

2017 ANNUAL REPORT

# CORPORATE PROFILE

# ORBITAL is an innovative industrial technology company.

**ORBITAL** invents and builds smart technology that delivers improved performance outcomes for our clients in the aerospace, mining & industrial and consumer sectors.

**ORBITAL** operates on a global scale and is headquartered in Perth, Western Australia. From a world class facility, **ORBITAL's** innovation magic takes shape – from research and design to development, manufacturing and implementation.

Delivering state-of-the-art products and services within the industrial technology sector is what we do.

**Orbital's® UAVE** business produces and supplies engine and propulsion systems for unmanned aerial vehicles. **REMSAFE** offers a safety rated automated isolation system used on materials handling and process plant.

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# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

The Directors present their report together with the financial report of Orbital Corporation Limited (the Company or Orbital) and of the Group, being the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 30 June 2017 and the auditors' report thereon.

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# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 1. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### **CHAIRMAN & CEO REPORT**



John Welborn Chairman Non-executive Director



**Todd Alder**Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer

# Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we present the annual report of Orbital Corporation ("Orbital") for the year ended 30 June 2017.

#### **OVERVIEW AND FINANCIAL RESULTS**

The Company faced certain challenges over the past 12 months contributing to financial results below expectations. Revenue of \$14,370,000 (2016: \$11,751,000) was impacted by interruptions to the UAVE build program and lower than expected sales of REMSAFE hardware. The net loss after tax of \$12,251,000 (2016: profit of \$1,283,000) includes REMSAFE goodwill impairment of \$5,218,000 (2016: \$nil).

The Company reports a strong balance sheet with cash, receivables and short-term investments of \$23,754,000 and net current assets of \$19,892,000.

# **FY2017 MILESTONES**

Despite the disappointing financial result the UAVE business achieved a number of key milestones during the financial year, including the continued shipment of UAV engines to Insitu Inc. (a subsidiary of The Boeing Company), a second \$12,000,000 batch order, securing a Long Term Supply Agreement (LTA) worth up to \$120,000,000 over a three year period and a new \$800,000 engineering contract for the development and further evolution of the N20 engine.

In light of the tough market conditions facing REMSAFE the Company removed \$1,200,000 of operating costs from the business and launched lower cost automated isolation systems in the new Gen 5 and Mobile product, generating an increasingly positive and broader sales outlook.

# MANAGEMENT AND BOARD TRANSITION

Mr John Poynton retired as a Non-Executive Director in April 2017 after two years on the Board, and Mr Terry Stinson's role has transitioned to Non-Executive Director as of 11 August 2017 after holding the dual Managing Director and CEO positions with Orbital for the past nine years. Mr Steve Gallagher joined the Board as a Non-Executive Director in April 2017, and Mr Todd Alder who after being appointed CFO & Company Secretary in December 2016 was appointed Managing Director and CEO on 11 August 2017. Following the transition of Mr Alder to Managing Director and CEO was the appointment of Ms Roulė Jones as CFO and Company Secretary.

# **FY2018 OUTLOOK**

The outlook for Orbital remains positive given the significant UAVE opportunities and broader initiatives being investigated to unlock value within the REMSAFE business.

The Chairman and Managing Director would like to thank the ongoing commitment of the Company's shareholders and staff.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 2. DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Mr John Paul Welborn, B.Com, CA, MAICD, SA Fin

#### Chairman

Joined the Board in June 2014 and appointed as Chairman in March 2015. Mr Welborn is the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of Resolute Mining Limited (ASX: RSG), an ASX listed gold producer with two operating gold mines in Africa and Australia, effective 1 July 2015.

Mr Welborn is a Chartered Accountant with a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of Western Australia and holds memberships of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia (ICAA), the Financial Services Institute of Australasia (FINSIA) and the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD).

Mr Welborn is a former International Rugby Union Player with extensive experience in the resources sector as a senior executive and in corporate management, finance and investment banking. He was the Head of Specialised Lending in Western Australia for Investec Bank (Australia) Ltd and has more than 20 years of commercial experience in national and international professional services and management consulting firms.

Mr Welborn has served on the Boards of a number of charitable organisations, and is a former Commissioner of Tourism Western Australia.

Mr Welborn has also served as a director of Resolute Mining Limited (appointed February 2015; ongoing), Equatorial Resources Limited (appointed August 2010; ongoing), Prairie Mining Limited (appointed February 2009; resigned September 2015) and Noble Mineral Resources Limited (appointed March 2013; resigned December 2013).

Mr Todd Alder, BEc (Acc), CPA, ACIS

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer (Appointed 11 August 2017)

Joined Orbital as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary in December 2016 and appointed as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer in August 2017. Mr Alder is a highly experienced senior executive and an accomplished leader with a strong background in financial and corporate services management in the mining, steel manufacturing and energy industries.

His previous role was Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary at Toro Energy Limited where he was responsible for financial and management accounting, company secretarial functions, investor relations and information technology. Mr Alder has also worked with Capgemini Consulting (previously Ernst & Young) and Origin Energy Limited.

Mr Terry Dewayne Stinson, BBA (magna cum laude), FAICD (Resigned as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer 11 August 2017)

# Non-Executive Director

Joined the Board and appointed Chief Executive Officer in June 2008 and as Non-Executive Director in August 2017. Mr Stinson has over 35 years of international experience in engineering and technology commercialisation and management across the automotive, aerospace, defence, maritime, industrial products, mining and manufacturing sectors. Mr Stinson has been a senior executive with Siemens, Europe's largest engineering conglomerate, with direct responsibility for sales in excess of US\$300 million per annum in their Gasoline Systems, Fuel Systems and Fuel Components operations in the United States, Germany, Italy, China and support in many others. Mr Stinson has also served as a representative Director for Siemens on the Synerject Board.

Prior to that, he held the position of VP Manufacturing for Outboard Marine Corporation, a privately held US\$1 billion multinational outboard marine propulsion and boat company, was CEO of Synerject LLC and held various executive positions with Mercury Marine in R&D, engineering, manufacturing and others.

On 9 February 2017 Mr Stinson was appointed Chairman of advanced graphite and graphene materials specialist, Talga Resources (ASX: TLG).



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 2. DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

Mr Steve Gallagher, B.E (Hons), B.Com, MAICD (Appointed Non-Executive Director 12 April 2017)

#### Non-Executive Director

Joined the Board in April 2017, Mr Gallagher is Principal of Agere Pty Ltd, an advisory and investment company drawing on his capability and professional networks established over 30 years as a CEO and Director of global businesses.

Mr Gallagher held Director positions with HKEX Hang Seng listed CCRTT, ASX listed ERG Ltd and CEO/GM positions with Vix Technology and global engineering powerhouse Siemens. Mr Gallagher has operated in various business sectors including Industrial Automation, Building Technology and Power Systems, having spent 15 years living and working in Asia (China, Hong Kong and Singapore) and Europe (Switzerland).

Mr Gallagher is currently a Non-Executive Director with Optal Ltd (an innovative global payment solutions company), Vix Technology Ltd (an industry leader in transport ticketing, fare collection/payments), Ventura Bus Lines Pty Ltd (a leading public transport and charter bus service provider in Australia) and Transact1 Pty Ltd (a financial services provider for cash management optimisation).

Mr John Hartley Poynton AO, BCOM, Hon D. Com, S F Fin, FAICD, FAIM (Resigned as Director 12 April 2017)

#### Non-Executive Director

Joined the Board in March 2015. Mr Poynton is a former Chairman of Azure Capital, a Director of the Future Fund Board of Guardians and a Non-Executive Director of Crown Perth. He is also Chairman of Giving West and the Council of Christ Church Grammar School.

He has previously served as the Chairman, Deputy Chairman or Non-Executive Director of a number of ASX listed companies, Federal Government Boards, education institutions and not for profit enterprises. Mr Poynton brings extensive corporate advisory, equity capital markets and governance experience to Orbital's Board.

Mr Poynton is a Life Member and Senior Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australasia (FINSIA), and a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD) and Australian Institute of Management (AIM).

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The relevant interest of each Director in the share capital of the Company shown in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings as at the date of this report is as follows: -

| Director    | Ordinary  | Performance |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|
|             | Shares    | Rights      |
| J P Welborn | 679,103   | -           |
| T M Alder   | -         | -           |
| T D Stinson | 1,672,621 | 500,000     |
| S Gallagher | -         | -           |
| J H Poynton | -         | -           |
| Total       | 2,351,724 | 500,000     |
|             |           |             |

# 4. DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

The number of Directors' meetings and the number of meetings attended by each of the Directors of the Company during the financial year are shown below.

| Director    | No. of<br>meetings<br>attended | No. of<br>meetings<br>held* |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| J P Welborn | 6                              | 6                           |
| T M Alder   | -                              | -                           |
| T D Stinson | 6                              | 6                           |
| S Gallagher | 2                              | 2                           |
| J H Poynton | 4                              | 4                           |

<sup>\*</sup> Number of meetings held during the time the director held office during the year.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms Roulè Jones, B Com, BA, CA, PGDA (Appointed as Company Secretary 16 August 2017)

Joined Orbital as Financial Controller in February 2013 and appointed as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary in August 2017. Ms Jones is a qualified Chartered Accountant with over 15 years' experience across financial management, strategic planning, risk management, audit and governance. Prior to joining Orbital, Ms Jones held senior financial management roles with Credit Suisse and Ernst & Young in the United Kingdom and South Africa.

Mr Todd Alder, BEc (Acc), CPA, ACIS (Resigned as Company Secretary 16 August 2017)

Joined Orbital as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary in December 2016 and appointed as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer in August 2017. Mr Alder is a highly experienced senior executive and an accomplished leader with a strong background in financial and corporate services management in the mining, steel manufacturing and energy industries.

Mr Ian G Veitch, B.Bus, GradDipACG, ACA, ACIS, AGIA (Resigned as Company Secretary 14 December 2016, resigned as Chief Financial Officer 18 November 2016)

Mr Veitch joined Orbital in 2006 and was appointed to the position of Company Secretary on 1 July 2009, and subsequently appointed to the position of Chief Financial Officer on 11 February 2013. He has over 20 years' experience in company secretarial, corporate and financial accounting roles. Mr Veitch holds a Bachelor of Business degree, is a Chartered Accountant and is also a Chartered Secretary. Mr Veitch is a Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia, a Member of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators, and an Associate of the Governance Institute of Australia.

#### 6. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Orbital is an innovative industrial technology company. Orbital invents and builds smart technology that delivers improved performance outcomes for our clients in the unmanned aerial vehicle, safety and productivity, engineering services and consumer sectors.

Orbital's UAVE business produces and supplies engine and propulsion systems for unmanned aerial vehicles. Orbital has designed, developed and also undertaken low volume production of an engine management system (EMS) and a next generation propulsion system for Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems (SUAS) utilising Orbital's FlexDI<sup>TM</sup> technology.

REMSAFE offers a safety rated automated isolation system used on materials handling and process plant.

#### Changes in nature of activities

There were no significant changes in the nature of the activities of the Group during the year.

# CONSOLIDATED RESULT

The consolidated loss after income tax for the year attributable to the members of Orbital was \$11,948,000 (2016: profit of \$1,533,000).

# 8. DIVIDENDS

No dividend has been paid or proposed in respect of the current financial year.

# 9. STATE OF AFFAIRS

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year, other than as reported elsewhere in the financial statements.

# 10. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE SHEET DATE

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group, in future years.

#### 11. LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

Information as to the likely developments in the operations of the Group is set out in the operating and financial review above.

# 12. SHARE OPTIONS

The Company has no unissued shares under option at the date of this report.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 13. INDEMNIFICATION

#### Indemnification and insurance of officers

To the extent permitted by law, the Company indemnifies every officer of the Company against any liability incurred by that person:

- (a) in his or her capacity as an officer of the Company; and
- (b) to a person other than the Company or a related body corporate of the Company

unless the liability arises out of conduct on the part of the officer which involves a lack of good faith.

During the year the Company paid a premium in respect of a contract insuring all Directors, Officers and employees of the Company (and/or any subsidiary companies of which it holds greater than 50% of the voting shares) against liabilities that may arise from their positions within the Company and its controlled entities, except where the liabilities arise out of conduct involving a lack of good faith. The Directors have not included details of the nature of the liabilities covered or the amount of the premium paid in respect of the insurance contract as disclosure is prohibited under the terms of the contract.

#### Indemnification of auditors

To the extent permitted by law, the Company has agreed to indemnify its auditors, Ernst & Young, as part of the terms of its audit engagement agreement against claims by third parties arising from the audit (for an unspecified amount). No payment has been made to indemnify Ernst & Young during or since the financial year.

#### 14. NON-AUDIT SERVICES

In the reporting period, Ernst & Young, the Company's auditor, performed certain other services in addition to their statutory duties.

The Board considered the non-audit services provided during the reporting period by the auditor and in accordance with advice provided by the management is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services by the auditor during the reporting period was compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company and have been reviewed by the Board to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor;
- the non-audit services do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Professional Statement F1 Professional Independence, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

Details of the amounts paid to the auditor of the Company, Ernst & Young, and its related practices for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are shown in note 38 to the financial statements.

# 15. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Board of Directors of Orbital Corporation Limited is responsible for corporate governance. The Board has prepared the Corporate Governance Statement in accordance with the third edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Principles and Recommendations under which the Corporate Governance Statement may be made available on the Company's website.

Accordingly, a copy of the Company's Corporate Governance Statement is available on the Orbital website at <a href="www.orbitalcorp.com.au">www.orbitalcorp.com.au</a> under the About Us/Corporate Governance section.

#### 16. ROUNDING OFF

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, dated 24 March 2016, and in accordance with that Instrument, amounts in the financial report and Directors' Report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated.





# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017



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# Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of Orbital Corporation Limited

As lead auditor for the audit of Orbital Corporation Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2017, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Orbital Corporation Limited and the entities it controlled during the financial year.

Ernst & Young

T G Dachs Partner

29 August 2017



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 18. REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

#### Principles of compensation

This Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 June 2017 outlines the Director and Executive remuneration arrangements of the Company and the Group in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and its Regulations. For the purposes of this report Key Management Personnel (KMP) are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the parent company.

The remuneration report is presented under the following sections:

- 18.1. Individual Key Management Personnel Disclosures
- 18.2. Remuneration Overview
- 18.3. Remuneration Governance
- 18.4. Non-Executive Director Remuneration Arrangements
- 18.5. Executive Remuneration Arrangements
- 18.6. Company Performance and the Link to Remuneration
- 18.7. Executive Contractual Arrangements
- 18.8. Directors and Executive Officers' Remuneration Company and Group
- 18.9. Equity Instruments

#### 18.1. INDIVIDUAL KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL DISCLOSURES

Details of KMP of the Group are set out below.

| Key management personnel | Position  |
|--------------------------|---|
| (i) Directors            |   |
| John P Welborn           | Chairman (Non-Executive) (appointed Chairman 18 March 2015)                 |
| Terry D Stinson          | Non-Executive Director (Resigned as Chief Executive Officer and Managing    |
|                          | Director and appointed as Non-Executive Director 11 August 2017)            |
| Steve Gallagher          | (Non-Executive) (became a KMP 12 April 2017)                                |
| John H Poynton           | (Non-Executive) (ceased being a KMP 12 April 2017)                          |
| (ii) Executives          |   |
| Todd M Alder             | Chief Financial Officer (became a KMP 14 December 2016) (appointed as Chief |
|                          | Executive Officer and Managing Director 11 August 2017)                     |
| Geoff P Cathcart         | Chief Technical Officer   |
| Michael C Lane           | Chairman (Executive) - REMSAFE (appointed Chairman 13 October 2016)         |
| Roulė Jones              | Chief Financial Officer (became a KMP 16 August 2017)                       |
| lan G Veitch             | Chief Financial Officer (ceased being a KMP 18 November 2016)               |
| Charis Law               | Chief Commercial Officer (ceased being a KMP 3 May 2017)                    |

#### 18.2. REMUNERATION OVERVIEW

Orbital's remuneration strategy is designed to attract, motivate and retain employees and Non-Executive Directors by identifying and rewarding high performers and recognising the contribution of each employee to the growth and success of the Group.

Executive members of the KMP may receive a short-term incentive (STI) approved by the Board as reward for exceptional performance in a specific matter of importance. STI amounts of \$31,600 were paid during the 2017 financial year (2016: \$130,000).

Long-term incentive (LTI) awards consisting of performance rights that vest based on attainment of pre-determined performance goals are awarded to selected executives. During the financial year, the Company introduced new performance milestones under the Performance Rights Plan as part of its long-term incentive arrangements for the Managing Director and CEO, which were approved by shareholders on 7 November 2016. During the 2017 financial year, the performance hurdle set in October 2014 of increasing the market capitalisation of the Company to over \$60 million was achieved and 900,000 shares vested to three executives.

The remuneration of Non-Executive Directors of the Company consists only of Directors' fees. Director fees were not reviewed or adjusted during the 2017 financial year.

# Remuneration report at 2016 AGM

The 2016 Remuneration Report received positive shareholder support at the 2016 AGM with a vote of 97% of votes cast in favour.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 18.2. REMUNERATION OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

# Remuneration strategy

Orbital's remuneration strategy is designed to attract, motivate and retain employees and Non-Executive Directors by identifying and rewarding high performers and recognising the contribution of each employee to the continued growth and success of the Group.

To this end, key objectives of the Company's reward framework are to ensure that remuneration practices:

- Are aligned to the Group's business strategy;
- Offer competitive remuneration benchmarked against the external market;
- Provide strong linkage between individual and Group performance and rewards; and
- Align the interests of executives with shareholders through measuring the Company's market capitalisation.

# Key changes to remuneration structure in 2017

There were no changes to the remuneration structure of Executives or Directors during the 2017 financial year.

#### 18.3. REMUNERATION GOVERNANCE

#### **Board**

The Board reviews and approves remuneration packages and policies applicable to Directors, the Company Secretary and senior Executives of the Company.

Data is obtained from independent surveys to ensure that compensation throughout the Group is set at market rates having regard to experience and performance. In this regard, formal performance appraisals are conducted at least annually for all employees. Compensation packages may include a mix of fixed compensation, performance-based compensation and equity-based compensation.

# Remuneration approval process

The Board approves the remuneration arrangements of the CEO and executives and all awards made under the LTI plan. The Board also sets the aggregate remuneration of Non-Executive Directors which is then subject to shareholder approval.

The Board approves, having regard to the recommendations made by the CEO, the STI bonus plan and any discretionary bonus payments.

# Remuneration structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of Non-Executive Directors and Executive remuneration is separate and distinct.

# Services from remuneration consultants

From 1 July 2011, all proposed remuneration consultancy contracts (within the meaning of section 206K of the *Corporations Act 2001*) are subject to prior approval by the Board or the Human Resources, Remuneration and Nomination Committee in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Did a remuneration consultant provide a remuneration recommendation in relation to any of the KMP for the financial year?

No remuneration recommendation was provided by a remuneration consultant for the 2017 financial year.

# 18.4. NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS

# Objective

The Board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level that provides the Company with the ability to attract and retain Directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost that is acceptable to shareholders.

# Structure

The amount of aggregate remuneration sought to be approved by shareholders and the fee structure is reviewed against fees paid to Non-Executive Directors of comparable companies. The Board considers advice from external consultants when undertaking the review process.

The Company's constitution and the ASX listing rules specify that the Non-Executive Directors' fee pool shall be determined from time to time by a general meeting. The latest determination was at the 2001 annual general meeting (AGM) held on 25 October 2001 when shareholders approved an aggregate fee pool of \$400,000 per year. The Board will not seek any increase for the Non-Executive Director pool at the 2017 AGM.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 18.4. NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

On appointment to the Board, all Non-Executive Directors enter into a service agreement with the Company in the form of a letter of appointment which details remuneration arrangements.

#### Fees

Non-executive Directors do not receive retirement benefits, nor do they participate in any incentive programs.

The Chairman of the Board receives a fee of \$120,000 (2016: \$120,000) and the Non-Executive directors receive a base fee of \$60,000 (2016: \$120,000).

The remuneration of Non-Executive Directors for the year ended 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016 is detailed in Section 18.8 of this report.

| Are the Non-Executive Directors paid any incentive or equity based payments or termination/retirement benefits? | No. The Non-Executive Directors are not paid any short term incentives, long term incentives, equity based remuneration or termination/retirement benefits  |
|---|---|
| If Non-Executive Directors are paid additional fees, how are these additional fees calculated?                  | From time to time, Non-Executive Directors may be requested to provide additional Non-Executive Director related services. This could include sitting on a due diligence committee or undertaking a special project for the Group. During the year, no additional fees were paid to any of the Non-Executive Directors. |
| Are Non-Executive Directors' fees going to increase in FY2018?  | The Board has decided not to increase the Directors' fees.  |

# 18.5. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS

#### Objective

The Group aims to reward executives with a level and mix of remuneration commensurate with their position and responsibilities within the Group and aligned with market practice. The Group undertakes an annual remuneration review to determine the total remuneration positioning against the market.

# Structure

The CEO's remuneration mix for FY2017 comprised 82% fixed remuneration and 18% LTI. The LTI value is the total accounting expense associated with the grant made during the financial year. Key Management Personnel's remuneration mix for FY2017 ranged from 85-100% fixed remuneration, 0-10% STI and 0-5% LTI opportunity.

In the 2017 financial year, the executive remuneration framework consisted of the following components:

- Fixed remuneration
- Variable remuneration (STI and LTI)

The table below illustrates the structure of Orbital's executive remuneration arrangements:

Table 1 – Structure of remuneration arrangements

| Remuneration component        | Veh | nicle  | Purp | oose  | Lin | k to company performance  |
|-------------------------------|-----|--|------|---|-----|---|
| Fixed compensation            | •   | Represented by total fixed remuneration (TFR). Comprises base salary, superannuation contributions and other benefits. |      | Set with reference to role, market and experience.  Executives are given the opportunity to receive their fixed remuneration in a variety of forms including cash and fringe benefits such as motor vehicles. It is intended that the manner of payment chosen will be optimal for the recipient without creating undue cost for the Group. | •   | No direct link to company performance.  |
| STI component (discretionary) | •   | Paid in cash   | •    | Rewards executives for their contribution to achievement of Group outcomes.   | •   | Discretionary award by the Board to reward Executives for exceptional performance in a specific area of importance. |
| LTI component                 | •   | Awards are made in the form of performance rights.   | •    | Rewards executives for their contribution to the creation of shareholder value over the longer term through growth in the Company's market capitalisation.  | •   | Vesting of awards is dependent on Orbital Corporation Limited's market capitalisation.                              |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 18.5. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Fixed compensation

Fixed compensation consists of base compensation (which is calculated on a total cost basis and includes any FBT charges related to employee benefits including motor vehicles), as well as employer contributions to superannuation funds.

Executive contracts of employment do not include any guaranteed base pay increases. TFR is reviewed annually by the Board. The process consists of a review of Company, business unit and individual performance, relevant comparative remuneration internally and externally and, where appropriate, external advice independent of management.

The fixed component of executives' remuneration is detailed in Section 18.8.

