the assets. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less selling costs. During the periods ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, no impairment losses have been recorded.

g. Severance pay:

The Subsidiary’s liability for severance pay is covered by Section 14 of the Israeli Severance Pay Law (“Section 14”). Under Section 14, employees in Israel are entitled to have monthly deposits, at a rate of 8.33% of their monthly salary, made on their behalf to their insurance funds. Payments in accordance with Section 14 exempt the Subsidiary from any additional obligation for these employees. As a result, the Subsidiary does not recognize any liability for severance pay due to these employees and the deposits under Section 14 are not recorded as an asset in the Subsidiary’s balance sheet. These contributions for compensation represent defined contribution plans and expenses are recorded based on actual deposits.

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)**

**NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)**

h. Research and development costs:

Research and development costs are charged to the statement of operations, as incurred. Most of the research and development expenses are for wages and subcontractors.

i. Income taxes:

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the consolidated financial statements or in the Companies’ tax returns. Deferred taxes are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. The Company assesses the likelihood that its deferred tax assets

will be recovered from future taxable income and, to the extent it believes, based upon the weight of available evidence, that it is more likely than not that all or a portion of deferred tax assets will not be realized. The Company establishes a valuation allowance, if necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount more likely than not to be realized. As of December 31, 2020, and 2019, a full valuation allowance was established by the Company.

The Company implements a two-step approach to recognize and measure the benefit of its tax positions. The first step is to evaluate the tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return by determining if the weight of available evidence indicates that it is more likely than not that, on an evaluation of the technical merits, the tax position will be sustained on audit, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes. The second step is to measure the tax benefit as the largest amount that is greater than 50 percent (cumulative basis) likely to be realized upon settlement. The Company believes that its tax positions are all highly certain of being upheld upon examination. As such, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 the Company has not recorded a liability for unrecognized tax benefits.

j. Accounting for stock-based compensation:

The Company accounts for its employees' stock-based compensation as an expense in the financial statements based on ASC 718. All awards are equity classified and therefore such costs are measured at the grant date fair value of the award and graded vesting attribution approach to recognize compensation cost over the vesting period. The Company estimates stock option grant date fair value using the Binomial option pricing-model.

The Company recorded stock options issued to non-employees at the grant date fair value, and recognizes expenses over the related service period by using the straight-line attribution approach in accordance with ASU 2018-07. All awards are equity classified.

The expected volatility of the share prices reflects the assumption that the historical volatility of the share prices is reasonably indicative of expected future trends.

The risk-free interest rate for grants with an exercise price denominated in USD for employees and several consultants is based on the yield from US treasury zero-coupon bonds with an equivalent term.

The Company has historically not paid dividends and has no foreseeable plans to pay dividends.

---

MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)**

**NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)**

k. Fair value of financial instruments:

ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, relating to fair value measurements, defines fair value and established a framework for measuring fair value. The ASC 820 fair value hierarchy distinguishes between market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, essentially an exit price. In addition, the fair value of assets and liabilities should include consideration of non-performance risk, which for the liabilities described below includes the Company's own credit risk.

As a basis for considering such assumptions, ASC 820 establishes a three-tier value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in the valuation methodologies in measuring fair value:

Level 1 - Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the Company has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 instruments. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these products does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on one or more quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The expected volatility of the share prices reflects the assumption that the historical volatility of the share prices is reasonably indicative of expected future trends.

The Company holds share certificates in iMine Corporation ("iMine") formerly known as Diamante Minerals, Inc., a publicly-traded company on the OTCQB.

Due to sales restrictions on the sale of the iMine shares, the fair value of the shares was measured on the basis of the quoted market price for an otherwise identical unrestricted equity instrument of the same issuer that trades in a public market, adjusted to reflect the effect of the sales restrictions and is therefore, ranked as Level 2 asset.

l. Basic and diluted net loss per share:

Basic net loss per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each year. Diluted net income per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each year plus dilutive potential equivalent common stock considered outstanding during the year, in accordance with ASC 260, "Earnings per Share". For the year ended December 31, 2020, all outstanding options and warrants have been excluded from the calculation of the diluted net loss per share since their effect was anti-dilutive. For the year ended December 31, 2019, some of the outstanding warrants have been included in the calculation of the diluted net loss per share since their effect was dilutive.

As described in Note 10a, for accounting purposes, the loss per share amounts have been adjusted to give retroactive effect to the Exchange Ratio and the Reverse Stock Split for all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

m. Concentrations of credit risk:

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company and its subsidiaries to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and

cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents are invested in banks in Israel and United States. Such deposits in Israel may be in excess of insured limits and are not insured in other jurisdictions. Management believes that the financial institutions that hold the Company's investments are financially sound and, accordingly, minimal credit risk exists with respect to these investments.

The Company and its subsidiaries have no off-balance-sheet concentration of credit risk such as foreign exchange contracts, option contracts or other foreign hedging arrangements.

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)**

**NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)**

- n. Revenue from contracts with customers:

The Company implemented ASC 606, Revenue from Contract with Customers.

To recognize revenue under ASC 606, the Company applies the following five steps:

1. Identify the contract with a customer. A contract with a customer exists when the Company enters into an enforceable contract with a customer and the Company determines that collection of substantially all consideration for the services is probable.
2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract.
3. Determine the transaction price. The transaction price is determined based on the consideration to which the Company will be entitled in exchange for providing the service to the customer.
4. Allocate the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract. If a contract contains a single performance obligation, the entire transaction price is allocated to the single performance obligation.
5. Recognize revenue when or as the Company satisfies a performance obligation. When the Company provides a service, revenue is recognized over the service term.

The Company's revenue is derived from License cloud-enabled software subscriptions, associated software maintenance and support.

Revenue is recognized when a contract exists between the Company and a customer (business) and upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services. The Company enters into contracts that can include various combinations of products and services, which may be capable of being distinct and accounted for as separate performance obligations. In case of offerings such as cloud-enabled license services, other service elements in the contract are generally delivered concurrently with the subscription services and therefore revenue is recognized in a similar manner as the subscription services.

*Product, Subscription and Services Offerings*

Such performance obligations includes cloud-enabled subscriptions, software maintenance and technical support.

Fully hosted subscription services (SaaS) allow customers to access hosted software during the contractual term without taking possession of the software. Cloud-hosted subscription services are sold on a fee-per-subscription that is based on consumption or usage (per fit recommendation).

The Company recognizes revenue ratably over the contractual service term for hosted services that are priced based on a committed number of transactions where the delivery and consumption of the benefit of the services occur evenly over time, beginning on the date the services associated with the committed transactions are first made available to the customer and continuing through the end of the contractual service term. Over-usage fees and fees based on the actual number of transactions are billed in accordance with contract terms as these fees are incurred and are included in the transaction price of an arrangement as variable consideration. Fees based on a number of transactions or impressions per month, are allocated to the period in which the transactions occur. Revenue for subscriptions sold as a fee per period is recognized ratably over the contractual term as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefit of the underlying service.

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)**

**NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)**

- o. Contingencies and Commitments

Liabilities for loss contingencies arising from claims, assessments, litigation, fines, and penalties and other sources are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Legal costs incurred in connection with loss contingencies are expensed as incurred.

- p. Derivative instruments

The Company accounts for its derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities and measures them at fair value through profit or loss.

- q. Leases

The Company implemented ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) ("ASU 2016-02"). ASU 2016-02 is intended to increase transparency and comparability of accounting for lease transactions. For all leases with terms greater than twelve months, the new guidance requires lessees to recognize right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities on the balance sheet and to disclose qualitative and quantitative information about lease transactions. The new standard maintains a distinction between finance leases and operating leases. As a result, the effect of leases in the statement of operations and statement of cash flows is largely unchanged. ASU 2016-02 is effective starting January 1, 2019. In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-11, Leases - Targeted Improvements, to allow a company to elect an optional modified retrospective transition method that applies the new lease requirements through a cumulative-effect adjustment in the period of adoption. Effective as of January 1, 2019, the Company adopted the new lease accounting standard using the modified retrospective transition option of applying the new standard at the adoption date. The Company leases include an office space lease agreement for 36 months, with an option to extend for an additional 36 months and 36 months cancelable operating lease agreements on behalf of personnel vehicles. The lease term includes a non-cancellable period of the lease plus any additional periods covered by either a Company option to extend (or not to terminate) the lease that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, or an option to extend (or not to terminate) the lease controlled by the lessor.

For the office rent lease the Company has elected to account for the lease and non-lease maintenance components as a single lease component. Therefore, the lease payments used to measure the lease liability include all of the fixed consideration in the contract, including in-substance fixed payments, owed over the lease term. Adoption of the new standard resulted in the recording of operating lease right-to-use assets and operating lease liabilities on the Company's consolidated balance sheets, but did not have an impact on the Company's beginning balance of retained earnings, consolidated statement of operations or statement of cash flows. The most significant impact was the recognition of right-to-use assets and lease liabilities on account of the Company's operating leases.

## MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)**

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The Company's cash and cash equivalents balance at December 31, 2020 and 2019 is denominated in the following currencies:

	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
US Dollars	1,217	806
New Israeli Shekels	455	350
Other	17	47
	1,689	1,203

#### **NOTE 4 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAID EXPENSES**

	<b>December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	413	268
Government authorities	19	40
Other	50	13
	482	321

#### **NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET**

	<b>Computers and peripheral equipment</b>	<b>Office furniture and equipment</b>	<b>Leasehold improvements</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost</b>				
Balance as at January 1, 2019	120	28	15	163
Additions	26	22	55	103
Disposals	-	-	(16)	(16)
Translation adjustments	10	2	1	13
Balance as at December 31, 2019	156	52	55	263
Balance as at January 1, 2020	156	52	55	263
Additions	16	-	-	16
Disposals	(2)	-	-	(2)
Translation adjustments	12	6	5	23
Balance as at December 31, 2020	182	58	60	300
<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>				
Balance as at January 1, 2019	81	5	6	92
Additions	24	3	3	30
Disposals	-	-	(8)	(8)
Translation adjustments	7	-	1	8
Balance as at December 31, 2019	112	8	2	122
Balance as at January 1, 2020	112	8	2	122
Additions	26	5	9	40
Disposals	(2)	-	-	(2)
Translation adjustments	10	1	1	12
Balance as at December 31, 2020	146	14	12	172
<b>Carrying amounts</b>				
As at December 31, 2019	44	44	53	141

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

**NOTE 6 - LEASES**

In August 2019, the Company entered into an office space lease agreement. The lease term is for 36 months beginning on August 20, 2019 and ending on August 20, 2022, with an option to extend for an additional 36 months. Monthly rent payments including utilities amounting to approximately USD 14 (NIS 45,000) per month.

In addition, The Company entered into a three-year cancelable operating lease agreement for cars.

Approximate future minimum remaining rental payments due under these leases are as follows:

Year Ending:

2021	\$ 186
2022	\$ 175
2023	\$ 184
2024	\$ 184
2025	\$ 123

These leases generally have terms which range from 1 year to 6 years, and often include one or more options to renew. These renewal terms can extend the lease term from 1 year to 6 years, and are included in the lease term when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise the option. These operating leases are included in "Right of use asset" on the Company's December 31, 2020 consolidated balance sheets, and represent the Company's right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. The Company's obligations to make lease payments are included in the current liabilities as "Operating lease liability" and in the non-current liabilities as "Operating lease liability - long term" on the Company's December 31, 2020 consolidated balance sheets. Based on the present value of the lease payments for the remaining lease term of the Company's existing leases, the Company recognized right-of-use asset and operating lease liability of approximately \$127 on January 1, 2019. Operating lease right-of-use asset and liabilities commencing after January 1, 2019 are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As of December 31, 2020, right-of-use asset and operating lease liabilities were \$708. Right-of-use asset includes the capitalization of improvements (net of amortization) amounting to \$205. Total right-of-use asset as of December 31, 2020 amounted to \$911.

Because the rate implicit in each lease is not readily determinable, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate to determine the present value of the lease payments.

The interest rate used to discount future lease payment was 8.69%.

Maturities of lease liabilities as of December 31, 2020 were as follows

Due in a 12-month period ended December 31,

2021	\$ 186
2022	\$ 174
2023	\$ 185
2024	\$ 185
2025	\$ 123
Thereafter	\$ 853
Less imputed interest:	\$ (145)
Total lease liabilities	\$ 708

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

**NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**A. Balances with related parties:

The following related party payables are included in trade payables and accounts payable.

	December 31,	
	2020	2019
Officers (*)	38	28
Directors	11	13
	<hr/> 49	<hr/> 41

(\*) The amount includes the net salary payable.

B. Related parties benefits:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Salaries and related expenses	788	904
Share based payments	467	473

Directors	48	45
	1,303	1,422

#### NOTE 8 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The following tables presents the Company's significant assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on recurring basis and their classification within the fair value hierarchy:

	December 31, 2020		
	Fair value hierarchy		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets			
Investment in marketable securities	-	59	-
Financial liabilities			
Warrants and derivative	-	1	-
	December 31, 2019		
	Fair value hierarchy		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets			
Investment in marketable securities	-	26	-
Financial liabilities			
Warrants derivative	-	328	-

F-16

#### MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

#### NOTE 8 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont.)

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, restricted deposit, accounts receivable, other receivables and prepaid expenses, trade payable and accounts payable approximate their fair value due to the short-term maturities of such instruments.

At December 31, 2020, the recognized gain (loss) and fair value (based on quoted market prices with a discount due to security- restrictions on iMine shares) of the marketable securities were \$33 and \$59, respectively (at December 31, 2019 (\$192) and \$26, respectively).

#### NOTE 9 - TAXES ON INCOME

- a. At December 31, 2020, the Company had U.S. federal net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$22,303 available to reduce future taxable income. Utilization of the U.S. net operating losses may be subject to substantial limitations due to the change of ownership provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

The U.S. Company has final tax assessments through 2013.

On December 22, 2017, the Tax Reform Act was signed into law. The legislation significantly changes U.S. tax law by, among other things, lowering the U.S. corporate income tax rate from a maximum of 35% to a flat 21% rate, effective January 1, 2018. As a result of the decrease in the corporate income tax rate, the Company revalued the ending net deferred tax assets at December 31, 2017, but did not recognize any incremental income tax expense in 2017 due to the revaluation of the valuation allowance.

- b. Foreign tax:

- 1. Tax rates:

Presented hereunder are the tax rates relevant to the Company's Israeli subsidiaries:

2020 - 23%
2019 - 23%

On December 22, 2016, the Knesset plenum passed the Economic Efficiency Law (Legislative Amendments for Achieving Budget Objectives in the Years 2017 and 2018) – 2016, by which, inter alia, the corporate tax rate would be reduced from 25% to 23% in two steps. The first step was to a rate of 24% as of January 2017 and the second step was to a rate of 23% as of January 2018.

- 2. The Company's Israeli subsidiaries have estimated total available carryforward operating tax losses for Israeli income tax purposes of approximately \$58,563 as of December 31, 2020. Of these losses, a total of \$45,804 are owned by Topspin Medical (Israel) Ltd. Topspin tax losses may be offset only by future income with respect to the same operational activity by which it was incurred for an indefinite period of time. The other losses are owned by My Size Israel 2014 Ltd and may be carryforward to offset against future income for an indefinite period of time.
- 3. Topspin Medical (Israel) Ltd. has final tax assessments through 2015 and My Size (Israel) 2014 Ltd. has final tax assessments through 2015.
- c. U.S. and foreign components of loss from continuing operations, before income taxes consisted of:

	December 31,	
	2020	2019

U.S.	(2,334)	(896)
Non-U.S. (foreign)	(3,823)	(4,601)
	<b>(6,157)</b>	<b>(5,497)</b>

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

**NOTE 9 - TAXES ON INCOME (Cont.)**

## d. Deferred taxes:

Deferred taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets are as follows:

	December 31,	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Deferred tax assets:		
Operating loss carryforwards	18,177	16,451
Warrants and options	98	89
Marketable securities	367	375
Other temporary differences	326	295
Deferred tax assets before valuation allowance	18,968	17,210
Valuation allowance	<u>(18,968)</u>	<u>(17,210)</u>
Net deferred tax asset	-	-

The following table presents a reconciliation of the beginning and ending valuation allowance:

	December 31,	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Balance at beginning of the year	17,210	14,988
Additions in valuation allowance to the income statement	991	1,211
Reductions in valuation allowance due to exchange rate differences and change in tax rate	767	1,011
Balance at end of the year	<u>18,968</u>	<u>17,210</u>

In assessing the realization of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that all or some portion of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

The ultimate realization of the deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which temporary differences are deductible and net operating losses are utilized. Based on consideration of these factors, the Company recorded a full valuation allowance at December 31, 2020 and 2019.

## e. Theoretical tax

The following presents the adjustment between the theoretical tax amount and the tax amount included in the financial statements:

	December 31,	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Loss before income taxes	6,157	5,497
Statutory tax rate	21%	21%
Computed "expected" tax income	1,293	1,154
Foreign tax rate differences and exchange rate differences	65	77
Nondeductible expenses	(367)	(20)
Change in valuation allowance	(991)	(1,211)
Taxes on income	-	-

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

**NOTE 10 - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY**

- Common stock confers upon their holders the right to receive notice to participate and vote in general meetings of the Company, and the right to receive dividends if declared.
- On November 18, 2019, the Company announced that the Board approved a one-for-fifteen reverse stock split of its common stock (the "Reverse Stock Split"). Upon the Reverse Stock Split every fifteen shares of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock is automatically converted into one share of common stock, without any change in the par value per share. In addition, a proportionate adjustment was made to the per share exercise price and the number of shares issuable upon the exercise of all outstanding options and warrants entitling the holders to

purchase common stock. Any fraction of a share of common stock that would otherwise have resulted from the Reverse Stock Split was rounded up to the next whole number.

For accounting purposes, all share and per share amounts for common stock, warrants stock, options stock and loss per share amounts reflect the Reverse Stock Split for all periods presented in these financial statements. Any fractional shares that resulted from the Reverse Stock Split were rounded up to the nearest whole share.

- c. In connection with a loan agreement that was conducted on October 2017 and the public offerings that the Company conducted on December, 2017 and February 2018 as a result of the change in the Company's functional currency, the Company reclassified its warrants that were outstanding as a financial liability in an amount of \$328 as at December 31, 2019 to equity.
- d. On September 13, 2019, the Company entered into an At the Market Offering Agreement ("ATM") with HC Wainwright. According to the agreement, the Company may offer and sell, from time to time, its shares of common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$5.5 million through HC Wainwright, or the ATM Prospectus Supplement. From September 13, 2019 until December 31, 2019, the Company issued 87,756 shares of common stock at an average price of \$4.77 per share through the ATM Prospectus, resulting in net proceeds of \$418. The Company paid a commission equal to 3% of the gross proceeds from the sale of our shares of common stock under the ATM Prospectus. On January 15, 2020, the Company terminated the ATM Prospectus, but the Sales agreement remains in full force and effect.

The common stock is accounted for under equity, resulting in an increase of \$266 after deducting legal and other related expenses.

