

# THE FAR

ANNUAL REPORT YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011



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## ANNUAL MEETING

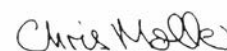
The 2011 annual meeting of SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited will be held in the New Zealand Room, SKYCITY Auckland Convention Centre, 88 Federal Street, Auckland, on Friday 11 November 2011, commencing at 9.30am.

The notice of meeting, including agenda, will be mailed to shareholders on or before 21 October 2011.

This report is dated 28 September 2011 and is signed on behalf of the board of directors of SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited by:



Rod McGeoch  
Chairman

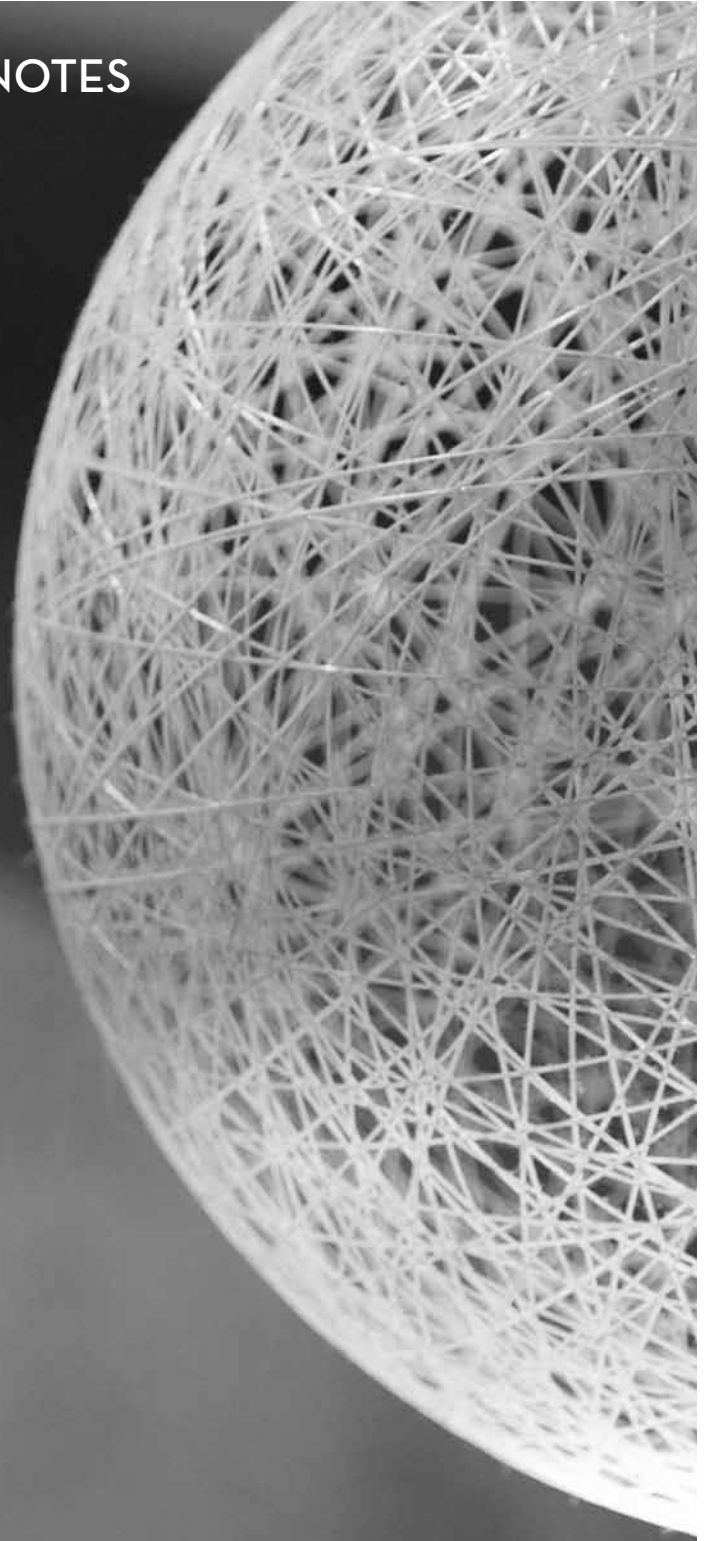


Chris Moller  
Director

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## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NOTES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011



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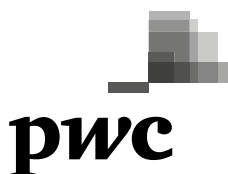
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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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**to the shareholders of SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited**

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the financial statements of SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited on pages 4 to 48, which comprise the balance sheets as at 30 June 2011, the income statements, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements that include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for both the Company and the Group. The Group comprises the Company and the entities it controlled at 30 June 2011 or from time to time during the financial year.

### ***Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand and that give a true and fair view of the matters to which they relate and for such internal controls as the Directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### ***Auditors' Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) and International Standards on Auditing. These standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider the internal controls relevant to the Company and Group's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view of the matters to which they relate, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company and Group's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

We have no relationship with, or interests in, SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited or any of its subsidiaries other than in our capacities as auditors and providers of accounting, tax and other assurance services. These services have not impaired our independence as auditors of the Company and Group.

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements on pages 4 to 48:

- (i) comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand;
- (ii) comply with International Financial Reporting Standards; and
- (iii) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the Group as at 30 June 2011, and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

We also report in accordance with Sections 16(1)(d) and 16(1)(e) of the Financial Reporting Act 1993. In relation to our audit of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2011:

- (i) we have obtained all the information and explanations that we have required; and
- (ii) in our opinion, proper accounting records have been kept by the Company as far as appears from an examination of those records.

## **Restriction on Distribution or Use**

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 205(1) of the Companies Act 1993. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters which we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders, as a body, for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.



Chartered Accountants  
17 August 2011

Auckland

# INCOME STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011	NOTES	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
		2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Total receipts including GST	3	902,381	856,909	-	-
Less non-gaming GST	3	(22,562)	(19,521)	-	-
Gaming win plus non-gaming revenue	3	879,819	837,388	-	-
Less gaming GST	3	(76,674)	(67,451)	-	-
Revenue	3	803,145	769,937	-	-
<b>Revenue</b>	3	803,145	769,937	-	-
Other income	4	1,261	920	100,133	100,224
Shares of net profits of associates		5,976	5,868	-	-
Employee benefits expense		(260,676)	(251,655)	(18,458)	(17,414)
Other expenses	5	(92,623)	(85,245)	(6,391)	(6,303)
Direct consumables		(52,607)	(47,451)	-	-
Gaming taxes and levies		(61,275)	(59,045)	-	-
Marketing and communications		(44,886)	(42,163)	(1,197)	(2,055)
Directors' fees		(741)	(744)	(741)	(744)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(69,710)	(67,507)	(5,958)	(5,727)
Restructuring costs	5	(3,298)	(2,019)	-	-
Finance costs – net	6	(43,772)	(47,388)	(3,908)	(9,238)
Impairment of Christchurch Casino	15	(15,000)	-	-	-
<b>Profit before income tax</b>		165,794	173,508	63,480	58,743
Tax expense pre Government Budget changes	7	(48,226)	(45,431)	-	-
<b>Profit before discontinued operations and tax expense relating to Government Budget changes</b>		117,568	128,077	63,480	58,743
Profit from discontinued operations – Cinemas	24	-	13,491	-	-
<b>Profit for the year before tax expense relating to Government Budget changes</b>		117,568	141,568	63,480	58,743
Tax expense relating to Government Budget changes	7	5,435	(39,700)	-	-
<b>Profit for the year</b>		123,003	101,868	63,480	58,743
<b>Income tax expense</b>	7	(42,791)	(85,131)	-	-
Attributable to:					
<b>Profit attributable to shareholders of the company</b>		122,960	102,025	63,480	58,743
Non-controlling interest	26	43	(157)	-	-
		123,003	101,868	63,480	58,743
	NOTES	CENTS	CENTS		
<b>Earnings per share for profit attributable to the shareholders of the company:</b>					
Basic earnings per share	8	21.4	17.7		
Diluted earnings per share	8	20.9	16.8		
<b>Attributable to continuing operations:</b>					
Basic earnings per share	8	21.4	15.4		
Diluted earnings per share	8	20.9	14.7		
<b>Attributable to discontinued operations:</b>					
Basic earnings per share	8	-	2.3		
Diluted earnings per share	8	-	2.1		

The above income statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011	NOTES	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
		2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>123,003</b>	101,868	63,480	58,743
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>					
Exchange differences on translation of overseas subsidiaries	25	5,397	(5,960)	-	-
Effect of hedging the net investment of overseas subsidiaries	25	-	(1,221)	-	-
Movement in cash flow hedges	25	(13,733)	8,577	(593)	-
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	25	4,133	(2,198)	166	-
Other comprehensive income for the year		(4,203)	(802)	(427)	-
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax</b>		<b>118,800</b>	101,066	63,053	58,743
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year is attributable to:</b>					
Shareholders of the company		118,757	101,223		
Non-controlling interest	26	43	(157)		
		<b>118,800</b>	101,066		

The above statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## BALANCE SHEETS

AS AT 30 JUNE 2011	NOTES	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
		2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>ASSETS</b>					
<b>Current assets</b>					
Cash and bank balances	9	104,577	102,506	1	1
Receivables and prepayments	10	30,901	23,181	87,376	94,997
Inventories		6,970	7,162	-	-
Tax prepayment	11	36,637	18,255	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	12	272	-	-	-
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>179,357</b>	<b>151,104</b>	<b>87,377</b>	<b>94,998</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>					
Tax prepayment	11	27,789	25,141	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	13	991,331	953,179	7,054	7,262
Investment in subsidiaries	32	-	-	618,775	618,775
Intangible assets	14	410,412	397,226	10,696	13,053
Investments in associates	15	73,782	83,549	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	12	-	26,041	-	-
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>1,503,314</b>	<b>1,485,136</b>	<b>636,525</b>	<b>639,090</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>1,682,671</b>	<b>1,636,240</b>	<b>723,902</b>	<b>734,088</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Current liabilities</b>					
Payables	16	110,852	101,800	250,997	230,218
Interest bearing liabilities	17	247,267	-	-	-
Current tax liabilities	11	5,349	7,100	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	12	10,102	523	113	-
Subordinated debt – SKYCITY ACES	20	-	183,806	-	-
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>373,570</b>	<b>293,229</b>	<b>251,110</b>	<b>230,218</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>					
Interest bearing liabilities	18	350,202	417,126	-	-
Subordinated debt – capital notes	19	56,400	47,030	56,400	47,030
Deferred tax liabilities	21	94,290	95,347	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	12	33,393	23,991	-	-
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>534,285</b>	<b>583,494</b>	<b>56,400</b>	<b>47,030</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>907,855</b>	<b>876,723</b>	<b>307,510</b>	<b>277,248</b>
<b>Net assets</b>		<b>774,816</b>	<b>759,517</b>	<b>416,392</b>	<b>456,840</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>					
Share capital	23	728,616	732,910	728,616	732,910
Reserves	25(a)	3,682	7,885	(427)	-
Retained profits/(losses)	25(b)	41,150	17,397	(311,797)	(276,070)
Parent entity interest		773,448	758,192	416,392	456,840
Non-controlling interest	26	1,368	1,325	-	-
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>774,816</b>	<b>759,517</b>	<b>416,392</b>	<b>456,840</b>

The above balance sheets should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011	NOTES	SHARE CAPITAL \$'000	HEDGING RESERVES \$'000	OTHER RESERVES \$'000	RETAINED LOSSES/ PROFITS \$'000	MINORITY INTEREST \$'000	TOTAL EQUITY \$'000
<b>CONSOLIDATED</b>							
<b>Balance as at 1 July 2009</b>		733,085	(8,753)	17,789	(1,291)	1,482	742,312
<b>Total comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		-	6,013	(6,815)	102,025	(157)	101,066
Employee share entitlements issued	23	270	-	-	-	-	270
Dividends	27	-	-	-	(83,337)	-	(83,337)
Share rights issued for employee services	23	895	-	-	-	-	895
Movement in employee share entitlement reserve		-	-	(349)	-	-	(349)
Net purchase of treasury shares	23	(1,340)	-	-	-	-	(1,340)
<b>Balance as at 30 June 2010</b>		732,910	(2,740)	10,625	17,397	1,325	759,517
<b>Balance as at 1 July 2010</b>		732,910	(2,740)	10,625	17,397	1,325	759,517
<b>Total comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		-	(9,600)	5,397	122,960	43	118,800
Shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan	23	6,101	-	-	-	-	6,101
Dividends	27	-	-	-	(99,207)	-	(99,207)
Share rights issued for employee services	23	1,047	-	-	-	-	1,047
Net purchase of treasury shares	23	(11,442)	-	-	-	-	(11,442)
<b>Balance as at 30 June 2011</b>		728,616	(12,340)	16,022	41,150	1,368	774,816
<b>PARENT</b>							
<b>Balance as at 1 July 2009</b>		733,085	-	349	(251,476)		481,958
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>		-	-	-	58,743		58,743
Share rights issued for employee services	23	895	-	-	-		895
Employee share entitlements issued	23	270	-	-	-		270
Dividends	27	-	-	-	(83,337)		(83,337)
Movement in employee share entitlement reserve		-	-	(349)	-		(349)
Movement in treasury shares	23	(1,340)	-	-	-		(1,340)
<b>Balance as at 30 June 2010</b>		732,910	-	-	(276,070)		456,840
<b>Balance as at 1 July 2010</b>		732,910	-	-	(276,070)		456,840
<b>Total comprehensive income/(expense)</b>		-	(427)	-	63,480		63,053
Shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan	23	6,101	-	-	-		6,101
Dividends	27	-	-	-	(99,207)		(99,207)
Share rights issued for employee services	23	1,047	-	-	-		1,047
Movement in treasury shares	23	(11,442)	-	-	-		(11,442)
		(4,294)	-	-	(99,207)		(103,501)
<b>Balance as at 30 June 2011</b>		728,616	(427)	-	(311,797)		416,392

The above statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011	NOTES	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
		2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>					
Receipts from customers		795,231	830,821	-	-
Payments to suppliers and employees		(469,413)	(494,280)	(26,204)	(26,080)
		<b>325,818</b>	<b>336,541</b>	<b>(26,204)</b>	<b>(26,080)</b>
Dividends received		747	3,347	-	-
Interest received		192	182	-	-
Gaming tax paid		(54,896)	(51,828)	-	-
Income taxes paid		(62,496)	(60,633)	-	-
<b>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</b>	35	<b>209,365</b>	<b>227,609</b>	<b>(26,204)</b>	<b>(26,080)</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>					
Purchase of/proceeds from property, plant and equipment		(74,822)	(55,074)	-	-
Payments for intangible assets		(1,893)	(1,157)	-	-
Loan repayment from Christchurch Hotels Limited		194	1,220	-	-
Proceeds from sale of Cinemas	24	-	66,600	-	-
Dividend from subsidiaries		-	-	100,133	100,224
<b>Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities</b>		<b>(76,521)</b>	<b>11,589</b>	<b>100,133</b>	<b>100,224</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>					
Cash flows associated with derivatives	12	(20,884)	(30,926)	-	-
Repayment of borrowings		(362,359)	(254,377)	-	(76,817)
New borrowings		401,799	-	9,408	-
Advances from subsidiaries	31	-	-	25,547	97,397
Net purchase of treasury shares	23	(11,442)	(1,340)	(11,442)	(1,340)
Distributions paid to company shareholders		(93,106)	(83,337)	(93,106)	(83,337)
Interest paid		(44,781)	(42,325)	(4,336)	(10,048)
<b>Net cash (outflows) from financing activities</b>		<b>(130,773)</b>	<b>(412,305)</b>	<b>(73,929)</b>	<b>(74,145)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and bank balances</b>		<b>2,071</b>	<b>(173,107)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(1)</b>
Cash and bank balances at the beginning of the year		102,506	275,613	1	2
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	9	<b>104,577</b>	<b>102,506</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>

The above statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited (SKYCITY or the company and its subsidiaries or the Group) operates in the gaming/entertainment, hotel and convention, hospitality, recreation, and tourism sectors. The Group has operations in New Zealand and Australia.

SKYCITY is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in New Zealand. The address of its registered office is Federal House, 86 Federal Street, Auckland. The company is dual-listed on the New Zealand and Australian stock exchanges.

These Financial Statements have been approved for issue by the board of directors on 17 August 2011.

## 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These general purpose Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2011 have been prepared in accordance with New Zealand generally accepted accounting practice (NZ GAAP). They comply with New Zealand equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (NZ IFRS) and other applicable New Zealand Financial Reporting Standards.

### (a) Basis of Preparation

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of this financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### *Compliance with IFRS*

The separate and consolidated Financial Statements of SKYCITY also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

#### *Entities Reporting*

The consolidated Financial Statements incorporate the assets and liabilities of all subsidiaries of the Group as at 30 June 2011 and the results of all subsidiaries and associates for the year then ended.

The Financial Statements of the 'Parent' are for the company as a separate legal entity.

The Parent company and the Group are designated as profit-oriented entities for financial reporting purposes.

The Group has negative net working capital, as a \$247m tranche of the USPP debt is due within the next 12 months. The Group has a \$400m committed 3 year and 5 year bank facility which can be utilised to repay the USPP - refer notes 18(b) and 28(c). Accordingly, the Group has the ability to fully pay all debts as they fall due through cash generated from operating activities and/or financing activities as necessary.

The Parent company has a negative net working capital balance. The Parent's subsidiaries will continue to support it as required.

#### *Statutory Base*

SKYCITY is a company registered under the New Zealand Companies Act 1993 and is an issuer in terms of the Securities Act 1978 (New Zealand).

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Financial Reporting Act 1993 (New Zealand) and the Companies Act 1993 (New Zealand).

#### *Measurement Basis*

These Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

#### *Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements*

The preparation of Financial Statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the company to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates are used in the following areas: impairment testing of goodwill, indefinite life casino licences and assessing the probability of utilisation of unused tax losses.

The Group tests annually whether goodwill and indefinite licences have suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 2(i). The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value in use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates (refer note 14).

There is significant headroom between the value in use calculations and the carrying value of the remaining assets such that reasonably possible changes in the assumptions used would not result in an impairment.

Following the Canterbury earthquakes the Group has tested its equity investment in Christchurch Casinos Limited. As a result an impairment has been recognised in the Income Statement. The impairment test was completed based on value in use calculations. This calculation required the use of estimates (refer note 15).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses (refer note 21). Certain judgements are made in calculating these temporary differences.