# Variable remuneration — short-term incentive (STI) (discretionary)

The table below contains a summary of the key features of the STI plan.

| What is the STI?  | Executive Directors and senior executives may from time-to-time receive a discretionary cash bonus approved by the Board as a retrospective reward for exceptional performance in a specific matter of importance.                                      |
|---|---|
| When is the STI grant paid?                                       | There are no pre-determined timeframes at which assessments for STI rewards are to be undertaken.   |
| How does the Company's STI  | The STI rewards executives for their contribution to the achievement of Group outcomes in areas   |
| structure support achievement of                                  | of significant importance not addressed by the pre-determined performance criteria of the LTI.  |
| the Company's strategy?   |   |
| How are the performance conditions                                | The Board has no pre-determined performance criteria against which the amount of a STI is   |
| of the STI determined?  | assessed.   |
| What are the maximum possible values of award under the STI plan? | There are no pre-determined maximum possible values of award under the STI scheme. In assessing the value of an STI award to be granted the Board will give consideration to the contribution of the action being rewarded to the success of the Group. |
| What was the value of STI paid in                                 | Discretionary STI cash bonuses of \$31,600 were paid during the 2017 financial year.  |
| the financial year?   | Discretionary STI cash bonuses of \$130,000 were paid during the 2016 financial year.   |
| Is a portion of STI deferred?                                     | No discretionary STI cash bonuses relating to the 2017 or 2016 financial years will become payable in future financial years.   |

# Variable remuneration — long-term incentive (LTI)

LTI awards are made to executives in order to align remuneration with the creation of shareholder value over the long-term. As such, LTI awards are only made to executives and other key talent who have an impact on the Group's performance against the relevant long-term performance measure.

# Employee Share Plan No.1

Senior executives (together with all other eligible employees) are each offered shares in the Company, at no cost to the employees, to the value of \$1,000 per annum under the terms of the Company's Employee Share Plan. There are no performance conditions, because the plan is designed to align the interests of participating employees with those of shareholders. Directors do not participate in Employee Share Plan No.1.

# Performance Rights Plan

The table below contains a summary of the key features of the Performance Rights Plan (PRP).

| What is the PRP?                     | The PRP is a performance based share plan under which offered shares will vest for no                  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
|                                      | consideration subject to the satisfaction of performance conditions over a 3 year period or subject    |
|                                      | to Board discretion for other qualifying reasons.  |
| How does the PRP align the interests | The PRP links rewards for the executive KMP to the Company's strategy to grow shareholder              |
| of shareholders and executives?      | value by increasing the Company's market capitalisation. The Company's market capitalisation on        |
|                                      | the date of calling the AGM to approve the current PRP was \$67.2 million. Vesting of shares only      |
|                                      | occurs if Orbital increases its market capitalisation to \$125 million and \$200 million respectively. |
|                                      | Vesting of shares relating to the prior PRP (2015) occurred during the financial year as Orbital       |
|                                      | increased its market capitalisation to \$60 million. The Company's market capitalisation on the date   |
|                                      | of calling the AGM to approve the prior (2015) PRP was \$9.4 million.                                  |
| How does the PRP support the         | An objective of offering shares under the PRP is to promote retention. At any one time, an             |
| retention of executives?             | executive KMP will have unvested rights. If an executive resigns they would forfeit the benefits of    |
|                                      | those unvested rewards. This provides a valuable incentive to stay with the Company so long as         |
|                                      | the shares are seen by the executive KMP as likely to vest within the performance period.              |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 18.5. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Variable remuneration — long-term incentive (LTI) (continued)

| What are the principal terms of the   | Grant date: 8 November 2016 (following the AGM at which the Terms of the plan were   |  |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| issue made under the LTI `in          | approved by shareholders).   |  |  |  |  |
| FY2017?                               | Life: 3 years.   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | Expiry date: 7 November 2019.  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Market capitalisation on grant date: \$71.9 million.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | Performance timeframes and targets:  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | <ul> <li>Tranche 1: \$125 million and a price of \$1.50 per share for 30 consecutive days,<br/>expiring 24 months from the date of issue</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | o Tranche 2: \$200 million and a price of \$2.00 per share for 30 consecutive days,  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | expiring 36 months from the date of issue  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | Exercise Price: nil.   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | Fair value per right:  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | o Tranche 1: 50.0 cents o Tranche 2: 42.0 cents  |  |  |  |  |
| What are the principal terms of the   | Grant date: 22 October 2014 (following the AGM at which the Terms of the plan were   |  |  |  |  |
| issue made under the LTI in FY2015?   | approved by shareholders).   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | • Life: 3 years.   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | Expiry date: 22 October 2017.  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | Market capitalisation on grant date: \$14.8 million.   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | Performance timeframes and targets:  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | o Tranche 1: \$20 million within 18 months o Tranche 2: \$35 million within 24 months  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | o Tranche 3: \$60 million within 36 months   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | Exercise Price: nil.   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | Fair value per right:  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | o Tranche 1: 23.1 cents  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | o Tranche 2: 17.5 cents  |  |  |  |  |
| What are the performance conditions   | <ul> <li>Tranche 3: 15.3 cents</li> <li>The performance conditions, which are based 100% on market capitalisation, apply to determine</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
| for the vesting of LTIs?              | the number of shares (if any) that vest to the Executives.   |  |  |  |  |
| How is the market price of the PRP    | The fair value of the PRP related rights is calculated at the date of grant through utilisation of the   |  |  |  |  |
| determined?                           | assumptions underlying at the grant date of 8 November 2016 (FY2017 PRP) and 22 October  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | 2014 (FY2015 PRP) using the "Hoadley Barrier 1" trinomial option valuation model.  |  |  |  |  |
| In what circumstances would the LTI   | Where a participant ceases employment prior to the vesting of their award, the unvested shares   |  |  |  |  |
| entitlements be forfeited?            | are forfeited unless the Board applies its discretion to allow vesting at or post cessation of   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | employment in appropriate circumstances.   |  |  |  |  |
| What happens to LTI entitlements      | In the event of a change of control of the Group, the performance period end date will generally be  |  |  |  |  |
| upon a change of control in the       | brought forward to the date of the change of control and awards will vest.   |  |  |  |  |
| Group?                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| Do shares granted under the LTI       | The issue of shares can have a small dilutionary impact upon other shareholders. However, the  |  |  |  |  |
| dilute existing shareholders' equity? | number of shares issued under the PRP in the five years preceding the offer must not exceed 5% of the total shares on issue at the time an offer to a participant is made.   |  |  |  |  |
| Are the shares issued under the LTI   | No. The Company issues new shares for the PRP; it does not buy the shares on the market.   |  |  |  |  |
| bought on market?                     | No. The Company issues new shares for the FRF, it does not buy the shares on the market.   |  |  |  |  |
| Does the executive obtain the benefit | KMP are entitled to any dividends paid on vested shares. Unvested rights do not participate in   |  |  |  |  |
| of dividends paid on shares issued    | dividend payments or any other distributions to shareholders.  |  |  |  |  |
| under the LTI?                        | The helder of the character of the control of the c |  |  |  |  |
| What other rights does the holder of  | The holder of the shares has the same rights as any other holder of shares. This includes voting   |  |  |  |  |
| vested LTI shares have?               | rights, a right to dividends, bonus shares and capital distributions.  |  |  |  |  |
| Does the Company have executive       | The Company does not have a formal policy requiring executives to own shares. However a  |  |  |  |  |
| share ownership guidelines?           | significant component of each executive's remuneration consists of grants under an employee<br>share plan. Hence, at any given time, after an executive has been with the Company for more   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | than three years, the executive typically has three unvested equity grants which are subject to  |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | performance conditions. As at the date of this report, all executives who have been with the   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | company for longer than three years have shares in the Company which have fully vested or been   |  |  |  |  |
|                                       | acquired on market.  |  |  |  |  |
| Can executive KMP hedge to ensure     | No. All executive KMP have been advised that under section 206J of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> it   |  |  |  |  |
| that they obtain a benefit from       | is an offence for them to hedge unvested grants made under the PRP.  |  |  |  |  |
| unvested LTI's?                       | 3 3  |  |  |  |  |
| How many LTI awards vested in the     | 900,000 Performance Rights in relation to Tranche 3 of the 2015 award vested in FY2017.  |  |  |  |  |
| financial year?                       | -  |  |  |  |  |
| Is a portion of LTI deferred?         | No. Vested Performance Rights are issued to KMP without restriction.   |  |  |  |  |
| portion of Em dolonous                | The state of the s |  |  |  |  |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 18.5. EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# LTI awards for 2017 financial year

Shares were granted under the Employee Share Plan No.1 to a number of executives on 23 November 2016.

The Company introduced new performance milestones under the Performance Rights Plan as part of its long-term incentive arrangements for the Managing Director and CEO, which were approved by shareholders on 7 November 2016.

Details in respect of the award are provided in Section 18.9.

#### 18.6. COMPANY PERFORMANCE AND THE LINK TO REMUNERATION

Performance linked compensation includes both short-term and long-term incentives and is designed to reward key management personnel for meeting or exceeding their financial and personal objectives. The STI is an "at risk" bonus provided in the form of cash, while the LTI is provided as ordinary shares of Orbital Corporation Limited under the rules of the Performance Rights Plan.

In considering the Group's performance and benefits for shareholders wealth the Board has regard to the following indices in respect of the current financial year and the previous four financial years.

# Company performance and its link to long-term incentives

The performance measure which drives LTI vesting in future years is the Company's market capitalisation. The table below show the closing share price and market capitalisation for the past five years (including the current period) to 30 June 2017.

Company performance for the current year and last 4 years is as follows:

Table 2 - Orbital five year performance linked to long-term incentives

|                             | 2013 | 2014 | 2015   | 2016  | 2017    |
|-----------------------------|------|------|--------|-------|---------|
| Closing share price (\$)    | 0.15 | 0.16 | 0.49   | 0.695 | 0.50    |
| Market capitalisation (\$m) | 7.4  | 7.9  | 24.0   | 52.4  | 38.6    |
| Earnings per share (cents)  | 0.74 | 3.39 | (9.83) | 2.73  | (15.55) |

The Performance Target for the third tranche of the FY2015 PRP was met during FY2017 and as a result 900,000 shares were issued.

# 18.7. EXECUTIVE CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS

Remuneration arrangements for KMP are formalised in employment agreements. Details of these contracts are provided below.

# Chief Executive Officer

Mr Stinson was employed as Managing Director and CEO during the year, with Mr Alder transitioning into this role on 11 August 2017. Mr Alder's material terms of employment were announced to the ASX on 11 August 2017 ("Managing Director & CEO Succession").

Under the terms of Mr Stinson's Managing Director and CEO rolling contract as disclosed to the ASX on 14 September 2007:

- ► Mr Stinson received fixed remuneration of \$400,000 per annum.
- ► Mr Stinson is eligible to participate in Orbital Corporation Limited's LTI plan on terms determined by the Board, subject to receiving any required or appropriate shareholder approval.

The CEO's termination provisions are as follows:

Table 3 – Summary of contractual provisions for the CEO

|                                    | Notice Period | Payment in lieu of notice | Treatment of LTI on termination | Termination payments |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Employer initiated termination     | 12 months     | 12 months                 | Board discretion                | None                 |
| Termination for serious misconduct | None          | None                      | Unvested awards forfeited       | None                 |
| Employee-initiated termination     | 3 months      | 3 months                  | Unvested awards forfeited       | None                 |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 18.7. EXECUTIVE CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Other KMP

All other KMP have rolling contracts. Standard KMP termination provisions are as follows:

Table 4 – Summary of KMP termination provisions

|                                    | Notice Period | Payment in lieu of notice | Treatment of LTI on termination | Termination payments  |
|------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Employer initiated                 | 3 months      | 3 months                  | Board discretion                | Pre-31 December 2014 KMP  |
| termination                        |               |                           |                                 | 4 weeks' pay, plus 2 weeks' pay for each completed year of service, plus for each completed year of service beyond 10, an additional ½ weeks' pay, plus a pro-rata payment for each completed month of service in the final year. The maximum entitlement to termination pay is limited to 65 weeks' pay. |
|                                    |               |                           |                                 | Post 31 December 2014 KMP   |
|                                    |               |                           |                                 | In accordance with Section 119 of the Fair Work Act 2009 (Cwth).  |
| Termination for serious misconduct | None          | None                      | Unvested awards forfeited       | None  |
| Employee-initiated termination     | 3 months      | 3 months                  | Unvested awards forfeited       | None  |



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# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# DIRECTORS' AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS' REMUNERATION - COMPANY AND GROUP

Details of the nature and amount of each major element of remuneration of the Company and the Group's Key Management Personnel are:

Table 5 - Compensation of KMP for the years ended 30 June 2017 and 2016

| 301<br>167<br>   |  |      |                                | Short-term Benefits | 3enefits         |           | Post-Employment | oyment                  | Long-term<br>Benefits | Share Base              | Share Based Payments       | Total     | Proportion of          |
|--|--|------|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| Bibliciticity  Biblicitity  Biblicitity |  | Year | Salary &<br>Director's<br>Fees | Cash<br>Bonuses     | Non-<br>monetary | Total     |                 | Termination<br>Payments | Leave<br>Entitlements | Employee<br>Share Plans | Performance<br>Rights Plan |           | performance<br>related |
| Explications         2017         10,989         109,589         109,589         10,411          120,000         12  |  |      | ↔                              | €                   | €9               | €9        |                 | €9                      | ↔                     | \$ (g)                  | \$ (h)                     | €         | %                      |
| Control (Nobrebro (Nobr                        | Non-Executive Directors                    |      |                                |                     |                  |           |                 |                         |                       |                         |                            |           |                        |
| Director/(Non-executivay)  Director(Non-executivay)  Director(Non-executivay)  Z016 10,959 - 10,959 - 10,959 - 10,959 - 10,411 - 10,000  Z016 11,916 - 10,959 - 11,959 - 10,000  Z016 10,959 - 10,959 - 210,01 | John P Welborn                             | 2017 | 109,589                        | •                   |                  | 109,589   | 10,411          | •                       |                       | •                       | •                          | 120,000   | •                      |
| Fercicle (a) (2017 1,1916 (1,1 | Chairman and Director (Non-executive)      | 2016 | 109,589                        |                     |                  | 109,589   | 10,411          |                         |                       |                         |                            | 120,000   |                        |
| Executive)  2016   | Steve Gallagher (a)                        | 2017 | 11,916                         |                     |                  | 11,916    | 1,251           |                         |                       |                         |                            | 13,167    | •                      |
| Marchy   M   | Director (Non-Executive)                   | 2016 |                                |                     |                  |           |                 |                         |                       |                         |                            |           |                        |
| Executive) 2016 109.569 - 109.569 10.411 - 20.079 2 | John H Poynton (b)                         | 2017 | 88,514                         |                     |                  | 88,514    | 8,409           |                         |                       |                         |                            | 96,923    | •                      |
| etect all Non-Executive         2017         210,019         -         210,019         -         210,019         20,011         219,178         -         210,019         20,011         219,178         -         219,178         -         219,178         -         219,178         20,822         -         -         -         240,000           ector         Principle Control         2017         349,147         -         17,349         366,496         35,628         -         5,000         -         86,579         494,601           hinderwenthersonnel         2017         349,147         100,000         17,349         366,496         33,169         -         2,600         -         77,184         586,454           (c)         2016         -   | Director (Non-Executive)                   | 2016 | 109,589                        |                     |                  | 109,589   | 10,411          |                         |                       |                         |                            | 120,000   |                        |
| Bection: n in the Personnel of Colline of C                        | Total Consolidated, all Non-Executive      | 2017 | 210,019                        |                     |                  | 210,019   | 20,071          |                         |                       | •                       |                            | 230,090   | •                      |
| ector         2017         349,147         - 17,349         366,496         36,526         - 5,000         - 86,579         494,601           hief Executive Officer         2016         349,147         100,000         17,349         466,496         33,169         - 9,605         - 77,184         586,549           hief Executive Officer         2016         349,147         100,000         17,349         466,496         33,169         - 9,605         - 77,184         586,454           nard ement Personnel         2017         133,960         - 133,960         - 133,960         - 27,672         - 2,600         - 26,609         29,924         - 2,767         - 2,860         1,000         10,931         32,142           ci Officer         2016         222,332         - 35,639         284,959         32,392         - 7,768         1,000         30,874         324,499           e(J)         2016         223,302         - 35,639         257,962         28,865         - 7,768         1,000         30,874         324,499           MASAFE         2016         283,001         - 76,293         21,769         21,769         1,000         - 76,294         30,801         - 280,269           MOfficer         2016         221,1  | Directors                                  | 2016 | 219,178                        | •                   |                  | 219,178   | 20,822          |                         |                       | •                       | •                          | 240,000   |                        |
| n         2017         349,147         . 17,349         366,466         36,526         . 5,000         . 6,000         . 86,579         494,601           hiedExecutive Officer         2016         349,147         100,000         17,349         366,466         33,169         . 9,005         . 77,184         586,454           haspement Personnel         2017         133,960         . 7,349         466,496         9,924         . 2,767         . 7,784         586,454           Hofficer         2016         . 2,770         25,000         5,089         284,959         32,392         . 7,768         1,000         10,931         332,142           e (d)         2016         223,32         . 35,630         257,962         28,885         . 7,768         1,000         10,931         332,142           e (d)         2016         223,32         . 35,630         257,962         28,885         . 7,768         1,000         30,874         324,489           e (d)         2017         23,962         . 23,962         21,576         19,026         83,275         1,000         . 36,639           e (d)         2017         23,620         . 4,204         21,749         . 4,510         1,000         . 26,683   | Executive Director                         |      |                                |                     |                  |           |                 |                         |                       |                         |                            |           |                        |
| hief Executive Officer         2016         349,147         100,000         17,349         466,496         33,169         9,924         -         2,767         -         77,184         586,454           (c)         2017         133,960         -         133,960         -         133,960         9,924         -         2,767         -         146,652           aid Officer         2017         254,870         25,000         5,089         284,959         32,392         -         2,860         1,000         10,931         332,142           aid Officer         2017         254,870         25,000         25,089         284,959         32,392         -         2,860         1,000         30,974         324,489           aid Officer         2016         223,392         -         26,895         -         7,768         1,000         30,874         324,489           aid Officer         2016         253,001         -         253,001         -         263,001         21,749         -         4,510         1,000         -         36,839           aid Officer         2017         87,620         6,600         -         94,220         14,204         76,234         70,034         1,000   | Terry D Stinson                            | 2017 | 349,147                        | •                   | 17,349           | 366,496   | 36,526          |                         | 5,000                 |                         | 86,579                     | 494,601   | 17.5%                  |
| Inagement Personnel  2017 133,960 - 133,960 - 25,000 9,924 - 2,860 1,000 10,931 32,142  2016 223,322 - 35,639 284,959 27,865 1,000 30,874 324,489  2017 231,962 - 231,962 21,576 19,026 83,275  2018 253,001 - 253,001 21,749 - 4,510 1,000 30,874 324,899  2017 21,777 30,000 - 251,177 21,012 - 4,855 1,000 30,874 308,918  2018 21,777 30,000 - 251,177 21,012 - 4,855 1,000 30,874 308,918  2019 2017 1,253,379 31,600 22,438 1,307,418 3,922 1,568 169,960 173,101 3,000 108,411 1,895,145  2016 21,733,960 22,438 1,307,418 3,922 - 8,860 1,000 30,874 3,8932 1,845,414  | Director and Chief Executive Officer       | 2016 | 349,147                        | 100,000             | 17,349           | 466,496   | 33,169          |                         | 9,605                 |                         | 77,184                     | 586,454   | 30.2%                  |
| (c) 2017 133,960 - 133,960 - 2,24 70 2 | Other Key Management Personnel             |      |                                |                     |                  |           |                 |                         |                       |                         |                            |           |                        |
| In Officer         2016  | Todd M Alder (c)                           | 2017 | 133,960                        |                     |                  | 133,960   | 9,924           |                         | 2,767                 | •                       |                            | 146,652   | •                      |
| art difficer 2017 254,870 25,000 5,089 284,959 32,392 - 2,860 1,000 10,931 332,142 31 Offficer 2016 223,32 - 35,630 257,962 26,885 - 7,768 1,000 30,874 324,489 e (d) 2017 231,962 - 231,962 - 231,962 21,576 19,026 83,275 1,000 - 356,839 e (d) 2017 253,001 - 253,001 - 253,001 21,749 - 4,510 1,000 - 30,874 324,89 e (d) 2016 253,001 - 253,001 - 253,001 21,749 - 4,510 1,000 - 356,839 e (d) 2017 253,001 - 253,001 - 253,001 21,77 21,015 - 4,855 1,000 20,874 308,918 e (d) 2016 221,177 30,000 - 251,177 21,012 - 4,855 1,000 30,874 308,918 e (d) 2016 21,177 30,000 - 2,41,284 3,922 - 8,7640 9,166 45,293 e (d) 2016 21,3379 21,869,920 106,737 - 26,825 3,000 138,932 1,545,414 e (d) 2016 21,545 21,545 21,000 20,874 21,545,414  | Chief Financial Officer                    | 2016 |                                |                     |                  |           |                 |                         |                       |                         |                            |           |                        |
| ## Officer 2016 222,332 - 35,630 257,962 26,885 - 7,768 1,000 30,874 324,489 (d) (d) 2017 231,962 - 231,962 21,576 19,026 83,275 1,000 - 36,839 (e) (d) 253,001 - 253,001 - 253,001 21,749 - 4,510 1,000 - 280,260 (e) (d) 253,001 - 253,001 - 253,001 21,749 - 4,510 1,000 - 266,833 (e) (d) 2017 87,620 6,600 - 94,220 14,204 76,294 70,034 1,000 10,931 266,833 (e) (d) 2017 195,820 - 251,177 21,012 - 4,855 1,000 30,874 308,918 (e) (e) 2017 195,820 - 195,820 13,000 13,000 10,931 266,833 (e) 2017 13,000 10,000 10,931 266,833 (e) 2017 13,000  | Geoff P Cathcart                           | 2017 | 254,870                        | 25,000              | 5,089            | 284,959   | 32,392          |                         | 2,860                 | 1,000                   | 10,931                     | 332,142   | 10.8%                  |
| e (d)         2017         231,962         -         231,962         -         231,962         -         231,962         -         231,962         -         231,962         21,576         19,026         83,275         1,000         -         356,839           INSAFE         2016         253,001         -         253,001         -         253,001         21,779         -         4,510         1,000         -         280,260           B)         2017         87,620         6,600         -         251,177         21,012         -         4,855         1,000         10,931         266,683           In Officer         2016         221,177         30,000         -         251,177         21,012         -         4,855         1,000         30,874         308,918           Value         2016         41,284         -         -         195,820         -         41,863         74,640         9,166         -         -         298,229           Value         2016         41,284         -         -         41,284         3,922         -         87         -         -         45,293           1ated, Executive Director and         2016         1,086,941   | Chief Technical Officer                    | 2016 | 222,332                        |                     | 35,630           | 257,962   | 26,885          |                         | 7,768                 | 1,000                   | 30,874                     | 324,489   | 9.5%                   |
| EMSAFE         2016         253,001         -         253,001         -         253,001         21,749         -         4,510         1,000         -         280,260           a)         2017         87,620         6,600         -         94,220         14,204         76,294         70,034         1,000         10,931         266,683           NOfficer         2016         221,177         30,000         -         251,177         21,012         -         4,855         1,000         30,874         308,918           Crial Officer         2017         195,820         -         195,820         -         195,820         -         41,284         -         4,640         9,166         -         298,229           Crial Officer         2016         41,284         -         41,284         3,922         -         87         -         -         45,293           ated, Executive Director and Personnel         2017         1,253,379         31,600         52,979         1,269,920         106,737         -         26,825         3,000         138,932         1,545,414  | Michael C Lane (d)                         | 2017 | 231,962                        |                     |                  | 231,962   | 21,576          | 19,026                  | 83,275                | 1,000                   |                            | 356,839   |                        |
| b)         2017         87,620         6,600         -         94,220         14,204         76,294         70,034         1,000         10,931         266,683           I Officer         2016         221,177         30,000         -         251,177         21,012         -         4,855         1,000         30,874         308,918           cial Officer         2017         195,820         -         195,820         -         195,820         18,603         74,640         9,166         -         -         298,229           ated, Executive Director and ent Personnel         2016         1,283,379         31,600         22,438         1,307,418         133,225         169,960         173,101         3,000         108,414         1,995,145           ent Personnel         2016         1,086,941         130,000         52,979         1,269,920         106,737         -         26,825         3,000         138,932         1,545,414   | Chairman - REMSAFE                         | 2016 | 253,001                        |                     |                  | 253,001   | 21,749          |                         | 4,510                 | 1,000                   |                            | 280,260   |                        |
| vOfficer         2016         221,177         30,000         -         251,177         21,012         -         4,855         1,000         30,874         308,918           void Officer         2017         195,820         -         195,820         -         195,820         -         41,284         -         2016         1,284         -         41,284         3,922         -         87         -         45,293           ated, Executive Director and ent Personnel         2016         1,253,379         31,600         22,438         1,307,418         133,225         169,960         173,101         3,000         108,441         1,895,145           ent Personnel         2016         1,086,941         130,000         52,979         1,269,920         106,737         -         26,825         3,000         138,932         1,545,414   | lan G Veitch (e)                           | 2017 | 87,620                         | 6,600               |                  | 94,220    | 14,204          | 76,294                  | 70,034                | 1,000                   | 10,931                     | 266,683   | 6.6%                   |
| 2017         195,820         -         195,820         -         195,820         -         195,820         -         298,229           crial Officer         2016         41,284         -         41,284         3,922         -         87         -         45,293           ated, Executive Director and ent Personnel         2017         1,253,379         31,600         22,438         1,307,418         133,225         169,960         173,101         3,000         108,441         1,895,145           ent Personnel         2016         1,086,941         130,000         52,979         1,269,920         106,737         -         26,825         3,000         138,932         1,545,414         1   | Chief Financial Officer                    | 2016 | 221,177                        | 30,000              |                  | 251,177   | 21,012          |                         | 4,855                 | 1,000                   | 30,874                     | 308,918   | 19.7%                  |
| 2016         41,284         -         41,284         3,922         -         87         -         45,293           ufive Director and left         2017         1,253,379         31,600         22,438         1,307,418         133,225         169,960         173,101         3,000         108,441         1,895,145           nel         2016         1,086,941         130,000         52,979         1,269,920         106,737         -         26,825         3,000         138,932         1,545,414         1   | Charis Law (f)                             | 2017 | 195,820                        |                     |                  | 195,820   | 18,603          | 74,640                  | 9,166                 |                         |                            | 298,229   |                        |
| e Director and 2017 1,253,379 31,600 22,438 1,307,418 133,225 169,960 173,101 3,000 108,441 1,895,145 2016 1,086,941 130,000 52,979 1,269,920 106,737 - 26,825 3,000 138,932 1,545,414 1   | Chief Commercial Officer                   | 2016 | 41,284                         |                     |                  | 41,284    | 3,922           |                         | 87                    |                         | •                          | 45,293    |                        |
| 2016 1,086,941 130,000 52,979 1,269,920 106,737 - 26,825 3,000 138,932 1,545,414   | Total Consolidated, Executive Director and | 2017 | 1,253,379                      | 31,600              | 22,438           | 1,307,418 | 133,225         | 169,960                 | 173,101               | 3,000                   | 108,441                    | 1,895,145 | 7.5%                   |
|  | Key Management Personnel                   | 2016 | 1,086,941                      | 130,000             | 52,979           | 1,269,920 | 106,737         | -                       | 26,825                | 3,000                   | 138,932                    | 1,545,414 | 17.4%                  |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

