

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission file number 1-12522

EMPIRE RESORTS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

13-3714474
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

c/o Monticello Casino and Raceway, Route 17B,
P.O. Box 5013, Monticello, NY 12701

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (845) 807-0001

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share	NASDAQ Global Market

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Act:

None
(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act) Yes No

The aggregate market value of the issuer's common equity held by non-affiliates, as of June 30, 2011 was \$27,782,203, based on the closing price of the registrant's common stock on the NASDAQ Global Market.

As of March 12, 2012, there were 29,930,873 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

None.

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PART I

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements, about management's current expectations. Examples of such forward-looking statements include discussions of the expected results of various strategies. Although we believe that our expectations are based upon reasonable assumptions, there can be no assurance that our financial goals will be realized. Our forward-looking statements concern matters that involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from the future results, performance or achievements described or implied by such forward-looking statements. Numerous factors may affect our actual results and may cause results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements made by us or on our behalf. Any statements that are not statements of historical fact may be forward-looking statements. Among others, we have used the words, "believes," "anticipates," "plans," "estimates," and "expects" to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements may be considered forward looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Factors that could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward looking statements include, but are not limited to, the risk factors set forth in Item 1A of this Annual Report. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this filing. We assume no obligation to update the forward-looking information to reflect actual results or changes in the factors affecting such forward-looking information.

Item 1. Business.

Overview

Empire Resorts, Inc. ("Empire," the "Company," "us," "our" or "we") was organized as a Delaware corporation on March 19, 1993, and since that time has served as a holding company for various subsidiaries engaged in the hospitality and gaming industries.

Through our wholly owned subsidiary, Monticello Raceway Management, Inc. ("MRMI"), we currently own and operate Monticello Casino and Raceway, a 45,000 square foot video gaming machine ("VGM") and harness horseracing facility located in Monticello, New York, 90 miles northwest of New York City. Monticello Casino and Raceway operates 1,110 VGMs, which includes 1,090 video lottery terminals ("VLTs") and 20 electronic table game positions ("ETGs") as an agent for the New York Lottery ("NYL"). VGM activities in the State of New York are overseen by the NYL. VGMs are similar to slot machines, but they are connected to a central system and report financial information to the central system. We also generate racing revenues through pari-mutuel wagering on the running of live harness horse races, the import simulcasting of harness and thoroughbred horse races from racetracks across the country and internationally, and the export simulcasting of its races to offsite pari-mutuel wagering facilities.

Recent Events

On February 14, 2011, we received notice from the NASDAQ Stock Market that, because the closing bid price for our common stock had fallen below \$1.00 per share for 30 consecutive business days, we no longer complied with the minimum bid price requirement for continued listing on the NASDAQ Global Market. Pursuant to NASDAQ Marketplace Rule 5810(c)(3)(A), we had been provided an initial compliance period of 180 calendar days, or until August 15, 2011, to regain compliance with the minimum bid price requirement. To regain compliance, the closing bid price of our common stock had to meet or exceed \$1.00 per share for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days prior to August 15, 2011. On August 16, 2011, we received a NASDAQ Staff Determination Letter indicating that we had failed to comply with the minimum bid price requirement for continued listing and that we were, therefore, subject to delisting from the NASDAQ Global Market. On August 22, 2011, we notified NASDAQ that we were appealing the NASDAQ Staff Determination

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of delisting and that we were requesting an oral hearing. On September 13, 2011, we filed a Plan of Compliance with the NASDAQ Hearings Panel. On September 30, 2011, our Board unanimously voted to adopt and declared advisable an amendment (the "Amendment") to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation affecting a one-for-three reverse stock split of our common stock (the "Reverse Split"). The intention of the Board in effecting the Reverse Split was to increase the stock price sufficiently above the \$1.00 minimum bid price requirement that is required for continued listing on the NASDAQ Global Market in order to sustain long term compliance with the NASDAQ listing requirements. The oral hearing before the NASDAQ Hearings Panel was held on October 6, 2011 as where we informed the NASDAQ Hearings Panel that we would ask stockholders to approve the Reverse Split. On October 28, 2011, we were informed that the NASDAQ Hearings Panel granted our request to remain listed on the NASDAQ Global Market subject to our ability to evidence on or before December 31, 2011, a closing bid price of \$1.00 or more for a minimum of ten consecutive trading days. The Reverse Split was approved by our stockholders at the annual meeting of stockholders held on December 13, 2011 and we complied with NASDAQ's minimum bid requirements on December 28, 2011. On January 3, 2012, we announced that we received notice from NASDAQ confirming that we regained compliance with NASDAQ's minimum bid price requirement and that our common stock would continue to be listed on NASDAQ.

The Reverse Split is reflected in share data and earnings per share data contained herein for all periods presented. The par value of the common stock was not affected by the reverse stock split and remains at \$0.01 per share.

On November 4, 2011, each holder of a New York racetrack license with a VGM facility, with the exception of Aqueduct who has a management agreement, received a joint letter (the "Letter") from the NYL and the New York State Racing and Wagering Board ("RWB"), which notified the license holders that RWB has commenced its review of the holder's racetrack license renewal application for calendar year 2012. The Letter said that, for the first time since the commencement of VGM operations, the NYL and RWB will be conducting a joint review of applicant license materials. While there has been no change to the laws governing racing or VGM operations, the Letter also indicated that the RWB is considering an open competition process for the re-award of licenses forfeited for failure to meet licensing and operating standards and is also considering whether all track licenses should be subject to an open competition for determining licensure for the 2013 calendar year. Generally, the annual license renewal process requires the RWB to review the financial responsibility, experience, character and general fitness of MRMI and its management. We intend to cooperate fully with RWB and NYL during this annual review and vigorously pursue the renewal of our racetrack and simulcast licenses. We submitted our 2012 license renewal applications and supplemental information to RWB and NYL. RWB has not taken formal action on our 2012 license renewal applications. At its meeting on December 21, 2011, the RWB approved our race dates for January and February 2012. On February 29, 2012, RWB extended our racing dates through April 30, 2012. RWB's staff expressed concerns over the stock ownership by certain of our stockholders. We are fully cooperating with RWB staff regarding this matter.

We have joined with other VGM facility operators in New York State to form the New York Gaming Association, whose principal effort is to seek approval for passage of a constitutional amendment authorizing table games at the VGM facilities in New York, which would permit us to develop and operate a full-scale casino which would include slot machines and table game wagering and the extension of credit. Generally, a constitutional amendment must be approved by both houses of the New York State Legislature ("Legislature"), approved again by a newly elected Legislature, and approved by the voters at a general election, in which instance it becomes effective on the following January 1. On March 15, 2012, Governor Andrew Cuomo, Assembly Speaker Sheldon Silver and Senate Majority Leader Dean Skelos announced that a constitutional amendment authorizing up to seven non-tribal casinos at locations to be determined by the Legislature, was approved by the Legislature. A newly elected Legislature would have to pass the amendment again next year before it goes to a general referendum in November 2013. However, there can be no assurance given that an amendment to the New York State Constitution to permit full-scale casino gaming will be passed in a timely manner, or at all, or that, if such amendment were passed, we would be able to effectively develop and operate a full-scale casino.

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Monticello Casino and Raceway

Monticello Casino and Raceway began racing operations in 1958 and currently features:

- 1,090 VLTs and 20 ETGs (collectively 1,110 VGMs);
- year-round live harness horse racing;
- year-round simulcast pari-mutuel wagering on thoroughbred and harness horse racing from across the world;
- a 3,000-seat grandstand with retractable windows and a 100-seat clubhouse;
- parking spaces for 2,000 cars and 10 buses;
- a buffet and three outlet food court with seating capacity for up to 350;
- a 3,800 square foot multi-functional space used for events;
- a casino bar and an additional clubhouse bar; and
- an entertainment lounge with seating for 75 people.

VGM Operations

We currently operate a 45,000 square foot VGM facility at Monticello Casino and Raceway. Revenues derived from our VGM operations consist of VGM revenues and related food and beverage concession revenues. Each of the VGMs is owned by the State of New York. By statute, for a period of five years which began on April 1, 2008, 42% of gross VGM revenue is distributed to us. Following that five-year period, 40% of the first \$50 million, 29% of the next \$100 million and 26% thereafter of gross VGM revenue will be distributed to us. Gross VGM revenues consist of the total amount wagered at our VGMs, less prizes awarded. The statute also provides a marketing allowance for racetracks operating video lottery programs of 10% on the first \$100 million of net revenues generated and 8% thereafter. On August 3, 2010, legislation was passed to reduce operator fees by one percentage point at each level of VGM revenues effective August 11, 2010. Daily VGM operational hours were also expanded from 16 to 20 hours under this legislation. The legislation authorizing the implementation of VGMs expires in 2050 as a result of legislation enacted on August 3, 2010. Previously the legislation was set to expire in 2017.

VGM activities in the State of New York are presently overseen by the NYL.

Raceway Operations

We derive our racing revenue principally from:

- wagering at Monticello Casino and Raceway on live races run at Monticello Casino and Raceway;
- fees from wagering at out-of-state locations on races run at Monticello Casino and Raceway using export simulcasting;
- revenue allocations, as prescribed by law, from betting activity at off-track betting facilities in the State of New York;
- wagering at Monticello Casino and Raceway on races broadcast from out-of-state racetracks using import simulcasting; and
- program and racing form sales, food and beverages sales and certain other ancillary activities.

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Simulcasting

Import and, particularly, export simulcasting is an important part of our business. Simulcasting is the process by which a live horse race held at one facility (the “host track”) is transmitted to another location that allows our patrons to wager on that race. Amounts wagered are then collected from each off-track betting location and combined into appropriate pools at the host track’s tote facility where the final odds and payouts are determined. With the exception of a few holidays, we offer year-round simulcast wagering from racetracks across the country, including Aqueduct, Belmont, Meadowlands Racetrack, Penn National Race Course, Turfway Park, Santa Anita Racetrack, Gulfstream Park and Saratoga Racecourse. In addition, races of national interest, such as the Kentucky Derby, Preakness Stakes and Breeders’ Cup supplement regular simulcast programming. We also export live broadcasts of our own races to race tracks, casinos and off-track betting facilities in the United States, Canada, Germany, Austria, Isle of Man, Mexico, South America and the United Kingdom.

Pari-mutuel Wagering

Our racing revenue is derived from pari-mutuel wagering at the track and government mandated revenue allocations from certain New York State off-track betting locations. In pari-mutuel wagering, patrons bet against each other rather than against the operator of the facility or with pre-set odds. The dollars wagered form a pool of funds from which winnings are paid based on odds determined by the wagering activity. The racetrack acts as a stakeholder for the wagering patrons and deducts from the amounts wagered a “take-out” or gross commission from which the racetrack pays state and county taxes and racing purses. Our pari-mutuel commission rates are fixed as a percentage of the total handle or amounts wagered.

Raceway Operations, Simulcasting and Pari-mutuel Wagering activities in the State of New York are presently overseen by the RWB.

Development

On April 12, 2011, we announced the execution of an exclusivity agreement with Entertainment Properties Trust (“EPR”) and MSEG LLC to explore exclusively the joint development of the companies’ respective properties located in Sullivan County, New York. EPR is the sole owner of EPT Concord II, LLC (“EPT”), comprising 1,500 acres located at the site of the former Concord Resort (the “EPT Property”). The exclusivity agreement also committed the parties to work towards the execution of a master development agreement (the “Master Development Agreement”) to develop the EPT Property.

On December 21, 2011 (the “Effective Date”), we entered into an option agreement (the “Option Agreement”) with EPT. Pursuant to the Option Agreement, EPT granted us a sole and exclusive option (the “Option”) to lease certain EPT property located in Sullivan County, New York pursuant to the terms of a lease negotiated between the parties. The Option has an initial term of six months from the Effective Date (the “Option Exercise Period”). In addition, subject to the conditions of the Option Agreement, the Option Exercise Period may be extended for one or more six month periods; provided, however, in no event shall the Option Exercise Period extend beyond June 30, 2013.

In connection with the execution of the Option Agreement, we paid EPT an option payment in the amount of \$750,000 (the “Option Payment”). Any extension of the Option Exercise Period shall be accompanied by an additional option payment of \$750,000. The Option may be exercised only to the extent we (or our affiliate) simultaneously exercise other options in connection with the Master Development Agreement. In addition, our rights and EPT’s obligations pursuant to the Option Agreement are subject to certain existing EPT agreements. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Option Agreement, EPT shall not grant to any third party the right to lease the EPT Property during the Option Exercise Period.

On March 8, 2012, EPT and Empire presented an overview of the master plan for redevelopment of the EPT Property in Sullivan County, New York to the Town of Thompson Town Board. A copy of the presentation was

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attached as an exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 9, 2012. In addition, on March 8, 2012, EPT and Empire formally submitted the proposed redevelopment plan to the Town of Thompson for an assessment of its environmental impact as prescribed by the State Environmental Quality Review provisions of the New York Environmental Conservation Law.

On May 5, 2011, Concord Associates, LP (“Concord”) announced that it has agreed to terms with the Mohegan Tribal Gaming Authority (“MTGA”) to develop a 116 acre site adjacent to the EPT Property. Concord and MTGA are planning to develop a gaming and racing resort facility. On May 6, 2011, we issued a press release announcing that neither Concord nor MTGA have valid New York State licenses to operate a harness racetrack or VGMs in Sullivan County, prerequisites to the operation of VGMs at the proposed development. As such, we cannot predict the outcome of our efforts to implement our plan to develop jointly with EPR the EPT Property.

Competition

Monticello Casino and Raceway

Our gaming operations are located in the Catskills region in the State of New York, which has historically been a resort area, although its popularity declined with the growth of destinations such as Atlantic City and Las Vegas. We are located approximately 90 miles northwest of New York City. There are approximately 17.5 million adults who live within 100 miles of the Catskills area, an area where average per capita income is approximately \$35,000. Specifically, Monticello Casino and Raceway is directly adjacent to Highway 17, has highly visible signage and convenient access, and is less than 1,000 feet from the highway’s exit.

Generally, Monticello Casino and Raceway does not compete directly with other harness racing tracks in New York State for live racing patrons. However, Monticello Casino and Raceway does face intense competition for off-track and other legalized wagering at numerous gaming sites within the State of New York and the surrounding region. The inability to compete with larger purses for the races at Monticello Casino and Raceway and the limitation on other forms of legalized wagering that Monticello Casino and Raceway may offer has been a significant limitation on our ability to compete for off-track and other legalized wagering revenues.

In New York, we face competition for guests from Orange, Dutchess and Ulster Counties in New York for our VGM operation from a VGM facility at Yonkers Raceway, located within the New York City metropolitan area. Yonkers Raceway has a harness horseracing facility, approximately 5,300 VGMs, food and beverage outlets and other amenities.

From time to time, New Jersey has reviewed options to place slot machines in various locations including the Meadowlands Racetrack. There is currently no plan to allow slot machines or legalized gambling at a privately operated Meadowlands Racetrack. On January 28, 2011, Governor Christie signed into law legislation which authorizes “exchange wagering,” and legislation which will permit racetrack permit holders to provide a single pari-mutuel pool for every horse race. Governor Christie also conditionally vetoed a bill, which provided for revisions to the “Off Track and Account Wagering Act” to expedite the development of off track wagering facilities throughout the State of New Jersey.

To a lesser extent, Monticello Casino and Raceway faces competition from two casinos that are in Pennsylvania. In January 2010, the Pennsylvania legislature authorized and its Governor approved table games in its existing slot machine facilities. The legislation authorized all table games, including blackjack, craps, roulette, baccarat, and poker at thoroughbred and harness racetracks with slot machine facilities and stand-alone slot machine facilities. In addition, the legislation authorized the granting of credit to guests of the Pennsylvania casinos. Table games became operational in Pennsylvania’s casinos in July 2010. Both Pennsylvania casinos that we compete against have installed and offer table games. This legislation augmented the legislation passed in July 2004, whereby Pennsylvania legalized the operation of up to 61,000 slot machines at 14 locations throughout the state, to permit table games at the slot machine facilities. As of March 2012, there were ten

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casinos in operation within Pennsylvania, with six located at racetracks. One such race track facility is the Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs, which has approximately 2,300 slot machines and 82 table games, including 16 poker tables. The Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs in Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, is approximately 70 miles southwest of Monticello. In addition, the Mount Airy Casino Resort has approximately 2,000 slot machines, a hotel, spa and a golf course. In July 2010 it began the operation of table games and now operates 72 table games, which includes 11 poker tables. The Mount Airy Casino Resort is located in Mount Pocono, Pennsylvania, approximately 60 miles southwest of Monticello.

In August 2009, the NYL approved a pilot test period for us and one other New York State VGM facility which provided us the opportunity to reward our guests based on their level of VGM play and to offer promotions that can compete with the offerings of our competitors located in Pennsylvania, although at a restricted level. On March 22, 2011, the NYL extended the subsidized free play pilot program until legislation authorizing a statewide subsidized free play program is enacted. The budget that was passed in March 2011 included a statewide subsidized free play program, which became effective for the gaming day of April 4, 2011. Subsidized free play credits issued pursuant to the program will be excluded from the calculation of net win at the issuing facility. Each facility will be permitted to issue subsidized free play credits in an amount not to exceed 10% of adjusted net win.

Competing Casinos and Proposed Casino Projects

In 2001, the New York State Legislature and the New York State Governor authorized the building of three Native American casinos in the Catskills region of the State of New York. Throughout 2011 several tribal and other entities, including the Stockbridge-Munsee Community, Band of Mohican Indians, have reportedly expressed an interest in gaming in the Catskill region of New York, and in particular, Sullivan County. However, to date, no governmental action has been taken by the State of New York to enable such entities to engage in legalized gaming activities. We are unable to determine when or if any tribal or other entities would request or obtain the ability to engage in legalized gaming activities in the Catskill region.

On June 14, 2011, the United States Department of the Interior (“USDOJ”) Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs, the head of the Bureau of Indian Affairs (“BIA”), announced that he has rescinded a January 3, 2008, memo which said, among other things, that tribes could develop casinos on land off their reservations only if it was within “commutable distance” of the reservation which was considered by the USDOJ to be approximately 40 miles. The requirements of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (“IGRA”) will continue to be applied by the BIA even though the “commutability” standard has been rescinded.

As of October 2010, the Shinnecock Indian Nation, a state-recognized Native American tribe, is an Indian entity recognized by the BIA. The Shinnecock Indian Nation has expressed its interest in building a casino in Southampton, New York or at another location in downstate New York. Since becoming federally recognized, the Shinnecock Indian Nation has the right to build a Class II casino (as defined in IGRA) on their 800-acre reservation in Southampton, New York, but the Shinnecock have expressed a desire to develop a Class III casino (as defined in IGRA) closer to New York City including the possibility of a casino at Belmont, New York.

Other Gaming

Currently electronic gaming machines are operated in 39 states and there are 11 states with commercial casinos that also offer table games. Legislation permitting other forms of casino gaming is proposed, from time to time, in various states, including those bordering the State of New York. Our business could be adversely affected by such competition.

In December 2011, the United States Department of Justice (“Department”) confirmed the reversal of a long-standing precedent that applied a 1961 federal gambling law to Internet gambling. The Wire Act, 18 U.S.C § 1084, et. seq., prevents wagers from taking place over phone lines. Deputy Attorney General James Cole wrote

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in a letter to William J. Murray, Deputy Director and General Counsel for NYL, “The Department’s Office of Legal Counsel (‘OLC’) has analyzed the scope of the Wire Act, 18 U.S.C § 1084, and concluded that it is limited only to sports betting.” We are uncertain if the Department’s position would have any effect on our operations.

Employees

As of March 12, 2012, our subsidiaries and we employed approximately 310 people.

Website Access

Our website address is www.empireresorts.com. Our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission are available at no cost on our website as soon as practicable after the filing of such reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Risks Relating to our Business

In November 2011, MRMI, along with all the other New York racetracks, with the exception of Aqueduct who has a management agreement, received the Letter from the RWB and the NYL indicating that the RWB and NYL would be conducting a joint review of applicant license materials for the first time since the advent of VGM operations in the state. In addition, the Letter indicated that the RWB was considering an open competition for re-award of licenses forfeited for failure to meet appropriate standards and an open competition for determining licensure for the 2013 calendar year. If this open competition were implemented, the Company's business may be adversely impacted.

On November 4, 2011, each holder of a New York racetrack license with a VGM facility received the Letter from the NYL and the RWB, which notified the license holders that RWB has commenced its review of the holder's racetrack license renewal application for calendar year 2012. The Letter said that, for the first time since the commencement of VGM operations, the NYL and RWB will be conducting a joint review of applicant license materials. While there has been no change to the laws governing racing or VGM operations, the Letter also indicated that the RWB is considering an open competition process for the re-award of licenses forfeited for failure to meet licensing and operating standards and is also considering whether all track licenses should be subject to an open competition for determining licensure for the 2013 calendar year. Generally, the annual license renewal process requires the RWB to review the financial responsibility, experience, character and general fitness of MRMI and its management. We intend to cooperate fully with RWB and NYL during this annual review and vigorously pursue the renewal of MRMI'S racetrack and simulcast licenses. An open competition for gaming and video lottery gaming licenses each year will create significant uncertainty in our ability to operate our business from year to year and may negatively impact our operations at Monticello Casino and Raceway. On February 29, 2012, RWB extended MRMI'S racing dates through April 30, 2012. RWB's staff expressed concerns over the stock ownership by certain of our stockholders. We are fully cooperating with RWB staff regarding this matter.

We will require additional financing in order to develop any projects and we may be unable to meet our future capital requirements and execute our business strategy.

Because we are unable to generate sufficient cash from our operations to develop any future projects, we will be required to rely on external financing. Any projections of future cash needs and cash flows are subject to substantial uncertainty. Our capital requirements depend upon several factors, including the rate of market acceptance, our ability to expand our customer base and increase revenues, our level of expenditures for marketing and sales, purchases of equipment and other factors. If our capital requirements vary materially from those currently planned, we may require additional financing sooner than anticipated. We can make no assurance that financing will be available in amounts or on acceptable terms, if at all.

If we cannot raise funds, if needed, on acceptable terms, we may be required to delay, scale back or eliminate some of our expansion and development goals and we may not be able to continue our operations, grow market share, take advantage of future opportunities or respond to competitive pressures or unanticipated requirements, which could negatively impact our business, operating results and financial condition.

We will seek additional debt financing to fund our development goals. Substantial leverage and debt service obligations may adversely affect our cash flow, financial condition and results of operations.

We may incur substantial additional indebtedness in the future to fund our development goals. Our level of indebtedness will have several important effects on our future operations, including, without limitation:

- a portion of our cash flow from operations will be dedicated to the payment of any interest or principal required with respect to outstanding indebtedness;

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- the debt documents may contain restrictive covenants curtailing our operations and finances;
- increases in our outstanding indebtedness and leverage will increase our vulnerability to adverse changes in general economic and industry conditions, as well as to competitive pressure; and
- depending on the levels of our outstanding indebtedness, our ability to obtain additional financing for working capital, general corporate and other purposes may be limited.

Our ability to make payments of principal and interest on our indebtedness depends upon our future performance, which is subject to general economic conditions, industry cycles and financial, business and other factors affecting our operations, many of which are beyond our control. Our business might not continue to generate cash flow at or above current levels. If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flow from operations in the future to service our debt, we may be required, among other things, to:

- seek additional financing in the debt or equity markets;
- delay, curtail or abandon altogether our development plans;
- refinance or restructure all or a portion of our indebtedness; or
- sell selected assets.

Such measures might not be sufficient to enable us to service our indebtedness. In addition, any such financing, refinancing or sale of assets may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, or at all.

If revenues and operating income from our operations at Monticello Casino and Raceway do not increase, it could adversely affect our financial performance.

There can be no assurance that our operations will draw sufficient crowds to Monticello Casino and Raceway to increase our revenues to the point that we will continue recognizing net income. The operations and placement of our VGMs, including the layout and distribution, are under the jurisdiction of the NYL and the program contemplates that a significant share of the responsibility for marketing the program will be borne by the NYL. The NYL is not required to make decisions that we feel are in our best interest and, as a consequence, the profitability of our VGM operations may not reach the levels that we believe to be feasible or may be slower than expected in reaching those levels. Legislation passed in 2008 increased our share of VGM revenue, permitting us to retain 42% of gross VGM revenue for a period of five years beginning on April 1, 2008 and, following such five-year period, permitting us to retain 40% of the first \$50 million, 29% of the next \$100 million and 26% thereafter. No assurance can be given that such increased revenue will be sufficient to generate a profit and continue to do so. Additionally, effective August 4, 2010, legislation was passed to reduce operator fees by one percentage point at each level of VGM revenues. Our operations are subject to many regulatory, competitive, economic and business risks beyond our control, and a change in this regard could have a material adverse impact on our operations and our business prospects.

As a holding company, we are dependent on the operations of our subsidiaries to pay dividends or make distributions in order to generate internal cash flow.

We are a holding company with no revenue generating operations. Consequently, our ability to meet our working capital requirements and to service our debt obligations depends on the earnings and the distribution of funds from our subsidiaries. While our current operations generate sufficient cash flow to fund our obligations, there can be no assurance that these subsidiaries will generate sufficient revenue to make cash distributions in an amount necessary for us to satisfy our working capital requirements or our obligations under any current or future indebtedness. In addition, these subsidiaries may enter into contracts that limit or prohibit their ability to make distributions. Should our subsidiaries be unable to make distributions, our ability to meet our ongoing obligations would be jeopardized. Specifically, without the making of distributions, we would be unable to pay our employees, accounting professionals or legal professionals, all of whom we rely on to manage our operations, ensure regulatory compliance and sustain our public company status.

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Changes in the laws, regulations, and ordinances (including local laws) to which the gaming industry is subject, and the application or interpretation of existing laws and regulations, or our inability or the inability of our subsidiaries, key personnel, significant stockholders, or joint venture partners to obtain or maintain required gaming regulatory licenses, permits or approvals could prevent us from pursuing future development projects or otherwise adversely impact our results of operation.

The ownership, management and operation of our current and any future gaming facilities are and will be subject to extensive federal, state, provincial, and/or local laws, regulations and ordinances that are administered by the relevant regulatory agency or agencies in each jurisdiction. These laws, regulations and ordinances vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction, but generally concern the responsibilities, financial stability and character of the owners and managers of gaming operations as well as persons financially interested or involved in gaming operations, and often require such parties to obtain certain licenses, permits and approvals. In addition, licenses that we and our subsidiaries, officers, directors and principal stockholders hold generally expire after a relatively short period of time and thus require frequent renewals and reevaluations. Obtaining these licenses in the first place and the renewal process involves a subjective determination by the regulatory agencies. If we or our subsidiaries do not obtain and maintain the required licenses, permits and approvals, we may be required to divest our interest in our current or future gaming facilities or our current gaming facility risks losing its licenses. These laws, regulations and ordinances may also affect the operations of our gaming facilities or our plans in pursuing future projects.

The Racing, Pari-Mutuel Wagering and Breeding Law of New York State requires our stockholders to possess certain qualifications. If the RWB believes a stockholder does not meet their subjective determination, a stockholder may be forced to sell any stock they hold and such sale may result in a material loss of investment value for the stockholder.

The Racing, Pari-Mutuel Wagering and Breeding Law of New York State requires our stockholders to possess certain qualifications. A failure to possess such qualifications could lead to a material loss of investment by either us or our stockholders, as it would require divestiture of the stockholder's direct or indirect interest in us. Consequently, should any stockholder ever fail to meet the qualifications necessary to own a direct or indirect interest in us by RWB, such stockholder could be forced to liquidate all interests in us. Should such stockholder be forced to liquidate these interests within a relatively short period of time, such stockholder would likely be forced to sell at a discount, causing a material loss of investment value.

During 2002, certain affiliates of Bryanston Group, Inc. ("Bryanston Group"), our former largest stockholder, and certain of our other stockholders and officers ("Series E Preferred Stockholders") were indicted for various counts of tax and bank fraud. On September 5, 2003, one of these Series E Preferred Stockholders pleaded guilty to felony tax fraud, and on February 4, 2004, four additional former officers and Series E Preferred Stockholders were convicted of tax and bank fraud. None of the acts these individuals were charged with or convicted of relate to their ownership interests in us and their remaining interests do not provide them with any significant control in the management of the Company or MRMI. However, there can be no assurance that none of the various governmental agencies that now, or in the future may, regulate and license our gaming related activities will factor in these indictments or criminal acts in evaluating our ability to obtain or maintain required licenses, permits or approvals. Should a regulatory agency determine that the indictments and convictions of some of our Series E Preferred Stockholders affect our ability to obtain or maintain required licenses, permits or approvals, we could be forced to liquidate certain or all of our gaming interests.

MRMI received an e-mail message from RWB staff on January 5, 2010, requesting updated information about our plans to divest the Series E Preferred Stockholders of their remaining interests in us. In response, we informed the RWB that we were in the process of engaging an investment banking firm, which we engaged in March 2010, to explore our options with respect to the restructuring of our debt and other obligations, including our Series E Preferred Stock. The engagement with the investment banking firm was terminated following our receipt of the Bridge Loan and we have not currently retained any third party advisors with respect to the Series E Preferred Stock. We are continuing to discuss with RWB the status of the investment in our Series E Preferred

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Stock. According to the terms of our Series E Preferred Stock, we have the option to redeem these shares at a price of \$10 per share plus all accrued and unpaid dividends. The cost of redeeming all of these shares, as of December 31, 2011, was approximately \$29.8 million. We may not be able to obtain sufficient financing in amounts or on terms that are acceptable to us in order to redeem all of these shares, should this be required.

The gaming industry in the northeastern United States is highly competitive, with many of our competitors better known and better financed than us.

The gaming industry in the northeastern United States is highly competitive and increasingly dominated by multinational corporations or Native American tribes that enjoy widespread name recognition, established brand loyalty, decades of casino operation experience, and a diverse portfolio of gaming assets and substantially greater financial resources.

We face competition for our VGM operations from Yonkers Raceway which is located within the New York City metropolitan area. The Yonkers facility, which is much closer to New York City, has a harness horseracing facility, approximately 5,300 VGMs, food and beverage outlets and other amenities. In contrast, we have limited financial resources and currently operate our harness horse racing facility and VGMs in Monticello, New York, which is approximately a one and a half hour drive from New York City.

Additionally, in January 2010, the Pennsylvania legislature authorized and its Governor approved table games in its existing slot-machine facilities, which amended and augmented the legislation passed in July 2004 in which Pennsylvania legalized the operation of up to 61,000 slot machines at 14 locations throughout the state to permit table games at the slot-machine facilities. The legislation authorized all table games, including blackjack, craps, roulette, baccarat, and poker at thoroughbred and harness racetracks with slot-machine facilities and stand-alone slot-machine facilities, and the granting of credit to guests of the Pennsylvania casinos. Table games became operational in Pennsylvania's casinos in July 2010. Presently approximately 960 table games, including poker tables, are offered at the Pennsylvania casinos. Both Pennsylvania casinos that we compete against have installed and offer table games.

As of March 2012, there were ten casinos in operation within Pennsylvania, with six located at race tracks. One such race track facility is the Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs, which has approximately 2,300 slot machines and 82 table games, including 16 poker tables. The Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs in Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, is approximately 75 miles southwest of Monticello. In addition, the Mount Airy Casino Resort has approximately 2,000 slot machines, a hotel, spa, and a golf course. In July 2010 it began the operation of table games and now operates 72 table games, which includes 11 poker tables. The Mount Airy Casino Resort is located in Mount Pocono, Pennsylvania, approximately 60 miles southwest of Monticello. The development of new casinos in Pennsylvania will likely increase the degree of competition within our market and may have an adverse effect on our business and future operating performance.

Moreover, a number of Native American tribes and gaming entrepreneurs are presently seeking to develop Class III casinos in New York and Connecticut in areas that are 90 miles from New York City such as Bridgeport, Connecticut and Southampton, New York. In November 2010, the Governor of the State of New York signed a compact with Stockbridge-Munsee Band to build a gaming complex in Bridgeville, New York, located approximately five miles from Monticello Casino and Raceway. On February 18, 2011, the USDOJ disapproved the compact. On June 14, 2011, the USDOJ Assistant Secretary-Indian Affairs, the head of the BIA, announced that he has rescinded a January 3, 2008, memo which said, among other things, that tribes could develop casinos on land off their reservations only if it was within "commutable distance" of the reservation which was considered by the USDOJ to be approximately 40 miles. The requirements of the IGRA will continue to be applied by the BIA even though the "commutability" standard has been rescinded. Due to its proximity to Monticello Casino and Raceway, if developed, the Stockbridge-Munsee Band's gaming facility, which would include a casino, hotel, restaurants and retail shops, would likely significantly increase the competition we face and have a material adverse effect on our business operations and future performance.

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No assurance can be given that we will be able to compete successfully for gaming customers with the established casinos, in Pennsylvania, or the competing VGM facility at Yonkers Raceway.

The continuing decline in the popularity of horse racing and increasing competition in simulcasting could adversely impact the business of Monticello Casino and Raceway.

Since the mid-1980s, there has been a general decline in the number of people attending and wagering at live horse races at North American racetracks due to a number of factors, including increased competition from other forms of gaming, unwillingness of guests to travel a significant distance to racetracks and the increasing availability of off-track wagering. The declining attendance at live horse racing events has prompted racetracks to rely increasingly on revenues from inter-track, off-track and account wagering markets. The industry-wide focus on inter-track, off-track and account wagering markets has increased competition among racetracks for outlets to simulcast their live races. A continued decrease in attendance at live events and in on-track wagering, as well as increased competition in the inter-track, off-track and account wagering markets, could lead to a decrease in the amount wagered at Monticello Casino and Raceway. Our business plan anticipates the possibility of Monticello Casino and Raceway attracting new guests to our racetrack wagering operations through VGM in order to offset the general decline in raceway attendance. However, even if our VGM operations attract new guests to our racetrack, we may not be able to maintain profitable operations. Public tastes are unpredictable and subject to change. Any further decline in interest in horse racing or any change in public tastes may adversely affect our revenues and, therefore, limit our ability to make a positive contribution to our results of operation.

We depend on our key personnel and the loss of their services would adversely affect our operations and business strategy.

If we are unable to maintain our key personnel and attract new employees with high levels of expertise in the gaming areas in which we engage and propose to engage, or are unable to do so without unreasonably increasing our labor costs, the execution of our business strategy may be hindered and our growth limited. We believe that our success is largely dependent on the continued employment of our senior management and the hiring of strategic key personnel at reasonable costs. Competition for qualified executives is intense and we can give no assurance that we would be able to hire a qualified replacement with the required level of experience and expertise for any current members of our senior management, if required to do so. Accordingly, if any of our current senior managers were unable or unwilling to continue in his or her present position, or we were unable to attract a sufficient number of qualified employees at reasonable rates, our business, results of operations and financial condition will be materially adversely affected. Additionally, recruiting and hiring a replacement for any senior management position could divert the attention of other senior management and increase our operating expenses.

Currently, full-scale casino gaming, other than Native American gaming, is not allowed in New York. There can be no assurance that the required amendment to the New York State Constitution will be passed in order to allow full-scale casino gaming, other than Native American gaming, in a timely manner, or at all.

Currently, we are not permitted to operate a full-scale casino at Monticello Casino and Raceway because full-scale casino gaming, other than Native American gaming, is not allowed in New York. In order to operate a full-scale casino at Monticello Casino and Raceway, an amendment to the New York State Constitution to permit full-scale casino gaming would need to be passed or we would need to enter into an agreement with a Native American tribe for the development of a Class III casino. In January 2012, Governor Cuomo proposed an amendment to the New York State Constitution to permit casino gambling regulated by the state of New York. In order to be amended to permit full-scale casino gaming, the New York State Constitution requires the passage of legislation in two consecutive legislative sessions and then passage of the majority of the state's voters in a statewide referendum. On March 15, 2012, Governor Andrew Cuomo, Assembly Speaker Sheldon Silver and Senate Majority Leader Dean Skelos announced that a constitutional amendment authorizing up to seven non-tribal casinos at locations to be determined by the Legislature was approved by the Legislature. A newly elected Legislature would have to pass the amendment again next year before it goes to a general referendum in November 2013. There can be no assurance given that an amendment to the New York State Constitution to permit full-scale casino gaming will be passed in a timely manner, or at all. Moreover, if an amendment to the New York State Constitution to permit full-scale casino gaming were passed, there can be no assurance that we

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would be able to secure any necessary licenses, regulatory approvals or financing arrangements necessary to develop a full-scale casino at Monticello Casino and Raceway or another location. In the event that full-scale casino gaming were permitted under an amendment to the New York State Constitution and we are unable to timely develop and successfully operate a full-scale casino at Monticello Casino and Raceway or another location to compete with any full-scale casinos or Class III casinos that may be developed by our competitors, our business and future operating performance would likely be materially adversely effected.

On March 7, 2012, Concord filed a complaint against EPR and us seeking monetary damages and permanent injunctive relief against EPR and us relating to our joint development of the site of the EPT Property. This litigation may delay or alter our plans for the development.

On March 7, 2012, Concord and various affiliates filed a complaint against EPR and us in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. The complaint alleges federal antitrust claims and claims of tortious interference with contract and business relations against us and seeks \$1.5 billion in damages, unspecified punitive damages and permanent injunctive relief against EPR and us. Although we believe this lawsuit is without merit and we will aggressively defend our interests, it may delay or alter our plans to develop the site of the EPT Property with EPR.

Risk Relating to our Ownership Structure

Stockholders' ability to influence corporate decisions may be limited because our major stockholder owns a large percentage of our common stock.

Kien Huat Realty III Limited ("Kien Huat") is the beneficial holder of 18,254,246 shares of our common stock, representing approximately 60% of our voting power. Additionally, under the terms of an investment agreement with Kien Huat (the "Investment Agreement"), if any option or warrant outstanding as of November 12, 2009, the date of the final closing of the Investment Agreement, (or, in limited circumstances, if issued after such date) is exercised, Kien Huat has the right (following notice of such exercise) to purchase an equal number of additional shares of our common stock as are issued upon such exercise at the exercise price for the applicable option or warrant. The percentage of our outstanding shares of common stock and voting power owned by Kien Huat would not increase as a result of the purchase by Kien Huat of any shares of our common stock pursuant to such matching right, given the issuance of shares upon exercise of the option or warrant that triggered the matching right. Under the terms of the Investment Agreement, Kien Huat is also entitled to recommend three directors whom we are required to cause to be elected or appointed to our Board of Directors ("Board"), subject to the satisfaction of all legal and governance requirements regarding service as a director and to the reasonable approval of the Governance Committee of our Board. Kien Huat designated Au Fook Yew, Emanuel Pearlman and Joseph D'Amato as nominees to the Board pursuant to its rights under the Investment Agreement, all three of which were elected by the Company's stockholders in December 2011. Kien Huat will continue to be entitled to recommend three directors for so long as it owns at least 24% of our voting power outstanding at such time, after which the number of directors whom Kien Huat will be entitled to designate for election to our Board will be reduced proportionally to Kien Huat's percentage of ownership. Under the Investment Agreement, for so long as Kien Huat is entitled to designate representatives to our Board, among other things, Kien Huat will have the right to nominate one of its director designees to serve as the Chairman of the Board, and Mr. Pearlman has been appointed to serve as Chairman of the Board pursuant to Kien Huat's recommendation. Until such time as Kien Huat ceases to own capital stock with at least 30% of our voting power outstanding at such time, our Board will be prohibited under the terms of the Investment Agreement from taking certain actions relating to fundamental transactions involving us and our subsidiaries and certain other matters without the affirmative vote of the directors designated by Kien Huat. Consequently, Kien Huat has the ability to exert significant influence over our policies and affairs, including the election of our Board and the approval of any action requiring a stockholder vote, such as approving amendments to our certificate of incorporation and mergers or sales of substantially all of our assets, as well as other matters. This concentration of voting power could delay or prevent an acquisition of our company on terms that other stockholders may desire or force the sale of our company on terms undesirable to other stockholders.

Risks Relating to the Market Value of Our Common Stock

The market price of our common stock is volatile, leading to the possibility of its value being depressed at a time when our stockholders want to sell their holdings.

The market price of our common stock has in the past been, and may in the future continue to be, volatile. For instance, between January 1, 2010 and March 12, 2012, the closing price of our common stock has ranged between \$7.26 and \$1.30 per share. A variety of events may cause the market price of our common stock to fluctuate significantly, including but not necessarily limited to:

- quarter to quarter variations in operating results;
- day traders;
- adverse news announcements; and
- market conditions for the gaming industry.

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In addition, the stock market in recent years has experienced significant price and volume fluctuations. This volatility has had a substantial effect on the market prices of companies, at times for reasons unrelated to their operating performance. These market fluctuations may adversely affect the price of our common stock and other interests in the Company at a time when our stockholders want to sell their interest in us.

If we fail to meet the applicable continued listing requirements of NASDAQ Global Market, NASDAQ may delist our common stock, in which case the liquidity and market price of our common stock could decline.

Our common stock is currently listed on the NASDAQ Global Market. In order to maintain that listing, we must satisfy certain continued listing requirements. If we are deficient in maintaining the necessary listing requirements, our common stock may be delisted. If our stock is delisted, an active trading market for our common stock may not be sustained and the market price of our common stock could decline.

We do not anticipate declaring any dividends in the foreseeable future.

During the past two fiscal years, we did not declare or pay any cash dividends with respect to our common stock and we do not anticipate declaring any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. We intend to retain all future earnings for use in the development of our business. In addition, the payment of cash dividends to the holders of our common stock is restricted by undeclared dividends on our Series E preferred stock. We have accumulated unpaid Series E preferred dividends of approximately \$12.5 million as of December 31, 2011. There can be no assurance that we will have, at any time, sufficient surplus under Delaware law to be able to pay any dividends.

Future sales of shares of our common stock in the public market or the conversion of the Bridge Loan from Kien Huat could adversely affect the trading price of shares of our common stock and our ability to raise funds in new stock offerings.

Future sales of substantial amounts of shares of our common stock in the public market, the conversion of the Bridge Loan from Kien Huat into shares of our common stock, or the perception that such sales or conversion are likely to occur could affect the market price of our common stock. Kien Huat's stock ownership may also discourage a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of us, which in turn could reduce our stock price or prevent our stockholders from realizing a premium over our stock price.

General Business Risks

Instability and volatility in the financial markets could have a negative impact on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

The demand for entertainment and leisure activities tends to be highly sensitive to consumers' disposable incomes, and the recent economic recession that has affected the U.S. and global economies, the tightened credit markets and eroded consumer confidence had a negative impact on overall trends in the gaming industry in 2010 and, to an extent, in 2011. Discretionary consumer spending habits have been adversely affected by the recent economic crisis and the actual or perceived fear of the extent of the recession could lead to further decrease in spending by our guests. We cannot predict at what level these negative trends will continue, worsen or improve and the ultimate impact it will have on our future results of operations. The continued weakness in our market and the deterioration of the broader global economy would have a material adverse effect on our industry and our business, including our revenues, profitability, operating results and cash flow.

Moreover, to the extent we do not generate sufficient cash flows from operations; we may need to incur additional indebtedness to finance our plans for growth or make scheduled payments on or to refinance our obligations under the Bridge Loan from Kien Huat. Recent turmoil in the credit markets and the resulting impact on the liquidity of certain large financial institutions has had, and may continue to have, an effect through the

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U.S. economy, including limiting access to credit markets for certain borrowers at reasonable rates. Due to fluctuations in the credit markets from time to time, we may be unable to incur additional indebtedness to fund our business strategy, in the public or private markets, on terms we believe to be reasonable, if at all.

We are subject to greater risks than a geographically diverse company.

Our operations are limited to the Catskills region of the State of New York, which has been affected by decades' long decline in economic conditions. As a result, in addition to our susceptibility to adverse global and domestic economic, political and business conditions, any economic downturn in the region could have a material adverse effect on our operations. An economic downturn would likely cause a decline in the disposable income of consumers in the region, which could result in a decrease in the number of patrons at our facility, the frequency of their visits and the average amount that they would be willing to spend at our facility. We are subject to greater risks than more geographically diversified gaming or resort operations, including:

- a downturn in national, regional or local economic conditions;
- an increase in competition in New York State or the northeastern United States and Canada, particularly for day-trip patrons residing in New York State, including as a result of any new tribal Class III casinos or VGMs at certain racetracks and other locations in New York, Connecticut and casinos in Pennsylvania;
- impeded access due to road construction or closures of primary access routes; and
- adverse weather and natural and other disasters in the northeastern United States.

The occurrence of any one of the events described above could cause a material disruption in our business and make us unable to generate sufficient cash flow to make payments on our obligations.

Our business is particularly sensitive to energy prices and a rise in energy prices could harm our operating results.

We are a large consumer of electricity and other energy and, therefore, higher energy prices may have an adverse effect on our results of operations. Accordingly, increases in energy costs may have a negative impact on our operating results. Additionally, higher electricity and gasoline prices which affect our customers may result in reduced visitation to Monticello Casino and Raceway and a reduction in our revenues.

Our business could be affected by weather-related factors and seasonality.

Our results of operations may be adversely affected by weather-related and seasonal factors. Severe winter weather conditions may deter or prevent patrons from reaching our gaming facilities or undertaking day trips. In addition, some recreational activities are curtailed during the winter months. Although our budget assumes these seasonal fluctuations in our gaming revenues to ensure adequate cash flow during expected periods of lower revenues, we cannot ensure that weather-related and seasonal factors will not have a material adverse effect on our operations.

We are vulnerable to natural disasters and other disruptive events that could severely disrupt the normal operations of our business and adversely affect our earnings.

Our operations are located at a facility in Monticello, New York. Although this area is not prone to earthquakes, floods, tornados, fires or other natural disasters, the occurrence of any of these events or any other cause of material disruption in our operation could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results. Moreover, although we do maintain insurance customary for our industry, including a policy with \$10 million limit of coverage for the perils of flood and earthquake, we cannot ensure that this coverage will be sufficient in the event of one of the disasters mentioned above.

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We may be subject to material environmental liability as a result of unknown environmental hazards.

We currently own 232 acres of land. As a significant landholder, we are subject to numerous environmental laws. Specifically, under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, a current or previous owner or operator of real estate may be required to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances or chemical releases on or relating to its property and may be held liable to a governmental entity or to third parties for property damage, personal injury and for investigation and cleanup costs incurred by such parties in connection with the contamination. Such laws typically impose cleanup responsibility and liability without regard to whether the owner knew of or caused the presence of contaminants. The costs of investigation, remediation or removal of such substances may be substantial.

Potential changes in the regulatory environment could harm our business.

From time to time, legislators and special interest groups have proposed legislation that would expand, restrict or prevent gaming operations in the jurisdictions in which we operate or intend to operate. In addition, from time to time, certain anti-gaming groups propose referenda that, if adopted, could force us to curtail operations and incur significant losses.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

Item 2. Properties.

Monticello Land

Our primary asset, which is held in fee by MRMI, is a 232 acre parcel of land in Monticello, New York. Facilities at the site include Monticello Casino and Raceway, which includes a 3,000-seat enclosed grandstand, a clubhouse bar, pari-mutuel wagering facilities (including simulcasting), a paddock, exterior barns and related facilities for the horses, drivers, and trainers. In addition, our VGM operation is conducted in the renovated lower level of the grandstand portion of Monticello Casino and Raceway, which includes a gaming floor with a central bar and lounge and a separate high stakes VGM area, a buffet and three outlet food court with seating capacity for up to 350, employee changing areas, storage and maintenance facilities, surveillance and security facilities and systems, cashier's cage and accounting and marketing areas, as well as parking areas for cars and buses.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

Bryanston Group v. Empire Resorts, Inc.

A complaint has been filed in the Supreme Court of The State of New York, New York County (the "New York County Court") on or about July 12, 2010 against us. The lawsuit arises out of a recapitalization agreement entered into on December 10, 2002 pursuant to which we issued Series E preferred stock to Bryanston Group and Stanley Tollman, among others. The complaint is brought by Bryanston Group and Stanley Tollman alleging that we breached the terms of the recapitalization agreement by (i) failing to use the funds from the 2009 investment by Kien Huat to redeem the Series E preferred shares and pay dividends on the shares; and (ii) paying in excess of \$1 million per year in operating expenses (including paying the settlement to our former chief executive officer, Joseph Bernstein) while not redeeming the Series E preferred shares and paying dividends on the shares. The plaintiffs had sought a preliminary injunction to require us to put into escrow funds sufficient to pay the purchase price for the redemption of the Series E shares and the dividends. The New York County Court denied plaintiffs' request. We filed a motion to dismiss the complaint. The Court denied our motion to dismiss the complaint. We filed an answer to the complaint and a notice of appeal. While we cannot predict the outcome of this litigation, we believe the lawsuit is without merit and we will aggressively defend our interests.

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Monticello Raceway Management, Inc. v. Concord Associates L.P.

On January 25, 2011, our subsidiary, MRMI, filed a complaint in the Sullivan County Court against Concord, an affiliate of Louis R. Cappelli who is a significant stockholder. The lawsuit seeks amounts that we believe are owed to us under an agreement between Concord, MRMI and the Monticello Harness Horsemen's Association, Inc. (the "Horsemen's Agreement"). Pursuant to the Horsemen's Agreement, until the earlier to occur of the commencement of operations at the gaming facilities to be developed by Concord at the site of the former Concord hotel and former Concord resort or July 31, 2011, we were to continue to pay to the Monticello Harness Horsemen's Association, Inc. 8.75% of the net win from VGM activities at Monticello Casino and Raceway, and Concord was to pay the difference, if any, between \$5 million per year and 8.75% of the net win from VGM activities ("VGM Shortfall") during such period. As of December 31, 2010, we believe Concord owed us approximately \$300,000 for the VGM Shortfall. Concord has contested its responsibility to make such VGM Shortfall payments to us and on March 10, 2011 Concord filed a motion to dismiss, claiming that there was no shortfall because the term of the obligation was a two year period, not annually. We filed reply affirmations and requested that the Judge treat Concord's motion and our cross-motion as summary judgment motions. On June 23, 2011, the Court advised the parties that it would treat our cross-motion as a summary judgment motion. MRMI filed its reply affirmation on August 8, 2011. On November 4, 2011, the Judge denied Concord's motion to dismiss, and denied MRMI's summary judgment motion without prejudice to renew after conducting pre-trial discovery. On December 8, 2011, MRMI filed an appeal of the denial of the summary judgment motion and on December 9, 2011, Concord filed a cross-appeal for the portion of the decision that denied Concord's motion to dismiss. While we are unable at this time to estimate the likelihood of a favorable outcome in this matter, we intend to prosecute vigorously our claims against Concord.

Concord Associates, L.P. v. Entertainment Properties Trust

On March 7, 2012, Concord and various affiliates filed a complaint against EPR and us in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. The lawsuit arises out of our exclusivity agreement and option agreement with EPR to develop the site of the EPT Property located in Sullivan County, New York. The complaint seeks \$1.5 billion in damages, unspecified punitive damages and permanent injunctive relief against EPR and us. The complaint alleges EPR and we violated federal antitrust laws by preventing Concord from establishing a competing harness racetrack and VGM facility at the site of the former Concord Hotel in the Town of Thompson, New York, and monopolizing the gaming and racing market in the Catskills region. The complaint further alleges we tortiously interfered with EPT's performance of its contracts and business relations with Concord. Although we are continuing to assess our available options in terms of responding to this complaint, we believe this lawsuit is without merit and we will aggressively defend our interests.

Other Proceedings

We are a party from time to time to various other legal actions that arise in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the resolution of these other matters will not have a material and adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant’s Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

Market Information

Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Market under the symbol “NYNY”. The following table sets forth the high and low intraday sale prices for the common stock for the periods indicated, as reported by the NASDAQ Global Market. The Reverse Split is reflected in stock prices contained herein for all periods presented.

	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
Year ended December 31, 2010		
First Quarter	\$ 7.41	\$ 4.56
Second Quarter	6.81	4.80
Third Quarter	5.25	1.77
Fourth Quarter	4.68	2.52
Year ended December 31, 2011		
First Quarter	\$ 3.09	\$ 1.57
Second Quarter	3.90	1.35
Third Quarter	3.54	1.95
Fourth Quarter	2.43	1.25

Holders

According to Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, there were approximately 226 holders of record of our common stock at March 12, 2012.

Dividends

During the past two fiscal years, we did not declare or pay any cash dividends with respect to our common stock and we do not anticipate declaring any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. We intend to retain all future earnings for use in the development of our business. In addition, the payment of cash dividends to the holders of our common stock is restricted by undeclared dividends on our Series E preferred stock. We have accumulated unpaid Series E preferred dividends of approximately \$12.5 million as of December 31, 2011.

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Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2011 with respect to the shares of our common stock that may be issued under our existing equity compensation plans. The Reverse Split is reflected in share data contained herein for all periods presented.

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	2,586,261	\$ 6.97	795,426
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	9,999	25.53	—
Total	2,596,260	\$ 7.05	795,426

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

We are a smaller reporting company and, therefore, we are not required to provide information required by this Item.

Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this document.

Overview

We were organized as a Delaware corporation on March 19, 1993, and since that time have served as a holding company for various subsidiaries engaged in the hospitality and gaming industries.

Through our wholly-owned subsidiary, MRMI, we currently own and operate Monticello Casino and Raceway, a 45,000 square foot VGM and harness horseracing facility located in Monticello, New York, 90 miles northwest of New York City. Monticello Casino and Raceway operates 1,110 VGMs which includes 20 ETGs as an agent for the NYL. VGM activities in the State of New York are overseen by the NYL. VGMs are similar to slot machines, but they are connected to a central system and report financial information to the central system. We also generate racing revenues through pari-mutuel wagering on the running of live harness horse races, the import simulcasting of harness and thoroughbred horse races from racetracks across the country and internationally, and the export simulcasting of our races to offsite pari-mutuel wagering facilities.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and judgments related to the application of certain accounting policies.

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While we base our estimates on historical experience, current information and other factors deemed relevant, actual results could differ from those estimates. We consider accounting estimates to be critical to our reported financial results if (i) the accounting estimate requires us to make assumptions about matters that are uncertain and (ii) different estimates that we reasonably could have used for the accounting estimate in the current period, or changes in the accounting estimate that are reasonably likely to occur from period to period, would have a material impact on our financial statements.

We consider our policies for revenue recognition to be critical due to the continuously evolving standards and industry practice related to revenue recognition, changes which could materially impact the way we report revenues. Accounting policies related to: accounts receivable, impairment of long-lived assets, stock-based compensation, fair value and income taxes are also considered to be critical as these policies involve considerable subjective judgment and estimation by management. Critical accounting policies, and our procedures related to these policies, are described in detail below.

Revenue recognition and Promotional allowances

Revenues represent (i) gaming revenue and (ii) food and beverage sales, racing and other miscellaneous revenue.

Gaming revenue is the net difference between gaming wagers and payouts for prizes from VGMs, non-subsidized free play and accruals related to the anticipated payout of progressive jackpots. Progressive jackpots contain base jackpots that increase at a progressive rate based on the credits played and are charged to revenue as the amount of the jackpots increase. We recognize gaming revenues before deductions of such related expenses as NYL's share of VGM revenue and the Monticello Harness Horsemen's Association (the "Horsemen") and Agriculture and New York State Horse Breeding Development Fund's contractually required percentages.

Food, beverage, racing and other revenue, includes food and beverage sales, racing revenue earned from pari-mutuel wagering on live harness racing and simulcast signals to and from other tracks and miscellaneous income. We recognize racing revenues before deductions of such related expenses as purses, stakes and awards. Some elements of the racing revenues from Off-Track Betting Corporations ("OTBs") are recognized as collected, due to uncertainty of receipt of and timing of payments.

Net revenues are recognized net of certain sales incentives in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Certification ("ASC") 605-50, "Revenue Recognition—Customer Payments and Incentives".

The retail value of complimentary food, beverages and other items provided to our guests is included in gross revenues and then deducted as promotional allowances. The estimated cost of providing such food, beverage and other items as promotional allowances is included in food, beverage, racing and other expense. In addition, promotional allowances include non-subsidized free play offered to our guests based on their relative gaming worth and prizes included in certain promotional marketing programs.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable, net of allowances, are stated at the amount we expect to collect. When required, an allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded based on information on the collectability of specific accounts. Accounts are considered past due or delinquent based on contractual terms and how recently payments have been received and our judgment of collectability. In the normal course of business, we settle wagers for other racetracks and are exposed to credit risk. These wagers are included in accounts receivable. Account balances are charged against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. As of December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, we recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$177,000 and \$168,000, respectively.

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Impairment of long-lived assets

We periodically review the carrying value of our long-lived assets in relation to historical results, as well as management's best estimate of future trends, events and overall business climate. If such reviews indicate an issue as to whether the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable, we will then estimate the future cash flows generated by such assets (undiscounted and without interest charges). If such future cash flows are insufficient to recover the carrying amount of the assets, then impairment is triggered and the carrying value of any impaired assets would then be reduced to fair value.

Stock-based compensation

The cost of all share-based awards to employees, including grants of employee stock options and restricted stock, is recognized in the financial statements based on the fair value of the awards at grant date. The fair value of stock option awards is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model on the date of grant. The fair value of restricted stock awards is equal to the market price of our common stock on the date of grant. The fair value of share-based awards is recognized as stock-based compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period from the date of grant. As of December 31, 2011, there was approximately \$759,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted under our equity compensation plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a period of two years. This expected cost does not include the impact of any future stock-based compensation awards.

Fair value

We follow the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Certification ("ASC") 820, "Fair Value Measurement," issued by the FASB for financial assets and liabilities. This standard defines fair value, provides guidance for measuring fair value, requires certain disclosures and discusses valuation techniques, such as the market approach (comparable market prices), the income approach (present value of future income or cash flow) and the cost approach (cost to replace the service capacity of an asset or replacement cost). We chose not to elect the fair value option as prescribed by FASB, for our financial assets and liabilities that had not been previously carried at fair value. Our financial instruments are comprised of current assets, current liabilities and a long-term loan. Current assets and current liabilities approximate fair value due to their short-term nature. As of December 31, 2011, our management was unable to estimate reasonably the fair value of the long-term loan due to the inability to obtain quotes for similar credit facilities.

Income taxes

We apply the asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in future taxable or deductible amounts, based on enacted tax laws and rates for the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. A hypothetical 10% decrease in our deferred tax valuation allowance will result in an income tax benefit of approximately \$6.4 million.

