

# FORM 10-K (Annual Report)

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Fiscal Year 12/28

# **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-K**

(Mark One)		
[X]	Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 For the fiscal year ended: December 25, 2016 Or	3 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
[]		n 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
[ ]	For the transition period from to	is 15 of 15(a) of the Securities Exchange feet of 150 i
		Number: 001-35625
	BLOOMIN' I	OMIN' NDS#* BRANDS, INC.
	(Exact name of registran	at as specified in its charter)
Delaw	are	20-8023465
(State or other jurisdiction of in	corporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
		rd, Suite 500, Tampa, Florida 33607 secutive offices) (Zip Code)
		282-1225 number, including area code)
	Securities registered pursua	ant to Section 12(b) of the Act:
Title of each	ch class	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$	0.01 par value	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (Nasdaq Global Select Market)
	Securities registered pursuant	to Section 12(g) of the Act: None
Indicate by check mark if the YES ■ NO □	ne registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defin	ned in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
Indicate by check mark if the	ne registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to	Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. YES  NO
preceding 12 months (or for		be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the
	ant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this	posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the
Indicate by check mark if d	isclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of	Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be

Large accelerated filer ■ Accelerated filer □

contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the

definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

amendment to this Form 10-K.

Non-accelerated filer □ (Do not check if smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company □
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). YES □ NO 区
The aggregate market value of common stock held by non-affiliates (based on the closing price on the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market) was \$1.6 billion .
As of February 17, 2017, 102,843,651 shares of common stock of the registrant were outstanding.
DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE
Portions of the registrant's definitive Proxy Statement for its 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, expected to be held on April 21, 2017, are incorporated by reference into Part III, Items 10-14 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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#### PART I

# **Cautionary Statement**

This Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "Report") includes statements that express our opinions, expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or projections regarding future events or future results and therefore are, or may be deemed to be, "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These forward-looking statements can generally be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, including the terms "believes," "estimates," "anticipates," "expects," "feels," "seeks," "forecasts," "projects," "intends," "plans," "may," "will," "should," "could" or "would" or, in each case, their negative or other variations or comparable terminology, although not all forward-looking statements are accompanied by such terms. These forward-looking statements include all matters that are not historical facts. They appear in a number of places throughout this Report and include statements regarding our intentions, beliefs or current expectations concerning, among other things, our results of operations, financial condition, liquidity, prospects, growth, strategies and the industry in which we operate.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur in the future. Although we base these forward-looking statements on assumptions that we believe are reasonable when made, we caution you that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and that our actual results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and industry developments may differ materially from statements made in or suggested by the forward-looking statements contained in this Report. In addition, even if our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and industry developments are consistent with the forward-looking statements contained in this Report, those results or developments may not be indicative of results or developments in subsequent periods. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from statements made or suggested by forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, those described in the "Risk Factors" section of this Report and the following:

- (i) Consumer reactions to public health and food safety issues;
- (ii) Our ability to compete in the highly competitive restaurant industry with many well-established competitors and new market entrants;
- (iii) Minimum wage increases and additional mandated employee benefits:
- (iv) Our ability to comply with governmental laws and regulations, the costs of compliance with such laws and regulations and the effects of changes to applicable laws and regulations, including tax laws and unanticipated liabilities;
- (v) Economic conditions and their effects on consumer confidence and discretionary spending, consumer traffic, the cost and availability of credit and interest rates;
- (vi) Fluctuations in the price and availability of commodities;
- (vii) Our ability to implement our expansion, remodeling and relocation plans due to uncertainty in locating and acquiring attractive sites on acceptable terms, obtaining required permits and approvals, recruiting and training necessary personnel, obtaining adequate financing and estimating the performance of newly opened, remodeled or relocated restaurants;
- (viii) Our ability to protect our information technology systems from interruption or security breach and to protect consumer data and personal employee information;
- (ix) The effects of international economic, political and social conditions and legal systems on our foreign operations and on foreign currency exchange rates;

- (x) Our ability to preserve and grow the reputation and value of our brands;
- (xi) Seasonal and periodic fluctuations in our results and the effects of significant adverse weather conditions and other disasters or unforeseen events;
- (xii) Our ability to effectively respond to changes in patterns of consumer traffic, consumer tastes and dietary habits;
- (xiii) Strategic actions, including acquisitions and dispositions, and our success in integrating any acquired or newly created businesses.
- (xiv) The effects of our substantial leverage and restrictive covenants in our various credit facilities on our ability to raise additional capital to fund our operations, to make capital expenditures to invest in new or renovate restaurants and to react to changes in the economy or our industry, and our exposure to interest rate risk in connection with our variable-rate debt; and
- (xv) The adequacy of our cash flow and earnings and other conditions which may affect our ability to pay dividends and repurchase shares of our common stock.

In light of these risks and uncertainties, we caution you not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement that we make in this Report speaks only as of the date of such statement, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement or to publicly announce the results of any revision to any of those statements to reflect future events or developments. Comparisons of results for current and any prior periods are not intended to express any future trends or indications of future performance, unless specifically expressed as such, and should only be viewed as historical data.

#### Item 1. Business

General and History - Bloomin' Brands, Inc. ("Bloomin' Brands," the "Company," "we," "us," and "our" and similar terms mean Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and its subsidiaries except where the context otherwise requires) is one of the largest casual dining restaurant companies in the world, with a portfolio of leading, differentiated restaurant concepts. We have four founder-inspired concepts: Outback Steakhouse, Carrabba's Italian Grill, Bonefish Grill and Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar. Our restaurant concepts range in price point and degree of formality from casual (Outback Steakhouse and Carrabba's Italian Grill) to upscale casual (Bonefish Grill) and fine dining (Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar).

As of December 25, 2016, we owned and operated 1,276 restaurants and franchised 240 restaurants across 48 states, Puerto Rico, Guam and 20 countries.

The first Outback Steakhouse restaurant opened in 1988 and in 1996, we expanded the Outback Steakhouse concept internationally. OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC ("OSI") is our primary operating entity and New Private Restaurant Properties, LLC ("PRP") owns and leases our owned restaurant properties, primarily to OSI subsidiaries. Both OSI and PRP are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Bloomin' Brands.

Financial Information About Segments - We have two reportable segments, U.S. and International, which reflects how we manage our business, review operating performance and allocate resources. The U.S. segment includes all brands operating in the U.S., and brands operating outside the U.S. are included in the International segment. Following is a summary of reporting segments as of December 25, 2016.

SEGMENT	CONCEPT	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION		
U.S.	Outback Steakhouse			
	Carrabba's Italian Grill	United States of America		
	Bonefish Grill	United States of America		
	Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar			
International	Outback Steakhouse	Brazil, Hong Kong, China		
	Carrabba's Italian Grill (Abbraccio)	Brazil		

Segment information for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, which reflects financial information by geographic area, is included in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Part II, Item 7 and Note 19 - Segment Reporting of our Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8.

# **OUR SEGMENTS**

## U.S. Segment

As of December 25, 2016, in our U.S. segment, we owned and operated 1,164 restaurants and franchised 113 restaurants across 48 states.

Outback Steakhouse - Outback Steakhouse is a casual steakhouse restaurant concept focused on steaks, signature flavors and Australian decor. The Outback Steakhouse menu offers seasoned and seared or wood-fire grilled steaks, chops, chicken, seafood, pasta, salads and seasonal specials. The menu also includes several specialty appetizers, including our signature Bloomin' Onion <sup>®</sup>, and desserts, together with full bar service including Australian wine and beer.

Carrabba's Italian Grill - Carrabba's Italian Grill is a casual authentic Italian restaurant concept featuring handcrafted dishes. The Carrabba's Italian Grill menu includes a variety of Italian pasta, chicken, beef and seafood dishes, small plates, salads and wood-fired pizza. Our ingredients are sourced from around the world and our traditional Italian exhibition kitchen allows customers to watch handmade dishes being prepared.

Bonefish Grill - Bonefish Grill is an upscale casual seafood restaurant concept that specializes in market fresh fish from around the world, wood-grilled specialties and hand-crafted cocktails. In addition, Bonefish Grill offers beef, pork and chicken entrées, as well as several specialty appetizers, including our signature Bang Bang Shrimp <sup>®</sup>, and desserts.

Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar - Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar is a contemporary steakhouse concept featuring prime cuts of beef, chops, fresh fish, seafood and poultry, salads and side dishes. The steak selection features USDA Prime corn-fed beef, both wetand dry-aged for flavor and texture, in a variety of sizes and cuts. Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar offers a large selection of domestic and imported wines, with 100 selections available by the glass.

# **International Segment**

We have cross-functional, local management to support and grow restaurants in each of the countries where we have Company-owned operations. Our international operations are integrated with our corporate organization to leverage enterprise-wide capabilities, including marketing, finance, real estate, information technology, legal, human resources, supply chain management and productivity.

On July 25, 2016, the Company completed the sale of its Outback Steakhouse subsidiary in South Korea ("Outback Steakhouse South Korea"). After completion of the sale, the Company's restaurant locations in South Korea are operated as franchises.

As of December 25, 2016, in our International segment, we owned and operated 112 restaurants and franchised 127 restaurants across 20 countries, Puerto Rico and Guam.

Outback Steakhouse - International Outback Steakhouse restaurants have a menu similar to the U.S. menu with additional variety to meet local taste preferences. In addition to the traditional Outback Special sirloin, a typical international menu may feature local beef cuts such as the Aussie Grilled Picanha in Brazil.

Carrabba's Italian Grill (Abbraccio Cucina Italiana) - Abbraccio Cucina Italiana, our Carrabba's Italian Grill restaurant concept in Brazil, offers a blend of traditional modern Italian dishes. The menu varies, with additional pasta and pizza menu offerings, to account for local tastes and customs. Abbraccio Cucina Italiana also has a range of beverage options, including classically inspired cocktails and local favorites with an Italian twist.

# **Restaurant Overview**

Selected Sales Data - Following is sales mix by product type and average check per person for Company-owned restaurants during fiscal year 2016:

			INTERNATIONAL						
_	Outback Carrabba's Steakhouse Italian Grill Bo				efish Grill	 Fleming's me Steakhouse & Wine Bar	Outback Steakhouse Brazil		
Food & non-alcoholic beverage	90%		85%		78%	73%		83%	
Alcoholic beverage	10%		15%		22%	27%		17%	
_	100%		100%		100%	100%		100%	
Average check per person (\$USD) \$	22	\$	21	\$	25	\$ 74	\$	15	
Average check per person (LC)							R\$	52	

System-wide Restaurant Summary - Following is a system-wide rollforward of restaurants in operation during fiscal year 2016:

	DECEMBER 27,		2016 ACTIVITY	DECEMBER 25,	U.S. STATE		
	2015	OPENED	CLOSED	OTHER	2016	COUNT	
Number of restaurants:							
U.S.							
Outback Steakhouse							
Company-owned	650	5	(3)	(2)	650		
Franchised	105	2	(2)	_	105		
Total	755	7	(5)	(2)	755	48	
Carrabba's Italian Grill							
Company-owned	244	_	(2)	_	242		
Franchised	3	_	(1)	_	2		
Total	247		(3)	_	244	32	
Bonefish Grill							
Company-owned	210	2	(8)	_	204		
Franchised	5	1	_	_	6		
Total	215	3	(8)	_	210	36	
Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar							
Company-owned	66	2	_	_	68	28	
International							
Company-owned							
Outback Steakhouse - Brazil (1)	75	9	(1)	_	83		
Outback Steakhouse - South Korea (2)	75	3	(6)	(72)	_		
Other	16	14	(1)	_	29		
Franchised							
Outback Steakhouse - South Korea (2)	_	1	_	72	73		
Other	58	3	(9)	2	54		
Total	224	30	(17)	2	239		
System-wide total (3)	1,507	42	(33)	_	1,516		

<sup>(1)</sup> The restaurant counts for Brazil are reported as of November 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, to correspond with the balance sheet dates of this subsidiary.

# RESTAURANT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

Site Design - We generally construct freestanding buildings on leased properties, although certain leased sites are also located in strip shopping centers. Construction of a new restaurant typically takes 60 to 180 days from the date the location is leased or under contract and fully permitted. In the majority of cases, future restaurant development will result from the lease of existing third-party retail space. We typically design the interior of our restaurants in-house, utilizing outside architects when necessary. We have an ongoing remodel program across all of our concepts to maintain the relevance of our restaurants' ambience.

Site Selection Process - We have a central site selection team comprised of real estate development, property/lease management and design and construction personnel. This site selection team also utilizes a combination of existing field operations managers, internal development personnel and outside real estate brokers to identify and qualify potential sites.

<sup>(2)</sup> On July 25, 2016, we sold our restaurant locations in South Korea, converting all restaurants in that market to franchised locations.

<sup>(3)</sup> The restaurant count as of December 25, 2016 includes 43 locations scheduled to close in connection with the 2017 Closure Initiative (as defined below under Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations").

We have a relocation initiative in process, primarily related to the Outback Steakhouse brand. This multi-year relocation plan is focused on driving additional traffic to our restaurants by moving legacy restaurants from non-prime to prime locations within the same trade area.

# **Restaurant Development**

We utilize the ownership structure and market entry strategy that best fits the needs for a particular market, including Company-owned units, joint ventures and franchises. For each market, we determine whether we will focus on Company-owned units, joint ventures or franchises based on demand, cost structure and economic conditions.

International Development - We continue to expand internationally, leveraging established equity and franchise markets in South America and Asia, and in strategically selected emerging and high-growth developed markets, focusing on Brazil and China. As we continue to expand internationally, we complement our ownership positions in high growth markets with franchisee partnerships. During 2016, we entered into a multi-country franchise agreement for the development of up to 26 Outback Steakhouse and Abbraccio Cucina Italiana restaurants in the Middle East over the next five years. We also entered into a development agreement in 2016 with an existing franchisee in Australia to open 20 Outback Steakhouse restaurants over the next three years.

See Item 2 - *Properties* for disclosure of our international restaurant count by country.

*U.S. Development* - We plan to opportunistically pursue unit growth across our concepts through existing geography fill-in and market expansion opportunities based on their current location mix.

#### RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT / INNOVATION

We utilize a global core menu policy to ensure consistency and quality in our menu offerings. Before we add an item to the core menu, our research and development ("R&D") team performs a thorough review of the item, including conducting consumer research, in order to assist in determining the viability of adding the item. Internationally, we have teams in our developed markets that tailor our menus to address the preferences of local consumers.

We continuously evolve our product offerings to improve efficiency based on consumer trends and feedback. We have a 12-month pipeline of new menu and promotional items across all concepts that allows us to quickly make adjustments in response to market demands, when necessary. In addition, we continue to focus on productivity across the portfolio. For new menu items and significant product changes, we have a testing process that includes direct consumer feedback on the product and its pricing.

Menu innovation and enhancement remains a high priority across all concepts. During 2016, we introduced a new center-cut sirloin, increased certain portion sizes and simplified the menu at Outback Steakhouse. We reduced menu complexity to refocus efforts on fresh seafood at Bonefish Grill and launched a new core menu at Carrabba's in 2016.

# INFORMATION SYSTEMS

The Company leverages technology to support customer engagement, labor and food productivity initiatives and restaurant operations.

To drive customer engagement, the Company continues to invest in technology infrastructure, including brand websites, online ordering and mobile apps. To increase customer convenience, we are leveraging our existing online ordering infrastructure to facilitate expanded off-premise dining. Additionally, we have developed systems to support our new customer loyalty program with a focus to increase traffic to our restaurants. Investments are also being made in a global supply chain management system to provide better inventory forecasting and replenishment to our restaurants, which will help manage food quality and specifications. We also continue to invest in a range of tools and infrastructure to support risk management and cyber security.

Our integrated point-of-sale ("POS") system allows us to transact business in our restaurants, communicate sales data through a secure corporate network to our enterprise resource planning system and data warehouse and automate financial and accounting controls. Our Company-owned restaurants, and most of our franchised restaurants, are connected through a portal that provides our Company employees and franchise partners with access to business information and tools that allow them to collaborate, communicate, train and share information.

#### ADVERTISING AND MARKETING

We generally advertise through national and spot television and radio media. Our concepts have an active public relations program and also rely on national promotions, site visibility, local marketing, digital marketing, direct mail, billboards and point-of-sale materials to promote our restaurants. In recent years, we have increased the use of digital advertising which has allowed us to be more efficient with our advertising expenditures. Internationally, we have teams in our developed markets that engage local agencies to tailor advertising to each market and develop relevant and timely promotions based on local consumer demand.

In July 2016, we launched our first multi-brand loyalty program called Dine Rewards. Additionally, to help maintain consumer interest and relevance, each concept leverages limited-time offers featuring seasonal specials. We promote limited-time offers through integrated marketing programs that utilize all of our advertising resources.

#### RESTAURANT OPERATIONS

Management and Employees - The management staff of our restaurants varies by concept and restaurant size. Our restaurants employ primarily hourly employees, many of whom work part-time. The Restaurant Managing Partner has primary responsibility for the day-to-day operation of the restaurant and is required to follow Company-established operating standards. Area Operating Partners are responsible for overseeing the operations of typically six to 13 restaurants and Restaurant Managing Partners in a specific region.

Area Operating Partners, Restaurant Managing Partner and Chef Partner Programs - In addition to salary, Area Operating Partners, Restaurant Managing Partners and Chef Partners generally receive performance-based bonuses for providing management and supervisory services to their restaurants, certain of which may be based on a percentage of their restaurants' monthly operating results or distributable cash flow ("Monthly Payments").

Restaurant Managing Partners and Chef Partners in the U.S. are eligible to participate in deferred compensation programs. Under these deferred compensation programs, the Restaurant Managing Partners and Chef Partners are eligible to receive payments beginning upon completion of their five-year employment agreement. We invest in various corporate-owned life insurance policies, which are held within an irrevocable grantor or "rabbi" trust account for settlement of our obligations under the deferred compensation plans. Also, on the fifth anniversary of the opening of each new U.S. Company-owned restaurant, the Area Operating Partner supervising the restaurant during the first five years of operation receives an additional performance-based bonus.

Many of our International Restaurant Managing Partners are given the option to purchase participation interests in the cash distributions from the restaurants they manage. The amount, terms and availability vary by country. This interest gives the partners the right to receive a percentage of the restaurant's annual cash flows for the duration of the agreement.

Supervision and Training - We require our Area Operating Partners and Restaurant Managing Partners to have significant experience in the full-service restaurant industry. All Area Operating Partners and Restaurant Managing Partners are required to complete a comprehensive training program that emphasizes our operating strategy, procedures and standards. The Restaurant Managing Partners and Area Operating Partners, together with our Presidents, Regional Vice Presidents, Vice Presidents of Training and Directors of Training, are responsible for selecting and training the employees for each new restaurant.

Service - In order to better assess and improve our performance, we use a third-party research firm to conduct an ongoing satisfaction measurement program that provides us with industry benchmarking information for our Company-owned and franchise locations in the U.S. We have a similar consumer satisfaction measurement program for our international Company-owned and certain franchise locations and we obtain industry benchmarking information for the international markets in which we operate, when available. These programs measure satisfaction across a wide range of experience elements.

## SOURCING AND SUPPLY

Sourcing and Supply - We take a global approach to procurement and supply chain management, with our corporate team serving all U.S. and international concepts. In addition, we have dedicated supply chain management personnel for our international operations in South America and Asia. The supply chain management organization is responsible for all food and operating supply purchases as well as a large percentage of purchases of field and corporate services.

We address the end-to-end costs associated with the products and goods we purchase by utilizing a combination of global, regional and local suppliers to capture efficiencies and economies of scale. This "total cost of ownership" ("TCO") approach focuses on the initial purchase price, coupled with the cost structure underlying the procurement and order fulfillment process. The TCO approach includes monitoring commodity markets and trends to execute product purchases at the most advantageous times.

We have a distribution program that includes food, beverage, smallwares and packaging goods in all major markets. This program is managed by a custom distribution company that only provides products approved for our system. This customized relationship also enables our staff to effectively manage and prioritize our supply chain.

Proteins represent 62% of our global commodity procurement composition, with beef representing 56% of purchased proteins. In 2016, we purchased: (i) more than 85% of our U.S. beef raw materials from four beef suppliers that represent approximately 83% of the total U.S. beef marketplace and (ii) more than 95% of our Brazil beef raw materials from one beef supplier that represents approximately eight percent of the total Brazil beef marketplace. Due to the nature of our industry, we expect to continue purchasing a substantial amount of our beef from a small number of suppliers. Other major commodity categories purchased include produce, dairy, bread and pasta, and energy sources to operate our restaurants, such as natural gas and electricity.

Quality Control - Our R&D facility is located in Tampa, Florida and serves as a global test kitchen and vendor product qualification site. Our quality assurance team manages internal auditors responsible for supplier evaluations and external third parties who inspect supplier adherence to quality, food safety and product specification. Our suppliers also utilize third-party labs for food safety and quality verification. We have a program that ensures suppliers comply with quality, food safety and other specifications. We develop sourcing strategies for all commodity categories based on the dynamics of each category. In addition, we require our supplier partners to meet or exceed our quality assurance standards.

Our operational teams have multiple touch points in the restaurants ensuring food safety, quality and freshness throughout all phases of the preparation process. In addition, we employ third-party auditors to verify our standards of food safety, training and sanitation.

# RESTAURANT OWNERSHIP STRUCTURES

Our restaurants are Company-owned or operated under franchise arrangements. We generate our revenues from our Company-owned restaurants and through ongoing royalties from our franchised restaurants and sales of franchise rights.

Company-Owned Restaurants - Company-owned restaurants are wholly-owned by us or in which we have a majority ownership. Our cash flows from entities in which we have a majority ownership are limited to the portion of our ownership. The results of operations of Company-owned restaurants are included in our consolidated operating results and the portion of income or loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests is eliminated in our Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

We pay royalties that range from 1.0% to 1.5% of U.S. sales on the majority of our Carrabba's Italian Grill restaurants, pursuant to agreements we entered into with the Carrabba's Italian Grill founders ("Carrabba's Founders"). Certain Carrabba's Italian Grill restaurants that opened or started serving weekday lunch on or after June 1, 2014, pay royalties of 0.5% on lunch sales.

Each Carrabba's restaurant located outside the United States pays a one-time lump sum fee to the Carrabba's Founders, which varies depending on the size of the restaurant. No continuing royalty fee is paid to the Carrabba's Founders for Carrabba's restaurants located outside the United States.

*Unaffiliated Franchise Program* - Our unaffiliated franchise agreements grant third parties rights to establish and operate a restaurant using one of our concepts. Franchised restaurants are required to be operated in accordance with the franchise agreement and in compliance with their respective concept's standards and specifications.

Under our franchise agreements, each of our franchisees is required to pay an initial franchise fee and pay monthly royalties based on a percentage of gross restaurant sales. Initial franchise fees are \$40,000 for U.S. franchisees and range between \$40,000 and \$75,000 for international franchisees, depending on the market. Some franchisees may also pay administration fees based on a percentage of gross restaurant sales. Following is a summary of franchise fee percentages based on our current existing unaffiliated franchise agreements:

(as a % of gross Restaurant sales)	PERCENTAGE (1)
U.S. franchisees (1)	3.50% - 5.75%
International franchisees	3.00% - 6.00%

(1) In addition, under U.S. franchise agreements, a U.S. franchisee must contribute a percentage of gross sales for national marketing programs and must also spend a certain amount of gross sales on local advertising, up to a maximum of 8.0% of gross restaurant sales for combined national marketing and local advertising.

On July 25, 2016, the Company completed the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea. After completion of the sale, the Company's restaurant locations in South Korea are operated under an international franchise agreement.

T-Bird Restaurant Group, Inc. ("T-Bird") is party to an Outback Steakhouse Master Franchise Agreement. T-Bird, through its affiliates, owns and operates 55 Outback Steakhouse restaurants in California. T-Bird is also party to a separate Outback Steakhouse development agreement, which gives T-Bird the exclusive right to open additional Outback Steakhouse restaurants in California through 2031 and commits T-Bird to opening seven new Outback Steakhouse restaurants in California by January 2022. Each new Outback Steakhouse restaurant that T-Bird opens in California is governed by the Master Franchise Agreement. As of December 25, 2016, no new Outback Steakhouse restaurants have opened under T-Bird's development agreement.

# **COMPETITION**

The restaurant industry is highly competitive with a substantial number of restaurant operators that compete directly and indirectly with us in respect to price, service, location and food quality, and there are other well-established competitors with significant financial and other resources. There is also active competition for management personnel, attractive suitable real estate sites, supplies and restaurant employees. In addition, competition is also influenced strongly by marketing and brand reputation. At an aggregate level, all major U.S. casual dining restaurants and casual dining restaurants in the international markets in which we operate would be considered competitors of our concepts. Further, we face growing competition from the supermarket industry and home delivery services and applications,

with improved selections of prepared meals, and from quick service and fast casual restaurants, as a result of higher-quality food and beverage offerings. Internationally, we face increasing competition due to an increase in the number of casual dining restaurant options in the markets in which we operate.

