

Annual Report 2021

ABN 30 637 512 415

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

DIRECTORS

Andrew Van Heyst (Executive Chairman)
Edward Leschke (Managing Director)
Keith Mayes (Non-Executive Director)
Jason Beckton (Non-Executive Director)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Marcelo Mora

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS AND REGISTERED OFFICE

ESN Partners 'Australia Square' Level 30, 264-278 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

Australia

Telephone: (61 2) 9008 1381

Web site: www.loderesources.com

SHARE REGISTRY

Advanced Share Registry Limited 110 Stirling Highway

Nedlands, Western Australia 6009 Telephone: (61 8) 9389 8033 Facsimile: (61 8) 9262 3723

AUDITORS

PKF (NS) Audit and Assurance Limited Partnership Level 8 1 O'Connell Street Sydney NSW 2000

SOLICITORS

Thomson Geer Level 14 60 Martin Place Sydney NSW 2000

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTINGS

Australian Securities Exchange (Code - LDR)

LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN

Dear fellow Shareholders,

I am proud to present you with the 2021 Annual Report, our first since the listing of the Company on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) on the 2nd of July

2020 was a significant year for Lode Resources ('Lode' or 'the Company'), having built up a significant exploration portfolio, hiring key staff and successfully completing the company's IPO. The \$5 million raised through the issue of 25 million shares in the Company will enable us to undertake significant exploration activities across its suite of projects in the New England Fold Belt.

Subsequent to listing and the 2021 Annual Report period the company has begun its exploration program with the commencement of diamond drilling at the Webbs Consol Silver Project in addition to significant additional surface exploration activities at the Uralla Gold Project. This will be followed by maiden drill programs at both Uralla Gold and the Trough Gully Copper Projects during the December quarter.

The Company's objective is to create wealth for its shareholders through commercial exploration and the acquisition of prospective tenure. We believe the exploration team we have assembled, and our highly prospective brownfield and greenfield tenure will be the key to success. The company controls one of the largest exploration packages in New England and only the most competitive prospects in terms of compelling geochemical and or geophysical encouragement are considered for drilling.

In summary, shareholders can look forward to drilling results from Webbs Consol Silver, Uralla Gold and Trough Gully Copper in back-to-back programs into the new year and beyond.

We are excited about our upcoming exploration programs and look forward to rewarding shareholders with exploration success.

Andrew Van Heyst



REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Lode Resources Ltd (ASX:LDR or 'Lode' or 'the Company') commenced trading on the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX Ltd) on 2 July 2021.

Lode's exploration focus is on the highly prospective but under-exploited New England Fold Belt in north eastern New South Wales. See Figure 1. The Company has assembled a portfolio of brownfield precious and base metal assets characterised by:

- 100% ownership;
- Significant historical geochemistry and/or geophysics;
- Under drilled and/or open ended mineralisation; and
- · Demonstrated high grade mineralisation and/or potential for large mineral occurrences.



This has resulted in a portfolio of assets with diverse mineralisation styles with 3 drill ready projects:

- Uralla Gold Located 8km west of the Uralla township, this goldfield was one of the earlier goldfields
 discovered in NSW and a significant gold producer in the 1850's. Despite this long history, the
 mineralisation style has only recently been recognised as being an Intrusive Related Gold System (IRGS)
 and this has strong implications for this project's discovery potential. Lode's holdings cover over 300sq
 km's and this project is drill ready.
- 2. **Webbs Consol Silver** Located 16km west-southwest of Emmaville, this historical silver mining centre is known for high grade silver bearing lodes providing attractive targets that are essentially drill ready. Historical records of underground sampling indicated open ended high-grade mineralisation remains open at relative shallow depths and subsequent geophysical anomalies were never followed-up by drilling.
- 3. Fender Copper (Trough Gully) Located 30km southeast of Tamworth this project has incurred surface exploration carried out by several companies since the 1960s comprising stream/soil, surface mapping, IP and magnetics however no drilling has occurred. Significant copper in drainage anomalies and several know historical workings on VMS style mineralisation provide some very attractive exploration targets. This project is drill ready.
- 4. **Elsinore** Located 30km west of Guyra this project hosts a large regional magnetic and IP anomaly with anomalous base/precious metals in geochemical sampling;
- 5. **Thor** Located 35km northwest of Manila this project hosts a large gold anomaly potentially associated with high level intrusions or major regional fault structures.
- 6. **Tea Tree** Located 24km north of Manila this project comprises an underexplored goldfield.

As of 30 June 2021, the Company had been granted seven exploration licences as follows:

| Project | Licence | Grant / Application Date | Expiry Date | Commodity | Units | Status |
|--------------|---------|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-------|---------|
| Webbs Consol | EL8933 | 16 January 2020 | 16 January 2023 | Group 1 (Metallic minerals) | 16 | Granted |
| Uralla | EL8980 | 14 May 2020 | 14 May 2023 | Group 1 (Metallic minerals) | 80 | Granted |
| Fender | EL9003 | 12 October 2020 | 12 October 2023 | Group 1 (Metallic minerals) | 76 | Granted |
| Elsinore | EL9004 | 12 October 2020 | 12 October 2023 | Group 1 (Metallic minerals) | 32 | Granted |
| Tea Tree | EL9084 | 11 March 2021 | 11 March 2024 | Group 1 (Metallic minerals) | 24 | Granted |
| Thor | EL9085 | 11 March 2021 | 11 March 2024 | Group 1 (Metallic minerals) | 78 | Granted |
| Uralla West | EL9087 | 12 March 2021 | 12 March 2024 | Group 1 (Metallic minerals) | 22 | Granted |