F-19

## MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

#### NOTE 10 - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Cont.)

- f. A summary of the warrant activity during the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is presented below:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Life in Years
Outstanding, December 31, 2018	144,277	31.5	4.06
Issued	-		
Expired or exercised	-		
Outstanding, December 31, 2019	144,277	4.1(*)	3.06
Issued	5,363,870		
Expired or exercised	(106,681)		
Outstanding, December 31, 2020	5,401,466	1.47	4.26
Exercisable, December 31, 2020	5,401,466		

(\*) Pursuant to the anti-dilution adjustment provisions in outstanding warrants, the per share exercise price was reduced to \$4.1, following the issuance of shares of common stock under the Company's at-the-market offering program.

#### NOTE 11 - STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The stock-based expense recognized in the financial statements for services received is related to Research and Development, Sales and Marketing and General and Administrative expenses as shown in the following table:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Stock-based compensation expense - Research and development	206	161
Stock-based compensation expense - Sales and marketing	146	179
Stock-based compensation expense - General and administrative	293	352
	645	692

F-20

## MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

#### NOTE 11 - STOCK BASED COMPENSATION (Cont.)

##### Options issued to consultants

- a. In April 2017, the Company engaged a consultant ("Consultant3") to provide services to the Company with respect to financing and strategic advisory for a period of two years. For such consulting services, the Company agreed to pay a monthly retainer and agreed to issue to Consultant3 3,334 shares of the Company common stock and 2,084 shares each quarter thereafter.

During 2019 Company issued 10,417 shares of common stock to Consultant3.

During the years 2020 and 2019, costs in the sum of \$0 and \$48, respectively, were recorded as a stock-based compensation expense.

- b. In August 2018, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant (“Consultant10”) to provide services to the Company including promoting the Company’s products and services. Pursuant to such agreement and in consideration for such consulting services, the Company agreed to issue to Consultant10 options to purchase up to 3,334 shares of the Company’s common stock at an exercise price of \$15.00 per share. The options shall vest quarterly in eight equal installments and shall terminate five years after the grant date. The board approved the issuance on August 15, 2018.

During 2020 and 2019, amounts of \$17 and \$22 respectively, were recorded by the Company as stock-based equity -awards respectively, with respect to Consultant10.

- c. In December 2018, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant (“Consultant11”) to provide services to the Company including promoting the Company’s products and services. Pursuant to such agreement and in consideration for such consulting services, the Company agreed to issue to Consultant11 options to purchase up to 3,334 shares of the Company’s common stock at an exercise price of \$11.325 per share. The options shall vest quarterly in four equal installments and shall terminate five years after the grant date. The board approved the issuance on December 27, 2018.

During 2020 and 2019, an amount of \$0 and \$29 respectively, were recorded by the Company as a stock-based equity-awards with respect to Consultant11.

- d. In January 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with a consultant (“Consultant12”) to provide services to the Company including promoting the Company’s products and services via potential sources of media. Pursuant to said agreement and in partial consideration for such consulting services, the Company agreed to issue to Consultant12 a warrant to purchase up to 3,334 shares of the Company’s common stock upon execution of the agreement and after six months, a further warrant to purchase 6,667 shares of the Company’s common stock. The warrants are exercisable at \$15.00 per share and have a term of 12 months from the date of issuance. The warrants were not exercised and expired.

During 2020 and 2019, an amount of \$0 and \$42 respectively, was recorded by the Company as stock-based equity awards with respect to Consultant12.

F-21

---

## MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

#### NOTE 11 - STOCK BASED COMPENSATION (Cont.)

- e. In April 2019, the Company entered into a twelve month agreement with a consultant (“Consultant13”) to provide services to the Company including assisting the Company to promote, market and sell the Company’s technology to potential customers. Pursuant to said agreement and in partial consideration for such consulting services, the Company agreed to issue to Consultant13 options to purchase up to 2,667 shares of the Company’s common stock upon execution of the agreement. The options are exercisable at \$15.00 per share and shall vest in 4 equal installments every three months starting July 2019. Unexercised options shall expire 2 years from the effective date.

During 2020 and 2019, an amount of \$3 and \$8 respectively, were recorded by the Company as stock-based equity awards with respect to Consultant13.

- f. In July 2019, the Company entered into a three-year agreement with a consultant (“Consultant14”) to provide services to the Company including assisting the Company to promote, market and sell the Company’s technology to potential customers. Pursuant to such agreement and in partial consideration for such consulting services, the Company agreed to issue to Consultant14 options to purchase up to 2,667 shares of the Company’s common stock upon execution of the agreement. The options are exercisable at \$15.00 per share and shall vest in 3 equal installments every twelve months starting July 2019. Unexercised options shall expire 4 years from the effective date.

In addition, the Company agreed to issue to Consultant14 options to purchase up to 22,233 shares of the Company’s common stock upon execution of the agreement. The options are exercisable at \$1.08 per share and shall vest in 4 equal installments every six months starting September 2020. Unexercised options shall expire 5 years from the effective date.

During 2020 and 2019, an amount of \$8 and \$3 respectively, were recorded by the Company as stock-based equity awards with respect to Consultant14.

- g. In June 2020, the Company entered into a three month agreement with a consultant (“Consultant15”) to provide services to the Company with respect to financing and strategic advisory. Pursuant to said agreement and in partial consideration for such consulting services, the Company agreed to issue to Consultant13 warrants to purchase up to 7,500 shares of the Company’s common stock upon execution of the agreement. The warrants are fully vested and exercisable at \$1.3 per share. Unexercised options shall expire on March 2022.

During 2020, an amount of \$4, was recorded by the Company as stock-based equity awards with respect to Consultant15.

- h. In April 2020, the Company entered into a twelve month agreement with a consultant (“Consultant16”) to provide services to the Company including assisting the Company to promote, market and sell the Company’s technology to potential customers. Pursuant to said agreement and in partial consideration for such consulting services, the Company agreed to issue to Consultant16 options to purchase up to 6,000 shares of the Company’s common stock upon execution of the agreement. The options are exercisable at \$2.00 per share and shall vest in 4 equal installments every three months starting May 2020. Unexercised options shall expire 18 month from the effective date.

During 2020, an amount of \$1, was recorded by the Company as stock-based equity awards with respect to Consultant15.

- i. In October 2020, the Company entered into a twelve month agreement with a consultant (“Consultant17”) to provide services to the Company including assisting the Company to promote, market and sell the Company’s technology to potential customers. Pursuant to said agreement and in partial consideration for such consulting services, the Company agreed to issue to Consultant17 options to purchase up to 15,000 shares of the Company’s common stock upon execution of the agreement. The options are exercisable at \$1.10 per share and shall vest in 3 equal installments every twelve months starting October 2021. Unexercised options shall expire 4 years from the effective date.

During 2020, an amount of \$3, was recorded by the Company as stock-based equity awards with respect to Consultant17.

---

F-22

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

**NOTE 11 - STOCK BASED COMPENSATION (Cont.)**

The Company's outstanding options granted to consultants as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

<b>Issuance date</b>	<b>Options for Common stock</b>	<b>Weighted Average exercise price per share</b>	<b>Options exercisable</b>	<b>Expiration date</b>
April 2012	3,068	NIS	2.25	3,068 April 2022
February 2018	1,367	USD	27.6	1,367 May 2021- February 2023
August 2018-December 2018	13,335	USD	14.1	6,668 August 2023- December 2023
July 2019	5,334	USD	15	3,556 April 2021- July 2023
April 2020	6,000	USD	2	6,000 October 2021
June 2020	7,500	USD	1.3	7,500 March 2022
September-October 2020	37,233	USD	1.09	5,559 October 2024- September 2025
<b>Total</b>	<b>80,504</b>		<b>38,162</b>	

The Company uses the Black Scholes model to measure the fair value of the stock options with the assistance of a third party valuation.

The fair value of the Company's stock options granted to non-employees was calculated using the following weighted average assumptions:

	<b>2020 Grants</b>	<b>2019 Grants</b>
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected volatility	101.65%-106.74%	68.9%-94.4%
Risk-free interest	0.17%-0.3%	1.81%-2.56%
Contractual term of up to (years)	1.5-4	1-4

F-23

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

**NOTE 11 - STOCK BASED COMPENSATION (Cont.)**Stock Option Plan for employees

In March 2017, the Company adopted a stock option plan (the "Plan") pursuant to which the Company's Board of Directors may grant stock options to officers and key employees. The total number of options which may be granted to directors, officers, employees under this plan, is limited to 200,000 options. Stock options can be granted with an exercise price equal to or less than the stock's fair market value at the date of grant.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Binomial option-pricing model that used the weighted average assumptions in the following table. The risk free rate for the expected term of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

	<b>2020 Grants</b>	<b>2019 Grants</b>
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected volatility	95.06%	85.2%-86.33%
Risk-free interest	0.338%	1.82-2.13%
expected life	2-4.8	5

In the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, 861,999 and 103,601 options, respectively, were granted.

On May 25, 2020, the compensation committee of the Board of Directors of the Company reduced the exercise price of outstanding options of employees and directors of the Company for the purchase of an aggregate of 140,237 shares of common stock of the Company (with exercise prices ranging between \$18.15 and \$9.15) to \$1.04 per share, which was the closing price for the Company's common stock on May 22, 2020, and extended the term of the foregoing options for an additional one year from the original date of expiration. The incremental compensation cost resulting from the repricing was \$53, and the expenses during the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$50.