#### GOVERNMENT REGULATION

We are subject to various federal, state, local and international laws affecting our business. Each of our restaurants is subject to licensing and regulation by a number of governmental authorities, which may include, among others, alcoholic beverage control, health and safety, nutritional menu labeling, health care, environmental and fire agencies in the state, municipality or country in which the restaurant is located.

*U.S.* - Alcoholic beverage sales represent 14% of our U.S. restaurant sales. Alcoholic beverage control regulations require each of our restaurants to apply to a state authority and, in certain locations, county or municipal authorities for a license or permit to sell alcoholic beverages on the premises and to provide service for extended hours and on Sundays.

Our restaurant operations are also subject to federal and state laws for such matters as:

- immigration, employment, minimum wages, overtime, tip credits, worker conditions and health care;
- nutritional labeling, nutritional content, menu labeling and food safety;
- the Americans with Disabilities Act, which, among other things, requires our restaurants to meet federally mandated requirements for the disabled; and
- information security, privacy, cashless payments, gift cards and consumer credit, protection and fraud.

*International* - Our restaurants outside of the United States are subject to similar local laws and regulations as our U.S. restaurants, including labor, food safety and information security. In addition, we are subject to anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws and regulations.

See Item 1A - Risk Factors for a discussion of risks relating to federal, state, local and international regulation of our business.

# EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

Below is a list of the names, ages, positions and a brief description of the business experience of each of our executive officers as of February 17, 2017.

NAME	AGE	POSITION
Elizabeth A. Smith	53	Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer
Chris Brandt	48	Executive Vice President and Chief Brand Officer
David J. Deno	59	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer
Donagh M. Herlihy	53	Executive Vice President, Digital and Chief Information Officer
Joseph J. Kadow	60	Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer
Michael Kappitt	47	Executive Vice President and President of Carrabba's Italian Grill
Patrick C. Murtha	58	Executive Vice President and President of Bloomin' Brands International
Gregg Scarlett	55	Executive Vice President and President of Outback Steakhouse
David P. Schmidt	46	Executive Vice President and President of Bonefish Grill
Sukhdev Singh	53	Executive Vice President, Global Chief Development and Franchising Officer

**Elizabeth A. Smith** was appointed Chairman in January 2012. Since November 2009, Ms. Smith has served as Chief Executive Officer and as a member of our Board of Directors. Ms. Smith is a member of the Board of Directors of Hilton Worldwide Holdings, Inc. and was previously a member of the Board of Directors of Staples, Inc. from September 2008 to June 2014.

Chris Brandt joined Bloomin' Brands as Executive Vice President and Chief Brand Officer in May 2016. Prior to joining Bloomin' Brands, Mr. Brandt was the Chief Brand Officer/Chief Marketing Officer for Taco Bell, a subsidiary of Yum! Brands Inc., from May 2013 to May 2016. Mr. Brandt was also a Senior Director and Vice President of Marketing for Taco Bell from November 2010 to May 2013.

**David J. Deno** has served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer since May 2012. From December 2009 to May 2012, Mr. Deno served as Chief Financial Officer of the international division of Best Buy Co. Inc. Mr. Deno previously served as President and later Chief Executive Officer of Quiznos and Chief Financial Officer and later Chief Operating Officer of YUM! Brands, Inc.

**Donagh M. Herlihy** has served as Executive Vice President, Digital and Chief Information Officer since September 2014. Prior to joining Bloomin' Brands, Mr. Herlihy was Senior Vice President, Chief Information Officer and eCommerce of Avon Products, Inc. from March 2008 to August 2014.

**Joseph J. Kadow** has served as Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer since April 2005. Mr. Kadow has served as Assistant Secretary since February 2016 and previously served as Secretary from April 1994 to February 2016.

**Michael Kappitt** has served as Executive Vice President and President of Carrabba's Italian Grill since February 2016. Mr. Kappitt served as Senior Vice President and Chief Marketing Officer from January 2014 to February 2016 and Chief Marketing Officer of Outback Steakhouse from March 2011 to December 2013.

**Patrick C. Murtha** has served as Executive Vice President and President of Bloomin' Brands International since November 2013. From January 2006 to March 2013, Mr. Murtha was the Chief Operating Officer of Pizza Hut, Inc.

**Gregg Scarlett** has served as Executive Vice President and President of Outback Steakhouse since July 2016. Mr. Scarlett previously served as Executive Vice President and President of Bonefish Grill from March 2015 to July 2016; Senior Vice President, Casual Dining Restaurant Operations from January 2013 to March 2015; and Senior Vice President of Operations for Outback Steakhouse from March 2010 to January 2013.

**David P. Schmidt** has served as Executive Vice President and President of Bonefish Grill since July 2016. Mr. Schmidt previously served as Group Vice President of Finance from April 2016 to July 2016; Vice President of Finance for Bonefish Grill from August 2015 to April 2016; Vice President of Productivity from November 2011 to August 2015 and Vice President of Corporate Finance from April 2010 to November 2011 for Bloomin' Brands.

**Sukhdev Singh** has served as Executive Vice President, Global Chief Development and Franchising Officer since May 2015. Mr. Singh previously served as Senior Vice President, Chief Development Officer from January 2014 to May 2015. Prior to joining Bloomin' Brands, Mr. Singh was Chief Development Officer for Darden Restaurants, Inc. from July 2006 to January 2014.

## **EMPLOYEES**

As of December 25, 2016, we employed approximately 97,000 persons, of which approximately 950 are corporate personnel. None of our U.S. employees are covered by a collective bargaining agreement. Various national industry-wide labor agreements apply to certain of our employees in Brazil. We consider our employee relations to be in good standing.

# **TRADEMARKS**

We regard our Outback ®, Outback Steakhouse ®, Carrabba's Italian Grill ®, Bonefish Grill ®, and Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar ® service marks and our Bloomin' Onion ® trademark as having significant value and as being important factors in the marketing of our restaurants. We have also obtained trademarks for several of our other menu items and for various advertising slogans. We are aware of names and marks similar to the service marks of ours used by other persons in certain geographic areas in which we have restaurants. However, we believe such uses will not adversely affect us. Our policy is to pursue registration of our marks whenever possible and to oppose vigorously any infringement of our marks.

We license the use of our registered trademarks to franchisees and third parties through franchise arrangements and licensees. The franchise and license arrangements restrict franchisees' and licensees' activities with respect to the use of our trademarks, and impose quality control standards in connection with goods and services offered in connection with the trademarks.

# SEASONALITY AND QUARTERLY RESULTS

Our business is subject to seasonal fluctuations. Historically, customer traffic patterns for our established U.S. restaurants are generally highest in the first quarter of the year and lowest in the third quarter of the year. International customer traffic patterns vary by market. For example, Brazil historically experiences minimal seasonal traffic fluctuations. Additionally, holidays and severe weather may affect sales volumes seasonally in some of our markets.

Quarterly results have been and will continue to be significantly affected by general economic conditions, the timing of new restaurant openings and their associated pre-opening costs, restaurant closures and exit-related costs and impairments of goodwill, definite and indefinite-lived intangible assets and property, fixtures and equipment. As a result of these and other factors, our financial results for any given quarter may not be indicative of the results that may be achieved for a full fiscal year.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

We make available, free of charge, through our internet website www.bloominbrands.com, our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, Proxy Statements and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as soon as reasonably practicable after electronically filing such material with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). You may read and copy any materials filed with the SEC at the Securities and Exchange Commission's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. Our reports and other materials filed with the SEC are also available at www.sec.gov. The reference to these website addresses does not constitute incorporation by reference of the information contained on the websites and should not be considered part of this Report.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

The risk factors set forth below should be carefully considered. The risks described below are those that we believe could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations, however, they are not the only risks facing us. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or those we currently view to be immaterial may also materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

# Risks Related to Our Business and Industry

Food safety and food-borne illness concerns in our restaurants or throughout the industry or supply chain may have an adverse effect on our business by reducing demand and increasing costs.

Regardless of the source or cause, any report of food-borne illnesses and other food safety issues, whether at one of our restaurants or in the industry or supply chain generally, could have a negative impact on our traffic and sales and adversely affect the reputation of our brands. Food safety issues could be caused by suppliers or distributors and, as a result, be out of our control. Health concerns or outbreaks of disease in a food product could also reduce demand for particular menu offerings. Even instances of food-borne illness, food tampering or food contamination occurring solely at restaurants of other companies could result in negative publicity about the food service industry generally and adversely impact our sales. The occurrence of food-borne illnesses or food safety issues could also adversely affect the price and availability of affected ingredients, resulting in higher costs and lower margins.

# The restaurant industry is highly competitive. Our inability to compete effectively could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

A substantial number of restaurant operators compete directly and indirectly with us with respect to price, service, location and food quality, some of which are well-established with significant resources. There is also active competition for management and other personnel, and attractive suitable real estate sites. Consumer tastes, nutritional and dietary trends, traffic patterns and the type, number and location of competing restaurants often affect the restaurant business, and our competitors may react more efficiently, creatively and effectively to those conditions. In addition, our competitors may generate or better implement business strategies that improve the value and relevance of their brands and reputation, relative to ours. For example, our competitors may more successfully implement menu or technology initiatives, such as remote ordering, social media or mobile technology platforms that expedite or enhance the customer experience. Further, we face growing competition from the supermarket industry and home delivery services and applications, with the improvement of their prepared food offerings, and from quick service and fast casual restaurants. We believe all of the above factors have increased competitive pressures in the casual dining sector in recent periods and we believe they will continue to present a challenging competitive environment in future periods. If we are unable to continue to compete effectively, our traffic, sales and margins could decline and our business, financial condition and results of operations would be adversely affected.

# We are subject to various federal and state employment and labor laws and regulations.

Various federal and state employment and labor laws and regulations govern our relationships with our employees and affect operating costs, and similar laws and regulations apply to our operations outside of the U.S. These laws and regulations relate to matters including employment discrimination, minimum wage requirements, overtime, tip credits, unemployment tax rates, workers' compensation rates, working conditions, immigration status, tax reporting and other wage and benefit requirements. Any significant additional government regulations and new laws governing our relationships with employees, including minimum wage increases, mandated benefits or other requirements that impose additional obligations on us, could increase our costs and adversely affect our business and results of operations.

As a significant number of our food service and preparation personnel are paid at rates related to the applicable minimum wage, federal, state and local proposals related to minimum wage requirements or similar matters could, to the extent implemented, materially increase our labor and other costs. Several states in which we operate have recently approved minimum wage increases. As minimum wage increases are implemented in these states or any other states in which

we operate in the future, we expect our labor costs will increase. Our ability to respond to minimum wage increases by increasing menu prices would depend on the responses of our competitors and consumers. Our distributors and suppliers could also be affected by higher minimum wage, benefit standards and compliance costs, which could result in higher costs for goods and services supplied to us.

We rely on our employees to accurately disclose the full amount of their tip income, and we base our FICA tax reporting on the disclosures provided to us by such tipped employees. Inaccurate employee FICA tax reporting could subject us to monetary liabilities, which could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition. In 2015, the IRS issued audit adjustments in aggregate of \$6.4 million, for the employer's share of FICA taxes related to cash tips allegedly received and unreported by our employees during calendar years 2011 and 2012.

We are also subject, in the ordinary course of business, to employee claims against us based, among other things, on discrimination, harassment, wrongful termination, or violation of wage and labor laws. These claims may divert our financial and management resources that would otherwise be used to benefit our operations. The ongoing expense of any resulting lawsuits, and any substantial settlement payment or damage award against us, could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

# Challenging economic conditions may have a negative effect on our business and financial results.

Challenging economic conditions may negatively impact consumer spending and thus cause a decline in our financial results. For example, international, domestic and regional economic conditions, consumer income levels, financial market volatility, social unrest, governmental, political and budget matters and a slow or stagnant pace of economic growth generally may have a negative effect on consumer confidence and discretionary spending. In recent years, we believe these factors and conditions have affected consumer traffic and comparable restaurant sales for us and throughout our industry and may continue to result in a challenging sales environment in the casual dining sector. A decline in economic conditions or negative developments with respect to any of the other factors mentioned above, generally or in particular markets in which we operate, and our consumers' reactions to these trends could result in increased pressure with respect to our pricing, traffic levels, commodity and other costs and the continuation of our innovation and productivity initiatives, which could negatively impact our business and results of operations. These factors could also cause us to, among other things, reduce the number and frequency of new restaurant openings, close restaurants or delay remodeling of our existing restaurant locations. Further, poor economic conditions may force nearby businesses to shut down, which could cause our restaurant locations to be less attractive.

# Increased commodity, energy and other costs could decrease our profit margins or cause us to limit or otherwise modify our menus or increase prices, which could adversely affect our business.

The performance of our restaurants depends on our ability to anticipate and react to changes in the price and availability of food commodities. Our business also incurs significant costs for energy, insurance, labor, marketing and real estate. Prices may be affected due to supply, market changes, increased competition, the general risk of inflation, changes in laws, shortages or interruptions in supply due to weather, disease or other conditions beyond our control, or other reasons. Increased prices or shortages could affect the cost and quality of the items we buy or require us to raise prices, limit our menu options or implement alternative processes or products. For example, in 2016, average commodity costs increased by 0.3%. As result, these events, combined with other more general economic and demographic conditions, could impact our pricing and negatively affect our sales and profit margins.

# Our failure to comply with government regulation related to our restaurant operations, and the costs of compliance or non-compliance, could adversely affect our business.

We are subject to various federal, state, local and foreign laws affecting our business. Each of our restaurants is subject to licensing and regulation by a number of governmental authorities, which may include, among others, alcoholic beverage control, food safety, nutritional menu labeling, health care, environmental and fire agencies in the state, municipality or country in which the restaurant is located. Our suppliers are also subject to regulation in some of these areas. Any difficulties or inabilities to retain or renew licenses, or increased compliance costs due to changed regulations,

could adversely affect operations at existing restaurants. Additionally, difficulties in obtaining or failing to obtain the required licenses or approvals could delay or prevent the development of new restaurants.

Alcoholic beverage sales represent 14% of our consolidated restaurant sales and are subject to extensive state and local licensing and other regulations. The failure of a restaurant to obtain or retain a liquor license would adversely affect that restaurant's operations. In addition, we are subject to "dram shop" statutes in certain states. These statutes generally provide a person injured by an intoxicated person the right to recover damages from an establishment that wrongfully served alcoholic beverages to the intoxicated person.

The FDA adopted final regulations to implement federal nutritional disclosure requirements in 2014, and, although implementation has been delayed, we expect we will be required to comply with these regulations during 2017. The regulations will require us to include calorie information on our menus, and provide additional nutritional information upon request. If the costs of implementing or complying with these new requirements exceed our expectations, our results of operations could be adversely affected. Furthermore, the effect of such labeling requirements on consumer choices, if any, is unclear. It is possible that we may also become subject to other regulation in the future seeking to tax or regulate high fat and high sodium foods in certain of our markets. Compliance with these regulations could be costly.

The food service industry is affected by consumer preferences and perceptions. Changes in these preferences and perceptions may lessen the demand for our products, which would reduce sales and harm our business.

Food service businesses are affected by changes in consumer tastes and demographic trends. For instance, if prevailing health or dietary preferences cause consumers to avoid steak and other products we offer in any of our concepts in favor of foods or ingredients that are perceived as healthier or otherwise reflect popular demand, our business and operating results would be harmed. If we are unable to anticipate or successfully respond to changes in consumer preferences, our results of operations could be adversely affected, generally or in particular concepts or markets.

# Changes in tax laws and unanticipated tax liabilities could adversely affect the taxes we pay and our profitability.

We are subject to income and other taxes in the United States and numerous foreign jurisdictions. Our effective income tax rate in the future could be adversely affected by a number of factors, including changes in the mix of earnings in countries with different statutory tax rates, changes in the valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, changes in tax laws or other legislative changes, including those that may result from the Base Erosion Profit Shifting initiative being conducted by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, the outcome of income tax audits, and any repatriation of non-U.S. earnings for which we have not previously provided for U.S. taxes. Although we believe our tax estimates are reasonable, the final determination of tax audits could be materially different from our historical income tax provisions and accruals. The results of a tax audit could have a material effect on our results of operations or cash flows in the period or periods for which that determination is made. In addition, our effective income tax rate and our results may be impacted by our ability to realize deferred tax benefits and by any increases or decreases of our valuation allowances applied to our existing deferred tax assets.

# Risks associated with our expansion, remodeling and relocation plans may have adverse effects on our operating results.

As part of our business strategy, we intend to continue to expand our current portfolio of restaurants. Our current development schedule calls for the construction of between 40 and 50 new system-wide locations in 2017. A variety of factors could cause the actual results and outcome of those expansion plans to differ from the anticipated results, including among other things:

- the availability of attractive sites for new restaurants;
- acquiring or leasing those sites at acceptable prices and other terms;
- funding or financing our development;
- obtaining all required permits, approvals and licenses on a timely basis;

- recruiting and training skilled management and restaurant employees and retaining those employees on acceptable terms;
- · weather, natural disasters and other events or factors beyond our control resulting in construction or other delays; and
- consumer tastes in new geographic regions and acceptance of our restaurant concepts and awareness of our brands in those regions.

It is difficult to estimate the performance of newly opened restaurants. Earnings achieved to date by restaurants open for less than two years may not be indicative of future operating results. If new restaurants do not meet targeted performance, it could have a material adverse effect on our operating results, including as a result of any impairment losses that we may be required to recognize. There is also the possibility that new restaurants may attract consumers away from other restaurants we own, thereby reducing the revenues of those existing restaurants, or that we will incur unrecoverable costs in the event a development project is abandoned prior to completion.

International expansion is an important part of our strategy, and some of the challenges described above could be more significant in international markets in which we have more limited experience, either generally or with a particular brand. Those markets are likely to have different competitive conditions, consumer tastes, discretionary spending patterns and brand awareness, which may cause our new restaurants to be less successful than restaurants in our existing markets or make it more difficult to estimate the performance of new restaurants.

In addition, in an effort to increase same-store sales and improve our operating performance, we continue to make improvements to our facilities through our remodeling and relocation programs. We also close underperforming restaurants from time to time in order to improve the performance of our brands. As demographic and economic patterns change or there are declines in neighborhoods where our restaurants are located or adverse economic conditions in local areas, current locations may not continue to be attractive or profitable. Because we lease a significant majority of our restaurants, we incur significant lease termination expenses when we close or relocate a restaurant. We also incur significant asset impairment and other charges in connection with closures and relocations. If the expenses associated with remodels, relocations or closures are higher than anticipated, we cannot find suitable locations or remodeled or relocated restaurants do not perform as expected, these programs may not yield the desired return on investment, which could have a negative effect on our operating results.

# Security breaches of confidential consumer, personal employee and other material information may adversely affect our business.

The majority of our restaurant sales are by credit or debit cards. We also maintain certain personal information regarding our employees. Despite our security measures, our technology systems may be vulnerable to damage, disability or failures due to physical theft, fire, power loss, telecommunications failure or other catastrophic events, as well as from internal and external security breaches, employee error or malfeasance, denial of service attacks, viruses, worms and other disruptive problems caused by hackers and cyber criminals. A breach in our systems that compromises the information of our consumers or employees could result in widespread negative publicity, damage to the reputation of our brands, a loss of consumers and legal liabilities.

We may in the future become subject to lawsuits or other proceedings for purportedly fraudulent transactions arising out of the actual or alleged theft of our consumers' credit or debit card information or if consumer or employee information is obtained by unauthorized persons or used inappropriately. Any such claim or proceeding, or any adverse publicity resulting from such an event, may have a material adverse effect on our business.

We rely heavily on information technology in our operations and any material failure, weakness, interruption or breach of security could prevent us from effectively operating our business.

Our operations and corporate functions rely heavily on information systems, including point-of-sale processing in our restaurants, management of our supply chain, payment of obligations, collection of cash, data warehousing to support analytics, finance and accounting systems, mobile technologies to enhance the customer experience and other various

processes and procedures, some of which are handled by third parties. Our ability to efficiently and effectively manage our business depends significantly on the reliability and capacity of these systems. The failure of these systems to operate effectively, maintenance problems, upgrading or transitioning to new platforms, or a breach in security relating to these systems could result in delays in consumer service, reduce efficiency in our operations or result in negative publicity. These problems could adversely affect our results of operations, and remediation could result in significant, unplanned capital investments.

# We face a variety of risks associated with doing business in foreign markets that could have a negative impact on our financial performance.

We have a significant number of restaurants outside the United States, and we intend to continue our efforts to grow internationally. Although we believe we have developed an appropriate support structure for international operations and growth, there is no assurance that international operations will be profitable or international growth will continue. In addition, if we have a significant concentration of restaurants in a foreign market the impact of any negative local conditions can have a sizable impact on our results.

Our foreign operations are subject to all of the same risks as our U.S. restaurants, as well as additional risks including, among others, international economic, political, social and legal conditions and the possibility of instability and unrest, differing cultures and consumer preferences, diverse government regulations and tax systems, corruption, anti-American sentiment, the ability to source high quality ingredients and other commodities in a cost-effective manner, uncertain or differing interpretations of rights and obligations in connection with international franchise agreements and the collection of ongoing royalties from international franchisees, the availability and costs of land, construction and financing, and the availability of experienced management, appropriate franchisees and area operating partners.

Currency regulations and fluctuations in exchange rates could also affect our performance. We have operations in a total of 20 foreign countries, including direct investments in restaurants in Brazil, Hong Kong and China, as well as international franchises. Brazil is our largest international market and will continue to be our top international development priority. As a result, we may experience losses from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates or any hedging arrangements we enter into to offset such fluctuations, and such losses could adversely affect our overall sales and earnings.

We are subject to governmental regulation of our foreign operations, including antitrust and tax requirements, anti-boycott regulations, import/export/customs regulations and other international trade regulations, the USA Patriot Act and the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act. Any new regulatory or trade initiatives could impact our operations in certain countries. Failure to comply with any such legal requirements could subject us to monetary liabilities and other sanctions, which could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

# Loss of key management personnel could hurt our business and inhibit our ability to operate and grow successfully.

Our success will continue to depend, to a significant extent, on our leadership team and other key management personnel. If we are unable to attract and retain sufficiently experienced and capable management personnel, our business and financial results may suffer.

#### Our success depends substantially on the value of our brands.

Our success depends on our ability to preserve and grow our brands. Our brand value and reputation are especially important to differentiate our concepts in the highly competitive casual dining sector. Brand value and reputation is based in large part on consumer perceptions, which are driven by both our actions and actions beyond our control, such as new brand strategies or their implementation, business incidents, ineffective advertising or marketing efforts, or unfavorable mainstream or social media publicity involving us, our industry, our franchisees, or our suppliers.

The risks of negative publicity could be amplified by the increased prevalence and influence of social media. The availability of information on social media platforms is virtually immediate as is its impact, and users can post

information often without filters or checks on the accuracy of the content posted. Adverse or inaccurate information concerning our company or concepts may be posted on such platforms at any time, and such information can quickly reach a wide audience. The harm may be immediate without affording us an opportunity for redress or correction, and it is challenging to monitor and anticipate developments on social media in order to respond in an effective and timely manner. We could also be exposed to these risks if we fail to use social media responsibly in our marketing efforts. These factors could have a material adverse effect on our business.

Regardless of its basis or validity, any unfavorable publicity could adversely affect public perception of our brands. If customers perceive that we and our franchisees fail to deliver a consistently positive and relevant experience, our brands could suffer and this could have an adverse effect on our business.

# We have limited control with respect to the operations of our franchisees, which could have a negative impact on our business.

In the past year, we have increased the number of our franchisees through the sale of our South Korea operations. As of December 25, 2016, we franchised 240 restaurants across 13 states, Puerto Rico, Guam and 18 countries. Our franchisees are contractually obligated to operate their restaurants in accordance with our standards and we provide training and support to franchisees. However, franchisees are independent third parties that we do not control, and these franchisees own, operate and oversee the daily operations of their restaurants. As a result, the ultimate success and quality of any franchise restaurant rests with the franchisee. If franchisees do not successfully operate restaurants in a manner consistent with our product and service quality standards and contractual requirements, our image and reputation could be harmed, which in turn could adversely affect our business and operating results.

We have a limited number of suppliers for our major products and rely on one custom distribution company for our national distribution program in the U.S. and Brazil. If our suppliers or custom distributor are unable to fulfill their obligations under their contracts or we are unable to develop or maintain relationships with these or new suppliers or distributors, if needed, we could encounter supply shortages and incur higher costs.