18.8. DIRECTORS' AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS' REMUNERATION - COMPANY AND GROUP (CONTINUED)

#### Notes in relation to the table of Directors' and Executive officers remuneration

- (a) Mr Gallagher became a Director on 12 April 2017
- (b) Mr Poynton ceased as a Director on 12 April 2017
- (c) Mr Alder became a KMP on 14 December 2016
- (d) Mr Lane changed roles as CEO of REMSAFE to Executive Chairman on 13 October 2016
- (e) Mr Veitch ceased as a KMP on 18 November 2016
- (f) Ms Law ceased as a KMP on 3 May 2017
- (g) The fair value of the Employee Share Plan #1 is based upon the market value (at offer date) of shares offered.
- (h) The value disclosed is the portion of the fair value of the rights recognised in this reporting period. In valuing the rights the market based hurdles that must be met before the executive long term share plan rights vest in the holder have been taken into account. The fair value of the Performance Rights was calculated at the date of grant through using the "Hoadley Barrier 1" trinomial option valuation model and allocated to each reporting period evenly over the period from grant date to expected vesting date.

Table 6 - Summary of terms and conditions of 2017 performance rights

|   | Grant Date | Life      | Number<br>of<br>Rights<br>Granted | Number<br>of<br>Rights<br>Vested | Fair Value<br>Per Right | Target Market<br>Capitalisation | Market<br>Capitalisation<br>on Grant Date | Expected<br>Volatility | Risk Free<br>Interest<br>Rate |
|---|------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| • | 8-Nov-17   | 24 months | 200,000                           | -                                | 50.0 cents              | \$125m                          | \$71.9m                                   | 65.00%                 | 1.66%                         |
|   | 8-Nov-17   | 36 months | 300,000                           | -                                | 42.0 cents              | \$200m                          | \$71.9m                                   | 65.00%                 | 1.70%                         |

Table 7 - Summary of terms and conditions of 2015 performance rights

| Grant Date | Life      | Number<br>of<br>Rights<br>Granted | Number<br>of<br>Rights<br>Vested | Fair Value<br>Per Right | Target Market<br>Capitalisation | Market<br>Capitalisation<br>on Grant Date | Expected<br>Volatility | Risk Free<br>Interest<br>Rate |
|------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 22-Oct-14  | 18 months | 900,000                           | 900,000                          | 23.1 cents              | \$20m                           | \$14.8m                                   | 80.00%                 | 2.45%                         |
| 22-Oct-14  | 24 months | 900,000                           | 900,000                          | 17.5 cents              | \$35m                           | \$14.8m                                   | 80.00%                 | 2.45%                         |
| 22-Oct-14  | 36 months | 900,000                           | 900,000                          | 15.3 cents              | \$60m                           | \$14.8m                                   | 80.00%                 | 2.51%                         |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 18.9. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

All shares refer to ordinary shares and rights of Orbital Corporation Limited.

# Analysis of Shares and rights offered as Compensation

Details of the shares and rights offered under the LTI to each key management person during the reporting period are as shown below.

Table 8 – Summary of KMP executives interests in equity instruments

|                    |      | Employe                          | ee Share Pl    | an No. 1        |                                   |  | Performan                        | ce Rights Pla                    | an                             |                                  |
|--------------------|------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|                    |      | Number<br>of<br>shares<br>issued | Share<br>Price | Value (a)<br>\$ | Number<br>of<br>Rights<br>Offered | Value of<br>Rights<br>Offered<br>(b)<br>\$ | Number<br>of<br>Rights<br>Vested | Number<br>of Rights<br>Forfeited | Number<br>of Rights<br>Expired | Number<br>of Rights<br>Cancelled |
| Executive Director |      |                                  |                |                 |                                   |  |                                  |                                  |                                |                                  |
| Mr TD Stinson      | 2017 | -                                | -              | -               | 500,000                           | 59,252                                     | 500,000                          | -                                | -                              | -                                |
| Other KMP          |      |                                  |                |                 |                                   |  |                                  |                                  |                                |                                  |
| Mr TM Alder        | 2017 | -                                | -              | -               | -                                 | -  | -                                | -                                | -                              | -                                |
| Dr GP Cathcart     | 2017 | 1,085                            | \$0.9217       | 1,000           | -                                 | -  | 200,000                          | -                                | -                              | -                                |
| Mr MC Lane         | 2017 | 1,085                            | \$0.9217       | 1,000           | -                                 | -  | -                                | -                                | -                              | -                                |
| Mr IG Veitch       | 2017 | 1,085                            | \$0.9217       | 1,000           | -                                 | -  | 200,000                          | -                                | -                              | -                                |
| Ms C Law           | 2017 | -                                | -              | -               | -                                 | -  | -                                | -                                | -                              | -                                |

<sup>(</sup>a) The fair value of the employee Share Plan No. 1 based upon the market value (at offer date of 31 October 2016) of shares offered. These awards are fully vested.

Table 9 - Movement of KMP executives interests in LTI equity rights

|                           | Number Held<br>at 1-Jul-16 | Number<br>Offered | Number<br>Forfeited | Number<br>Expired | Number<br>Cancelled | Number<br>Vested | Number Held<br>at 30-Jun-17 | Number<br>Not<br>Exercisable |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Executive Director</b> |                            |                   |                     |                   |                     |                  |                             |                              |
| Mr TD Stinson             | 500,000                    | 500,000           | -                   | -                 | -                   | (500,000)        | 500,000                     | 500,000                      |
| Other KMP                 |                            |                   |                     |                   |                     |                  |                             |                              |
| Mr TM Alder               | -                          | -                 | -                   | -                 | -                   | -                | -                           | -                            |
| Dr GP Cathcart            | 200,000                    | -                 | -                   | -                 | -                   | (200,000)        | -                           | -                            |
| Mr MC Lane                | -                          | -                 | -                   | -                 | -                   | -                | -                           | -                            |
| Mr IG Veitch              | 200,000                    | -                 | -                   | -                 | -                   | (200,000)        | -                           | -                            |
| Ms C Law                  | -                          | -                 | -                   | -                 | -                   | -                | -                           | -                            |



<sup>(</sup>b) Represents the fair value of rights offered on 8 November 2016 using the "Hoadley Barrier 1" trinomial option valuation model for the Performance Rights.

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 18.9. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Table 10 - Movement of KMP interests in shares

| <b>Number Granted</b> | as |
|-----------------------|----|
| componention          |    |

|                         |                               |                                  | compe  | ensation   |                          |                             |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                         | Number Held<br>at<br>1-Jul-16 | Number of<br>Shares<br>Purchased | ESP #1 | Vested PRP | Number of<br>Shares Sold | Number Held at<br>30-Jun-17 |
| Non-Executive Directors |                               |                                  |        |            |                          |                             |
| Mr JP Welborn           | 679,103                       | -                                | -      | -          | -                        | 679,103                     |
| Mr S Gallagher          | -                             | -                                | -      | -          | -                        | -                           |
| Mr JH Poynton           | 2,790,688                     | -                                | -      | -          | (2,790,688)              | -                           |
| Executive Director      |                               |                                  |        |            |                          |                             |
| Mr TD Stinson           | 1,172,621                     | -                                | -      | 500,000    | -                        | 1,672,621                   |
| Other KMP               |                               |                                  |        |            |                          |                             |
| Mr TM Alder             | -                             | -                                | -      | -          | -                        | -                           |
| Dr GP Cathcart          | 71,635                        | -                                | 1,085  | 200,000    | -                        | 272,720                     |
| Mr MC Lane              | 126,678                       | -                                | 1,085  | -          | -                        | 127,763                     |
| Mr IG Veitch            | 30,515                        | -                                | 1,085  | 200,000    | (231,600)                | -                           |
| Ms C Law                | -                             | -                                | =      | -          | -                        | -                           |

Loans to key management personnel and their related parties

The Group has not made any loans to key management personnel or their related parties since the end of the previous financial year and there were no loans to any key management personnel or their related parties at year-end.

End of Remuneration Report

FRuelton

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

J P Welborn T M /

Chairman Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer

Dated at Perth, Western Australia this 29<sup>th</sup> day of August 2017.

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

|  |       | CONSC    | DLIDATED |
|--|-------|----------|----------|
|  | Notes | 2017     | 2016     |
|  |       | \$'000   | \$'000   |
| Continuing operations  |       | 40.500   | 0.400    |
| Sale of goods  |       | 10,569   | 3,139    |
| Engineering services income  |       | 2,884    | 7,704    |
| Royalty and licence income   |       | 802      | 789      |
| Other revenue  | 6     | 115      | 119      |
| Total Revenue  |       | 14,370   | 11,751   |
| Other income   | 7     | 3,440    | 11,452   |
| Materials and consumables expenses   | 8(d)  | (3,394)  | (1,143)  |
| Employee benefits expenses   | 8(a)  | (13,102) | (9,770)  |
| Depreciation and amortisation expenses   |       | (579)    | (560)    |
| Engineering consumables and contractors expenses   |       | (1,170)  | (4,627)  |
| Impairment of goodwill   | 19    | (5,218)  | -        |
| Occupancy expenses   |       | (1,385)  | (1,321)  |
| Travel and accommodation expenses  |       | (403)    | (224)    |
| Communications and computing expenses  |       | (503)    | (473)    |
| Patent expenses  |       | (513)    | (360)    |
| Insurance expenses   |       | (529)    | (564)    |
| Audit, compliance and listing expenses   |       | (440)    | (621)    |
| Finance costs  | 8(b)  | (540)    | (1,419)  |
| Other expenses   | 8(c)  | (2,311)  | (951)    |
| Share of profit from associate   | 16(c) | <u>-</u> | 1,529    |
| (Loss)/Profit before income tax from continuing operations                               |       | (12,277) | 2,699    |
| Income tax benefit/(expense)   | 9(a)  | 26       | (1,416)  |
| (Loss)/Profit for the year from continuing operations                                    |       | (12,251) | 1,283    |
| Discontinued operations  |       |          |          |
| Loss after tax for the year from discontinued operations                                 | 29    | <u>-</u> | (68)     |
| (Loss)/Profit for the year   | ;     | (12,251) | 1,215    |
| Attributable to:   |       |          |          |
| Equity holders of the Parent   |       | (11,948) | 1,533    |
| Non-controlling interests  |       | (303)    | (318)    |
|  |       | (12,251) | 1,215    |
| Earnings per share   | 10    | cents    | cents    |
| Basic (loss)/profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent   |       | (15.55)  | 2.73     |
| Diluted (loss)/profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent |       | (15.55)  | 2.73     |
| Earnings per share from continuing operations  |       |          |          |
| Basic (loss)/profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent   |       | (15.55)  | 2.85     |
| Diluted (loss)/profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent |       | (15.55)  | 2.85     |
|  |       |          |          |

The Statement of Profit or Loss is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 25 to 69.



# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016

|  | CONSC    | LIDATED |
|--|----------|---------|
|  | 2017     | 2016    |
|  | \$'000   | \$'000  |
| Net (loss)/profit for the year   | (12,251) | 1,215   |
| Other comprehensive income   |          |         |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss                    |          |         |
| Share of foreign currency reserve of equity accounted investment                 | -        | 290     |
| Foreign currency translation   | -        | 1,417   |
| Foreign currency translation reserve released on sale of investment in associate | -        | (3,607) |
| Other comprehensive loss for the period, net of tax                              | <u> </u> | (1,900) |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year  | (12,251) | (685)   |
| Attributable to:   |          |         |
| Equity holders of the Parent   | (11,948) | (367)   |
| Non-controlling interests  | (303)    | (318)   |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year  | (12,251) | (685)   |

The statement of comprehensive income is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 25 to 69.



# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

| Balance at 30 June 2017 | Share based payments | Acquisition of non-controlling interests | Total comprehensive loss for the period | Other comprehensive income/(loss) | Loss for period | At 1 July 2016 | Balance at 30 June 2016 | Share based payments | Convertible note interest paid in shares | Convertible note conversions | Total comprehensive income/(oss) for the period | Other comprehensive loss | Foreign currency translation reserve released on sale of investment in associate | Foreign currency translation | Profit(loss) for period | At 1 July 2015 |        |              |  |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|------------------------------|---|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--------|--------------|--|
| 31,106                  | 195                  | 860                                      |   |                                   |                 | 30,051         | 30,051                  | 215                  | 679                                      | 9,136                        |   | 1                        |  | ı                            |                         | 20,021         | \$'000 | Note 25      | Share Capital                                |
| (12,915)                | •                    | 1  | (11,948)                                |                                   | (11,948)        | (967)          | (967)                   | ı                    |  |                              | 1,533   |                          |  |                              | 1,533                   | (2,500)        | \$'000 | 5 Note 26(a) | Retained Profits/<br>(Accumulated<br>Losses) |
| 1,759                   | (29)                 | 1  |   |                                   |                 | 1,788          | 1,788                   | (19)                 |  |                              |   |                          |  |                              |                         | 1,807          | \$'000 | Note 26(b)   | Employee<br>Equity Benefits<br>Reserve       |
|                         |                      | 1  |   |                                   |                 |                |                         |                      |  |                              | (1,900)   | (1,900)                  | (3,607)  | 1,707                        |                         | 1,900          | \$'000 | Note 26(b)   | Foreign Currency<br>Transalation<br>Reserve  |
| 3,440                   |                      | 3,440                                    |   |                                   |                 |                |                         |                      |  |                              |   | 1                        |  | ı                            | ,                       | 1              | \$'000 | Note 26(b)   | Contingent<br>Consideration                  |
| (4,455)                 |                      | (3,785)                                  |   |                                   |                 | (670)          | (670)                   |                      |  |                              |   | 1                        |  | ı                            | ,                       | (670)          | \$'000 | Note 26(b)   | Consolidation<br>Reserve                     |
| 248                     |                      |  | ,                                       |                                   |                 | 248            | 248                     |                      |  |                              |   |                          |  | ı                            |                         | 248            | \$'000 | Note 26(b)   | Convertible Note<br>Reserve                  |
| 19,183                  | 166                  | 515                                      | (11,948)                                |                                   | (11,948)        | 30,450         | 30,450                  | 196                  | 679                                      | 9,136                        | (367)   | (1,900)                  | (3,607)  | 1,707                        | 1,533                   | 20,806         | \$'000 |              | Total  |
|                         |                      | (515)                                    | (303)                                   |                                   | (303)           | 818            | 818                     |                      |  |                              | (318)   |                          |  |                              | (318)                   | 1,136          | \$'000 | Note 27(b)   | Non-<br>controlling<br>Interests             |
| 19,18;                  | 160                  | ı  | (12,25                                  |                                   | (12,25          | 31,26          | 31,26                   | 19(                  | 67!                                      | 9,13                         | (68!  | (1,90)                   | (3,60)   | 1,70                         | 1,21:                   | 21,94;         | \$'00  |              | Total Equi                                   |

The statement of changes in equity is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 25 to 69.



# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

|   |       | CONSC    | LIDATED |
|---|-------|----------|---------|
|   | Notes | 2017     | 2016    |
| ASSETS  |       | \$'000   | \$'000  |
| Current assets                                      |       |          |         |
| Cash and cash equivalents                           | 11    | 17,131   | 24,872  |
| Other financial assets                              | 12(a) | 2,634    | 1,434   |
| Trade and other receivables                         | 14    | 6,465    | 6,009   |
| Inventories   | 15    | 3,280    | 4,248   |
| Total current assets                                | •     | 29,510   | 36,563  |
| Non-current assets                                  |       |          |         |
| Deferred taxation asset                             | 17    | 5,507    | 5,482   |
| Plant and equipment                                 | 18    | 1,497    | 1,925   |
| Intangibles and goodwill                            | 19    | <u>-</u> | 5,218   |
| Total non-current assets                            |       | 7,004    | 12,625  |
| TOTAL ASSETS  |       | 36,514   | 49,188  |
| LIABILITIES   | •     |          |         |
| Current liabilities                                 |       |          |         |
| Trade payables and other liabilities                | 20    | 6,498    | 6,454   |
| Borrowings  | 12(b) | 860      | 717     |
| Employee benefits                                   | 22(a) | 1,558    | 2,154   |
| Government grants                                   | 23    | 225      | 225     |
| Other provisions                                    | 24(a) | 477      | 57      |
| Total current liabilities                           |       | 9,618    | 9,607   |
| Non-current liabilities                             |       |          |         |
| Long term borrowings                                | 12(b) | 7,242    | 7,562   |
| Employee benefits                                   | 22(b) | 36       | 42      |
| Government grants                                   | 23    | 299      | 524     |
| Other provisions                                    | 24(b) | 136      | 185     |
| Total non-current liabilities                       | -     | 7,713    | 8,313   |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES                                   |       | 17,331   | 17,920  |
| NET ASSETS  | :     | 19,183   | 31,268  |
| EQUITY  |       |          |         |
| Share capital                                       | 25    | 31,106   | 30,051  |
| Reserves  | 26(b) | 992      | 1,366   |
| Accumulated losses                                  | 26(a) | (12,915) | (967)   |
| EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT |       | 19,183   | 30,450  |
| Non-controlling interests                           |       | <u>-</u> | 818     |
| TOTAL EQUITY  |       | 19,183   | 31,268  |
|   | •     |          |         |

The statement of financial position is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 25 to 69.



# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

| Cash flows from Operating Activities Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers and employees Interest received Interest paid Income taxes paid Net cash used in operating activities  Notes  Notes | 2017<br>\$'000<br>13,155<br>(18,003)<br>115<br>(30)<br>(90)<br>(4,853) | 2016<br>\$'000<br>22,689<br>(27,618)<br>124<br>(188)<br>(88)<br>(5,081) |
|--|--|---|
| Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers and employees Interest received Interest paid Income taxes paid  Net cash used in operating activities  32   | (18,003)<br>115<br>(30)<br>(90)<br>(4,853)                             | (27,618)<br>124<br>(188)<br>(88)  |
| Cash paid to suppliers and employees Interest received Interest paid Income taxes paid  Net cash used in operating activities  32  | (18,003)<br>115<br>(30)<br>(90)<br>(4,853)                             | (27,618)<br>124<br>(188)<br>(88)  |
| Interest received Interest paid Income taxes paid  Net cash used in operating activities  32   | 115<br>(30)<br>(90)<br>(4,853)   | 124<br>(188)<br>(88)  |
| Interest paid Income taxes paid  Net cash used in operating activities  32   | (30)<br>(90)<br>(4,853)  | (188)<br>(88)   |
| Net cash used in operating activities 32   | (90)   | (88)  |
| Net cash used in operating activities 32   | (4,853)  |   |
|  | <u> </u>   | (5,081)   |
|  | -<br>(2.465)   |   |
| Cash flows from Investing Activities   | -<br>(2.465)   |   |
| Net proceeds from sale of share in investment  | (2 ACE)  | 24,185  |
| Purchase of financial instruments  | (2,465)  | -   |
| Net proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment  | 29   | 67  |
| Purchase of property, plant & equipment  | (170)  | (284)   |
| Investment in short term deposit   | 697  | -   |
| Acquisition of subsidiary  | -  | (66)  |
| Cash associated with sale of disposal group 29   | <u> </u>   | (850)   |
| Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities  | (1,909)  | 23,052  |
| Cash flows from Financing Activities   |  |   |
| Repayment of borrowings  | (717)  | (597)   |
| Net cash used in financing activities  | (717)  | (597)   |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents  | (7,479)  | 17,374  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July  | 24,872   | 7,499   |
| Effects of exchange rate fluctuations on the balances of cash held in foreign currencies   | (262)  | (1)   |
| Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 32  | 17,131   | 24,872  |

# Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities

During the year ended 30 June 2017, there were non-cash financing activities of \$nil (2016:\$9,136,000 from the early redemption of Convertible notes outstanding as at 29 February 2016). There were no non-cash investing activities for the year ended 30 June 2017 (2016: \$nil).