[Table of Contents](#)**Results of Operations**

The results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 are summarized below (dollars in thousands):

	2011	2010	Variance \$	Variance %
Revenues:				
Gaming	\$ 61,388	\$ 57,484	\$ 3,904	7%
Food, beverage, racing and other	11,634	14,325	(2,691)	(19)%
Gross revenues	73,022	71,809	1,213	2%
Less: Promotional allowances	(2,826)	(3,264)	438	13%
Net revenues	70,196	68,545	1,651	2%
Costs and expenses:				
Gaming	44,497	42,766	1,731	4%
Food, beverage, racing and other	10,388	11,947	(1,559)	(13)%
Selling, general and administrative	11,534	10,994	540	5%
Stock-based compensation	1,215	2,627	(1,412)	(54)%
Depreciation	1,325	1,228	97	8%
Total costs and expenses	68,959	69,562	(603)	(1)%
Income (loss) from operations	1,237	(1,017)	2,254	222%
Legal settlement	0	(7,118)	7,118	100%
Loss on debt extinguishment	0	(3,678)	3,678	100%
Amortization of deferred financing costs	0	(358)	358	100%
Interest expense	(1,225)	(5,422)	4,197	77%
Interest income	6	19	(13)	(68)%
Income (loss) before income taxes	18	(17,574)	17,592	100%
Income tax provision (benefit)	42	(1)	43	4,300%
Net loss	\$ (24)	\$ (17,573)	\$ 17,549	100%

Gaming revenue

Gaming revenue increased by \$3.9 million, or 7%, for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010. Our number of daily visits decreased 3%; however, the average daily win per unit increased 5% from an adjusted \$141.88 for the year ended December 31, 2010 to \$151.52 for the year ended December 31, 2011, as we concentrated our marketing efforts on more high valued gaming guests. The adjusted average daily win per unit for the year ended December 31, 2010 reflects the increase in the number of machines in service from 1,090 to 1,110 during 2010. Our VGM hold percentage was 7.1% and 7.2% for the year ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Food, beverage, racing and other revenue

Food, beverage, racing and other revenue decreased by \$2.7 million, or 19%, for the year ended December 31, 2011 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, due to a reduction in racing revenue of \$2.2 million and a reduction in food and beverage revenue of \$500,000.

Racing revenue decreased primarily due to the closure of NYC OTB and the continued failure of other OTBs to make their statutory payments on a timely and consistent basis. Food, beverage and other revenue decreased due to a reduction in food and beverage promotional spending compared to those offered in the same period in 2010, along with a reduction in our price structure to make them more competitive. The reduction in food and beverage complimentary is tied to our commitment to use non-taxable free play as the major component of our VGM marketing position to our guests.

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Promotional allowances

Promotional allowances decreased by \$438,000, or 13%, for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, primarily due to our decision to reduce our food and beverage and other promotional spending levels.

Gaming costs

Gaming costs increased by \$1.7 million, or 4%, for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, primarily due to an increase in NYL commission resulting from higher gaming revenue and a one percent point increase in NYL commission, effective August 11, 2010.

Food, beverage, racing and other costs

Food, beverage, racing and other costs decreased approximately \$1.6 million, or 13%, for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, primarily due to a reduction of the Horsemen's share of racing revenues of \$1.1 million, caused by lower racing revenues, and decreases in other racing costs. Other racing costs decrease is primarily due to legal fees relating to the NYC OTB bankruptcy in 2010.

Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$540,000, or 5%, for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, primarily due to increased development fees and executive salaries offset by decreased legal fees and marketing expenses for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Stock-based compensation expense

Stock-based compensation decreased \$1.4 million, or 54%, for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, primarily as a result of fewer options vesting and granted to directors and officers.

Legal settlement

On May 13, 2010, our former CEO, the Company and the third party defendants entered into a legal settlement agreement providing for the dismissal of all claims with prejudice. The legal settlement of approximately \$7.1 million consisted of a payment of \$1.5 million in cash and the issuance of warrants to purchase 3.2 million shares of our common stock valued at \$5.6 million.

Loss on debt extinguishment

We incurred a loss on debt extinguishment of approximately \$3.7 million when we repurchased the Senior Notes in November 2010. The loss includes the premium paid of approximately \$975,000, the write-off of approximately \$1.5 million in unamortized deferred financing costs and other costs associated with the repurchase of approximately \$1.2 million.

Interest expense

Interest expense decreased \$4.2 million, or 77%, for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, due to a reduction in debt outstanding and a more favorable interest rate of 5%, than in 2010 as a result of the repayment in the fourth quarter of 2010 of the \$65 million 5 1/2% Convertible Senior Notes due 2014 (the "Senior Notes"), that had an effective rate of 8%.

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Income tax provision (benefit)

Income tax provision increased by \$43,000 for the year ended December 31, 2011, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2010, primarily due to state minimum and capital based taxes incurred during the year ended December 31, 2011.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis that contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. We anticipate that our current cash and cash equivalents and cash generated from operations will be sufficient to meet our strategic and working capital requirements for at least the next twelve months. Whether these resources are adequate to meet our liquidity needs beyond that period will depend on our growth and operating results. If we require additional capital resources to grow our business at a future date, we may seek to sell additional debt or equity. The sale of additional equity could result in additional dilution to our existing stockholders and financing arrangements may not be available to us, or may not be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us.

On November 17, 2010, we entered into a loan agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with Kien Huat Realty III Limited ("Kien Huat"), our largest stockholder, pursuant to which Kien Huat agreed to make a short-term bridge loan in the principal amount of \$35 million (the "Bridge Loan") to us, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Loan Agreement and represented by a convertible promissory note (the "Note"), dated November 17, 2010. Proceeds of the Bridge Loan were used to effectuate the repurchase of our then outstanding Senior Notes in accordance with the terms of that certain settlement agreement, dated September 23, 2010, by and between the Company, the trustee under the indenture for the Senior Notes and certain beneficial owners of the Senior Notes.

The Note provided that the Bridge Loan bears interest at a rate of 5% per annum, payable in cash in arrears monthly, during its initial term. The maturity date of the Bridge Loan was the earlier of the consummation of our rights offering and June 30, 2011 (the "Outside Date"). As of May 20, 2011, the date of the consummation of the rights offering described below, certain conditions including (1) five business days have passed after the date on which the rights issued in the rights offering expire and the offering of our common stock pursuant thereto is terminated, (2) we prepaid the indebtedness in an amount equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of gross proceeds received by us for exercised rights pursuant to the rights offering, (3) the proceeds from the rights offering are insufficient to repay the Bridge Loan in full and we have not otherwise prepaid the Bridge Loan in full, and (4) no monetary or other material default as defined in the Loan Agreement is continuing, were satisfied, the maturity date of the remaining unpaid principal amount of the Bridge Loan was extended for a term of two years at an interest rate of 5% per annum convertible at a price equal to the exercise price of the rights issued in the rights offering (period of such extension is referred to as the "Extension Term").

Subject to and upon compliance with the provisions of the Loan Agreement, during the Extension Term, Kien Huat has the right to convert all or any portion of the principal sum evidenced by the Note such that the unconverted portion is \$1,000 or a multiple of \$1.00 in excess thereof into fully paid and non-assessable shares of our common stock at a conversion rate of initially 377 shares of common stock per \$1,000 in principal amount, which represents a conversion price of approximately \$2.65 per share, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Loan Agreement, by surrender of the Note, in whole or in part in the manner provided in the Loan Agreement.

If, as of any date during the Extension Term (the "Measuring Date"), the average of the last reported bid prices of common stock for the twenty consecutive trading days as defined in the Loan Agreement, ending on the trading day prior to the Measuring Date exceeds 200% of the conversion price in effect on the Measuring Date, then we are entitled to elect that Kien Huat convert all of the principal sum evidenced by the Note into shares of

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our common stock in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Loan Agreement. If we do not elect to force conversion of the Note and there have been no events of default as defined in the Loan Agreement, we may voluntarily prepay the Bridge Loan in whole or in part, with all interest accrued through the applicable period, absent notice from Kien Huat of its election to convert the Note.

On March 28, 2011, we commenced a rights offering. All holders of our common stock were granted the non-transferrable right to purchase 0.18917 shares of our common stock at a price of \$2.65 per share for each share they hold. Pursuant to a letter agreement, dated November 5, 2010, Kien Huat, our largest stockholder, agreed to exercise its entire allocation of basic subscription rights. The proceeds of the rights offering were used to repay amounts outstanding under the Bridge Loan. Since the proceeds were insufficient to repay in full all amounts outstanding under the Bridge Loan, including principal and accrued interest thereon, Kien Huat has converted the remaining unpaid into a convertible term loan with a term of two years, which bears interest at a rate of 5% per annum and will be convertible at a price equal to the exercise price of the rights issued in the rights offering. The expiration date of this rights offering was extended until May 20, 2011.

On May 20, 2011 the rights offering was consummated and our stockholders validly subscribed for 6,628,925 shares of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in the rights offering. The rights were exercised at \$2.65 per share, resulting in total gross proceeds of approximately \$17.6 million, which were used to repay the Bridge Loan. Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, we have satisfied the conditions to extend the maturity date of the Bridge Loan to May 17, 2013.

On September 30, 2011, our Board unanimously voted to adopt and declared advisable an amendment to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation affecting the Reverse Split. The intention of the Board in effecting the Reverse Split was to increase the stock price sufficiently above the \$1.00 minimum bid price requirement that is required for continued listing on the NASDAQ Global Market in order to sustain long term compliance with the NASDAQ listing requirements. On October 28, 2011, we were informed that the NASDAQ Hearings Panel granted our request to remain listed on the NASDAQ Global Market subject to our ability to evidence on or before December 31, 2011, a closing bid price of \$1.00 or more for a minimum of ten prior consecutive trading days. The Reverse Split was approved by our stockholders at the annual meeting on December 13, 2011 and we complied with NASDAQ's minimum bid requirements on December 28, 2011. On January 3, 2012, we announced that we received notice from NASDAQ confirming that we regained compliance with NASDAQ's minimum bid price requirement and that our common stock would continue to be listed on NASDAQ.

The Reverse Split has been reflected in share data and earnings per share data contained herein for all periods presented. The par value of the common stock was not affected by the reverse stock split and remains at \$0.01 per share. Consequently, on our consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of stockholders' equity, the aggregate par value of the issued common stock was reduced by reclassifying the par value amount of the eliminated shares of common stock to additional paid-in capital.

As of December 31, 2011, we had total current assets of approximately \$20.2 million and current liabilities of approximately \$7.4 million. We expect that we will be able to fund our operations in the ordinary course over at least the next twelve months.

Net cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$3.3 million and net cash used in operating activities was approximately \$4.5 million during the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, which was primarily due to a decrease in net loss of approximately \$6.3 million, after the non-cash adjustments for the decrease in stock-based compensation of approximately \$1.4 million, the decrease in loss on debt extinguishment of approximately \$3.7 million and the decrease in warrants issued in the legal settlement of approximately \$5.6 million. The remaining increase was the result of the net change in operating assets and liabilities.

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Net cash used in investing activities was approximately \$1.5 million and \$547,000 for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The increase of approximately \$926,000 was primarily a result of the purchase of property and equipment of approximately \$711,000 in 2011 compared to additions of approximately \$481,000 in 2010 and deferred lease costs of \$750,000 incurred related to the EPT Property lease in 2011.

Net cash used in financing activities was approximately \$177,000 and \$32.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The decrease is due to the repayment of our Senior Notes in 2010 of \$65 million and related debt extinguishment costs of approximately \$2.2 million, proceeds of \$35 million from our short-term loan in 2010, no options and option matching rights exercised during 2011 compared to options and option matching rights of approximately \$71,000 exercised during 2010 and the stock issuance costs related to our rights offering of approximately \$177,000 that occurred in 2011. At December 31, 2011, we had undeclared dividends on our Series E Preferred Stock of approximately \$12.5 million and undeclared dividends for 2011 on our Series B Preferred Stock of approximately \$167,000. We are in compliance with our Certificates of Designations, Preferences and Rights of the issued and outstanding preferred shares.

On March 13, 2012, our Board authorized the issuance of 92,414 shares of our common stock in payment of dividends due for the year ended December 31, 2011 on our Series B Preferred Stock. The recorded value of these shares was approximately \$234,000.

On March 14, 2011, our Board authorized issuance of 59,548 shares of our common stock in payment of dividends due for the year ended December 31, 2010 on our Series B Preferred Stock. The value of these shares when issued was approximately \$114,000.

On February 23, 2010, our Board authorized issuance of 24,902 shares of our common stock in payment of dividends due for the year ended December 31, 2009 on our Series B Preferred Stock. The value of these shares when issued was approximately \$138,000.

Our common stock is transferable only subject to the provisions of section three hundred three of the Racing, Pari-Mutuel Wagering and Breeding Law, so long as we hold directly or indirectly, a license issued by the RWB, and may be subject to compliance with the requirements of other laws pertaining to licenses held directly or indirectly by us. The owners of common stock issued by us may be required by regulatory authorities to possess certain qualifications and may be required to dispose of their common stock if the owner does not possess such qualifications.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2010-16, “Entertainment—Casinos (Topic 924): Accruals for Casino Jackpot Liabilities.” The ASU codifies the consensus reached in Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 09-F, “Casino Base Jackpot Liabilities.” This ASU amends the FASB ASC to clarify that an entity should not accrue jackpot liabilities, or portions thereof, before a jackpot is won if the entity can avoid paying the jackpot. Jackpots should be accrued and charged to revenue when an entity has the obligation to pay the jackpot. The guidance in the ASU applies to both base and progressive jackpots. The amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2010. The amendments should be applied by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to opening retained earnings in the period of adoption. The adoption of ASU No. 2010-16 did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, “Fair Value Measurements (Topic 820): Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs,” (“ASU 2011-04”). ASU 2011-04 expands the disclosures for fair value measurements that are estimated using significant unobservable (Level 3) inputs. This new guidance is to be applied prospectively. This guidance will be effective for us beginning January 1, 2012. We anticipate that the adoption of this standard will not materially affect our consolidated financial statements.

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In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, “Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income,” (“ASU 2011-05”). ASU 2011-05 eliminates the option to report other comprehensive income and its components in the statement of changes in equity. ASU 2011-05 requires that all non-owner changes in stockholders’ equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This new guidance is to be applied retrospectively. This guidance will be effective for us beginning January 1, 2012. We anticipate that the adoption of this standard will not change the presentation of our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-08, Topic 350 —“Intangibles—Goodwill and Other” (“ASU 2011-08”), which amends Topic 350 to allow an entity to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform the two-step quantitative goodwill impairment test. An entity would not be required to calculate the fair value of a reporting unit unless the entity determines, based on the qualitative assessment, that it is more likely than not that its fair value is less than its carrying amount. This guidance is effective for annual and interim goodwill tests performed for years beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of ASU 2011-08 is not expected to have an impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-12, Topic 220—“Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassification of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05” (“ASU 2011-12”), which indefinitely deferred certain provisions of ASU 2011-05, including the requirement to present reclassification adjustments out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component in both the statement in which net income is presented and the statement in which other comprehensive income is presented. This amendment is effective for both annual and interim financial statements beginning after December 15, 2011. The adoption of ASU 2011-12 will not have an impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-11, Topic 210—“Balance Sheet” (“ASU 2011-11”), which contains new disclosure requirements regarding the nature of an entity’s rights of set off and related arrangements associated with its financial instruments and derivative instruments. Under U.S. GAAP, certain derivative and repurchase agreement arrangements are granted exceptions from the general off-setting model. To facilitate comparison between financial statements prepared under U.S. GAAP and IFRS, the new disclosure requirement will provide financial statement users information regarding both gross and net exposures. This guidance is effective for annual and interim financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Retrospective application is required. We do not set off related arrangements associated with our financial instruments and derivative instruments. The adoption of ASU 2011-11 is not expected to have an impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Contractual Obligations

	Payments due by period (in thousands)				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1 – 3 years	3 – 5 years	More than 5 years
Bridge Loan (a):					
Principal (b)	\$ 17,426	\$ 0	\$ 17,426	\$ 0	\$ 0
Estimated interest (b)	1,215	883	332	0	0
Total	<u>\$ 18,641</u>	<u>\$ 883</u>	<u>\$ 17,758</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

(a) See the section of this annual report entitled “Item 8—Financial Statements and Supplementary Data—Note G. Long-term Loan, Related Party .”

(b) Interest is payable monthly at an annual rate of 5% on the Bridge Loan until May 17, 2013.

Subsequent Events

In January 2012, Governor Cuomo proposed an amendment to the New York State Constitution to permit casino gambling regulated by the state of New York. In order to be amended to permit full-scale casino gaming, the New York State Constitution requires the passage of legislation in two consecutive legislative sessions and then passage of the majority of the state's voters in a statewide referendum.

On January 27, 2012, we and Mr. D'Amato, our CEO, entered into an amendment to Mr. D'Amato's amended and restated employment agreement. Pursuant to the amendment, Mr. D'Amato shall receive effective as of January 1, 2012, a housing allowance of \$1,500 per month. We shall also lease or purchase an automobile for Mr. D'Amato's sole and exclusive use with an approximate value of \$1,500 per month. In addition, we shall also pay for certain expenses related to the insurance, maintenance and use of the automobile; and shall purchase a key man life insurance policy to insure Mr. D'Amato, with death benefits in the amount of \$1 million for his estate and \$3 million for us.

On March 15, 2012, Governor Andrew Cuomo, Assembly Speaker Sheldon Silver and Senate Majority Leader Dean Skelos announced that a constitutional amendment authorizing up to seven non-tribal casinos at locations to be determined by the Legislature, was approved by the Legislature. A newly elected Legislature would have to pass the amendment again next year before it goes to a general referendum in November 2013.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are a smaller reporting company and, therefore, we are not required to provide information required by this Item.

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Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders
Empire Resorts, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Empire Resorts, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Friedman LLP
New York, New York
March 19, 2012

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EMPIRE RESORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31
(In thousands, except for per share data)

	2011	2010
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,601	\$ 12,960
Restricted cash	1,354	2,244
Accounts receivable, net	1,478	1,226
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,769	2,728
Total current assets	20,202	19,158
Property and equipment, net	27,494	28,130
Deferred lease costs	957	0
Other assets	1,181	1,154
Total assets	<u>\$ 49,834</u>	<u>\$ 48,442</u>
Liabilities and stockholders' equity		
Current liabilities:		
Short-term loan, related party	\$ 0	\$ 35,000
Accounts payable	2,079	1,895
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	5,450	5,256
Total current liabilities	7,529	42,151
Long-term loan, related party	17,426	0
Total liabilities	<u>24,955</u>	<u>42,151</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, 5,000 shares authorized; \$0.01 par value—		
Series A, \$1,000 per share liquidation value, none issued and outstanding	0	0
Series B, \$29 per share liquidation value, 44 shares issued and outstanding	0	0
Series E, \$10 per share redemption value, 1,731 shares issued and outstanding	6,855	6,855
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 150,000 shares authorized, 29,931 and 23,160 shares issued and outstanding in 2011 and 2010, respectively	299	232
Additional paid-in capital	145,204	126,545
Accumulated deficit	(127,479)	(127,341)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>24,879</u>	<u>6,291</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 49,834</u>	<u>\$ 48,442</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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EMPIRE RESORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31
(In thousands, except for per share data)

	2011	2010
Revenues:		
Gaming	\$ 61,388	\$ 57,484
Food, beverage, racing and other	11,634	14,325
Gross revenues	73,022	71,809
Less: Promotional allowances	(2,826)	(3,264)
Net revenues	<u>70,196</u>	<u>68,545</u>
Costs and expenses:		
Gaming	44,497	42,766
Food, beverage, racing and other	10,388	11,947
Selling, general and administrative	11,534	10,994
Stock-based compensation	1,215	2,627
Depreciation	1,325	1,228
Total costs and expenses	<u>68,959</u>	<u>69,562</u>
Income (loss) from operations	1,237	(1,017)
Legal settlement	0	(7,118)
Loss on debt extinguishment	0	(3,678)
Amortization of deferred financing costs	0	(358)
Interest expense	(1,225)	(5,422)
Interest income	6	19
Income (loss) before income taxes	18	(17,574)
Income tax provision (benefit)	42	(1)
Net loss	(24)	(17,573)
Undeclared dividends on preferred stock	(1,551)	(1,551)
Net loss applicable to common shares	<u>\$ (1,575)</u>	<u>\$ (19,124)</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	<u>27,347</u>	<u>23,141</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	<u>27,347</u>	<u>23,141</u>
Loss per common share, basic	<u>\$ (0.06)</u>	<u>\$ (0.83)</u>
Loss per common share, diluted	<u>\$ (0.06)</u>	<u>\$ (0.83)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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EMPIRE RESORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010
(In thousands)

	Preferred Stock*				Common Stock		Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Series B		Series E		Shares	Amount			
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Balances, January 1, 2010	44	\$ 0	1,731	\$ 6,855	23,045	\$ 230	\$ 118,093	\$(109,630)	\$ 15,548
Declared and paid dividends on preferred stock	0	0	0	0	25	0	138	(138)	0
Common stock issued from exercise of stock options	0	0	0	0	8	0	35	0	35
Common stock issued from exercise of warrants	0	0	0	0	37	1	(1)	0	0
Common stock issued from exercise of Option Matching Rights	0	0	0	0	45	1	35	0	36
Issuance of warrants	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,618	0	5,618
Stock-based compensation	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,627	0	2,627
Net loss	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(17,573)	(17,573)
Balances, December 31, 2010	44	0	1,731	6,855	23,160	232	126,545	(127,341)	6,291
Declared and paid dividends on preferred stock	0	0	0	0	59	0	114	(114)	0
Common stock issued from exercise of rights offering	0	0	0	0	6,629	66	17,508	0	17,574
Stock issuance costs	0	0	0	0	0	0	(177)	0	(177)
Stock-based compensation	0	0	0	0	83	1	1,214	0	1,215
Net loss	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(24)	(24)
Balances, December 31, 2011	44	\$ 0	1,731	\$ 6,855	29,931	\$ 299	\$ 145,204	\$(127,479)	\$ 24,879

* Series A preferred stock, none issued and outstanding.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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EMPIRE RESORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31
(In thousands)

	2011	2010
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (24)	\$(17,573)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,325	1,228
Amortization of deferred financing costs	0	358
Provision for doubtful accounts	9	279
Loss on debt extinguishment	0	3,678
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	22	0
Stock—based compensation	1,215	2,627
Warrants issued in legal settlement	0	5,618
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Restricted cash—NY Lottery and Purse Accounts	902	712
Accounts receivable	(261)	255
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(40)	(133)
Other assets	(27)	188
Accounts payable	184	(506)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(14)	(1,216)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>3,291</u>	<u>(4,485)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(711)	(481)
Restricted cash—Racing capital improvement	(12)	(66)
Deferred lease costs	(750)	0
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(1,473)</u>	<u>(547)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repayment of senior convertible notes	0	(65,000)
Debt extinguishment costs	0	(2,159)
Proceeds from short-term loan, related party	0	35,000
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	0	35
Proceeds from exercise of Option Matching Rights	0	36
Stock issuance costs	(177)	0
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(177)</u>	<u>(32,088)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,641	(37,120)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	12,960	50,080
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 14,601</u>	<u>\$ 12,960</u>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$ 1,262	\$ 7,514
Income taxes paid (refunded)	\$ 23	\$ (1)
Noncash investing and financing activities:		
Common stock issued in settlement of preferred stock dividends	\$ 114	\$ 138
Repayment of short-term loan, related party, with proceeds from stock issued in rights offering	\$ 17,574	\$ 0
Deferred lease costs included in accrued expenses	\$ 207	\$ 0

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

EMPIRE RESORTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note A. Organization and Nature of Business

The consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, and the consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 include the accounts of Empire Resorts, Inc. ("Empire") and subsidiaries (collectively the "Company").

Liquidity

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis that contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The Company anticipates that its current cash and cash equivalents balances and cash generated from operations will be sufficient to meet its strategic and working capital requirements for at least the next twelve months. Whether these resources are adequate to meet the Company's liquidity needs beyond that period will depend on its growth and operating results. If the Company requires additional capital resources to grow its business at a future date, it may seek to sell additional debt or equity. The sale of additional equity could result in additional dilution to the Company's existing stockholders and financing arrangements may not be available to it, or may not be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to it.

Nature of Business

Through Empire's wholly-owned subsidiary, Monticello Raceway Management, Inc. ("MRMI"), the Company currently owns and operates Monticello Casino and Raceway, a 45,000 square foot video gaming machine ("VGM") and harness horseracing facility located in Monticello, New York, 90 miles northwest of New York City. Monticello Casino and Raceway operates 1,110 VGMs, which includes 20 electronic table game positions ("ETGs") as an agent for the New York Lottery ("NYL"). VGM activities in the State of New York are overseen by the NYL. VGMs are similar to slot machines, but they are connected to a central system and report financial information to the central system. The Company also generates racing revenues through pari-mutuel wagering on the running of live harness horse races, the import simulcasting of harness and thoroughbred horse races from racetracks across the country and internationally, and the export simulcasting of its races to offsite pari-mutuel wagering facilities.

On November 4, 2011, each holder of a New York racetrack license with a VGM facility, with the exception of Aqueduct who has a management agreement, received a joint letter (the "Letter") from the NYL and the New York State Racing and Wagering Board ("RWB"), which notified the license holders that RWB has commenced its review of the holder's racetrack license renewal application for calendar year 2012. The Letter said that, for the first time since the commencement of VGM operations, the NYL and RWB will be conducting a joint review of applicant license materials. While there has been no change to the laws governing racing or VGM operations, the Letter also indicated that the RWB is considering an open competition process for the re-award of licenses forfeited for failure to meet licensing and operating standards and is also considering whether all track licenses should be subject to an open competition for determining licensure for the 2013 calendar year. Generally, the annual license renewal process requires the RWB to review the financial responsibility, experience, character and general fitness of MRMI and its management. The Company intends to cooperate fully with RWB and NYL during this annual review and vigorously pursue the renewal of MRMI's racetrack and simulcast licenses. The Company submitted its 2012 license renewal applications and supplemental information to RWB and NYL. RWB has not taken formal action on MRMI's 2012 license renewal applications. At its meeting on December 21, 2011, the RWB approved MRMI's race dates for January and February 2012. On February 29, 2012, RWB extended MRMI's racing dates through April 30, 2012. RWB's staff expressed concerns over the stock ownership by certain of its stockholders. The Company is fully cooperating with RWB staff regarding this matter.

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Future Development

On April 12, 2011, Empire announced it had executed an exclusivity agreement with Entertainment Properties Trust (“EPR”) and MSEG LLC to explore exclusively the joint development of the companies’ respective properties located in Sullivan County, New York. EPR is the sole owner of Concord EPT, comprising 1,500 acres located at the site of the former Concord Resort (the “EPT Property”). The exclusivity agreement also committed the parties to work towards the execution of a master development agreement (the “Master Development Agreement”) to develop the EPT Property.

On December 21, 2011 (the “Effective Date”), the Company entered into an option agreement (the “Option Agreement”) with EPT. Pursuant to the Option Agreement, EPT granted the Company a sole and exclusive option (the “Option”) to lease certain EPT property located in Sullivan County, New York pursuant to the terms of a lease negotiated between the parties. The Option has an initial term of six months from the Effective Date (the “Option Exercise Period”). In addition, subject to the conditions of the Option Agreement, the Option Exercise Period may be extended for one or more six month periods; provided, however, in no event shall the Option Exercise Period extend beyond June 30, 2013.

In connection with the execution of the Option Agreement, the Company paid EPT an option payment in the amount of \$750,000 (the “Option Payment”) which was classified as deferred lease costs. Any extension of the Option Exercise Period shall be accompanied by an additional option payment of \$750,000. The Option may be exercised only to the extent the Company (or its affiliate) simultaneously exercises other options in connection with the Master Development Agreement. In addition, the Company’s rights and EPT’s obligations pursuant to the Option Agreement are subject to certain existing EPT agreements. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Option Agreement, EPT shall not grant to any third party the right to lease the EPT Property during the Option Exercise Period.

On March 8, 2012, EPT and Empire presented an overview of the master plan for redevelopment of the former EPT Property in Sullivan County, New York to the Town of Thompson Town Board. In addition, on March 8, 2012, EPT and Empire formally submitted the proposed redevelopment plan to the Town of Thompson for an assessment of its environmental impact as prescribed by the State Environmental Quality Review provisions of the New York Environmental Conservation Law.

On May 5, 2011, Concord Associates, L.P. (“Concord”) announced that it has agreed to terms with the Mohegan Tribal Gaming Authority (“MTGA”) to develop a new gaming and racing facility on its 116 acre site adjacent to the EPT Property. On May 6, 2011, Empire issued a press release announcing that neither Concord nor MTGA have valid New York State licenses to operate a harness racetrack or VGMs in Sullivan County, prerequisites to the operation of VGMs at the proposed development. As such, the Company cannot predict the outcome of its efforts to implement its plan to develop jointly with EPR the EPT Property.

Reverse Stock Split

On September 30, 2011, the Company’s board of directors (the “Board”) unanimously voted to adopt and recommended stockholders approve an amendment to Empire’s amended and restated certificate of incorporation affecting a one-for-three reverse stock split of its common stock (the “Reverse Split”). The intention of the Board in effecting the Reverse Split was to increase the stock price sufficiently above the \$1.00 minimum bid price requirement that is required for continued listing on the NASDAQ Global Market in order to sustain long term compliance with the NASDAQ listing requirements. On October 28, 2011, the Company was informed that the NASDAQ Hearings Panel granted its request to remain listed on the NASDAQ Global Market subject to its ability to evidence on or before December 31, 2011, a closing bid price of \$1.00 or more for a minimum of ten prior consecutive trading days. The Reverse Split was approved by the Company’s stockholders at the annual meeting on December 13, 2011 and the Company complied with NASDAQ’s minimum bid requirements on December 28, 2011. On January 3, 2012, the Company announced that it received notice from NASDAQ confirming that the Company regained compliance with NASDAQ’s minimum bid price requirement and that its common stock would continue to be listed on NASDAQ.

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The Reverse Split is reflected in share data and earnings per share data contained herein for all periods presented. The par value of the common stock was not affected by the reverse stock split and remains at \$0.01 per share. Consequently, on the Company's consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of stockholders' equity, the aggregate par value of the issued common stock was reduced by reclassifying the par value amount of the eliminated shares of common stock to additional paid-in capital.

Note B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue recognition and Promotional allowances

Gaming revenue is the net difference between gaming wagers and payouts for prizes from VGMs, non-subsidized free play and accruals related to the anticipated payout of progressive jackpots. Progressive jackpots contain base jackpots that increase at a progressive rate based on the credits played and are charged to revenue as the amount of the jackpots increase. The Company recognizes gaming revenues before deductions of such related expenses as NYL's share of VGM revenue and the Monticello Harness Horsemen's Association (the "Horsemen") and Agriculture and New York State Horse Breeding Development Fund's contractually required percentages.

Food, beverage, racing and other revenue, includes food and beverage sales, racing revenue earned from pari-mutuel wagering on live harness racing and simulcast signals to and from other tracks and miscellaneous income. The Company recognizes racing revenues before deductions of such related expenses as purses, stakes and awards. Some elements of the racing revenues from Off-Track Betting Corporations ("OTBs") are recognized as collected, due to uncertainty of receipt of and timing of payments.

Net revenues are recognized net of certain sales incentives in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Certification ("ASC") 605-50, "Revenue Recognition—Customer Payments and Incentives".

The retail value of complimentary food, beverages and other items provided to the Company's guests is included in gross revenues and then deducted as promotional allowances. The estimated cost of providing such food, beverage and other items as promotional allowances is included in food, beverage, racing and other expense. In addition, promotional allowances include non-subsidized free play offered to the Company's guests based on their relative gaming worth and prizes included in certain promotional marketing programs.

The retail value amounts included in promotional allowances for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2011	2010
	(in thousands)	
Food and beverage	\$ 1,354	\$ 1,848
Non-subsidized free play	1,033	801
Players club awards	439	598
Bus group sales incentives	0	17
Total retail value of promotional allowances	<u>\$ 2,826</u>	<u>\$ 3,264</u>

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The estimated cost of providing complimentary food, beverages and other items for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 are as follows:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2011	2010
	(in thousands)	
Food and beverage	\$ 1,354	\$ 1,547
Non-subsidized free play	610	467
Players club awards	439	598
Bus group sales incentives	0	8
Total cost of promotional allowances	<u>\$ 2,403</u>	<u>\$ 2,620</u>

Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include Empire's accounts and their wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant inter-company balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on account, demand deposits and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less at acquisition. The Company maintains significant cash balances with financial institutions, which are not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Company has not incurred any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash. Approximately \$1.0 million of cash is held in reserve in accordance with NYL regulations. The Company granted the NYL a security interest in the segregated cash account used to deposit NYL's share of net win in accordance with the NYL Rules and Regulations.

Restricted cash

The Company has four types of restricted cash accounts.

Under New York State Racing, Pari-Mutual Wagering and Breeding Law, MRMI is obliged to withhold a certain percentage of certain types of wagers towards the establishment of a pool of money, the use of which is restricted to the funding of approved capital improvements. Periodically during the year, MRMI petitions the Racing and Wagering Board to certify that the noted expenditures are eligible for reimbursement from the capital improvement fund. The balance in this account was approximately \$242,000 and \$229,000 at December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Pursuant to its contract with the Monticello Harness Horsemen's Association (the "Horsemen") the Company established an account to segregate amounts collected and payable to the Horsemen as defined in that contract. The balance in this account was approximately \$300,000 and \$1.2 million at December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

In April 2005, the New York law governing VGM operations was modified to provide an increase in the revenues retained by the VGM operator. A portion of that increase was designated as a reimbursement of marketing expenses incurred by the VGM operator. The amount of revenues directed toward this reimbursement is deposited in a bank account under the control of the NYL and the VGM operator. The funds are transferred from this account to the VGM operator upon the approval by NYL officials of the reimbursement requests submitted by the VGM operator. The balance in this account was approximately \$413,000 and \$368,000 at December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

In connection with the Company's VGM operations, it agreed to maintain a restricted bank account with a balance of \$400,000. The NYL can make withdrawals directly from this account if they have not received their share of net win when due. As of December 31, 2011, there were no withdrawals made from this account.

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Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable, net of allowances, are stated at the amount the Company expects to collect. When required, an allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded based on information on the collectability of specific accounts. Accounts are considered past due or delinquent based on contractual terms, how recently payments have been received and the Company's judgment of collectability. In the normal course of business, the Company settles wagers for other racetracks and is exposed to credit risk. These wagers are included in accounts receivable. Account balances are charged against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. As of December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$177,000 and \$168,000, respectively.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The Company provides for depreciation on property and equipment used by applying the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Lives</u>
Vehicles	5-10 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5-10 years
Land improvements	20 years
Building improvements	40 years
Buildings	40 years

Deferred financing costs

Deferred financing costs were amortized on the straight-line method over the term of the related debt.

Deferred lease costs

Deferred lease costs are recorded at cost and amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the lease. As of December 31, 2011, the lease has not been executed and accordingly no amortization expense was recognized during the year then ended.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company periodically reviews the carrying value of its long-lived assets in relation to historical results, as well as management's best estimate of future trends, events and overall business climate. If such reviews indicate an issue as to whether that the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable, the Company will then estimate the future cash flows generated by such assets (undiscounted and without interest charges). If such future cash flows are insufficient to recover the carrying amount of the assets, then impairment is triggered and the carrying value of any impaired assets would then be reduced to fair value.

Loss contingencies

There are times when non-recurring events may occur that require management to consider whether an accrual for a loss contingency is appropriate. Accruals for loss contingencies typically relate to certain legal proceedings, customer and other claims and litigation. As required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP"), the Company determines whether an accrual for a loss contingency is appropriate by assessing whether a loss is deemed probable and can be reasonably estimated. The Company analyzes its legal proceedings and other claims based on available information to assess potential liability. The Company develops its views on estimated losses in consultation with outside counsel handling its defense in these matters, which involves an analysis of potential results assuming a combination of litigation and settlement strategies. The Company recognized no loss contingencies for 2011 and 2010.

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Earnings (loss) per common share

The Company computes basic earnings (loss) per share by dividing net income (loss) applicable to common shares by the weighted-average common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share reflects the potential dilution of earnings that could occur if securities or contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that then shared in the earnings (loss) of the entity. Since the effect of common stock equivalents is anti-dilutive with respect to losses, these common stock equivalents have been excluded from the Company's computation of loss per common share. Therefore, basic and diluted loss per common share for the year ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 were the same.

The following table shows the approximate number of common stock equivalents outstanding at December 31, 2011 and 2010 that could potentially dilute basic earnings per share in the future, but were not included in the calculation of diluted loss per share for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

	<u>Outstanding at December 31,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Options	2,596,000	2,607,000
Warrants	1,083,000	1,083,000
Option Matching Rights	1,809,000	1,860,000
Restricted stock	0	16,000
Shares to be issued upon conversion of long-term loan, related party	6,575,000	0
Total	<u>12,063,000</u>	<u>5,566,000</u>

Fair value

The Company follows the provisions of ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement," issued by the FASB for financial assets and liabilities. This standard defines fair value, provides guidance for measuring fair value, requires certain disclosures and discusses valuation techniques, such as the market approach (comparable market prices), the income approach (present value of future income or cash flow) and the cost approach (cost to replace the service capacity of an asset or replacement cost). The Company chose not to elect the fair value option as prescribed by FASB, for its financial assets and liabilities that had not been previously carried at fair value. The Company's financial instruments are comprised of current assets, current liabilities and a long-term loan. Current assets and current liabilities approximate fair value due to their short-term nature. As of December 31, 2011, the Company's management was unable to estimate reasonably the fair value of the long-term loan due to the inability to obtain quotes for similar credit facilities.

Advertising

The Company records as current operating expense the costs of general advertising, promotion and marketing programs at the time those costs are incurred. Advertising expense was approximately \$1.1 million and \$1.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Stock-based compensation

The cost of all share-based awards to employees, including grants of employee stock options and restricted stock, is recognized in the financial statements based on the fair value of the awards at grant date. The fair value of stock option awards is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model on the date of grant. The fair value of restricted stock awards is equal to the market price of Empire's common stock on the date of grant. The fair value of share-based awards is recognized as stock-based compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period from the date of grant. As of December 31, 2011, there was approximately \$759,000 of

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total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted under the Company's equity compensation plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over a period of two years. This expected cost does not include the impact of any future stock-based compensation awards.

Income taxes

The Company applies the asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in future taxable or deductible amounts, based on enacted tax laws and rates for the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In April 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2010-16, "Entertainment—Casinos (Topic 924): Accruals for Casino Jackpot Liabilities." The ASU codifies the consensus reached in Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 09-F, "Casino Base Jackpot Liabilities." This ASU amends the FASB ASC to clarify that an entity should not accrue jackpot liabilities, or portions thereof, before a jackpot is won if the entity can avoid paying the jackpot. Jackpots should be accrued and charged to revenue when an entity has the obligation to pay the jackpot. The guidance in the ASU applies to both base and progressive jackpots. The amendments in the ASU are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2010. The amendments should be applied by recording a cumulative-effect adjustment to opening retained earnings in the period of adoption. The adoption of ASU No. 2010-16 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, "Fair Value Measurements (Topic 820): Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs," ("ASU 2011-04"). ASU 2011-04 expands the disclosures for fair value measurements that are estimated using significant unobservable (Level 3) inputs. This new guidance is to be applied prospectively. This guidance will be effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2012. The Company anticipates that the adoption of this standard will not materially affect its consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income," ("ASU 2011-05"). ASU 2011-05 eliminates the option to report other comprehensive income and its components in the statement of changes in equity. ASU 2011-05 requires that all non-owner changes in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This new guidance is to be applied retrospectively. This guidance will be effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2012. The Company anticipates that the adoption of this standard will not change the presentation of its consolidated financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-08, Topic 350—"Intangibles—Goodwill and Other" ("ASU 2011-08"), which amends Topic 350 to allow an entity to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is necessary to perform the two-step quantitative goodwill impairment test. An entity would not be

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required to calculate the fair value of a reporting unit unless the entity determines, based the qualitative assessment, that it is more likely than not that its fair value is less than its carrying amount. This guidance is effective for annual and interim goodwill tests performed for years beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption is permitted. The Company's adoption of ASU 2011-08 is not expected to have an impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-12, Topic 220—"Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassification of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05" ("ASU 2011-12"), which indefinitely deferred certain provisions of ASU 2011-05, including the requirement to present reclassification adjustments out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component in both the statement in which net income is presented and the statement in which other comprehensive income is presented. This amendment is effective for both annual and interim financial statements beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company's adoption of ASU 2011-12 will not have an impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-11, Topic 10—"Balance Sheet" ("ASU 2011-11"), which contains new disclosure requirements regarding the nature of an entity's rights of set off and related arrangements associated with its financial instruments and derivative instruments. Under U.S. GAAP, certain derivative and repurchase agreement arrangements are granted exceptions from the general off-setting model. To facilitate comparison between financial statements prepared under U.S. GAAP and IFRS, the new disclosure requirement will provide financial statement users information regarding both gross and net exposures. This guidance is effective for annual and interim financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Retrospective application is required. The Company does not set off related arrangements associated with its financial instruments and derivative instruments. Its adoption of ASU 2011-11 is not expected to have an impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Note C. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at December 31 consists of:

	(in thousands)	
	2011	2010
Land	\$ 770	\$ 770
Land improvements	1,619	1,551
Buildings	4,583	4,583
Building improvements	24,883	24,824
Vehicles	220	187
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,281	3,816
	<u>36,356</u>	<u>35,731</u>
Less—Accumulated depreciation	<u>(8,862)</u>	<u>(7,601)</u>
	<u>\$ 27,494</u>	<u>\$ 28,130</u>

Depreciation expense was approximately \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million for years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The VGMs in the Company's facility are owned by the NYL and, accordingly, its consolidated financial statements include neither the cost nor the depreciation of those devices.

[Table of Contents](#)**Note D. Deferred Lease Costs**

In December 2011, the Company entered into the Option Agreement with EPT. Pursuant to the Option Agreement, EPT granted the Company the option to lease certain EPT property located in Sullivan County, New York pursuant to the terms of a lease negotiated between the parties. In connection with the execution of the Option Agreement, the Company paid EPT the Option Payment (\$750,000) which is classified as deferred lease costs. The option may be exercised only to the extent the Company (or its affiliate) simultaneously exercises other options in connection with the Master Development Agreement. In addition, the Company's rights and EPT's obligations pursuant to the Option Agreement are subject to certain existing EPT agreements. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Option Agreement, EPT shall not grant to any third party the right to lease the EPT Property during the Option Exercise Period.

In addition to the Option Payment, deferred lease costs included other direct costs incurred by the Company in consummating the Option Agreement and related lease. At December 31, 2011, deferred lease costs totaled approximately \$957,000.

Note E. Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities are comprised of the following at December 31, 2011 and 2010:

	2011	2010
	(in thousands)	
Liability for horseracing purses	\$ 726	\$ 1,544
Accrued payroll	949	828
Accrued redeemable points	324	484
Liability to NYL	744	391
Liability for local progressive jackpot	419	447
Accrued professional fees	967	142
Accrued other	1,321	1,420
Total accrued expenses and other current liabilities	<u>\$5,450</u>	<u>\$5,256</u>

Note F. Senior Convertible Notes

On July 26, 2004, the Company issued \$65 million of 5-1/2% Convertible Senior Notes Due 2014 (the "Senior Notes"), with a maturity date of July 31, 2014 and each Holder, as defined under the indenture dated July 26, 2004 (the "Indenture"), had the right to demand that we repurchase the Senior Notes at par plus accrued interest on July 31, 2009. The Senior Notes ranked senior in right of payment to all of our existing and future subordinated indebtedness. The Senior Notes were secured by our tangible and intangible assets and by a pledge of the equity interests of each of our subsidiaries and a mortgage on our property in Monticello, New York. The Senior Notes accrued interest from and after July 31, 2005 at an annual rate of 8%.

Under the terms of the Senior Notes, the Company had an obligation to repurchase any of the Senior Notes at a price equal to 100% of their principal amount on July 31, 2009; to the extent that the Holder, as defined under the Indenture, delivered a properly executed Put Notice, as defined under the Indenture. The Company sought a judicial determination, which it refers to as the "Action," in the Supreme Court of New York, Sullivan County (the "Sullivan County Court"), against the beneficial owners of the Senior Notes, as well as The Depository Trust Company ("DTC") and the Bank of New York Mellon Corporation (the "Trustee," and together with DTC, the "Defendants") that (1) no Holder, delivered an executed Put Notice to the office of the Trustee within the lawfully mandated time for exercise of a Holder's put rights under the Indenture prior to the close of business on July 31, 2009, and that (2) the three entities that gave the purported notice of default may not and have not accelerated the Senior Notes or invoked certain other consequences of a default. On April 8, 2010, the Company received the Decision and Order (the "Decision") from the Sullivan County Court granting the

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Defendants' motion for summary judgment. The Decision provides that the Sullivan County Court has determined that the Defendants properly exercised the option requiring the Company to repurchase the Senior Notes, that the Company is in default under the Senior Notes with respect to its failure to repurchase the Senior Notes on July 31, 2009 and that the company must now repurchase the Senior Notes. On May 11, 2010, the Company filed a notice of appeal with the Third Judicial Department of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of the State of New York (the "Appellate Division") to appeal the Decision.

A failure to have repurchased the Senior Notes when required would have resulted in an "Event of Default" under the Indenture. Due to the "Event of Default," the accrued interest increased to an annual rate of 9% on the overdue principal as of August 4, 2009, the date of the purported occurrence of the Event of Default, through November 18, 2010, the date the Company paid-off the Senior Notes.

In connection with settlement discussions with the holders of the Senior Notes, the Company redeemed \$5 million principal amount of the Senior Notes on July 30, 2010 and an additional \$5 million principal amount of the Senior Notes on August 12, 2010. On September 23, 2010, the Company entered into a settlement agreement with beneficial owners of approximately 93.7% of the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Notes and the Trustee, pursuant to which the parties agreed to settle all claims relating to the Action (the "Settlement Agreement"). All accrued and unpaid interest to be paid with respect to the Senior Notes pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement included interest due on overdue principal and interest at the default rate provided in the Senior Notes, assuming that the principal of and interest on the Senior Notes became due and payable in full on August 3, 2009. Upon the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Settlement Agreement, the parties thereto have agreed to release mutually all claims.

On November 17, 2010, Empire entered into a loan agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with Kien Huat Realty III Limited ("Kien Huat"), our largest stockholder, to provide, subject to the conditions contained therein to us a short-term bridge loan to a rights offering (the "Bridge Loan") pursuant to which Empire received aggregate proceeds of \$35 million from Kien Huat, which proceeds was used, together with available funds, to repay in full its obligations under the Senior Notes, including outstanding principal and interest then owed on the Senior Notes plus an additional \$975,000, as permitted under the Settlement Agreement (see Note G).

We recognized interest expense associated with the Senior Notes of approximately \$5.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2010. Included in the interest expense associated with the Senior Notes for the year ended December 31, 2010, was default interest expense of approximately \$814,000.

Note G. Long-Term Loan, Related Party

On November 17, 2010, Empire entered into the Loan Agreement with Kien Huat, pursuant to which Kien Huat agreed to make the Bridge Loan to Empire, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Loan Agreement and represented by a convertible promissory note (the "Note"), dated November 17, 2010. Proceeds of the Bridge Loan were used to effectuate the repurchase of the Company's then outstanding Senior Notes in accordance with the terms of the Settlement Agreement between the Company and certain of the beneficial owners of the Senior Notes dated as of September 23, 2010 (see Note F).

The Note provided that the Bridge Loan bears interest at a rate of 5% per annum, payable in cash in arrears monthly, during its initial term. The maturity date of the Bridge Loan was the earlier of the consummation of Empire's rights offering, as described in Note H, and June 30, 2011 (the "Outside Date"). As of May 20, 2011, the date of the consummation of the rights offering described in Note H, certain conditions including (1) five business days have passed after the date on which the rights issued in the proposed rights offering expire and the offering of Empire's common stock pursuant thereto is terminated, (2) Empire prepaid the indebtedness in an amount equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of gross proceeds received by it pursuant to the rights offering, (3) the proceeds from the rights offering are insufficient to repay the Bridge Loan in full and Empire has not otherwise prepaid the Bridge Loan in full, and (4) no monetary or other material default as defined in the Loan

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Agreement is continuing, were satisfied, the maturity date of the remaining unpaid principal amount of the Bridge Loan was extended for a term of two years at an interest rate of 5% per annum convertible at a price equal to the exercise price of the rights issued in the rights offering (period of such extension is referred to as the "Extension Term").

Subject to and upon compliance with the provisions of the Loan Agreement, during the Extension Term, Kien Huat has the right to convert all or any portion of the principal sum evidenced by the Note such that the unconverted portion is \$1,000 or a multiple of \$1.00 in excess thereof into fully paid and non-assessable shares of Empire's common stock at a conversion rate of initially 377 shares of common stock per \$1,000 in principal amount, which represents a conversion price of approximately \$2.65 per share, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Loan Agreement.

If, as of any date during the Extension Term (the "Measuring Date"), the average of the last reported bid prices of Empire's common stock for the twenty consecutive trading days as defined in the Loan Agreement, ending on the trading day prior to the Measuring Date exceeds 200% of the conversion price in effect on the Measuring Date, then Empire is entitled to elect that Kien Huat convert all of the principal sum evidenced by the Note into shares of its common stock in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Loan Agreement. If Empire does not elect to force conversion of the Note and there have been no events of default as defined in the Loan Agreement, Empire may voluntarily prepay the Bridge Loan in whole or in part, with all interest accrued through the applicable period, absent notice from Kien Huat of its election to convert the Note.

The Company consummated its rights offering on May 20, 2011 and the proceeds were used to satisfy approximately \$17.6 million of the Bridge Loan. Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, the Company has satisfied the conditions to extend the maturity date of the Bridge Loan to May 17, 2013.

The Company recognized approximately \$1.2 million and \$219,000 in interest expense associated with the Bridge Loan during the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Note H. Stockholders' Equity

Authorized Capital

On February 16, 2011, Empire filed an amended and restated certificate of incorporation (the "Amended Charter") with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware. The Amended Charter amended Empire's prior Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, by: (1) increasing Empire's authorized capital stock from 100 million shares, consisting of 95 million shares of common stock and 5 million shares of preferred stock, to a total of 155 million shares, consisting of 150 million shares of common stock and 5 million shares of preferred stock (the "Authorized Capital Amendment"); and (2) eliminating the classified board provisions and providing for the annual election of all directors (the "Declassification Amendment"). The Authorized Capital Amendment and the Declassification Amendment were each approved by the requisite vote of Empire's stockholders at a special meeting of stockholders held on February 16, 2011.

Common Stock

On March 28, 2011, Empire commenced its rights offering. All holders of Empire's common stock were granted the non-transferrable right to purchase 0.18917 shares of Empire's common stock at a price of \$2.65 per share for each share they hold. The expiration date of this rights offering originally set as April 29, 2011, was extended on April 15, 2011, until May 20, 2011.

On May 20, 2011 the rights offering was consummated and Empire's stockholders validly subscribed for 6,628,925 shares of its common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in the rights offering. The rights were exercised at \$2.65 per share, resulting in total gross proceeds of approximately \$17.6 million, which were used to repay the Bridge Loan (see Note G). Kien Huat exercised its entire allocation of basic subscription rights in the rights

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offering and acquired 6,608,794 of Empire's common shares. As of the date of the rights offering Kien Huat is the beneficial holder of 18,254,246 shares of Empire's common stock, representing approximately 61.2% of its voting power.

On August 19, 2009, the Company entered into an investment agreement with Kien Huat (the "Investment Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company issued to the Kien Huat 11,502,013 shares of Empire's common stock for the aggregate proceeds of \$55 million in two tranches during the year ended December 31, 2009. Of the \$55.0 million invested by Kien Huat, \$36.6 million was allocated to common stock and additional paid-in capital and approximately \$18.4 million was attributed to the fair value of the Option Matching Rights, as defined below, using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The shares of common stock issued pursuant to the Investment Agreement have not been registered under the Securities Act. As a result of the closing of the second tranche, as of November 12, 2009 (the "Second Tranche"), Kien Huat owned 11,502,013 shares of the Company's common stock, representing just under 50% of its voting power. As of the closing of the Second Tranche the Company had certain options and warrants outstanding. Under the Investment Agreement, if any of such options or warrants are exercised (or any of the 333,333 options or warrants issued after the closing of the First Tranche to the Company's officers and directors who held either of such positions as of July 31, 2009), Kien Huat has the right to purchase an equal number of additional shares of common stock as are issued upon such exercise at the exercise price for the applicable option or warrant, which right the Company refers to herein as the "Option Matching Right."

Under the terms of the Investment Agreement, Kien Huat is entitled to recommend three directors whom the Company is required to cause to be elected or appointed to its Board of Directors (the "Board"), subject to the satisfaction of all legal and governance requirements regarding service as a member of its Board and to the reasonable approval of the Governance Committee of the Board. Kien Huat will continue to be entitled to recommend three directors for so long as it owns at least 24% of the Company's voting power outstanding at such time, after which the number of directors whom Kien Huat will be entitled to designate for election or appointment to the Board will be reduced proportionally to Kien Huat's percentage of ownership. Under the Investment Agreement, for so long as Kien Huat is entitled to designate representatives to the Board, among other things, Kien Huat will have the right to nominate one of its director designees to serve as the Chairman of the Board. Until such time as Kien Huat ceases to own capital stock with at least 30% of the Company's voting power outstanding at such time, the Board will be prohibited under the terms of the Investment Agreement from taking certain actions relating to fundamental transactions involving Empire and its subsidiaries and certain other matters without the affirmative vote of the directors designated by Kien Huat.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company granted approximately 27,000 Option Matching Rights at a weighted average exercise price of \$5.20 and an aggregate fair value of \$46,000 to Kien Huat, pursuant to the Investment Agreement. During the year ended December 31, 2011, approximately 78,000 Option Matching Rights with a weighted average price of \$19.88 expired. As of December 31, 2011, there were approximately 1.8 million Option Matching Rights issued to Kien Huat outstanding at a weighted average exercise price of \$8.93.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company granted approximately 75,000 Option Matching Rights at a weighted average exercise price of \$3.99 and an aggregate fair value of \$229,000 to Kien Huat, pursuant to the Investment Agreement. During the year ended December 31, 2010, Kien Huat exercised approximately 45,000 of its Option Matching Rights with a weighted average price of \$0.81 for total proceeds of \$36,000 and approximately 650,000 Option Matching Rights with a weighted average price of \$6.72 expired. As of December 31, 2010, there were approximately 1.9 million Option Matching Rights issued to Kien Huat outstanding at a weighted average exercise price of \$9.45.

The Company's common stock is transferable only subject to the provisions of section three hundred three of the Racing, Pari-Mutuel Wagering and Breeding Law, so long as it holds directly or indirectly, a license issued by the New York Racing and Wagering Board, and may be subject to compliance with the requirements of other

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laws pertaining to licenses held directly or indirectly by it. The owners of common stock issued by the Company may be required by regulatory authorities to possess certain qualifications and may be required to dispose of their common stock if the owner does not possess such qualifications.

Preferred Stock and Dividends

The Company's Series B Preferred Stock has voting rights of 0.8 votes per share and each share is convertible into 0.8 shares of its common stock. It has a liquidation value of \$29 per share and is entitled to annual cumulative dividends of \$2.90 per share payable quarterly in cash. The Company has the right to pay the dividends on an annual basis by issuing shares of its common stock at the rate of \$3.77 per share. The value of common shares issued as payment is based upon the average closing price for the common shares for the 20 trading days preceding January 30 of the year following that for which the dividends are due. At December 31, 2011 and 2010, there were 44,258 shares of Series B Preferred Shares outstanding.

At December 31, 2011, the Company had undeclared dividends on the Series B Preferred Stock of approximately \$167,000. On March 13, 2012, the Board authorized issuance of 92,414 shares of Empire's common stock in payment of the amount due. The value of these shares when issued was approximately \$234,000.

On March 14, 2011, the Board authorized the issuance of 59,548 shares of Empire's common stock as payment of dividends due for the year ended December 31, 2010 on its Series B preferred stock. The approximate value of these shares when issued was \$114,000.

On February 23, 2010, the Board authorized issuance of 24,902 shares of Empire's common stock as payment of the dividends due for the year ended December 31, 2009 on its Series B preferred stock. The approximate value of these shares when issued was approximately \$138,000.

The Company's Series E Preferred Stock is non-convertible and has no fixed date for redemption or liquidation. It has a redemption value of \$10 per share plus accrued but unpaid dividends. It is entitled to cumulative dividends at the annual rate of 8% of redemption value and the holders of these shares are entitled to voting rights of 0.25 per share. Dividends on common stock and certain other uses of the Company's cash are subject to restrictions for the benefit of holders of the Series E Preferred Stock.

At December 31, 2011, the Company had cumulative undeclared dividends on its Series E Preferred Stock of approximately \$12.5 million.

Note I. Stock Options and Warrants

Options that were granted to a director, who resigned in December 2010, would have otherwise expired on the date of resignation or in thirty days based on the equity incentive plan under which the options were issued, but were extended to the original expiration dates set forth for the respective options, as permitted under the respective plans. The modifications resulted in additional stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$83,000 in the year ended December 31, 2010.

On November 9, 2010, the Compensation Committee of the Board approved the grant of the following options to the Company's directors and certain executive officers in consideration of their continued service to the Company: (i) an option granted to each of the Company's six non-employee directors to purchase 13,333 shares of Empire's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.79 per share, which vest in equal portions annually over a three year period from the grant date or upon the grantee's involuntary dismissal from the Board, if earlier; (ii) an option granted to the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer to purchase 160,000 shares of Empire's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.79 per share, which vest in equal portions annually over a three year period from the grant date; (iii) an option granted to the Chairman of the Board to purchase 466,667 shares of Empire's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.79 per share, which vest in equal portions

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annually over a three year period from the grant date; and (iv) an option granted to the Company's Senior Vice President, Chief Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer (formerly VP of Legal Affairs) to purchase 26,667 shares of Empire's common stock at an exercise price of \$2.79 per share, which vest in equal portions annually over a three year period from the grant date.

On May 11, 2010, as part of a legal settlement with the Company's former CEO, it paid its former CEO consideration of \$1.5 million, inclusive of legal fees, and issued warrants to purchase an aggregate of 1.1 million shares of Empire's common stock at \$6.00 per share, as follows: (i) 83,333 shares with an expiration date of May 10, 2015; (ii) 333,333 shares with an expiration date of May 10, 2015; and (iii) 666,667 shares with an expiration date of May 10, 2020, which may be exercised on a cashless basis and cannot be exercised until the warrants to purchase 416,666 shares described in clauses (i) and (ii) above have been exercised in full. The warrants were recorded as legal settlement expense and valued at approximately \$5.6 million.

During 2009, as a condition to the closing of a certain loan agreement with The Park Avenue Bank of New York ("PAB"), the Company issued warrants to purchase an aggregate of 92,593 shares of Empire's common stock, at an exercise price of \$0.03 per share, to PAB and a designee of a participant in the loan. The warrants were to expire on July 26, 2014. The warrants were valued at approximately \$564,000, using the Black-Scholes valuation model. In October and November 2009, PAB exercised their portion of the warrants and were granted 55,367 shares of Empire's common stock. In March 2010, the designee of a participant in the loan exercised its portion of the Warrants and was granted 36,822 shares of Empire's common stock.

On November 12, 2009, Kien Huat has, with the Company's consent, assigned its Option Matching Rights to a director with respect to an existing option to purchase 83,333 shares of Empire's common stock at an exercise price of \$3.42 per share. The Option Matching rights expire on April 26, 2014 and were valued at approximately \$673,000 using the Black-Scholes valuation model. As of December 31, 2011, all 83,333 Option Matching Rights granted to the director were outstanding.

