

Charter Hall Group

Annual Report 2020



of office, industrial & logistics, retail and social infrastructure.

Our integrated offering and approach to partnership means that as both investor and manager, we can build value and deliver solutions designed for long term success, across market cycles.

Wesley Place, 130 Lonsdale Street, Melbourne VIC

Strategy

ALDI Distribution Centre, Prestons NSW



We use our property expertise to access, deploy, manage and invest in our core real estate sectors to create value and generate superior returns for customers.

Access

Accessing equity from listed, wholesale and retail investors.

Deploy

Creating value through attractive investment opportunities.

Manage

Funds management, asset management, leasing and development services.

Invest

Investing alongside our capital partners.

Increase in property

1 YEAR

Gross equity raised

\$5.1_{bn}

Gross transactions

\$8.3bn

Funds under management (FUM)

\$40.5bn \$184m

↑33.2%

Properties

investment (PI) to \$2.0bn

10.0%

Acquisitions

\$7.3bn

1,104

Total property investment return

10.0%

Divestments

\$1.0bn

5 YEARS

Gross equity raised

Gross transactions

\$14.0bn \$25.8bn \$27.0bn

FUM growth

Increase in Pl

\$1.1bn

114.8%

Total property investment return

13.1%

Acquisitions

\$19.9bn

Divestments

\$5.8bn

Purpose

At Charter Hall we're all about achieving better futures and mutual success. It's a philosophy that underpins our operating model and our commitment to all our stakeholders.



Our tenants

We're always looking for new ways to help businesses grow. Working in close partnership with our tenants, we seek out innovative solutions to fulfil their exact needs.

As cross-sector specialists, we think laterally to solve a business' holistic needs, providing an integrated solution to their office, warehousing and distribution requirements.

Our commitment to our tenants runs deep, and we continue to challenge ourselves to go above and beyond in our service.

Our investors

We work harder to create stable investments with greater potential to generate consistent, superior returns.

We invest alongside our capital partners, because we believe that fundamental to long-term success, is mutual success. Our focus on quality, well located assets with long-term leases, together with our ability to unlock hidden value, creates a balance between stability, returns and growth.

Our people

We have a genuine desire to see people perform at their best and advance their careers. We actively leverage our unique operating model to give people learning opportunities that accelerate their growth and potential. Our open, flexible workplace fosters a collaborative environment and, together with our many benefits, enables people to flourish.

Our community

Every year we do more to strengthen communities. Our philosophy of mutual success is the reason why we were the first Australian property company to join the international Pledge 1% movement. Through our long-standing commitment to Pledge 1% we give our spaces, profits and our people's time to support vulnerable Australians.

Our environment

We put our environmental commitment into action. Our climate resilience strategy extends across our diversified business model and supports our long-term investments to meet future challenges. We've reinforced our standing as the company with Australia's largest Green Star rated portfolio, and are investing in renewables and managing down all forms of waste to reduce our footprint.

FY20 performance highlights

Noolworths

Group returns

Operating earnings (post tax) and OEPS growth

\$323m

↑46.3%

Distributions per security

35.7cps

NTA per security

\$4.28

Total platform return²

18.8%

Woolworths 🌀

Figures a
 Total plat

Property investments

Property investment portfolio

\$2.0bn

10.0%

Total property investment return³

10.0%

Property investment yield

6.2%

Funds management

Funds under management (FUM)

\$40.5bn

↑33.2%

transactions

Balance sheet

\$5.0bn

Investment

Group investment

capacity

capacity⁵

NTA growth

\$8.3bn 9.6%

Property funds Balance sheet management yield⁴ gearing

10.5% 09

Look-through gearing

29.1%

က်

Woolworths
Distribution Centre,
Dandenong South
VIC

- 1. Figures and statistics are for the 12 months to 30 June 2020 unless otherwise stated.
- 2. Total platform return is calculated as growth in net tangible assets (NTA) per security plus distributions per security divided by the opening NTA per security for the 12 months to 30 June 2020.
- 3. Total property investment return is calculated as distributions received from funds plus growth in investment value divided by the opening investment value of the PI portfolio for the 12 months to 30 June 2020. This excludes investments in new vehicles held for less than a year and investments in Direct funds.
- 4. Property funds management (PFM) yield is calculated as PFM operating earnings post tax per security (includes 50% allocation of net interest) divided by the opening NTA per security for the 12 months to 30 June 2020.
- 5. Investment capacity calculated as cash plus undrawn debt facilities for CHC and the funds management platform. At 30 June 2020, cash was \$1.4bn.



David Harrison
Managing Director
& Group CEO
Left

Rising to the challenge, together

66

A strong and adaptable strategy, clear purpose, deep values and, above all, the trust and partnerships we have built with our people, investors, customers and communities, have seen us stay the course in a year that has tested all Australians.

David Clarke

Chair Right

Chair letter

Dear Securityholder

This has been a year of challenges for business and society. With a backdrop of weak economic growth, bushfires and the onset of COVID-19, we have all been forced to adapt and respond to an uncertain external environment. Against this backdrop, I am pleased to report that Charter Hall has enjoyed strong momentum by focusing on its strategic pillars of access, deploy, manage, and invest.

Our approach of partnering with our tenants to meet their property needs continues to deliver results for securityholders, with operating earnings per security (OEPS) growth of 46% over the previous financial year. Annual dividend growth continued with an increase of 6% over FY19. Our focus on delivering resilient and growing income streams for our investors has driven the performance of our funds and continues to attract investor equity, with \$5.1 billion of equity inflows for the year.

While this annual report measures our performance for the year to 30 June 2020, we see long term performance as the true test of success. This is Charter Hall's 15th year as a listed company and in that time, we have delivered securityholders a total shareholder return of 15.7% return per year on average.

COVID-19

Working in partnership dominated our approach to the challenges presented by COVID-19. With the onset of the pandemic, we moved quickly and decisively to establish working from home routines for our people in nonfrontline roles. We also launched a number of wellbeing initiatives to support our people to realise their individual potential, work productively and contribute to our community. So, I was particularly pleased to see that 87% of our people reported "good" or "excellent" levels of wellbeing. Recognising too that we needed to partner with our customers to resolve issues that affected us all, our teams introduced new hygiene regimes, changed our environments to accommodate social distancing and communicated tirelessly with our customers to keep them updated.

Looking Ahead

Taking an active approach to partnership builds trust and resilience across our many relationships. We work with some of Australia's biggest corporates and our relationships are multi-levelled and multi-sectored.

Our current portfolio comprises more than 1,300 properties, with over 4,000 tenancies, delivering over \$2.1 billion of net rental income a year.

Today, with your support, we manage and invest in one of Australia's leading real estate platforms. Our funds under management (FUM) of \$41.8 billion as at 20 August 2020 represents the largest sector diversified commercial property portfolio in Australia.

Entrepreneurial spirit runs deep within Charter Hall. We continue to be an active market participant, investing alongside our capital partners to access attractive investment opportunities. Our focus on high quality assets leased to quality tenants on long weighted average leases is unchanged. These assets are the most enduring in value and underpin the resilience of our portfolios.

Strengthening our diversity

The range and extent of our activities requires many inputs to be effective and competitive. We depend on talented people and their different experiences, backgrounds and perspectives to drive our growth and sustain our future. As a Board and management team, we realise the importance of creating equity, removing barriers to inclusion, and genuinely engaging with internal and external communities to drive long-term organisational and systemic change.

This year, we were recognised by the Women's Index (Future Super) as one of the leading ASX listed companies to demonstrate gender equality. ▶

We continue our involvement with the Property Council of Australia's 500 Women in Property. We now have 30.4% female participation in senior executive positions and 54.6% across our workplace.

Through our membership of Pride in Diversity and the property industry initiative Interbuild, we have also continued to grow our support for LGBT+ employees nationally.

The new ways of working emerging as a result of COVID-19 underline the importance of ensuring all our people feel supported and valued, and that they see a place and a future for themselves at Charter Hall.

Serving our customers and securityholders

As your Board, we focus on providing clear governance and oversight to assist management in continuing to deliver for stakeholders. Our role is to serve you and to maintain and build trust. Embedding a high standard of ethics into our business and building belief and goodwill in the Group, and the people who manage your investment is paramount.

Despite an uncertain external environment in FY20, I am pleased to report that Charter Hall continues to gain momentum in the business. In particular, the record equity flows demonstrate our customer centric approach continues to be supported by our investor customers. Additionally, the repeat tenant customer metrics, retention rates and customer interviews suggest the Group has an equal focus on both tenant and investor customers.

One of our roles as your Board is to ensure that the team remains focused on delivering against the Group's strategy, whilst ensuring all stakeholders are fairly treated and the culture of "doing the right thing" permeates throughout the Group. While our results demonstrate our performance focus, front and centre for us is our role as guardians of other people's capital over the long term. That's why our purpose, developed with input from investors, tenants and employees, is about achieving better futures and mutual success through bringing aspirations to life.

The Charter Hall Board continues to comprise a majority of independent directors, in line with best practice. All Directors actively engage in the business to ensure the continued execution of the Group strategy. Our Non-Executive Directors apply a diverse mix of skills and expertise to provide a strong overall contribution to the success of the Group. This approach puts the Group in a resilient position to pursue further growth.

Our climate resilience approach

The built environment in Australia represents 23% of the country's carbon emissions, so the environmental impacts of what we do are potentially far reaching. This year, we have again stepped up our efforts to be a sustainable organisation. We now have 212 Green Star Performance ratings across the portfolio - maintaining Australia's largest Green Star footprint.

We continue to see improvements in our NABERS energy ratings across our sectors. This year we became the largest office portfolio to participate in the NABERS Sustainable Portfolios Index 2020. All our funds and 62 commercial assets are included in the Index, with our Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (CLW) placed in the top three portfolios.

Our values ensure we remain strong as we grow and nurture the business through this turbulent time of technological, environmental, community expectation and societal change.

We have mapped our future against various climate scenarios and defined our pathway to net zero for Scope 1 and 2 emissions for the whole Group by 2030.

Further, our industrial & logistics portfolio has committed to achieving net zero Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2022.

We've increased our renewable energy footprint from 2.5MW in 2018 to 21MW of solar PV installed across the portfolio. Our retail power purchase agreements (PPAs) with Clean Peak Energy and Solgen will help the Group realise our short-term sustainability targets and contribute towards our longer-term aspirations. Last year, our retail team began an ambitious solar power and battery storage rollout plan that will over time see us generate 31,000MWh of 100% renewable energy across our retail centres. We now have first and second stage agreements in place for solar systems at 28 of our convenience-plus retail centres.

Our climate governance initiatives this year have also included developing a roadmap to align with the recommendations of the Taskforce for Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD). This roadmap recognises that in order for us to deliver on our purpose of securing a better future for all, we have a responsibility to understand the potential impact of climate change and to take active, meaningful steps from Board level to mitigate the impact.

As a signatory to the United Nations Global Compact, we continue to engage in collaborative projects to advance the Sustainable Development Goals and make the UN Global Compact and its principles part of our strategy and culture.

This year, all our employees completed training in our obligations under the Modern Slavery Act and a survey of our priority 1 suppliers showed a strong understanding of the basic facts around modern slavery. Our Modern Slavery and Human Rights Working Group monitors our modern slavery and human rights risk.

Our commitment to communities

The double impacts of the Australian bushfires and COVID-19 prompted us to step up our involvement with communities even further. Through our commitment to the philanthropic movement Pledge 1%, our people are heavily engaged in our communities. They contributed 2,000 hours in volunteering, and we donated over 45,000sqm in space, valued at \$1.9 million, for community use. We donated \$933,000 to assist communities, including \$500,000 for bushfire relief and long-term recovery.

Recognising that COVID-19 has put households under a lot of stress, we continued our support of social enterprises, including Two Good Co., which helps vulnerable women who have experienced domestic violence.

We also reviewed our community investment approach to ensure that we were continuing to engage with communities in the most effective ways. Through this review, we identified that creating inclusion through employment of vulnerable young Australians provides a pathway to address social issues impacting communities in which we operate. This will now be the focus of our community investment.

Outlook

Economic growth in Australia faces a challenging future, with the impacts of COVID-19 set to continue to disrupt the outlook. Globally, the backdrop is similarly challenged, with lower interest rates expected in many geographies for an extended period.

We remain well positioned, with a leadership team focused on delivering results for our securityholders and capital partners. Across our platform we have high-quality assets and sector-leading lease expiry terms delivering resilient performance and shared growth. We have access to over \$5 billion in available investment capacity through existing cash balances, and available lines in our funds and on our balance sheet. This capacity provides a resilience against any short-term volatility, and an ability to move quickly to capture opportunities, while also providing a meaningful avenue for future growth.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank tenants, investors and securityholders for your support, my fellow Directors and the Executive Committee for your dedication and our people and their families for your passion, commitment and sacrifice throughout a very difficult year to deliver remarkable performances.

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David Clarke Chair

> GPO Exchange 10 Franklin Street, Adelaide SA



Managing Director & Group CEO letter



A year of continued momentum delivers strong growth despite the challenging environment.



Dear Securityholder

Financial year 2020 will be remembered by many as the year COVID-19 arrived and the significant changes this brought. As for many organisations, FY20 was a year of two halves for Charter Hall, with the first half characterised by strong FUM growth driven by acquisitions and net valuation increases, with the second half seeing more subdued acquisition led growth and stabilising valuations as a result of COVID-19. Pleasingly overall, FY20 delivered \$10 billion of FUM growth, continued outperformance for our fund/partnership investors and strong earnings growth for shareholders.

Charter Hall has celebrated its 15th year as a publicly listed A-REIT where we have published investor returns since inception in the form of return on contributed equity (ROCE), which has outperformed all major indices.

Net equity inflows are a sign of healthy support from investors, with FY20 providing a record \$5 billion of gross inflows and all our sources of capital contributing.

In fact, over the past 10 years the growth in FUM from each equity source has been consistently averaging 20-25% across each segment, ranging from wholesale unlisted fund/partnership inflows, through to listed A-REIT inflows and our market leading Direct business.

As we celebrate our 15th year as a listed company, our focus remains on delivering sustainable growth for securityholders and replenishing capital within funds and partnerships so we continue to deploy through develop-to-core strategies and selective acquisitions. Ultimately, we will curate and enhance portfolios through diversification, WALE enhancement and tenant composition diversity and improvement.

COVID-19

There is little doubt that COVID-19 has been a test for society and business this year. Charter Hall, along with other businesses, was forced to quickly adapt to the changing circumstances, enact our pandemic plan and move staff out of the offices to work from home. Fortunately, business continuity was not interrupted.

Charter Hall's strategy of investing in long WALE assets leads to defensive and resilient portfolios. While Charter Hall has not been immune to the effects of COVID-19, the impacts have been limited through our focus on assets with long leases to high quality tenants in predominantly defensive industries. Small to medium enterprises (SMEs) represent only 10.2% of tenants across the funds platform, a much smaller proportion than other listed REITs.

More broadly, COVID-19 has seen accelerating demand for access to industrial & logistics assets, something we have actively pivoted towards. Flows into Charter Hall Direct funds have averaged \$95 million a month during FY20, while wholesale pooled and partnership funds have also continued to see inflows. Momentum in sale and leaseback transactions continues to grow across corporate Australia and the Group is well positioned to take advantage of reduced buyer competition.

Performance

I am pleased to report a 46.2% increase in OEPS to 69.3 cents per security (cps). Further, we have continued to generate leading REIT sector distribution per security growth of 6.0% to 35.7cps, whilst retaining a significant proportion of earnings via a distribution payout ratio of 52%.

Importantly, the growth in earnings also comes after-tax. When compared to peers on a pre-tax basis, we have delivered sector-leading 25.8% OEPS growth rate (CAGR) annually over the last five years. Tax paid also delivers valuable franking credits for our securityholders.

Over the 15 years since listing, Charter Hall has generated a Total Shareholder Return (TSR) of 15.7% compounded annually versus the A-REIT index S&P/ASX 200 (GICS) Property Accumulation Index return of 3.1% over the same time period.

Quality property funds management portfolio

Our property funds management portfolio is well-diversified comprising over 1,300 properties, with over 4,000 tenancies delivering in excess of \$2.1 billion of net rental income. Group FUM WALE has increased to 8.6 years and the weighted average cap rate firmed to 5.27%, reflecting the high quality and low risk profile of our portfolio.

Significant growth in funds under management

We have been active in acquiring and divesting assets during the period. Group FUM grew by a record \$10.1 billion to \$40.5 billion in 12 months, and a further \$1.3 billion since 1 July 2020.

Furthermore, this growth reflects the trust placed in us as custodians of capital to wisely manage and invest on behalf of our investor customers.

Developments continue to be a meaningful contributor, while our focus on driving total returns has seen net revaluations also lift significantly during the period. Development capex of \$1.3 billion and net revaluations of \$1.4 billion have been meaningful drivers of FUM growth.





Chullora Logistics Park (Australia Post), Chullora NSW

Transactions

Active deployment of capital is an integral part of our business. This year we completed \$8.3 billion of gross transactions. All our sectors have been busy, but activity has been led by our office and industrial & logistics sectors deploying capital after recent capital-raising activity.

Active development pipeline

The Group continues to progress various developments across its portfolios, creating investment grade properties and adding significant value through enhancing income yield and total returns. Our development completions have added \$1.7 billion to FUM in the last 12 months. Our total development pipeline now stands at \$6.8 billion and continues to attract capital and deliver FUM growth.

The Group's \$2.3 billion industrial & logistics development pipeline is predominantly pre-leased to high quality tenants and will generate institutional quality long-leased assets for our funds. It will provide attractive incremental FUM growth and enhances our credentials to attract capital. Our office pipeline also continues to deliver attractive development returns and new office buildings. The recent completion of Wesley Place created a \$700 million premium grade office building, 100% pre-leased 12 months prior to completion, with an 11 year WALE leased to high quality tenants such as Telstra Super, Uniting Church, Vanguard, Commonwealth Government, CBUS and Australian Super.

Valued relationships with our tenants

Across the platform we enjoy strong tenant customer relationships. We're always looking for new ways to support our tenants – actively partnering with them to provide innovative solutions to fulfil their exact needs.

In fact, 74% of our tenant customers lease more than one tenancy from us. That ability to partner with our tenants and meet their entire property needs drives tenant retention. Of the tenants who had a lease expiring with us in the past 12 months, 86.5% re-leased with us. Importantly, this benefits shareholders by producing earnings resilience across our property investment portfolio and also feeds back into transactions, with our significant sale and leaseback activity providing off-market opportunities to grow our funds.

A resilient property investment portfolio

Our property investment portfolio provides a strong alignment of interest with our investor customers, while also ensuring that securityholders benefit from our property expertise. Our earnings here are characterised by the high quality of our tenants, the diversity of sectors, and the lack of concentration risk, or single asset exposure.

The portfolio has grown to \$2.0 billion, or 10% over the year, reflecting our on-going investment alongside our capital partners and growth in underlying asset values.

The portfolio has delivered an attractive 6.2% property investment yield, while there is also capacity for new investments from retained earnings and recycling co-investment stakes into new growth.

Occupancy is broadly stable, and through active asset management the property investment portfolio WALE has increased to 8.7 years. Our weighted average rent review remains attractive at 3.3% and the number of properties has increased significantly to over 1,000, largely reflecting our investment in the bp portfolio.

With our largest single asset exposure being 1.4% of the Group's balance sheet property investment portfolio and our top 10 assets only representing 7.4% of net income generated, we believe the Group's Property Investment portfolio is a very defensive, well diversified, core investment portfolio.

Culture the bedrock of the business

This year, we continued to look for ways to improve wellbeing and resilience within our culture. We did this by increasing our diversity to give us a more informed and open minded workforce, and addressing pay equity gaps to ensure everyone feels valued. We empowered and encouraged those whose voices are most easily lost – the young, the vulnerable, our LGBTQ+ community – to feel safe and included.

Our employee engagement score for FY20 was higher than ever, which is especially pleasing given the challenges and disruptions that everyone has faced. The increase in engagement reinforces the importance of purpose and values in building a culture that nurtures people and helps them make the most of their potential. Our own surveys show that 97% of our people are proud to work here – a metric that the Executive Committee and I are very proud of.

We also pride ourselves on being an organisation that builds people up. Our particular way of developing talent – leveraged around our operating model, our purpose and our culture – is another reason people thrive at Charter Hall. This year we launched 'Learning', an integrated, personalised learning platform to help our people develop skills and capabilities aligned to their development goals and career aspirations. The new platform builds on all the experience-based opportunities we make available, enabling everyone to stay curious and continue to learn.

The platform really came into its own during lockdown, supporting us to be adaptable and efficiently embrace remote working, with valuable learning resources like creating a productive workspace and using videocalls, as well as providing self-care tips to nurture connection and support wellbeing.

Important progress towards sustainability

We stepped up our journey towards being a role model in the Australian property sector for sustainability. This year, we not only established climate resilience metrics that will progress us towards a low carbon economy, we also analysed our business to find out how resilient we would be in the face of a range of climate scenarios. On that basis, we confirmed our pathway to net zero by 2030 and developed the roadmap to align with the recommendations of the Taskforce on Climate-related Financial Disclosure.

Setting up a cross-business Energy Committee saw us tighten our procurement processes and make significant savings on our utility costs – a good first step in our goal to commit to renewable energy by 2025. We already have Australia's largest Green Star footprint. This year, we not only increased our Green Star and NABERS ratings across the Group, we also reduced our Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 8%, installed 21MW of solar power and our industrial & logistics portfolio committed to net zero Scope 1 and 2 emissions by as early as 2022. Our efforts were also recognised in the highly regarded NABERS Sustainable Portfolios Index which listed eight of our office funds in the top 11 in the Index.

Outlook and guidance

Since year end, we have grown FUM from \$40.5 billion to \$41.8 billion. Post balance date and considering recent transaction activity, investment capacity stands at over \$5 billion, plus committed but undrawn equity commitments in wholesale funds and partnerships.

Based on no material change in current market conditions, FUM growth already achieved in FY21 and assuming the COVID-19 operating environment does not deteriorate markedly from here, FY21 guidance is for post-tax OEPS of 51.0cps. FY21 distribution per security guidance is for 6% growth over FY20.

My thanks, on behalf of the Executive Committee, to all our people for all their hard work this year. I would also like to thank the Charter Hall Group Board for their continued strategic guidance along with the Independent Directors of our Fund Responsible Entity Boards. Our strategy of using our property expertise to create value and generate superior returns for our customers underpins our ability to continue to deliver returns for securityholders.

Finally, thank you to all our tenant and investor customers for continuing to be part of our Charter Hall Group community.

David Harrison Managing Director & Group CEO

Capital sources

The diversity of our property portfolio and unique business model means we offer a wide range of investment options. Our approach to investment uses partnership and financial discipline to deliver stability and long-term growth.

Wholesale Pooled and Partnerships

FUM

Gearing

WALE

\$26.3bn

32%

Occupancy

97%

7.7yrs

Cap rate

5.1%

CHC investment

\$1.3bn



Clockwise from left to right: ALDI Distribution Centre, Dandenong VIC

242 Exhibition Street, Melbourne VIC

10 Shelley Street, Sydney NSW



Listed

FUM

Gearing

\$8.2bn

23%

Occupancy

98%

WALE

10.7yrs

Cap rate

5.8%

CHC investment¹

\$0.7bn

Charter Hall Direct

FUM

Gearing

\$6.1bn

28%

Occupancy

98%

WALE

9.0 yrs

Cap rate

5.4%

CHC investment

\$0.1bn

1. Held at accounting value not market value.







Industrial & Logistics

A continued growing trend in online retail spending, accelerated significantly by restrictions on consumers during COVID-19, has increased the demand for our assets. With a large development book and national footprint, our local state-based teams are well positioned to partner with our tenant customers and meet their real estate needs.

Richard Stacker Industrial & Logistics CEO

47

Leasing deals executed across 769,000sqm

\$2.0_{bn}

Gross transactions

34

Development projects

\$2.3bn

Completion value

Chullora Logistics Park, Chullora NSW

Adelaide SA

Dandenong Distribution Centre, Dandenong South VIC Coles Distribution Centre,

Long WALE Retail

Our investments in long WALE retail assets provide greater diversification and earnings resilience for investors. We continued our momentum in securing significant off-market sale and leaseback portfolios from major corporates.

Avi Anger

Fund Manager, Charter Hall Long WALE REIT

346

Number of properties

\$1.4_{bn}

transactions

FUM Value

\$4.0_{bn} 12.3_{yrs}

Weighted Average Lease Expiry (WALE)





Kawana Waters Hotel, Kawana Waters QLD

Bunnings Warehouse, South Mackay QLD

bp, Forestville NSW











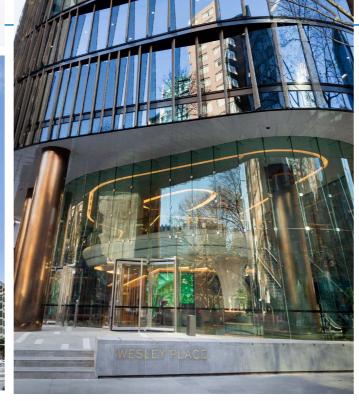
Office

As one of the largest owners and managers of CBD office properties, we partner with our tenant customers to create the best workplace environments and are driven to deliver enhanced value for our investors.

David Harrison

Managing Director & Group CEO







161

Leasing deals executed across 157,000sqm

\$3.6bn

Gross transactions

13

Development projects

\$4.2_{bn}

Completion value

Clockwise from top left:

105 Phillip Street, Parramatta NSW

Wesley Place, 130 Lonsdale Street, Melbourne VIC

1 Nicholson Street, Melbourne VIC

12 Shelley Street, Sydney NSW



Convenience Retail

As the leading owner and manager of property for convenience retailers, we've curated a portfolio that services local communities and delivers a resilient and growing income stream for investors. By partnering with leading convenience retailers to meet their property needs we continue to improve the resilience of income and extend our portfolio WALE.

Greg Chubb Retail CEO









Leasing deals executed across 56,000sqm

363 \$0.5_{bn}

Gross transactions

Development projects

\$0.1_{bn}

Development spend

Leases executed across

15,000sqm

to majors

Top and bottom

Pacific Square Shopping Centre, Maroubra NSW

Bottom left and right: Rockdale Plaza. Rockdale NSW







Social Infrastructure



Our social infrastructure property portfolio facilitates the provision of essential social and community services for Australians. We're the largest owner of early learning centres in the country, and despite the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic, our listed REIT is well capitalised and well positioned to take advantage of opportunities that may emerge.

Travis Butcher

Fund Manager, Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT

146

Leasing deals executed across 93,000sqm

\$0.8bn

Gross transactions

24

\$0.1_{bn}

Development projects

Development spend

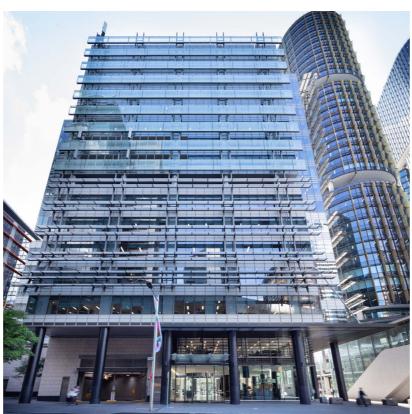
Images: CQE Centre, Hawthorn VIC



Direct

Charter Hall Direct is Australia's leading direct property fund manager. Featuring quality properties on long-term leases and delivering stable returns with the potential for capital growth, the Direct business performed strongly and enjoyed a record 12-month period of net inflows.

Steven Bennett
Direct CEO

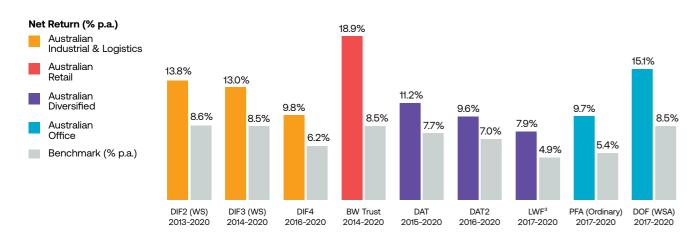






Direct funds net return since inception¹

The active Direct funds have returned 13.0% p.a, out performing the benchmark² by 4.4%.



- 1. Returns are inclusive of bonus units where applicable.
- 2. Benchmark refers to the MSCI/IPD Unlisted Core Wholesale Property Fund Index at June 2020.
- 3. LWF was previously known as DCSF, however was relaunched with a name change in September 2020.



Top left:

10 Shelley Street, Sydney NSW

Top right:Bunnings Claremont,
Perth WA

Bottom: Mainfreight Logistics Facility,

Prestons NSW

Sustainability

We've focused our environmental, social and governance initiatives on where we can have the greatest impact and influence – acting on climate change, increasing the strength of our communities and embedding a high standard of ethics in our actions.



Environment







Social

Governance

Our focus

Act on climate change

Increase the strength of communities

Embed a high standard of ethics into our actions









What's most important

Climate resilience

ilience Strong co

Strong communities

Responsible business

How we're responding

Carbon: Net zero Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2030

Energy: Operational portfolio powered by renewable energy by 2030

Adaptation: Understanding and managing climate risk and adaptation

Biodiversity: Investing in a carbon offset project to offset operational and construction emissions by 2030

Water: Conserving water resources

Waste: Investigating circular economy to reduce waste and introduce closed loop practices

Community: Pledging 1% to enable 500 meaningful employment outcomes for young people by 2030

Customer: Enabling enhanced customer satisfaction experience in our assets

Employee: Creating a diverse and inclusive culture and environment

Health, safety and wellbeing: Maintaining high standards of safety; championing mental, physical and social wellbeing and WELL environments

Ethics: Strengthening business ethics and compliance

Responsible supply chain: Creating an integrated sustainable supply chain strategy across our business and ensuring we deliver on our commitment to the UN Global Compact

Data security: Actively protecting the privacy of individuals and companies

How we measure success

- Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in line with our pathway to net zero
- Increase in renewable energy uptake
- Benchmarking against NABERS and Green Star standards
- Percent of assets covered by climate adaptation plans

- Pledge 1% metrics
- Tenant and employee satisfaction
- Health and safety data
- Engagement data
- Survey results on diversity and inclusion
- WELL accreditation (leading global tool for advancing health and wellbeing in buildings)

- Annual UN Global Compact
- Inaugural Modern Slavery statement in FY21
- Customer, investor and employee feedback

33

- 100% employees undertake ethics compliance training
- Alignment of data approach to ISO 27001 framework

FY20 sustainability highlights

100%

industrial & logistics

emissions by 2022

reduction in Scope

1 and 2 emissions

intensity from FY19

8%

portfolio committed to

net zero Scope 1 and 2



Environment

21_{MW}

solar PV installed, with potential to generate 32GWh of energy, equivalent to powering 2,150 homes

212

Green Star Performance ratings across the portfolio – maintaining Australia's largest Green Star footprint

9%

reduction in water intensity compared to FY19¹



Social

93%

employee engagement score

45k+
sqm

in Pledge 1% space, valued at **\$1.9 million** provided for community use 2,000

hours of employee **volunteering**

\$933k

donated to the community through our partnerships, including \$500k for bushfire relief and recovery



Governance

100%

employees completed modern slavery **training** 101

priority 1 suppliers invited to complete a modern slavery **prequalification survey**²

84%

of priority 1 suppliers completed or commenced **pre-qualification survey**² TCFD

alignment underway

- Water only includes assets that are in operational control.
- 2. Source: Property Council of Australia, Informed 365 portal.

Leadership

Executive Committee

66

Powered by purpose, our executives create value and generate superior returns for our investors.

David HarrisonManaging Director

& Group CEO



Natalie Devlin Sean McMahon



Board of Directors



David ClarkeChair/Independent
Non-Executive Director

Karen Moses

Non-Executive Director

Greg Paramor AO

Non-Executive Director

David Harrison

Managing Director

and Group CEO

See pages 48-50

for Director bios.

Independent



Anne Brennan
Independent
Non-Executive Director



Philip Garling
Independent
Non-Executive Director



David Ross Independent Non-Executive Director

Executive Committee

David Harrison

Managing Director & Group CEO BBus (Land Economics) FAPI, GDipAppFin See page 49. **Greg Chubb**

Retail CEO BBus (Land Economics), FAPI

Greg is Fund Manager of the Charter Hall Retail REIT and Charter Hall's Retail CEO, having joined the Group in 2014 with 30 years' property market experience. Greg is responsible for all management aspects of the retail funds management platform to deliver value creation within the retail portfolio and optimise returns for our investors.