Lode's strategy is to:

- · Systematically explore and develop the Company's Tenements in the New England Fold Belt;
- Target large-scale gold, silver and copper mineral systems;
- · Use modern exploration methods and best practices in cost effective programs; and
- Advance discoveries to the development stage.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Major developments since a recent listing on the ASX include:

- Discovery of a new style of gold mineralisation with bulk tonnage potential at the 100% owned Uralla Gold Project. To date 56 chip sample gold assays grading > 1 g/t averaged 3.29 g/t (up to 8.03 g/t) have now been received from an area of interest approximately 1,000m long and up to 500m wide. Outcrop sampled is spatially related to the "Bonanza Dyke" over a strike length of 1,000 metres. The Uralla Gold Project geology has the characteristics of an Intrusive Related Gold System (IRGS) which has been only recently recognised. Preparations for highly anticipated drilling are well advanced and a tracked RC drill rig has been contracted to commence drilling on 25 October. Refer announcements on 12 July 2021 & 20 July 2021.
- Commencement of drilling at the 100% owned Webbs Consol Silver Project with approximately 1,500m of diamond drilling testing of high-grade silver mineralisation sampled at surface and underground extensions. To date 30 selective surface chip/grab sample silver assays grading >20 g/t Ag have averaged 73 g/t Ag (up to 289 g/t Ag) from an area of interest approximately 2,000m long. A separate single selective grab sample taken from the Webbs Consol main shaft waste dump graded 2,230 g/t silver and 32.5% zinc demonstrating an unusual association between the two metals. Refer announcement on 15 September 2021.

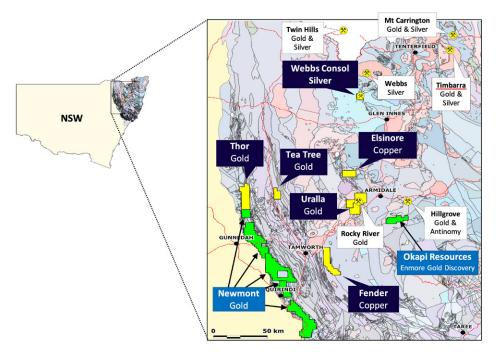


Figure 1: Lode's Project Locations (yellow polygons)



Competent Person's Statement

The information in this Report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by Mr Mitchell Tarrant, who is a Member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Tarrant, who is the Project Manager for Lode Resources, has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Tarrant consents to the inclusion in this Report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board is committed to maintaining the highest standards of Corporate Governance. Corporate Governance is about having a set of core values and behaviours that underpin the Company's activities and ensure transparency, fair dealing and protection of the interests of stakeholders. The Company has reviewed its corporate governance practices against the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th edition) published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

The 2021 corporate governance statement is dated 29 September 2021 and reflects the corporate governance practices throughout the 2021 financial year. The board approved the 2021 corporate governance on 29 September 2021. A description of the Company's current corporate governance practices is set out in the Company's corporate governance statement, which can be viewed at https://loderesources.com/corporate-governance.



The directors present their report on Lode Resources Ltd for the financial year ended 30 June 2021.

DIRECTORS

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

Andrew Van Heyst

Ted Leschke

Keith Mayes

Jason Beckton Appointed 29 September 2020

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of Lode Resources Ltd during the financial year were the acquisition of exploration projects through Exploration Licence Applications and the subsequent granting of Exploration Licences, completing extensive literature reviews of past exploration activities, gaining access through Rural Access and Compensation Agreements with surface landowners and carrying out reconnaissance style field activities.

OPERATING RESULTS

The loss of the Company amounted to \$574,934 (2020: \$22,331), after providing for income tax.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

A review of the Company's operations for the year ended 30 June 2021 is set out on pages 2 to 3 of this Annual Report.

DIVIDENDS PAID OR RECOMMENDED

No dividends were paid or declared during the period.

CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

There have been no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the year.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On 2 July the Company commenced quotation of the Australian Securities Exchange ASX. On 14 July 2021, the Company granted 500,000 unlisted options to the Exploration Manager, the options are exercisable at 30 cents vest immediately with expiry on 14 July 2023

Except for the above, no other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS AND RESULTS

Likely developments in the operations of the Company and the expected results of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as the inclusion of such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Company.

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

The operations and proposed activities of the Group are subject to State and Federal laws and regulations concerning the environment. As with most exploration projects and mining operations, the Company's activities are expected to have an impact on the environment, particularly if advanced exploration or field development proceeds. It is the Company's intention to conduct its activities to the highest standard of environmental obligation, including compliance with all applicable environmental laws.