## **(b) Principles of Consolidation**

### **(i) Subsidiaries**

Subsidiaries are all those entities (including special purpose entities) over which the company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies to obtain benefits generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are not consolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group Financial Statements consolidate the Financial Statements of subsidiaries, using the acquisition method.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries and businesses by the Group. The consideration transferred in a business is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair value of the assets transferred by the acquirer, the liabilities incurred by the acquirer to former owners of the acquiree and the equity interest issued by the acquirer. It includes any asset or liability arising from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred. Each identifiable asset and liability is generally measured at its acquisition-date fair value except if an NZ IFRS requires another measurement basis. The excess of the consideration transferred over the Group's share of the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recognised as goodwill. If the consideration transferred is less than the acquisition-date fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, a gain is recognised directly in profit or loss.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of the impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the company.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated Income Statement and Balance Sheet respectively.

Subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less any impairment within the parent entity Financial Statements.

### **(ii) Transactions with Non-Controlling Interests**

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the differences between consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

### **(iii) Associates**

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally evidenced by holdings of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for in the parent entity's Financial Statements using the cost method and in the consolidated Financial Statements using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill (net of any accumulated impairment loss) identified on acquisition.

The Group's share of its associates' post acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the Income Statement and its share of post acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The cumulative post acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

## **(c) Segment Reporting**

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer/Managing Director.

## **(d) Foreign Currency Translation**

### **(i) Functional and Presentation Currency**

Items included in the Financial Statements of each of the company's operations are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('functional currency'). The consolidated and parent Financial Statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, which is the company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## **(ii) Transactions and Balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Income Statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss, are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary items, such as equities classified as available for sale financial assets, are included in the fair value reserve in equity.

## **(iii) Foreign Operations**

The results and financial position of foreign entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency below:

- assets and liabilities for each Balance Sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- income and expenses for each Income Statement are translated at average exchange rates; and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

Exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

## **(e) Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognised as summarised below.

### **(i) Operating Revenue**

Operating revenues include casino, hotel, food and beverage, convention centre, tower admissions and other revenues. Casino revenues represent the net win to the casino from gaming activities, being the difference between amounts wagered and amounts won by casino patrons.

Revenues exclude the retail value of rooms, food, beverage and other promotional allowances provided on a complimentary basis to customers.

### **(ii) Interest Income**

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

## **(iii) Dividend Income**

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

## **(iv) Loyalty Programme**

A portion of revenue is allocated to the loyalty points scheme and is recognised when customers redeem their loyalty points.

## **(f) Income Tax**

The income tax expense for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income, based on the income tax rate for each jurisdiction. This is then adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the Financial Statements and changes in unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

## **(g) Goods and Services Tax (GST)**

The Income Statement, Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity have been prepared so that all components are stated exclusive of GST. All items in the Balance Sheet are stated net of GST, with the exception of receivables and payables, which include GST invoiced.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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**(h) Leases****(i) The Group is the Lessee**

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the Income Statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

**(ii) The Group is the Lessor**

Assets leased to third parties under operating leases are included in property, plant and equipment in the Balance Sheet. They are depreciated over their expected useful lives on a basis consistent with similar owned property, plant and equipment. Rental income (net of any incentives given to lessees) is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

**(i) Impairment of Non-Current Assets**

Goodwill and Intangible Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation (property, plant and equipment and intangibles that have a finite useful life) are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash generating units).

**(j) Cash and Bank Balances**

Cash and bank balances include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the Balance Sheet.

**(k) Trade Receivables**

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for doubtful debts.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. A provision for doubtful debts is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of those receivables.

**(l) Inventories**

Inventories, all of which are finished goods, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value determined on a first in, first out basis.

**(m) Investments and Other Financial Assets**

The Group classifies its investments in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. The company determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

**(i) Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss**

This category has two sub-categories: financial assets classified as held for trading and financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. The Group does not hold any assets that are designated as at fair value on initial recognition. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are classified as current assets if they are either held for trading or are expected to be realised within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

**(ii) Loans and Receivables**

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of selling the receivable. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in receivables in the Balance Sheet.

**(n) Derivatives**

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument and, if so, the nature of

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

the item being hedged. The Group designates certain derivatives as either hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or a firm commitment (fair value hedges) or hedges of exposures to variability in cash flows associated with recognised assets or liabilities or highly probable forecast transactions (cash flow hedges).

At the inception of the transaction, SKYCITY documents the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

## *(i) Fair Value Hedge*

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in the Income Statement together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

## *(ii) Cash Flow Hedge*

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in equity in the hedging reserve. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Income Statement.

Amounts accumulated in equity are recycled in the Income Statement in the periods when the hedged item will affect profit or loss (for instance when the forecast sale that is hedged takes place). However, when the forecast transaction that is hedged results in the recognition of a non-financial asset (for example, inventory) or a non-financial liability, the gains and losses previously deferred in equity are transferred from equity and included in the measurement of the initial cost or carrying amount of the asset or liability.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold or terminated, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised in the Income Statement when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the Income Statement. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is transferred to the Income Statement.

## *(iii) Derivatives that do not qualify for Hedge Accounting*

Changes in the fair value of any derivative instrument that does not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in the Income Statement.

## **(o) Property, Plant and Equipment**

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost may also include transfers from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges of foreign currency purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the Income Statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as below:

• Buildings	5-75 years
• Building fit-out	10 years
• Plant and equipment	2-75 years
• Vehicles	3 years
• Fixtures and fittings	3-20 years

Assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2(i)).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount.

## **(p) Intangible Assets**

### *(i) Goodwill*

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired business/associate at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of businesses is included in intangible assets. Goodwill on acquisitions of associates is included in investments in associates. Goodwill acquired in business combinations is not amortised. Instead, goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired, and is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash generating units for the purpose of impairment testing.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## **(ii) Casino Licences**

The casino licences that have a finite useful life are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation of these casino licences is calculated on a straight line basis so as to expense the cost of the licences over their legal life.

The casino licences that have been determined to have an indefinite useful life are not amortised but rather are tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired, and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

## **(iii) Acquired Software**

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives (three to seven years).

## **(q) Payables**

Payables are stated at fair value or estimated liability where accrued.

## **(r) Borrowings**

Borrowings, including capital notes and the Group's Adjustable Coupon Exchangeable Securities (SKYCITY ACES - now redeemed), are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost unless part of an effective hedging relationship. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the Income Statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

## **(s) Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs are expensed, except for costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset which are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale.

## **(t) Employee Benefits**

### **(i) Wages, Salaries and Annual Leave**

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date, are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

## **(ii) Share-Based Payments**

SKYCITY operates an equity settled, share-based compensation plan. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the share rights or shares is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the share rights or shares granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of share rights or shares that are expected to be distributed. At each balance sheet date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of shares expected to be distributed. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the Income Statement, and a corresponding adjustment to equity over the remaining vesting period.

## **(u) Share Capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Where any Group company purchases the company's equity share capital, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes), is deducted from equity attributable to the company's equity holders.

## **(v) Dividends**

Provision is made for the amount of any dividend declared on or before the end of the financial year but not distributed at balance date.

## **(w) Earnings Per Share**

### **(i) Basic Earnings Per Share**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

### **(ii) Diluted Earnings Per Share**

Diluted earnings per share adjust the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

## **(x) Statement of Cash Flows**

Cash flows associated with derivatives that are part of a hedging relationship are off-set against cash flows associated with the hedged item.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## (y) Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective

Certain new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published that are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011 or later periods, but which the Group has not early adopted. The significant items are:

- NZ IFRS 9, Financial Instruments** (effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013). This standard is part of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The standard applies to financial assets, their classification and measurement. All financial assets are required to be classified on the basis of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Financial assets are initially measured at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, particular transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value. This standard is not expected to significantly impact the Group.

- NZ IFRS 13, Fair value measurement** (effective from annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013). NZ IFRS 13 replaces the fair value measurement guidance contained in individual NZ IFRSs with a single source of fair value measurement guidance. It defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and sets out disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. It explains how to measure fair value when it is required or permitted by other NZ IFRSs. It does not introduce new requirements to measure assets or liabilities at fair value, nor does it eliminate the practicability exceptions to fair value measurements that currently exist in certain standards. This standard is not expected to significantly impact the Group.

## (z) New Accounting Standards Adopted in the Year

There have been no significant changes in accounting policies during the current year. Accounting policies have been applied on a basis consistent with prior year.

## 3 REVENUE

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Total receipts including GST	902,381	856,909	-	-
Less non-gaming GST	(22,562)	(19,521)	-	-
Gaming win plus non-gaming revenue	879,819	837,388	-	-
Less gaming GST	(76,674)	(67,451)	-	-
Total revenue	803,145	769,937	-	-
Gaming	628,051	603,262	-	-
Non-gaming	175,094	166,675	-	-
Total revenue	803,145	769,937	-	-

Non-gaming revenue includes revenues from hotels, food and beverage, convention centre, car parking, property rentals, Sky Tower, and other non-gaming activities.

Included within consolidated gaming revenue is revenue relating to loyalty action points of \$10,486,000 (30 June 2010: \$9,561,000).

Included within consolidated non-gaming revenue is revenue relating to loyalty action points of \$306,000 (30 June 2010: \$286,000).

Gaming win represents the gross cash inflows associated with gaming activities. "Total receipts including GST" and "Gaming win plus non-gaming revenue" do not represent revenue as defined by NZ IAS 18 "Revenue". The Group has decided to disclose these amounts as they give shareholders and interested parties a better appreciation for the scope of the Group's gaming activities and is consistent with industry practice adopted by casino operations in Australia.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 4 OTHER INCOME

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1,065	733	-	-
Interest income – Christchurch Hotels Limited	192	182	-	-
Dividend income	4	5	-	-
Dividends from wholly-owned entities	-	-	100,133	100,224
	1,261	920	100,133	100,224

## 5 EXPENSES

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:</b>				
<i>Depreciation</i>				
Buildings	24,198	22,932	-	-
Plant and equipment	31,402	31,284	2,125	1,977
Fixtures and fittings	6,834	6,277	-	-
Motor vehicles	404	461	-	-
Total depreciation	62,838	60,954	2,125	1,977
<i>Amortisation</i>				
Casino licences (Adelaide)	2,736	2,621	-	-
Computer software	4,136	3,932	3,833	3,750
Total amortisation	6,872	6,553	3,833	3,750
Total depreciation and amortisation	69,710	67,507	5,958	5,727
<i>Other expenses includes:</i>				
Utilities, insurance and rates	19,616	19,212	106	93
Community Trust donations	3,185	2,839	-	-
Minimum lease payments relating to operating leases	4,408	4,269	-	-
Other property expenses	15,302	14,445	-	-
Other items (including International commissions)	50,031	44,107	6,285	6,210
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	81	373	-	-
	92,623	85,245	6,391	6,303
<i>Restructuring costs</i>				
Redundancy and other staff payments	2,471	2,019	-	-
Other restructuring costs	827	-	-	-
	3,298	2,019	-	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 5 EXPENSES (continued)

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>Auditors' fees</b>				
During the year the following fees were paid or are payable for services provided by the auditors of the parent entity, its related practices and non-related audit firms.				
<b>(a) Assurance services</b>				
<i>Audit services</i>				
PricewaterhouseCoopers				
Audit of Group Financial Statements	400	400	400	400
Audit of subsidiary Financial Statements	94	111	-	-
Half year review	80	80	80	80
Total remuneration for audit services	574	591	480	480
<i>Other assurance services provided by PricewaterhouseCoopers</i>				
Accounting advice and assistance	75	64	75	64
Systems assurance	-	25	-	-
Tax compliance services	73	93	45	40
Total remuneration for other assurance services	148	182	120	104
Total remuneration for assurance services	722	773	600	584
<b>(b) Other services</b>				
PricewaterhouseCoopers				
Taxation and other advisory services	318	411	168	195
Total remuneration for taxation services	318	411	168	195
Total fees paid or payable to auditors	1,040	1,184	768	779

The Group employs PricewaterhouseCoopers on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where PricewaterhouseCoopers' expertise and experience with the Group are important and auditor independence is not impaired. These assignments are principally tax advice. For other work, the company's External Audit Independence Policy requires that advisers other than PricewaterhouseCoopers are engaged, unless otherwise approved by the Board's Audit and Risk Committee.

## 6 FINANCE COSTS - NET

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<i>Finance costs</i>				
Interest and finance charges	50,280	56,455	3,908	9,238
Exchange gains	(2,105)	(2,653)	-	-
Interest income	(2,783)	(4,495)	-	-
Gain on funding reorganisation (note 18)	(1,620)	(1,919)	-	-
Total net finance costs	43,772	47,388	3,908	9,238

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 7 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>(a) Income Tax Expense</b>				
Current tax	39,570	39,236	-	-
Deferred tax	3,221	45,895	-	-
	<b>42,791</b>	<b>85,131</b>	-	-
Deferred tax (note 21)				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	8,656	6,195	-	-
Change in New Zealand corporate tax rate and building depreciation	(5,435)	39,700	-	-
Total deferred tax	<b>3,221</b>	<b>45,895</b>	-	-
<b>(b) Numerical Reconciliation of Income Tax Expense to Prima Facie Tax Payable</b>				
Profit from continuing operations before income tax expense	165,794	173,508	63,480	58,743
Tax at the New Zealand tax rate of 30% (2010: 30%)	49,738	52,052	19,044	19,385
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculating taxable income:				
Inter-company eliminations	-	-	10,909	10,368
Items not subject to tax	1,427	525	87	314
Australian investment allowance	-	(337)	-	-
Share of net profit of associates	(1,793)	(1,760)	-	-
Impairment of Christchurch Casino	4,500	-	-	-
Foreign exchange rate differences	1,591	(109)	-	-
Exempt dividends received	-	-	(30,040)	(30,067)
Share of partnership expenditure	(7,180)	(5,175)	-	-
Write off tax losses	(27)	105	-	-
Under provision in prior years	(30)	130	-	-
Tax expense pre Government Budget changes	48,226	45,431	-	-
Change in New Zealand tax building depreciation	(5,522)	42,886	-	-
Change in New Zealand corporate tax rate	87	(3,186)	-	-
Tax expense relating to Government Budget changes	(5,435)	39,700	-	-
Income tax expense	<b>42,791</b>	<b>85,131</b>	-	-

The weighted average applicable tax rate was 25.8% (2010: 49.1%) (26.7% (2010: 26.2%) excluding the impact of future change in corporate tax rate, building tax depreciation changes and Christchurch Casinos impairment).

The New Zealand corporate tax rate will be reduced from 30% to 28% and tax depreciation for buildings with an estimated life of 50 or more years will be disallowed. Both of these changes are effective for the Group from 1 July 2011. The initial impact of these changes (\$39,700,000) was included within the 2010 results. The \$5,435,000 partial reversal in 2011 relates to adjustments to the prior year estimated impact.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 8 EARNINGS PER SHARE

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011 CENTS	2010 CENTS
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>		
Profit for the year before tax expense relating to Government Budget changes and Christchurch Casinos impairment	23.0	24.6
Profit from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company	21.4	15.4
Profit from discontinued operations	-	2.3
Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company	21.4	17.7
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>		
Profit from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company	20.9	14.7
Profit from discontinued operations	-	2.1
Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company	20.9	16.8
<b>(a) Reconciliations of Earnings used in calculating Earnings Per Share</b>		
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>		
Profit from continuing operations	123,003	88,377
(Profit)/loss attributable to minority interests	(43)	157
Profit from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating basic earnings per share	122,960	88,534
Profit from discontinued operations	-	13,491
Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating basic earnings per share	122,960	102,025
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>		
Profit attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating basic earnings per share	122,960	102,025
Interest savings on capital notes	3,837	-
Interest savings on SKYCITY ACES	4,476	8,033
Tax on the above	(2,494)	(2,410)
Profit from continuing operations attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the company used in calculating diluted earnings per share	128,779	107,648
<b>(b) Weighted Average number of shares used as the denominator</b>		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per share	575,574,000	575,114,687
<b>Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per share:</b>		
SKYCITY ACES	25,622,391	65,648,028
Capital notes	14,501,611	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted earnings per share	615,698,002	640,762,715

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 8 EARNINGS PER SHARE (continued)

### (c) Information concerning the classification of Securities

#### (i) SKYCITY ACES

Notwithstanding the fact the SKYCITY ACES were redeemed in the current year, they are considered to be potential ordinary shares and are included in the determination of diluted earnings per share from their date of issue if they are dilutive. The SKYCITY ACES have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share. The SKYCITY ACES are dilutive in both 2011 and 2010 and are therefore included in the determination of diluted earnings per share. Details relating to the SKYCITY ACES are set out in note 20.

#### (ii) Capital Notes

Capital notes are considered to be potential ordinary shares and are included in the determination of diluted earnings per share from their date of issue if they are dilutive. The capital notes have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share. In 2010 the capital notes were not dilutive and were therefore excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation. Details relating to the capital notes are set out in note 19.

## 9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Cash at bank	55,690	64,314	1	1
Cash in house	48,887	38,192	-	-
	<b>104,577</b>	<b>102,506</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>

## 10 RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Trade receivables	9,286	10,434	-	-
Advance to Christchurch Hotels Limited (note 31)	6,235	6,429	-	-
Sundry receivables	11,244	3,152	112	39
Prepayments	4,136	3,166	2,041	1,621
Amounts due from subsidiaries (note 31)	-	-	85,223	93,337
	<b>30,901</b>	<b>23,181</b>	<b>87,376</b>	<b>94,997</b>

There are no significant receivables past due date or impaired.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 11 NET TAX BALANCE

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Tax prepayment – current	36,637	18,255	-	-
Tax prepayment – non-current	27,789	25,141	-	-
Current tax liabilities	(5,349)	(7,100)	-	-
	59,077	36,296	-	-

Tax is typically paid in advance to ensure the Group has positive imputation credits as at 31 March of each year.

## 12 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	FAIR VALUE		NOTIONAL PRINCIPAL	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>CONSOLIDATED</b>				
<b>Current assets</b>				
Forward foreign currency contracts	272	-	6,911	-
Total current derivative financial instrument assets	272	-	6,911	-
<b>Non-current assets</b>				
Cross-currency interest rate swaps – cash flow hedges	-	18,651	-	135,028
Cross-currency interest rate swaps – fair value hedges	-	7,390	-	64,348
Total non-current derivative financial instrument assets	-	26,041	-	199,376
<b>Current liabilities</b>				
Cross-currency interest rate swap – cash flow hedges*	4,981	-	83,227	-
Forward foreign currency contracts	113	226	5,785	10,316
Cross-currency interest rate swaps – fair value hedges*	1,998	-	19,492	-
Interest rate swaps – cash flow hedges	3,010	70	97,000	92,103
Electricity CFD – cash flow hedges	-	227	-	-
Total current derivative financial instrument liabilities	10,102	523	205,504	102,419
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>				
Interest rate swaps – cash flow hedges	14,514	23,744	399,184	412,155
Cross-currency interest rate swaps – cash flow hedges*	18,879	-	300,906	-
Cross-currency interest rate swaps – fair value hedges	-	247	-	24,003
Total non-current derivative financial instrument liabilities	33,393	23,991	700,090	436,158

\* These fair value amounts are net of collateral payments made of \$11,283,153 (2010: nil). When the fair value of the cross-currency interest rate swaps exceeds certain levels, a payment is received from (if the CCIRS is an asset) or made to (if the CCIRS is a liability) the counter-party.