Prior to joining Charter Hall, Greg was the Property Director at Coles Supermarkets Australia and Managing Director and Head of Retail for Sandalwood/Jones Lang LaSalle in Greater China. Greg has also held executive leadership roles at Mirvac and Lendlease.

Greg holds a Bachelor of Business Degree (Land Economics) from the University of Western Sydney, is a Fellow of the Australian Property Institute (FAPI) and is Joint Deputy Chair of the Shopping Centre Council of Australia.

Steven Bennett

Direct CEO BBA

Steven oversees more than \$6 billion of assets under management across multiple award-winning unlisted property products supported by retail, SMSF and high net worth investors. Steven's key responsibilities include all aspects of investment management from identifying and sourcing property assets, structuring, debt financing, creation and launching of new property funds, capital raising, investor relations, stakeholder engagement and the ongoing management of the property portfolio.

Prior to joining Charter Hall, Steven worked for Macquarie Bank for seven years in Sydney and London. Steven has 18 years of experience in funds management, banking, property, accounting and consultancy and is a member of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and New Zealand.

Sheridan Ware

Chief Information and Technology Officer

BA MBA

Sheridan joined Charter Hall in 2019 with 20 years' experience helping companies drive commercial value and increased customer engagement through cultural and digital transformation. She has worked across a wide range of industries – including commercial real estate, government and not-for-profit – and across multiple global markets.

Sheridan is responsible for all strategic and operational aspects of technology at Charter Hall and is a key contributor to the Property Council of Australia's CIO Cyber Security Roundtable.

Prior to joining Charter Hall, Sheridan spent 11 years at Cushman & Wakefield in a variety of roles covering strategy, business transformation and technology; most recently as Chief Information Officer of their Asia Pacific business. She has won multiple awards for her contributions to thought leadership in the commercial real estate field.

Russell Proutt

Chief Financial Officer BCom (Hons), CA, CBV

Russell joined Charter Hall in 2017 and brings over 25 years' finance experience to the Group. His experience includes property and infrastructure investment management in North America, Australia and broader Asia as well as extensive M&A and financing capability across global markets.

Prior to joining Charter Hall, Russell was with Brookfield Asset Management for 12 years and a Managing Partner based in Canada and, most recently, Australia where he worked in property and infrastructure sectors throughout the Asian region. Prior to joining Brookfield, Russell spent 15 years in investment banking and the financial services sector in North America.

He has a breadth of knowledge across commercial property markets and broad experience across infrastructure and private equity investments, mergers and acquisitions, transactions and finance functions.

Richard Stacker

Industrial & Logistics CEO BBA (Accounting and Finance)

Richard has over 25 years of experience in real estate funds management, real estate finance, accounting and risk management. With experience across all sectors, he has led the establishment, structuring and management of new funds, overseeing the transactional, development, asset and property management. In 2018, Richard became CEO of Charter Hall's industrial & logistics real estate business following his role as Head of Global Investor Relations. In this role, Richard leads a team of 50 industrial & logistics property specialists, including investment management, development, asset and property management professionals. Richard is also a Board member of Charter Hall's unlisted retail investor business, Charter Hall Direct.

Prior to joining Charter Hall, Richard was a Division Director of Macquarie Group and Chief Executive Officer of Macquarie Direct Property Management Limited. Previously to that, Richard was a General Manager with Lendlease Corporation Limited and a senior manager with PricewaterhouseCoopers. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia.

Natalie Devlin

Chief Experience Officer BA, Postgrad Dip in MR Management

Responsible for brand, people and culture, workplace, sustainability and community investment, Natalie is focused on enabling the organisation to deliver on our unique market proposition, providing a differentiated experience and bringing to life our philosophy of "Better Future and Mutual Success" for all our stakeholders.

Natalie's previous roles include Head of People and Development at Valad Property Group, where she established the human resources function during its rapid growth period, and Head of HR, Asia Pacific for a multinational publishing company, where she transformed its operating model.

Sean McMahon

Chief Investment Officer BBus (Property)

Sean has 30 years of property and investment banking experience in the real estate sector and has been active in the listed, wholesale and direct capital markets. Sean is responsible for the Group's strategy and balance sheet investments, mergers and acquisitions, with oversight for multi-sector disciplines including property transactions, together with corporate development.

He brings a wealth of experience across investment markets, diversified across office, industrial & logistics and retail sectors, and has been responsible for driving the development of corporate strategies, capital allocation and reinvestment programs.

Prior to joining Charter Hall, Sean worked at national diversified property group Australand (now known as Frasers) as Chief Investment Officer and was previously responsible for investment and development for all office, industrial & logistics and retail property.

Before joining Frasers, Sean spent seven years at Macquarie Bank as a senior executive in the Property Investment Banking division undertaking property finance, structured finance, funds management and joint venture transactions.

Directors' report and financial report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

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For the year ended 30 June 2020

The Directors of Charter Hall Limited and the Directors of Charter Hall Funds Management Limited, the Responsible Entity (RE) of Charter Hall Property Trust, present their report together with the consolidated financial report of the Charter Hall Group (Group or CHC) and the consolidated financial report of the Charter Hall Property Trust Group (CHPT) for the year ended 30 June 2020, and the Independent Auditor's Report thereon. The financial report of the Group comprises Charter Hall Limited (Company or CHL) and its controlled entities, which include Charter Hall Funds Management Limited as the RE of Charter Hall Property Trust (Trust) and CHPT and its controlled entities. The financial report of the Charter Hall Property Trust Group comprises the Trust and its controlled entities.

Charter Hall Limited and Charter Hall Funds Management Limited have identical Boards of Directors. The term Board hereafter should be read as a reference to both these Boards.

The units in the Trust are 'stapled' to the shares in the Company. A stapled security comprises one Company share and one Trust unit. The stapled securities cannot be traded or dealt with separately.

Directors

The following persons were Directors of the Group during the year and up to the date of this report.

David Clarke
 Chair and Independent Non-Executive Director

Anne Brennan
 Philip Garling
 David Harrison
 Greg Paramor AO
 David Ross
 Independent Non-Executive Director
 Managing Director and Group CEO
 Independent Non-Executive Director
 Independent Non-Executive Director
 Independent Non-Executive Director
 Independent Non-Executive Director

Distributions/Dividends - Charter Hall Group

Distributions/dividends paid/payable to stapled securityholders during the year were as follows:

	2020
	\$'m
Final ordinary distribution of 7.72 cents and ordinary dividend of 10.5 cents per stapled security for the	
six months ended 30 June 2020 payable on 31 August 2020	84.9
Interim ordinary distribution of 10.5 cents and interim ordinary dividend of 7 cents per stapled security for	
the six months ended 31 December 2019 paid on 28 February 2020	81.5
Total Distributions/Dividends paid and payable to stapled securityholders	166.4

Operating and financial review

The Group recorded a statutory profit after tax attributable to stapled securityholders for the year to 30 June 2020 of \$345.9 million compared to a profit of \$235.3 million for the year ended 30 June 2019.

Operating earnings amounted to \$322.8 million for the year to 30 June 2020, compared to \$220.7 million for the year ended 30 June 2019, an increase of 46.3%. Operating earnings is a financial measure which represents statutory profit after tax adjusted for the items in the table below. Operating earnings is used by the Board to make strategic decisions and as a guide to assessing an appropriate distribution to declare.

The operating earnings information included in the table below has not been subject to any specific audit procedures but has been extracted from segment information in Note 1 of the accompanying financial report.

2020	2019
\$'m	\$'m
322.8	220.7
67.8	75.8
6.9	1.9
2.2	(7.3)
(14.9)	(29.0)
(13.6)	_
(6.0)	(7.0)
(4.4)	(8.3)
(6.9)	(4.1)
(8.0)	(7.4)
345.9	235.3
	322.8 67.8 6.9 2.2 (14.9) (13.6) (6.0) (4.4) (6.9) (8.0)

¹ Includes the Group's proportionate share of non-operating items of equity accounted investments on a look-through basis

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Operating and financial review continued

The 30 June 2020 financial results with comparatives are summarised as follows:

	Charter Hall	Group	Charter Hall Trust Gr	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenue (\$ million) ¹	553.8	378.5	31.1	37.5
Statutory profit after tax for stapled securityholders (\$ million)	345.9	235.3	144.5	144.3
Statutory earnings per stapled security (EPS) (cents)	74.3	50.5	31.0	31.0
Operating earnings for stapled securityholders (\$ million)	322.8	220.7	n/a	n/a
Operating earnings per stapled security (cents)	69.3	47.4	n/a	n/a
Distribution/dividend per stapled security (cents)	35.7	33.7	18.2	19.0
Property investment segment earnings (\$ million) ²	120.0	110.8	n/a	n/a
Development investment segment earnings (\$ million) ²	17.1	7.8	n/a	n/a
Property funds management segment revenue (\$ million) ²	412.3	262.9	n/a	n/a
Total assets (\$ million)	2,759.7	2,453.6	2,217.3	2,078.3
Total liabilities (\$ million)	614.0	493.7	435.6	359.3
Total net assets (\$ million)	2,145.7	1,959.9	1,781.7	1,719.0
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interest (\$ million) ³	65.5	50.3	65.5	50.3
Net assets attributable to stapled securityholders (\$ million)	2,080.2	1,909.6	1,716.2	1,668.7
Stapled securities on issue (million)	465.8	465.8	465.8	465.8
Net assets per stapled security (\$)	4.47	4.10	3.68	3.58
Net tangible assets (NTA) attributable to stapled securityholders				
(\$ million) ⁴	1,992.4	1,817.0	1,716.2	1,668.7
NTA per stapled security (\$) ⁴	4.28	3.90	3.68	3.58
Balance sheet gearing ⁵	0.0%	5.7%	n/a	n/a
Funds under management (FUM) (\$ million)	40,537.0	30,425.6	n/a	n/a

- 1 Gross revenue does not include the Group's share of net profits of associates and joint ventures of \$162.3 million (2019: \$146.2 million).
- 2 Segment earnings and revenue is used by the Board in assessing the performance and allocating of resources to its operating segments.
 3 Represents the 60.4% (2019: 58.1%) non-controlling interest share of the Charter Hall Direct Diversified Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF).
- 4 NTA attributable to stapled securityholders and NTA per stapled security (\$) are calculated using assets less liabilities, net of intangible assets and related deferred tax
- 4 NTA attributable to stapled security holders and NTA per stapled security (\$) are calculated using assets less liabilities, net of intangible assets and related deferred ta and non-controlling interests in DCSF.
- 5 Gearing is calculated as interest-bearing debt drawn (excluding hedged foreign exchange movements subsequent to the related debt drawing date and DCSF) net of cash, divided by total assets net of cash, derivative assets and DCSF.

Property investment

Property investment provides the Group with yields from its co-investments in Group funds. During the year property investment contributed \$120.0 million in segment earnings to the Group.

The Group's property investments are classified into the following real estate sectors:

- Office;
- Industrial & Logistics;
- Shopping Centre Retail;
- Long WALE Retail;
- Social infrastructure; and
- Diversified.

2020

2010

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Operating and financial review continued

The following table summarises the key metrics for the property investments of the Group:

Charter Hall Investment I				FY2020	Weighted		Weighted	•	FY2020
Office stake (%) investment (%) income* (Sm) expiry (years) rate (%) reviews (%) yield² (%) v/(%) yield² (%) v/(%) x x x x		0			0	0	•		
Office (%) (\$m) (years) (%) (%) (%) Charter Hall Prime Office Fund (CPOF) 6.2 312.9 14.5 7.0 4.9 6.4 3.7 4.8 Charter Hall Office Trust (CHOT) 15.7 293.5 16.2 6.3 4.8 6.3 3.8 6.4 Brisbane Square Wholesale Fund (BSWF) 16.8 101.8 7.7 6.7 5.5 6.7 3.8 7.4 Charter Hall Australian Investment Trust (CHAIT) 10.0 18.2 1.5 3.6 6.5 7.0 3.7 8.8 Counter Cyclical Trust (CCT) 5.0 11.5 0.7 6.2 5.8 6.4 3.6 6.1 201 Elizabeth Street 5.9 9.6 0.2 2.7 5.0 6.5 2.0 3.5 Industrial & Logistics 29.1 3.6 131.4 6.7 10.2 5.1 6.5 2.9 5.3 Core Logistics Partnership Trust (CLP) 3.6 131.4 6.7 10.2 5.1									
Charter Hall Prime Office Fund (CPOF) 6.2 312.9 14.5 7.0 4.9 6.4 3.7 4.8									
Charter Hall Prime Office Fund (CPOF)	Office	(70)	(ψΠΤ)	(ψ111)	(years)	(70)	(70)	(70)	(70)
Charter Hall Office Trust (CHOT)		6.2	312.0	1/1 5	7.0	4.0	6.4	3.7	18
Brisbane Square Wholesale Fund (BSWF) 16.8 101.8 7.7 6.7 5.5 6.7 3.8 7.4 Charter Hall Australian Investment Trust (CHAIT) 10.0 18.2 1.5 3.6 6.5 7.0 3.7 8.8 Counter Cyclical Trust (CCT) 5.0 11.5 0.7 6.2 5.8 6.4 3.6 6.1 201 Elizabeth Street 5.9 9.6 0.2 2.7 5.0 6.5 4.0 3.5 Industrial & Logistics Charter Hall Prime Industrial Fund (CPIF) 3.6 131.4 6.7 10.2 5.1 6.5 2.9 5.3 Core Logistics Partnership Trust (CLP) 6.9 85.0 5.5 9.7 5.2 6.5 3.0 6.0 Shopping Centre Retail Charter Hall Retail REIT (ASX: CQR) ³ 9.9 207.9 19.9 7.2 6.0 6.7 4.1 7.4 Charter Hall Prime Retail Fund (CPRF) 29.4 47.3 4.1 4.3 6.2 7.1 4.1 7.2 Long WALE Retail Long WALE Hardware Partnership (LWHP) 13.4 123.6 5.5 8.0 5.0 6.5 2.7 5.3 Charter Hall BP Partnership (BPP) 2.5 12.8 1.6 19.4 5.0 n/a 1.0 9.1 Long WALE Investment Partnerships (LWIPs) ⁴ 1.9 11.6 0.7 14.4 5.7 n/a 1.2 6.8 Social Infrastructure Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT (ASX: CQE) 8.9 90.8 5.4 12.7 6.2 n/a 2.1 5.7 Charter Hall Exchanges Trust (CHET) 21.8 70.1 3.6 20.1 4.4 6.1 1.5 6.0 Diversified Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW) 12.2 271.4 15.9 14.0 5.4 6.6 2.2 6.7 Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF) ⁵ 39.6 43.0 3.5 6.8 5.8 6.8 3.1 10.5 Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 Other investments	, ,								
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Core Logistics Partnership Trust (CLP) 6.9 85.0 5.5 9.7 5.2 6.5 3.0 6.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3.6	131 4	6.7	10.2	5.1	6.5	2.0	5.3
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Charter Hall Prime Retail Fund (CPRF) 29.4 47.3 4.1 4.3 6.2 7.1 4.1 7.2 Long WALE Retail Long WALE Hardware Partnership (LWHP) 13.4 123.6 5.5 8.0 5.0 6.5 2.7 5.3 Charter Hall BP Partnership (BPP) 2.5 12.8 1.6 19.4 5.0 n/a 1.0 9.1 Long WALE Investment Partnerships (LWIPs) ⁴ 1.9 11.6 0.7 14.4 5.7 n/a 1.2 6.8 Social Infrastructure Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT (ASX: CQE) 8.9 90.8 5.4 12.7 6.2 n/a 2.1 5.7 Charter Hall Exchanges Trust (CHET) 21.8 70.1 3.6 20.1 4.4 6.1 1.5 6.0 Diversified Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW) 12.2 271.4 15.9 14.0 5.4 6.6 2.2 6.7 Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF) ⁵ 39.6 <t< td=""><td></td><td>9.9</td><td>207.9</td><td>19.9</td><td>7 2</td><td>6.0</td><td>6.7</td><td>4 1</td><td>7 4</td></t<>		9.9	207.9	19.9	7 2	6.0	6.7	4 1	7 4
Long WALE Retail Long WALE Hardware Partnership (LWHP) 13.4 123.6 5.5 8.0 5.0 6.5 2.7 5.3 Charter Hall BP Partnership (BPP) 2.5 12.8 1.6 19.4 5.0 n/a 1.0 9.1 Long WALE Investment Partnerships (LWIPs) ⁴ 1.9 11.6 0.7 14.4 5.7 n/a 1.2 6.8 Social Infrastructure Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT (ASX: CQE) 8.9 90.8 5.4 12.7 6.2 n/a 2.1 5.7 Charter Hall Exchanges Trust (CHET) 21.8 70.1 3.6 20.1 4.4 6.1 1.5 6.0 Diversified Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW) 12.2 271.4 15.9 14.0 5.4 6.6 2.2 6.7 Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF) ⁵ 39.6 43.0 3.5 6.8 5.8 6.8 3.1 10.5 Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>									
Charter Hall BP Partnership (BPP) 2.5 12.8 1.6 19.4 5.0 n/a 1.0 9.1 Long WALE Investment Partnerships (LWIPs) ⁴ 1.9 11.6 0.7 14.4 5.7 n/a 1.2 6.8 Social Infrastructure Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT (ASX: CQE) 8.9 90.8 5.4 12.7 6.2 n/a 2.1 5.7 Charter Hall Exchanges Trust (CHET) 21.8 70.1 3.6 20.1 4.4 6.1 1.5 6.0 Diversified Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW) 12.2 271.4 15.9 14.0 5.4 6.6 2.2 6.7 Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF) ⁵ 39.6 43.0 3.5 6.8 5.8 6.8 3.1 10.5 Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 Other investments 150.0 5.6 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	, ,					<u> </u>			<u>-</u>
Long WALE Investment Partnerships (LWIPs) ⁴ 1.9 11.6 0.7 14.4 5.7 n/a 1.2 6.8 Social Infrastructure Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT (ASX: CQE) 8.9 90.8 5.4 12.7 6.2 n/a 2.1 5.7 Charter Hall Exchanges Trust (CHET) 21.8 70.1 3.6 20.1 4.4 6.1 1.5 6.0 Diversified Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW) 12.2 271.4 15.9 14.0 5.4 6.6 2.2 6.7 Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF) ⁵ 39.6 43.0 3.5 6.8 5.8 6.8 3.1 10.5 Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 Other investments 150.0 5.6 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	•	13.4	123.6	5.5	8.0	5.0	6.5	2.7	5.3
Long WALE Investment Partnerships (LWIPs) ⁴ 1.9 11.6 0.7 14.4 5.7 n/a 1.2 6.8 Social Infrastructure Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT (ASX: CQE) 8.9 90.8 5.4 12.7 6.2 n/a 2.1 5.7 Charter Hall Exchanges Trust (CHET) 21.8 70.1 3.6 20.1 4.4 6.1 1.5 6.0 Diversified Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW) 12.2 271.4 15.9 14.0 5.4 6.6 2.2 6.7 Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF) ⁵ 39.6 43.0 3.5 6.8 5.8 6.8 3.1 10.5 Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 Other investments 150.0 5.6 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	Charter Hall BP Partnership (BPP)	2.5	12.8	1.6	19.4	5.0	n/a	1.0	9.1
Social Infrastructure Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT (ASX: CQE) 8.9 90.8 5.4 12.7 6.2 n/a 2.1 5.7 Charter Hall Exchanges Trust (CHET) 21.8 70.1 3.6 20.1 4.4 6.1 1.5 6.0 Diversified Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW) 12.2 271.4 15.9 14.0 5.4 6.6 2.2 6.7 Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF) ⁵ 39.6 43.0 3.5 6.8 5.8 6.8 3.1 10.5 Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 Other investments 150.0 5.6 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	Long WALE Investment Partnerships (LWIPs) ⁴	1.9	11.6	0.7	14.4		n/a	1.2	6.8
Charter Hall Exchanges Trust (CHET) 21.8 70.1 3.6 20.1 4.4 6.1 1.5 6.0 Diversified Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW) 12.2 271.4 15.9 14.0 5.4 6.6 2.2 6.7 Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF)⁵ 39.6 43.0 3.5 6.8 5.8 6.8 3.1 10.5 Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 Other investments 150.0 5.6 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	Social Infrastructure								
Diversified Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW) 12.2 271.4 15.9 14.0 5.4 6.6 2.2 6.7 Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF) ⁵ 39.6 43.0 3.5 6.8 5.8 6.8 3.1 10.5 Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 Other investments 150.0 5.6 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT (ASX: CQE)	8.9	90.8	5.4	12.7	6.2	n/a	2.1	5.7
Diversified Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW) 12.2 271.4 15.9 14.0 5.4 6.6 2.2 6.7 Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF) ⁵ 39.6 43.0 3.5 6.8 5.8 6.8 3.1 10.5 Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 Other investments 150.0 5.6 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	Charter Hall Exchanges Trust (CHET)	21.8	70.1	3.6	20.1	4.4	6.1	1.5	6.0
Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF) ⁵ 39.6 43.0 3.5 6.8 5.8 6.8 3.1 10.5 Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 Other investments 150.0 5.6 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	Diversified								
Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP) 13.0 35.5 1.2 3.2 4.8 6.3 3.9 3.9 Other investments 150.0 5.6 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	Charter Hall Long WALE REIT (ASX: CLW)	12.2	271.4	15.9	14.0	5.4	6.6	2.2	6.7
Other investments 150.0 5.6 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a	Discretionary Consumer Staples Fund (DCSF)5	39.6	43.0	3.5	6.8	5.8	6.8	3.1	10.5
100.0 0.0 11/4 11/4 11/4 11/4	Charter Hall DVP Fund (DVP)	13.0	35.5	1.2	3.2	4.8	6.3	3.9	3.9
Dispositive Investment Total	Other investments		150.0	5.6	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2,027.9 120.0 8.7 5.3 6.5 3.3 6.2	Property Investment Total		2,027.9	120.0	8.7	5.3	6.5	3.3	6.2

- 1 Charter Hall Group property investment segment earnings per segment information in Note 1(b) of the financial report.
- 2 Yield = Operating earnings divided by investment value at start of the year adjusted for investments/divestments during the year. Excludes MTM movements in NTA during the year.
- Average rent reviews are contracted weighted average rent increases of specialty tenants.
- 4 Includes the Group's investment in the LWIP and LWIP2. Their rental increase is CPI, uncapped.
- 5 DCSF adjusted for non-controlling interest share of 60.4%.

Development investment

Development investment provides the Group with development profits and interest income from its development assets held directly on balance sheet and through co-investments in development ventures. During the year development investment contributed \$17.1 million in segment earnings to the Group.

Property funds management

The property funds management business provides investment management, asset management, property management, development management and leasing and transaction services to the Group's \$40.5 billion funds management portfolio. The use of an integrated property services model, which earns fees from providing these services to the managed portfolio, enhances the Group's returns from capital invested. The Group also provides services to segregated mandates looking to capitalise on its property and funds management expertise. During the year the property funds management business contributed \$412.3 million in segment revenue to the Group (including CHOT performance fee \$98.2m).

Directors' report and financial report

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Operating and financial review continued

Significant changes in the state of affairs

In preparing its financial statements the Group has considered the current and ongoing impact that the COVID-19 pandemic has had on its business operations.

A \$13.6m impairment was recorded for the Group's investments in Charter Hall Retail REIT and Charter Social Infrastructure REIT. Other than this impairment, the Group's strategic focus on resilient property investments and funds management revenue streams has contributed to the COVID-19 pandemic having no identifiable material adverse impact on the Group's financial result.

With the potential and uncertain economic impacts of COVID-19, future property valuations, investment and development activity and property funds management revenue could be adversely impacted.

Further disclosure is included in the following notes:

- Investments in Associates Note 2(b);
- Revenue Note 4(a);
- Intangibles Note 11(b);
- Fair Value measurement Note 22(d).

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Principal activities

During the year, the principal activities of the Group consisted of:

- (a) Investment in property funds;
- (b) Development investment; and
- (c) Property funds management.

No significant changes in the nature of the activities of the Group occurred during the year.

Matters subsequent to the end of the period

The following events have occurred subsequent to 30 June 2020:

- In July 2020, Charter Hall Group sold its entire 5% holding in Waypoint REIT (ASX: WPR) for \$2.61 per WPR security totalling \$101.6m, and will receive a distribution of 7.41 cents per WPR security. Charter Hall Long WALE REIT also sold its 5% holding for the same price.
- In August 2020, a partnership created by the Charter Hall Group and an international sovereign wealth fund acquired a 49% interest in a property trust which owns a \$1.46 billion portfolio of convenience retail service centres leased to Ampol Limited (ASX: ALD). Charter Hall Group will own 5% or \$34m of the Charter Hall partnership, or a look-through interest of 2.45% in the Ampol portfolio.

Except for the matters discussed above, no matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2020 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (a) The Group's operations in future financial years; or
- (b) The results of those operations in future financial years; or
- (c) The Group's state of affairs in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

Business strategy and prospects

The Group's strategy is to use its specialist property expertise to access, deploy and manage equity invested in office, industrial, retail, diversified and social infrastructure property portfolios. Charter Hall Group invests alongside equity partners to create value and provide superior returns for clients and the Group's securityholders. Growth is driven by a strong development capability that adds value for fund/partnership investors, whilst deployment through acquisitions compliments the development capability to deploy the equity raised from investors in line with each property strategy.

Charter Hall is well positioned to benefit from projected growth of capital inflows from investors seeking property investments driven by the attractive spreads between property yields and long-term interest rates. During the last 12 months, the Group has seen positive equity flows across all sectors from listed, wholesale and retail investors.

Various risks could impact the Group's financial performance, the potential nature and impact of these risks can change over time. The Group actively manages risks in line with the Group's Corporate Governance Framework and the Risk Management Policy. In addition to the business risks referenced below, key strategic and operational risks include breaches of cyber security

and privacy, work, health and safety, as well as environmental (including climate change), social, governance and regulatory risks. The Group is now preparing to align with the Taskforce for Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) recommendations. These frameworks and policies can be found at www.charterhall.com.au/sustainability.

Property investment portfolio

The property investment portfolio of the Group is primarily composed of co-investments in funds and partnerships, where, typically, between 5-20% of the equity in a fund is contributed by Charter Hall. The percentage stake may be higher than the long-term target at origination of the fund or partnership but will fall toward the long-term target over time with external equity flows.

The Group regularly reviews the performance of its property investment portfolio and may reduce its investment in funds to reinvest into new partnerships or funds that drive FUM growth and align with new partners. Sector diversification, industry diversification and earnings growth of each fund/partnership co-investment, together with associated funds management earnings derived from each fund/partnership combine to provide a matrix from which the balance sheet capital is allocated. The material business risks faced by the property investment portfolio that may have an effect on financial performance of the Group include interest rate risk, refinancing risk, lease defaults or extended vacancies, portfolio concentration risks, development risk, joint venture risk and changes in economic or industry factors impacting tenants, property values or the ability to source suitable investment opportunities.

Development investment portfolio

The development investment portfolio comprises development assets held directly on balance sheet and co-investments in development associates and joint ventures. Primarily, development investments will drive stabilised investment opportunities made available to our funds.

The Group regularly reviews the performance of its development investments and relevant economic drivers to actively manage performance of each development.

The business risks faced by the development investment portfolio that may have an effect on financial performance of the Group include interest rate risk, refinancing risk, development risk, construction risk, joint venture risk and changes in economic or industry factors impacting customers, property values or the ability to source suitable investment opportunities.

Property funds management platform

The Group manages property investments on behalf of listed, wholesale and direct investors and has strict policies in place to ensure appropriate governance procedures are in place to meet fiduciary responsibilities and manage any conflicts of interest. Charter Hall provides a suite of services including investment management, asset management, property management, transaction services, development services, treasury, finance, legal and custodian services based on each fund's individual requirements.

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

The Group regularly reviews investor requirements and preferences for an investment partner in the Australian core real estate sectors and transaction structures that would meet their requirements.

The material business risks faced by the property funds management platform that may have an effect on the financial performance of the Group include not delivering on investor expectations or organisational conduct leading to loss of FUM or management rights, loss of key personnel impacting service delivery, economic factors impacting fee streams or property valuations, development risk and access to capital.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Information on Directors

David Clarke

Chair/Independent Non-Executive Director

Experience and expertise

David joined the Board of Charter Hall Group on 10 April 2014 and was appointed Chair of the Board on 12 November 2014.

David has over 35 years' experience in investment banking, funds management, property finance and retail banking. David was Chief Executive Officer of Investec Bank (Australia) Limited from 2009 to 2013.

Prior to joining Investec Bank, David was the CEO of Allco Finance Group and a Director of AMP Limited, following five years at Westpac Banking Corporation where he held a number of senior roles including Chief Executive of the Wealth Management Business, BT Financial Group. David also was previously an Executive Director at Lend Lease Corporation Limited, Chief Executive of MLC Limited, and prior to this was Chief Executive Officer of Lloyds Merchant Bank in London.

David holds a Bachelor of Laws degree.

Other current listed company directorships

AUB Group Limited

Former listed company directorships in last three years

Special responsibilities

Chair of the Nominations Committee

Member of the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee Member of the Investment Committee

Interests in securities

45,875 stapled securities in Charter Hall Group via an indirect interest

Anne Brennan

Independent Non-Executive Director

Experience and expertise

Anne joined the Board of Charter Hall Group on 6 October 2010 and is on the board of a number of other companies. Anne is an experienced executive and has held senior management roles in both large corporates and professional services firms.

During her executive career, Anne was the CFO at CSR and the Finance Director of the Coates Group. Prior to her executive roles, Anne was a partner in three professional services firms: KPMG, Arthur Andersen and Ernst & Young. Anne has more than 35 years' experience in audit, corporate finance and transaction services. Anne was also a member of the national executive team and a board member of Ernst & Young.

Anne holds a Bachelor of Commerce (Honours) degree, is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and New Zealand and a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Other current listed company directorships

Argo Investments Limited Nufarm Limited Tabcorp Holdings Limited Spark Infrastructure RE Limited

Former listed company directorships in last three years

Metcash Limited

Myer Holdings Limited

Special responsibilities

Chair of the Remuneration and Human Resources Committee Member of the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee

Interests in securities

30,000 stapled securities in Charter Hall Group via direct and indirect interests

Philip Garling

Independent Non-Executive Director

Experience and expertise

Philip joined the Board of the Charter Hall Group on 25 February 2013.

Philip has over 35 years' experience in property and infrastructure, development, operations and asset and investment management. His executive career included nine years as Global Head of Infrastructure at AMP Capital Investors and 22 years at Lend Lease Corporation, including five years as CEO of Lend Lease Capital Services.

Philip holds a Bachelor of Building from the University of NSW, and has completed the Advanced Management Program at the Australian Institute of Management and the Advanced Diploma at the Australian Institute of Company Directors. He is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors, Australian Institute of Building and Institution of Engineers, Australia.

Other current listed company directorships

Downer EDI Limited

Former listed company directorships in last three years

Spotless Group Holdings Ltd

Special responsibilities

Member of the Nominations Committee

Member of the Remuneration and Human Resources Committee Chair of the Investment Committee

Interests in securities

16,759 stapled securities in Charter Hall Group via a direct interest

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Information on Directors continued

David Harrison

Managing Director and Group CEO

Experience and expertise

David has over 30 years' property market experience across office, retail and industrial sectors in multiple geographies globally. As Charter Hall's Managing Director and Group CEO, David is responsible for all aspects of the Charter Hall business, with specific focus on strategy and continuing the momentum from building an Investment Manager recognised as a multi-core sector market leader. David is an executive member of various Fund Boards and Partnership Investment Committees, and Chair of the Executive Property Valuation Committee and Executive Leadership Committee.

David has overseen the growth of the Charter Hall Group from \$500 million to \$40.5 billion of assets under management in 15 years.

David holds a Bachelor of Business Degree (Land Economy) from the University of Western Sydney, is a Fellow of the Australian Property Institute (FAPI) and holds a Graduate Diploma in Applied Finance from the Securities Institute of Australia.

David is a Director and Vice-President of the Property Council of Australia and chair of the Audit and Risk Committee.

David is also a member of the Property Male Champions of Change.