We depend on frequent deliveries of fresh food products that meet our specifications, and we have a limited number of suppliers for our major products, such as beef. In 2016, we purchased: (i) more than 85% of our U.S. beef raw materials from four beef suppliers that represent approximately 83% of the total beef marketplace in the U.S and (ii) more than 95% of our Brazil beef raw materials from one beef supplier that represents approximately eight percent of the total Brazil beef marketplace. Due to the nature of our industry, we expect to continue to purchase a substantial amount of our beef from a small number of suppliers. We also use one supplier in the U.S. and Brazil, respectively, to process beef raw materials to our specifications and we use one distribution company to provide distribution services in the U.S and Brazil, respectively. Although we have not experienced significant problems with our suppliers or distributors, if our suppliers or distributors are unable to fulfill their obligations under their contracts, we could encounter supply shortages and incur higher costs.

In addition, if we are unable to maintain current purchasing terms or ensure service availability with our suppliers and distributor, we may lose consumers and experience an increase in costs in seeking alternative supplier or distribution services. The failure to develop and maintain supplier and distributor relationships and any resulting disruptions to the provision of food and other supplies to our restaurant locations could adversely affect our operating results.

Failure to achieve our projected cost savings from our efficiency initiatives could adversely affect our results of operations and eliminate potential funding for growth opportunities.

In recent years, we have identified strategies and taken steps to reduce operating costs and free up resources to reinvest in our business. These strategies include improved supply chain management, implementing labor scheduling tools and integrating restaurant information systems across our brands. We continue to evaluate and implement further cost-saving initiatives. However, the ability to reduce our operating costs through these initiatives is subject to risks and uncertainties, such as our ability to obtain improved supply pricing and the reliability of any new suppliers or technology, and we cannot assure that these activities, or any other activities that we may undertake in the future, will achieve the

desired cost savings and efficiencies. Failure to achieve such desired savings could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition and curtail investment in growth opportunities.

## There are risks and uncertainties associated with strategic actions and initiatives that we may implement.

From time to time, we consider various strategic actions and initiatives in order to grow and evolve our business and brands and improve our operating results. These actions and initiatives could include, among other things, acquisitions or dispositions of restaurants or brands, new joint ventures, new franchise arrangements, restaurant closures and changes to our operating model. For example, in fiscal year 2016, we sold 72 South Korea restaurants and engaged in sale-leaseback transactions with respect to 159 restaurant properties. There can be no assurance that any such actions or initiatives will be successful or deliver their anticipated benefits. We may be exposed to new and unforeseen risks and challenges, particularly if we enter into markets or engage in activities with which we have no or limited prior experience, and it may be difficult to predict the success of such endeavors. If we incur significant expenses or divert management, financial and other resources to a strategic initiative that is unsuccessful or does not meet our expectations, our results of operations and financial condition would be adversely affected. We may also incur significant asset impairment and other charges in connection with any such initiative. Regardless of the ultimate success of a strategic initiative, the implementation and integration of new business or operational processes could be disruptive to our current operations. Even if we test and evaluate an initiative on a limited basis, the diversion of management time and resources could have an adverse effect on our business.

# Our business is subject to seasonal and periodic fluctuations and past results are not indicative of future results.

Historically, consumer traffic patterns for our established restaurants are generally highest in the first quarter of the year and lowest in the third quarter of the year. Holidays may also affect sales volumes seasonally in some of the markets in which we operate. In addition, our quarterly results have been and will continue to be affected by the timing of new restaurant openings and their associated preopening costs, as well as restaurant closures and exit-related costs, debt extinguishment and modification costs and impairments of goodwill, intangible assets and property, fixtures and equipment. As a result of these and other factors, our financial results for any quarter may not be indicative of the results that may be achieved for a full fiscal year.

# Significant adverse weather conditions and other disasters or unforeseen events could negatively impact our results of operations.

Adverse weather conditions and natural disasters and other unforeseen events, such as winter storms, severe temperatures, thunderstorms, floods, hurricanes and earthquakes, terror attacks, war and widespread/pandemic illness, and the effects of such events on economic conditions and consumer spending patterns, could negatively impact our results of operations. Temporary and prolonged restaurant closures may occur and consumer traffic may decline due to the actual or perceived effects from these events. For example, severe winter weather conditions have impacted our traffic and results of operations in the past.

# Our failure or inability to enforce our trademarks or other proprietary rights could adversely affect our competitive position or the value of our brand.

Our trademarks, including Outback Steakhouse, Carrabba's Italian Grill, Bonefish Grill, Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar and Bloomin' Onion, and other proprietary rights are important to our success and our competitive position. The protective actions that we take may not be sufficient to prevent unauthorized usage or imitation by others, which could harm our image, brand or competitive position. Furthermore, our ability to protect trademarks and other proprietary rights may be more limited in certain international markets where we operate.

#### Litigation could have a material adverse impact on our business and our financial performance.

We are subject to lawsuits, administrative proceedings and claims that arise in the regular course of business. These matters typically involve claims by consumers, employees and others regarding issues such as food borne illness, food

safety, premises liability, "dram shop" statute liability, compliance with wage and hour requirements, work-related injuries, promotional advertising, discrimination, harassment, disability and other operational issues common to the foodservice industry, as well as contract disputes and intellectual property infringement matters. Significant legal fees and costs in complex class action litigation or an adverse judgment or settlement that is not insured or is in excess of insurance coverage could have a material adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations.

Our insurance policies may not provide adequate levels of coverage against all claims, and fluctuating insurance requirements and costs could negatively impact our profitability.

We carry insurance programs with specific retention levels or high per-claim deductibles, for a significant portion of our risks and associated liabilities with respect to workers' compensation, general liability, liquor liability, employment practices liability, property, health benefits, cyber security and other insurable risks. However, there are types of losses we may incur that cannot be insured against or that we believe are not commercially reasonable to insure, including wage and hour claims. These losses, if they occur, could have a material and adverse effect on our business and results of operations. Additionally, if our insurance costs increase, there can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully offset the effect of such increases and our results of operations may be adversely affected.

Failure to maintain effective systems of internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures could adversely affect the trading price of our common stock.

Effective internal control over financial reporting is necessary for us to provide accurate financial information. If we are unable to adequately maintain effective internal control over financial reporting, we may not be able to accurately report our financial results, which could cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information and negatively affect the trading price of our common stock. Furthermore, we cannot be certain that our internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all possible error and fraud. Because of inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of error or fraud, if any, in our company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake, which could have an adverse impact on our business.

# **Risks Related to Our Indebtedness**

Our substantial leverage and our ability to refinance our indebtedness in the future could adversely affect our ability to raise additional capital to fund our operations, limit our ability to react to changes in the economy or our industry and expose us to interest rate risk in connection with our variable-rate debt.

We are highly leveraged. As of December 25, 2016, our total indebtedness was \$1.1 billion and we had \$175.2 million in available unused borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility, net of undrawn letters of credit of \$27.8 million.

Our high degree of leverage could have important consequences, including:

- making it more difficult for us to make payments on indebtedness;
- increasing our vulnerability to general economic, industry and competitive conditions and the various risks we face in our business;
- increasing our cost of borrowing;
- requiring a substantial portion of cash flow from operations to be dedicated to the payment of principal and interest on our indebtedness, thereby reducing our ability to use our cash flow to fund our operations, capital expenditures, dividend payments, share repurchases and future business opportunities;
- exposing us to the risk of increased interest rates because certain of our borrowings are at variable rates of interest;
- restricting us from making strategic acquisitions or causing us to make non-strategic divestitures;

- limiting our ability to obtain additional financing for working capital, capital expenditures, restaurant development, debt service requirements, acquisitions and general corporate or other purposes; and
- limiting our ability to adjust to changing market conditions and placing us at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors who may not be as highly leveraged.

We may incur substantial additional indebtedness in the future, subject to the restrictions contained in our senior secured credit facilities (the "Senior Secured Credit Facility"). If new indebtedness is added to our current debt levels, the related risks that we now face could increase.

We had \$1.0 billion of variable-rate debt outstanding under our Senior Secured Credit Facility as of December 25, 2016. In September 2014, we entered into variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreements with eight counterparties to hedge a portion of the cash flows of our variable rate debt that had a start date of June 30, 2015. The swap agreements have an aggregate notional amount of \$400.0 million and mature on May 16, 2019. While these agreements limit our exposure to higher interest rates, an increase in the floating rate could nonetheless cause a material increase in our interest expense due to the total amount of our outstanding variable rate indebtedness.

We cannot be certain that our financial condition or credit and other market conditions will be favorable when our Senior Secured Credit Facility matures in 2019, or at any earlier time we may seek to refinance our debt. If we are unable to refinance our indebtedness on favorable terms, our financial condition and results of operations would be adversely affected.

# Our debt agreements contain restrictions that limit our flexibility in operating our business.

We are a holding company and conduct our operations through our subsidiaries, certain of which have incurred their own indebtedness. Our subsidiaries' debt agreements contain various covenants that limit our ability to obtain funds from our subsidiaries through dividends, loans or advances. In addition, certain of our debt agreements limit our and our subsidiaries' ability to, among other things, incur or guarantee additional indebtedness, pay dividends on, redeem or repurchase our capital stock, make certain acquisitions or investments, incur or permit to exist certain liens, enter into transactions with affiliates or sell our assets to, merge or consolidate with or into, another company. Our debt agreements require us to satisfy certain financial tests and ratios. Our ability to satisfy such tests and ratios may be affected by events outside of our control.

If we breach the covenants under our debt agreements, the lenders could elect to declare all amounts outstanding under the agreements to be immediately due and payable and terminate all commitments to extend further credit. If we are unable to repay those amounts, the lenders could proceed against the collateral granted to them to secure that indebtedness. We have pledged substantially all of our assets as collateral under our debt agreement. If our lenders accelerate the repayment of borrowings, we cannot be certain that we will have sufficient assets to repay them.

We may not be able to generate sufficient cash to service all of our indebtedness and operating lease obligations, and we may be forced to take other actions to satisfy our obligations under our indebtedness and operating lease obligations, which may not be successful. If we fail to meet these obligations, we would be in default under our debt agreements and the lenders could elect to declare all amounts outstanding under them to be immediately due and payable and terminate all commitments to extend further credit.

Our ability to make scheduled payments on our debt obligations and to satisfy our operating lease obligations depends on our financial condition and operating performance, which is subject to prevailing economic and competitive conditions and to financial, business and other factors, many of which are beyond our control. We cannot be certain that we will maintain a level of cash flow from operating activities sufficient to permit us to pay the principal, premium, if any, and interest on our indebtedness, or to pay our operating lease obligations. If our cash flow and capital resources are insufficient to fund our debt service obligations and operating lease obligations, we may be forced to reduce or delay capital expenditures, sell assets, seek additional capital or restructure or refinance our indebtedness. These alternative measures may not be successful and may not permit us to meet our scheduled debt service obligations. In the absence of sufficient operating results and resources, we could face substantial liquidity problems and might be

required to dispose of material assets or operations or take other actions to meet our debt service and other obligations. Our debt agreements restrict our ability to dispose of assets and how we may use the proceeds from the disposition. We may not be able to consummate those dispositions or to obtain the proceeds that we could otherwise realize from such dispositions and any such proceeds that are realized may not be adequate to meet any debt service obligations then due. The failure to meet our debt service obligations or the failure to remain in compliance with the financial covenants under our debt agreements would constitute an event of default under those agreements and the lenders could elect to declare all amounts outstanding under them to be immediately due and payable and terminate all commitments to extend further credit.

#### Risks Related to Our Common Stock

#### Our stock price is subject to volatility.

The stock market in general is highly volatile. As a result, the market price of our common stock is similarly volatile. The price of our common stock could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to a number of factors, some of which may be beyond our control. These factors include actual or anticipated fluctuations in our operating results, changes in, or our ability to achieve, estimates of our operating results by analysts, investors or management, analysts' recommendations regarding our stock or our competitors' stock, sales of substantial amounts of our common stock by our stockholders, actions or announcements by us or our competitors, the maintenance and growth of the value of our brands, litigation, legislation or other regulatory developments affecting us or our industry, natural disasters, terrorist acts, war or other calamities and changes in general market and economic conditions.

## If we are unable to continue to pay dividends or repurchase our stock, your investment in our common stock may decline in value.

In 2015, we initiated a quarterly dividend program. Our Board of Directors has also authorized several stock repurchase programs commencing in late 2014 and we have repurchased a significant amount of our stock since that time. The continuation of these programs, at all or consistent with past levels, will require the generation of sufficient cash flows and the existence of surplus. Any decisions to declare and pay dividends and continue stock repurchase programs in the future will be made at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on, among other things, our results of operations, financial condition, cash requirements, borrowing capacity, contractual restrictions and other factors that our Board of Directors may deem relevant at the time.

Our ability to pay dividends is dependent on our ability to obtain funds from our subsidiaries and to have access to our revolving credit facility. Based on our credit agreement, restricted dividend payments from OSI to Bloomin' Brands can be made on an unlimited basis provided we are compliant with our debt covenants.

If we discontinue our dividend or stock repurchase programs, or reduce the amount of the dividends we pay or stock that we repurchase, the price of our common stock may fall. As a result, you may not be able to resell your shares at or above the price you paid for them.

Provisions in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws, our Senior Secured Credit Facility and Delaware law may discourage, delay or prevent a change of control of our company or changes in our management and, therefore, may depress the trading price of our stock.

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws include certain provisions that could have the effect of discouraging, delaying or preventing a change of control of our company or changes in our management.

In addition, our Senior Secured Credit Facility includes change of control provisions that require that no stockholder or "group" within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act (other than our former private equity sponsors, our founders and our management stockholders or other permitted holders) has obtained more than 40% of our voting power.

These provisions in our certificate of incorporation, bylaws, and Senior Secured Credit Facility may discourage, delay or prevent a transaction involving a change in control of the Company that is in the best interests of our stockholders. Even in the absence of a takeover attempt, the existence of these provisions may adversely affect the prevailing market price of our common stock if they are viewed as discouraging future takeover attempts.

Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law may affect the ability of an "interested stockholder" to engage in certain business combinations, including mergers, consolidations or acquisitions of additional shares, for a period of three years following the time that the stockholder becomes an "interested stockholder." An "interested stockholder" is defined to include persons owning directly or indirectly 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of a corporation. Although we have elected in our certificate of incorporation not to be subject to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law our certificate of incorporation contains provisions that have the same effect as Section 203, except that they provide that our former private equity sponsors will not be deemed to be "interested stockholders," regardless of the percentage of our voting stock owned by them, and accordingly will not be subject to such restrictions.

# Our ability to raise capital in the future may be limited, which could make us unable to fund our capital requirements.

Our business and operations may consume resources faster than we anticipate. In the future, we may need to raise additional funds through the issuance of new equity securities, debt or a combination of both. Additional financing may not be available on favorable terms or at all. If adequate funds are not available on acceptable terms, we may be unable to fund our capital requirements. If we issue new debt securities, the debt holders would have rights senior to common stockholders to make claims on our assets, and the terms of any debt could restrict our operations, including our ability to pay dividends on our common stock. If we issue additional equity securities, existing stockholders may experience dilution, and the new equity securities could have rights senior to those of our common stock. Because our decision to issue securities in any future offering will depend on market conditions and other factors beyond our control, we cannot predict or estimate the amount, timing or nature of our future offerings. Thus, our stockholders bear the risk of our future securities offerings reducing the market price of our common stock and diluting their interest.

#### **Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments**

Not applicable.

# Item 2. Properties

During 2016, we entered into sale-leaseback transactions with third-parties in which we sold 159 restaurant properties. As of December 25, 2016, we owned 7% of our restaurant sites and leased the remaining 93% of our restaurant sites from third parties. We had 1,516 system-wide restaurants located across the following states, territories or countries as of December 25, 2016:

U.S.									
		COMPANY-OW	NED			FRANCH	ISE		
Alabama	20	Louisiana	22	Ohio	49	Alabama	1		
Arizona	28	Maryland	41	Oklahoma	11	Alaska	1		
Arkansas	11	Massachusetts	22	Pennsylvania	46	California	62		
California	15	Michigan	37	Rhode Island	3	Florida	1		
Colorado	30	Minnesota	9	South Carolina	39	Georgia	1		
Connecticut	15	Mississippi	1	South Dakota	2	Idaho	6		
Delaware	4	Missouri	16	Tennessee	37	Mississippi	7		
Florida	220	Montana	1	Texas	74	Montana	2		
Georgia	48	Nebraska	7	Utah	6	Ohio	1		
Hawaii	6	Nevada	16	Vermont	1	Oregon	7		
Illinois	26	New Hampshire	3	Virginia	60	Tennessee	3		
Indiana	23	New Jersey	44	West Virginia	8	Virginia	1		
Iowa	7	New Mexico	6	Wisconsin	12	Washington	20		
Kansas	7	New York	45	Wyoming	2				
Kentucky	17	North Carolina	67						
Total U.S. company-owned					1,164	Total U.S. franchise	113		
			INTERNA	ATIONAL					
COMPANY-OWNED				F	RANCHISE				
Brazil (1)	97	Australia	7	Ecuador	1	Puerto Rico	3		
China (Mainland)	6	Bahamas	1	Guam	1	Qatar	1		
Hong Kong	9	Brazil	1	Indonesia	4	Saudi Arabia	5		

Brazil (1)	97	Australia	7	Ecuador	1	Puerto Rico	3
China (Mainland)	6	Bahamas	1	Guam	1	Qatar	1
Hong Kong	9	Brazil	1	Indonesia	4	Saudi Arabia	5
		Canada	2	Japan	10	Singapore	2
		Chile	1	Malaysia	2	South Korea	73
		Costa Rica	1	Mexico	5	Thailand	1
		Dominican Republic	2	Philippines	4		
Total International company-owned	112					Total International franchise	127

<sup>(1)</sup> The restaurant count for Brazil is reported as of November 2016 to correspond with the balance sheet date of this subsidiary.

Following is a summary of the location and leased square footage for our corporate offices as of December 25, 2016:

LOCATION	USE	SQUARE FEET	LEASE EXPIRATION
Tampa, Florida	Corporate Headquarters	168,000	1/31/2025
São Paulo, Brazil	Brazil Operations Center	22,000	7/31/2021

We also have other smaller office locations regionally in China (mainland) and Hong Kong.

# Item 3. Legal Proceedings

For a description of our legal proceedings, see Note 18 - Commitments and Contingencies , of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Report.

# **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

#### PART II

## Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

#### MARKET INFORMATION AND DIVIDENDS

Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "BLMN".

In December 2014, our Board of Directors (our "Board") adopted a dividend policy under which it intends to declare quarterly cash dividends on shares of our common stock. Future dividend payments will depend on earnings, financial condition, capital expenditure requirements, surplus and other factors that our Board considers relevant. The terms of our debt agreements permit regular quarterly dividend payments, subject to certain restrictions. The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the high and low sales prices per share of our common stock as reported on Nasdaq and the dividends declared and paid during the periods indicated:

	 SALES PRICE									DIVIDENDS DECLADED			
	2016				2015				DIVIDENDS DECLARED AND PAID (1)				
	HIGH		LOW		HIGH		LOW		2016		2015		
First Quarter	\$ 18.09	\$	14.91	\$	26.25	\$	22.91	\$	0.07	\$	0.06		
Second Quarter	19.83		16.01		24.53		20.86		0.07		0.06		
Third Quarter	19.89		17.21		23.83		18.00		0.07		0.06		
Fourth Quarter	19.99		15.82		19.44		15.90		0.07		0.06		

<sup>(1)</sup> See Part II, Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - DIVIDENDS AND SHARE REPURCHASES."

# **HOLDERS**

As of February 17, 2017, there were 91 holders of record of our common stock.

# SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

The following table presents the securities authorized for issuance under our equity compensation plans as of December 25, 2016:

(shares in thousands)	(a)	(b)	(c)
PLAN CATEGORY	NUMBER OF SECURITIES TO BE ISSUED UPON EXERCISE OF OUTSTANDING OPTIONS, WARRANTS AND RIGHTS	WEIGHTED-AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE OF OUTSTANDING OPTIONS, WARRANTS AND RIGHTS	NUMBER OF SECURITIES REMAINING AVAILABLE FOR FUTURE ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS (EXCLUDING SECURITIES REFLECTED IN COLUMN (a)) (1)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	10,984	\$ 14.24	6,128

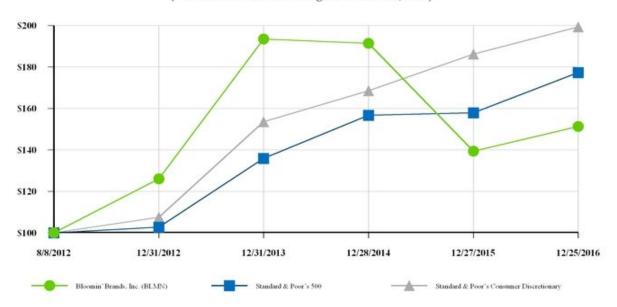
The shares remaining available for issuance may be issued in the form of stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units or other stock awards under the 2016 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2016 Incentive Plan").

# STOCK PERFORMANCE GRAPH

The following graph depicts total return to stockholders from August 8, 2012, the date our common stock became listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, through December 25, 2016, relative to the performance of the Standard & Poor's 500 Index and the Standard & Poor's 500 Consumer Discretionary Sector, a peer group. The graph assumes an investment of \$100 in our common stock and each index on August 8, 2012 and the reinvestment of dividends paid since that date. The stock price performance shown in the graph is not necessarily indicative of future price performance.

Comparison of Cumulative Total Stockholder Return

Bloomin' Brands, Inc., Standard & Poor's 500 And Standard & Poor's Consumer Discretionary Index
(Performance Results Through December 25, 2016)



_	AUGUST 8, 2012	DE	ECEMBER 31, 2012	D	ECEMBER 31, 2013	DECEMBER 28, 2014				DECEMBER 25, 2016	
Bloomin' Brands, Inc. (BLMN)	\$ 100.00	\$	126.03	\$	193.47	\$	191.38	\$	139.38	\$	151.25
Standard & Poor's 500	100.00		102.72		135.96		156.76		157.94		177.32
Standard & Poor's Consumer											
Discretionary	100.00		107.53		153.58		168.55		186.16		199.30

# PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY THE ISSUER AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS

The following table provides information regarding our purchases of common stock during the thirteen weeks ended December 25, 2016:

PERIOD	TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES PURCHASED (1)	VERAGE PRICE AID PER SHARE	TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES PURCHASED AS PART OF PUBLICLY ANNOUNCED PLANS OR PROGRAMS	PROXIMATE DOLLAR VALUE OF SHARES THAT MAY YET BE PURCHASED UNDER THE PLANS OR PROGRAMS
September 26, 2016 through October 23, 2016	_	\$ _	_	\$ 165,000,032
October 24, 2016 through November 20, 2016	619,700	\$ 19.36	619,700	\$ 153,004,103
November 21, 2016 through December 25, 2016	1,199,256	\$ 19.22	1,196,698	\$ 130,004,739
Total	1,818,956		1,816,398	

On July 26, 2016, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of \$300.0 million of our outstanding common stock as announced publicly in our press release issued on July 29, 2016 (the "July 2016 Share Repurchase Program"). The July 2016 Share Repurchase Program will expire on January 26, 2018. Common stock repurchased during the thirteen weeks ended December 25, 2016 represented shares repurchased under the July 2016 Share Repurchase Program and 2,558 shares withheld for tax payments due upon vesting of employee restricted stock awards.

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## Item 6. Selected Financial Data

	 FISCAL YEAR							
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)	 2016		2015		2014	2013		2012
Operating Results:								
Revenues								
Restaurant sales (1)	\$ 4,226,057	\$	4,349,921	\$	4,415,783	\$ 4,089,128	\$	3,946,116
Other revenues	 26,255		27,755		26,928	40,102		41,679
Total revenues (1)	 4,252,312		4,377,676		4,442,711	4,129,230		3,987,795
Income from operations (2)	127,606		230,925		191,964	225,357		181,137
Net income including noncontrolling interests (2) (3)	46,347		131,560		95,926	214,568		61,304
Net income attributable to Bloomin' Brands (2) (3)	\$ 41,748	\$	127,327	\$	91,090	\$ 208,367	\$	49,971
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.37	\$	1.04	\$	0.73	\$ 1.69	\$	0.45
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.37	\$	1.01	\$	0.71	\$ 1.63	\$	0.44
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.28	\$	0.24	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_
Balance Sheet Data:								
Total assets	\$ 2,642,279	\$	3,032,569	\$	3,338,240	\$ 3,267,421	\$	3,003,214
Total debt, net	1,089,485		1,316,864		1,309,797	1,408,088		1,481,101
Total stockholders' equity (4)	195,353		421,900		556,449	482,709		220,205
Common stock outstanding (4)	103,922		119,215		125,950	124,784		121,148
Cash Flow Data:								
Investing activities:								
Capital expenditures	\$ 260,578	\$	210,263	\$	237,868	\$ 237,214	\$	178,720
Proceeds from sale-leaseback transactions, net	530,684		_		_	_		192,886
Financing activities:								
Repurchase of common stock (4)	\$ 310,334	\$	170,769	\$	930	\$ 436	\$	_

Note: This selected consolidated financial data should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, included in Item 8 of this Report and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, included in Item 7 of this Report.