On August 10, 2020, the Company's shareholders approved an increase in the shares available for issuance under the 2017 Employee Plan from 200,000 to 1,450,000 shares. As a result and pursuant to approval of the Company's compensation committee that was contingent on the foregoing shareholder approval, the following occurred on August 10, 2020: (i) the number of shares available for issuance under the Company's 2017 Consultant Incentive Plan was reduced from 466,667 to 216,667 shares; (ii) the Company granted to the Company's Chief Executive Officer (A) five-year options to purchase up to 160,000 ordinary shares at an exercise price of \$1.04 per share. One quarter of such options vested on November 26, 2020, one quarter vest on May 26, 2021, one quarter vest on November 26, 2021 and one quarter vest on May 26, 2022, and (B) 80,000 performance-based restricted stock units, each representing the right to receive one share of common stock, which vest (x) upon the Company generating revenue of at least \$50,000 in the Russian Federation during the year ended 2020, or (y) upon the Company generating revenue of at least \$500,000 in the Russian Federation during the year ending 2021; (iii) the Company granted five-year options to purchase up to 130,000 ordinary shares to the Company's Chief Financial Officer at an exercise price of \$1.04 per share. One quarter of such options vested on November 26, 2020, one quarter vest on May 26, 2021, one quarter vest on

November 26, 2021 and one quarter vest on May 26, 2022; (iv) the Company granted five-year options to purchase up to 130,000 ordinary shares to the Company's Chief Operating Officer and Chief Product Officer at an exercise price of \$1.04 per share. One quarter of such options vested on November 26, 2020, one quarter vest on May 26, 2021, one quarter vest on November 26, 2021 and one quarter vest on May 26, 2022; (v) the Company granted five-year options to purchase up to 325,893 ordinary shares to other employees of the Company at an exercise price of \$1.04 per share. One quarter of such options vested on November 26, 2020, one quarter vest on May 26, 2021, one quarter vest on November 26, 2021 and one quarter vest on May 26, 2022; and (vi) the Company granted five-year options to purchase up to 30,000 ordinary shares to each of the Company's non-employee board members at an exercise price of \$1.04 per share. These options vested on November 26, 2020.

## MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)**

#### **NOTE 11 - STOCK BASED COMPENSATION (Cont.)**

The total stock option compensation expense in the year ended December 31, 2020 amounted to \$560 as follows: Research and development expenses amounted to \$190, Sales and marketing expenses amounted to \$117 and general and administrative expenses amounted to \$253.

The total stock option compensation expense in the year ended December 31, 2019 amounted to \$540 as follows: Research and development expenses amounted to \$161, sales and marketing expenses amounted to \$168 and general and administrative expenses amounted to \$211.

As of December 31, 2020, there was a total of \$737 unrecognized compensation cost relating to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.75 years.

Share option activity during 2020 is as follows:

	<b>2020</b>	
	<b>Number of options</b>	<b>Weighted average exercise price US\$</b>
Outstanding at January 1	163,904	\$ 13.87
Granted	861,999	1.04
Exercised	-	
Expired	(48,557)	
Outstanding at year end	<u>977,346</u>	<u>1.04</u>
Vested at year end	<u>398,410</u>	<u>1.04</u>

Share option activity during 2019 is as follows:

	<b>2019</b>	
	<b>Number of options</b>	<b>Weighted average Exercise price US\$</b>
Outstanding at January 1	68,637	\$ 17.4
Granted	103,601	11.33
Exercised	-	
Expired	(8,334)	
Outstanding at year end	<u>163,904</u>	<u>13.87</u>
Vested at year end	<u>101,116</u>	<u>15.43</u>

## MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

### **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)**

#### **NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

On August 7, 2018, the Company commenced an action against North Empire LLC ("North Empire") in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, County of New York for breach of a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") in which it is seeking damages in an amount to be determined at trial, but in no event less than \$616,000. On August 2, 2018, North Empire filed a Summons with Notice against the Company, also in the same Court, in which they allege damages in an amount of \$11.4 million arising from an alleged breach of the Agreement. On September 6, 2018 North Empire filed a Notice of Discontinuance of the action it had filed on August 2, 2018. On September 27, 2018, North Empire filed an answer and asserted counterclaims in the action commenced by the Company against them, alleging that the Company failed to deliver stock certificates to North Empire causing damage to North Empire in the amount of \$10,958,589. North Empire also filed a third-party complaint against the Company's CEO and now former Chairman of the Board asserting similar claims against them in their individual capacities. On October 17, 2018, the Company filed a reply to North Empire's counterclaims. On November 15, 2018, the Company's CEO and now former Chairman of the Board filed a motion to dismiss North Empire's third-party complaint. On January 6, 2020, the Court granted the motion and dismissed the third-party complaint. Discovery has been completed and both parties have filed motions for summary judgment in connection with the claims and counterclaims.

The Company believes it is more likely than not that the counterclaims will be denied.

#### **NOTE 13 - SALES AND MARKETING**

Year ended  
December 31,

**2020**

**2019**

Salaries	549	582
Consultants and subcontractors	823	434
Marketing	450	480
Share based payments for consultants and employees	163	179
Travel	23	99
Other	188	155
	<b>2,196</b>	<b>1,929</b>

**NOTE 14 - GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**

Year ended  
December 31,

**2020**

**2019**

Salaries	443	554
Professional services	627	721
Share based payments for consultants, directors and employees	276	352
Rent, office expenses and communication	323	285
Insurance	507	296
Travel	6	66
Directors	48	45
Other	337	268
	<b>2,567</b>	<b>2,587</b>

F-26

**MY SIZE, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share data and per share data)

**NOTE 15 - FINANCIAL INCOME (EXPENSE), NET**

Year ended  
December 31,

**2020**

**2019**

A. <u>Financial income</u>		
Revaluation of derivative	-	8
Revaluation investment in marketable securities	33	-
Change in fair value of warrants	-	989
Other	28	51
	<b>61</b>	<b>1,048</b>

Year ended  
December 31,

**2020**

**2019**

B. <u>Financial expense</u>		
Exchange rate differences	65	357
Revaluation investment in marketable securities	-	195
Other	7	3
	<b>72</b>	<b>555</b>

**NOTE 16 - EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE BALANCE SHEET DATE**

- On January 8, 2021, the Company conducted a public offering of its securities pursuant to which it issued 1,569,179 shares of its common stock for gross proceeds of \$2,008. The net proceeds to the Company from the offering were approximately \$1,700, after deducting placement agent's fees and other estimated offering expenses payable by the Company.
- On March 25, 2021, the Company conducted a public offering of its securities pursuant to which it issued 2,618,532 shares of its common stock for gross proceeds of \$3,300. The net proceeds to the Company from the offering were approximately \$2,904, after deducting placement agent's fees and other estimated offering expenses payable by the Company.
- In January and February 2021, a holder of warrants exercised warrants to purchase 725,000 ordinary shares of the Company in exchange for \$798.

-----

F-27

**ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE**

There were no disagreements with accountants on accounting and financial disclosure of a type described in Item 304 (a)(1)(iv) or any reportable event as

## ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

### Disclosure Controls

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of December 31, 2020. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed under the Exchange Act, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the required time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

### Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records, that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and directors; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting at December 31, 2020. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013). Based on that assessment under those criteria, management has determined that, as of December 31, 2020, our internal control over financial reporting was effective.

This Annual Report on Form 10-K does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to the exemption provided to issuers that are not "large accelerated filers" nor "accelerated filers" under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

## PART III

## ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The following table sets forth the name, age and positions of our executive officers and directors.

NAME	Age	POSITION
Ronen Luzon	50	Chief Executive Officer and Director
Or Kles	38	Chief Financial Officer
Billy Pardo	45	Chief Operating Officer
Oron Branitzky (1)(2)(3)	62	Director
Oren Elmaliah (1)(2)(3)	37	Director
Arik Kaufman (1)(2)(3)	40	Director
Ilia Turchinsky	33	Chief Technology Officer

- (1) Member of our audit committee
- (2) Member of our nominating and corporate governance committee
- (3) Member of our compensation committee

The business background and certain other information about our directors and executive officers is set forth below:

**Ronen Luzon** has served as our Chief Executive Officer and a member of our board of directors since September 2013. Since 2006, Ronen Luzon has additionally served as Chief Executive Officer and founder of Malers Ltd., a company in the global security solutions market which provides technological solutions for integrated communication infrastructures, security and control systems. Prior to Malers, he held several senior marketing, sales management and professional services positions in a variety of international high tech companies including VP marketing of GA Tech and Professional Services Manager of Eldat Communication. Mr. Luzon graduated from Middlesex University in London with a B.S. in IT and Business Information Systems. We believe that Mr. Luzon is qualified to serve as a member of our board of directors because of his more than 20 years of experience in the technology sector.

**Or Kles** has served as our Chief Financial Officer since May 2016. He is a certified public accountant with a broad, diverse financial background. From May 2013 until April 2016 he served as Assistant Controller of Shikun and Binui-Solel Boneh Infrastructure Ltd. and from December 2010 until May 2013 he served as an Associate at KPMG. Mr. Kles holds an MBA and a B.A. in Business Management and Accounting (specializing in financing) from The College of Management Academic Studies. Mr. Kles is a certified public accountant in Israel.

**Billy Pardo** has served as our Chief Product Officer since May 2014 and Chief Operating Officer since April 2019. From April 2010 until August 2013, Ms. Pardo served as Senior Director of Product Management of Fourier Education. Among her areas of expertise are launching products from concept to successful delivery in various methodologies, including Fourier Education's award-winning einstein™ Science Tablet. Prior to that Ms. Pardo served in various product management positions including, Project Manager of Time to Know, Product Marketing Manager of RiT Technologies, Product Manager of Pricer AB and R&D Team Leader at Pricer AB. Ms. Pardo previously served as Software Engineer at Eldat Communication Ltd., and QA Engineer at NICE Systems. Ms. Pardo received an MBA from The Interdisciplinary Center and a B.A. in Computer Science from The Academic College of Tel-Aviv-Yaffo.