During the year, \$3,545,228 of gains (2010: \$1,981,796 gains) on hedged items were offset in the Income Statement by \$3,739,485 of losses (2010: \$2,050,615 losses) on derivatives in fair value hedging relationships.

There is no cash flow hedge ineffectiveness in either the current or prior year.

The parent has one forward exchange contract with a fair value of \$113,000 (current liability) (2010: none).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	LAND \$'000	BUILDINGS AND FIT-OUT \$'000	PLANT AND EQUIPMENT \$'000	FIXTURES AND FITTINGS \$'000	MOTOR VEHICLES \$'000	CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
<b>CONSOLIDATED</b>							
<b>At 30 June 2009</b>							
Cost	175,703	816,606	409,964	98,788	1,618	24,860	1,527,539
Accumulated depreciation	-	(158,701)	(275,022)	(63,791)	(1,260)	-	(498,774)
Net book value	175,703	657,905	134,942	34,997	358	24,860	1,028,765
<b>Movements in the year ended 30 June 2010</b>							
Opening net book value	175,703	657,905	134,942	34,997	358	24,860	1,028,765
Exchange differences	(158)	(1,680)	(330)	(64)	(3)	(123)	(2,358)
Net additions	4,441	13,000	41,909	4,683	1,090	(7,982)	57,141
Discontinued operations	-	(13,305)	(56,110)	-	-	-	(69,415)
Depreciation charge	-	(22,932)	(31,284)	(6,277)	(461)	-	(60,954)
Closing net book value	179,986	632,988	89,127	33,339	984	16,755	953,179
<b>At 30 June 2010</b>							
Cost	179,986	809,872	361,350	103,794	2,243	16,755	1,474,000
Accumulated depreciation	-	(176,884)	(272,223)	(70,455)	(1,259)	-	(520,821)
Net book value	179,986	632,988	89,127	33,339	984	16,755	953,179
<b>Movements in the year ended 30 June 2011</b>							
Opening net book value	179,986	632,988	89,127	33,339	984	16,755	953,179
Exchange differences	959	8,185	1,893	317	28	652	12,034
Net additions	(992)	9,418	28,395	1,389	217	50,529	88,956
Depreciation charge	-	(24,198)	(31,402)	(6,834)	(404)	-	(62,838)
Closing net book value	179,953	626,393	88,013	28,211	825	67,936	991,331
<b>At 30 June 2011</b>							
Cost	179,953	826,639	390,080	102,810	2,520	67,936	1,569,938
Accumulated depreciation	-	(200,246)	(302,067)	(74,599)	(1,695)	-	(578,607)
Net book value	179,953	626,393	88,013	28,211	825	67,936	991,331



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 13 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	PLANT AND EQUIPMENT \$'000	CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
<b>PARENT COMPANY</b>			
<b>At 30 June 2009</b>			
Cost	21,061	4,404	25,465
Accumulated depreciation	(20,491)	-	(20,491)
Net book value	570	4,404	4,974
<b>Movements in the year ended 30 June 2010</b>			
Opening net book value	570	4,404	4,974
Net additions/transfers	6,014	(1,749)	4,265
Depreciation charge	(1,977)	-	(1,977)
Closing net book value	4,607	2,655	7,262
<b>At 30 June 2010</b>			
Cost	28,171	2,655	30,826
Accumulated depreciation	(23,564)	-	(23,564)
Net book value	4,607	2,655	7,262
<b>Movements in the year ended 30 June 2011</b>			
Opening net book value	4,607	2,655	7,262
Net additions/transfers	3,839	(1,922)	1,917
Depreciation charge	(2,125)	-	(2,125)
Closing net book value	6,321	733	7,054
<b>At 30 June 2011</b>			
Cost	32,011	733	32,744
Accumulated depreciation	(25,690)	-	(25,690)
Net book value	6,321	733	7,054

Borrowing costs of \$346,722 have been capitalised in the current year relating to the Auckland capital projects and Darwin resort (2010: nil) using the Group's weighted average cost of debt.

A memorandum of encumbrance is registered against the title of land for the Auckland casino in favour of Auckland City Council. Auckland City Council requires prior written consent before any transfer, assignment or disposition of the land. The intent of the covenant is to protect the Council's rights under the resource consent, relating to the provision of the bus terminus, public car park and the provision of public footpaths around the complex.

A further encumbrance records the Council's interest in relation to the sub-soil areas under Federal and Hobson Streets used by SKYCITY as car parking and a vehicle tunnel. The encumbrance is to notify any transferee of the Council's interest as lessor of the sub-soil areas.

The SKYCITY Hamilton site is subject to the normal rights that the Crown reserves in respect of minerals and mining in relation to the sub-soil areas. The land title is subject to Section 27B of the State Owned Enterprises Act 1986 which does not provide for the owner of the land to be heard in relation to any recommendations of the Waitangi Tribunal for the resumption of the land. At balance date the company was not aware of any matters pertaining to the land under the State Owned Enterprises Act 1986. Drainage rights have been granted over parts of the land appurtenant to Lot 2 Plan 5.23789 (CT22C/1428). There is also a right of way granted over part of Lot 1 and part of Lot 2 DP580554.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 14 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	GOODWILL \$'000	CASINO LICENCES \$'000	COMPUTER SOFTWARE \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
<b>CONSOLIDATED</b>				
<b>At 30 June 2009</b>				
Cost	153,174	264,075	57,008	474,257
Accumulated amortisation	-	(27,180)	(40,803)	(67,983)
Net book amount	153,174	236,895	16,205	406,274
<b>Movements in the year ended 30 June 2010</b>				
Opening net book amount	153,174	236,895	16,205	406,274
Exchange differences	(1,225)	(2,424)	(3)	(3,652)
Additions	-	-	1,441	1,441
Discontinued operations	-	-	(284)	(284)
Amortisation charge	-	(2,621)	(3,932)	(6,553)
Closing net book amount	151,949	231,850	13,427	397,226
<b>At 30 June 2010</b>				
Cost	151,949	261,318	58,153	471,420
Accumulated amortisation	-	(29,468)	(44,726)	(74,194)
Net book amount	151,949	231,850	13,427	397,226
<b>Movements in the year ended 30 June 2011</b>				
Opening net book amount	151,949	231,850	13,427	397,226
Exchange differences	6,048	12,101	16	18,165
Additions	-	-	1,893	1,893
Amortisation charge	-	(2,736)	(4,136)	(6,872)
Closing net book amount	157,997	241,215	11,200	410,412
<b>At 30 June 2011</b>				
Cost	157,997	274,924	60,234	493,155
Accumulated amortisation	-	(33,709)	(49,034)	(82,743)
Net book amount	157,997	241,215	11,200	410,412

### Casino Licence Contract Term

Darwin	The casino and associated operations are carried out by SKYCITY Darwin under a casino licence/operator agreement (the Casino Operator's Agreement) with the Northern Territory Government. The current licence term was set in 2006 for a 20 year period until 2026. The COA is subject to extension for a further 5 years once its period to maturity reaches 15 years. These licence extensions apply on a continuing five year basis so that, subject to certain criteria being met, the licence period is never less than 15 years.
Adelaide	The casino and associated operations are carried out by SKYCITY Adelaide under a casino licence (the Approved Licensing Agreement) dated October 1999 (as amended). Unless terminated earlier, the expiry date of the ALA is June 2085. The term of the ALA can be renewed for a further fixed term pursuant to section 9 of the Casino Act 1997 (SA). The carrying value of the Adelaide licence is amortised over the life of the agreement.
Auckland	SKYCITY Auckland Limited holds a Casino Premises Licence for the Auckland premises. The Casino Premises Licence is for an initial 25 year term from 2 February 1996. The licence can be renewed for further periods of 15 years pursuant to s138 of the Gaming Act 2003 (NZ). As the licence was initially granted to the company for nil consideration there is no associated carrying value.
Hamilton	SKYCITY Hamilton Limited holds a Casino Premises Licence for the Hamilton premises. The Casino Premises Licence is for an initial 25 year term from 19 September 2002. The licence can be renewed for further periods of 15 years pursuant to s138 of the Gaming Act 2003 (NZ). As the licence was initially granted to the company for nil consideration there is no associated carrying value.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 14 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

	COMPUTER SOFTWARE \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
<b>PARENT COMPANY</b>		
<b>At 30 June 2009</b>		
Cost	49,620	49,620
Accumulated amortisation	(34,010)	(34,010)
Net book amount	15,610	15,610
<b>Movements in the year ended 30 June 2010</b>		
Opening net book amount	15,610	15,610
Additions	1,193	1,193
Amortisation charge	(3,750)	(3,750)
Closing net book amount	13,053	13,053
<b>At 30 June 2010</b>		
Cost	50,813	50,813
Accumulated amortisation	(37,760)	(37,760)
Net book amount	13,053	13,053
<b>Movements in the year ended 30 June 2011</b>		
Opening net book amount	13,053	13,053
Additions	1,476	1,476
Amortisation charge	(3,833)	(3,833)
Closing net book amount	10,696	10,696
<b>At 30 June 2011</b>		
Cost	52,289	52,289
Accumulated amortisation	(41,593)	(41,593)
Net book amount	10,696	10,696

### (a) Impairment Tests for Intangibles with Indefinite Lives

Goodwill and licences with indefinite lives are allocated to the Group's cash-generating units (CGUs) identified below.

	SKYCITY HAMILTON* \$'000	SKYCITY DARWIN \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
<b>2011</b>			
Goodwill	35,786	122,211	157,997
Casino Licence	-	40,997	40,997
	35,786	163,208	198,994
<b>2010</b>			
Goodwill	35,786	116,163	151,949
Casino Licence	-	38,968	38,968
	35,786	155,131	190,917

The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on value in use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections approved by directors covering a three year period. The growth rate does not exceed the long term average growth rate for the business in which the CGU operates. There is a surplus between the carrying values of indefinite life assets and value in use calculations.

\* SKYCITY Hamilton is included within the "Rest of New Zealand" segment in note 29.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 14 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

### (b) Key Assumptions used for Value in Use Calculations of Cash Generating Units

	EBITDA MARGIN		GROWTH RATE		DISCOUNT RATE	
	2011 %	2010 %	2011 %	2010 %	2011 %	2010 %
SKYCITY Hamilton	42.6	43.1	2.0	2.0	10.0	10.0
SKYCITY Darwin	30.5	31.5	3.0	2.0	10.0	10.0

These assumptions are consistent with past experience adjusted for economic indicators. The discount rates are post-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant operating segment.

The company does not expect a reasonably possible change in key assumptions would reduce recoverable amount below carrying amount.

## 15 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

### (a) Carrying Amounts

Information relating to associates is set out below.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES	OWNERSHIP INTEREST		CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 %	2010 %	2011 %	2010 %	2011 %	2010 %
Christchurch Casinos Limited Group	50.0	45.7	73,782	83,549	-	-

Christchurch Casinos Limited Group (CCL) is incorporated in New Zealand and has a 31 March balance date. Included within CCL's carrying value is goodwill of approximately \$38 million (2010: \$53 million).

Following the Canterbury earthquakes a value in use impairment test has been completed on the Group's investment in Christchurch Casinos resulting in a \$15 million impairment. The underlying assumptions used included an initial drop in earnings, returning to 2010 levels by 2014, a discount rate of 10% (post tax) and a terminal growth rate of 2.5%.

Increasing or decreasing the underlying assumed growth rate by 5% would result in \$4.7 million reduction or increase in the impairment charge.

### (b) Movements in carrying amounts

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	83,549	84,637
Share of profits after income tax	5,976	5,868
Dividends received/receivable	(743)	(3,342)
Impairment	(15,000)	-
Disposal (note 24)	-	(3,614)
Balance at 30 June	73,782	83,549

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 15 INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

### (c) Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Impairment losses in associates accounted for using the equity method in the income statement	15,000	-

### (d) Summarised financial information of associates

	ASSETS \$'000	GROUP'S SHARE OF:		PROFIT \$'000
		LIABILITIES \$'000	REVENUES \$'000	
<b>2011</b>				
Christchurch Casinos Limited Group	14,852	1,691	14,867	3,269
	14,852	1,691	14,867	3,269
<b>2010</b>				
Christchurch Casinos Limited Group	18,277	2,071	19,066	3,969
	18,277	2,071	19,066	3,969

The above are based on SKYCITY's direct equity interest in Christchurch Casinos Limited of 33.3% (2010: 30.7%).

## 16 PAYABLES

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Trade payables	31,044	13,901	-	-
Deferred income	3,097	2,757	-	-
Accrued expenses	42,625	52,579	5,480	5,361
Employee benefits	34,086	32,563	-	-
Amounts due to subsidiaries (note 32)	-	-	245,517	224,857
	110,852	101,800	250,997	230,218

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 17 CURRENT LIABILITIES - INTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>Unsecured</b>				
United States Private Placement (USPP)	247,267	-	-	-
Total unsecured current interest bearing borrowings	247,267	-	-	-

### (a) Fair value disclosures

Details of the fair value of interest bearing liabilities for the Group are set out in note 18.

## 18 NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES - INTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES

Refer to (note 17) for details of current portions of these liabilities.

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>Unsecured</b>				
United States Private Placement (USPP)	350,202	418,313	-	-
Syndicated bank facility	-	-	-	-
Deferred funding expenses	-	(1,187)	-	-
Total unsecured non-current interest bearing borrowings	350,202	417,126	-	-

In 2011 a gain of \$1,620,000 resulted from a reorganisation of funding structures and refinancing of SKYCITY ACES with USPP.

In 2010, the Group repurchased USD115,500,000 of USPP debt resulting in a gain of \$1,919,000 (note 6).

### (a) United States Private Placement (USPP)

On 15 March 2005 SKYCITY borrowed NZ\$96,571,000, A\$74,900,000 and US\$274,500,000 with maturities between 2012 and 2020 from private investors (primarily US based) on an unsecured basis.

The USPP fixed rate US dollar borrowings have been converted to New Zealand dollar floating rate borrowings by use of cross currency interest rate swaps to eliminate foreign exchange exposure within the Income Statement.

The offsetting value of the cross currency interest rate swap as at 30 June 2011 is included within derivative financial instruments in note 12.

In March 2011, additional US\$175,000,000 of USPP debt was raised, US\$100,000,000 with 10 year maturity and US\$75,000,000 with 7 years.

March 2012 maturities of USPP (US\$85,000,000, A\$74,900,000, NZ\$47,275,000) have been recognised as current liabilities.

Other movements in the USPP from 30 June 2010 relate to foreign exchange and interest rate movements.

### (b) Committed Syndicated Bank Facility

At 30 June 2011, SKYCITY had in place a committed \$400,000,000 (2010: \$500,000,000) facility on an unsecured, negative pledge basis in two tranches of \$200,000,000 each maturing April 2014 and June 2016. The funding syndicate is comprised of ANZ National Bank Limited, Bank of New Zealand Limited, Commonwealth Bank of Australia, New Zealand Branch and Westpac Banking Corporation. As at 30 June 2011, the amount drawn on this facility was \$nil (2010: nil).

### (c) Fair values

The fair value of the USPP is approximately \$63 million (2010: \$31 million) more than the carrying value. Fair value has been determined on a discounted cash flow basis using current market interest rates.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 19 SUBORDINATED DEBT – CAPITAL NOTES

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	47,043	125,263	47,043	123,860
Issued/(matured) during the year	9,408	(76,817)	9,408	(76,817)
Partial revaluation	-	(1,403)	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	56,451	47,043	56,451	47,043
Deferred expense	(51)	(13)	(51)	(13)
Net capital notes at the end of the year	56,400	47,030	56,400	47,030

In May 2010, the capital notes were renewed for a new term of five years to 15 May 2015. The notes were reissued on the same terms and conditions except at a lower interest rate of 7.25% (previously 8.0%).

In October 2010, 9,408,000 of capital notes were sold from treasury stock.

Prior to the next election date (15 May 2015), the company will notify holders of the proportion of their capital notes it will redeem (if any) and, if applicable, the new conditions (including as to interest rate, interest dates, new election date, and other modifications to the existing conditions) that will apply to the capital notes from the election date. Holders may then choose either to retain some or all of their capital notes on the new terms, and/or to convert some or all of their capital notes into SKYCITY ordinary shares. The company may elect to redeem or purchase some or all of the capital notes that holders have elected to convert, at an amount equal to the principal amount plus any accrued but unpaid interest.

If capital notes are converted, holders will receive ordinary shares equal in value to the aggregate of the principal amount of the notes plus any accrued but unpaid interest. The value of the shares is determined on the basis of 95% of the weighted average sale price of a SKYCITY ordinary share on the New Zealand stock exchange during the 15 trading days prior to the election dates.

The capital notes do not carry voting rights. Capital noteholders are not entitled to any distributions made by SKYCITY in respect of its ordinary shares prior to the conversion date of the capital notes and do not participate in any change in value of SKYCITY's issued shares.

As at 30 June 2011, there were 150,000,000 (2010: 150,000,000) capital notes on issue, of which 93,549,500 (2010: 102,957,000) are held as treasury stock by the company.

The capital notes are listed on the NZX. As at 30 June 2011 the closing price was \$1.0182 per \$1 note (2010: \$1.0078). The capital notes are carried at amortised cost.

## 20 SUBORDINATED DEBT – SKYCITY ACES

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
SKYCITY ACES	-	184,207	-	-
Deferred expenses	-	(401)	-	-
	-	183,806	-	-

Effective 15 December 2010 the SKYCITY ACES were fully redeemed.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 21 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:</b>				
Prepayments and receivables	47	364	-	-
Provision and accruals	(9,799)	(11,970)	-	-
Depreciation	96,231	100,000	-	-
Foreign exchange differences	14,378	9,406	-	-
Tax losses	(2,263)	(2,299)	-	-
Other	613	76	-	-
Cash flow hedges	(4,917)	(230)	-	-
<b>Net deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>94,290</b>	<b>95,347</b>	-	-
<b>Movements:</b>				
Balance at the beginning of the year	95,347	48,360	-	-
Charged to the Income Statement (note 7)	8,656	6,195	-	-
Charged to the Income Statement via discontinued operations	-	679	-	-
Debited to equity reserves	(4,185)	438	-	-
Change in New Zealand corporate tax rate and building depreciation (note 7)	(5,435)	39,700	-	-
Foreign exchange differences	(93)	(25)	-	-
<b>Closing balance at 30 June</b>	<b>94,290</b>	<b>95,347</b>	-	-
Within 12 months	(8,979)	3,313	-	-
In excess of 12 months	103,269	92,034	-	-
	<b>94,290</b>	<b>95,347</b>	-	-

The Group has not recognised deferred tax assets of \$1.6 million (2010: \$1.7 million) in respect of losses that can be carried forward against future taxable income.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 22 IMPUTATION CREDITS (New Zealand)

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	(6,260)	(12,131)
Tax payments, net of refunds	32,327	32,907
Credits attached to dividends paid	(33,797)	(27,686)
Credits attached to dividends received	22	650
Balance at end of year	(7,708)	(6,260)
Imputation credits available directly and indirectly to shareholders of the parent company, through:		
Parent company	(7,708)	(7,183)
Subsidiaries	-	923
Balance at end of year	(7,708)	(6,260)

As required by relevant tax legislation, the imputation credit account had a credit balance as at 31 March 2011.