Refer to note 5 for details of non-cash operating items.

The statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements set out on pages 25 to 69.



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# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

The consolidated financial statements of Orbital Corporation Limited ("the Company" or "the Parent") and its subsidiaries (collectively, "the Group") were authorised for issue by the Company's Directors on 29 August 2017. The Company is a for-profit company limited by shares domiciled in Australia whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Stock Exchange ("ASX"). The registered office of the Group is 4 Whipple Street, Balcatta, Western Australia.

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of smart technology that delivers improved performance outcomes in the unmanned aerial vehicle, safety and productivity and consumer sectors. Further information on the nature of the operations and principal activities of the Group is provided in the Directors' Report and note 5. Information on the Group's structure is provided in Note 27.

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

# (a) Statement of Compliance with IFRS

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

# (b) Basis of Preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the AASB.

The consolidated financial statements have also been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for investment in marketable securities which are measured at fair value.

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, dated 24 March 2016, and in accordance with that Instrument, amounts in the financial report and Directors' Report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated.

# (c) Functional and Presentation Currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency and the functional currency of the majority of the entities within the Group.

# (d) Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of Australian Accounting Standards that have a significant effect on the financial report and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in note 4.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# (a) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year. From 1 July 2016, the Group has adopted all the standards and interpretations effective as at 1 July 2016. Adoption of these standards and interpretations did not have a material impact on the Group. The Group has not elected to early adopt any new standards or amendments.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (b) Basis of Consolidation

# (i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Group has control.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is obtained by the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Consolidated Entity controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- · Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- · The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- · The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- · Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- · The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary that does not result in a loss of control is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it

- · Derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary.
- Derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest.
- Derecognises the cumulative translation differences, recorded in equity.
- · Recognises the fair value of the consideration received.
- Recognises the fair value of any investment retained.
- Recognises any surplus or deficit in profit or loss.
- · Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company.

#### (ii) Associate

The Group accounts for investments in associates using the equity method of accounting in the consolidated financial statements. An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement.

The Group generally deems they have significant influence if they have over 20% of the voting rights.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (b) Basis of Consolidation (continued)

# (iii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-Group balances, and any unrealised gains and losses or income and expenses arising from intra-Group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the entity with adjustments made to the investment in the associate. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment. Gains and losses are recognised as the contributed assets are consumed or sold or, if not consumed or sold, when the Group's interest in such entities is disposed of.

# (c) Foreign Currency

# (i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date (except those representing the Group's net investment in subsidiaries and its associate see below) are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

# (ii) Financial statements of foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to Australian dollars, applying the step by step method, at exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Australian dollars at rates approximating the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange differences arising on retranslation are recognised directly in a separate component of equity described as 'foreign currency translation reserve'. They are released into the statement of profit or loss upon disposal.

# (iii) Net investment in foreign operations

Exchange differences arising from the translation of balances representing the net investment in foreign operations are taken to the foreign currency translation reserve.

# (d) Financial Instruments

# (i) Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings, and trade and other payables.

Non-derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at fair value plus, for instruments not at fair value through profit or loss, any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition non-derivative financial instruments are measured as described below.

A financial instrument is recognised if the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised if the Group's contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expires or if the Group transfers the financial asset to another party without retaining either control or substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are accounted for at trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits itself to purchase or sell the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised if the Group's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled.

# Cash and cash equivalents - refer note 11

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with a maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

# Other financial assets - refer note 12 (a)

Other financial assets comprise of term deposits with financial institutions with maturities between 90 days and 365 days and Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss. Subsequent to initial recognition other term deposits are stated at amortised cost. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value represented as other expense (negative net changes in fair value) or other income (positive net changes in fair value) in the statement of profit or loss.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (d) Financial Instruments (continued)

# (i) Non-derivative financial instruments (continued)

# Trade and other receivables - refer note 14

Subsequent to initial recognition, trade receivables are stated at their amortised cost, less impairment losses. Normal settlement terms are 30 to 60 days. The collectability of debts is assessed at balance date and specific allowance is made for any doubtful accounts. Individual debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An impairment allowance is recognised when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect the receivable. Financial difficulties of the debtor, default payments or debts more than 60 days overdue are considered objective evidence of impairment. The amount of the impairment loss is the receivable carrying amount compared to the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

# Trade and other payables - refer note 20

Liabilities are recognised for amounts due to be paid in the future for goods or services received. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other payables are stated at their amortised cost.

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms.

# Long term borrowings - refer note 12 (b)

Included in current and non-current liabilities is an amount owing to the Government of Western Australia resulting from a loan restructured in January 2010.

The non-interest bearing loan from the Government of Western Australia was recognised initially at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The difference between the fair value and face value of the loan on initial recognition is accounted for as a government grant as disclosed in note 12(b).

# (e) Inventories - refer note 15

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Inventory is valued at weighted average cost and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and bringing them to their present location and condition, which for finished goods and work in progress includes cost of direct materials and direct manufacturing labour.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

# (f) Plant and Equipment - refer note 18

# (i) Recognition and measurement

Items of plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

# (ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of day-to-day servicing of plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

# (iii) Depreciation and amortisation

Items of plant and equipment are depreciated/amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives from the date of its acquisition. Plant and equipment are depreciated at 6.67% to 33.3% per year.

The residual value, the useful life and the depreciation method applied to an asset are reassessed at least annually.

# (iv) Asset sales

The net profit or loss from asset sales are included as other income or expenses of the Group. The profit or loss on disposal of assets is brought to account at the date that an unconditional contract of sale is signed. The profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset at the time of disposal and the net proceeds on disposal.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (g) Intangibles and goodwill - refer note 19

# (i) Research and Development

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in the statement of profit or loss as an expense as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, whereby research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes, is capitalised if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible and the Group has sufficient resources to complete development.

Expenditure on intangibles which may be capitalised includes the cost of materials and direct labour. Other development expenditure is recognised in the statement of profit or loss as an expense as incurred. Capitalised expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is charged to the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets unless such lives are indefinite.

# (ii) Patents, licences and technologies

Patents, licences and technology development and maintenance costs, not qualifying for capitalisation, are expensed as incurred.

# (iii) Goodwill

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at cost being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities.

Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units (CGUs), or groups of CGUs, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units), to which the goodwill relates.

When the recoverable amount of the CGU (group of CGUs) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. When goodwill forms part of a CGU (group of CGUs) and an operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this manner is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not subsequently reversed.

# (iv) Customer contract based intangible assets

Customer contracts acquired as part of a business combination are recognised separately from goodwill. The cost of customer contracts acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the acquisition date. Following initial recognition, customer contracts are carried at fair value less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated based on the timing of when the benefits are expected to be received from such contracts which ranges from 6 months to 2 years.

# (h) Impairment

# (i) Financial assets

A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. An impairment loss in respect of an available-for-sale financial asset is calculated by reference to its current fair value.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (h) Impairment (continued)

# (i) Financial assets (continued)

All impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any cumulative loss in respect of an available-for-sale financial asset recognised previously in equity is transferred to profit or loss.

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. For financial assets measured at amortised cost and available-for-sale financial assets that are debt securities, the reversal is recognised in profit or loss. For available-for-sale financial assets that are equity securities, the reversal is recognised directly in equity.

#### (ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that largely are independent from other assets and groups. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units), to which the goodwill relates.

# (i) Share Capital - refer note 25

# (i) Issued capital

Share capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received.

# (ii) Treasury shares

Own equity instruments that are reacquired are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

# (iii) Dividends

Dividends are recognised as a liability in the period in which they are declared.

# (iv) Transaction costs

Transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax benefit.

# (j) Employee Benefits

# (i) Short-term benefits - refer note 22

The provisions for employee entitlements expected to be wholly settled within 12 months of year end represent present obligations resulting from employees' services provided up to the balance date, calculated at undiscounted amounts based on employee benefits that the Group expects to pay as at the reporting date including related on-costs, such as workers' compensation and payroll tax. Expenses for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and are measured at the rates paid or payable.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (j) Employee Benefits (continued)

# (ii) Long service leave - refer note 22

The provision for employee entitlements are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflow to be made to the employees using the projected unit credit method. Liabilities expected to be wholly settled within one year after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services are classified as short-term benefits and are measured at the amount due to be paid.

The provision for long service leave is measured at the present value of benefits accumulated up to the end of the reporting period. The liability is discounted using an appropriate discount rate. Management requires judgement to determine key assumptions used in the calculation including future increases in salaries and wages, future on-cost rates and future settlement dates of employees' departures.

# (iii) Defined Contribution Superannuation Fund - refer note 34

Obligations for contributions to the defined contribution superannuation fund are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

# (iv) Share-based payment transactions - refer note 33

Employees have been offered the right to take up shares in the Company under two plans:

(i) Employee Share Plan No.1 and; (ii) Executive Long Term Incentive Plan.

The cost of equity settled employee benefits is recognised in employee benefits expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the service and performance conditions are fulfilled.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the condition being met is assessed as part of the Groups best estimate of the number of shares that will vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within grant date fair value.

# (k) Provisions - refer note 24

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Provision for warranty is recognised when the underlying products are sold. The provision is based on historical claim data and management's judgement in respect of the expected performance of the product.

# (I) Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognised and measured at the fair value of the consideration received net of the amount of Goods and Services Tax (GST). Exchanges of goods or services of the same nature and value without any cash consideration are not recognised as revenues.

### (i) Revenue from rendering of Services

Revenue from engineering services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion. Stage of completion is measured by reference to total labour hours incurred to date as a percentage of total estimated labour hours for each contract. When the contract outcome cannot be measured reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent that the expenses incurred are eligible to be recovered.

Revenue received in advance represents cash payments received from customers in accordance with contractual commitments prior to the performance of the service.

# (ii) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when there is persuasive evidence, usually in the form of an executed sales agreement at the time of delivery of the goods to customer, indicating that there has been a transfer of risks and rewards to the customer, no further work or processing is required, the quantity and quality of the goods has been determined, the price is fixed and generally title has passed.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (I) Revenue Recognition (continued)

# (iii) Licence and royalties

Revenue earned under various licence, royalty and other agreements is recognised on an accrual basis upon the satisfactory completion of contracted technical specifications. Additional revenue may be earned after a fixed time interval or after delivery of a prototype engine and/or hardware meeting specified performance targets, provided the licence agreements are not terminated. Under the terms of the licence agreements, licensees are not specifically obliged to commence production and sale of engines using Orbital Technology and may terminate the agreements upon notice to Orbital. If a licensee were to terminate its licence agreement with Orbital, the licensee would forfeit the licence and any technical disclosure fees paid through to the date of termination. Revenue under royalty agreements is recognised when such amounts become due and payable.

# (iv) Interest revenue

Revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method.

#### (v) Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Group's right to receive the payment is established.

#### (m) Operating Leases

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

# (n) Finance Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset (i.e. an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale) are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur.

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

# (o) Income Tax - refer note 9

### (i) Current income tax expense and liability

Income tax on the profit or loss for the year presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the statement of profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

# (ii) Deferred income tax expense and liability

Deferred tax is provided using the full liability balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

# (iii) Tax consolidation

The Company and its wholly-owned Australian resident entities have formed a tax-consolidated group with effect from 1 July 2002 and are therefore taxed as a single entity from that date. The head entity within the tax-consolidated group is Orbital Corporation Limited.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# (p) Operating Segments - refer note 5

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity), whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's executive management team (the chief operating decision maker) to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available. Management will also consider other factors in determining operating segments such as the existence of a line manager and the level of segment information presented to the executive management team.

# (q) Goods and Services Tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amounts of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) is included as a current asset or liability in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are classified as operating cash flows.

# (r) Earnings Per Share – refer note 10

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

# (s) Government Grants - refer note 23

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position as a liability when the grant is received. Government grants are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants received on compensation for expenses and losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support are recognised immediately in profit and loss for the period.

When the grant relates to a discount on services to be rendered in the future, the fair value is credited to deferred revenue and is released to the statement of profit or loss over the periods that the discounted services are rendered.

When the grant relates to an asset (investment grants relating to the construction of a heavy duty engine test facility), the fair value is credited to deferred income and is released to the statement of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

# (t) Business Combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination shall be measured at fair value, which shall be calculated as the sum of the acquisition date fair values of the assets transferred by the acquirer, the liabilities incurred by the acquirer to former owners of the acquiree and the equity issued by the acquirer, and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. For each business combination, the acquirer measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred, and included in administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic conditions, the Group's operating or accounting policies and other pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
- (t) Business Combinations (continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be a financial asset or financial liability will be recognised in accordance with AASB 139 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity. The Group has classified contingent consideration arising in the current period as equity. Refer note 4 for details of accounting judgments considered for equity classification.

(u) Assets held for sale and discontinued operations - refer note 29

The Group classifies non-current assets and disposal groups as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through sale rather than through continuing use. Such non-current assets and disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Costs to sell are the incremental costs attributable to the sale excluding finance costs and income tax expense.

The criteria for held for sale classification is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Actions required to complete the sale should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the sale will be made or that the decision to sell will be withdrawn. Management must be committed to the sale expected to be completed within one year from the date of classification.

Plant and equipment are not depreciated once classified as held for sale. Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are presented separately as current items in the statement of financial position.

A disposal group qualifies as a discontinued operation if it is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and:

- . Represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations.
- Is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical are of operations.

Discontinued operations are excluded from the results of continuing operations and are presented as a single amount as profit or loss after tax from discontinued operations in the statement of profit or loss.

Additional disclosures are provided in note 29. All other notes to the financial statements include amounts for continuing operations, unless otherwise mentioned.

(v) New standards and interpretations not yet effective

The following new and amended Standards and Interpretations which have been issued but are not yet effective have been identified as those which may impact the entity in the period of initial application. Whilst these new and amended Standards and Interpretations are available for early adoption at 30 June 2017, they have not been applied in preparing this financial report.

The Group has made a preliminarily assessment of the impact of the new Accounting Standard AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. A preliminary assessment has been made by considering two main contracts of the Group which comprises 74% of the total revenue of the group. The Group has assessed that accounting for variable consideration under AASB 15 will not have a material impact on the revenue recognition in relation to these key contracts in future periods, rather revenue at the full transaction price will continue to be recognised when control passes to the customer. The Group is still in the process of assessing the full impact of the application of AASB 15 on the Group's financial statements and at this stage, it is not practicable to provide a reasonable financial estimate of the effect until the group completes the detailed review. As a result, the above preliminary assessment is subject to change.

The AASB has issued a new Accounting Standard AASB 16 *Leases* which is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after 1 January 2019; however, early adoption is permitted. This standard requires entities that lease assets to recognise on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases. The Group's current operating leases comprise only of real estate. We are currently assessing the impact the new standard will have on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. Upon adoption of this standard, we expect the Group's balance sheet to include a right of use asset and liability related to these operating lease arrangements.

The Group is yet to make a decision in relation to a transition method for the adoption of the new Accounting Standards AASB 15 and AASB 16.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
- (v) New standards and interpretations not yet effective (continued)

| Reference                               | Title   | Summary  | Application date of standard* | Application date for Group |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| AASB<br>2016-2                          | Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards— Disclosure Initiative: amendments to AASB 107                    | The amendments to AASB 107 statement of cash flows are part of the IASB's Disclosure Initiative and help users of financial statements better understand changes in an entity's debt. The amendments require entities to provide disclosures about changes in their liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes (such as foreign exchange gains or losses).   | 1-Jan-17                      | 1-Jul-17                   |
| AASB<br>2017-2                          | Amendments to<br>Australian<br>Accounting<br>Standards—<br>Further Annual<br>Improvements<br>2014-2016<br>Cycle | This Standard clarifies the scope of AASB 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities by specifying that the disclosure requirements apply to an entity's interests in other entities that are classified as held for sale or discontinued operations in accordance with AASB 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.   | 1-Jan-17                      | 1-Jul-17                   |
| AASB 9, and relevant amending standards | Financial<br>Instruments  | AASB 9 replaces AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.  Except for certain trade receivables, an entity initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), amortised cost, or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI), on the basis of their contractual cash flows and the business model under which the debt instruments are held.  There is a fair value option (FVO) that allows financial assets on initial recognition to be designated as FVTPL if that eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.  Equity instruments are generally measured at FVTPL. However, entities have an irrevocable option on an instrument-by-instrument basis to present changes in the fair value of non-trading instruments in other comprehensive income (OCI) without subsequent reclassification to profit or loss.  For financial liabilities designated as FVTPL using the FVO, the amount of change in the fair value of such financial liabilities that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in OCI. The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation in OCI of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss.  All other AASB 139 classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities have been carried forward into AASB 9, including the embedded derivative separation rules and the criteria for using the FVO.  The incurred credit loss model in AASB 139 has been replaced with an expected credit loss model in AASB 9 has been replaced with an expected oredit loss model in AASB 9.  The requirements for hedge accounting have been amended to more closely align hedge accounting have been amended to more losely align hedge accounting based approach to hedge accounting and add | 1-Jan-18                      | 1-Jul-18                   |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
- (v) New standards and interpretations not yet effective (continued)

| Reference                                | Title   | Summary   | Application date of standard* | Application date for Group |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| AASB<br>2016-5                           | Australian Accounting Standards— Classification and Measurement of                          | This Standard amends AASB 2 Share-based Payment, clarifying how to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions. The amendments provide requirements on the accounting for:  ▶ The effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments  ▶ Share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations  ▶ A modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled.  | 1-Jan-18                      | 1-Jul-18                   |
| AASB 15, and relevant amending standards | Customers   | AASB 15 replaces all existing revenue requirements in Australian Accounting Standards (AASB 111 Construction Contracts, AASB 118 Revenue, AASB Interpretation 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes, AASB Interpretation 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, AASB Interpretation 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers and AASB Interpretation 131 Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services) and applies to all revenue arising from contracts with customers, unless the contracts are in the scope of other standards, such as AASB 117 (or AASB 16 Leases, once applied).  The core principle of AASB 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognises revenue in accordance with the core principle by applying the following steps:  Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer  Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract  Step 3: Determine the transaction price  Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract  Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. | 1-Jan-18                      | 1-Jul-18                   |
| AASB<br>2014-10                          | Australian Accounting Standards— Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its | The amendments clarify that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transfer to an associate or joint venture involves a business as defined in AASB 3 Business Combinations. Any gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that does not constitute a business, however, is recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.  AASB 2015-10 defers the mandatory effective date (application date) of AASB 2014-10 so that the amendments are required to be applied for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 instead of 1 January 2016.   | 1-Jan-18                      | 1-Jul-18                   |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
- (v) New standards and interpretations not yet effective (continued)

| Reference                         | Title   | Summary  | Application date         | Application date      |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| AASB<br>2017-1                    | Improvements<br>2014-2016   | The amendments clarify certain requirements in:  ▶ AASB 1 First-time Adoption of Australian Accounting Standards – deletion of exemptions for first-time adopters and addition of an exemption arising from AASB Interpretation 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration  ▶ AASB 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities – clarification of scope  ▶ AASB 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – measuring an associate or joint venture at fair value  ▶ AASB 140 Investment Property – change in use.   | of standard*<br>1-Jan-18 | for Group<br>1-Jul-18 |
| AASB<br>Interpret-<br>ation<br>22 | Foreign<br>Currency<br>Transactions<br>and Advance<br>Consideration | The Interpretation clarifies that in determining the spot exchange rate to use on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income (or part of it) on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to advance consideration, the date of the transaction is the date on which an entity initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, then the entity must determine a date of the transactions for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.  | 1-Jan-18                 | 1-Jul-18              |
| AASB 16                           | Leases  | AASB 16 requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model in a similar way to finance leases under AASB 117 Leases. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees — leases of 'low-value' assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less). At the commencement date of a lease, a lessee will recognise a liability to make lease payments (i.e., the lease liability) and an asset representing the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e., the right-of-use asset). Lessees will be required to separately recognise the interest expense on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset. Lessees will be required to remeasure the lease liability upon the occurrence of certain events (e.g., a change in the lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine those payments). The lessee will generally recognise the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. Lessor accounting is substantially unchanged from today's accounting under AASB 117. Lessors will continue to classify all leases using the same classification principle as in AASB 117 and distinguish between two types of leases: operating and finance leases. |                          | 1-Jul-19              |

<sup>\*</sup> Designates the beginning of the applicable annual reporting period unless otherwise stated.

### (w) Comparatives

Certain comparatives have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements and estimates on historical experience and on other various factors it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of the carrying values of the assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

Management has identified the following critical accounting policies for which significant judgements, estimates and assumptions are made. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions and may materially affect financial results or the financial position reported in future periods.

Further details of the nature of these assumptions and conditions may be found in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Significant accounting judgements

#### Taxation

Judgement is required in assessing whether deferred tax assets and certain deferred tax liabilities are recognised on the statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets, including those arising from unrecouped tax losses, capital losses and temporary differences, are recognised only where it is considered more likely than not that they will be recovered, which is dependent on the generation of sufficient future taxable profits. Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits and repatriation of retained earnings depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future production and sales volumes, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgements are also required about the application of income tax legislation. These judgements and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities recognised on the statement of financial position and the amount of other tax losses and temporary differences not yet recognised. In such circumstances, some or all of the carrying amounts of recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities may require adjustment, resulting in a corresponding credit or charge to the statement of profit or loss. Refer to note 17 for further information.

#### Impairment of goodwill and plant and equipment

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of the CGU, using a value in use discounted cash flow methodology, to which the goodwill is allocated. At 30 June 2017, the Group has determined that the recoverable amount for the REMSAFE CGU is less than its carrying value, resulting in an impairment charge to the statement of profit or loss of \$5,218,269. The recoverable amount has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections from financial budgets approved by senior management. Refer to note 19 for further information.

Plant and equipment are tested whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Refer to note 18 for further information.

#### Product warranty

In determining the level of provision required for product warranties the Group has made judgements in respect of the expected performance of the product, how often the customers will actually use the product warranty, and the costs of fulfilling the performance of the product warranty. Historical experience and current knowledge of the performance of products have been used in determining this provision. The related carrying amounts are disclosed in note 24.

## Contingent consideration - equity classification

In determining the equity classification of contingent consideration with respect to the Remsafe non-controlling interest transaction, the Group made judgements in respect of the performance targets to be met by REMSAFE. The Group deemed each performance target as non-cumulative, which may be paid in two different 12 month periods and resulting in the issue of a fixed number of shares. If a target is not met, no additional shares will be issued. In this scenario, as each of the targets are independent of one another, the arrangement can be regarded as being two distinct contingent consideration arrangements that are assessed separately. As either zero or the requisite number of shares will be issued if each target is met, the obligation in respect of each arrangement is classified as equity under AASB 132. Refer to note 26(c) for further information.

#### Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. The stage of completion is assessed by reference to the extent of work performed. No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 5. OPERATING SEGMENTS

#### Identification of reportable segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the executive management team (the chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources.

The operating segments are identified by management based on the manner in which the product is sold, whether retail or wholesale, and the nature of the services provided, the identity of service line manager and country of origin. Discrete financial information about each of these operating businesses is reported to the executive management team on at least a monthly basis.