Other current listed company directorships

Charter Hall Retail REIT

Charter Hall Long WALE REIT

Charter Hall Education Trust (Alternative Director)

Former listed company directorships in last three years Nil

Special responsibilities

Member of the Investment Committee

Interests in securities

537,204 stapled securities in Charter Hall Group via direct interests and 841,773 stapled securities in Charter Hall Group via indirect interests. 826,313 performance rights and 117,080 service rights in the Charter Hall Performance Rights and Options Plan; performance rights, service rights and options vest after performance and service conditions are met.

Karen Moses

Independent Non-Executive Director

Experience and expertise

Karen joined the Board of Charter Hall Group on 1 September 2016 and was appointed Chair of the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee on 9 November 2016. Karen has over 30 years' corporate experience in the energy industry spanning oil, gas, electricity and coal commodities, gaining her experience both within Australia and overseas. During her executive career, Karen was a senior executive at Origin Energy including the roles of

Executive Director, Finance and Strategy and Chief Operating Officer

Karen holds a Bachelor of Economics and a Diploma of Education from the University of Sydney.

Other current listed company directorships

Orica Ltd

Boral Limited

Former listed company directorships in last three years NiI

Special responsibilities

Chair of the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee

Interests in securities

23,137 stapled securities in Charter Hall Group via indirect interests

Greg Paramor AO

Independent Non-Executive Director

Experience and expertise

Greg joined the Board of the Charter Hall Group on 30 November 2018.

Greg has been involved in the real estate and funds management industry for more than 40 years, and was the co-founder of Equity Real Estate Partners, Growth Equities Mutual, Paladin Australia and the James Fielding Group.

Greg was the CEO of Mirvac Group between 2004 and 2008. Greg is a past president of the Property Council of Australia and past president of Investment Funds Association, a Fellow of the Australian Property Institute and The Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors. Greg is a board member of the Sydney Swans and the immediate past Chair of LJ Hooker. Greg is an Independent Non-Executive Director of Juwai Limited. Greg was awarded an Officer in the General Division (AO) of the Order of Australia in January 2015 for his distinguished service to the community through executive roles in a range of fields, including breast cancer research, the not-for-profit sector and real estate and property investment industries.

Other current listed company directorships

Former listed company directorships in last three years

Folkestone Limited

Charter Hall Education Trust (Alternative Director)

Special responsibilities

Member of the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee Member of the Investment Committee

Interests in securities

14,300 stapled securities in Charter Hall Group via indirect interests

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Information on Directors continued

David Ross

Independent Non-Executive Director

Experience and expertise

David joined the Board of the Charter Hall Group on 20 December 2016.

David has over 30 years' corporate experience in the property industry and has gained his experience both within Australia and overseas, including a total of eight years as Chief Executive Officer of GPT and Global Chief Executive Officer, Real Estate Investments for Lend Lease.

David is the Chair of Arena REIT, which owns, manages and develops property in the childcare and healthcare sectors. Previously, David held executive positions at GPT, Lend Lease and Babcock & Brown. Prior board appointments include a non-executive directorship with Sydney Swans Foundation Limited.

David holds a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of Western Australia and an Associate Diploma in Valuation from Curtin University in Western Australia.

Other current listed company directorships

Arena REIT

Former listed company directorships in last three years

Special responsibilities

Member of the Nominations Committee

Member of the Investment Committee

Member of the Remuneration and Human Resources Committee

Interests in securities

10,000 stapled securities in Charter Hall Group via indirect interests

Company Secretary

Mark Bryant was appointed as joint Company Secretary for Charter Hall Group on 24 August 2015 and has been the sole Company Secretary since 1 March 2017.

Mark holds a Bachelor of Business (Accounting), a Bachelor of Laws (Hons), a Graduate Certificate in Legal Practice, and is admitted as a lawyer of the Supreme Court of NSW. Mark has over 15 years' experience as a lawyer, including advising on listed company governance, securities law, funds management, real estate and general corporate law.

Mark is the Group General Counsel and Company Secretary for the Charter Hall Group.

Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of the Group's Board of Directors and of each Committee of the Board held during the year ended 30 June 2020, and the number of meetings attended by each Director were:

			Audit, F	Risk and						
	Full meeti	ngs of the	Comp	oliance	Inves	tment	Nomi	nation	Remuner	ation and
	Board of	Directors	Comi	mittee	Com	mittee	Comi	nittee	HR Co	mmittee
	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В	Α	В
A Brennan	9	9	5	5	*	*	*	*	6	6
D Clarke	9	9	5	5	3	3	-	-	*	*
P Garling	9	9	*	*	3	3	-	-	5	6
D Harrison	9	9	*	*	3	3	*	*	*	*
K Moses	9	9	5	5	*	*	*	*	*	*
G Paramor	8	9	4	5	3	3	*	*	*	*
D Ross	9	9	*	*	3	3	-	-	6	6

^{*} Not a member of the stated Committee

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Remuneration Report Summary

Charter Hall Limited is pleased to present its Remuneration Report (Report) for the year ended 30 June 2020. The table below outlines the key remuneration changes made in 2020 and outcomes achieved in 2020.

Key changes in FY2020

Component	Change
Executive Minimum Securityholding (Section 6.1)	During FY2020, a mandatory minimum securityholding requirement was introduced for all Group Executives, including the Managing Director and Group CEO (Managing Director) and Other Reported Executives to align to long term securityholder interests and business performance. All Group Executives must accumulate Charter Hall securities equal to 100% of their respective pre-tax Fixed Annual Remuneration (FAR) over a four-year period from the date of adoption of this requirement or from the date of appointment as an Executive, as applicable.
Changes to Long Term Incentive (LTI) Plan (Section 3.5)	The performance period has been increased from three to four years and the mandatory holding lock period of one year, post vesting, has now been removed. Transition arrangements have been introduced for the FY2020 LTI grant. All Group Executives can now also make an upfront election of a voluntary restriction period of 5, 6 or 7 years, from the vesting date, to apply to 25%, 50%, 75% or 100% of their allocated stapled securities on vesting of each tranche.
Optional Deferral of Cash Component of Short Term Incentive (STI) (Section 3.4)	All Group Executives have the option to elect to receive up to 100% of payment, of the cash component of their STI, in the form of rights to acquire CHC securities. These rights will vest based on the Executive's elected deferral period of 3, 5 or 7 years, from the date of award.

Delivery	Outcome
FAR (Section 3.3)	The Managing Director's FAR was increased by 4.9% to \$1,500,000, effective 1 July 2019 following an independent benchmark review.
	FAR for Other Reported Executives was also reviewed and increased by 4.4% on average, effective 1 July 2019.
'On target' Total Remuneration and Remuneration Mix (Section 3.2)	Effective 1 July 2019, the Managing Director's 'on target' Total Remuneration was increased to \$5,250,000 and Other Reported Executives' FAR and 'at risk' components were also increased, in part to recognise the change in LTI performance period from three to four years.
STI (Section 3.4)	Group OEPS (excluding the CHOT performance fee) was 53.9 cents, which was 36.8% above the FY2019 OEPS (excluding the CHOT performance fee) and 20.2% above target FY2020 OEPS (excluding the CHOT performance fee). Assessment of individual performance scorecards has resulted in 140% of the total target STI amount to be awarded to eligible employees across the Group. For all executives, STI is delivered in the form of cash (67%) and deferred service rights (33%).
LTI (Section 3.5)	The FY2017 grant vested in full on 31 August 2019 as a result of the performance against absolute and relative TSR hurdles over the three years to 30 June 2019 (Section 3.5).
	The FY2018 LTI award reached the end of its three-year performance period on 30 June 2020 and will vest at 100% on 31 August 2020 and will be subject to a further one-year holding lock.
Non-Executive Directors (NED) (Section 5)	There was no increase to the NED fee pool in FY2020. NED fees increased by 2.5% in FY2020.

Directors' report and financial report

Sack to contents >

A = Number of meetings attended.

B = Number of meetings held during the time the Director held office or was a member of the stated Committee during the year

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Actual remuneration received in FY2020

The following table presents the actual remuneration that was received by Reported Executives during the financial year ended 30 June 2020. This voluntary disclosure is provided to increase transparency and includes:

- fixed pay and other benefits for 2020;
- 2019 cash STI paid during 2020; and
- the value of any LTI and STI award that vested during 2020.

The actual remuneration presented in the table below is distinct from the disclosed remuneration (as required by section 308(C) of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (Act)) in section 4.1 of this Report, which is calculated in accordance with statutory obligations and accounting standards. The numbers in section 4.1 include accounting values for current and prior years' LTI grants which have not been (or may not be) received, as they are dependent on performance hurdles and service conditions being met.

					% of
	Salary		Value of		remuneration
	and other	Short Term	securities		consisting of
	benefits ¹	Incentive ²	vested3	Total	rights
Name	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Managing Director					
D Harrison	1,501,688	1,430,000	5,567,630	8,499,318	65.5
Other Reported Executives					
S McMahon ⁴	851,688	595,960	2,580,349	4,027,997	64.1
R Proutt	821,688	526,320	1,020,467	2,368,475	43.1
Totals	3,175,064	2,552,280	9,168,446	14,895,790	61.6

- Other benefits include superannuation and non-monetary benefits.
- Values relate to STI paid in FY2020 in cash for FY2019 performance.
- Values calculated using the two-day VWAP up until the vesting date applied to the number of rights vesting for LTI performance rights, STI deferred service rights and any sign-on service rights.

 Value of vested securities includes an extra grant of service rights allocated in recognition of the dual roles S McMahon undertook in FY2018 which vested in full on

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

1. Key Management Personnel

This Report outlines the remuneration policies and practices that apply to Charter Hall's Key Management Personnel (KMP) for the year ended 30 June 2020. The KMP include the Non-Executive Directors, Managing Director and Other Reported Executives.

Name	Role	Term as KMP
Non-Executive Directors		
David Clarke	Chair	Full Year
Anne Brennan	Director	Full Year
Philip Garling	Director	Full Year
Karen Moses	Director	Full Year
David Ross	Director	Full Year
Greg Paramor AO	Director	Full Year
Managing Director		
David Harrison	Managing Director and Group CEO	Full Year
Other Reported Executives		
Sean McMahon	Chief Investment Officer	Full Year
Russell Proutt	Chief Financial Officer	Full Year

The Report has been prepared and audited in accordance with the requirements of the Act.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

2. Remuneration governance

Charter Hall's Board and the Remuneration and Human Resources Committee (the Committee) are responsible for overseeing remuneration policy for the Group.

The following diagram illustrates Charter Hall's remuneration governance framework.

SECURITYHOLDERS BOARD The Board reviews, challenges and approves (as applicable) the recommendations of the Committee around policy, performance, the remuneration arrangements for all Group Executives (Executives) and Non-Executive Directors (NEDs) and the remuneration policies and processes for the wider Group. **Risk Management** Remuneration and Human Resources **External Advisors** The Committee has access to The Board and the Committee Members the Group's personnel seek advice from independent including those in the Risk, experts and advisors, when - Anne Brennan (Chair) Finance and People teams. necessary, on various matters, - Philip Garling The Committee considers including remuneration. - David Ross updates from these teams, The Committee independently External and Internal Audit and appoints its remuneration other Board Committees (as Oversees our remuneration philosophy consultants and external appropriate), on relevant risk while considering strategic objectives, advisors and engages with matters, including remuneration culture and values, risk management them in a manner which outcomes, adjustments, and framework and long-term financial ensures that any information alignment of remuneration with provided is not subject to our strategy, values, risk undue influence by Reviews and provides guidance and, as appetite and expected management. appropriate, endorses management standards of conduct. recommendations on remuneration Risk is also managed at matters (including FAR, STI and LTI for various points in the executive executives), fees for the NEDs (of both remuneration framework Group and the fund committees) and including throughout the submits these for Board approval. performance management process and through Board and Charter Committee intervention as and Specific responsibilities are detailed in the when required. Committee's Charter and reviewed annually. **Managing Director and Management**

The Managing Director makes recommendations to the Committee regarding Executives' remuneration. These recommendations take into account performance, culture and values. Together with management, the Managing Director also provides information and recommendations for deliberation and implements arrangements once they have been approved.

Specific responsibilities of the Board and the Committee are detailed in their respective Charters which are available on the Group website at www.charterhall.com.au.

Directors' report and financial report

Directors' report

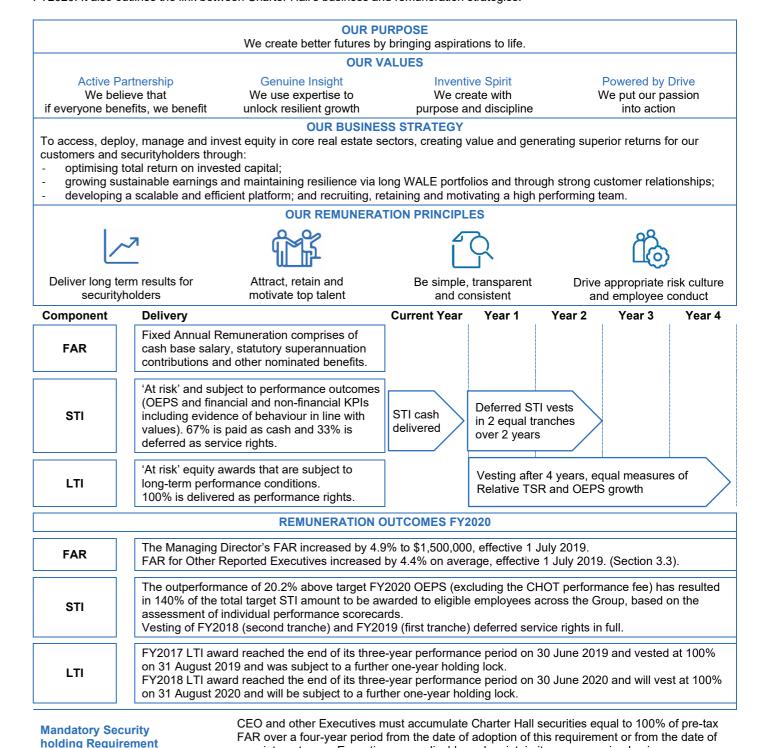
For the year ended 30 June 2020

3. Executive remuneration framework

Charter Hall's remuneration framework is designed to attract and retain talented people by rewarding them for achieving performance outcomes that are aligned with our purpose, culture and values, business strategy, risk appetite and the long-term interests of our customers and securityholders.

3.1 Executive remuneration strategy

The below diagram illustrates the remuneration framework that applied to the Managing Director and Other Reported Executives in FY2020. It also outlines the link between Charter Hall's business and remuneration strategies.



appointment as an Executive, as applicable and maintain it on an on-going basis

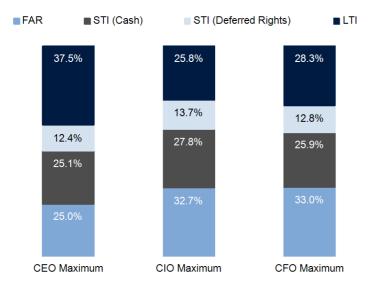
Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

3.2 Remuneration mix

Executive remuneration is structured as a mixture of fixed and variable 'at-risk' STI and LTI components. While fixed annual remuneration is designed to provide a base level of remuneration, the 'at-risk' STI and LTI components reward executives when pre-agreed performance measures are met or exceeded.

The figures below for all Reported Executives show the percentage mix of fixed versus 'at-risk' remuneration based on the maximum STI of up to 150% of the target STI. All Reported Executives have the potential to earn up to 150% of target STI.



3.3 Fixed Annual Remuneration

Composition	FAR comprises cash base salary, statutory superannuation contributions and other nominated benefits.					
Benchmarking and Review	FAR is targeted at the median of the property market and is reviewed regularly, effective 1 July 2019, benchmarked against equivalent roles in the market recognising:					
	 individual performance; and the market environment for each individual's skills and capabilities. 					
Comparator Group	The entities in the S&P/ASX 200 Australian Real Estate and Investment Trust (A-REIT) industry group are included in the comparator Group used to determine the Reported Executives' remuneration.					
Charter Hall Managing	The Managing Director's FAR increased by 4.9% to \$1,500,000 in FY2020, effective 1 July 2019.					
Director outcome	In determining the Managing Director's remuneration and appropriate remuneration mix, the Committee and the Chair of the Board jointly commissioned an independent benchmarking report by Conari Partners.					
	The review had regard to:					
	 the significant FUM growth over the past few years resulting in the growth of the organisation; the operational intensity and transaction activity; the remuneration for CEOs in the REIT sector with varying attributes, specifically considering the CEO FAR remuneration payable by nine industry specific comparator entities; and the Managing Director's current role. 					
Other Reported Executives	FAR for the CFO and the CIO increased by 2.5% and 6.25% respectively, effective 1 July 2019, owing to the significant growth in FUM and corresponding growth of the organisation.					

Directors' report and financial report

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

3.4 Short Term Incentive

FY2020	STI	Award -	Key	Features
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	Approach						
Purpose	STI is an 'at-risk' incentive awarded annually, subject to performance against agreed financial and non-financial Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) including evidence of behaviour in line with values.						
Participants	All Executives						
Gateway for STI		eway of 95% of target OEPS ex- nent is available, with the Board					
	and compliance training fully understand their re	maintain an effective risk mana g during the performance year (ble and comply with relevant leg be met for any STI to be award	including Code of Cor islative requirements.	nduct training) to ensure they			
Determining and assessing achievement of STI target	based on achieving an	rement of STI target is determine OEPS target. The Board retains STI target achieved, based on its	the discretion to inci	rease or decrease the			
Individual opportunity	The maximum STI pote outperformance.	ential for all employees is 150%	of their STI target, en	abling recognition for			
	performance criteria str achievement of individu financial, customer and	at having a mix of financial and r rongly linked to year-on-year sec ual goals consistent with the Gro I leadership, culture and collabo Charter Hall's core strategic obje	curityholder returns a pup's overall objective ration have been cho	nd encourage the es. The scorecard elements of sen because they represent			
	Role	Financial/Securityholder	Customer	Leadership, Culture and Collaboration			
	Role Managing Director	Financial/Securityholder 50%	Customer 30%	Leadership, Culture			
	Managing Director			Leadership, Culture and Collaboration			
	Managing Director	50%	30%	Leadership, Culture and Collaboration 20%			
Determining and assessing performance	Managing Director CFO CIO In consultation with the performance of all Rep	50% 50% 50% Committee, the Board assesse orted Executives against agreed following general principles whe	30% 30% 20% s the Group's financial d KPIs.	Leadership, Culture and Collaboration 20% 20% 30% al performance and the			

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of conduct.

downwards taking into account risk related matters, behaviour in line with values and expected standards

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Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Features	Approach
Delivery	For all Executives, STI is delivered in the form of cash (67%) and deferred service rights (33%). Service rights are deferred over two years, with 50% vesting at the end of year one and 50% at the end of year two. The number of rights granted to an Executive is determined based on an independent fair value calculation reviewed by Deloitte using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation method.
Voluntary Deferral of Cash Component of STI	Under the FY2020 STI Plan Executives and certain senior managers had an option to elect to receive up to 100% of their cash STI payment in the form of rights to acquire CHC securities. These rights will vest based on the employee's elected deferral period of 3, 5 or 7 years from the date of award. These rights will be subject to Charter Hall's Performance Rights and Options Plan (PROP) however, will not be subject to performance conditions or forfeiture on termination of employment. The number of rights granted to an Executive or a senior manager is determined based on an independent fair value calculation reviewed by Deloitte using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation method and therefore no distributions will be paid on these rights during the restricted period.

Directors' report and financial report

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

STI Performance Outcomes for Financial Year Ending 30 June 2020 - Managing Director

Growth and resilience measures are assessed in each of the performance categories in the Managing Director's scorecard.

Performance Category and Weighting	Measure	Performance Outcome	Rating
Financial 50%	 Group OEPS growth Equity flow growth Growth in funds under management Maintaining Group investment capacity 	 OEPS growth of 46.3% and 36.8% excluding the CHOT performance fee Equity flows of \$5bn FUM growth of \$10.1bn, 33% increase on FY2019 Increase in investment capacity to \$5bn Total platform return of 19.1% 	Outstanding
Customer 30%	Delivering exceptional customer experience with continuous improvement and innovation. Including: - Customer satisfaction surveys - Inflows from new investors	 Strong tenant and investor customer relationships as evidenced through survey results 6 new wholesale partnerships secured 	Outstanding
Leadership, Culture and Collaboration 20%	EngagementDiversitySuccession planning	 93% engagement result with 95% participation Group total turnover of 10.5% with regrettable turnover at 5.3% Achievement of gender diversity measures with 30% female representation at Senior Management level Internal and external appointments into key roles that provide succession options for Executive roles 	Outstanding

STI Performance Outcomes for Financial Year Ending 30 June 2020 – Other Reported Executives

KPIs for other Reported Executives are aligned to that of the Managing Director. These are focused on growth and resilience measures in individual areas of accountability.

Scorecard	KPI	Rating	
Financial	Including Group and Divisional financials and investment earnings; growth in funds under management; and divisional specific financial initiatives.	Outstanding	
Customer and Strategy	Including customer experience, service and satisfaction measures for funds and tenants.	Outstanding	
Leadership, Culture and Collaboration	Including leadership contribution, succession, talent, diversity and engagement.	Outstanding	

The Group maintained earnings guidance through COVID-19 and performance measures were exceeded across all categories. The outperformance resulted in 150% of STI target being achieved and Reported Executives received on average 150% of STI target for FY2020. No Board discretion was applied to Executive's STI outcomes.

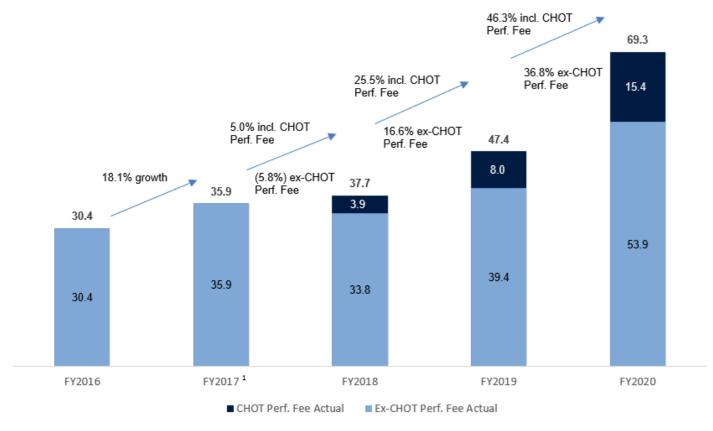
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Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Group FY2020 performance outcomes

In FY2020, Charter Hall's OEPS was 69.3 cents, which was 46.3% above the FY2019 OEPS. The table below shows Charter Hall's OEPS (cps) over a five-year period:



1 The first year CHC recognised operating tax expense of 4.6 cps.

FY2020 STI outcomes

Consistent with FY2018 and FY2019, for FY2020, the Board, on advice from the Committee, elected to exclude the CHOT performance fee amount (post tax) from both the target and the actual OEPS achieved due to the potential volatility and the significance of the earnings contributed by this fee during the period.

The outperformance of 20.2% above target FY2020 OEPS (excluding the CHOT performance fee) in FY2020 allows for 150% of the total target STI amount to be awarded which compares to 128% in FY2019 and 120% in FY2018. Assessment of individual performance scorecards has resulted in 140% of the total target STI amount to be awarded, in September 2020, to eligible employees across the Group.

The adjacent table shows the STI outcomes for Reported Executives for 2020.

Reported Executives on average received an outcome of 150% of STI target for FY2020. This is based on individual achievement against KPIs including evidence of behaviour in line with values and overall leadership team contribution to the Group.

Directors' report and financial report

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

			Voluntary	Mandatory deferral	Target	STI earned	STI earned
			deferral into	into service	STI of	compared to	compared to
	STI earned P	aid in cash ¹	rights	rights	fixed pay	target	maximum
Name	\$	\$	\$	\$	%	%	%
Managing Director							
D Harrison ²	2,250,000	_	1,500,000	750,000	100%	150%	100%
Other Reported Executives							
S McMahon ³	1,078,605	359,535	359,535	359,535	85%	150%	100%
R Proutt ⁴	961,500	_	641,000	320,500	78%	150%	100%

¹ To be paid on 15 September 2020.

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² D Harrison has elected to voluntarily defer 100% of the cash component of his FY2020 STI into rights; 50% is being deferred for a 3-year period and 50% for a 5-year period.

³ S McMahon has elected to voluntarily defer 50% of the cash component of his FY2020 STI into rights for a 3-year period.

⁴ R Proutt has elected to voluntarily defer 100% of the cash component of his FY2020 STI into rights; 50% is being deferred for a 3-year period and 50% for a 5-year period.

Features

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

3.5 Long Term Incentive

FY2020 LTI Plan - Key Features

Approach

reatures	Approach					
Purpose	LTI is 'at risk' and aligns with the long-term interests of sean important role in employee retention.	curityholders and business performance. It also plays				
Participants	All Executives, Fund Managers and selected other managers, comprising approximately 7% of permanent employees.					
Type of Equity Awarded	The LTI is governed by the Performance Rights and Options Plan (PROP), under which rights to stapled securities are granted to participants. Each performance right entitles the participant to one stapled security in the Charter Hall Group for nil consideration at the time of vesting, subject to meeting the performance hurdles outlined below. For FY2020 detail, see specific grant allocation in Section 6.2.					
Transition Arrangements	With the introduction of the four-year vesting period, trans performance rights will vest in two equal tranches at the e					
Performance Period	Tranche 1 (50% of performance rights) – 3 years from 1 J Tranche 2 (50% of performance rights) – 4 years from 1 J					
Valuation	The number of rights granted to an Executive is determined Deloitte using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation method					
Vesting Conditions	Each tranche of performance rights is subject to the followin - 50% of performance rights in each tranche are subject hurdle; and - 50% of performance rights in each tranche are subject					
OEPS Performance Condition (50% of LTI Allocation)	For FY2020 LTI, the Board has set the commencement O tax) which is the FY2019 actual OEPS result of 47.4 cps (performance fee of 8.0 cps (after tax) recognised during the achieved during the relevant performance period will also tax) to assess performance against the hurdles.	after tax) less the Charter Hall Office Trust (CHOT) ne period. The actual aggregate OEPS (after tax)				
	If for each of the two tranches, the OEPS achieves a CAGR over the relevant performance period of:	Percentage of performance rights of each tranche which may vest				
	Less than 5% per annum or Aggregate OEPS (after tax) of: For Tranche 1: less than 130.42 cps For Tranche 2: less than 178.31 cps	0%				
	Equal to 5% per annum or Aggregate OEPS (after tax) of: For Tranche 1: equal to 130.42 For Tranche 2: equal to 178.31 cps	50%				
	More than 5% but less than 7% per annum or Aggregate OEPS (after tax) of: For Tranche 1: between 130.42 cps and 135.53 cps For Tranche 2: between 178.31 cps and 187.18 cps	Pro rata straight line vesting between 50% - 100%				
	7% or more per annum or Aggregate OEPS (after tax) of: For Tranche 1: more than or equal to 135.53 cps	100%				

Directors' report and financial report

For Tranche 2: more than or equal to 187.18 cps

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Relative TSR Performance Condition (50% of LTI Allocation) Performance is determined based on the Group's total ASX shareholder return (assuming distributions are reinvested) ranking against the members of the comparator group over the performance measurement period. The Board determines who is included in that comparator group and how the companies in that group are to be treated.

The Board has determined the following A-REIT comparator group for the FY2020 LTI:

= =	
Abacus Property Group (ABP)	Mirvac Group (MGR)
BWP Trust (BWP)	National Storage REIT (NSR)
Cromwell Property Group (CMW)	Scentre Group (SCG)
Charter Hall Retail REIT (CQR)	GPT Group (GPT)
Charter Hall Long Wale REIT (CLW)	Stockland (SGP)
Dexus Property Group (DXS)	Vicinity Centres (VCX)
Goodman Group (GMG)	Waypoint REIT (WPR)
Growthpoint Properties Australia (GOZ)	Shopping Centres Australasia Property Group (SCP)

If, over the relevant performance period for each of the two tranches, the Charter Hall Group relative TSR (compounded) when ranked to a comparator group of the S&P/ASX 200 A-REIT Accumulation Index is:	Percentage of performance rights of each tranche which may vest		
Less than the comparator group 50th percentile	0%		
Equal to the comparator group 50th percentile	50%		
More than the comparator group 50th percentile and less than 75th percentile	Pro rata straight line vesting between 50% - 100%		
Exceeds the comparator group 75th percentile	100%		

Rationale for Performance Measures

During 2018, the Board reviewed the LTI performance conditions to ensure they continue to align with securityholder expectations and with Charter Hall's current strategy. Following the review, the Board determined in FY2019 to retain the Relative TSR performance measure and replace the Absolute TSR performance hurdle with an Operating Earnings Per Security (OEPS) growth measure.

For FY2020, the Board agreed the same performance hurdles for Relative TSR and OEPS growth would apply.

The OEPS growth measure aligns the PROP with commercial long-term performance which is within the executive's ability to influence and aligns with securityholder expectations. The performance hurdles of 5% (50% vesting) and 7% (100% vesting), that have applied for the FY2019 and FY2020 LTI plans, have been set with reference to:

- average EPS growth of the constituents of the comparator group;
- growth opportunities for the Group; and
- the risk appetite of the Group for resilient and achievable long-term earnings growth.

TSR measures the overall returns that a company has provided for its securityholders, reflecting share price movements and reinvestment of dividends over a specified period. Relative TSR is the most widely used LTI hurdle adopted in Australia. It ensures that value is only delivered to participants if the investment return actually received by CHC securityholders is sufficiently high relative to the returns they could have received by investing in a portfolio of alternative A-REIT sector stocks over the same period.

Voluntary Restriction Period

At the time of rights allocation, Executives can make an upfront election to apply a voluntary restricted period to 25%, 50%, 75% or 100% of stapled securities allocated to them on vesting of each tranche. In relation to the proportion that they elect to be subject to the voluntary restricted period, the following table sets out the three alternatives they can elect to apply as their voluntary restricted period for each tranche. The periods identified below will commence at vesting date of each tranche.

	3 years	4 years	5 years	6 years	7 years	
Option A	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	
Option B	25%	25%	25%	25%	-	
Option C	33%	33%	34%	-	-	

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Distributions

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Distributions are not provided on performance rights.

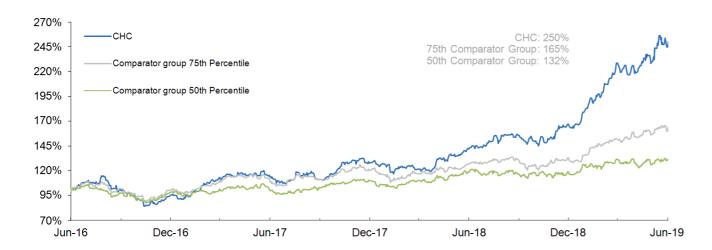
For the year ended 30 June 2020

Group performance outcomes

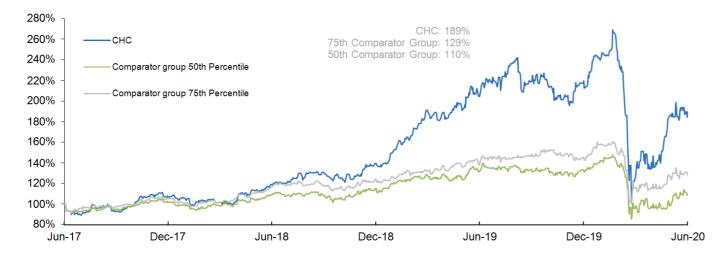
Absolute TSR – The Group delivered a compound TSR (including stapled security price movements and distributions) over the three years to 30 June 2019 (FY2017 LTI performance period) of 36% per annum and three years to 30 June 2020 (FY2018 LTI performance period) of 24% per annum, both exceeding the Absolute TSR stretch performance hurdles of 12% and 12% respectively.

Relative TSR – The following graphs also illustrate the Group's TSR compared with the comparator group 50th and 75th percentile throughout the FY2017 and FY2018 LTI performance periods.

FY2017 LTI performance period



FY2018 LTI performance period



Outcomes

- The FY2017 LTI had a vesting date of 31 August 2019. As a result of the TSR performance over the three years to 30 June 2019, the absolute and relative performance hurdles were exceeded and 100% of the performance rights vested and was subject to a further one-year holding lock.
- The FY2018 LTI has a vesting date of 31 August 2020. As a result of the TSR performance over the three years to 30 June 2020, the absolute and relative performance hurdles were exceeded and 100% of the performance rights will vest and be subject to a further one-year holding lock.