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

| Andrew Van Heyst | Chairman |
|--|--|
| Experience | With more than 30 years' experience in Equities and Advisory. Has worked at Merrill Lynch in New York as Head of Australian Sales and for ABN AMRO as Head of Australian Sales and Head of Americas Client Account Management for Global Equity Product. In 2005 Andrew moved back to Australia joining Shaw and Partners as a Corporate Advisor focussing on Small Cap resources and is currently an Executive Director at Bridge Street Capital Partners. |
| Interest in Shares and Options | 21,250,001 ordinary shares |
| Ted Leschke | Managing Director |
| Experience | With more than 30 years' experience in resources industry including MD of ASX listed Equus Mining from start up project development covering areas such as project identification, acquisition and generation, geological mapping, exploration drilling, local community and government liaison, financial management, strategy, fund raisings, ASX listing and statutory reporting. Previously worked as a resource analyst in stockbroking/funds management as well as a geologist in the mining industry. |
| Interest in Shares and Options | 20,750,001ordinary shares |
| Directorships held in other listed entities during the three years prior to the current year | Equus Mining Limited. |
| Keith Mayes | Non Executive Director |
| Experience | With more than 30 years' experience in the resource sector in exploration, business development, operational and financial roles with major mining companies including North Ltd, Newmont, Rio Tinto and Oxiana in Australia, |
| | Eurpoe, Middle East and Africa. Keith is currently CEO of Garnet International Group and formerly COO at ASX listed KGL Resources that is undertaking exploration and development of the large Jervois copper/silver/gold project in central Australia and COO at Altura Mining Ltd where he discovered the world class Pilgangoora lithium deposit. |
| Interest in Shares and options | Eurpoe, Middle East and Africa. Keith is currently CEO of Garnet International Group and formerly COO at ASX listed KGL Resources that is undertaking exploration and development of the large Jervois copper/silver/gold project in central Australia and COO at Altura Mining Ltd where he discovered the world class Pilgangoora lithium deposit. 300,000 ordinary shares and 500,000 unlisted options |
| Interest in Shares and options Jason Beckton Qualifications | Eurpoe, Middle East and Africa. Keith is currently CEO of Garnet International Group and formerly COO at ASX listed KGL Resources that is undertaking exploration and development of the large Jervois copper/silver/gold project in central Australia and COO at Altura Mining Ltd where he discovered the world class Pilgangoora lithium deposit. 300,000 ordinary shares and 500,000 unlisted options Non Executive Director Holds BSc (Hons) Melbourne and a Masters of Economic Geology from the |
| Jason Beckton | Eurpoe, Middle East and Africa. Keith is currently CEO of Garnet International Group and formerly COO at ASX listed KGL Resources that is undertaking exploration and development of the large Jervois copper/silver/gold project in central Australia and COO at Altura Mining Ltd where he discovered the world class Pilgangoora lithium deposit. 300,000 ordinary shares and 500,000 unlisted options Non Executive Director |

COMPANY SECRETARY

Andrew Van Heyst and Ted Leschke were company secretaries from the date of incorporation to 15 September 2020. Marcelo Mora has been the company secretary since 15 September 2020.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

During the financial year, 1 meetings of directors were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

Directors' Meetings

| | Number eligible to attend | Number attended |
|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Andrew Van Heyst | 1 | 1 |
| Ted Leschke | 1 | 1 |
| Keith Mayes | 1 | - |
| Jason Beckton | - | - |

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid, during or since the end of the financial year, for any person who is or has been an officer or auditor of Lode Resources Ltd.

At the date of this report, the unissued ordinary shares of Lode Resources Ltd under option are as follows:

| Grant Date | Date of Expiry | Exercise Price | Number under Option |
|---------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| 31 March 2021 | 2 July 2023 | \$0.30 | 1,000,000 (1) |
| 14 July 2021 | 14 July 2023 | \$0.30 | 500,000 ⁽²⁾ |

⁽¹⁾ The options have an exercise price of \$0.30, vest immediately and expire on 2 July 2023, the shares are esrow until 2 July 2023.

Option holders do not have any rights to participate in any issues of shares or other interests in the Company.

Proceedings on behalf of company

No person has applied for leave of court under Section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

Auditor's independence declaration

The auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ended 30 June 2021 has been received and can be found on page 9 of the financial report.

This director's report is signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director:

Andrew Van Heyst

Director: Edunchulum

Ted Leschke

Dated 29 September 2021

⁽²⁾ The options have an exercise price of \$0.30, vest immediately and expire on 14 July 2023.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION



Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Lode Resources Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2021 there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the (i) Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

SCOTT TOBUTT PARTNER

29 SEPTEMBER 2021 SYDNEY, NSW

PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Sydney Partnership Sydney ABN 91 850 861 839

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation

Sydney Newcastle

Level 8, 1 O'Connell Street 755 Hunter Street
Sydney NSW 2000 Australia
GPO Box 5446 Sydney NSW 2001

Newcastle
Newcastle
Newcastle
Newcastle
Newcastle
Newcastle
Newcastle
Newcastle
Newcastle p +61 2 8346 6000 p +61 2 4962 2688 f +61 2 8346 6099 f +61 2 4962 3245

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STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

| | Note | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|--|------|------------|------------|
| Employee benefits expense | _ | (85,000) | - |
| Depreciation and amortisation expense | | (3,978) | - |
| Legal and professional expenses | | (68,588) | (4,618) |
| Other expenses | _ | (417,368) | (17,713) |
| Loss before income tax | | (574,934) | (22,331) |
| Income tax expense | 4 _ | - | |
| Loss for the period | | (574,934) | (22,331) |
| Other comprehensive income | | - | - |
| Total comprehensive expense for the period | | (574,934) | (22,331) |
| | _ | | |
| Earning per share | | | |
| Basic and diluted loss per share | 21 | (0.0113) | (0.0019) |