The reportable segments are based on the similarity of the products produced and sold and/or the services provided, as these are the sources of the Group's major risks and have the most effect on the rates of return.

Types of products and services as reported in 2017

#### Unmanned Aerial Vehicles

The Unmanned Aerial Vehicles segment is focused on the design, development and construction of engines and propulsion systems for Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAV) based on Orbital's unique FlexDI<sup>TM</sup> technology for spark ignited heavy fuel engine applications. The Small Unmanned Aerial System (SUAS) engines business was previously reported as part of the System Sales segment. Due to the expansion of the business to include the broader UAV engines business, the business is now reported as a stand-alone operating segment.

#### Safety & Productivity

REMSAFE has developed an electrical isolation system that provides a safety solution which delivers cost savings and increases productivity. The patented isolation system enables plant operators to safely and promptly isolate fixed equipment from its energy source, thereby optimising production, increasing safety and delivering immediate cost savings. REMSAFE products provide for the highest level of safety for high and low voltage electrical isolations.

#### Engineering Services (previously Accelerator)

The Engineering Services segment leverages off the engineering expertise, facilities and experience to commercialise innovative and patent protected technologies. Engineering Service contracts are predominantly complete at 30 June 2017, and therefore this business segment will not be reported subsequent to June 2017.

#### Consumer

The Consumer segment includes royalties and licences from licensees of Orbital technologies. Applications utilising Orbital technologies include outboard engines, auto rickshaws and scooters, representing consumer products. The royalties and licence business was previously reported as a stand-alone operating segment.

The following items and associated assets and liabilities are not allocated to operating segments as they are not considered part of the core operations of any segment:

- Corporate management and finance and administration overhead expenses.
- · Finance costs including adjustments on provisions due to discounting.
- Cash and cash equivalents.
- Borrowings.
- Research and development costs.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire segment assets that are expected to be used for more than one period.

Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis.

#### **Geographical Information**

In presenting geographical information revenue is based on the geographical location of customers and non-current assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

### **Major Customers**

The Group has a number of customers to which it provides both products and services. The UAV supply is to one major customer that accounted for 62% (2016: one customer 16%) of total external revenue. The Safety & Productivity segment supplies to Australian and South African mining companies of which one customer accounted for 32% of total external revenue (2016: 26%). No other customer accounts for more than 10% of revenue.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

### 5. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (a) Operating segments

|   | Unmanne<br>Vehic |           | Safe<br>Produ | -          | Cons      | umer     | _      | Engineeering Co |          | Consolidated |  |
|---|------------------|-----------|---------------|------------|-----------|----------|--------|-----------------|----------|--------------|--|
|   | 2017             | 2016      | 2017          | 2016       | 2017      | 2016     | 2017   | 2016            | 2017     | 2016         |  |
|   | \$'000           | \$'000    | \$'000        | \$'000     | \$'000    | \$'000   | \$'000 | \$'000          | \$'000   | \$'000       |  |
|   |                  |           |               |            |           |          |        |                 |          |              |  |
| Segment Revenue - external customers          | 11,446           | 3,139     | 687           | 5,814      | 802       | 788      | 1,319  | 1,891           | 14,254   | 11,632       |  |
| Unallocated other revenue                     |                  |           |               |            |           |          |        |                 | 115      | 119          |  |
| Total Revenue                                 |                  |           |               |            |           |          |        |                 | 14,369   | 11,751       |  |
| Segment result (i) & (ii)                     | 2,148            | 277       | (8,307)       | (248)      | 312       | 399      | 1,067  | 6               | (4,780)  | 434          |  |
| Unallocated expenses - net (iii)              |                  |           |               |            |           |          |        |                 | (6,352)  | (5,313)      |  |
| Change in fair value of investment            |                  |           |               |            |           |          |        |                 | (568)    | -            |  |
| Finance costs                                 |                  |           |               |            |           |          |        |                 | (576)    | (1,419)      |  |
| Gain on sale of share in equity acco          | ounted inve      | stment    |               |            |           |          |        |                 | -        | 3,861        |  |
| Share of profit from equity accounte          | ed investme      | ent       |               |            |           |          |        |                 | -        | 1,529        |  |
| Foreign currency translation reserve          | e released       | on sale o | f share in    | equity acc | ounted in | vestment |        |                 | -        | 3,607        |  |
| Net (loss) / profit before related income tax |                  |           |               |            |           |          |        | (12,277)        | 2,699    |              |  |
| Income tax benefit/ (expense)                 |                  |           |               |            |           |          |        |                 | 26       | (1,416)      |  |
| (Loss)/ Profit after tax from continui        | ng operatio      | ns        |               |            |           |          |        |                 | (12,251) | 1,283        |  |

|                                      | Unmanne<br>Vehi                               |            | Safe<br>Produ | ,          | Cons       | umer     | Engine<br>Serv | eering | Consol | idated  |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------|---------------|------------|------------|----------|----------------|--------|--------|---------|
|                                      | 2017  | 2016       | 2017          | 2016       | 2017       | 2016     | 2017           | 2016   | 2017   | 2016    |
|                                      | \$'000  | \$'000     | \$'000        | \$'000     | \$'000     | \$'000   | \$'000         | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000  |
| Non-cash (revenue) and expense       | s   |            |               |            |            |          |                |        |        |         |
| Depreciation and amortisation        | 152   | 101        | 73            | 373        | -          | 82       | 354            | 363    | 579    | 919     |
| Equity settled employee compensation | 41  | 61         | 12            | 11         | -          | -        | 2              | 3      | 55     | 75      |
| Impairment of Goodwill               | -   | -          | 5,218         | -          | -          | -        | -              | -      | 5,218  | -       |
| Other non-cash (income)/ expenses    | 420   | -          | -             | -          | -          | (78)     | (225)          | (225)  | 195    | (303)   |
| Segment non-cash expenses            | 613   | 162        | 5,303         | 384        | -          | 4        | 131            | 141    | 6,047  | 691     |
| Equity settled employee compensate   | tion  |            |               |            |            |          |                |        | 110    | 121     |
| Amortisation of non-interest bearing | loans   |            |               |            |            |          |                |        | 540    | 543     |
| Movement in deferred tax             |   |            |               |            |            |          |                |        | (25)   | 72      |
| Finance costs                        |   |            |               |            |            |          |                |        | -      | 876     |
| Share of profit from associate       |   |            |               |            |            |          |                |        | -      | (1,529) |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | e released                                    | on sale of | share in      | equity acc | counted in | vestment |                |        | -      | (3,607) |
| Fair value movement in quoted equ    | Fair value movement in quoted equity shares   |            |               |            |            |          |                |        | 568    | -       |
| Movement in provision for surplus le | Movement in provision for surplus lease space |            |               |            |            |          |                |        | (49)   | (132)   |
| Foreign exchange translation loss/ ( | Foreign exchange translation loss/ (gain)     |            |               |            |            |          |                |        | 72     | (2)     |
| Total non-cash expenses and (reve    | nue)  |            |               |            |            |          |                |        | 7,263  | (2,967) |

<sup>(</sup>i) Research and Development (R&D) income and expenditure have been included within segment results. In the prior period R&D was not allocated to segments. To be consistent with current year allocation of R&D to segments, comparatives have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

<sup>(</sup>iii) Unallocated expenses (net) includes other income and corporate overheads which are not allocated to operating segments as they are considered to support the Group as a whole.



<sup>(</sup>ii) Safety & Productivity includes Goodwill impairment of \$5.218 million in REMSAFE.

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

# 5. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (a) Operating segments

|  | Unmanne<br>Vehi | ed Aerial<br>cles | Safe<br>Produ  | ty &<br>ctivity | Cons           | umer           | Engine<br>Serv | eering<br>vices | Conso          | lidated        |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
|  | 2017<br>\$'000  | 2016<br>\$'000    | 2017<br>\$'000 | 2016<br>\$'000  | 2017<br>\$'000 | 2016<br>\$'000 | 2017<br>\$'000 | 2016<br>\$'000  | 2017<br>\$'000 | 2016<br>\$'000 |
|  |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 |                |                |
| Segment Assets                             | 8,938           | 8,259             | 1,157          | 7,236           | 7              | 290            | 1,140          | 1,615           | 11,242         | 17,400         |
| Unallocated assets                         |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 |                |                |
| Cash                                       |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 | 17,131         | 24,872         |
| Other financial assets                     |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 | 737            | 1,434          |
| Deferred tax asset                         |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 | 5,507          | 5,482          |
| Investments                                |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 | 1,897          | -              |
|  |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 |                |                |
| Consolidated Total Assets                  |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 | 36,514         | 49,188         |
| Segment Liabilities                        | 7,650           | 6,614             | 356            | 1,093           | 19             | 124            | 1,204          | 1,810           | 9,229          | 9,641          |
| Unallocated liabilities                    |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 |                |                |
| Borrowings                                 |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 | 8,102          | 8,279          |
| Consolidated Total Liabilities             |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 | 17,331         | 17,920         |
| Consolidated Net Assets                    |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 | 19,183         | 31,268         |
|  |                 |                   |                |                 |                |                |                |                 |                |                |
| Segment acquisitions of non-current assets | 140             | 161               | 30             | 123             | -              | -              | -              | -               | 170            | 284            |

## (b) Geographic information

|                                 | Ame    | ricas  | Eur    | оре    | As     | sia    | Aust   | ralia  | Afr    | ica    | Consol | idated |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                                 | 2017   | 2016   | 2017   | 2016   | 2017   | 2016   | 2017   | 2016   | 2017   | 2016   | 2017   | 2016   |
|                                 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 | \$'000 |
|                                 |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| Revenue – external<br>customers | 12,161 | 3,829  | 20     | 57     | 629    | 1,486  | 1,221  | 4,294  | 223    | 1,966  | 14,254 | 11,632 |
|                                 |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
| Non-current assets              | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | -      | 7,004  | 12,625 | -      | -      | 7,004  | 12,625 |
|                                 |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

|     |  | CONSOL  | IDATED                                  |
|-----|--|---|---|
|     |  | 2017  | 2016                                    |
|     |  | \$'000  | \$'000                                  |
| 6.  | OTHER REVENUE  |   |   |
|     | Interest revenue   | 115   | 119                                     |
| 7.  | OTHER INCOME   |   |   |
|     | Grant income   | 225   | 430                                     |
|     | Rental income from sub-lease   | 437   | 460                                     |
|     | Research and development (R&D) grant (a)   | 2,728   | 3,071                                   |
|     | Others (b)   | 50_   | 7,491                                   |
|     |  | 3,440   | 11,452                                  |
|     | <ul><li>(a) In accordance with research and development tax legislation the Gaccounted for as a government grant.</li><li>(b) The previous year other income includes profit on sale of the Syncrealisation of the foreign currency translation reserve.</li></ul> |   |   |
| 8.  | EXPENSES   |   |   |
| (a) | Employee benefits expenses   |   |   |
|     | Salaries and wages   | 10,943  | 7,616                                   |
|     | Contributions to defined contributions superannuation funds  | 913   | 913                                     |
|     | Share based payments   | 165   | 196                                     |
|     | Annual leave   | (19)  | 87                                      |
|     | Long service leave   | 146   | 189                                     |
|     | Other associated personnel expenses  | <u>954</u>                                    | 769                                     |
|     |  | 13,102  | 9,770                                   |
| (b) | Finance costs  |   |   |
|     | Non-cash interest expense WA Government Loan   | 540   | 543                                     |
|     | Convertible note interest expense  | -   | 876                                     |
|     |  | 540   | 1,419                                   |
| (c) | Other expenses   |   |   |
|     |  | 202   |   |
|     | Administration   | 298   | 116                                     |
|     | Administration  Marketing & Investor relations   | 298<br>418                                    | 116<br>182                              |
|     | Marketing & Investor relations   |   | 116<br>182<br>-                         |
|     |  | 418   |   |
|     | Marketing & Investor relations Warranty provision  | 418<br>420                                    |   |
|     | Marketing & Investor relations Warranty provision Fair value movement in quoted equity shares Net foreign exchange losses Corporate advisory expenses  | 418<br>420<br>568                             | 182<br>-<br>-                           |
|     | Marketing & Investor relations Warranty provision Fair value movement in quoted equity shares Net foreign exchange losses  | 418<br>420<br>568<br>72<br>444<br><u>91</u>   | 182<br>-<br>-                           |
|     | Marketing & Investor relations Warranty provision Fair value movement in quoted equity shares Net foreign exchange losses Corporate advisory expenses Other  | 418<br>420<br>568<br>72<br>444                | 182<br>-<br>-<br>542<br>-               |
| (d) | Marketing & Investor relations Warranty provision Fair value movement in quoted equity shares Net foreign exchange losses Corporate advisory expenses  | 418<br>420<br>568<br>72<br>444<br><u>91</u>   | 182<br>-<br>-<br>542<br>-<br>111        |
| (d) | Marketing & Investor relations Warranty provision Fair value movement in quoted equity shares Net foreign exchange losses Corporate advisory expenses Other  | 418<br>420<br>568<br>72<br>444<br><u>91</u>   | 182<br>-<br>-<br>542<br>-<br>111        |
| (d) | Marketing & Investor relations Warranty provision Fair value movement in quoted equity shares Net foreign exchange losses Corporate advisory expenses Other  Materials and consumables expenses  | 418<br>420<br>568<br>72<br>444<br>91<br>2,311 | 182<br>-<br>-<br>542<br>-<br>111<br>951 |



768

940\_

(e)

Minimum lease payments - operating lease

Lease payments included in Statement of Profit or Loss

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 8. EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

| 0.  | EXPENSES (CONTINUED)   | CONS       | OLIDATED |
|-----|--|------------|----------|
|     |  | 2017       | 2016     |
|     |  | \$'000     | \$'000   |
| (f) | Research and development costs   |            |          |
|     | R&D costs charged directly to the statement of profit or loss              | 1,912      | 1,986    |
|     |  | 1,912      | 1,900    |
| 9.  | INCOME TAX   |            |          |
| (a) | Recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss                              |            |          |
|     | Current income tax   |            |          |
|     | Current year expense   | -          | (563)    |
|     | Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous year              | -          | (468)    |
|     | Deferred tax   |            |          |
|     | Adjustments in respect of deferred tax of previous years                   | (105)      | -        |
|     | Benefits arising from previously unrecognised tax losses                   | 131        | -        |
|     | Relating to originating and reversing temporary differences                |            | (385)    |
|     | Total income tax expense in statement of profit or loss                    | <u> 26</u> | (1,416)  |
| (b) | Numerical reconciliation between tax benefit and pre-tax net profit/(loss) |            |          |
|     | Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations                        | (12,277)   | 2,699    |
|     | Loss before tax from discontinued operations                               | <u> </u>   | (68)     |
|     | Profit/(loss) before income tax  | (12,277)   | 2,631    |
|     | Income tax using the statutory tax rates                                   | 3,683      | (789)    |
|     | - Effect of higher tax rates in the United States of America               | -          | (217)    |
|     | - Non-deductible expenditure   | (3,445)    | (2,340)  |
|     | - Non assessable income  | 855        | 2,394    |
|     | - Deferred tax asset not recognised  | (1,168)    | (1,076)  |
|     | - Prior year Research and Development non-deductible expenditure           | -          | (468)    |
|     | - De-recognition of US tax losses  | -          | (4,804)  |
|     | - Recognition of previously unrecognised Australian tax losses             | 131        | 5,376    |
|     | - Net withholding tax (paid)/recouped                                      | -          | 1        |
|     | - Other  | -          | 697      |
|     | - United States of America Federal and State taxes                         | (30)       | (190)    |
|     | Income tax expense on pre-tax net profit/(loss)                            | 26         | (1,416)  |

#### (c) Tax consolidation

Members of the tax consolidated group and the tax sharing arrangement:

Orbital Corporation Limited and its 100% owned Australian resident subsidiaries formed a tax consolidated Group with effect from 1 July 2002. Orbital Corporation Limited is the head entity of the tax consolidated Group. Members of the group have entered into a tax sharing agreement that provides for the allocation of income tax liabilities between the entities should the head entity default on its tax payment obligations. No amounts have been recognised in the financial statements in respect of this agreement on the basis that the possibility of default is remote.

Orbital and the controlled entities in the tax consolidated group continue to account for their own current and deferred tax amounts. The Group has applied the 'separate taxpayer within group' approach by reference to the carrying amounts in the separate financial statements of each entity and the tax values applying under tax consolidation.

In addition to its own current and deferred tax amounts, Orbital also recognises current tax liabilities (or assets) and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and unused tax credits assumed from controlled entities in the tax consolidated Group.

The entities have entered into a tax funding arrangement under which the controlled entities fully compensate Orbital for any current tax payable assumed and are compensated by Orbital for any current tax receivable and deferred tax assets relating to unused tax losses or unused tax credits that are transferred to Orbital under the tax consolidation regime. The funding amounts are determined by reference to the amounts recognised in the controlled entities' financial statements. The funding amounts are recognised as current intercompany receivables or payables.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share at 30 June 2017 was based on loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of \$11,948,000 (2016: profit \$1,533,000) and a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year ended 30 June 2017 of 76,811,878 shares (2016: 56,198,664 shares), calculated as follows:

|   | CONSOLIDATED |            |
|---|--------------|------------|
|   | 2017         | 2016       |
|   | \$           | \$         |
| (Loss)/ Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent:                   |              |            |
| Continuing operations   | (11,948,000) | 1,601,000  |
| Discontinued operations   |              | (68,000)   |
| (Loss)/ Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent for basic earnings | (11,948,000) | 1,533,000  |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares  | Number       | Number     |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 June                                   | 76,811,878   | 56,198,664 |
| Effect of potential dilutive ordinary shares  |              | <u> </u>   |
| Weighted average number of potential dilutive ordinary shares at 30 June                | 76,811,878   | 56,198,664 |
| Earnings per share  | Cents        | Cents      |
| Basic earnings per share  | (15.55)      | 2.73       |
| Diluted earnings per share  | (15.55)      | 2.73       |

Rights granted to employees (including Key Management Personnel) as described in note 33 are considered to be contingently issuable potential ordinary shares. These potential ordinary shares have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share. Contingent consideration of 4,000,000 Orbital shares to be issued to the Lane Trust for acquisition of the remaining 38.5% interest in REMSAFE has not been included in the diluted earnings per share calculation as they are contingent on future events. In the previous year, 900,000 performance rights have not been included in the diluted earnings per share calculation as they were contingent on future events.

|     |   | CONS   | OLIDATED |
|-----|---|--------|----------|
|     |   | 2017   | 2016     |
|     |   | \$'000 | \$'000   |
| 11. | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS   |        |          |
|     | Cash at bank  | 3,838  | 10,398   |
|     | Cash at bank – US dollars   | 12,290 | 13,705   |
|     | Cash at bank – European currency units  | 3      | 3        |
|     | At call deposits – financial institutions*  | 1,000  | 766      |
|     |   | 17,131 | 24,872   |
|     | * The deposits are at call with an Australian Bank, earning an interest rate of 2%. |        |          |
| 12. | OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES                                    |        |          |
| (a) | Other financial assets  |        |          |
|     | Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss                              |        |          |
|     | Investment in quoted equity shares  | 1,897  |          |
|     | Short term deposits at amortised cost   |        |          |
|     | Short term deposits   | 737    | 1,434    |
|     | Total other financial assets  | 2,634  | 1,434    |

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 12. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)
- (a) Other financial assets (continued)

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss represents investment in equity shares of a listed company. The Group holds a non-controlling interest in the entity. Fair value of these equity shares are determined by reference to published price quotations in an active market.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value represented as other expense (negative net changes in fair value) or other income (positive net changes in fair value) in the statement of profit or loss.

#### Short term deposits at amortised cost

Short term deposits represents term deposits with financial institutions for periods greater than 90 days and less than 365 days earning interest at the respective term deposit rates at time of lodgement.

Due to the short-term nature of the deposits, its carrying value approximates fair value. Short term deposits are only invested with a major financial institution to minimise the risk of default by counter parties.

The Group has pledged short term deposits of \$72,000 (2016: \$672,000) held as collateral for performance guarantees under contractual arrangements related to customer agreements and \$665,000 (2016: \$1,430,000) held as collateral for the financing facilities. Refer note 21 for further details on financing facility.

|                                      | CONSOLIDA<br>2017 | 2016   |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| Other financial liabilities          | \$'000            | \$'000 |
| Financial liabilities and borrowings |                   |        |
| Current                              |                   |        |
| Loans and advances - secured         | 860               | 717    |
| Total current borrowings             | 860               | 717    |
| Non-current                          |                   |        |
| Loans and advances - secured         | 7,242             | 7,562  |
| Total non-current borrowings         | 7,242             | 7,562  |

#### Loans and advances - secured

The Government of Western Australia had previously provided the company with a fully utilised loan facility of \$19,000,000 under the terms of a "Development Agreement". During the 2010 year Orbital reached agreement with the WA Government through the Department of Commerce for the restructure of the Non-Interest Bearing Loan.

Under the agreed restructure, the original loan has been terminated and replaced by a new loan of \$14,346,000 with the following terms and conditions.

- Term 2010 to 2025.
- Repayments Commencing May 2010 at \$200,000 per annum.
- Repayments Increasing annually to a maximum of \$2,100,000 per annum in 2023.
- Interest free.

(b)

The restructured loan's net fair value utilising a market interest rate of 6.52% was \$7,558,000 on initial recognition.

Subsequent to initial recognition the loan is carried at amortised cost. Amortisation for the year ended 30 June 2017 was \$540,000 (2016: \$543,000). The carrying value as at 30 June 2017 is \$8,102,000 (2016: \$8,279,000), of which \$860,000 relates to short term borrowings (2016: \$717,000) and \$7,242,000 relates to long term borrowings (2016: \$7,562,000).

This loan facility is secured by way of a first ranking floating debenture over the whole of the assets and undertakings of the Company.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 12. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)
- (c) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and short-term deposits, receivables, investment in quoted equity shares, payables, and financial liabilities.

The Group manages its exposure to key financial risks, including interest rate and currency risk in accordance with the Group's financial risk management policy. The objective of the policy is to support the delivery of the Group's financial targets whilst protecting future financial security.

The Group from time-to-time enters into derivative transactions, principally forward currency contracts. The purpose is to manage the currency risks arising from the Group's operations and its sources of revenue. The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and equity price risk. The Group uses different methods to measure and manage different types of risks to which it is exposed. These include monitoring levels of exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange risk and assessments of market forecasts for interest and foreign exchange rates. Ageing analyses and monitoring of specific credit allowances are undertaken to manage credit risk, liquidity risk is monitored through the development of future rolling cash flow forecasts. The Group's Board of Directors reviews and approves all equity investment decisions and the equity portfolio is reviewed by the Group's senior management on a regular basis.

The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks as summarised below.

Primary responsibility for identification and control of financial risks rests with the Board. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of the risks identified below, including the setting of limits for hedging cover of foreign currency and interest rate risk, credit allowances, and future cash flow forecast projections.

**Risk Exposures and Responses** 

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's cash, cash equivalents on deposit and term deposits with Australian banks.

The primary goal of the Group is to maximize returns on surplus cash, using deposits with maturities of less than 90 days. Management continually monitors the returns on funds invested. The Group also has a term deposit of greater than 90 days and less than 365 days that has been pledged as security to the Group's bankers for financial arrangements.