**Oron Branitzky** has served as a member of our board of directors since March 2017. Mr. Barnitzky has vast experience in retail technology. Since November 2017, Mr. Branitzky has served as Global Retail Business Development at Superup, and from January 2007 until December 2014 he served as Vice President of Sales and Marketing at Pricer AB. Prior to that, Mr. Branitzky has served as VP Marketing and Sales at Eldat Communication and Sarin Technologies Ltd. Since January 2015, Mr. Branitzky has served as chairman of the board of directors of WiseShelf Ltd. and from May 2015 until March 2016, Mr. Branitzky served as an advisory board member of ciValue. Mr. Branitzky received a B.S. from the Hebrew University of Jerusalem and an MBA in International Marketing from Tel Aviv University. We believe that Mr. Branitzky is qualified to serve as a member of our board of directors because of his more than 20 years of experience in managing the sales of hi-tech solutions to retailers across the globe.

**Oren Elmaliah**, has served as a member of our board of directors since May 2017. In September 2015, Oren Elmaliah founded Accounting Team IL and has acted as Account Manager since then. Accounting Team IL is a financial consultancy and service provider to public companies traded in Israel and abroad. Since February 2017, Mr. Elmaliah has served as controller of BioBlast Pharma, and since January 2017 he has served as Chief Financial Officer of Presstek Israel. In addition, since September 2015, Mr. Elmaliah has served as an Israel Authorities Reporting Officer of LG Electronics Israel and since September 2015 he has served as Local Financial Report Consultant of Chiasma. From July 2011 until August 2015, Mr. Elmaliah served as CPA, Financial Director of CFO Director Ltd and from June 2010 until July 2011 he served as Risk Management Consultant of RSM International Limited. Mr. Elmaliah holds a B.A in Accounting/Economics and a Msc. in Finance/Accounting from Tel Aviv University, Israel. He is a licensed Certified Public Accountant in Israel. We believe that Mr. Elmaliah is qualified to serve as a member of our board of directors because of his vast finance experience and public company management and administration in the fields of finance, accounting, and financial regulation.

**Arik Kaufman** has served as a member of our board of directors since June 2017. Mr. Kaufman is an attorney specializing in the fields of commercial law, corporate law and capital markets and since 2016 runs his own law office in Israel. He has vast experience in the fields of financial reporting and financial regulation. Since September 2017, Mr. Kaufman serves as VP Business Development of Mor Research Applications and since November 2016 he has served as General Legal Counsel of Mor Research Applications. From December 2008 until March 2016, Mr. Kaufman was an attorney at Victor Tshuva and Co. Mr. Kaufman interned at Baratz, Horn and Co. Previously, Mr. Kaufman served as Call Center Shift Manager/Oracle CRM Implementation Team at Comverse Technology, Inc. Since February 2018, Mr. Kaufman has served as a director of Ophectra Real Estate & Investments Ltd and, since January 2018, Mr. Kaufman has served as an external director of TechnoPlus Ventures. In addition, since May 2016 he serves as a director of BGI Investments 1961 Ltd. Mr. Kaufman holds an LLB in Law from the Interdisciplinary Center, Herzliya, and is admitted to the Israeli Bar. We believe that Mr. Kaufman is qualified to serve as a member of our board of directors based upon his experience of assisting with the completion of numerous venture capital financings, mergers, acquisitions, and strategic relationships. In addition, he has served as a member of the board of various publicly traded companies, including companies that operate in the same industry as us.

**Ilia Turchinsky** has served as our Chief Technology Officer since April 2019 and from July 2018 until April 2019 as our Director of Technology. Prior to joining us, from 2013 until 2018, Mr. Turchinsky served in various roles, most recently Chief Technology Officer, at MonkeyTech Ltd., a company that provides design, development and characterization of mobile applications. Prior to that, Mr. Turchinsky served in various roles including development course instructor at IQLine, was a founder of Arnavsoft and was a software developer for MintLab and a political party. Mr. Turchinsky holds a B.Sc. from the Ben Gurion University in Computer Science and an M.Sc. from the Open University of Israel in Computer Science.

### **Family Relationships**

Ronen Luzon, the Chief Executive Officer and a member of our board of directors, and Billy Pardo, the Chief Operating Officer, are husband and wife. There are no other family relationships among any of our current or former directors or executive officers.

### **Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings**

We are not aware of any of our directors or officers being involved in any legal proceedings in the past ten years relating to any matters in bankruptcy, insolvency, criminal proceedings (other than traffic and other minor offenses), or being subject to any of the items set forth under Item 401(f) of Regulation S-K.

### **Board of Directors**

There are no agreements with respect to the election of directors. Each director is elected for a period of one year at our annual meeting of stockholders and serves until the next such meeting and until his or her successor is duly elected or until his or her earlier resignation or removal. The board may also appoint additional directors. A director so chosen or appointed will hold office until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until his or her successor is duly elected and qualified or until his or her earlier resignation or removal. Our board of directors has reviewed the materiality of any relationship that each of our directors has with us, either directly or indirectly. Based upon this review, we believe that Arik Kaufman, Oren Elmaliah, and Oron Branitzky qualify as independent directors in accordance with the standards set by the Nasdaq and Rule 10A-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act.

### **Committees of the Board**

#### ***Audit Committee***

Our audit committee, is comprised of Oron Branitzky, Oren Elmaliah and Arik Kaufman. Mr. Elmaliah serves as chairman of the audit committee. The audit committee is responsible for retaining and overseeing our independent registered public accounting firm, approving the services performed by our independent registered public accounting firm and reviewing our annual financial statements, accounting policies and our system of internal controls. The audit committee acts under a written charter, which more specifically sets forth its responsibilities and duties, as well as requirements for the audit committee's composition and meetings. The audit committee charter is available on our website [www.mysizeid.com](http://www.mysizeid.com).

The board of directors has determined that each member of the audit committee is "independent," as that term is defined by applicable SEC rules. In addition, the board of directors has determined that each member of the audit committee is "independent," as that term is defined by the rules of the Nasdaq Stock Market.

The board of directors has determined that Oren Elmaliah is an "audit committee financial expert" serving on its audit committee, and is independent, as the SEC has defined that term in Item 407 of Regulation S-K.

#### ***Compensation Committee***

Our compensation committee consists of Oron Branitzky, Oren Elmaliah and Arik Kaufman. Mr. Branitzky serves as chairman of the compensation committee.

The compensation committee's roles and responsibilities include making recommendations to the board of directors regarding the compensation for our executives, the role and performance of our executive officers, and appropriate compensation levels for our CEO, which are determined without the CEO present, and other executives. Our compensation committee also administers our 2017 Equity Incentive Plan and our 2017 Consultant Equity Incentive Plan. The compensation

committee acts under a written charter, which more specifically sets forth its responsibilities and duties, as well as requirements for the compensation committee's composition and meetings. The compensation committee charter is available on our website [www.mysizeid.com](http://www.mysizeid.com).

Our board of directors has determined that all of the members of the compensation committee are "independent" as that term is defined by the rules of the Nasdaq Stock Market.

#### Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

The members of the nominating and corporate governance committee are Oron Branitzky, Oren Elmaliah and Arik Kaufman. Mr. Kaufman serves as chairman of the corporate governance and nominations committee. The nominating and corporate governance committee acts under a written charter, which more specifically sets forth its responsibilities and duties, as well as requirements for the nominating and corporate governance committee's composition and meetings. The nominating and corporate governance committee charter is available on our website [www.mysizeid.com](http://www.mysizeid.com).

The nominating and corporate governance committee develops, recommends and oversees implementation of corporate governance principles for us and considers recommendations for director nominees. The nominating and corporate governance committee also considers stockholder recommendations for director nominees that are properly received in accordance with applicable rules and regulations of the SEC. Our stockholders that wish to nominate a director for election to the board of directors should follow the procedures set forth in our bylaws.

The nominating and corporate governance committee will consider persons identified by its members, management, stockholders, investment bankers and others. The guidelines for selecting nominees, which are specified in the nominating committee charter, generally provide that persons to be nominated:

- should be accomplished in his or her field and have a reputation, both personal and professional, that is consistent with our image and reputation;
- should have relevant experience and expertise and would be able to provide insights and practical wisdom based upon that experience and expertise; and
- should be of high moral and ethical character and would be willing to apply sound, objective and independent business judgment, and to assume broad fiduciary responsibility.

The nominating and corporate governance committee will consider a number of qualifications relating to management and leadership experience, background and integrity and professionalism in evaluating a person's candidacy for membership on the board of directors. The nominating and corporate governance committee may require certain skills or attributes, such as financial or accounting experience, to meet specific board needs that arise from time to time and will also consider the overall experience and makeup of its members to obtain a broad and diverse mix of board of directors members. The nominating and corporate governance committee will not distinguish among nominees recommended by stockholders and other persons.

Our board of directors has determined that all of the members of the nominating and corporate governance committee are "independent" as that term is defined by the rules of the Nasdaq Stock Market.

#### Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors and executive officers, and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities, to file with the SEC initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of our common stock and other equity securities. Officers, directors and greater than 10% stockholders are required by SEC regulations to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. Based solely upon a review of copies of Section 16(a) reports and representations received by us from reporting persons, Form 4s were filed late by Ronen Luzon, Or Kles, Billy Pardo, Ilia Turchinsky, Arik Kaufman, Oren Elmaliah and Oron Branitzky.

#### Code of Conduct and Ethics

We have a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to all our employees. The text of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is publicly available on our website at [www.mysizeid.com](http://www.mysizeid.com). Information contained on, or that can be accessed through, our website does not constitute a part of this report and is not incorporated by reference herein. Disclosure regarding any amendments to, or waivers from, provisions of the code of conduct and ethics that apply to our directors, principal executive and financial officers will be posted on the "Investors-Corporate Governance" section of our website at [www.mysizeid.com](http://www.mysizeid.com) or will be included in a Current Report on Form 8-K, which we will file within four business days following the date of the amendment or waiver.