## 23 SHARE CAPITAL

	2011 SHARES	2010 SHARES	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Opening balance of ordinary shares issued	575,114,687	575,114,687	732,910	733,085
Share rights issued for employee services	-	-	1,047	895
CEO commencement Convertible Rights	-	200,000	-	-
Employee share entitlements issued	275,034	68,502	-	270
Treasury shares issued	(275,034)	(268,502)	-	-
Net purchase of treasury shares	-	-	(11,442)	(1,340)
Shares issued under dividend reinvestment plan	1,843,653	-	6,101	-
	576,958,340	575,114,687	728,616	732,910

All ordinary shares rank equally with one vote attached to each fully-paid ordinary share.

Included within the number of shares is treasury shares 4,351,766 (2010: 1,046,800) held by the company. The movement in treasury shares during the year related to the issuance of shares under the employee incentive plans and purchases of shares by an external trustee as part of the new executive long term incentive plan (refer note 30). Treasury shares may be used to issue shares under the company's employee incentive plans or upon the exercise of share rights/options.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 24 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

### (a) Description

During December 2009 the Group announced the sale of the Cinemas business effective 18 February 2010. Accordingly, the Cinemas business is reported as a discontinued operation within the previous Financial Statements.

Financial information relating to the discontinued operation for the prior period is set out below.

### (b) Financial performance and cash flow information

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Revenue	-	61,130
Expenses	-	(56,352)
Profit before income tax	-	4,778
Income tax expense	-	(1,632)
Profit after income tax of discontinued operations	-	3,146
Gain on sale of the division before income tax	-	7,184
Income tax expense	-	3,161
Gain on sale of the division after income tax	-	10,345
<b>Profit from discontinued operations</b>	-	13,491
<b>Cash flow:</b>		
Net cash inflow from operating activities	-	12,073
Net cash (outflow) from investing activities	-	(2,417)
Net cash (outflow) from financing activities	-	-
<b>Net increase in cash generated by discontinued operations</b>	-	9,656

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 25 RESERVES AND RETAINED PROFITS/(LOSSES)

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>(a) Reserves</b>				
Hedging reserve – cash flow hedges	(12,340)	(2,740)	(427)	-
Foreign currency translation reserve	16,022	10,625	-	-
	<b>3,682</b>	<b>7,885</b>	<b>(427)</b>	-
<i>Hedging reserve – cash flow hedges</i>				
Balance at the beginning of the year	(2,740)	(8,753)	-	-
Revaluation	(77,025)	(26,707)	(593)	-
Transfer to net profit	63,292	35,283	-	-
Deferred tax	4,133	(2,563)	166	-
Balance 30 June	(12,340)	(2,740)	(427)	-
<i>Foreign currency translation reserve</i>				
Balance at the beginning of the year	10,625	17,440	-	-
Exchange difference on translation of overseas subsidiaries	5,397	(5,960)	-	-
Effect of hedging the net investment of overseas subsidiaries	-	(855)	-	-
Balance 30 June	16,022	10,625	-	-

### (i) Hedging Reserve – Cash Flow Hedges

The hedging reserve is used to record gains or losses on a hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge that are recognised directly in equity, as described in note 2(n). Amounts are recognised in the Income Statement when the associated hedged transaction affects the Income Statement.

### (ii) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign controlled entities are taken to the foreign currency translation reserve, as described in note 2(d). The reserve is recognised in the Income Statement when the net investment is disposed of.

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>(b) Retained Profit/(Losses)</b>				
Movements in retained profits were as follows:				
Balance at the beginning of the year	17,397	(1,291)	(276,070)	(251,476)
Profit attributable to shareholders of the company	122,960	102,025	63,480	58,743
Dividends	(99,207)	(83,337)	(99,207)	(83,337)
Balance at the end of the year	41,150	17,397	(311,797)	(276,070)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 26 NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

	CONSOLIDATED	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,325	1,482
Share of surpluses/(deficit) of subsidiaries	43	(157)
Balance at the end of the year	1,368	1,325

The non-controlling interest relates to the 40% of Queenstown Casinos Limited which is not owned by SKYCITY.

## 27 DIVIDENDS

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Prior year final dividend	53,198	37,328	53,198	37,328
Current year interim dividend	46,009	46,009	46,009	46,009
Total dividends provided for or paid	99,207	83,337	99,207	83,337
Prior year final dividend (per share)	9.25¢	6.50¢	9.25¢	6.50¢
Current year interim dividend (per share)	8.00¢	8.00¢	8.00¢	8.00¢

On 16 August 2011, the directors resolved to declare a final dividend of 8.0 cents per share in respect of the year ended 30 June 2011 (refer to note 36 for further details).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 28 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risks (interest rate, currency and electricity price), liquidity risk, and credit risk. The Group's overall risk management programme recognises the nature of these risks and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department under a formal Treasury Policy approved annually by the board of directors. Treasury policy sets out written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess funds. The Treasury Policy sets conservative limits for allowable risk exposures which are formally reviewed at least annually.

### (a) Market Risk

#### (i) Currency Risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to currency risk, primarily with respect to Australian and US dollars. Exposure to the Australian dollar arises from the Group's net investment in its Australian operations. Exposure to the US dollar arises from funding denominated in that currency.

The Group utilises natural hedges wherever possible (i.e. Australian dollar funding is used to partially hedge the net investment in Australian operations) with forward foreign exchange contracts used to manage any significant residual risk to the Income Statement.

The Group's exposure to the US dollar (refer to US dollar US Private Placement debt detailed in notes 17 and 18) has been fully hedged by way of cross-currency interest rate swaps (CCIRS), hedging US dollar exposure on both principal and interest. The CCIRS correspond in amount and maturity to the US dollar borrowings with no residual US dollar exposure.

Movement in exchange rates will have very limited impact on the parent accounts as there are minimal currency exposures in that entity.

#### (ii) Interest Rate Risk

The Group's interest rate exposures arise from long-term borrowings.

Interest rate swaps (IRS) and CCIRS are utilised to modify the interest repricing profile of the Group's debt to match the profile required by Treasury Policy. All IRS and CCIRS are in designated hedging relationships that are highly effective.

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets, the Group's revenue is substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The following table sets out the Group's exposure to interest rate risk, including the contractual repricing dates and the effective weighted average interest rate.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 28 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

	%	PRINCIPAL - INTEREST RATE REPRICING						TOTAL \$'000
		1 YEAR OR LESS \$'000	1-2 YEARS \$'000	2-3 YEARS \$'000	3-4 YEARS \$'000	4-5 YEARS \$'000	OVER 5 YEARS \$'000	
<b>2011</b>								
Cash and deposits	2.50	55,690	-	-	-	-	-	55,690
Advance to Christchurch Hotels	2.68	6,235	-	-	-	-	-	6,235
US Private Placement	4.82	(296,563)	-	-	(56,798)	-	(244,108)	(597,469)
Capital notes (NZ)	7.25	-	-	-	(56,451)	-	-	(56,451)
IRS/CCIRS*		98,278	(32,300)	-	(7,552)	(35,840)	(22,586)	-
		(136,360)	(32,300)	-	(120,801)	(35,840)	(266,694)	(591,995)
Weighted average debt interest rate	7.36%							
<b>2010</b>								
Cash and deposits	2.70	64,314	-	-	-	-	-	64,314
Advance to Christchurch Hotels	2.93	6,429	-	-	-	-	-	6,429
US Private Placement	5.18	(188,843)	(122,673)	-	-	(67,831)	(38,966)	(418,313)
Capital notes (NZ)	7.25	-	-	-	-	(47,043)	-	(47,043)
SKYCITY ACES (Aust)	5.01	(184,207)	-	-	-	-	-	(184,207)
IRS/CCIRS*		157,335	122,673	(115,421)	-	(88,561)	(76,026)	-
		(144,972)	-	(115,421)	-	(203,435)	(114,992)	(578,820)
Weighted average debt interest rate	7.28%							

\* Interest rate swaps and cross-currency interest rate swaps, notional principal amounts.

For both 2011 and 2010 capital notes are the only interest-bearing debt within the parent entity. The only derivative that the parent entity is party to is a forward rate transaction hedging capital expenditure.

### (iii) Electricity Price Risk

Maturing in December 2010 SKYCITY had one electricity derivative (Contract For Differences) for approximately 80% of SKYCITY Auckland's electricity consumption (2010: one contract) hedging an electricity supply contract at spot (floating) price. The CFD was a designated cash flow hedge with 100% effectiveness. The CFD is no longer required as replacement electricity supply contract is fixed rate.

Changes in the spot price of electricity will not impact on the Income Statement. Changes in fair value of the CFD will be reflected in Equity (Cash Flow Hedge Reserve) until released to the Income Statement to offset variability in the spot electricity price.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 28 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### (iv) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities to interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk. The sensitivity analysis considers reasonably possible changes in each risk with all other variables held constant, taking into account all underlying exposures and related hedges at the reporting date. The impact calculated is based on a full year impact of each change. Sensitivities have been selected based on the current level of interest rates and exchange rates, volatility observed on an historical basis and market expectations for future movements.

	INTEREST RATE RISK				FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK			
	-100BPS		+100BPS		-5%		+5%	
	PROFIT \$'000	EQUITY \$'000	PROFIT \$'000	EQUITY \$'000	PROFIT \$'000	EQUITY \$'000	PROFIT \$'000	EQUITY \$'000
CONSOLIDATED								
<b>30 June 2011</b>								
NZD/AUD movements	-	-	-	-	558	10,030	(505)	(9,075)
NZ interest rate movement	645	(10,207)	(645)	9,685	-	-	-	-
Australian interest rate movement	80	(7,086)	(80)	6,586	-	-	-	-
<b>Total increase/(decrease)</b>	<b>725</b>	<b>(17,293)</b>	<b>(725)</b>	<b>16,271</b>	<b>558</b>	<b>10,030</b>	<b>(505)</b>	<b>(9,075)</b>
<b>30 June 2010</b>								
NZD/AUD movements	-	-	-	-	(650)	15,590	588	(14,105)
NZ interest rate movement	(100)	(9,489)	100	8,813	-	-	-	-
Australian interest rate movement	726	(4,279)	(726)	4,062	-	-	-	-
<b>Total increase/(decrease)</b>	<b>626</b>	<b>(13,768)</b>	<b>(626)</b>	<b>12,875</b>	<b>(650)</b>	<b>15,590</b>	<b>588</b>	<b>(14,105)</b>

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its financial obligations. SKYCITY is largely a cash-based business and its material credit risks arise mainly from financial instruments utilised in funding and International Business play.

Financial instruments (other than International Business discussed below) that potentially create a credit exposure can only be entered into with counterparties that are explicitly approved by the board. Maximum credit limits for each of these parties are approved on the basis of long-term credit rating (Standard and Poor's or Moody's). A minimum long-term rating of A+ (S&P) or A1 (Moody's) is required to approve individual counterparties.

The maximum credit risk of any financial instrument at any time is the fair value where that instrument is an asset. All derivatives are carried at fair value in the balance sheet. Trade receivables are presented net of an allowance for estimated doubtful receivables.

International players are managed in accordance with accepted industry practise. Settlement risk associated with international players is minimised through credit checking and a formal review and approval process.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk in the Group.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 28 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of unutilised committed credit facilities. The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available with a variety of counterparties and maturities.

#### *Maturities of Committed Funding Facilities*

The tables below analyse the Group's maturity profile of committed funding. The bank facility of \$400 million (2010: \$500 million) is not drawn down as at 30 June 2011 (2010: nil drawn down).

	LESS THAN 6 MONTHS \$'000	6 - 12 MONTHS \$'000	BETWEEN 1 AND 2 YEARS \$'000	BETWEEN 2 AND 3 YEARS \$'000	BETWEEN 3 AND 5 YEARS \$'000	OVER 5 YEARS \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
<b>CONSOLIDATED</b>							
<b>At 30 June 2011</b>							
Bank facility	-	-	-	200,000	200,000	-	400,000
Capital notes	-	-	-	-	56,451	-	56,451
US Private Placement	-	247,267	-	-	84,967	265,235	597,469
<b>Total debt facilities</b>	-	247,267	-	200,000	341,418	265,235	1,053,920
Payables	73,669	-	-	-	-	-	73,669
Total drawn debt	-	247,267	-	-	141,418	265,235	653,920
Future contracted interest on drawn debt	17,775	13,951	22,567	22,567	35,032	44,901	156,793
Future contracted interest on CCIRS/IRS	8,063	6,952	12,340	12,232	20,686	28,146	88,419
<b>At 30 June 2010</b>							
Bank facility	-	500,000	-	-	-	-	500,000
Capital notes	-	-	-	-	47,043	-	47,043
SKYCITY ACES	184,207	-	-	-	-	-	184,207
US Private Placement	-	-	262,219	-	96,000	60,094	418,313
<b>Total debt facilities</b>	184,207	500,000	262,219	-	143,043	60,094	1,149,563
Payables	66,480	-	-	-	-	-	66,480
Total drawn debt	184,207	-	262,219	-	143,043	60,094	649,563
Future contracted interest on drawn debt	15,872	12,679	21,347	11,548	21,204	8,148	90,798
Future contracted interest on CCIRS/IRS	4,408	4,183	7,427	5,131	9,578	4,576	35,303



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 28 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### (d) Fair value estimation

The table below analyses for financial instruments that are measured in the balance sheet at fair value by level of the fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

	LEVEL 1 \$'000	LEVEL 2 \$'000	LEVEL 3 \$'000	TOTAL BALANCE \$'000
<b>CONSOLIDATED</b>				
<b>At 30 June 2011</b>				
<b>Assets</b>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- Forward foreign currency contracts	-	272	-	272
<b>Total assets</b>	-	272	-	272
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
- Forward foreign currency contracts	-	113	-	113
Derivatives used for hedging	-	43,382	-	43,382
<b>Total liabilities</b>	-	43,495	-	43,495
<b>At 30 June 2010</b>				
<b>Assets</b>				
Derivatives used for hedging				
	-	26,041	-	26,041
<b>Total assets</b>	-	26,041	-	26,041
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
- Forward foreign currency contracts	-	226	-	226
Derivatives used for hedging	-	24,288	-	24,288
<b>Total liabilities</b>	-	24,514	-	24,514

Further details on derivatives are provided in note 12.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.
- The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date, with the resulting value discounted back to present value.
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analyses, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

In 2011, the parent company has one forward exchange contract recognised in the balance sheet at fair value liability of \$113,000 (2010: nil).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 28 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### (e) Financial instruments by category

	LOANS AND RECEIVABLES \$'000	ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES) AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH THE INCOME STATEMENT \$'000	DERIVATIVES USED FOR HEDGING \$'000	LIABILITIES AT AMORTISED COST \$'000
<b>CONSOLIDATED</b>				
<b>At 30 June 2011</b>				
Cash and bank balances	104,577	-	-	-
Trade receivables	9,286	-	-	-
Advance to Christchurch Hotels Limited	6,235	-	-	-
Sundry receivables	11,244	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	-	159	(43,382)	-
Interest-bearing liabilities	-	-	-	(597,469)
Capital notes	-	-	-	(56,400)
Payables	-	-	-	(73,669)
	<b>131,342</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>(43,382)</b>	<b>(727,538)</b>
<b>At 30 June 2010</b>				
Cash and bank balances	102,706	-	-	-
Trade receivables	10,434	-	-	-
Advance to Christchurch Hotels Limited	6,429	-	-	-
Sundry receivables	3,152	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	-	(226)	1,753	-
Interest-bearing liabilities	-	-	-	(417,126)
Capital notes	-	-	-	(47,030)
SKYCITY ACES	-	-	-	(183,880)
Payables	-	-	-	(66,486)
	<b>122,721</b>	<b>(226)</b>	<b>1,753</b>	<b>(714,522)</b>

### (f) Capital Risk Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders over the long term.

In order to optimise its capital structure, the Group manages actual and forecast operational cash flows, capital expenditure and equity distributions.

The Group primarily manages capital on the basis of gearing ratios measured on the basis of net debt to EBITDA (Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation) and interest coverage (EBITDA relative to net interest cost).

The primary ratios were as follows at 30 June:

	2011	2010
Net debt to EBITDA	2.0 x	2.0 x
Interest coverage	6.2 x	5.7 x

These types of ratios are consistent with the financial covenants in the Group's various funding facilities. Actual gearing as at 30 June 2011 was within covenant limits on funding facilities.

Although the New Zealand capital notes include the right for SKYCITY to convert them to equity they are treated as debt for capital management and financial reporting purposes.

The Group does not have any externally-imposed capital requirements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 29 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Chief Executive Officer/Managing Director that are used to assess performance and allocate resources.

Segment information excludes discontinued operations (Cinemas) which were previously part of the "Rest of New Zealand" segment.

The Group is organised into the following main operating segments:

### *SKYCITY Auckland*

SKYCITY Auckland includes casino operations, hotels and convention, food and beverage, carparking and Sky Tower and a number of other related activities.

### *Rest of New Zealand*

Rest of New Zealand includes the Group's interest in SKYCITY Hamilton, SKYCITY Queenstown Casino and Christchurch Casino.

### *SKYCITY Adelaide*

SKYCITY Adelaide includes casino operations and food and beverage.

### *SKYCITY Darwin*

SKYCITY Darwin includes casino operations, food and beverage and hotel.

### *International Business*

International Business includes commission and complimentary play. The international business segment is made up of customers sourced mainly from Asia, and the rest of the world. The revenue is generated at SKYCITY's Auckland, Darwin, Adelaide and Queenstown locations.

### *Corporate/Group*

Head office functions including legal and regulatory, group finance, human resources and information technology, the Chief Executive's office and directors.