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As At 30 June 2021

| ASSETS | Note _ | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|---|--------------------------------|---|---|
| CURRENT ASSETS | _ | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 6 | 4,739,139 | 299,082 |
| Trade and other receivables | 7 | 40,875 | 1,073 |
| Other assets | - | 1,636 | - |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | - | 4,781,650 | 300,155 |
| NON CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Other financial assets | 8 | 98,800 | 20,000 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 9 | 28,740 | - |
| Exploration and evaluation assets | 10 | 332,834 | 30,699 |
| TOTAL NON CURRENT ASSETS | - | 460,374 | 50,699 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 5,242,024 | 350,854 |
| LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES NET ASSETS | 11 ₋ - - - | 142,775 142,775 - 142,775 5,099,249 | 8,163 8,163 - 8,163 342,691 |
| EQUITY Issued capital Share based payment reserve Accumulated losses TOTAL EQUITY | 12 20 | 5,611,514 85,000 (597,265) 5,099,249 | 365,022 - (22,331) 342,691 |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

| 2021 | Issued capital \$ | Accumulated losses \$ | Share based payment reserve | Total \$ |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Balance at 1 July 2020 | 365,022 | (22,331) | - | 342,691 |
| Loss for the year | - | (574,934) | - | (574,934) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | - | - | |
| Total comprehensive expense for the period | - | (574,934) | - | (574,934) |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners | | | | |
| Contribution of equity, net of transaction costs | 5,246,492 | - | - | 5,246,492 |
| Share based payment transactions | - | - | 85,000 | 85,000 |
| Balance at 30 June 2021 | 5,611,514 | (597,265) | 85,000 | 5,099,249 |
| | Issued capital | Accumulated losses | Share based payment reserve | · Total |
| 2020 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at 18 November 2019 | - | - | - | - |
| Loss for the period | - | (22,331) | - | (22,331) |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | | - | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | - | (22,331) | - | (22,331) |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners | | | | |
| Shares issued during the period | 365,022 | <u>-</u> | | 365,022 |
| Balance at 30 June 2020 | 365,022 | (22,331) | - | 342,691 |

STATEMENT OF **CASH FLOWS**

For the Year Ended 30 June 2021

| | Note | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|---|------|------------|------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Payments to suppliers | _ | (425,500) | (35,241) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | 19 | (425,500) | (35,241) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Payments in relation to exploration and evaluation activities | | (302,135) | (30,699) |
| Payments for security deposits | | (78,800) | - |
| Net cash used in investing activities | - | (380,935) | (30,699) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | |
| Issues of shares | | 5,246,492 | 365,022 |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | - | 5,246,492 | 365,022 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held | | 4,440,057 | 299,082 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period | | 299,082 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial period | 6 | 4,739,139 | 299,082 |

The financial report covers Lode Resources Ltd as an individual entity. Lode Resources Ltd is a for profit company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The address of the Company's registered office is C/o ESN Partners, Australia Square, Level 30, 264 - 278 George Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000.

The functional and presentation currency of Lode Resources Ltd is Australian dollars.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Directors on 29 September 2021.

The Company was incorporated on 18 November 2019 and accordingly comparative period presented does not represent a full financial year.

On 21 October 2020, after a special resolution by shareholders, the Company applied to ASIC to become a public company.

1 **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001.

These financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(a) Income tax

The tax expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income comprises current income tax expense plus deferred tax expense.

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit (loss) for the year and is measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current tax liabilities (assets) are measured at the amounts expected to be paid to (recovered from) the relevant taxation authority.

Deferred tax is not provided for the following:

The initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and losses can be utilised.

Current and deferred tax is recognised as income or an expense and included in profit or loss for the period.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payable are stated inclusive of GST.

Cash flows in the statement of cash flows are included on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified as operating cash flows.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured using the cost model.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the assets useful life to the Company, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

| Fixed asset class | Depreciation rate |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| Motor Vehicles | 12.5% |

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

(d) Current and non current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non current.

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non current.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(f) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised initially on the date that the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

On initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value plus transaction costs (except for instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss where transaction costs are expensed as incurred).

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification

On initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial assets into the following categories, those measured at:

· amortised cost

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

Amortised cost

Assets measured at amortised cost are financial assets where:

- the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less provision for impairment.

Interest income, foreign exchange gains or losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Impairment of financial assets is recognised on an expected credit loss (ECL) basis for the following assets:

· financial assets measured at amortised cost

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial assets has increased significant since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information.

The Company uses the presumption that an asset which is more than 30 days past due has seen a significant increase in credit risk.

The Company uses the presumption that a financial asset is in default when:

- the other party is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse to the Company to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial assets is more than 90 days past due.

Credit losses are measured as the present value of the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows expected to be received. This is applied using a probability weighted approach.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(f) Financial instruments (cont'd)

Financial assets (cont'd)

Other financial assets measured at amortised cost

Impairment of other financial assets measured at amortised cost are determined using the expected credit loss model in AASB 9. On initial recognition of the asset, an estimate of the expected credit losses for the next 12 months is recognised. Where the asset has experienced significant increase in credit risk then the lifetime losses are estimated and recognised.

Financial liabilities

The Company measures all financial liabilities initially at fair value less transaction costs, subsequently financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

The financial liabilities of the Company comprise trade payables, bank and other loans and lease liabilities.