#### Change in Procedures for Recommending Directors

There have been no material changes to the procedures by which our stockholders may recommend nominees to our board of directors from those procedures set forth in our Proxy Statement for our 2020 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, filed with the SEC on June 15, 2020.

### ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

#### Summary Compensation Table

The following sets forth the compensation paid by us to our named executive officers, during the years ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)(1)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)(2)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Ronen Luzon	2020	174,000	-	-	150,000	99,000	423,000
Chief Executive Officer	2019	168,000	-	-	229,000	123,000	520,000
Or Kles	2020	105,000	-	-	97,000	57,000	259,000
Chief Financial Officer	2019	101,000	-	-	59,000	47,000	207,000
Billy Pardo	2020	140,000	-	-	102,000	68,000	310,000
Chief Operating Officer	2019	135,000	-	-	130,000	67,000	332,000

(1) Salary for the years 2020 and 2019 are based on average US\$/NIS representative exchange rates of NIS 3.215 and NIS3.56, respectively.

- (2) Amounts in this column represent the grant date fair value of options granted to the named executive officers during 2020 and 2019, computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. These amounts do not necessarily correspond to the actual value that may be realized by the named executive officers. The assumptions made in valuing the options reported in this column are discussed in Note 10 to our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### All Other Compensation Table

The “All Other Compensation” amounts set forth in the Summary Compensation Table above consist of the following:

Name	Year	Automobile-Related Expenses (\$)	Manager's Insurance* (\$)	Education Fund* (\$)	Other social benefits** (\$)	Total (\$)
<b>Ronen Luzon</b>	2020	31,000	32,000	13,000	23,000	99,000
	2019	29,000	30,000	13,000	51,000	123,000
<b>Or Kles</b>	2020	14,000	16,000	8,000	19,000	57,000
	2019	15,000	15,000	8,000	9,000	47,000
<b>Billy Pardo</b>	2020	16,000	21,000	10,000	21,000	68,000
	2019	15,000	20,000	10,000	22,000	67,000

\* Manager's insurance and education funds are customary benefits provided to employees based in Israel. Manager's insurance is a combination of severance savings (in accordance with Israeli law), defined contribution tax-qualified pension savings and disability insurance premiums. An education fund is a savings fund of pre-tax contributions to be used after a specified period of time for educational or other permitted purposes.

\*\* Other social benefits for 2020 and 2019 for all named individuals includes tax payments in respect of social benefits.

#### Agreements with Named Executive Officers

##### Ronen Luzon

On November 18, 2018, My Size Israel, our wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into an employment agreement with Ronen Luzon, or the Luzon Employment Agreement, pursuant to which Mr. Luzon will serve as our Chief Executive Officer. Pursuant to the terms of the Luzon Employment Agreement, Mr. Luzon shall receive NIS 50,000 per month as his base salary and shall be eligible to receive such bonus as determined by us. In addition, Mr. Luzon shall be entitled social benefits and to other benefits, including, but not limited to, contributions towards an education fund, pension scheme, manager's insurance, insurance coverage, including insurance in case of disability, annual vacation days, sick leave and expense reimbursement. Pursuant to the terms of the Luzon Employment Agreement and subject to certain conditions, payments made by the Company to the pension fund or manager's insurance fund shall be made in lieu of severance payments due to Mr. Luzon. The term of the Luzon Employment Agreement shall be effective as of September 1, 2018 and shall continue until such time either party provides written notice to the other party at least 75 days in advance of the termination of such agreement. We may also terminate Mr. Luzon's employment without prior written notice (or payment in lieu of such notice) for Cause (as defined in the Luzon Employment Agreement).

##### Or Kles

On November 18, 2018, My Size Israel entered into an employment agreement with Or Kles, or the Kles Employment Agreement, pursuant to which Mr. Kles will serve as our Chief Financial Officer. Pursuant to the terms of the Kles Employment Agreement, Mr. Kles shall receive NIS 30,000 per month as his base salary and shall be eligible to receive such bonus as determined by us. In addition, Mr. Kles shall be entitled to social benefits and other benefits, including, but not limited to, contributions towards an education fund, pension scheme, manager's insurance, insurance coverage, including insurance in case of disability, annual vacation days, sick leave and expense reimbursement. Pursuant to the terms of the Kles Employment Agreement and subject to certain conditions, payments made by us to the pension fund or the manager's insurance fund shall be made in lieu of severance payments due to Mr. Kles. The term of the Kles Employment Agreement shall be effective as of September 1, 2018 and shall continue until such time either party provides written notice to the other party at least 75 days in advance of the termination of such agreement. We may also terminate Mr. Kles's employment without prior written notice (or payment in lieu of such notice) for Cause (as defined in the Kles Employment Agreement).

##### Billy Pardo

On November 18, 2018, My Size Israel entered into an employment agreement with Billy Pardo, or the Pardo Employment Agreement, pursuant to which Ms. Pardo will serve as our Chief Product Officer. Pursuant to the terms of the Pardo Employment Agreement, Ms. Pardo shall receive NIS 40,000 per month as her base salary and shall be eligible to receive such bonus as determined by us. In addition, Ms. Pardo shall be entitled to social benefits and other benefits, including, but not limited to, contributions towards an education fund, pension scheme, manager's insurance, insurance coverage, including insurance in case of disability, annual vacation days, sick leave and expense reimbursement. Pursuant to the terms of the Pardo Employment Agreement and subject to certain conditions, payments made by us to the pension fund or the manager's insurance fund shall be made in lieu of severance payments due to Ms. Pardo. The term of the Pardo Employment Agreement shall be effective as of September 1, 2018 and shall continue until such time either party provides written notice to the other party at least 75 days in advance of the termination of such agreement. We may also terminate Ms. Pardo's employment without prior written notice (or payment in lieu of such notice) for Cause (as defined in the Pardo Employment Agreement).

#### Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table provides information regarding options held by each of our named executive officers that were outstanding as of December 31, 2020.

Option Awards				Stock Awards			
Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options	Option Exercise	Option Expiration	Equity incentive plan awards: Number of Unearned Shares that Have Not	Market Value of Unearned Shares, That Have Not	Equity incentive plan awards: Number of Unearned Shares that Have Not	

Name and Principal Position	Exercisable	Unexercisable	Price	Date	Vested	Vested
<b>Ronen Luzon - Chief Executive Officer</b>	10,000(1)	-	\$ 1.04(8)	7/24/2023	80,000(9)	\$ 112,000(10)
	28,889(2)	11,111	\$ 1.04(8)	5/29/2025	-	-
	160,000(3)	120,000	\$ 1.04	8/10/2025	-	-
<b>Or Kles - Chief Financial Officer</b>	5,667(4)	-	\$ 1.04(8)	7/24/2023	-	-
	7,333(5)	6,667	\$ 1.04(8)	5/29/2025	-	-
	130,000(6)	97,500	\$ 1.04	8/10/2025	-	-
<b>Billy Pardo- Chief Operating Officer</b>	10,000(1)	-	\$ 1.04(8)	7/24/2023	-	-
	16,667(7)	5,667	\$ 1.04(8)	5/29/2025	-	-
	130,000(6)	97,500	\$ 1.04	8/10/2025	-	-

- (1) The option has a grant date of July 24, 2017 and vested in full on January 24, 2018.
- (2) The option has a grant date of May 29, 2019. 6,667 options vested immediately upon grant, 11,111 options vested on January 24, 2019, 11,111 options vested on January 24, 2020 and 11,111 options vested on January 24, 2021.
- (3) The option has a grant date of October 8, 2020, 40,000 options vested on November 26, 2020, 40,000 options will vest on May 26, 2021, 40,000 options will vest on November 26, 2021, and 40,000 options will vest on May 26, 2022.
- (4) The option has a grant date of July 24, 2017. 1,889 options vested immediately upon grant, 1,889 options vested on May 1, 2018 and 1,889 options vested on May 1, 2019.
- (5) The option has a grant date of May 29, 2019. 4,000 options vested immediately upon grant, 3,333 options vested on May 1, 2020, 3,333 options will vest on May 21, 2021 and 3,334 options will vest on May 1, 2022.
- (6) The option has a grant date of October 8, 2020, 37,500 options vested on November 26, 2020, 37,500 options will vest on May 26, 2021, 37,500 options will vest on November 26, 2021, and 37,500 options will vest on May 26, 2022.
- (7) The option has a grant date of May 29, 2019. 5,334 options vested immediately upon grant, 5,666 options vested on January 24, 2019, 5,667 options vested on January 24, 2020 and 5,667 options will vest on January 24, 2021.
- (8) On May 25, 2020, the compensation committee of the Board of Directors of the Company reduced the exercise price of outstanding options of employees and directors of the Company for the purchase of an aggregate of 140,237 shares of common stock of the Company (with exercise prices ranging between \$18.15 and \$9.15) to \$1.04 per share, which was the closing price for the Company's common stock on May 22, 2020, and extended the term of the foregoing options for an additional one year from the original date of expiration.
- (9) Represents performance-based restricted stock units, each representing the right to receive one share of common stock, which vest (x) upon the Company generating revenue of at least \$50,000 in the Russian Federation during the year ended 2020, or (y) upon the Company generating revenue of at least \$500,000 in the Russian Federation during the year ending 2021. The performance-based restricted stock units did not vest as of December 31, 2020.
- (10) The market value is based on the closing share price of \$1.41 per share as of December 31, 2020.

#### Director Compensation

The following table sets forth compensation information for our non-employee directors for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Name	Fees earned or paid in cash (\$)(1)	Option awards (\$)(1)(2)	Total (\$)
Oren Elmalih	15,000	28,000	43,000
Oron Barnitzky	18,000	28,000	46,000
Arik Kaufman	15,000	28,000	43,000

- (1) Fees for the year 2020 are based on average US\$/NIS representative exchange rates of NIS 3.437.
- (2) Amounts in this column represent the grant date fair value of options granted to the non-employee directors during 2020 computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. These amounts do not necessarily correspond to the actual value that may be realized by the non-employee directors. The assumptions made in valuing the options reported in this column are discussed in Note 11 to our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

We compensate our non-employee directors for their service as a member of our board. Mr. Luzon received no separate compensation for board service. Mr. Luzon's compensation is set forth above in the Summary Compensation Table.