As of December 31, 2011, the Company has 3.5 million shares reserved for issuance in connection with its Second Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan and there are approximately 795,000 securities remaining available for future issuance under this plan.

Stock-based compensation expense is approximately \$1.2 million and \$2.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. As of December 31, 2011, there was approximately \$759,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation awards granted under the Company's plan. That cost is expected to be recognized over the remaining vesting period of two years. This expected cost does not include the impact of any future stock-based compensation awards.

During the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company received approximately \$0 and \$35,000, respectively, of proceeds from shares of common stock issued as a result of the exercise of stock options. The Company issued approximately 8,333 shares of Empire's common stock as a result of these exercises during the year ended December 31, 2010.

The following table sets forth the weighted average assumptions used in applying the Black Scholes option pricing model to the option grants in 2011 and 2010.

	2011	2010
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$1.74	\$2.25
Expected dividend yield	0 %	0 %
Expected volatility	108.3%	103.0%
Risk-free interest rate	1.15%	1.4%
Expected life of options	5 years	5 years

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The following table reflects stock option activity in 2011 and 2010.

	Approximate number of shares	Range of exercise prices per share	Weighted average exercise price per share	Weighted average contractual life
Options outstanding at January 1, 2010	2,693,000		\$ 9.00	4.8 years
Granted in 2010	826,000	\$ 2.79 - \$ 6.90	\$ 2.97	
Exercised in 2010	(8,000)	\$4.20	\$ 7.68	
Cancelled in 2010	(904,000)	\$ 2.79 - \$35.91	\$ 4.20	
Options outstanding at December 31, 2010	<u>2,607,000</u>		<u>\$ 7.56</u>	<u>3.6 years</u>
Options exercisable at December 31, 2010	<u>1,697,000</u>		<u>\$ 9.87</u>	<u>2.0 years</u>
Options outstanding at January 1, 2011	2,607,000		\$ 7.56	3.6 years
Granted in 2011	67,000	\$ 1.98 - \$ 2.97	\$ 2.23	
Exercised in 2011	0	\$0	0	
Cancelled in 2011	(78,000)	\$ 4.71 - \$42.75	\$ 19.88	
Options outstanding at December 31, 2011	<u>2,596,000</u>		<u>\$ 7.05</u>	<u>2.7 years</u>
Options exercisable at December 31, 2011	<u>2,018,000</u>		<u>\$ 8.19</u>	<u>2.3 years</u>

Note J. Income Taxes

Empire and all of its subsidiaries file a consolidated income tax return. At December 31, 2011 and 2010, the estimated deferred income tax assets and liability were comprised of the following:

	2011	2010
	(in thousands)	
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carry forwards	\$ 55,489	\$ 60,173
Stock—based compensation	8,368	7,880
Deferred compensation	163	171
Allowance for doubtful accounts	78	74
Charitable contributions	147	138
	<u>64,245</u>	<u>68,436</u>
Deferred tax liability:		
Depreciation	(314)	(3)
Net deferred tax assets	63,931	68,433
Valuation allowance	<u>(63,931)</u>	<u>(68,433)</u>
Deferred tax assets, net	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>

The valuation allowance decreased approximately \$4,502 and \$3,662 during the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

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The following is a reconciliation of the federal statutory tax rate to the Company's effective tax rate:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2011	2010
Tax provision at federal statutory tax rate	35.0%	35.0%
State income taxes, net	9.0%	9.0%
Permanent items	5.6%	0.2%
Expiration of net operating loss carry forwards	25,050.0%	(53.5)%
Change in valuation allowance	(25,011.1)%	9.3%
Other taxes	233.3%	0.0%
Non-includable (income) expenses	(16.7)%	0.0%
Effective tax rate	<u>305.1%</u>	<u>0.0%</u>

There are limits on the Company's ability to use its current net operating loss carry forwards, potentially increasing future tax liability. As of December 31, 2011, the Company had net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$126.1 million that expire between 2011 and 2030. The 2004 merger of the Company's operations with Catskills Development LLC and the investment by Kien Huat in 2009 will limit the amount usable in any year of its net operating losses due to the change in control of the Company within the meaning of the tax laws.

As of December 31, 2011, the Company does not have any uncertain tax positions. As a result, there are no unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2011. If the Company was to incur any interest and penalties in connection with income tax deficiencies, the Company would classify interest in the "interest expense" category and classify penalties in the "non-interest expense" category within the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and in various states. All of its federal and state tax filings as of December 31, 2010 have been timely filed. The Company is subject to U.S. federal or state income tax examinations by tax authorities for years after 2007. During the periods open to examination, the Company has net operating loss and tax credit carry forwards that have attributes from closed periods. Since these net operating loss and tax credit carry forwards may be utilized in future periods, they remain subject to examination.

Note K. Concentration

The Company has one debtor, Churchill Downs Incorporated, representing approximately 11% of the total outstanding accounts receivable as of December 31, 2011. The Company has no accounts receivable concentration as of December 31, 2010.

Note L. Employee Benefit Plan

Our eligible employees may participate in a Company-sponsored 401(k) benefit plan (the "Plan"). The Plan covers substantially all employees not eligible for plans resulting from collective bargaining agreements and permits employees to defer up to 15% of their salary up to statutory maximums. During 2009, all matching contributions by the Company were discontinued. Effective May 2011 the Company amended the Plan to reinstate matching contributions for eligible, other than salaried employees, as follows: 100% matching contribution for an employee contribution of up to 3% of compensation, a matching contribution of 3% of compensation for an employee contribution of 3% to 3.99%, a matching contribution of 3.5% of compensation for an employee contribution of 4% to 4.99% and a matching contribution of 4% of compensation for an employee contribution of 5% or more. Eligible, other than salaried employees, shall be 100% vested in the portion of their accounts derived from the Company's matching contributions. Matching contributions for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 were approximately \$43,000 and \$0, respectively. As of December 31, 2011, the Plan had 119 participants.

Note M. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

Bryanston Group v. Empire Resorts, Inc.

A complaint has been filed in the Supreme Court of The State of New York, New York County (the “New York County Court”) on or about July 12, 2010 against Empire. The lawsuit arises out of a recapitalization agreement entered into on December 10, 2002 pursuant to which the Company issued Series E preferred stock to Bryanston Group, Inc. and Stanley Tollman, among others. The complaint is brought by Bryanston Group, Inc. and Stanley Tollman alleging that the Company breached the terms of the recapitalization agreement by (i) failing to use the funds from the 2009 investment by Kien Huat to redeem the Series E preferred shares and pay dividends on the shares; and (ii) paying in excess of \$1 million per year in operating expenses (including paying the settlement to the Company’s former chief executive officer, Joseph Bernstein) while not redeeming the Series E preferred shares and paying dividends on the shares. The plaintiffs had sought a preliminary injunction to require the Company to put into escrow funds sufficient to pay the purchase price for the redemption of the Series E shares and the dividends. The New York County Court denied plaintiffs’ request. The Company filed a motion to dismiss the complaint. The Court denied the Company’s motion to dismiss the complaint. The Company filed an answer to the complaint and a notice of appeal. While the Company cannot predict the outcome of this litigation, it believes the lawsuit is without merit and will aggressively defend its interests.

Monticello Raceway Management, Inc. v. Concord Associates L.P.

On January 25, 2011, Empire’s subsidiary, MRMI, filed a complaint in the Sullivan County Court against Concord, an affiliate of Louis R. Cappelli who is a significant stockholder. The lawsuit seeks amounts that MRMI believes is owed to it under an agreement between Concord, MRMI and the Monticello Harness Horsemen’s Association, Inc. (the “Horsemen’s Agreement”). Pursuant to the Horsemen’s Agreement, until the earlier to occur of the commencement of operations at the gaming facilities to be developed by Concord at the site of the former Concord hotel and former Concord resort or July 31, 2011, MRMI was to continue to pay to the Monticello Harness Horsemen’s Association, Inc. 8.75% of the net win from VGM activities at Monticello Casino and Raceway, and Concord was to pay the difference, if any, between \$5 million per year and 8.75% of the net win from VGM activities (“VGM Shortfall”) during such period. As of December 31, 2010, MRMI believes Concord owed it approximately \$300,000 for the VGM Shortfall. Concord has contested its responsibility to make such VGM Shortfall payments to MRMI and on March 10, 2011 Concord filed a Motion to Dismiss, claiming that there was no shortfall because the term of the obligation was a two-year period, not annually. MRMI filed reply affirmations and requested that the Judge treat Concord’s motion and the Company’s cross-motion as summary judgment motions. On June 23, 2011, the Court advised the parties that it would treat the Company’s cross-motion as a summary judgment motion. MRMI filed its reply affirmation on August 8, 2011. On November 4, 2011, the Judge denied Concord’s motion to dismiss, and denied MRMI’s summary judgment motion without prejudice to renew after conducting pre-trial discovery. On December 8, 2011, MRMI filed an appeal of the denial of the summary judgment motion and on December 9, 2011, Concord Associates filed a cross-appeal for the portion of the decision that denied Concord’s motion to dismiss. While the MRMI is unable at this time to estimate the likelihood of a favorable outcome in this matter, it intends to prosecute vigorously its claims against Concord.

Concord Associates, L.P. v. Entertainment Properties Trust

On March 7, 2012, Concord and various affiliates filed a complaint against EPR and the Company in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. The lawsuit arises out of the Company’s exclusivity agreement and option agreement with EPR to develop the site of the EPT Property located in Sullivan County, New York. The complaint seeks \$1.5 billion in damages, unspecified punitive damages and permanent injunctive relief against EPR and Empire’s agreements. The complaint alleges EPR and Empire violated federal

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antitrust laws by preventing Concord from establishing a competing harness racetrack and VGM facility at the site of the former Concord Hotel in the Town of Thompson, New York, and monopolizing the gaming and racing market in the Catskills region. The complaint further alleges Empire tortiously interfered with EPT's performance of its contracts and business relations with Concord. Although the Company is continuing to assess its available options in terms of responding to this complaint, the Company believes this lawsuit is without merit and will aggressively defend its interests.

Other Proceedings

The Company is a party from time to time to various other legal actions that arise in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the resolution of these other matters will not have a material and adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Employment Agreements

Future minimum payments applicable to employment contracts with the Company's chief executive officer ("CEO") and other executive officers are as follows (Dollars in thousands):

2012	\$ 1,007
2013	100
	<u>\$1,107</u>

Note N. Subsequent Events

In January 2012, Governor Cuomo proposed an amendment to the New York State Constitution to permit casino gambling regulated by the state of New York. In order to be amended to permit full-scale casino gaming, the New York State Constitution requires the passage of legislation in two consecutive legislative sessions and then passage of the majority of the state's voters in a statewide referendum.

On January 27, 2012, the Company and its CEO, entered into an amendment to its CEO's amended and restated employment agreement. Pursuant to the amendment, its CEO shall receive, effective as of January 1, 2012, a housing allowance of \$1,500 per month; the Company shall lease or purchase an automobile for its CEO's sole and exclusive use with an approximate value of \$1,500 per month. In addition, the Company shall also pay for certain expenses related to the insurance, maintenance and use of the automobile; and the Company shall purchase a key man life insurance policy to insure its CEO, with death benefits in the amount of \$1 million for his estate and \$3 million for Empire.

On March 15, 2012, Governor Andrew Cuomo, Assembly Speaker Sheldon Silver and Senate Majority Leader Dean Skelos announced that a constitutional amendment authorizing up to seven non-tribal casinos at locations to be determined by the New York State Legislature ("Legislature"), was approved by the Legislature. A newly elected Legislature would have to pass the amendment again next year before it goes to a general referendum in November 2013.

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Item 9. Changes In and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

We carried out an evaluation required by Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of Empire Resorts, Inc.'s "disclosure controls and procedures" and "internal control over financial reporting" as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report.

The evaluation of Empire Resorts, Inc.'s disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting included a review of our objectives and processes, implementation by us and the effect on the information generated for use in this Annual Report. In the course of this evaluation and in accordance with Section 302 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002, we sought to identify material weaknesses in our controls, to determine whether we had identified any acts of fraud involving personnel who have a significant role in our internal control over financial reporting that would have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements, and to confirm that any necessary corrective action, including process improvements, were being undertaken. Our evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures is done quarterly and management reports the effectiveness of our controls and procedures in our periodic reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Our internal control over financial reporting is also evaluated on an ongoing basis by our internal auditors and by other individuals in our organization. The overall goals of these evaluation activities are to monitor our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting and to make modifications as necessary. We periodically evaluate our processes and procedures and make improvements as required.

Because of inherent limitations, disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. In addition, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Management applies its judgment in assessing the benefits of controls relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the company have been detected. The design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are designed with the objective of ensuring that (i) information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission and (ii) information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Based on their evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control—Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of

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the Treadway Commission. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that (a) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (b) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the our management and directors; and (c) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Based on our evaluation under the framework in Internal Control—Integrated Framework, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2011.

Item 9B. Other Information.

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

Directors and Executive Officers

Our directors and executive officers are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position</u>
Joseph A. D'Amato	64	Chief Executive Officer and Director
Emanuel R. Pearlman	51	Chairman of the Board
Au Fook Yew	62	Director
Nancy A. Palumbo	51	Director
Gregg Polle	51	Director
James Simon	65	Director
Charles Degliomini	53	Executive Vice President
Clifford A. Ehrlich	52	President and General Manager of MRMI
Nanette L. Horner	47	Senior Vice President, Chief Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer
Laurette J. Pitts	43	Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

The terms of all of our current directors will expire at the 2012 annual meeting of stockholders, and all directors will be up for election for one-year terms at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and at every subsequent Annual Meeting of Stockholders. Any director chosen as a result of a newly created directorship or to fill a vacancy on the Board after the declassification amendment would hold office for a term expiring at the next Annual Meeting of Stockholders. This does not change the present number of directors or the Board's authority to change that number and to fill any vacancies or newly created directorships.

The business experience of each of our directors and executive officers is as follows:

Joseph A. D'Amato has served as our Chief Executive Officer since January 2010 and as our Chief Financial Officer from September 2009 to December 2010. Mr. D'Amato has served as a director since September 2010. Prior to his employment with the Company, Mr. D'Amato most recently served as Chief Executive Officer of Mount Airy Casino Resort in Pennsylvania from 2007 to 2009 and as Chief Operating Officer of the Seneca Gaming Corporation in Western New York from 2005 to 2007, and as its Chief Financial Officer from 2002 to 2005. During his earlier career in the gaming industry, Mr. D'Amato served in various executive capacities with Resorts International, Trump Entertainment, Bally's Park Place and Golden Nugget organizations. Mr. D'Amato has participated in raising over \$2 billion in the public and bank finance markets, and has extensive experience with Sarbanes Oxley and the filing requirements and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). He has been a CPA in New Jersey and Pennsylvania and received an MS in Taxation from Widener University in 1985, an MBA (Finance) from LaSalle University in 1978, and a BS in Business Administration from LaSalle University in 1970.

Emanuel R. Pearlman has served as a director since May 2010 and as the Chairman of the Board since September 2010. Mr. Pearlman currently serves as Chairman and CEO of Liberation Investment Group, LLC, a New York based investment management and financial consulting firm, a position he has held since January 2003. From December 2009 to the present Mr. Pearlman has served on the board of Fontainebleau Miami JV, LLC as Chairman of the audit and compensation committee. Since January 2012 he has served on the board of Network-1 Security Solutions, Inc. (NSSI:BB) and on the board of Dune Energy, Inc. (DUNR:BB) where he is Chairman of the nominating & governance committee. From October 2006 to March 2010, Mr. Pearlman served on the board of Multimedia Games, Inc. (MGAM:NASDAQ).

Au Fook Yew has served as a director of the Company since August 2009. Mr. Au is a director and advisor to a number of companies in Asia, Europe and United States which are involved in resorts, casinos, cruises, marine engineering and investment holding. In addition, Mr. Au is and has been a director of a number of

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affiliates of Kien Huat, our largest stockholder, for about the past 30 years. After stepping down in 2000 from all companies affiliated with Kien Huat, Mr. Au recently rejoined in May 2009 the Board of Star Cruises Ltd, a Hong Kong publicly listed affiliate of Kien Huat as an independent director. Mr. Au received an MBA from the Harvard Business School in 1974 and a B.Sc. (Hons.) in Chemical Engineering from the University of Birmingham, UK, in 1972.

Nancy A. Palumbo was elected to serve as director since June 2009. She is currently an independent consultant for strategic marketing, communications and business development. Since May 2011, Ms. Palumbo has also served as a principle in CRAMN LLC, a global business development company. From March 2009 to December 2010, she served as the President of the Green Planet Group, a company which advised on solar and renewable energy solutions. Prior to joining Green Planet Group, from May 2007 to March 2009, Ms. Palumbo was the General Manager for Walker Digital Lottery. From October 2006 to May 2007, Ms. Palumbo served as Senior Vice President for Strategic Marketing and Corporate Communications for the NY Daily News. From January 2004 to October 2006, Ms. Palumbo served as the Director of the NY Lottery, where she managed a \$6 billion a year business and oversaw the opening of six video gaming facilities. Her 25 years of government service also included serving as the Executive Deputy Commissioner for the Office of Parks Recreation and Historic Preservation for the State of New York, where she was instrumental in developing public-private partnerships to generate additional revenue to expand park services. Ms. Palumbo is a graduate of St. Bonaventure University.

Gregg Polle was elected to serve as a director in December 2010. Mr. Polle is a Managing Director for Moelis & Company, an investment bank that provides financial advisory services and capital raising solutions to clients in connection with mergers and acquisitions, restructurings and other strategic matters. He has also served as an investment banker with Citigroup Inc. (“Citigroup”) and its predecessors Salomon Brothers and Salomon Smith Barney from 1983 until November 2008. Mr. Polle most recently served as head of the global industrial group at Citigroup and previously was the co-head of Citigroup’s global mergers and acquisitions group. Mr. Polle was a private investor from November 2008 through July 2011. Mr. Polle received a B.S. in Economics from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania.

James Simon has served as a director of the Company since August 2007. He has served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Strategic Marketing Consultants, Inc., a management and marketing consulting firm since he co-founded it in 1994. The firm’s client list includes major telecommunications and financial services companies in the United States as well as some of the best known not-for-profit organizations. Mr. Simon is a former executive of the Direct Response Group, Capital Holding Corp., a financial services conglomerate and American Airlines, where he held senior marketing management positions. Prior to joining American Airlines, Mr. Simon spent 20 years as an officer in the U.S. Army. During his last six years in the U.S. Army, he was one of the architects of the marketing strategy used by the Army during its transition from a draft environment to an all-recruit force. Mr. Simon has a B.G.S. undergraduate degree from the University of Nebraska and an M.S. graduate degree from the University of Kansas.

Clifford A. Ehrlich has been an employee of the Company since 1995. In April 2009, he was promoted to President and General Manager of MRMI. Prior to his promotion, he most recently served as Executive Vice President and General Manager of MRMI since February 2008. From 1994 through February 2008, he served as Senior Vice President of our subsidiary, MRMI. From 1981 to 1994, Mr. Ehrlich served as Vice President and an owner of the Pines Resort Hotel & Conference Center in the Catskills. Mr. Ehrlich has also held the position of executive committee member of the Sullivan County Tourism Advisory Board and served as President of the Catskill Resort Association. Mr. Ehrlich received a bachelor’s degree in business administration with an emphasis in management and marketing from the University of Colorado Business School in 1981.

Charles Degliomini has been an employee or consultant of the Company since 2004. In February 2008, he was promoted to Executive Vice President of Governmental Relations and Corporate Communications. Previously, he was Senior Vice President of Sales and Marketing of eLottery, Inc., the first firm to advance the technology to facilitate the sales and marketing of governmental lottery tickets on the Internet. Before taking the

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position at eLottery, Mr. Degliomini was President and founder of Atlantic Communications, a New York-based corporate and government affairs management company. Mr. Degliomini served in the General Services Administration (GSA) as Chief of Staff to the Regional Administrator from 1985 to 1998, and was the New York State Communications Director for Reagan-Bush in 1984. Mr. Degliomini has a B.A. in political science from Queens College and is an M.A. candidate at the New York University School of Public Administration.

Nanette L. Horner was appointed to serve as the Company's Chief Compliance Officer on August 25, 2010 and has served as the Company's Corporate Vice President of Legal Affairs since July 1, 2010. In August 2011, Ms. Horner was promoted to Senior Vice President, Chief Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer. Ms. Horner has been involved in the gaming industry, as an attorney, since 1996. Prior to her employment with the Company, Ms. Horner worked in the Office of Chief Counsel assigned to the Bureau of Licensing of the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board since July 2005. In September 2006, Ms. Horner was named the Board's first Director of the Office of Compulsive and Problem Gambling. She is a member of the Standards, Policies and Regulations Interest Group for the National Council on Problem Gambling, and American Mensa. Ms. Horner is on the advisory board to the National Center for Responsible Gaming's Annual Conference on Gambling and Addiction. In 2008, Ms. Horner was elected to the Board of the International Masters of Gaming Law ("IMGL") as a representative of the Regulators Affiliate Member classification and is a member of IMGL's Responsible Gaming Committee.

Laurette J. Pitts has served as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company since December 2010. In August 2011, Ms. Pitts was promoted to Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. Ms. Pitts has served in various capacities in the gaming industry since 1992. Prior to her employment with the Company, Ms. Pitts most recently served from December 2008 until December 2010 as Regional Vice President of Finance and Administration for American Racing and Entertainment, LLC, a private company that owns and operates horseracing, resort, and gaming facilities, including Tioga Downs and Vernon Downs. She previously served as Chief Financial Officer for Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs, a gaming and entertainment facility owned by the Mohegan Tribe of Indians of Connecticut, from April 2005 until November 2008.

Director Independence

The Board evaluates the independence of each nominee for election as a director of our Company in accordance with the NASDAQ listing rules (the "NASDAQ Listing Rules") of the NASDAQ Stock Market LLC ("NASDAQ"). Pursuant to these rules, a majority of our Board must be "independent directors" within the meaning of the NASDAQ Listing Rules, and all directors who sit on our Corporate Governance and Nominations Committee, Audit Committee and Compensation Committee must also be independent directors.

The NASDAQ definition of "independence" includes a series of objective tests, such as the director or director nominee is not, and was not during the last three years, an employee of the Company and has not received certain payments from, or engaged in various types of business dealings with, the Company. In addition, as further required by the NASDAQ Listing Rules, the Board has made a subjective determination as to each independent director that no relationships exist which, in the opinion of the Board, would interfere with such individual's exercise of independent judgment in carrying out his or her responsibilities as a director. In making these determinations, the Board reviewed and discussed information provided by the directors with regard to each director's business and personal activities as they may relate to Company and its management.

As a result, the Board has affirmatively determined that none of our directors has a material relationship with the Company other than (a) Au Fook Yew, who the Board determined is not independent by virtue of compensation paid to him pursuant to a consulting agreement, dated as of August 19, 2009, which was terminated by Mr. Au on June 21, 2010; and (b) Joseph D'Amato, who serves as our Chief Executive Officer. The Board has also affirmatively determined that all members of our Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Corporate Governance and Nominations Committee are independent directors.

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Audit Committee and Audit Committee Financial Expert

We have a separately-designated standing Audit Committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act and NASDAQ Listing Rules. Our Board has determined that Mr. Polle qualifies as an audit committee financial expert as defined by Securities and Exchange Commission rules, based on his education, experience and background. Please see Mr. Polle's biographical information above for a description of his relevant experience.

Code of Conduct and Business Ethics

We adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, applicable to all employees, and a Code of Ethics for the Principal Executive Officer and Senior Financial Officer(s), each of which is available on our internet Web site (www.empireresorts.com) and will be provided in print without charge to any stockholder who submits a request in writing to Empire Resorts, Inc. Investor Relations, c/o Monticello Casino and Raceway, Route 17B, P.O. Box 5013, Monticello, New York 12701. Any amendment to and waivers from the Code of Ethics with respect to the Company's Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial Officer will be posted on the Company's Web site.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our executive officers and directors, and persons who beneficially own more than ten percent of our common stock, to file initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Executive officers, directors and greater than ten percent beneficial owners are required by Securities and Exchange Commission regulations to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. Based upon a review of the copies of such forms furnished to us and written representations from our executive officers and directors, we believe that during the year ended December 31, 2011 there were no delinquent filers.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth all information concerning the compensation earned, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011, for services rendered to us by persons who served as our CEO during 2011, each of our two other most highly compensated executive officers who were serving as executive officers at the end of 2011, whom we refer to herein collectively as our "Named Executive Officers."

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$) (1)	Option Awards (\$) (1)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Joseph A. D'Amato (2)	2011	350,000	90,000	0	0	0	440,000
<i>Chief Executive Officer/former Chief Financial Officer</i>	2010	360,000	0	0	336,000	0	696,000
Clifford A. Ehrlich (3)	2011	246,750	20,000	0	0	0	266,750
<i>President and Gen. Mgr.—MRMI</i>	2010	234,179	0	0	0	0	234,179
Charles Degliomini (4)	2011	246,750	50,000	0	0	0	296,750
<i>Executive Vice President</i>	2010	242,837	0	0	0	0	242,837

- (1) The amounts in this column reflect the total grant date fair value computed in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 718 (formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123(R)) for restricted stock and options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock

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granted under our 2005 Equity Incentive Plan in connection with the hiring and continued employment of the Named Executive Officers. The amounts in the table also assume the highest level of performance for the options and restricted stock that are subject to performance vesting conditions. For a full discussion of the assumptions and methodology employed in determining the grant date fair value attributable to stock options and restricted stock granted during 2011 and 2010, please refer to Notes B and I to our consolidated financial statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

- (2) On September 14, 2009, Mr. D'Amato entered into an employment agreement with the Company to serve as the Company's CFO, which was superseded by an amended and restated employment agreement, dated as of December 24, 2009, pursuant to which Mr. D'Amato agreed to serve as CEO and CFO of the Company, effective January 1, 2010. On January 27, 2012, the Company and Mr. D'Amato, entered into an amendment to Mr. D'Amato's amended and restated employment agreement.
- (3) On June 29, 2009, Mr. Ehrlich entered into an employment agreement with the Company pursuant to which he agreed to continue to serve as the President and General Manager of MRMI. There was no written employment agreement between the Company and Mr. Ehrlich prior to the effective date of his June 29, 2009 contract.
- (4) On June 29, 2009, Mr. Degliomini entered into an employment agreement with the Company pursuant to which he agreed to continue to serve as the Company's Executive Vice President. There was no written employment agreement between the Company and Mr. Degliomini prior to the effective date of his June 29, 2009 contract and all compensation prior to such date represents payments made to Mr. Degliomini pursuant to a consulting agreement.

Narrative Disclosure to Summary Compensation Table

Objectives of Our Compensation Program

Our compensation programs are intended to encourage executives and other key personnel to create sustainable growth in value for our stockholders. In particular, the objectives of our programs are to:

- attract, retain, and motivate superior talent;
- ensure that compensation is commensurate with our performance and stockholder returns;
- provide performance awards for the achievement of strategic objectives that are critical to our long term growth; and
- ensure that our executive officers and key personnel have financial incentives to achieve sustainable growth in stockholder value.

Elements of Our Executive Compensation Structure

Our compensation structure consists of two tiers of remuneration. The first tier consists of base pay, and retirement, health, and welfare benefits. The second tier consists of both short and long term incentive compensation.

Base Pay

Base compensation for each of our Named Executive Officers has been established pursuant to their respective employment agreement with the Company. Base pay and benefits are designed to be sufficiently competitive to attract and retain world class executives. In the past, the Compensation Committee of our Board (the "Compensation Committee") has retained the discretion to review executive officers' base pay, and to make increases based on executive performance and market norms. The Compensation Committee has also recommended increases when executives have been promoted, or their responsibilities have otherwise been expanded.

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Short Term Incentive Compensation

Our short term incentive plan provides for cash bonuses to be paid to executives based on individual and corporate performance. Except for the bonus paid to the President and General Manager of MRMI, no bonuses were paid to our Named Executive Officers with respect to the 2011 or 2010 fiscal years. The remaining Named Executive Officers were paid their bonuses in February 2012. Commencing in 2008, the Compensation Committee began to implement preset goals and amounts of short term incentive compensation that will be paid for achieving those goals. Efforts to establish such goals and incentives are continuing and these goals will be set as early as possible in the fiscal year for which any bonus is to be paid.

Long Term Incentive Compensation

To date, the Compensation Committee has awarded stock options and restricted shares of common stock under our 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, which provides for awards of stock options, restricted stock, and other equity based incentives. The Compensation Committee may consider using other equity based incentives in the future. Options granted by the Compensation Committee are designed to reward executives for the achievement of longer term objectives which result in an increase in stockholder value. The Compensation Committee retains its right to make future grants of options, restricted stock, or other equity compensation based on Company and individual performance without predetermined performance goals or metrics.

Cash Bonus Pool for Senior Executives

In August, 2011, the Company adopted a cash bonus plan for the senior executives of the Company. Pursuant to the bonus plan, up to \$300,000 shall be set aside annually for possible award to Mr. D'Amato, Ms. Pitts, Ms. Horner and Mr. Degliomini. Bonuses may be awarded to each of the named senior executives in amounts determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors and based upon the recommendation of Mr. D'Amato for the other named senior executives. Bonuses totaling up to the \$300,000 aggregate maximum under this plan may be awarded in the event MRMI's earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") for the fiscal year meets or exceeds 80% of the target EBITDA that is established by the Compensation Committee at the beginning of each fiscal year. The aggregate maximum amount available for award pursuant to the bonus plan may be reduced in proportion to the amount by which MRMI's EBITDA for the fiscal year misses the target EBITDA. The amount of individual bonuses awarded pursuant to the bonus plan will be based 50% upon whether MRMI met or exceeded its EBITDA target and 50% based upon individual performance in the fiscal year, which shall be evaluated by the Compensation Committee. Awards shall be made pursuant to the bonus plan in January of the succeeding fiscal year.

Employment Agreements

On December 24, 2009, the Board appointed Joseph A. D'Amato, the Company's then current CFO, to replace Mr. Bernstein as CEO of the Company effective January 1, 2010. In connection with Mr. D'Amato's appointment as CEO, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Employment Agreement with Mr. D'Amato, effective January 1, 2010. Mr. D'Amato's employment agreement provides for a term ending on January 1, 2013, unless Mr. D'Amato's employment is earlier terminated by either party in accordance with the provisions thereof. Mr. D'Amato is to receive a base salary at the rate of \$350,000 per year for the term of the agreement and will be entitled to participate in any annual bonus plan maintained by the Company for its senior executives on such terms and conditions as may be determined from time to time by the Compensation Committee. Mr. D'Amato was also entitled under the agreement to receive a payment of \$10,000 for relocation expenses. In the event that the Company terminates Mr. D'Amato's employment with Cause (as defined in the agreement) or Mr. D'Amato resigns without Good Reason (as defined in the agreement), the Company's obligations are limited generally to paying Mr. D'Amato his base salary through the termination date. In the event that the Company terminates Mr. D'Amato's employment without Cause or Mr. D'Amato resigns with Good Reason, the Company is generally obligated to continue to pay Mr. D'Amato's compensation for the lesser of (i) 18 months or (ii) the remainder of the term of the agreement. In the event that the Company terminates

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Mr. D'Amato's employment without Cause or Mr. D'Amato resigns with Good Reason on or following a Change of Control (as defined in the agreement), the Company is generally obligated to continue to pay Mr. D'Amato's compensation for the greater of (i) 24 months or (ii) the remainder of the term of the agreement. In each case, the vesting of the options granted to Mr. D'Amato pursuant to his prior employment agreement with the Company would be accelerated, which options would remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term. On January 27, 2012, the Company and Mr. D'Amato, entered into an amendment to Mr. D'Amato's amended and restated employment agreement. Pursuant to the amendment, Mr. D'Amato shall receive, effective as of January 1, 2012, a housing allowance of \$1,500 per month; the Company shall lease or purchase an automobile for Mr. D'Amato's sole and exclusive use with an approximate value of \$1,500 per month. In addition, the Company shall also pay for certain expenses related to the insurance, maintenance and use of the automobile; and the Company shall purchase a key man life insurance policy to insure Mr. D'Amato, with death benefits in the amount of \$1 million for Mr. D'Amato's estate and \$3 million for us.

On June 29, 2009, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Clifford Ehrlich, to continue to serve as the President and General Manager of MRMI, the Company's operating subsidiary. Mr. Ehrlich's agreement provides for a term ending on June 29, 2012 unless Mr. Ehrlich's employment is terminated by either party in accordance with the provisions thereof. Mr. Ehrlich is to receive a base salary at the annual rate of \$225,000 for the first year of the term of the agreement, \$243,500 for the second year of the term of the agreement and \$250,000 for the third year of the term of the agreement and such incentive compensation and bonuses, if any, (i) as the Compensation Committee in its discretion may determine, and (ii) to which Mr. Ehrlich may become entitled pursuant to the terms of any incentive compensation or bonus program, plan or agreement from time to time in effect in which he is a participant. The first year salary represented a pay reduction of 10% from the previously agreed upon salary for Mr. Ehrlich, consistent with the salary reduction imposed upon all employees. As an additional incentive for entering into the agreement, Mr. Ehrlich received an option to purchase 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock on April 23, 2009 pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. In the event that the Company terminates Mr. Ehrlich's employment with Cause (as defined in the agreement) or Mr. Ehrlich resigns without Good Reason (as defined in the agreement), the Company's obligations are limited generally to paying Mr. Ehrlich his base salary through the termination date. In the event that the Company terminates Mr. Ehrlich's employment without Cause or Mr. Ehrlich resigns with Good Reason, the Company is generally obligated to continue to pay Mr. Ehrlich's compensation for the lesser of (i) 18 months or (ii) the remainder of the term of the agreement and accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term. In the event that the Company terminates Mr. Ehrlich's employment without Cause or Mr. Ehrlich resigns with Good Reason on or following a Change of Control (as defined in the agreement), the Company is generally obligated to continue to pay Mr. Ehrlich's compensation for the greater of (i) 24 months or (ii) the remainder of the term of the agreement and accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term.

On June 29, 2009, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Charles Degliomini, to continue to serve as the Company's Executive Vice President. Mr. Degliomini employment agreement provides for a term ending on June 29, 2012 unless Mr. Degliomini's employment is terminated by either party in accordance with the provisions thereof. Mr. Degliomini is to receive a base salary at the annual rate of \$225,000 for the first year of the term of the agreement, \$243,500 for the second year of the term of the agreement and \$250,000 for the third year of the term of the agreement and such incentive compensation and bonuses, if any, (i) as the Compensation Committee in its discretion may determine, and (ii) to which Mr. Degliomini may become entitled pursuant to the terms of any incentive compensation or bonus program, plan or agreement from time to time in effect in which he is a participant. The first year salary represented a pay reduction of 10% from the previously agreed upon salary for Mr. Degliomini, consistent with the salary reduction imposed upon all employees. As an additional incentive for entering into the agreement, Mr. Degliomini received an option to purchase 100,000 shares of the Company's common stock on April 23, 2009 pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. In the event that the Company terminates Mr. Degliomini's employment with Cause (as defined in the agreement) or Mr. Degliomini resigns without Good Reason (as defined in the agreement), the

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Company's obligations are limited generally to paying Mr. Degliomini his base salary through the termination date. In the event that the Company terminates Mr. Degliomini's employment without Cause or Mr. Degliomini resigns with Good Reason, the Company is generally obligated to continue to pay Mr. Degliomini's compensation for the lesser of (i) 18 months or (ii) the remainder of the term of the agreement and accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term. In the event that the Company terminates Mr. Degliomini's employment without Cause or Mr. Degliomini resigns with Good Reason on or following a Change of Control (as defined in the agreement), the Company is generally obligated to continue to pay Mr. Degliomini's compensation for the greater of (i) 24 months or (ii) the remainder of the term of the agreement and accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term.

On July 1, 2010, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Nanette L. Horner to serve as Vice President of Legal Affairs. The employment agreement provides for a term ending on July 1, 2012 unless Ms. Horner's employment is terminated earlier by either party in accordance with the provisions thereof. Ms. Horner's base salary is at the annual rate of \$175,000 and such incentive compensation and bonuses, if any, as the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company in its discretion may determine under any annual bonus plan maintained by the Company for its senior executives. As an additional incentive for entering into the employment agreement, Ms. Horner received an option to purchase 6,667 shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. Ms. Horner is also entitled to receive reimbursement from the Company of up to \$5,000 for relocation expenses. The employment agreement was amended effective on August 11, 2011 to change Ms. Horner's title from Vice President of Legal Affairs to Senior Vice President, Chief Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer; to extend the term of the employment agreement for an additional year to terminate on July 1, 2013; and to increase Ms. Horner's base salary from \$175,000 to \$200,000. In the event that the Company terminates Ms. Horner's employment with Cause (as defined in the agreement) or Ms. Horner resigns without Good Reason (as defined in the agreement), the Company's obligations are limited generally to paying Ms. Horner her base salary, reimbursing and outstanding expenses and benefits under applicable benefits plans through the termination date (the "Accrued Compensation"). In the event that the Company terminates Ms. Horner's employment without Cause or Ms. Horner resigns with Good Reason, in addition to the Accrued Compensation, the Company is generally obligated to pay a pro-rata portion of any bonus awarded pursuant to any annual bonus plan maintained for senior executives, continue to pay Ms. Horner's base salary for the lesser of (i) 18 months or (ii) the remainder of the term of the agreement and accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term. In the event that the Company terminates Ms. Horner's employment without Cause or Ms. Horner resigns with Good Reason on or following a Change of Control (as defined in the agreement), in addition to the Accrued Compensation, the Company is generally obligated to continue to pay Ms. Horner's base salary for the greater of (i) 24 months or (ii) the remainder of the term of the agreement and accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term. In the event the Company terminates Ms. Horner's employment by reason of Disability (as defined in the agreement), in addition to the Accrued Compensation, the Company is generally obligated to pay Ms. Horner any accrued benefits under the Company's regular and any supplemental long-term disability plan and accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term. In the event Ms. Horner's employment is terminated by reason of death, in addition to the Accrued Compensation, the Company is obligated to accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term.

On December 13, 2010, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Laurette Pitts to serve as Chief Financial Officer. The employment agreement provides for a term ending on December 13, 2012 unless Ms. Pitts' employment is terminated earlier by either party in accordance with the provisions thereof. Ms. Pitts is to receive a base salary at the annual rate of \$215,000 per year and such incentive compensation and bonuses, if

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any, as the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company in its discretion may determine under any annual bonus plan maintained by the Company for its senior executives. As an additional incentive for entering into the employment agreement, Ms. Pitts received an option to purchase 50,000 shares of the Company’s common stock pursuant to the Company’s 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. Ms. Pitts is also entitled under the employment agreement to receive reimbursement from the Company of up to \$15,000 in relocation fees. On August 11, 2011, Empire changed Ms. Laurette J. Pitts’s title from Chief Financial Officer to Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer. In the event that the Company terminates Ms. Pitts’s employment with Cause (as defined in the agreement) or Ms. Pitts resigns without Good Reason (as defined in the agreement), the Company’s obligations are limited generally to paying Ms. Pitts her base salary, reimbursing and outstanding expenses and benefits under applicable benefits plans through the termination date (the “Accrued Compensation”). In the event that the Company terminates Ms. Pitts’s employment without Cause or Ms. Pitts resigns with Good Reason, in addition to the Accrued Compensation, the Company is generally obligated to pay a pro-rata portion of any bonus awarded pursuant to any annual bonus plan maintained for senior executives, continue to pay Ms. Pitts’s base salary for the lesser of (i) 18 months or (ii) the remainder of the term of the agreement and accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term. In the event that the Company terminates Ms. Pitts’s employment without Cause or Ms. Pitts resigns with Good Reason on or following a Change of Control (as defined in the agreement), in addition to the Accrued Compensation, the Company is generally obligated to continue to pay Ms. Pitts’s base salary for the greater of (i) 24 months or (ii) the remainder of the term of the agreement and accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term. In the event the Company terminates Ms. Pitts’s employment by reason of Disability (as defined in the agreement), in addition to the Accrued Compensation, the Company is generally obligated to pay Ms. Pitts any accrued benefits under the Company’s regular and any supplemental long-term disability plan and accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term. In the event Ms. Pitts’s employment is terminated by reason of death, in addition to the Accrued Compensation, the Company is obligated to accelerate the vesting of the options granted in contemplation of the agreement, which options shall remain exercisable through the remainder of its original 5 year term.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table sets forth information concerning the outstanding equity awards of each of the Named Executive Officers as of December 31, 2011:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Option Awards</u>			
	<u>Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options: Exercisable</u>	<u>Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options: Unexercisable</u>	<u>Option Exercise Price (\$)</u>	<u>Option Expiration Date</u>
Joseph A. D’Amato	66,667	33,333	7.83	8/31/14(1)
	53,333	106,667	2.79	11/08/15(2)
Clifford A. Ehrlich	8,333	0	20.25	12/15/15(3)
	10,000	0	16.59	8/09/16(4)
	96,667	0	3.33	4/22/14(5)
Charles Degliomini	16,667	0	20.25	12/15/15(3)
	25,000	0	22.20	5/23/17(6)
	100,000	0	3.33	4/22/14(7)

Unless otherwise noted, option grants have a term of ten years. The Reverse Split is reflected in option awards data contained herein for all periods presented.

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- (1) Grant date 9/1/09; vesting 33.3% on September 14, 2010, 33.3% on September 14, 2011, and 33.4% on September 14, 2012—five year term.
- (2) Grant date 11/9/10; vesting 33.3% one year after grant date, 33.3% two years after grant date, and 33.4% three years after grant date—five year term.
- (3) Grant date 12/16/05; vested 33.3% one year after grant, 33.3% two years after grant and 33.4% three years after grant.
- (4) Grant date 8/10/06; vested 33.3% one year after grant; 33.3% two years after grant and 33.4% three years after grant.
- (5) Total options granted 4/23/09—100,000; vesting 33.3% on grant date, 33.3% one year after grant date and 33.4% two years after grant date—five year term. Options for 3,333 shares exercised on August 28, 2009.
- (6) Grant date 5/24/07; vesting 33.3% one year after grant; 33.3% two years after grant and 33.4% three years after grant.
- (7) Grant date 4/23/09; vesting 33.3% on grant date, 33.3% one year after grant date and 33.4% two years after grant date—five year term.

Director Compensation

Directors who are also our officers are not separately compensated for their service as directors. Our non-employee directors received the following aggregate amounts of compensation for 2011.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Fees earned or paid in cash (\$)</u>	<u>Restricted stock awards (\$)</u>	<u>Option awards (\$)(1)</u>	<u>Total (\$)</u>
Emanuel R. Pearlman	257,340	9,900(2) 19,800(3)	7,600(4) 15,600(5)	310,240
Au Fook Yew	50,000	9,900(2) 19,800(3)	7,600(4) 15,600(5)	102,900
Nancy Palumbo	120,000	9,900(2) 19,800(3)	7,600(4) 15,600(5)	172,900
Gregg Polle	90,840	9,900(2) 19,800(3)	7,600(4) 15,600(5)	143,740
James Simon	130,000	9,900(2) 19,800(3)	7,600(4) 15,600(5)	182,900

- (1) These amounts reflect the aggregate grant date fair value of options granted in the year ended December 31, 2011 under our 2005 Equity Incentive Plan computed in accordance with ASC Topic 718 (formerly SFAS No. 123(R)). Please see Notes B and I to our consolidated financial statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011 for more information.
- (2) Grant date 1/3/11; restricted stock—3,334 shares.
- (3) Grant date 12/14/11; restricted stock—10,000 shares.
- (4) Grant date 1/3/11; securities underlying options—3,333 with 5 year term.
- (5) Grant date 12/14/11; securities underlying options—10,000 with 5 year term.

Cash Compensation

Each non-employee member of the Board receives annual cash compensation for non-employee directors of \$50,000. The chairperson of, (i) the Audit Committee receives annual compensation of \$40,000, (ii) the Compensation Committee receives annual compensation of \$15,000, (iii) the Corporate Governance and Nominations Committee receives annual compensation of \$15,000; and (iv) the Regulatory Compliance Committee receives annual compensation of \$15,000. Annual compensation for each member of the Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, Corporate Governance and Nominations Committee and Regulatory

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Compliance Committee is \$10,000 per committee, including for the chairperson of such committee. Annual compensation for the Chairman of the Board was \$160,000. Annual compensation for the Lead Director, which is Mr. Simon, is \$25,000.

Stock Compensation

In January 2011, the non-employee directors of the Company received (i) an annual grant of options to purchase 3,333 shares of the Company's common stock at the common stock's then current fair market value, vesting 25% on the grant date and vesting an additional 25% each three months thereafter, and (ii) an annual grant of 3,334 shares of restricted stock, with such shares vesting one year after the grant date.

In December 2011, the non-employee directors of the Company received (i) an annual grant of options to purchase 10,000 shares of the Company's common stock at the common stock's then current fair market value, vesting 25% on the grant date and vesting an additional 25% each three months thereafter, and (ii) an annual grant of 10,000 shares of restricted stock, with such shares vesting one year after the grant date.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

The following table sets forth information concerning beneficial ownership of our capital stock outstanding at March 12, 2012 by: (i) each stockholder known to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent of any class of our voting securities then outstanding; (ii) each of our directors; (iii) each of our "named executive officers" as defined in Item 402(a)(3) of Regulation S-K promulgated under the Exchange Act; and (iv) our current directors and executive officers, as a group.

The information regarding beneficial ownership of our common stock has been presented in accordance with the rules of the Commission. Under these rules, a person may be deemed to beneficially own any shares of capital stock as to which such person, directly or indirectly, has or shares voting power or investment power, and to beneficially own any shares of our capital stock as to which such person has the right to acquire voting or investment power within 60 days through the exercise of any stock option or other right. The percentage of beneficial ownership as to any person as of a particular date is calculated by dividing (a) (i) the number of shares beneficially owned by such person plus (ii) the number of shares as to which such person has the right to acquire voting or investment power within 60 days by (b) the total number of shares outstanding as of such date, plus any shares that such person has the right to acquire from us within 60 days. Including those shares in the tables does not, however, constitute an admission that the named stockholder is a direct or indirect beneficial owner of those shares. Unless otherwise indicated, each person or entity named in the table has sole voting power and investment power (or shares that power with that person's spouse) with respect to all shares of capital stock listed as owned by that person or entity.

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Name and Address of Beneficial Owner (1)	Common Stock Beneficially Owned		Series B Preferred Stock Beneficially Owned		Series E Preferred Stock Beneficially Owned	
	Shares	Percentage	Shares	Percentage	Shares	Percentage
Directors						
Au Fook Yew	32,777(2)	*	—	—	—	—
Joseph A. D'Amato	121,045(3)	*	—	—	—	—
Nancy Palumbo	42,638(4)	*	—	—	—	—
Emanuel R. Pearlman	158,889(5)	*	—	—	—	—
Gregg Polle	26,667(6)	*	—	—	—	—
James Simon	90,950(7)	*	—	—	—	—
Current Officers						
Charles Degliomini	149,257(8)	*	—	—	—	—
Clifford A. Ehrlich	118,333(9)	*	—	—	—	—
Nanette L. Horner	12,223(10)	—	—	—	—	—
Laurette J. Pitts	16,667(11)	—	—	—	—	—
Directors and Officers as a Group	769,446(12)	2.5%	—	—	—	—
Stockholders						
Kien Huat Realty III Limited c/o Kien Huat Realty Sdn Bhd. 22nd Floor Wisma Genting Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur Malaysia	18,254,246(13)	61.0%	—	—	—	—
Louis R. Cappelli c/o Cappelli Enterprises, Inc. 115 Stevens Avenue Valhalla, NY 10595	1,643,164(14)	5.5%	—	—	—	—
Patricia Cohen 6138 S. Hampshire Ct. Windermere, FL 34786	—	—	44,258	100%	—	—
Bryanston Group, Inc. 2424 Route 52 Hopewell Junction, NY 12533	—	—	—	—	1,551,213	89.6%
Stanley Tollman c/o Bryanston Group, Inc. 2424 Route 52 Hopewell Junction, NY 12533	—	—	—	—	152,817	8.8%

* less than 1%

- (1) Unless otherwise indicated, the address of each stockholder, director, and executive officer listed above is Empire Resorts, Inc., c/o Monticello Casino and Raceway, Route 17B, P.O. Box 5013, Monticello, New York 12701.
- (2) Consists of 6,667 shares of our common stock owned directly by Au Fook Yew, options that are currently exercisable into 16,110 shares of our common stock and 10,000 shares of restricted stock issued pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan which currently have voting rights but do not vest until January 4, 2013.
- (3) Consists of 1,045 shares of our common stock owned directly by Joseph A. D'Amato and options that are currently exercisable into 120,000 shares of our common stock.

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- (4) Consists of 6,667 shares of our common stock owned directly by Nancy Palumbo, options that are currently exercisable into 25,971 shares of our common stock and 10,000 shares of restricted stock issued pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan which currently have voting rights but do not vest until January 4, 2013.
- (5) Consists of 5,834 shares of our common stock owned directly by Emanuel R. Pearlman, options that are currently exercisable into 143,055 shares of our common stock and 10,000 shares of restricted stock issued pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan which currently have voting rights but do not vest until January 4, 2013.
- (6) Consists of 3,334 shares of our common stock owned directly by Gregg Polle, options that are currently exercisable into 13,333 shares of our common stock and 10,000 shares of restricted stock issued pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan which currently have voting rights but do not vest until January 4, 2013.
- (7) Consists of 12,757 shares of our common stock owned directly by James Simon, options that are currently exercisable into 68,193 shares of our common stock and 10,000 shares of restricted stock issued pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan which currently have voting rights but do not vest until January 4, 2013.
- (8) Includes 7,590 shares of our common stock owned by Fox-Hollow Lane LLC, of which Charles Degliomini is the managing member, and options that are currently exercisable into 141,667 shares of our common stock.
- (9) Consists of 3,333 shares of our common stock owned directly by Clifford A. Ehrlich and options that are currently exercisable into 115,000 shares of our common stock.
- (10) Consists of options that are currently exercisable into 12,223 shares of our common stock.
- (11) Consists of options that are currently exercisable into 16,667 shares of our common stock.
- (12) Includes options held by directors and officers of the Company that are currently exercisable into an aggregate of 672,219 shares of our common stock and 50,000 shares of restricted stock issued pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan which currently have voting rights but do not vest until January 4, 2013.
- (13) Based on the Schedule 13D filed by Kien Huat on May 20, 2011.
- (14) Consists of options that are currently exercisable into 25,000 shares of our common stock and, based on the Amendment to Schedule 13D filed by Mr. Cappelli on March 9, 2012, 1,618,164 shares owned directly by LRC Acquisition LLC, over which Mr. Cappelli has shared voting and dispositive power.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

On November 17, 2010, we entered into the Loan Agreement with Kien Huat, our largest stockholder, pursuant to which Kien Huat agreed to make the \$35 million Bridge Loan to us, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Loan Agreement and represented by the Note, dated November 17, 2010. Proceeds of the Bridge Loan were used to effectuate the repurchase of our then outstanding Senior Notes in accordance with the terms of that certain settlement agreement, dated September 23, 2010, by and between the Company, the trustee under the indenture for the Senior Notes and certain beneficial owners of the Senior Notes.

The Note provided that the Bridge Loan bears interest at a rate of 5% per annum, payable in cash in arrears monthly, during its initial term. The maturity date of the Bridge Loan was the earlier of the consummation of our rights offering and June 30, 2011 (referred to as the "Outside Date"). As of May 20, 2011, the date of the consummation of the rights offering described below, certain conditions including (1) five business days have passed after the date on which the rights issued in the rights offering expire and the offering of our common stock pursuant thereto is terminated, (2) we prepaid the indebtedness in an amount equal to 100% of the aggregate amount of gross proceeds received by us for exercised rights pursuant to the rights offering, (3) the proceeds from the rights offering are insufficient to repay the Bridge Loan in full and we have not otherwise prepaid the Bridge Loan in full, and (4) no monetary or other material default as defined in the Loan Agreement is continuing, were satisfied, the maturity date of the remaining unpaid principal amount of the Bridge Loan was extended for a term of two years at an interest rate of 5% per annum convertible at a price equal to the exercise price of the rights issued in the rights offering (period of such extension is referred to as the "Extension Term").

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Subject to and upon compliance with the provisions of the Loan Agreement, during the Extension Term, Kien Huat has the right to convert all or any portion of the principal sum evidenced by the Note such that the unconverted portion is \$1,000 or a multiple of \$1.00 in excess thereof into fully paid and non-assessable shares of our common stock at a conversion rate of initially 377 shares of common stock per \$1,000 in principal amount, which represents a conversion price of approximately \$2.65 per share, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Loan Agreement, by surrender of the Note, in whole or in part in the manner provided in the Loan Agreement.

If, as of any date during the Extension Term (referred to as the “Measuring Date”), the average of the last reported bid prices of common stock for the twenty consecutive trading days as defined in the Loan Agreement, ending on the trading day prior to the Measuring Date exceeds 200% of the conversion price in effect on the Measuring Date, then we are entitled to elect that Kien Huat convert all of the principal sum evidenced by the Note into shares of our common stock in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Loan Agreement. If we do not elect to force conversion of the Note and there have been no events of default as defined in the Loan Agreement, we may voluntarily prepay the Bridge Loan in whole or in part, with all interest accrued through the applicable period, absent notice from Kien Huat of its election to convert the Note.

On March 28, 2011, we commenced a rights offering. All holders of our common stock were granted the non-transferrable right to purchase 0.18917 shares of our common stock at a price of \$2.65 per share for each share they hold. Pursuant to a letter agreement, dated November 5, 2010, Kien Huat, our largest stockholder, agreed to exercise its entire allocation of basic subscription rights. The proceeds of the rights offering were used to repay amounts outstanding under the Bridge Loan. Since the proceeds were insufficient to repay in full all amounts outstanding under the Bridge Loan, including principal and accrued interest thereon, Kien Huat has converted the remaining unpaid into a convertible term loan with a term of two years, which bears interest at a rate of 5% per annum and will be convertible at a price equal to the exercise price of the rights issued in the rights offering. The expiration date of this rights offering was extended until May 20, 2011.

On May 20, 2011 the rights offering was consummated and our stockholders validly subscribed for 6,628,925 shares of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in the rights offering. The rights were exercised at \$2.65 per share, resulting in total gross proceeds of approximately \$17.6 million, which were used to repay the Bridge Loan. Pursuant to the Loan Agreement, we have satisfied the conditions to extend the maturity date of the Bridge Loan to May 17, 2013.

Our audit committee charter provides that the audit committee will review and approve all transactions between the Company and its officers, directors, director nominees, principal stockholders and their immediate family members. We expect that any such transactions will be on terms no less favorable to it than it could obtain from unaffiliated third parties.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.

Our principal accountant for the audit and review of our annual and quarterly financial statements, respectively, during each of the past two fiscal years was Friedman LLP. Moreover, the following table shows the fees paid or accrued by us to Friedman LLP during this period.

Type of Service	2011	2010
Audit Fees (1)	\$274,000	\$260,000
Audit-Related Fees (2)	56,000	61,000
Tax Fees (3)	52,000	25,000
All Other Fees (4)	0	0
Total	\$382,000	\$346,000

(1) Comprised of the audit of our annual financial statements and reviews of our quarterly financial statements.

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- (2) Comprised of services rendered in connection with our capital raising efforts, registration statements, consultations regarding financial accounting and reporting, audit of the Company's employee benefit plan and statutory audits.
- (3) Comprised of services for tax compliance and tax return preparation.
- (4) Fees related to other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In accordance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Audit Committee established policies and procedures under which all audit and non-audit services performed by our principal accountants must be approved in advance by the Audit Committee. As provided in the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, all audit and non-audit services to be provided after May 6, 2003 must be pre-approved by the Audit Committee in accordance with these policies and procedures.

PART IV**Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.****Financial Statements****Schedule II—Valuation and Qualifying Accounts**

Empire Resorts, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

December 31, 2011 and 2010

(in thousands)

<u>Description</u>	<u>Balance at beginning of year</u>	<u>Addition charged to costs and expenses</u>	<u>Other additions (deductions)</u>	<u>Less deductions</u>	<u>Balance at end of year</u>
<u>Year ended December 31, 2011</u>					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 168	\$ 9	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 177
Deferred tax asset valuation allowance	\$ 68,433	\$ 0	\$ (4,502)	\$ 0	\$ 63,931
<u>Year ended December 31, 2010</u>					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 763	\$ 279	\$ (874)	\$ 0	\$ 168
Deferred tax asset valuation allowance	\$72,095	\$ 0	\$ (3,662)	\$ 0	\$ 68,433

Exhibits

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, dated February 16, 2011. (1)
- 3.2 Second Amended and Restated By-Laws, as most recently amended on March 14, 2011. (2)
- 3.3 Certificate of Amendment to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, dated December 13, 2011. (3)
- 4.1 Form of Common Stock Certificate.
- 4.2 Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of Series B Preferred Stock dated July 31, 1996. (4)
- 4.3 Certificate of Designation setting forth the Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series B Preferred Stock and Series C Preferred Stock, dated May 29, 1998. (5)
- 4.4 Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Designation setting forth the Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series B Preferred Stock and Series C Preferred Stock, dated June 13, 2001. (6)
- 4.5 Certificate of Designations setting forth the Preferences, Rights and Limitations of Series D Preferred Stock, dated February 7, 2000. (7)
- 4.6 Certificate of the Designations, Powers, Preferences and Rights of the Series E Preferred Stock, dated December 10, 2002. (8)
- 4.7 Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of the Designations, Powers, Preferences and Other Rights and Qualifications of the Series E Preferred Stock, dated January 12, 2004. (9)
- 4.8 Certificate of Designations of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock, dated March 24, 2008. (10)
- 4.9 Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Designations of Series A Junior Participating Preferred Stock, dated August 19, 2009. (11)

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4.10	Common Stock Purchase Warrant, dated May 11, 2010, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Joseph Bernstein, to purchase 250,000 shares of Common Stock. (12)
4.11	Common Stock Purchase Warrant, dated May 11, 2010, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Joseph Bernstein, to purchase 1,000,000 shares of Common Stock. (13)
10.1	Employment Agreement, dated as of June 29, 2009, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Charles Degliomini. (14)
10.2	Employment Agreement, dated as of June 29, 2009, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Clifford Ehrlich. (15)
10.3	Investment Agreement, dated as of August 19, 2009, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Kien Huat Realty III Limited. (16)
10.4	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of August 19, 2009, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Kien Huat Realty III Limited. (17)
10.5	First Amendment and Clarification to the Investment Agreement dated as of September 30, 2009, between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Kien Huat Realty III Limited. (18)
10.6	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of December 24, 2009, by and between Joseph A. D’Amato and Empire Resorts, Inc. (19)
10.7	Settlement Agreement and Release, dated as of May 11, 2010, by and among Empire Resorts, Inc., Kien Huat, Kok Thay Lim, Au Fook Yew, G. Michael Brown, and Joseph Bernstein. (20)
10.8	Employment Agreement, dated as of July 1, 2010, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Nanette L. Horner. (21)
10.9	Settlement Agreement, dated as of September 23, 2010, by and among Empire Resorts, Inc., Alpha Monticello, Inc., Alpha Casino Management Inc., Monticello Raceway Management, Inc., Mohawk Management, LLC, Monticello Casino Management, LLC, Monticello Raceway Development Company, LLC, the Trustee and the holders of Senior Notes listed on Exhibit A attached thereto. (22)
10.10	Loan Agreement dated as of November 17, 2010 between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Kien Huat Realty III Limited. (23)
10.11	Convertible Promissory Note issued on November 17, 2010 by Empire Resorts, Inc. in favor of Kien Huat Realty III Limited. (24)
10.12	Employment Agreement, dated as of December 13, 2010, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Laurette J. Pitts. (25)
10.13	Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement, dated August 11, 2011, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Nanette L. Horner. (26)
10.14	Option Agreement, dated December 22, 2011, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and EPT Concord II, LLC *
10.15	Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated January 27, 2012, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and Joseph A. D’Amato. (27)
10.16	Empire Resorts, Inc. Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (28)
10.17	Form of Option Award under the Empire Resorts, Inc. Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan
10.18	Form of Restricted Stock Award under the Empire Resorts, Inc. Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan

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14.1	Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. (29)
14.2	Code of Ethics for the Principal Executive Officer and Senior Financial Officer(s). (30)
21.1	List of Subsidiaries. (31)
23.1	Consent of Independent Registered Accounting Firm.
31.1	Section 302 Certification of Principal Executive Officer.
31.2	Section 302 Certification of Principal Financial Officer.
32.1	Section 906 Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer.
101	Interactive Data File (XBRL).