At balance date, the Group had the following mix of financial assets and financial liabilities exposed to Australian variable interest rate risk that are not designated in cash flow hedges:

|                           | CONSOLIDATED |        |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------|
|                           | 2017         | 2016   |
|                           | \$'000       | \$'000 |
| Financial Assets          |              |        |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 17,131       | 24,872 |
| Short term deposits       | 737          | 1,434  |
|                           | 17,868       | 26,306 |

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the interest rate risk exposures in existence at reporting date:

At 30 June 2017, if interest rates had moved, as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post tax profit and other comprehensive income would have been affected as follows:



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 12. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)
- (c) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

|                         | Post tax profit/(loss) Higher/(Lower) |        | Other comprehensi<br>Higher/(Low |        |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------|--------|
|                         | 2017 2016                             |        | 2017                             | 2016   |
|                         | \$'000                                | \$'000 | \$'000                           | \$'000 |
| Consolidated            |                                       |        |                                  |        |
| +1% (100 basis points)  | 179                                   | 263    | -                                | _      |
| - 1% (100 basis points) | (178)                                 | (263)  | <u>-</u> _                       |        |

Foreign currency risk

As a result of the large USD cash balance resulting from the sale of investment in Synerject LLC in the previous year, the Group's Statement of Profit or Loss and Statement of Financial Position can be affected significantly by movements in the US\$/A\$ exchange rates.

The Group also has transactional currency exposures. Such exposure arises from sales or purchases by an operating entity in currencies other than the functional currency.

Approximately 61% (2016: 27%) of the Group's sales from continuing operations are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the operating entity making the sale, whilst approximately 14% (2016: 17%) of costs from continuing operations are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the operating entity making the expenditure.

In the current year, the Group did not enter into any forward foreign currency contracts. The Group does not hold foreign currency positions for trading purposes.

At 30 June 2017, the Group had the following exposure to US\$ foreign currency that is not designated in cash flow hedges:

|                             | CONSOLIDATED |        |  |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------|--|
|                             | 2017         | 2016   |  |
|                             | \$'000       | \$'000 |  |
| Financial Assets            |              |        |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | 12,290       | 13,705 |  |
| Trade and other receivables | 2,452        | 1,274  |  |
|                             | 14,742       | 14,979 |  |
|                             |              |        |  |
| Financial Liabilities       |              |        |  |
| Trade and other payables    | 11_          | 106    |  |
|                             |              |        |  |

At 30 June 2017, had the Australian Dollar moved, as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post tax profit and other comprehensive income would have been affected as follows:

|              | Post tax profit/(loss) Higher/(Lower) |        | Other comprehensive income<br>Higher/(Lower) |        |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|--------|--|--------|
|              | 2017 2016                             |        | 2017   | 2016   |
|              | \$'000                                | \$'000 | \$'000                                       | \$'000 |
| Consolidated |                                       |        |  |        |
| AUD/USD +5%  | -701                                  | -708   | -  | -      |
| AUD/USD -5%  | 775                                   | 783    | <u> </u>                                     |        |



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 12. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)
- (c) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments. Maximum exposure to credit risk equals to the carrying amount of these financial assets (as outlined in each applicable note).

It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures including an assessment of their independent credit rating, financial position, past experience and industry reputation. Risk limits are set for each individual customer in accordance with parameters set by management. These risk limits are regularly monitored.

In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group, other than the research and development grant receivable from the Australian Government. Financial instruments are only invested with a major financial institution to minimise the risk of default of counterparties. An ageing of receivables is included in Note 14.

Liquidity risk

The external borrowings of the Group at 30 June 2017 consist of an interest free Western Australian Government loan of \$14,346,000 repayable in yearly instalments from May 2010 to May 2025.

The table below reflects all contractually fixed pay-offs, repayments and interest resulting from recognised financial liabilities as of 30 June 2017. For all obligations the respective undiscounted cash flows for the respective upcoming fiscal years are presented. Cash flows for financial liabilities without fixed amount or timing are based on the conditions existing at 30 June 2017. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as is possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due and payable without incurring unacceptable losses or risks.

#### The remaining contractual maturities of the Group's financial liabilities are:

|                  | CONSOLIDATED |        |
|------------------|--------------|--------|
|                  | 2017         | 2016   |
|                  | \$'000       | \$'000 |
| 6 months or less | 6,498        | 6,456  |
| 6-12 months      | 860          | 717    |
| 1-5 years        | 5,540        | 4,616  |
| Over 5 years     | 4,447        | 6,230  |
|                  | 17,345       | 18,019 |

Equity price risk

The Group's listed equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. At the reporting date, the exposure to listed equity securities at fair value was \$1,897,000 (2016: \$nil).

Had the quoted price of the investment in quoted equity shares listed on ASX held by Group been 5% higher/lower with all other variables held constant the group's profit or loss would have been \$95,000 higher/lower, arising as a result of an increase/decrease in the fair value of equity instruments. Comparison of fair values to carrying amounts of these investments have been provided in Note 13.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 13. FAIR VALUES

Comparison of fair values to carrying amounts by class of financial instrument, other than those where their carrying amounts approximate fair value:

|                                    | Carrying A | Carrying Amounts |        | Value  |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------------|--------|--------|
|                                    | 2017       | 2016             | 2017   | 2016   |
|                                    | \$'000     | \$'000           | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Financial Assets                   |            |                  |        |        |
| Investment in quoted equity shares | 1,897      | -                | 1,897  | -      |
| Total                              | 1,897      | -                | 1,897  | -      |
| Financial Liabilities              |            |                  |        |        |
| Loans and advances - secured       | 8,102      | 8,279            | 6,586  | 6,520  |
| Total                              | 8,102      | 8,279            | 6,586  | 6,520  |

The Group assessed that cash and short-term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values of financial instruments:

- The fair values of the quoted equity shares are based on price quotations at the reporting date in active markets.
- The fair value of the Group's secured loan is calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows at the prevailing market interest rate at reporting date 2017: 12% (2016: 12%).

The following table provide the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities:

| As at 30 June 2017:  | Fair value measurement using |                                       |                               |                                       |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|  | Total                        | Quoted prices<br>in active<br>markets | Significant observable inputs | Significant<br>unobservable<br>inputs |
|  |                              | (Level 1)                             | (Level 2)                     | (Level 3)                             |
|  | \$'000                       | \$'000                                | \$'000                        | \$'000                                |
| Financial assets for which fair values are disclosed:      |                              |                                       |                               |                                       |
| Investment in quoted equity shares                         | 1,897                        | 1,897                                 | -                             | -                                     |
|  | 1,897                        | 1897                                  | -                             | -                                     |
| Financial liabilities for which fair values are disclosed: |                              |                                       |                               |                                       |
| Loans and advances - secured                               | 6,586                        | -                                     | 6,586                         | -                                     |
|  | 6,586                        | -                                     | 6,586                         | -                                     |

The following table provide the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities:

| As at 30 June 2016:  |        | Fair value                            | ment using                          |                                       |
|--|--------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|  | Total  | Quoted prices<br>in active<br>markets | Significant<br>observable<br>inputs | Significant<br>unobservable<br>inputs |
|  |        | (Level 1)                             | (Level 2)                           | (Level 3)                             |
|  | \$'000 | \$'000                                | \$'000                              | \$'000                                |
| Financial liabilities for which fair values are disclosed: |        |                                       |                                     |                                       |
| Loans and advances - secured                               | 6,520  | -                                     | 6,520                               | -                                     |
|  | 6,520  | -                                     | 6,520                               | -                                     |
|  |        |                                       |                                     |                                       |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

|     |                             | CONSOLIDATED |        |
|-----|-----------------------------|--------------|--------|
|     |                             | 2017         | 2016   |
|     |                             | \$'000       | \$'000 |
| 14. | TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES |              |        |
|     | Current                     |              |        |
|     | Trade receivables           | 3,989        | 3,174  |
|     |                             | 3,989        | 3,174  |
|     | Accrued royalties           | 180          | 199    |
|     | Other receivables           | 2,074        | 2,305  |
|     | Prepayments                 | 222          | 331    |
|     |                             | 6,465        | 6,009  |

#### (a) Allowance for impairment loss

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30-60 day terms. An allowance for impairment loss is recognised when there is objective evidence that an individual trade receivable is impaired. No impairment allowance has been recognised by the Group at balance date (2016: \$nil).

At 30 June, the ageing of trade receivables (\$'000) is as follows:

|      |              | Total | 0-30 days | 31-60 days | 61-90 days<br>PDNI* | +91 days<br>PDNI* | +91 days<br>CI** |
|------|--------------|-------|-----------|------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 2017 | Consolidated | 3,989 | 3,854     | 54         | 50                  | 31                | -                |
| 2016 | Consolidated | 3,174 | 2,630     | 22         | 84                  | 438               | -                |

<sup>\*</sup> Past due not impaired

Receivables past due but not considered impaired are \$81,000 (2016:\$522,000). Payment terms on these amounts have not been re-negotiated. Management has been in contact with each relevant debtor and is satisfied that payments will be received in full.

Other balances within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets and are not past due. It is expected that these other balances will be received when due.

### (b) Foreign exchange and interest rate risk

Detail regarding foreign exchange and interest rate risk exposure is disclosed in note 12.

#### 15. INVENTORIES

| Raw materials (at cost)                                    | 1,908 | 1,652 |
|--|-------|-------|
| Work in progress (at cost)                                 | 828   | 2,320 |
| Finished goods (at lower of cost and net realisable value) | 544   | 276   |
|  | 3,280 | 4,248 |

#### Inventory expense

Inventories recognised as an expense from continued operations for the year ended 30 June 2017 totalled \$3,394,000 (2016: \$1,143,000) for the Group (Refer to Note 8(d)). REMSAFE inventories of \$14,000 were written-down to their net realisable value of \$nil at 30 June 2017.



<sup>\*\*</sup> Considered impaired

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 16. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

#### (a) Interest in Synerject LLC

The Group sold its 30% share in Synerject on 31 October 2015 for US\$17.8 million.

The principal activities of Synerject LLC are the marketing, sale and manufacture, including research and development in the area of engine management systems and components in the marine, recreational, motorcycle and utility markets. Application centres in Europe, China, Taiwan and the United States provide on-site support of customer development and production programs.

The Group accounted for the investment in Synerject using the equity method.

Other information for Synerject is as follows:

Country of incorporation: USA Financial Year end: 31-Dec

|     |  | CONSOLIDATED |          |  |
|-----|--|--------------|----------|--|
|     |  | 2017         | 2016     |  |
|     |  | \$'000       | \$'000   |  |
| (b) | Movement in the carrying amount of the Group's interest in Synerject |              |          |  |
|     | Beginning of year  | -            | 17,826   |  |
|     | Share of profits after tax   | -            | 1,529    |  |
|     | Share of reserves  | -            | (119)    |  |
|     | Dividends received   | -            | -        |  |
|     | Unrealised foreign exchange movements                                | -            | 1,051    |  |
|     | Sale of interest   | -            | (20,287) |  |
|     | End of year  | -            |          |  |
| (c) | Results of Synerject   |              |          |  |
|     | Share of Synerject's net profit                                      |              | 1,529    |  |

#### 17. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

### Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

| Consolidated                        | Deferred | Tax Assets | Deferred Ta | x Liabilities | I      | Net    |
|-------------------------------------|----------|------------|-------------|---------------|--------|--------|
|                                     | 2017     | 2016       | 2017        | 2016          | 2017   | 2016   |
|                                     | \$'000   | \$'000     | \$'000      | \$'000        | \$'000 | \$'000 |
| Tax value of loss carry-forwards    |          |            |             |               |        |        |
| recognised                          | 5,507    | 5,376      | -           | -             | 5,507  | 5,376  |
| Other net temporary differences (a) | -        | 106        | -           | -             | -      | 106    |
| Net deferred tax assets             | 5,507    | 5,482      | -           | -             | 5,507  | 5,482  |

The Group recognised A\$5,507,000 (2016: A\$5,376,000) of deferred tax assets after assessing the likelihood of offsetting carried forward tax losses against future taxable profits. Management has assessed the deferred tax asset as recoverable based on forecasted future taxable profits in the Group's business plan. The Group's business plan has been developed using existing customer contracts for Unmanned Aerial Vehicles as the basis for forecasting future revenues and taxable profits from the supply of high-value UAV Propulsion systems.

The Group has tax losses that arose in Australia of A\$71,868,452 (2016: A\$70,256,783) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 17. **DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

Under the tax laws of the United States of America (USA), tax losses that cannot be fully utilised for tax purposes during the current year may be carried forward, subject to some statutory limitations, to reduce taxable income in future years. At 30 June 2017, the available tax carry forward losses of US\$11,286,304 (2016: US\$11,286,304) expire between the years 2018 and 2024. The Group has not recognised a deferred tax asset in relation to unused tax losses in the USA.

### Movement in temporary differences during the comparative year

|   | Consolidated |                     |                    |           |  |
|---|--------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
|   | Balance      | Acquired during the | Recog-<br>nised in | Balance   |  |
|   | 1-Jul-15     | year                | income             | 30-Jun-16 |  |
|   | \$'000       | \$'000              | \$'000             | \$'000    |  |
| Tax value of loss carry-forwards recognised               | 5,621        | -                   | (245)              | 5,376     |  |
| Other net temporary differences                           | -            | -                   | 105                | 105       |  |
| Net tax assets  | 5,621        | -                   | (140)              | 5,481     |  |
| Movement in temporary differences during the current year |              |                     |                    |           |  |
|   |              | Consolidated        |                    |           |  |

|   | Consolidated                |        |                    |           |
|---|-----------------------------|--------|--------------------|-----------|
|   | Balance Acquired during the |        | Recog-<br>nised in | Balance   |
|   | 1-Jul-16                    | year   | income             | 30-Jun-17 |
|   | \$'000                      | \$'000 | \$'000             | \$'000    |
| Tax value of loss carry-forwards recognised | 5,376                       | -      | 131                | 5,507     |
| Other net temporary differences             | 105                         | -      | (105)              | -         |
| Net tax assets                              | 5,481                       | -      | 26                 | 5,507     |

|     |   | CONSC  | DLIDATED |
|-----|---|--------|----------|
|     |   | 2017   | 2016     |
|     |   | \$'000 | \$'000   |
| (a) | Other net temporary differences   |        |          |
|     | Deferred tax assets   |        |          |
|     | Annual leave  | -      | 50       |
|     | Long service leave  | -      | 40       |
|     | Revenue in advance  | -      | 15       |
|     |   |        | 105      |
| (b) | Unrecognised deferred tax assets  |        |          |
|     | Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items: |        |          |

| Australia (net at 30%)             |        |        |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Tax losses                         | 16,054 | 15,701 |
| Capital loss on investment         | 1,934  | 1,934  |
| Other net temporary differences    | 2,282  | 2,186  |
|                                    | 20,270 | 19,821 |
| United States of America (net 34%) |        |        |
| Tax losses                         | 5,167  | 5,167  |
|                                    | 5,167  | 5,167  |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

|     |   | CONSO                       | LIDATED          |
|-----|---|-----------------------------|------------------|
|     |   | 2017                        | 2016             |
|     |   | \$'000                      | \$'000           |
| 18. | PLANT AND EQUIPMENT   |                             |                  |
|     | Plant and equipment   |                             |                  |
|     | Gross carrying amount at cost   | 18,288                      | 18,190           |
|     | Less: accumulated depreciation  | (16,791)                    | (16,265)         |
|     | Total plant and equipment – net book value  | 1,497                       | 1,925            |
|     | Reconciliations   |                             |                  |
|     | Reconciliations of the carrying amounts for plant and equipment is set out below:                               |                             |                  |
|     | Plant and equipment   |                             |                  |
|     | Carrying amount at beginning of year  | 1,925                       | 2,259            |
|     | Additions   | 170                         | 284              |
|     | Disposals   | (19)                        | (48)             |
|     | Depreciation  | (579)                       | (570)            |
|     | Carrying amount at end of year  | 1,497                       | 1,925            |
|     | All plant and equipment of the Group are subject to floating charges under the loa Australia (see note 12 (b)). | an facility with the Goveri | nment of Western |
| 19. | INTANGIBLES AND GOODWILL  |                             |                  |
|     | Goodwill acquired in business combinations  | -                           | 5,218            |
|     | Total intangibles and goodwill – net book value   |                             | 5,218            |
|     | Net carrying value  |                             |                  |
|     | Goodwill acquired in business combinations  |                             |                  |
|     | At cost   | 5,218                       | 5,218            |
|     | Less: allowance for impairment  | (5,218)                     | ,<br>-           |
|     | Carrying amount at end of year  | <u>-</u>                    | 5,218            |
|     | Customer contracts acquired in business combinations  |                             |                  |
|     | At cost   | _                           | 597              |
|     | Less: accumulated amortisation  | _                           | (597)            |
|     | Carrying amount at end of year  |                             |                  |
| (a) | Reconciliation of carrying amounts at the beginning and end of the period                                       |                             |                  |
|     | Reconciliations of the carrying amounts for goodwill:   |                             |                  |
|     | Carrying amount at beginning of year  | 5,218                       | 5,218            |
|     | Impairment charge   | (5,218)                     | <u>-</u> _       |
|     | Carrying amount at end of year  |                             | 5,218            |
|     | Reconciliations of the carrying amounts for customer contracts:   |                             |                  |
|     | Carrying amount at beginning of year  | -                           | 312              |
|     | Amortisation  | <u> </u>                    | (312)            |
|     | Carrying amount at end of year  |                             |                  |
|     |   |                             |                  |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 19. INTANGIBLES AND GOODWILL (CONTINUED)
- (b) Description of the Group's intangible assets and goodwill

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arose on the acquisition of REMSAFE Pty Ltd on 4 February 2015 (\$5,218,000).

#### **Customer contracts**

Customer contracts were acquired as part of the REMSAFE acquisition and recognised separately from goodwill. The customer contracts are carried at cost (fair value at the date of acquisition) less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Following initial recognition, customer contracts are amortised based on the estimated timing of when the benefits are expected to be received from such contracts.

#### (c) Assessment of impairment

The Group performed its annual impairment test in June 2017. The Group considered the downturn in large-scale capital expenditures within REMSAFE's principal market of Western Australian Iron Ore as a primary indicator of impairment.

Impairment test for Goodwill

#### **REMSAFE**

The overall decline in capital expenditures within the Western Australian mining industry, in addition to ongoing economic uncertainty, has lead to decreased demand in Remote Isolation Systems.

The recoverable amount for the REMSAFE CGU as at 30 June 2017 has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections from financial budgets approved by senior management covering a four year period. The projected cash flows have been updated to reflect the decreased demand for products and services. The pre-tax discount rate applied to cash flow projections is 16.41% (2016:15.98%) and cash flows beyond the four year period have not been extrapolated. It was concluded the fair value less costs was lower than value in use. As a result of this analysis, management has recognised an impairment charge of \$5,218,269 in the current year against goodwill with a carrying amount of \$5,218,269. The impairment charge is recorded in the statement of profit or loss.

### Key assumptions used in value in use calculations

- (a) The calculation of value in use for the REMSAFE CGU is most sensitive to the following key assumptions:
- Market share assumptions
- Discount rates
- (b) Basis for determining values assigned to key assumptions

Market share assumptions – The value in use model has been updated to reflect decreased demand for the REMSAFE technology and therefore assumes lower growth rates in sales volumes compared to prior year projections. Market share growth rates used within the model have primarily been restricted to existing customer's demand for the REMSAFE technology.

Management recognises that the speed of adoption of the REMSAFE technology in new markets may take a number of years. The value assigned to the market share assumption have primarily been based on existing customers' requirements.

Discount rates – The discount rate is based on the company's weighted average cost of capital (WACC) and is adjusted for risks specific to the cash generating unit to the extent these risks have not been incorporated into the cash flow estimate.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

|     |   | CONSOLIDATED                   |                 |  |
|-----|---|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|
|     |   | 2017                           | 2016            |  |
|     |   | \$'000                         | \$'000          |  |
| 20. | TRADE PAYABLES AND OTHER LIABILITIES  |                                |                 |  |
|     | Current   |                                |                 |  |
|     | Trade and other payables  | 6,498                          | 6,454           |  |
| (a) | Interest rate, foreign exchange and liquidity risk  |                                |                 |  |
|     | Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day to and liquidity risk exposure is set out in note 12.                              | erms. Information regarding fo | oreign exchange |  |
| 21. | FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS  The consolidated entity has standby arrangements with HSBC and Bankwest to  | o provide support facilities:  |                 |  |
|     | Total facilities available  |                                |                 |  |
|     | Corporate credit card facility  | 200                            | 280             |  |
|     | Bank guarantee  | 465                            | 1,150           |  |
|     | ·   | 665                            | 1,430           |  |
|     |   |                                |                 |  |
|     | Facilities utilised at balance date   |                                |                 |  |
|     | Corporate credit card facility  | 60                             | 30              |  |
|     | Bank guarantee  | 465                            | 1,150           |  |
|     |   | 525                            | 1,180           |  |
|     | Facilities not utilised at balance date   |                                |                 |  |
|     | Corporate credit card facility  | 140                            | 250             |  |
|     | , ,   | 140                            | 250             |  |
|     |   |                                |                 |  |
|     | The Group has pledged short term deposits of \$665,000 (2016: \$1,430,000) he A bank guarantee has been provided for the benefit of the landlords of the Bald |                                | ing facilities. |  |
| 22. | EMPLOYEE BENEFITS   |                                |                 |  |
| (a) | Current   |                                |                 |  |
|     | Annual leave  | 605                            | 889             |  |
|     | Long service leave  | 953                            | 1,265           |  |
|     |   | 1,558                          | 2,154           |  |
| (b) | Non-Current   |                                |                 |  |
|     | Long service leave  | <u> 36</u>                     | 42              |  |
| (0) | Aggregate liability for employee entitlements   |                                |                 |  |
| (c) | Aggregate hability for employee enducinents   | 1,594                          | 2,196           |  |
|     | The present value of employee entitlements have been calculated using the following   | llowing weighted averages:     |                 |  |
|     | Assumed rate of increase in wage and salary rates   | 3.50%                          | 3.50%           |  |
|     | Discount rate at 30 June  | 2.28%                          | 2.98%           |  |
|     | Settlement term (years)   | 10                             | 10              |  |
|     |   | -                              |                 |  |
|     | Number of employees   |                                |                 |  |
|     | Number of employees at year end   | 62                             | 04              |  |
|     | riumber of employees at year end  | <u>62</u>                      | 81              |  |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

|     |   | CONSOI                        | LIDATED          |
|-----|---|-------------------------------|------------------|
|     |   | 2017                          | 2016             |
|     |   | \$'000                        | \$'000           |
| 23. | GOVERNMENT GRANTS   |                               |                  |
|     | Current liabilities   |                               |                  |
|     | Investment grant for construction of heavy duty engine testing facility   | 225                           | 225              |
|     | Non-current liabilities   |                               |                  |
|     | Investment grant for construction of heavy duty engine testing facility   | 299                           | 524              |
|     | Total government grants deferred  | 524                           | 749              |
|     | Movement in government grants   |                               |                  |
|     | At 1 July   | 749                           | 974              |
|     | Released to the statement of profit or loss   | (225)                         | (225)            |
|     | At 30 June  | 524                           | 749              |
|     | In June 2008 the Group received funding of \$2,760,000 from the Commonw Conversion Program administered by the Department of the Environment construction of a heavy duty engine test facility.  The government grant will be recognised as income over the periods and heavy duty engine test facility is charged. | nt, Water, Heritage and the A | Arts towards the |
| 24. | OTHER PROVISIONS  |                               |                  |
| (a) | Current   |                               |                  |
|     | Marrantina  | 420                           |                  |
|     | Warranties  | 420                           | -<br>57          |
|     | Surplus lease space   | <u>57</u><br>477              | 57<br><b>57</b>  |
| (b) | Non-Current   | 4//                           |                  |
|     |   | 400                           | 405              |
|     | Surplus lease space   | <u> 136</u>                   | 185              |
| (c) | Reconciliations   |                               |                  |
|     | Reconciliations of the carrying amounts for each class of provisions are set  | out below:                    |                  |
|     | Warranties – current  |                               |                  |
|     | Carrying amount at beginning of year  | -                             | 100              |
|     | Arising during the year   | 420                           | -                |
|     | Utilised  | <del>-</del> _                | (100)            |
|     | Carrying amount at end of year  | 420                           |                  |
|     | Surplus lease space – current   |                               |                  |
|     | Carrying amount at beginning of year  | 57                            | 141              |
|     | Utilised  | (86)                          | (170)            |
|     | Reclassified from non-current   | 86                            | 86               |
|     | Carrying amount at end of year  | 57_                           | 57               |
|     | Surplus lease space – non-current   |                               |                  |
|     | Carrying amount at beginning of year  | 185                           | 233              |
|     | Arising during the year   | 37                            | 38               |
|     | Reclassified to current   | (86)                          | (86)             |
|     | Carrying amount at end of year  | 136                           | 185              |
|     | <del>-</del>  |                               |                  |



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 24. OTHER PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Reconciliations (continued)

The product warranty provision relates to sales of propulsion system assemblies for UAVs. In determining the level of provision required for product warranties, the Group has made judgements in respect of the expected performance of the product, how often the customers will actually use the product warranty, and the costs of fulfilling the performance of the product warranty. Historical experience and current knowledge of the performance of products have been used in determining this provision. The movement in the provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the line item "Other Expenses". Considering that this provision relates to a newly developed product, it is not possible to estimate the expected timing of the warranty claims at this stage. However, based on the warranty terms, these costs will have been incurred within two years from the date of sale.