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

TSR for Charter Hall versus comparable indices is outlined below

Although the one-year returns have been impacted by COVID-19, Charter Hall has outperformed its peer group with significant outperformance over the longer term. The following table compares the total securityholder return for Charter Hall against various indices.

Annualised TSR (p.a. compound)	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
CHC	(7.4%)	25.8%	22.1%	21.5%
S&P ASX 100	(7.8%)	5.2%	5.8%	8.0%
S&P ASX 200 A-REIT	(21.3%)	2.0%	4.4%	9.2%
MSCI World REITs	(9.0%)	2.5%	4.5%	8.5%

3.6 Group summary of performance and total remuneration outcomes

The table below provides information on Charter Hall's performance against key metrics over the last five years.

Key performance metrics	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Statutory profit after tax for stapled securityholders (\$m)	215.2	257.6	250.2	235.3	345.9
Statutory earnings per stapled security (EPS) (cents)	52.5	61.2	53.7	50.5	74.3
Operating earnings for stapled securityholders (\$m)	124.7	151.2	175.8	220.7	322.8
Operating earnings per stapled security (cents)	30.4	35.9	37.7	47.4	69.3
Growth in OEPS %	10.5	18.1	5.0	25.5	46.3
Operating earnings per stapled security (ex CHOT performance fee) (cents)	30.4	35.9	33.8	39.4	53.9
Growth in OEPS (ex CHOT performance fee) %	10.5	18.1	-6.0	16.6	36.8
Distribution per stapled security (cents)	26.9	30.0	31.8	33.7	35.7
Stapled security price at 30 June (\$) ¹	5.06	5.50	6.52	10.83	9.69
CHC total securityholder return – Jul to Jun (%)	18.3	15.2	24.6	72.4	-7.4

The table below provides information on Reported Executives' total remuneration, both fixed and 'at risk' compared to target total remuneration. Charter Hall's STI is weighted towards growth in OEPS and the LTI provides an important link between remuneration and TSR.

Reported Executives total remuneration summary	2019	2020
Fixed payments (\$)	3,117,452	3,075,536
STI accounting expense (\$)	3,828,420	4,290,105
LTI accounting expense (\$) ¹	1,654,108	2,012,321
Earned remuneration (\$) ²	8,599,980	9,377,962
On target total remuneration (\$)	7,416,060	7,947,927
Earned remuneration relative to target remuneration – over/(under) (%)	16%	18%

- The LTI expense attributed to the Reported Executives reflects the statutory accounting expense under AASB2.
- 2 Earned remuneration for the Reported Executives is the sum of their fixed payments, STI and LTI expenses recognised.

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Executive remuneration in detail

4.1 Total remuneration of Reported Executives

The following table details the total remuneration of the Reported Executives of the Group for FY2019 and FY2020.

				Post-						
				employ-				Other		
				ment	Se	ecurity-based	t	long-term		
	Short-term b	enefits		benefits	F	payments		benefits		
							Securities			
						Mandatory	options			% of tota
					Voluntarily	security-	and			remun
	Cash		Non-		deferred	based	perform-	Long		eration
	short-term	Annual	monetary	Super-	short-term	short-term	ance	service		consisting
Salary	incentive	leave1	benefits ²	annuation	incentive	incentive	rights	leave1	Total	of rights
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
irector										
1,478,997	_	14,794	1,688	21,003	1,500,000	750,000	1,178,229	(161,106)	4,783,605	40
1,409,469	1,430,000	23,100	1,621	20,531	_	715,000	864,899	25,026	4,489,646	30
rted Executiv	/es									
1										
828,997	359,535	(9,391)	1,688	21,003	359,535	359,535	375,087	17,389	2,313,378	32
779,469	595,960	6,462	1,621	20,531	_	297,980	286,827	14,001	2,002,851	29
798,997	_	23,752	1,688	21,003	641,000	320,500	459,005	15,034	2,280,979	34
779,469	526,320	_	1,621	20,531	_	263,160	502,382	14,000	2,107,483	36
3,106,991	359,535	29,155	5,064	63,009	2,500,535	1,430,035	2,012,321	(128,683)	9,377,962	37
2,968,407	2,552,280	29,562	4,863	61,593	_	1,276,140	1,654,108	53,027	8,599,980	34
	\$ irector 1,478,997 1,409,469 rted Executive 828,997 779,469 798,997 779,469 3,106,991	Cash short-term incentive \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Salary Short-term Incentive Salary Short-term Incentive In	Cash short-term Annual monetary incentive leave¹ benefits² \$ \$ \$ \$ irrector 1,478,997	Cash Short-term benefits Short-term benefits	Cash Non- Separate Separa	Short-term benefits	Short-term benefits Security-based benefits Security-based benefits Security-based payments Securities options	Short-term benefits Security-based Security-based	Short-term benefits

Shows the movement in leave accruals for the year.

Directors' report and financial report

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

4.2 Key terms of employment

The remuneration and other terms of employment for Reported Executives are formalised in employment contracts. Each of these contracts provides for participation in the Group's STI and LTI programs (as described above) and payment of other benefits.

The terms and conditions of employment of each executive reflect market conditions at the time of their contract. All Reported Executives' contracts are ongoing in duration. The material terms of the employment agreements for the Managing Director and Other Reported Executives are summarised below:

		Wilnimum No	tice Period'
Name	Position	Employee	Charter Hall
Managing Director			
David Harrison	Managing Director and Group CEO	6 months	12 months
Other Reported Execut	ives		
Sean McMahon	Chief Investment Officer	6 months	6 months
Russell Proutt	Chief Financial Officer	6 months	6 months

¹ No notice period is required for termination by the Company for serious or wilful misconduct by the employee.

Other than as described above, the Reported Executives' contracts do not provide for any termination benefits aside from payment in lieu of notice (where applicable). Treatment of unvested incentives is dealt with in accordance with the terms of the grant (refer to STI and LTI commentary in Section 3).

5. Non-Executive Director remuneration

Policy	The Committee makes recommendations to the Board on the total level of remuneration of the Chair and other Non-Executive Directors, including any additional fees payable to Directors for membership of Board committees.
Benchmarking	Fees are set by reference to the following considerations:
	 industry practice and best principles of corporate governance; responsibilities and risks attaching to the role of NEDs; the time commitment expected of NEDs on Group matters; and reference to fees paid to NEDs of other comparable companies.
	NED fees are periodically reviewed to ensure they remain in line with general industry practice and reflect proper compensation for duties undertaken. External independent advice is sought in these circumstances.
Fee framework	NED fees, including committee fees, are set by the Board within the aggregate amount of \$1.7 million per annum as approved by securityholders at the AGM in November 2017.
	Under the current framework, NEDs, other than the Chair receive (inclusive of superannuation):
	Board base fee; andCommittee fees.
	The Chair receives an all-inclusive fee.
	NEDs are also entitled to be reimbursed for all business-related expenses, including travel on Charter Hall business, incurred in the discharge of their duties in accordance with Charter Hall's Constitution. In accordance with principles of good corporate governance, NEDs do not receive any benefits upon retirement under any retirement benefits schemes (other than statutory superannuation) and NEDs are not eligible to participate in any of Charter Hall's employee incentive schemes.
Remuneration outcomes	The Board determined to increase the Chair and member committee fees as detailed in the table below by 2.5%, effective 1 July 2019.
	The Board agreed to the following changes in NED fees within the current aggregate fee pool: The Board Chair's fee increased from \$384,000 to \$393,600; Board member base fees increased from \$153,750 to \$157,590; and Board Committees fees increased for both Chair and members.
Minimum shareholding guidelines	Minimum shareholding guidelines were increased in FY2019 requiring Independent Directors to hold CHC securities to the value of \$90,000 (previously \$50,000). This minimum shareholding guideline is approximately a year's base fee (net of tax) and is to be purchased over a three-year period. The valuation is based on the value of the securities at the time of purchase.

Non-monetary benefits for FY2020 is salary continuance insurance.
 D Harrison has elected to voluntarily defer 100% of the cash component of his FY2020 STI into rights; 50% is being deferred for a 3-year period and 50% for a

⁴ S McMahon has elected to voluntarily defer 50% of the cash component of his FY2020 STI into rights for a 3-year period.

⁵ R Proutt has elected to voluntarily defer 100% of the cash component of his FY2020 STI into rights; 50% is being deferred for a 3-year period and 50% for a 5-year period.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	2020	2019
Summary of fee framework per annum	\$	\$
Board		
Chair	393,600	384,000
Member	157,590	153,750
Audit Risk and Compliance Committee		
Chair	42,025	41,000
Member	21,010	20,500
Remuneration and Human Resources Committee		
Chair	31,515	30,750
Member	15,755	15,375
Nomination Committee		
Chair	3,150	3,075
Member	3,150	3,075
Investment Committee		
Chair	15,755	15,375
Member	10,505	10,250
	2020 fees	2019 fees
Non-Executive Director remuneration	\$	\$
Non-Executive Directors		
D Clarke	393,600	384,000
A Brennan	210,115	205,000
P Garling	192,250	187,575
K Moses	199,615	194,750
D Ross	187,000	182,450
G Paramor ¹	189,105	116,011
Total	1,371,685	1,269,786

¹ Greg Paramor AO was appointed a Non-Executive Director on 15 November 2018. His FY2019 remuneration reflects time in the role.

Directors' report and financial report

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

6. Appendix – further detail

6.1 Securityholdings

	Opening	Stapled	Rights and	Stapled	Closing
	balance at	securities	options	securities	balance at
Name	30 Jun 2019	acquired	exercised	sold	30 Jun 2020
Directors of Charter Hall Limited					
Ordinary stapled securities					
D Clarke	45,875	_	_	_	45,875
A Brennan	30,000	_	_	_	30,000
P Garling	16,759	_	_	_	16,759
K Moses	23,137	_	_	_	23,137
D Ross	_	10,000	_	_	10,000
G Paramor	_	14,300	_	_	14,300
Managing Director					
D Harrison	1,299,764	_	436,879	(357,666)	1,378,977
Other Reported Executives					
S McMahon	77,867	_	202,474	(18,811)	261,530
R Proutt	_	7,000	80,074	(17,095)	69,979

6.2 Performance Rights and Option Plan details

Performance rights and service rights outstanding under the PROP

Performance rights

Year of issue	Securities	Exercise price	Vesting conditions
2018	821,840	Nil	Absolute and relative performance criteria
2019	979,346	Nil	OEPS and relative performance criteria
2020	698,324	Nil	OEPS and relative performance criteria
Total performance rights outstanding	2,499,510		

Service rights			
Year of issue	Securities	Exercise price	Vesting conditions
2018	31,489	Nil	Service conditions
2019	122,308	Nil	Service conditions - Deferred STI
2019	872,091	Nil	Service conditions
2020	178,903	Nil	Service conditions - Deferred STI
2020	260,000	Nil	Service conditions
Total service rights issued	1,464,791		

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Valuation model

The Black-Scholes-Merton methodology is used for allocation purposes for all rights and accounting purposes for non-market based performance rights. The Monte Carlo method is used for accounting purposes for market based performance rights. The accounting value determined using a Monte Carlo simulation valuation is in accordance with AASB 2.

Reported Executive rights - details by plan

			Rights						Fair value
		Rights	vested and	Rights			Fair value		to be
	Rights held	granted	exercised	forfeited	Rights held		per right		expensed
	at 30 June	during	during	during	at 30 June	Grant	at grant	Vesting	in future
Type of equity	2019	the year	the year	the year	2020	date	date (\$)	date	years (\$) ¹
Managing Director									
D Harrison									
LTI Performance Rights	330,178	-	330,178	_	_	25-Nov-16	1.39	31-Aug-19	_
LTI Performance Rights	294,664	-	_	_	294,664	23-Nov-17	2.65	31-Aug-20	41,907
LTI Performance Rights	304,238	-	_	_	304,238	28-Nov-18	5.09	31-Aug-21	1,073,236
LTI Performance Rights	_	113,706	_	-	113,706	25-Nov-19	7.10	31-Aug-22	560,780
LTI Performance Rights	_	113,705	_	_	113,705	25-Nov-19	7.01	31-Aug-23	611,500
STI Deferred Service Rights	57,580	-	57,580	_	_	23-Nov-17	5.65	31-Aug-19	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	49,121	-	49,121	_	_	28-Nov-18	6.84	31-Aug-19	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	49,120	-	_	_	49,120	28-Nov-18	6.54	31-Aug-20	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	_	33,980	_	_	33,980	25-Nov-19	10.44	31-Aug-20	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	_	33,980	_	_	33,980	25-Nov-19	10.11	31-Aug-21	
Other Reported Executives									
S McMahon									
LTI Performance Rights	112,934	-	112,934	_	_	25-Nov-16	1.39	31-Aug-19	_
LTI Performance Rights	100,763	-	_	_	100,763	23-Nov-17	2.65	31-Aug-20	14,330
LTI Performance Rights	98,287	-	_	_	98,287	28-Nov-18	5.09	31-Aug-21	346,720
LTI Performance Rights	_	33,917	_	_	33,917	25-Nov-19	7.10	31-Aug-22	167,275
LTI Performance Rights	_	33,916	_	_	33,916	25-Nov-19	7.01	31-Aug-23	182,398
STI Deferred Service Rights	18,811	-	18,811	_	_	23-Nov-17	5.65	31-Aug-19	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	19,854	-	19,854	_	_	28-Nov-18	6.84	31-Aug-19	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	50,875	-	50,875	_	_	28-Nov-18	6.84	31-Aug-19	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	19,854	-	_	-	19,854	28-Nov-18	6.54	31-Aug-20	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	_	14,162	_	_	14,162	25-Nov-19	10.44	31-Aug-20	_
STI Deferred Service Rights		14,161		_	14,161	25-Nov-19	10.11	31-Aug-21	
R Proutt									
LTI Performance Rights	108,181	-	_	-	108,181	23-Nov-17	2.65	31-Aug-20	15,385
LTI Performance Rights	104,689	-	_	-	104,689	28-Nov-18	5.09	31-Aug-21	369,304
LTI Performance Rights	_	35,633	_	_	35,633	25-Nov-19	7.10	31-Aug-22	175,738
LTI Performance Rights	_	35,633	_	-	35,633	25-Nov-19	7.01	31-Aug-23	191,634
LTI Service Rights	62,979	-	62,979	_	_	23-Nov-17	5.68	20-Jul-19	_
LTI Service Rights	31,489	-	_	_	31,489	23-Nov-17	5.41	20-Jul-20	62,435
STI Deferred Service Rights	17,095	-	17,095	_	_	28-Nov-18	6.84	31-Aug-19	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	17,095	-	_	_	17,095	28-Nov-18	6.54	31-Aug-20	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	_	12,507	_	_	12,507	25-Nov-19	10.44	31-Aug-20	_
STI Deferred Service Rights	_	12,506	_	_	12,506	25-Nov-19	10.11	31-Aug-21	

¹ The maximum value of the grants yet to vest is the fair value amount at the grant date yet to be reflected in the Group's consolidated income statement. The minimum future value is \$nil as the future performance and service conditions may not be met.

6.3 Other Transactions with KMP

There were no loans made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, by the Company and any of its subsidiaries to KMP or their related parties during the year. There were no other transactions between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and any KMP or their related parties during the year.

Directors' report and financial report

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Directors' report – unaudited continued

Indemnification and insurance of directors, officers and auditor

During the year, the Charter Hall Group contributed to the premium for a contract insuring all directors, secretaries, executive officers and officers of the Charter Hall Group and of each related body corporate of the Group, with the balance of the premium paid by funds managed by members of the Charter Hall Group. The insurance does not provide any cover for the independent auditor of the Charter Hall Group or of a related party of the Charter Hall Group. In accordance with usual commercial practice, the insurance contract prohibits disclosure of details of the nature of the liabilities covered by the insurance, the limit of indemnity and the amount of the premium paid under the contract.

So long as the officers of the Responsible Entity act in accordance with the Charter Hall Property Trust's constitution and the Corporations Act 2001, the officers are indemnified out of the assets of the Charter Hall Property Trust against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Charter Hall Property Trust. The Charter Hall Group indemnifies the auditor (PricewaterhouseCoopers Australia) against any liability (including legal costs) for third party claims arising from a breach by the Charter Hall Group of the auditor's engagement terms, except where prohibited by the Corporations Act 2001.

Non-audit services

The Company may decide to employ the auditor on assignments additional to its statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Group are important.

Details of the amounts paid or payable to the auditor (PricewaterhouseCoopers) for non-audit services provided during the year are set out below.

The Board of Directors has considered the position and, in accordance with the advice received from the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee, is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001. The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out below, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee to ensure they do not impact the impartiality and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants.

During the year, the following fees were paid or payable for non-audit services provided by the auditor and its related practices by the Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group:

			Charter Hall F		
	Charter Ha	II Group	Trust Gro	oup	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
PricewaterhouseCoopers – Australian Firm					
Taxation services	98,800	135,370	9,100	34,520	
PricewaterhouseCoopers – New Zealand Firm					
Taxation services for DCSF	5,944	13,164	5,944	13,164	
PricewaterhouseCoopers – United States					
Taxation services	_	78,846	_	_	
Total remuneration for taxation services	104,744	227,380	15,044	47,684	
Advisory services					
PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm					
Accounting advice	60,000	36,990	_	_	
Total remuneration for advisory services	60,000	36,990	_	_	
Total remuneration for non-audit services	164,744	264,370	15,044	47,684	

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Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Environmental regulation

The Charter Hall Group recognises that sustainability is more than protecting the natural environment; it is about responding to the needs of our customers, achieving our long-term commercial goals and working in partnership with our stakeholders to improve environmental and social outcomes. Our Group Sustainability Policy outlines our commitments to achieving a leading role in a sustainable future and can be found at https://www.charterhall.com.au/About-Us/corporategovernance/corporate-governance-charter-hall-group.

The Group has processes in place to comply with applicable environmental standards and regulations. The Group reports its greenhouse gas emissions and energy use on an annual basis under the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007. Charter Hall environmental data is independently audited and in October 2020 the Group will report to the Clean Energy Regulator emissions for the measurement period 1 July 2019 to 30 June 2020. To mitigate its carbon emissions, the Group has adopted a Net Zero target of Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions by 2030 and continues to implement resource efficiency measures across its portfolio of assets and is also exploring renewable energy generation opportunities within its office, retail and industrial portfolios.

Charter Hall also voluntarily reports annually to international organisations, such as the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI), Dow Jones Sustainability Index (DJSI), FTSE4Good and the Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP). Charter Hall has recently submitted its 2020 PRI Report and DJSI Report (along with DJSI Reports for CQR and CLW), which address Charter Hall's environment, social and governance (ESG) practices and emissions from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019. Charter Hall funds (CQR, RP2, RP6, CPRF, CHOT, CPOF, DOF, PFA, BSWF, CCT, CPIF, CLP, DIF4, CLW and DVP) also voluntarily report to the Global Real Estate Sustainability Benchmark (GRESB). These funds have recently submitted their 2019 GRESB reports, which also address Charter Hall sustainability practices and emissions from 1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019.

Labour practices

Charter Hall Group became a signatory to the UN Global Compact on 8 March 2019. Charter Hall Group released its Human Rights Policy in November 2018 and adopted the Charter Hall Supplier Code of Conduct in February 2019. These governance policies and practices can be found at https://www.charterhall.com.au/About-Us/corporate-governance/corporate-governance-charter-hall-group and outline our commitment to manage our operations in line with the UN Guiding Principles, the UN Global Compact and international and Australian Modern Slavery legislation, which reflects both our business needs and the expectations of our customers and key stakeholders.

Tax Governance Statement

Charter Hall Group has adopted the Board of Taxation's Tax Transparency Code (TTC) at 30 June 2017. As part of the TTC, Charter Hall has published a Tax Governance Statement (TGS) which details Charter Hall Group's corporate structure and tax corporate governance systems. Charter Hall Group's TGS can be found on our website at www.charterhall.com.au.

Proceedings on behalf of the Company

Section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 allows for a person to apply to the Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, in certain circumstances.

No person has made such an application and no proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of the Company with the Court under this section.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 73.

Rounding of amounts

The Company and the Trust is of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations Instrument (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) 2016/191, relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the Directors' Report. Amounts in the Directors' Report have been rounded off in accordance with that instrument to the nearest hundred thousand dollars, or in certain cases, to the nearest dollar.

Directors' authorisation

The Directors' Report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors. The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 20 August 2020. The Directors have the power to amend and re-issue the Financial Statements.

David Clarke Chair

Sydney

20 August 2020

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Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Charter Hall Limited and its controlled entities and Charter Hall Property Trust and its controlled entities (together "Charter Hall Group") and Charter Hall Property Trust and its controlled entities (together "Charter Hall Property Trust Group") for the year ended 30 June 2020, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Charter Hall Limited and the entities it controlled during the period and Charter Hall Property Trust and the entities it controlled during the period.

E A Barron Partner PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney 20 August 2020

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PricewaterhouseCoopers, ABN 52 780 433 757

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Directors' report and financial report

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Consolidated statements of comprehensive income

For the year ended 30 June 2020

				Charter Hall Pi	roperty
		Charter Hall (Group	Trust Gro	
		2020	2019	2020	2019
	Note	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Income					
Revenue	4	553.8	378.5	31.1	37.5
Share of net profit from equity accounted investments					
method	2,3	162.3	146.2	145.0	128.8
Net gain on sale of investments		15.5	2.7	15.5	3.7
Total income		731.6	527.4	191.6	170.0
Expenses					
Employee costs	5	(152.3)	(129.6)	-	_
Cost of sales		(66.1)	(51.3)	-	_
Administration and other expenses	5	(29.3)	(32.5)	(6.2)	(4.5)
Finance costs		(14.5)	(11.5)	(13.5)	(11.6)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment		(31.1)	(8.8)	(13.6)	_
Fair value losses from derivative financial instruments		(2.8)	(7.6)	(2.8)	(7.6)
Other net losses		(8.8)	(0.5)	(8.8)	(0.5)
Total expenses		(304.9)	(241.8)	(44.9)	(24.2)
Profit before tax		426.7	285.6	146.7	145.8
Income tax expense	6	(78.6)	(48.8)	-	-
Profit for the year		348.1	236.8	146.7	145.8
Profit for the year attributable to:					
Equity holders of Charter Hall Limited		201.4	91.0	_	_
Equity holders of Charter Hall Property Trust					
(non-controlling interest)		144.5	144.3	144.5	144.3
Profit attributable to stapled securityholders of					
Charter Hall Group		345.9	235.3	144.5	144.3
Net profit attributable to Charter Hall Direct Diversified Consumer					
Staples Fund (non-controlling interest)		2.2	1.5	2.2	1.5
Profit for the year		348.1	236.8	146.7	145.8

Directors' report and financial report Back to contents

Consolidated statements of comprehensive income continued

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Note \$'m	019 \$'m 45.8 0.2 1.4 0.3 1.9 47.7
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	\$'m 45.8 0.2 1.4 0.3 1.9
Profit for the year 348.1 236.8 146.7 148 Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	0.2 1.4 0.3 1.9
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	1.4 0.3 1.9
	1.4 0.3 1.9
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations (0.2) 0.1 (0.1)	1.4 0.3 1.9
	0.3 1.9
	1.9
Equity accounted fair value movements (1.3) 1.3 (1.3)	
Other comprehensive income for the year – 2.8 0.1	17.7 _
Total comprehensive income for the year 348.1 239.6 146.8 14	_
Total comprehensive income for the year is attributable to:	_
Equity holders of Charter Hall Limited 201.3 91.9 –	
Equity holders of Charter Hall Property Trust	
	46.1
Total comprehensive income attributable to stapled	
securityholders of Charter Hall Group 345.9 238.0 144.6 140	46.1
Total comprehensive income attributable to Charter Hall Direct	
Diversified Consumer Staples Fund (non-controlling interest) 2.2 1.6 2.2	1.6
Total comprehensive income for the year 348.1 239.6 146.8 14	47.7
Basic earnings per security (cents) attributable to:	
Equity holders of Charter Hall Limited 43.3 19.5 n/a	n/a
Equity holders of Charter Hall Property Trust	
(non-controlling interest) 31.0 31.0 31.0 3	31.0
Basic earnings per stapled security (cents) attributable to	
stapled securityholders of Charter Hall Group 8(a) 74.3 50.5 n/a	n/a
Diluted earnings per security (cents) attributable to:	
Equity holders of Charter Hall Limited 42.9 19.4 n/a	n/a
Equity holders of Charter Hall Property Trust	
(non-controlling interest) 30.8 30.7 30.8 3	30.7
Diluted earnings per stapled security (cents) attributable to	
stapled securityholders of Charter Hall Group 8(b) 73.7 50.1 n/a	n/a

The above consolidated statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Consolidated balance sheets

As at 30 June 2020

		Ob a stant Hall	0	Charter Hall F	
		Charter Hall		Trust Gro	
	Note	2020 \$'m	2019 \$'m	2020 \$'m	2019 \$'m
Assets	Note	ΨΠ	ΨΠ	ΨΠ	ΨΠΙ
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		238.9	113.9	12.7	50.0
Receivables and other assets	0	79.3	177.4	36.6	72.6
Derivative financial instruments	9		177.4		72.0
	15	3.6 321.8	291.3	3.6 52.9	122.6
Total current assets		321.0	291.3	52.9	122.0
Non-current assets	0	40.0	44.0		40.4
Receivables and other assets	9	12.3	11.0		42.1
Derivative financial instruments	15	70.0	40.3	70.0	40.3
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		101.2	-	101.2	-
Investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss	2	25.9	73.6	25.9	73.6
Development assets		29.6	15.5	-	
Investments accounted for using the equity method	2,3	1,875.4	1,754.3	1,793.5	1,681.2
Investment properties	10	173.8	118.5	173.8	118.5
Intangible assets	11	118.9	125.8	-	_
Property, plant and equipment		20.8	21.8	-	_
Right-of-use assets		8.5	_	-	_
Deferred tax assets	12	1.5	1.5	_	
Total non-current assets		2,437.9	2,162.3	2,164.4	1,955.7
Total assets		2,759.7	2,453.6	2,217.3	2,078.3
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Trade and other liabilities	13	150.1	136.7	43.0	55.7
Current tax liabilities		38.9	2.1	_	_
Borrowings	14	15.9	7.5	_	_
Lease liabilities		4.0	_	_	_
Derivative financial instruments	15	0.1	_	0.1	_
Total current liabilities		209.0	146.3	43.1	55.7
Non-current liabilities					
Trade and other liabilities	13	3.8	5.9	20.6	_
Derivative financial instruments	15	7.7	6.1	7.7	6.1
Borrowings	14	364.2	297.5	364.2	297.5
Lease liabilities		11.1		_	
Deferred tax liabilities	12	18.2	37.9	_	_
Total non-current liabilities		405.0	347.4	392.5	303.6
Total liabilities		614.0	493.7	435.6	359.3
Net assets		2,145.7	1,959.9	1,781.7	1,719.0
Equity		_,	1,000.0	.,. •	.,
Equity holders of Charter Hall Limited					
Contributed equity	16(a)	289.1	286.7	_	_
Reserves	17	(33.3)	(34.8)	_	
Accumulated profit/(losses)	17	108.2	(11.0)	_	_
Parent entity interest		364.0	240.9		
Equity holders of Charter Hall Property Trust		304.0	240.0		
Contributed equity	16(0)	4 426 0	1 440 5	1,436.8	1 440 5
Reserves	16(a)	1,436.8	1,448.5	•	1,448.5
	17	2.8	3.2	2.8	3.2
Accumulated profit		276.6	217.0	276.6	217.0
Equity holders of Charter Hall Property Trust		4 = 40 0	4 000 =	4 = 40 0	4 000 =
(non-controlling interest)		1,716.2	1,668.7	1,716.2	1,668.7
Non-controlling interest in Charter Hall Direct Diversified				-	
Consumer Staples Fund	18	65.5	50.3	65.5	50.3
Total equity		2,145.7	1,959.9	1,781.7	1,719.0

The above consolidated balance sheets should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Directors' report and financial report

Consolidated statement of changes in equity – Charter Hall Group

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Attributable to the owners of Charter Hall Limited				Charter Hall Group		
						Non-	
		Contributed		Accumulated		controlling	Total
		equity	Reserves p	rofit/(losses)	Total	interest	equity
	Note	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Balance at 1 July 2018		285.7	(45.1)	(33.6)	207.0	1,651.2	1,858.2
Profit for the year		_	_	91.0	91.0	145.8	236.8
Other comprehensive income		_	0.9	_	0.9	1.9	2.8
Total comprehensive income		_	0.9	91.0	91.9	147.7	239.6
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:							
Contributions of equity, net of issue costs		_	_	_	_	14.4	14.4
Buyback and issuance of securities for							
exercised performance rights		(0.6)	(2.5)	_	(3.1)	(5.0)	(8.1)
Tax recognised direct to equity	6(c)	1.6	3.1	_	4.7	-	4.7
Transfer due to deferred compensation payable							
in service rights		_	2.0	_	2.0	-	2.0
Security-based benefit expense		_	6.8	_	6.8	-	6.8
Dividend/distribution provided for or paid	7	_	_	(68.4)	(68.4)	(91.5)	(159.9)
Transactions with non-controlling interests		_	_	_	_	2.2	2.2
		1.0	9.4	(68.4)	(58.0)	(79.9)	(137.9)
Balance at 30 June 2019		286.7	(34.8)	(11.0)	240.9	1,719.0	1,959.9
Balance at 1 July 2019		286.7	(34.8)	(11.0)	240.9	1,719.0	1,959.9
Change in accounting policy (see Note 32(a))			-	(0.7)	(0.7)		(0.7)
Adjusted balance at 1 July 2019		286.7	(34.8)	(11.7)	240.2	1,719.0	1,959.2
Profit for the year		_	_	201.4	201.4	146.7	348.1
Other comprehensive income/(loss)		_	(0.1)	_	(0.1)	0.1	_
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		_	(0.1)	201.4	201.3	146.8	348.1
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:							
Contributions of equity, net of issue costs		_	-	-	_	17.1	17.1
Buyback and issuance of securities for							
exercised performance rights		(1.6)	(6.7)	_	(8.3)	(11.7)	(20.0)
Tax recognised direct to equity	6(c)	4.0	(3.5)	-	0.5	-	0.5
Transfer due to deferred compensation payable							
in service rights		_	2.1	_	2.1	-	2.1
Security-based benefit expense		-	9.7	-	9.7	-	9.7
Dividend/distribution provided for or paid	7	-	-	(81.5)	(81.5)	(89.1)	(170.6)
Transactions with non-controlling interests			_			(0.4)	(0.4)
		2.4	1.6	(81.5)	(77.5)	(84.1)	(161.6)
Balance at 30 June 2020		289.1	(33.3)	108.2	364.0	1,781.7	2,145.7

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated statement of changes in equity – Charter Hall Property Trust Group

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Attributable to the owners of the Charter Hall Property Trust Group

	_	Charte					
						Non-	
		Contributed		Accumulated		controlling	Total
		equity	Reserves	profit/(losses)	Total	interest	equity
	Note	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Balance at 1 July 2018		1,453.5	0.9	161.2	1,615.6	35.6	1,651.2
Profit for the year		_	_	144.3	144.3	1.5	145.8
Other comprehensive income		_	1.8	_	1.8	0.1	1.9
Total comprehensive income		_	1.8	144.3	146.1	1.6	147.7
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:							
Contributions of equity, net of issue costs	16(b)	_	_	_	_	14.4	14.4
Buyback and issuance of securities for							
exercised performance rights		(5.0)	_	_	(5.0)	_	(5.0)
Dividend/distribution provided for or paid	7	_	_	(88.5)	(88.5)	(3.0)	(91.5)
Transactions with non-controlling interests		_	0.5	_	0.5	1.7	2.2
		(5.0)	0.5	(88.5)	(93.0)	13.1	(79.9)
Balance at 30 June 2019		1,448.5	3.2	217.0	1,668.7	50.3	1,719.0
Balance at 1 July 2019		1,448.5	3.2	217.0	1,668.7	50.3	1,719.0
Profit for the year		_	_	144.5	144.5	2.2	146.7
Other comprehensive income		_	0.1	_	0.1	_	0.1
Total comprehensive income		_	0.1	144.5	144.6	2.2	146.8
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:							
Contributions of equity, net of issue costs		_	_	_	_	17.1	17.1
Buyback and issuance of securities for							
exercised performance rights		(11.7)	_	_	(11.7)	_	(11.7)
Dividend/distribution provided for or paid	7	`	_	(84.9)	(84.9)	(4.2)	(89.1)
Transactions with non-controlling interests		_	(0.5)	` <u>-</u>	(0.5)	0.1	(0.4)
		(11.7)	(0.5)	(84.9)	(97.1)	13.0	(84.1)
Balance at 30 June 2020		1,436.8	2.8	276.6	1,716.2	65.5	1,781.7
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Directors' report and financial report

Consolidated cash flow statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

	Charter Hall	Group	Charter Hall F	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Note	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Cash flows from operating activities	¥	V	¥	<u> </u>
Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST)	650.3	340.3	21.8	22.6
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)	(293.9)	(212.5)	(8.5)	(3.9)
Tax paid	(57.7)	(48.3)	_	-
Interest received	2.1	3.8	1.1	1.3
Interest paid	(12.6)	(9.7)	(12.2)	(2.2)
Distributions and dividends from investments	114.4	112.8	102.5	90.8
Net cash inflow from operating activities 20	402.6	186.4	104.7	108.6
Cash flows from investing activities				
Payments for property, plant and equipment (net of lease				
incentive received)	(6.9)	(5.9)	_	_
Proceeds on disposal of investment properties	-	4.0	-	4.0
Payments for investment properties	(55.9)	(59.0)	(55.9)	(59.0)
Payment for acquisition of subsidiary (net of cash acquired)	-	(192.1)	-	_
Investments in associates, joint ventures and financial assets	(529.0)	(199.5)	(514.8)	(296.9)
Proceeds on disposal and return of capital from				
investments in associates and joint ventures	400.1	201.3	390.4	160.4
Loans to associates, joint ventures and related parties	(4.3)	(39.4)	(375.1)	(496.9)
Repayments of loans from associates, joint ventures and related				
parties	51.4	34.9	485.2	429.0
Net cash outflow from investing activities	(144.6)	(255.7)	(70.2)	(259.4)
Buy back of stapled securities	(20.1)	(8.2)	(17.4)	(7.2)
Borrowing costs paid	(0.9)	(2.0)	(0.8)	(9.5)
Proceeds from borrowings (net of borrowing costs)	331.1	307.8	321.0	303.9
Repayment of borrowings	(290.3)	(72.1)	(286.7)	(45.8)
Payment for Settlement of Derivatives	(1.6)	_	(1.6)	_
Principal elements of lease payments Proceeds on disposal of partial interest in a subsidiary that does	(1.9)	_	-	_
not involve loss of control	16.5	18.2	16.5	18.2
Distributions to non-controlling interests	(4.2)	(3.1)	(4.2)	(3.1)
Dividends/distributions paid to stapled securityholders	(4.2) (161.6)	(152.3)	(98.6)	(88.5)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	(133.0)	88.3	(71.8)	168.0
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	125.0	19.0	(37.3)	17.2
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	113.9	94.9	50.0	32.8
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	238.9	113.9	12.7	50.0
out and out of out of the year	200.0	110.0	14.1	50.0

The above consolidated cash flow statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

The notes to these consolidated financial statements include additional information to assist the reader in understanding the operations, performance and financial position of the Charter Hall Group and the Charter Hall Property Trust Group.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and judgements in the process of applying accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates or assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are described in their respective notes:

_	Note 2	Investments in associates
_	Note 3	Investments in joint ventures
_	Note 4	Revenue
_	Note 11	Intangible assets
_	Note 12	Deferred tax
_	Note 24	Controlled entities

In preparing its financial statements the Group has considered the current and ongoing impact that the COVID-19 pandemic has had on its business operations. A \$13.6m impairment was recorded for the Group's investments in Charter Hall Retail REIT, and Charter Social Infrastructure REIT. Other than this impairment, the Group's strategic focus on resilient property investments and funds management revenue streams has contributed to the COVID-19 pandemic having no identifiable material adverse impact on the Group's financial result.