(g) Exploration and development expenditure

Exploration, evaluation and development expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves. As the asset is not available for use it is not depreciated or amortised.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off in full against profit or loss in the period in which the decision to abandon that area is made.

When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

(h) Impairment of non financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company determines whether there is an evidence of an impairment indicator for non financial assets.

Where an indicator exists and regardless for indefinite life intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated.

Where assets do not operate independently of other assets, the recoverable amount of the relevant cash generating unit (CGU) is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the higher of the fair value less costs of disposal and the value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash generating unit.

Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in

Reversal indicators are considered in subsequent periods for all assets which have suffered an impairment loss.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

(i) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Company's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be wholly settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits expected to be settled more than one year after the end of the reporting period have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Cashflows are discounted using market yields on high quality corporate bond rates incorporating bonds rated AAA or AA by credit agencies, with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cashflows. Changes in the measurement of the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

(j) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares and share options which vest immediately are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

(k) Equity settled compensation

The Company operates equity settled share based payment employee share and option schemes. The fair value of the equity to which employees become entitled is measured at grant date and recognised as an expense over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase to an equity account. The fair value of shares is ascertained as the market bid price. The fair value of options is ascertained using a Black-Scholes pricing model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options or shares granted, this expense takes in account any market performance conditions and the impact of any non vesting conditions but ignores the effect of any service and non market performance vesting conditions.

Non market vesting conditions are taken into account when considering the number of options expected to vest. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of options which are expected to vest based on the non market vesting conditions. Revisions to the prior period estimate are recognised in profit or loss and equity.

(I) Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The Company has adopted all standards which became effective for the first time at 30 June 2021, the adoption of these standards has not caused any material adjustments to the reported financial position, performance or cash flow of the Company.

(m) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The AASB has issued new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The Company has decided not to early adopt these Standards.

3 **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS**

Company management make estimates and judgements during the preparation of these financial statements regarding assumptions about current and future events affecting transactions and balances.

These estimates and judgements are based on the best information available at the time of preparing the financial statements, however as additional information is known then the actual results may differ from the estimates.

The significant estimates and judgements made have been described below.

Kev estimates -

Note 10 Exploration and evaluation expenditure

Key judgements - capitalisation of exploration and evaluation expenditure

The Company capitalises expenditure relating to exploration and evaluation where it is considered likely to be recoverable or where the activities have not reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of reserves. While there are certain areas of interest from which no reserves have been extracted, are of the continued belief that such expenditure should not be written off since feasibility studies in such areas have not yet concluded. Such capitalised expenditure is carried at the end of the reporting period at \$332,834.

4 **INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-----------|----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| (a) Reconciliation of income tax to accounting profit: | | |
| Prima facie tax payable on profit from ordinary activities before | (440,492) | (6.1.11) |
| income tax at 26.0%: 2020 27.5% | (149,483) | (6,141) |
| Add tax effect of: | | |
| - origination and reversal of temporary differences | 775 | - |
| - non deductible expenses | 2,445 | 365 |
| - deferred tax assets not recognised | 146,263 | 5,776 |
| Income tax expense | • | - |
| | | |

OPERATING SEGMENTS 5

Identification of reportable segments

The Company's chief operating decision maker has considered the requirements of AASB 8, Operating Segments, and has concluded that, during the year ended 30 June 2021, the Company operated in the mineral exploration within the geographical segments of Australia with no separate reportable segment.

| | | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6 | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | <u> </u> | • |
| | Cash at bank and in hand | 4,739,139 | 299,082 |
| 7 | TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES | | |
| | CURRENT | | |
| | GST receivable | 40,875 | 1,073 |
| 8 | OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS | | |
| | NON CURRENT | | |
| | Security deposits | 98,800 | 20,000 |
| 9 | PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | | |
| | PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | | |
| | Motor vehicles | | |
| | At cost | 32,718 | - |
| | Accumulated depreciation | (3,978) | - |
| | | | |
| | Total motor vehicles | 28,740 | - |
| | Total motor vehicles Total property, plant and equipment | 28,740 28,740 | - |
| | - | 28,740 | - |
| | Total property, plant and equipment Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant ar | 28,740 | - |
| | Total property, plant and equipment Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant ar | 28,740 nd equipment betw | een the |
| | Total property, plant and equipment Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant ar | 28,740 and equipment between Motor Vehicles | een the |
| | Total property, plant and equipment Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant ar beginning and the end of the current financial year: | 28,740 and equipment between Motor Vehicles | een the |
| | Total property, plant and equipment Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant are beginning and the end of the current financial year: Year ended 30 June 2021 | 28,740 nd equipment betw Motor Vehicles \$ | - reen the Total \$ |
| | Total property, plant and equipment Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant ar beginning and the end of the current financial year: Year ended 30 June 2021 Additions | 28,740 and equipment between Motor Vehicles \$ 32,718 | Total \$ |
| | Total property, plant and equipment Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant are beginning and the end of the current financial year: Year ended 30 June 2021 Additions Depreciation expense | 28,740 and equipment between Motor Vehicles \$ 32,718 (3,978) | - Total \$ 32,718 (3,978) |
| | Total property, plant and equipment Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant are beginning and the end of the current financial year: Year ended 30 June 2021 Additions Depreciation expense | 28,740 nd equipment betw Motor Vehicles \$ 32,718 (3,978) 28,740 | - reen the Total \$ 32,718 (3,978) 28,740 |
| | Total property, plant and equipment Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant are beginning and the end of the current financial year: Year ended 30 June 2021 Additions Depreciation expense | 28,740 and equipment between Motor Vehicles \$ 32,718 (3,978) 28,740 Motor Vehicles | - reen the Total \$ 32,718 (3,978) 28,740 Total |
| | Total property, plant and equipment Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant are beginning and the end of the current financial year: Year ended 30 June 2021 Additions Depreciation expense Balance at the end of the year | 28,740 and equipment between Motor Vehicles \$ 32,718 (3,978) 28,740 Motor Vehicles | - reen the Total \$ 32,718 (3,978) 28,740 Total |