Surplus lease space provision relates to certain unutilised office space under lease agreement ending in January 2021 and accordingly will be utilised in the next four years. The provision takes account of rental income the Group would recover by sub-letting the space. In the prior period, a sub-lease agreement was entered into and rental from the sub-lease agreement is recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the line item "other income".

|  | 2017       |        |
|--|------------|--------|
| 25. SHARE CAPITAL  | \$'000     | \$'000 |
| Ordinary shares  | 31,106     | 30,051 |
| Movement in ordinary shares on issue                             | Number     | \$'000 |
| At 1 July 2015   | 48,979,099 | 20,021 |
| Shares issued pursuant to employee share plan                    | 95,646     | 57     |
| Shares issued under performance rights plan                      | 900,000    | 158    |
| Convertible note interest elected to be paid in shares           | 1,359,352  | 679    |
| Convertible notes converted during the period                    | 24,000,000 | 9,136  |
| At 30 June 2016  | 75,334,097 | 30,051 |
| At 1 July 2016   | 75,334,097 | 30,051 |
| Acquisition of remaining 38.5% interest in REMSAFE (note 26 (c)) | 1,000,000  | 860    |
| Shares issued pursuant to employee share plan (note 33(b))       | 61,785     | 57     |
| Shares issued under performance rights plan (note 33(c))         | 900,000    | 138    |
| At 30 June 2017  | 77,295,882 | 31,106 |

Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at shareholders' meetings.

In the event of winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after creditors and are fully entitled to any proceeds of liquidation.

On 13 October 2016 Orbital acquired the remaining 38.5% minority interest in REMSAFE from the Lane Trust in consideration for 1,000,000 Orbital shares at an issue price of \$0.86 per share.

On 1 March 2016, the Company gave notice to redeem all Convertible Notes outstanding as at 29 February 2016. As a result, note holders exercised their right to convert and all 153 Notes outstanding at that date were converted to ordinary shares. Prior to the early redemption at 29 February 2016, 39 Notes were converted in the 2016 financial year and 8 Notes were converted in the 2015 financial year.

#### Capital management

When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management also aims to maintain a capital structure that ensures the lowest cost of capital, provides a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management defines capital as contributed shareholder equity.



## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

|     |   |   |  |                                       |                               | CONSOLIDA                           | ATED                      |
|-----|---|---|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
|     |   |   |  |                                       | 2017                          |                                     | 2016                      |
| 26. | ACCUMULATED LOSSES AND RESER  | VES                                       |  |                                       | \$'000                        |                                     | \$'000                    |
| (a) | Movements in retained earnings were   | as follows:                               |  |                                       |                               |                                     |                           |
|     | Balance 1 July<br>Net (loss)/profit attributable to Equity hold<br>Balance 30 June  | ders of the Par                           | ent  | -<br>-                                | (967)<br>(11,948)<br>(12,915) | <br>=                               | (2,500)<br>1,533<br>(967) |
| (b) | Other reserves  |   |  |                                       |                               |                                     |                           |
| , , | Consolidated  | Employee<br>Equity<br>Benefits<br>Reserve | Foreign<br>Currency<br>Transla-<br>tion<br>Reserve | Contin-<br>gent<br>Conside-<br>ration | Consoli-<br>dation<br>Reserve | Conver-<br>tible<br>Note<br>Reserve | Total                     |
|     |   | \$'000                                    | \$'000   | \$'000                                | \$'000                        | \$'000                              | \$'000                    |
|     | Balance 1 July 2015<br>Equity-settled transaction-employee<br>Other comprehensive (loss)/ income                                    | 1,807<br>(19)<br>                         | 1,900<br>-<br>(1,900)                              | -<br>-<br>-                           | (670)<br>-<br>-               | 248<br>-<br>-                       | 3,285<br>(19)<br>(1,900)  |
|     | Balance at 30 June 2016   | 1,788                                     | -  | -                                     | (670)                         | 248                                 | 1,366                     |
|     | Balance 1 July 2016 Acquisition of non-controlling interests Equity-settled transaction-employee Other comprehensive income/ (loss) | 1,788<br>-<br>(29)<br>-                   | -<br>-<br>-  | 3,440<br>-<br>-                       | (670)<br>(3,785)<br>-<br>-    | 248<br>-<br>-                       | 1,366<br>(345)<br>(29)    |
|     | Balance at 30 June 2017   | 1,759                                     | -  | 3,440                                 | (4,455)                       | 248                                 | 992                       |

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

#### Employee equity benefits reserve

The employee equity benefits reserve is used to record the value of share based payments provided to employees, including KMP's, as part of their remuneration. Refer to note 33 for further details of these plans.

#### Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve is used to record exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries.

#### **Contingent Consideration**

On 13 October 2016 Orbital acquired the remaining 38.5% minority interest in Remsafe from the Lane Trust in consideration for the issue of up to 5 million ordinary shares in Orbital at a deemed issue price of \$0.86 per share. The terms of sale provide incentive to achieve targeted future sales with consideration payable as follows:

- 1 million new fully paid ordinary shares in Orbital immediately on completion of the share sale;
- · A further 2 million Orbital shares if Remsafe achieves \$25m accumulated annual sales for any 12 month period; and
- · A further 2 million Orbital shares if Remsafe achieves \$40m accumulated annual sales for any 12 month period.

Contingent consideration was measured with reference to the Orbital share price at 13 October 2016 and in consideration for the probability that accumulated annual sales targets will be met, which was assessed at 100 per cent. Contingent consideration is included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The arrangement to pay contingent consideration of a further 4,000,000 Orbital shares has been classified as equity within the consolidation reserve. Refer note 4 for details of accounting judgments considered for equity classification.

| Condition   | No of Shares | Share price | Consideration |
|---|--------------|-------------|---------------|
| If Remsafe achieves \$25m accumulated annual sales for any 12 month period; and | 2,000,000    | 0.86        | 1,720,000     |
| If Remsafe achieves \$40m accumulated annual sales for any 12 month period.     | 2,000,000    | 0.86        | 1,720,000     |
|   |              |             | 3 440 000     |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 26. ACCUMULATED LOSSES AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)
- (c) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

#### Consolidation reserve

On 17 June 2015, the Group acquired an additional 7% interest in the voting shares of REMSAFE Pty Ltd increasing its ownership to 61.5%. Cash consideration of \$2,000,000 was paid for the additional shares issued by REMSAFE. The adjustment to the non-controlling interest was treated as an equity transaction.

#### Convertible note reserve

Convertible note reserve represents the equity component of the \$10,000,000 Convertible notes issued in the financial year 2016. On issuance of Convertible notes the fair value of the liability component was classified as a financial liability and subsequently measured at amortised cost (net of transaction costs). The remainder of the proceeds were allocated to the conversion option that was recognised and included in equity. The portion of the transaction costs attributable to the conversion right were deducted from equity.

#### 27. INFORMATION ABOUT SUBSIDIARIES

| a) | Consolidated entity                          | Note               | Class of | Consolidated Enti | ty Interest |
|----|--|--------------------|----------|-------------------|-------------|
| ,  | •  |                    | Shares   | 2017              | 2016        |
|    |  |                    |          | %                 | %           |
|    | Ultimate Parent Entity                       |                    |          |                   |             |
|    | - Orbital Corporation Limited                |                    |          |                   |             |
|    | Controlled Entities, incorporated and carryi | ng on business in: |          |                   |             |
|    | Australia                                    |                    |          |                   |             |
|    | - Orbital Australia Pty Ltd                  |                    | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - Orbital Australia Manufacturing Pty Ltd    |                    | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - OEC Pty Ltd                                | (a)                | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - S T Management Pty Ltd                     | (a)                | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - OFT Australia Pty Ltd                      | (a)                | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - Investment Development Funding Pty         | (a)                | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - Power Investment Funding Pty Ltd           | (a)                | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - Kala Technologies Pty Ltd                  | (a)                | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - Orbital Share Plan Pty Ltd                 | (b)                | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - REMSAFE Pty Ltd                            | (c)                | Ord      | 100               | 61.5        |
|    | United States of America                     |                    |          |                   |             |
|    | - Orbital Holdings (USA) Inc.                | (a)                | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - Orbital Fluid Technologies Inc.            | . ,                | Ord      | 100               | 100         |
|    | - Orbital Engine Company (USA) Inc.          | (d)                | Ord      | -                 | 100         |
|    | United Kingdom                               |                    |          |                   |             |
|    | - Orbital Engine Company (UK) Ltd            | (e)                | Ord      | 100               | 100         |

<sup>(</sup>a) Dormant for the years ended 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016.

(b) Material partly-owned subsidiary: REMSAFE Pty Ltd

The principal place of business of REMSAFE is in Balcatta, Western Australia.

On 13 October 2016 Orbital acquired the remaining 38.5% minority interest in REMSAFE, increasing its ownership interest to 100%. Equity consideration of 1,000,000 Orbital shares was issued to the non-controlling shareholder, the Lane Trust, at an issue price of \$0.86 per share. The carrying value of the net assets of REMSAFE (excluding goodwill on the original acquisition) was \$2,682,000. Refer note 26(c) for further details.



<sup>(</sup>b) Orbital Share Plan Pty Ltd was established on 22 September 2008 and acts as the trustee of the Orbital Executive Long Term Share Plans.

<sup>(</sup>c) On 13 October 2016 Orbital acquired the remaining 38.5% minority interest in REMSAFE Pty Ltd.

<sup>(</sup>d) Company was dissolved during the year ended 30 June 2017. There was no consequence to the Group from the dissolution of the subsidiary.

<sup>(</sup>e) The company is in the process of being dissolved.

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

### 27. INFORMATION ABOUT SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

| (b) | Material partly-owned subsidiary: | REMSAFE Pty Ltd (continued) |
|-----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ()  |                                   | ,                           |

| Financial information of the subsidiary that have material non-controlling interest                                    | •          | 2042           |
|--|------------|----------------|
|  | 2017       | 2016           |
|  | (3 months) | (12 months)    |
| Proportion of equity interest held by non-controlling interest   | Nil        | 38.50%         |
|  | \$'000     | \$'000         |
| Accumulated balance of material non-controlling interest   |            | 818            |
| Loss for the period allocated to material non-controlling interest   | (303)      | (318)          |
| Summarized financial information for DEMSAEE is provided helevy  |            |                |
| Summarised financial information for REMSAFE is provided below:  Summarised Statement of Profit or Loss for the period |            |                |
| Revenue  | 199        | E 011          |
| Research and development grant   | 199        | 5,814<br>1,432 |
| Expenses   | (975)      | (7,325)        |
| Loss before tax  | (776)      | (79)           |
| Income tax expense   | (11)       | (747)          |
| Loss for the year from continuing operations   | (787)      | (826)          |
| Total Comprehensive loss   | (787)      | (826)          |
| rotal completional loss  | (101)      | (020)          |
| Attributable to non-controlling interests  | (303)      | (318)          |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests  | -          | (010)          |
|  |            |                |
|  | 2017       | 2016           |
|  | \$'000     | \$'000         |
| Summarised Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June   | ,          | ,              |
| Assets   |            |                |
| Current assets   |            |                |
| Cash   | _          | 1,469          |
| Other financial assets   | _          | 769            |
| Trade and other receivables  | _          | 1,696          |
| Inventories  | _          | 18             |
| Non-current assets   |            |                |
| Deferred taxation asset  | -          | 106            |
| Plant and equipment  | -          | 131            |
|  | -          | 4,189          |
| Liabilities  |            |                |
| Current liabilities  |            |                |
| Trade payables and other liabilities   | -          | 615            |
| Employee benefits  | -          | 284            |
| Non-current liabilities  |            |                |
| Other liabilities  | -          | 1,151          |
| Employee benefits  | <u> </u>   | 17             |
|  |            | 2,067          |
|  |            |                |
| Total Equity   | -          | 2,122          |
| Attributable to:   |            |                |
| Equity holders of the Parent   | -          | 1,305          |
| Non-controlling interest   | -          | 818            |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 28. INFORMATION RELATING TO ORBITAL CORPORATION LIMITED

|  | 2017<br>\$'000 | 2016<br>\$'000 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Summarised Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June |                |                |
| Current assets   | 3              | 2              |
| Total assets   | 36,513         | 49,188         |
| Current liabilities                                      | 860            | -              |
| Total liabilities  | 8,102          | 8,527          |
| Issued capital   | 31,106         | 30,051         |
| Accumulated (losses)/earnings                            | (4,454)        | 9,804          |
| Employee equity benefits reserve                         | 1,759          | 1,788          |
| Total shareholders' equity                               | 28,411         | 41,643         |
| (Loss)/profit of the parent entity                       | (14,258)       | 27,648         |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/profit of the parent entity   | (14,258)       | 27,648         |

#### 29. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 30 June 2015, the Group publicly announced the decision of its Board of Directors to exit the LPG businesses due to the decline in the LPG market, the resulting lack of sustainable profitability and the recent changes in Orbital's business focus.

The Group completed the divestment of both the Sprint Gas Australia ("Sprint Gas") business and the Orbital Autogas Systems ("OAS") business by 30 November 2015. The sale of the net assets of Sprint Gas and the sale of the OAS inventory assets were combined to form a single co-ordinated plan to exit the loss-making LPG businesses with minimal cost of closure to the Group. The Sprint Gas business divestment was executed through the sale of the net assets of Sprint Gas to the non-controlling shareholder for no consideration. The OAS business divestment was executed through the closure of the OAS operations and the transfer of the inventory of the OAS business to Sprint Gas at an agreed value of \$468,000, which is being settled through an 18 month payment arrangement. The net assets of Sprint Gas and the OAS inventory were classified as a disposal group held for sale as at 30 June 2015. The results of both the Sprint Gas business and the OAS business were reported as discontinued operations in the statement of profit or loss in the previous year.

The net assets of Sprint Gas were measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell and as a result the net assets were impaired in full. The total impairment charge was recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the previous year as part of the line item "Loss after tax for the year from discontinued operations". The LPG businesses were included in the Consumer operating segment until 30 June 2014.

2016 \$'000

(a) The results of the LPG businesses for the year are presented below:

| Revenue   | 2,538   |
|---|---------|
| Expenses  | (2,536) |
| Operating income/(loss)   | 2       |
| Finance costs   | -       |
| Impairment loss recognised on the remeasurement to fair value less cost to sell | (70)    |
| Loss before tax from discontinued operations                                    | (68)    |
| Tax   | -       |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operations                                  | (68)    |



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

### 29. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) The major classes of assets and liabilities of the LPG businesses classified as held for sale and fully written down as at 30 June 2015 and disposed of on 30 November 2015 were as follows:

|  | 2016    |
|--|---------|
|  | \$'000  |
| Assets   | 400     |
| Plant and equipment  | 193     |
| Inventories  | 1,777   |
| Trade and other receivables  | 725     |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | 784     |
|  | 3,479   |
| Impairment   | (2,542) |
|  | 937     |
|  |         |
| Liabilities  |         |
| Employee benefits  | 174     |
| Borrowings   | 19      |
| Trade and other creditors  | 276     |
|  | 469     |
| Fair value of disposal group   | 468     |
|  |         |
| The net cash flows incurred by the LPG businesses are as follows:      |         |
| Operating  | (120)   |
| Investing  | (35)    |
| Financing  | 5       |
| Net cash (outflow)/inflow  | (150)   |
|  |         |
| Earnings per share:  |         |
| Basic, earnings for the year from discontinued operations (in cents)   | (0.12)  |
| Diluted, earnings for the year from discontinued operations (in cents) | (0.12)  |
|  | (- /    |

### 30. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Controlled Entities

Details of interest in controlled entities are set out in Note 27.

(b) Other related parties

Transactions with related parties:

Agere Pty Ltd, a company of which Mr. Steve Gallagher is a Director, received \$13,167 (2016: Nil) for Directors fees for his service to the Company. A total of \$5,000 remains due and payable as at 30 June 2017 (2016: Nil).

The Group made no purchases from Synerject LLC (2016: \$32,000), an associate of the Company up to October 2015.

31. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The following were key management personnel of the Group at any time during the reporting period and unless otherwise indicated were key management personnel for the entire period:

**Non-Executive Directors** 

Mr JP Welborn

Mr TD Stinson (appointed 11 August 2017)

Mr S Gallagher (appointed 12 April 2017)

Mr JH Poynton (resigned 12 April 2017)



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

### 31. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (CONTINUED)

#### **Executive directors**

Mr TM Alder (Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer) (commenced 11 August 2017)
Mr TD Stinson (Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer) (resigned 11 August 2017)

#### **Executives**

Dr GP Cathcart (Chief Technical Officer)

Mr MC Lane (Executive Chairman - REMSAFE) (changed roles as CEO of REMSAFE to Chairman on 13 October 2016)

Ms R Jones (Chief Financial Officer) (commenced 16 August 2017)

Mr TM Alder (Chief Financial Officer) (commenced 14 December 2016, resigned 11 August 2017)

Mr IG Veitch (Chief Financial Officer) (resigned 18 November 2016)

Ms C Law (Chief Commercial Officer) (resigned 3 May 2017)

Key management personnel compensation

The key management personnel compensation included in 'employee benefits expense' (see note 8) are as follows:

|                              | CONSOLIDATED |           |
|------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
|                              | 2017         | 2016      |
|                              | \$           | \$        |
| Short-term employee benefits | 1,517,436    | 1,489,804 |
| Post-employment benefits     | 323,256      | 127,617   |
| Long-term employee benefits  | 173,102      | 26,825    |
| Equity compensation benefits | 111,441      | 141,932   |
|                              | 2,125,235    | 1,786,178 |

Individual directors and executives compensation disclosures

No director has entered into a material contract with the Group since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests at year-end.

Loans to key management personnel and their related parties

The Group has not made any loans to key management personnel or their related parties since the end of the previous financial year and there were no loans to any key management personnel or their related parties at year-end.



# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

### 31. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (CONTINUED)

#### Movement in shares

The movement during the reporting period in the number of ordinary shares in Orbital Corporation Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their related parties, is as follows:

|                         | Number<br>Held at |                                  | Number Granted as compensation |            |                          | Number<br>Held at |  |
|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
|                         | 1-Jul-16          | Number<br>of Shares<br>Purchased | ESP #1                         | Vested PRP | Number of<br>Shares Sold | 30-Jun-17         |  |
| Non-executive directors |                   |                                  |                                |            |                          |                   |  |
| Mr JP Welborn           | 679,103           | -                                | -                              | -          | -                        | 679,103           |  |
| Mr S Gallagher (a)      | -                 | -                                | -                              | -          | -                        | -                 |  |
| Mr JH Poynton (b)       | 2,790,688         | -                                | -                              | -          | (2,790,688)              | -                 |  |
| Executive director      |                   |                                  |                                |            |                          |                   |  |
| Mr TD Stinson           | 1,172,621         | -                                | -                              | 500,000    | -                        | 1,672,621         |  |
| Other KMP               |                   |                                  |                                |            |                          |                   |  |
| Mr TM Alder (c)         | -                 | -                                | -                              | -          | -                        | -                 |  |
| Dr GP Cathcart          | 71,635            | -                                | 1,085                          | 200,000    | -                        | 272,720           |  |
| Mr MC Lane              | 126,678           | -                                | 1,085                          | -          | -                        | 127,763           |  |
| Mr IG Veitch (d)        | 30,515            | -                                | 1,085                          | 200,000    | (231,600)                | -                 |  |
| Ms C Law (e)            |                   | -                                | -                              | -          | -                        |                   |  |

<sup>(</sup>a) Mr Gallagher was appointed a KMP on 12 April 2017.

<sup>(</sup>e) Ms Law ceased as a KMP on 3 May 2017.

|                         | Number<br>Held at | _                                |        | Granted as nsation |                          | Number<br>Held at |
|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
|                         | 1-Jul-15          | Number<br>of Shares<br>Purchased | ESP #1 | Vested PRP         | Number of<br>Shares Sold | 30-Jun-16         |
| Non-executive directors |                   |                                  |        |                    |                          |                   |
| Mr JP Welborn           | 8,195             | 670,908                          | -      | -                  | -                        | 679,103           |
| Mr JH Poynton           | 2,665,688         | 125,000                          | -      | -                  | -                        | 2,790,688         |
| Executive director      |                   |                                  |        |                    |                          |                   |
| Mr TD Stinson           | 538,441           | 134,180                          | -      | 500,000            | -                        | 1,172,621         |
| Other KMP               |                   |                                  |        |                    |                          |                   |
| Ms C Law (a)            | -                 | -                                | -      | -                  | -                        | -                 |
| Dr GP Cathcart          | 69,957            | -                                | 1,678  | 200,000            | (200,000)                | 71,635            |
| Mr IG Veitch            | 28,837            | -                                | 1,678  | 200,000            | (200,000)                | 30,515            |
| Mr MC Lane              | -                 | 125,000                          | 1,678  | -                  | -                        | 126,678           |

<sup>(</sup>a) Ms Law was appointed as a KMP on 26 April 2016.



<sup>(</sup>b) Mr Poynton ceased as a KMP on 12 April 2017.

<sup>(</sup>c) Mr Alder was appointed as a KMP on 14 December 2016.

<sup>(</sup>d) Mr Veitch ceased as a KMP on 18 November 2016.