- (1) Due to the change in our fiscal year end, total revenues for 2015 include \$24.3 million of higher restaurant sales and total revenues in fiscal year 2014 include \$46.0 million of lower restaurant sales.
- Fiscal year 2016 includes: (i) \$51.4 million of asset impairments and closing costs related to the 2017 Closure Initiative and Bonefish Restructuring (as defined later), (ii) \$43.1 million of asset impairments related to our sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea and for our Puerto Rico subsidiary, (iii) \$7.2 million of asset impairments and restaurant closing costs related to the relocation of certain restaurants and (iv) \$5.5 million of severance related to restructuring of certain functions and the relocation of our Fleming's operations center to the corporate home office. Fiscal year 2015 results include \$4.9 million of higher income from operations due to a change in our fiscal year end and \$31.8 million of asset impairments and restaurant closing costs related to our Bonefish Restructuring and our International and Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiatives. Fiscal year 2014 results include \$9.2 million of lower income from operations due to a change in our fiscal year end, \$26.8 million of asset impairments and restaurant closing costs related to our International and Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiatives, \$24.0 million of asset impairments related to our Roy's concept and corporate airplanes and \$9.0 million of severance related to our organizational realignment. Fiscal year 2013 results include \$18.7 million of asset impairments due to our Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiative. Fiscal year 2012 includes: (i) \$34.1 million of certain executive compensation costs and non-cash stock compensation charges incurred in connection with the completion of our initial public offering ("IPO"), (ii) management fees and other reimbursable expenses of \$13.8 million related to a management agreement with our sponsors and founders, which terminated at the time of our IPO and (iii) \$7.4 million of legal and other professional fees, primarily related to a lease amendment between OSI and PRP.
- (3) Fiscal years 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013 and 2012 include \$27.0 million, \$3.0 million, \$11.1 million, \$14.6 million and \$21.0 million, respectively, of loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt. Fiscal year 2013 includes a \$36.6 million gain on remeasurement of a previously held equity investment related to our Brazil acquisition. Fiscal year 2013 includes a \$52.0 million income tax benefit for a U.S. valuation allowance release.
- (4) During fiscal years 2016 and 2015, we repurchased 16.6 million and 7.6 million shares of our outstanding common stock.

# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

# Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes.

#### Overview

We are one of the largest casual dining restaurant companies in the world with a portfolio of leading, differentiated restaurant concepts. As of December 25, 2016, we owned and operated 1,276 restaurants and franchised 240 restaurants across 48 states, Puerto Rico, Guam and 20 countries. We have four founder-inspired concepts: Outback Steakhouse, Carrabba's Italian Grill, Bonefish Grill and Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar.

# **Executive Summary**

Our 2016 financial results include:

- A decrease in total revenues of 2.9% to \$4.3 billion in 2016 as compared to 2015, driven primarily by the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea, lower U.S. comparable restaurant sales and the effect of foreign currency translation, partially offset by the net benefit of restaurant openings and closings.
- Operating margin at the restaurant level declined (0.7)% in fiscal year 2016 as compared to fiscal year 2015, primarily due to higher labor costs and commodity and operating expense inflation, partially offset by the impact of certain cost saving initiatives and increases in average check per person.
- Income from operations decreased to \$127.6 million in 2016 as compared to \$230.9 million in 2015, primarily due to impairment charges incurred in connection with the 2017 Closure Initiative and the sale of Outback South Korea and a decrease in operating margin at the restaurant-level, partially offset by lower general and administrative expense.
- During fiscal year 2016, we repurchased \$309.9 million of our common stock and declared and paid \$31.4 million of dividends.

Following is a summary of factors that impacted our operating results and liquidity in 2016 and significant actions we have taken during the year:

PRP Mortgage Loan - In February 2016, New Private Restaurant Partners, LLC, our indirect wholly-owned subsidiary ("PRP"), entered into a loan agreement (the "PRP Mortgage Loan"), pursuant to which PRP borrowed \$300.0 million. The proceeds of the PRP Mortgage Loan were used, together with borrowings under our revolving credit facility, to prepay a portion, and fully defease the remainder, of the 2012 CMBS loan. In connection with the defeasance, we recognized a loss of \$26.6 million during 2016. In July 2016, PRP entered into an Amendment to the PRP Mortgage Loan to provide for additional borrowings of \$69.5 million. See Note 11 - Long-term Debt, Net of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

*Sale-leaseback Transactions* - During fiscal year 2016, we entered into sale-leaseback transactions with third-parties in which we sold 159 restaurant properties at fair market value for gross proceeds of \$560.4 million . With the proceeds from these transactions, we made payments of \$322.3 million on our PRP Mortgage Loan.

Subsequent to December 25, 2016, we entered into sale-leaseback transactions with third parties in which we sold six restaurant properties at fair market value for gross proceeds of \$21.6 million and made payments of \$19.2 million on our PRP Mortgage Loan. As of the date of this filing, the PRP Mortgage Loan had a remaining balance of \$28.0 million.

# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - Continued

*Outback South Korea* - On July 25, 2016, we sold Outback Steakhouse South Korea for \$50.0 million in cash. In connection with the decision to sell Outback Steakhouse South Korea, we recognized an impairment charge of \$39.6 million during fiscal year 2016. After completion of the sale, our restaurant locations in South Korea are operated as franchises.

# **Casual Dining Industry and Macroeconomic Conditions**

The combination of casual dining industry conditions and other macroeconomic factors has put considerable pressure on restaurant sales. Competitive pressures, including discounting and marketing strategies, excess capacity in the industry, the relative affordability and quality of prepared meals from supermarkets and an increase in home delivery services and applications have impacted our traffic levels. We expect comparable restaurant sales to continue to be impacted in fiscal 2017 by current and anticipated market conditions.

## **2017 Closure Initiative**

On February 15, 2017, we decided to close 43 underperforming restaurants (the "2017 Closure Initiative"). Most of these restaurants will close in 2017, with the balance closing as leases and certain operating covenants expire or are amended or waived. In connection with the 2017 Closure Initiative, we reassessed the future undiscounted cash flows of the impacted restaurants, and as a result, we recognized pre-tax asset impairments of \$46.5 million during fiscal year 2016. See Note 3 - *Impairments*, *Disposals and Exit Costs* of our Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8 for additional details regarding the 2017 Closure Initiative.

# **Business Strategies**

In 2017, our key business strategies include:

- Continued Focus on U.S. Sales and Profitability. We plan to continue to remodel and relocate restaurants, make investments to enhance our core guest experience, increase off-premise dining occasions, introduce innovative menu items that match evolving consumer preferences and use limited-time offers and multimedia marketing campaigns to drive traffic.
- Accelerate International Growth. We continue to focus on existing geographic regions in South America and Asia, with strategic
  expansion in selected emerging and high growth developed markets. Specifically, we are focusing our existing market growth in
  Brazil and new market growth in China. We expect to open between 40 and 50 system-wide locations in 2017, with most expected
  to be international locations.
- Drive Long-Term Shareholder Value. We plan to drive long-term shareholder value by reinvesting operational cash flow in our business, improving our credit profile and returning excess cash to shareholders through share repurchases and dividends.

We intend to fund our business strategies, in part, by utilizing productivity initiatives across our business. Productivity savings will be reinvested in the business to drive revenue growth and margin improvement.

# **Key Performance Indicators**

Key measures that we use in evaluating our restaurants and assessing our business include the following:

• Average restaurant unit volumes —average sales per restaurant to measure changes in consumer traffic, pricing and development of the brand;

# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - Continued

- Comparable restaurant sales —year-over-year comparison of sales volumes for Company-owned restaurants that are open 18 months or more in order to remove the impact of new restaurant openings in comparing the operations of existing restaurants;
- *System-wide sales* —total restaurant sales volume for all Company-owned, franchise and unconsolidated joint venture restaurants, regardless of ownership, to interpret the overall health of our brands;
- Adjusted restaurant-level operating margin, Adjusted income from operations, Adjusted net income, Adjusted diluted earnings per share —non-GAAP financial measures utilized to evaluate our operating performance, which definitions, usefulness and reconciliations are described in more detail in the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section below; and
- Consumer satisfaction scores —measurement of our consumers' experiences in a variety of key areas.

# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - Continued

# **Selected Operating Data**

The table below presents the number of our restaurants in operation as of the end of the periods indicated:

	DECEMBER 25, 2016	DECEMBER 27, 2015	DECEMBER 28, 2014
Number of restaurants (at end of the period):			
U.S.			
Outback Steakhouse			
Company-owned	650	650	648
Franchised	105	105	105
Total	755	755	753
Carrabba's Italian Grill			
Company-owned	242	244	242
Franchised	2	3	1
Total	244	247	243
Bonefish Grill			
Company-owned	204	210	201
Franchised	6	5	5
Total	210	215	206
Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar			
Company-owned	68	66	66
Roy's (1)			
Company-owned	_	_	20
International			
Company-owned			
Outback Steakhouse - Brazil (2)	83	75	63
Outback Steakhouse - South Korea (3)	_	75	91
Other	29	16	11
Franchised			
Outback Steakhouse - South Korea (3)	73	_	_
Other	54	58	55
Total	239	224	220
System-wide total (4)	1,516	1,507	1,508

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{(1)}$ On January 26, 2015, we sold our Roy's concept.

The restaurant counts for Brazil are reported as of November 30, 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively, to correspond with the balance sheet dates of this subsidiary. (2)

<sup>(3)</sup> (4) On July 25, 2016, we sold our restaurant locations in South Korea, converting all restaurants in that market to franchised locations.

The restaurant count as of December 25, 2016 includes 43 locations scheduled to close in connection with the 2017 Closure Initiative.

### **Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the percentages of certain items in our Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income in relation to Total revenues or Restaurant sales, as indicated:

		FISCAL YEAR	
	2016	2015	2014
Revenues			
Restaurant sales	99.4 %	99.4 %	99.4 %
Franchise and other revenues	0.6	0.6	0.6
Total revenues	100.0	100.0	100.0
Costs and expenses			
Cost of sales (1)	32.1	32.6	32.5
Labor and other related (1)	28.7	27.7	27.6
Other restaurant operating (1)	23.5	23.1	23.8
Depreciation and amortization	4.6	4.3	4.3
General and administrative	6.3	6.6	6.9
Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings	2.5	0.8	1.2
Total costs and expenses	97.0	94.7	95.7
Income from operations	3.0	5.3	4.3
Loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt	(0.6)	(0.1)	(0.3)
Other income (expense), net	*	(*)	(*)
Interest expense, net	(1.1)	(1.3)	(1.3)
Income before provision for income taxes	1.3	3.9	2.7
Provision for income taxes	0.2	0.9	0.5
Net income	1.1	3.0	2.2
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	0.1	0.1	0.1
Net income attributable to Bloomin' Brands	1.0 %	2.9 %	2.1 %

<sup>(1)</sup> 

As a percentage of Restaurant sales.

Less than 1/10 th of one percent of Total revenues.

### Revenues

Restaurant sales - Following is a summary of the change in Restaurant sales for fiscal years 2016 and 2015:

(dollars in millions):		2016		2015
For fiscal years 2015 and 2014	\$	4,349.9	\$	4,415.8
Change from:				
Divestitures		(86.9)		(63.2)
Comparable restaurant sales (1)		(57.7)		37.7
Restaurant closings		(33.9)		(99.2)
Effect of foreign currency translation		(31.6)		(119.3)
Restaurant openings (1)		86.2		153.8
Change in fiscal year				24.3
For fiscal years 2016 and 2015	\$	4,226.0	\$	4,349.9

<sup>(1)</sup> Summation of quarterly changes for restaurant openings and comparable restaurant sales will not total to annual amounts as the restaurants that meet the definition of a comparable restaurant will differ each period based on when the restaurant opened.

The decrease in Restaurant sales in 2016 as compared to 2015 was primarily attributable to: (i) the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea restaurants in July 2016, (ii) lower U.S. comparable restaurant sales, (iii) the closing of 24 restaurants since December 28, 2014 and (iv) the effect of foreign currency translation, due to the depreciation of the Brazil Real. The decrease in restaurant sales was partially offset by sales from 92 new restaurants not included in our comparable restaurant sales base.

The decrease in Restaurant sales in 2015 as compared to 2014 was primarily attributable to: (i) the effect of foreign currency translation, (ii) the closing of 84 restaurants since December 31, 2013 and (iii) the sale of 20 Roy's restaurants. The decrease in restaurant sales was partially offset by: (i) sales from 119 new restaurants not included in our comparable restaurant sales base, (ii) an increase in comparable restaurant sales and (iii) two additional operating days due to a change in our fiscal year end.

Comparable Restaurant Sales and Average Check Per Person Increases (Decreases)

Following is a summary of comparable restaurant sales, traffic and average check per person increases (decreases):

Bonefish Grill			FISCAL YEAR	
Comparable restaurant sales (stores open 18 months or more) (1)(2):   U.S.		2016	2015	2014
U.S.         Outback Steakhouse         (2.3)%         1.8 %           Carrabba's Italian Grill         (2.7)%         (0.7)%           Bonefish Grill         (0.5)%         (3.3)%           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         (0.2)%         1.3 %           Combined U.S.         (1.9)%         0.5 %           International	Year over year percentage change:			
Outback Steakhouse         (2.3)%         1.8 %           Carrabba's Italian Grill         (2.7)%         (0.7)%           Bonefish Grill         (0.5)%         (3.3)%           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         (0.2)%         1.3 %           Combined U.S.         (1.9)%         0.5 %           International         Traffic:           U.S.         Outback Steakhouse - Brazil (3)         6.7 %         6.3 %           Traffic:         U.S.           Outback Steakhouse         Steakhouse         U.S.           Outback Steakhouse & Wine Bar         (2.7)%         (0.1)%           Eneming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         (2.2)%         (0.2)%           Combined U.S.         (4.7)%         (1.8)%           International         0.2 %         0.5 %           Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):         U.S.           Outback Steakhouse         3.4 %         3.3 %           Carrabba's Italian Grill         -%         (0.6)%           Bonefish Grill         3.2 %         2.9 %           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         2.0 %         1.5 %           Combined U.S.         2.8 % <td>Comparable restaurant sales (stores open 18 months or more) (1)(2):</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Comparable restaurant sales (stores open 18 months or more) (1)(2):			
Carrabba's Italian Grill         (2.7%         (0.7%           Bonefish Grill         (0.5)%         (3.3)%           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         (0.2)%         1.3 %           Combined U.S.         (1.9)%         0.5 %           International         Outback Steakhouse - Brazil (3)         6.7 %         6.3 %           Traffic:         U.S.           Outback Steakhouse         (5.7)%         (1.5)%           Carrabba's Italian Grill         (2.7)%         (0.1)%           Bonefish Grill         (3.7)%         (6.2)%           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         (2.2)%         (0.2)%           Combined U.S.         (4.7)%         (1.8)%           International         Outback Steakhouse - Brazil         0.2 %         0.5 %           Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):         U.S.           Outback Steakhouse         3.4 %         3.3 %           Carrabba's Italian Grill         - %         (0.6)%           Bonefish Grill         3.2 %         2.9 %           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         2.0 %         1.5 %           Combined U.S.         2.8 %         2.3 %	U.S.			
Bonefish Grill	Outback Steakhouse	(2.3)%	1.8 %	3.1 %
Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar	Carrabba's Italian Grill	(2.7)%	(0.7)%	(1.0)%
Combined U.S.         (1.9)%         0.5 %           International         Combined U.S.         6.7 %         6.3 %           Traffic:           U.S.           Outback Steakhouse         (5.7)%         (1.5)%           Carrabba's Italian Grill         (2.7)%         (0.1)%           Bonefish Grill         (3.7)%         (6.2)%           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         (2.2)%         (0.2)%           Combined U.S.         (4.7)%         (1.8)%           International         0.2 %         0.5 %           Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):         V.S.           U.S.         Outback Steakhouse - Brazil         0.2 %         0.5 %           Average scheck per person increases (decreases) (4):         V.S.         V.S.           Outback Steakhouse         3.4 %         3.3 %         3.3 %           Carrabba's Italian Grill        9%         (0.6)%           Bonefish Grill         3.2 %         2.9 %           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         2.0 %         1.5 %           Combined U.S.         2.8 %         2.3 %	Bonefish Grill	(0.5)%	(3.3)%	0.5 %
International         6.7 %         6.3 %           Outback Steakhouse - Brazil (3)         6.7 %         6.3 %           Traffic:           U.S.           Outback Steakhouse         (5.7)%         (1.5)%           Carrabba's Italian Grill         (2.7)%         (0.1)%           Bonefish Grill         (3.7)%         (6.2)%           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         (2.2)%         (0.2)%           Combined U.S.         (4.7)%         (1.8)%           International         0.2 %         0.5 %           Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):         U.S.           Outback Steakhouse         3.4 %         3.3 %           Carrabba's Italian Grill         -%         (0.6)%           Bonefish Grill         3.2 %         2.9 %           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         2.0 %         1.5 %           Combined U.S.         2.8 %         2.3 %	Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar	(0.2)%	1.3 %	3.2 %
Outback Steakhouse - Brazil (3)         6.7 %         6.3 %           Traffic:           U.S.           Outback Steakhouse         (5.7)%         (1.5)%           Carrabba's Italian Grill         (2.7)%         (0.1)%           Bonefish Grill         (3.7)%         (6.2)%           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         (2.2)%         (0.2)%           Combined U.S.         (4.7)%         (1.8)%           International         0.2 %         0.5 %           Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):         U.S.           Outback Steakhouse - Brazil         3.4 %         3.3 %           Carrabba's Italian Grill         -%         (0.6)%           Bonefish Grill         3.2 %         2.9 %           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         2.0 %         1.5 %           Combined U.S.         2.8 %         2.3 %	Combined U.S.	(1.9)%	0.5 %	2.0 %
Traffic:         U.S.       (5.7)%       (1.5)%         Carrabba's Italian Grill       (2.7)%       (0.1)%         Bonefish Grill       (3.7)%       (6.2)%         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       (2.2)%       (0.2)%         Combined U.S.       (4.7)%       (1.8)%         International         Outback Steakhouse - Brazil       0.2 %       0.5 %         Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):       Value of the color	International			
U.S.         Outback Steakhouse       (5.7)%       (1.5)%         Carrabba's Italian Grill       (2.7)%       (0.1)%         Bonefish Grill       (3.7)%       (6.2)%         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       (2.2)%       (0.2)%         Combined U.S.       (4.7)%       (1.8)%         International       0.2 %       0.5 %         Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):       V.S.         Outback Steakhouse       3.4 %       3.3 %         Carrabba's Italian Grill       - %       (0.6)%         Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %	Outback Steakhouse - Brazil (3)	6.7 %	6.3 %	7.6 %
U.S.         Outback Steakhouse       (5.7)%       (1.5)%         Carrabba's Italian Grill       (2.7)%       (0.1)%         Bonefish Grill       (3.7)%       (6.2)%         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       (2.2)%       (0.2)%         Combined U.S.       (4.7)%       (1.8)%         International       0.2 %       0.5 %         Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):       V.S.         Outback Steakhouse       3.4 %       3.3 %         Carrabba's Italian Grill       - %       (0.6)%         Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %				
Outback Steakhouse         (5.7)%         (1.5)%           Carrabba's Italian Grill         (2.7)%         (0.1)%           Bonefish Grill         (3.7)%         (6.2)%           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         (2.2)%         (0.2)%           Combined U.S.         (4.7)%         (1.8)%           International         0.2 %         0.5 %           Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):         VAVERAGE CHECK STEAKHOUSE         VAVERAGE CHECK STEAKHOUSE           Outback Steakhouse         3.4 %         3.3 %         3.3 %           Carrabba's Italian Grill         -%         (0.6)%           Bonefish Grill         3.2 %         2.9 %           Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar         2.0 %         1.5 %           Combined U.S.         2.8 %         2.3 %	Traffic:			
Carrabba's Italian Grill       (2.7)%       (0.1)%         Bonefish Grill       (3.7)%       (6.2)%         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       (2.2)%       (0.2)%         Combined U.S.       (4.7)%       (1.8)%         International       0.2 %       0.5 %         Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):       U.S.         Outback Steakhouse       3.4 %       3.3 %         Carrabba's Italian Grill       -%       (0.6)%         Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %	U.S.			
Bonefish Grill   (3.7)%   (6.2)%     Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar   (2.2)%   (0.2)%     Combined U.S.   (4.7)%   (1.8)%     International   (2.2)%   (0.2)%     Outback Steakhouse - Brazil   (0.2 % ) (0.5 %      Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):   U.S.     Outback Steakhouse   3.4 %   3.3 %     Carrabba's Italian Grill   (0.6)%     Bonefish Grill   (0.6)%     Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar   (0.6)%     Combined U.S.   (2.2)%   (1.5 % )   Combined U.S.   (2.2)%   (3.7)%     Combined U.S.   (3.7)%   (3.7)%     Carrabba's Italian Grill   (3.2 % ) (3.2 % ) (3.7)%     Carrabba's Italian Grill   (3.2 % ) (	Outback Steakhouse	(5.7)%	(1.5)%	0.4 %
Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar (2.2)% (0.2)% (0.2)% (1.8)%	Carrabba's Italian Grill	(2.7)%	(0.1)%	(1.1)%
Combined U.S.       (4.7)%       (1.8)%         International       Outback Steakhouse - Brazil       0.2 %       0.5 %         Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):         U.S.       Outback Steakhouse       3.4 %       3.3 %         Carrabba's Italian Grill       - %       (0.6)%         Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %	Bonefish Grill	(3.7)%	(6.2)%	(0.3)%
International         Outback Steakhouse - Brazil       0.2 %       0.5 %         Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):       U.S.         Outback Steakhouse       3.4 %       3.3 %         Carrabba's Italian Grill       -%       (0.6)%         Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %	Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar	(2.2)%	(0.2)%	0.1 %
Outback Steakhouse - Brazil       0.2 %       0.5 %         Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):         U.S.         Outback Steakhouse       3.4 %       3.3 %         Carrabba's Italian Grill       -%       (0.6)%         Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %	Combined U.S.	(4.7)%	(1.8)%	— %
Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):  U.S.  Outback Steakhouse  Carrabba's Italian Grill  Bonefish Grill  Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar  Combined U.S.  Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):  3.4 %  3.3 %  (0.6)%  2.9 %  1.5 %  2.3 %	International			
U.S.       3.4 %       3.3 %         Outback Steakhouse       3.4 %       3.3 %         Carrabba's Italian Grill       %       (0.6)%         Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %	Outback Steakhouse - Brazil	0.2 %	0.5 %	1.2 %
U.S.       3.4 %       3.3 %         Outback Steakhouse       3.4 %       3.3 %         Carrabba's Italian Grill       — %       (0.6)%         Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %				
Outback Steakhouse       3.4 %       3.3 %         Carrabba's Italian Grill       — %       (0.6)%         Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %	Average check per person increases (decreases) (4):			
Carrabba's Italian Grill       - %       (0.6)%         Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %	U.S.			
Bonefish Grill       3.2 %       2.9 %         Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar       2.0 %       1.5 %         Combined U.S.       2.8 %       2.3 %	Outback Steakhouse	3.4 %	3.3 %	2.7 %
Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar 2.0 % 1.5 % Combined U.S. 2.8 % 2.3 %	Carrabba's Italian Grill	— %	(0.6)%	0.1 %
Combined U.S. 2.8 % 2.3 %	Bonefish Grill	3.2 %	2.9 %	0.8 %
20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 / 20 /	Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar	2.0 %	1.5 %	3.1 %
International	Combined U.S.	2.8 %	2.3 %	2.0 %
	International			
Outback Steakhouse - Brazil 6.5 % 6.0 %	Outback Steakhouse - Brazil	6.5 %	6.0 %	6.5 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Comparable restaurant sales exclude the effect of fluctuations in foreign currency rates. Relocated international restaurants closed more than 30 days and relocated U.S. restaurants closed more than 60 days are excluded from comparable restaurant sales until at least 18 months after reopening.

<sup>(2)</sup> Fiscal years 2015 and 2014 include \$24.3 million higher restaurant sales and \$46.0 million lower restaurant sales, respectively, due to a change in our fiscal year end.

Includes the trading day impact from calendar period reporting of 0.0%, (0.2%) and (0.1%) for fiscal 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.
 Average check per person increases (decreases) includes the impact of menu pricing changes, product mix and discounts.