Each non-employee director is entitled to receive a per meeting fee of \$286. Non-employee directors are also reimbursed for their travel and reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending board and committee meetings, to the extent that attendance is required by the board or the committee(s) on which that director serves.

#### ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

##### Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Holders and Management

The following table sets forth certain information regarding beneficial ownership of shares of our common stock as of March 26, 2021 by (i) each person known to beneficially own more than 5% of our outstanding common stock, (ii) each of our directors, (iii) each of our executive officers, and (iv) all of our directors and executive officers as a group. Except as otherwise indicated, the persons named in the table below have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares beneficially owned, subject to community property laws, where applicable.

Beneficial Owner <sup>(1)</sup>	Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned	Percentage <sup>(2)</sup>
<b>Executive officers and directors:</b>		
Ronen Luzon	255,119(3)	2.08%
Or Kles	48,833(4)	*
Billy Pardo	255,119(5)	2.08%
Ilia Turchinsky	16,532(6)	*
Arik Kaufman	32,334(7)	*
Oren Elmaliah	32,334(8)	*
Oron Brantzky	32,334(9)	*
All Executive Officers and Directors as a Group (7 persons)	417,486	3.35%

\* Less than 1%

- (1) The address of each person is c/o My Size, Inc., 4 Hayarden St., POB 1026, Airport City, Israel 7010000 unless otherwise indicated herein.
- (2) The calculation in this column is based upon 12,145,547 shares of common stock outstanding on March 26, 2021. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to the subject securities. Shares of common stock that are

currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of March 26, 2021 are deemed to be beneficially owned by the person holding such securities for the purpose of computing the percentage beneficial ownership of such person, but are not treated as outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage beneficial ownership of any other person.

- (3) Consists of (i) 117,064 shares of common stock, (ii) options to purchase up to 78,890 shares of our common stock, and (iii) options to purchase up to 59,165 shares of our common stock which are held by Billy Pardo, Ronen Luzon's spouse. Mr. Luzon may be deemed to beneficially hold the securities of us held by Ms. Pardo.
- (4) Consists of an option to purchase 48,333 shares of our common stock.
- (5) Consists of (i) options to purchase up to 59,165 shares of the Company's common stock, (ii) 117,064 shares of common stock which are held by Ronen Luzon, Billy Pardo's spouse, and (iii) options to purchase up to 78,890 shares of our common stock which are held by Ronen Luzon, Billy Pardo's spouse. Ms. Pardo may be deemed to beneficially hold the securities of the Company held by Mr. Luzon.
- (6) Consists of options to purchase up to 16,532 shares of our common stock.
- (7) Consists of options to purchase up to 32,334 shares of our common stock.
- (8) Consists of options to purchase up to 32,334 shares of our common stock.
- (9) Consists of options to purchase up to 32,334 shares of our common stock.

#### **Change in Control**

We are not aware of any arrangement that might result in a change in control in the future. We have no knowledge of any arrangements, including any pledge by any person of our securities, the operation of which may at a subsequent date result in a change in the Company's control.

#### **Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans**

On January 29, 2017, our board of directors approved the 2017 Equity Incentive Plan and the 2017 Consultant Equity Incentive Plan, which were approved by our stockholders on March 21, 2017. In addition, on January 29, 2017, our board of directors approved the Stock Option Plan Israel Grantees Sub-Plan. The 2017 Equity Incentive Plan initially authorized the issuance of up to 133,334 shares of common stock under the plan and the 2017 Consultant Equity Incentive Plan initially authorized the issuance of up to 200,000 shares of common stock under the plan.

On February 12, 2018, our stockholders approved an amendment to the 2017 Consultant Equity Incentive Plan to increase the maximum number of shares of our common stock available for issuance under the plan from 200,000 to 300,000. On July 3, 2018, our stockholders approved an amendment to the 2017 Equity Incentive Plan to increase the maximum number of shares of our common stock available for issuance under the plan from 133,334 to 200,000 and an amendment to the 2017 Consultant Equity Incentive Plan to increase the maximum number of shares of our common stock available for issuance under the plan from 300,000 to 466,667.

On May 25, 2020, our board reduced the exercise price of outstanding options of our employees and directors for the purchase of an aggregate of 140,237 of our common stock (with exercise prices ranging between \$18.15 and \$9.15) to \$1.04 per share, and extended the term of the foregoing options for an additional one year from the original date of expiration.

On August 10, 2020, our stockholders approved an increase in the shares available for issuance under the 2017 Equity Incentive Plan from 200,000 to 1,450,000 shares, and a decrease of the numbers of shares available for issuance under the 2017 Consultant Incentive Plan to 216,667 shares from 466,667 shares.

The following table summarizes information about our equity compensation plans and individual compensation arrangements as of December 31, 2020.

	<b>Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights</b> <b>(a)</b>	<b>Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights</b> <b>(b)</b>	<b>Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a) (c))</b> <b>(a) (c)</b>
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	1,042,393	1.32	624,274
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	10,568	0.94	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,052,961</b>	<b>1.32</b>	<b>624,274</b>

#### **ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE**

During years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, except for compensation arrangements described elsewhere herein, we did not participate in any transaction, and we are not currently participating in any proposed transaction, or series of transactions, in which the amount involved exceeded the lesser of \$120,000 or one percent of the average of our total assets at year end for the last two completed fiscal years, and in which, to our knowledge, any of our directors, officers, five percent beneficial security holders, or any member of the immediate family of the foregoing persons had, or will have, a direct or indirect material interest.

Compensation arrangements for our named executive officers and directors are described in the section entitled "Executive Compensation."

We have entered into indemnification agreements with each of our directors and executive officers. These agreements, among other things, require us to indemnify these individuals and, in certain cases, affiliates of such individuals, to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law against liabilities that may arise by reason of their service to us or at our direction, and to advance expenses incurred as a result of any proceedings against them as to which they could be indemnified. We also maintain an insurance policy that insures our directors and officers against certain liabilities, including liabilities arising under applicable securities laws.

#### **Director Independence**

See "Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance; Corporate Governance, Board Composition" above for a discussion regarding the independence of the members of our board of directors.

#### **ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES**

The following table sets forth the aggregate fees billed by Somekh Chaikin, a member firm of KPMG International as described below:

Fee Category	2020	2019
Audit Fees	138,600	111,000
Audit-Related Fees	-	-
Tax Fees	49,200	10,500
All Other Fees	-	-
<b>Total Fees</b>	<b>187,800</b>	<b>121,500</b>

**Audit Fees:** Audit Fees consist of fees billed for professional services performed by Somekh Chaikin for the audit of our annual financial statements, the review of interim consolidated financial statements, and related services that are normally provided in connection with registration statements, including the registration statement for S-1 and S-3.

**Tax Fees:** Tax Fees may consist of fees for professional services, including tax and VAT consulting and compliance performed by an independent registered public accounting firm.

#### **Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures**

In accordance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, as amended, our audit committee charter requires the audit committee to pre-approve all audit and permitted non-audit services provided by our independent registered public accounting firm, including the review and approval in advance of our independent registered public accounting firm's annual engagement letter and the proposed fees contained therein. The audit committee has the ability to delegate the authority to pre-approve non-audit services to one or more designated members of the audit committee. If such authority is delegated, such delegated members of the audit committee must report to the full audit committee at the next audit committee meeting all items pre-approved by such delegated members. In the fiscal years ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 all of the services performed by our independent registered public accounting firm were pre-approved by the audit committee.

#### **PART IV**

#### **ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES**

- (a) Financial Statements

The financial statements required by this Item are included beginning at page F-1.

- (b) Exhibits

See Exhibit Index

#### **ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY**

Not applicable

#### **EXHIBIT INDEX**

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of My Size, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Form on Form 8-K filed on March 23, 2017)</a>
3.2	<a href="#">Amended and Restated By-Laws of My Size, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 4, 2016)</a>
3.3	<a href="#">Amendment to Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of My Size, Inc. (incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 20, 2018)</a>
3.4	<a href="#">Second Amended and Restated By-Laws of My Size, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 24, 2018)</a>
3.5	<a href="#">Certificate of Amendment of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of My Size, Inc. (incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 18, 2019)</a>
4.1	<a href="#">Specimen Common Stock Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3/A filed on November 14, 2016)</a>
4.2	<a href="#">Form of Warrant to Purchase Common Stock issued on December 22, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed on December 18, 2017)</a>
4.3	<a href="#">Form of Warrant to Purchase Common Stock issued on February 2, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 27, 2019)</a>

4.4	<a href="#">Description of Securities Registered under Section 12 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 19, 2020)</a>
4.5	<a href="#">Form of Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, Amendment No. 1, filed with the SEC on May 5, 2020.)</a>
4.6	<a href="#">Form of Placement Agent Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.7 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, Amendment No. 1, filed with the SEC on May 5, 2020)</a>
10.1	<a href="#">My Size, Inc. 2017 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference as an exhibit to the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule DEF 14A filed on March 2, 2017)</a>
10.2	<a href="#">My Size, Inc. 2017 Consultant Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference as an exhibit to the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule DEF 14A filed on March 2, 2017)</a>
10.3	<a href="#">My Size, Inc. 2017 Stock Option Plan Israel Grantees Sub-Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 27, 2019)</a>