	SKYCITY AUCKLAND \$'000	REST OF NEW ZEALAND \$'000	SKYCITY ADELAIDE \$'000	SKYCITY DARWIN \$'000	INTER- NATIONAL BUSINESS \$'000	CORPORATE/ GROUP \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
<b>2011</b>							
Revenue from external customers and other income	396,208	49,652	180,436	136,539	41,571	-	804,406
Share of net profits of associate	-	5,976	-	-	-	-	5,976
Less:							
Expenses	(205,522)	(28,343)	(135,629)	(91,840)	(25,356)	(29,416)	(516,106)
Impairment of Christchurch Casino	-	(15,000)	-	-	-	-	(15,000)
Depreciation and amortisation	(35,089)	(5,619)	(10,976)	(12,030)	-	(5,996)	(69,710)
Segment profit/EBIT	155,597	6,666	33,831	32,669	16,215	(35,412)	209,566
Finance costs							(43,772)
Profit before income tax							165,794
Segment assets	676,827	134,885	290,570	373,840	-	206,549	1,682,671
Investment in associates	-	73,782	-	-	-	-	73,782
Net additions to non-current assets (other than financial assets and deferred tax)	62,036	3,456	7,464	17,552	-	4,140	94,648

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 29 SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

	SKYCITY AUCKLAND \$'000	REST OF NEW ZEALAND \$'000	SKYCITY ADELAIDE \$'000	SKYCITY DARWIN \$'000	INTER - NATIONAL BUSINESS \$'000	CORPORATE/ GROUP \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
<b>2010</b>							
Revenue from external customers and other income	393,326	47,261	169,263	134,522	26,485	-	770,857
Shares of net profits of associates	-	5,868	-	-	-	-	5,868
Less:							
Expenses	(199,528)	(27,072)	(129,862)	(86,698)	(17,572)	(27,590)	(488,322)
Depreciation and amortisation	(35,106)	(5,212)	(9,883)	(11,542)	-	(5,764)	(67,507)
Segment profit/EBIT	158,692	20,845	29,518	36,282	8,913	(33,354)	220,896
Finance costs							(47,388)
Profit before income tax							173,508
Segment assets	649,281	146,607	268,424	344,520	-	227,408	1,636,240
Investment in associates	-	83,549	-	-	-	-	83,549
Net additions to non-current assets (other than financial assets and deferred tax)	21,737	2,699	13,428	16,170	-	4,548	58,582

Breakdown of the revenue from all services is as follows:

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
<b>Revenue – products and services</b>				
Local gaming	586,480	575,802	-	-
International business	41,571	26,485	-	-
Non-gaming	175,094	167,650	-	-
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>803,145</b>	<b>769,937</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Revenue – geographic</b>				
New Zealand	479,958	452,717	-	-
Australia	323,187	317,220	-	-
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>803,145</b>	<b>769,937</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Non-current asset additions – geographic</b>				
New Zealand	69,632	28,984	-	-
Australia	25,016	29,598	-	-
<b>Total non-current asset additions</b>	<b>94,648</b>	<b>58,582</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Non-current assets excluding financial instruments – geographic</b>				
New Zealand	910,978	879,473	-	-
Australia	611,927	579,622	-	-
<b>Total non-current assets excluding financial instruments</b>	<b>1,522,905</b>	<b>1,459,095</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## 30 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

### Executive Share Rights Plan 2005

The Executive Share Rights Plan (Rights Plan) was approved by directors in December 2004 and commenced on 1 July 2005. Share rights issued under the Rights Plan are exercisable after the third anniversary of their date of issue provided the terms and conditions of the Plan are met, and lapse if not exercised within five years. The exercise price of the share rights is the base exercise price adjusted for the company's estimated cost of equity and dividends/distributions between the issue date and the exercise date of the rights.

### Chief Executive Officer Convertible Rights

A Commencement Grant of 200,000 convertible share rights was made to the CEO with effect from 1 March 2008. Each right converted into one SKYCITY share on 1 March 2010.

### Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan 2008

The Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan (CEO LTI) was approved by shareholders at the 31 October 2008 Annual Meeting. Share rights are granted under the CEO LTI and (if exercisable) may be exercised at no cost. If exercised each share right corresponds to one fully paid ordinary share in the company. Share rights only become exercisable when performance hurdles set by the board of directors are met.

491,132 rights were issued in the year ended 30 June 2009 of which 275,034 have converted to shares in the current year.

### Executive Long Term Incentive Plan 2008

The Executive Long Term Incentive Plan (Executive LTI) was approved by directors in December 2008. Share rights are granted under the Executive LTI and (if exercisable) may be exercised at no cost. If exercised each share right corresponds to one fully paid ordinary share in the company. Share rights only become exercisable when performance hurdles set by the board of directors are met.

875,000 rights were issued in the year ended 30 June 2009.

### Chief Executive Officer and Executive Long Term Incentive Plan 2009

During the prior year, the Group implemented a new long term incentive plan for a limited number of senior executives (including the Chief Executive Officer). This plan replaced the share based Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan 2008 and the Executive Long Term Incentive Plan 2008.

Under the new plan, executives purchase SKYCITY shares funded by an interest free loan from the Group. The shares purchased by the executives are held by a trustee company with executives entitled to exercise the voting rights attached to the shares and receive dividends, the proceeds of which are used to repay the interest free loan.

At the end of the restricted period (3 to 4 years), the Group will pay a bonus to each executive to the extent their performance targets have been met which is sufficient to repay the initial interest free loan associated with the shares which vest. The shares upon which performance targets have been met will then fully vest to the executives. The loan owing on shares upon which performance targets have not been met (the forfeited shares) will be novated from the executives to the trustee company and will be fully repaid by the transfer of the forfeited shares. Performance targets relate to total shareholder return.

At 30 June 2011 the interest free loan on the CEO Long Term Incentive Plan is \$5,846,428 (2010: \$1,173,039) and on the Executive Long Term Incentive Plan totals \$5,300,645 (2010: \$1,904,372).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 30 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Movements in the number of share rights outstanding are as follows:

GRANT DATE	EXPIRY DATE	EXERCISE PRICE	BALANCE AT START OF THE YEAR NUMBER	GRANTED DURING THE YEAR NUMBER	EXERCISED/ CONVERTED DURING THE YEAR NUMBER	EXPIRED DURING THE YEAR NUMBER	BALANCE AT END OF THE YEAR NUMBER	EXERCISABLE AT END OF THE YEAR NUMBER
CONSOLIDATED AND PARENT - 2011								
05/09/05	05/09/10	\$4.81	231,000	-	-	(231,000)	-	-
04/09/06	04/09/11	\$5.15	333,000	-	-	-	333,000	333,000
01/03/08	01/03/12		491,132	-	(275,034)	-	216,098	216,098
01/07/08	01/07/12		600,000	-	-	-	600,000	-
02/09/09	02/09/13		960,175	-	-	(57,750)	902,425	-
31/08/10	31/08/14		-	1,266,445	-	(50,250)	1,216,195	-
02/03/11	02/03/15		-	1,544,291	-	-	1,544,291	-
<b>Total</b>			<b>2,615,307</b>	<b>2,810,736</b>	<b>(275,034)</b>	<b>(339,000)</b>	<b>4,812,009</b>	<b>549,098</b>
CONSOLIDATED AND PARENT - 2010								
08/09/04	08/09/09	\$4.44	150,000	-	-	(150,000)	-	-
05/09/05	05/09/10	\$4.81	231,000	-	-	-	231,000	231,000
04/09/06	04/09/11	\$5.15	384,000	-	-	(51,000)	333,000	333,000
01/03/08	01/03/10		200,000	-	(200,000)	-	-	-
01/03/08	01/03/12		491,132	-	-	-	491,132	-
01/07/08	01/07/12		850,000	-	-	(250,000)	600,000	-
02/09/09	01/09/13		-	1,046,800	-	(86,625)	960,175	-
<b>Total</b>			<b>2,306,132</b>	<b>1,046,800</b>	<b>(200,000)</b>	<b>(537,625)</b>	<b>2,615,307</b>	<b>564,000</b>

### Exercise price

The rights granted from 2008 onwards do not have an exercise price.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options and rights outstanding at the end of the period was 2.55 years (2010: 2.10 years).

### Fair value of share rights granted

The assessed fair value at grant date of the rights granted 31 August 2010 is 96.0 cents (2 September 2009: 98.3 cents).

The valuation inputs for the rights granted 31 August 2010 included:

- rights are granted for no consideration
- exercise price: nil (2010: nil)
- grant date: 31 August 2010 (2010: 2 September 2009)
- expiry date: 30 August 2014 (2010: 1 September 2013)
- share price at valuation date \$2.87 (2010: \$3.28)

The expected price volatility is derived by analysing the historic volatility over a recent historical period similar to the term of the right.

The assessed fair value at grant date of the rights granted 2 March 2011 is \$1.11.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 30 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

The valuation inputs for the rights granted 2 March 2011 included:

- (a) rights are granted for no consideration
- (b) exercise price: nil
- (c) grant date: 2 March 2011
- (d) expiry date: 2 March 2015
- (e) share price at valuation date: \$3.34

The expected price volatility is derived by analysing the historic volatility over a recent historical period similar to the term of the right.

### Expenses arising from Share-Based Payment Transactions

Total expenses arising from share-based payment transactions recognised during the period as part of employee benefit expense were as below.

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Rights issued under Share Rights Plans	1,047	895	1,047	895
	1,047	895	1,047	895

## 31 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There are no bad or doubtful debts associated with any related party of the Group or parent entity (2010: nil).

### (a) Key Management and Personnel Compensation

Key management compensation for the years ended 30 June 2011 and 2010 is set out below. The key management personnel are all the directors of the company, the Chief Executive Officer and the direct reports to the Chief Executive Officer.

	SHORT-TERM BENEFITS \$'000	TERMINATION PAYMENTS \$'000	SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS \$'000	TOTAL \$'000
2011	7,753	-	835	8,588
2010	7,016	375	653	8,044

### (b) Other transactions with key management personnel or entities related to them

Information on transactions with key management personnel or entities related to them, other than compensation, are set out below.

Certain directors and key management have relevant interests in a number of companies with which SKYCITY has transactions in the normal course of business. A number of SKYCITY directors and key management are also non-executive directors of other companies. Any transactions undertaken with these entities have been entered into on an arms-length commercial basis.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 31 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

### (c) Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in note 32.

### (d) Parent

The majority of the parent entity's transactions are with its subsidiaries including the payment of dividends of \$100.1 million (2010: \$100.2 million) and provision of employee services of \$18.5 million (2010: \$17.4 million) on normal commercial terms.

Advances to and from subsidiaries are repayable on demand and are on normal commercial terms within a group and are disclosed in the relevant asset or liability note.

### (e) Associates

The Group has loaned Christchurch Hotels Limited \$6,235,251 (2010: \$6,429,000) as set out in note 10 on normal commercial terms.

## 32 SUBSIDIARIES

The consolidated Financial Statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 2(b):

All wholly-owned subsidiary companies and significant partly-owned subsidiaries have balance dates of 30 June.

NAME OF ENTITY	COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION	CLASS OF SHARES	EQUITY HOLDING	
			2011 %	2010 %
Queenstown Casinos Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	60	60
SKYCITY Action Management Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Auckland Holdings Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Auckland Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Casino Management Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Hamilton Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY International Holdings Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Investments Australia Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Investments Christchurch Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Investments Queenstown Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Management Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Metro Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Wellington Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
Sky Tower Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
Toptown Nominees Limited	New Zealand	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Adelaide Pty Limited	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Australia Finance Pty Limited	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Australian Limited Partnership	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Australia Pty Limited	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Australia Treasury Pty Limited	Australia	Ordinary	100	100
SKYCITY Darwin Pty Limited	Australia	Ordinary	100	100



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 33 CONTINGENCIES

There are no significant contingencies at year end (2010: nil).

## 34 COMMITMENTS

### Capital Commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities is as set out below.

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Property, plant and equipment	59,695	12,940	-	-

### Operating Lease Commitments

The Group leases various offices and other premises under non-cancellable operating leases. These leases have varying terms, escalation clauses and renewal rights. On renewal, the terms of the leases are renegotiated.

Commitments for minimum lease payments in relation to non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

Within one year	5,482	6,776	-	-
Later than one year but not later than five years	13,419	13,921	-	-
Later than five years	318,673	319,443	-	-
Commitments not recognised in the Financial Statements	337,574	340,140	-	-

The above operating lease summary includes a large number of leases, the most significant of which are:

SKYCITY Auckland - Hobson and Federal Streets sub soil lease. This lease is for a period of 999 years from 31 January 1996 with rent reviews every five years.

SKYCITY Adelaide - Casino building lease. The initial lease term is until 3 March 2025 with 3 further rights of renewal for 20 years each and annual rent reviews.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 35 RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT AFTER INCOME TAX TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	CONSOLIDATED		PARENT	
	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000	2011 \$'000	2010 \$'000
Profit for the year, including discontinued operations	122,960	102,025	63,480	58,743
Non-controlling interest	43	(157)	-	-
Depreciation and amortisation	69,710	67,507	5,958	5,727
Finance costs net	43,772	47,388	3,908	10,068
Current period employee share entitlement	-	(79)	-	(79)
Current period share options expense	1,047	895	1,047	895
Gain on sale of fixed assets	(1,065)	(733)	-	-
Gain on disposal of Cinemas	-	(13,491)	-	-
Dividend from subsidiary	-	-	(100,133)	(100,224)
Impairment of Christchurch Casinos	15,000	-	-	-
Share of profits of associates not received as dividends	(5,233)	(2,526)	-	-
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase)/decrease in receivables and prepayments	(7,720)	974	7,621	(68,079)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	192	(545)	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in payables and accruals	9,052	(8,543)	20,779	119,450
(Decrease)/increase in deferred tax liability	(1,057)	46,987	-	-
(Increase) in tax receivable	(22,781)	(21,821)	-	-
(Decrease) in other non-current liabilities	-	(2,547)	-	-
Capital items included in working capital movements	(14,555)	12,275	-	-
Subsidiary funding transactions	-	-	(28,864)	(52,581)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	209,365	227,609	(26,204)	(26,080)

## 36 EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

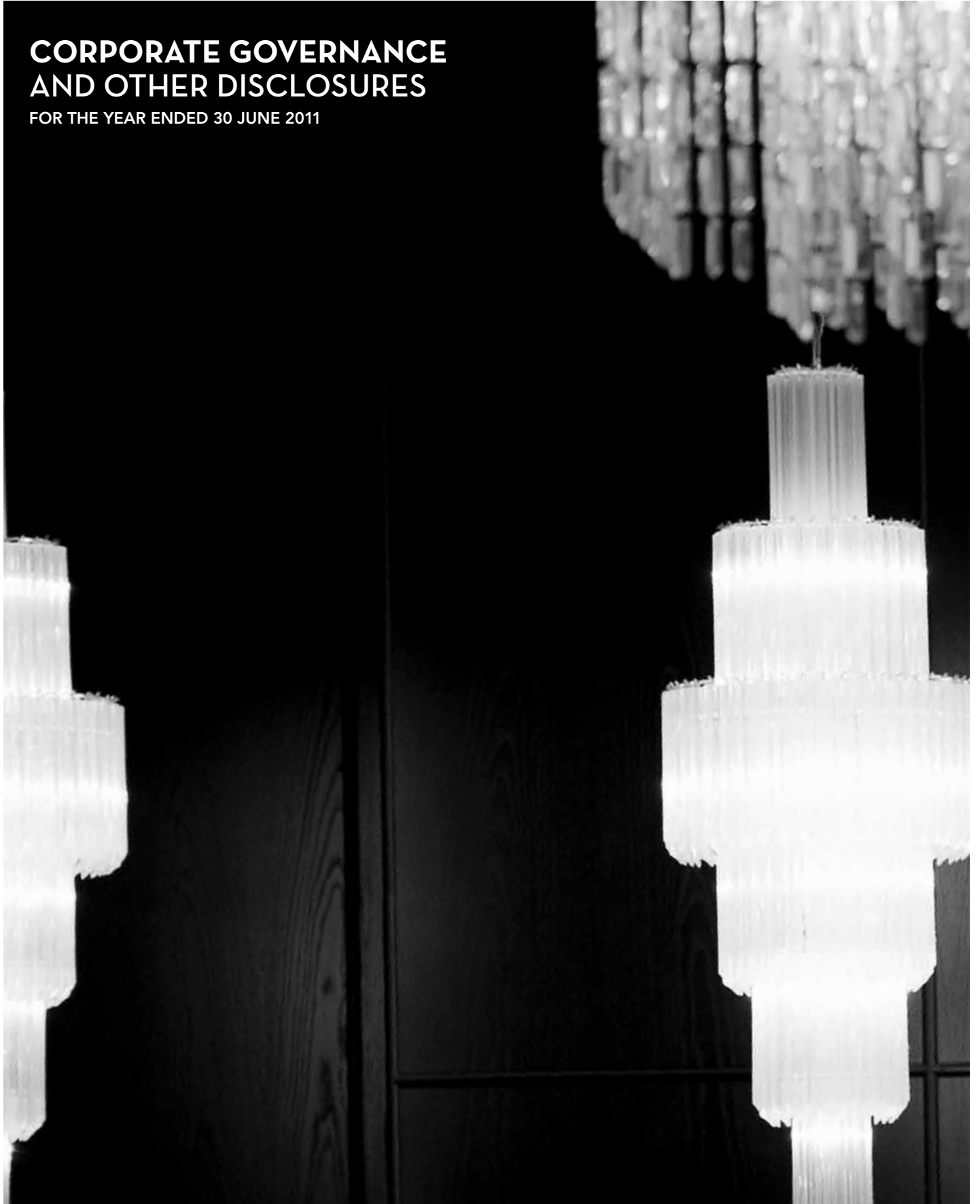
### Dividend

On 16 August 2011, the directors resolved to provide for a final dividend to be paid in respect of the year ended 30 June 2011. The partially (60%) imputed, partially franked (60%) dividend of 8.0 cents per share will be paid on 7 October 2011 to all shareholders on the company's register at the close of business on 30 September 2011.

# THE AR

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER DISCLOSURES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011



# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2011

SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited is committed to maintaining the highest standards of corporate behaviour and responsibility, and has adopted governance policies and procedures reflecting this.

In establishing its governance policies and procedures, the SKYCITY board has adopted ten governance parameters as the cornerstone principles of its corporate governance charter. As a New Zealand company listed on the Australian and New Zealand stock exchanges, these cornerstone principles, set out below and on the following pages, reflect the Listing Rules and Corporate Governance Best Practice Code of NZX Limited (NZX), the Listing Rules of ASX Limited (ASX), the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations of the ASX Corporate Governance Council, and the New Zealand Securities Commission's Governance Principles and Guidelines.

SKYCITY's corporate governance framework is fully detailed in the Investor Centre section of the company's website at [www.skycityentertainmentgroup.com](http://www.skycityentertainmentgroup.com).

## 1. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

SKYCITY's procedures are designed to:

- enable the board to provide strategic guidance for the company and effective oversight of management;
- clarify the respective roles and responsibilities of board members and senior executives in order to facilitate board and management accountability to both the company and its shareholders; and
- ensure a balance of authority so that no single individual has unfettered powers.