10 **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS**

| | | | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Exploration and evaluation | | 3 | 32,834 | 30,699 |
| | Exploration and evaluation | Development \$ | Production \$ | Total \$ |
| 2021 | | | | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 30,699 | - | - | 30,699 |
| Expenditure incurred | 302,135 | - | - | 302,135 |
| Balance at end of the year | 332,834 | - | - | 332,834 |
| 2020 | | | | |
| Expenditure incurred | 30,699 | - | - | 30,699 |

The recoverability of the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

The recoverable amount of development expenditure is determined as the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

11 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| CURRENT | | |
| Trade payables | 75,861 | - |
| Employee benefits | 5,541 | - |
| Sundry payables and accrued expenses | 20,492 | - |
| Related party payables | 8,163 | 8,163 |
| Other payables | 32,718 | - |
| | 142,775 | 8,163 |

12 **ISSUED CAPITAL**

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|------------|------------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| 79,966,002 (2020: 46,460,002) Ordinary shares | 5,611,514 | 365,022 |
| (a) Ordinary shares | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| | No. | No. |
| At the beginning of the reporting period | 46,460,002 | - |
| Shares issued during the period | 33,506,000 | 46,460,002 |
| At the end of the reporting period | 79,966,002 | 46,460,002 |

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at the shareholders meetings. In the event of winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.

The Company does not have authorised capital or par value in respect of its shares.

(b) Capital Management

The key objectives of the Company when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and maintain optimal benefits to stakeholders. The Company defines capital as its equity and net debt.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes funding decisions based on the prevailing economic environment and has a number of tools available to manage capital risk. These include maintaining a diversified debt portfolio, the ability to adjust the size and timing of dividends paid to shareholders and the issue of new shares.

AUDITORS' REMUNERATION 13

| | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|--|------------|------------|
| Remuneration of the auditor, PKF, for: | | |
| - auditing or reviewing the financial statements | 23,000 | 11,000 |
| - corporate finance services | 36,030 | - |
| Total | 59,030 | 11,000 |

14 **CONTINGENCIES**

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company did not have any contingencies at 30 June 2021 (2020: none).

15 **CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS**

The NSW Division of Resource and Geoscience requires a commitment to a work program rather than an expenditure commitment. Work programs can be varied annually. The Company has budgeted minimum work programs for each year as shown below. However, it is anticipated that early exploration success in any project will result in higher expenditures for that project.

| | | | Work | Program Co | mmitment | |
|-----------------|---------|----------------------------|---------|-------------------|----------|---------|
| | | Grant / application | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Total |
| Project | Licence | date | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Uralla | EL8980 | 16/01/2020 | 60,000 | 80,000 | 80,000 | 220,000 |
| Webbs Consol | EL8933 | 14/05/2020 | 35,000 | 40,000 | 50,000 | 125,000 |
| Fender | EL9003 | 12/10/2020 | 45,000 | 55,000 | 65,000 | 165,000 |
| Elsinore | EL9004 | 12/10/2020 | 30,000 | 45,000 | 45,000 | 120,000 |
| Tea Tree | EL9084 | 11/03/2021 | 35,000 | 40,000 | 50,000 | 125,000 |
| Thor | EL9085 | 11/03/2021 | 45,000 | 55,000 | 65,000 | 165,000 |
| Uralla West | EL9087 | 12/03/2021 | 20,000 | 25,000 | 25,000 | 70,000 |
| Total commitmen | its | | 270,000 | 340,000 | 380,000 | 990,000 |

Other than the work program commitments above, the Company had no leasing or capital commitments at 30 June 2021.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 16

The Company is exposed to a variety of financial risks through its use of financial instruments.

The Company's overall risk management plan seeks to minimise potential adverse effects due to the unpredictability of financial markets.

The most significant financial risks to which the Company is exposed to are described below:

Specific risks

- Liquidity risk
- Credit risk

Financial instruments used

The principal financial instrument used by the Company are summarised as follows:

| | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|---|------------|------------|
| Financial assets | | |
| Held at amortised cost | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 4,739,139 | 299,082 |
| Security deposits | 98,000 | 20,000 |
| Total financial assets | 4,837,139 | 319,082 |
| Financial liabilities | | |
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost | 142,775 | 8,163 |
| Total financial liabilities | 142,775 | 8,163 |

16 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Objectives, policies and processes

The Board of Directors have overall responsibility for the establishment of Lode Resource's financial risk management framework. This includes the development of policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and the use of derivatives.