With the potential and uncertain economic impacts of COVID-19, future property valuations, investment and development activity and property funds management revenue could be adversely impacted.

Further disclosure is included in the following notes;

- Investments in associates Note 2(b);
- Revenue Note 4(a);
- Intangibles Note 11(b);
- Fair value measurement Note 22(d).

1 Segment information

(a) Description of segments

Charter Hall Group

The operating segments disclosed are based on the reports reviewed by the Board to make strategic decisions. The Board is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

Operating earnings is a financial measure which represents statutory profit after tax adjusted for the items in Note 1(c). Operating earnings is the primary measure of the Group's underlying and recurring earnings. Operating earnings is used by the Board to make strategic decisions and as a guide to assessing an appropriate distribution to declare.

Segment earnings reviewed by the Board ceased to allocate net operating expenses to segments. This has been reflected in the tables contained in this note, including restating the comparatives. This change did not impact the total segment income reported in the prior period. In assessing the financial performance of the business, net operating expenses are primarily related to the Property Funds Management segment.

The Board has identified the following three reportable segments, the performance of which it monitors separately.

Property investments

This segment comprises investments in property funds.

Development investments

This segment comprises investments in developments.

Property funds management

This segment comprises investment management services and property management services.

Charter Hall Property Trust Group

The Board allocates resources and assesses the performance of operating segments for the entire Charter Hall Group. Results are not separately identified and reported according to the legal structure of the Charter Hall Group and therefore segment information for CHPT is not prepared and provided to the Board.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

1 Segment information continued

(b) Operating segments

The operating segments reported to the Board for the year ended 30 June 2020 are as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m
Property investment segment earnings	120.0	110.8
Development investment segment earnings	17.1	7.8
Property funds management		
Investment management revenue	357.1	210.3
Property services revenue	55.2	52.6
Total Property funds management segment revenue	412.3	262.9
Total segment income	549.4	381.5
Net operating expenses	(90.1)	(78.0)
Corporate expenses	(33.2)	(28.3)
EBITDA	426.1	275.2
Depreciation	(10.6)	(4.7)
Net interest expense	(11.9)	(8.3)
Operating earnings before tax	403.6	262.2
Income tax expense	(80.8)	(41.5)
Operating earnings attributable to stapled securityholders	322.8	220.7
Basic weighted average number of securities ('m)	465.8	465.8
Operating earnings per stapled security (cents)	69.3	47.4

Refer to Note 8 for statutory earnings per stapled security figures.

(c) The reconciliation of operating earnings to statutory profit after tax attributable to stapled securityholders is shown below:

2020

2019

	2020	2010
	\$'m	\$'m
Operating earnings attributable to stapled securityholders	322.8	220.7
Add: Net fair value movements on equity accounted investments ¹	67.8	75.8
Add: Gain on disposal of property investments ¹	6.9	1.9
Add: Non-operating income tax benefit/(expense)	2.2	(7.3)
Less: Realised and unrealised net gains/(losses) on derivatives ¹	(14.9)	(29.0)
Less: Impairment of equity accounted investments	(13.6)	_
Less: Performance fees expense ¹	(6.0)	(7.0)
Less: Non-operating business combination acquisition costs	(4.4)	(8.3)
Less: Amortisation of intangibles	(6.9)	(4.1)
Less: Other ¹	(8.0)	(7.4)
Statutory profit after tax attributable to stapled securityholders	345.9	235.3

1 Includes the Group's proportionate share of non-operating items of equity accounted investments on a look through basis.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

Segment information continued

Reconciliation of earnings from the property and development investment segments to the share of net profit of equity accounted investments

	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m
Segment earnings – property investments	120.0	110.8
Segment earnings – development investments	17.1	7.8
Segment earnings – investments	137.1	118.6
Add: Non-operating equity accounted profit	38.9	37.4
Less: Development profit	(5.5)	(2.3)
Less: Net rental income	(3.3)	(3.3)
Less: Interest income on development investments	(1.3)	(1.4)
Less: Distributions in operating income	(3.6)	(2.8)
Share of net profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	162.3	146.2

(e) Reconciliation of property funds management earnings stated above to revenue per the statement of comprehensive income

	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m
Investment management revenue	357.1	210.3
Property services revenue	55.2	52.6
Segment revenue – property funds management	412.3	262.9
Add: recovery of property and fund-related expenses	53.4	46.3
Add: proceeds from sale of development assets	70.2	53.5
Add: rental income	10.9	8.6
Add: interest income	3.4	4.4
Add: distributions received for investments accounted for at fair value	3.6	2.8
Revenue per statement of comprehensive income	553.8	378.5

Geographical segments are immaterial as the vast majority of the Group's income is from Australian sources. Assets and liabilities have not been reported on a segmented basis as the Board is focused on the consolidated balance sheet.

Directors' report and financial report

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

2 Investment in associates

(a) Carrying amounts

All associates are incorporated and operate in Australia. Refer to Note 32(e) for accounting policy information relating to associates.

		Ownership in	terest	Carrying a	nount
Charter Hall Group		2020	2019	2020	2019
Name of entity	Principal activity	%	%	\$'m	\$'m
Accounted for at fair value through profit or loss:1					
Unlisted					
Charter Hall Maxim Property Securities Fund	Property investment	15.1	19.0	20.4	25.4
Other associates				5.5	0.6
				25.9	26.0
Equity accounted					
Unlisted					
Charter Hall Prime Office Fund	Property investment	6.2	7.1	312.9	291.1
Charter Hall Office Trust ²	Property investment	15.7	15.7	293.5	263.7
Charter Hall Prime Industrial Fund	Property investment	3.6	4.0	131.4	126.9
Core Logistics Partnership	Property investment	6.9	9.2	85.0	105.9
Charter Hall Exchange Wholesale Trust	Property investment	21.8	_	70.1	_
Deep Value Partnership	Property investment	13.0	11.1	35.5	4.6
Other associates	. ,			50.1	28.3
Listed					
Charter Hall Retail REIT ³	Property investment	9.9	16.2	207.9	299.6
Charter Hall Long WALE REIT ⁴	Property investment	12.2	15.2	271.4	200.8
Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT ⁵	Property investment	8.9	13.1	90.8	117.6
	, ,			1,548.6	1,438.5
Total investments in associates				1,574.5	1,464.5
				,- ,-	,

These investments comprise units in certain unlisted Charter Hall managed funds which have been designated at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in fair values of investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in fair value adjustments in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Information about the Charter Hall Group's material exposure to share and unit price risk is provided in Note 21.

The entity has a 31 December balance date.

Fair value at the ASX closing price as at 30 June 2020 was \$189.3 million (30 June 2019: \$311.7 million). Fair value at the ASX closing price as at 30 June 2020 was \$255.5 million (30 June 2019: \$245.9 million). Fair value at the ASX closing price as at 30 June 2020 was \$75.1 million (30 June 2019: \$143.7 million).

For the year ended 30 June 2020

2 Investment in associates continued

		Ownership in	terest	Carrying a	nount
Charter Hall Property Trust Group		2020	2019	2020	2019
Name of entity	Principal activity	%	%	\$'m	\$'m
Accounted for at fair value through					
profit or loss:1 Unlisted					
	5	4= 4	40.0	20.4	05.4
Charter Hall Maxim Property Securities Fund	Property investment	15.1	19.0	20.4	25.4
Other associates				5.5	0.6
				25.9	26.0
Equity accounted					
Unlisted					
Charter Hall Prime Office Fund	Property investment	5.9	6.7	297.1	275.6
Charter Hall Office Trust ²	Property investment	15.7	15.7	293.5	263.7
Core Logistics Partnership	Property investment	6.9	9.2	85.0	105.9
Charter Hall Exchange Wholesale Trust	Property investment	21.8	_	70.1	_
Charter Hall Prime Industrial Fund	Property investment	1.7	1.9	62.2	61.1
Deep Value Partnership	Property investment	13.0	11.1	35.5	4.6
Other associates				48.5	22.6
Listed				.0.0	22.0
Charter Hall Retail RFIT ³	Property investment	9.9	16.2	207.9	299.6
Charter Hall Long WALE REIT ⁴	Property investment	12.2	15.2	271.4	200.8
Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT ⁵	Property investment	8.9	13.1	115.7	142.6
Griditor Fidir Gooldi Illindstructure IVETT	1 Toporty investment	0.5	13.1		
Total investments in acceptates				1,486.9	1,376.5
Total investments in associates				1,512.8	1,402.5

- 1 These investments comprise units in certain unlisted Charter Hall managed funds which have been designated at fair value through profit or loss. Changes in fair values of investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in fair value adjustments in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Information about the Charter Hall Property Trust Group's material exposure to share and unit price risk is provided in Note 21.
- 2 The entity has a 31 December balance date.
- Fair value at the ASX closing price as at 30 June 2020 was \$189.3 million (30 June 2019: \$311.7 million).
- 4 Fair value at the ASX closing price as at 30 June 2020 was \$255.5 million (30 June 2019: \$245.9 million). 5 Fair value at the ASX closing price as at 30 June 2020 was \$75.1 million (30 June 2019: \$143.7 million).

(b) Critical judgements

Investments in associates are accounted for at either fair value through profit or loss or by using the equity method. CHPT designates investments in associates as fair value through profit or loss or equity accounted on a case by case basis taking the investment strategy into consideration.

Management regularly reviews equity accounted investments for impairment and remeasures investments carried at fair value through profit or loss by reference to changes in circumstances or contractual arrangements, external independent property valuations and market conditions, using generally accepted market practices. When a recoverable amount is estimated through a value in use calculation, critical judgements and estimates are made regarding future cash flows and an appropriate discount rate. When a fair value is estimated through an earnings valuation, critical judgements and estimates are made in relation to the earnings measure and appropriate multiple.

Due to the difference in the fair value and carrying amounts, the recoverable amounts for the Charter Hall Retail REIT investment and Charter Social Infrastructure REIT investment were estimated through a value in use calculation with the following critical judgements and estimates:

- cash flow projections reflecting upside, base case and downside scenarios were used; applying probability weightings based on historical market guidance accuracy;
- base case cash flow projections covering a 3-5 year period based on financial budgets approved by management. Cash flows beyond the 3-5 year period are extrapolated using estimated growth rates appropriate for the business;
- pre-tax discount rate 7%-8%;
- growth after 5 years of 1-2% per annum; and
- terminal value multiple of 14-18 times earnings.

As a result of these estimates, impairment of \$13.6m was recorded for Charter Hall Retail REIT and Charter Hall Social Infrastructure REIT. If the multiplier assumptions were to increase/decrease by 1x, value in use would increase/decrease by 5-6%.

With the potential and uncertain economic impacts of COVID-19, future equity accounted investment values are sensitive to future property valuations of the underlying investment properties, and could be adversely impacted.

The impacts of the estimates and assumptions for investment property are outlined in note 22(d).

Directors' report and financial report

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

2 Investment in associates continued

(c) Summarised movements in carrying amounts of associates accounted for at fair value through profit or loss

			Charter Hall Pr	operty
	Charter Hall (Group	Trust Grou	ıb
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Opening balance	26.0	32.4	26.0	32.4
Investment	5.2	25.4	5.2	25.4
Net (loss)/gain on investment in associates at fair value	(5.1)	0.8	(5.1)	8.0
Return of capital	_	(1.4)	_	(1.4)
Disposal of units	(0.2)	(31.2)	(0.2)	(31.2)
Closing balance	25.9	26.0	25.9	26.0

(d) Summarised movements in carrying amounts of equity accounted associates

	Charter Hall	Charter Hall Group		Property
	2020	2020 2019		2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Opening balance	1,438.5	1,336.6	1,376.5	1,262.8
Investment	293.5	202.5	293.4	199.7
Share of profit after income tax	146.4	125.5	137.8	111.1
Distributions received/receivable	(84.9)	(80.8)	(79.9)	(73.9)
Share of movement in reserves	(0.6)	1.7	(0.6)	0.7
Impairment of carrying amount	(13.6)	_	(13.6)	_
Divestments	(203.7)	(135.7)	(199.7)	(114.5)
Return of Capital	(27.0)	(11.3)	(27.0)	(9.4)
Closing balance	1,548.6	1,438.5	1,486.9	1,376.5

(e) Summarised financial information for material associates

The tables below provide summarised financial information for the associates that are material to CHC and CHPT. Materiality is assessed on the investments' contribution to Group income and net assets. The information presented reflects the amounts in the financial statements of the associates, not the Group's proportionate share.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

2 Investment in associates continued

			Charter Hall	Charter Hall
	Charter Hall	Charter Hall	Prime Office	Long WALE
	Office Trust	Retail REIT	Fund	REIT
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
2020				
Summarised balance sheet:				
Current assets	143.0	104.7	165.4	59.6
Non-current assets	3,463.9	3,005.4	6,641.9	3,026.9
Current liabilities	43.1	98.4	101.2	50.6
Non-current liabilities	1,700.1	869.6	1,655.9	850.0
Net assets	1,863.7	2,142.1	5,050.2	2,185.9
Summarised statement of comprehensive income:				
Revenue	110.5	206.1	310.9	126.7
Profit for the year from continuing operations	377.3	44.2	283.5	122.4
Other comprehensive income	_	1.2	1.0	_
Total comprehensive income	377.3	45.4	284.5	122.4
2019				
Summarised balance sheet:				
Current assets	17.8	86.8	104.8	18.7
Non-current assets	3,063.6	2,821.5	5,401.5	1,886.3
Current liabilities	157.8	95.6	73.3	45.2
Non-current liabilities	1,249.5	1,012.0	1,301.7	538.4
Net assets	1,674.1	1,800.7	4,131.3	1,321.4
Summarised statement of comprehensive income:				
Revenue	105.7	202.0	254.8	85.6
Profit for the year from continuing operations	243.9	53.1	373.5	69.6
Other comprehensive income	_	1.5	1.1	_
Total comprehensive income	243.9	54.6	374.6	69.6

Directors' report and financial report

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

2 Investment in associates continued

(f) Reconciliation of net assets of associates to carrying amounts of equity accounted investments

(i) Reconciliation of flet assets of associates to carrying	Charter F			
	Charter Hall	Charter Hall	Prime Office	Charter Hall Long WALE
	Office Trust	Retail REIT	Fund	REIT
Charter Hall Group	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
2020				
Net assets of associate	1,863.7	2,142.1	5,050.2	2,185.9
Group's share in %	15.7%	9.9%	6.2%	12.2%
Group's share in \$	292.6	212.1	313.1	266.7
Other movements not accounted for under the equity				
method ¹	0.9	(4.2)	(0.2)	4.7
Carrying amount	293.5	207.9	312.9	271.4
Movements in carrying amounts:				
Opening balance	263.7	299.6	291.1	200.8
Investment	_	2.5	17.5	56.7
Share of profit after income tax	59.3	8.8	19.6	20.4
Other comprehensive income	_	0.5	0.2	_
Impairment of carrying amount	_	(9.5)	_	_
Distributions received/receivable	(12.2)	(15.5)	(14.5)	(16.2)
Divestment	_	(78.5)	(1.0)	9.7
Return of capital	(17.3)	_	-	_
Closing balance	293.5	207.9	312.9	271.4
2019				
Net assets of associate	1,674.1	1,800.7	4,131.3	1,321.4
Group's share in %	15.7%	16.2%	7.1%	15.2%
Group's share in \$	262.8	291.7	293.3	200.9
Other movements not accounted for under the equity			(0.0)	(0.4)
method ¹	0.9	7.9	(2.2)	(0.1)
Carrying amount	263.7	299.6	291.1	200.8
Movements in carrying amounts:				
Opening balance	246.4	327.6	258.8	195.2
Investment	_	_	17.5	27.2
Share of profit after income tax	38.4	9.7	28.0	12.5
Other comprehensive income	_	0.1	0.2	_
Distributions received/receivable	(11.7)	(20.5)	(13.4)	(13.7)
Divestment	_	(17.3)	_	(20.4)
Return of capital	(9.4)			
Closing balance	263.7	299.6	291.1	200.8

Other movements are primarily due to the funds issuing new units to external investors at a price above or below the underlying net assets of the fund, or where the Group has acquired units on-market at a price different to the fund's NTA (for listed investments), or where the Group has recorded an impairment to the investment in

For the year ended 30 June 2020

2 Investment in associates continued

			Charter Hall	Charter Hall
	Charter Hall	Charter Hall	Prime Office	Long WALE
	Office Trust	Retail REIT	Fund	REIT
Charter Hall Property Trust Group	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
2020				
Net assets of associate	1,863.7	2,142.1	5,050.2	2,185.9
Group's share in %	15.7%	9.9%	5.9%	12.2%
Group's share in \$	292.6	212.1	298.0	266.7
Other movements not accounted for under the equity				
method ¹	0.9	(4.2)	(0.9)	4.7
Carrying amount	293.5	207.9	297.1	271.4
Movements in carrying amounts:				
Opening balance	263.7	299.6	275.6	200.8
Investment	-	2.5	17.5	56.7
Share of profit after income tax	59.3	8.8	18.6	20.4
Other comprehensive income	-	0.5	0.2	-
Impairment of carrying amount	-	(9.5)	-	-
Distributions received/receivable	(12.2)	(15.5)	(13.8)	(16.2)
Divestment	-	(78.5)	1.4	9.7
Return of capital	(17.3)	-	(2.4)	-
Closing balance	293.5	207.9	297.1	271.4
2019				
Net assets of associate	1,674.1	1,800.7	4,131.3	1,321.4
Group's share in %	15.7%	16.2%	6.7%	15.2%
Group's share in \$	262.8	291.7	276.8	200.9
Other movements not accounted for under the equity				<i>(</i> - .)
method ¹	0.9	7.9	(1.2)	(0.1)
Carrying amount	263.7	299.6	275.6	200.8
Movements in carrying amounts:				
Opening balance	246.4	327.6	244.1	195.2
Investment	_	_	17.5	27.2
Share of profit after income tax	38.4	9.7	26.4	12.5
Other comprehensive income	_	0.1	0.2	-
Distributions received/receivable	(11.7)	(20.5)	(12.6)	(13.7)
Divestment	-	(17.3)	_	(20.4)
Return of capital	(9.4)		_	
Closing balance	263.7	299.6	275.6	200.8

Other movements are primarily due to the funds issuing new units to external investors at a price above or below the underlying net assets of the fund, or where the Group has acquired units on-market at a price different to the fund's NTA (for listed investments), or where the Group has recorded an impairment to the investment in

(g) Commitments and contingent liabilities of associates

Below are commitments and contingent liabilities of associates material to the Group's balance sheet.

Charter Hall Prime Office Fund's capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities was \$129.5 million (2019: \$471.1 million) relating to investment properties.

Charter Hall Office Trust's (CHOT) capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities was \$199.1 million (2019: nil) relating to investment properties.

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3 Investments in joint ventures

(a) Carrying amounts

All joint ventures are incorporated and operate in Australia. Refer to Note 32(e) for accounting policy information relating to joint ventures.

Unless otherwise noted all joint ventures have a 30 June year end.

		Ownership interest		Carrying amount	
Charter Hall Group		2020	2019	2020	2019
Name of entity	Principal activity	%	%	\$'m	\$'m
Accounted for at fair value through profit or loss:					
Unlisted					
CHAB Office Trust	Property investment	_	50.0	_	47.6
	<u> </u>			-	47.6
Equity accounted					
Unlisted					
Brisbane Square Wholesale Fund	Property investment	16.8	16.8	101.8	104.8
Long WALE Hardware Partnership ¹	Property investment	13.4	13.5	123.6	96.5
Charter Hall Prime Retail Fund	Property investment	29.4	29.4	47.3	56.6
Retail Partnership No. 6 Trust	Property investment	_	20.0	_	35.9
Other joint ventures				54.1	22.0
				326.8	315.8
Total investments in joint ventures				326.8	363.4

¹ Ownership interest is calculated as the weighted average holding of BP Fund 1, BP Fund 2 and TTP Wholesale Fund.

		Ownership interest		Carrying amount	
Charter Hall Property Trust Group		2020	2019	2020	2019
Name of entity	Principal activity	%	%	\$'m	\$'m
Accounted for at fair value through profit or loss:					
Unlisted					
CHAB Office Trust	Property investment	_	50.0	_	47.6
				-	47.6
Equity accounted					
Unlisted					
Brisbane Square Wholesale Fund	Property investment	16.8	16.8	101.8	104.8
Long WALE Hardware Partnership ¹	Property investment	13.4	13.5	123.6	96.5
Charter Hall Prime Retail Fund	Property investment	29.4	29.4	47.3	56.6
Retail Partnership No. 6 Trust	Property investment	_	20.0	_	35.9
Other joint ventures				33.9	10.9
				306.6	304.7
Total investments in joint ventures				306.6	352.3

¹ Ownership interest is calculated as the weighted average holding of BP Fund 1, BP Fund 2 and TTP Wholesale Fund.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

3 Investments in joint ventures continued

(b) Critical judgements

Investments in joint ventures are accounted for at either fair value through profit or loss or by using the equity method. CHPT designates investments in joint ventures as fair value through profit or loss or equity accounted on a case by case basis taking the investment strategy into consideration.

Management regularly reviews equity accounted investments for impairment and remeasures investments carried at fair value through profit or loss by reference to changes in circumstances or contractual arrangements, external independent property valuations and market conditions, using generally accepted market practices. When a recoverable amount is estimated through a value in use calculation, critical judgements and estimates are made regarding future cash flows and an appropriate discount rate. When a fair value is estimated through an earnings valuation, critical judgements and estimates are made in relation to the earnings measure and appropriate multiple.

(c) Summarised movements in carrying amounts of associates accounted for at fair value through profit or loss

		Charter Hall Pr	operty
Charter Hall (Group	Trust Grou	ıp
2020	2019	2020	2019
\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
47.6	_	47.6	-
-	48.0	-	48.0
0.4	(0.4)	0.4	(0.4)
(48.0)		(48.0)	-
_	47.6	-	47.6
	2020 \$'m 47.6 - 0.4	\$'m \$'m 47.6 - - 48.0 0.4 (0.4) (48.0) -	Charter Hall Group Trust Group 2020 2019 \$'m \$'m 47.6 - - 48.0 0.4 (0.4) (48.0) - (48.0) -

(d) Summarised financial information and movements in carrying amounts

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Property Trust Group	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Movements in aggregate carrying amount:				
Opening balance	315.8	280.5	304.7	280.5
Investment	73.0	35.2	60.0	24.4
Share of profit after income tax	15.0	21.5	7.3	18.4
Distributions received/receivable	(28.0)	(20.4)	(18.0)	(17.9)
Return of capital	(49.0)	(0.3)	(47.4)	_
Share of movement in reserves	_	(0.7)	_	(0.7)
Closing balance	326.8	315.8	306.6	304.7

(e) Commitments and contingent liabilities of joint ventures

There are no commitments and contingent liabilities of joint ventures material to the Group's balance sheet.

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Revenue

			Charter Hall Pr	operty
	Charter Hall	Group	Trust Grou	ıp
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Investment management revenue ^{1,2}	357.1	210.3	-	_
Property services revenue ¹	55.2	52.6	(0.1)	_
Development revenue ³	70.2	53.5	-	_
Gross rental income	10.9	8.6	10.9	8.6
	493.4	325.0	10.8	8.6
Other revenue				
Recovery of property and fund-related expenses	53.4	46.3	_	_
Interest	3.4	4.4	4.2	15.0
Distributions/Dividends ⁴	3.6	2.8	4.7	4.2
Other investment-related revenue	_	_	11.4	9.7
Total other revenue	60.4	53.5	20.3	28.9
Total revenue ⁵	553.8	378.5	31.1	37.5

Revenue from the Group's property and funds management business is categorised into the two main lines of operations being investment management and property

(a) Critical judgements

Critical judgements and estimates are made by the Group in respect of recognising performance fee revenue. Detailed calculations and an assessment of the risks associated with the recognition of the fee are completed to inform the assessment of the appropriate revenue to recognise. Key risks include the period remaining from balance sheet date to performance fee crystallisation date and the degree of probability that any potential fee may unwind during that period. Key drivers of performance fees are assessed based on historic data and prevailing economic conditions to inform judgements on the extent to which the fee can be reliably estimated.

The Group accounts for COVID-19 related rent relief agreed as a lease modification. The rent relief provided is immaterial to the Group's result.

With the potential and uncertain economic impacts of COVID-19, future investment management revenue is sensitive to future property valuations and could be adversely impacted.

5 Expenses

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall P Trust Gro		
	2020 2019		2020	2019	
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	
Profit before income tax includes the following specific expenses:	·	·	•	•	
Employee costs					
Employee benefit expenses	134.5	116.3	_	_	
Security-based benefits expense	9.7	6.8	_	_	
Payroll tax	8.1	6.5	_	_	
Total employee costs	152.3	129.6	_	_	
Administration and other expenses					
Advertising, marketing and promotion	3.4	3.3	_	_	
Occupancy costs	1.5	4.1	_	_	
Accounting, professional and other costs	10.1	11.1	3.7	3.2	
Communication and IT expenses	8.5	7.2	_	_	
Administration expenses	5.8	6.8	2.5	1.3	
Total administration and other expenses	29.3	32.5	6.2	4.5	
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment					
Depreciation	10.6	4.7	_	_	
Amortisation	6.9	4.1	_	_	
Impairment	13.6	_	13.6	_	
Total depreciation, amortisation and impairment	31.1	8.8	13.6	_	

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Investment management revenue in the year ended 30 June 2020 includes \$98.2 million for CHOT performance fee.

Revenue from the Group's development investments forms part of the development segment earnings.

Represents the distribution of income from investments accounted for at fair value by the Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group.

Revenue excludes share of net profits of equity accounted associates and joint ventures.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

6 Income tax expense

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall P		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Note	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	
(a) Income tax expense	·	·	·		
Current tax expense	99.4	30.4	_	_	
Deferred income tax expense/(benefit)	(20.8)	18.0	_	_	
Under-provided in prior years	_	0.4	_	_	
	78.6	48.8	-	_	
Deferred income tax expense/(benefit)					
(Increase)/decrease in deferred tax assets for the tax					
consolidated group	(3.8)	5.5	-	_	
(Increase)/decrease in deferred tax liabilities for the tax					
consolidated group	(17.0)	12.4	-	_	
Decrease in deferred tax assets for entities outside the tax					
consolidated group		0.1		_	
	(20.8)	18.0			
(b) Reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable					
Profit before income tax expense	426.7	285.6	146.7	145.8	
Prima facie tax expense at the Australian tax rate of 30%	128.0	85.7	44.0	43.8	
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible/(taxable)					
in calculating taxable income:					
Charter Hall Property Trust income	(44.0)	(43.8)	(44.0)	(43.8)	
Other adjustments	(5.4)	6.9			
Income tax expense	78.6	48.8	-		
(c) Amounts recognised directly in equity					
Aggregate current and deferred tax arising in the reporting					
period and not recognised in net profit or loss or other					
comprehensive income but directly debited or credited to equity:					
Current tax: Deduction for rights vesting in excess of the					
cumulative fair value expense	(4.0)	(1.6)	-	_	
Deferred tax: Estimated future deduction for rights vesting, in					
excess of the cumulative fair value expense	3.5	(3.1)			
(d) Tevres and distance is distance.	(0.5)	(4.7)			

(d) Tax consolidation legislation

Charter Hall Limited and its wholly owned Australian controlled entities have implemented the tax consolidation legislation with effect from 1 July 2003. The accounting policy in relation to this legislation is set out below in Note 6(g).

On adoption of the tax consolidation legislation, the entities in the tax consolidated group entered into a tax sharing agreement which, in the opinion of the Directors, limits the joint and several liability of the wholly owned entities in the case of a default by the head entity, Charter Hall Limited.

The entities have also entered into a tax funding agreement under which the wholly owned entities fully compensate Charter Hall Limited for any current tax payable assumed and are compensated by Charter Hall Limited for any current tax receivable and deferred tax assets relating to unused tax losses or unused tax credits that are transferred to Charter Hall Limited under the tax consolidation legislation. The funding amounts are determined by reference to the amounts recognised in the wholly owned entities' financial statements.

(e) Charter Hall Property Trust

Under current Australian income tax legislation, the Trust is not liable for income tax on its taxable income (including any assessable component of capital gains) provided that the unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Trust.