The board establishes the company's objectives, the major strategies for achieving those objectives and the overall policy framework within which the business of the company is conducted, and monitors management's performance with respect to these matters.

The board is also responsible for ensuring that the company's assets are maintained under effective stewardship, that decision making authorities within the organisation are clearly defined, that the letter and intent of all applicable company and casino law and regulation are complied with, and that the company is well managed for the benefit of its shareholders and other stakeholders. The board also oversees management's risk profiling and business continuity plans.

The board has responsibility for the affairs and activities of the company, which in practice is achieved through delegation to the Chief Executive Officer and others (including SKYCITY appointed directors on subsidiary company boards) who are charged with the day-to-day leadership and management of the company.

The Chief Executive Officer also has responsibility to manage and oversee the interfaces between the company and the public and to act as the principal representative of the company.

The board maintains a formal set of delegated authorities that defines the responsibilities which are delegated to the Chief Executive Officer and management and those which are retained by the board. These delegated authorities are approved by the board and are subject to annual review by the board.

## 2. STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE

Board effectiveness requires the efficient discharge of the duties imposed by law on the directors and addition of value to the company. To achieve this, the SKYCITY board is structured to:

- have a sound understanding of, and competence to deal with, the current and emerging issues of the business;
- effectively review and challenge the performance of management and exercise independent judgement; and
- assist in the selection of candidates to stand for election by shareholders at annual meetings.

### Board Composition

The board ensures that it is of an effective composition and size to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties and to add value to the company's decision-making.

In order to meet these requirements, the board membership comprises a range of skills and experience to ensure that it has a proper understanding of and competence to deal with the current and emerging issues of the business, to effectively review and challenge the performance of management, and to exercise independent judgement. As at 30 June 2011, the board comprised seven non-executive directors and a managing director. Biographical details of individual directors are set out in the company's 2011 Shareholder Review.

Directors are appointed under the company's Terms of Appointment and Terms of Reference for Directors and Board Charter for a term of three years and are subject to re-election by shareholders in accordance with the rotation requirements of the NZX and the ASX.

The board has established the Governance and Nominations Committee to make recommendations on the board's size, selection and removal of directors, on appropriate procedures for director and board evaluation and performance review, the induction, orientation and training of new directors in the company's operations and the gaming/entertainment sector generally, and on the board's succession planning.

The company's constitution also requires all potential directors to have satisfied the extensive probity requirements of each jurisdiction in which the company holds gaming licences.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CONTINUED

## Director Independence

The Board Charter requires that the board contains a majority of its number who are independent directors. SKYCITY also supports the separation of the role of board chairperson from the Chief Executive Officer position. Directors are required to ensure all relationships and appointments bearing on their independence are disclosed to the Governance and Nominations Committee on a timely basis. In determining the independence of directors, the board has adopted the definition of independence set out in the NZX Corporate Governance Best Practice Code and has taken into account the independence guidelines (ASX Independence Guidelines) as recommended in the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations.

At its 23 June 2011 meeting, the board reviewed the status of each director in accordance with the independence specification of the NZX Code and taking into account the ASX Independence Guidelines and determined that all current non-executive directors are independent.

## Access to Information and Advice

New directors participate in an individual induction programme, tailored to meet their particular information requirements.

Directors receive regular reports and comprehensive information on the company's operations before each meeting and have unrestricted access to any other information they require.

Senior management is available at and outside each meeting to address queries. Directors are expected to maintain an up-to-date knowledge of the company's business operations and of the industry sectors within which the company operates. Directors are provided with updates on industry developments, and undertake regular visits to the company's key operations. The board also undertakes periodic educational trips to observe and receive briefings from other companies in the gaming and entertainment industries.

Directors are entitled to obtain independent professional advice (at the expense of the company) on any matter relating to their responsibilities as a director or with respect to any aspect of the company's affairs, provided they have previously notified the board chairperson of their intention to do so.

## Indemnities and Insurance

The company provides a deed of indemnity in favour of each director and senior management personnel and provides professional indemnity insurance cover for directors and executives acting in good faith in the conduct of the company's affairs.

## Board Committees

The board has three formally appointed committees, being the Audit and Risk Committee, Governance and Nominations Committee and Remuneration Committee. The non-executive directors of the board appoint the chairperson of each committee.

The current members and chairperson of each committee are set out in the company's 2011 Shareholder Review and on the company's website.

Each committee operates under a charter document as agreed by the board. The charters, which are available on the company's website, set out the role and responsibilities of each committee. Each committee charter and the performance of each committee are subject to formal review by the board on an annual basis.

## Meeting Attendance

The following table shows attendances at board and committee meetings by directors during the year ended 30 June 2011.

Nine board meetings were scheduled during the year.

	APPOINTMENT TO OFFICE	BOARD SCHEDULED	BOARD UNSCHEDULED	BOARD TOTAL	AUDIT AND RISK	REMUNERATION	GOVERNANCE AND NOMINATIONS
NUMBER OF MEETINGS HELD		9	-	9	3	4	1
R H McGeoch	20 September 2002	9	-	9	3	4	1
P D Cullinane	26 March 2008	9	-	9	-	4	1
P B Harman <sup>(1)</sup>	18 December 2008	9	-	9	1	4	1
C J D Moller	18 December 2008	9	-	9	3	-	1
N B Morrison	18 December 2008	9	-	9	-	-	1
Sir Dryden Spring	31 October 2003	9	-	9	3	4	1
B J Carter <sup>(2)</sup>	12 October 2010	7	-	7	2	-	1
S H Suckling <sup>(3)</sup>	9 May 2011	2	-	2	-	-	-

(1) P B Harman retired as a member of the Audit and Risk Committee on 11 October 2010.

(2) B J Carter was appointed a director of the company on 12 October 2010.

(3) S H Suckling was appointed a director of the company on 9 May 2011.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CONTINUED

## 3. INTEGRITY AND ETHICAL BEHAVIOUR

SKYCITY actively promotes ethical and responsible behaviour and decision-making by:

- clarifying and promoting observance of its guiding values;
- clarifying the standards of ethical behaviour required of company directors and key executives (that is, officers and employees who have the opportunity to materially influence the integrity, strategy and operations of the business and its financial performance) and encouraging the observance of those standards; and
- communicating the requirements relating to trading in the company's securities by directors and employees.

The Governance and Nominations Committee is responsible for monitoring the organisational integrity of business operations to ensure the maintenance of a high standard of ethical behaviour. This includes ensuring that SKYCITY operates in compliance with its Code of Business Practice, which sets out the guiding principles of its relationships with stakeholder groups such as regulators, shareholders, suppliers, customers, community groups and employees. All senior managers are required annually to provide a confirmation to the company that to the best of their knowledge the company has complied with the Code of Business Practice and all other ethical responsibilities during the financial year.

The company maintains a Securities Trading Policy for directors and employees that sets out guidelines in respect of trading in, or giving recommendations concerning, the company's securities. In addition, prior consent must be obtained from the company secretary before directors and certain employees who may have access to material information undertake any trading in the company's securities.

Details of any securities trading by directors or executives who are subject to the company's Securities Trading Policy are notified to the board.

Officers of the company must formally disclose their SKYCITY shareholdings and other securities holdings to the NZX within five business days of any change in their holding of such securities.

Directors and employees are not permitted to participate in any gaming or wagering activity at SKYCITY operated properties or at a related property, including Christchurch Casino.

## 4. SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL REPORTING

The board is responsible for ensuring that effective policies and procedures are in place to provide confidence in the integrity of the company's financial reporting.

The Audit and Risk Committee has responsibility for oversight of the quality, reliability, and accuracy of the company's internal and external financial statements, the quality of the company's external result presentations, its internal control environment and risk management programmes, and for its relationships with its internal and external auditors.

The Audit and Risk Committee and the board undertake sufficient inquiry of the company's management and the company's internal and external auditors in order to enable them to be satisfied as to the validity and accuracy of the company's financial reporting. The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer are required to confirm in writing to the Audit and Risk Committee that the annual and interim financial statements present a true and fair view of the company's financial condition and results of operations, and comply with relevant accounting standards.

The Committee oversees the independence of the company's internal and external auditors and monitors the scope and quantum of work undertaken and fees paid to the auditors for other than audit work. The Committee has adopted an External Audit Independence Policy that sets out the framework for assessing and maintaining audit independence.

The Committee has formally reviewed the independence status of PricewaterhouseCoopers and is satisfied that its objectivity and independence is not compromised as a consequence of non-audit work undertaken for the company. PricewaterhouseCoopers has confirmed to the Committee that it is not aware of any matters that could affect its independence in performing its duties as auditor of the company.

Fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers during the 2010/11 year are set out in note 5 to the financial statements. Fees for audit and tax compliance work in the 2010/11 year represent 62% of total PricewaterhouseCoopers fees.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CONTINUED

## 5. TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

The board is committed to ensuring timely and balanced disclosure of all material matters concerning the company to ensure compliance with the letter and intent of NZX and ASX Listing Rules such that:

- all investors have equal and timely access to material information concerning the company, including its financial situation, performance, ownership and governance; and
- company announcements are factual and comprehensive.

The company is committed to presenting its financial and key operational performance results in a clear, effective, balanced and timely manner to the stock exchanges on which the company's securities are listed, and to its shareholders, analysts and other market commentators, and ensures that such information is available on the company's website.

Peter Treacy, General Counsel, is Company Secretary and the Disclosure Officer for SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited and is responsible for bringing to the attention of the board any matter relevant to the company's disclosure obligations.

## 6. RESPECT AND FACILITATE THE RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS

The company's shareholder communications strategy is designed to facilitate the effective exercise of shareholder rights by:

- communicating effectively with shareholders;
- providing shareholders with ready access to balanced and understandable information about the company and corporate proposals; and
- facilitating participation by shareholders in general meetings of the company.

The company achieves this by ensuring that information about the company is available to all shareholders by means of personal and/or website communication and through encouraging shareholders to attend general meetings of the company and making appropriate time available at such meetings for shareholders to ask questions of directors and management. Representatives of the company's external auditors are also invited to attend the company's annual meeting to answer any shareholder questions concerning their audit and external audit report. As for last year, this year the company has also provided all shareholders with a Shareholder Review, which contains much of the information previously included in the annual report in a more accessible document.

## 7. RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

The company maintains a programme for the identification, assessment, monitoring and management of risk to the company's business. The risk management programme is approved and overseen by the Audit and Risk Committee.

SKYCITY maintains an independent, centrally-managed internal audit function which evaluates and reports on financial, operational and management controls across the Group.

The Audit and Risk Committee approves the internal audit programme, with results and performance of the control environments regularly reviewed by both the committee and the external auditors. The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer are required to confirm in writing to the Audit and Risk Committee that the statement in respect of the integrity of the company's financial statements referred to above is founded on a sound system of risk management and internal compliance and control which implements the policies of the board, and that the company's risk management and internal compliance and control systems are operating efficiently and effectively in all material respects. The most recent confirmations were provided by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer in August 2011.

The company maintains business continuity, material damage and liability insurance covers to ensure that the earnings of the business are well protected from adverse circumstances.

## 8. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The board and committee charters require an evaluation of the board and the committee performance on an annual basis. The Governance and Nominations Committee determines and oversees the process for evaluation which includes assessment of the role and responsibilities, performance, composition, structure, training, and membership requirements of the board and its committees.

The performance review of the board for 2010 was conducted by the chairman of the board (Rod McGeoch) and completed in April 2011. The review involved a formal response/feedback process with a one-on-one meeting involving the chairman and each director individually and involved input from external experts.

The board undertakes the performance review of the Chief Executive Officer and those reporting directly to that position in accordance with the company's performance review procedures, with the last review conducted in August 2011.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CONTINUED

## 9. REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

The board-approved Remuneration Policy (which is available in the Investor Centre section of the company's website at [www.skycityentertainmentgroup.com](http://www.skycityentertainmentgroup.com)) recognises that to achieve business objectives SKYCITY needs high quality, committed people and the aim of the Policy is, therefore, to attract, retain and motivate high-calibre executives capable of achieving the objectives of the company and encourage superior performance and creation of shareholder value.

The guiding principles that underpin SKYCITY's remuneration policies are:

- to be market-competitive at all levels to ensure the company can attract and retain the best available talent;
- to be performance-oriented so that remuneration practices recognise and reward high levels of performance and to avoid an entitlement culture;
- to provide a significant at-risk component of total remuneration which drives performance to achieve company goals and strategy;
- to manage remuneration within levels of cost efficiency and affordability; and
- to align remuneration for senior executives with the interests of shareholders.

A range of benchmark reports and other market data is used to ensure market relativity, including a report commissioned by the Remuneration Committee and produced by PricewaterhouseCoopers regarding the relativity of SKYCITY's key executive remuneration, by role, in respect to a key comparator group.

### Non-Executive Director Remuneration

Shareholders at the annual meeting determine the total remuneration available to non-executive directors.

At the 2008 annual meeting, shareholders approved, effective from 1 July 2008, a total remuneration amount for non-executive directors of \$950,000 per annum (plus GST, if any).

Current annual fees are \$200,000 for the chairperson of the board and \$90,000 each for other non-executive directors. In addition, each ordinary member of the Audit and Risk and Remuneration Committees receives \$10,000 per annum. The chairperson of the Audit and Risk Committee receives \$35,000 per annum and the chairperson of the Remuneration Committee receives \$25,000 per annum.

To continue to attract and retain qualified, highly capable directors from a pan-Australasian talent pool for the purpose of driving value and maintaining the highest standards of corporate governance on behalf of shareholders, it is proposed to seek approval from shareholders to increase the maximum total remuneration amount for the non-executive directors to \$1,300,000 (plus GST, if any) at the company's annual meeting in November 2011. In seeking such approval, the board has considered a paper prepared by Ernst & Young for the Remuneration Committee - the purpose of which was to benchmark fees paid by SKYCITY to non-executive directors with a relevant comparator group of Australian/New Zealand large listed companies. If approved, it is proposed that:

- the annual fees be \$250,000 for the chairperson of the board, \$150,000 for the deputy chairperson of the board (a role established in August 2011) and \$120,000 each for other non-executive directors; and
- the fee for each ordinary member of the Audit and Risk and Remuneration Committees be increased from \$10,000 to \$15,000 per annum with no increase to the fees for chairing either committee.

For those directors who were in office on or before 1 May 2004, SKYCITY's constitution permits the company, at the discretion of the board, to make a retirement payment to a director (or to his or her dependants), provided that the total amount of the payment does not exceed the total remuneration of the director in his or her capacity as a director in any three years chosen by the company. Retirement allowances for SKYCITY directors were discontinued at 30 June 2004 with retirement allowances accrued to that date frozen as to amount. Rod McGeoch and Sir Dryden Spring are the only directors eligible for the retirement allowance - currently \$22,913.24 and \$3,350.93 respectively. Retirement allowances accrued as at 30 June 2004 do not carry any interest entitlement between 1 July 2004 and the date of payment.

SKYCITY's policy on non-executive director remuneration was developed in 2011 by the Remuneration Committee and subsequently approved by the board. It is available in the Investor Centre section of the company's website at [www.skycityentertainmentgroup.com](http://www.skycityentertainmentgroup.com).

### Chief Executive Officer Remuneration

#### Employment Agreement

Nigel Morrison has an employment agreement (which is available in the Investor Centre section of the company's website at [www.skycityentertainmentgroup.com](http://www.skycityentertainmentgroup.com)) as Chief Executive Officer that commenced on 1 March 2008. The agreement is not a fixed term contract. The terms of the agreement reflect standard conditions that are appropriate for a senior executive of a listed Australasian company.



# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CONTINUED

Mr Morrison's remuneration package is a combination of fixed salary plus incentive payments for short and long term performance.

The short term incentive (STI) payments are determined by the company's financial performance against budget as well as a number of specific strategic, non-financial performance targets. An outline of the STI is included in the company's Remuneration Policy and Mr Morrison's employment agreement, both of which are available in the Investor Centre section on the company's website.

Mr Morrison may resign at any time giving six months' notice. SKYCITY may terminate Mr Morrison's employment with twelve months' notice (or make a payment of the total base remuneration he would have received during such period in lieu of such notice).

The agreement may be terminated by Mr Morrison on three months' notice if there is a fundamental change so that there is a substantial diminution of his role, status and responsibility, including where he is no longer the Chief Executive Officer of a listed public company, and he will be entitled to receive payment as if SKYCITY had terminated his employment with notice as set out above.

If SKYCITY terminates Mr Morrison's employment on notice, or his employment terminates in the event of a fundamental change noted above, entitlements under the Long Term Incentive (LTI) Plan referred to below that would otherwise be eligible to vest during the notice period will vest subject to satisfaction of the applicable performance hurdles.

In the event of termination of Mr Morrison's employment for serious misconduct or a serious breach of his employment agreement, no notice period will apply and Mr Morrison will not be eligible to receive any entitlements other than base remuneration then due, any accrued holiday pay, any accrued or vested STI which has been awarded but not yet paid, and any LTI where the vesting conditions have been satisfied but not yet tested.

Except as set out above, any additional entitlement to STI or LTI on the termination of employment is at the discretion of the board, subject to the rules for those schemes.

There is no redundancy entitlement under the agreement.

### **Long Term Incentive Plan**

The company operates a Long Term Incentive (LTI) Plan in favour of Mr Morrison. Under the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan approved by shareholders at the company's 2009 annual meeting, Mr Morrison is provided with financial assistance by way of an interest-free loan by a subsidiary of the company to acquire shares in the company. A trustee holds legal title to the relevant shares on behalf of Mr Morrison for a restrictive period of at least three years until certain performance hurdles are met. The performance hurdles involve comparison of the total shareholder return (TSR) achieved by SKYCITY against the shareholder returns achieved by a group of comparable Australasian companies (comparator group), and by the companies whose securities are in the NZSX50 index (index group).

For the shares to vest in Mr Morrison, the company must achieve a TSR equal to or greater than the average of the comparator and index groups' TSRs. The number of shares that will vest depend on where the SKYCITY TSR is relative to the Average Medium TSR (at which point 50% of the shares vest) and the average of the TSRs representing the 75th percentiles of the TSRs achieved by the comparator group and the index group (at which point 100% of the shares vest). In addition, the board has discretion to determine that up to 25% of the shares will vest if the company's TSR for the relevant period does not exceed the Average Median TSR, but exceeds one or other of the TSRs representing the 50th percentile of TSRs of the members of the comparator group and of the index group.

Performance will be assessed three years after the issue of the shares, and (provided the shares have not lapsed and all performance hurdles have not been satisfied) after a further six and twelve months. Special assessment may occur in the event of a takeover offer, amalgamation or scheme of arrangement involving the company. Shares which have not previously vested will lapse to the extent performance hurdles have not been fully satisfied in respect of the period to the fourth anniversary of the issue date.