* Certain portions have been omitted pursuant to a confidential treatment request. Omitted information has been filed separately with the SEC.

- (1) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Empire Resorts, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K (an "8-K"), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") on February 16, 2011.
- (2) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Empire Resort, Inc. Annual Report on Form 10-K (a "10-K") for the year ended December 31, 2010, filed with the Commission on March 18, 2011.
- (3) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Empire Resort, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on December 13, 2011.
- (4) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2003 (the "2003 10-K"), filed with the Commission on March 30, 2004.
- (5) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the 2003 10-K.
- (6) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to the 2003 10-K.
- (7) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 8-K, filed with the Commission on February 15, 2000.
- (8) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 to the 2003 10-K.
- (9) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.6 to the 2003 10-K.
- (10) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1. to Empire Resort, Inc.'s 8-K, filed with the Commission on March 24, 2008.
- (11) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1. to Empire Resort, Inc.'s 8-K, filed with the Commission on August 19, 2009.
- (12) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1. to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (a "10-Q") for the quarter ended March 31, 2010 (the "3/31/10 10-Q"), filed with the Commission on May 17, 2010.
- (13) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the 3/31/10 10-Q.
- (14) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the 6/30/09 10-Q.
- (15) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the 6/30/09 10-Q.
- (16) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 8-K, filed with the Commission on August 19, 2009 (the "8/19/09 8-K").
- (17) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the 8/19/09 8-K.
- (18) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 8-K, filed with the Commission on October 5, 2009 (the "10/5/09 8-K").
- (19) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 8-K, filed with the Commission on December 24, 2009.
- (20) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2010, filed with the Commission on May 17, 2010.
- (21) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, filed with the Commission on November 12, 2010.
- (22) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 8-K filed with the Commission on September 24, 2010.
- (23) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 8-K, filed with the Commission on November 19, 2010 (the "11/19/10 8-K").

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- (24) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the 11/19/10 8-K.
- (25) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 8-K, filed with the Commission on December 14, 2010.
- (26) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 8-K, filed with the Commission on August 17, 2011.
- (27) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Empire Resort, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the Commission on February 2, 2012.
- (28) Incorporated by reference to Appendix B to Empire Resorts, Inc.'s Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A, filed with the Commission on March 30, 2004.
- (29) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14.1 to Empire Resort, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K/A, filed with the Commission on November 16, 2011 (the "11/16/2011 8-K").
- (30) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14.2 to the 11/16/2011 8-K.
- (31) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 21.1 of Empire Resorts, Inc.'s 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, filed with the Commission on March 18, 2011.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

EMPIRE RESORTS, INC.

By: /s/ Joseph A. D'Amato

Name: Joseph A. D'Amato
Title: Chief Executive Officer
Date: March 19, 2012

Pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Joseph A. D'Amato</u> Joseph A. D'Amato	Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	March 19, 2012
<u>/s/ Laurette J. Pitts</u> Laurette J. Pitts	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	March 19, 2012
<u>/s/ Emanuel R. Pearlman</u> Emanuel R. Pearlman	Chairman of the Board	March 19, 2012
<u>/s/ Au Fook Yew</u> Au Fook Yew	Director	March 19, 2012
<u>/s/ James Simon</u> James Simon	Director	March 19, 2012
<u>/s/ Nancy A. Palumbo</u> Nancy A. Palumbo	Director	March 19, 2012
<u>/s/ Gregg Polle</u> Gregg Polle	Director	March 19, 2012

Index to Exhibits

4.1	Form of Common Stock Certificate.
10.14	Option Agreement, dated December 22, 2011, by and between Empire Resorts, Inc. and EPT Concord II, LLC. *
10.17	Form of Option Award under the Empire Resorts, Inc. Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Incentive Plan.
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23.1	Consent of Independent Registered Accounting Firm.
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101	Interactive Data File (XBRL).

* Certain portions have been omitted pursuant to a confidential treatment request. Omitted information has been filed separately with the SEC.

NUMBER
ER

This certificate of stock is transferable only subject to the provisions of Section three hundred three of the Racing, Pari-Mutuel Wagering and Breeding Law, so long as the Corporation holds directly or indirectly a license issued by the New York Racing and Wagering Board, and may be subject to compliance with the requirements of other laws pertaining to licenses held directly or indirectly by the Corporation. The owner of stock issued by the Corporation may be required by regulatory authorities to possess certain qualifications and may be required to dispose of this stock if the owner does not possess such qualifications.

SHARES
SPECIMEN

CUSIP 292052 20 6

SEE REVERSE FOR CERTAIN DEFINITIONS



EMPIRE

★★ RESORTS, INC. ★★

INCORPORATED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE

COMMON STOCK

THIS CERTIFIES THAT:

SPECIMEN - NOT NEGOTIABLE

IS THE OWNER OF

FULLY PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OF THE PAR VALUE OF ONE CENT (\$.01) PER SHARE, OF

EMPIRE RESORTS, INC.

(herein called the "Corporation"), transferable on the books of the Corporation by the holder hereof in person or by duly authorized attorney upon surrender of this certificate properly endorsed. This certificate is not valid unless countersigned and registered by the Transfer Agent and Registrar.

WITNESS the facsimile seal of the Corporation and the facsimile signatures of its duly authorized officers.

DATED:

COUNTERSIGNED:

CONTINENTAL STOCK TRANSFER & TRUST COMPANY
JERSEY CITY, NJ
TRANSFER AGENT

BY:

AUTHORIZED OFFICER

**SPECIMEN
NOT NEGOTIABLE**

Naetta R. Horne
SECRETARY



Joseph A. D'Amato
CEO

EMPIRE RESORTS, INC.

The following abbreviations, when used in the inscription on the face of this certificate, shall be construed as though they were written out in full according to applicable laws or regulations:

TEN COM - as tenants in common
TEN ENT - as tenants by the entireties
JT TEN - as joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common

UNIF GIFT MIN ACT -Custodian.....
(Cust) (Minor)
under Uniform Gifts to Minors Act
(State)

Additional abbreviations may also be used though not in the above list.

For Value Received, hereby sell, assign and transfer unto

PLEASE INSERT SOCIAL SECURITY OR OTHER IDENTIFYING NUMBER OF ASSIGNEE

[Empty box for Social Security or other identifying number]

(PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE NAME AND ADDRESS, INCLUDING ZIP CODE, OF ASSIGNEE)

..... Shares of the stock represented by the within Certificate, and do hereby irrevocably constitute and appoint

..... Attorney to transfer the said stock on the books of the within named Corporation with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated

NOTICE: THE SIGNATURE TO THIS ASSIGNMENT MUST CORRESPOND WITH THE NAME AS WRITTEN UPON THE FACE OF THE CERTIFICATE IN EVERY PARTICULAR, WITHOUT ALTERATION OR ENLARGEMENT OR ANY CHANGE WHATSOEVER

This certificate of stock is transferable only subject to the provisions of Section three hundred three of the Racing, Pari-Mutuel Wagering and Breeding Law, so long as the Corporation holds directly or indirectly a license issued by the New York Racing and Wagering Board, and may be subject to compliance with the requirements of other laws pertaining to licenses held directly or indirectly by the Corporation. The owner of stock issued by the Corporation may be required by regulatory authorities to possess certain qualifications and may be required to dispose of this stock if the owner does not possess such qualifications.

This certificate also evidences and entitles the holder hereof to certain Rights as set forth in the Rights Agreement between Empire Resorts, Inc. (the "Company") and Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company (the "Rights Agent"), dated as of March 24, 2008, as it may be amended from time to time (the "Rights Agreement"), the terms of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference and a copy of which is on file at the office of the Rights Agent designated for such purpose. Under certain circumstances, as set forth in the Rights Agreement, such Rights will be evidenced by separate certificates and will no longer be evidenced by this certificate. The Rights Agent will mail to the holder of this certificate a copy of the Rights Agreement, as in effect on the date of mailing, without charge, promptly after receipt of a written request therefor. Under certain circumstances set for in the Rights Agreement, Rights issued to, or held by, any Person who is, was or becomes an Acquiring Person or any Affiliate or Associate thereof (as such terms are defined in the Rights Agreement), whether currently held by or on behalf of such Person or by any subsequent holder, may become null and void.

THE SIGNATURE TO THE ASSIGNMENT MUST CORRESPOND TO THE NAME AS WRITTEN UPON THE FACE OF THIS CERTIFICATE IN EVERY PARTICULAR, WITHOUT ALTERATION OR ENLARGEMENT OR ANY CHANGE WHATSOEVER, AND MUST BE GUARANTEED BY A COMMERCIAL BANK OR TRUST COMPANY OR A MEMBER FIRM OF A NATIONAL OR REGIONAL OR OTHER RECOGNIZED STOCK EXCHANGE IN CONFORMANCE WITH A SIGNATURE GUARANTEE MEDALLION PROGRAM.

* Please note parts of this Agreement and attachments are designated with an asterisk which indicates that material has been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to a request for confidential treatment.

Exhibit 10.14

EXECUTION COUNTERPART

OPTION AGREEMENT

THIS OPTION AGREEMENT (this "Agreement"), dated as of December 21, 2011 (the "Effective Date"), is made by and between EPT CONCORD II, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, with an office at c/o Entertainment Properties Trust, 909 Walnut Street, Suite 200, Kansas City, Missouri 64106 ("Owner"), and MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC., a New York corporation, with an office at c/o Empire Resorts, Inc., 204 Route 17B, Monticello, New York 12701 ("Tenant"). All terms that are capitalized for the purpose of indicating a particular meaning and not defined in this Agreement shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Ground Lease (as hereinafter defined).

W I T N E S S E T H:

WHEREAS, Owner owns the fee interest in the real property more particularly described in Exhibit A annexed hereto and incorporated herein by this reference (the "Property"); and

WHEREAS, Owner and Tenant, together with one or more of their respective affiliates, contemplate entering into a definitive Comprehensive Development Plan together with certain related agreements and documentation (collectively, the "Master Development Agreement"), pursuant to which, *inter alia*, Tenant will agree to develop and construct on the Property, among other things, one or more buildings that will include casino gaming facilities and a harness racetrack (to the extent such racetrack is required by Law to operate the casino gaming facility), and may include one or more hotels, food and beverage outlets, a spa facility, retail venues, space for conferences, meetings, entertainment and multi-function events, parking facilities (including, without limitation, a parking garage and surface parking), and ancillary facilities to be used for any Permitted Use (as defined in the Ground Lease); and

WHEREAS, in furtherance of the development of the Property in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Master Development Agreement, Owner has agreed to grant to Tenant an option to acquire a leasehold interest in the Property on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants herein contained and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and legal sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged by Owner and Tenant, Owner and Tenant agree as follows:

1. Grant of Option.

(a) Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Owner hereby grants to Tenant the sole and exclusive option (the "Option") to lease and hire the Property from Owner pursuant to and on the express terms and conditions set forth in the Lease annexed hereto as Exhibit B (the "Ground Lease"). In consideration for the granting of the Option and as a condition precedent to the effectiveness of this Agreement and the Option, on the Effective Date, Tenant shall pay to Owner an option payment (subject to refund only as expressly provided in this Agreement and, as and when entered into, the Master Development Agreement) in the amount of Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand and 00/100 Dollars (\$750,000.00) (the "Initial Option Payment"). Provided that (i) this Agreement shall be in full force and effect and (ii) the conditions precedent set forth in Section 5 below have been satisfied or waived in writing by the

parties, Tenant shall have the sole and exclusive right to exercise the Option during the period (the "Option Exercise Period") commencing on the Effective Date and ending on the date that is six (6) months after the Effective Date (such date, as the same may be extended pursuant to the terms and conditions of Section 1(b) below, the "Option Exercise Period End Date").

(b) Provided that (i) this Agreement shall be in full force and effect and (ii) once the Master Development Agreement is entered into, no Event of Default (as defined in the Master Development Agreement) by Tenant shall have occurred and be continuing, Tenant shall have the right to extend the Option Exercise Period End Date one or more times, each for an additional period of six (6) months, the last of which extension periods, notwithstanding whether such last extension period is an entire six (6) month period, shall expire on June 30, 2013 (the "Final Option Exercise Outside Date"). In no event shall the Option Exercise Period extend beyond the Final Option Exercise Outside Date. Each such six (6) month extension may be accomplished only by written notice (each an "Extension Notice") from Tenant to Owner delivered on or prior to the then-applicable Option Exercise Period End Date. In consideration for the granting of each extension of the Exercise Option Period and as a condition precedent to the effectiveness of each extension, Tenant shall pay and deliver to Owner together with each Extension Notice for each extension, an additional option payment (each, an "Additional Option Payment" and, collectively, the "Additional Option Payments") (subject to refund only as expressly provided in this Agreement and, as and when entered into, the Master Development Agreement) in the amount of Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand and 00/100 Dollars (\$750,000.00); provided, that if the last extension period consists of less than six (6) full months, the Additional Option Payment for such period shall be adjusted on a *pro rata* basis for the actual number of days in such extension period. Time shall be of the essence with respect to the timely delivery of any Extension Notice and the delivery of the Additional Option Payments therewith, respectively.

(c) Subject to the provisions of Section 6(a), if Tenant fails to (i) extend the Option Exercise Period in accordance with the terms and conditions of Section 1(b) above by the then-applicable Option Exercise Period End Date, or (ii) deliver the Exercise Notice (as hereinafter defined) in accordance with the terms and conditions hereof by the then-applicable Option Exercise Period End Date, then, in any such event, (A) this Agreement, and the Option granted hereunder, shall automatically terminate and neither party shall have any obligation to the other hereunder or with respect thereto, and (B) all sums theretofore paid by Tenant under this Agreement, including, without limitation, the Initial Option Payment and all Additional Option Payments, if any, shall be retained by Owner (subject to refund only as expressly provided in the Master Development Agreement); provided, that if the Master Development Agreement has not been entered into by the then-applicable Option Exercise Period End Date, then all sums theretofore paid by Tenant under this Agreement, including, without limitation, the Initial Option Payment and all Additional Option Payments, if any, shall be returned to Tenant.

2. Exercise of Option.

(a) Provided that (i) this Agreement shall be in full force and effect, (ii) the conditions set forth in Section 5 are satisfied or waived in writing by the parties, (iii) the representations and warranties of Tenant set forth in Section 4 are and will be on the Closing Date (as hereinafter defined) true, correct and complete in all material respects, and (iv) Tenant

(or an affiliate of Tenant) simultaneously exercises that certain "Option" set forth in, and pursuant to, that certain Option Agreement to be entered into between the parties (or their respective affiliates, as applicable) as part of the Master Development Agreement and relating to that certain 18-hole golf course known as the "Monster Golf Course", Tenant may exercise the Option by notice (the "Exercise Notice") given to Owner at any time during the Option Exercise Period, which Exercise Notice shall be accompanied by the delivery of six (6) executed original counterparts of the Ground Lease executed on behalf of Tenant.

(b) If Tenant timely delivers the Exercise Notice and the executed original counterparts of the Ground Lease, Owner shall promptly execute all six (6) original counterparts of the Ground Lease and deliver three (3) executed original counterparts of the Ground Lease executed on behalf of Owner to Tenant (the "Closing") which in no event shall be delivered to Tenant later than ten (10) Business Days after Owner receipt of the Exercise Notice and originally executed counterparts of the Ground Lease from Tenant (the date on which such originally executed counterparts are delivered to Tenant is hereinafter referred to as the "Closing Date"). Time shall be of the essence with respect to the timely delivery of the Exercise Notice and the originally executed counterparts of the Ground Lease, and the Closing, respectively.

3. Representations and Warranties of Owner. Owner hereby represents and warrants to Tenant as of the Effective Date and as of the Closing Date as follows:

(a) Owner is a limited liability company, validly formed, duly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Owner has the requisite power and authority to enter into and perform the terms of this Agreement. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby have been duly authorized by the members of Owner and no other member approval or authorization or other action on the part of Owner is necessary in order to permit Owner to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by Owner, and constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of Owner, enforceable against Owner in accordance with its terms.

(b) No approval, consent, order or authorization of, or designation, registration or declaration with, any Governmental Authority (as defined below) is required in connection with the valid execution and delivery of this Agreement by Owner. "Governmental Authority" means the United States, the states in which the Property are located, any city, village or other governmental subdivision of such states, or any agency, department, commission, bureau or instrumentality of any of the foregoing having jurisdiction over any of the Property.

(c) The execution, delivery and performance by Owner of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby will not conflict with, or result in a breach of, or constitute a default under, (i) the articles of organization of Owner or (ii) any judgment, statute, rule, order, decree, writ, injunction or regulation of any court or Governmental Authority.

(d) Owner owns and holds fee title in and to the Property. Except for the agreements listed on Schedule A attached hereto and made a part hereof, Owner has not entered into any agreement granting any third party the right to lease and hire the Property from Owner.

4. Representations and Warranties of Tenant. Tenant represents and warrants to Owner as of the Effective Date and as of the Closing Date as follows:

(a) Tenant is a corporation, validly formed, duly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of New York. Tenant has the requisite power and authority to enter into and perform the terms of this Agreement. The execution and delivery of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby have been duly authorized by the board of directors and the stockholders of Tenant and no other corporate approval or authorization or other action on the part of Tenant is necessary in order to permit Tenant to consummate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. This Agreement has been duly and validly executed and delivered by Tenant, and constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of Tenant, enforceable against Tenant in accordance with its terms.

(b) No approval, consent, order or authorization of, or designation, registration or declaration with, any Governmental Authority is required in connection with the valid execution and delivery of this Agreement by Tenant.

(c) The execution, delivery and performance by Tenant of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby will not conflict with, or result in a breach of, or constitute a default under, (i) the certificate of incorporation or by-laws of Tenant or (ii) any judgment, statute, rule, order, decree, writ, injunction or regulation of any court or Governmental Authority.

5. Conditions Precedent; Etc. The following shall be conditions precedent to the exercise by Tenant of the Option:

(a) the parties (and their respective affiliates, as applicable) shall have agreed upon and entered into the Master Development Agreement and the Master Development Agreement shall be in full force and effect and no Event of Default (as defined in the Master Development Agreement) by Tenant shall have occurred and be continuing; and

(b) the conditions, if any, set forth in the Master Development Agreement to the exercise of the Option or the entering into of the Ground Lease shall have been satisfied.

6. Master Development Agreement; Etc.

(a) The parties shall, and shall cause their respective affiliates to, diligently and in good faith pursue finalizing and entering into the Master Development Agreement, each acting in their sole but good faith discretion. If, despite such efforts, the parties (and their respective affiliates, as applicable) are unable to finalize and enter into the Master Development Agreement by March 31, 2012 (the "MDA Outside Date"), then either party shall have the unilateral right to terminate this Agreement by written notice (a "CP Failure Termination Notice") given to the other party at any time after the MDA Outside Date and prior to the parties (and their respective affiliates, as applicable) entering into the Master Development Agreement. Promptly following the giving of a CP Failure Termination Notice and the termination of this Agreement pursuant to this Section 6(a), Owner shall return to Tenant the Initial Option Payment and all Additional Option Payments previously made by Tenant, if any.

(b) If, once entered into, the Master Development Agreement shall terminate for any reason whatsoever, this Agreement and the Option granted hereunder shall automatically terminate and be null and void and of no further force or effect and neither party shall have any continuing obligation to the other with respect thereto (it being understood that the parties do not waive any remedies for such breach), and Owner shall retain all sums theretofore paid by Tenant under this Agreement, including, without limitation, the Initial Option Payment and all Additional Option Payments, if any (subject to refund only as expressly provided in this Agreement or the Master Development Agreement).

(c) Provided that (i) this Agreement shall be in full force and effect and (ii) once the Master Development Agreement is entered into, the Master Development Agreement shall remain in full force and effect, Owner shall not enter into any agreement during the Option Exercise Period granting any third party the right to lease and hire the Property.

7. Miscellaneous.

(a) Effect of Existing Agreements. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, Tenant's rights and Owner's obligations under this Agreement are subject to Owner's obligations under the documents referenced in Schedule A.

(b) Notices. All notices, consents, requests, approvals and authorizations (collectively, "Notices") required or permitted under this Agreement shall only be effective if in writing. All Notices (except Notices of default, which may only be sent pursuant to the methods described in clauses (i) and (ii) below) shall be sent (i) by registered or certified mail (return receipt requested), postage prepaid, or (ii) by Federal Express, U.S. Post Office Express Mail, Airborne or similar nationally recognized overnight courier which delivers only upon signed receipt of the addressee, or (iii) by facsimile transmission with original sent via a method set forth in clause (i) or (ii) above and addressed as follows or at such other address, and to the attention of such other person, as the parties shall give notice as herein provided:

If intended for Owner:

EPT Concord II, LLC
c/o Entertainment Properties Trust
909 Walnut Street, Suite 200
Kansas City, Missouri 64106
Attention: Asset Management
Telephone: (816) 472-1700
Facsimile: (816) 472-5794

With a copy to:

Entertainment Properties Trust
909 Walnut Street, Suite 200
Kansas City, Missouri 64106
Attention: General Counsel
Telephone: (816) 472-1700
Facsimile: (816) 472-5794

And a copy to: Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP
One New York Plaza
New York, New York 10004
Attention: Harry R. Silvera, Esq.
Telephone: (212) 859-8173
Facsimile: (212) 859-4000

If intended for Tenant: Monticello Raceway Management, Inc.
c/o Empire Resorts, Inc.
204 Route 17B
Monticello, New York 12701
Attention: Chief Counsel
Telephone: (845) 794-4100
Facsimile: (845) 807-0000

With a copy to: Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP
One Liberty Plaza
New York, New York 10006
Attention: Steven L. Wilner, Esq.
Telephone: (212) 225-2672
Facsimile: (212) 225-3999

A notice, request and other communication shall be deemed to be duly received if delivered by a nationally recognized overnight delivery service, when delivered to the address of the recipient, if sent by mail, on the date of receipt by the recipient as shown on the return receipt card, or if sent by facsimile, upon receipt by the sender of an acknowledgment or transmission report generated by the machine from which the facsimile was sent indicating that the facsimile was sent in its entirety to the recipient's facsimile number; provided that if a notice, request or other communication is served by hand or is received by facsimile on a day which is not a Business Day, or after 5:00 p.m. local time on any Business Day at the addressee's location, such notice or communication shall be deemed to be duly received by the recipient at 9:00 a.m. local time of the addressee on the first Business Day thereafter. Rejection or other refusal to accept or the inability to delivery because of changed address of which no Notice was given shall be deemed to be receipt of the Notice as of the date of such rejection, refusal or inability to deliver.

(c) Entire Agreement. This Agreement together with the exhibits hereto constitutes the entire agreement of the parties regarding the Option (all prior or contemporaneous agreements, understandings, representations and statements, oral or written being merged herein), and shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns.

(d) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with, and governed by, the laws of the State of New York without regard to its conflict of law provisions, except that it is the intent and purpose of the parties hereto that the provisions of Section 5-1401 of the General Obligations Law of the State of New York shall apply to this Agreement.

(e) Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed at different times and in any number of counterparts, each of which when so executed shall be deemed to be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Agreement by facsimile, .PDF or other means of electronic transmission shall be as effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Agreement. In proving this Agreement, it shall not be necessary to produce or account for more than one such counterpart signed by the party against whom enforcement is sought.

(f) No Oral Modification. This Agreement may not be modified orally but only by an agreement in writing signed by the parties hereto. No provisions or conditions herein may be waived other than by a writing signed by the party waiving such provision or condition.

(g) Headings. Article, section and subsection headings are inserted only for the purpose of convenient reference and in no way define, limit or prescribe the scope or intent of this Agreement or any part thereof and such captions shall not be considered in interpreting or construing this Agreement.

(h) Brokers.

(i) Owner and Tenant each represents to the other that it has dealt with no broker, finder or like agent other than MSEG LLC ("MSEG") in connection with this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby.

(ii) Tenant shall indemnify and save harmless Owner, its legal representatives, successors and assigns against and from any loss, liability or expense, including reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements, arising out of any claim or claims for commissions or other compensation for bringing about this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby made by any broker, finder or like agent (other than MSEG) if such claim or claims are based in whole or in part on dealing with Tenant or its representatives.

(iii) Owner shall indemnify and save harmless Tenant, its legal representatives, successors and assigns against and from any loss, liability or expense, including reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements, arising out of any claim or claims for commissions or other compensation for bringing about this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby made by any broker, finder or like agent (including MSEG) if such claim or claims are based in whole or in part in dealing with Owner or its representatives. Owner shall be responsible for any finder's fee or other compensation payable to MSEG in connection with this Agreement pursuant to a separate written agreement between Owner and MSEG.

(i) Tenant's Right to Assign. Except as expressly provided herein, Tenant shall not, directly or indirectly, whether voluntarily, involuntarily, or by operation of law or otherwise, assign or otherwise transfer in whole or in part this Agreement or the Option granted hereunder without in each instance first obtaining the prior written consent of Owner, which consent Owner may grant or deny in Owner's sole discretion except as otherwise provided herein. The consent of Owner to a particular assignment shall not in any way be considered a consent by Owner to any other or further assignment. Notwithstanding the foregoing, without the consent of Owner, this Agreement, and the Option granted hereunder, may be assigned by

Tenant to any directly or indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of Empire Resorts, Inc. and any permitted transferee of Tenant's interest in the Master Development Agreement made pursuant to and in accordance with the applicable terms and conditions to be set forth in the Master Development Agreement.

(j) Successors and Assigns. Subject to the limitations set forth in Section 7(i), this Agreement shall be binding upon, and shall inure to the benefit of, the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns.

(k) Recording. Neither party may record this Agreement without the consent of the other party. Upon request of Owner or Tenant, the parties hereto shall promptly execute and deliver a memorandum of this Agreement for recording purposes in mutually agreeable form. If Tenant elects to record such memorandum of this Agreement, Tenant may cause the same to be recorded against the Property at Tenant's sole expense and expense.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Owner and Tenant have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first set forth above.

OWNER:

EPT CONCORD II LLC, a Delaware limited liability Company

By: /s/ Gregory K. Silvers
Name: Gregory K. Silvers
Title: Vice President

TENANT:

MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC., a New York corporation

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Owner and Tenant have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first set forth above.

OWNER:

EPT CONCORD II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

TENANT:

MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC., a New York corporation

By: /s/ Joseph A. D. Amato
Name: Joseph A. D. Amato
Title: CEO

EXHIBIT A

The Property

(see attached)



HART HOWERTON

CONCORD RESORT REDEVELOPMENT

Thompson, Sullivan County, New York

Casino Parcel Diagram

December 2011

PERMITS & REGULATIONS

EXHIBIT B

Form of Ground Lease

(see attached)

LEASE

BETWEEN

**EPT CONCORD II, LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company**

(“LANDLORD”)

AND

**[MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC.,
a New York corporation]**

(“TENANT”)

FOR THE LEASE OF

_____, 20__

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LEASE

THIS LEASE, dated as of _____, 20____ (the “*Effective Date*”), is made by and between EPT CONCORD II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“*Landlord*”), with an office at c/o Entertainment Properties Trust, 909 Walnut Street, Suite 200, Kansas City, Missouri 64106, and [MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC., a New York corporation] (“*Tenant*”), with an office at c/o Empire Resorts, Inc., 204 Route 17B, Monticello, New York 12701 prior to the Opening Date, and thereafter Tenant’s address shall be that of the Project.

ARTICLE 1.

ATTACHMENTS TO LEASE; SCHEDULES AND EXHIBITS

Attached to this Lease and hereby made a part hereof are the following:

SCHEDULE A—a list of certain permitted title exceptions.

SCHEDULE B—Violations.

SCHEDULE C—Environmental Disclosure.

SCHEDULE D—Exclusive Uses.

SCHEDULE E—certain Agreements.

SCHEDULE F—REAs.

SCHEDULE G—Other Restrictive Agreements.

SCHEDULE H—Related Agreements.

*

EXHIBIT A—a description of the tract of land constituting the Leased Premises.

EXHIBIT B—a description of the Project and the Improvements to be constructed on the Leased Premises.

EXHIBIT C—Reserved.

EXHIBIT D—Memorandum of Term Commencement.

EXHIBIT E—Additional Terms for Purchase Option.

EXHIBIT F—Form of Financial Report.

EXHIBIT G—a description of the tract of land constituting the Master Development Site.

EXHIBIT H—Form of Memorandum of Lease.

ARTICLE 2.
DEFINITIONS

2.1 **Definitions.** The following terms for purposes of this Lease shall have the meanings hereinafter specified (additional terms may be defined elsewhere in the Lease):

“***ADA***” means the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 12.101, et seq.

“***Adjusted by CPI***” means the adjustment of a particular dollar sum on (and as of) the applicable January 1 during the Term to an amount equal to the sum of (I) such stated dollar sum (as same may have been previously Adjusted by CPI) in effect on the immediately preceding December 31 (such amount as so previously adjusted, the “**Base CPI Amount**”), plus (II) an amount equal to the product of (A) the Base CPI Amount, multiplied by (B) the greater of (i) a fraction (x) the numerator of which is the Consumer Price Index for the December with respect to which such adjustment is being made, and (y) the denominator of which is the Consumer Price Index for the December prior to the year in which the relevant sum was initially set or last Adjusted by CPI, or (ii) one (1).

“***Affiliate***” means as applied to a Person or Persons, any other Person or Persons directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, that Person or Persons.

“***Annual Fixed Rent***” means the annual fixed rent payable hereunder under this Lease, as set forth in Section 5.2.

“***Authorized Institution***” means a (1) a bank, savings and loan institution, trust or insurance company, pension, welfare or retirement fund or system, credit union, REIT (or an umbrella partnership or other entity of which a REIT is the majority owner and which is controlled by such REIT), federal or state agency regularly making or guaranteeing mortgage loans, investment bank, securitization trust (whether structured as a grantor trust or a real estate mortgage investment conduit), (2) any issuer of collateralized mortgage obligations or similar investment entity (provided such entity is publicly traded or is sponsored by an entity that is otherwise an Authorized Institution), (3) any other Person that is actively engaged in (a) the origination or holding of commercial real estate mortgage loans or mezzanine loans, or (b) the operation of reputable hotel/casino properties, and in each case which is approved by the applicable Gaming Authorities to originate or hold the applicable Leasehold Mortgage (to the extent required by applicable Law), and in each case which satisfies the Eligibility Requirements at the time of determination (or is wholly owned by a Person that satisfies the Eligibility Requirements at the time of the determination), (4) any Person that is (i) an Affiliate of, and (ii) either owns 50% or more of, or is owned 50% or more by, or is under 50% or more common ownership with, the Persons described in (1)-(3) above, in each case, acting either in its own capacity or as a trustee (including, as an indenture trustee, or (5) any investment fund, limited liability company, limited partnership or general partnership where (a) a Permitted Fund Manager acts as the general partner, managing member or fund manager and (b) at least 50% of the equity interests in such investment vehicle are owned, directly or indirectly, by one or more

entities that are otherwise Authorized Institutions under clauses (1)-(4) above (a Person described in this clause (5) being hereinafter referred to as a “ **Permitted Investment Fund**”). The fact a particular Person (or Affiliate of that Person) is a direct or indirect partner, shareholder, member, or other investor in Landlord or Tenant shall not preclude such Person from being an Authorized Institution and a Fee Mortgagee or Leasehold Mortgagee, as applicable; provided, that: (x) such entity has, in fact, made a bona fide mortgage or mezzanine loan to Landlord or Tenant secured by a Fee Mortgage or a Leasehold Mortgage, as applicable, or has acquired such loan, (y) such entity otherwise qualifies as an Authorized Institution and (z) in the case of a Leasehold Mortgagee, at the time such entity becomes a Leasehold Mortgagee, no Event of Default exists, unless simultaneously cured.

“**Casino**” means that certain gaming facility to be located on the Leased Premises and as more particularly described on **Exhibit B**.

“**Code**” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as the same may be amended or supplemented, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

“**Commencement Date**” is defined in Section 4.1.

“**Common Facilities**” includes, without limitation and as applicable, all parking areas, streets, driveways, curb cuts, access facilities, aisles, sidewalks, malls, landscaped areas, sanitary and storm sewer lines, water, gas, electric, telephone and other utility lines, systems, conduits and facilities and other common and service areas, whether located within or outside the Leased Premises and serving the Leased Premises, all as more particularly defined in the REA and the other Restrictive Agreements, and regardless of by whom owned.

“**Common Facilities Deposits**” is defined in Section 6.5.

“**Common Facilities Expense**” means, to the extent covered by or levied under the REA or any other Restrictive Agreement, all expenses, contributions, fees, assessments and costs in connection with operating, maintaining, repairing, insuring, lighting, protecting and securing the Common Facilities, as computed and to be paid in accordance with the REA or applicable Restrictive Agreement.

“**Competitor**” means a Person, the majority of whose business, or the majority of the business of an Affiliate of such Person, consists of the ownership, operation or management of a video lottery facility, casino or other facility used to conduct Gaming Operations (without regard to the reference in the definition thereof to the Leased Premises). Competitor shall not include, however, any Affiliate that (a) is a financial institution, institutional investor, or other financial or investment services, management or advisory establishment or enterprise that invests generally in industries that may include the gaming industry but is not limited solely to the gaming industry, or (b) is Affiliated with a Person the majority of whose business consists of the operation and management of a video lottery facility, casino or other facility used to conduct Gaming Operations (as aforesaid) by reason of ownership and control by, ownership and control of, or common control and ownership with, such Person through a Person described in the foregoing clause (a); provided, that the Person who acquires Landlord’s interest in this Lease executes and delivers to Tenant a nondisclosure agreement in customary form and providing, in

effect, that such Person will not disclose any Confidential Information relating to Tenant or the operation of the Leased Premises to any Affiliate of such Person a majority of whose business consists of the ownership, operation and management of a video lottery facility, casino or other facility used to conduct Gaming Operations (as aforesaid) and with respect to which there are no overlapping executive officers or other employees with access to Confidential Information (it being understood that overlapping directors shall be permitted, provided that such overlapping directors shall not be entitled to receive any Confidential Information hereunder). As used in this definition, "**Affiliate**" means as applied to a Person or Persons, any other Person or Persons directly or indirectly both (i) controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, that Person or Persons, and (ii) owned 40% or more by, owning 40% or more of, or under 40% or more common ownership with, such first Person.

"**Competitor Transfer**" is defined in Section 10.5.

"**Competitor Transfer Notice**" is defined in Section 10.5.

"**Construction Term**" is defined in Section 4.1.

"**CPI**" means the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor (base year 1982-84=100), or any successor index thereto.

"**Default Rate**" means the lesser of (a) the per annum interest rate from time to time publicly announced by Citibank, N.A., New York, New York as its base rate (i.e., its Prime Rate) plus four percent (4%) and (b) the highest rate of interest that may lawfully be charged to the party then required to pay interest under this Lease at the Default Rate. If Citibank, N.A. should cease to publicly announce its base rate, the Prime Rate hereunder shall be the prime, base or reference rate of the largest bank (based on assets) in the United States which announces such rate.

"**Depository**" is defined in Section 15.1.

"**Deposits**" is defined in Section 6.5.

"**Effective Date**" is the date first above written.

"**Eligible Gaming Revenue**" *

“Eligibility Requirements” means, with respect to any Person, that such Person has a capital/statutory surplus or shareholder’s equity, determined in accordance with GAAP, of at least Two Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$250,000,000.00), as such amount is Adjusted by CPI on the first day of each Option Period, if applicable.

“Environmental Laws” is defined in Section 3.5.

“Environmental Report” means that certain environmental site assessment prepared by [_____], dated [_____], respecting the Leased Premises.

“Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder.

“Fee Mortgage” is defined in Section 21.2.

“Fee Mortgagee” is defined in Section 21.2.

“Final Plans” means the final plans, drawings and specifications for the Project and any other improvements on the Leased Premises as built, as the same may be modified from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof.

“Fiscal Tax Year” is defined in Section 6.2(a)(i).

“Force Majeure” is defined in Article 24.

“GAAP” means generally accepted accounting principles set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (or agencies with similar functions of comparable stature and authority within the accounting profession), or in such other statements by such entity as may be in general use by significant segments of the U.S. accounting profession, including, without limitation, the International Financial Reporting Standards, if applicable, consistently applied.

“Gaming Authorities” means New York Lottery, New York State Racing and Wagering Board, or any other governmental division, commission or agency that now or hereafter has regulatory authority over Gaming Operations and/or over Persons operating or engaged in Gaming Operations by reason of their operation thereof or engagement therein, or over Persons receiving, directly or indirectly, revenues derived from Gaming Operations.

“Gaming Equipment” means any and all gaming devices, gaming device parts and inventory and other related gaming equipment and supplies used or usable in present or future Gaming Operations, including, without limitation, slot machines, gaming tables, cards, dice, chips, tokens, player tracking systems, cashless wagering systems and associated equipment.

“Gaming Laws” means all Laws applicable to the ownership, operation or management of casino facilities and video gaming facilities and to Gaming Operations and/or to Persons operating or engaged in Gaming Operations, including but not limited to all present and future requirements, administrative and judicial orders, laws, statutes, codes, ordinances, rules and regulations of Government Authorities and all pronouncements and requirements now or hereafter imposed by Governmental Authorities, whether or not having the force of Law.

“Gaming Licenses” means any permit, license, certificate or approval now or hereafter required by any Governmental Authority in order to conduct Gaming Operations on or from the Leased Premises in accordance with applicable Laws.

“Gaming Operations” means the operation within or from the Leased Premises of video gaming machines (including video lottery terminals), live and electronic table games (including, but not limited to, poker, blackjack, and internet gaming), and other games of chance, and wagering of any kind (including, without limitation, sports books), and of any and all types, which are now or hereafter permitted by applicable Laws, whether such wagers are made by customers physically located within the Leased Premises or from outside the Leased Premises (including, without limitation, via the Internet), but specifically excluding horse racing, pari-mutuel and simulcast wagering on horse racing; provided, in the case of customers not physically located on or within the Leased Premises, the revenue derived therefrom is reported (in whole or, to the extent so reported, in part) by Tenant to the applicable Governmental Authorities as revenue from Gaming Operations attributable to the Leased Premises.

“Governmental Authorities” means all federal, state, county, municipal and local departments, commissions, boards, bureaus, agencies, quasi-governmental entities and offices thereof, having jurisdiction over all or any part of Leased Premises or the Project or the use thereof, including Gaming Authorities.

“Guarantor” means *[if Tenant is not the operating entity, then guaranty will come from operator]*.

“Guaranty” means the Lease Guaranty by and between Landlord and Guarantor of even date herewith.

“Hazardous Substances” is defined in Section 12.6.

“Improvements” means all buildings, structures and improvements now or hereafter located on the Land (collectively, the **“Building”**) and all alterations, additions, improvements, repairs, restorations and replacements thereof, and the fixtures, equipment and machinery, in each case now or hereafter affixed thereto; provided, that Tenant’s Property and Gaming Equipment shall not be “Improvements” under the Lease.

“Indemnified Party” is defined in Section 12.5.

“Indemnifying Party” is defined in Section 12.5.

“Initial Fixed Term” is defined in Section 4.1.

“Knowledge” means, with respect to Landlord or Tenant, the actual knowledge of Landlord or Tenant, as applicable, without duty of inquiry or investigation.

“Land” means the tract of land constituting the Leased Premises described on **Exhibit A** attached hereto and, subject to Section 3.6, all rights appurtenant thereto, including but not limited to air rights and development rights appurtenant thereto.

“Landlord Indemnified Party” is defined in Article 18.

“Landlord Licenses and Permits” is defined in Section 8.6.

“Landlord Property Interests” means the right, title and interest of Landlord in (a) the Leased Premises, or (b) this Lease.

“Laws” means all present and future requirements, administrative and judicial orders, laws, statutes, codes, ordinances, rules and regulations of any Governmental Authority, including, but not limited to the ADA, including but not limited to Gaming Laws.

“Lease Year” means a period of twelve (12) full calendar months. The first Lease Year shall begin on the first day of the calendar month following the Commencement Date, unless the Term commences on the first day of a calendar month, in which case the first Lease Year shall begin on the Commencement Date. Each succeeding Lease Year shall commence on the anniversary of the commencement of the first Lease Year.

“Leased Premises” means the Land, and all rights, easements and privileges thereunto belonging or in any way appertaining, and all other rights, easements and privileges granted to Tenant in this Lease, excluding, however, the Improvements and Tenant’s Property.

“Leasehold Estate” is defined in Section 3.1.

“Leasehold Mortgage” is defined in Section 19.1.

“Leasehold Mortgagee” is defined in Section 19.2.

“Licenses and Permits” is defined in Section 8.4(b).

“Master Development Agreement” means that certain Comprehensive Development Plan dated as of [_____], together with certain related written agreements and documentation all as mutually agreed in writing between Landlord and Tenant and/or certain of their respective Affiliates.

“Master Development Site” means those certain tracts or parcels of land more particularly depicted on **Exhibit G** hereto, of which the Land is a part.

“Opening Date” is defined in Section 4.1.

“Operating Standard” is defined in Section 8.4(a).

“Option Periods” is defined in Section 4.2.

“Percentage Rent” is defined in Section 5.3.

“Permitted Exceptions” is defined in Section 3.1.

“Permitted Fund Manager” means any Person that on the date of determination is (i) a nationally-recognized manager of investment funds or an Authorized Institution described in clause (1) of the definition thereof, in each case investing in debt or equity interests relating to commercial real estate, (ii) investing through a fund with committed capital of at least \$250,000,000.00 and (iii) not subject to any bankruptcy or other insolvency proceeding.

“Person” means any natural person, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, estate, trust, unincorporated association or Governmental Authority and any fiduciary acting in such capacity on behalf of any of the foregoing.

“Project” means, collectively, one or more buildings that will include casino gaming facilities and a harness racetrack (if, and to the extent, a harness racetrack is required by applicable Law in order to maintain the Gaming Licenses or the Landlord Licenses and Permits), and may include one or more hotels, food and beverage outlets, a spa facility, retail venues, space for conferences, meetings, entertainment and multi-function events, parking facilities (including, without limitation, a parking garage and surface parking), and ancillary facilities to be located on the Leased Premises as described on **Exhibit B** and as more particularly described in the Restrictive Agreements.

“Racetrack” means that certain harness racetrack to be located on the Leased Premises as described on **Exhibit B** and as more particularly described in the Restrictive Agreements.

“REA” means, collectively, those certain agreements described on Schedule F attached hereto and by this reference made a part hereof, all as amended from time to time.

“Related Agreement” means, collectively, those certain agreements described on Schedule H attached hereto and by this reference made a part hereof, all as amended from time to time.

“Rent” means Annual Fixed Rent, Percentage Rent and any other charges, expenses or amounts payable by Tenant under this Lease.

“Restricted Area” means the area that is within a twenty-five (25) mile radius of the Leased Premises.

“Restrictive Agreements” means the Master Development Agreement, the REA and those certain agreements described on **Schedule G** attached hereto and by this reference made a part hereof, all as amended from time to time.

“Taxes” is defined in Section 6.2(a)(ii).

“Tax Deposits” is defined in Section 6.5.

“Tenant’s Operating Period” means the period beginning on the Opening Date and ending on the expiration or earlier termination of the Term.

“Tenant’s Property” is defined in Article 11.

“Tenant’s Pylon” is defined in Section 20.1.

“Tenant’s Signs” is defined in Section 20.2.

“Term” and **“Term of this Lease”** means the Construction Term and Initial Fixed Term and any renewal or extension thereof as provided in Article 4.

“Transfer Taxes” is defined in Section 26.22.

“Uniform System of Accounts” means the Uniform System of Accounts for the Lodging Industry, Tenth Revised Edition, 2006, as adopted by the American Hotel & Motel Association, and all future amendments and supplements thereto that are in general use within the United States as hotels similar to that of the hotels operated on the Leased Premises.

“Violations” means any and all notes or notices of violations of Law whatsoever noted in or issued by any Governmental Authority having jurisdiction over the Leased Premises.

ARTICLE 3. DEMISE OF LEASED PREMISES

3.1 **Demise of Leased Premises.** Landlord hereby demises and leases the Leased Premises unto Tenant, and Tenant hereby leases the same from Landlord, for the consideration and upon the terms and conditions set forth in this Lease. The Leased Premises are demised and let hereunder subject only to (a) the matters recorded in the land records of Sullivan County, New York affecting title thereof as of the Effective Date as reflected on Schedule A hereto,¹ (b) any state of facts shown on that certain [**will be updated to refer to current survey**], and any further state of facts which an accurate survey or physical inspection thereof might show, provided that such further state of facts would not adversely affect Tenant’s ability to construct or operate the Project or the Leased Premises or the value thereof in any material respect, (c) all zoning regulations, restrictions, rules and ordinances, building restrictions and other Laws now

¹ Assumes that all of the documentation that needs to be recorded as part of the overall project (e.g., the REA and other Restrictive Agreements, etc.) will be recorded prior to the Effective Date and reflected on Schedule A; if recordation of further title documents at a future date is contemplated, that will be dealt with here as well.

in effect or hereafter adopted by any Governmental Authority having jurisdiction, (d) Taxes which are a lien but not yet due and payable, (e) all covenants, restrictions and utility company rights, easements and franchises relating to electricity, water, steam, gas, telephone, sewer or other service or the right to use and maintain poles, lines, wires, cables, pipes, boxes and other fixtures and facilities in, over, under and upon the Leased Premises which exist as of the Effective Date or which are permitted to be placed thereon after the Effective Date pursuant to the express provisions of this Lease or any of the Restrictive Agreements, (f) subject to the further provisions of Section 21.2 below, all Fee Mortgages whether now or hereafter existing, (g) all outstanding Violations issued or noted on the Effective Date and listed on Schedule B attached hereto, (h) any matter which from time to time may affect title to the Leased Premises which results from any act or omission of Tenant or any Affiliate of Tenant or any Person claiming by, through or under Tenant or any Affiliate of Tenant, or any director, officer, employee, agent or contractor of, or other Person acting on behalf of or at the direction of, Tenant or any Affiliate of Tenant or any Person claiming by, through or under Tenant or any Affiliate of Tenant, and (i) any other matter which from time to time may affect title to the Leased Premises which results from any act or omission of any Person from and after the Effective Date (other than from any act or omission of Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord or any Person claiming by, through or under Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord, or any director, officer, employee, agent or contractor of, or other Person acting on behalf of or at the direction of, Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord or any Person claiming by, through or under Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord, which is not otherwise permitted to be done or not done, as applicable, under this Lease) (collectively, the matters described in the foregoing clauses, ***“Permitted Exceptions”***). The right, title and interest of Tenant in its leasehold estate in the Land and Improvements as created by this Lease is sometimes referred to as the ***“Leasehold Estate”***.

3.2 **Development Matters.** Development and construction of the Project on the Leased Premises shall be governed by the Master Development Agreement.

3.3 **Landlord’s Representations.** Landlord represents and warrants to Tenant that: (a) Landlord owns and holds fee title in and to the Leased Premises; (b) Landlord has full right and lawful authority to enter into and perform Landlord’s obligations under this Lease; (c) Landlord has not leased, licensed or otherwise agreed to permit the use of the Leased Premises to any third party whose lease, license or occupancy right is still in effect; (d) Landlord has not sold, assigned or otherwise transferred any of the development rights, air rights or mineral rights appurtenant to the Leased Premises, nor has exploited or is it currently exploiting or otherwise seeking to mine or extract any of the minerals or other natural resources located beneath the surface of the Leased Premises; and (e) no portion of the Leased Premises is part of a tax lot that also includes any real property that is not part of the Leased Premises ***[separate tax lot will be created prior to Effective Date]***.

3.4 **Covenant of Quiet Enjoyment.** Landlord covenants to Tenant that for so long as no Event of Default shall exist and subject to the terms and conditions of this Lease, Tenant shall have and enjoy, during the Term of this Lease, the quiet and undisturbed possession of the Leased Premises as in this Lease contemplated, free from interference by Landlord or any party claiming by, through or under Landlord but none other, and free of any liens, encumbrances or other claims created by Landlord or any director, officer, employee or agent of Landlord or any

Affiliate of Landlord or any other Person acting at the direction of Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord, other than Permitted Exceptions, which may adversely affect the value of the Land and Improvements in any material respect (unless the same would be extinguished upon or in connection with a transfer of Landlord's interest in the Leased Premises) or Tenant's use and enjoyment of the Leased Premises or the Project in any material respect, in each case whether or not superior to this Lease and the Leasehold Estate. If (a) Landlord breaches its covenants set forth in this Section 3.4, (b) it is determined by a final and non-appealable order of a court of competent jurisdiction that Tenant has suffered damages recoverable hereunder as a result of such breach and the amount of such damages actually suffered by Tenant, and (c) Landlord fails to pay to Tenant the amount of such damages as so determined within thirty (30) days after the date of such order, then Tenant shall have the right, to offset the amount of such damages against the next succeeding installment(s) of Annual Fixed Rent and Percentage Rent due under this Lease until credited in full.

3.5 No Representations by Landlord. Tenant hereby accepts the Leased Premises in its "as is, where is" condition as of the Commencement Date. Tenant represents to Landlord that Tenant has examined the title to and the physical condition of the Leased Premises prior to the execution and delivery of this Lease and has found the same to be satisfactory for all purposes hereof. Tenant acknowledges that, except as herein expressly set forth, Landlord has not made, does not make, and specifically negates and disclaims any representations, warranties, promises, covenants, agreements or guaranties of any kind or character whatsoever, whether express or implied, oral or written, of, as to, concerning, or with respect to, (a) the value, nature, quality or condition of the Leased Premises, including, without limitation, the water, soil and geology; (b) the suitability of the Leased Premises for any and all activities and uses which may be conducted thereon; (c) the compliance of or by the Leased Premises with any laws, rules, ordinances or regulations of any applicable governmental authority or body; (d) the habitability, merchantability, marketability, profitability or fitness for a particular purpose of the Leased Premises, or (e) any other matter with respect to the Leased Premises, and specifically, Landlord has not made, does not make and specifically negates and disclaims any representations or warranties regarding compliance of the Leased Premises with any environmental protection, pollution or land use laws, rules, regulations, orders or requirements, including without limitation, those pertaining to solid waste, as defined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Regulations at 40 C.F.R., Part 261, or the disposal or existence, in or on the Leased Premises, of any hazardous substances, as defined by The Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, and the regulations promulgated thereunder (collectively, "**Environmental Laws**"); provided, however, that Landlord represents that it has not received any notice of violation under any Environmental Law during the period of Landlord's ownership of the Leased Premises, except for those previously disclosed to Tenant in writing or as set forth on Schedule C hereto. Tenant shall rely solely on its own investigation of the Leased Premises and not on any information provided or to be provided by Landlord, its directors, contractors, agents, employees or representatives. Except as expressly set forth herein, Landlord shall not be liable or bound in any manner by any verbal or written statements, representations or information pertaining to the Leased Premises or the operation thereof, furnished by any party purporting to act on behalf of Landlord.

3.6 Mutual Covenants Relating to Certain Appurtenant Rights. Neither Landlord nor Tenant shall sell, assign or otherwise transfer any of the development, air, or mineral rights

appurtenant to the Leased Premises during the Term without the express written consent of the other party, nor shall either party exploit or otherwise seek to mine or extract any of the minerals or other natural resources located beneath the surface of the Leased Premises during the Term.

ARTICLE 4.
TERM

4.1 **Term.** The construction term of this Lease (the “**Construction Term**”) shall commence on the Effective Date and shall expire on the earlier of (a) the date that Tenant opens the Casino for business to the public (as opposed to a “soft opening”) in the Leased Premises (the “**Opening Date**”) and (b) the date that is twelve (12) months after the Effective Date. The Initial Fixed Term of this Lease (the “**Initial Fixed Term**”) shall commence upon the end of the Construction Term (the “**Commencement Date**”), and shall expire unless extended in accordance with Section 4.2 at midnight on the last day of the calendar month that is twenty (20) years after the Commencement Date. After the Commencement Date, Landlord and Tenant shall promptly execute and deliver a Memorandum of Term Commencement in the form attached hereto as **Exhibit D**, and Tenant shall have the right, at Tenant’s sole cost and expense, to cause the same to be recorded against the Leased Premises in the land records of Sullivan County, New York; provided, that the failure to execute and deliver such instrument shall not affect the determination of such date in accordance with this Section 4.1 or give rise to any liability on the part of Landlord or Tenant.

4.2 **Options to Extend.** Provided that no Event of Default exists, Tenant shall have the right to extend the Term of this Lease for three (3) successive periods of ten (10) years each (each, an “**Option Period**” and, collectively, the “**Option Periods**”) from the date upon which the Term would otherwise expire upon the same terms and conditions as those herein specified for the Initial Fixed Term as such term may have been extended in accordance herewith. If Tenant elects to exercise its option for any Option Period, it shall do so by giving Landlord written notice of such election at least twelve (12) months before the beginning of the Option Period for which the Term of this Lease is to be extended by the exercise of such option, time being of the essence with respect to the giving of such notice. If Tenant timely gives such notice, the Term of this Lease shall be automatically extended for the Option Period covered by the option so exercised without execution of an extension or renewal lease. Prior to the commencement of the applicable Option Period, Landlord and Tenant shall execute and deliver to each other an extension agreement in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Landlord and Tenant confirming the Term of this Lease as so extended; provided, that the failure to execute and deliver such instrument shall not affect the validity of such Option Period or give rise to any liability of the part of Landlord or Tenant. Failure to extend the Lease for any Option Period shall constitute a waiver of Tenant’s right to extend the term of this Lease for any subsequent Option Period(s).

4.3 **Continued Possession of Tenant; Holding Over.** (a) The parties recognize and agree that the damage to Landlord resulting from any failure by Tenant to timely surrender the Leased Premises upon expiration of other earlier termination of this Lease will be substantial, will exceed the amount of the monthly installments of Annual Fixed Rent and Percentage Rent theretofore payable hereunder, and will be impossible to accurately measure. Tenant therefore agrees that if possession of the Leased Premises is not surrendered to Landlord upon the

expiration or earlier termination of this Lease, then Tenant shall pay to Landlord for each month during which Tenant holds over in the Leased Premises after the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease, holdover rent equal to: (i) for the first and second months after such expiration or termination, the sum of (A) * % of (y) the Fixed Annual Rent which Tenant was obligated to pay for the month immediately preceding the end of the Term plus (z) the Percentage Rent which would be payable under this Lease for such month if such period were included in the Term hereunder, plus (B) all other Rent payable by Tenant pursuant to the terms of this Lease (including, without limitation, Taxes and operating expenses); (ii) for the third and fourth months after such expiration or termination, the sum of (A) *% of (y) the Fixed Annual Rent which Tenant was obligated to pay for the month immediately preceding the end of the Term plus (z) the greater of (I) the Percentage Rent which would be payable under this Lease for such month if such period were included in the Term hereunder and (II) one twelfth (1/12) of the Percentage Rent which Tenant was obligated to pay for the last full Lease Year of the Term, plus (B) all other Rent payable by Tenant pursuant to the terms of this Lease (including, without limitation, Taxes and operating expenses); (iii) for the fifth and sixth months after such expiration or termination, the sum of (A) *% of (y) the Fixed Annual Rent which Tenant was obligated to pay for the month immediately preceding the end of the Term plus (z) the greater of (I) the Percentage Rent which would be payable under this Lease for such month if such period were included in the Term hereunder and (II) one twelfth (1/12) of the Percentage Rent which Tenant was obligated to pay for the last full Lease Year of the Term, plus (B) all other Rent payable by Tenant pursuant to the terms of this Lease (including, without limitation, Taxes and operating expenses); and (iv) thereafter, the sum of (A) *% of (y) the Fixed Annual Rent which Tenant was obligated to pay for the month immediately preceding the end of the Term plus (z) the greater of (I) the Percentage Rent which would be payable under this Lease for such month if such period were included in the Term hereunder and (II) one twelfth (1/12) of the Percentage Rent which Tenant was obligated to pay for the last full Lease Year of the Term, plus (B) all other Rent payable by Tenant pursuant to the terms of this Lease (including, without limitation, Taxes and operating expenses).

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of Section 4.3(a), no holding over by Tenant after the expiration or earlier termination of the Term shall operate to extend the Term, and the acceptance of any rent paid by Tenant pursuant to this Section 4.3 shall not preclude Landlord from commencing and prosecuting a holdover or summary eviction proceeding. The provisions of this Section 4.3 shall be deemed to be an "agreement expressly providing otherwise" within the meaning of Section 232-c of the Real Property Law of the State of New York. Tenant expressly waives, for itself and for any Person claiming through or under Tenant, any rights which Tenant or any such Person may have under the provisions of Section 2201 of the New York Civil Practice Law and Rules and of any successor law of like import then in force, in connection with any holdover summary proceedings which Landlord may institute to enforce the provisions of this Lease.

4.4 Certain Landlord Rights.

(a) Landlord or its agent shall have the right to enter the Leased Premises at all reasonable times during normal business hours and upon reasonable advance notice for the purpose of exhibiting the Leased Premises at any time during the Term, provided that Landlord shall not be permitted to enter any restricted areas such as count rooms, cages and surveillance

rooms unless accompanied by a representative of Tenant and subject to reasonable security rules and applicable Law; and, provided further that Landlord shall not exhibit the Leased Premises to prospective tenants until twelve (12) months prior to the then-scheduled expiration date of the Term of this Lease. Landlord shall have no right to place any "for sale" or "for rent" notices or signs on the Leased Premises at any time during the Term of the Lease. Tenant hereby waives all notice to vacate upon the expiration or other termination of this Lease.