(f) Tax losses - Charter Hall Group

At 30 June 2020, the Group has approximately \$7.7 million (2019: \$11.4 million) of tax effected unrecognised income tax losses.

At 30 June 2020, the Group has approximately \$21.5 million (2019: \$21.5 million) of tax effected unrecognised capital tax losses.

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Income tax expense continued

(g) Income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provision where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

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7 Distributions/Dividends paid and payable

			Charter Hall Pr	operty
	Charter Hall Group		Trust Group	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Ordinary stapled securities				
Final ordinary distribution of 7.72 cents and ordinary dividend of 10.5 cents per stapled security for the six months ended				
30 June 2020 payable on 31 August 2020	84.9	_	36.0	_
Interim ordinary distribution of 10.5 cents and interim ordinary dividend of 7 cents per stapled security for the six months				
ended 31 December 2019 paid on 28 February 2020	81.5	_	48.9	_
Final ordinary distribution of 10.7 cents and ordinary dividend of 6.5 cents per stapled security for the six months ended 30 June 2019 paid on 31 August 2019		80.1		49.8
or dana 2010 pana on o 17 nagast 2010	_	OU. I	-	49.6
Interim ordinary distribution of 8.3 cents and interim ordinary dividend of 8.2 cents per stapled security for the six months				
ended 30 June 2019 paid on 28 February 2019	-	76.8	_	38.7
Total Distributions/Dividends paid and payable to stapled				
securityholders	166.4	156.9	84.9	88.5
Distributions paid and payable to Charter Hall Direct Diversified				
Consumer Staples Fund non-controlling interests	4.2	3.0	4.2	3.0
Total Distributions/Dividends paid and payable	170.6	159.9	89.1	91.5

A liability is recognised for the amount of any Distribution/Dividend declared by the Group on or before the end of the reporting period but not paid at balance date.

Franking credits available in the parent entity (Charter Hall Limited) for dividends payable in subsequent financial years based on a tax rate of 30% (2019: 30%) are \$112.6 million (2019: \$51.9 million). These amounts are calculated from the balance of the franking account as at the end of the reporting period, adjusted for franking credits and debits that will arise from the settlement of liabilities or receivables for income tax and dividends after the end of the year.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

8 Earnings per stapled security

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Property Trust Group	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
(a) Basic earnings per security attributable to:				
Equity holders of Charter Hall Limited	43.3	19.5	n/a	n/a
Equity holders of Charter Hall Property Trust (non-controlling				
interest)	31.0	31.0	31.0	31.0
Stapled securityholders of Charter Hall Group	74.3	50.5	n/a	n/a
(b) Diluted earnings per security attributable to:				
Equity holders of Charter Hall Limited	42.9	19.4	n/a	n/a
Equity holders of Charter Hall Property Trust (non-controlling				
interest)	30.8	30.7	30.8	30.7
Stapled securityholders of Charter Hall Group	73.7	50.1	n/a	n/a

Basic earnings per stapled security is determined by dividing profit attributable to the stapled security holders by the weighted number of ordinary stapled securities on issue during the year.

Diluted earnings per stapled security is determined by dividing profit attributable to the stapled securityholders by the weighted average number of ordinary stapled securities and dilutive potential ordinary stapled securities on issue during the year.

	2020 \$'m	2019 \$'m	2020 \$'m	2019 \$'m
(c) Reconciliations of earnings used in calculating earnings per stapled security				
Equity holders of Charter Hall Limited	201.3	91.9	n/a	n/a
Profit attributable to the ordinary stapled securityholders of the Group used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per stapled				
security	345.9	235.3	144.5	144.3
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Number	Number	Number	Number
(d) Weighted average number of stapled securities				
used as the denominator				
Weighted average number of ordinary stapled securities used				
as the denominator in calculating basic earnings per stapled				
security	465,777,131	465,777,131	465,777,131	465,777,131
Adjustments for calculation of diluted earnings per stapled				
security:				
Performance rights	2,366,433	2,382,547	2,366,433	2,382,547
Service rights	1,471,057	1,290,887	1,471,057	1,290,887
Weighted average number of ordinary stapled securities and				
potential ordinary stapled securities used as the denominator in				
calculating diluted earnings per stapled security	469,614,621	469,450,565	469,614,621	469,450,565

(e) Information concerning the classification of securities

Performance rights, service rights issued under the Charter Hall Performance Rights and Options Plan

The performance and service rights are unquoted securities. Conversion to stapled securities and vesting to executives is subject to performance and/or service conditions.

Stapled securities issued under the General Employee Securities Plan (GESP)

Stapled securities issued under the GESP are purchased on market on behalf of eligible employees but held in trust until the earlier of the completion of three years' service or termination. No adjustment to diluted earnings per stapled security is required under the GESP.

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9 Receivables and other assets

		Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Property Trust Group	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	Note	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Current					
Trade receivables		35.4	38.7	7.8	2.9
Contract assets ¹		_	52.1	_	_
Loans to associates and joint ventures	23(e)	7.3	52.3	_	38.9
Distributions receivable	` '	30.2	31.8	28.8	30.8
Other receivables and assets		6.4	2.5	_	_
		79.3	177.4	36.6	72.6
Non-current					
Loans to associates and joint ventures	23(e)	10.2	9.2	_	_
Loan receivable from Charter Hall Limited	` '	_	_	_	42.1
Other receivables and assets		2.1	1.8	_	_
		12.3	11.0	_	42.1

¹ As at 30 June 2019, contract assets include \$50.0 million relating to the CHOT performance fee.

(a) Bad and doubtful trade receivables

During the year, the Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group incurred \$nil expense (2019: \$nil) in respect of provisions for expected credit losses.

(b) Fair values

Receivables are carried at amounts that approximate their fair value.

(c) Credit risk

There is a limited concentration of credit risk as the majority of current and non-current receivables are due from related parties of Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group. Refer to Note 21 for more information on the risk management policy of the Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group.

The ageing of trade receivables at the reporting date was as follows:

			Charter Hall Pi	roperty
	Charter Hall (Charter Hall Group		up
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Current	34.9	38.7	7.8	2.9
1 to 3 months	0.5	_	_	_
3 to 6 months	<u> </u>	_	_	_
More than 6 months	<u> </u>	_	_	_
	35.4	38.7	7.8	2.9

As at 30 June 2020, Charter Hall Group had trade receivables of \$nil (2019: \$nil) past due but not impaired. Charter Hall Property Trust Group had \$nil (2019: \$nil) receivables past due but not impaired.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off in the year in which they are identified. A provision for expected credit losses is processed based on historical default percentages and current observable data including forecasts of economic conditions. The amount of the provision is the difference between the carrying amount and estimated future cash flows. Cash flows relating to current receivables are not discounted.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

10 Investment properties

(a) Carrying amounts

The Group's controlled entity investment fund, Charter Hall Direct Diversified Consumer Staples Fund, has a portfolio of investment properties which are consolidated into the Group's balance sheet.

A reconciliation of the carrying amount of investment properties at the beginning and end of the year is set out below:

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Programmer Trust Gro	
	2020 *'m	2019	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Opening balance	118.5	63.4	118.5	63.4
Additions including acquisition costs	55.8	60.1	55.8	60.1
Fair value and other adjustments	(0.5)	(0.9)	(0.5)	(0.9)
Disposals	_	(4.1)	_	(4.1)
Closing balance	173.8	118.5	173.8	118.5

Key valuation assumptions used in the determination of the investment properties' fair value and the Group's valuation policy are disclosed in Note 22(d).

(b) Leasing arrangements

Directors' report and financial report

The investment properties, excluding development properties, are leased to tenants under long-term operating leases with rentals payable monthly. Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases of investment properties not recognised in the financial statements are receivable as follows:

	Charter Hall (Charter Hall Group		operty up
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Due within one year	9.3	7.2	9.3	7.2
Due between one and five years	37.1	29.6	37.1	29.6
Over five years	30.8	20.2	30.8	20.2
-	77.2	57.0	77.2	57.0

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11 Intangible assets

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Property Trust Group	
	2020 2019		2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Indefinite life intangibles – management rights		·	·	· · · · · ·
Charter Hall Retail REIT				
Opening and closing balance	42.3	42.3	_	_
Charter Hall Education Trust				
Opening balance	46.4	_	_	_
Additions	_	46.4	_	_
Closing balance	46.4	46.4	_	_
Other indefinite life intangibles				
Opening balance	15.3	12.6	_	_
Additions	_	2.7	_	_
Closing balance	15.3	15.3	_	_
Total indefinite life intangibles	104.0	104.0	_	_
Finite life intangibles – management rights				
Opening balance	11.9	7.8	_	_
Additions	_	8.2	_	_
Amortisation charge	(6.9)	(4.1)	_	_
Closing balance	5.0	11.9	_	_
At balance date – finite life intangibles				
Cost	58.5	50.3	_	_
Additions	_	8.2	_	_
Accumulated amortisation	(53.5)	(46.6)	_	_
Total finite life intangibles	5.0	11.9	_	_
Goodwill				
Folkestone Limited				
Opening balance	9.9	_	_	_
Additions	_	9.9	_	_
Closing balance	9.9	9.9	-	
Total intangible assets	118.9	125.8	_	_

(a) Critical judgements

Critical judgements and estimates are made by the Group in assessing the recoverable amount of intangibles acquired, where the funds to which those intangibles relate have an indefinite life. Intangibles are considered to have an indefinite useful life if there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows for the entity.

(b) Intangibles – indefinite life assets

Intangibles with no fixed life are not amortised as they have an indefinite life. Intangibles with an indefinite life are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired; and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Intangibles are allocated to cash generating units for the purpose of impairment testing.

All indefinite life intangible assets recognised on the consolidated balance sheet are subject to an annual impairment assessment. The impairment assessments support the carrying values and the methodology applied is an assessment of value in use based on discounted cash flows.

Key assumptions used for the indefinite life intangible impairment calculations are as follows:

- cash flow projections reflecting upside, base case and downside scenarios were used, applying probability weightings;
- base case cash flow projections covering a three-year period based on financial budgets approved by management. Cash flows beyond the three-year period are extrapolated using estimated growth rates appropriate for the business;
- pre-tax discount rate range of 6-8% (2019: 6-12%);
- growth after three years of 1.9-2.3% (2019: 2-3%) per annum; and
- terminal value multiple of 7.5 times earnings (2019: 10 times).

With the potential and uncertain economic impacts of COVID-19, future property valuations, cash flow projections, and estimates of recoverable amounts could be adversely impacted.

(c) Management Rights – finite life assets

Management rights with a fixed life are amortised using the straight line method over their useful life ranging from one to ten years.

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12 Deferred tax assets and liabilities

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Property Trust Group	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Deferred tax assets comprises temporary differences attributable				
to:				
Tax losses carried forward ¹	1.5	1.5	_	_
Deferred tax assets comprises temporary differences attributable				
to:				
Employee benefits	21.5	20.6	_	_
Other	4.0	2.2	_	_
	25.5	22.8	-	_
Deferred tax liabilities comprises temporary differences attributable to:				
Intangible assets	31.1	33.2	_	_
Investment in associates	11.9	10.6	_	_
Unearned revenue	_	15.6	_	_
Other	0.7	1.3	_	_
	43.7	60.7	_	_
Net deferred tax liabilities	(18.2)	(37.9)	-	_

¹ Tax losses are held by Charter Hall Opportunity Fund No. 5 (CHOF5), a wholly owned entity. CHOF5 does not form part of the Charter Hall tax consolidated group and therefore is not included in the net deferred tax liability balance on the balance sheet.

(a) Critical judgements

Critical judgements and accounting estimates are made in assessing the extent to which the utilisation of tax losses carried forward is considered probable and the corresponding deferred tax asset recognised.

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13 Trade and other liabilities

	Charter Hall	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Property Trust Group	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	
Current					
Trade and other liabilities	19.2	19.3	7.0	5.9	
Long service leave provision	2.3	2.2	_	_	
Dividend/Distribution payable	84.9	80.1	36.0	49.8	
Employee benefits liability	43.7	35.1	_	_	
	150.1	136.7	43.0	55.7	
Non-current					
Loan payable to Charter Hall Limited	-	_	20.6	_	
Long service leave provision	2.6	2.1	_	_	
Lease incentive liability	1.2	3.8	_	_	
	3.8	5.9	20.6	_	

Liabilities are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Group. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due or expected to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

14 Borrowings

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	Charter Hall (Charter Hall Group		roperty up		
	2020	2020 2019 2020	2020 2019 2020	2020 2019 2020	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m		
Current liabilities						
Loans – related parties	15.9	7.5	_	_		
Non-current liabilities						
Bonds	300.2	268.2	300.2	268.2		
Cash advance facilities (DCSF)	66.5	32.3	66.5	32.3		
Less: unamortised transaction costs	(2.5)	(3.0)	(2.5)	(3.0)		
	364.2	297.5	364.2	297.5		

For the year ended 30 June 2020

14 Borrowings continued

(a) Borrowings

Charter Hall Group

The Group's debt platform includes the following:

- An unsecured \$200.0 million credit facility plus an additional \$20.0 million unsecured facility to support the bank guarantees with maturity in May 2024. At 30 June 2020, drawn borrowings of \$nil (2019: \$nil) and bank guarantees of \$19.3 million (2019: \$14.3 million) had been utilised under these facilities, which under the terms of the agreements reduce the available facilities. No liability is recognised for bank guarantees.
- US\$175 million (A\$231.5 million at issue date) bonds issued through a US Private Placement which was fully funded in August 2018 and matures in August 2028.
 - The Group has entered into A\$/US\$ cross currency interest rate swap agreements that hedge the Group's exposure to foreign currency. The swap agreements entitle the Group to repay the bonds at A\$231.5 million in August 2028. At 30 June 2020, the carrying amount of the bonds at the prevailing spot rate was A\$300.2 million (2019: A\$268.2 million) including a fair value adjustment of A\$46.8 million (2019: A\$19.0 million). The carrying amount is offset by the fair value of the swap.
 - The swap agreements also entitle the Group to receive interest, at semi-annual intervals, at a fixed rate on a notional principal amount of US\$175.0 million and oblige it to pay, at quarterly intervals, at a floating rate on a notional principal amount of A\$231.5 million. The swap agreements mature in August 2028.
- The Group has entered into interest rate swap agreements which hedge the Group's exposure to interest rate fluctuations on a notional principal amount of A\$100.0 million. The swap agreements entitle the Group to receive floating interest and pay a fixed rate at quarterly intervals. The agreements mature in February 2024.

DCSF Facility

The fund has two revolving debt facilities of A\$80.0 million (2019: A\$50.5 million) and NZ\$7.0 million (2019: NZ\$7.0 million), secured against the fund's investment properties (see Note 10). The facilities have a maturity date of July 2024. At 30 June 2020, drawn borrowings of A\$61.0 million (2019: A\$26.6 million) and NZ\$6.0 million (2019: NZ\$6.0 million) had been utilised under these facilities respectively.

(b) Gearing

Gearing is a measure used to monitor levels of debt capital used by the business to fund its operations. This ratio is calculated as interest bearing debt drawn (excluding hedged foreign exchange movements subsequent to the related debt drawing date and DCSF) net of cash, divided by total assets net of cash, derivative assets and DCSF.

The gearing ratio of the Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group at 30 June 2020 was 0.0% (30 June 2019: 5.7%). Debt covenants are monitored regularly to ensure compliance and reported to the debt provider on a six-monthly basis. The Group Treasurer is responsible for negotiating new debt facilities and monitoring compliance with covenants.

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14 Borrowings continued

(c) Net debt reconciliation

This section sets out an analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt for each of the periods presented.

	Opening balance \$'m	Movement in derivates and foreign exchange \$'m	Movement in borrowing costs \$'m	Movement in cash \$'m	Closing balance \$'m
Charter Hall Group	Φ111	ФШ	ФШ	ΦΙΙΙ	ااان
2020					
Bank debt	300.5	_	_	66.2	366.7
Loans – related parties	7.5	_	_	8.4	15.9
Derivative financial instruments hedging debt	(34.2)	(31.6)	_	- 0.4	(65.8)
Borrowing costs	(3.0)	(31.0)	0.5	_	(2.5)
Cash	(113.9)	_	0.5	(125.0)	(238.9)
Oddi	156.9	(31.6)	0.5	(50.4)	75.4
2019	130.3	(31.0)	0.5	(30.4)	73.4
Bank debt	5.4	_	_	295.1	300.5
Loans - related parties	J. 4	_	_	7.5	7.5
Derivative financial instruments hedging debt	1.4	(35.6)	_	7.5	(34.2)
Borrowing costs	(1.8)	(55.0)	(1.2)	_	(3.0)
Fair value of USPP commitment	(2.2)	2.2	(1.2)	_	(3.0)
Cash	(94.9)	2.2	_	(19.0)	(113.9)
00311	(92.1)	(33.4)	(1.2)	283.6	156.9
Charter Hall Property Trust Group 2020	(02.1)	(00.4)	(1.2)	200.0	100.0
Bank debt	300.5	_	_	66.2	366.7
Derivative financial instruments hedging debt	(34.2)	(31.6)	_	_	(65.8)
Borrowing costs	(3.0)	_	0.5	_	(2.5)
Funding (paid) to/received from Charter Hall Limited	(42.1)	_	_	62.7	20.6
Cash	(50.0)	_	_	37.3	(12.7)
	171.2	(31.6)	0.5	166.2	306.3
2019		, ,			
Bank debt	5.4	_	_	295.1	300.5
Derivative financial instruments hedging debt	1.4	(35.6)	_	_	(34.2)
Borrowing costs	(1.8)	_	(1.2)	_	(3.0)
Funding received from/(paid) to Charter Hall Limited	17.7	_	_	(59.8)	(42.1)
Fair value of USPP commitment	(2.2)	2.2	_	·	` _
Cash	(32.8)	_	_	(17.2)	(50.0)
	(12.3)	(33.4)	(1.2)	218.1	171.2

For the year ended 30 June 2020

15 Derivative financial instruments

	Charter Hall	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Property Trust Group	
	2020	2020 2019		2019	
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	
Current assets					
Cross currency interest rate swaps	3.6	_	3.6	_	
	3.6	_	3.6	_	
Non-current assets					
Cross currency interest rate swaps	70.0	40.3	70.0	40.3	
	70.0	40.3	70.0	40.3	
Current liabilities					
Interest rate swaps	0.1	_	0.1	_	
·	0.1	_	0.1	_	
Non-current liabilities					
Interest rate swaps	7.7	6.1	7.7	6.1	
	7.7	6.1	7.7	6.1	

Key valuation assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of derivative financial instruments and the Group's valuation policy are disclosed in note 22(c).

16 Contributed equity

(a) Movements in ordinary stapled security capital

		Weighted		Charter Hall	
	Number of	average	Charter Hall	Property	
	securities	issue price	Limited	Trust	Total
Details			\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Opening balance at 1 July 2018	465,777,131		285.7	1,453.5	1,739.2
Buyback and issuance of securities for exercised performance and service rights ¹	_	\$2.25	(0.6)	(5.0)	(5.6)
Tax recognised directly in equity	_		1.6	` _	1.6
Closing balance at 30 June 2019	465,777,131		286.7	1,448.5	1,735.2
Closing balance per accounts at 30 June 2019	465,777,131		286.7	1,448.5	1,735.2
Buyback and issuance of securities for exercised					
performance and service rights ²	_	\$3.98	(1.6)	(11.7)	(13.3)
Tax recognised directly in equity	_		4.0	-	4.0
Closing balance at 30 June 2020	465,777,131		289.1	1,436.8	1,725.9
Closing balance per accounts at 30 June 2020	465,777,131		289.1	1,436.8	1,725.9

^{1 1,121,489} stapled securities bought on-market at an average value of \$7.20, offset by the exercise of 857,738 performance rights with a fair value of \$1.41 and 263,751 service rights with an average value of \$4.97.

(b) Ordinary stapled securities

Ordinary stapled securities are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new stapled securities or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Ordinary stapled securities entitle the holder to participate in Distributions/Dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the Company/Trust in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the stapled securities held.

On a show of hands, every holder of ordinary stapled securities present at a meeting in person or by proxy is entitled to one vote and upon a poll, each holder is entitled to one vote per security that they hold.

(c) Distribution Re-investment Plan

The Group has established a Distribution Re-investment Plan (DRP) under which holders of ordinary stapled securities may elect to have all or part of their distribution satisfied by the issue of new ordinary stapled securities rather than by being paid in cash. The DRP was suspended for the distribution paid on 25 August 2016 and subsequent distributions.

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17 Reserves

	Charter Hall (Charter Hall Group		operty
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Business combination reserve	(52.0)	(52.0)	_	_
Security-based benefits reserve	16.2	11.2	_	_
Cash flow hedge reserve	4.8	2.5	4.8	2.5
Foreign currency basis reserve	(1.0)	(0.2)	(1.0)	(0.2)
Transactions with non-controlling interests	0.3	8.0	0.3	8.0
Other reserves	1.2	6.1	(1.3)	0.1
	(30.5)	(31.6)	2.8	3.2
Charter Hall Limited	(33.3)	(34.8)	-	_
Charter Hall Property Trust	2.8	3.2	2.8	3.2
	(30.5)	(31.6)	2.8	3.2

(a) Business combination reserve

This reserve relates to the reverse acquisition at the initial public offering (IPO) in 2005. This is the amount that relates to the investment in CHH that is not eliminated by paid-in capital. No goodwill is recognised as this transaction is the result of a reverse acquisition.

(b) Security-based benefits reserve

The security based benefits reserve is used to recognise the fair value of rights and options issued under the PROP.

18 Non-controlling interests

During the year, the Group reduced its holding in the Charter Hall Direct Diversified Consumer Staples Fund from 41.9% to 39.6% (2019: from 61.3% to 41.9%), increasing the non-controlling interest from 58.1% to 60.4%. The net proceeds on redemption were \$2.0 million (2019: \$20.0 million), received in cash.

The difference between the redemption proceeds and amount transferred to non-controlling interests of \$0.5 million (2019: \$0.5 million) has been recognised directly in equity.

		Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Property Trust Group	
	Charter Hall			up	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Summarised balance sheet	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	
Current assets	3.0	2.2	3.0	2.2	
Current liabilities	1.0	0.8	1.0	8.0	
Current net assets	2.0	1.4	2.0	1.4	
Non-current assets	173.8	118.6	173.8	118.6	
Non-current liabilities	67.3	33.5	67.3	33.5	
Non-current net assets	106.5	85.1	106.5	85.1	
Net assets	108.5	86.5	108.5	86.5	
Accumulated non-controlling interest	65.5	50.3	65.5	50.3	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Summarised statement of comprehensive income	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	
Revenue	10.9	8.7	10.9	8.7	
Profit for the period	3.2	2.6	3.2	2.6	
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	(0.1)	0.2	(0.1)	0.2	
Total comprehensive income	3.1	2.8	3.1	2.8	
Comprehensive income allocated to non-controlling	2.2	1.6	2.2	1.6	

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^{2 1,641,582} stapled securities bought on-market at an average value of \$12.11, offset by the exercise of 797,578 performance rights with a fair value of \$1.41 and 844,004 service rights with an average value of \$6.40.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

19 Remuneration of auditors

During the year, the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditors of the Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group, their related practices and non-related audit firms:

			Charter Hall Property		
	Charter Hal	Charter Hall Group		Trust Group	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
(a) Audit services					
PricewaterhouseCoopers – Australian Firm					
Audit and review of financial reports	585,126	367,497	8,529	6,961	
Audit and review of financial reports for DCSF	30,259	38,723	30,259	38,723	
Other assurance services	7,721	103,617	-	_	
Other assurance services for DCSF	_	1,882	-	1,882	
Total remuneration for audit services	623,106	511,719	38,788	47,566	
(b) Taxation services					
PricewaterhouseCoopers – Australian Firm					
Taxation services	98,800	135,370	9,100	34,520	
PricewaterhouseCoopers – New Zealand Firm					
Taxation services for DCSF	5,944	13,164	5,944	13,164	
PricewaterhouseCoopers – United States Firm					
Taxation services	_	78,846	_	_	
Total remuneration for taxation services	104,744	227,380	15,044	47,684	
(c) Advisory services					
PricewaterhouseCoopers – Australian Firm					
Accounting advice	60,000	36,990	-	_	
Total remuneration for advisory services	60,000	36,990	-	_	

20 Reconciliation of profit after tax to net cash inflow from operating activities

			Charter Hall Property	
	Charter Hall (Group	Trust Gro	up
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Profit after tax for the year	348.1	236.8	146.7	145.8
Non-cash items:				
Amortisation of intangibles	6.9	4.1	_	_
Impairment of associates	13.6	_	13.6	_
Depreciation and amortisation	11.9	5.7	1.3	1.0
Non-cash security-based benefits expense	9.9	6.9	-	-
Net gain on sale of investments, property and derivatives	(15.5)	(2.7)	(15.5)	(3.7)
Fair value adjustments	8.5	(0.2)	8.5	(0.2)
Unrealised net loss on derivative financial instruments	2.8	7.6	2.8	7.6
Foreign exchange movements	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
Change in assets and liabilities, net of effects from purchase of controlled entity:				
(Increase)/decrease in trade debtors and other receivables	48.4	(61.9)	(6.4)	(12.3)
Increase/(decrease) in trade creditors and accruals	13.9	44.0	(0.6)	11.0
Increase in development assets	(11.8)	(13.7)	_	_
Share of net profits from equity accounted investments in associates				
and joint ventures	(51.4)	(36.2)	(46.0)	(40.8)
(Increase)/decrease for net deferred income tax	17.0	(4.2)	-	_
Net cash inflow from operating activities	402.6	186.4	104.7	108.6

Distributions and interest income received on investments has been classified as cash flow from operating activities.

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21 Capital and financial risk management

(a) Capital risk management

The key capital risk management objective of the Group and CHPT is to optimise returns through the mix of available capital sources whilst complying with statutory and constitutional capital requirements and complying with the covenant requirements of the finance facility. The capital management approach is regularly reviewed by management and the Board as part of the overall strategy. The capital mix can be altered by issuing new units, electing to have the DRP underwritten, adjusting the amount of distributions paid, activating a stapled security buyback program or selling assets.

(b) Financial risk management

Both the Group and CHPT activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (price risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management framework focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. From time to time, the Group uses derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps and option contracts to hedge certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out by the Group Treasurer, the Chief Financial Officer and the Managing Director and Group CEO in consultation with senior management, the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee and the Board of Directors. The Group Treasurer identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Chief Financial Officer. The Board provides guidance for overall risk management, as well as covering specific areas, such as mitigating price, interest rate and credit risks, the use of derivative financial instruments and investing excess liquidity.

(i) Market risk

Unlisted unit price risk

The Group is exposed to unlisted unit price risk. This arises from investments in unlisted property funds managed by the Group. These funds invest in direct property. Charter Hall manages all the funds that the Group invests in and its executives have a sound understanding of the underlying property values and trends that give rise to price risk. The carrying value of investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss is measured with reference to the funds' unit prices which are determined in accordance with the funds' respective constitutions. The key determinant of the unit price is the underlying property values which are approved by the respective fund board or investment committee and the Executive Property Valuation Committee.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

21 Capital and financial risk management continued

The following table illustrates the potential impact a change in unlisted unit prices by +/–10% would have on the Group and CHPT's profit and equity. The movement in the price variable has been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of price movement, historical correlation of the Group's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the price may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors. As a result, historic price variations are not a definitive indicator of future price variations.

		10%
		Impact on
	Carrying	Profit
	amount	and Equity
	\$'m	\$'m
Charter Hall Group		
2020		
Assets – Charter Hall Group		
Investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss	25.9	2.6
Investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	101.2	10.1
2019		
Assets – Charter Hall Group		
Investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss	26.0	2.6
Investments in joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss	47.6	4.8
Charter Hall Property Trust Group		
2020		
Assets – Charter Hall Property Trust Group		
Investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss	25.9	2.6
Investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	101.2	10.1
2019		
Assets – Charter Hall Property Trust Group		
Investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss	26.0	2.6
Investments in joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss	47.6	4.8

The impact on equity is the same as the impact on profit. The impact of a -10% change is the reverse of the impact shown for a +10% change.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group has long-term interest-bearing assets from unsecured loans receivable to development partners of \$14.3 million. This exposure is not considered to be material to the Group.

CHPT and Charter Hall Limited are part of an unsecured stapled loan arrangement maturing on 30 June 2023 with interest charged on an arm's length basis. Refer to Note 23(e) for further details.

The Group's and CHPT's external interest rate risk arises from the debt facilities disclosed in Note 14. Borrowings drawn at variable rates expose both the Group and CHPT to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings drawn at fixed rates expose both the Group and CHPT to fair value interest rate risk. The Group's and CHPT's policy is to mitigate interest rate risk by ensuring that interest rates on core borrowings for the anticipated debt term match the use of those funds. Core borrowings are defined as being the level of borrowings that are expected to be held for a period of more than two years.

(ii) Interest rate risk exposure

The Group's and CHPT's external interest rate risk arises from the debt facilities disclosed in Note 14 bearing a variable interest rate.

In addition, CHPT's exposure arises from an unsecured stapled loan maturing on 30 June 2023 payable to Charter Hall Limited bearing a variable interest rate.

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21 Capital and financial risk management continued

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The following tables illustrate the potential impact a change in interest rates of +/-1% would have on the Group and CHPT's profit and equity, resulting from changes in Australian interest rates applicable at 30 June 2020, with all other variables remaining constant.

				1%
	Effective		Impact or	
	Effective		Carrying	Prof
	interest rate	Fair value	amount	and Equity
		\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Charter Hall Group				
2020				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	1.0%	238.9	238.9	2.4
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	3.0%	366.7	366.7	
Total increase/(decrease)				2.4
2019				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	1.8%	113.9	113.9	1.1
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	3.9%	300.5	300.5	1.8
Total increase/(decrease)				2.9
Charter Hall Property Trust Group				
2020				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	1.0%	12.7	12.7	0.1
Financial liabilities				
Loan payable to Charter Hall Ltd	6.6%	20.6	20.6	0.2
Borrowings	3.0%	366.7	366.7	_
Total increase/(decrease)				0.1
2019				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	1.8%	50.0	50.0	0.5
Loan receivable from Charter Hall Ltd	7.7%	42.1	42.1	0.4
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings	4.7%	300.5	300.5	1.8
Total increase/(decrease)				2.7

The impact on equity is the same as the impact on profit. The impact of a -1% change is the reverse of the impact shown for a +1% change.

The fair value of interest-bearing liabilities is inclusive of costs which would be incurred on settlement of a liability, and is based upon market prices, where a market exists, or by discounting the expected future cash flows by the current interest rates for liabilities with similar risk profiles.

The effect of changes in interest rates on the Group's and CHPT's profit and equity shown in the table above is mainly impacted by a change in interest payable on floating rate interest, offset by changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments hedging this exposure.

(iii) Foreign exchange risk

The Group and CHPT's principal exposure to foreign exchange risk arises from its investments in foreign subsidiaries and exposure to bond issuances denominated in US dollars. The major asset held by foreign subsidiaries is cash in foreign denominated bank accounts. Cross currency swaps are used to convert US dollar borrowings into Australian dollar exposure.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

21 Capital and financial risk management continued

(iv) Hedge accounting of derivatives

Where all relevant criteria are met, hedge accounting is applied to remove the accounting mismatch between the hedging instrument and the hedged item. See Note 15 for derivatives held by the Group.

The Group's accounting policy for its fair value and cash flow hedges is set out in Note 32(I).

Hedge effectiveness is determined at the inception of the hedge relationship, and through periodic prospective effectiveness assessments to ensure that an economic relationship exists between the hedged item and hedging instrument.

The Group hedges 100% of its foreign denominated debt. The Group enters into cross currency interest rate swaps that have similar critical terms as the hedged item, such as payment dates, maturities and notional amount. The Group uses the hypothetical derivative method to assess effectiveness. Hedge ineffectiveness may occur due to credit/debit value adjustments and differences in critical terms between the hedging instrument and the hedged item.

Hedging instruments used by the Group

Cross currency interest rate swaps currently in place cover 100% (2019: 100%) of the foreign denominated debt outstanding. The payable variable AUD interest rates of the swaps are 2.0% (2019: 2.0%) above the 90-day bank bill swap rate which at the end of the reporting period was 0.2% (2019: 1.2%) and the receivable USD fixed rates of the loans are 4.6% (2019: 4.6%).