52

---

10.5	<a href="#">Form of Warrant (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 99.3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed on September 20, 2016)</a>
10.6	<a href="#">Purchase Agreement between My Size, Inc. and Shoshana Zigdon dated as of February 16, 2014 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 4, 2016)</a>
10.7	<a href="#">Warrant issued to Longside Ventures LLC dated February 22, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed on March 3, 2017)</a>
10.8	<a href="#">Form of Warrant issued October 30, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 27, 2017)</a>
10.9 +	<a href="#">Employment Agreement between My Size Israel 2014 Ltd. and Ronen Luzon dated November 18, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 19, 2018)</a>
10.10 +	<a href="#">Employment Agreement between My Size Israel 2014 Ltd. and Or Kles dated November 18, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 19, 2018)</a>
10.11 +	<a href="#">Employment Agreement between My Size Israel 2014 Ltd. and Billy Pardo dated November 18, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 19, 2018)</a>
10.12	<a href="#">At the Market Offering Agreement between My Size, Inc. and H.C. Wainwright &amp; Co. LLC dated September 13, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 13, 2019)</a>
10.13	<a href="#">Form of Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 15, 2020)</a>
10.14	<a href="#">Form of Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 15, 2020)</a>
10.15	<a href="#">Form of Placement Agent Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 15, 2020)</a>
10.16	<a href="#">Securities Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.30 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, Amendment No. 1, filed with the SEC on May 5, 2020)</a>
10.17	<a href="#">Underwriting Agreement, dated January 5, 2021, by and between the Company and Aegis Capital Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 7, 2021)</a>
10.18	<a href="#">Underwriting Agreement, dated March 22, 2021, by and between the Company and Aegis Capital Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 1.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 25, 2021)</a>
21.1*	<a href="#">List of Subsidiaries</a>
23.1*	<a href="#">Consent of Somekh Chaikin</a>
31.1*	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
31.2*	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
32.1*	<a href="#">Certification of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Schema
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase

\* Filed herewith.

+ Indicates a management contract or any compensatory plan, contract or arrangement

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Annual Report on Form 10-K to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized on this 29th day of March, 2021.

### MY SIZE, INC.

/s/ Ronen Luzon

Ronen Luzon  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principle Executive Officer)

/s/ Or Kles

Or Kles  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1934, this annual report on Form 10-K has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Ronen Luzon Ronen Luzon	Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principle Executive Officer)	March 29, 2021
/s/ Or Kles Or Kles	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	March 29, 2021
/s/ Oren Elmaliah Oren Elmaliah	Director	March 29, 2021
/s/ Arik Kaufman Arik Kaufman	Director	March 29, 2021
/s/ Oron Branitzky Oron Branitzky	Director	March 29, 2021

54

EX-21.1 2 f10k2020ex21-1\_mysizeinc.htm LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES

**Exhibit 21.1**

List of Subsidiaries of My Size, Inc.:

Name	Jurisdiction of Incorporation/Formalation
My Size Israel 2014 Ltd.	Israel
Topspin Medical (Israel) Ltd.	Israel
My Size LLC	Russian Federation

EX-23.1 3 f10k2020ex23-1\_mysizeinc.htm CONSENT OF SOMEKH CHAIKIN

**Exhibit 23.1**

### Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors  
My Size Inc.

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements No. 333-223042, No. 333-221199, No. 333-216414, No. 333-213727, No. 333-237858, and No. 333-251679 on Form S-3 and registration statements No. 333-248237, No. 333-222537, and No. 333-227053 on Form S-8 and registration statements No. 333-237959, No. 333-237858 and No. 333-221741 on Form S-1 of My Size Inc. (the "Company") of our report dated March 29, 2021 with respect to the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive loss, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the two-year period ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes, which report appears in the December 31, 2020 annual report on Form 10-K of the Company.

Our report dated March 29, 2021 contains an explanatory paragraph that states that the Company has incurred significant losses and negative cash flows from operations and has an accumulated deficit, which raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of that uncertainty.

/s/ Somekh Chaikin  
Somekh Chaikin

Member Firm of KPMG International

Tel Aviv, Israel  
March 29, 2021

EX-31.1 4 f10k2020ex31-1\_mysizeinc.htm CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

**Exhibit 31.1**

Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the

I, Ronen Luzon certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of My Size, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluations; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 29, 2021

By: /s/ Ronen Luzon  
Ronen Luzon  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

---

EX-31.2 5 f10k2020ex31-2\_myseinc.htm CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

**Exhibit 31.2**

**Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the  
Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

I, Or Kles, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of My Size, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluations; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over

Date: March 29, 2021

By: /s/ Or Kles

Or Kles  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

---

EX-32.1 6 f10k2020ex32-1\_myssizeinc.htm CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(B)

**Exhibit 32.1**

**CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002  
(18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350)**

In connection with the Annual Report of My Size, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of, Ronen Luzon and Or Kles, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, respectively, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Company's Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: March 29, 2021

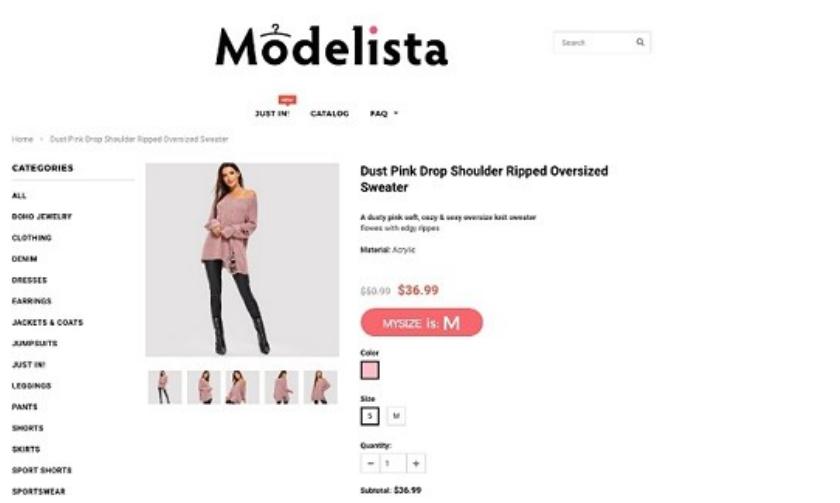
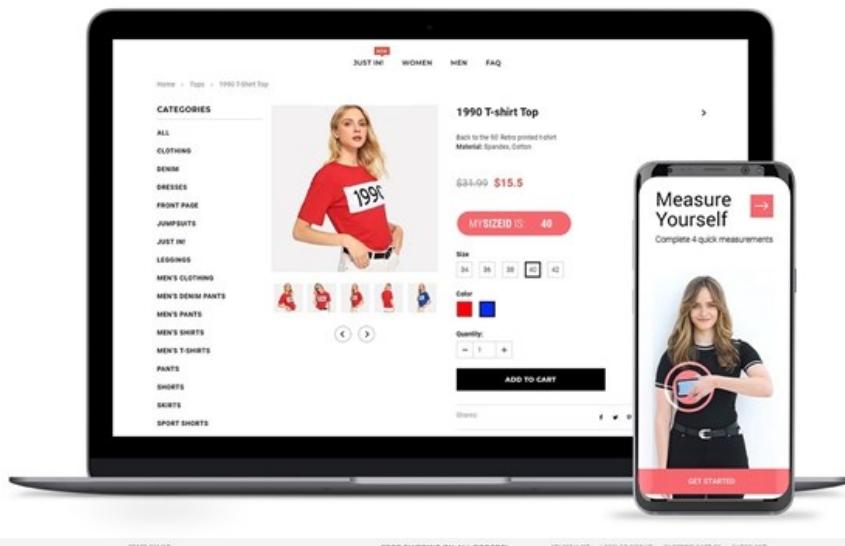
By: /s/ Ronen Luzon

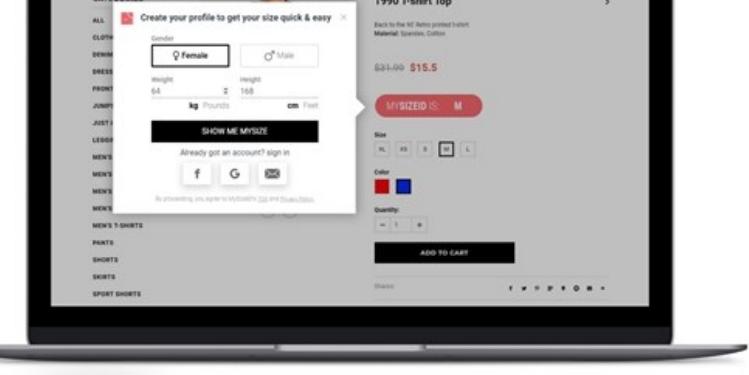
Ronen Luzon  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: March 29, 2021

By: /s/ Or Kles

Or Kles  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)





**MYDASH**

Manage charts   Summary   [Logout](#)

**Women's Tops**

- + Add a size chart
- Women's Pants** (saved)
- Women's T-Shirt

**Men's tops**

+ Create a category

(i) Organize your size charts with custom categories, like women's tops or men's bottoms.

**Women   Bottoms   Metric**   Chart Code   Settings   **SAVE**

Sizes: ⑦ 24 :: 26 :: 28 :: 30 :: +

Hips: ⑦ 71 72 72 74 74 76 76 78

Waist: ⑦ 74 70 70 75 75 80 80 85

Height: ⑦ From To From To From To From To

Inseam: ⑦ From To From To From To From To

**Width**

Barcode: 10022244... Scan

Height: 14.0 cm Measure

Width: 28.0 cm Measure

Depth: 21.0 cm Measure

Weight: 10.0 kg Two Star

Comments:

\*Please take at least 3 photo

Add Photo   Add Photo   Add Photo

Package    Stand    Surface    Other

Confirm and Send File

Start   When ready press Start

79 cm

Measure Again   Save Measure