(b) Upon the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease, Tenant shall, at the option and expense of Landlord, transfer to and relinquish to Landlord or Landlord's nominee and reasonably cooperate with Landlord or Landlord's nominee in connection with the processing by Landlord or such nominee of the Licenses and Permits and all assignable service contracts, which may be necessary or appropriate for the operation by Landlord or such nominee of the Leased Premises; provided that the costs and expenses of any such transfer or the processing of any such application shall be paid by Landlord or Landlord's nominee; and Landlord agrees to hold harmless, or to cause Landlord's nominee to hold harmless, Tenant from all claims, liabilities or expense arising from any such transfer or processing. Landlord acknowledges that some or all of such Licenses and Permits relating to the operation of the Casino and Racetrack, including simulcast and liquor licenses, are or may not be assignable by Law.

ARTICLE 5.

RENT

5.1 **Payment of Rent.** Tenant shall timely pay all Rent due under this Lease to Landlord by check (subject to collection) drawn on a bank that clears through The Clearing House Payments Company L.L.C. or electronic transfer, at the times and to the accounts provided herein without notice or demand and without setoff or counterclaim payable to Landlord at Landlord's address first written above until Tenant receives other written instructions from Landlord. In the event (i) Landlord provides notice to Tenant of any Fee Mortgage encumbering Landlord's fee interest in the Leased Premises and (ii) the Fee Mortgagee under such Fee Mortgage delivers written notice to Tenant asserting that an event of default exists under such Fee Mortgage, Tenant shall be permitted to rely on written instructions from any such Fee Mortgagee and any payments made in accordance therewith shall discharge Tenant's obligations hereunder to the extent of such payments as if such payments were made to Landlord.

5.2 **Annual Fixed Rent; Escalation.** Tenant shall pay to Landlord, commencing on the Commencement Date and continuing throughout the Term of this Lease, the Annual Fixed Rent for each Lease Year, payable in equal monthly installments on or before the first day of each calendar month, in advance during such Lease Year. If the Annual Fixed Rent is payable for a fraction of a month, the amount payable shall be a pro rata share of a full month's rent based on the number of days elapsed in such month. The Annual Fixed Rent shall be prorated for any partial Lease Year. Annual Fixed Rent under this Lease shall be as follows:

- (a) * Dollars (\$ *), subject to the escalation provisions set forth in Section 5.2(b).

(b) On the first day of the sixth, eleventh and sixteenth Lease Years and the first day of each Option Period, if exercised, and the first day of the fifth Lease Year of each such Option Period if exercised (each an “**Escalation Date**”), Annual Fixed Rent shall be increased to an amount, per annum, equal to (i) the Annual Fixed Rent payable during the immediately preceding Lease Year plus (ii) an amount equal to the Annual Fixed Rent payable during the immediately preceding Lease Year multiplied by * percent (*%). The Annual Fixed Rent, as increased on each Escalation Date, shall remain in effect for the following five (5) Lease Years until the succeeding Escalation Date or expiration of the Term of this Lease, as applicable. After each Escalation Date, Landlord and Tenant shall promptly execute and deliver an instrument confirming the Annual Fixed Rent as increased on such Escalation Date; provided, that the failure to execute and deliver such instrument shall not affect the determination of Annual Fixed Rent in accordance with this Section 5.2(b) or give rise to any liability on the part of Landlord or Tenant.

5.3 **Percentage Rent.**

(a) In addition to the Annual Fixed Rent, Tenant shall pay Landlord as percentage rent (the “**Percentage Rent**”) an amount for each Lease Year equal to * percent (*%) of the Eligible Gaming Revenue in excess of the Base Eligible Gaming Revenue amount for such Lease Year. As used herein, “**Base Eligible Gaming Revenue Amount**” shall mean an amount equal to the quotient obtained by dividing the Annual Fixed Rent payable for such Lease Year by * percent (*%) (for example, if the Annual Fixed Rent for a particular Lease Year is \$*.00, then the Base Eligible Gaming Revenue Amount would equal \$ *. 00, and Tenant would pay as Percentage Rent for such Lease Year an amount equal to * percent (*%) of the excess of the Eligible Gaming Revenue for such Lease Year over \$*.00). For the purpose of computing the Percentage Rent for the first Lease Year, the Eligible Gaming Revenue, if any, for the partial calendar month preceding the first Lease Year shall be included in the Eligible Gaming Revenue for the first Lease Year. Within thirty (30) days after the end of each calendar month of each Lease Year during the Term, Tenant shall furnish to Landlord a statement certified to be correct and complete by a corporate officer of Tenant, showing the total revenues from Gaming Operations during the preceding calendar month and the calculation of Eligible Gaming Revenue hereunder for such calendar month (subject to customary adjustments), which statement shall be accompanied by Tenant’s payment of Percentage Rent for such preceding calendar month, if any is due. Tenant shall require its concessionaires, licensees or subtenants, if any, managing any Gaming Operations, if any, to furnish similar statements. Within thirty (30) days after the end of each Lease Year occurring during the Term, Tenant shall furnish to Landlord a statement in writing, certified to be correct and complete by a corporate officer of Tenant, showing the total revenues from Gaming Operations during the preceding Lease Year and the calculation of Eligible Gaming Revenue hereunder for such preceding Lease Year, which Statement shall be accompanied by any deficiency between the full amount of Percentage Rent for such Lease Year, less the amount previously paid as provided above. If such statement shall show that Tenant has paid to Landlord an amount greater than Tenant is required to pay under this Section 5.3, the amount of such overpayment shall be, at Landlord’s option, either (A) credited against Tenant’s next succeeding installment(s) of Annual Fixed Rent and Percentage Rent until credited in full or (B) paid directly to Tenant within ten (10) days. Tenant shall require its concessionaires, licensees or subtenants, if any, managing any Gaming Operations, if any, to furnish similar statements. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there is a

change in Law applicable to Gaming Operations the effect of which is to require Tenant to report revenues from Gaming Operations less frequently than monthly or which results in remittances of revenues from Gaming Operations to Tenant less frequently than monthly, then from and after the effectiveness of such change in applicable Law: (i) Tenant shall be required to pay Percentage Rent under this Lease on a quarterly basis (as opposed to monthly) and (ii) all references in this Section 5.3(a) to calendar months shall be deemed instead to refer to calendar quarters. The obligations of Tenant pursuant to this Section 5.3(a) shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease.

(b) Tenant shall submit to Landlord photocopies of Tenant's federal, state or local reports relating to revenues from Gaming Operations promptly after filing the same with the appropriate Governmental Authority regulating Gaming Operations or horse racing at the Leased Premises.

(c) Without limiting Tenant's other reporting obligations under this Lease, Tenant shall keep at the Leased Premises or at Tenant's executive offices accurate and complete books and records of all revenue from Gaming Operations and Eligible Gaming Revenue, in each Lease Year, for a period of three (3) years after such Lease Year (or such longer period, if any, as may be required by applicable Law). The books and records shall be kept in accordance with GAAP or such other accounting method which Tenant may be required by applicable Law to use in calculating revenue from Gaming Operations, and shall include without limitation: (i) detailed original records of any exclusions or deductions from Eligible Gaming Revenue, (ii) sales tax records, and (iii) such other records as would customarily be maintained by an operator of comparable Gaming Operations or facilities similar to the Project. Upon reasonable notice to Tenant, such books and records shall be available during normal business hours to Landlord or its representatives for the purpose of examining the same. A representative of Tenant may be present at such examination. Examinations by Landlord shall be limited to the Lease Year(s) in question, not more than two (2) times per Lease Year (and, in addition, in connection with any potential financing or sale or other disposition of Landlord's interest in the Leased Premises) and upon reasonable notice to Tenant, and shall be conducted so as to not unreasonably interfere with the operation of Tenant's business. In the event an examination of the records of Tenant shall disclose that Eligible Gaming Revenue as reported varies by * percent (*%) or more from the actual Eligible Gaming Revenue for the applicable period, Tenant agrees to pay to Landlord the reasonable cost of any such examination. In the event an examination of records of Tenant shall disclose that Tenant has overpaid Percentage Rent with respect to any particular Lease Year, Landlord shall, at Landlord's option, either (A) credit the amount thereof against Tenant's next succeeding installment(s) of Annual Fixed Rent and Percentage Rent until credited in full or (B) pay such amount directly to Tenant within ten (10) days.

(d) For purposes of calculating Eligible Gaming Revenue, the term "**Tenant**" shall include any and all of Tenant's operators, managers, subtenants, concessionaires, licensees or any other occupants or operators of or at the Leased Premises who receive revenue from Gaming Operations (which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall not include the suppliers of Gaming Equipment (in their capacity as such), including any such suppliers that receive a participation in gaming revenues derived from the Gaming Equipment by such supplier in accordance with customary industry practices).

(e) During Tenant's Operating Period, Tenant shall conduct its business in the Leased Premises in good faith and in accordance with the Operating Standard. It is understood and agreed by Landlord that Tenant has made no representation of any kind whatsoever as to the minimum or maximum amount of Eligible Gaming Revenue which will be made in the Leased Premises during any Lease Year of the Term of this Lease.

(f) Landlord hereby acknowledges that all information delivered or made available to Landlord under this Section 5.3 shall be subject to the terms and provisions set forth in Section 26.24 with respect to such information.

(g) The expiration or termination of this Lease during any Lease Year for any part or all of which there is Percentage Rent payable to Landlord under this Section 5.3 shall not offset the rights or obligations of the parties hereto respecting such Percentage Rent, including, without limitation, Tenant's obligation to prepare Percentage Rent statements as set forth above and to pay the Percentage Rent, prorated as of any such expiration or termination. The provisions of this Section 5.3(g) shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease.

ARTICLE 6. **EXPENSES**

6.1 **Operating Expenses.** Tenant shall be solely responsible for the payment of all operating expenses for the Leased Premises, including without limitation repair and maintenance charges, insurance charges, and all other charges incurred in connection with the operation of the Leased Premises pursuant to this Lease. Tenant shall pay its pro rata share of all Common Facilities Expenses, and any other operating expenses, contributions, maintenance costs, governmental charges, capital expenditures, and expenses related to the ownership and operation of the Leased Premises, whether or not specifically mentioned in this Lease, directly to the appropriate party prior to delinquency of such payments.

6.2 Tenant's Real Estate Taxes

(a) As used in this Article, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

(i) "***Fiscal Tax Year***" means the twelve (12) month period established as the tax year by the taxing authority having jurisdiction over the Leased Premises.

(ii) "***Taxes***" means all ad valorem taxes and assessments and governmental charges (including sewer charges), general or special, ordinary or extraordinary, foreseen or unforeseen, of any kind or nature whatsoever, imposed by any Governmental Authorities, which are levied on or charged against the Leased Premises, the Project, Tenant's Property, personal property or rents, or on the right or privilege of leasing real estate or collecting rents thereon, and any other taxes and assessments attributable to the Leased Premises or its operation or any tax or assessment or governmental charge imposed or collected by a Governmental Authority in lieu of or in substitution for any such tax, assessment or governmental charge, including without limitation all special assessments, impact fees, development fees, traffic generation fees, parking fees in respect of any Fiscal Tax Year falling wholly within the Term of this

Lease and the allocable portion of any real estate taxes so imposed in respect of any Fiscal Tax Year falling partly within and partly without the Term of this Lease, equal to the proportion which the number of days of such Fiscal Tax Year falling within the Term of this Lease bears to the total number of days of such Fiscal Tax Year; excluding, however, any income, franchise, corporate, capital levy, capital stock, excess profits, transfer, revenue, estate, inheritance, gift, devolution or succession tax payable by Landlord or any other tax, assessment, charge or levy upon the Rent payable hereunder by Tenant, except to the extent any such tax, assessment, charge or levy is imposed in substitution for any ad valorem tax or assessment.

(b) Landlord shall notify any applicable taxing authority of the identity and address of Tenant and shall direct or request such taxing authority to deliver to Tenant all bills and other notices with respect to Taxes from and after the Effective Date. Tenant shall pay all Taxes directly to the appropriate taxing authorities prior to their delinquency. Tenant shall have the right (but shall not be obligated) to contest the Taxes or the validity thereof by appropriate legal proceedings or in such other manner as it deems suitable, and Landlord agrees that whenever Landlord's cooperation is required in any of the proceedings brought by Tenant as aforesaid, Landlord will reasonably cooperate therein, provided the same shall not entail any cost, liability or expense to Landlord and Tenant will pay, indemnify and save Landlord harmless of and from, any and all liabilities, losses, judgments, decrees, costs and expenses (including, without limitation, all reasonable attorneys' fees, court costs and disbursements) in connection with any such contest and will, promptly after the final settlement, fully pay and discharge the amounts which shall be levied, assessed, charged or imposed or be determined to be payable therein or in connection therewith, and Tenant shall perform and observe all acts and obligations, the performance of which shall be ordered or decreed as a result thereof. No such contest shall subject Landlord or the holder of any Fee Mortgage to the risk of any material civil liability or the risk of any criminal liability. Landlord shall not, during the pendency of such legal or other proceeding or contest, pay or discharge any Taxes, or tax lien or tax title pertaining thereto, provided Landlord may do so in order to stay a sale of the Leased Premises through foreclosure of a tax lien thereon. Any refund obtained by Tenant in respect of Taxes shall be paid (i) first to Tenant to the extent of its costs and expenses of such contest, (ii) second, to Landlord on account of any portion of the Taxes so refunded which was previously paid by Landlord, if any, and (iii) third, to Tenant on account of any portion of the Taxes so refunded which was previously paid by Tenant.

(c) Taxes for the Fiscal Tax Year in which the Effective Date occurs shall be apportioned between Landlord and Tenant in that percentage which the number of days in such Fiscal Tax Year from the Effective Date to the end of such Fiscal Tax Year (with respect to the Fiscal Tax Year in which the Effective Date occurs) bear to the total number of days in such Fiscal Tax Year, and Taxes for the Fiscal Tax Year in which the Term expires shall be apportioned between Tenant and Landlord in that percentage which the number of days in such Fiscal Tax Year from the first day of such Fiscal Tax Year to the expiration of the Term (with respect to the Fiscal Tax Year in which the Term expires) bear to the total number of days in such Fiscal Tax Year; provided, that no such apportionments shall occur unless (i) the Taxes have actually been paid by the party responsible for such period and (ii) with respect to Taxes for the last Fiscal Tax Year during the Term, if Tenant shall become the fee owner of the Leased Premises. The apportionment for Taxes for the first Fiscal Tax Year during the Term shall be

made and paid simultaneously with the execution and delivery of this Lease, and the apportionment for Taxes for the last Fiscal Tax Year during the Term shall be made and paid within ten (10) Business Days of the expiration of the Term.

6.3 **Restrictive Agreements.** The Leased Premises are subject to the Restrictive Agreements. Landlord and Tenant hereby agree as follows:

(a) No amendment of the Restrictive Agreements after the Effective Date which does or could reasonably be expected to adversely impact the rights enjoyed by Tenant or the Leased Premises, the Project and the Improvements thereunder or hereunder in any material respect, including any limitation on any Permitted Use or any requirement to pay any amounts in excess of amounts payable under the applicable Restrictive Agreement as in effect on the date hereof (except to the extent the obligation to pay any such additional amounts is otherwise set forth in the applicable Restrictive Agreement in effect on the date hereof), shall be effective without Tenant's prior written consent, which consent may be granted or withheld in Tenant's sole discretion, and Landlord shall not approve or agree to any such amendment to the extent Landlord's approval or agreement is required thereto.

(b) Landlord hereby agrees to use commercially reasonable efforts, at Tenant's expense, to enforce the cross-easement rights, operating covenants and other rights contained in the Restrictive Agreements on Tenant's behalf to the extent fee simple ownership is required to enforce such rights, and if Landlord fails to proceed with its reasonable efforts to enforce said rights on Tenant's behalf within thirty (30) days after notice thereof from Tenant, Landlord agrees that Tenant shall have the right to enforce said rights under the Restrictive Agreements directly and in the name of and on behalf of Landlord if required (all at Tenant's expense), Landlord hereby conferring such enforcement rights unto Tenant. Without limiting the foregoing, Landlord agrees that the Tenant under this Lease shall be named as a third party beneficiary under, or otherwise be given a direct right to enforce, any such Restrictive Agreement, except to the extent prohibited or not otherwise permitted under applicable Laws.

(c) Tenant shall, during the Term of this Lease, comply with and promptly perform in all material respects each and all of the terms and provisions of the REA and all other Restrictive Agreements insofar as they relate to the Project or the Leased Premises or any portion thereof or, subject to Section 6.3(a) above, are otherwise imposed or binding upon any owner, tenant or occupant of the Project, the Leased Premises or any portion thereof. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Tenant agrees to pay any Common Facilities Expense that Landlord, or the owner of the Leased Premises would otherwise be obligated to pay under the REA or any other Restrictive Agreement with respect to the Leased Premises or services provided thereto.

(d) Landlord agrees to cooperate with Tenant, at Tenant's expense, in the exercise of any rights or remedies pursuant to the Restrictive Agreements the exercise of which Tenant reasonably believes is desirable, necessary or prudent with respect to the Leased Premises and the operation, financing, development, use and maintenance thereof. Tenant hereby covenants and agrees to indemnify and hold harmless Landlord from and against any and all claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities (including reasonable attorneys' fees) which Landlord may suffer or incur by reason of any failure by Tenant to pay and perform all of its

obligations pursuant to the terms of, or any violation of or noncompliance with any of the covenants and agreements contained in, the Restrictive Agreements, or any of them, with which Tenant is required hereunder to comply. If at any time any claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities are asserted against Landlord by reason of any failure by Tenant to pay and perform all of the terms of, or any violation of or noncompliance with any of the covenants and agreements contained in, the Restrictive Agreements with which Tenant is required hereunder to comply, Tenant will, upon notice from Landlord, defend any such claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities at Tenant's sole cost and expense by counsel reasonably acceptable to Landlord. Landlord will promptly provide to Tenant a copy of any notice received by Landlord in connection with any Restrictive Agreement.

6.4 **Utility Payments.** Tenant shall pay all charges for gas, electricity, water, sewer service and any and all other utilities used in the Project and the Leased Premises during the Term of this Lease, all such utilities to be obtained by Tenant directly from the applicable utility company. Tenant also shall be solely responsible for the payment of any connection, tap, hookup or other fee(s) imposed by Governmental Authorities or by any utility company to extend, connect or continue utility service to the Leased Premises, it being acknowledged that such utilities shall be brought to the perimeter of the Leased Premises as contemplated in the Master Development Agreement. Other than as may be set forth in the Restrictive Agreements, Landlord shall have no obligation to provide any utility services to the Leased Premises, or any part thereof, and shall have no responsibility or liability to Tenant or any third party if any such utility services are not provided to the Leased Premises or any part thereof. Landlord does not warrant that any utilities will be free from any shortages, failures, variations, or interruptions. None of the same shall be deemed an eviction or disturbance of Tenant's use and possession of the Leased Premises or any part thereof, or render Landlord liable to Tenant for an abatement of Rent, or relieve Tenant from performance of Tenant's obligations under this Lease. Landlord in no event shall be liable for damages by reason of any such shortages, failures, variations, or interruptions, including without limitation, loss of profits, business interruption or other incidental or consequential damages.²

6.5 **Escrows for Taxes and Common Facilities Expenses.** In the event Tenant fails timely to pay any Taxes prior to their delinquency as required by Section 6.2 above, then unless waived by Landlord (or otherwise waived pursuant to the further provisions of this [Section 6.5](#)), Tenant shall make monthly deposits for Taxes ("**Tax Deposits**") with Landlord equal to one-twelfth (1/12th) of the Taxes for the applicable Fiscal Tax Year such that Tax Deposits sufficient to pay the same when due are held by Landlord not less than thirty (30) days before they are due (with appropriate adjustment to the initial Tax Deposit amount). In the event Tenant fails timely to pay any Common Facilities Expenses prior to their delinquency as required by Section 6.1 above, then unless waived by Landlord (or otherwise waived pursuant to the further provisions of this [Section 6.5](#)), Tenant shall make monthly deposits for Common Facilities Expenses ("**Common Facilities Deposits**"; each of the Tax Deposits and Common Facilities Deposits hereinafter being referred to as "**Deposits**") with Landlord equal to one-twelfth (1/12th) of the Common Facilities Expenses for the applicable annual period such that Common Facilities

² The right to grant customary utility easements as well as Landlord's cooperation in connection with the same and Landlord's and Tenant's respective rights and obligations with respect to such easements will be addressed in the Restrictive Agreements.

Deposits sufficient to pay the same when due are held by Landlord not less than thirty (30) days before they are due (with appropriate adjustment to the initial Common Facilities Deposit amount). To the extent Taxes or Common Facilities Expenses for any Fiscal Tax Year or other annual period are not yet ascertainable, Deposits shall be made based on the Taxes or Common Facilities Expenses, as applicable, for the prior Fiscal Tax Year or other annual period until ascertainable; and at such time as they are ascertainable, Tenant shall promptly deposit any deficiency or receive a credit against future Deposits for any excess, as applicable. Tenant shall not claim any credit against the Annual Fixed Rent or the Percentage Rent or any other Rent (other than the Rent consisting of Taxes and/or Common Facilities Expenses, as applicable) due under this Lease for the Deposits. Tenant shall promptly notify Landlord of any changes to the amounts, schedules and instructions for payment of the Taxes or Common Facilities Expenses to the extent that Landlord is not being regularly informed of the same from the applicable Governmental Authorities. The Deposits shall be held by Landlord at a bank that meets the Eligibility Requirements without interest and shall not be commingled with other funds and may be held by or on behalf of any Fee Mortgagee (but the same shall not constitute collateral for or under any Fee Mortgage). Tenant agrees to make the Deposits as directed in writing by such Fee Mortgagee, if applicable, provided that such Fee Mortgagee shall agree in writing to be subject to the terms of this Section 6.5. Landlord shall pay the Taxes and or Common Facilities Expenses, as applicable, prior to their due date to the extent that the Deposits are sufficient to pay the same or Tenant has deposited with Landlord the necessary additional amount. Any Deposits remaining after payment of the Taxes shall be paid to Tenant. Upon the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease or, at Landlord's option, at any prior time, the balance of the Deposits in Landlord's possession shall be paid over to Tenant. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in this Section 6.5, Tenant's obligation to make Deposits shall be deemed waived so long as any Leasehold Mortgage requires Tenant to make monthly escrow deposits for Taxes and Common Facilities Expenses and such monthly escrow deposits are in fact being maintained.

ARTICLE 7.
INTENTIONALLY OMITTED

ARTICLE 8.
USE OF PREMISES; TENANT'S COVENANT TO OPERATE

8.1 **Permitted Uses**. Tenant (and its permitted subtenants, licensees, concessionaires and other occupants) shall be permitted to use the Leased Premises solely as a regional destination casino resort, consisting of Gaming Operations, horse racing (but only for so long as such activity is required in order to conduct Gaming Operations at the Leased Premises pursuant to applicable Law) and the management and operations of all functions as may be necessary or appropriate to conduct the same (collectively, the "***Primary Use***"), and any and all lawfully permitted uses ancillary thereto, including, without limitation, lodging, food and beverage outlets, a spa facility, retail venues, space for conferences, meetings, entertainment facilities, multi-function events and parking facilities (including, without limitation, a parking garage and surface parking) related thereto (collectively, "***Ancillary Uses***"; the Primary Use and the Ancillary Uses, collectively, the "***Permitted Uses***"), subject to and in compliance with the provisions of this Lease, the applicable Operating Standards (as hereinafter defined), applicable Laws (including, without limitation, in respect of all Licenses and Permits), and the Certificate(s) of Occupancy for the Leased Premises.

8.2 **Prohibited Uses.** Notwithstanding anything in this Lease to the contrary, Tenant shall not have the right to use the Leased Premises, or any part thereof, for the following uses: (a) any use or purpose which is not permitted by, or which results in a violation of, the Restrictive Agreements binding upon Tenant and/or the Leased Premises; (b) any use or purpose which is not permitted by, or which results in a violation of, applicable Law; (c) any “pawn” shop; (d) any fire, bankruptcy, auction, “closeout,” “going out of business” or similar sale; (e) any use which would constitute a violation of any exclusive use set forth on Schedule D attached hereto, or as may be subsequently granted under a Restrictive Agreement to other tenants or occupants of the Master Development Site;³ (f) any warehouse operation (an operation engaged in the retail sale of merchandise to the general public, but utilizing a “rack style” or “wholesale” concept of merchandising, shall not constitute a warehouse for this purpose); (g) any assembling, manufacturing, distilling, refining, smelting, industrial, agricultural, drilling or mining operation; (h) any permanent trailer court or mobile home park (it being understood that the operation of any transient trailer court or mobile home park serving guests or customers of the Project will be subject to the provisions of the Restrictive Agreements); (i) any automobile body work or other automotive repair work (other than machine and repair shops incidental to the Permitted Uses) or any lot or showroom for the sale of new or used motor vehicles; (j) any labor camp, junk yard, stockyard or animal raising operation (other than in connection with and ancillary to the Racetrack operations); (k) any dumping, disposal, incineration or reduction of garbage or refuse, other than handling or reducing such waste if produced on the Leased Premises from authorized uses and if handled in a clean and sanitary manner and in accordance with applicable Law and the Restrictive Agreements; (l) any commercial laundry or dry cleaning plant (but this shall not be deemed to prohibit supportive facilities for on-site service-oriented pickup and delivery by the ultimate consumer or laundry facilities ancillary to the business at the Project, including any Casino, hotel, spa and/or lodging facility on the Leased Premises that exclusively services such facilities and the guests of such facility), or Laundromat open to the general public; (m) veterinary hospital (but this shall not be deemed to prohibit customary supportive veterinary facilities for the Racetrack); (n) car washing establishment; (o) mortuary, funeral home, or similar service establishment; (p) any medical or dental clinic or offices (but this shall not be deemed to prohibit the employment of ancillary medical staff for operation of a “sick room” for employees); (q) any training or educational facility, including beauty schools, barber colleges, places of instruction or other operations catering primarily to students or trainees rather than to customers or employees; provided that, this prohibition shall not be applicable to on-site employee or customer training by Tenant incidental to the conduct of its business at the Project nor shall this prohibition apply to educational conferences held at any lodging, convention or other facilities at the Leased Premises; (r) any flea market, thrift store, swap shop, liquidation outlet, consignment store, or store that primarily sells used, damaged, or discontinued merchandise; (s) any brothel or for any prostitution (whether or not the same is permitted by applicable Law); (t) any agricultural use; and (u) any “sex” or “head” shop, so-called “peep shows” or other vulgar, lewd or pornographic uses (but this shall not be deemed to prohibit adult entertainment and activities that are customarily associated with the management and operation of reputable regional destination resort casinos and consistent with the Operating Standard).

³ Future exclusive uses and Tenant’s approval rights over the granting of the same to be addressed in the applicable Restrictive Agreement(s).

8.3 **Uses in Violation of Laws, Etc.** Tenant shall not use or occupy or permit the Leased Premises to be used or occupied, nor do or permit anything to be done in or on the Leased Premises or any part thereof, in a manner that would violate in any material respect any Laws or Tenant's insurance requirements set forth in Section 17 or any certificate of occupancy issued with respect to the Leased Premises, or make void or voidable any insurance then in force with respect thereto, or that would make it impossible to obtain fire or other insurance thereon required to be furnished hereunder by Tenant, or that will cause or be likely to cause material structural damage to any of the Improvements. Nothing contained in this Lease and no action or inaction by Landlord shall be deemed or construed to mean that Landlord has granted to Tenant any right, power or permission to do any act or to make any agreement that may create, give rise to, or be the foundation for, any right, title, interest, lien, charge or other encumbrance upon the estate of Landlord in the Leased Premises. Tenant shall not seek to obtain a change in the zoning classification of the Leased Premises, in each case, without ten (10) business days' prior written notice to Landlord and then subject to the terms and conditions of this Lease. If at any time during the Term of this Lease, (a) any Law prohibits the use of the Project for the Permitted Uses (the "**Prohibition**"), then immediately upon the earlier to occur of (i) Tenant obtaining Knowledge of any proposed Prohibition, or (ii) Tenant's receipt of any written notice from any Governmental Authorities of any Prohibition, Tenant shall promptly notify Landlord of such fact, and Tenant may proceed, in its or Landlord's name, and at Tenant's sole cost and expense, to take such action as Tenant determines to be necessary or desirable to contest or challenge the Prohibition. Landlord will cooperate reasonably with Tenant in connection therewith, at Tenant's sole cost and expense and at no liability, cost or expense to Landlord, and Tenant shall pay, indemnify and save harmless Landlord of and from any and all liabilities, losses, judgments, decrees, costs and expenses (including, without limitation, all reasonable attorneys' fees, court costs and disbursements) in connection with any such contest or challenge. Landlord acknowledges that Tenant will be irreparably injured by Landlord's failure to so cooperate and agrees that, in addition to Tenant's remedies available at Law for Landlord's failure to so cooperate, Tenant shall be entitled to specific performance to enforce such cooperation obligation under this Section 8.3. If a Prohibition should occur or be imposed, nothing in this Lease shall be deemed to impair Tenant's obligations to comply with all Laws and with Article 12 of this Lease at any time during which Tenant is not prohibited from using the Project for the purposes permitted in this Lease by the Prohibition.

8.4 **Operating Covenants.**

(a) As used in this Agreement, the term "**Operating Standard**" shall mean:

(i) with respect to the Primary Use, compliance with the standards of use, operation, management and maintenance that (A) are consistent with the standards of operation adopted or evidenced by other reputable regional destination casino resorts located outside of Las Vegas offering amenities and attractions similar in size, setting, and character to those at the Leased Premises and in markets similar to the market in which the Project is located, and (B) are consistent with the overall use, operation, management and maintenance of the Project on the whole as a reputable regional destination casino resort located outside of Las Vegas deriving, as the source of the majority of its income, revenue from Gaming Operations.

(ii) with respect to Ancillary Uses consisting of hospitality uses, compliance with the standards of use, operation, management and maintenance and level of product, services and quality that (A) on the whole are consistent with “four (4) star hotels” (as such designation is commonly understood in the hospitality industry in the United States on the date hereof), including maintenance, staffing, supplying, equipping and operation of the hospitality uses, it being understood and agreed that Tenant’s failure to actually obtain a “four (4) star hotel” designation from, or strictly comply with all of the requirements therefor promulgated by, any particular rating agency shall not, in and of itself, be deemed to constitute a failure to comply with the provisions of this Section 8.4(a)(ii), and (B) are consistent with the overall use, operation, management and maintenance of the Project on the whole as a reputable regional destination casino resort located outside of Las Vegas deriving, as the source of the majority of its income from Gaming Operations.

(iii) with respect to other Ancillary Uses, compliance with the standards of use, operation, management and maintenance that (A) are consistent with the standards of operation for similar ancillary uses adopted or evidenced by other reputable regional destination casino resorts located outside of Las Vegas offering amenities and attractions similar in nature to those at the Leased Premises and in markets similar to the market in which the Project is located and operating in a manner consistent with the Operating Standards set forth in clauses (i) and (ii) above, and (B) are consistent with the overall use, operation, management and maintenance of the Project on the whole as a reputable regional destination casino resort located outside of Las Vegas deriving, as the source of the majority of its income from Gaming Operations.

Landlord and Tenant acknowledge and agree that subject to applicable Laws, as of the date hereof, each of (I) Sands Casino Resort located in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, (II) Mount Airy located in Mount Pocono, Pennsylvania and (III) Mohegan Sun at Pocono Downs located in Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania constitute reputable regional destination casino resorts located outside of Las Vegas which, as of the date hereof, are used, managed and operated in a manner that is consistent with, and reflective of, the Operating Standard in all material respects.

(b) During Tenant’s Operating Period:⁴

(i) Tenant shall occupy and use the Leased Premises (and permit the Leased Premises to be occupied and used) only for the Permitted Uses and in accordance with the applicable Operating Standard;

(ii) Except to the extent permitted pursuant to Article 10, Tenant hereunder or its Affiliates (and not any subtenant, licensee, concessionaire or third-party service provider) shall operate the Casino at the Leased Premises and shall not be permitted to outsource the operation and management of Gaming Operations at such facilities to non-Affiliate third-party operators;

⁴ Impact on Operating Standards if the Master Development does not meet the applicable tax benefit thresholds to be addressed in the Master Development Agreement and applicable Restrictive Agreement(s).

(iii) Except as otherwise required by applicable Laws, Tenant shall keep the Project, and the various components thereof, open for the conduct of business to the general public seven days per week and a minimum of 16 hours per day (subject to Force Majeure and reasonable closures for routine maintenance and capital improvements), or less if and to the extent generally consistent with the minimum number of days per week and a minimum number of hours per day of operation in effect in comparable reputable regional destination casino resorts located outside of Las Vegas which comply with the Operating Standard;

(iv) Tenant shall have and maintain all licenses, permits and approvals that Tenant and its principals, constituents and other controlling parties are required to maintain under applicable federal, state and local laws to own, operate and manage the Leased Premises or any portion thereof for the Permitted Uses, including but not limited to the Gaming Licenses and any liquor licenses (collectively, the “*Licenses and Permits*”), except to the extent any such failure would not have a material adverse effect on the ownership, operation or management of the Leased Premises taken as a whole. Tenant shall require all subtenants, licensees and concessionaries to have and maintain all Licenses and Permits required in connection with the operation of such subtenants’ licensees’, concessionaires’ business. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Tenant hereby agrees and acknowledges that the failure to maintain any License or Permits required by applicable Laws for the lawful conduct of Gaming Operations, horse racing, liquor sales and hotel operations shall have a “material adverse effect” on the ownership, operation or management of the Leased Premises under this Section;

(v) Neither Tenant nor any Affiliate of Tenant shall own, lease, operate or manage another gaming facility or harness racetrack within Sullivan County in the State of New York, except that Tenant may operate the harness racetrack at Monticello Raceway as a support facility for the Racetrack, provided that Tenant shall not open the Monticello Raceway to the general public for harness racing or gaming.

(c) Tenant represents and warrants to Landlord that Tenant currently holds all Gaming Licenses that Tenant and its principals, constituents and other controlling parties are required to maintain in order to lawfully own, operate and manage the Leased Premises as tenant under, and in accordance with, this Lease. Tenant shall promptly notify Landlord upon receiving any written communication from any Governmental Authorities responsible for the issuance of the Licenses and Permits stating, if effect, that the Licenses and Permits will not be issued to Tenant, that the issuance thereof will be materially delayed or that Tenant is not in compliance with applicable Laws such that Tenant is at risk of losing the Licenses and Permits.

8.5 **Landlord Assistance.** Landlord shall execute, without cost to Landlord, such customary applications, consents and other instruments as are required by Governmental Authorities to permit the operation of the Project as permitted by this Lease, so long as such applications, consents or other instruments do not impose or subject Landlord to any liability or claim (collectively, the “*Landlord Assistance Obligations*”), except for any liability as may be

created under the Landlord Licenses and Permits, and Tenant hereby covenants and agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Landlord from and against any and all claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities (including reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements) which Landlord suffers or incurs by reason of Landlord's execution of any such applications, consents or other instruments as Tenant requests, except for claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities that result from the commission of fraud, gross negligence or the willful misconduct or willful misrepresentation of Landlord or resulting from Landlord's maintenance of the Landlord Licenses and Permits (without regard to the conduct of any Person, other than Landlord or Landlord's Affiliates, or any directors, officers, employees or agents of Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord, or other Persons acting on behalf of Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord) or Landlord's violation of, or failure to maintain (without regard to the conduct of any Person, other than Landlord or Landlord's Affiliates), any of the Landlord Licenses and Permits. If at any time any such indemnified claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities are asserted against Landlord by reason of Landlord's execution of any such applications, consents or other instruments as Tenant requests other than the Landlord Licenses and Permits, Tenant will, upon notice from Landlord, defend any such claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities at Tenant's sole cost and expense by counsel reasonably acceptable to Landlord. Landlord acknowledges that Tenant will be irreparably injured by Landlord's failure to perform the Landlord Assistance Obligations as required under this Section 8.5, and agrees that, in addition to Tenant's remedies available at Law for Landlord's failure to perform the Landlord Assistance Obligations, Tenant shall be entitled to specific performance to enforce such Landlord Assistance Obligations under this Section 8.5.

8.6 Landlord Licenses and Permits (Gaming).

(a) Landlord acknowledges that Tenant operates its Gaming Operations under privileged licenses in a highly regulated industry and maintains a regulatory compliance program to protect and preserve its name, reputation, integrity, goodwill and Gaming Licenses through a thorough review and determination of the integrity and fitness, both initially and thereafter, of any Person with which Tenant or its Affiliates conducts business.

(b) Landlord acknowledges that it may be subject to compliance with requirements of Gaming Authorities and, if applicable, other Governmental Authorities, related to the Gaming Licenses, and represents that neither Landlord, nor to Landlord's Knowledge, any of Landlord's or any of Landlord's Affiliate's directors, executive officers, managers or members the fitness of whom, to Landlord's Knowledge as of the date hereof, may reasonably be expected to be considered in the process of determining the suitability of Landlord to hold Gaming Licenses in its capacity as Landlord under this Lease, has ever been denied a Gaming License by any Governmental Authorities or had a Gaming License revoked by any Governmental Authorities.

(c) Landlord and Tenant shall cooperate with each other, their respective regulatory compliance committees, if any, and Governmental Authorities responsible for the issuance of the Gaming Licenses, as reasonably requested, and shall (i) provide the regulatory compliance committee and Governmental Authorities responsible for the issuance of the Gaming Licenses with such information as they may reasonably request, (ii) promptly prepare and file all documentation necessary to be filed by such party to effect all applications, notices, petitions and

filings, (iii) obtain as promptly as practicable and maintain all Gaming Licenses required by this Lease to be obtained by such party, and (iv) comply with the terms and conditions of all such party's Gaming Licenses.

(d) At all times during the Term of this Lease, Landlord and, if and to the extent required by the applicable Governmental Authorities, its applicable Affiliates and its and their applicable executive officers, directors and employees, shall have and maintain all licenses, permits and approvals required under applicable Laws to be maintained by lessors of properties that are used for Gaming Operations in the State of New York by reason of such use, including for the receipt of Percentage Rent by reason of its derivation from revenues from Gaming Operations or as otherwise required of Landlord as the owner of the Land by reason of the conduct of Gaming Operating thereon in order to permit Tenant to lawfully conduct Gaming Operations at the Leased Premises (including any licenses, permits and approvals which may be required to be held by Landlord under applicable Laws in order to permit Tenant to lawfully operate the Racetrack, if and to the extent a harness racetrack is required by applicable Laws to lawfully conduct Gaming Operations at the Leased Premises) (the "**Landlord Licenses and Permits**"). Failure to maintain any such Landlord Licenses and Permits shall not constitute a default by Landlord under this Lease but may give rise to Special Tenant Remedies as provided in Section 22.10 below.

(e) Landlord shall notify Tenant promptly of the receipt of comments or requests from Governmental Authorities responsible for the issuance of the Landlord Licenses and Permits, and shall supply Tenant with copies of all formal correspondence between Landlord and Governmental Authorities responsible for the issuance of Landlord Licenses and Permits; provided, that Landlord shall not be required to supply Tenant with copies of any confidential or proprietary information, including the personal applications of individual applicants, but shall supply evidence of filing of such applications upon the written request from Tenant for the same. Landlord shall promptly notify Tenant upon receiving any written communication from any Governmental Authorities responsible for the issuance of the Landlord Licenses and Permits stating, in effect, that the Landlord Licenses and Permits will not be issued to Landlord, that the issuance thereof will be materially delayed or that Landlord is not in compliance with applicable Laws such that Landlord is at risk of losing the Landlord License and Permits.

8.7 Landlord Licenses and Permits (Non-Gaming). Landlord and Tenant shall cooperate with each other and with any applicable Governmental Authorities, in all reasonable respects and at Tenant's sole cost and expense, in connection with obtaining and maintaining any licenses, permits and approvals other than the Landlord Licenses and Permits which may be required to be held by Landlord under applicable Laws in order to permit Tenant to lawfully operate (other than Gaming Operations) the Leased Premises and the Project (such licenses, permits and approvals, which shall exclude the Landlord Licenses and Permits, are hereinafter referred to as the "**Landlord Non-Gaming Licenses and Permits**"). For the avoidance of doubt, at such time as a harness racetrack is no longer required by applicable Law in order to lawfully conduct Gaming Operations, any licenses, permits and approvals which may be required to be held by Landlord under applicable Laws in order to permit Tenant to lawfully operate the Racetrack shall be deemed to be Landlord Non-Gaming Licenses and Permits. The failure of Landlord to obtain or maintain any Landlord Non-Gaming Licenses and Permits shall not constitute a default by Landlord under this Lease and shall not give rise to any Special Tenant Remedies as provided in Section 22.10 below.

8.8 **Exclusive Right to Operate.** Unless Tenant is failing to cause the Project to be operated for the Primary Use in contravention of the applicable provisions of this Lease, Landlord shall not permit the operation of a casino or other gambling facility or a harness racetrack on any property owned or controlled by Landlord or its Affiliates within Sullivan County in the State of New York, except in connection with any of the agreements set forth on Schedule E hereto.

ARTICLE 9.
FINANCIAL REPORTING

9.1 **General.** Tenant shall, and shall cause Guarantor (if any) to, keep and maintain proper and accurate books and records, in accordance with GAAP (or, with respect to revenues from Gaming Operations, such accounting method as may be required by applicable Laws), and, with respect to hotel operations, the Uniform System of Accounts, reflecting the financial condition and results of operations of Tenant, Guarantor (if any) and the Project. Subject to applicable Law, Landlord shall have the right from time to time during normal business hours upon reasonable notice (which may be given verbally) to Tenant to examine such books and records at the office of Tenant or other Person maintaining such books and records on behalf of Tenant or Guarantor and to make such copies or extracts thereof as Landlord shall desire. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, Tenant shall pay any costs actually incurred by Landlord to examine such books, records and accounts, as Landlord shall determine to be necessary or appropriate in the protection of Landlord's interests.

9.2 **Furnished Reports.** Tenant hereby covenants and agrees to deliver to Landlord the following:

(a) within ninety (90) days after the end of each fiscal year of Tenant and Guarantor, audited financial statements of Tenant and Guarantor (if any) and the Project, including statements of income, retained earnings and cash flows of Tenant and Guarantor (if any) for such fiscal year and the related balance sheets as at the end of such fiscal year, setting forth in each case in comparative form the corresponding figures for the preceding fiscal year, and accompanied by an opinion thereon of Tenant's independent certified public accountants of recognized national standing reasonably acceptable to Landlord, which opinion shall state that such financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Tenant, Guarantor and the Project as at the end of, and for, such fiscal year in accordance with GAAP (and, for so long as Tenant and/or Guarantor are, or are wholly owned by a Person that is, listed on a nationally recognized stock exchange and subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, Landlord agrees that timely delivery to Landlord of the annual audited financial statements of Tenant and Guarantor that are filed with Tenant's or Guarantor's annual Form 10-K (as required under the Exchange Act), or any successor form required under the Exchange Act containing not less than all or substantially all of the same information, shall be deemed to satisfy Tenant's reporting requirements under this Section 9.2(a); provided, that the Project constitutes all or substantially all of the business and results of operations covered by such annual audited financial statements), and provided, further,

that if after the Effective Date Tenant and/or Guarantor are wholly owned by a Person whose annual financial statements are audited by an independent certified public accounting firm and Tenant and/or Guarantor are no longer required by applicable Laws to have their own annual financial statements audited by an independent certified public accounting firm, then Tenant may satisfy Tenant's reporting requirements under this Section 9.2(a) if Tenant timely delivers to Landlord (i) audited annual financial statements of Tenant's and/or Guarantor's, as applicable, parent company together with unaudited annual financial statements of Tenant, Guarantor and the Project, including statements of income, retained earnings and cash flows of Tenant and Guarantor for such fiscal year and the related balance sheets as at the end of such fiscal year, setting forth in each case in comparative form the corresponding figures for the preceding fiscal year, and accompanied by a certificate of a financial officer of Tenant which certificate shall state that such financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Tenant, Guarantor and the Project as at the end of, and for, such fiscal year in accordance with GAAP, and (ii) if requested by Landlord, audited annual financial statements of Tenant, Guarantor and the Project made in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Section 9.2(a) except that Landlord shall be required to pay for Tenant's actual out-of-pocket costs incurred in connection with such audit which are in excess of Forty Thousand Dollars (\$40,000.00) (Adjusted by CPI) for any such fiscal year;

(b) within forty-five (45) days after the end of each interim quarterly fiscal period of each fiscal year of Tenant and Guarantor, unaudited financial statements of Tenant and Guarantor and the Project, including statements of income, retained earnings and cash flows of Tenant and Guarantor for such period and for the period from the beginning of the respective fiscal year to the end of such period, and the related balance sheets as at the end of such period, setting forth in each case in comparative form the corresponding figures for the corresponding periods in the preceding fiscal year (except that, in the case of balance sheets, such comparison shall be to the last day of the prior fiscal year), accompanied by a certificate of a financial officer of Tenant and Guarantor which certificate shall state that such financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Tenant, Guarantor and the Project in accordance with GAAP as at the end of, and for, such period, subject to customary year-end adjustments (and, for so long as Tenant and/or Guarantor are, or are wholly owned by a Person that is, listed on a nationally recognized stock exchange and subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, Landlord agrees that timely delivery to Landlord of the quarterly financial statements of Tenant and Guarantor that are filed with Tenant's or Guarantor's quarterly Form 10-Q (as required under the Exchange Act), or any successor form required under the Exchange Act containing not less than all or substantially all of the same information, shall be deemed to satisfy Tenant's reporting requirements under this Section 9.2(b); provided, that the Project constitutes all or substantially all of the business and results of operations covered by such quarterly financial statements);

(c) (i) within thirty (30) days after the end of each calendar month occurring during the Term, a statement certified to be correct and complete by a corporate officer of Tenant, showing the total revenues from Gaming Operations during the preceding calendar month and the calculation of Eligible Gaming Revenue hereunder for such preceding calendar month, and (ii) within thirty (30) days after the end of each Lease Year occurring during the Term, a statement in writing, certified to be correct and complete (subject to customary adjustments) by a corporate officer of Tenant, showing the total revenues from Gaming

Operations for the preceding Lease Year and the calculation of Eligible Gaming Revenue hereunder for such preceding Lease Year; in each case in form reasonably satisfactory to Landlord (the form attached hereto as Exhibit F being deemed satisfactory to Landlord);

(d) promptly after filing the same with the appropriate Governmental Authority, photocopies of Tenant's federal, state or local reports reporting revenues from Gaming Operations; and

(e) within a reasonable time following Landlord's request, such reasonable additional information as may be reasonably requested with respect to Tenant, Guarantor and/or the Project, in such manner and in such detail as may be reasonably requested by Landlord.

(f) Landlord acknowledges that all information delivered or made available to Landlord under this Article 9 is subject to the terms and conditions set forth in Section 26.24 hereof with respect to such information.

ARTICLE 10.
SUBLETTING AND ASSIGNING

10.1 **Landlord's Consent.** Except as expressly provided herein, Tenant shall not, directly or indirectly, whether voluntarily, involuntarily, or by operation of law or otherwise, assign or otherwise transfer in whole or in part this Lease or the term and estate hereby granted, or sublet the Leased Premises in whole or in part without in each instance obtaining the prior written consent of Landlord, which consent Landlord may grant or deny in Landlord's sole discretion except as otherwise provided herein. The consent of Landlord to a particular assignment or sublease shall not in any way be considered a consent by Landlord to any other or further assignment, mortgage or sublease. For purposes of this Article 10, "subleases" shall include any licenses, concession arrangements, management contracts or other arrangements relating to the possession or use of all or any part of the Leased Premises and "subtenants" shall include any licensees, concessionaires, managers or other third-party service providers. The provisions of this Article 10 shall not apply to the granting of any Leasehold Mortgage, any foreclosure or transfer-in-lieu of foreclosure thereunder (including without limitation, any foreclosure of equity interests in Tenant by a Leasehold Mezzanine Lender) or a transfer of the Leasehold Estate by a Leasehold Mortgagee in connection with a foreclosure, all of which shall be governed exclusively by the provisions of Article 19 hereof.

10.2 **Permitted Assignment, Subletting and Licenses.**

(a) Notwithstanding Section 10.1, without the consent of Landlord, this Lease may be assigned to (i) an entity created by merger, reorganization or recapitalization of or with Tenant, Guarantor or their Affiliates or (ii) a direct or indirect purchaser of all or substantially all of the business or assets of Tenant and Guarantor however structured (whether by asset sale, stock sale or otherwise) whether alone or together with other operations of Tenant's Affiliates; provided, in the case of both clause (i) and clause (ii), that (A) Landlord shall have received a notice of such assignment from Tenant, (B) the assignee, if a direct assignment hereof, assumes by customary written instrument reasonably satisfactory to Landlord all of Tenant's obligations under this Lease, or, if an indirect assignment, Tenant confirms by customary written instrument

reasonably satisfactory to Landlord all of Tenant's obligations under this Lease, (C) such assignment is for a valid business purpose and not to avoid any obligations under this Lease, and (D) the assignee is a reputable entity of good character and either itself or together with a guarantor provided by assignee, shall have, immediately after giving effect to such assignment, an aggregate net worth (computed in accordance with GAAP) at least equal to the aggregate net worth (as so computed) of Tenant and Guarantor immediately prior to such assignment.

(b) Notwithstanding Section 10.1, without the consent of Landlord, Tenant may assign this Lease or sublet the Leased Premises in whole or in part without Landlord's consent to an Affiliate of Tenant, provided that Tenant gives Landlord at least thirty (30) days advance written notice of such assignment. Any party that is permitted to take assignment of this Lease shall execute an assignment and assumption agreement in customary form reasonably acceptable to Landlord whereby such assignee agrees to assume all obligations of Tenant under this Lease.

(c) Notwithstanding Section 10.1, Landlord consent shall not be required for transfers resulting from transfers, sales or issuances of shares in Tenant or any Affiliate of Tenant (including, without limitation, an IPO) that is or may in the future be traded on any nationally recognized stock exchange, including Empire Resorts, Inc.

(d) Notwithstanding Section 10.1, without the consent of Landlord, Tenant may license or sublease portions of the Leased Premises to subtenants, concessionaires or licensees to conduct any Ancillary Uses (including hospitality uses); provided, that (i) the subtenant, concessionaire or licensee in question, and the applicable Ancillary Use to be engaged in by such Person, satisfy and comply with the applicable Operating Standard and (ii) the applicable provisions of Section 10.4 are complied with. Each sublease or license or other occupancy agreement will be subject and subordinate to the provisions of this Lease relating to the Leased Premises and will not affect or reduce any of the obligations of Tenant, nor impose any additional obligations on Landlord. Tenant shall, within thirty (30) days after the execution and delivery of any such sublease, license or occupancy agreement, deliver a duplicate original thereof to Landlord.

10.3 Assignment and Subletting Procedures.

(a) If Tenant shall, at any time or from time to time, during the term hereof, desire to assign this Lease or sublet all or any portion of the Leased Premises (other than an assignment or sublease that is otherwise permitted pursuant to Section 10.2 above), Tenant shall notify Landlord (a "Transfer Notice") of such desire, which notice shall be accompanied by (A) a copy of the proposed assignment or sublease and all related agreements, the effective date of which shall be at least thirty (30) days after the giving of the Transfer Notice, (B) a statement setting forth in reasonable detail the identity of the proposed assignee or subtenant, the nature of its business and its proposed use of the Leased Premises, (C) current financial information with respect to the proposed assignee or subtenant, including without limitation, its most recent financial statements, and (D) such other information as Landlord may reasonably request. Landlord's consent to such proposed assignment or sublease shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed, provided that:

(i) the proposed assignee or subtenant will use the Leased Premises (or the applicable portion thereof) in a manner that (x) satisfies the applicable Operating Standard and (y) is limited to the use expressly permitted under this Lease;

(ii) the proposed assignee or subtenant is a reputable Person of good business character and sufficient professional experience operating and managing comparable reputable regional destination casino resorts located outside of Las Vegas which comply with the Operating Standard, and has (itself or together with a proposed replacement Guarantor) a net worth (computed in accordance with GAAP) of not less than the aggregate net worth (computed in accordance with GAAP) of Tenant and Guarantor immediately prior to such assignment or sublease) (provided, that the net worth requirement set forth in this clause (ii) shall not apply to any proposed subtenant consisting of a manager or other third party service provider);

(iii) the form of the proposed assignment or sublease shall be reasonably satisfactory to Landlord and shall comply with the applicable provisions of this Article 10;

(iv) the Licenses and Permits shall be assignable to the proposed assignee or new Licenses and Permits shall have been obtained and are then in full force and effect, or applications therefor made, in each case in order for the assignee or subtenant to be permitted to lawfully operate the Project (including the conduct of Gaming Operations in an uninterrupted manner) on or before the effective date of such assignment or sublease; and

(v) The applicable provisions of Section 10.4 are complied with.

(b) If Landlord consents to a proposed assignment or sublease and Tenant fails to execute and deliver the assignment or sublease to which Landlord consented within ninety (90) days after the giving of such consent, then Tenant shall again comply with this Article 10 before assigning this Lease or subletting all or part of the Leased Premises.

10.4 General Provisions.

(a) If this Lease is assigned, whether or not in violation of this Lease, Landlord may collect rent from the assignee. If the Leased Premises, or any part thereof, are sublet or occupied by anybody other than Tenant, whether or not in violation of this Lease, Landlord may, during the existence of any Event of Default, collect rent from the subtenant or occupant. In either event, Landlord may apply the net amount collected against Rent, but no such assignment, subletting, occupancy or collection shall be deemed a waiver of any of the provisions of Section 10.1, or the acceptance of the assignee, subtenant or occupant as tenant, or a release of Tenant from the performance of Tenant's obligations under this Lease.

(b) No assignment or transfer shall be effective until the assignee delivers to Landlord (i) evidence that the assignee, as Tenant hereunder, has complied with the requirements of Article 17, (ii) an agreement in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Landlord whereby the assignee assumes Tenant's obligations under this Lease, (iii) proof reasonably satisfactory to Landlord that the Licenses and Permits have been assigned to the assignee (or new

Licenses and Permits have been obtained and are then in full force and effect, or applications therefor made, in each case in order for the assignee to be permitted to lawfully operate the Project (including the conduct of Gaming Operations in an uninterrupted manner) on or before the effective date of such assignment), and (iv) if new Tenant does not itself satisfy the net worth requirement, then a replacement Guaranty executed by a guarantor of assignee with a net worth, taken together with the net worth of the proposed new Tenant, equal to the collective net worth of the Tenant and Guarantor at the time of the assignment; provided that if Tenant itself satisfies the net worth requirement no such replacement guaranty shall be required.

(c) Notwithstanding any assignment or transfer, whether or not in violation of this Lease, and notwithstanding the acceptance of any Rent by Landlord from an assignee, transferee, or any other party, the original named Tenant and each successor Tenant shall remain fully liable for the payment of the Rent and the performance of all of Tenant's other obligations under this Lease; provided that upon satisfaction of the provisions of Section 10.4(b) above, and provided, that (i) upon the effective date of such assignment, the new Tenant (or the new Tenant and the replacement guarantor, in the aggregate) have a capital/statutory surplus, shareholder's equity or net worth (computed in accordance with GAAP) of One Hundred Million Dollars (\$100,000,000.00) or more and (ii) all then current and past due obligations of Tenant and Guarantor under this Lease have been paid and performed in full, Tenant and Guarantor shall be released from all further liability under the Lease and the Guaranty first accruing after the effective date of the assignment and assumption in question. The joint and several liability of Tenant and any immediate or remote successor in interest of Tenant shall not be discharged, released or impaired in any respect by any agreement made by Landlord extending the time to perform, or otherwise modifying, any of the obligations of Tenant under this Lease, or by any waiver or failure of Landlord to enforce any of the obligations of Tenant under this Lease; provided, that (A) in the case of any modification of this Lease made after the date of an assignment or other transfer of this Lease by Tenant, if such modification increases or enlarges the obligations of Tenant or reduces the rights of Tenant, then the Tenant named herein and each respective assignor prior to the assignment in question that has not consented to such modification shall not be liable under or bound by such increase, enlargement or reduction (but shall continue to be liable under this Lease as though such modification were never made) and (B) in the case of any waiver by Landlord of a specific obligation of an assignee of Tenant, or an extension of time to perform in connection therewith, such waiver and/or extension shall also be deemed to apply to the immediate and remote assignors of such assignee.

(d) If this Lease shall have been assigned by the initially named Tenant (other than to an Affiliate), Landlord shall give the initially named Tenant (or any entity which directly or indirectly succeeds to the interest of the initially named Tenant) (the "**Initially Named Tenant**") a copy (at the last effective address for notices hereunder) notice of each notice of default given by Landlord to the then current Tenant. Except in the case of a release of Tenant made in accordance with the provisions of Section 10.4(b) above or if Landlord shall execute and deliver a written instrument releasing the Initially Named Tenant from any further liability under this Lease, Landlord shall not have any right to terminate this Lease or otherwise to exercise any of Landlord's rights and remedies hereunder (other than Landlord's self-help remedy in accordance with Section 22.4 and any indemnification obligations of Tenant) after a default by such current Tenant unless and until (A) Landlord shall have made a demand on the then current Tenant to cure the default in question, (B) Landlord delivers a copy of the default notice in

question to the Initially Named Tenant as aforesaid, and (C) the Initially Named Tenant has an opportunity to remedy such default within the time periods set forth in this Lease (such time periods, with respect to the Initially Named Tenant, being deemed to run from the date that Landlord delivers a copy of the default notice in question to the Initially Named Tenant as aforesaid). Landlord shall accept timely performance by the Initially Named Tenant of any term, covenant, provision or agreement contained in this Lease on the then current Tenant's part to be observed and performed with the same force and effect as if performed by the then current Tenant. If the Initially Named Tenant shall cure the default by such current Tenant, or if the default shall be incurable (such as bankruptcy), and Landlord or the current Tenant seeks to terminate this Lease, then the Initially Named Tenant shall have the right to enter into a new lease with Landlord upon all of the then executory terms of this Lease and to resume actual possession of the Premises for the unexpired balance of the Term provided that all past due and then current Rent is paid in full.

(e) Each subletting by Tenant shall be subject to the following:

(i) No subletting shall be for a term (including any renewal or extension options contained in the sublease) ending later than one day prior to the Expiration Date.

(ii) In connection with any subletting of the Leased Premises or any part thereof, Tenant shall deliver to the Landlord both (A) an executed counterpart of such sublease in accordance with the terms of this Article 10, and (B) on or prior to the sublessee taking possession, a certificate of insurance evidencing that (x) Landlord is an additional insured under the insurance policies required to be maintained by occupants of the Leased Premises pursuant to Article 17, and (y) there is in full force and effect, the insurance otherwise required by Article 17.

(iii) Each sublease shall provide that it is subject and subordinate to this Lease, and that in the event of termination, reentry or dispossession by Landlord under this Lease Landlord may, at its option, take over all of the right, title and interest of Tenant, as sublessor, under such sublease, and such subtenant shall, at Landlord's option, attorn to Landlord pursuant to the then executory provisions of such sublease, except that Landlord shall not be (A) liable for any previous act or omission of Tenant under such sublease, (B) subject to any credit, offset, claim, counterclaim, demand or defense which such subtenant may have against Tenant, (C) bound by any previous modification of such sublease made without Landlord's consent, if Landlord's consent was required to such sublease initially (or would have been if such the modification(s) in question were part of the initial sublease), or by any previous prepayment of more than one (1) month's rent, (D) bound by any covenant of Tenant to undertake or complete any construction of the Leased Premises or any portion thereof, (E) required to account for any security deposit of the subtenant other than any security deposit actually delivered to Landlord by Tenant, and (F) responsible for any monies owing by Tenant to the credit of the subtenant.