### **Remuneration**

Mr Morrison's base salary and STI in respect of the year ended 30 June 2011 was \$2,644,376.94 comprising base salary of \$1,535,576.94 plus a performance-related STI payment of \$1,108,800 relating to the 2010/11 financial year which was paid in August 2011. During the year, Mr Morrison was also paid a performance-related STI of \$1,435,000 relating to the prior 2009/10 financial year.

Under the terms of the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan approved by shareholders at the company's 2009 annual meeting, Mr Morrison was provided with an interest-free loan of \$1,200,000 to purchase 415,945 (effective 31 August 2010) shares in the company during the year ended 30 June 2011.

In April 2011, in order to significantly improve the prospects and certainty of retaining Mr Morrison, the board decided to accelerate the allocation of Mr Morrison's future entitlements. It did this by modifying the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan to allow the accelerated allocation of shares. Subsequently, Mr Morrison was provided with an interest-free loan of \$3,600,000 to purchase 1,094,291 (effective 2 March 2011) shares in the company.

Mr Morrison was previously issued 491,132 share rights under the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan 2008 approved by shareholders at the company's 2008 annual meeting. Share rights become exercisable when performance hurdles set by the board are met and, if exercised, each share right corresponds to one SKYCITY share. On 16 March 2011, 275,034 share rights converted to 275,034 SKYCITY shares. On 23 September 2011, a further 88,404 share rights converted to 88,404 SKYCITY shares.

Mr Morrison's shareholding in the company and LTI entitlements are detailed on pages 63 and 66 of this annual report.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CONTINUED

## SKYCITY Employee Remuneration

All salaried roles within SKYCITY are job-sized using a recognised methodology to measure the impact, accountability, and complexity of each role as it contributes to the organisation. Remuneration data is obtained from a number of sources to determine remuneration ranges by job band or level to ensure competitiveness at both base salary and total remuneration levels. Individual remuneration is set within the appropriate range taking into account such matters as individual performance, scarcity/availability of resource/skill, internal relativities and specific business needs. This process ensures internal equity between roles and allows comparison with the overall market. Remuneration ranges are reviewed annually to reflect market movements.

The Remuneration Committee approves remuneration increases for the senior executive group.

## Short Term Incentive Arrangements

### Salaried Incentive Plans

#### Senior Executive STI

To drive outstanding company and individual performance, SKYCITY operates a Short Term Incentive (STI) Plan for the senior executive group. For each individual, 80% of their STI target is linked to the achievement of company financial targets with the remaining component dependent on the achievement of individual, largely non-financial strategic objectives.

For the year ended 30 June 2011, a total of \$1,005,415 was paid under the Senior Executive STI Plan to ten executives - an amount equivalent to 23% of combined base salary for this group.

#### Salaried Employee STI and Individual Bonus Plan

To drive outstanding company and individual performance, SKYCITY operates a Short Term Incentive (STI) Plan for selected senior salaried employees and those with operational accountability for a department or business unit. For each individual, a minimum of 60% of their STI target is linked to the achievement of minimum financial targets with the remaining percentage dependent on the achievement of individual, role-specific targets.

Payments under the Salaried STI Plan have a minimum trigger point based on company and business unit financial targets and increase according to the degree by which the company performs relative to these financial targets. For the year ended 30 June 2011, 247 salaried staff participated in the Salaried STI Plan. Based on achievement of individual and financial targets, 216 staff received an average STI payment of 12% of their fixed salaries.

All other permanent salaried employees who were not eligible to participate in the Salaried STI Plan participated in a discretionary bonus plan known as the Individual Bonus (IB) Plan. Under this plan, bonuses were awarded to those outstanding staff that consistently exceeded the key performance indicators that were set for them at the commencement of the financial year.

In total, 320 SKYCITY salaried personnel were paid incentives totalling \$2,245,650 under the Salaried STI and IB Plans.

The board has approved the continuation of the Senior Executive and Salaried STI Plans and the IB Plan for 2011/12 with minimal changes.

## Long Term Incentive Arrangements

### Executive Share Plan 2009

A new Long Term Incentive Plan (LTI Plan 2009) for senior executives was introduced in 2009, which is similar to the Long Term Incentive Plan approved for the Chief Executive Officer at the annual meeting in 2009.

The LTI Plan 2009 replaced the Rights Plan 2008 referred to below with effect from 1 July 2009 for the 2009/10 financial year and subsequent years.

The LTI Plan 2009 differs from the Rights Plan 2008 in two key respects. Firstly, it includes the provision of financial assistance to selected senior executives by way of an interest-free loan by a subsidiary of the company and, secondly, it includes the immediate issue, or acquisition on-market, of shares in the company by such participants rather than the issue of share rights (being rights to acquire ordinary shares in the company). A trustee holds legal title to the relevant shares on behalf of such participants for a restrictive period until certain performance hurdles are met. In all other material respects, the LTI Plan 2009 is unchanged from the Rights Plan 2008.

Details of the shares issued under the LTI Plan 2009 and outstanding as at 26 September 2011 are set out on page 66 of this annual report.

### Executive Share Rights Plan 2008

The Long Term Incentive Plan (Rights Plan 2008) for senior executives was introduced in respect of the 2008/09 financial year, which was similar to the Long Term Incentive Plan approved for the Chief Executive Officer at the annual meeting in 2008.

Under the Rights Plan 2008, selected senior executives were issued share rights entitling them to receive shares based on the company's achievement of designated performance hurdles. The performance hurdles involve comparison of the total shareholder return (TSR) achieved by SKYCITY against the shareholder returns achieved by a group of comparable Australasian companies (comparator group), and by the companies whose securities are in the NZSX50 index (index group).

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CONTINUED

For share rights to become exercisable, the company must achieve a TSR greater than or equal to the average of the TSRs representing the 50th percentile of the TSRs of the members of the comparator group and of the index group (Average Median TSR) during the relevant assessment period. The number of rights that will become exercisable will depend on where the SKYCITY TSR is relative to the Average Medium TSR (at which point 50% of share rights become exercisable) and the average of the TSRs representing the 75th percentiles of the TSRs achieved by the comparator group and the index group (at or above which point 100% of share rights will become exercisable). In addition, the board has discretion to determine that up to 25% of share rights will become exercisable if the company's TSR for the relevant period does not exceed the Average Median TSR, but exceeds one or other of the TSRs representing the 50th percentile of TSRs of the members of the comparator group and of the index group.

Performance will be assessed three years after the issue of the rights, and (provided rights have not lapsed and all performance hurdles have not been satisfied) after a further six and twelve months. Special assessment may occur in the event of a takeover offer, amalgamation or scheme of arrangement involving the company. Rights which have not previously become exercisable will lapse to the extent performance hurdles have not been fully satisfied in respect of the period to the fourth anniversary of the issue date.

Details of the share rights issued under the Rights Plan 2008 and outstanding as at 26 September 2011 are set out on page 66 of this annual report.

## 10. RECOGNISE THE OBLIGATIONS TO ALL STAKEHOLDERS

SKYCITY acknowledges legal and other obligations to non-shareholder stakeholders such as employees, suppliers, customers, regulators, and the community as a whole.

The SKYCITY Code of Business Practice sets out the company's commitment to the community and the standards of behaviour that can be expected by all stakeholders, including employees and shareholders.

SKYCITY is aware that its business may be associated with gambling and alcohol-related harm for some customers. Effective and pro-active customer care are the cornerstone principles of SKYCITY's approach to host responsibility

## COMPLIANCE WITH NZX BEST PRACTICE CODE AND ASX CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COUNCIL PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

SKYCITY confirms that other than as set out below it has complied with the NZX Corporate Governance Best Practice Code and the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations during the 2010/11 year:

- The company has not included the biographical details of its current directors, or details of current members and chairpersons of its board committees, in this annual report. Their details are contained in the company's 2011 Shareholder Review and are available at all times on the company's website.
- The company does not make available to external parties certain internal policies and procedures. SKYCITY believes that the board charter and the comprehensive references to governance in this annual report and on the company's website provide good disclosure of the company's internal processes and mechanisms and that the underlying intention of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations on reporting of internal mechanisms have been met.
- Shareholders have not approved extensions of the SKYCITY senior executive options/rights/share plans. The original SKYCITY executive share option plan was approved by shareholders at the 1999 annual meeting of the company and was subsequently extended by the board in August 2002. The Executive Share Rights Plan 2005 (which replaced the Executive Share Option Plan 2002) was approved by the board in December 2004. The Executive Share Rights Plan 2008 (which replaced the Executive Share Rights Plan 2005) was approved by the board in December 2008 and is similar to the Long Term Incentive Plan approved for the Chief Executive Officer at the annual meeting in 2008. The Executive Share Rights Plan 2008 sets out a remuneration structure for senior executives entitling them to receive shares based on the company's achievement of designated performance hurdles, which involve comparison of the total shareholder return achieved by SKYCITY against the shareholder returns achieved by a group of comparable Australasian companies, and by the companies whose securities are in the NZSX50 index. As with the Executive Share Rights Plan 2005, the Executive Share Rights Plan 2008 imposes a three year restriction before benefits can be realised by participants. The Executive Share Plan 2009 (which replaced the Executive Share Rights Plan 2008) was approved by the board in September 2009 in respect of the 2009/10 financial year and subsequent years and, other than the two key differences detailed above, the terms remain unchanged from the Executive Share Rights Plan 2008.

## SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

### TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 15 AUGUST 2011

	NUMBER OF SHARES	% OF SHARES
1. Accident Compensation Corporation	26,842,052	4.65%
2. Investors Mutual Limited	25,220,666	4.37%
3. BlackRock, Inc.	23,647,937	4.10%
4. AMP Group Holdings Limited	22,011,560	3.82%
5. State Street Corporation	19,730,654	3.42%
6. Ellerston Capital Limited	19,255,438	3.34%
7. Paradise Investment Management Pty Limited	18,824,572	3.26%
8. Mondrian Investment Partners Limited	17,100,159	2.96%
9. OnePath (NZ) Limited	16,223,494	2.81%
10. Lazard Asset Management Pacific Company	15,882,188	2.75%
11. Harbour Asset Management Limited	15,421,913	2.67%
12. Westpac Banking Corp	12,478,561	2.16%
13. Integrity Investment Management Limited	11,650,919	2.02%
14. Craigs Investment Partners Investment Management Limited	9,367,476	1.62%
15. Milford Asset Management Limited	7,379,041	1.28%
16. Perpetual Investments Limited	7,050,950	1.22%
17. First NZ Capital Securities	7,029,239	1.22%
18. Private Nominees Limited	6,202,824	1.08%
19. PM CAPITAL Limited	6,032,708	1.05%
20. Legal & General Investment Management Limited (UK)	5,622,528	0.97%
<b>Total</b>	<b>292,974,879</b>	<b>50.78%</b>

The analysis as set out above has been compiled based on information provided to the company by Thomson Reuters.

Total shares on issue as at 15 August 2011 were 576,958,340 of which 4,351,766 were held by Public Trust on behalf of eligible and future participants pursuant to the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan 2009 and the Executive Long Term Incentive Plan 2009. No shares were held by the company directly as treasury stock.

# SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

CONTINUED

## DISTRIBUTION OF ORDINARY SHARES AND REGISTERED SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 15 AUGUST 2011

	NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBER OF SHARES
1 - 1,000	3,614	1,424,445
1,001 - 5,000	9,843	27,362,110
5,001 - 10,000	3,688	26,276,046
10,001 - 100,000	3,324	75,212,899
> 100,000	195	446,682,840
<b>Total</b>	<b>20,664</b>	<b>576,958,340</b>

As at 15 August 2011, there were 1,260 shareholders (with a total of 88,443 shares) holding less than a marketable parcel of shares under the ASX Listing Rules, based on the closing share price of A\$2.77. The ASX Listing Rules define a marketable parcel of shares as a parcel of shares of not less than A\$500.

### SUBSTANTIAL SECURITY HOLDERS

In accordance with section 26(1) of the Securities Markets Act 1988, the following persons had given notice as at 15 August 2011 that they were substantial security holders in the company and held a relevant interest in the number of ordinary shares shown below.

	DATE OF SUBSTANTIAL SECURITY NOTICE	RELEVANT INTEREST IN NUMBER OF SHARES	% OF SHARES HELD AT DATE OF NOTICE
AMP Capital Investors (New Zealand) Limited	1 April 2011	32,104,033	5.58%

No further substantial security holder notices had been received as at 26 September 2011.

## DIRECTOR AND EMPLOYEE REMUNERATION

### REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

#### Non-Executive Directors

Remuneration paid to directors for services in their capacity as directors of SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited during the year ended 30 June 2011 is as listed below:

R H McGeoch (Chairman)	\$200,000
P D Cullinane	\$100,000
P B Harman	\$117,796
C J D Moller	\$125,000
Sir Dryden Spring	\$110,000
B J Carter <sup>(1)</sup>	\$72,043
S H Suckling <sup>(2)</sup>	\$15,968

(1) B J Carter received total remuneration of \$100,000 during the 2010/11 year. B J Carter was appointed a director of the company on 12 October 2010. Accordingly, from 12 October 2010 until the end of the 2010/11 year, remuneration paid was in respect of services provided in his capacity as a director. Prior to his appointment as a director, B J Carter provided consultancy services to the Group and remuneration paid was in respect of consultancy services.

(2) S H Suckling received total remuneration of \$84,651 during the 2010/11 year. S H Suckling was appointed a director of the company on 9 May 2011. Accordingly, from 9 May 2011 until the end of the 2010/11 year, remuneration paid was in respect of services provided in her capacity as a director. Prior to her appointment as a director, S H Suckling provided consultancy services to the Group and remuneration paid was in respect of consultancy services.

No other non-executive director of the Group or parent company has, since the end of the financial year, received or become entitled to receive a benefit other than director's fees for the 2010/2011 financial year or reimbursement of expenses incurred in relation to company matters, or as is disclosed elsewhere in this annual report.

#### Other Directorships

Christchurch Casinos Limited, in which SKYCITY has a 50% interest, paid director's fees of \$40,000 each for A B Ryan and N B Morrison. These fees were paid to SKYCITY and were not received personally by either Messrs Ryan or Morrison.

Queenstown Casinos Limited, in which SKYCITY has a 60% interest, paid director's fees of \$7,500 each for A B Ryan and P A Treacy. These fees were paid to SKYCITY and were not received personally by either Messrs Ryan or Treacy.

### EMPLOYEE REMUNERATION

The numbers of employees or former employees of the company and its subsidiaries, not being directors of the company, who received remuneration and other benefits in their capacity as employees, the value of which was in excess of \$100,000 and was paid to those employees during the financial year ended 30 June 2011, are listed below.

Remuneration includes salary, incentive payments under the SKYCITY performance pay incentive plan and short term cash bonuses and, where applicable, the value of executive share options, rights and shares expensed during the year ended 30 June 2011. Remuneration shown below also includes settlement payments and payments in lieu of notice with respect to certain employees upon their departure from the company.

REMUNERATION	EMPLOYEES
\$100,000-\$109,999	38
\$110,000-\$119,999	27
\$120,000-\$129,999	21
\$130,000-\$139,999	21
\$140,000-\$149,999	11
\$150,000-\$159,999	6
\$160,000-\$169,999	9
\$170,000-\$179,999	7
\$180,000-\$189,999	6
\$190,000-\$199,999	2
\$200,000-\$209,999	2
\$220,000-\$229,999	2
\$230,000-\$239,999	1
\$240,000-\$249,999	1
\$250,000-\$259,999	4
\$260,000-\$269,999	1
\$270,000-\$279,999	3
\$290,000-\$299,999	1
\$300,000-\$309,999	1
\$310,000-\$319,999	1
\$320,000-\$329,999	1
\$330,000-\$339,999	1
\$340,000-\$349,999	1
\$350,000-\$359,999	1
\$400,000-\$409,999	1
\$420,000-\$429,999	1
\$450,000-\$459,999	1
\$480,000-\$489,999	1
\$530,000-\$539,999	2
\$620,000-\$629,999	1
\$630,000-\$639,999	3
\$660,000-\$669,999	1
\$670,000-\$679,999	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>181</b>

## DIRECTORS' DISCLOSURES

### INTERESTS REGISTER

#### Disclosure of Directors' Interests

Section 140 (1) of the New Zealand Companies Act 1993 requires a director of a company to disclose certain interests. Under subsection (2) a director can make disclosure by giving a general notice in writing to the company of a position held by a director in another named company or entity. The following are particulars included in the company's Interests Register as at 30 June 2011 (notices given by directors during the year ended 30 June 2011 are marked with an asterisk):

#### R H McGeoch

Aon New Zealand Limited (previously Aon Risk Services Limited)	Member NSW Board of Advice
BGP Holdings plc (Malta)	Director
BGP Investments S.a.r.l (Luxembourg)	Director
Events New South Wales Pty Limited	Director*
McGeoch Holdings Pty Limited	Director
Ramsay Health Care Limited	Director
Sydney Cricket and Sports Ground Trust	Trustee
Vantage Private Equity Growth Limited	Chair

#### B J Carter

ASC Pty Limited	Director*
Badge Management Pty Limited	Director*
Cobbadah Pty Limited	Director*
Eudunda Farmers Limited	Director*
Ferrier Hodgson	Partner*
Genesee & Wyoming Australia Pty Limited	Director*
RSC Nominees Pty Limited	Director*
Territory Insurance Office	Chair <sup>(1)</sup>

#### P D Cullinane

Assignment Group New Zealand Limited	Director
Low Flying Kiwis Limited	Director and Shareholder
STW Communications Group Limited	Director and Shareholder
The Antipodes Water Company Limited	Director and Shareholder

#### P B Harman

G R Media Holdings Limited and certain subsidiaries	Director
Harman Consulting Limited	Director and Shareholder
Harman Investments Limited	Director and Shareholder
Metlifecare Limited	Director

#### C J D Moller

ICC Development (International) Limited	Director*
International Cricket Council	Director*
Meridian Energy Limited	Chair <sup>(2)</sup>
New Zealand Cricket (Inc.)	Chair <sup>(3)</sup>
New Zealand Transport Agency	Chair
NZX Limited	Director
Rugby New Zealand 2011 Limited	Director
Victoria University of Wellington Foundation	Trustee
Westpac New Zealand Limited	Director*
Westpac Regional Stadium Trust	Trustee

#### Sir Dryden Spring

ANZ National Bank Limited	Chair
New Zealand Business and Parliament Trust	Trustee
Northport Limited	Alternate Director
Port of Tauranga Limited	Director
Visy Industries	Member of Advisory Board

#### S H Suckling

Barker Fruit Processors Limited and certain subsidiaries	Chair*
Carter Price Rennie Limited	Chair*
ECL Group Limited	Chair*
New Zealand Qualifications Authority	Chair*
Oxford Clinic Hospital Limited	Director*
Oxford Health Group Limited	Director*
Restaurant Brands New Zealand Limited	Director*
Stretton Clothing Company Limited	Director*
Stretton Publishing Company Limited	Chair*
Takeovers Panel	Member*
Basketball New Zealand	Acting Chair*

(1) B J Carter was appointed chair of Territory Insurance Office on 1 April 2011.