Interest rate swaps currently in place cover 43.2% (2019: 43.2%) of debt outstanding (including debt hedged into AUD). The payable fixed AUD interest rate of the swaps currently in place are 2.1% (2019: 2.1%) and the receivable is the 90-day bank bill swap rate.

See Note 14(a) for further details of swaps held by the Group.

Effects of hedge accounting on the financial position and performance

The effects of the cross currency interest rate swaps on the Group's financial position and performance are as follows:

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Ha Trust	II Property Group
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Cross currency interest rate swaps				
Carrying amount	73.6	40.3	73.6	40.3
Notional amount	231.5	231.5	231.5	231.5
Maturity date	August-2028	August-2028	August-2028	August-2028
Hedge ratio ¹	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1
Change in fair value of outstanding hedging instruments since 1 July	33.3	41.7	33.3	41.7
Change in value of hedged item used to determine hedge				
effectiveness	(32.0)	(38.8)	(32.0)	(38.8)

¹ The underlying rate on interest rate swaps is the same as the rate exposure on the debt, therefore the hedge ratio is 1:1

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

21 Capital and financial risk management continued

(c) Credit risk

The Group and CHPT have policies in place to ensure that sales of services are made to customers with appropriate credit histories to minimise risk of default. A default is when the counterparty fails to fulfil its obligations under the terms of the financial asset causing financial loss to the Group and CHPT.

The Group derives 63.7% of its income from management fees, transaction and other fees from related parties. A further 24.8% of the Group's income is derived from equity accounted investments in property funds and distributions from investments in property funds held at fair value through the profit and loss. Development revenue comprises 9.6% of the Group's revenue, with the balance relating to interest income and gross rental income.

CHPT derives 78.1% of its income from equity accounted investments in property funds and distributions from investments in property funds held at fair value through profit and loss.

Where appropriate, tenants in the underlying property funds for the Group and CHPT are assessed for creditworthiness, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Refer to Note 9(c) for more information on credit risk.

Derivative counterparties and cash transactions are limited to high credit quality financial institutions. The Group and CHPT have policies that limit the amount of credit exposure to any one financial institution.

The Group and CHPT applies the AASB 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which involves a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade and other financial assets. The Group considers its financial asset balances to be low risk and thus the methodology has not resulted in the recognition of an impairment of any financial assets.

The loss allowances for trade and other financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions, based on the Group's history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(d) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Group and CHPT aim at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The following table provides the contractual maturity of the Group's and CHPT's financial liabilities. The amounts presented represent the future contractual undiscounted principal and interest cash flows and therefore do not equate to the value shown in the balance sheet. Repayments which are subject to notice are treated as if notice were given immediately.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

21 Capital and financial risk management continued

	Between						
	Carrying	Less than	one and	Over	Total cash		
	amount	one year	five years	five years	flows		
	amount \$'m 153.9 382.6 7.8 544.3 142.6 308.0 6.1 456.7 63.6 366.7	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m		
Charter Hall Group							
2020							
Trade and other payables	153.9	150.1	0.1	3.7	153.9		
Borrowings	382.6	15.9	66.5	300.2	382.6		
Derivative financial instruments							
Net contractual amounts payable/(receivable)	7.8	2.3	5.7	_	8.0		
Total financial liabilities	544.3	168.3	72.3	303.9	544.5		
2019							
Trade and other payables	142.6	136.7	2.1	3.8	142.6		
Borrowings	308.0	7.5	32.3	268.2	308.0		
Derivative financial instruments							
Net contractual amounts payable/(receivable)	6.1	2.2	8.2	_	10.4		
Total financial liabilities	456.7	146.4	42.6	272.0	461.0		
Charter Hall Property Trust Group							
2020							
Trade and other payables	63.6	43.0	-	_	43.0		
Borrowings	366.7	_	66.5	300.2	366.7		
Derivative financial instruments							
Net contractual amounts payable/(receivable)	7.8	2.3	5.7	_	8.0		
Total financial liabilities	438.1	45.3	72.2	300.2	417.7		
2019							
Trade and other payables	55.7	55.7	_	_	55.7		
Borrowings	300.5	_	32.3	268.2	300.5		
Derivative financial instruments							
Net contractual amounts payable/(receivable)	6.1	2.2	8.2	_	10.4		
Total financial liabilities	362.3	57.9	40.5	268.2	366.6		

Offsetting financial assets and liabilities

The Group is a party to the master agreement as published by International Swaps and Derivative Associates, Inc. (ISDA) which allows the Group's counterparties, under certain conditions (i.e. event of default), to set off the position owing/receivable under a derivative contract to a net position outstanding. As at 30 June 2020, there was a gross liability position of \$nil (2019: \$nil) with no amounts subject to offset.

As the Group does not have a legally enforceable right to set off, none of the financial assets or financial liabilities are offset on the balance sheet of the Group.

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For the year ended 30 June 2020

22 Fair value measurement

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account the Group's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is determined using quoted market prices at the balance date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

(a) Recognised fair value measurement

The Charter Hall Group and the Charter Hall Property Trust Group measure and recognise the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Investments in associates at fair value through profit and loss (Note 2)
- Investments in joint ventures at fair value through profit and loss (Note 3)
- Investment properties (Note 10)
- Derivatives (Note 15)

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- (i) Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (ii) Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- (iii) Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

For the year ended 30 June 2020

22 Fair value measurement continued

The following table presents the Charter Hall Group's and Charter Hall Property Trust Group's assets and liabilities measured and recognised at fair value:

	Level 1 Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m - 25.9 173.8 - 199.7 26.0 118.5 - 144.5 25.9 173.8 - 199.7 26.0 118.5 - 144.5 - 144.5	\$'m
Charter Hall Group				
2020				
Investments in financial assets at fair value through profit				
and loss	101.2	-	_	101.2
Investments in associates at fair value through profit and				
loss	-	-	25.9	25.9
Investment properties	_	-	173.8	173.8
Derivative financial instruments	_	73.6	_	73.6
Total assets	101.2	73.6	199.7	374.5
Derivative financial instruments	_	(7.8)	_	(7.8)
Total liabilities	_	(7.8)	_	(7.8)
2019		(- /		(- 7
Investments in joint ventures at fair value through profit and				
loss	47.6	_	_	47.6
Investments in associates at fair value through profit and				
loss	_	_	26.0	26.0
Investment properties	_	_	118.5	118.5
Derivative financial instruments	_	40.3	_	40.3
Total assets	47.6	40.3	144.5	232.4
Derivative financial instruments		(6.1)		(6.1)
Total liabilities	_	(6.1)		(6.1)
Charter Hall Property Trust Group		(0.1)		(0.1)
2020				
Investments in financial assets at fair value through profit				
and loss	101.2	_	_	101.2
Investments in associates at fair value through profit and				
loss	_	_	25.9	25.9
Investment properties	_	_	173.8	173.8
Derivative financial instruments	_	73.6	_	73.6
Total assets	101.2	73.6	199.7	374.5
Derivative financial instruments	_	(7.8)		(7.8)
Total liabilities	_	(7.8)		(7.8)
2019		(1.0)		(1.0)
Investments in joint ventures at fair value through profit and				
loss	47.6	_	_	47.6
Investments in associates at fair value through profit and				
loss	_	_	26.0	26.0
Investment properties	_	_	118.5	118.5
Derivative financial instruments	_	40.3		40.3
Total assets	47.6	40.3	144.5	232.4
Derivative financial instruments	-	(6.1)	-	(6.1)
Total liabilities	_	(6.1)	_	(6.1)
		(0.1)		(0.1)

There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period.

(b) Disclosed fair values

The carrying amounts of current trade receivables and payables approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group for similar financial instruments. The fair value of current borrowings approximates the carrying amount, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

(c) Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 fair values

Derivatives

Derivatives are classified as Level 2 on the fair value hierarchy as the inputs used to determine fair value are observable market data but not quoted prices.

The fair value of cross currency interest rate swaps is determined using forward foreign exchange market rates and the present value of the estimated future cash flows at the balance date.

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For the year ended 30 June 2020

22 Fair value measurement continued

The fair value of interest rate swaps is determined using forward interest rates and the present value of the estimated future cash flows at the balance date.

Credit value adjustments are calculated based on the counterparty's credit risk using the counterparty's credit default swap curve as a benchmark. Debit value adjustments are calculated based on the Group's credit risk using debt financing available to the Group as a benchmark.

(d) Valuation techniques used to derive Level 3 fair values

Investments in associates

Certain unlisted property securities have been designated on initial recognition to be treated at fair value through profit or loss. Movements in fair value during the period have been recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. These assets have been acquired with the intention of being long-term investments. Where the assets in this category are expected to be sold within 12 months, they are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current.

The fair value of investments in associates held at fair value through profit and loss, which are investments in unlisted securities, are determined giving consideration to the unit prices and net assets of the underlying funds. The unit prices and net asset values are largely driven by the fair values of investment properties and derivatives held by the funds. Recent arm's length transactions, if any, are also taken into consideration.

The fair value of investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss is impacted by the price per security of the investment. An increase to the price per security results in an increase to the fair value of the investment.

Investment property

The fair value measurement of investment property takes into account the Group's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use.

The use of independent external valuers is on a rotational basis at least once every 12 months, or earlier, where the Responsible Entity deems it appropriate or believes there may be a material change in the carrying value of the property. The Responsible Entity has considered the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic with regards to the timing of obtaining independent external valuations and as a result 100% of Investment Property was externally revalued as at 30 June 2020 (90% on a look-through basis).

With the potential and uncertain economic impacts of COVID-19, future property valuations could be adversely impacted.

Where an independent valuation is not obtained, the fair value is determined using Discounted Cash Flow and income capitalisation methods.

The table below identifies the inputs, which are not based on observable market data, used to measure the fair value (Level 3) of the investment properties:

Adopted

discount

rate

113

Adopted

terminal

yield

Adopted

rate

capitalisation

Fair value

	\$`m	(% p.a.)	(% p.a.)	(% p.a.)
2020	173.8	5.2-7.3	5.3-8.8	6.0-8.0
2019	118.5	5.3-7.3	5.3-9.5	6.8-8.5
Term	Definition			
Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) method	A method in which a discount rate is applied to future expected inco	me streams to e	estimate the pre	esent value.
Income capitalisation method	A valuation approach that provides an indication of value by convert capital value.	ing future cash	flows to a single	e current
Gross market rent	The estimated amount for which an interest in real property should be valuation date between a willing lessor and a willing lessee on appropriate appropriate proper marketing and where the parties had each without compulsion.	opriate lease ter	ms in an arm's	length
Capitalisation rate	The return represented by the income produced by an investment, e	expressed as a p	percentage.	
Terminal yield	A percentage return applied to the expected net income following a flow period.	hypothetical sal	e at the end of	the cash
Discount rate	A rate of return used to convert a future monetary sum or cash flow	into present valu	ue.	

Movements in the inputs are likely to have an impact on the fair value of investment properties. An increase in gross market rent will likely lead to an increase in fair value. A decrease in adopted capitalisation rate, adopted terminal yield or adopted discount rate will likely lead to an increase in fair value.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

23 Related parties

(a) Parent entity

The parent entity of the Charter Hall Group is Charter Hall Limited. The parent entity of the Charter Hall Property Trust Group is the Charter Hall Property Trust.

(b) Controlled entities

Interests in controlled entities are set out in Note 24.

(c) Key management personnel

Below are the aggregate amounts paid or payable to key management personnel (including Non-Executive Directors):

	Charter Hall (Charter Hall Group		operty
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Salary and fees	3,008	3,051	-	_
Non-Executive Director remuneration	1,372	1,270	_	_
Short-term incentives	4,290	3,828	_	_
Superannuation	63	62	_	_
Value of securities vested	2,012	1,654	_	_
Non-monetary benefits	5	5	_	_
	10,750	9,870	-	_

Detailed remuneration disclosures are provided in the Remuneration Report on pages 51 to 70.

(d) Transactions with related parties

The following income was earned from related parties during the year:

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Prop Trust Group	-
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Associates	7 000	Ψοσο	V 000	Ψ σ σ σ σ
Accounting cost recoveries	10,261	8,527	_	_
Marketing cost recoveries	2,556	2,192	_	_
Transaction and performance fees	162,487	76,922	_	_
Management and development fees	134,748	102,263	_	_
Property management fees and cost recoveries	64,497	60,956	_	_
Joint ventures				
Accounting cost recoveries	586	495	_	_
Marketing cost recoveries	176	123	_	_
Transaction and performance fees	2,402	4,341	_	_
Management and development fees	16,496	11,167	_	_
Property management fees and cost recoveries	6,670	5,950	_	_
Development revenue	68,922	53,536	_	_
Other				
Accounting cost recoveries	2,281	2,006	_	_
Marketing cost recoveries	109	115	_	_
Transaction and performance fees	40,179	15,187	_	_
Management and development fees	18,838	16,205	_	_
Property management fees and cost recoveries	4,665	2,646	_	_
Investment-related revenue	-	_	11,383	9,695
	535,873	362,631	11,383	9,695

During the year the Group sold holdings in related party entities to other related parties as follows:

- Sale of Charter Hall Co-investment Trust 5 which holds 15% in 242 Exhibition Street Holding Trust to Charter Hall Direct Industrial Fund (\$64.3m);
- Sale of 17.5% holding in Dartmoor Wholesale Fund to Charter Hall Retail REIT (\$76.6m);
- Sale of 2.05% holding in Core Logistics Partnership to Charter Hall Direct Industrial Fund No.4 (\$25m);
- Sale of 0.28% holding in Core Logistics Partnership to CH Wholesale Property Series No.1 (\$3.4m);
- Sale of 20% holding in Retail Partnership No.6 to Charter Hall Retail REIT (\$36.3m).

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For the year ended 30 June 2020

23 Related parties continued

The following balances arising through the normal course of business were due from related parties at balance date:

			Charter Hall Property Trust Group	
	Charter Hall	Charter Hall Group		ap dr
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Associates				
Management fee receivables	13,453	10,582	_	_
Other receivables	7,221	64,417	_	_
Joint ventures				
Management fee receivables	2,408	491	_	_
Other receivables	1,158	3,156	_	_
Other				
Management fee receivables	2,358	1,579	_	_
Other receivables	1,778	3,387	_	_
	28,376	83.612		_

(e) Loans to/(from) related parties

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall F	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Loans to joint ventures	·	·		
Opening balances	47,563	25,800	38,919	16,300
Loan balances from acquisition of Folkestone	· _	8,954	, <u> </u>	, _
Loans advanced	140	39,203	_	38,900
Loan repayments received	(43,508)	(26,550)	(38,900)	(16,300)
Interest charged	812		812	
Interest received/receivable	(610)	156	(831)	19
Closing balance	4,397	47,563	-	38,919
Loans from joint ventures				
Opening balances	3,647	_	_	_
Loans advanced	_	3,647	_	_
Loan repayments made	(3,647)	_	_	_
Closing balance	_	3,647	-	_
Loans to other related parties				
Opening balances	13,973	_	_	_
Loan balances from acquisition of Folkestone	_	21,010	_	_
Loans advanced	5,133	321	_	_
Loan repayments received	(6,971)	(8,339)	_	_
Interest received/receivable	1,033	981	_	_
Closing balance	13,168	13,973	-	-
Loans from other related parties				
Opening balances	3,852	_	_	_
Loans advanced	12,096	3,852	_	_
Closing balance	15,948	3,852	-	-
Loans to/(from) Charter Hall Limited				
Opening balances	_	_	43,161	(17,686)
Loans advanced	_	_	379,618	457,963
Loan repayments received	_	_	(446,340)	(411,488)
Interest received/receivable	-	_	2,980	14,372
Closing balance	_	_	(20,581)	43,161

No provisions for expected credit losses have been raised in relation to any outstanding balances.

The loan to/(from) CHL comprises an unsecured stapled loan maturing on 30 June 2023. Interest is charged on an arm's length basis which, at 30 June 2020, amounted to a weighted average rate of 6.6% (2019: 7.7%).

(f) Fees paid to the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity of the Charter Hall Property Trust, and its associates, by the Charter Hall Property Trust Group amounted to \$3,146,000 (2019: \$2,723,000). At 30 June 2020, related fees payable amounted to \$480,000 (2019: \$1,081,000).

For the year ended 30 June 2020

24 Controlled entities

(a) Critical judgements

The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Critical judgements are made in assessing whether an investee entity is controlled or subject to significant influence or joint control. These judgements include an assessment of the nature, extent and financial effects of the Group's interest in investee entities, including the nature and effects of its contractual relationship with the entity or with other investors.

(b) Principal controlled entities of the Charter Hall Group

The Group's principal subsidiaries where the majority of activities are undertaken as at 30 June 2020 are set out below. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business, unless otherwise stated.

	Country of		Class of	2020	2019
Name of entity	incorporation	Principal activity	securities	%	%
Controlled entities of Charter Hall Limited					
Charter Hall Holdings Pty Limited	Australia	Property management	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Opportunity Fund No. 5	Australia	Property development	Ordinary	93	93
Folkestone Limited	Australia	Property management	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Social Infrastructure Limited	Australia	Responsible entity	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Direct Property Management Limited	Australia	Responsible entity	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Funds Management Limited	Australia	Responsible entity	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Investment Management Limited	Australia	Responsible entity	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Retail Management Limited	Australia	Responsible entity	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall WALE Limited	Australia	Responsible entity	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Wholesale Management Limited	Australia	Responsible entity	Ordinary	100	100
Controlled entities of Charter Hall Property Trust					
Charter Hall Co-Investment Trust	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Co-Investment Trust 2	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Co-Investment Trust 3	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Co-Investment Trust 4	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	100	_
Charter Hall Direct Diversified Consumer Staples Fund	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	40	42
CHPT RP2 Trust	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	100	100

(c) Principal controlled entities of the Charter Hall Property Trust Group

(c) Fillicipal controlled entitles of the Charlet Hall F	roperty Trust Gi	oup			
	Country of		Class of	2020	2019
Name of entity	incorporation	Principal activity	securities	%	%
Controlled entities of Charter Hall Property Trust					
Charter Hall Co-Investment Trust	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Co-Investment Trust 2	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Co-Investment Trust 3	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	100	100
Charter Hall Co-Investment Trust 4	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	100	_
Charter Hall Direct Diversified Consumer Staples Fund	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	40	42
CHPT RP2 Trust	Australia	Property investment	Ordinary	100	100

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25 Interests in unconsolidated structured entities

The Charter Hall Group considers its investments in associates and joint ventures to be unconsolidated structured entities, on the basis that the Group's voting rights are not the sole factor in determining whether control over an entity exists. Where the Group determines that control over an entity does not exist, the entity is recognised as an associate or joint venture of the Group for reporting purposes.

The activities and objectives of the unconsolidated structured entities of the Group include property investment for annuity income and medium to long-term capital growth and/or development profit.

The aggregate of all the Group's interests and maximum exposure to loss in unconsolidated structured entities, being the Group's interests in associates and joint ventures, are included in the table below:

	Charter Hall Group		Charter Hall Trust Gr	
	2020 2019		2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Current assets				
Trade receivables	11.0	7.4	0.5	0.2
Distributions receivable	30.2	31.8	28.8	30.8
Loans to associates and joint ventures	2.4	38.9	_	_
Total current assets	43.6	78.1	29.3	31.0
Non-current assets				
Loans to related parties	14.3	22.6	_	_
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	127.1	73.6	127.1	73.6
Investments accounted for using the equity method	1,875.4	1,754.3	1,794.8	1,681.3
Total non-current assets	2,016.8	1,850.5	1,921.9	1,754.9
Total carrying amount of interests in unconsolidated structured				
entities	2,060.4	1,928.6	1,951.2	1,785.9
Total funds under management in unconsolidated structured				
entities	40,537.0	30,425.6	39,900.8	29,808.0

There are no additional arrangements that would expose the Charter Hall Group or Charter Hall Property Trust Group to losses beyond the carrying amounts.

During the year, the Charter Hall Group earned fees from structured entities in its capacity as investment manager. Refer to Note 23 for further information.

No financial support has been provided to the funds beyond the loans disclosed in the above table.

26 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Charter Hall Group

The Group has capital expenditure and a funding guarantee contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities of \$42.4 million at 30 June 2020 (2019: \$44.0 million) relating to a development joint venture.

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Charter Hall Property Trust Group

The Trust Group had no contracted capital commitments as at 30 June 2020 (2019: \$nil).

27 Contingent liabilities

The Group has nil contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2020 (2019: \$20.0 million).

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28 Security-based benefits expense

(a) Charter Hall – Performance Rights and Options Plan (PROP)

(a) Charter Hall — Lefformance Rights and Options I					
Charter Hall Group and	2017	2018	2019	2020	Total
Charter Hall Property Trust Group	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Performance rights					
Rights issued 25/11/16	998,453	_	_	_	998,453
Rights issued 23/11/17	_	871,739	_	_	871,739
Rights issued 28/11/18	_	_	1,015,843	_	1,015,843
Rights issued 28/11/19	_	_	_	713,588	713,588
Performance rights issued	998,453	871,739	1,015,843	713,588	3,599,623
Number of rights forfeited/lapsed					
Prior years	(200,875)	(46,808)	_	-	(247,683)
Current year	_	(3,091)	(36,497)	(15,263)	(54,851)
Number of rights vested					
Current year	(797,578)	_	_	_	(797,578)
Closing balance	-	821,840	979,346	698,325	2,499,511
Service rights					
Rights issued 23/11/17	_	353,091	_	-	353,091
Rights issued 28/11/18	_	_	1,748,977	-	1,748,977
Rights issued 28/11/19	_	_	-	438,912	438,912
Service rights issued	_	353,091	1,748,977	438,912	2,540,980
Number of rights forfeited/lapsed					
Prior years	_	(129,313)	_	-	(129,313)
Current year	_	(5,964)	(96,899)	-	(102,863)
Number of rights vested					
Prior years	_	_	_	_	_
Current year		(186,325)	(657,679)		(844,004)
Closing balance		31,489	994,399	438,912	1,464,800

(b) PROP expense

Directors' report and financial report

Total expenses related to the PROP recognised during the year as part of employee benefit expense were as follows:

	Charter Hall (Group	Charter Hall Property Trust Group		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	
	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	
Performance rights and option plan	9.7	6.8	_	_	

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

28 Security-based benefits expense continued

(c) Option inputs

The Black-Scholes or Monte Carlo method, as applicable, is utilised for valuation and accounting purposes. The model inputs to assess the fair value of the PROP rights granted during FY2020 are as follows:

		CHC	CHC	CQR
	CHC	Service	Extra	Service
	Performance	rights –	Service	rights –
	rights	Deferred STI	rights	Deferred STI
Grant date	11/25/2019	11/25/2019	11/25/2019	11/25/2019
Stapled security price at grant date ¹	\$10.69	\$10.69	\$10.69	\$4.42
Fair value of right	\$7.05	\$10.27	\$9.50	\$4.07
Expected volatility ²	19.5%	21.6%	19.9%	15.7%
Dividend yield	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%	6.5%
Risk-free interest rate	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%

¹ The grant date reflects the date the rights were allocated. Participants are eligible and performance period commences from 1 July of the relevant financial year for performance rights.

(d) Charter Hall General Employee Security Plan (GESP)

During the year, eligible employees received up to \$1,000 (2019: \$1,000) in stapled securities which vested immediately on issue but are held in trust until the earlier of the completion of three years' service or termination. An expense of \$468,139 (2019: \$406,000) was recognised in relation to this plan during the year. For the GESP, the cost of the stapled securities bought on-market to settle the award liability is included in employee benefits expense.

(e) Accounting policy

Security-based benefits

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Security-based compensation benefits are provided to employees via the Charter Hall Performance Rights and Options Plan (PROP) and the General Employee Security Plan (GESP). For market-based performance rights, the fair value at grant date is independently valued using a Monte Carlo simulation pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the rights, impact of dilution, stapled security price at grant date, expected price volatility of the underlying stapled security, expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the rights and market vesting conditions but excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions (for example, profitability and sales growth targets). Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of rights that are expected to vest. For non-market based performance rights, the fair value at grant date is independently valued using the Black-Scholes methodology. At each reporting date, the entity revises its estimate of the number of rights that are expected to vest. The employee benefits expense recognised each year takes into account the most recent estimate.

Upon the vesting of stapled securities, the balance of the stapled security-based benefits reserve relating to those stapled securities is transferred to equity, net of any directly attributable transaction costs.

² Expected volatility takes into account historical market price volatility.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

29 Parent entity financial information

(a) Summary financial information

The individual financial statements for the parent entity of the Charter Hall Group, being Charter Hall Limited, and the parent entity of the Charter Hall Property Trust, have been prepared on the same basis as the Group's financial statements:

	Charter Hall	Charter Hall Limited		Hall Frust
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Balance sheet	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m	\$'m
Current assets	169.6	119.2	24.3	37.3
Total assets	453.3	385.9	1,771.5	1,711.6
Current liabilities	99.4	41.2	40.7	74.0
Total liabilities	351.5	293.2	345.2	306.1
Shareholders' equity				
Issued capital	289.1	286.7	1,436.8	1,448.5
Other reserves	(53.6)	(53.6)	3.1	2.3
Accumulated losses	(133.7)	(140.4)	(13.6)	(45.3)
Net equity	101.8	92.7	1,426.3	1,405.5
Profit for the year	88.3	75.7	32.6	251.7
Total comprehensive income for the year	88.3	75.7	32.6	251.7

Notwithstanding the net current liability, Charter Hall Property Trust has total net assets of \$1.4 billion and liquidity through the interstaple loan with Charter Hall Limited.

(b) Contingent liabilities of the parent entity

Charter Hall Limited and Charter Hall Property Trust had no contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2020 (2019: \$nil) other than the bank guarantees provided for under the bank facility held by Charter Hall Property Trust (refer to Note 14(a)).

(c) Contractual commitments

As at 30 June 2020, Charter Hall Limited had no contractual commitments (2019: \$nil).

As at 30 June 2020, Charter Hall Property Trust had no contractual commitments (2019: \$nil).

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

30 Deed of cross guarantee

Charter Hall Group

Charter Hall Limited (CHL) and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Charter Hall Holdings Pty Ltd (CHH) and Folkestone Limited (FLK), are parties to a deed of cross guarantee under which each company guarantees the debts of the others. By entering into the deed, CHH and FLK have been relieved from the requirement to prepare financial statements and a Directors' report under ASIC Instrument 2016/785 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission. FLK was added by assumption deed to the deed of cross guarantee from 3 May 2019.

(a) Consolidated statement of comprehensive income and summary of movements in consolidated accumulated losses

The above companies represent a 'closed group' for the purposes of the Instrument and, as there are no other parties to the deed of cross guarantee that are controlled by Charter Hall Limited, they also represent the 'extended closed group'.

Set out as follows is a consolidated statement of comprehensive income and a summary of movements in consolidated accumulated losses for the year of the closed group consisting of CHL, CHH and FLK.

	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Statement of comprehensive income		
Revenue	440.0	295.9
Net gain on sale of investments	_	43.4
Employee benefits expense	(147.3)	(136.0)
Depreciation and amortisation	(15.9)	(7.4)
Finance costs	(4.7)	(17.3)
Share of net profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	0.1	5.3
Other expenses	(27.9)	(44.1)
Profit before income tax	244.3	139.8
Income tax expense	(72.2)	(29.8)
Profit for the year	172.1	110.0
Equity accounted fair value movements	-	4.0
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	4.0
Accumulated losses at the beginning of the financial year	(6.1)	(47.6)
Profit for the year	172.1	110.0
Dividends paid/payable	(81.5)	(68.5)
Accumulated profit/(losses) at the end of the financial year	84.5	(6.1)

For the year ended 30 June 2020

30 Deed of cross guarantee continued

(b) Balance sheet

Set out below is a consolidated balance sheet of the closed group consisting of CHL, CHH and FLK.

	2020	2019
	\$'m	\$'m
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	198.2	52.0
Receivables and other assets	55.6	97.4
Total current assets	253.8	149.4
Non-current assets		
Receivables and other assets	_	55.7
Development assets	_	1.8
Loans due from Charter Hall Property Trust	20.6	_
Loans due from Charter Hall - FLK		
Investment in associates at fair value through profit or loss	15.1	15.1
Investment in associates	3.3	_
Investments in controlled entities	193.5	182.4
Property, plant and equipment	20.8	22.1
Intangible assets	71.0	76.0
Right-of-use assets	8.5	_
Deferred tax assets	10.7	_
Total non-current assets	343.5	353.1
Total assets	597.3	502.5
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Trade and other liabilities	167.4	91.1
Lease liabilities	4.0	_
Total current liabilities	171.4	91.1
Non-current liabilities		
Trade and other liabilities	3.6	5.9
Loans due to Charter Hall Property Trust	_	42.1
Investments in controlled entities	_	12.6
Net loans due to related entities	47.0	77.2
Lease liabilities	11.1	_
Deferred tax liabilities	_	23.5
Total non-current liabilities	61.7	161.3
Total liabilities	233.1	252.4
Net assets	364.2	250.1
Equity		
Contributed equity	289.1	286.7
Reserves	(9.4)	(30.5)
Accumulated profit/(losses)	84.5	(6.1)
Total equity	364.2	250.1

31 Events occurring after the reporting date

The following events have occurred subsequent to 30 June 2020:

- In July 2020, Charter Hall Group sold its entire 5% holding in Waypoint REIT (ASX: WPR) for \$2.61 per WPR security totalling \$101.6m, and will receive a distribution of 7.41 cents per WPR security. Charter Hall Long WALE REIT also sold its 5% holding for the same price.
- In August 2020, a partnership created by the Charter Hall Group and an international sovereign wealth fund acquired a 49% interest in a property trust which owns a \$1.46 billion portfolio of convenience retail service centres leased to Ampol Limited (ASX: ALD). Charter Hall Group will own 5% or \$34m of the Charter Hall partnership, or a look through interest of 2.45% in the Ampol portfolio.

Except for the matters discussed above, no other matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2020 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (a) The Group's operations in future financial years; or
- (b) The results of those operations in future financial years; or
- (c) The Group's state of affairs in future financial years.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

32 Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant policies which have been adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020 are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Changes in accounting policies

The Group adopted AASB 16 *Leases* retrospectively from 1 July 2019. The impact of adopting this new standard is disclosed below. No other new accounting standards or amendments have come into effect for the year ended 30 June 2020 that affect the Group's operations or reporting requirements.

(a) AASB 16 Leases

2020

2010

The Group adopted AASB 16 *Leases* from 1 July 2019. In accordance with the transition provisions in AASB 16 the new rules have been adopted retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying the new standard recognised on 1 July 2019, under the simplified transition approach. Comparatives for the 2019 reporting period have not been restated.

The Group's assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate;
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of an extension option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The Group tests right-of-use assets for impairment where there is an indicator that the asset may be impaired. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

The Group's right-of-use assets are all property leases.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets (as defined in AASB 16) are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

Adjustments recognised on adoption of AASB 16 Leases

On adoption of AASB 16, the Group recognised lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating leases' under the principles of AASB 117 *Leases*. These liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Group's incremental borrowing rate as at 1 July 2019. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities on 1 July 2019 was 2.74%.

The associated rights-of-use assets were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the balance sheet as at 1 July 2019. As a result, the change in accounting policy affected the following items in the balance sheet on 1 July 2019:

- right-of use assets increased by \$9.7 million
- deferred tax assets increased by \$2.4 million
- lease liabilities increased by \$16.4 million
- accruals increased by \$1.2 million
- other liabilities (unamortised lease incentives) decreased by \$4.8 million

The net impact on retained earnings on 1 July 2019 was a decrease of \$0.7 million.

In applying AASB 16 for the first time, the Group has used the following practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- the use of a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics; and
- the exclusion of initial direct costs for the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The Group tests right-of-use assets for impairment where there is an indicator that the asset may be impaired. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

The Group's right-of-use assets are all property leases.