(iv) In connection with any permitted sublease for hotel use or other core non-Gaming Ancillary Uses on the Leased Premises pursuant to which the proposed subtenant (or an Affiliate thereof) is making a material financial investment in the Project

(whether by way of payment of construction costs, payment of “key” money or otherwise), Landlord shall not unreasonably withhold its consent to enter into a customary subordination, non-disturbance and attornment agreement with such subtenant, in form and substance acceptable to Landlord and any Fee Mortgagee, acting reasonably, (it being understood and agreed that Landlord may take into account, without limitation, considerations such as location and size of the subleased premises within the Project, the term of the proposed sublease, the terms and conditions of the proposed sublease, the financial investment and being made by and the creditworthiness of the proposed subtenant).

(f) Each sublease shall provide that the subtenant may not assign its rights thereunder or further sublet the space demised under the sublease, in whole or in part, without complying with all of the terms and conditions of this Article 10, including, without limitation, Section 10.4, which for purposes of this Section 10.4(f) shall be deemed to be appropriately modified to take into account that the transaction in question is an assignment of the sublease or a further subletting of the space demised under the sublease, as the case may be.

(g) Tenant shall reimburse Landlord on demand for the reasonable, out-of-pocket costs incurred by Landlord in connection with any actual or proposed assignment or sublease, including, without limitation, the costs of making customary investigations as to the acceptability of the proposed assignee or subtenant, and reasonable legal costs incurred in connection with the granting of any requested consent.

10.5 Landlord’s Assignment. Anything in this Lease to the contrary notwithstanding, Landlord shall have the right, without Tenant’s consent, to sell, transfer, or assign Landlord’s interest in the Leased Premises and/or this Lease at any time; provided, that in the case of any such proposed assignment or transfer, the Landlord Licenses and Permits shall be assignable to the proposed assignee or new Landlord Licenses and Permits shall be obtained or application therefor made, by the transferee, to the extent in each case, as required by applicable Law in order for Tenant to be permitted to lawfully conduct Gaming Operations at the Project in an uninterrupted manner. Landlord shall be relieved of Landlord’s obligations under this Lease to the extent such obligations arise after the date of such sale, transfer, or assignment, provided that such transferee, or assignee agrees to assume all of the unaccrued obligations under this Lease and agrees to perform to the full extent required under the terms and conditions of this Lease. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event Landlord desires to sell, transfer or assign Landlord’s interest in the Leased Premises and/or this Lease during the Term to a Competitor, whether directly or indirectly, voluntarily or involuntarily or by operation of law (including a transfer in connection with a foreclosure sale by a Fee Mortgagee) (subject to the further provisions of this Section 10.5, a “**Competitor Transfer**”), then (a) Landlord shall deliver written notice to Tenant of such proposed Competitor Transfer no less than thirty (30) days prior to the consummation thereof (a “**Competitor Transfer Notice**”) and (b) notwithstanding the time periods within which Tenant is permitted to exercise the Purchase Option set forth in Section 28.1, Tenant shall be permitted to deliver Tenant’s Purchase Notice and exercise the Purchase Option in accordance with the terms and conditions of Article 28 at any time following the delivery of such Competitor Transfer Notice and for so long as a Competitor is the Landlord under this Lease. Provided Tenant shall deliver Tenant’s Purchase Notice on or before the date that is fifteen (15) days after Landlord’s delivery of a Competitor Transfer Notice, (i) Landlord

shall be prohibited from consummating the Competitor Transfer and Landlord and Tenant shall consummate the sale of the Leased Premises to Tenant in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in Article 28, and (ii) the purchase price for the Landlord Property Interest shall be an amount equal to the lesser of (A) the Purchase Price set forth in Section 28.1(a) and (B) the purchase price to be paid by the Competitor in connection with the proposed Competitor Transfer. In addition to the foregoing, for so long as this Lease shall be in full force and effect, Landlord shall not effectuate a Competitor Transfer with any Person set forth on * For purposes hereof, a “**Competitor Transfer**” shall not include any (x) merger, reorganization or recapitalization of or with any Person other than a Person or Persons the majority of whose assets consist of its interest in the Leased Premises or this Lease, (y) a direct or indirect sale or other conveyance of all or substantially all of the business or assets of any Person however structured (whether by asset sale, stock sale or otherwise) other than a Person or Persons the majority of whose assets consist of its interest in the Leased Premises or this Lease (in the case of each of (x) and (y) entered into for a valid business purpose and not for the purpose of evading the restrictions contained in this Section 10.5), or (z) transfers, sales or issuances of shares in any Person (including, without limitation, an IPO) that is or may in the future be traded on any nationally or internationally recognized stock exchange or stock quotation system (other than an IPO or other similar issuance that is being undertaken for the purpose of evading the restrictions contained in this Section 10.5).

10.6 REIT Limitations. At such time as the Landlord in this Lease is a real estate investment trust, this Section 10.6 shall apply. Anything contained in this Lease to the contrary notwithstanding, Tenant shall not: (a) sublet or assign or enter into other arrangements such that the amounts to be paid by the sublessee or assignee thereunder would be based, in whole or in part, (i) on the income or profits derived by the business activities of the sublessee or assignee as defined, and subject to the exception provided, in section 856(d)(2)(A) of the Code or (ii) any other formula such that any portion of the rent paid by Tenant to Landlord would fail to qualify as “rents from real property” within the meaning of Section 856(d) of the Code; (b) sublet or assign the Leased Premises or this Lease to any Person of which Landlord has notified Tenant in writing that Landlord owns, directly or indirectly (by applying constructive ownership rules set forth in Section 856(d)(5) of the Code), a ten percent (10%) or greater interest within the meaning of Section 856(d)(2)(B) of the Code; or (c) sublet or assign the Leased Premises or this Lease in any manner that would result in impermissible tenant service income (as defined in section 856(d)(7) of the Code) which could cause any portion of the amounts received by Landlord pursuant to this Lease or any sublease to fail to qualify as “rents from real property” within the meaning of Section 856(d) of the Code, or which could cause any other income received by Landlord to fail to qualify as income described in Section 856(c)(2) of the Code, provided that the requirement of this clause (c) shall be deemed satisfied if (i) the obligations and right to payment in any sublease or assignment that relate to impermissible tenant services to be provided by Tenant may, pursuant to its terms, be assigned to an affiliate of or successor to Landlord at Landlord’s option or (ii) impermissible tenant services to be provided by Tenant in connection with any sublease or assignment are contained in a separate contract for services which may, pursuant to its terms, at Landlord’s option, be assigned to or performed by an affiliate or successor of Landlord.

ARTICLE 11.
OWNERSHIP OF IMPROVEMENTS; TENANT'S PROPERTY

11.1 **Ownership of Improvements.** All Improvements shall be and remain a part of the Leased Premises. All Improvements (including any Alterations but excluding Tenant's Property) shall be the property of Tenant for all purposes during the Term and, upon expiration or earlier termination of this Lease, shall become the property of Landlord.

11.2 **Tenant's Property.** Any and all business and trade fixtures and equipment, signs, appliances, furniture and other personal property of any nature installed in the Leased Premises during the Term, including any of such property leased from third parties and Gaming Equipment required to be owned by the State of New York pursuant to applicable Law (collectively referred to in this Lease as "**Tenant's Property**"), may be removed by Tenant at any time during the Term (but without limiting any of Tenant's operating covenants and other obligations under this Lease). Landlord hereby waives any and all rights at law or in equity, including, but not limited to, any and all liens, claims, demands or rights, including rights of levy, execution, sale and distraint for unpaid rent, or any other right, interest or lien which Landlord has or may hereafter acquire in any of Tenant's Property. Tenant may grant to its lender(s) a security interest or other lien in, or enter into, an equipment lease for, Tenant's Property and Landlord will permit Tenant's lender(s) and lessor(s) reasonable access to the Project to inspect Tenant's Property or to remove Tenant's Property in connection with any action to enforce such security interest, lease or other lien. Landlord will execute and deliver a standard form of landlord's waiver required of Tenant's lender(s) or lessor(s) to confirm such entity's waiver of security interest in or ownership of Tenant's Property.

ARTICLE 12.
GOVERNMENTAL COMPLIANCE

12.1 **Tenant Responsibilities Generally.** Tenant shall comply with the terms of the Restrictive Agreements and all Laws which affect the Leased Premises and the Project located thereon and the use and occupancy thereof. If Tenant receives written notice of any violation of any governmental requirements applicable to the Leased Premises, Tenant shall give prompt notice thereof to Landlord.

12.2 **Parties; Environmental Knowledge.** Except as disclosed in the Environmental Report (hereinafter defined) or otherwise disclosed by Landlord in writing to Tenant or as set forth in Schedule C attached hereto, Landlord warrants and represents to Tenant that to Landlord's Knowledge: no release leak, discharge, spill, storage, disposal or emission of Hazardous Substances (hereinafter defined) has occurred in, on or under the Leased Premises, and that the Leased Premises are free of Hazardous Substances as of the date hereof, there are no underground storage tanks under or adjacent to the Leased Premises, there has not been any notice of intent to sue, notice of violation, citation, warning or similar notification under any federal, state or local environmental law or regulation regarding the Leased Premises or arising out of operations on the Leased Premises; provided, that Tenant hereby acknowledges and agrees that (a) it has received copies of the Environmental Report, Tenant is fully aware of the contents of the Environmental Report, Tenant has performed such additional diligence as to the environmental condition and historical uses of the Leased Premises as Tenant has deemed

necessary or desirable, and Tenant accepts the Leased Premises subject to all matters and conditions disclosed in the Environmental Report or otherwise existing on the Effective Date (subject to the provisions of Section 12.5 below), (b) Landlord has not undertaken any investigation or inquiry with respect to environmental aspects of the Leased Premises other than the Environmental Report, and the warranties and representations of Landlord set forth in this Section 12.2 are based solely upon Landlord's actual Knowledge (including the matters disclosed in the Environmental Report), and (c) the representations and warranties contained in this Section 12.2 are subject to the matters and conditions disclosed in the Environmental Report, and Landlord shall not be deemed to be in breach of the warranties and representations contained in this Section 12.2 to the extent the matter or condition which would otherwise be a breach of such warranties and representations is disclosed in the Environmental Report.

12.3 **Landlord's Environmental Responsibilities during the Term.** During the Term of this Lease, neither Landlord nor Landlord's agents, employees or contractors shall cause any Hazardous Substances to be used, stored, generated or disposed of on, in or under the Leased Premises, except for those Hazardous Substances which may be reasonably required in the performance by Landlord of its obligations under this Lease, and then only to the extent no Laws in effect at such time are violated by Landlord or such agent, employee or contractor, as the case may be.

12.4 **Tenant's Environmental Responsibilities.** During the Term of this Lease, neither Tenant nor Tenant's subtenants, licensees or concessionaires, nor the agents, employees or contractors of Tenant or any of Tenant's subtenants, licensees or concessionaires, shall cause or permit any Hazardous Substances to be used on, in or under the Leased Premises, except in the ordinary course of business in the operation of such Person's business as permitted by Article 8 or as reasonably required in performing the obligations of Tenant under this Lease, and then only to the extent no applicable Laws in effect at such time are violated.

12.5 **Environmental Indemnities.** Each party ("**Indemnifying Party**") shall indemnify, defend and hold the other party ("**Indemnified Party**") harmless from any and all claims of third parties, and damages, costs and losses owing to third parties or suffered by Indemnified Party, including court costs, reasonable attorneys' fees and consultants' fees, arising during or after the Term and reasonably incurred or suffered by the Indemnified Party as a result of any default or breach of any representation, warranty or covenant made by Indemnifying Party under this Article 12. It is a condition of this indemnification and hold harmless obligation that the Indemnifying Party must receive notice of any such claim against the Indemnified Party promptly after Indemnified Party first has Knowledge thereof, but no failure by the Indemnified Party to promptly notify the Indemnifying Party of any such claim shall adversely affect the Indemnified Party's right to indemnification except (and only to the extent) that the Indemnifying Party can prove prejudice as a result of the failure to receive prompt notice. This indemnification and hold harmless obligation includes any and all costs reasonably incurred by the Indemnified Party after notice to Indemnifying Party for any cleanup, removal or restoration mandated by any public official acting lawfully under applicable Laws if Indemnifying Party fails to timely perform such work.

12.6 **Definition.** As used herein, "**Hazardous Substance**" means (a) any substance that is toxic radioactive, ignitable, flammable, explosive, reactive or corrosive and that is, in the

form, quantity, condition and location then found upon or under the Leased Premises, regulated by any Governmental Authority, (b) any and all materials and substances that are defined by Laws relating to environmental matters as “hazardous waste,” “hazardous chemical,” “pollutant,” “contaminant” or “hazardous substance,” in the form, quantity, condition and location then found upon the Leased Premises and (c) asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyls and petroleum-based substances.

12.7 **Survival.** The provisions of this Article 12 shall survive the expiration or sooner termination of this Lease.

ARTICLE 13.
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS

13.1 **Warranty.** Landlord will, so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, assign or otherwise make available to Tenant any and all rights Landlord may have under any vendor’s or manufacturer’s warranties or undertakings with respect to the Leased Premises, if any, but Landlord does not warrant or represent that any such warranties or undertakings are or will be available to Tenant, and Landlord shall have no further obligations or responsibilities respecting such warranties or undertakings.

13.2 **Tenant Waiver.** TENANT HEREBY WAIVES ALL STATUTORY REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES ON THE PART OF LANDLORD, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ALL WARRANTIES THAT THE LEASED PREMISES ARE FREE FROM DEFECTS OR DEFICIENCIES, WHETHER HIDDEN OR APPARENT, AND ALL WARRANTIES THAT THEY ARE SUITABLE FOR TENANT’S USE.

13.3 **Maintenance and Repairs.** Tenant shall, at Tenant’s sole cost and expense, maintain the Leased Premises in good operating order, repair, condition and appearance (ordinary wear and tear excepted) and in accordance with the Operating Standard. Tenant shall promptly, at its cost and expense, make all necessary replacements, restorations, renewals and repairs to the Leased Premises and appurtenances thereto, whether interior or exterior repairs (including all replacements of components, systems, connections, or parts which are a part of, or are incorporated into, the Leased Premises or any part thereof), whether structural or nonstructural, foreseen or unforeseen, ordinary or extraordinary, ordinary wear and tear excepted, as Tenant deems necessary or desirable in the operation of the Project and as required in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Lease (including, without limitation, compliance with the Operating Standard) and the Restrictive Agreements, and all common area maintenance including, without limitation, removal of dirt, snow, ice, rubbish and other obstructions and maintenance of sidewalks and landscaping as required in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Restrictive Agreements. In addition to the foregoing, Tenant shall, at Tenant’s expense, furnish, install and maintain in good condition and repair, within the Leased Premises and to points in the Project, all storm and sanitary sewers, and all gas, water, telephone, electrical facilities and other utilities of such size and type as may be required to provide adequate service for the Leased Premises as required in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Restrictive Agreements. Tenant shall not make any claim or demand upon or bring any action against the Landlord for any loss, cost, injury, damage or other expense caused by any failure or defect, structural or nonstructural, of the Leased Premises or any part thereof. The obligations of Tenant set forth in this Section 13.3 shall be subject to the provisions set forth in Article 15 and Article 16.

13.4 **No Obligation to Make Improvements or Supply Utilities.** During the Term, except as expressly contemplated by the Restrictive Agreements, Landlord shall not under any circumstances be required to supply any facilities, services or utilities whatsoever to the Leased Premises or to build or rebuild any improvements to the Leased Premises or the Project, or to make any repairs, replacements, alterations, restorations or renewals thereto. Except as expressly contemplated by the Restrictive Agreements, Tenant hereby waives the right to make repairs, replacements, renewals or restorations at the expense of Landlord pursuant to any Laws.

ARTICLE 14.
ALTERATIONS

14.1 **Alterations.** Tenant, at its sole cost and expense, shall have the right, but not the obligation (subject to Tenant's other obligations under this Lease, including, without limitation, compliance with the Operating Standard and Tenant's maintenance obligations set forth in Article 13), at any time and from time to time during the term of this Lease to make alterations, additions and other changes to the Improvements as Tenant shall consider necessary or appropriate (all of the foregoing are hereinafter collectively called "***Alterations***" and any of the foregoing is called an "***Alteration***"), subject, however, in all cases, to the following provisions:

(a) The initial construction of the Project shall be governed by the Master Development Agreement and, to the extent applicable, the other Restrictive Agreements.

(b) From and after final completion of the initial construction of the Project, no Alterations shall be undertaken by Tenant unless the following requirements are complied with:

(i) The Alteration shall be made and performed in compliance with all applicable Laws and the Restrictive Agreements (including, without limitation, the Master Development Agreement and REA).

(ii) The proposed Alteration shall be of a character consistent with the applicable Operating Standard.

(iii) To the extent required under any applicable Laws or pursuant to the provisions of any Restrictive Agreement, the proposed Alteration shall be approved by the applicable Master Association established pursuant to applicable Law or any Restrictive Agreement prior to the commencement of the proposed Alteration.

(iv) Tenant shall obtain (and furnish copies to Landlord of) all necessary governmental permits, licenses, approvals and certificates for the commencement and prosecution of Alterations and for final approval thereof upon completion, and shall cause Alterations to be performed in compliance therewith, and in the case of any Alteration requiring the prior approval of the Master Association or any applicable Governmental Authority, with the plans and specifications approved by the Master Association.

(v) All Alterations shall be diligently performed in a good and workmanlike manner, using new materials and equipment at least equal in quality and class to those at the Project, and shall be diligently prosecuted to final completion (which shall include all final inspections and the closing out of all open applications, permits and licenses).

(vi) Throughout the performance of any Alteration, Tenant shall carry worker's compensation insurance in statutory limits, "all risk" Builders Risk coverage and general liability insurance, with completed operation endorsement, for any occurrence in or about the Project, under which Landlord and its agent and any Fee Mortgagee whose name and address have been furnished to Tenant shall be named as parties insured, in such limits as Landlord may reasonably require, with insurers reasonably satisfactory to Landlord. Tenant shall furnish Landlord with evidence that such insurance is in effect at or before the commencement of Alterations and, on request, at reasonable intervals thereafter during the continuance of Alterations.

(c) At no expense to Landlord, Landlord shall join in the application for such permits and authorizations whenever such action is necessary; provided, that Tenant shall indemnify Landlord against any cost, liability damage or expense in connection with such application or the Alteration contemplated thereby. Landlord acknowledges that Tenant may be irreparably injured by Landlord's failure to so join in any such application if so required and agrees that, in addition to Tenant's remedies available at Law for Landlord failure to so join, Tenant shall be entitled to specific performance to enforce such obligation under this Section 14.1(c).

(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein but subject to the Restrictive Agreements with respect to utilities, all storm and sanitary sewers, and all gas, water, telephone, electrical facilities and other utilities, in no event shall Tenant make any Alteration that ties in or connects the Leased Premises or any Improvements thereon with any real property or improvements located outside the Leased Premises without first obtaining Landlord's written consent thereto.

(e) Within sixty (60) days after completion of any Alteration costing over Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00), Tenant shall deliver to Landlord (i) general releases and waivers of lien from all contractors, subcontractors and materialmen involved in the performance of such Alteration and the materials furnished in connection therewith, (ii) "as-built" plans and specifications showing such Alterations but only if any plans and specifications were prepared in connection with such Alteration, and (iii) a certificate from Tenant's independent architect or general contractor (but only if an independent architect or general contractor was engaged in connection with such Alteration) certifying that the Alteration has been completed substantially in accordance with the final plans and specifications therefor, and Tenant shall provide true and accurate copies of such final plans and specifications to Landlord.

14.2 **No Liens.** Should any mechanics' or other liens be filed against any portion of the Project by reason of the acts or omissions of, or because of a claim against, Tenant or anyone claiming under or through Tenant, Tenant shall cause the same to be canceled or discharged of record by bond or otherwise within thirty (30) days after notice from Landlord or after Tenant is

otherwise notified thereof, and provided that Tenant has complied with the foregoing, Tenant may contest any such lien in good faith. If Tenant shall fail to cancel, discharge or bond over said lien or liens within said thirty (30) day period, Landlord may cancel or discharge the same (including by bonding) and, upon Landlord's demand, Tenant shall reimburse Landlord for all costs incurred in canceling or discharging or bonding such liens, together with interest thereon at the Default Rate from the date incurred by Landlord to the date of payment by Tenant, such reimbursement to be made within ten (10) days after receipt by Tenant of a written statement from Landlord as to the amount of such costs.

14.3 **Indemnification.** Tenant shall indemnify and hold Landlord harmless from and against all costs (including, without limitation, attorneys' fees and disbursements and costs of suit), losses, liabilities or causes of action arising out of or relating to any Alteration, including, without limitation, any mechanics' or other liens asserted in connection with such Alteration.

ARTICLE 15. **DAMAGE CLAUSE**

15.1 **Damage.** If the Project is damaged or destroyed by fire, casualty or any cause whatsoever, either in whole or in part, subject to the exercise of Tenant's right to terminate this Lease pursuant to the provisions of Section 15.4 hereof, Tenant shall with due diligence remove any resulting debris and repair or rebuild the damaged or destroyed structures and other Improvements, including any modifications, improvements or betterments made by Landlord or Tenant, in accordance with the then applicable Final Plans (to the extent then permitted by Law) (irrespective of whether the insurance proceeds are sufficient to pay the entire cost of such work). Tenant shall only be required to obtain Landlord's consent (which shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed) to any material deviation from the Final Plans to the extent such consent is required under and in accordance with the terms of Article 14. Except in the case of a Minor Casualty, all insurance proceeds, together with an amount equal to any deductibles provided under any of the insurance policies, which deductible shall be paid by Tenant within thirty (30) days of the casualty, shall be delivered to a Depository in trust and pursuant to an express trust, and applied toward the repair and restoration required of Tenant under this Article 15, in accordance with Section 15.2 and, to the extent not provided therein, the customary procedures and requirements of the Depository for construction loans of a size and nature comparable to the repair and restoration obligations of Tenant under this Lease. In the case of any Minor Casualty, the insurance proceeds may be delivered to Tenant to be applied toward the repair and restoration required of Tenant under this Article 15. After completion of such repair and restoration, and payment of the costs thereof, any then remaining insurance proceeds shall be paid to Landlord to the extent of any obligations of Tenant hereunder to Landlord then due and outstanding, the balance to Tenant or, if required by a Leasehold Mortgage, to the Leasehold Mortgagee. As used herein, the term "**Depository**" means, any savings bank, insurance company, savings and loan association, commercial bank or trust company: (a) with net assets or capital surplus and undivided profits of not less than Two Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$250,000,000.00), (b) that agrees to perform the obligation of the "Depository" hereunder and apply any funds received as the Depository hereunder in accordance with the provisions of this Lease, and (c) which is selected as follows: (i) if there is a Leasehold Mortgage and such Leasehold Mortgagee is not an Affiliate of Tenant, then such Leasehold Mortgagee may select the Depository, (ii) if there is no Leasehold Mortgagee or the Leasehold

Mortgagee is an Affiliate of Tenant, then if there is a Fee Mortgagee and such Fee Mortgagee is not an Affiliate of Landlord, then such Fee Mortgagee may select the Depository, and (iii) if there is no Leasehold Mortgagee or the Leasehold Mortgagee is an Affiliate of Tenant, and there is no Fee Mortgagee or the Fee Mortgagee is an Affiliate of Landlord, then the Depository shall be mutually selected by Landlord and Tenant acting reasonably and in good faith. If a Leasehold Mortgagee or Fee Mortgagee, as applicable, has the right to select the Depository and such Leasehold Mortgagee or Fee Mortgagee, as applicable, satisfies the criteria set forth above for serving as a Depository, then such Leasehold Mortgagee or Fee Mortgagee, as applicable, may select itself to serve as the Depository. As used herein, the term "**Minor Casualty**" means a casualty to the Improvements where the total cost to repair and restore does not exceed \$2,500,000.00.

15.2 Release of Insurance Proceeds. Except as otherwise provided in Section 15.1, all insurance proceeds received by Tenant or any Leasehold Mortgagee, as the case may be, on account of such damage or destruction less the actual, out-of-pocket cost, if any, of such recovery, shall be deposited with a Depository, in trust, as provided in Section 15.1 and applied to the payment of the cost of repairing or restoring the Project as required under Section 15.1, including expenditures made for temporary repairs or for the protection of property pending the completion of permanent repairs or restoration, and may be withdrawn from time to time as hereinafter provided, as the work progresses. Receipt by the Depository of the following is a condition to any withdrawal by Tenant:

(a) A certificate of an independent architect, engineer or contractor that is unrelated to the general contractor or construction manager performing the restoration work (in either case, the "**Construction Consultant**") selected by Tenant, who shall be reasonably acceptable to Landlord, dated not more than three (3) days prior to the application for such withdrawal, setting forth the following:

(i) the contract price for the work, the amounts, if any previously paid thereon, the balance due, the amount necessary, in the Construction Consultant's reasonable professional judgment to complete the work, and that the sum then requested to be withdrawn either has been paid by Tenant or is justly due to the contractors, subcontractors, materialmen, engineers, architects or other persons (whose names and addresses shall be stated), who have rendered or furnished certain services or materials for the work and giving a brief description of such services and materials and the principal subdivisions or categories thereof and the several amounts so paid or due to each of said persons in respect thereof, and stating the progress of the work up to date of said certificate;

(ii) that the sum then requested to be withdrawn, plus all sums previously withdrawn, does not exceed the cost of the work insofar as actually accomplished up to the date of such certificate, and that the remainder of the insurance proceeds and other funds on deposit with the Depository for such purpose will, in the reasonable professional judgment of the Construction Consultant, be sufficient to pay in full for the completion of the work; and

(iii) that no part of the cost of the services and materials then being requested to be withdrawn as described in the foregoing clause (i) has been or is being made the basis of the withdrawal of any part of the deposited moneys in any then pending or previous application.

(b) A certificate signed by an officer of Tenant stating in substance: (i) the contract price for the work, the amounts, if any, previously paid thereon, the balance due, the amount necessary, in such officer's reasonable judgment, to complete the work, and that all materials and all property described in the certificate furnished pursuant to this Subsection and every part thereof, are, to such officer's Knowledge, free and clear of all mortgages, liens, charges or encumbrances, except encumbrances, if any, securing indebtedness due to Persons (whose names and addresses and the several amounts due them shall be stated) specified in said certificate pursuant to clause (i) of Section 15.2(a), which encumbrances will be discharged upon payment of such indebtedness, other than any Leasehold Mortgage; and (ii) that there is no default in the payment of Rent or any other charge payable by Tenant under this Lease.

(c) A certificate or title search from a nationally recognized title insurance company showing that there has not been filed against the Leased Premises or any part of the Project, or against any interest of Landlord or Tenant therein, any vendor's, mechanic's, laborers' or materialman's statutory or other similar lien which has not been bonded or discharged of record, except such as will be discharged or appropriately bonded upon payment of the amount then requested to be withdrawn.

(d) Mechanic's lien waivers or releases from the general contractor or construction manager and all major subcontractors (of any tier) and suppliers (i.e., those whose contract for the project is for at least Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000)), acknowledging payment of all amounts due through the immediately preceding draw paid to or on behalf of Tenant under this Section 15.2 (i.e., draw 2 does not get paid until lien releases relating to draw 1 have been received, and thereafter, a conditional lien waiver is received as to the current draw being requested).

Upon compliance with the foregoing provisions of this Section 15.2, upon the request of Tenant the Depository shall pay or cause to be paid out of the insurance money and other funds deposited with it, to the persons named in the certificate, pursuant to the foregoing clause (i) of Section 15.2(a), the respective amounts stated in said certificate to be due to each person or entity named therein, and/or shall pay or cause to be paid to Tenant the amount stated in said certificate to have been paid by Tenant. Tenant may direct the Depository to make payments otherwise due to Tenant directly to the contractor and vendors whose invoices are the subject of such payments.

If the insurance proceeds and other funds in the hands of the Depository shall be insufficient to pay the entire cost of such work, Tenant shall pay the deficiency, and the Depository shall not make any disbursement thereof until (x) there is deposited with such Depository the amount necessary to pay such deficiency or (y) if such deficiency is paid directly by Tenant for the cost of construction, there is on deposit with the Depository sufficient funds to pay the entire cost of such work after taking into account such direct payments by Tenant.

At any time after the completion in full of the work, the whole balance of the insurance proceeds not theretofore withdrawn pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Section shall be paid to Tenant or as may be required by any Leasehold Mortgage. Completion of the repair or restoration as contemplated in this Section 15.2 means receipt by Landlord, the Depository and, if applicable, the Leasehold Mortgagee, of a certificate signed by Tenant and by the Construction Consultant stating in substance as follows: (i) that the work has been completed in full and a temporary or permanent certificate of occupancy for the Improvements has been obtained, if required by law in connection with the work performed; and (ii) that all amounts for whose payment Tenant is or may become liable or that may be a lien on the Project in respect of the work have been paid in full. The certificate by Tenant and the Construction Consultant shall be accompanied by final releases of liens executed by the general contractor and all major subcontractors (of any tier) and suppliers who, over the course of the project, provided labor or materials to the project in excess of a total of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00).

15.3 Continuation of Tenant's Obligations. Except as set forth in Section 15.4 below, Tenant's obligation to pay Fixed Rent, Percentage Rent, Taxes and all other charges on the part of Tenant to be paid and to perform all other covenants and agreements on the part of Tenant to be performed shall not be affected by any such destruction or damage of any of the Improvements or the Leased Premises, whether by fire or otherwise, and to the fullest extent permitted by law, Tenant hereby irrevocably waives the provisions of any statute or law now or hereafter in effect contrary to such obligation of Tenant as herein set forth, or which releases Tenant from the performance of any of its obligations under the Lease.

15.4 Right to Terminate on Certain Damage. If during the final two (2) years of the Initial Fixed Term or the final two (2) years of any Option Period, the Project is damaged or destroyed by fire, casualty or any cause whatsoever to such an extent that all or a portion thereof is rendered unsuitable for use as a gaming facility and harness racetrack and the cost of restoration would exceed fifty percent (50%) of the amount it would cost to replace the Project in its entirety at the time such damage or destruction occurred, and if Tenant has complied with its insurance obligations under this Lease (including maintaining insurance against loss of rents by Landlord), Tenant may terminate this Lease by notice to Landlord given within sixty (60) days after such damage or destruction. If Tenant elects to terminate this Lease as provided herein, Tenant shall pay (or cause the Depository to pay or irrevocably assign its insurance claim) to Landlord, as a condition upon the effectiveness of such termination, within sixty (60) days after receipt thereof, an amount equal to (i) all insurance proceeds for such damage or destruction (except for any proceeds for damage to Tenant's Property, which shall be delivered to Tenant net of all out-of-pocket costs of collection thereof) and (ii) as and for liquidated and agreed final damages (it being agreed that it would be impracticable or extremely difficult to fix the actual damage), a sum equal to the amount by which the Rent reserved in this Lease for the period which otherwise would have constituted the unexpired portion of the Term had this Lease not been terminated, discounted to present worth (calculated using a discount rate equal to the then current Prime Rate plus two percent (2%)). Upon the giving of such notice by Tenant to terminate, and Tenant's payment of all amounts provided for herein, this Lease shall automatically terminate and the Annual Fixed Rent and other charges due hereunder shall be prorated as of the effective date of such termination; provided that Percentage Rent due hereunder, if any, shall be equitably adjusted through the date of such termination.

15.5 **Rights to Insurance Proceeds.** If this Lease is terminated as provided in this Article 15 following damage to or destruction of the Project, the proceeds of all hazard insurance on the Project which is maintained by Tenant pursuant to Article 17 shall belong to Landlord or Landlord's lender except for any proceeds for damage to Tenant's Property and net of all out-of-pocket costs of Tenant for collection thereof. Insurance proceeds with respect to Tenant's Property shall belong to Tenant or, if required by a Leasehold Mortgage, to such Leasehold Mortgagee.

15.6 **Section 227 of NYRPL.** The provisions of this Article 15 shall be deemed an express agreement governing any case of damage or destruction of the Leased Premises by fire or other casualty, and Section 227 of the Real Property Law of the State of New York, providing for such a contingency in the absence of an express agreement, and any other law of like import, now or hereafter in force, shall have no application in such case.

ARTICLE 16. **CONDEMNATION**

16.1 **In General.** Subject to any Leasehold Mortgage, if any portion of the Leased Premises is taken in any proceeding by any Governmental Authority by condemnation or otherwise, or be acquired for public or quasi-public purposes, or be conveyed under threat of such taking or acquiring (which Landlord shall not do without Tenant's prior written consent), and an independent third-party expert in Gaming Operations reasonably selected by Landlord and Tenant determines that the remaining portion will not permit Tenant to operate its business on the Leased Premises in an economically viable manner, Tenant shall have the option of terminating this Lease by notice to Landlord of its election to do so given on or before the date which is thirty (30) days after Tenant is deprived of possession of the condemned property, and upon the giving of such notice, this Lease shall automatically terminate and the Annual Fixed Rent and other charges hereunder shall be adjusted as of the date of such notice. If a portion of the Leased Premises is so taken and Tenant elects not to terminate this Lease, then Tenant shall, to the extent and making use of the condemnation award, restore the Project to a complete unit as similar as reasonably possible in design, character and quality to the buildings which existed before such taking. In performing such restoration, Tenant shall be required to deposit any condemnation award with the Depository in accordance with the terms of Section 15.2 above *mutatis mutandis*. If the Project is partially taken and this Lease is not terminated, there shall be no reduction or adjustment in the Annual Fixed Rent and other charges thereafter payable hereunder. Any restoration work to be performed pursuant to this Article 16 shall be completed in accordance with Article 14 hereof and the Restrictive Agreements. If all or part of the Leased Premises is taken and Tenant elects to terminate this Lease in accordance with this Article 16, each party shall be free to make claim against the condemning authority for the amount of the actual provable damage done to each of them by such taking. If the condemning authority refuses to permit separate claims to be made, then Landlord shall prosecute with counsel reasonably satisfactory to Tenant the claims of both Landlord and Tenant, and the proceeds of the award, after payment of Landlord's reasonable attorneys' fees and other reasonable out-of-pocket costs incurred, shall be divided between Landlord and Tenant in a fair and equitable manner based upon their respective interests.

16.2 **Temporary Taking Awards** If by reason of a taking Tenant is temporarily deprived in whole or in part of the use of the Project or any part thereof, this Lease shall continue in full force and effect, the entire award made as compensation therefor shall belong to Tenant, and there shall be no abatement of any Rent payable hereunder.

ARTICLE 17.
INSURANCE, WAIVER OF SUBROGATION
AND FIRE PROTECTION

17.1 **Casualty Policy.** During the Term of this Lease, Tenant shall at its expense keep the Leased Premises (including, without limitation, all present and future Tenant's Property and Improvements) insured in the name of Landlord and Tenant (as their interests may appear with each as named insured, additional insured or loss payee, as applicable, to provide each with the best position) against damage on an "all risk" basis, including the perils of flood and earthquake, in an aggregate amount equal to the full replacement cost thereof (without deduction for physical depreciation), and shall have deductibles no greater than Two Hundred Fifty Thousand and No/100 Dollars (\$250,000.00) (with higher deductibles for wind and earthquake coverage as the applicable insurer may require). Such policy also shall cover floods if any portion of the Leased Premises is at any time located in an area being located in a " **100 year flood plain**" or as having special flood hazards (including Zones A, B, C, V, X and shaded X areas), along with earthquake and other similar hazards as may be customary for comparable properties in the general vicinity of the Leased Premises and such other "additional coverage" insurance as any Fee Mortgagee may reasonably require, which at the time is usual and commonly obtained in connection with comparable properties. The proceeds of such insurance in case of loss or damage shall be held in trust and applied on account of the obligation of Tenant to repair and rebuild the Leased Premises pursuant to Article 15 to the extent that such proceeds are required for such purpose. The insurance required to be carried by Tenant under this Article 17 may be covered under a so-called "blanket" policy covering other operations of Tenant and its Affiliates, so long as the amount of coverage available under said "blanket" policy with respect to the Leased Premises, or Tenant's liability under this Lease, at all times meets the requirements set forth in this Lease, and shall be evidenced by a certificate of insurance (issued on ACORD 27 or equivalent form) from Tenant's insurer, authorized agent or broker. Upon request, Tenant shall name any Fee Mortgagee on the Leased Premises pursuant to a standard mortgagee, additional insured or, subject to the rights of Leasehold Mortgagees, loss payee clause, provided such Fee Mortgagee agrees with Tenant in writing to disburse such insurance proceeds in accordance with the provisions of Article 15 hereof for the repair and restoration of the Project as set forth in this Lease. Any such insurance proceeds not required for the repair and restoration of the Leased Premises, after the payment in full of any amounts then due and owing by Tenant under this Lease, shall belong to Tenant.

17.2 **Liability Insurance.** During the Term, Tenant shall maintain commercial general liability insurance, including a contractual liability endorsement and liquor liability endorsement, personal injury liability coverage and participants and horses liability coverage, in respect of the Leased Premises and the conduct or operation of business therein with combined single limits of not less than Fifty Million Dollars (\$50,000,000.00) per occurrence and in the annual aggregate. Tenant shall cause Landlord (and any Fee Mortgagee of which Tenant has received written notice from Landlord) to be named as an additional insured on all policies of liability insurance

maintained by Tenant (including excess liability and umbrella policies) with respect to the Leased Premises. Such insurance shall be primary as respects the Landlord and, if Landlord has other insurance applicable to the loss, such coverage will be on an excess or contingent basis. The insurance required to be carried by Tenant under this Section 17.2 shall be evidenced by a certificate of insurance (issued on ACORD 25 or equivalent form) from Tenant's insurer, authorized agent or broker.

17.3 **Rental Loss/Business Interruption Insurance**. During the Term of this Lease, Tenant shall, at its expense, keep and maintain for the benefit of Landlord, coverage for the loss of Rent payable hereunder for a period of at least the next succeeding eighteen (18) months. The insurance required to be carried by Tenant under this Section 17.3 shall be evidenced by a certificate of insurance (issued on ACORD 27 or equivalent form) from Tenant's insurer, authorized agent or broker.

17.4 **Workers' Compensation Insurance**. Tenant shall maintain, with respect to its operations and all of its employees at the Leased Premises, a policy or policies of workers' compensation insurance in accordance with and in the amounts required by applicable Laws, protecting Tenant from and against any and all claims from any persons employed directly or indirectly on or about the Leased Premises for injury or death of such persons. The insurance required to be carried by Tenant under this Section 17.4 shall be evidenced by a certificate of insurance (issued on ACORD 25 or equivalent form) from Tenant's insurer, authorized agent or broker.

17.5 **Boiler and Machinery Insurance**. Boiler and Machinery Insurance, covering all boilers, unfired pressure vessels, air conditioning equipment, elevators, piping and wiring, located on any portion of the Leased Premises, all steam, mechanical and electrical equipment, including, without limitation, in all its applicable forms, including Broad Form, extra expense and loss of use in an amount not less than the full replacement cost of such equipment, and which shall designate Tenant as loss payee and Landlord (and any Fee Mortgagee) as an additional insured. The insurance required to be carried by Tenant under this Section 17.5 shall be evidenced by a certificate of insurance (issued on ACORD 27 or equivalent form) from Tenant's insurer, authorized agent or broker.

17.6 **Other Insurance**. Such other insurance with respect to the Leased Premises and in such amounts as Landlord or any Fee Mortgagee from time to time may reasonably request against such other insurable hazards which at the time in question are customarily insured against in the case of properties similar to the Leased Premises.

17.7 **Release; Waiver of Subrogation**. Tenant shall include in the insurance policies required to be maintained by Tenant under this Lease, and, to the extent Landlord carries liability insurance that covers the Leased Premises, Landlord shall include in such policies, a waiver of the insurer's right of subrogation against the other party during the Term or, if such waiver should be unobtainable or unenforceable, (a) an express agreement that such policy shall not be invalidated if the insured waives the right of recovery against any party responsible for a casualty covered by the policy before the casualty or (b) any other form of permission for the release of the other party with respect to any claim (including a claim for negligence) which it might otherwise have against the other party for loss, damage or destruction with respect to its property

at the Leased Premises occurring during the Term to the extent to which it is, or is required to be, insured under a policy or policies containing a waiver of subrogation or permission to release liability.

17.8 **General.**

(a) All policies of insurance required pursuant to this Article 17 shall be issued by companies reasonably approved by Landlord, and licensed to do business in the State of New York. Tenant shall deliver to Landlord and any additional insureds, at least 10 days prior to the Commencement Date, such fully paid-for policies or certificates of insurance, in form reasonably satisfactory to Landlord issued by the insurance company or its authorized agent. Tenant shall procure and pay for renewals of such insurance from time to time before the expiration thereof, and Tenant shall deliver to Landlord and any additional insureds such renewal policy or a certificate thereof at least thirty (30) days before the expiration of any existing policy. Furthermore, any such insurance company shall have a claims paying ability rating of “*AA*” or better by Standard & Poor’s and an A.M. Best Rating of XII or better, and shall issue policies which include effective waivers by the insurer of all claims for insurance premiums against all loss payees, additional loss payees, additional insureds or named insureds; shall contain endorsements providing that neither Tenant, Landlord nor any other party shall be a co-insurer under said policies and that no modification, reduction, cancellation or termination in amount of, or material change (other than an increase) in, coverage of any of the policies required hereby shall be effective until at least thirty (30) days after receipt by each named insured, additional insured and loss payee of written notice thereof or ten (10) days after receipt of such notice with respect to nonpayment of premium; provisions which permit Landlord to pay the premiums and continue any insurance upon failure of Tenant to pay premiums when due; and provisions stating that the insurance shall not be impaired or invalidated by virtue of (i) any act, failure to act, negligence of, or violation of declarations, warranties or conditions contained in such policy by Tenant, Landlord or any other named insured, additional insured or loss payee, except for the willful misconduct of Landlord knowingly in violation of the conditions of such policy or (ii) the occupation, use, operation or maintenance of the Leased Premises for purposes more hazardous than permitted by the terms of the policy.

(b) Tenant shall not take out separate insurance concurrent in form or contributing in the event of loss with that required to be furnished by Tenant under this Article 17, unless Landlord and any Fee Mortgagees, are included therein as insureds, with losses being payable as in this Article 17 provided. Tenant shall promptly notify Landlord whenever any such separate insurance is taken out and shall deliver to Landlord (and any Fee Mortgagees) duplicate original(s) thereof, or original certificate(s) evidencing the same with true copies thereof, as provided in this Lease.

ARTICLE 18.
INDEMNIFICATION

18.1 **Indemnification by Tenant.** Except as provided in Sections 8.5 and 12.5, Tenant shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless Landlord, and Landlord’s direct and indirect partners, members, principals, shareholders, trustees, directors, officers, employees and agents (each, a “**Landlord Indemnified Party**”) from and against all liabilities, costs and expenses (including

reasonable attorney's fees and expenses) and all damages imposed upon or asserted against the Landlord, as owner of the Leased Premises, including, without limitation, any liabilities, costs and expenses and all damages imposed upon or asserted against Landlord, on account of (a) any use, occupancy, operation, management, misuse, condition, maintenance or repair by Tenant of the Leased Premises, (b) any Taxes, Common Facilities Expense, and other impositions which are the obligation of Tenant to pay pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Lease, (c) any failure on the part of Tenant to timely perform or comply with any other of the terms of this Lease or any sublease, (d) any liability Landlord may incur or suffer as a result of the ADA affecting the Leased Premises, (e) accident, injury to or death of any person or damage to property on or about the Leased Premises, and (f) any act, omission or negligence of Tenant or any Person claiming through or under Tenant or any of their respective partners, directors, officers, agents, employees or contractors; provided, that the foregoing indemnity shall not apply to the extent such claim results from the gross negligence, willful misconduct or fraud of any Landlord Indemnified Party. If at any time any claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities are asserted against a Landlord Indemnified Party by reason of any of the matters as to which Tenant indemnifies a Landlord Indemnified Party hereunder, Tenant will, upon notice from such Landlord Indemnified Party, defend any such claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities at Tenant's sole cost and expense by counsel reasonably acceptable to such Landlord Indemnified Party.

18.2 **Indemnification by Landlord**. Landlord shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless Tenant, and Tenant's direct and indirect partners, members, principals, shareholders, trustees, directors, officers, employees and agents (each, a "***Tenant Indemnified Party***") from and against all liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorney's fees and expenses) and all damages imposed upon or asserted against Tenant, as lessee of the Leased Premises, on account of the gross negligence, willful misconduct or fraud of any Landlord Indemnified Party. If at any time any claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities are asserted against a Tenant Indemnified Party by reason of any of the matters as to which Landlord indemnifies a Tenant Indemnified Party hereunder, Landlord will, upon notice from such Tenant Indemnified Party, defend any such claims, costs, demands, losses or liabilities at Landlord's sole cost and expense by counsel reasonably acceptable to such Tenant Indemnified Party.

ARTICLE 19. **LEASEHOLD MORTGAGES**

19.1 **Rights to Mortgage Lease**. Tenant, and its permitted successors and assigns shall have the right to mortgage and pledge its interest in this Lease (and, except as otherwise provided in this Article 19, permit the pledge of the direct and indirect equity interests in Tenant and Guarantor, if any, to a mezzanine lender (a "***Leasehold Mezzanine Lender***")) (collectively, "***Leasehold Mortgage***"), only in accordance with and subject to the terms, conditions, requirements and limitations of this Article 19. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in any such Leasehold Mortgage, any Leasehold Mortgage shall be subject and subordinate to the rights of Landlord hereunder and to Landlord's fee interest in the Leased Premises and shall not cover any interest in any other real property of Landlord other than the Leasehold Estate created by this Lease including any easements contained therein and the rights of Tenant under the Restrictive Agreements benefitting the Leased Premises (but such Leasehold Mortgage may encumber the Improvements and Tenant's Property). Simultaneously with or promptly after the

entering into or recording of the Leasehold Mortgage, Tenant shall, at its own expense, cause a copy of the Leasehold Mortgage to be delivered to Landlord (together with recording information, if applicable). Until such delivery, together with the information required by Section 19.3(a), the applicable Leasehold Mortgagee shall not be entitled to the rights afforded to Leasehold Mortgagees under this Lease. In the event of any conflict between the terms of a Leasehold Mortgage and this Lease, the terms of this Lease (including, without limitation, the provisions relating to the application of any proceeds from fire and other casualty insurance and extended coverage insurance) shall prevail, and Leasehold Mortgagee will confirm the same in writing to Landlord.

19.2 **Leasehold Mortgage Qualifications.** No holder of a Leasehold Mortgage shall have the rights or benefits set forth in this Article 19 or elsewhere in this Lease, nor shall the provisions of this Article 19 be binding upon Landlord, unless and until:

(a) Either the mortgagee under such Leasehold Mortgage or a trustee of any debt secured thereby, or each participant in the underlying loan secured by the Leasehold Mortgage, is an Authorized Institution holding a Leasehold Mortgage (a “*Leasehold Mortgagee*”);

(b) The Leasehold Mortgage shall contain provisions requiring that copies of all notices of default under said Leasehold Mortgage must be simultaneously sent to Landlord; and

(c) The Leasehold Mortgage shall secure a bona fide extension of credit to Tenant or an Affiliate of Tenant and shall not be entered into for the purpose of avoiding or extending any obligations of or restrictions on Tenant under this Lease, including restrictions on transfer or periods for curing defaults.

19.3 **Defaults.** If Tenant, or Tenant’s successors or assigns, mortgages this Lease in compliance with the provisions of this Article 19, then so long as any such mortgage shall remain unsatisfied of record, the following provisions shall apply:

(a) Tenant shall promptly provide Landlord with written notice that a Leasehold Mortgage has been filed, along with the name, facsimile, contact person, email address, and address of each Leasehold Mortgagee. Tenant shall promptly give Landlord written notice of any change in the identity or notice address of any Leasehold Mortgagee. Landlord, upon serving any notice of default on Tenant pursuant to Article 22, shall also serve a copy of such notice upon Leasehold Mortgagee, at the address provided to Landlord in writing by Tenant and no such notice of default shall be deemed to have been duly given as to the Leasehold Mortgagee unless and until a copy thereof has been so served upon the Leasehold Mortgagee at such address. Landlord’s furnishing a copy of such notice to Leasehold Mortgagee shall not in any way affect or become a condition precedent to the effectiveness of any notice given or served upon Tenant; provided, that Landlord may not terminate this Lease or exercise any remedies against Tenant without first giving Leasehold Mortgagee notice at such address and opportunity to cure as herein provided. For the avoidance of doubt, if there is at any time more than one (1) Leasehold Mortgagee, all cure periods and other rights granted to a Leasehold Mortgagee hereunder shall run concurrently and not serially and shall run to the acting Leasehold

Mortgagee whose Leasehold Mortgage is most senior (except to the extent that all Leasehold Mortgagees give Landlord written notice setting forth a different order of priority, it being understood that Landlord shall only be required to accept cure from and otherwise deal with one (1) Leasehold Mortgagee at a time). Any notice or other communication which Leasehold Mortgagee desires or is required to give to or serve upon Landlord shall be deemed to have been duly given or served if sent in accordance with Section 25.2.

(b) If Tenant is in default under this Lease, any Leasehold Mortgagee shall have the right to remedy such default (or cause the same to be remedied) within the same period provided to Tenant hereunder and as otherwise provided in Section 19.3(c) and, if applicable, Section 19.3(d), and Landlord shall accept such performance by or on behalf of Leasehold Mortgagee as if the same had been made by Tenant.

(c) For the purposes of this Article 19 (and subject to the provisions of Section 19.3(d) below), no default shall be deemed to exist whether pursuant to Article 22 or any other provision of this Lease, in respect of the performance of work required to be performed, or of acts to be done, or of conditions to be remedied, if steps shall, in good faith, have been commenced by Leasehold Mortgagee within the time permitted therefor to rectify the same and shall be prosecuted to completion with diligence and continuity and within the time periods provided therefor in Article 22.

(d) Notwithstanding anything in this Lease to the contrary, (i) upon the occurrence of an Event of Default that can be cured by the payment of money (“**Monetary Default**”), Landlord shall take no action to effect a termination of this Lease unless and until Landlord gives Leasehold Mortgagee at least ten (10) days written notice of the occurrence of such Event of Default and Leasehold Mortgagee fails to cure such Monetary Default within said ten (10) day period and (ii) upon the occurrence of an Event of Default other than a Monetary Default (a “**Non-Monetary Default**”), Landlord shall take no action to effect a termination of this Lease unless and until Landlord gives Leasehold Mortgagee at least thirty (30) days written notice of the occurrence of such Event of Default and Leasehold Mortgagee fails to cure such Non-Monetary Default within said thirty (30) day period. If such Non-Monetary Default cannot reasonably be cured within said thirty (30) day period (or is such that possession of the Leased Premises is necessary to remedy the Non-Monetary Default), the date after which Landlord may terminate this Lease shall be extended for such period of time as may be reasonably required to remedy such Non-Monetary Default, if and only if (A) within thirty (30) days of Landlord’s notice of the occurrence of such Non-Monetary Default, Leasehold Mortgagee irrevocably agrees in writing to assume Tenant’s obligations under the Lease following Leasehold Mortgagee’s obtaining possession of the Leased Premises, (B) Leasehold Mortgagee shall have fully cured any default in the payment of any monetary obligations of Tenant under this Lease within ten (10) days after its receipt of notice of the occurrence of such Non-Monetary Default, and shall continue to pay currently such monetary obligations as and when the same are due, subject to the applicable notice and cure provisions provided in this Lease, and (C) Leasehold Mortgagee continues its good faith and diligent efforts to remedy such Non-Monetary Default (including its acquisition of possession of the Leased Premises if necessary to cure such default); provided, that, that Leasehold Mortgagee shall not be obligated to pursue the cure of any Non-Monetary Default until it has obtained possession of the Leased Premises if, but only if, (x) Leasehold Mortgagee fully complies with the obligation to cure any Monetary Default of Tenant

and to keep current all monetary obligations under this Lease as provided in, and within the time set forth in, clause (B) above, and (y) Leasehold Mortgagee is diligently and continuously pursuing such actions as are necessary to enable it to obtain possession of the Leased Premises at the earliest possible date. For the avoidance of doubt, if there is at any time more than one (1) Leasehold Mortgagee, all cure periods and other rights granted to a Leasehold Mortgagee under this Section 19.3(d) shall run concurrently and not serially and shall run to the acting Leasehold Mortgagee whose Leasehold Mortgage is most senior (except to the extent that all Leasehold Mortgagees give Landlord written notice setting forth a different order of priority, it being understood that Landlord shall only be required to accept cure from and otherwise deal with one (1) Leasehold Mortgagee at a time).

(e) The rights granted Leasehold Mortgagee in this Section 19.3 are accommodations only to and for the benefit of Leasehold Mortgagee and shall not be construed to grant Tenant any additional rights not specifically provided in this Lease. Nothing in this Section 19.3 shall be construed to require a Leasehold Mortgagee to continue any foreclosure proceeding it may have commenced against Tenant after all defaults have been cured by Leasehold Mortgagee, and if such defaults are cured and the Leasehold Mortgagee discontinues such foreclosure proceedings, this Lease shall continue in full force and effect as if Tenant had not defaulted under this Lease. Nothing in this Article 19 shall require a Leasehold Mortgagee who has acquired Tenant's leasehold interest and has taken possession of the Leased Premises to cure any Non-Monetary Default which is not capable of being cured by such Leasehold Mortgagee. Any such incurable Non-Monetary Default shall be deemed to be waived following Leasehold Mortgagee's acquisition of Tenant's leasehold interest and such Leasehold Mortgagee's timely cure of all Monetary Defaults and all Non-Monetary Defaults which are capable of cure by such Leasehold Mortgagee in accordance with this Article 19. Notwithstanding the foregoing:

(i) Leasehold Mortgagee shall not be obligated to continue such possession or to continue such foreclosure proceedings after such defaults have been cured;

(ii) Subject to the provisions of this Article 19, Landlord shall not be precluded from exercising any rights or remedies under this Lease with respect to any other default by Tenant during the pendency of such foreclosure proceedings, provided that Leasehold Mortgagee shall be entitled to notice and opportunity to cure as set forth herein with respect to any such additional default;

(iii) Such Leasehold Mortgagee shall agree with Landlord in writing to comply with (or, in the case of a Leasehold Mezzanine Lender, cause compliance with) such terms, covenants and conditions of this Lease as are reasonably susceptible of being complied with by Leasehold Mortgagee during the period of forbearance by Landlord in accordance with Section 19.3(d) above from taking action to effect a termination of this Lease; and

(iv) it is understood and agreed that Leasehold Mortgagee, or its designee, or any purchaser in foreclosure proceedings (including, without limitation, an entity formed by Leasehold Mortgagee or by the holder(s) of the bonds or obligations

secured by the Leasehold Mortgage) may, subject to the following terms of this Section 19.3, become the legal owner and holder of this Lease (or, in the case of a Leasehold Mezzanine Lender, of the applicable direct or indirect ownership interests in Tenant) through such foreclosure proceedings or by assignment of this Lease (or, in the case of a Leasehold Mezzanine Lender, of the applicable direct or indirect ownership interests in Tenant) in lieu of foreclosure.

(f) Subject to the provisions of Section 19.3(g), it shall be a condition precedent to any assignment or transfer of this Lease by foreclosure of any Leasehold Mortgage, deed in lieu thereof or otherwise that Leasehold Mortgagee, or its designee or any purchaser in any such foreclosure proceedings or any purchaser from such Leasehold Mortgagee (any such transferee of the Lease, a “*Transferee*”) (i) have and maintain (or have a guarantor with) a capital/statutory surplus, shareholder’s equity or tangible net worth (which may include available unfunded capital commitments so long as such Transferee is a Permitted Investment Fund), determined in accordance with GAAP, of at least One Hundred Million Dollars (\$100,000,000.00) (the financial condition requirements set forth in this clause (i), the “*Transferee Financial Conditions*”), (ii) upon becoming the legal owner and holder of this Lease shall execute an agreement with Landlord, reasonably acceptable to Landlord, pursuant to which such Transferee agrees to assume all obligations of Tenant under this Lease, (iii) either the Transferee or an entity engaged by such Transferee to operate and manage the Leased Premises (pursuant to a management agreement in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Landlord), is a reputable Person of good business character and operates at least one (1) other reputable gaming facility, (iv) complies with the requirements of Article 17, and (v) provides proof reasonably satisfactory to Landlord that the Licenses and Permits have been assigned to assignee (or that new Licenses and Permits have been obtained and are being maintained).

(g) Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Leasehold Mortgagee forecloses or takes a deed in lieu of foreclosure, but at the time of such foreclosure or taking of a deed in lieu such Leasehold Mortgagee does not meet the financial or other requirements specified in the immediately preceding paragraph, such Leasehold Mortgagee shall have one hundred twenty (120) days from the date it acquires the Leasehold Premises to either transfer the Leasehold Mortgagee’s interest in this Lease to a Transferee who complies with such requirements (it being agreed that a Transferee shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements set forth in clause (i) of Section 19.3(f) above if it has a guarantor that satisfies such net worth requirements), or otherwise come into compliance on its own. Failure to comply with this paragraph shall constitute an Event of Default under this Lease.

(h) In the event of (x) the termination of this Lease prior to the expiration of the Term, whether by summary proceedings to dispossess, service of notice to terminate, or otherwise, due to an Event of Default or (y) rejection of this Lease by Tenant in connection with a bankruptcy of Tenant, in each such case, Landlord shall serve upon Leasehold Mortgagee written notice that the Lease has been terminated together with a statement of any and all sums which would at that time be due under this Lease but for such termination, and of all other defaults, if any, under this Lease then known to Landlord. Leasehold Mortgagee shall thereupon have the option to obtain a new lease in accordance with and upon the following terms and conditions:

(i) Upon the written request of Leasehold Mortgagee, delivered to Landlord within thirty (30) days after service of notice that the Lease has been terminated to Leasehold Mortgagee, Landlord shall enter into a new lease of the Leased Premises with Leasehold Mortgagee or its designee, satisfying (or having a guarantor that satisfies) the Transferee Financial Conditions.

(ii) Such new lease shall be entered into within thirty (30) days of such Leasehold Mortgagee's written request at the sole cost of Leasehold Mortgagee or such designee, shall be effective as of the date of termination of this Lease, shall require Leasehold Mortgagee, such designee, or an entity engaged to manage the Leased Premises to operate, either alone or with its Affiliates, at least one (1) other reputable gaming facility, shall be for the remainder of the Term of this Lease, and at the Rent and upon all the terms, covenants and conditions of this Lease, including any applicable Option Periods.

(iii) Such new lease shall require the tenant thereunder to perform any unfulfilled obligations of Tenant under this Lease which are reasonably susceptible of being performed by such tenant.