(2) C J D Moller was appointed chair of New Zealand Cricket Inc on 29 August 2010.

(3) C J D Moller was appointed chair of Meridian Energy Limited on 1 January 2011.

## DIRECTORS' DISCLOSURES

CONTINUED

The following details included in the Interests Register as at 30 June 2010, or entered during the year ended 30 June 2011, have been removed during the year ended 30 June 2011:

- R H McGeoch is no longer a director of Telecom Corporation of New Zealand Limited.
- B J Carter is no longer a director of EPAC Salary Solutions Pty Limited and the South Australia Economic Development Board, an executive committee member of the Executive Committee of South Australian Cabinet and the National President of the National Heart Foundation of Australia.
- P D Cullinane is no longer a director of Talk Me Into It Limited.
- C J D Moller is no longer a director of Synlait Limited.
- Sir Dryden Spring is no longer a director of Fletcher Building Limited.

### DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INDEMNITIES

Indemnities have been given to directors and senior managers of the company and its subsidiaries to cover acts or omissions of those persons in carrying out their duties and responsibilities as directors and senior managers.

### DISCLOSURE OF DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARE TRANSACTIONS

Directors disclosed, pursuant to section 148 of the New Zealand Companies Act 1993, the following acquisitions and disposals of relevant interests in SKYCITY shares during the period to 30 June 2011:

	DATE OF ACQUISITION/ DISPOSAL DURING PERIOD	CONSIDERATION	SHARES ACQUIRED/ (DISPOSED)
R H McGeoch	23 August 2010 <sup>(1)</sup>	A\$48,913.20	21,000
B J Carter	1 April 2011 <sup>(2)</sup>	NZ\$2,399.21	726
P D Cullinane	31 August 2010	NZ\$49,680.00	17,250
P B Harman	25 August 2010 <sup>(3)</sup>	NZ\$14,455.00	5,000
N B Morrison	31 August 2010 <sup>(4)(6)</sup>	NZ\$1,200,000.00	415,945
	16 March 2011	Nil <sup>(5)</sup>	(275,034)
	16 March 2011	Nil <sup>(5)</sup>	275,034
	18 May 2011 <sup>(4)(6)</sup>	NZ\$3,600,000.00	1,094,291
Sir Dryden Spring	24 August 2010 <sup>(7)</sup>	NZ\$29,200.00	10,000

(1) Shares held by McGeoch Holdings Pty Limited.

(2) Shares held by Tarquay Pty Limited on trust for Tarquay Superannuation Fund.

(3) Shares held by Investment Custodial Services Limited.

(4) Shares held by Public Trust.

(5) Share rights converted to shares under the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan 2008.

(6) Shares allocated under the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan 2009.

(7) Shares held by Sir Dryden & Lady Margaret Annette Spring.



# DIRECTORS' DISCLOSURES

CONTINUED

## DISCLOSURE OF DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, OPTIONS AND CAPITAL NOTES

Directors disclosed the following relevant interests in SKYCITY shares as at 30 June 2011:

	SHARES BENEFICIALLY HELD
R H McGeoch	69,091 <sup>(1)</sup>
B J Carter	30,726 <sup>(2)</sup>
P D Cullinane	17,250
P B Harman	22,273 <sup>(3)</sup>
	10,000 <sup>(4)</sup>
C J D Moller	26,915 <sup>(5)</sup>
N B Morrison	82,233 <sup>(6)</sup>
	475,034
	216,098 <sup>(7)</sup>
	1,876,536 <sup>(8)</sup>
Sir Dryden Spring	21,381 <sup>(9)</sup>
	15,919 <sup>(10)</sup>

(1) Shares held by McGeoch Holdings Pty Limited.

(2) Shares held by Tarquay Pty Limited on trust for Tarquay Superannuation Fund.

(3) Shares held by Forbar Nominees Limited.

(4) Shares held by Investment Custodial Services Limited.

(5) Shares held by First NZ Capital Limited.

(6) Shares held by Perpetual Limited.

(7) Share rights acquired under the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan 2008.

(8) Shares acquired under the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan 2009 and held by Public Trust.

(9) Shares held by Sir Dryden & Lady Margaret Annette Spring.

(10) Shares held by the Spring Family Trust.

S H Suckling did not have any relevant interest in SKYCITY shares as at 30 June 2011.

## NOTEHOLDER INFORMATION

### CAPITAL NOTES

In May 2000, SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited issued 150 million unsecured subordinated capital notes for a five year term at an issue price of \$1.00. In May 2005, the capital notes were reissued for a new term of five years at a fixed interest rate of 8.0% per annum. In May 2010, the capital notes were reissued for a further term of five years at a fixed interest rate of 7.25% per annum. For further information refer note 19 of the financial statements.

As at 15 August 2011, SKYCITY was the holder of 93,549,500 capital notes as treasury stock. The capital notes held by SKYCITY are not included in the table below.

### TWENTY LARGEST CAPITAL NOTEHOLDERS AS AT 15 AUGUST 2011

	NUMBER OF CAPITAL NOTES	% OF CAPITAL NOTES
1. FNZ Custodians Limited	3,836,000	2.56%
2. Investment Custodial Services Limited - A/C C	1,611,000	1.07%
3. FNZ Custodians Limited - DRP NZ A/C	912,000	0.61%
4. Custodial Services Limited - A/C 3	895,000	0.60%
5. Invercargill Licensing Trust	500,000	0.33%
6. Forsyth Barr Custodians Limited	335,000	0.22%
7. Hugh McCracken Ensor & Vivienne Margaret Ensor - HMVE Family A/C	300,000	0.20%
8. Frimley Foundation	300,000	0.20%
9. H B Williams Turanga Trust - H B Williams Turanga A/C	300,000	0.20%
10. Resolution Investments Limited	300,000	0.20%
11. Custodial Services Limited - A/C 4	234,000	0.16%
12. Custodial Services Limited - A/C 6	225,000	0.15%
13. Custodial Services Limited - A/C 2	210,000	0.14%
14. John Archer & Pearl Archer	200,000	0.13%
15. Michael David Domett	200,000	0.13%
16. Fraser Smith Holdings Limited	200,000	0.13%
17. Gayworth Properties Limited	200,000	0.13%
18. JBWere (NZ) Nominees Limited - A/C 31873	200,000	0.13%
19. Kings College Foundation	200,000	0.13%
20. John Richard Matthews & Rosemary Jennifer Matthews & Bruce Redvers Perkins - Matthews A/C	200,000	0.13%
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,358,000</b>	<b>7.57%</b>

### DISTRIBUTION OF CAPITAL NOTE HOLDINGS AS AT 15 AUGUST 2011

	NUMBER OF CAPITAL NOTES	NUMBER OF CAPITAL NOTES
1 - 1,000	1	250
1,001 - 5,000	233	1,165,000
5,001 - 10,000	444	4,150,500
10,001 - 100,000	1,106	36,305,750
> 100,000	44	108,378,500
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,828</b>	<b>150,000,000</b>

## COMPANY DISCLOSURES

### STOCK EXCHANGE LISTINGS

SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited is listed on both the New Zealand and Australian stock exchanges.

SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited has been designated as 'Non-Standard' by the NZX due to the nature of the company's constitution. In particular, the constitution places restrictions on the transfer of shares in the company in certain circumstances and provides that votes and other rights attached to shares may be disregarded and shares may be sold if these restrictions are breached, as more particularly described on pages 66 and 67 of this annual report.

### SKYCITY ENTERTAINMENT GROUP LIMITED

B J Carter was appointed as a director of SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited on 12 October 2010.

S H Suckling was appointed as a director of SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited on 9 May 2011.

### SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

#### Changes to Subsidiary Company Directorships

The changes to subsidiary company directorships during the 12 month period ended 30 June 2011 are set out below:

- T A K Wilson resigned as a director of SKYCITY Darwin Pty Limited on 30 September 2010 and B K Morgan was appointed as a director of SKYCITY Darwin Pty Limited on 1 October 2010.
- P A Treacy was appointed as a director of Queenstown Casinos Limited on 22 October 2010.
- N B Morrison resigned as a director of Queenstown Casinos Limited on 22 October 2010 and was appointed an alternate director for each of P A Treacy and A B Ryan on the same date.
- R H McGeoch, B J Carter, P D Cullinane, P B Harman, C J D Moller and Sir Dryden Spring resigned as directors of SKYCITY Investments Australia Limited on 24 May 2011.
- P A Treacy was appointed as a director of SKYCITY Investments Australia Limited on 24 May 2011.

### Subsidiary Company Directorships

The following persons held office as directors of subsidiaries of SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited as at the end of the 2011 financial year, being 30 June 2011:

- Directors: N B Morrison and P A Treacy:  
Planet Hollywood (Civic Centre) Limited  
SKYCITY Action Management Limited  
SKYCITY Auckland Holdings Limited  
SKYCITY Auckland Limited  
SKYCITY Casino Management Limited  
SKYCITY Hamilton Limited  
SKYCITY International Holdings Limited  
SKYCITY Investments Australia Limited  
SKYCITY Investments Christchurch Limited  
SKYCITY Investments Queenstown Limited  
SKYCITY Management Limited  
SKYCITY Metro Limited  
SKYCITY Wellington Limited  
Sky Tower Limited  
Toptown Nominees Limited
- Directors: D D Christian, N B Morrison, P A Treacy and R H McGeoch:  
SKYCITY Adelaide Pty Limited  
SKYCITY Australia Finance Pty Limited  
SKYCITY Australia Pty Limited
- Directors: N B Morrison, P A Treacy and R H McGeoch:  
SKYCITY Treasury Australia Pty Limited
- Directors: N B Morrison, P A Treacy and B K Morgan:  
SKYCITY Darwin Pty Limited
- Directors: A B Ryan, P A Treacy, N B Morrison (as alternate) (all SKYCITY representatives on the board), P J Hensman and B C Thomas:  
Queenstown Casinos Limited

### Non-wholly Owned Company Directorships

At 30 June 2011, SKYCITY also had an interest in, and was represented by SKYCITY executives on the boards of, the companies listed below:

- SKYCITY representatives on the board - N B Morrison and A B Ryan:  
Christchurch Hotels Limited  
Premier Hotels (Christchurch) Limited
- SKYCITY representatives on the board - N B Morrison, A B Ryan and P A Treacy (as alternate):  
Christchurch Casinos Limited
- SKYCITY representative on the board - N B Morrison:  
Force Location Limited

## OTHER INFORMATION

### WAIVERS FROM THE NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIAN STOCK EXCHANGES

The following waivers from the NZX and ASX Listing Rules were either granted and published by NZX Limited (NZX) or ASX Limited (ASX) (as the case may be) within, or relied upon by the company during, the 12 month period preceding the date two months before the date of this annual report:

- on 9 February 2011, NZX granted a waiver from LR 7.11.1 (relating to the requirement for allotment to occur within five business days following the latest date on which applications for securities close) in relation to the allotment of shares pursuant to the company's dividend reinvestment plan; and
- on 19 April 2011, NZX granted a waiver from LR 7.3.1 (relating to the requirement for shareholder approval) in relation to an amendment to the Chief Executive Long Term Incentive Plan to enable the company to make allocations twice annually, rather than annually.

All other waivers granted prior to the 12 month period preceding the date two months before the date of this annual report had ceased to have effect or were not relied upon during the period.

### SHARE AND SHARE RIGHTS HOLDERS

As at 26 September 2011, shares and share rights on issue were as detailed below:

- 127,694 share rights issued under the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan approved by shareholders at the 2008 annual meeting, held by the Chief Executive Officer. Share rights are granted under the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan and, if exercisable, may be exercised at no cost. If exercised, each share right corresponds to one SKYCITY share. Share rights only become exercisable when performance hurdles set by the board of directors are met;
- 78,000 share rights issued under the Executive Long Term Incentive Plan approved by directors in December 2008, held by 10 holders. Share rights are granted under the Executive Long Term Incentive Plan and, if exercisable, may be exercised at no cost. If exercised, each share right corresponds to one SKYCITY share. Share rights only become exercisable when performance hurdles set by the board of directors are met;
- 1,876,536 shares issued under the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan approved by shareholders at the 2009 annual meeting, held by Public Trust on behalf of the Chief Executive Officer. The shares have been purchased by Mr Morrison under the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan with the assistance of interest-free loans and are held on behalf of Mr Morrison by Public Trust for a restrictive period. The shares vest in Mr Morrison only when performance hurdles set by the board of directors are met; and

- 1,786,375 shares issued under the Executive Long Term Incentive Plan approved by directors in September 2009, held by Public Trust on behalf of 20 participants. The shares have been purchased by the participants under the Executive Long Term Incentive Plan with the assistance of interest-free loans and are held on behalf of the participants by Public Trust for a restrictive period. The relevant shares vest in a participant only when performance hurdles set by the board of directors are met.

### LIMITATIONS ON ACQUISITION OF ORDINARY SHARES

The company's constitution contains various provisions which are included to take into account the application of:

- the Gambling Act 2003 (New Zealand);
- the Casino Act 1997 (South Australia);
- the Gaming Control Act (Northern Territory); and
- the legislation providing for the establishment, operation and regulation of casinos in any other jurisdiction in which SKYCITY or any of its subsidiaries may hold a casino licence.

SKYCITY needs to ensure when it participates in gaming activities that:

- it has the power under its constitution to take such action as may be necessary to ensure that its suitability to do so in a particular jurisdiction is not affected by the identity or actions (including share dealings) of a shareholder; and
- there are appropriate protections to ensure that persons do not gain positions of significant influence or control over SKYCITY or its business activities without obtaining any necessary statutory or regulatory approvals in those jurisdictions.

Accordingly, the constitution contains the following provisions restricting the acquisition of shares in the company to achieve this.

### TRANSFER OF SHARES

Clause 12.11 of the constitution provides that if a transfer of shares results in the transferee, and the persons associated with that transferee:

- holding more than 5% of the shares in SKYCITY; or
- increasing their combined holding further beyond 5% if:
  - they already hold more than 5% of the shares in SKYCITY; and
  - the transferee has not been approved by the relevant regulatory authority as an associated casino person of any casino licence holder,

## OTHER INFORMATION

CONTINUED

then the votes attaching to all shares held by the transferee and the persons associated with that transferee are suspended unless and until either:

- each regulatory authority advises that approval is not needed; or
- any regulatory authority which determines that its approval is required approves the transferee, together with the persons associated with that transferee, as an associated casino person of any applicable casino licence holder; or
- the board of the company is satisfied that registration of the proposed transfer will not prejudice any casino licence; or
- the transferee and the persons associated with that transferee dispose of such number of SKYCITY shares as will result in their combined holding falling below 5% or, if the regulatory authorities approve in respect of the transferee and the persons associated with that transferee a higher percentage, the lowest such percentage approved by the regulatory authorities.

If a regulatory authority does not grant its approval to the proposed transfer, SKYCITY may sell such number of the shares held by the transferee and by any persons associated with that transferee, as may be necessary to reduce their combined shareholding to a level that will not result in the transferee and the persons associated with that transferee being an associated person of that casino licence holder.

The power of sale can only be exercised if SKYCITY has given one month's notice to the transferee of its intention to exercise that power and the transferee has not, during that one month period, transferred the requisite number of shares in SKYCITY to a person who is not associated with the transferees.

### DONATIONS

Donations of \$1,035,664 were made by the company during the 12 month period ended 30 June 2011 (\$104,700 during the 12 months ended 30 June 2010), \$997,337 of which was provided in connection with the Christchurch earthquake appeals.

### OTHER LEGISLATION/REQUIREMENTS

General limitations on the acquisition of the securities imposed by the jurisdiction in which SKYCITY is incorporated (i.e. New Zealand law) are outlined in the following paragraphs.

Other than the provisions noted on pages 66 and 67, the only significant restrictions or limitations in relation to the acquisition of securities are those imposed by New Zealand laws relating to takeover, overseas investment and competition.

The New Zealand Takeovers Code creates a general rule under which the acquisition of more than 20% of the voting rights in SKYCITY, or the increase of an existing holding of 20% or more of the voting rights in SKYCITY, can only occur in certain permitted ways. These include a full takeover offer in accordance with the Takeovers Code, a partial takeover offer in accordance with the Takeovers Code, an acquisition approved by an ordinary resolution, an allotment approved by an ordinary resolution, a creeping acquisition (in certain circumstances), or compulsory acquisition if a shareholder holds 90% or more of the shares in the company.

The New Zealand Overseas Investment Act 2005 and the Overseas Investment Regulations 2005 regulate certain investments in New Zealand by overseas persons. In general terms, the consent of the New Zealand Overseas Investment Office is likely to be required when an 'overseas person' acquires shares or an interest in shares in SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited that amount to 25% or more of the shares issued by the company, or if the overseas person already holds 25% or more, the acquisition increases that holding.

The New Zealand Commerce Act 1986 is likely to prevent a person from acquiring shares in SKYCITY if the acquisition would have, or would be likely to have, the effect of substantially lessening competition in a market.

### OTHER DISCLOSURES

SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited has no securities subject to an escrow arrangement.

From time to time, the Public Trust acquires shares in the company on-market for the purposes of the Chief Executive Officer Long Term Incentive Plan 2009 and Executive Long Term Incentive Plan 2009 as referred to above. In addition, SKYCITY (or a nominee or agent of SKYCITY) may, from time to time, acquire existing shares in the company to satisfy its obligations to participating shareholders under the company's Dividend Reinvestment Plan established in February 2011. As at 26 September 2011, the company has in place an on-market share buy-back programme to acquire up to 3,000,000 existing shares in the company to meet its obligations to participating shareholders in respect of the company's full year dividend payable on 7 October 2011 with any remaining shares acquired to be held as treasury stock.

SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited is incorporated in New Zealand and is not subject to Chapters 6, 6A, 6B and 6C of the Corporations Act (Australia).

There are no material differences between NZX Appendix 1 and ASX Appendix 4E issued by SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited on 17 August 2011 in respect of the year ended 30 June 2011 and this annual report.

As at the date of this annual report, SKYCITY Entertainment Group Limited has a Standard & Poor's BBB- rating with a stable outlook.

# DIRECTORY

## REGISTERED OFFICE

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### Registered Office in Australia

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Rudd Watts**  
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**Bell Gully**  
Vero Centre  
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**Finlaysons**  
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## AUDITOR

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## REGISTRARS

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## BANKERS

**ANZ National Bank  
Commonwealth Bank of Australia  
Bank of New Zealand  
Westpac Banking Corporation**

## CAPITAL NOTES TRUSTEE

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