Risk management policies and systems will be reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

Mitigation strategies for specific risks faced are described below:

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's management of working capital. It is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's policy is to ensure that it will always have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Company.

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits held.

The credit risk for liquid funds and other short term financial assets is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks and governmental bodies with high quality external credit ratings.

17 KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL REMUNERATION

The totals of remuneration paid to the key management personnel of Lode Resources Ltd during the year are as follows:

| 2021 | 2020 |
|--------|------|
| \$ | \$ |
| 85,000 | - |

Share based payments

18 **RELATED PARTIES**

(a) The Company's main related parties are as follows:

Key management personnel who comprise the Board of Directors

Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or significantly influenced by those key management personnel or their close family members.

(b) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

During the period, no Company expenses were paid by Directors or entities controlled by Directors and reimbursed by the Company (2020: \$8,163 was owed to Ted Leschke).

19 **CASH FLOW INFORMATION**

(a) Reconciliation of result for the period to cashflows from operating activities

Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-------------|----------|
| | > | \$ |
| Loss for the period | (574,934) | (22,331) |
| Cash flows excluded from profit attributable to operating activities | | |
| Non cash flows in profit: | | |
| - depreciation | 3,978 | - |
| - issue of share based payments to employees | 85,000 | - |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| - increase in trade and other receivables | (39,802) | (1,073) |
| - increase in other assets | (1,636) | (20,000) |
| - increase in trade and other payables, net of amounts due for | | |
| property, plant and equipment | 101,894 | 8,163 |
| Cashflows from operations | (425,500) | (35,241) |

20 **SHARE BASED PAYMENTS**

At 30 June 2021 Lode Resources Ltd has the following share based payment schemes:

During the year the Company granted 1,000,000 unlisted options to the Non-executives Directors under no specific plan to acquire options over unissued ordinary shares in the Company (2020 - nil). The options have no voting or dividend rights. The options vested immediately on Grant Date and there are no vesting conditions attached to the options issued.

The options are under escrow until 2 July 2023. Any options not exercised by the expiry date will lapse automatically.

A summary of the Company options issued is as follows:

| | | | Start | Granted | Exercised | Forfeited | Balance at | exercisable |
|---------------|-------------|-------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| 2021 | | | | | | | | at the end of |
| Grant Date | Date | price | year | the year | the year | the year | the year | the year |
| 31 March 2021 | 2 July 2023 | 0.30 | - | 1,000,000 | - | - | 1,000,000 | - |

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at year end was 1.75 years (2020: Nil). The weighted average exercise price of outstanding shares at the end of the reporting period was \$0.30.

The weighted average fair value of the options granted during the year was \$ 0.09 (2020: \$ -). These values were calculated by using a Black-Scholes option pricing model applying the following inputs:

| Grant date: | 31 March 2021 |
|--|---------------|
| Expiry date: | 2 July 2023 |
| Share price at grant date (\$): | 0.20 |
| Exercise price (\$): | 0.30 |
| Weighted average life of the option (years): | 2 |
| Expected share price volatility: | 100.00% |
| Risk free interest rate: | 0.08% |
| Fair value at grant date (\$): | 0.09 |

Historical volatility has been the basis for determining expected share price volatility as it assumed that this is indicative of future movements.

21 **EARNINGS PER SHARE**

| | 2021 \$ | 2020 \$ |
|--|------------|------------|
| Basic and diluted loss per share has been calculated using: | | |
| Net loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent | (574,934) | (22,331) |
| | | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic and diluted) | | |
| Issued ordinary shares at beginning of year | 46,460,002 | - |
| Effect of shares issued (Note 12) | 4,248,000 | 11,908,902 |
| Weighted average ordinary shares at the end of the year | 50,708,002 | 11,908,902 |

22 **EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE**

The financial report was authorised for issue on 29 September 2021 by the board of directors.

On 2 July the Company commenced quotation of the Australian Securities Exchange ASX. On 14 July 2021, the Company granted 500,000 unlisted to the Exploration Manager the options are exercisable at 30 cents vest immediately with an expiry on 14 July 2023

Except for the above, no other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or could significantly affect the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial years.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes for the period ended 30 June 2021 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 and:
 - a. comply with Accounting Standards, which, as stated in basis of preparation Note 1 to the financial statements, constitutes explicit and unreserved compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); and
 - b. give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company;
- 2. in the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director: _

Andrew Van Heyst

Director: Edmlham

Ted Leschke

Dated 29 September 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF LODE RESOURCES LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Lode Resources Limited (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2021, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Lode Resources Limited, is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- Giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30 June 2021, and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- Complying with the Australian Accounting Standards and Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2021 but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

PKF(NS) Audit & Assurance Limited Partnership ABN 91 850 861 839

Level 8, 1 O'Connell Street
Sydney NSW 2000 Australia
GPO Roy 5440.2

p +61 2 8346 6000 f +61 2 8346 6099

Sydney NSW 2000 Australia
GPO Box 5446 Sydney NSW 2001

Newcastle West NSW 2302 Australia
PO Box 2368 Dangar NSW 2309

p +61 2 4962 2688 f +61 2 4962 3245

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INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT



Other Information (cont'd)

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by directors.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT **REPORT**



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (cont'd)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

SCOTT TOBUTT PARTNER

29 SEPTEMBER 2021 SYDNEY, NSW

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR LISTED PUBLIC COMPANIES

ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report is set out below. The information is effective as at 31 August 2021.