(iv) Upon the execution of such new lease, the tenant named therein shall pay any and all Rent and other sums which would at the time of the execution thereof be due under this Lease but for such termination and shall pay all expenses (including, without limitation, counsel fees) incurred by Landlord in connection with the preparation, execution and delivery of such new lease.

(v) The tenant named therein or a permitted operator/manager shall procure (or make application for) and maintain the Licenses and Permits, in each case so as to enable the continued lawful operation of the Project at all times.

(i) Nothing in this Section 19.3 shall impose any obligation on the part of Landlord to deliver physical possession of the Leased Premises to the Leasehold Mortgagee, Transferee, or any designee unless Landlord at the time of the execution and delivery of such new lease has obtained physical possession thereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Leasehold Mortgagee shall have the option hereunder to enter into a new lease with Landlord, but at the time of the exercise of such option Leasehold Mortgagee does not meet the financial or other requirements specified in clause (i) or (v) of Section 19.3(h), such Leasehold Mortgagee shall have one hundred twenty (120) days from the date it acquires the Leasehold Premises to either transfer its interest in such new lease to a Person who complies with such requirements, or otherwise come into compliance on its own. Failure to comply with this paragraph shall constitute an Event of Default under such new lease.

(j) If an Event of Default has occurred and remains uncured and by reason of Tenant's failure either to exercise any right to extend the Term for an Option Period, or for any other reason whatsoever, including such Event of Default, Tenant is not entitled to renew this Lease for any Option Period, Landlord shall serve upon Leasehold Mortgagee written notice thereof and Leasehold Mortgagee shall have the option upon written request served upon Landlord to obtain from Landlord a new lease of the Leased Premises for such Option Period,

provided that such written request is served upon Landlord no later than thirty (30) days after the service of the aforementioned notice by Landlord on Leasehold Mortgagee. Within thirty (30) days after the service of such written request from Leasehold Mortgagee, Landlord and Leasehold Mortgagee, or Leasehold Mortgagee's designee that satisfies the Transferee Financial Conditions, and either (1) alone or with its Affiliates, (A) operates at least one (1) other reputable gaming facility, (B) complies with the requirements of Article 17, and (C) provides proof reasonably satisfactory to Landlord that the Licenses and Permits have been assigned to assignee (or that new Licenses and Permits have been obtained and are being maintained), or (2) causes the Leased Premises to be operated by a Person that satisfies the requirements set forth in clauses (A)-(B) above, shall enter into a new lease of the Leased Premises as follows:

(i) Such new lease shall be entered into at the sole cost and expense of the tenant thereunder, shall be effective as of the date of termination of the then current Term of this Lease, and shall be for the Option Period next succeeding the then current Term of this Lease, and at the rent and upon all the terms, covenants and conditions of this Lease, including any applicable Option Periods.

(ii) Such new lease shall require tenant thereunder to perform any unfulfilled obligations of Tenant under this Lease which are reasonably susceptible of being performed by such tenant.

(iii) Upon the execution of such new lease the tenant therein named shall pay any and all sums remaining unpaid under this Lease, plus all expenses reasonably incurred by Landlord in connection with the preparation, execution and delivery of such new lease.

(k) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Section 19.3, the foregoing provisions of this Section 19.3 shall not apply with respect to any Leasehold Mortgagee that is an Affiliate of Tenant and which owns, directly or indirectly, 75% or more of Tenant or Guarantor or which is under 75% or more common ownership with Tenant or Guarantor (except for any Leasehold Mezzanine Lender that becomes an Affiliate of Tenant by virtue of a foreclosure on a pledge securing its mezzanine loan).

19.4 Landlord's Acknowledgement of Leasehold Mortgage. Landlord shall, upon written request, acknowledge receipt of the name and address of any Leasehold Mortgagee and confirm to such party whether, based solely on written evidence submitted by Tenant to Landlord and assuming the truth and accuracy thereof, such party is or would be upon closing of its financing or its acquisition of an existing Leasehold Mortgage, (a) a Leasehold Mortgagee as defined herein and (b) an Authorized Institution, provided Landlord receives reasonable proof of the foregoing.

19.5 Modifications Requested by Leasehold Mortgagee. Landlord shall not unreasonably withhold its consent or agreement to any modifications to this Lease that are reasonably requested by and for the benefit of a Leasehold Mortgagee, provided that any such modification (a) is (i) not contrary to customary requirements of other leasehold mortgagees or mezzanine lenders at the time in the State of New York, including those imposed by rating agency guidelines, or (ii) due to banking, insurance or similar laws and regulations in order, and

(b) does not adversely affect any of Landlord's rights or remedies in any material respect, decrease any of the Rents payable under this Lease or increase (other than to a *de minimis* extent) any of Landlord's obligations under this Lease.

ARTICLE 20.
TENANT'S SIGNS

20.1 **Location and Type.** Tenant shall have the right to erect and maintain the any and all signs subject to any applicable provisions of this Lease, the Restrictive Agreements and applicable Laws:

- (a) illuminated signs on the exterior walls of the Improvements;
- (b) signs on the interior or exterior of any windows of the Improvements;
- (c) easel or placard signs within the lobby entrance or on sidewalks immediately in front of the Improvements, provided the same do not unreasonably interfere with pedestrian traffic;
- (d) poster cases within the lobby of the Improvements and on the exterior walls of the Improvements;
- (e) illuminated roadside sign(s) and attraction board ("*Tenant's Pylon*");
- (f) electronic displays and billboards ("*Display Signs*") on the exterior walls of the Improvements;
- (g) directional signage on the Leased Premises; and
- (h) all other signage Tenant deems desirable in the ordinary course of the operation of its business at the Leased Premises in accordance with the Operating Standard.

20.2 **Design.** The design of all signage which Tenant elects to construct pursuant to Section 20.1 (such present and future signs referred to as "*Tenant's Signs*") shall be in compliance with the applicable provisions of this Lease, the Restrictive Agreements and applicable Laws. Tenant's Signs shall be constructed and maintained in good repair at Tenant's expense. Tenant shall pay the cost of electricity consumed in illuminating Tenant's Signs.

20.3 **Access to Tenant's Pylon.** If Tenant's Pylon is located outside the Leased Premises, Landlord hereby grants to Tenant all easement rights as Landlord has under the REA or other Restrictive Agreement, which shall be appurtenant to the Leased Premises, for the purpose of enabling Tenant to have access to Tenant's Pylon, to maintain and service same and to insure the continued availability of power thereto.

20.4 **Protection of Signs Visibility.** Landlord shall not erect or permit to be erected any sign or advertising device on the roof or exterior walls of the Improvements, nor any landscaping, signs or other obstructions on the Leased Premises except as permitted pursuant to the provisions of the Master Development Agreement, the REA or other Restrictive Agreement.

ARTICLE 21.
ESTOPPEL CERTIFICATES; FEE MORTGAGES

21.1 **Estoppel Certificates.** Each party agrees, within ten (10) days after request by the other party, to execute, acknowledge and deliver to and in favor of the other party (and/or a party designated by such other party, including, without limitation, the proposed holder of any Fee Mortgage or purchaser of the Leased Premises, any Leasehold Mortgagee, or any proposed sublessee or assignee of Tenant, an estoppel certificate in such form as the requesting party may reasonably request, but stating no less than: (a) whether this Lease is in full force and effect; (b) whether this Lease has been modified or amended and, if so, identifying and describing any such modification or amendment; (c) the date to which rent and any other charges have been paid; and (d) whether such has Knowledge of any default on the part of the other party or has Knowledge of any claim against the other party and, if so, specifying the nature of such default or claim.

21.2 **Fee Mortgages.** Nothing contained herein shall in any way limit or restrict Landlord's right to encumber its fee interest in the Leased Premises with one or more mortgages and/or assignments of leases and rents and to encumber any direct or indirect equity interests in Landlord (each, together with any and all amendments, modifications, extensions and replacements thereof, a "***Fee Mortgage***"). The beneficiary of any Fee Mortgage, together with its successors and assigns, is referred to herein as a "***Fee Mortgagee***". No Fee Mortgagee shall have the rights or benefits set forth in this Article 21 or elsewhere in this Lease unless such Fee Mortgagee (or a trustee of any debt secured by Fee Mortgage) is an Authorized Institution. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in any such Fee Mortgage, any Fee Mortgage now or hereafter encumbering Landlord's interest in the Leased Premises shall be subject and subordinate to this Lease (and any new Lease that is entered into in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 19.3), the Leasehold Estate created hereby (or by such new Lease that is entered into in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 19.3) and the rights of Tenant and Leasehold Mortgagees under this Lease (or under such new Lease that is entered into in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 19.3) for so long as this Lease (or such new Lease that is entered into in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 19.3) remains in full force and effect. For the avoidance of doubt, except as expressly provided in this Article 21, Tenant shall have no obligations under this Lease in respect of any Fee Mortgage. At the request of Leasehold Mortgagee or Tenant, and at Tenant's sole cost and expense, Fee Mortgage shall confirm such subordination in a writing mutually acceptable to Tenant and Fee Mortgagee acting reasonably. In the event of any conflict between the terms of a Fee Mortgage and this Lease, the terms of this Lease shall prevail.

21.3 **Modifications Requested by Fee Mortgagee.** Tenant shall not unreasonably withhold its consent or agreement to any modifications to this Lease that are reasonably requested by and for the benefit of a Fee Mortgagee, provided that any such modification (a) is (i) not contrary to customary requirements of other mortgagees at the time in the State of New York, including those imposed by rating agency guidelines, or (ii) due to banking, insurance or similar laws and regulations in order, and (b) does not adversely affect any of Tenant's rights in any material respect, increase any of the Rents payable under this Lease or increase (other than to a de minimis extent) any of Tenant's other obligations under this Lease.

21.4 **Attornment by Tenant.** Tenant shall, in the event any proceedings are brought for the foreclosure of, or in the event of the exercise of the power of sale under, any Fee Mortgage, attorn to the purchaser upon any such foreclosure or sale and recognize such purchaser as Landlord under this Lease (a "**Successor Landlord**"), provided such Successor Landlord assumes in writing Landlord's obligations under this Lease (it being understood that Tenant shall, if requested, enter into a new lease on terms identical to those in this Lease); provided, that any such Successor Landlord shall not be (a) liable for any act, omission or default of any prior landlord (including, without limitation, Landlord); (b) liable for the return of any moneys paid to or on deposit with any prior landlord (including, without limitation, Landlord), except to the extent such moneys or deposits are delivered to such Successor Landlord; (c) subject to any offset, claims or defense that Tenant might have against any prior landlord (including, without limitation, Landlord); (d) bound by any Rent which Tenant might have paid for more than the current month to any prior landlord (including, without limitation, Landlord) unless actually received by such Successor Landlord; (e) bound by any covenant to perform or complete any construction in connection with the Project or the Leased Premises or to pay any sums to Tenant in connection therewith; or (f) bound by any waiver or forbearance under, or any amendment, modification, abridgment, cancellation or surrender of, this Lease made without the consent of such Successor Landlord. Upon request by such Successor Landlord, Tenant shall execute and deliver an instrument or instruments, reasonably requested by such Successor Landlord, confirming the attornment provided for herein, but no such instrument shall be necessary to make such attornment effective but in no event shall such attornment require Tenant to otherwise increase or modify in any respect its obligations hereunder.

21.5 **Fee Mortgagee Right to Cure Landlord Defaults.**

(a) Landlord shall promptly provide Tenant and any Leasehold Mortgage of which Tenant has given Landlord written notice with written notice that a Fee Mortgage has been filed, along with the name, facsimile, contact person, email address, and address of the Fee Mortgagee. Landlord shall promptly give Tenant written notice of any change in the identity or address of any Fee Mortgagee. Tenant, upon serving any notice of default on Landlord shall also serve a copy of such notice upon Fee Leasehold Mortgagee, at the address provided to Tenant in writing by Landlord and no such notice of default shall be deemed to have been duly given as to the Fee Mortgagee unless and until a copy thereof has been so served upon the Fee Mortgagee at such address.

(b) If Landlord is in default of any of its obligations under this Lease, any Fee Mortgagee shall have the right to remedy such default (or cause the same to be remedied) within the same period provided to Landlord hereunder and as otherwise provided in this Section 21.5, and Tenant shall accept such performance by or on behalf of Fee Mortgagee as if the same had been made by Landlord. For the avoidance of doubt, if there is at any time more than one (1) Fee Mortgagee, all cure periods and other rights granted to a Fee Mortgagee hereunder shall run concurrently and not serially and shall run to the acting Fee Mortgagee whose Fee Mortgage is most senior (except to the extent that all Fee Mortgagees give Tenant written notice setting forth a different order of priority, it being understood that Tenant shall only be required to accept cure from and otherwise deal with one (1) Fee Mortgagee at a time).

21.6 **Form of Documents.** Landlord and Tenant, upon request of any party in interest, shall execute promptly such commercially reasonable instruments or certificates to carry out the provisions of this Article 21; provided, that, neither party shall be required to execute any such instruments or certificates that would in any way modify the terms and provisions of this Lease or increase the obligations of any party beyond those set forth herein.

ARTICLE 22.
DEFAULT

22.1 **Tenant Default.** An event of default (“*Event of Default*”) shall exist under this Lease if:

(a) Tenant fails to pay any installment of Rent, including Annual Fixed Rent, Percentage Rent and any other charge under this Lease within ten (10) days after notice of default (but Landlord is not required to give more than four (4) such default notices during any one Lease Year);

(b) Tenant breaches or fails to perform or observe any obligations set forth in (i) Sections 8.4(b)(ii) or 8.4(b)(iii) and such breach or failure continues for thirty (30) days after written notice by Landlord of such default, or (ii) Section 8.4(b)(v);

(c) upon the occurrence of any default under a Related Agreement or any guaranty of a Related Agreement, in each case that remains uncured after the expiration of the applicable cure period thereunder;

(d) Tenant (i) commences any case, proceeding or other action seeking to have an order for relief entered on its behalf as debtor or to adjudicate it a bankrupt or insolvent, or seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment, liquidation, dissolution or composition of it or its debts under any federal, state or local law relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or relief of debtors, (ii) makes an assignment for the benefit of its creditors, (iii) is generally unable to pay its debts as they mature, (iv) seeks or consents to the appointment of a receiver of itself or of the whole or any substantial part of its property, or (v) files a petition or answer seeking reorganization or arrangement under an order or decree appointing, without the consent of Tenant, a receiver of Tenant of the whole or substantially all of its property, and such case, proceeding or other action is not dismissed within ninety (90) days after the commencement thereof;

(e) the estate or interest of Tenant in the Leased Premises or any part thereof is levied upon or attached in any proceeding and the same is not vacated or discharged within the later of ninety (90) days after commencement thereof or thirty (30) days after receipt by Tenant of notice thereof from Landlord (unless Tenant is contesting such lien or attachment in accordance with this Lease);

(f) Tenant breaches or fails to perform and observe any of its obligations set forth in Section 14.2 within the time frames set forth therein;

(g) Tenant abandons all or substantially all of the Leased Premises during the Term of this Lease for a period of thirty (30) consecutive days;

(h) Tenant fails to perform or observe any of the other covenants, terms, provisions or conditions on its part to be performed or observed under this Lease in all material respects, within thirty (30) days after written notice of default (or if more than thirty (30) days shall be reasonably required for such cure because of the nature of the default, if Tenant fails to proceed diligently and continuously to cure such default after such notice to completion);

(i) with respect to the Guaranty and Guarantor, if any, if:

(i) the Guaranty shall cease to be in full force and effect for any reason, or

(ii)(A) Guarantor fails to comply with any covenant made by it in the Guaranty and such failure continues beyond any applicable notice and grace period, or (B) Guarantor attempts to revoke or disavow, or contests or raises any defense against its obligations under, the Guaranty, except as may be expressly permitted under the Guaranty or contests or defenses brought or raised in good faith, or

(iii) if Guarantor shall (A) make a general assignment for the benefit of creditors, (B) file a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, (C) file any petition or answer seeking for itself any reorganization, arrangement, composition, readjustment of debt, liquidation or dissolution or similar relief under any present or future statute, law or regulation of any jurisdiction, (F) petition or apply for any receiver, custodian or any trustee for any substantial part of its property, or (G) take any formal action for the purpose of effecting any of the foregoing or looking to its liquidation or winding up, or

(iv) if an order for relief is entered under any bankruptcy or similar law or any other decree or order is entered by a court of competent jurisdiction (A) adjudicating Guarantor bankrupt or insolvent, (B) approving as properly filed a petition seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition of or in respect of Guarantor, (C) appointing a receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee, custodian, sequestrator (or other similar official) of Guarantor or of any substantial part of its property or (D) ordering the winding up or liquidation of the affairs of Guarantor, and any such decree or order continues unstayed and in effect for a period of 90 days.

22.2 Termination and Re-Entry.

(a) This Lease and the estate hereby granted are subject to the limitation that if an Event of Default shall occur, then, in any such case, Landlord may give to Tenant a notice of intention to terminate this Lease and the term hereof as of the tenth (10th) day after the giving of such notice, in which event, as of such tenth (10th) day, this Lease and the term hereof shall terminate with the same effect as if such day was the Expiration Date, but Tenant shall remain liable for damages as hereinafter provided or pursuant to law.

(b) If Tenant defaults in the payment of any Rent and such default continues for ten (10) days after notice from Landlord of such default and Landlord has elected to terminate this Lease in accordance with Section 22.2(a) or if this Lease shall otherwise terminate as in Section 22.2(a) provided, Landlord or Landlord's agents and servants may immediately or at any time thereafter re-enter into or upon the Leased Premises, or any part thereof, either by

summary dispossession proceedings or by any suitable action or proceeding at law, without being liable to indictment, prosecution or damages therefor, and may repossess the same, and may remove any persons therefrom, to the end that Landlord may have, hold and enjoy the Leased Premises. The words "re-enter" and "re-entering" as used in this Lease are not restricted to their technical legal meanings. Upon such termination or re-entry, Tenant shall pay to Landlord any Rent then due and owing (in addition to any damages payable under Section 22.3(a) below).

22.3 Damages.

(a) If this Lease shall terminate pursuant to the provisions of Section 22.2(a) hereof, or if Landlord shall otherwise reenter the Leased Premises pursuant to Section 22.2(b) or in the event of the termination of this Lease, or of reentry, by or under any summary dispossession or other proceedings or action or any provision of law by reason of default hereunder on the part of Tenant, then the following provisions shall apply:

(i) Tenant shall pay to Landlord the Rent payable up to the time of such termination of this Lease, or of any such reentry by Landlord, as the case may be and

(ii) Tenant shall pay to Landlord as damages, at the election of Landlord, either of the following amounts:

(A) A sum which, at the time of such termination of this Lease or at the time of any such re-entry by Landlord, as the case may be, represents the then present value (calculated at the then current Prime Rate plus two percent (2%)) of the excess, if any, of (1) the aggregate amount of the Annual Fixed Rent and Percentage Rent and other Rent payable by Tenant pursuant to this Lease which would have been payable by Tenant for the period commencing with such earlier termination of this Lease or the date of any such reentry, as the case may be, and ending with the date contemplated as the Expiration Date hereof if this Lease had not so terminated or if Landlord had not so reentered the Leased Premises, over (2) the aggregate rental value of the Leased Premises for the same period (for the purposes of this clause (A) the amount of Percentage Rent, Taxes and all other Rent other than Annual Fixed Rent which would have been payable by Tenant under this Lease shall, for each calendar year ending after such termination or re-entry, be deemed to be an amount equal to the amount of such Percentage Rent, Taxes and all other Rent other than Annual Fixed Rent payable by Tenant for the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year in which such termination or re-entry shall occur), or

(B) Sums equal to the Rent payable by Tenant pursuant to this Lease which would have been payable by Tenant had this Lease not so terminated, or had Landlord not so reentered the Leased Premises, payable upon the due dates therefor specified herein following such termination or such reentry and until the date contemplated as the Expiration Date hereof if this Lease had not so terminated or if Landlord had not so reentered the Leased Premises; provided, that, that if Landlord shall relet the Leased Premises during said period, Landlord

shall credit Tenant with the net rents received by Landlord from such reletting (including any net rents from subtenants), such net rents to be determined by first deducting from the gross rents as and when received by Landlord from such reletting the expenses incurred or paid by Landlord in terminating this Lease or in reentering the Leased Premises and in securing possession thereof, as well as the out-of-pocket expenses of reletting, including altering and preparing the Leased Premises for new tenants, customary brokers' commissions, and legal fees and expenses, it being understood that any such reletting may be for a period shorter or longer than the remaining term of this Lease; but in no event shall Tenant be entitled to receive any excess of such net rents over the sums payable by Tenant to Landlord hereunder, nor shall Tenant be entitled in any suit for the collection of damages pursuant to this subdivision to a credit in respect of any net rents from a reletting, except to the extent that such net rents are actually received by Landlord; provided, that the cost of alteration and preparation of the Leased Premises for new tenants shall not include material capital renovations. If the Leased Premises or any part thereof should be relet in combination with other space, then proper apportionment on a square foot basis shall be made of the rent received from such reletting and of the expenses of reletting.

If the Leased Premises or any part thereof are relet by Landlord for the unexpired portion of the term of this Lease, or any part thereof, before presentation of proof of such damages to any court, commission or tribunal, the amount of rent reserved upon such reletting shall, prima facie, be the fair and reasonable rental value for the Leased Premises, or part thereof, so relet during the term of the reletting. Landlord shall not be liable in any way whatsoever for its failure or refusal to relet the Leased Premises or any part thereof, or if the Leased Premises or any part thereof are relet, for its failure to collect the rent under such reletting, and no such refusal or failure to relet or failure to collect rent shall release or affect Tenant's liability for damages or otherwise under this Lease.

(b) If, as of the date of termination or reentry, the Leased Premises shall not be in the condition in which Tenant has agreed to surrender the same to Landlord at the expiration or earlier termination of this lease, then, without notice or other action by Landlord, Tenant shall pay, as and for liquidated damages therefor, the cost (as estimated by an independent contractor selected by Landlord) of placing the Leased Premises in the condition in which Tenant has agreed to surrender the same.

(c) Landlord shall be entitled to retain all monies, if any, paid by Tenant to Landlord, whether as advance rent, security or otherwise, but such monies shall be credited by Landlord against any Rent due from Tenant at the time of such termination or reentry or, at Landlord's option, against any other damages payable by Tenant pursuant to this Section 22.3 or pursuant to Law.

(d) Suit or suits for the recovery of such damages, or any installments thereof, may be brought by Landlord from time to time at its election after the termination of this Lease in accordance with its terms, and nothing contained herein shall be deemed to require Landlord to postpone suit until the date when the term of this Lease would have expired if it had not been so terminated under the provisions of this Section 22.3, or had Landlord not reentered the Leased

Premises. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Article 22, nothing herein contained shall be construed to limit or prejudice the right of Landlord to prove for and obtain as damages by reason of the termination of this Lease or reentry on the Leased Premises for the default of Tenant under this Lease an amount equal to the maximum allowed by any statute or rule of law in effect at the time when, and governing the proceedings in which, such damages are to be proved whether or not such amount be greater than any of the sums referred to in Section 22.3(a).

(e) Landlord may, in its sole discretion, relet the whole or any part of Premises for the whole or any part of the unexpired term of this Lease, or longer, or from time to time for shorter periods, for any rental it wishes and giving such concessions of rent and making such special repairs, alterations, decorations and paintings for any new tenant as it may in its sole and absolute discretion deem advisable, and Landlord may collect and receive the rents thereunder. In no event shall Landlord ever be obligated to relet or to attempt to relet the Premises or any part thereof.

(f) Following an Event of Default, all amounts due from Tenant to Landlord pursuant to this Lease shall bear interest at the Default Rate.

22.4 **Self Help.** If Tenant fails to perform any agreement or obligation on its part to be performed under this Lease, Landlord or any Fee Mortgagee, without thereby waiving such default (or any covenant, term or condition herein contained or the performance thereof), may perform the same for the account and at the expense of Tenant, (a) immediately and without notice in the case of emergency or in case such failure may result in a violation of any Law or in a cancellation of any insurance policy maintained by Landlord and (b) in any other case if such failure continues beyond any applicable grace period. Landlord or any Fee Mortgagee shall have the right to enter the Leased Premises to rectify a default of Tenant as aforesaid. Tenant shall on demand reimburse Landlord or such Fee Mortgagee, as applicable, for the actual costs and expenses incurred by such party in rectifying defaults as aforesaid, including reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements, together with interest thereon at the Default Rate, but nothing herein shall be deemed to permit Tenant to set off any costs of cure or other amounts against the amounts owing to Landlord hereunder.

22.5 **Other Remedies.** Anything in this Lease to the contrary notwithstanding, during the continuation of any Event of Default, Tenant shall not be entitled to exercise any rights or options, under or pursuant to this Lease.

22.6 **Remedies Cumulative.** The various rights and remedies given to or reserved to Landlord and Tenant by this Lease or allowed by law shall be cumulative, irrespective of whether so expressly stated. In the event of a breach or threatened breach by Tenant of any of its obligations under this Lease, Landlord shall also have the right to enforce by injunction any of the terms and covenants hereof.

22.7 **Certain Waivers.** Tenant waives and surrenders all right and privilege that Tenant might have under or by reason of any present or future law to redeem the Leased Premises or to have a continuance of this Lease after Tenant is dispossessed or ejected therefrom by process of law or under the terms of this Lease or after any termination of this Lease.

22.8 **Limitation on Landlord's Liability.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Lease, Tenant will look solely to the interest of Landlord (or its successor as Landlord hereunder) in the Leased Premises for the satisfaction of any judgment or other judicial process requiring the payment of money as a result of (a) any negligence (including gross negligence) or (b) any breach of this Lease by Landlord or its successor (including any beneficial owners, partners, shareholders, trustees or others affiliated or related to Landlord or such successor) and Landlord shall have no personal liability hereunder of any kind.

22.9 **Interest on Past Due Obligations; Late Charges.** Except where another rate of interest is specifically provided for in this Lease, any amount due from either party to the other under this Lease which is not paid when due shall bear interest at the Default Rate from the date that is five (5) days after the date such payment was due to and including the date of payment. In addition, Tenant acknowledges that the late payment of any installment of Annual Fixed Rent or Percentage Rent will cause Landlord to incur certain costs and expenses, the exact amount of which are extremely difficult or impractical to fix. These costs and expenses may include, without limitation, administrative and collection costs and processing and accounting expenses. Therefore, if any installment of Annual Fixed Rent or Percentage Rent is not received by Landlord from Tenant when due on more than two (2) occasions in any twelve (12) month period, then Tenant shall immediately pay to Landlord a late charge equal to the greater of (i) four percent (4%) of such delinquent amount, and (ii) One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00). Landlord and Tenant agree that this late charge represents a reasonable estimate of the costs and expenses Landlord will incur and is fair compensation to Landlord for its loss suffered by reason of late payment by Tenant. Upon accrual, all such late charges shall be deemed Additional Rent.

22.10 **Special Tenant Remedies.**

(a) Subject to the limitations set forth herein, in the event that Landlord shall fail to maintain any of the Landlord Licenses and Permits necessary for Tenant to lawfully conduct Gaming Operations (other than by reason of the conduct of any Person other than Landlord or Landlord's Affiliates or any director, executive officer, manager or member of Landlord or Landlord's Affiliates) (a "**Landlord License and Permit Breach**"), Landlord shall indemnify Tenant for any actual damages suffered by Tenant as a result of such Landlord License and Permit Breach; provided, that Landlord's liability therefor shall be limited in amount to the Rent otherwise payable to Landlord (including both Annual Fixed Rent and Percentage Rent but not including any Rent payable to third parties (such as Taxes and Common Facilities Expenses) for the unexpired balance of the Term (which shall be deemed to include any Option Periods which have been exercised, and any Option Period which may be exercised after the occurrence of such Landlord License and Permit Breach). Calculation of the amount of Percentage Rent for purposes of determining the limitation on liability will be calculated based upon the average revenues from Gaming Operations for the twelve full calendar months preceding the event giving rise to such damages (e.g., the cessation of Gaming Operations). If Landlord shall fail to pay such damages within thirty (30) days of notice thereof (either as agreed to by the parties or as determined by a final, non-appealable order of a court of competent jurisdiction), then Tenant shall have the right to offset such damage amount against the next succeeding installment(s) of Percentage Rent due under this Lease, but not against Annual Fixed Rent, or, if Tenant elects to purchase the Property as set forth below, against the Purchase Price for the Landlord Property Interests. For the avoidance of doubt, Landlord shall have no liability to Tenant for any Landlord License and Permit Breach unless Tenant suffers or incurs any actual damages by reason thereof.

(b) All fines and penalties imposed on Tenant by applicable Governmental Authorities as a direct result of a Landlord License and Permit Breach shall be promptly paid by Landlord.

(c) In connection with any potential adverse impact (beyond a *de minimis* amount) on Gaming Operations as a result of a Landlord License and Permit Breach, Landlord and Tenant shall work together to expeditiously resolve any such issues in accordance with applicable Laws and subject to any required approval of the relevant Governmental Authorities. Landlord and Tenant acknowledge that there may be an array of actions which may resolve any adverse impacts on Gaming Operations imposed by Governmental Authorities as a result of a Landlord License and Permit Breach and agree that, to the extent there is more than one course of action that will achieve resolution of the Landlord License and Permit Breach and such course of action does not otherwise adversely affect Tenant or its operation of the Project or the Leased Premises (in each case, other than to a *de minimis* extent), Landlord shall have the right, in its sole and absolute discretion, to choose a course of action or manner of resolution, and Tenant shall cooperate with Landlord in connection with Landlord's selected resolution. Such resolutions may include, without limitation, Landlord foregoing Percentage Rent and/or Annual Fixed Rent, forming a trust to receive such Annual Fixed Rent and/or Percentage Rent pending a resolution, forming a trust to receive title to the Leased Premises, or other solutions.

(d) In any event, the primary objective of Landlord and Tenant is to agree upon a resolution that minimizes the cessation, interruption or prohibition of Gaming Operations. In furtherance thereof, if Landlord and Tenant are unable to reasonably agree upon a resolution of a Landlord License and Permit Breach that would end the cessation or material curtailment of Gaming Operations imposed by any applicable Governmental Authority within five (5) business days after the effective imposition thereof, and Tenant has either (A) actually curtailed in any material respect (including an assumption of the conduct of Gaming Operations by any Governmental Authority) or ceased the conduct of Gaming Operations or (B) a Governmental Authority has advised Tenant in writing that Gaming Operations will be curtailed in any material respect or forced to shut down in the absence of curative action and Landlord fails to resolve the applicable Landlord License and Permit Breach in a manner that would otherwise prevent such material curtailment or cessation from occurring, then Tenant shall have the right to take the following actions, in the following order, subject in each case to applicable Laws and except as otherwise required by any applicable Governmental Authority ("**Tenant Actions**"): (i) first, pay Annual Fixed Rent and Percentage Rent into a trust pending cure of the applicable Landlord License and Permit Breach; (ii) if the resolution set forth in clause (i) above shall not resolve the applicable Landlord License and Permit Breach in a manner that enables Tenant to resume the conduct of Gaming Operations without material curtailment or cessation, then require Landlord to transfer its title to the Leased Premises into a trust pending resolution of the applicable Landlord License and Permit Breach in a manner that enables Tenant to resume the conduct of Gaming Operations without material curtailment or cessation; and (iii) if the resolutions set forth in clauses (i) and (ii) above shall not resolve the applicable Landlord License and Permit Breach in a manner that enables Tenant to resume the conduct of Gaming Operations without material curtailment or cessation, then exercise Tenant's Purchase Option,

notwithstanding the fact that such Landlord License and Permit Breach occurs outside of a Purchase Option Closing Period, in which case Landlord will be required to provide a first priority secured mortgage loan for the entire Purchase Price at an annual fixed rate of interest that would equate to monthly interest payments equal to one-twelfth (1/12) of the Annual Fixed Rent and Percentage Rent payable for the 12 calendar month period ending with the month immediately prior to the month in which the applicable Landlord License and Permit Breach occurred with a ten (10) year term, prepayable at any time without premium or penalty and otherwise on customary and arms'-length terms and conditions for such a financing, taking into account all relevant factors, in connection with such purchase in accordance with applicable Laws.

ARTICLE 23.
ACCESS TO PREMISES

23.1 **Ongoing Access and Inspection Rights**. Tenant shall permit Landlord and its authorized representatives to enter the Leased Premises during normal business hours (upon 48 hours prior notice, except in the event of an emergency, in event which no prior notice is required prior to entry) for the purposes of (a) conducting periodic inspections, (b) performing any work thereon required or permitted to be performed by Landlord pursuant to this Lease or the Restrictive Agreements, (c) showing the Leased Premises to prospective purchasers or lenders, and (d) during the last twelve (12) month of the Term, showing the Leased Premises to prospective lessees. In entering the Leased Premises, Landlord and its designees shall not unreasonably interfere with operations on the Leased Premises and shall comply with Tenant's reasonable instructions and security protocol. In no event shall Landlord be permitted to enter any "cage" or other secure, restricted access or money handling areas without a Tenant representative and otherwise in accordance with applicable Law.

23.2 **Landlord's Construction Inspection Rights**. During the Construction Term and any other period of Tenant's material construction in the Leased Premises, Landlord shall have the right to physically inspect, and to cause one or more engineers or other representatives of Landlord to physically inspect, the Leased Premises, as long as the same does not substantially interfere with Tenant's operation of or construction activities on the Leased Premises. Such inspections shall include (without limitation) such tests, inspections and audits of environmental and soil conditions as Landlord deems necessary. Landlord shall make such inspections in good faith and with due diligence. All inspection fees, appraisal fees, engineering fees, environmental fees and other expenses of any kind incurred by Landlord relating to the inspection of the Leased Premises will be solely Landlord's expense. Tenant shall cooperate with Landlord in all reasonable respects in making such inspections; provided, that such inspections shall not interfere with any such construction, or cause delay in the completion thereof, in any material respect. Tenant reserves the right to have a representative present at the time Landlord conducts any such inspection of the Leased Premises. Landlord shall notify Tenant not less than two (2) business days in advance of making any such inspection and such inspection shall be made during normal business hours. In making any inspection, Landlord will treat, and will cause any representative of Landlord to treat, all information obtained by Landlord pursuant to the terms of this Section 23.2 as strictly confidential in accordance with Section 26.24 hereof. Landlord shall indemnify Tenant against any claims arising from Landlord's or Landlord's designees' inspection and testing conducted on the Leased Premises under this Section 23.2.

ARTICLE 24.
SURRENDER OF PREMISES

24.1 **Surrender of Leased Premises**. At the expiration or sooner termination of the term of this Lease in accordance with the terms hereof, Tenant shall surrender the Leased Premises to Landlord, in vacant and broom clean condition, with all structural elements and systems in working order and repair (reasonable wear and tear excepted and without warranty as to future performance of such systems), and shall surrender all keys for the Leased Premises to Landlord at the place then fixed for the payment of Rent and shall inform Landlord of all combinations on locks, safes and vaults, if any, in the Leased Premises. At the expiration or sooner termination of the term of this Lease, the Leased Premises shall be surrendered free and clear of any space leases and other rights of occupancy, unless Landlord otherwise elects, in which case Tenant shall assign to Landlord all of Tenant's right, title and interest in such space leases and rights of occupancy as Landlord shall elect to acquire (together with all security deposits, guarantees, and other rights or benefits relating thereto but without representation or warranty of any kind) and Landlord shall assume the obligations thereunder accruing following such assignment, pursuant to an assignment and assumption agreement reasonably satisfactory to Landlord and Tenant. Tenant shall remove all Tenant's Property within thirty (30) days after the expiration or sooner termination of the Term (such entry onto the Leased Premises for such purpose shall not be deemed a holdover, provided such removal is accomplished within such thirty (30) day period), and shall repair any damage to the structural elements or systems of the Leased Premises caused thereby, and any or all of such Tenant's Property not so removed by Tenant shall, at Landlord's option, become the exclusive property of Landlord or be disposed of by Landlord, at Tenant's cost and expense, without further notice to or demand upon Tenant. Except as set forth herein, Tenant shall have no obligation to repair damage resulting from the removal of its equipment and the Leased Premises shall be surrendered to Landlord in "as is, where is" condition at the end of the Term. The provisions of this Article 24 shall survive the expiration or other termination of the term of this Lease.

ARTICLE 25.
FORCE MAJEURE

If either party is delayed or hindered in or prevented from the performance of any act required under this Lease by reason of strikes, lockouts, labor troubles, inability to procure materials, failure of power, restrictive Laws (except as otherwise specifically provided herein), riots, insurrection, terrorist acts, war or other reason beyond the reasonable control of and not the fault of the party delayed in performing the work or doing the acts required under the terms of this Lease (collectively, "*Force Majeure*"), then performance of such act shall be excused for the period of the delay, and the period for the performance of any such act shall be extended for a period equivalent to the period of such delay. The provisions of this Article shall not (a) operate to excuse Tenant from prompt payment of Rent or any other payment required by Tenant under the terms of this Lease, or (b) be applicable to delays resulting from the inability of a party to obtain financing or to proceed with its obligations under this Lease because of a lack of funds.

[Monticello Raceway Management, Inc.] c/o
Empire Resorts, Inc.
[_____]]
[_____] , New York [_____]]
Attention: Joseph A. D'Amato
Telephone: [_____]]
Facsimile: [_____]]

With a copy to:

Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP
One Liberty Plaza
New York, New York 10006
Attention: Steven L. Wilner, Esq.
Telephone: (212) 225-2672
Facsimile: (212)225-3999

A notice, request and other communication shall be deemed to be duly received if delivered by a nationally recognized overnight delivery service, when delivered to the address of the recipient, if sent by mail, on the date of receipt by the recipient as shown on the return receipt card, or if sent by facsimile, upon receipt by the sender of an acknowledgment or transmission report generated by the machine from which the facsimile was sent indicating that the facsimile was sent in its entirety to the recipient's facsimile number; provided that if a notice, request or other communication is served by hand or is received by facsimile on a day which is not a Business Day, or after 5:00 p.m. local time on any Business Day at the addressee's location, such notice or communication shall be deemed to be duly received by the recipient at 9:00 a.m. local time of the addressee on the first Business Day thereafter. Rejection or other refusal to accept or the inability to delivery because of changed address of which no Notice was given shall be deemed to be receipt of the Notice as of the date of such rejection, refusal or inability to deliver.

26.3 **Waiver of Performance and Disputes.** One or more waivers of any covenant, term or condition of this Lease by either party shall not be construed as a waiver of a subsequent breach of the same or any other covenant, term or condition, nor shall any delay or omission by either party to seek a remedy for any breach of this Lease or to exercise a right accruing to such party by reason of such breach be deemed a waiver by such party of its remedies or rights with respect to such breach. The consent or approval by either party to or of any act by the other party requiring such consent or approval shall not be deemed to waive or render unnecessary consent to or approval of any similar act. Any amounts paid by Tenant to Landlord may be applied by Landlord, in Landlord's discretion, to any items then owing by Tenant to Landlord under this Lease. Receipt by Landlord of a partial payment shall not be deemed to be an accord and satisfaction (notwithstanding any endorsement or statement on any check or any letter accompanying any check or payment) nor shall such receipt constitute a waiver by Landlord of Tenant's obligation to make full payment. No act or thing done by Landlord or its agents shall be deemed an acceptance of a surrender of the Leased Premises, and no agreement to accept such surrender shall be valid unless in writing and signed by Landlord.

26.4 **Exculpation.** No disclosed or undisclosed shareholder, partner, member or other constituent owner of Tenant or Guarantor or of any Affiliate of Tenant or Guarantor, and none of their respective officers, directors, trustees, employees or agents, shall have any liability for the

obligations of Tenant under this Lease. No disclosed or undisclosed shareholder, partner, member or other constituent owner of Landlord or of any Affiliate of Landlord, and none of their respective officers, directors, trustees, employees or agents, shall have any liability for the obligations of Landlord under this Lease.

26.5 **Modification of Lease.** The terms, covenants and conditions hereof may not be changed orally, but only by an instrument in writing signed by the party against whom enforcement of the change, modification or discharge is sought, or by such party's agent.

26.6 **Captions.** Captions throughout this instrument are for convenience and reference only and the words contained therein shall in no way be deemed to explain, modify, amplify or aid in the interpretation or construction of the provisions of this Lease.

26.7 **Lease Binding on Successors and Assigns, etc.** Except as herein otherwise expressly provided, all covenants, agreements, provisions and conditions of this Lease shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their heirs, devisees, executors, administrators, successors in interest and permitted assigns as well as permitted grantees of Landlord, and shall run with the land. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, all rights of Tenant under this Lease may be granted by Tenant to any permitted sublessee of Tenant, subject to the terms of this Lease.

26.8 **Brokers.** Landlord represents and warrants to Tenant that it has not incurred or caused to be incurred any liability for real estate brokerage commissions or finder's fees in connection with the execution or consummation of this Lease for which Tenant may be liable. Tenant represents and warrants to Landlord that it has not incurred or caused to be incurred any liability for real estate brokerage commissions or finder's fees in connection with the execution or consummation of this Lease for which Landlord may be liable. Each of the parties agrees to indemnify and hold the other harmless from and against any and all claims, liabilities or expense (including reasonable attorneys' fees) in connection with any breach of the foregoing representations and warranties.

26.9 **Landlord's Status as a REIT.** The following clause shall be applicable if the Landlord is a real estate investment trust: Tenant acknowledges that Landlord intends to elect to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") under the Code. Tenant shall exercise commercially reasonable efforts to cooperate in good faith with Landlord to ensure that Landlord's status as a REIT is not adversely affected in any material respect. Tenant agrees to enter into reasonable modifications of this Lease which do not adversely affect Tenant's rights and liabilities if such modifications are required to retain or clarify Landlord's status as a REIT.

26.10 **Governing Law.** This Lease shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York without regard to its conflict of law provisions, except that it is the intent and purpose of the parties hereto that the provisions of Section 5-1401 of the General Obligations Law of the State of New York shall apply to this Lease.

26.11 **Joint Preparation.** This Lease (and all exhibits thereto) is deemed to have been jointly prepared by the parties hereto, and any uncertainty or ambiguity existing herein, if any, shall not be interpreted against any party, but shall be interpreted according to the application of the rules of interpretation for arm's-length agreements.

26.12 **Interpretation**. It is hereby mutually acknowledged and agreed that the provisions of this Lease have been fully negotiated between parties of comparable bargaining power with the assistance of counsel and shall be applied according to the normal meaning and tenor thereof without regard to the general rule that contractual provisions are to be construed narrowly against the party that drafted the same or any similar rule of construction.

26.13 **Severability**. If any provisions of this Lease are determined to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the balance of this Lease shall remain in full force and effect, and such invalid provision shall be construed or reformed by such court in order to give the maximum permissible effect to the intention of the parties as expressed therein.

26.14 **Landlord and Tenant**. Nothing contained in this Lease shall be deemed or construed by the parties hereto or by any third party to create the relationship of principal and agent or of partnership or of joint venture or of any association whatsoever between Landlord and Tenant, it being expressly understood and agreed that neither the computation of rent nor any other provision contained in this Lease nor any act or acts of the parties hereto shall be deemed to create any relationship between Landlord and Tenant other than the relationship of landlord and tenant.

26.15 **Authority**. The Persons executing this Lease on behalf of Tenant and Landlord covenant and warrant to the other party that (a) they are duly authorized to execute this Lease on behalf of the party for whom they are acting, and (b) the execution of this Lease has been duly authorized by the party for whom they are acting.

26.16 **Consent**. Tenant's sole right and remedy in any action concerning Landlord's reasonableness in withholding or denying its consent or approval under this Lease (where reasonableness is required hereunder) will be an action for declaratory judgment or specific performance, and in no event shall Tenant be entitled to claim or recover any damages in any such action, unless Landlord has acted in bad faith in withholding such consent or approval.

26.17 **Attorneys' Fees**. In case suit is brought because of the breach of any agreement or obligation contained in this Lease on the part of Tenant or Landlord to be kept or performed, and a breach is established, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover all out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with such suit, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

26.18 **Further Assurances**. Each of the parties hereto shall execute and provide all additional documents and other assurances that are reasonably necessary to carry out and give effect to the intent of the parties reflected in this Lease.

26.19 **Counterparts**. This Lease may be executed at different times and in any number of counterparts, each of which when so executed shall be deemed to be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Lease by facsimile, .PDF or other means of electronic transmission shall be as effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Lease. In proving this Lease, it shall not be necessary to produce or account for more than one such counterpart signed by the party against whom enforcement is sought.

26.20 **Rules of Construction.** The following rules of construction shall be applicable for all purposes of this Lease, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) The terms “hereby,” “hereof,” “hereto,” “herein,” “hereunder” and any similar terms shall refer to this Lease, and the term “hereafter” shall mean after, and the term “heretofore” shall mean before, the date of this Lease.

(b) Words of the masculine, feminine or neuter gender shall mean and include the correlative words of the other genders and words importing the singular number shall mean and include the plural number and vice versa.

(c) The terms “include,” “including” and similar terms shall be construed as if followed by the phrase “without being limited to.”

26.21 **Net Lease.** This is an absolutely net lease and it is the intention of Landlord and Tenant that the Rent payable under this Lease and other costs related to Tenant’s use and operation of the Leased Premises shall be absolutely net to Landlord, and that Tenant shall pay during the Term, without any offset or deduction whatsoever, all such costs. Except as otherwise specifically provided in Articles 15 and 16 hereof, this Lease shall not terminate nor shall Tenant have any right to terminate this Lease; nor shall Tenant be entitled to any abatement, deduction, deferment, suspension or reduction of, or setoff, defense or counterclaim against, any Rent, charges, or other sums payable by Tenant under this Lease; nor shall the respective obligations of Landlord and Tenant be otherwise affected by reason of damage to or destruction of the Leased Premises from whatever cause, any taking by condemnation, eminent domain or by agreement between Landlord and those authorized to exercise such rights, the lawful or unlawful prohibition of Tenant’s use of the Leased Premises, the interference with such use by any Person other than Landlord, or, except as expressly provided otherwise in this Lease, by reason of any default or breach of any warranty or covenant by Landlord under this Lease, or for any other cause whether similar or dissimilar to the foregoing, any Laws to the contrary notwithstanding; it being the intention that the obligations of Landlord and Tenant hereunder shall be separate and independent covenants and agreements and that the Rent and all other charges and sums payable by Tenant hereunder shall continue to be payable in all events except to the extent otherwise provided pursuant to the express provisions of this Lease; and Tenant covenants and agrees that it will remain obligated under this Lease in accordance with its terms, and that it will not take any action to terminate, cancel, rescind or void this Lease in connection with the bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, composition, readjustment, liquidation, dissolution, winding up or other proceedings affecting Landlord or any assignee of, or successor to, Landlord, and notwithstanding any action with respect to this Lease that may be taken by a trustee or receiver of Landlord or any assignee of, or successor to, Landlord or by any court in any such proceeding. Nothing contained herein shall limit Tenant’s rights to pursue its own independent action against Landlord.

26.22 **Transfer Taxes** Landlord and Tenant shall join in completing, executing, delivering and verifying the returns, affidavits and other documents required in connection with

the taxes imposed under Article 31 of the Tax Law of the State of New York and any other tax payable by reason of the execution and delivery of this Lease (collectively, "**Transfer Taxes**"). The Transfer Taxes shall be paid by Tenant, subject to Tenant's right to a credit against the Purchase Price set forth in Exhibit E. Tenant hereby agrees to indemnify, defend and hold Landlord free and harmless from and against any and all liability, claims, counterclaims, actions, damages, judgments, penalties, costs and expenses (including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements including in connection with enforcing this indemnity) in connection with any liability arising under or in any way relating to the Transfer Taxes due and payable in connection with this Lease. The provisions of this Section 26.22 shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease.

26.23 **No Merger.** Without the written consent of Landlord, Tenant, all Fee Mortgagee and all Leasehold Mortgagees, Landlord's fee interest in the Leased Premises shall not merge with the Leasehold Estate, notwithstanding any acquisition by any means of both Landlord's interest in the Leased Premises and the Leasehold Estate by Landlord, Tenant, any Transferee, any Fee Mortgagee, Leasehold Mortgagee or a third party.

26.24 **Confidential Information.** Landlord agrees not to disclose to any Person (including, without limitation, any Competitor) (a) the amount of revenues from Gaming Operations or the amount of Eligible Gaming Revenue made by Tenant in the Leased Premises, (b) any other financial information with respect to Tenant, Guarantor or the Project required to be delivered or made available to Landlord hereunder, or (c) any confidential information obtained by Landlord in connection with an inspection by Landlord of the Leased Premises in accordance with Section 23.2 (collectively, the "**Confidential Information**"), except (i) to the extent such information is otherwise publicly known or available, (ii) to the taxing authorities with authority to inquire therein, and then only to the extent required under applicable Law, (iii) if requested by the Securities and Exchange Commission, or other foreign or domestic, state or local Governmental Authority, (iv) to Landlord's accountants, attorneys, advisors, consultants, employees and agents, (v) an existing or prospective lender, investor, or prospective purchaser of the Leased Premises, Landlord's interest therein, or any portion thereof, or Landlord or any of its Affiliates who has agreed to keep such information confidential, provided, that this clause (v) shall not apply to a Competitor of Tenant, (vi) to the extent required by applicable Law, (vii) to the extent legally compelled (by deposition, interrogatory, request for documents, subpoena, civil investigative demand or similar process) to disclose such provisions, (viii) to the extent required by any federal, state, local or foreign laws, or by any rules or regulations of any domestic or foreign public stock exchange or stock quotation system, that may be applicable to Landlord or any of Landlord's direct or indirect constituent owners or Affiliates, or (ix) in connection with any action to collect any Rent or otherwise enforce any of the provisions of this Lease. The provisions of this Section 26.24 shall survive the expiration or earlier termination of this Lease for a period of one (1) year.

26.25 **No Consequential Damages.** Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Lease, Landlord and Tenant each hereby agrees that, whenever either party to this Lease shall be entitled to seek or claim damages against the other party (whether by reason of a breach of this Lease by such party, in enforcement of any indemnity obligation, for misrepresentation or breach of warranty, or otherwise), neither Landlord nor Tenant shall seek, nor shall there be awarded or granted by any court, arbitrator, or other adjudicator, any

consequential, speculative, or punitive damages, whether such breach shall be willful, knowing, intentional, deliberate, or otherwise. Except as set forth in Section 22.10, neither party shall be liable for any loss of profits suffered or claimed to have been suffered by the other (including, without limitation, by reason of any holdover by Tenant).

ARTICLE 27.
WAIVER OF TRIAL BY JURY

TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, TENANT AND LANDLORD HEREBY WAIVE TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY ACTION, PROCEEDING OR COUNTERCLAIM BROUGHT BY EITHER OF THE PARTIES HERETO AGAINST THE OTHER IN ANY MATTERS ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS LEASE, THE RELATIONSHIP OF LANDLORD AND TENANT, TENANT'S USE AND OCCUPANCY OF THE FACILITY OR THE CENTER, AND ANY CLAIM OF INJURY OR DAMAGE.

ARTICLE 28.
OPTION TO PURCHASE

28.1 **Option to Purchase.** (a) Provided that this Lease has not sooner terminated, the Purchase Option has not otherwise terminated as provided herein and no Event of Default shall then exist, Tenant may elect to purchase all, but not less than all of, the Landlord Property Interests on a closing date which occurs during any of the following time periods (each, a "**Purchase Option Closing Window**"): (i) the first five (5) Lease Years; provided, that, in no event shall Tenant have a right to elect to purchase or purchase the Landlord Property Interest prior to June 30, 2013, (ii) thereafter, throughout the remainder of the Term of this Lease, the Purchase Option Closing Windows shall close (i.e., Tenant shall not have the right to close the purchase following the exercise of the Purchase Option) for a period of five and one-half (5 1/2) Lease Years (i.e., sixty-six (66) consecutive calendar months) and shall thereafter open (i.e., Tenant shall have the right to close the purchase following the exercise of the Purchase Option) for a period of six (6) consecutive calendar months, and the Purchase Option Closing Windows shall continue to open and close in similar intervals throughout the remainder of the Term of this Lease (the date during a Purchase Option Election Window on which the Landlord Property Interests are purchased, subject to adjustment as provided below, a "**Purchase Date**"). In order to exercise this purchase option (the "**Purchase Option**"), Tenant must (i) deliver written notice of the unconditional exercise of the Purchase Option not more than six (6) months prior to the applicable Purchase Option Closing Window and not less than 90 days prior to any applicable Purchase Date ("**Tenant's Purchase Notice**") and (ii) Tenant's Purchase Notice must be accompanied by a non-refundable deposit (the "**Purchase Option Deposit**") equal to five percent (5%) of the Purchase Price, which Purchase Option Deposit must be deposited with Escrow Agent (as such term is defined in Exhibit E attached hereto, which is incorporated herein and made a part hereof by this reference) simultaneously with Tenant's giving of Tenant's Purchase Notice in accordance with the terms of Section 3 of Exhibit E. Tenant's Purchase Notice shall be irrevocable once given.

(b) The purchase price for the acquisition of the Landlord Property Interests (the "**Purchase Price**"), and the other terms of the purchase, shall be as set forth herein and in

Exhibit E attached hereto. The rights of Tenant set forth in this Article 28 may not be transferred or assigned other than in connection with a permitted assignment of the Leasehold Estate and shall only be available to the then existing Tenant at the time of exercise.

(c) As used herein, the term “**Scheduled Closing Date**” shall mean the Purchase Date, as the same may be extended as expressly provided in this Section 28.1 or in Exhibit E attached hereto or by written agreement of Landlord and Tenant.

28.2 Obligation to Close. (a) Time shall be of the essence with respect to Landlord’s and Tenant’s obligation to close on the acquisition of the Landlord Property Interests pursuant to the Purchase Option on the Scheduled Closing Date, subject to a one-time, thirty (30) day adjournment right exercisable by each of Landlord and Tenant upon written notice given to the other party at least one (1) business day prior to the then Scheduled Closing Date to the other party (the “**Adjournment Option**”). The party exercising an Adjournment Option shall pay all out of pocket costs and expenses incurred by the other party as a result of such adjournment of the Scheduled Closing Date. Subject to any exercise of the Adjournment Option by either Landlord or Tenant, if the Closing of the acquisition of title to the Landlord Property Interests shall fail to occur on the Scheduled Closing Date (as may be extended by the exercise of the Adjournment Option) in accordance with the terms of this Article 28 and Exhibit E by reason of any default by Tenant, then the Purchase Option, all of Tenant’s rights to exercise the same or to otherwise acquire title to the Landlord Property Interests, and the provisions of this Article 28 and Exhibit E with respect thereto shall all terminate and be void and of no force and effect for the balance of the Term, all as if the same had never been set forth in this Lease and Landlord shall be entitled to retain the Purchase Option Deposit.

(b) If the rights of the Tenant under this Article 28 shall terminate solely as provided in Section 28.2(a), then, upon request of Landlord, Tenant shall execute and deliver an instrument in recordable form and otherwise in form reasonably satisfactory to Landlord and Tenant, acknowledging the termination of all Purchase Option rights; provided, that a failure of the Tenant to execute any such instrument shall not in any manner limit the effectiveness of the termination of the Purchase Option and the right to acquire the Landlord Property Interests which has occurred in accordance with the terms of this Section 28.2.

(c) If this Lease shall terminate for any reason after the giving of Tenant’s Purchase Notice but before the closing pursuant to the Purchase Option, the parties shall continue to such closing in accordance with the terms of this Article 28 and Exhibit E.

28.3 Terms. The terms for the purchase and sale of the Landlord Property Interests under Section 28.1 are as follows:

(a) If Tenant shall have elected to exercise the Purchase Option, Tenant shall pay the Purchase Price to Landlord in the manner set forth in Section 5.1 of Exhibit E on the Scheduled Closing Date. The immediately preceding sentence notwithstanding, Tenant may also pay the Purchase Price at any time within the sixty (60) days preceding the Scheduled Closing Date, provided that Tenant satisfies any prepayment premium, defeasance cost or similar charge pursuant to any Fee Mortgages or related loan documents resulting from such acceleration, if the mortgage is not being assumed by Tenant, and further provided that Tenant’s obligations under

this Lease through the Scheduled Closing Date (including the payment of Rent) and the calculation of the Purchase Price shall not be affected thereby. After payment by the Tenant of the Purchase Price and any unpaid Rent due and payable on or before the Scheduled Closing Date, Landlord shall transfer the Landlord Property Interests to Tenant or its designee in accordance with the terms of this Article 28 and Exhibit E attached hereto, free and clear of any and all liens and encumbrances (including any Fee Mortgages, except as provided in Exhibit E) other than Option Permitted Encumbrances (as defined in Exhibit E), and otherwise on an “as is, where is” basis, without recourse or warranty. Except as otherwise provided to the contrary in Section 10.5 hereto in connection with a Competitor Transfer, the Purchase Price for the Landlord Property Interests shall be an amount equal to the lesser of the following: (a) the quotient of (i) the total Annual Fixed Rent and Percentage Rent payable under the Lease in respect of the twelve (12) month period ending on the last day of the last month immediately preceding the Closing Date divided by (ii) the Applicable Capitalization Rate (as defined below); or (b)* Dollars (\$ * .00), as such amount may be Adjusted by CPI on each Escalation Date in the same manner and in the same percentage as Annual Fixed Rent. As used herein, the term “ **Applicable Capitalization Rate**” shall mean: (i) *percent (*%) if Tenant exercises the Purchase Option during the first five (5) Lease Years and (ii) * percent (*%) if Tenant exercises the Purchase Option anytime thereafter.

[signature page follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Landlord and Tenant have caused this Lease to be duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

LANDLORD:

EPT CONCORD II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

TENANT:

[MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC., a New York corporation]

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

SCHEDULE A

Certain Permitted Title Exceptions

SCHEDULE B

Violations

SCHEDULE C
Environmental Disclosure

SCHEDULE D

Exclusive Uses

SCHEDULE E

Agreements Relating to Sullivan Country Use Restrictions

SCHEDULE F

REAs

SCHEDULE G

Other Restrictive Agreements

[NB: this Exhibit to be updated prior to Lease execution; all of such documents to require, in substance, Tenant's consent to any modification thereof that would adversely affect the rights of Tenant under this Lease]

SCHEDULE H
Related Agreements

EXHIBIT A

Description of the Leased Premises

[INSERT]

EXHIBIT B

Project Description

EXHIBIT C

Reserved

EXHIBIT D

Memorandum of Term Commencement

THIS MEMORANDUM OF TERM COMMENCEMENT (the "**Memorandum**") is made as of the _____ day of _____, 20____, by and between EPT CONCORD II, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, with an office at c/o Entertainment Properties Trust, 909 Walnut Street, Suite 200, Kansas City, Missouri 64106 ("**Landlord**") and [MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC.], a [New York corporation], with an office at c/o Empire Resorts, Inc., 204 Route 17B, Monticello, New York 12701 ("**Tenant**").

AGREEMENT

1. Pursuant to that certain Lease dated as of _____, 20____ (the "**Lease**"), between Landlord and Tenant, Landlord leased to Tenant and Tenant leased from Landlord certain premises located on certain real property in the City of _____, _____, as more particularly described in the Lease (the "**Premises**").