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

### 31. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (CONTINUED)

Movement in LTI equity rights

The movement during the reporting period in the number of LTI rights to ordinary shares in Orbital Corporation Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each key management person, including their related parties, is as follows:

|                           | Number              |         |           |         |           |           |                      |                    |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|
|                           | Held at<br>1-Jul-16 | Offered | Forfeited | Expired | Cancelled | Vested    | Held at<br>30-Jun-17 | Not<br>Exercisable |
| <b>Executive Director</b> |                     |         |           |         |           |           |                      |                    |
| Mr TD Stinson             | 500,000             | 500,000 | -         | -       | -         | (500,000) | 500,000              | 500,000            |
| Other KMP                 |                     |         |           |         |           |           |                      |                    |
| Mr TM Alder (a)           | -                   | -       | -         | -       | _         | -         | -                    | -                  |
| Dr GP Cathcart            | 200,000             | -       | -         | -       | -         | (200,000) | -                    | -                  |
| Mr MC Lane                | -                   | -       | -         | -       | -         | -         | -                    | -                  |
| Mr IG Veitch (b)          | 200,000             | -       | -         | -       | -         | (200,000) | -                    | -                  |
| Ms C Law (c)              | -                   | -       | -         | -       | -         | -         | -                    | <u>-</u>           |

<sup>(</sup>a) Mr Alder was appointed as a KMP on 14 December 2016.

<sup>(</sup>c) Ms Law ceased as a KMP on 3 May 2017.

|                           | Number              |         |           |         |           |         |                      |                    |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|----------------------|--------------------|
|                           | Held at<br>1-Jul-15 | Offered | Forfeited | Expired | Cancelled | Vested  | Held at<br>30-Jun-16 | Not<br>Exercisable |
| <b>Executive Director</b> |                     |         |           |         |           |         |                      |                    |
| Mr TD Stinson             | 1,000,000           | -       | -         | -       | -         | 500,000 | 500,000              | 500,000            |
| Other KMP                 |                     |         |           |         |           |         |                      |                    |
| Dr GP Cathcart            | 400,000             | _       | -         | -       | -         | 200,000 | 200,000              | 200,000            |
| Mr MC Lane                | -                   | -       | -         | -       | -         | -       | -                    | -                  |
| Mr IG Veitch              | 400,000             | -       | -         | -       | -         | 200,000 | 200,000              | 200,000            |
| Ms C Law (a)              | -                   | -       | -         | -       | -         | -       | -                    | -                  |

<sup>(</sup>a) Ms Law was appointed as a KMP on 26 April 2016.



<sup>(</sup>b) Mr Veitch ceased as a KMP on 18 November 2016.

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

| 2017 \$'000  32. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows Cash and cash equivalents per statement of financial position  17,131  Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities  (Loss)/profit after income tax from continuing operations (Loss)/profit after income tax (Loss)/profit after income tax (12,251)  Adjustments for: Loss on sale of plant and equipment (9) Depreciation 18 579 Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets 19 5,218 Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants (225) Impairment, write-off of trade receivables   | SOLIDATED |
|--|-----------|
| Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows Cash and cash equivalents per statement of financial position  Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities  (Loss)/profit after income tax from continuing operations (Loss)/profit after income tax from discontinued operations (Loss)/profit after income tax (12,251) Adjustments for: Loss on sale of plant and equipment Depreciation Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants  (12,251) | 2016      |
| Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows Cash and cash equivalents per statement of financial position  Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities  (Loss)/profit after income tax from continuing operations (Loss)/profit after income tax from discontinued operations (Loss)/profit after income tax (12,251) Adjustments for: Loss on sale of plant and equipment Depreciation 18 579 Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets 19 5,218 Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants   | \$'000    |
| Cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows  Cash and cash equivalents per statement of financial position  Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities  (Loss)/profit after income tax from continuing operations  Loss after income tax from discontinued operations  (Loss)/profit after income tax  (12,251)  Adjustments for:  Loss on sale of plant and equipment  Depreciation  18 579  Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets  Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants  (225)  |           |
| Cash and cash equivalents per statement of financial position  Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities  (Loss)/profit after income tax from continuing operations Loss after income tax from discontinued operations (Loss)/profit after income tax (12,251)  Adjustments for: Loss on sale of plant and equipment Depreciation 18 579  Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)   |           |
| Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities  (Loss)/profit after income tax from continuing operations Loss after income tax from discontinued operations (Loss)/profit after income tax (12,251)  Adjustments for: Loss on sale of plant and equipment Depreciation 18 579 Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)  (12,251)   | 24,872    |
| (Loss)/profit after income tax from continuing operations(12,251)Loss after income tax from discontinued operations-(Loss)/profit after income tax(12,251)Adjustments for:(12,251)Loss on sale of plant and equipment(9)Depreciation18579Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets195,218Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants(225)  | 24,872    |
| Loss after income tax from discontinued operations  (Loss)/profit after income tax  (diz,251)  Adjustments for:  Loss on sale of plant and equipment  Depreciation  Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets  Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants  - (12,251)  (9)  579  489  579  490  5,218  400  600  600  600  600  600  600  60  |           |
| (Loss)/profit after income tax(12,251)Adjustments for:(9)Loss on sale of plant and equipment18Depreciation18Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets19Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants(225)  | 1,283     |
| Adjustments for:  Loss on sale of plant and equipment  Depreciation  Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets  Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants  (225)   | (68)      |
| Loss on sale of plant and equipment (9)  Depreciation 18 579  Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets 19 5,218  Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants (225)  | 1,215     |
| Depreciation 18 579 Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets 19 5,218 Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants (225)   |           |
| Amortisation and Impairment of intangible assets 19 5,218 Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants (225)   | (19)      |
| Amortisation of deferred revenue and government grants (225)   | 607       |
|  | 312       |
| Impairment, write off of trade receivables   | (225)     |
| impairment, write-on or trade receivables  | (1)       |
| Impairment of disposal group 29 -  | 23        |
| Amortisation of non-interest bearing loans 12(b) <b>540</b>  | 543       |
| Amounts set aside to warranty and other provisions 292   | (232)     |
| Fair value movement in quoted equity shares 8(c) 568   | -         |
| Profit on sale of interest in equity accounted investment  | (3,861)   |
| Share of net profit of equity accounted investment 16 -  | (1,529)   |
| Foreign currency translation reserve released on sale of equity accounted investment   | (3,607)   |
| Convertible note finance costs   | 948       |
| Employee compensation expense 33(a) <b>165</b>   | 196       |
| Net foreign exchange gain/ (loss) 72   | (2)       |
| Net cash used in operating activities before changes in assets and (5,051)   | (5,632)   |
| Changes in assets and liabilities during the year:   |           |
| (Increase)/Decrease in receivables and prepayments (998)   | 1,098     |
| Decrease/(Increase) in inventories 967   | (3,331)   |
| (increase)/Decrease in deferred tax assets (25)  | 330       |
| Increase in payables 857   | 2,319     |
| (Decrease)/Increase in employee provisions (603)   | 135       |
| 198  | 551       |
| Net cash used in operating activities (4,853)  | (5,081)   |
| 33. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS   |           |
| (a) Recognised share-based payment expenses  |           |
| Expense arising from equity-settled share-based payment transactions 165   | 196       |

The share-based payments are described below.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

- 33. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)
- (b) Employee Share Plan No.1

Under Employee Share Plan No. 1 each eligible employee is offered fully paid ordinary shares to the value of \$1,000 per annum.

During the year there were 61,875 (2016: 95,646) shares issued under Plan No. 1 to eligible employees at a market value on the day of issue of \$56,917 (2016: \$57,000).

(c) Executive Long Term Incentive – 2017 Performance Rights Plan based on market capitalisation

The Company introduced new performance milestones under the Performance Rights Plan as part of its long-term incentive arrangements for the Manging Director and CEO, which was approved by shareholders on 7 November 2016. Also refer to section 18.5 Executive remuneration arrangements in Director's report.

Under the Performance Rights Plan, performance rights could only be issued if the terms and conditions detailed below are satisfied.

A performance right is a right to acquire one fully paid ordinary share in the Company. Until they are exercised, performance rights:

- (a) do not give the holder a legal or beneficial interest in shares of the Company; and
- (b) do not enable participating executives to receive dividends, rights on winding up, voting rights or other shareholder benefits.

Performance rights issued under the Performance Rights Plan will be exercisable if:

- (a) a performance hurdle is met over the periods specified by the Board; or
- (b) the Board allows early exercise on cessation of employment (see "Cessation of employment" below); or
- (c) it is determined by the Board in light of specific circumstances.

The performance conditions are 100% based on market capitalisation with the following performance timeframes and targets:

| Tranche | Performance Condition   | Fair<br>Value per<br>right | Expiry Date  | Allocation                |
|---------|---|----------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| (       | Milestone: the Company having a market capitalisation of \$125 million & and share price of \$1.50 per share for a period of 30 consecutive days. | 50.0<br>cents              | 24 months from the date of issue of the Performance Rights | Mr T D Stinson<br>200,000 |
| (       | Milestone: the Company having a market capitalisation of \$200 million and a share price of \$2.00 for a period of 30 consecutive calendar days.  | 42.0 cents                 | 36 months from the date of issue of the Performance Rights | 300,000                   |
|         |   | Total                      |  | 500,000                   |

During the year no rights under the plan vested. The total expense recognised during the period is \$59,252 (2016: \$nil)

(d) Executive Long Term Incentive – 2015 Performance Rights Plan based on market capitalisation

Prior to the current Performance Rights Plan, the Company's long term incentive arrangement for senior executives was approved by shareholders on 21 October 2014 and included the same terms and conditions as the current Performance Rights Plan specified above.



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

#### 33. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

(d) Executive Long Term Incentive - 2015 Performance Rights Plan based on market capitalisation (continued)

The prior year performance conditions were based on market capitalisation with the following performance timeframes and targets:

| Tranche | Market Capitalisation | Fair<br>Value per<br>right | Expiry Date  |                   | Allocation        |              |
|---------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|
|         |                       |                            |  | Mr T D<br>Stinson | Dr GP<br>Cathcart | Mr IG Veitch |
| 1       | \$20 million          | 23.1<br>cents              | 18 months from the date of issue of the Performance Rights | 500,000           | 200,000           | 200,000      |
| 2       | \$35 million          | 17.5<br>cents              | 24 months from the date of issue of the Performance Rights | 500,000           | 200,000           | 200,000      |
| 3       | \$60 million          | 15.3<br>cents              | 36 months from the date of issue of the Performance Rights | 500,000           | 200,000           | 200,000      |
| 1       |                       |                            | Total  | 1,500,000         | 600,000           | 600,000      |

During the year a total of 900,000 rights under the plan vested for 3 executives (2016: 900,000). The total expense recognised during the period is \$49,189 (2016: \$138,932).

The performance rights granted were measured at fair value at the grant date 21 October 2014 using the "Hoadley Barrier 1" trinomial option valuation model. Refer to section 18.8 and table 7 in Remuneration Reports for further details.

#### 34. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION SUPERANNUATION FUND

The Group contributes to a defined contribution plan for the provision of benefits to Australian employees on retirement, death or disability. Employee and employer contributions are based on various percentages of gross salaries and wages. Apart from the contributions required under superannuation legislation, there is no legally enforceable obligation on the Company or its controlled entities to contribute to the superannuation plan.

|     |             | CONSOLIDATE | D      |
|-----|-------------|-------------|--------|
|     |             | 2017        | 2016   |
|     |             | \$'000      | \$'000 |
| 35. | COMMITMENTS |             |        |

#### 33. COMMITTIMENTS

Operating lease commitments - Group as lessee

Non-cancellable future operating lease rentals not provided for in the financial statements and payable:

| - Not later than one year                           | 899      | 873   |
|---|----------|-------|
| - Later than one year but not later than five years | 2,498    | 3,397 |
| - Later than five years                             | <u>-</u> | -     |
|   | 3,397    | 4,270 |

The Group leases premises and plant & equipment under operating leases. The lease for the engineering premises is for a period of 10 years with options to extend for two further periods of five years each. None of the leases include contingent rentals.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2017, \$940,000 was recognised as an expense in the statement of profit or loss in respect of operating leases (2016: \$768,000).



### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

CONSOLIDATED

2017 2016 \$'000 \$'000

### 35. COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Operating lease commitments - Group as lessor

The Group has entered into an operating sub lease for surplus capacity at its engineering premises for a period of 5 years with options to extend for further periods. It includes a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charge on an annual basis according to prevailing market conditions.

Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases, are as follows:

| - Not later than one year                           | 331 | 321 |
|---|-----|-----|
| - Later than one year but not later than five years | 225 | 556 |
| - Later than five years                             | -   | -   |
|   | 556 | 877 |

#### 36. CONTINGENCIES

The details and estimated maximum amounts of contingent liabilities that may become payable are set out below. The directors are not aware of any circumstance or information that would lead them to believe that these liabilities will crystallise.

In the event of the Company terminating the employment of the Chief Executive Officer (other than by reason of serious misconduct or material breach of his service agreement), an equivalent of 12 months remuneration is payable to the CEO. In the event of the Company terminating the employment of a KMP (other than by reason of serious misconduct or material breach of their service agreement), an equivalent of 3 months pay, plus 2 weeks pay for each completed year of service, plus for each completed year of service beyond 10, an additional 1/2 weeks pay, plus a pro-rata payment for each completed month of service in the final year is payable to the KMP. The maximum entitlement to termination pay is limited to 65 weeks pay. There are no other contingent liabilities for termination benefits under the service agreements with Directors or other persons who take part in the management of any entity within the Group.

#### 37. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO BALANCE SHEET DATE

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group, in future years.

|     |  |         | CONSOLIDATED |
|-----|--|---------|--------------|
|     |  | 2017    | 2016         |
| 38. | REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS   | \$      | \$           |
|     | The Auditors of the Group in 2017 and 2016 were Ernst & Young.               |         |              |
|     | Amounts received or due and receivable by Ernst & Young for: Audit services: |         |              |
|     | - Audit and review of financial reports – Australian reporting               | 105,000 | 97,850       |
|     | Other services:  |         |              |
|     | - R & D tax concession return preparation and review                         | 110,095 | 43,262       |
|     | Total received or due and receivable by Ernst & Young                        | 215,095 | 141,112      |



# DIRECTOR'S DECLARATION

In accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Orbital Corporation Limited, I state that:

- 1. In the opinion of the Directors:
- (a) The financial statements and notes and the additional disclosures included in the Directors' Report designated as audited, of the group are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - (i) Giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2017 and of their performance, as represented by the results of their operations and their cash flows, for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) Complying with Accounting Standards in Australia and the Corporations Act 2001.
- (b) The financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial reporting Standards as disclosed in note 2(a).
- (c) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001, from the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer for the financial year 30 June 2017.

On behalf of the Board,

FRuelton

JP Welborn

Chairman

TM Alder

Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer

Dated at Perth, Western Australia this 29th day of August 2017.





Ernst & Young 11 Mounts Bay Road Perth WA 6000 Australia GPO Box M939 Perth WA 6843 Tel: +61 8 9429 2222 Fax: +61 8 9429 2436 ey.com/au

# Independent auditor's report to the members of Orbital Corporation Limited

### Report on the audit of the financial report

### Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Orbital Corporation Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively "the Group"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2017 and of its consolidated financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, but we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial report.





## Impairment assessment of goodwill

#### Why significant

At 30 June 2017, the Group impaired goodwill of \$5.218 million to nil on the consolidated statement of financial position. Impairment of goodwill is significant to the extent that the related impairment represents 43 per cent of the loss from continuing operations.

Goodwill was attributed to the acquisition of REMSAFE Pty Ltd, which was treated as a separate cash-generating unit ("CGU").

The Group assesses goodwill for impairment annually. The impairment test requires the Group to exercise judgment to calculate the recoverable amount of the CGU. The Group considers prospective financial information and external market data.

Key assumptions and judgments are disclosed in Note 19 of the financial report

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures included the evaluation and assessment of the assumptions and methodologies used by the Group in calculating the recoverable amount of the CGU.

We involved our valuation specialists to evaluate the key assumptions and methodologies used by the Group.

We compared the Group's assumptions to our own assessments and externally derived data for key inputs such as cost inflation and discount rates.

We assessed the procedures of the Group as to the preparation of prospective financial information, which was approved by the Board of Directors of the Group.

We evaluated the historical reliability of prior period cash flow forecasts including assessing this against the actual financial performance of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2017.

We compared the projected discounted cash flows to the carrying amount of the assets allocated to the CGU.

We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures related to testing goodwill for impairment, as described in Note 19 to the financial report.

## Recoverability of deferred tax assets

#### Why significant

At 30 June 2017, the Group carried a deferred tax asset attributed to Australian carry-forward tax losses of \$5.507 million (2016: \$5.482 million).

The Group assessed the deferred tax asset as recoverable for the reasons set out in Note 17 of the financial report.

The recoverability of a deferred tax asset is significant as the existence of unused tax losses is an indicator that future taxable profits may not be available against which unused tax losses may be utilised.

# How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We compared the Group's assumptions associated with market data to our own assessments and externally derived data for key inputs such as the long-term USD/AUD exchange rate and cost inflation.

We performed a sensitivity analysis to assess the headroom of the Group's estimate of future taxable income against deferred tax assets recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position and to evaluate the implication of uncertainty around future performance.

We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures related deferred tax assets, as described in Note 17 to the financial report.

### Contingent consideration

#### Why significant

On 13 October 2016, the Group acquired the remaining 38.50% minority interest in REMSAFE Pty Ltd for 1.000 million ordinary shares in the Group.

Contingent consideration of 4.000 million shares in the Group will be payable, subject to the satisfaction of performance hurdles as described in Note 26 to the financial report.

At 30 June 2017, contingent consideration of \$3.440 million (2016: Nil) was recognised to equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The recognition of contingent consideration involves judgment to determine whether the contingent consideration should be recorded on the consolidated statement of financial position as it involves estimation of performance targets related to future sales.

### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We inspected the executed Shares Sale Agreement to understand the terms of the contingent consideration and performance targets related to future sales. We evaluated the Group's assessment of meeting these performance targets.

We evaluated whether the terms of the contingent consideration satisfied the definition of an equity instrument in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard - AASB 132 Financial Instruments:

We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures related to contingent consideration, as described in Note 26 to the financial report.





## Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's 2017 Annual Report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.





- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ► Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated to the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.





# Report on the audit of the remuneration report

# Opinion on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 8 to 18 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Orbital Corporation Limited for the year ended 30 June 2017, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

## Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Ernst & Young

Ernst

T G Dachs Partner Perth

29 August 2017



# SHAREHOLDING DETAILS

Class of Shares and Voting Rights

As at 15 August 2017 there were 4,246 shareholders of the ordinary shares of the Company. The voting rights attaching to the ordinary shares, set out in Article 8 of the Company's Constitution, subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, are:

- a) at meetings of members or class of members, each member entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy or representative; and
- b) on a show of hands every person present who is a member has one vote, and on a poll every person present in person or by proxy or representative has one vote for each ordinary share held.

| Substa  | ntial Shareholders and Holdings as at 14 August 2017                 |             |            |
|---------|--|-------------|------------|
| UIL Lim |  | 23,227,904  | 30.05%     |
|         | fied 13 April 2017)  | 20,22.,00.  | 00.0070    |
| •       | nwealth Bank of Australia  | 7,729,118   | 9.99%      |
|         | fied 10 January 2017)  | 7,723,110   | 3.3370     |
| (as nou | ileu 10 January 2011)  |             |            |
| Distrib | ution of Shareholdings as at 14 August 2017                          |             |            |
| 1-1,000 |  |             | 2,641      |
| 1,001-5 | ,000   |             | 945        |
| 5,001-1 | 0,000  |             | 279        |
| 10,001- | 100,000  |             | 318        |
| 100,001 | and over   |             | 63         |
|         | r of shareholders  |             | 4.246      |
|         | hares on Issue   | _           | 77,295,882 |
|         | r of shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel              | =           | -          |
| Mannoc  | To state to a to a trigger a marketable pareer                       | =           |            |
| Ton 20  | Shareholders as at 14 August 2017                                    |             |            |
| 10p 20  | Silatefiolders as at 14 August 2017                                  | NUMBER OF   | % OF       |
| NAME    |  | SHARES HELD | SHARES     |
| 1       | J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA LIMITED                                | 25,993,830  | 33.63      |
| 2       | CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED  | 9,330,271   | 12.07      |
| 3       | ANNAPURNA PTY LTD  | 2,600,000   | 3.36       |
| 3       | MORGAN STANLEY AUSTRALIA SECURITIES (NOMINEE) PTY LIMITED            | 2,600,000   | 3.36       |
| 4       | DEBUSCEY PTY LTD   | 1,850,000   | 2.39       |
| 5       | BIRKETU PTY LTD  | 1,600,000   | 2.07       |
| 6       | MERRILL LYNCH (AUSTRALIA) NOMINEES PTY LIMITED                       | 1,512,996   | 1.96       |
| 7       | MR JOSHUA LEIGH SWEETMAN   | 1,325,000   | 1.71       |
| 8       | MR TERRY DEWAYNE STINSON   | 1,172,621   | 1.52       |
| 9       | MR MICHAEL WILLIAM FORD & MRS NINA BETTE FORD                        | 1,000,122   | 1.29       |
| 10      | MR CRAIG GRAEME CHAPMAN  | 1,000,000   | 1.29       |
| 11      | NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED  | 812,015     | 1.05       |
| 12      | MR CHRISTOPHER IAN WALLIN & MS FIONA KAY MCLOUGHLIN & MRS SYLVIA FAY | 689,200     | 0.89       |
| 13      | MR JOHN PAUL WELBORN & MS CAROLINE ANNE WELBORN                      | 679,103     | 0.88       |
| 14      | HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED                            | 586,886     | 0.76       |
| 15      | MR SEAMUS CORNELIUS  | 500,000     | 0.65       |
| 15      | TERRY STINSON  | 500,000     | 0.65       |
| 16      | GWYNVILL TRADING PTY LTD   | 403,500     | 0.52       |
|         | MR JOHN AYRES  | 356,667     | 0.46       |
|         | MR LAWRENCE HULSE & MRS BARBARA ANN HULSE                            | 350,000     | 0.45       |
|         | C W JOHNSTON PTY LTD   | 350,000     | 0.45       |
|         | TEXAS HOLDINGS PTY LTD   | 349,728     | 0.45       |
| 20      | BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED                                       | 335,000     | 0.43       |

The 20 largest shareholders hold 72.32% of the ordinary shares of the Company (2016: 65.00%).

On-market share buy-back

Top 20 Shareholders Total

There is no current on-market buy-back.



72.32

55,896,939

# CORPORATE INFORMATION

ABN 32 009 344 058

### REGISTERED AND PRINCIPAL OFFICE

4 Whipple Street Balcatta, Western Australia 6021 Australia

# **CONTACT DETAILS**

#### Australia

Telephone: 61 (08) 9441 2311 Facsimile: 61 (08) 9441 2111

### **INTERNET ADDRESS**

http://www.orbitalcorp.com.au Email: AskUs@orbitalcorp.com.au

#### **DIRECTORS**

J.P. Welborn, Chairman T.M. Alder, Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer S. Gallagher T.D. Stinson

# **COMPANY SECRETARY**

R. Jones

### SHARE REGISTRY

### **Link Market Services Limited**

Level 4 Central Park 152 St Georges Terrace Perth, Western Australia 6000 Telephone: 61 (08) 9211 6670

### SHARE TRADING FACILITIES

Australian Stock Exchange Limited (Code "OEC")

## **AUDITORS**

# **Ernst & Young**

The Ernst & Young Building 11 Mounts Bay Road Perth, Western Australia 6000