Average Restaurant Unit Volumes and Operating Weeks

Following is a summary of the average restaurant unit volumes and operating weeks:

3,354 2,857 3,007 4,277	\$ \$ \$	3,430 2,954 3,019	\$ \$	3,329 2,945
2,857 3,007	\$ \$	2,954	\$	
2,857 3,007	\$ \$	2,954	\$	
2,857 3,007	\$ \$	2,954	\$	
3,007	\$		•	2,945
	*	3,019	•	
4,277	e.		\$	3,135
	2	4,247	\$	4,163
3,856	\$	4,137	\$	5,659
33,812		33,758		33,687
12,658		12,678		12,467
10,667		10,731		10,047
3,469		3,432		3,411
4,096		3,563		2,859
	33,812 12,658 10,667 3,469	3,856 \$ 33,812 12,658 10,667 3,469	33,812 33,758 12,658 12,678 10,667 10,731 3,469 3,432	3,856 \$ 4,137 \$  33,812 33,758 12,658 12,678 10,667 10,731 3,469 3,432

<sup>(1)</sup> Translated at average exchange rates of 3.50, 3.19 and 2.33 for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### Franchise and other revenues

		FI	SCAL YEAR	
(dollars in millions)	2016		2015	2014
Franchise revenues	\$ 19.8	\$	17.9	\$ 17.2
Other revenues	6.5		9.9	9.7
Franchise and other revenues	\$ 26.3	\$	27.8	\$ 26.9

### **COSTS AND EXPENSES**

Cost of sales

	FISCAL	R		FISCAL YEAR							
(dollars in millions):	 2016		2015	Change		2015		2014	Change		
Cost of sales	\$ 1,354.9	\$	1,419.7		\$	1,419.7	\$	1,435.4			
% of Restaurant sales	32.1%		32.6%	(0.5)%		32.6%		32.5%	0.1%		

Cost of sales, consisting of food and beverage costs, decreased as a percentage of Restaurant sales in 2016 as compared to 2015. The decrease as a percentage of Restaurant sales was primarily due to: (i) 0.7% from the impact of certain cost savings initiatives and (ii) 0.4% from average check increases. These decreases were partially offset by increases as a percentage of Restaurant sales due to 0.5% from higher commodity costs.

The increase as a percentage of Restaurant sales in 2015 as compared to 2014 was primarily due to 1.2% higher commodity costs. This increase was largely offset by decreases as a percentage of Restaurant sales due to: (i) 1.0% from the impact of certain cost savings initiatives and (ii) 0.2% from average check per person increases.

During fiscal 2016, we incurred commodity inflation of 0.3%. In fiscal year 2017, we expect commodity costs to be flat to a 1.0% decline.

Labor and other related expenses

	 FISCA	L YE	AR					
(dollars in millions):	 2016	016 2015		Change		2015	2014	Change
Labor and other related	\$ 1,211.3	\$	1,205.6		\$	1,205.6	\$ 1,219.0	
% of Restaurant sales	28.7%		27.7%	1.0%		27.7%	27.6%	0.1%

Labor and other related expenses include all direct and indirect labor costs incurred in operations, including distribution expense to Restaurant Managing Partners, costs related to field deferred compensation plans and other field incentive compensation expenses. Labor and other related expenses increased as a percentage of Restaurant sales for 2016 as compared to 2015 primarily attributable to 1.2% of higher kitchen and service labor costs due to higher wage rates and investments in our service model. This increase was partially offset by a decrease as a percentage of Restaurant sales due to 0.4% from increases in average check per person.

Labor and other related expenses increased as a percentage of Restaurant sales for 2015 as compared to 2014 due to 0.9% from higher kitchen and service labor costs due to higher wage rates and lunch expansion across certain concepts. This increase was partially offset by decreases as a percentage of Restaurant sales primarily attributable to: (i) 0.4% from the impact of certain cost savings initiatives and (ii) 0.4% from increases in average check per person.

In fiscal year 2017, we expect to incur incremental expense of approximately \$3.0 million in salary increases for restaurant managers. We increased salaries in advance of regulations enacted by the Department of Labor that raise the salary threshold to qualify as exempt from overtime. The Department of Labor is currently enjoined from implementing these regulations.

Other restaurant operating expenses

	FISCA	AL YEAR				FISCAL YEAR					
(dollars in millions):	2016		2015	Change	2015		2014		Change		
Other restaurant operating	\$ 992.2	\$	1,006.8		\$	1,006.8	\$	1,049.1			
% of Restaurant sales	23.5%		23.1%	0.4%		23.1%		23.8%	(0.7)%		

Other restaurant operating expenses include certain unit-level operating costs such as operating supplies, rent, repairs and maintenance, advertising expenses, utilities, pre-opening costs and other occupancy costs. A substantial portion of these expenses is fixed or indirectly variable. The increase as a percentage of Restaurant sales for 2016 as compared to 2015 was primarily due to the following: (i) 0.4% from an increase in operating expenses due to inflation and timing and (ii) 0.3% from higher net rent expense due to the sale-leaseback of certain properties. These increases were partially offset by a decrease as a percentage of Restaurant sales primarily due to 0.3% from the impact of certain cost savings initiatives.

The decrease as a percentage of Restaurant sales for 2015 as compared to 2014 was primarily due to the following: (i) 0.6% from a decrease due to marketing efficiencies with a shift to digital advertising from television and lower marketing spend, (ii) 0.3% from increases in average check per person and (iii) 0.3% from the impact of certain cost savings initiatives. The decreases were partially offset by increases as a percentage of Restaurant sales primarily due to: (i)

0.2% from an increase in operating supplies due to lunch expansion and promotions and (ii) 0.2% from a legal settlement gain in 2014.

#### Depreciation and amortization

	FISCAI	R						
(dollars in millions):	 2016		2015	 Change		2015	2014	Change
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 193.8	\$	190.4	\$ 3.4	\$	190.4	\$ 190.9	\$ (0.5)

Depreciation and amortization increased for 2016 as compared to 2015 primarily due to the opening of new restaurants and the remodeling of existing restaurants, partially offset by lower depreciation expense related to: (i) the sale of Outback South Korea, (ii) impairments related to the Bonefish Grill Restructuring and (iii) the effect of foreign currency translation.

Depreciation and amortization decreased slightly for 2015 as compared to 2014 due to: (i) the sale of Roy's, (ii) lower depreciation for certain information technology assets that fully depreciated in the fourth quarter of 2014 and (iii) lower depreciation for South Korea assets due to impairments related to the International Restaurant Closure Initiative. These decreases were partially offset by increases due to additional depreciation expense related to the opening of new restaurants and the remodeling of existing restaurants.

#### General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expense includes salaries and benefits, management incentive programs, related payroll tax and benefits, other employee-related costs and professional services. Following is a summary of the changes in general and administrative expenses:

	 FISCAL	YEAR	
(dollars in millions):	 2016		2015
For fiscal years 2015 and 2014	\$ 287.6	\$	304.4
Change from:			
Life insurance and deferred compensation (1)	(10.2)		(1.2)
Incentive compensation (2)	(9.4)		0.3
Legal and professional fees (3)	(5.2)		3.2
Foreign currency exchange (4)	(3.4)		(6.5)
Compensation, benefits and payroll tax (5)	_		(7.2)
Severance (6)	3.6		(7.7)
Employee stock-based compensation (7)	1.5		2.9
Other	 3.5		(0.6)
For fiscal years 2016 and 2015	\$ 268.0	\$	287.6

<sup>(1)</sup> In 2016, life insurance and deferred compensation decreased primarily due to: (i) the acquisition of managing partners' interests in certain Outback Steakhouse restaurants, (ii) a decrease in restaurant-level operating performance and (iii) an increase in the cash surrender value of life insurance investments related to our partner deferred compensation programs.

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2016, incentive compensation decreased due to performance against current year objectives.

<sup>(3)</sup> In 2016, legal and professional fees were lower due to legal costs in 2015 associated with the Cardoza litigation and certain professional service fees and technology projects incurred in 2015 that supported our planned operational growth.

<sup>(4)</sup> For 2016 and 2015, foreign currency exchange primarily includes depreciation of the Brazil Real.

<sup>(5)</sup> In 2015, employee compensation, benefits and payroll tax was lower primarily due to lower headcount resulting from our organizational realignment in 2014 and the International Restaurant Closure Initiative, partially offset by higher costs related to additional employee benefits.

- (6) Severance expense in 2016 was higher due to a restructuring of certain home office and field support functions. In 2015, severance expense was lower due to an organizational realignment of certain functions during 2014, partially offset by severance incurred in 2015 for the International Restaurant Closure Initiative.
- (7) In 2016 and 2015, employee stock-based compensation increased due to new grants, partially offset by forfeitures.

Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings

		FISCA	L YEAI	₹		FISCAL YEAR					
(dollars in millions):	2	2016		2015	Change		2015		2014		Change
Provision for impaired assets and											
restaurant closings	\$	104.6	\$	36.7	\$ 67.9	\$	36.7	\$	52.1	\$	(15.4)

Restructuring and Closure Initiatives - Following is a summary of expenses related to the 2017 Closure Initiative, Bonefish Restructuring and International and Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiatives (the "Closure Initiatives") recognized in Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings in our Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the periods indicated:

	FISCAL YEAR									
(dollars in millions)		2016		2015	2014					
Impairment, facility closure and other expenses										
2017 Closure Initiative	\$	46.5	\$	_	\$	_				
Bonefish Restructuring		4.9		24.2		_				
International Restaurant Closure Initiative		_		6.0		19.7				
Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiative				1.6		6.0				
Impairment, facility closure and other expenses for Closure Initiatives	\$	51.4	\$	31.8	\$	25.7				

2017 Closure Initiative - On February 15, 2017, we decided to close 43 underperforming restaurants (the "2017 Closure Initiative"). In connection with the 2017 Closure Initiative, we reassessed the future undiscounted cash flows of the impacted restaurants, and as a result, we recognized pre-tax asset impairments of \$46.5 million during fiscal year 2016. We expect to incur additional charges of approximately \$17.0 million to \$19.0 million for the 2017 Closure Initiative over the next three years, including costs associated with lease obligations and other closure related obligations.

Bonefish Restructuring - In February 2016, we decided to close 14 Bonefish restaurants (the "Bonefish Restructuring"). We expect to substantially complete these restaurant closings through the first quarter of 2019. We expect to incur additional charges of approximately \$2.2 million to \$5.2 million for the Bonefish Restructuring over the next two years, including costs associated with lease obligations and other closure related obligations.

Restaurant Closure Initiatives - During 2014 and 2013,we decided to close 36 underperforming international locations, primarily in South Korea (the "International Restaurant Closure Initiative"), and 22 underperforming domestic locations (the "Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiative"), respectively.

Sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea - On July 25, 2016, we completed the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea. In connection with the decision to sell Outback Steakhouse South Korea, we recognized an impairment charge of \$39.6 million during fiscal year 2016.

Roy's - In connection with the decision to sell Roy's, we recorded pre-tax impairment charges of \$13.4 million for Assets held for sale during fiscal year 2014.

Other Disposals - During 2016, we recognized impairment charges of \$3.5 million for our Puerto Rico subsidiary.

During the third quarter of 2014, we decided to sell both of our corporate airplanes. In connection with the decision, we recognized pre-tax asset impairment charges of \$10.6 million during fiscal year 2014.

The remaining restaurant impairment and closing charges resulted from: (i) the carrying value of a restaurant's assets exceeding its estimated fair market value, primarily due to locations identified for relocation, sale or closure and (ii) lease liabilities.

#### *Income from operations*

	 FISCA	AR		 FISCA	L YEA	AR		
(dollars in millions):	2016		2015	Change	2015		2014	Change
Income from operations	\$ 127.6	\$	230.9		\$ 230.9	\$	192.0	
% of Total revenues	3.0%		5.3%	(2.3)%	5.3%		4.3%	1.0%

The decrease in income from operations during fiscal year 2016 as compared to fiscal year 2015 was primarily due to impairment charges incurred in connection with the 2017 Closure Initiative and the sale of Outback South Korea and a decrease in operating margin at the restaurant-level. These decreases were partially offset by lower general and administrative expense.

The increase in income from operations during fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014 was primarily due to lower general and administrative expense, lower impairments and restaurant closing costs and an increase in operating margin at the restaurant-level.

Loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt

		FISCA	L YEAR			FIS	SCAI	L YEAR			
(dollars in millions)	2016			2015	 Change	 2015		2014		(	Change
Loss on defeasance, extinguishment											
and modification of debt	\$	27.0	\$	3.0	\$ 24.0	\$ 3	0.8	\$	11.1	\$	(8.1)

We recognized a loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt in connection with the: (i) the defeasance of the 2012 CMBS loan and the amendment of the PRP Mortgage Loan in 2016 and (ii) the refinancing of our Senior Secured Credit Facility in 2015 and 2014.

#### Other income (expense), net

Other income (expense), net, includes items deemed to be non-operating based on management's assessment of the nature of the item in relation to our core operations:

		FISCAI	L YEAR			FISCA	L YEAR		
(dollars in millions):	2016		2015		 Change	2015	2014	ı	 Change
Other income (expense), net	\$	1.6	\$	(0.9)	\$ 2.5	\$ (0.9)	\$	(1.2)	\$ 0.3

We recorded other income (expense) primarily in connection with: (i) the gain on sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea in fiscal year 2016, (ii) the loss on sale of our Roy's business during fiscal year 2015 and (iii) the loss on sale of an Outback Steakhouse restaurant in Mexico in fiscal year 2014.

Interest expense, net

	FISCA	L YEAI	R		FISCAI	L YE	AR	
(dollars in millions):	 2016		2015	 Change	2015		2014	 Change
Interest expense, net	\$ 45.7	\$	56.2	\$ (10.5)	\$ 56.2	\$	59.7	\$ (3.5)

The decrease in interest expense, net in fiscal year 2016 as compared to fiscal year 2015 was primarily due to the refinancing of the 2012 CMBS loan in February 2016, partially offset by deferred financing fee amortization, additional draws on our revolving credit facility and expense related to the interest rate swaps.

The decrease in net interest expense in fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014 was primarily due to the refinancing of the Senior Secured Credit Facilities in March 2015 and May 2014 and the repayment of long-term debt during fiscal year 2014. These decreases were partially offset by additional expense related to the interest rate swaps.

Provision for income taxes

	FISCAL YE.	AR	-	FISCAL	YEAR	
	2016	2015	Change	2015	2014	Change
Effective income tax rate	18.0%	23.0%	(5.0)%	23.0%	20.0%	3.0%

The net decrease in the effective income tax rate in fiscal year 2016 as compared to fiscal year 2015 was primarily due to benefits from employment-related credits being a higher percentage of net income in 2016 and a change in the amount and mix of income and losses across the Company's domestic and international subsidiaries, partially offset by the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea.

The net increase in the effective income tax rate in fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014 was primarily due to a change in the amount and mix of income and losses across our domestic and international subsidiaries and the payroll tax audit settlements.

The effective income tax rate for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014 was lower than the blended federal and state statutory rate of 39.0%, primarily due to the benefit of tax credits for FICA taxes on certain employees' tips.

### **Segments**

We have two reportable segments, U.S. and International, which reflects how we manage our business, review operating performance and allocate resources. The U.S. segment includes all brands operating in the U.S. while brands operating outside the U.S. are included in the International segment. Resources are allocated and performance is assessed by our Chief Executive Officer, whom we have determined to be our Chief Operating Decision Maker.

Revenues for both segments include only transactions with customers and include no intersegment revenues. Excluded from income from operations for U.S. and International are legal and certain corporate costs not directly related to the performance of the segments, certain stock-based compensation expenses and certain bonus expense.

Prior to 2016, certain insurance expenses were not allocated to our concepts as these expenses were reviewed and evaluated on a Company-wide basis and therefore, these costs were excluded from segment restaurant-level operating margin and income from operations. In 2016, management changed how insurance expenses related to our restaurants are reviewed and now considers those costs when evaluating the operating performance of our concepts. Accordingly, we have recast all prior period segment information to reflect this change.

Following is a reconciliation of segment income (loss) from operations to the consolidated operating results:

		FIS	SCAL YEAR	
(dollars in thousands)	2016		2015	 2014
Segment income (loss) from operations				
U.S.	\$ 286,683	\$	348,731	\$ 327,693
International	 (5,954)		34,597	25,020
Total segment income from operations	280,729		383,328	352,713
Unallocated corporate operating expense	 (153,123)		(152,403)	 (160,749)
Total income from operations	 127,606		230,925	 191,964
Loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt	(26,998)		(2,956)	(11,092)
Other income (expense), net	1,609		(939)	(1,244)
Interest expense, net	 (45,726)		(56,176)	 (59,658)
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 56,491	\$	170,854	\$ 119,970

### **U.S. Segment**

		FISCAL YEAR	
(dollars in thousands)	2016	2015	2014
Revenues			
Restaurant sales	\$ 3,777,907	\$ 3,857,162	\$ 3,832,373
Franchise and other revenues	 19,402	 22,581	21,906
Total revenues	\$ 3,797,309	\$ 3,879,743	\$ 3,854,279
Restaurant-level operating margin	15.4%	16.0%	15.6%
Income from operations	286,683	348,731	327,693
Operating income margin	7.5%	9.0%	8.5%

#### Restaurant sales

Following is a summary of the change in U.S. segment Restaurant sales for fiscal years 2016 and 2015:

	 FISCAI	L YEAR	
(dollars in millions)	2016		2015
For fiscal years 2015 and 2014	\$ 3,857.2	\$	3,832.4
Change from:			
Comparable restaurant sales (1)	(72.5)		20.1
Restaurant closings	(25.1)		(21.1)
Divestiture of Roy's	(5.7)		(63.2)
Restaurant openings (1)	24.0		66.1
Change in fiscal year	 		22.8
For fiscal years 2016 and 2015	\$ 3,777.9	\$	3,857.1

<sup>(1)</sup> Summation of quarterly changes for restaurant openings and comparable restaurant sales will not total to annual amounts as the restaurants that meet the definition of a comparable restaurant will differ each period based on when the restaurant opened.

The decrease in U.S. Restaurant sales in fiscal year 2016 was primarily attributable to: (i) lower comparable restaurant sales, (ii) the closing of 18 restaurants since December 28, 2014 and (iii) the sale of 20 Roy's restaurants in January 2015. The decrease in U.S. Restaurant sales was partially offset by sales from 38 new restaurants not included in our comparable restaurant sales base.

The increase in U.S. Restaurant sales in fiscal year 2015 was primarily attributable to: (i) sales from 63 new restaurants not included in our comparable restaurant sales base, (ii) two additional operating days due to a change in our fiscal year end and (iii) higher comparable restaurant sales at our existing restaurants. The increase in U.S. Restaurant sales was partially offset by: (i) the sale of 20 Roy's restaurants and (ii) the closing of 31 restaurants since December 31, 2013.

#### Restaurant-level operating margin

The decrease in U.S. restaurant-level operating margin in fiscal year 2016 as compared to fiscal year 2015 was primarily due to: (i) higher kitchen and service labor costs due to higher wage rates and investments in our service model, (ii) an increase in operating expenses due to inflation and timing and (iii) higher net rent expense due to the sale-leaseback of certain properties. These increases were partially offset by: (i) the impact of certain cost saving initiatives and (iii) increases in average check per person.

The increase in U.S. restaurant-level operating margin in fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014 was primarily due to: (i) the impact of certain cost savings initiatives, (ii) lower marketing expense and (iii) increases in average check per person. This increase was partially offset by: (i) commodity inflation and (ii) higher kitchen and labor costs due to higher wage rates and lunch expansion across certain concepts.

#### Income from operations

The decrease in U.S. income from operations generated in fiscal year 2016 as compared to fiscal year 2015 was primarily due to: (i) higher impairment and restaurant closing costs, primarily related to the 2017 Closure Initiative and (ii) lower operating margin at the restaurant level, partially offset by lower general and administrative expense. General and administrative expense for the U.S. segment decreased primarily from lower deferred compensation expense due to the acquisition of a managing partner's interests in certain Outback Steakhouse restaurants.

The increase in U.S. income from operations generated in fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014 was primarily due to: (i) higher restaurant-level operating income and (ii) lower general and administrative expense. General and administrative expense for the U.S. segment decreased primarily due to lower compensation and benefits driven by our organizational realignment in fiscal 2014 and lower incentive compensation due to performance against current year objectives compared to prior year. These increases in U.S. income from operations were partially offset by higher impairment and restaurant closing costs, primarily related to the Bonefish Restructuring.

#### **International Segment**

		]	FISCAL YEAR	
(dollars in thousands)	 2016		2015	2014
Revenues				
Restaurant sales	\$ 448,150	\$	492,759	\$ 583,410
Franchise and other revenues	 6,853		5,174	5,022
Total revenues	\$ 455,003	\$	497,933	\$ 588,432
Restaurant-level operating margin	18.8 %		19.3%	18.4%
Income (loss) from operations	(5,954)		34,597	25,020
Operating income (loss) margin	(1.3)%		6.9%	4.3%
Restaurant-level operating margin Income (loss) from operations	\$ 18.8 % (5,954)	\$	19.3% 34,597	\$ 18.4% 25,020

#### Restaurant sales

Following is a summary of the change in International segment Restaurant sales for fiscal years 2016 and 2015:

		FISCAI	YEAR	
(dollars in millions)	<u> </u>	2016		2015
For fiscal years 2015 and 2014	\$	492.8	\$	583.4
Change from:				
Divestiture of Outback Steakhouse South Korea		(81.2)		_
Effect of foreign currency translation		(31.6)		(119.3)
Restaurant closings		(8.8)		(78.1)
Restaurant openings (1)		62.2		87.7
Comparable restaurant sales (1)		14.8		17.6
Change in fiscal year				1.5
For fiscal years 2016 and 2015	\$	448.2	\$	492.8
•				

<sup>(1)</sup> Summation of quarterly changes for restaurant openings and comparable restaurant sales will not total to annual amounts as the restaurants that meet the definition of a comparable restaurant will differ each period based on when the restaurant opened.

The decrease in Restaurant sales in fiscal year 2016 was primarily attributable to: (i) the sale of 72 Outback Steakhouse South Korea restaurants in July 2016, (ii) the effect of foreign currency translation and (iii) the closing of six restaurants since December 28, 2014. The decrease in restaurant sales was partially offset by: (i) sales from 54 new restaurants not included in our comparable restaurant sales base and (ii) an increase in comparable restaurant sales.

The decrease in Restaurant sales in fiscal year 2015 was primarily attributable to: (i) the effect of foreign currency translation and (ii) the closing of 53 restaurants since December 31, 2013. The decrease in restaurant sales was partially offset by: (i) sales from 56 new restaurants not included in our comparable restaurant sales base, (ii) an increase in comparable restaurant sales and (iii) two additional operating days due to a change in our fiscal year end.

### Restaurant-level operating margin

The decrease in International restaurant-level operating margin in fiscal year 2016 as compared to fiscal year 2015 was primarily due to: (i) higher commodity and labor inflation and (ii) higher operating expenses due to inflation. The decrease was partially offset by: (i) increases in average check per person and (ii) the impact of certain cost saving initiatives.

The increase in International restaurant-level operating margin in fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014 was primarily due to: (i) increases in average check per person and (ii) the impact of certain cost saving initiatives. The increase was partially offset by: (i) commodity inflation, (ii) higher kitchen and labor costs due to higher wage rates and higher average unit volumes and (iii) additional costs associated with the opening of our Abbraccio concept in Brazil.

#### Income (loss) from operations

The decrease in International income from operations in fiscal year 2016 as compared to fiscal year 2015 was primarily due to: (i) impairment charges related to the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea and (ii) lower operating margin at the restaurant-level, partially offset by lower general and administrative expense.

The increase in International income from operations in fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014 was primarily due to: (i) a decrease in impairment and restaurant closing costs related to the International Restaurant Closure Initiative, (ii) lower general and administrative expense and (iii) lower depreciation and amortization expense. General and

administrative expense for the International segment decreased primarily due to the impact of foreign currency translation, partially offset by increased compensation and benefits.

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

In addition to the results provided in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we provide certain non-GAAP measures, which present operating results on an adjusted basis. These are supplemental measures of performance that are not required by or presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP and include the following: (i) system-wide sales, (ii) Adjusted restaurant-level operating margins, (iii) Adjusted income from operations and the corresponding margins, (iv) Adjusted net income and (v) Adjusted diluted earnings per share.

We believe that our use of non-GAAP financial measures permits investors to assess the operating performance of our business relative to our performance based on U.S. GAAP results and relative to other companies within the restaurant industry by isolating the effects of certain items that may vary from period to period without correlation to core operating performance or that vary widely among similar companies. However, our inclusion of these adjusted measures should not be construed as an indication that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or infrequent items or that the items for which we have made adjustments are unusual or infrequent or will not recur. We believe that the disclosure of these non-GAAP measures is useful to investors as they form part of the basis for how our management team and Board of Directors evaluate our operating performance, allocate resources and establish employee incentive plans.