Significant accounting policies

(b) Controlled entities

The Charter Hall Group (Group or CHC) is a 'stapled' entity comprising Charter Hall Limited (Company or CHL) and its controlled entities, and Charter Hall Property Trust (Trust) and its controlled entities (CHPT Group). The shares in the Company are stapled to the units in the Trust. The stapled securities cannot be traded or dealt with separately. The stapled securities of the Group are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX). CHL has been identified as the parent entity in relation to the stapling.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

32 Summary of significant accounting policies continued

The two Charter Hall entities comprising the stapled Group remain separate legal entities in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, and are each required to comply with the reporting and disclosure requirements of Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001.

As permitted by ASIC Corporations (Stapled Group Reports) Instrument 2015/838, this financial report is a combined financial report that presents the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes of both the Charter Hall Group and the Charter Hall Property Trust Group.

The financial report of the Charter Hall Group comprises CHL and its controlled entities, including Charter Hall Funds Management Limited (Responsible Entity) as responsible entity for CHPT and CHPT and its controlled entities. The results and equity, not directly owned by CHL, of CHPT have been treated and disclosed as a non-controlling interest. Whilst the results and equity of CHPT are disclosed as a non-controlling interest, the stapled securityholders of CHL are the same as the stapled securityholders of CHPT. The financial report of the Charter Hall Property Trust Group comprises the Trust and its controlled entities.

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Act 2001, and continue to be prepared on the going concern basis of accounting. The Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group are for-profit entities for the purpose of preparing the consolidated financial statements.

On 6 June 2005, CHL acquired Charter Hall Holdings Pty Ltd (CHH). Under the terms of AASB 3 *Business Combinations*, CHH was deemed to be the accounting acquirer in this business combination. This transaction was therefore accounted for as a reverse acquisition under AASB 3. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared as a continuation of the consolidated financial statements of CHH. CHH, as the deemed acquirer, acquisition accounted for CHL as at 6 June 2005.

Group references in accounting policies

The accounting policies apply to both the Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group unless otherwise stated in the relevant policy.

Compliance with IFRS

The consolidated financial statements of the Group also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- investments in associates and joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss – measured at fair value;
- investments in financial assets held at fair value measured at fair value; and
- derivative financial instruments.

(c) Principles of consolidation

i) Controlled entities

The consolidated financial statements of the Charter Hall Group and the Charter Hall Property Trust Group incorporate the assets and liabilities of all controlled entities as at 30 June 2020 and their results for the year then ended.

The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Controlled entities are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated.

Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset.

Accounting policies of controlled entities have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of controlled entities are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of changes in equity respectively.

(ii) Investments in associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated balance sheet at either fair value through profit or loss or by using the equity method. On initial recognition, the Group elects to account for investments in associates at either fair value through profit or loss or by using the equity method based on assessment of the expected strategy for the investment.

Under the equity accounted method, the Group's share of the associates' post acquisition net profit after income tax expense is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. The cumulative post-acquisition movements in results and reserves are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. Distributions and dividends received from associates are recognised in the consolidated financial report as a reduction of the carrying amount of the investment.

Investments in associates at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(iii) Joint arrangements

Under AASB 11 *Joint Arrangements*, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. The classification depends on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor, rather than the legal structure of the joint arrangement.

Joint operations

The Group recognises its direct right to the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of joint operations and its share of any

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

32 Summary of significant accounting policies continued

jointly held or incurred assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. These have been incorporated in the consolidated financial statements

Joint ventures

Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method, with investments initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an equity accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its equity accounted investees are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been aligned where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(iv) Changes in ownership interests

When the Group ceases to equity account for an investment because of a loss of joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as a joint venture entity or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss. The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group.

If the ownership interest in a joint venture entity or an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

(d) Foreign currency translation

i) Functional and presentation currencies

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is CHL's and CHPT's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, except when they are deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges or are attributable to part of the net investment in a foreign operation.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

(iii) Foreign currency translation

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of borrowings, and other financial instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(e) Revenue recognition

The amount of revenue recognised in each period is based on the delivery of performance obligations and when control has been transferred to customers in accordance with the principles set out in AASB 15. Where the Group enters into contracts with multiple service components, judgement is applied to determine whether the components are:

- distinct accounted for as separate performance obligations;
- not distinct combined with other promised services until a distinct bundle is identified; or
- part of a series of distinct services that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

For each performance obligation identified, it is determined whether revenue is recognised at a point in time or over time. Revenue is recognised over time if:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided over the life of a contract as the services are performed;
- the customer controls the asset that the Group is creating or enhancing; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

At contract inception, the Group estimates the consideration to which it expects to be entitled and has rights to receive under the contract. Variable consideration, where the Group's performance could result in further revenue, is only included to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal of revenue recognised will not occur.

For the year ended 30 June 2020

32 Summary of significant accounting policies continued

In assessing the amount of consideration to recognise, key judgements and assumptions are made on a forward-looking basis where required.

To the extent revenue has not been received at reporting date, a receivable is recognised in the consolidated balance sheet.

Investment Management revenue

Fund management fees are received for performance obligations fulfilled over time with revenue recognised accordingly. Fund management fees are determined in accordance with relevant agreements for each fund, based on the fund's periodic (usually monthly or quarterly) Gross Asset Value (GAV).

Generally, invoicing of funds for management fees occurs on a quarterly basis and are receivable within 21 days.

Performance fees are for performance obligations fulfilled over time and for which consideration is variable. The fees for each applicable fund are determined in accordance with the relevant agreement which stipulates out-performance of a benchmark over a given period.

Performance fee revenue is recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that the amount of variable consideration recognised will not be significantly reversed when the uncertainty is resolved. Detailed calculations and an assessment of the risks associated with the recognition of the fee are completed to inform the assessment of the appropriate revenue to recognise.

Invoicing of funds for performance fees occurs in accordance with the contractual performance fee payment date.

A contract asset is recognised in the consolidated balance sheet at each reporting date in line with revenue recognised where the right to receive consideration remains conditional on future performance.

Transaction fee revenue is recognised at a point in time upon fulfillment of the performance obligation. This is usually the point at which control of the underlying asset being transacted has transferred to the buyer.

Transaction fees are invoiced when the performance obligation has been fulfilled and are receivable within 21 days.

Property Services revenue

Property services primarily include property management, development management, leasing, facilities and project management. Revenue is recognised either over time or at a point in time depending on the terms of the specific agreement for each type of service. Invoicing of funds for property services fees occurs on a monthly or quarterly basis and are receivable within 21 days.

Recovery of property and fund-related expenses revenue

Accounting, marketing and property management services provided to managed funds are charged as an expense recovery. Revenue is recognised over time as the performance obligations are fulfilled. Invoicing of funds for expense recoveries occurs on a monthly or quarterly basis depending on the recovery type and are receivable within 21 days.

Development revenue

Where Charter Hall has control of the underlying asset, revenue from the sale of development assets is recognised when control has been transferred to the customer. Where development assets have been recognised in relation to the enhancement of an asset controlled by the customer, revenue from the realisation of the development costs are recognised over time in accordance with the performance obligations of the contract.

Revenue is calculated by reference to the total consideration expected to be received in exchange for fulfilling the performance obligations under the contract. Any variable consideration is constrained to the amount that is highly probable to not significantly reverse. Revenue is recognised based on the most appropriate method that depicts the transfer of goods and services to the customer, generally the 'cost to cost' method.

Proceeds from the sale of development assets are invoiced and receivable in accordance with the relevant terms of the contract.

(f) Employee benefits

(i) Wages and salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date, are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

(ii) Long service leave

Liabilities for other employee entitlements which are not expected to be paid or settled within 12 months of reporting date are accrued in respect of all employees at present values of future amounts expected to be paid. Expected future payments are discounted using a corporate bond rate with terms to maturity that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

(iii) Retirement benefit obligations

Contributions to employee defined contribution superannuation funds are recognised as an expense as they become payable.

(iv) Bonus plans

Charter Hall recognises a liability and an expense for amounts payable to employees. Charter Hall recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

(v) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates:

- (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and
- (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of AASB 137 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to present value.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

32 Summary of significant accounting policies continued

(g) Development assets

Costs incurred in fulfilling a contract with a customer are recognised as a development asset. Development costs are classified as non-current where the group is not contractually entitled to payment within 12 months from balance date. Where Charter Hall has control of the asset, development costs are recorded at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Where Charter Hall has incurred costs in relation to the enhancement of an asset controlled by the customer development assets are recorded at the lower of cost or the total consideration expected to be received less the total costs expected to be recognised as an expense.

(h) Investment properties

Investment properties comprise investment interests in land and buildings (including integral plant and equipment) held for the purpose of producing rental income, including properties that are under construction for future use as investment properties.

Initially, investment properties are measured at cost including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the investment properties are stated at fair value. Fair value of investment property is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The best evidence of fair value is given by current prices in an active market for similar property in the same location and condition. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

At each balance date, the fair values of the investment properties are assessed by the Responsible Entity with reference to independent valuation reports or through appropriate valuation techniques adopted by the Responsible Entity. Specific circumstances of the owner are not taken into account. Further information relating to valuation techniques can be found in Note 22(d).

Where the Group disposes of a property at fair value in an arm's length transaction, the carrying value immediately prior to the sale is adjusted to the transaction price, and the adjustment is recorded in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within net fair value gain/(loss) on investment property.

The carrying amount of investment properties recorded in the consolidated balance sheet takes into consideration components relating to lease incentives, leasing costs and fixed increases in operating lease rentals in future years.

(i) Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the

consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Furniture, fittings and equipment
Fixtures
Software
3 to 10 years
5 to 10 years
3 to 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

(j) Impairment of non-monetary assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered impairment in prior years are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

(k) Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, including business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued. The consideration transferred also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement and the fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-byacquisition basis, any non-controlling interest in the acquiree is recognised either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the acquirer's share of the net identifiable assets

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For the year ended 30 June 2020

32 Summary of significant accounting policies continued

acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the subsidiary acquired and the measurement of all amounts has been reviewed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

(I) Financial Instruments

(i) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for expected credit losses. Trade receivables are due for settlement no more than 21 days from the date of recognition. Expected credit losses in relation to trade receivables are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

(ii) Other financial assets

Classification

The Group classifies its other financial assets as being measured either:

- at fair value through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss; or
- at amortised cost.

The means by which the assets are measured depends upon how they are managed and the contractual terms of the cash flows

Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. Presently all the Group's debt instruments are classified under amortised cost.

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Impairment

Trade receivables

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by AASB 9, which requires the use of the lifetime expected credit loss provision for all trade receivables from initial recognition of the receivables.

Any impairment loss is recognised through the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Debt instruments

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

(iv) Derivatives and hedge accounting

The Group uses derivatives to hedge its exposure to interest rates and foreign currency on foreign denominated borrowings. Derivative financial instruments are measured and recognised at fair value on a recurring basis.

The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates certain derivatives as either fair value hedges or cash flow hedges.

The full fair value of a hedging derivative is classified as a noncurrent asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is more than 12 months; it is classified as a current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is less than 12 months.

The Group's derivatives in place as at 30 June 2018 qualified as fair value and cash flow hedges under AASB 9. The Group's risk management strategies and hedge documentation are aligned with the requirements of AASB 9 and these relationships are therefore treated as continuing hedges.

Fair value hedges that qualify for hedge accounting

The gain or loss relating to interest payments on interest rate swaps hedging fixed rate borrowings is recognised in profit or loss within finance costs. Changes in the fair value of derivative hedging instruments and the hedged fixed rate borrowings attributable to interest rate risk are recognised within 'Net gains/(losses) from derivative financial instruments'. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is also recognised in profit or loss within 'Net gains/(losses) from derivative financial instruments'.

Cash flow hedges that qualify for hedge accounting

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in profit or loss within 'Net gains/(losses) from derivative financial instruments'.

Amounts accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss (for instance when the forecast transaction that is hedged takes place). The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of cross

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2020

32 Summary of significant accounting policies continued

currency interest rate swaps hedging fixed rate borrowings is recognised in profit or loss within 'Finance costs'.

Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting

For derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting, changes in the fair value of the derivative instrument are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(m) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest rate method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down unless there is an effective fair value hedge of the borrowings, in which case a fair value adjustment will be applied based on the mark to market movement in the benchmark component of the borrowings and this movement is recognised in profit or loss. If the facility has not been drawn down the fee is capitalised as a prepayment and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the consolidated balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other income or finance costs.

Where the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and the entity issues equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or

part of the liability (debt for equity swap), a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss, which is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the fair value of the equity instruments issued.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs associated with the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset, including interest expense, are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset during the period that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. Borrowing costs not associated with qualifying assets are expensed.

(n) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(o) Comparative information

Where necessary, comparative information has been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

(p) Rounding of amounts

Under the option provided by ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the financial statements, amounts in the Company and the Trust's consolidated financial statements have been rounded to the nearest hundred thousand in accordance with that ASIC Corporations Instrument, unless otherwise indicated.

Charter Hall Group Annual Report 2020

Directors' declaration to securityholders

For the year ended 30 June 2020

In the opinion of the Directors of Charter Hall Limited (Company), and the Directors of the Responsible Entity of Charter Hall Property Trust (Trust), Charter Hall Funds Management Limited (collectively referred to as the Directors):

- (a) the financial statements and notes of Charter Hall Limited and its controlled entities including Charter Hall Property Trust and its controlled entities (Charter Hall Group) and Charter Hall Property Trust and its controlled entities (Charter Hall Property Trust Group) set out on pages 74 to 129 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - complying with Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of Charter Hall Group's and Charter Hall Property Trust Group's financial positions as at 30 June 2020 and of their performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that both Charter Hall Limited and the Charter Hall Property Trust will be able to pay
 their debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) at the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the members of the extended closed group identified in Note 30 will be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are, or may become, subject by virtue of the deed of cross guarantee described in Note 30.

Note 32(b) confirms that the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The Directors have been given the declarations by the Managing Director and Group CEO and Chief Financial Officer required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

David Clarke

Chairman Sydney

20 August 2020

Directors' report and financial report

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Independent auditor's report

To the stapled securityholders of Charter Hall Group and the unitholders of Charter Hall Property

Report on the audit of the financial reports

Our opinion

In our opinion:

The accompanying financial reports of Charter Hall Limited and its controlled entities and Charter Hall Property Trust and its controlled entities (together "Charter Hall Group") and Charter Hall Property Trust and its controlled entities (together "Charter Hall Property Trust Group") are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group financial positions as at 30 June 2020 and of their financial performance for the year then ended
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

What we have audited

The Charter Hall Group and the Charter Hall Property Trust Group financial reports comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheets as at 30 June 2020
- the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity Charter Hall Group for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity Charter Hall Property Trust Group for the year then ended
- the consolidated cash flow statements for the year then ended
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies
- the directors' declaration to security holders.

The Charter Hall Group comprises Charter Hall Limited and the entities it controlled at year end or from time to time during the financial year and includes Charter Hall Property Trust and the entities it controlled at year end or from time to time during the financial year. The Charter Hall Property Trust Group comprises Charter Hall Property Trust and the entities it controlled at year end or from time to time during the financial year.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial reports* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Price waterhouse Coopers, ABN~52~780~433~757

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Independence

We are independent of Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial reports in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Our audit approach

An audit is designed to provide reasonable assurance about whether the financial reports are free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial reports.

We tailored the scope of our audit to ensure that we performed enough work to be able to give an opinion on the financial reports as a whole, taking into account the geographic and management structure of Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group, their accounting processes and controls and the industry in which they operate.



Materiality

- For the purpose of our audit of Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group we used overall materiality of \$16.2 million, which represents approximately 5% of Charter Hall Group's operating earnings.
- We applied this threshold, together with qualitative considerations, to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements on the financial reports as a whole.
- We chose operating earnings (an adjusted profit metric) as the benchmark because, in our view, it
 is a generally accepted industry metric against which the performance of Charter Hall Group is
 regularly measured.
- We utilised a 5% threshold based on our professional judgement, noting it is within the range of commonly acceptable thresholds.

Audit Scope

- Our audit focused on where Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group made subjective judgements; for example, significant accounting estimates involving assumptions and inherently uncertain future events.
- The group audit team identified separate components of Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall
 Property Trust Group representing individually financially significant equity accounted
 investments. Component audit teams assisted the Group engagement team to perform an audit of



those components.

- At both the Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group level, audit procedures were performed over group transactions and financial report disclosures.
- The work performed by component audit teams, together with the additional audit procedures
 performed at each group level provided us with sufficient evidence for our opinion on the financial
 reports as a whole.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial reports for the current period. The key audit matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial reports as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Further, any commentary on the outcomes of a particular audit procedure is made in that context. We communicated the key audit matters to the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee.

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Carrying value of investments accounted for using the equity method (Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group)

(Refer to note 2 and 3)

Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group invest in certain underlying funds managed by Charter Hall Group. These funds comprise listed and unlisted funds which invest across a range of office, industrial, retail and diversified property portfolios.

These investments are typically classified as Associates or Joint Ventures as the investor is considered to have significant influence or joint control.

Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures contribute a significant proportion of total income and total assets.

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, interests in associates and joint ventures, need to be assessed for indicators of impairment at the reporting date. If indicators of impairment exist, the recoverable amount for each investment needs to be estimated. These assessments involve significant judgements in estimating future cash flows and the rate at which they are discounted and in evaluating fair value less costs to sell.

The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a number of these investments showing indicators of impairment at 30 June 2020.

To assess the carrying amount of investments accounted for using the equity method, including the impact of COVID-19, our audit included the following procedures:

- Updating our understanding of market conditions relating to the investments and discussing with management the particular circumstances affecting the investments.
- Reperforming the equity method of accounting calculations by reference to underlying investee financial information.
- For a sample of material acquisitions made during the year, agreeing certain transaction details to appropriate source documents and considering the relevant accounting classification of the investment in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.
- Evaluating the assessments made by Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group of whether there were any indicators of impairment, including evaluating the impairment assessment methodologies and identified the key assumptions used.
- For those investments where indicators of impairment were identified, our procedures included:
 - o together with PwC valuations

Directors' report and financial report

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Key audit matter

Given the significance of these investments to the results and consolidated balance sheets of Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group, together with the existence of impairment indicators arising from the COVID-19 pandemic, we consider this to be a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- experts, evaluated the reasonableness of the methodologies and key assumptions used to estimate the recoverable amounts of the relevant investments
- performing testing over the mathematical accuracy of the underlying calculations
- comparing the forecast cash flows used in the impairment models to the most up-to-date budgets approved by the Board
- evaluating the historical ability to forecast future cash flows by comparing budgets with reported actual results for the past year.
- assessing the appropriateness of the relevant disclosures in the financial reports in light of the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards.

Revenue recognition – performance fees (Charter Hall Group) (Refer to note 4)

Charter Hall Group investment management revenue for the year ended 30 June 2020 was \$357.1 million which includes performance fees.

Australian Accounting Standards require variable revenue, such as performance fees, to be recognised only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur.

We considered performance fees to be a key audit matter because of the:

- extent of judgement required by the Charter Hall Group in recognising revenue, particularly as it relates to variable revenue and estimating the period remaining from balance sheet date to performance fee crystallisation date and determining the degree of probability that any potential fee may unwind during that period.
- the financial significance of performance fees to the Charter Hall Group results.

Our audit procedures included evaluating the design and implementation of relevant controls relating to the recognition and measurement of performance fee revenue.

For a sample of performance fees, we assessed the appropriateness of revenue recognition against the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards.

For a sample of contracts including performance fees, we tested the estimated variable consideration by:

- Agreeing the key inputs in Charter Hall Group's calculations to source documents, where possible.
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key factors the Charter Hall Group considered to evaluate the probability of a revenue reversal.

Where a performance fee was paid during the year, we inspected evidence of this payment.

Directors' report and financial report



Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Carrying value of indefinite life management rights (Charter Hall Group)
(Refer to note 11)

The Charter Hall Group's intangible assets comprise management rights in relation to managed funds. These intangible assets had a carrying value of \$104.0 million at 30 June 2020.

A number of these management rights are considered to have indefinite useful lives and accordingly an annual impairment test is required by Australian Accounting Standards.

The Charter Hall Group performed an impairment test for each of the management rights assets with indefinite useful lives by calculating the value in use of each asset.

We considered the valuation of indefinite life intangible assets a key audit matter because of the:

- judgement required by Charter Hall Group to estimate the recoverable amount of indefinite life management rights.
- sensitivity of the Charter Hall Group's assessment to changes in key assumptions such as growth rates, discount rates, and terminal value multiples.

The impairment tests performed by the Charter Hall Group during the financial year concluded that no impairment was required on the carrying value of any indefinite life management rights asset.

Our audit procedures included evaluating the design and implementation of relevant controls relating to indefinite life management rights.

For a sample of impairment tests performed by the Charter Hall Group, our audit included the following procedures, amongst others, in conjunction with PwC valuation experts:

- We evaluated the relevant cash flow forecasts, including performing tests over the mathematical accuracy of the underlying calculations and comparing the forecasts to Board approved budgets.
- We compared the current year (2020) results with figures included in the forecasts made in the three immediately preceding periods (2017-2019) to assess the historical reliability of the Charter Hall Group's forecasting process. As part of our evaluation of cash flow forecasts, we performed specific inquiries to consider the impact of COVID-19 on the underlying business and how it may impact future revenue streams.
- We considered the methodology applied and assessed the appropriateness of the key assumptions used in light of Australian Accounting Standards, general industry valuation practice and factors specific to the underlying cashflows.

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Charter Hall Group Annual Report 2020



Other information

The directors of Charter Hall Limited and the directors of Charter Hall Funds Management Limited, the Responsible Entity of Charter Hall Property Trust (collectively referred to as "the directors") are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the financial reports and our auditor's report thereon. Prior to the date of this auditor's report, the other information we obtained included the Directors' report. We expect the remaining other information to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial reports does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not, and will not, express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial reports, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial reports or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the other information not yet received, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the directors and use our professional judgement to determine the appropriate action to take.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial reports

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial reports that give a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial reports that gives a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial reports, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Charter Hall Group and Charter Hall Property Trust Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial reports

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial reports as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial reports.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial reports is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1_2020.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Directors' report and financial report

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Report on the remuneration report

Our opinion on the remuneration report

We have audited the remuneration report included in pages 51 to 70 of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2020.

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Charter Hall Limited for the year ended 30 June 2020 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of Charter Hall Limited are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of *the Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Pricewato houx Copus

E A Barroi Partner Sydney 20 August 2020

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Securityholder analysis

A. Distribution of equity stapled securityholders as at 26 August 2020

Range	Stapled securities held	% of issued stapled securities	No. of Holders
100,001 and Over	441,812,494	94.85	45
50,001 to 100,000	2,573,958	0.55	36
10,001 to 50,000	7,522,741	1.62	399
5,001 to 10,000	4,864,074	1.04	672
1,001 to 5,000	7,469,075	1.60	2,947
1 to 1,000	1,534,789	0.33	3,953
Total	465,777,131	100.00	8,052
Unmarketable parcels	1,391	0.00	441

B. Top 20 registered equity securityholders as at 26 August 2020

			Stapled	
Rank	Name	A/C designation	securities held	%IC of issued securities
1		A/C designation		34.24
<u></u>	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED		159,499,580	
2	J P MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED		127,416,618	27.36
3	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED		46,318,793	9.94
4	NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED		36,276,507	7.79
5	CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED	<colonial a="" c="" first="" inv="" state=""></colonial>	20,496,889	4.40
6	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD	<agency a="" c="" drp="" lending=""></agency>	19,290,702	4.14
7	BNP PARIBAS NOMS PTY LTD	<drp></drp>	12,332,639	2.65
8	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED	<nt-comnwlth a="" c="" corp="" super=""></nt-comnwlth>	4,114,688	0.88
9	MILTON CORPORATION LIMITED		2,556,000	0.55
10	BNP PARIBAS NOMS(NZ) LTD	<drp></drp>	1,862,276	0.40
11	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD	<drp a="" c=""></drp>	1,144,717	0.25
	HUB24 CUSTODIAL SERV LTD	•		
12	UBS NOMINEES PTY LTD		1,109,690	0.24
13	PORTMIST PTY LIMITED		841,773	0.18
14	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES		803,957	0.17
	(AUSTRALIA) LIMITED-GSCO ECA			
15	SARGON CT PTY LTD	<charter a="" c="" hall="" prop=""></charter>	743,200	0.16
16	HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED		709,919	0.15
17	AMP LIFE LIMITED		652,492	0.14
18	NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED	<db a="" c=""></db>	521,126	0.11
19	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES PTY LTD	<ioof drp="" instmt="" ltd="" mgt=""></ioof>	441,566	0.09
20	MUTUAL TRUST PTY LTD		409,113	0.09
Total			437,542,245	93.94
Balance	e of register		28,234,886	6.06
Grand t	otal		465,777,131	100.00

C. Substantial securityholder notices as at 26 August 2020

Ordinary securities	Date of change	Stapled securities held	% securities held
Commonwealth Bank of Australia ACN 123 123 124 (CBA) and its related bodies corporate	26 May 2020	1,756,489	0.38%
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group, Inc.	12 Feb 2020	28,958,515	6.22%
First Sentier Investors Holdings Pty Limited ACN 630 725 558 and its related bodies corporate listed in annexure A	12 Feb 2020	28,958,515	6.22%
Commonwealth Bank of Australia ACN 123 123 124 (CBA) and its related bodies corporate	13 Dec 2019	32,682,383	7.02%

Investor information

How do I invest in Charter Hall?

Charter Hall Group securities are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX: CHC).

Securityholders will need to use the services of a stockbroker or an online broking facility to invest in Charter Hall.

Where can I find more information about Charter Hall?

Charter Hall's website, www.charterhall.com.au contains extensive information on our Board and management team, corporate governance, sustainability, our property portfolio and all investor communications including distribution and tax information, reports and presentations. The website also provides information on the broader Charter Hall Group including other managed funds available for investment. You can also register your details on our website to receive ASX announcements by an email alert as they are being released. To register your details, please visit our website at www.charterhall.com.au and subscribe to updates.

Can I receive my Annual Report electronically?

Charter Hall provides its annual report as a PDF, accessible on its website. You can elect to receive notification that this report is available online via your Investor Centre login.

How do I receive payment of my distribution?

Charter Hall Group pays its distribution via direct credit. This enables you to receive automatic payment of your distributions quickly and securely. You can nominate any Australian or New Zealand bank, building society, credit union or cash management account for direct payment by downloading a direct credit form using the Investor Login facility and sending it to Link Market Services. On the day of payment, you will be sent a statement via post or email confirming that the payment has been made and setting out details of the payment. The Group no longer pays distributions by cheque.

Can I reinvest my distribution?

When operating, the Distribution Reinvestment Plan (DRP) allows you to have your distributions reinvested in additional securities in Charter Hall, rather than having your distributions paid to you. If you would like to participate in the DRP, you can do so online using the Investor Login facility available on our website, or you can complete a DRP Application Form available from our registry.

Do I need to supply my Tax File Number?

You are not required by law to supply your Tax File Number (TFN), Australian Business Number (ABN) or exemption. However, if you do not provide these details, withholding tax may be deducted at the highest marginal rate from your distributions. If you wish to provide your TFN, ABN or exemption, please contact Link Market Services on 1300 303 063 or your sponsoring broker. You can also update your details directly using the Investor Login facility on our website.

How do I complete my annual tax return for the distributions I receive from Charter Hall?

At the end of each financial year, we issue securityholders with an Annual Taxation Statement. This statement includes information required to complete your tax return. The distributions paid in February and August are required to be included in your tax return for the financial year the income was earned, that is, the distribution income paid in August 2020 should be included in your 2020 financial year tax return.

How do I make a complaint?

Securityholders wishing to lodge a complaint should do so in writing and forward it to the Compliance Manager, Charter Hall Group at the address shown in the Directory. In the event that a complaint cannot be resolved within a reasonable timeframe (usually 45 days) or you are not satisfied with our response, you can seek assistance the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA), an external complaints resolution service that has been approved by ASIC. AFCA's contact details are below:

Australian Financial Complaints Authority

GPO Box 3 Melbourne VIC 3001

Tel 1800 931 678

E-mail info@afca.org.au

Web www.afca.org.au

Contact details

Registry

To access information on your holding or update/change your details including name, address, tax file number, payment instructions and document requests, contact:

Link Market Services Limited

Locked Bag A14 Sydney South NSW 1235

Tel 1300 303 063 (within Aus) +61 2 8280 7134 (outside Aus)

E-mail charterhall.reits@linkmarketservices.com.au

Web linkmarketservices.com.au

Investor relations

All other enquiries related to Charter Hall Group can be directed to Investor Relations:

Charter Hall Group

GPO Box 2704 Sydney NSW 2001

Tel 1300 365 585 (within Aus) +61 2 8651 9000 (outside Aus) E-mail reits@charterhall.com.au

Web charterhall.com.au

Corporate directory

Registered office

Level 20, No.1 Martin Place Sydney NSW 2000

Tel +61 2 8651 9000

ASX CHC Code

Directors

David Clarke (Chair), Anne Brennan, Philip Garling, David Harrison, Karen Moses, Greg Paramor AO and David Ross

Company Secretary

Mark Bryant

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopersOne International Towers Sydney
Watermans Quay, Barangaroo

Sydney NSW 2000

Important information

This Annual Report has been prepared and issued by Charter Hall Limited (ABN 57 113 531 150) and Charter Hall Funds Management Limited (ABN 31 082 991 786 AFSL 262861) (CHFML) as Responsible Entity of the Charter Hall Property Trust (together, the Charter Hall Group or the Group). The information contained in this report has been compiled to comply with legal and regulatory requirements and to assist the recipient in assessing the performance of the Group independently and does not relate to, and is not relevant for, any other purpose.

This report is not intended to be and does not constitute an offer or a recommendation to acquire any securities in the Charter Hall Group. This report does not take into account the personal objectives, financial situation or needs of any investor. Before investing in Charter Hall Group securities, you should consider your own objectives, financial situation and needs and seek independent financial, legal and/or taxation advice. Historical performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. Due care and attention has been exercised in the preparation of forward looking statements. However, any forward looking statements contained in this report are not guarantees or predictions of future performance and, by their very nature, are subject to uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are outside the control of the Group. Actual results may vary materially from any forward looking statements contained in this report. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward looking statements. Except as required by applicable law, the Group does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or review any forward looking statements, whether as a result of new information or future events.

The receipt of this report by any person and any information contained herein or subsequently communicated to any person in connection with the Charter Hall Group is not to be taken as constituting the giving of investment, legal or tax advice by the Charter Hall Group nor any of its related bodies corporate, directors or employees to any such person. Neither the Charter Hall Group, its related bodies corporate, directors, employees nor any other person who may be taken to have been involved in the preparation of this report represents or warrants that the information contained in this report, provided either orally or in writing to a recipient in the course of its evaluation of the Charter Hall Group or the matters contained in this report, is accurate or complete.

CHFML does not receive fees in respect of the general financial product advice it may provide; however, entities within the Charter Hall Group receive fees for operating the Charter Hall Property Trust in accordance with its constitution. Entities within the Group may also receive fees for managing the assets of, and providing resources to, the Charter Hall Property Trust. All information herein is current as at 30 June 2020 unless otherwise stated. All references to dollars (\$) or A\$ are to Australian Dollars unless otherwise stated.

Information regarding US Investors/US Persons:

Each person that holds Charter Hall Group securities that is in the United States (US) or is a US Person is required to be a Qualified Institutional Buyer/ Qualified Purchaser (QIB/QP) at the time of the acquisition of any Charter Hall Group securities, and is required to make the representations in the confirmation letter or subscription agreement as of the time it acquired the applicable securities.

The securities can only be resold or transferred in a regular brokered transaction on the ASX in accordance with Rule 903 or 904 of Regulation S, where neither it nor any person acting on its behalf knows, or has reason to know, that the sale has been prearranged with a US Person, or that the purchaser is in the United States or a US Person (e.g. no prearranged trades ('special crossing') with US Persons or other off-market transactions). To the maximum extent permitted by law, the Charter Hall Group reserves the right to:

- (i) request any person that they deem to be in the United States or a US Person, who was not at the time of acquisition of the securities a QIB/QP, to sell its securities:
- (ii) refuse to record any subsequent sale or transfer of securities to a person in the United States or a US Person; and
- (iii) take such other action as it deems necessary or appropriate to enable the Charter Hall Group to maintain the exception from registration under Section 3(c) (7) of the Investment Company Act.
- If you are not the beneficial owner of securities in the Charter Hall Group, you must pass this information to the beneficial owner of the securities.

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