2. The Lease is for an initial term of _____ years commencing on _____, 20____ and expiring on _____, 20____ (the "**Expiration Date**"), unless extended in accordance with the Lease.

3. All of the other terms and conditions of the Lease are more fully set forth in the Lease and are incorporated herein by this reference.

4. This Memorandum shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon Landlord and Tenant and their respective representatives, successors and assigns.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Landlord and Tenant have caused this Memorandum of Term Commencement to be duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

LANDLORD:

EPT CONCORD II, LLC,
a Delaware limited liability company

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

TENANT:

**MONTICELLO RACEWAY
MANAGEMENT, INC.,**

a _____

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

EXHIBIT E

**ADDITIONAL TERMS FOR PURCHASE AND SALE OF THE LANDLORD
PROPERTY INTERESTS PURSUANT TO PURCHASE OPTION**

1. Integration with Lease; Definitions. This Exhibit E contains additional terms for the purchase and sale of the Landlord Property Interests pursuant to the Purchase Option. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have their respective meanings set forth in the Lease to which this Exhibit E is attached. In the event of any inconsistency between the provisions of this Exhibit E and Article 28 of the Lease, the provisions of Article 28 of the Lease shall govern.

2. Purchase and Sale of Landlord Property Interests. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E, if the Purchase Option is timely and effectively exercised in accordance with said Article 28, Landlord agrees to sell, assign and convey to Tenant and Tenant shall purchase and assume from Landlord all of Landlord's right, title and interest in the Landlord Property Interests. Landlord and Tenant hereto acknowledge and agree that the value of any fixtures, furnishings, equipment, machinery, inventory, appliances and all other tangible and intangible personal property, if any, included in the Landlord Property Interests (the "Landlord Personalty") is de minimis and no part of the Purchase Price is allocable thereto. Following Tenant's exercise of the Purchase Option, Landlord and Tenant shall execute and deliver a written confirmation thereof and the terms and conditions of Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E; provided, that the failure to execute and deliver such instrument shall not affect Tenant's exercise of the Purchase Option or the rights and obligations of the parties under Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E or give rise to any liability on the part of Landlord or Tenant.

3. Purchase Price and Purchase Option Deposit. The Purchase Price to be paid by Tenant for the Landlord Property Interests shall be determined in accordance with Section 28.3(a) of the Lease, subject, in the case of a Competitor Transfer, to the provisions of Section 10.5 of the Lease. The Purchase Price, subject to adjustment as provided herein, shall be payable as follows:

(i) The Purchase Option Deposit shall be deposited with the Title Company (as hereinafter defined) who shall serve as escrow agent (hereunder the Title Company in its capacity as escrow agent, the "Escrow Agent") in accordance with the further terms of Section 3 of this Exhibit E:

(a) The Purchase Option Deposit shall be held in an interest bearing account in a bank that is an Eligible Institution as selected by the Escrow Agent (it being agreed that the Escrow Agent shall not be liable for the amount of interest which accrues thereon or for the solvency of such bank) and shall be applied in accordance with Section 3 of this Exhibit E. Any interest accruing on the Purchase Option Deposit shall be distributed to the party that receives the Purchase Option Deposit in accordance with the terms of this Exhibit E; provided that if the Landlord receives the Purchase Option Deposit, any interest accrued thereon shall be credited against the Purchase Price. The party receiving such interest shall pay any income taxes thereon.

(b) If the Closing does not occur and either party makes a written demand upon the Escrow Agent for payment of the Purchase Option Deposit (including any interest that shall have accrued thereon), the Escrow Agent shall promptly give written notice to the other party of such demand. If the Escrow Agent does not receive a written objection from the other party to the proposed payment or delivery, which objection shall state the reasons the party objects to the proposed payment or delivery (and a copy of which shall be sent to the other party), within ten (10) business days after the giving of such notice, the Escrow Agent is hereby irrevocably authorized and directed to make such payment or delivery. If the Escrow Agent does receive such written objection within such ten (10) business day period or if for any other reason the Escrow Agent in good faith shall elect not to make such payment or delivery, the Escrow Agent shall continue to hold the Purchase Option Deposit (together with all interest that shall have accrued thereon), until directed by joint written instructions from the Landlord and Tenant or as directed pursuant to a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(c) The Escrow Agent shall act as escrow agent without charge as an accommodation to the parties, it being understood and agreed that the Escrow Agent shall not be liable for any error in judgment or for any act done or omitted by it in good faith or pursuant to a court order, or for any mistake of fact or law unless caused or created as the result of the Escrow Agent's gross negligence or willful misconduct. The Escrow Agent shall not incur any liability in acting upon any signature, notice, request, waiver, consent, receipt or other paper or document reasonably believed by the Escrow Agent to be genuine, and it shall be released and exculpated from all liability by Landlord and Tenant, except in the case of Escrow Agent's gross negligence or willful misconduct. The Escrow Agent may assume that any person purporting to give it notice on behalf of any party in accordance with the provisions of Section 26.2 of the Lease is such person. The sole responsibility of the Escrow Agent hereunder shall be to hold and disburse the Purchase Option Deposit, together with all interest that shall have accrued thereon in accordance with the provisions of this Section 3.

(d) The Escrow Agent shall not be liable for and Landlord and Tenant shall agree to indemnify, jointly and severally, the Escrow Agent for, and to hold the Escrow Agent harmless against any loss, liability or expense, including without limitation reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements, arising out of any dispute hereunder, including the cost and expense of defending itself against any claim arising hereunder, unless the same are caused by the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Escrow Agent. Each of Landlord and Tenant shall be responsible for fifty percent (50%) of any such costs.

(e) The Escrow Agent may, on notice to the Landlord and Tenant, take such affirmative steps as it may, at its option, elect in order to terminate its duties as the Escrow Agent, including, without limitation, the delivery of the Purchase Option Deposit, together with all interest that shall have accrued thereon, to a court of

competent jurisdiction and the commencement of an action for interpleader. Each of Landlord and Tenant shall be responsible for fifty percent (50%) of any such costs. Upon the taking by the Escrow Agent of such action, the Escrow Agent shall be released from all duties and responsibilities hereunder.

(f) Any notices to the Landlord or Tenant shall be delivered in accordance with the provisions of Section 26.2 of the Lease. Notices to the Escrow Agent shall be delivered to the address provided by Escrow Agent in accordance with the provisions of Section 26.2 of the Lease.

(ii) At the closing of the Purchase Option (the "Closing"), (a) the Purchase Option Deposit (together with any interest accrued thereon) shall be paid by Escrow Agent to Landlord by wire transfer of immediately available federal funds to an account or accounts designated no later than the business day prior to Closing by Landlord to the Escrow Agent (or if no such designation is made, in the manner set forth in Section 5.1 of the Lease for the payment of Rent), and (b) Tenant shall pay by wire transfer of immediately available federal funds to an account or accounts designated no later than the business day prior to Closing by Landlord to the Tenant (or if no such designation is made, in the manner set forth in Section 5.1 of the Lease for the payment of Rent), the balance of the Purchase Price (i.e., the Purchase Price less (x) the Purchase Option Deposit plus interest and (y) any other adjustments expressly required to be made in accordance with Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E) (such amount, the "Balance").

4. Status of Title. Subject to the terms and provisions of Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E, Landlord's interest in the Landlord Property Interests shall be sold, assigned and conveyed by Landlord to Tenant, and Tenant shall accept the same free and clear of any and all liens and encumbrances, other than Option Permitted Encumbrances, the standard printed exclusions from coverage contained in the ALTA 2006 Standard Form title policy or such other form of owners title policy then in use in the State of New York, and otherwise on an "as is, where is" basis, without recourse or warranty. "Option Permitted Encumbrance" means:

(i) all Permitted Exceptions (as defined in the Lease), other than Fee Mortgages (unless Tenant's elects to assume any of the same);

(ii) any assessments imposed after the date hereof and affecting the Leased Premises or any portion thereof;

(iii) the rights and interests held by subtenants, licensees, concessionaires or other occupants under any subleases, licenses, or other occupancy agreements (collectively, the "Subleases") with respect to the Leased Premises (except to the extent the same are claiming by, through or under Landlord) and others claiming by, through or under such Subleases;

(iv) all Violations issued or noted against the Leased Premises or any portion thereof;

(v) all covenants, restrictions and utility company rights, easements and franchises relating to electricity, water, steam, gas, telephone, sewer or other service or the right to use and maintain poles, lines, wires, cables, pipes, boxes and other fixtures and facilities in, over, under and upon the Leased Premises;

(vi) possible encroachments and/or projections of stoop areas, roof cornices, window trims, vent pipes, cellar doors, steps, columns and column bases, flue pipes, signs, piers, lintels, window sills, fire escapes, satellite dishes, protective netting, sidewalk sheds, ledges, fences, coping walls (including retaining walls and yard walls), air conditioners and the like, if any, on, under, or above any street or highway, the Leased Premises or any adjoining property;

(vii) any lien, encumbrance or other matter (including, without limitation, any mechanics' lien or materialmen's lien), caused by any act or omission of Tenant or any Person claiming by, through or under Tenant, or relating to the conduct of business or any other activity on or from the Leased Premises by Tenant or any Person claiming by, through or under Tenant, or the removal of which is the obligation of Tenant under the Lease or any other occupants under any Subleases; and

(viii) any other matter which, pursuant to the terms of Section 5(ii), Section 5(iii) or Section 5(vii)(a) of this Exhibit E, are or are deemed to be Option Permitted Exceptions.

5. Title Insurance and Title Objections.

(i) At least seventy-five (75) days prior to the Scheduled Closing Date, Tenant shall obtain, at Tenant's expense, a title commitment (the "Title Commitment") with respect to the Landlord Property Interests from a reputable title insurance company licensed to do business in the State of New York selected by Tenant (the "Title Company") that shall be willing to insure the Landlord Property Interests to Tenant at regular rates subject to the Option Permitted Exceptions and the standard printed exclusions from coverage contained in the form of owners title policy then in use in the State of New York but including such modifications and/or endorsements as would then customarily constitute "extended coverage." Tenant shall instruct the Title Company to deliver a copy of the Title Commitment and all updates to the Title Commitment (each, a "Title Update") to Landlord simultaneously with its delivery of the same to the Tenant.

(ii) No later than forty-five (45) days prior to the Scheduled Closing Date, time being of the essence, Tenant may furnish to Landlord a written statement setting forth any exceptions to title appearing in the Title Commitment (each, a "Commitment Exception") to which Tenant objects and which are not Option Permitted Encumbrances (the "Title Objections"). In addition, if prior to the Scheduled Closing Date, any Title Update discloses any additional exceptions to title that are not Option Permitted Exceptions (each, an "Update Exception"), then Tenant shall have until the earlier of (x) ten (10) business days after delivery by the Title Company of the Title Update or (y) the business day immediately prior to the Scheduled Closing Date, time

being of the essence, to deliver to Landlord a Title Objection with respect to any Update Exceptions. If Tenant fails to timely deliver any Title Objection as set forth herein, Tenant shall be deemed to have irrevocably waived its right to object to the Commitment Exceptions and/or the applicable Update Exceptions and the same shall be deemed Option Permitted Exceptions.

(iii) Notwithstanding the foregoing, Tenant shall not be entitled to object to, and shall be deemed to have approved, any Commitment Exceptions or Update Exceptions (and the same shall be deemed Option Permitted Exceptions) (w) over which the Title Company or another reputable title insurance company licensed to do business in the state of New York is willing to insure (without additional cost to Tenant); (x) against which the Title Company or another reputable title insurance company licensed to do business in the State of New York is willing to provide affirmative insurance reasonably satisfactory to Tenant (without additional cost to Tenant); or (y) which will be extinguished upon the sale of the Landlord Property Interests.

(iv) Landlord, at its election, may eliminate any Commitment Exception or Update Exception on or prior to the Closing Date (as hereinafter defined) by using all or a portion of the Purchase Price to satisfy the same, and in furtherance thereof (a) Tenant agrees to pay a portion of the Purchase Price to such Persons as Landlord may direct and (b) Landlord shall deliver to Tenant or the Title Company at or prior to the Closing Date, such affidavits, indemnities or other instruments in recordable form and sufficient, as reasonably determined by the Title Company, to eliminate such Commitment Exceptions or Update Exceptions. If Landlord shall comply with the foregoing requirements, such Commitment Exceptions and Update Exceptions shall be deemed satisfied.

(v) Unless Tenant elects to assume any Fee Mortgages and the same are assumable, Landlord will obtain a pay-off letter to Landlord no later than five (5) Business Days prior to the Closing Date indicating the amount required to satisfy and discharge any Fee Mortgage held by such Fee Mortgagee (a "Pay-Off Letter"), (a) Landlord shall promptly deliver a copy of such Pay-Off Letter to Tenant and (b) Landlord may direct Tenant in writing to pay a portion of the Purchase Price at Closing directly to such Fee Mortgagee in the amount specified in the most recent Pay-Off Letter received at or prior to the Closing so long as such amount is less than the Balance and Landlord shall pay the balance of the amounts required to obtain the pay-off at the Closing. Tenant and the Title Company shall be entitled to rely on any Pay-Off Letter without any obligation of further inquiry of Landlord and notwithstanding any dispute by Landlord of the amount set forth therein, provided that nothing herein shall limit the right of Landlord to dispute any such amount payable to any Fee Mortgagee in a separate action with the applicable Fee Mortgagee so long as Landlord indemnifies Tenant for any losses, costs or liabilities of Tenant resulting therefrom.

(vi) If Landlord is unable to eliminate any lien or encumbrance that is a Commitment Exception or Update Exception (other than a Mandatory Removal Exception (as defined below)) by the Scheduled Closing, unless the same is waived by Tenant in writing, Landlord may, upon at least two (2) business days' prior notice (a

“Title Cure Notice”) to Tenant (except with respect to matters first disclosed during such two (2) business day period, as to which matters notice may be given at any time through and including the Scheduled Closing Date) adjourn the Scheduled Closing Date for a period not to exceed thirty (30) days but without duplication of any adjournment under the Adjournment Option (the “Title Cure Period”) in order to attempt to eliminate such exception.

(vii) If Landlord is unable to eliminate any lien or encumbrance that is a Commitment Exception or Update Exception within the Title Cure Period (or on the Scheduled Closing Date, if Landlord does not elect to deliver a Title Cure Notice), unless the same is waived by Tenant in writing, then Tenant, as its sole remedy, may:

(a) accept the Landlord Property Interests subject to such Commitment Exception and/or Update Exception without any abatement of the Purchase Price, in which event (I) such Commitment Exceptions and/or Update Exceptions shall be deemed to be, for all purposes, Option Permitted Exceptions, (II) Tenant shall close the Purchase Option notwithstanding the existence of same and (III) Landlord shall have no obligations whatsoever after the Closing with respect to Landlord’s failure to have such Commitment Exceptions and/or Update Exceptions eliminated; or

(b) elect by written notice to Landlord and Title Company within ten (10) days following the expiration of the Title Cure Period (or the Scheduled Closing Date if Tenant does not elect to deliver a Title Cure Notice), time being of the essence, to revoke its election to execute the Purchase Option, in which event Tenant shall be entitled to a return of the Purchase Option Deposit and all interest that shall have accrued thereon. If Tenant fails to elect to revoke its election to execute the Purchase Option as provided within the time period in the preceding sentence, Tenant shall irrevocably be deemed to have selected to accept the Landlord Property Interests as provided in the foregoing clause (vii)(a).

(viii) For the avoidance of doubt, other than with respect to Mandatory Removal Exceptions as set forth in this clause (viii), Landlord shall not have any obligation to take any action or expend any sums to remove or cure any lien or encumbrance or to otherwise cause title to the Landlord Property to be in the condition contemplated under this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at the Closing, Landlord shall cause to be released, satisfied and otherwise removed of record, by payment, bonding or otherwise (or cause the Title Company to insure title free of such Title Objection), any Title Objection which (i) is a Fee Mortgage and other instruments which evidence or secure the indebtedness secured by a Fee Mortgage (other than with respect to any Fee Mortgage which is to be assumed at Closing by Tenant), or (ii) results from any voluntary act or omission, after the Effective Date, of Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord or any Person claiming by, through or under Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord, or any director, officer, employee, agent or contractor of, or other Person acting on behalf of or at the direction of, Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord or any Person claiming by, through or under Landlord or any Affiliate of Landlord, which is not otherwise permitted to be done or not done, as applicable, under this Lease or the Restrictive Agreement (collectively, the “**Mandatory Removal Exceptions**”).

(ix) If the Title Commitment or any Title Update discloses judgments, bankruptcies or other returns against other Persons having names the same as or similar to that of Landlord, Landlord shall cause the Title Company to omit as an exception such judgments, bankruptcies or other returns based on an affidavit, indemnity or such additional evidence or assurance as the Title Company may reasonably require.

(x) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, financing statements naming Tenant or any tenants, subtenants and other occupants claiming by, through or under Tenant of the Landlord Property Interests as debtor shall not be Commitment Exceptions or Update Exceptions.

6. Apportionments. There shall be no apportionments made between the Landlord and Tenant, provided that it shall be a condition precedent to Landlord's obligation to sell the Landlord Property Interests that Tenant shall have paid to Landlord all Rent owing to the Landlord as of the Closing Date, provided further that any excess prepaid amounts of Rent (if any) paid to the Landlord shall be refunded to Tenant in immediately available funds or applied to the Purchase Price, at Landlord's election, at the Closing.

7. Condition of Landlord Property Interests: No Representations.

(i) Tenant expressly acknowledges that, except as expressly set forth in the Lease, neither Landlord, nor any Person acting on behalf of Landlord, nor any direct or indirect officer, director, partner, shareholder, employee, agent, representative, accountant, advisor, attorney, principal, affiliate, consultant, contractor, successor or assign of Landlord (Landlord, together with all of the other parties described in the preceding portions of this sentence (other than Tenant), and their respective agents and representatives, shall be referred to herein collectively as the "Exculpated Parties") has made any oral or written representations or warranties, whether expressed or implied, by operation of law or otherwise, with respect to (a) the status of title to the Landlord Property Interests; (b) any survey of the Landlord Property Interests; (c) the current or future real estate tax liability, assessment or valuation of the Landlord Property Interests; (d) the potential qualification of the Landlord Property Interests for any and all benefits conferred by any laws whether for subsidies, special real estate tax treatment, insurance, mortgages, or any other benefits, whether similar or dissimilar to those enumerated; (e) the compliance of the Landlord Property Interests in its current or any future state, with any Laws (including any Laws pertaining to the environment or Hazardous Substances); (f) the amount of floor area ratio attributable to the Landlord Property Interests; (g) the availability of any financing for the purchase, alteration, rehabilitation or operation of the Landlord Property Interests, or the construction of new improvements thereon, from any source, including, but not limited to any governmental authority or any lender; (h) the current or future use of the Landlord Property Interests, including, but not limited to, the Landlord Property Interests' use for commercial, manufacturing, general office, gaming or residential purposes; (i) the present and future condition and operating state of the Landlord Property Interests and the present or future structural and physical condition of any Improvements comprised within which the Landlord Property Interests or their suitability for rehabilitation or renovation, or the need for expenditures for capital

improvements, repairs or replacements thereto or the suitability of the Landlord Property Interests for the construction thereon of new improvements; (j) Landlord's compliance with any Laws and any violations thereof; (k) the viability or financial condition of any tenant; (l) the status of the leasing market in which the Landlord Property Interests is located; (m) the actual or projected income or operating expenses of the Landlord Property Interests; (n) the nature and extent of any right-of-way, lease, possession, lien, encumbrance, license, reservation, condition or otherwise; (o) the condition of the ground water, surface water or soil of the Landlord Property Interests, including, without limitation, the effect that any of the foregoing may have upon any new improvements proposed to be constructed; (p) the existence of any Hazardous Substances located within the Landlord Property Interests or emanating therefrom; or (q) any Hazardous Substances generated from the Landlord Property Interests and disposed of off-site.

(ii) Landlord has not made and does not make, and has not authorized any party to make, any representations, warranties or other statements whatsoever as to the use, occupancy, physical condition, state of repair, income, expense, operation or any other matter or thing affecting or relating to the Landlord Property Interests, and Tenant hereby expressly acknowledges that no such representations, warranties or other statements have been made by or on behalf of Landlord. Tenant expressly acknowledges that Tenant is satisfied regarding all matters and things related to the Landlord Property Interests and the transactions contemplated by the Purchase Option.

(iii) Tenant acknowledges and agrees that:

(a) Tenant is purchasing the Landlord Property Interests in its "AS IS" physical condition and "WITH ALL FAULTS", and Tenant has assumed full responsibility for all use, wear and tear and deterioration thereof;

(b) Tenant is acquiring the Landlord Property Interests based solely on its own independent investigation and inspection of the Landlord Property Interests, including its use and enjoyment thereof pursuant to the Lease, and not in reliance on any information provided by Landlord, or any of the other Exculpated Parties;

(c) Tenant's obligations under Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E shall not be subject to any financing contingency or other contingencies or satisfaction of conditions (except as otherwise expressly provided in Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E) and Tenant shall have no right to terminate its election to exercise the Purchase Option or receive a return of the Purchase Option Deposit (or the accrued interest thereon) except as expressly provided for Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E;

(d) Landlord shall not be liable or bound in any manner by any oral or written "setups" or information pertaining to the Landlord Property Interests or the rents made available by the Exculpated Parties, any real estate broker or other Person;

(e) Tenant affirms the provisions of Section 3.5 of the Lease.

(iv) The provisions of this Section 7 shall survive the Closing.

8. Risk of Loss.

(i) In the event that after the delivery by Tenant of an effective Tenant's Purchase Notice there shall occur a taking of all of the Leased Premises, then the Purchase Option shall be deemed terminated as of the date the Lease terminates, the Purchase Option Deposit (together with any interest earned thereon) shall be returned to Tenant and neither party shall have any further liability or obligation under Article 28 and this Exhibit E, except for such liabilities or obligations as are specifically stated to survive termination of the Lease and this Exhibit E (it being agreed that nothing herein shall limit any rights of the parties under Article 16 of the Lease). In the event after the delivery by Tenant of an effective Tenant's Purchase Notice there shall occur a taking of less than all of the Leased Premises (other than of an immaterial portion of the Landlord Property Interests), then Tenant shall have ten (10) business days from the date of delivery to Tenant by Landlord of notice of such partial taking, time being of the essence, to notify Landlord in writing whether it elects to irrevocably terminate the Purchase Option, in which event the Purchase Option Deposit (together with any interest earned thereon) shall be returned to Tenant and neither party shall have any further liability or obligation hereunder, except for such liabilities or obligations as are specifically stated to survive termination of the Lease and this Exhibit E. In the event that Tenant does not so elect to terminate the Purchase Option, fails to deliver notice of such election within the time period provided in the immediately preceding sentence or if such partial taking is not of a material portion of the Landlord Property Interests, then Tenant shall nevertheless remain obligated to purchase the Landlord Property Interests without reduction of the Purchase Price on all the terms and conditions of Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E, except that Landlord shall, at the Closing, pay to Tenant all awards, if any, collected by Landlord on account of such partial taking (net of the cost of collection) and shall assign to Tenant all of Landlord's right, title and interest, if any, in and to any and all unpaid condemnation awards to which Landlord may be entitled by reason thereof pursuant to an instrument in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the parties (it being agreed that prior to the Closing, Landlord shall not settle any condemnation award without the prior written consent of Tenant and all such rights are and will be sold and assigned to Tenant at the Closing).

(ii) In the event that after the delivery by Tenant of an effective Tenant's Purchase Notice there shall occur a Casualty, then Tenant shall nevertheless remain obligated to purchase the Landlord Property Interests without reduction of the Purchase Price on all the terms and conditions of Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E, except that Landlord shall, at the Closing, assign to Tenant all of Landlord's right, title and interest, if any, in and to any proceeds of casualty insurance with respect to such Casualty and the requirements of Article 19 of the Lease shall be inapplicable.

9. Conveyance of Landlord Property Interests/Assignment and Assumption of Lease. At Closing, Landlord shall convey the Landlord Property Interests to Tenant by (i) the execution, acknowledgment and delivery of the Bargain and Sale Deed Without Covenant against Grantor's Acts in the form of Exhibit A attached to this Exhibit E (the "Deed"), (ii) the execution, acknowledgment and delivery of the Assignment and Assumption of Lease in the form of Exhibit B attached to this Exhibit E (the

“Assignment and Assumption”) pursuant to which Tenant shall assume Landlord’s interest as lessor under the Lease, and Landlord shall thereafter be released of and from any liability under the Lease arising from and after the Closing and (iii) the execution and delivery of a Bill of Sale in the form of Exhibit C attached to this Exhibit E. In addition, Landlord shall deliver to Tenant (or, at Tenant’s option, shall credit to the Purchase Price) any unapplied Security Deposit or other security or collateral held by Landlord or which it controls in accordance with the Lease. The provisions of this Section 9 shall survive the Closing.

10. Closing: Conditions to Closing. The Closing shall take place at the offices of Tenant’s attorneys located in New York County, New York on the Scheduled Closing Date (the actual date of the Closing is herein referred to as the “Closing Date”). Subject to exercise of the Adjournment Option by Landlord or Tenant as provided in Article 28 of the Lease, time shall be of the essence with respect to the Landlord’s and Tenant’s obligation to consummate the Closing on the Scheduled Closing Date. Landlord’s obligation to sell, assign and convey, and Tenant’s obligation to purchase and assume, the Landlord Property Interests shall be conditioned upon the fulfillment of the conditions precedent that (i) Tenant shall have duly performed all of Tenant’s obligation to be performed under Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E on the Closing Date; and (ii) there shall be no Event of Default under the Lease occurring and continuing as of the Closing Date. Tenant’s obligation to purchase the Landlord Property Interests shall be conditioned upon the fulfillment of the condition precedent that Landlord shall have duly performed all of Landlord’s obligation to be performed under Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E on the Closing Date, including delivery by Landlord to Tenant, Title Company or Escrow Agent, as applicable, of the documents required to be delivered by Landlord at Closing.

11. Documents to be Delivered at Closing.

(i) On the Closing Date, Landlord shall deliver or cause to be delivered to Tenant the following:

(a) A duly executed and acknowledged Deed.

(b) A duly executed Bill of Sale.

(c) A duly executed certification as to Landlord’s non-foreign status in the form required under the provisions of FIRPTA (as hereinafter defined).

(d) A certificate of good standing of Landlord in its jurisdiction of formation dated no earlier than 30 days prior to the Closing Date and such other documents demonstrating the authority of Landlord to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby, which documents shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Title Company.

(ii) On the Closing Date, Tenant shall deliver or cause to be delivered to Landlord the following:

(a) Payment of the Balance (as the same may be adjusted as provided herein), in the manner required under this Exhibit E.

(b) All Rent due and payable by the Tenant under the Lease up to and including the date of Closing.

(c) A certificate of good standing of Tenant in its jurisdiction of formation dated no earlier than 30 days prior to the Closing Date and such other documents demonstrating the authority of Tenant to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby, which documents shall be reasonably satisfactory to the Title Company.

(iii) Landlord and Tenant shall, on the Closing Date, each execute, acknowledge (where appropriate) and exchange the following documents:

(a) The Assignment and Assumption of Lease.

(b) The returns, affidavits and instruments (or, if required by ACRIS E-tax procedures, an electronic version thereof) required under Article 31 of the Tax Law of the State of New York and the regulations applicable thereto, as the same may be amended from time to time (the "RET").

(iv) Landlord and Tenant each agree to execute and deliver any other documents required to be delivered by Landlord or Tenant pursuant to the terms of the Lease or this Exhibit E, or are otherwise reasonably requested by the Title Company (so long as such request does not add additional representations, warranties or covenants from Landlord or Tenant, as applicable) in order to effectuate the transactions contemplated herein. The provisions of this Section 11(iv) shall survive the Closing.

(v) To the extent any portion of Percentage Rent due under the Lease prior to the Closing Date has yet to be audited and has yet to be paid to Landlord in accordance with the provisions of the Lease, Tenant shall perform the next scheduled audit in accordance with the terms of the Lease even though the Lease shall have been terminated, and (A) if Landlord shall be entitled to additional Percentage Rent, Tenant shall pay Landlord any amounts of Percentage Rent due as of the Closing Date in accordance with the Lease as if the Lease were still in full force and effect with respect to the payment of Percentage Rent only, or (B) if Tenant shall have overpaid Percentage Rent, Landlord shall promptly refund the amount of such overpayment to Tenant. The provisions of this Section 11(v) shall survive the Closing.

12. Transfer Taxes; Closing Costs.

(i) Any transfer taxes and other amounts payable under the RET in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby (collectively, "Transfer Taxes") shall be paid by Landlord to the appropriate party not later than the applicable due date

required by law. In furtherance thereof, Landlord may direct Tenant to pay a portion of the Purchase Price to the Title Company (for application to the appropriate party) in order to satisfy any such obligations. Landlord shall indemnify and hold harmless Tenant from and against any and all costs, expenses, claims, liabilities and/or damages, including reasonable attorneys' fees and the cost of enforcing this indemnification, arising out of any claims in connection with Landlord's obligation to make the transfer tax and other payments described in the preceding sentence. In addition, to the extent that Landlord receives a credit or reduction in the Transfer Taxes as a result of any Transfer Taxes (as defined in the Lease) previously paid by Tenant in connection with the execution and delivery of the Lease by Landlord and Tenant, Tenant shall receive a credit against the Purchase Price at Closing in the amount of such credit or reduction that Landlord actually receives on account of the such Transfer Taxes paid by Tenant.

(ii) Landlord shall be responsible for the costs of repaying or defeasing its Fee Mortgages (if any), its legal counsel, advisors and other professionals employed by it in connection with entering into the transactions contemplated by Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E.

(iii) Except as otherwise provided above, Tenant shall be responsible for (i) the costs and expenses of its legal counsel, advisors and other professionals employed by it in connection with the exercise of the Purchase Option, (ii) all premiums and fees for title examination and title insurance and endorsements obtained and all related charges and survey costs in connection therewith, (iii) all costs and expenses incurred in connection with any financing obtained by Tenant, including without limitation, loan fees, mortgage recording taxes, financing costs and lender's legal fees, (iv) all amounts to be paid by the Tenant under the Lease and (v) any recording fees for documentation to be recorded in connection with the transactions contemplated by Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E.

(iv) Landlord and Tenant shall each be responsible for half of all escrow and/or closing fees (including any fees of the Title Company pursuant to the Escrow Agreement) due in connection with the exercise of the Purchase Option.

(v) The provisions of this Section 12 shall survive the Closing.

13. Tenant's or Landlord's Default

(i) In the event that Tenant shall default in its obligation to close the transactions contemplated by Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E on the Closing Date, Landlord, as its sole and exclusive remedy hereunder, shall have the right to retain, as liquidated damages, the Purchase Option Deposit and any interest earned thereon (it being agreed that the damages by reasons of Tenant's default are difficult, if not impossible to ascertain), the Lease shall continue in full force and effect and the Purchase Option shall terminate and be of no further force and effect and neither party hereto shall have any further obligations hereunder except for those that are expressly provided hereunder to survive the termination of the Purchase Option, except as otherwise provided in Section 28.2 of the Lease.

(ii) In the event that Landlord shall default in its obligation to close the transactions contemplated by Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E on the Closing Date, Tenant, as its sole and exclusive remedy hereunder (in lieu of prosecuting an action for damages or proceeding with any other legal course of conduct, the right to bring such actions or proceedings being expressly and voluntarily waived by Tenant, to the extent legally permissible, following and upon advice of its counsel), shall have the right (subject to the other provisions of this Section 13) (A) to revoke its exercise of the Purchase Option and receive a return of the Purchase Option Deposit (together with any interest earned thereon) (the “Return of Deposit”), and upon the Return of Deposit, neither party hereto shall have any further obligations hereunder (provided that Tenant shall continue to have the right to exercise the Purchase Option in accordance with and subject to the terms of Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E as if Tenant had not previously elected to exercise the Purchase Option), and (B) in lieu of the Return of Deposit, Tenant shall have the right to obtain specific performance of Landlord’s obligations hereunder, provided that any action for specific performance shall be commenced within ninety (90) days after such default, it being understood that if Tenant fails to commence an action for specific performance within ninety (90) days after such default, Tenant’s sole remedy shall be the Return of Deposit as aforesaid. In addition, if Tenant shall have elected to seek specific performance of Landlord’s obligations hereunder as aforesaid and it shall be determined by final judgment that Tenant shall not be entitled to such remedy, then Tenant’s sole remedy shall be the Return of Deposit. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Tenant shall have no right to seek specific performance if Landlord shall be prohibited from performing its obligations hereunder by reason of any Laws applicable to Landlord.

14. Brokerage. Each of Landlord and Tenant represents and warrants to the other that it has not dealt with any broker, realtor, finder or the like in connection with the transaction herein contemplated. Each of Landlord and Tenant hereby agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the other, from and against any and all costs, expenses, claims, liabilities and/or damages, including reasonable attorneys’ fees and the cost of enforcing this indemnification, arising out of any brokerage commission, fee or other compensation due or alleged to be due to any Person in connection with any of the transactions contemplated hereby based upon an agreement alleged to have been made or other action alleged to have been taken by the indemnifying party. The provisions of this Section 14 shall survive the Closing or other termination of the Lease.

15. Further Assurances. Landlord and Tenant, at the sole cost and expense of the requesting party, will do, execute, acknowledge and deliver such further acts, deeds, conveyances, assignments, notices, transfers and assurances as may be reasonably required by the requesting party, for the better assuring, conveying, assigning, transferring and confirming unto the Tenant the Landlord Property Interests and for otherwise carrying out the intentions of this Exhibit E. The provisions of this Section 15 shall survive the Closing or other termination of the Lease.

16. Taxpayer Identification Numbers. The Title Company is hereby designated the “real estate reporting person” for purposes of Section 6045 of the Code and Treasury Regulation 1.6045-4 and any instructions or settlement statement prepared

by the Title Company shall so provide. Upon the consummation of the transaction contemplated by Article 28 of the Lease and this Exhibit E, the Title Company shall file a Form 1099 information return and send the statement to Landlord as required under the aforementioned statute and regulation. Landlord and Tenant shall promptly furnish their federal tax identification numbers to the Title Company and shall otherwise reasonably cooperate with the Title Company in connection with the Title Company's duties as real estate reporting person.

17. Exchange. Subject to the further terms and conditions of this Section 17, Landlord shall have the right, at Landlord's election, to effectuate the Closing as part of a tax free exchange under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and Landlord expressly reserves the right to assign its rights (but not its obligations) hereunder to a Qualified Intermediary as provided in IRC Reg. 1.1031(k)-1(g)(4) on or before the Closing Date. Any such Section 1031 exchange shall not result in any liability on the part of Tenant or reduce or otherwise adversely affect any of Tenant's rights hereunder or under any of the documents contemplated herein to be executed and exchanged. Tenant shall in no event be requested or required to acquire title to or sign a contract for any property other than the Landlord Property Interests or to incur any liability with respect to any other property. Landlord shall in all events be responsible for all costs and expenses related to the Section 1031 exchange. The provisions of this Section 17 shall survive the Closing.

18. Conveyance Deemed Full Performance. The delivery of the Deed, Bill of Sale and Assignment and Assumption by Landlord and the acceptance of the same by Tenant shall be deemed full performance and discharge of every agreement and obligation on the part of Landlord to be performed hereunder and under Article 28 of the Lease, and no agreement, promise, representation or warranty, whether express or implied on the part of Landlord or any agent, officer, employee or representative of Landlord shall survive the Closing unless expressly stated herein to survive the Closing.

19. Waiver and Release. Tenant's consummation of the Closing hereunder shall be deemed to constitute an express waiver of Tenant's right to cause Landlord to be joined in any action brought under any Environmental Laws (as hereinafter defined). The term "Environmental Laws" means all federal, state and local laws, statutes, ordinances and regulations, now or hereafter in effect, in each case as amended or supplemented from time to time, including, without limitation, all applicable judicial or administrative orders, applicable consent decrees and binding judgments relating to the regulation and protection of human health, safety, the environment and natural resources (including, without limitation, ambient air, surface, water, groundwater, wetlands, land surface or subsurface strata, wildlife, aquatic species and vegetation), including, without limitation, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 9601 et seq.), the Hazardous Material Transportation Act, as amended (49 U.S.C. §§ 1801 et seq.), the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. §§ 136 et seq.), the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended (42 U.S. §§ 6901 et seq.), the Toxic Substance Control Act, as amended (15 U.S.C. §§ 2601 et seq.), the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 7401 et seq.), the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. §§ 1251 et seq.), the

Occupational Safety and Health Act, as amended (29 U.S.C. §§ 651 et seq.), the Safe Drinking Water Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 300f et seq.), Environmental Protection Agency regulations pertaining to Asbestos (including, without limitation, 40 C.F.R. Part 61, Subpart M, the United States Environmental Protection Agency Guidelines on Mold Remediation in Schools and Commercial Buildings, the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations pertaining to Asbestos including, without limitation, 29 C.F.R. Sections 1910.1001 and 1926.58), applicable New York State and Sullivan County statutes and the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto regulating the storage, use and disposal of Hazardous Substances, the New York City Department of Health Guidelines on Assessment and Remediation of Fungi in Indoor Environments and any state or local counterpart or equivalent of any of the foregoing, and any related federal, state or local transfer of ownership notification or approval statutes. Tenant, for itself and its agents, affiliates, successors and assigns, hereby releases and forever discharges Landlord, its employees, agents, affiliates, successors and assigns from any and all rights, claims and demands at law or in equity, whether known or unknown at the time of the Closing, which Tenant has, or may have in the future, arising out of the physical, environmental, economic or legal condition of the Landlord Property Interests, including, without limitation, any claim for indemnification or contribution arising under any Environmental Law.

20. FIRPTA Compliance. Landlord shall comply with the provisions of the Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act, Section 1445 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as amended), as the same may be amended from time to time, or any successor or similar law (collectively, “FIRPTA”). Landlord acknowledges that Section 1445 of the Internal Revenue Code provides that a transferee of a United States real property interest must withhold tax if the transferor is a foreign Person. To inform Tenant that withholding of tax is not required upon the disposition of a United States real property interest by Landlord, Landlord hereby represents and warrants that Landlord is not a foreign Person as that term is defined in the Internal Revenue Code and Income Tax Regulations. At the Closing, Landlord shall deliver to Tenant a certification as to Landlord’s non-foreign status in the form required under FIRPTA, and shall comply with any temporary or final regulations promulgated with respect thereto and any relevant revenue procedures or other officially published announcements of the Internal Revenue Service of the U.S. Department of the Treasury in connection therewith.

21. Captions. The captions in this Exhibit E are inserted for convenience of reference only and in no way define, describe or limit the scope or intent of this Exhibit E or any of the provisions hereof.

22. Severability. If any provision hereof is found to be void or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions hereof shall nevertheless be binding upon the parties with the same effect as though the void or unenforceable part had been severed and deleted.

Exhibit A (to Exhibit E)

**FORM OF BARGAIN AND SALE DEED WITHOUT COVENANT AGAINST
GRANTOR'S ACTS**

THIS INDENTURE, made as of the ____ day of _____, 20__, by EPT CONCORD II, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company having an address at c/o Entertainment Properties Trust, 909 Walnut Street, Suite 200, Kansas City, Missouri 64106 (hereinafter referred to as "Grantor"), to [MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC.], a [New York corporation] having an office c/o Empire Resorts, Inc., 204 Route 17B, Monticello, New York 12701 (hereinafter referred to as "Grantee").

WITNESSETH, that Grantor, in consideration of Ten Dollars (\$10.00), lawful money of the United States, paid by Grantee, does hereby grant and release unto Grantee, the heirs or successors and assigns of Grantee forever:

ALL that certain plot, piece or parcel of land with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being, more particularly described on Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof (the "Premises");

TOGETHER WITH all right, title and interest, if any, of Grantor in and to any streets and roads abutting the Premises to the center lines thereof;

TOGETHER WITH the appurtenances and all the estate and rights of Grantor in and to the Premises.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the Premises unto Grantee, the heirs or successors and assigns of Grantee forever.

AND Grantor, in compliance with Section 13 of the Lien Law, covenants that Grantor will receive the consideration for this conveyance and will hold the right to receive such consideration as a trust fund to be applied first for the purpose of paying the cost of the improvements at the Premises and will apply the same first to the payment of the cost of the improvements before using any part of the total of the same for any other purpose.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Grantor has duly executed this deed the day and year first above written.

GRANTOR: EPT CONCORD II, LLC

By: _____
Name:
Title:

STATE OF NEW YORK)
) ss.:
COUNTY OF NEW YORK)

On the _____ day of _____ in the year 20____ before me, the undersigned, personally appeared _____, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same in his/her capacity, and that by his/her signature on the instrument, the individual, or the person or entity upon behalf of which the individual acted, executed the instrument.

Signature and Office of individual
taking acknowledgment

Bargain and Sale Deed
Without Covenant Against Grantor's Acts

SECTION: [____]
BLOCK: [____]
LOT: [____]
COUNTY: Sullivan

TO

STREET
ADDRESS: [____]
[____]

RETURN BY MAIL TO:

Exhibit A (to form of Deed)

Legal Description
(see attached)

Exhibit B (to Exhibit E)

FORM OF ASSIGNMENT AND ASSUMPTION OF LEASE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS that EPT CONCORD II, LLC, having an office at c/o Entertainment Properties Trust, 909 Walnut Street, Suite 200, Kansas City Missouri 64106 (the "Assignor"), in consideration of Ten (\$10.00) Dollars and other good and valuable consideration in hand paid by [MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC.], having an office at c/o Empire Resorts, Inc., 204 Route 17B, Monticello, New York 12701 (the "Assignee"), the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, hereby assigns unto Assignee all of Assignor's right, title and interest as lessor in and to the following:

The Lease (the "Lease") with respect to the Leased Premises (as defined in the Lease and more particularly described in Exhibit A attached hereto) dated as of _____, 2010, by and between Assignor, as lessor, and Assignee, as lessee (as the same shall have been amended, supplemented or replaced from time to time).

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD the same unto Assignee, its successors and assigns, from and after the date hereof, subject to the terms, covenants, conditions and provisions contained in the Lease.

Assignee hereby assumes the performance of all of the terms, covenants and conditions of the Lease herein assigned by Assignor to Assignee on, from and after the date thereof as if Assignee had signed the Lease originally as the lessor named therein.

This Assignment and Assumption of Lease is made without any covenant, warranty or representation by, or recourse against, Assignor or Assignor's Affiliates (as defined in the Lease) of any kind whatsoever.

This instrument may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall constitute an original, but all of which, taken together, shall be considered one and the same instrument. The signature of any party on any counterpart shall be deemed a signature to, and may be appended, to any other counterpart. A facsimile signature shall bind the parties hereto in the same manner as an original signature and each party executing by facsimile shall promptly deliver to the other parties an original counterpart of such signature.

Excluded from the foregoing assignment shall be any and all obligations of Assignee, as lessee under the Lease, to Assignor, as lessor under the Lease, or to any Affiliates of Landlord or any Landlord Indemnified Parties (as each are defined in the Lease) either (i) of indemnification, holding harmless and/or defense as may be contained in the Lease, or (ii) which have accrued on or before the date hereof, all of which obligations shall survive subject to the applicable terms of the Lease and continue without alteration, regardless of this assignment or any subsequent amendment, supplement, replacement or termination of the Lease.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereby have signed this instrument as of this _____ day of _____, 20____.

EPT CONCORD II, LLC

By: _____
Name:
Title:

[MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC.]

By: _____
Name:
Title:

STATE OF NEW YORK)
) ss.:
COUNTY OF NEW YORK)

On the _____ day of _____ in the year 2 ____ before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for the State of New York, personally appeared _____, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he executed the same in his capacity, and that by his signature on the instrument, the individual, or the person upon behalf of which the individual acted, executed the instrument.

Notary Public

STATE OF NEW YORK)
) ss.:
COUNTY OF NEW YORK)

On the _____ day of _____ in the year 2 ____ before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for the State of New York, personally appeared _____, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the individual whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he executed the same in his capacity, and that by his signature on the instrument, the individual, or the person upon behalf of which the individual acted, executed the instrument.

Notary Public

Exhibit A (to form of Assignment and Assumption of Lease)

Legal Description
(see attached)

Exhibit C (to Exhibit E)
FORM OF BILL OF SALE

EPT CONCORD II, LLC, having an office at c/o Entertainment Properties Trust, 909 Walnut Street, Suite 200, Kansas City, Missouri 64106 (“Seller”), in consideration of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) and other good and valuable consideration paid by Seller to [MONTICELLO RACEWAY MANAGEMENT, INC.], a [New York corporation], having an address at c/o Empire Resorts, Inc., 204 Route 17B, Monticello, New York 12701 (“Purchaser”), the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, hereby sells, conveys, assigns, transfers, delivers and sets over to Purchaser all fixtures, furniture, furnishings, equipment, machinery, inventory, appliances and other articles of tangible personal property owned by Seller and which are located at the property more particularly described on Exhibit A hereto.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD unto Purchaser and its successors and assigns to its and their own use and benefit forever.

This Bill of Sale is made by Seller without recourse and without any expressed or implied representation or warranty whatsoever.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Seller has caused this Bill of Sale to be executed as of this ____ day of _____, ____.

EPT CONCORD II, LLC

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

Exhibit A (to form of Bill of Sale)

Legal Description
(see attached)

EXHIBIT F
Form Financial Report

EXHIBIT G

Description of Master Development Site

EXHIBIT H

Form of Memorandum of Lease

SCHEDULE A

1. Letter Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2010, among (i) Louis R. Cappelli, (ii) Concord Resort, LLC, (iii) Concord Associates, L.P., (iv) City Center Group, LLC, (v) LC New Roc LP, LLC, (vi) Cappelli Group, LLC, (vii) KBC Concord LLC, (viii) Cappelli Concord LLC, (ix) Entertainment Properties Trust, (x) EPT Concord, LLC, and (xi) EPT White Plains, LLC.
2. Option to Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 18, 2010, among EPT Concord, LLC, EPT Concord II, LLC and Concord Resort, LLC.
3. Right of First Refusal Agreement, dated as of June 18, 2010, between EPT Concord II, LLC and Concord Resort, LLC.
4. Agreement (Casino Development), dated as of June 18, 2010, among EPT Concord II, LLC, Concord Associates, L.P., Concord Resort, LLC and Concord Kiamesha, LLC.
5. Declaration of Restrictive Covenant, dated as of June 17, 2010, by EPT Concord II, LLC.
6. Declaration of Restrictive Covenant dated as of June 17, 2010 by Concord Associates, L.P.
7. Agreement for Deed in Lieu of Foreclosure and Settlement Agreement dated as of June 18, 2010, among Concord Resort, LLC, Louis R. Cappelli, Concord Associates, L.P., EPT Concord LLC, and EPT Concord II, LLC.
8. Assignment and Assumption of Lease (Ground Lease) dated as of June 17, 2010 between Concord Resort, LLC and EPT Concord II, LLC.
9. Bill of Sale dated as of June 18, 2010, among EPT Concord II, LLC, Louis R. Cappelli, and Concord Resort, LLC.
10. Settlement Agreement and Mutual Releases dated as of June 18, 2010, among Entertainment Properties Trust, EPT White Plains, LLC, EPT Concord, LLC, EPT New Roc GP, Inc., LC New Roc LP, LLC, City Center Group, LLC, Concord Resort, LLC, Concord Associates, LP, Lewis [sic] R. Cappelli, Cappelli Group, LLC, Summit Property Management, Inc., New Roc Associates, LP, New Roc Management, LLC, Louis L. Ceruzzi, LC White Plains Retail, LLC, and New Roc Associates, LP.
11. Warranty Deed (in Lieu of Foreclosure) dated as of June 18, 2010 by Concord Resort LLC to EPT Concord II, LLC.

Dear

We are pleased to inform you that on _____, the Board of Directors of Empire Resorts, Inc. (the "Company") granted you a stock option pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), to purchase _____ shares (the "Shares") of Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Common Stock"), of the Company, at a price of \$ _____ per Share.

The option may be exercised with respect to one-fourth of the Shares, rounded down to the nearest whole number, immediately. The option may be exercised with respect to an additional one-fourth of the Shares, rounded down to the nearest whole number, at any time on or after _____. The option may be exercised with respect to an additional one-fourth of the Shares, rounded down to the nearest whole number, at any time on or after _____. The option may be exercised with respect to the remaining one-fourth of the Shares at any time on or after _____. All options granted hereunder shall be nonqualified stock options.

This option is issued in accordance with and is subject to and conditioned upon all of the terms and conditions of the Plan, as from time to time amended. Reference is made to the terms and conditions of the Plan, all of which are incorporated by reference in this option agreement as if fully set forth herein.

This option, to the extent not previously exercised, will expire on _____

Notwithstanding any exercise period provided under the Plan to the contrary, upon your termination as a member of the Board of Directors of the Company, the Compensation Committee has extended the exercise period of this option at the time of such termination to continue in accordance with the term of this option.

You understand and acknowledge that, under existing law, unless at the time of the exercise of this option a registration statement under the Act is in effect as to such Shares (i) any Shares purchased by you upon exercise of this option may be required to be held indefinitely unless such Shares are subsequently registered under the Act or an exemption from such registration is available; (ii) any sales of such Shares made in reliance upon Rule 144 promulgated under the Act may be made only in accordance with the terms and conditions of that Rule (which, under certain circumstances, restricts the number of Shares which may be sold and the manner in which

Shares may be sold); (iii) certificates for Shares to be issued to you hereunder shall bear a legend to the effect that the Shares have not been registered under the Act and that the Shares may not be sold, hypothecated or otherwise transferred in the absence of an effective registration statement under the Act relating thereto or an opinion of counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Company that such registration is not required pursuant to an exemption from such registration; and (iv) the Company will place an appropriate “stop transfer” order with its transfer agent with respect to such Shares on the foregoing terms and conditions.

This option may be exercised, in whole or in part, by delivering to the Company a written notice of exercise in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, specifying the number of Shares to be purchased, together with payment of the purchase price of the Shares to be purchased. The purchase price is to be paid in cash or, at the discretion of the Compensation Committee and to the extent permitted by law, either (i) by delivering shares of Common Stock already owned by you and having an aggregate fair market value on the date of exercise equal to the aggregate exercise price of this option or portion thereof being exercised, (ii) by having shares of Common Stock withheld by the Company from the Shares otherwise to be received with such withheld Shares having an aggregate fair market value on the date of exercise equal to the aggregate exercise price of this option or the portion thereof being exercised, or (iii) by a combination of the foregoing, provided that the combined value of all cash and cash equivalents and the fair market value of any shares surrendered to, or withheld by, the Company is at least equal to such aggregate exercise price, and is in accordance with the Plan.

By exercising your option, you agree that as a condition to any exercise of this option, the Company may require you to enter into an arrangement providing for the payment by you to the Company of any tax withholding obligation of the Company arising by reason of (i) your exercise of this option, (ii) the lapse of any substantial risk of forfeiture to which the Shares are subject at the time of exercise, or (iii) the disposition of Shares acquired upon such exercise. In addition to the foregoing, at the time you exercise this option, in whole or in part, or at any time thereafter as requested by the Company, you hereby authorize withholding from payroll and any other amounts payable to you, and otherwise agree to make adequate provision for (including by means of a “cashless exercise” pursuant to a program developed under Regulation T as promulgated by the Federal Reserve Board to the extent permitted by the Company), any sums required to satisfy any United States federal, state or local taxes and any foreign tax withholding obligations of the Company or an affiliate, if any, which arise in connection with your option.

Upon your request and subject to the approval of the Company, in its sole discretion, and in compliance with any applicable conditions or restrictions of law, the Company may withhold from fully vested Shares otherwise issuable to you upon the exercise of your option a number of whole Shares having an aggregate fair market value, determined by the Company as of the date of exercise, not in excess of the minimum amount of tax required to be withheld by law.

Your option is not transferable, except by will or by the laws of descent and distribution or except as otherwise permitted by the Plan, and is exercisable during your lifetime only by you.

Would you kindly evidence your acceptance of this option and your agreement to comply with the provisions hereof and of the Plan by executing this letter under the words "Agreed To and Accepted."

Very truly yours,

EMPIRE RESORTS, INC.

By: _____

AGREED TO AND ACCEPTED:

Exhibit A

Empire Resorts, Inc.
Route 17B, P.O. Box 5013
Monticello, New York 12701

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Notice is hereby given of my election to purchase _____ shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value (the "Shares"), of Empire Resorts, Inc. at a price of \$ per Share, pursuant to the provisions of the option granted to me on _____, under the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended. Enclosed in payment for the Shares is (check all that apply):

- my check in the amount of \$_____.
- * _____ Shares having a total value \$_____, such value being based on the closing price(s) of the Shares on the date hereof.
- * _____ Shares to be withheld by the Company from the Shares otherwise to be received having a total value \$_____, such value being based on the closing price(s) of the Shares on the date hereof.

The following information is supplied for use in issuing and registering the Shares purchased hereby:

Number of Certificates and Denominations	_____
Name	_____
Address	_____

Social Security Number	_____

Dated: _____, 20____

Very truly yours,

*Subject to the approval of the Compensation Committee

Dear

We are pleased to inform you that on _____, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of Empire Resorts, Inc. (the "Company") made a restricted stock grant to you pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), of _____ shares (the "Shares") of Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Common Stock"), of the Company.

The Shares shall vest on

This restricted stock grant is issued in accordance with and is subject to and conditioned upon all of the terms and conditions of the Plan (a copy of which in its present form is attached hereto), as from time to time amended, and except as otherwise provided in this grant; provided, however, that no future amendment or termination of the Plan shall, without your consent, alter or impair any of your rights or obligations under this grant. Reference is made to the terms and conditions of the Plan, all of which are incorporated by reference in this notice as if fully set forth herein.

The Shares are not covered by an effective registration statement filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the "Act"). By accepting the Shares, you agree that you are acquiring the Shares for your own account and without a view to resale or distribution in violation of the Act or any other securities law. Furthermore, you may be required to enter into such written representations, warranties and agreements as the Company may reasonably request in order to comply with the Act or any other securities law or the Plan. Except as otherwise provided in this grant, the Shares may not be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated until the end of the applicable vesting period as set forth in the Plan (such period during which the Shares are subject to such restrictions and conditions is referred to as the "Restricted Period"). During the Restricted Period with respect to the Shares, the Company shall have the right to retain in the Company's possession, on your behalf, the certificate or certificates representing the Shares, but the Company shall surrender such certificates to you at the end of the Restricted Period or upon the occurrence of a Change in Control.

During the Restricted Period, you may exercise full voting rights and shall receive all regular cash dividends and any other distributions paid with respect to the Shares. Except as the Compensation Committee shall otherwise determine, any other cash dividends and other distributions paid to you with respect to the Shares, including any dividends and distributions paid in shares of common stock, shall be subject to the same restrictions and conditions as the Shares with respect to which they were paid.

You understand and acknowledge that, under existing law, unless at the time of vesting of the Shares a registration statement under the Act is in effect as to such Shares (i) the Shares may be required to be held indefinitely unless such Shares are subsequently registered under the Act or an exemption from such registration is available; (ii) any sales of such Shares made in reliance upon Rule 144 promulgated under the Act may be made only in accordance with the terms and conditions of that Rule (which, under certain circumstances, restrict the number of shares which may be sold and the manner in which shares may be sold); (iii) certificates for Shares to be issued to you hereunder shall bear a legend to the effect that the Shares have not been registered under the Act and that the Shares may not be sold, hypothecated or otherwise transferred in the absence of an effective registration statement under the Act relating thereto or an opinion of counsel reasonably satisfactory to the Company that such registration is not required under an exemption from such registration; and (iv) the Company will place an appropriate "stop transfer" order with its transfer agent with respect to such Shares in accordance with the foregoing;

You understand and acknowledge that you (and not the Company or any of its subsidiaries) shall be responsible for any tax obligation that may arise as a result of the transactions contemplated by this grant, and you shall pay to the Company the amount determined by the Company to be such withholding tax obligation at the time such tax obligation arises, and the Company shall make such payment to the applicable taxing authorities. If you fail to make such payment, the number of Shares necessary to satisfy the tax obligations shall be retained by the Company in satisfaction of such withholding obligation. You shall notify the Company within 10 days of any election made pursuant to Section 83(b) of the Code. You shall reflect the value of such Shares as determined by the Company on such election form. You may not receive the Shares unless the tax withholding obligations of the Company and/or any affiliate are satisfied. Accordingly, you may not be able to receive your Shares when desired even though your Shares are vested, and the Company shall have no obligation to issue a certificate for such Shares unless such tax withholding obligation is satisfied.

You agree that the Company (or a representative of any underwriters engaged by the Company) may, in connection with the registration of the offering of any securities of the Company under the Act, require that you not sell, dispose of, transfer, make any short sale of, grant any Shares for the purchase of, or enter into any hedging or similar transaction with the same economic effect as a sale of, any shares of Common Stock or other securities of the Company held by you, for a period of time specified by the Company or such underwriters not to exceed 180 days following the effective date of any registration statement of the Company filed under the Act. You further agree to execute and deliver such other agreements as may be reasonably requested by the Company and/or such underwriters as are consistent with the foregoing and are on substantially the same terms as those agreed to by directors, other executive officers or significant shareholders of the Company. In order to enforce the foregoing covenant, the Company may impose stop-transfer instructions with respect to the Shares until the end of such period.

Please kindly evidence your acceptance of this grant and your agreement to comply with the provisions hereof and of the Plan by executing this letter under the words "Agreed To and Accepted."

Very truly yours,

EMPIRE RESORTS, INC.

By:

AGREED TO AND ACCEPTED:

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements of Empire Resorts, Inc. and Subsidiaries on Form S-1 (No. 333-171471), Form S-3 (No.'s 333-161499, 333-153336, 333-145952, 333-144815, 333-118899, 333-112529, 333-110543, 333-104541, 333-96667, 333-45610, 333-33204, 333-43861 and 333-39887), Form S-4 (No. 333-109146) and Form S-8 (No.'s 333-163508, 333-161110, 333-132889, 333-90611 and 333-37293) of our report dated March 19, 2012 relating to the consolidated financial statements of Empire Resorts, Inc. and Subsidiaries, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Empire Resorts, Inc. and Subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2011 and to the reference to our Firm under the caption "Experts" in the Prospectus.

/s/ Friedman LLP

New York, New York

March 19, 2012



CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Joseph A. D'Amato, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Empire Resorts, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 19, 2012

/s/ Joseph A. D'Amato

Joseph A. D'Amato
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Laurette J. Pitts, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Empire Resorts, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 19, 2012

/s/ Laurette J. Pitts

Laurette J. Pitts

Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. §1350), the undersigned, Joseph A. D'Amato, Chief Executive Officer of Empire Resorts, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Laurette J. Pitts, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, to his and her knowledge, that:

The Annual Report Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 of the Company (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

March 19, 2012

By: /s/ Joseph A. D'Amato
Joseph A. D'Amato
Chief Executive Officer

March 19, 2012

By: /s/ Laurette J. Pitts
Laurette J. Pitts
Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signatures that appear in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Empire Resorts, Inc. and will be retained by Empire Resorts, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