These non-GAAP financial measures are not intended to replace U.S. GAAP financial measures, and they are not necessarily standardized or comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. We maintain internal guidelines with respect to the types of adjustments we include in our non-GAAP measures. These guidelines endeavor to differentiate between types of gains and expenses that are reflective of our core operations in a period, and those that may vary from period to period without correlation to our core performance in that period. However, implementation of these guidelines necessarily involves the application of judgment, and the treatment of any items not directly addressed by, or changes to, our guidelines will be considered by our disclosure committee. Refer to the reconciliations of non-GAAP measures for descriptions of the actual adjustments made in the current period and the corresponding prior period.

Based on a review of our non-GAAP presentations, we have determined that, commencing with our results for the first fiscal quarter of 2017, when presenting the non-GAAP measures Adjusted income from operations and the corresponding margins, Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share, we will no longer adjust for expenses incurred in connection with our remodel program or intangible amortization recorded as a result of the acquisition of our Brazil operations. We intend to recast the historical comparable periods presented in our future filings to conform to the revised presentation.

#### System-Wide Sales

System-wide sales is a non-GAAP financial measure that includes sales of all restaurants operating under our brand names, whether we own them or not. Management uses this information to make decisions about future plans for the development of additional restaurants and new concepts, as well as evaluation of current operations. System-wide sales comprise sales of Company-owned and franchised restaurants and, in historical periods, sales of unconsolidated joint venture restaurants.

Following is a summary of sales of Company-owned restaurants:

		FISCAL YEAR	
COMPANY-OWNED RESTAURANT SALES (dollars in millions):	 2016	2015	2014
U.S.			
Outback Steakhouse	\$ 2,180	\$ 2,226	\$ 2,168
Carrabba's Italian Grill	696	720	710
Bonefish Grill	617	623	609
Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar	285	280	275
Other	 _	8	71
Total	 3,778	3,857	3,833
International			
Outback Steakhouse-Brazil	303	283	310
Outback Steakhouse-South Korea (1)	90	172	239
Other	 55	38	34
Total	448	493	583
Total Company-owned restaurant sales	\$ 4,226	\$ 4,350	\$ 4,416

<sup>(1)</sup> On July 25, 2016, we sold our restaurant locations in South Korea, converting all restaurants in that market to franchised locations.

The following table provides a summary of sales of franchised restaurants, which are not included in our consolidated financial results, and our income from the royalties and/or service fees that franchisees pay us based generally on a percentage of sales. The following table does not represent our sales and is presented only as an indicator of changes in the restaurant system, which management believes is important information regarding the health of our restaurant concepts and in determining our royalties and/or service fees.

		FISC	CAL YEAR	
FRANCHISE SALES (dollars in millions): (1)	2016		2015	2014
U.S.				
Outback Steakhouse	\$ 334	\$	340	\$ 323
Carrabba's Italian Grill	11		9	4
Bonefish Grill	 13		12	 13
Total	358		361	340
International				
Outback Steakhouse-South Korea (2)	74		_	_
Other	111		115	122
Total	185		115	122
Total franchise sales (1)	\$ 543	\$	476	\$ 462
Income from franchises (3)	\$ 20	\$	18	\$ 17

<sup>(1)</sup> Franchise sales are not included in Total revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

<sup>(2)</sup> On July 25, 2016, we sold our restaurant locations in South Korea, converting all restaurants in that market to franchised locations.

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents the franchise royalty income included in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income in Other revenues.

#### Adjusted restaurant-level operating margin

Restaurant-level operating margin is calculated as Restaurant sales after deduction of the main restaurant-level operating costs, which includes Cost of sales, Labor and other related and Other restaurant operating expenses. Adjusted restaurant-level operating margin is Restaurant-level operating margin adjusted for certain items, as noted below.

The following tables show the percentages of certain operating cost financial statement line items in relation to Restaurant sales on both a U.S. GAAP basis and an adjusted basis, as indicated:

			FISCAL	YEAR				
	20	16	201	15	2014			
	U.S. GAAP	ADJUSTED (1)	U.S. GAAP	ADJUSTED (2)	U.S. GAAP	ADJUSTED (3)		
Restaurant sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Cost of sales	32.1%	32.1%	32.6%	32.6%	32.5%	32.5%		
Labor and other related	28.7%	28.7%	27.7%	27.8%	27.6%	27.6%		
Other restaurant operating	23.5%	23.5%	23.1%	23.1%	23.8%	24.0%		
Restaurant-level operating margin	15.8%	15.7%	16.5%	16.5%	16.1%	15.9%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes adjustments for the reversal of \$5.9 million of deferred rent liabilities, primarily related to the 2017 Closure Initiative and the Bonefish Restructuring, partially offset by \$2.3 million of legal settlement costs related to the Sears matter. The reversal of the deferred rent liabilities and the legal settlement were recorded in Other restaurant operating.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes adjustments for the favorable resolution of payroll tax audit contingencies of \$5.6 million, partially offset by legal settlement costs of \$4.0 million, primarily related to the Cardoza litigation. The payroll audit adjustment was recorded in Labor and other related and the legal settlement was recorded in Other restaurant operating.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes adjustments, primarily related to a \$6.1 million legal settlement gain and the reversal of \$2.9 million of deferred rent liabilities associated with the International and Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiatives, which were recorded in Other restaurant operating.

Adjusted income from operations, Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share

The following table reconciles Adjusted income from operations and the corresponding margins, Adjusted net income and Adjusted diluted earnings per share to their respective most comparable U.S. GAAP measures for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014:

	FISCAL YEAR									
(dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)		2016		2015		2014				
Income from operations	\$	127,606	\$	230,925	\$	191,964				
Operating income margin		3.0%		5.3%		4.3%				
Adjustments:										
Restaurant impairments and closing costs (1)		45,806		33,507		26,841				
Asset impairments and related costs (2)		44,680		746		24,490				
Restaurant relocations, remodels and related costs (3)		11,330		3,625		249				
Severance (4)		5,463		_		9,045				
Purchased intangibles amortization (5)		3,885		4,334		5,952				
Legal and contingent matters (6)		2,340		5,843		(6,070)				
Transaction-related expenses (7)		1,910		1,294		1,347				
Payroll tax audit contingency (8)				(5,587)		_				
Total income from operations adjustments	\$	115,414	\$	43,762	\$	61,854				
Adjusted income from operations	\$	243,020	\$	274,687	\$	253,818				
Adjusted operating income margin		5.7%		6.3%		5.7%				
Net income attributable to Bloomin' Brands	\$	41,748	\$	127,327	\$	91,090				
Adjustments:										
Income from operations adjustments		115,414		43,762		61,854				
Loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt (9)		26,998		2,956		11,092				
(Gain) loss on disposal of business (10)		(1,632)		1,328		770				
Total adjustments, before income taxes		140,780		48,046		73,716				
Adjustment to provision for income taxes (8) (11)		(35,336)		(15,314)		(23,996)				
Net adjustments		105,444		32,732		49,720				
Adjusted net income	\$	147,192	\$	160,059	\$	140,810				
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.37	\$	1.01	\$	0.71				
Adjusted diluted earnings per share	\$	1.29	\$	1.27	\$	1.10				
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding		114,311		125,585		128,317				

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents expenses incurred for the 2017 Closure Initiative, Bonefish Restructuring and the International and Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiatives.

<sup>(2)</sup> Represents asset impairment charges and related costs primarily related to: (i) the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea and our Puerto Rico subsidiary in 2016, (ii) our Roy's concept in 2014 and (iii) the sale of corporate aircraft in 2015 and 2014.

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents asset impairment charges and accelerated depreciation incurred in connection with our relocation and remodel programs.

<sup>(4)</sup> Relates primarily to the following: (i) restructuring of certain functions in 2016, (ii) the relocation of our Fleming's operations center to the corporate home office in 2016 and (iii) our organizational realignment in 2014.

<sup>(5)</sup> Represents intangible amortization recorded as a result of the acquisition of our Brazil operations.

<sup>(6)</sup> Represents fees and expenses related to certain legal and contingent matters, including the Sears litigation in 2016 and the Cardoza litigation in 2015. During fiscal year 2014, we recognized a gain on a legal settlement.

<sup>(7)</sup> Relates primarily to the following: (i) costs incurred with our sale-leaseback initiative in 2016 and 2015 and (ii) costs incurred with the secondary offering of our common stock in March 2015, November 2014 and March 2014. For the fiscal year ended December 25, 2016, includes an adjustment of \$0.3 million for amortization of deferred gains related to our sale-leaseback initiative from our

- second fiscal quarter. Subsequent to the second quarter, based on an ongoing review of our non-GAAP presentations, we determined not to adjust for this item. We do not consider this change material to the historical periods presented.
- (8) Relates to a payroll tax audit contingency adjustment for the employer's share of FICA taxes related to cash tips allegedly received and unreported by our employees during calendar year 2011, which is recorded in Labor and other related expenses. In addition, a deferred income tax adjustment has been recorded for the allowable income tax credits for the employer's share of FICA taxes expected to be paid, which is included in Provision for income taxes and offsets the adjustment to Labor and other related expenses. As a result, there is no impact to Net income from this adjustment.
- (9) Relates to: (i) the amendment of the PRP Mortgage Loan and defeasance of the 2012 CMBS loan in 2016 and (ii) the refinancing of our Senior Secured Credit Facility in 2015 and 2014.
- (10) Primarily relates to the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea in 2016 and Roy's in 2015.
- Represents income tax effect of the adjustments, on a jurisdiction basis. Included in the adjustment for fiscal year 2016 is \$2.4 million for a tax obligation related to the Outback Steakhouse South Korea sale. Additionally, for fiscal year 2015, a deferred income tax adjustment has been recorded for the allowable income tax credits for the employer's share of FICA taxes expected to be paid. See footnote 8 to this table.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

### LIQUIDITY

Our liquidity sources consist of cash flow from our operations, cash and cash equivalents and credit capacity under our credit facilities. We expect to use cash primarily for general operating expenses, share repurchases and dividend payments, remodeling or relocating older restaurants, development of new restaurants and new markets, principal and interest payments on our debt, obligations related to our deferred compensation plans and investments in technology.

We believe that our expected liquidity sources are adequate to fund debt service requirements, lease obligations, capital expenditures and working capital obligations for the next 12 months. However, our ability to continue to meet these requirements and obligations will depend on, among other things, our ability to achieve anticipated levels of revenue and cash flow and our ability to manage costs and working capital successfully.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - As of December 25, 2016, we had \$127.2 million in cash and cash equivalents, of which \$33.6 million was held by foreign affiliates, a portion of which would be subject to additional taxes if repatriated to the United States. The international jurisdictions in which we have significant cash do not have any known restrictions that would prohibit the repatriation of cash and cash equivalents.

We had aggregate undistributed earnings of \$60.6 million for foreign subsidiaries as of December 25, 2016, which we consider to be permanently reinvested and are expected to continue to be permanently reinvested. It is not practical to determine the amount of unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities on the undistributed earnings we consider to be permanently reinvested.

Sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea - On July 25, 2016, we completed the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea for a purchase price of \$50.0 million.

*Sale-Leaseback Transactions* - During fiscal year 2016, we entered into sale-leaseback transactions with third-parties in which we sold 159 restaurant properties at fair market value for gross proceeds of \$560.4 million . With the proceeds from these transactions, we made payments of \$322.3 million on our PRP Mortgage Loan.

Subsequent to December 25, 2016, we entered into sale-leaseback transactions with third-parties in which we sold six restaurant properties at fair market value for gross proceeds of \$21.6 million .

*Restructuring* - Total aggregate future undiscounted cash expenditures of \$41.6 million to \$49.5 million for the 2017 Closure Initiative and Bonefish Restructuring, primarily related to lease liabilities, are expected to occur over the remaining lease terms with the final term ending in January 2029.

Capital Expenditures - We estimate that our capital expenditures will total between \$260.0 million and \$280.0 million in 2017. The amount of actual capital expenditures may be affected by general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors, among other things, including restrictions imposed by our borrowing arrangements.

Credit Facilities - As of December 25, 2016, our credit facilities consist of the Senior Secured Credit Facility and the PRP Mortgage Loan. See Note 11 - Long-term Debt, Net of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information. Following is a summary of principal payments and debt issuance from December 28, 2014 to December 25, 2016:

		5	SENIC	OR SECURE	D CR	REDIT FACI	LIT	Y						
			TEI	RM LOANS				REVOLVING		2012	PRP	MORTGAGE	TO	TAL CREDIT
(dollars in thousands)	A		A A-1		В		FACILITY		CMBS LOAN		LOAN		FACILITIES	
Balance as of December 28, 2014	\$	296,250			\$	225,000	\$	325,000	\$	470,959	\$		\$	1,317,209
2015 new debt (1)		_		150,000		_		565,300		_		_		715,300
2015 payments (1)		(18,750)				(225,000)		(458,300)		(11,990)		_		(714,040)
Balance as of December 27, 2015		277,500		150,000				432,000		458,969				1,318,469
2016 new debt (2)						_		729,500		_		369,512		1,099,012
2016 payments (2)		(18,750)		(9,375)		_		(539,500)		(458,969)		(322,310)		(1,348,904)
Balance as of December 25, 2016	\$	258,750	\$	140,625	\$		\$	622,000	\$		\$	47,202	\$	1,068,577

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$215.0 million related to a refinancing of our Senior Secured Credit Facility to repay the remaining Term loan B balance and \$150.0 million for an incremental Term loan A-1, which was used to repay a portion of the outstanding revolving credit facility.

Following is a summary of our outstanding credit facilities as of December 25, 2016:

					OUTST	<b>ISTANDING</b>			
(dollars in thousands)	INTEREST RATE DECEMBER 25, 2016	ORIGINAL FACILITY	PRINCIPAL MATURITY DATE	1	DECEMBER 25, 2016		DECEMBER 27, 2015		
Term loan A, net of discount of \$1.2 million (1)	2.63%	\$ 300,000	May 2019	\$	258,750	\$	277,500		
Term loan A-1	2.70%	150,000	May 2019		140,625		150,000		
Revolving credit facility (1)	2.67%	825,000	May 2019		622,000		432,000		
Total Senior Secured Credit Facility		1,275,000			1,021,375		859,500		
PRP Mortgage Loan	3.21%	369,512	February 2018		47,202		_		
2012 CMBS loan		500,000			_		458,969		
Total credit facilities		\$ 2,144,512		\$	1,068,577	\$	1,318,469		

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the weighted-average interest rate for the respective period.

Credit Agreement - As of December 25, 2016, we had \$175.2 million in available unused borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facility, net of letters of credit of \$27.8 million.

The Credit Agreement contains mandatory prepayment requirements for Term loan A and Term loan A-1. We are required to prepay outstanding amounts under Term loan A and Term loan A-1 with 50% of our annual excess cash flow, as defined in the Credit Agreement. The amount of outstanding Term loan A and Term loan A-1 required to be prepaid may vary based on our leverage ratio and year end results. Other than the required minimum amortization premiums of \$33.8 million, we do not anticipate any other payments will be required through December 31, 2017.

We are exploring options to address the 2019 maturity of our Senior Secured Credit Facility.

*PRP Mortgage Loan* - On February 11, 2016, PRP, as borrower, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as lender (the "lender"), entered into the PRP Mortgage Loan, pursuant to which PRP borrowed \$300.0 million. The PRP Mortgage Loan has an Initial Maturity date of February 11, 2018 with an option to extend the Initial Maturity date for one twelve-

<sup>(2)</sup> In February 2016, we drew \$185.0 million on our revolving credit facility. The drawdowns, together with the proceeds from the PRP Mortgage Loan, were used to prepay a portion, and fully defease the remainder, of the 2012 CMBS loan.

month Extension provided that certain conditions are satisfied. The PRP Mortgage Loan is collateralized by certain properties owned by PRP. PRP has also made negative pledges with respect to certain unencumbered properties.

The proceeds of the PRP Mortgage Loan were used, together with borrowings under our revolving credit facility, to prepay a portion, and fully defease the remainder, of the 2012 CMBS loan. In connection with the defeasance, we recognized a loss of \$26.6 million during the fiscal year ended December 25, 2016. Following the defeasance of the 2012 CMBS loan, \$19.3 million of restricted cash was released. On July 27, 2016, PRP and the Lender, entered into an Amendment to PRP's Original Loan Agreement to provide for additional borrowings of \$69.5 million.

Subsequent to December 25, 2016, we made payments of \$19.2 million on our PRP Mortgage Loan with proceeds from sale-leaseback transactions. The remaining \$28.0 million PRP Mortgage Loan balance is due on the Initial Maturity date unless the we exercise the Extension.

Debt Covenants - Our Credit Agreement and PRP Mortgage Loan contain various financial and non-financial covenants. A violation of these covenants could negatively impact our liquidity by restricting our ability to borrow under the revolving credit facility and cause an acceleration of the amounts due under the credit facilities. See Note 11 - Long-term Debt, Net of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

As of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, we were in compliance with our debt covenants. We believe that we will remain in compliance with our debt covenants during the next 12 months.

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk - In September 2014, we entered into variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreements with eight counterparties to hedge a portion of the cash flows of our variable rate debt. The swap agreements have an aggregate notional amount of \$400.0 million, a start date of June 30, 2015, and mature on May 16, 2019. Under the terms of the swap agreements, we pay a weighted-average fixed rate of 2.02% on the \$400.0 million notional amount and receive payments from the counterparty based on the 30-day LIBOR rate. We estimate \$4.2 million will be reclassified to interest expense over the next twelve months. See Note 15 - Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

#### SUMMARY OF CASH FLOWS

The following table presents a summary of our cash flows provided by (used in) operating, investing and financing activities for the periods indicated:

	FISCAL YEAR							
(dollars in thousands)	2016 2015			2015	2014			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	340,581	\$	397,430	\$	352,006		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		309,281		(180,643)		(240,342)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(657,978)		(241,001)		(148,731)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		2,955		(9,193)		(7,060)		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(5,161)	\$	(33,407)	\$	(44,127)		

Operating activities - Net cash provided by operating activities decreased in 2016 as compared to 2015 primarily as a result of the following: (i) higher income tax payments primarily due to sale-leaseback transactions and (ii) the timing of rent payments. These decreases were partially offset by: (i) utilization of inventory on hand and (ii) lower cash interest payments.

Net cash provided by operating activities increased in 2015 as compared to 2014 primarily as a result of the following: (i) timing of collections of holiday gift card sales from third-party vendors, (ii) lower income tax payments and (iii) lower cash interest payments. These increases were partially offset by: (i) timing of payments on accounts payable and

certain accrual payments, (ii) a decrease in incremental gift card sales and (iii) the cash impact of settlement of obligations associated with the International Restaurant Closure Initiative.

*Investing activities* - Net cash provided by investing activities during 2016 consisted primarily of: (i) proceeds from sale-leaseback transactions, (ii) proceeds from the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea and (iii) a reduction in restricted cash related to the defeasance of the 2012 CMBS loan, partially offset by capital expenditures.

Net cash used in investing activities during 2015 consisted primarily of capital expenditures. Net cash used in investing activities was partially offset by the following: (i) proceeds from other investments, net, (ii) proceeds from the sale of Roy's, (iii) the release of escrow cash related to the Brazil Joint Venture acquisition and (iv) proceeds from the disposal of property, fixtures and equipment.

Net cash used in investing activities during 2014 consisted primarily of: (i) capital expenditures, (ii) the net difference in restricted cash used and restricted cash received and (iii) net cash paid to acquire certain franchise restaurants. Net cash used in investing activities was partially offset by proceeds from the disposal of property, fixtures and equipment.

Financing activities - Net cash used in financing activities during 2016 was primarily attributable to the following: (i) the defeasance of the 2012 CMBS loan and payments on our PRP Mortgage Loan, (ii) the repurchase of common stock, (iii) the purchase of outstanding noncontrolling interests and limited partnership interests in certain restaurants, (iv) payment of cash dividends on our common stock and (v) repayments of partner deposits and accrued partner obligations. Net cash used in financing activities was partially offset by the following: (i) proceeds from the PRP Mortgage Loan, (ii) drawdowns on our revolving credit facility, net of repayments and (iii) proceeds from the sale of certain properties, which are considered financing obligations.

Net cash used in financing activities during 2015 was primarily attributable to the following: (i) repayments of the Term loan B due to the Senior Secured Credit Facility refinancing in March 2015 and voluntary prepayments, (ii) the repurchase of common stock, (iii) repayments of partner deposits and accrued partner obligations and (iv) payment of cash dividends on our common stock. Net cash used in financing activities was partially offset by the following: (i) proceeds from the incremental Term loan A-1, net of financing fees, (ii) drawdowns on the revolving credit facility, net of repayments, and (iii) proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

Net cash used in financing activities during 2014 was primarily attributable to the following: (i) repayment of the Term loan B due to the Senior Secured Credit Facility refinancing in May 2014 and voluntary repayments, (ii) repayment of borrowings on the 2012 CMBS loan, Term loan A and revolving credit facilities, (iii) repayments of partner deposits and accrued partner obligations and (iv) the purchase of outstanding limited partnership interests in certain restaurants. Net cash used in financing activities was partially offset by proceeds from the refinancing of the Senior Secured Credit Facility, net of financing fees, and proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

### FINANCIAL CONDITION

Following is a summary of our current assets, current liabilities and working capital:

(dollars in thousands)	DE	CEMBER 25, 2016	DI	ECEMBER 27, 2015
Current assets	\$	390,519	\$	418,644
Current liabilities		823,408		814,166
Working capital (deficit)	\$	(432,889)	\$	(395,522)

Working capital (deficit) included Unearned revenue from unredeemed gift cards and loyalty program rewards of \$388.5 million and \$382.6 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively. We have, and in the future may continue to have, negative working capital balances (as is common for many restaurant companies).

We operate successfully with negative working capital because cash collected on restaurant sales is typically received before payment is due on our current liabilities, and our inventory turnover rates require relatively low investment in inventories. Additionally, ongoing cash flows from restaurant operations and gift card sales are used to service debt obligations and make capital expenditures.

Deferred Compensation Programs - The deferred compensation obligation due to managing and chef partners was \$113.0 million and \$133.2 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively. We invest in various corporate-owned life insurance policies, which are held within an irrevocable grantor or "rabbi" trust account for settlement of our obligations under the deferred compensation plans. The rabbi trust is funded through our voluntary contributions. The unfunded obligation for managing and chef partners' deferred compensation is \$50.6 million and \$74.0 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively.

We use capital to fund the deferred compensation plans and currently expect annual cash funding of \$18.0 million to \$20.0 million. Actual funding of the deferred compensation obligations and future funding requirements may vary significantly depending on the actual performance compared to targets, timing of deferred payments of partner contracts, forfeiture rates, number of partner participants, growth of partner investments and our funding strategy.

### DIVIDENDS AND SHARE REPURCHASES

*Dividends* - We did not declare or pay any dividends on our common stock prior to 2015. In fiscal years 2016 and 2015, we declared and paid quarterly cash dividends of \$0.07 and \$0.06 per share, respectively.

In February 2017, the Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.08 per share, payable on March 10, 2017. Future dividend payments are dependent on our earnings, financial condition, capital expenditure requirements, surplus and other factors that our Board considers relevant.

Share Repurchases - The following table presents a summary of our share repurchase programs for 2014, 2015 and 2016 (dollars in thousands):

SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM	BOARD APPROVAL DATE	AUTHORIZED	 REPURCHASED	 CANCELED	REMAINING
2014	December 12, 2014	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ _	\$ _
2015	August 3, 2015	100,000	69,999	30,001	_
2016	February 12, 2016	250,000	139,892	110,108	_
July 2016 (1)	July 26, 2016	300,000	169,995	_	130,005

Ouring January 2017, we repurchased \$20.0 million of our outstanding common stock under a Rule 10b5-1 plan. The July 2016 Share Repurchase Program will expire on January 26, 2018.

The following table presents our dividends and share repurchases for fiscal years 2016 and 2015:

	DIVIDENDE DA ID		OH A DE DEDUDON A GEG	SETTLEMENT OF EQUITY	TOTAL
(dollars in thousands)	DIVIDENDS PAID	2	SHARE REPURCHASES	AWARDS	TOTAL
Fiscal year 2016	\$ 31,379	\$	309,887	\$ 447	\$ 341,713
Fiscal year 2015	29,332	2	169,999	770	200,101
Total	\$ 60,711	\$	479,886	\$ 1,217	\$ 541,814

Our ability to pay dividends and make share repurchases is dependent on our ability to obtain funds from our subsidiaries, have access to our revolving credit facility and the existence of surplus. Based on our Credit Agreement, restricted dividend payments from OSI to Bloomin' Brands can be made on an unlimited basis provided we are compliant with our debt covenants.

#### OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

None.