SECURITIES EXCHANGE

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The Home Exchange is Sydney.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The number of substantial shareholders and their associates are set out below:

| Shareholder | Number of Shares |
|------------------|------------------|
| Andrew Van Heyst | 21,250,001 |
| Edward Leschke | 20,750,001 |
| Michael Ruane | 7,050,000 |

THE NUMBER OF HOLDERS IN EACH CLASS OF SECURITIES

The total distribution of fully paid shareholders and Optionholders as at 31 August 2021 was as follows:

| Type of security | Number of holders | Number of securities |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Ordinary shares | 375 | 79,966,002 |
| Unlisted options | 3 | 1,500,000 |

CLASS AND VOTING RIGHTS

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares, as set out in the Company's Constitution, are that every member in person or by proxy, attorney or representative, shall have one vote on a show of hands and one vote for each share held on a poll.

A member holding partly paid shares is entitled to a fraction of a vote equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid up bears to the issue price for the shares.

Options don't carry voting rights.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS AND OPTIONHOLDERS

The total distribution of fully paid shareholders and unlisted optionholders was as follows:

| Range | Total Shareholders | Total Optionholders | |
|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 1 - 1,000 | 5 | - | |
| 1,001 - 5,000 | 14 | - | |
| 5,001 - 10,000 | 114 | - | |
| 10,001 - 100,000 | 173 | - | |
| 100,001 and over | 69 | 3 | |
| Total | 375 | 3 | |

ON MARKET BUY BACK

There is no on market buy-back.

ESCROWED SECURITIES

As at 31 August 2021, there were 44,029,900 escrowed ordinary shares and 1,000,000 options.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR LISTED PUBLIC COMPANIES

LESS THAN MARKETABLE PARCELS

On 31 August 2021, there are 12 holders of less than a marketable of 3,846 ordinary shares.

TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 August 2021, the twenty largest quoted shareholders held 76.25% of the fully paid ordinary shares as follows:

| | Ordinary Shares | |
|--|------------------------|-------|
| Name | Quantity | % |
| Augusta Enterprises Pty Ltd <augusta a="" c="" enterprises=""></augusta> | 20,115,000 | 25.15 |
| A M Van Heyst Superannuation | 19,875,000 | 24.85 |
| Tyson Resources Pty Ltd | 4,000,000 | 5.00 |
| Kesli Chemicals Pty Ltd <ruane a="" c="" f="" s=""></ruane> | 3,050,000 | 3.81 |
| Williams Northwood Pty Ltd <william a="" c="" fund="" super=""></william> | 1,500,000 | 1.88 |
| Janice Elizabeth Gibson & Kenneth William Gibson < K&J Gibson Super Fund A/C> | 1,500,000 | 1.88 |
| One Managed Investment Funds Limited | 1,499,142 | 1.87 |
| Dowmardella Pty Ltd | 1,000,000 | 1.25 |
| Mr Kenneth William Gibson & Mrs Janice Elizabeth Gibson Linear Asset Management Eap | 1,000,000 | 1.25 |
| A M Van Heyst Superannuation c/- ESN Partners | 875,001 | 1.09 |
| MCJP Darling Enterprise Pty Ltd | 825,000 | 1.03 |
| UBS Nominees Pty Ltd | 750,089 | 0.94 |
| Station Capital Pty Ltd Level 20 Gateway Building | 750,000 | 0.94 |
| Ashabia Pty Ltd C/-Praemium S2 (S60189-Mjw) | 750,000 | 0.94 |
| DHR Superannuation Pty Ltd | 727,999 | 0.91 |
| Augusta Enterprises Pty Ltd | 635,001 | 0.79 |
| Mr David Ariti | 625,000 | 0.78 |
| Wisevest Pty Ltd | 500,000 | 0.78 |
| Ms Renae Wainwright & Mr David Lawrence Hughes | 500,000 | 0.63 |
| Villasor Holdings Pty Ltd C/- Esn Partners | 500,000 | 0.63 |

TWENTY LARGEST OPTIONOLDERS

As at 31 August 2021, optionholder that held 20% or more of the unquoted options.

| | Unlisted C | Unlisted Options | | |
|-----------------------|------------|------------------|--|--|
| Name | Quantity | % | | |
| Jason Michael Beckton | 500,000 | 33.33% | | |
| Keith Anthony Mayes | 500,000 | 33.33% | | |
| Mitchell Tarrant | 500,000 | 33.33% | | |

TENEMENTS SCHEDULE

| | | | | Interest | |
|--------------|----------|---------------|--------------------|----------|------------------|
| Project | Location | LicenceNumber | Holder | % | Type of Tenement |
| Uralla | NSW | EL8980 | Lode Resources Ltd | 100 | Exploration |
| Uralla West | NSW | EL9087 | Lode Resources Ltd | 100 | Exploration |
| Webbs Consol | NSW | EL8933 | Lode Resources Ltd | 100 | Exploration |
| Fender | NSW | EL9003 | Lode Resources Ltd | 100 | Exploration |
| Elsinore | NSW | EL9004 | Lode Resources Ltd | 100 | Exploration |
| Tea Tree | NSW | EL9084 | Lode Resources Ltd | 100 | Exploration |
| Thor | NSW | EL9085 | Lode Resources Ltd | 100 | Exploration |





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