#### OTHER MATERIAL COMMITMENTS

Our contractual obligations, debt obligations and commitments as of December 25, 2016 are summarized in the table below:

	PAYMENTS DUE BY PERIOD										
				LESS THAN		1-3		3-5		MORE THAN	
(dollars in thousands)		TOTAL		1 YEAR		YEARS		YEARS		5 YEARS	
Recorded Contractual Obligations											
Long-term debt (1)	\$	1,089,485	\$	35,079	\$	1,033,787	\$	967	\$	19,652	
Deferred compensation and other partner obligations (2)		123,546		20,787		49,942		34,233		18,584	
Other recorded contractual obligations (3)		23,197		5,286		3,507		1,965		12,439	
Unrecorded Contractual Obligations											
Interest (4)		108,997		37,259		47,577		2,642		21,519	
Operating leases		1,649,054		174,019		313,237		256,148		905,650	
Purchase obligations (5)		439,436		230,312		122,074		42,830		44,220	
Total contractual obligations	\$	3,433,715	\$	502,742	\$	1,570,124	\$	338,785	\$	1,022,064	

- (1) Includes capital lease obligations. Excludes unamortized debt issuance costs and discount of \$2.8 million.
- (2) Includes deferred compensation obligations, deposits and other accrued obligations due to our restaurant partners. Timing and amounts of payments may vary significantly based on employee turnover, return of deposits and changes to buyout values.
- Includes other long-term liabilities, primarily consisting of non-partner deferred compensation obligations and restaurant closing cost liabilities. As of December 25, 2016, unrecognized tax benefits of \$19.6 million were excluded from the table since it is not possible to estimate when these future payments will occur.
- (4) Projected future interest payments on long-term debt are based on interest rates in effect as of December 25, 2016 and assume only scheduled principal payments. Estimated interest expense includes the impact of financing obligations and our variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreements. As of December 25, 2016, we had a derivative liability of \$6.0 million for the interest rate swap agreements recorded in our Consolidated Balance Sheet.
- (5) Purchase obligations include agreements to purchase goods or services that are enforceable, are legally binding and specify all significant terms, including fixed or minimum quantities to be purchased; fixed, minimum or variable price provisions; and the approximate timing of the transaction. We have purchase obligations with various vendors that consist primarily of inventory, restaurant level service contracts, advertising, marketing and technology.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these accompanying consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities during the reporting period. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We consider an accounting estimate to be critical if it requires assumptions to be made and changes in these assumptions could have a material impact on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

*Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets* - Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The evaluation is performed at the

lowest level of identifiable cash flows independent of other assets. For long-lived assets deployed at our restaurants, we review for impairment at the individual restaurant level.

When evaluating for impairment, the total future undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the assets are compared to the carrying amount. If the total future undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the assets are less than the carrying amount, this may be an indicator of impairment. An impairment loss is recognized in earnings when the asset's carrying value exceeds its estimated fair value. Fair value is generally estimated using a discounted cash flow model. The key estimates and assumptions used in this model are future cash flow estimates, with material changes generally driven by changes in expected use, and the discount rate.

Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets - Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are tested for impairment annually in the second fiscal quarter, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

We may elect to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that a reporting unit is impaired. In considering the qualitative approach, we evaluate factors including, but not limited to, macro-economic conditions, market and industry conditions, commodity cost fluctuations, competitive environment, share price performance, results of prior impairment tests, operational stability and the overall financial performance of the reporting units.

If the qualitative assessment is not performed or if we determine that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds the carrying value, the fair value of the reporting unit is calculated. Fair value of a reporting unit is the price a willing buyer would pay for the reporting unit and is estimated using a discounted cash flow model. The key estimates and assumptions used in this model are future cash flow estimates, which are heavily influenced by growth rates, and the discount rate. The fair value of the trade name is determined through a relief from royalty method.

The carrying value of the reporting unit is compared to its estimated fair value, with any excess of carrying value over fair value deemed to be an indicator of potential impairment, in which case a second step is performed comparing the recorded amount of goodwill or indefinite-lived intangible assets to the implied fair value.

The carrying value of goodwill as of December 25, 2016 was \$310.1 million, which related to our U.S. and International reporting units. We performed our annual impairment test in the second quarter of 2016 utilizing the qualitative assessment and determined that none of our reporting units with remaining goodwill were at risk for impairment.

Sales declines at our restaurants, unplanned increases in commodity or labor costs, deterioration in overall economic conditions and challenges in the restaurant industry may result in future impairment charges. It is possible that changes in circumstances or changes in our judgments, assumptions and estimates could result in an impairment charge of a portion or all of our goodwill or other intangible assets.

*Insurance Reserves* - We carry insurance programs with specific retention levels or high per-claim deductibles for a significant portion of expected losses under our workers' compensation, general liability/liquor liability, health, property and management liability insurance programs. For some programs, we maintain stop-loss coverage to limit the exposure relating to certain risks.

We record a liability for all unresolved claims and for an estimate of incurred but not reported claims at the anticipated cost that falls below our specified retention levels or per-claim deductible amounts. Our liability for insurance claims was \$62.8 million and \$61.5 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively. In establishing our reserves, we consider certain actuarial assumptions and judgments regarding economic conditions, the frequency and severity of claims and claim development history and settlement practices. Reserves recorded for workers' compensation and general liability/liquor liability claims are discounted using the average of the one-year and five-year risk free rate of monetary assets that have comparable maturities.

We do not believe there is a reasonable likelihood that there will be a material change in the estimates or assumptions used to calculate our insurance claim liabilities. However, if actual results are not consistent with our estimates or assumptions, we may be exposed to losses or gains that could be material. A 50 basis point change in the discount rate in our insurance claim liabilities as of December 25, 2016, would have affected net earnings by \$1.0 million in fiscal year 2016.

Stock-Based Compensation - We have a stock-based compensation plan that permits the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance awards and other stock-based awards to our management and other key employees. We account for our stock-based employee compensation using a fair value-based method of accounting.

We use the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the weighted-average grant date fair value of stock options granted. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatilities of our stock and the stock of comparable peer companies. The expected term of options granted represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding. The simplified method of estimating expected term is used since we do not have significant historical exercise experience for our stock options. Dividend yield is the level of dividends expected to be paid on our common stock over the expected term of our options. The risk-free rate for periods within the expected life of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect as of the grant date.

Our performance-based share units ("PSUs") require assumptions regarding the likelihood of achieving certain Company performance criteria set forth in the award agreements. Assumptions used in our assessment are consistent with our internal forecasts and operating plans.

Estimates and assumptions are based upon information currently available, including historical experience and current business and economic conditions. A simultaneous 10% change in our volatility, forfeiture rate, weighted-average risk-free interest rate, dividend rate and term of grant in our stock option pricing model for fiscal year 2016 would have affected net income by \$0.5 million.

If we assumed that the PSU performance conditions for stock-based awards were not met, stock-based compensation expense would have decreased by \$1.4 million for fiscal year 2016 . If we assumed that PSU share awards met their maximum threshold, expense would have increased by \$3.4 million for fiscal year 2016 .

Income Taxes - Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates, based on certain judgments regarding enacted tax laws and published guidance, in effect in the years in which we expect those temporary differences to reverse. As of December 25, 2016, tax loss carryforwards and credit carryforwards that do not have a valuation allowance are expected to be recoverable within the applicable statutory expiration periods. A valuation allowance is established against the deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred taxes may not be realized. Changes in assumptions regarding our level and composition of earnings, tax laws or the deferred tax valuation allowance and the results of tax audits, may materially impact the effective income tax rate.

Our income tax returns, like those of most companies, are periodically audited by U.S. and foreign tax authorities. In determining taxable income, income or loss before taxes is adjusted for differences between local tax laws and generally accepted accounting principles. A tax benefit from an uncertain position is recognized only if it is more likely than not that the position is sustainable based on its technical merits. For uncertain tax positions that do not meet this threshold, we recognize a liability. The liability for unrecognized tax benefits requires significant management judgment regarding exposures about our various tax positions. These assumptions and probabilities are periodically reviewed and updated based upon new information. An unfavorable tax settlement generally requires the use of cash and an increase in the amount of income tax expense we recognize.

Revenue Recognition - The following accounting estimates relating to revenue recognition contain uncertainty because they require management to make assumptions and to apply judgment regarding the effects of future events:

Gift Card Breakage – We sell gift cards to customers in our restaurants, through our websites and through select third parties. A liability is initially established for the value of the gift card when sold. We recognize revenue from gift cards when the card is redeemed by the customer. We recognize gift card breakage revenue for gift cards when the likelihood of redemption by the customer is remote, which we have determined are those gift cards issued on or before three years prior to the balance sheet date. For fiscal year 2017, we do not believe there is a reasonable likelihood that there will be a material change in the future estimates or assumptions we use to record breakage.

Upon the adoption of ASU No. 2014-09 "Revenue Recognition (Topic 606), Revenue from Contracts with Customers", the Company expects to recognize breakage proportional to actual gift card redemptions. See Note 2 - *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* of our Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Part II, Item 8 for further information.

### **Recently Issued Financial Accounting Standards**

For a description of recently issued Financial Accounting Standards that we adopted in 2016 and that are applicable to us but have not yet been adopted, see Note 2 - *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this Report.

#### Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates on debt, changes in foreign currency exchange rates and changes in commodity prices.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

We are exposed to market risk from fluctuations in interest rates, which could affect our consolidated balance sheet, earnings and cash flows. Stockholders' equity can be adversely affected by changing interest rates, as after-tax changes in the fair value of interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges are reflected as increases and decreases to a component of stockholders' equity.

We manage our exposure to market risk through regular operating and financing activities and when deemed appropriate, through the use of derivative financial instruments. We use derivative financial instruments as risk management tools and not for speculative purposes. See Note 15 - Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

As of December 25, 2016, our interest rate risk was primarily from variable interest rate changes on our Senior Secured Credit Facility. To manage the risk of fluctuations in variable interest rate debt, we entered into interest rate swaps for an aggregate notional amount of \$400.0 million in 2014 with a start date of June 30, 2015, and a maturity date of May 16, 2019.

We utilize valuation models to estimate the effects of changing interest rates. The following table summarizes the changes to fair value and interest expense under a shock scenario. This analysis assumes that interest rates change suddenly, as an interest rate "shock" and continue to increase or decrease at a consistent level above or below the LIBOR curve.

		DECEMBER 25, 2016							
(dollars in thousands)	INCREAS	INCREASE (1)							
Change in fair value:									
Interest rate swap	\$	2,797	\$	(15,583)					
Change in annual interest expense (2):									
Variable rate debt	\$	6,203	\$	(5,740)					

<sup>(1)</sup> The potential change from a hypothetical 100 basis point increase in short-term interest rates.

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

We are subject to foreign currency exchange risk for our restaurants operating in foreign countries. Our exposure to foreign currency exchange risk is primarily related to fluctuations in the Brazil Real relative to the U.S. dollar. Our operations in other markets consist of Company-owned restaurants on a smaller scale than Brazil. If foreign currency exchange rates depreciate in the countries in which we operate, we may experience declines in our operating results.

For fiscal year 2016, 10.7% of our revenue was generated in foreign currencies. A 10% change in average foreign currency rates against the U.S. dollar would have increased or decreased our Total revenues and Net income for our foreign entities by \$35.4 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, for fiscal year 2016.

### **Commodity Pricing Risk**

<sup>(2)</sup> The potential change from a hypothetical basis point decrease in short-term interest rates based on the LIBOR curve with a floor of zero. The curve ranges from our current interest rate of 79 basis points to 121 basis points.

Many of the ingredients used in the products sold in our restaurants are commodities that are subject to unpredictable price volatility. Although we attempt to minimize the effect of price volatility by negotiating fixed price contracts for the supply of key ingredients, there are no established fixed price markets for certain commodities such as produce and wild fish, and we are subject to prevailing market conditions when purchasing those types of commodities. Other commodities are purchased based upon negotiated price ranges established with vendors with reference to the fluctuating market prices. The related agreements may contain contractual features that limit the price paid by establishing certain price floors and caps. Extreme changes in commodity prices or long-term changes could affect our financial results adversely. We expect that in most cases increased commodity prices could be passed through to our customers through increases in menu prices. However, if there is a time lag between the increasing commodity prices and our ability to increase menu prices, or if we believe the commodity price increase to be short in duration and we choose not to pass on the cost increases, our short-term financial results could be negatively affected. Additionally, from time to time, competitive circumstances could limit menu price flexibility, and in those cases margins would be negatively impacted by increased commodity prices.

Our restaurants are dependent upon energy to operate and are impacted by changes in energy prices, including natural gas. We utilize derivative instruments to mitigate some of our overall exposure to material increases in natural gas prices. We record mark-to-market changes in the fair value of our natural gas derivative instruments in earnings in the period of change. We incurred gains of \$0.1 million and losses of \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million as a result of changes in the fair value of the commodity derivative instruments during fiscal years 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively. As of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, the fair value of the derivative instruments was \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, in a liability position.

In addition to the market risks identified above, we are subject to business risk as our U.S. beef supply is highly dependent upon a limited number of vendors. If these vendors were unable to fulfill their obligations under their contracts, we could encounter supply shortages and incur higher costs to secure adequate supplies. See Note 18 - Commitments and Contingencies of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further details.

This market risk discussion contains forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from the discussion based upon general market conditions and changes in U.S. and global financial markets.

### Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

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### Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). The Company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements prepared for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

On May 14, 2013, the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") issued an updated version of its *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* ("2013 Framework"). Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer, we carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 25, 2016 using the 2013 Framework. Based upon our evaluation, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 25, 2016.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 25, 2016 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered certified public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included herein.

### Report of Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Bloomin' Brands, Inc.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, of changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and its subsidiaries at December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 25, 2016 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 25, 2016, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our integrated audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Tampa, Florida February 22, 2017

# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)

	DE	CEMBER 25, 2016	DE	CEMBER 27, 2015
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	127,176	\$	132,337
Current portion of restricted cash and cash equivalents		7,886		6,772
Inventories		65,231		80,704
Other current assets, net		190,226		198,831
Total current assets		390,519		418,644
Restricted cash		1,124		16,265
Property, fixtures and equipment, net		1,237,148		1,594,460
Goodwill		310,055		300,861
Intangible assets, net		535,523		546,837
Deferred income tax assets		38,764		7,631
Other assets, net		129,146		147,871
Total assets	\$	2,642,279	\$	3,032,569
LIABILITIES, MEZZANINE EQUITY AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	195,371	\$	193,116
Accrued and other current liabilities		204,415		206,611
Unearned revenue		388,543		382,586
Current portion of long-term debt, net		35,079		31,853
Total current liabilities		823,408		814,166
Deferred rent		151,130		139,758
Deferred income tax liabilities		16,709		53,546
Long-term debt, net		1,054,406		1,285,011
Deferred gain on sale-leaseback transactions, net		181,696		33,154
Other long-term liabilities, net		219,030		261,508
Total liabilities		2,446,379		2,587,143
Commitments and contingencies (Note 18)				
Mezzanine Equity				
Redeemable noncontrolling interests		547		23,526
Stockholders' Equity				
Bloomin' Brands Stockholders' Equity				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015		_		_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 475,000,000 shares authorized; 103,922,110 and 119,214,522 shares issued and outstanding as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively		1,039		1,192
Additional paid-in capital		1,079,583		1,072,861
Accumulated deficit		(786,780)		(518,360)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(111,143)		(147,367)
Total Bloomin' Brands stockholders' equity		182,699		408,326
Noncontrolling interests		12,654		13,574
Total stockholders' equity		195,353		421,900
Total liabilities, mezzanine equity and stockholders' equity	\$	2,642,279	\$	3,032,569

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

	FISCAL YEAR					
		2016		2015	_	2014
Revenues	<u>'</u>					
Restaurant sales	\$	4,226,057	\$	4,349,921	\$	4,415,783
Franchise and other revenues		26,255		27,755		26,928
Total revenues	'	4,252,312		4,377,676		4,442,711
Costs and expenses						
Cost of sales		1,354,853		1,419,689		1,435,359
Labor and other related		1,211,250		1,205,610		1,218,961
Other restaurant operating		992,157		1,006,772		1,049,053
Depreciation and amortization		193,838		190,399		190,911
General and administrative		267,981		287,614		304,382
Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings		104,627		36,667		52,081
Total costs and expenses	'	4,124,706		4,146,751		4,250,747
Income from operations		127,606		230,925		191,964
Loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt		(26,998)		(2,956)		(11,092)
Other income (expense), net		1,609		(939)		(1,244)
Interest expense, net		(45,726)		(56,176)		(59,658)
Income before provision for income taxes		56,491		170,854		119,970
Provision for income taxes		10,144		39,294		24,044
Net income		46,347		131,560		95,926
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests		4,599		4,233		4,836
Net income attributable to Bloomin' Brands	\$	41,748	\$	127,327	\$	91,090
Net income	\$	46,347	\$	131,560	\$	95,926
Other comprehensive income:	Ψ	10,517	Ψ	131,500	Ψ	75,720
Foreign currency translation adjustment		37,075		(96,194)		(31,731)
Unrealized loss on derivatives, net of tax		(1,250)		(6,033)		(2,393)
Reclassification of adjustment for loss on derivatives included in Net income, net of tax		3,807		2,235		(2,555)
Comprehensive income	_	85,979		31,568		61,802
Less: comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		8,008		(8,934)		4,836
Comprehensive income attributable to Bloomin' Brands	\$	77,971	\$	40,502	\$	56,966
Earnings per share:						
Basic	\$	0.37	\$	1.04	\$	0.73
Diluted	\$	0.37	\$	1.01	\$	0.71
Weighted average common shares outstanding:						
Basic		111,381		122,352		125,139
Diluted		114,311		125,585		128,317
Cash dividends declared per common share	¢	0.28	•	0.24	•	
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$	0.28	\$	0.24	\$	_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

#### BLOOMIN' BRANDS

_			BLOOMIN'	_			
	COMMO	ON STOCK  AMOUNT	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	ACCUM- ULATED DEFICIT	ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	NON- CONTROLLING INTERESTS	TOTAL
Balance, December 31, 2013	124,784	\$ 1,248	\$ 1,068,705	\$ (565,154)	\$ (26,418)	\$ 4,328	\$ 482,709
Net income	_	_	_	91,090	_	4,161	95,251
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_	_	_	_	(34,124)	_	(34,124)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	17,420	_	_	_	17,420
Excess tax benefit on stock- based compensation	_	_	2,732	_	_	_	2,732
Common stock issued under stock plans (1)	1,166	11	9,059	(930)	_	_	8,140
Purchase of limited partnership interests, net of tax of \$6,785	_	_	(11,662)	_	_	1,236	(10,426)
Transfer to redeemable noncontrolling interest	_	_	(627)	_	_	_	(627)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	_	(5,062)	(5,062)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	_	436	436
Balance, December 28, 2014	125,950	\$ 1,259	\$ 1,085,627	\$ (474,994)	\$ (60,542)	\$ 5,099	\$ 556,449
Net income	_	_	_	127,327	_	3,228	130,555
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	_	_	_	_	(86,825)	9	(86,816)
Cash dividends declared, \$0.24 per common share	_	_	(29,332)	_	_	_	(29,332)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(7,645)	(76)	_	(169,923)	_	_	(169,999)
Stock-based compensation	_		21,672	_	_	_	21,672
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation	_	_	733	_	_	_	733
Common stock issued under stock plans (1)	910	9	6,015	(770)	_	_	5,254
Purchase of noncontrolling interests	_	_	(306)	_	_	_	(306)
Change in the redemption value of redeemable interests	_	_	(11,548)	_	_	_	(11,548)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	_	(4,761)	(4,761)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	_	3,635	3,635
Conversion of accrued partner obligations to noncontrolling interests	_			_		6,364	6,364
Balance, December 27, 2015	119,215	\$ 1,192	\$ 1,072,861	\$ (518,360)	\$ (147,367)	\$ 13,574	\$ 421,900

(CONTINUED...)

# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

#### BLOOMIN' BRANDS

-			BEGGMIN	BIGH (BS			
	COMMO	ON STOCK  AMOUNT	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	ACCUM- ULATED DEFICIT	ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	NON- CONTROLLING INTERESTS	TOTAL
Balance, December 27, 2015	119,215	\$ 1,192	\$ 1,072,861	\$ (518,360)	\$ (147,367)	\$ 13,574	\$ 421,900
Net income	_	_	_	41,748	_	3,622	45,370
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	_	_	_	_	36,224	(43)	36,181
Cash dividends declared, \$0.28 per common share	_	_	(31,379)	_	_	_	(31,379)
Repurchase and retirement of common stock	(16,647)	(166)	_	(309,721)	_	_	(309,887)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	23,539	_	_	_	23,539
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation	_	_	454	_	_	_	454
Common stock issued under stock plans (1)	1,354	13	6,831	(447)	_	_	6,397
Purchase of noncontrolling interests, net of tax of \$1,504	_	_	9,301	_	_	581	9,882
Change in the redemption value of redeemable interests	_	_	(2,024)	_	_	_	(2,024)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	_	_	_	_	_	(5,818)	(5,818)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	_					738	738
Balance, December 25, 2016	103,922	\$ 1,039	\$ 1,079,583	\$ (786,780)	\$ (111,143)	\$ 12,654	\$ 195,353

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of forfeitures and shares withheld for employee taxes.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN THOUSANDS)

	FISCAL YEAR					
		2016		2015		2014
Cash flows provided by operating activities:				_		
Net income	\$	46,347	\$	131,560	\$	95,926
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		193,838		190,399		190,911
Amortization of deferred discounts and issuance costs		7,857		4,722		5,194
Amortization of deferred gift card sales commissions		28,045		28,205		27,509
Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings		104,627		36,667		52,081
Stock-based and other non-cash compensation expense		21,522		22,725		19,689
Deferred income tax (benefit) expense		(75,349)		3,996		(13,623)
Loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt		26,998		2,956		11,092
(Gain) loss on sale of subsidiary or business		(1,633)		1,182		770
Recognition of deferred gain on sale-leaseback transactions		(5,981)		(2,121)		(2,140)
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation		(2,252)		(733)		(2,732)
Other non-cash items, net		824		38		1,395
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Decrease (increase) in inventories		15,053		(3,831)		(3,126)
Increase in other current assets		(22,778)		(43,727)		(116,828)
Decrease in other assets		5,752		16,969		9,459
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable and accrued and other current liabilities		(8,222)		(9,141)		32,182
Increase in deferred rent		12,426		17,983		18,746
Increase in unearned revenue		7,812		6,106		21,030
(Decrease) increase in other long-term liabilities		(14,305)		(6,525)		4,471
Net cash provided by operating activities		340,581		397,430		352,006
Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities:		_		_		
Proceeds from disposal of property, fixtures and equipment		1,726		5,420		5,745
Proceeds from sale-leaseback transactions, net		530,684		_		_
Acquisition of business, net of cash acquired		_		_		(3,063)
Proceeds from sale of a business, net of cash divested		28,635		7,798		_
Capital expenditures		(260,578)		(210,263)		(237,868)
Decrease in restricted cash		45,479		54,782		26,075
Increase in restricted cash		(31,446)		(47,830)		(30,176)
Other investments, net		(5,219)		9,450		(1,055)
		(=,=)		>,		( )/

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# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (IN THOUSANDS)

	FISCAL YEAR							
		2016		2015		2014		
Cash flows used in financing activities:								
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt, net	\$	364,211	\$	149,250	\$	292,596		
Defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt		(478,906)		(215,000)		(700,000)		
Repayments of long-term debt		(355,616)		(43,076)		(31,873)		
Proceeds from borrowings on revolving credit facilities, net		729,500		564,040		519,000		
Repayments of borrowings on revolving credit facilities		(539,500)		(458,300)		(194,000)		
Proceeds from failed sale-leaseback transactions, net		18,246		_		_		
Proceeds from the exercise of share-based compensation		6,843		6,024		9,070		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		(5,818)		(4,761)		(5,062)		
Contributions from noncontrolling interests		738		3,635		1,872		
Purchase of limited partnership and noncontrolling interests		(39,476)		(890)		(17,211)		
Repayments of partner deposits and accrued partner obligations		(18,739)		(42,555)		(24,925)		
Repurchase of common stock		(310,334)		(170,769)		(930)		
Excess tax benefit from stock-based compensation		2,252		733		2,732		
Cash dividends paid on common stock		(31,379)		(29,332)		_		
Net cash used in financing activities		(657,978)		(241,001)		(148,731)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		2,955		(9,193)		(7,060)		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(5,161)		(33,407)		(44,127)		
Cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the period		132,337		165,744		209,871		
Cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the period	\$	127,176	\$	132,337	\$	165,744		
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:	-							
Cash paid for interest	\$	41,645	\$	53,971	\$	57,241		
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds		88,823		31,552		56,216		
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash investing and financing activities:								
Purchase of noncontrolling interest included in accrued and other current liabilities	\$	1,414	\$	_	\$	_		
Change in acquisition of property, fixtures and equipment included in accounts payable or capital lease liabilities		9,610		3,396		(1,669)		
Deferred tax effect of purchase of noncontrolling interests		1,504				6,785		
Conversion of accrued partner obligations to noncontrolling interests		_		6,364		_		
Conversion of partner deposits and accrued partner obligations to notes payable		_		_		503		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 1. Description of Business

Bloomin' Brands, Inc. ("Bloomin' Brands" or the "Company") is one of the largest casual dining restaurant companies in the world, with a portfolio of leading, differentiated restaurant concepts. OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC ("OSI") is the Company's primary operating entity and New Private Restaurant Properties, LLC ("PRP"), another indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, leases certain of the Company-owned restaurant properties to OSI's subsidiaries.

The Company owns and operates casual, upscale casual and fine dining restaurants. The Company's restaurant portfolio has four concepts: Outback Steakhouse, Carrabba's Italian Grill, Bonefish Grill and Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar. Additional Outback Steakhouse, Carrabba's Italian Grill and Bonefish Grill restaurants in which the Company has no direct investment are operated under franchise agreements.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation - The Company's consolidated financial statements include the accounts and operations of Bloomin' Brands and its subsidiaries.

To ensure timely reporting, the Company consolidates the results of its Brazil operations on a one -month calendar lag. In December 2016, the Company made payments of \$24.8 million to purchase the remaining interests in its Outback Steakhouse operations in Brazil. As these payments were material to the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet and Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, the cash payments and acquisition of the redeemable noncontrolling interest were recognized as of December 25, 2016. See Note 13 - *Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests* for further information.

As of November 30, 2016 and December 25, 2016, the Brazil Real to U.S. dollar foreign exchange rate was 3.39 and 3.27, respectively. There were no other intervening events that would materially affect the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows as of and for the fiscal year ended December 25, 2016.

Principles of Consolidation - All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company consolidates variable interest entities where it has been determined the Company is the primary beneficiary of those entities' operations. The Company is a franchisor of 240 restaurants as of December 25, 2016, but does not possess any ownership interests in its franchisees and does not provide financial support to its franchisees. These franchise relationships are not deemed variable interest entities and are not consolidated.

Investments in entities the Company does not control, but where the Company's interest is generally between 20% and 50% and the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence over the entity are accounted for under the equity method.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash equivalents consist of investments that are readily convertible to cash with an original maturity date of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents include \$50.0 million and \$60.7 million, as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively, for amounts in transit from credit card companies since settlement is reasonably assured.

Concentrations of Credit and Counterparty Risk - Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk are vendor and other receivables. Vendor and other receivables consist primarily of amounts

due from vendor rebates and gift card resellers, respectively. The Company considers the concentration of credit risk for vendor and other receivables to be minimal due to the payment histories and general financial condition of its vendors and gift card resellers.

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of counterparty risk are cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and derivatives. The Company attempts to limit its counterparty risk by investing in certificates of deposit, money market funds, noninterest-bearing accounts and other highly rated investments. Whenever possible, the Company selects investment grade counterparties and rated money market funds in order mitigate its counterparty risk. At times, cash balances may be in excess of FDIC insurance limits. See Note 15 - Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities for a discussion of the Company's use of derivative instruments and management of credit risk inherent in derivative instruments.

Fair Value - Fair value is the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability, or the exit price, in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Fair value is categorized into one of the following three levels based on the lowest level of significant input:

Level 1	Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2	Observable inputs available at measurement date other than quoted prices included in Level 1
Level 3	Unobservable inputs that cannot be corroborated by observable market data

Inventories - Inventories consist of food and beverages and are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market.

Restricted Cash - The Company has both current and long-term restricted cash balances consisting of amounts: (i) pledged for payment of the PRP Mortgage loan, (ii) pledged for settlement of deferred compensation plan obligations and (iii) held in escrow for certain indemnifications associated with the sale of Roy's.

*Property, Fixtures and Equipment* - Property, fixtures and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets. Improvements to leased properties are depreciated over the shorter of their useful life or the lease term, which includes renewal periods that are reasonably assured. Estimated useful lives by major asset category are generally as follows:

Buildings and building improvements	20 to 30 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 to 7 years
Equipment	2 to 7 years
Leasehold improvements	5 to 20 years
Capitalized software	3 to 7 years

Repair and maintenance costs that maintain the appearance and functionality of the restaurant, but do not extend the useful life of any restaurant asset are expensed as incurred. The Company suspends depreciation and amortization for assets held for sale. The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets sold or disposed are removed from the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets, and any resulting gain or loss is generally recognized in Other restaurant operating expenses in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income .

The Company capitalizes direct and indirect internal costs associated with the acquisition, development, design and construction of Company-owned restaurant locations as these costs have a future benefit to the Company. Upon restaurant opening, these costs are depreciated and charged to depreciation and amortization expense. Internal costs of \$7.6 million , \$8.0 million and \$8.7 million were capitalized during fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

For fiscal years 2016 and 2015, software development costs of \$7.1 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, were capitalized. As of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, there was \$24.4 million and \$27.9 million, respectively, of unamortized software included in Property, fixtures and equipment in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets - Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations and is assigned to the reporting unit in which the acquired business will operate. The Company's indefinite-lived intangible assets consist of trade names. Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are tested for impairment annually, as of the first day of the second fiscal quarter, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

The Company may elect to perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that a reporting unit is impaired. If the qualitative assessment is not performed or if the Company determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds the carrying value, the fair value of the reporting unit is calculated. The carrying value of the reporting unit is compared to its estimated fair value, with any excess of carrying value over fair value deemed to be an indicator of potential impairment, in which case a second step is performed comparing the recorded amount of goodwill or indefinite-lived intangible assets to the implied fair value.

Definite-lived intangible assets, which consist primarily of trademarks, franchise agreements, reacquired franchise rights, favorable leases, and other long-lived assets, are amortized over their estimated useful lives and are tested for impairment, using the discounted cash flow method, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Derivatives - The Company records all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the intended use of the derivative, whether the Company has elected to designate a derivative in a hedging relationship and apply hedge accounting and whether the hedging relationship has satisfied the criteria necessary to apply hedge accounting.

Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows, or other types of forecasted transactions, are considered cash flow hedges. If the derivative qualifies for hedge accounting treatment, then the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is recognized in equity as a change to Accumulated other comprehensive loss and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Any ineffective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is immediately recognized in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income .

The Company may enter into derivative contracts that are intended to economically hedge certain of its risk, even though hedge accounting does not apply or the Company elects not to apply hedge accounting. Derivatives not designated as hedges are not speculative and are used to manage the Company's exposure to interest rate movements, foreign currency exchange rate movements and other identified risks. Changes in the fair value of derivatives not designated in hedging relationships are recorded directly in earnings. The Company has elected not to offset derivative positions in the balance sheet with the same counterparty under the same agreement.

Deferred Financing Fees - For fees associated with its revolving credit facility, the Company records deferred financing fees related to the issuance of debt obligations in Other assets, net. For fees associated with all other debt obligations, the Company records deferred financing fees in Long-term debt, net.

The Company amortizes deferred financing fees to interest expense over the term of the respective financing arrangement, primarily using the effective interest method. The Company amortized deferred financing fees of \$7.1 million, \$2.9 million and \$3.1 million to interest expense for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Liquor Licenses - The costs of obtaining non-transferable liquor licenses directly issued by local government agencies for nominal fees are expensed as incurred. The costs of purchasing transferable liquor licenses through open markets in jurisdictions with a limited number of authorized liquor licenses are capitalized as indefinite-lived intangible assets and included in Other assets, net. Annual liquor license renewal fees are expensed over the renewal term.

*Insurance Reserves* - The Company carries insurance programs with specific retention levels or high per-claim deductibles for a significant portion of expected losses under its workers' compensation, general liability/liquor liability,

health, property and management liability insurance programs. The Company records a liability for all unresolved claims and for an estimate of incurred but not reported claims at the anticipated cost that falls below its specified retention levels or per-claim deductible amounts. In establishing reserves, the Company considers certain actuarial assumptions and judgments regarding economic conditions, the frequency and severity of claims, claim development history and settlement practices. Reserves recorded for workers' compensation and general liability claims are discounted using the average of the one -year and five -year risk free rate of monetary assets that have comparable maturities.

*Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests* - The Company consolidates its Outback Steakhouse subsidiary in China, which has a noncontrolling interest that is permitted to deliver subsidiary shares in exchange for cash at a future date. The Company believes that it is probable that the noncontrolling interest will become redeemable.

The Redeemable noncontrolling interest is reported at its estimated redemption value measured as the greater of estimated fair value at the end of each reporting period or the historical cost basis of the redeemable noncontrolling interest adjusted for cumulative earnings or loss allocations. The resulting increases or decreases to fair value, if applicable, are recognized as adjustments to Retained earnings, or in the absence of Retained earnings, Additional paid-in capital. The redeemable noncontrolling interest is classified in Mezzanine equity in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Share Repurchase - Shares repurchased are retired. The par value of the repurchased shares is deducted from common stock and the excess of the purchase price over the par value of the shares is recorded to Accumulated deficit.

Revenue Recognition - The Company records food and beverage revenues, net of discounts, upon sale. Initial and developmental franchise fees are recognized as income once the Company has substantially performed all of its material obligations under the franchise agreement, which is generally upon the opening of the franchised restaurant. Continuing royalties, which are a percentage of net sales of the franchisee, are recognized as income when earned. Franchise-related revenues are included in Other revenues in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income, except for amounts received for national marketing, which are recorded as a reduction of Other restaurant operating expenses.

The Company defers revenue for gift cards, which do not have expiration dates, until redemption by the customer. Gift cards sold at a discount are recorded as revenue upon redemption of the associated gift cards at an amount net of the related discount. The Company also recognizes gift card breakage revenue for gift cards when the likelihood of redemption by the customer is remote, which the Company determined are those gift cards issued on or before three years prior to the balance sheet date. The Company recorded breakage revenue of \$26.0 million, \$22.9 million and \$18.8 million for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Breakage revenue is recorded as a component of Restaurant sales in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Gift card sales commissions paid to third-party providers are initially capitalized and subsequently recognized as Other restaurant operating expenses upon redemption of the associated gift card. Deferred expenses of \$15.6 million and \$16.1 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively, were reflected in Other current assets, net in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. Gift card sales that are accompanied by a bonus gift card to be used by the customer at a future visit result in a separate deferral of a portion of the original gift card sale. Revenue is recorded when the bonus card is redeemed at the estimated fair market value of the bonus card.

The Company maintains a customer loyalty program, Dine Rewards, in the U.S., where customers have the ability to earn a reward after a number of qualified visits. The Company has developed an estimated value of the partial reward earned from each qualified visit based on historical data. The estimated value of the partial reward is recorded as deferred revenue. Each reward has a maximum value and must be redeemed within three months of earning such reward. The revenue associated with the fair value of the qualified visit is recognized upon the earlier of redemption or expiration of the reward. Deferred revenue related to the loyalty program was \$4.2 million and \$0.8 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively.

The Company collects and remits sales, food and beverage, alcoholic beverage and hospitality taxes on transactions with customers and reports revenue net of taxes in its Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Operating Leases - Rent expense for the Company's operating leases, which generally have escalating rentals over the term of the lease and may include rent holidays, is recorded on a straight-line basis over the initial lease term and those renewal periods that are reasonably assured. The difference between rent expense and rent paid is recorded as deferred rent and is included in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. Payments received from landlords as incentives for leasehold improvements are recorded as deferred rent and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease as a reduction of rent expense. Favorable and unfavorable lease assets and liabilities are amortized on a straight-line basis to rent expense over the remaining lease term.

*Pre-Opening Expenses* - Non-capital expenditures associated with opening new restaurants are expensed as incurred and are included in Other restaurant operating expenses in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Consideration Received from Vendors - The Company receives consideration for a variety of vendor-sponsored programs, such as volume rebates, promotions and advertising allowances. Advertising allowances are intended to offset the Company's costs of promoting and selling menu items in its restaurants. Vendor consideration is recorded as a reduction of Cost of sales or Other restaurant operating expenses when recognized in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Costs Associated with Exit Activities - Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The evaluation is performed at the lowest level of identifiable cash flows independent of other assets. For long-lived assets deployed at its restaurants, the Company reviews for impairment at the individual restaurant level. When evaluating for impairment, the total future undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are compared to the carrying amount. If the total future undiscounted cash flows of the asset are less than its carrying amount, recoverability is measured by comparing the fair value of the assets to the carrying amount. An impairment loss is recognized in earnings when the asset's carrying value exceeds its estimated fair value. Fair value is generally estimated using a discounted cash flow model.

Generally, restaurant closure costs, including lease termination fees, are expensed as incurred. When the Company ceases using the property rights under a non-cancelable operating lease, it records a liability for the net present value of any remaining lease obligations as a result of lease termination, less the estimated sublease income that can reasonably be obtained for the property. Any subsequent adjustments to that liability as a result of lease termination or changes in estimates of sublease income are recorded in the period incurred. The associated expense is recorded in Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Restaurant sites and certain other assets to be sold are included in assets held for sale when certain criteria are met, including the requirement that the likelihood of selling the assets within one year is probable.

Advertising Costs - Advertising production costs are expensed in the period when the advertising first occurs. All other advertising costs are expensed in the period in which the costs are incurred. Advertising expense of \$160.8 million, \$161.6 million and \$191.1 million for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively, was recorded in Other restaurant operating expenses in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Legal Costs - Settlement costs are accrued when they are deemed probable and reasonably estimable. Legal fees are recognized as incurred and are reported in General and administrative expense in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income

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Research and Development Expenses ("R&D") - R&D is expensed as incurred in General and administrative expense in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income . R&D primarily consists of payroll and benefit costs. R&D was \$5.2 million , \$6.5 million and \$5.8 million for fiscal years 2016 , 2015 and 2014 , respectively.

Partner Compensation - In additional to salary, the Restaurant Managing Partner of each Company-owned U.S. restaurant and the Chef Partner of each Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar, as well as Area Operating Partners, generally receive performance-based bonuses for providing management and supervisory services to their restaurants, certain of which may be based on a percentage of their associated restaurants' monthly operating results or distributable cash flows ("Monthly Payments"). The expense associated with the Monthly Payments for Restaurant Managing Partners and Chef Partners is included in Labor and other related expenses, and the expense associated with the Monthly Payments for Area Operating Partners is included in General and administrative expenses in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Restaurant Managing Partners and Chef Partners in the U.S. that are eligible to participate in a deferred compensation program receive an unsecured promise of a cash contribution to their account (see Note 5 - *Stock-based and Deferred Compensation Plans*). Also, on the fifth anniversary of the opening of each new U.S. Company-owned restaurant, the Area Operating Partner supervising the restaurant during the first five years of operation receives an additional performance-based bonus.

The Company estimates future bonuses and deferred compensation obligations to Restaurant Managing, Chef Partners and Area Operating Partners, using current and historical information on restaurant performance and records the long-term portion of partner obligations in Other long-term liabilities, net in its Consolidated Balance Sheets. Deferred compensation expenses for Restaurant Managing and Chef partners are included in Labor and other related expenses and bonus expense for Area Operating Partners is included in General and administrative expenses in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income .

Stock-based Compensation - Stock-based compensation awards are measured at fair value at the date of grant and expensed over their vesting or service periods. Stock-based compensation expense is recognized only for those awards expected to vest. The expense, net of forfeitures, is recognized using the straight-line method.

Foreign Currency Translation and Transactions - For non-U.S. operations, the functional currency is the local currency. Foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars using the exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date with the translation adjustments recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive loss in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity. Results of operations are translated using the average exchange rates for the reporting period.

The Company recorded foreign currency exchange transaction losses of \$1.3 million, \$1.2 million and \$0.7 million for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Foreign currency exchange transaction losses are recorded in General and administrative in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income.

Income Taxes - Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred income tax assets and liabilities of a change in the tax rate is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date of the rate change. A valuation allowance may reduce deferred income tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized.

The Company records a tax benefit for an uncertain tax position using the highest cumulative tax benefit that is more likely than not to be realized. The Company adjusts its liability for unrecognized tax benefits in the period in which it determines the issue is effectively settled, the statute of limitations expires or when more information becomes available.

Liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits, including penalties and interest, are recorded in Accrued and other current liabilities and Other long-term liabilities on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Recently Adopted Financial Accounting Standards - In August 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("the FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-15: "Presentation of Financial Statements-Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern" ("ASU No. 2014-15"). ASU No. 2014-15 requires management to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and to provide related footnote disclosures in certain circumstances. The adoption of ASU No. 2014-15 on December 25, 2016 did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Recently Issued Financial Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted - In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment," ("ASU No. 2017-04").

ASU No. 2017-04 eliminates the second step of goodwill impairment, which requires a hypothetical purchase price allocation. Under ASU No. 2017-14, goodwill impairment will be calculated as the amount a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its calculated fair value. ASU No. 2017-04 will be applied prospectively and is effective for the Company in fiscal year 2020, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU No. 2017-04 to have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, "Business Combinations - Clarifying the Definition of a Business," ("ASU No. 2017-01"). ASU No. 2017-01 clarifies the definition of a business when evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. The definition of a business affects various areas of accounting including acquisitions, disposals, goodwill, and consolidation. ASU No. 2017-01 is effective for the Company in fiscal year 2018 and is not expected to have an impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18, "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), Restricted Cash" ("ASU No. 2016-18"). ASU No. 2016-18 provides guidance on the presentation of restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents, which should now be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning and ending cash amounts shown on the Statements of Cash Flows. ASU No. 2016-18 will be effective for the Company in fiscal year 2018, with early adoption permitted. Other than the change in presentation of restricted cash within the Statement of Cash Flows, the adoption of ASU No. 2016-18 is not expected to have an impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments ("ASU No. 2016-15"), which provides guidance on the statement of cash flows presentation of certain transactions where diversity in practice exists. ASU No. 2016-15 will be effect ive for the Company in fiscal year 2018, and early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect ASU No. 2016-15 to have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09: "Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting" ("ASU No. 2016-09"). ASU No. 2016-09 simplifies several aspects related to the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the accounting for income taxes, statutory tax withholding requirements and classification on the statement of cash flows. ASU No. 2016-09 will be effective for the Company in fiscal year 2017.

Currently, the Company recognizes excess tax benefits for stock compensation in the Statement of Stockholder's Equity when the benefits are realized (on a with and without basis). Upon adoption of ASU No. 2016-09, excess tax benefits related to stock compensation will be recorded through the Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income. Excess tax benefits of approximately \$14.0 million to \$15.0 million will be recorded as a cumulative effect adjustment to equity in fiscal year 2017.

The impact of adopting ASU No. 2016-09 will depend on the difference between the market price of the Company's stock between the grant dates and subsequent vesting dates of share-based awards, and this impact could be positive or negative depending on how the Company's stock price fluctuates.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02: "Leases (Topic 842)" ("ASU No. 2016-02"). ASU No. 2016-02 requires the lease rights and obligations arising from lease contracts, including existing and new arrangements, to be recognized as assets and liabilities on the balance sheet. ASU No. 2016-02 is effective for the Company in fiscal year 2019 and must be adopted using a modified retrospective approach. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of ASU No. 2016-02 will have on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09 "Revenue Recognition (Topic 606), Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("ASU No. 2014-09"). ASU No. 2014-09 provides a single source of guidance for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes current revenue recognition standards. Under ASU No. 2014-09, revenue is recognized in an amount that reflects the consideration an entity expects to receive for the transfer of goods and services. ASU No. 2014-09, as amended, will be effective for the Company in fiscal year 2018 and is applied retrospectively to each period presented or as a cumulative effect adjustment at the date of adoption.

While the Company continues to assess all potential impacts of the standard, it currently believes the most significant impact relates to accounting for breakage and advertising fees charged to franchisees. Under the new standard, the Company expects to recognize breakage proportional to actual gift card redemptions. Advertising fees charged to franchisees, which are currently recorded as a reduction to Other restaurant operating expenses, will be recognized as Other revenue. In addition, initial franchise fees will be recognized over the term of the franchise agreement, which is not expected to have a material impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Recent accounting guidance not discussed above is not applicable, did not have, or is not expected to have a material impact to the Company.

Out-of-Period Adjustments - In the third quarter of 2015, the Company identified and corrected errors in accounting for the allocation of foreign currency translation adjustments ("CTA") to Redeemable noncontrolling interests and fair value adjustments for Redeemable noncontrolling interests. Management evaluated the materiality of the errors from a qualitative and quantitative perspective and concluded that the errors were immaterial to the current and prior periods. As a result, the Company recorded the cumulative adjustment in its Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity and Consolidated Statement of Operations and Comprehensive Income for fiscal year 2015:

		IMPACT BY PERIOD FISCAL YEAR							
(dollars in thousands)	FINANCIAL STATMENT LINE ITEM IMPACT		2013		2014		2015		CUMULATIVE ADJUSTMENT
Mezzanine equity:									
Allocation of CTA to redeemable noncontrolling interests	Redeemable noncontrolling interests	\$	(1,762)	\$	(2,677)	\$	(4,793)	\$	(9,232)
Adjustment for the change in the redemption value of redeemable interests	Redeemable noncontrolling interests		1,715		1,824		5,132		8,671
Net impact to Mezzanine equity		\$	(47)	\$	(853)	\$	339	\$	(561)
Bloomin' Brands stockholders' equity:									
Allocation of CTA to redeemable noncontrolling interests	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$	1,762	\$	2,677	\$	4,793	\$	9,232
Adjustment for the change in the redemption value of redeemable interests	Additional paid-in capital		(1,715)		(1,824)		(5,132)		(8,671)
Net impact to Bloomin' Brands stockholders' equity		\$	47	\$	853	\$	(339)	\$	561
Other comprehensive income (loss):									
Allocation of CTA to redeemable noncontrolling interests	Comprehensive income attributable to Bloomin' Brands	\$	1,762	\$	2,677	\$	4,793	\$	9,232
Allocation of CTA to redeemable noncontrolling interests	Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests		(1,762)		(2,677)		(4,793)		(9,232)
Net impact to Other comprehensive income		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_

*Reclassifications* - The Company reclassified certain items in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for prior periods to be comparable with the classification for the current period. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported net income.

#### 3. Impairments, Disposals and Exit Costs

The components of Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings are as follows:

		FISCAL YEAR								
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015		2014				
Impairment losses										
U.S.	\$	57,464	\$	27,408	\$	13,822				
International		41,599		_		12,690				
Corporate		_		746		10,559				
Total impairment losses	\$	99,063	\$	28,154	\$	37,071				
Restaurant closure expenses										
U.S.	\$	5,596	\$	2,460	\$	7,334				
International		(32)		6,053		7,676				
Total restaurant closure expenses	\$	5,564	\$	8,513	\$	15,010				
Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings	\$	104,627	\$	36,667	\$	52,081				

Closure Initiative and Restructuring Costs - Following is a summary of expenses, related to the 2017 Closure Initiative, Bonefish Restructuring and International and Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiatives ("Closure Initiatives"), recognized in Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the periods indicated:

	FISCAL YEAR						
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015	2014		
Impairment, facility closure and other expenses							
2017 Closure Initiative (1)	\$	46,500	\$	_	\$	_	
Bonefish Restructuring		4,859		24,204		_	
International Restaurant Closure Initiative (2)		_		6,041		19,738	
Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiative (3)		_		1,602		5,972	
Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings	\$	51,359	\$	31,847	\$	25,710	
Severance and other expenses							
Bonefish Restructuring	\$	601	\$	143	\$	_	
International Restaurant Closure Initiative (2)		_		1,715		3,007	
Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiative (3)						1,035	
General and administrative	\$	601	\$	1,858	\$	4,042	
Reversal of deferred rent liability		_		_		_	
2017 Closure Initiative (1)	\$	(3,271)	\$	_	\$	_	
Bonefish Restructuring		(3,410)		_		_	
International Restaurant Closure Initiative (2)		_		(198)		(833)	
Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiative (3)		_				(2,078)	
Other restaurant operating	\$	(6,681)	\$	(198)	\$	(2,911)	
	\$	45,279	\$	33,507	\$	26,841	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes pre-tax asset impairments of \$45.6 million within the U.S. segment and \$0.9 million within the International segment.

2017 Closure Initiative - On February 15, 2017, the Company decided to close 43 underperforming restaurants (the "2017 Closure Initiative"). Most of these restaurants will close in 2017, with the balance closing as leases and certain operating covenants expire or are amended or waived. In connection with the 2017 Closure Initiative, the Company reassessed the future undiscounted cash flows of the impacted restaurants and determined the undiscounted cash flows would not recover the value of the impacted restaurants. As a result, the Company estimated the fair value of the impacted restaurants and recognized pre-tax asset impairments of \$46.5 million during fiscal year 2016, which includes three restaurants that closed in the fourth quarter.

Bonefish Restructuring - On February 12, 2016, the Company decided to close 14 Bonefish restaurants ("Bonefish Restructuring"). The Company expects to substantially complete these restaurant closings through the first quarter of 2019. In connection with the Bonefish Restructuring, the Company reassessed the future undiscounted cash flows of the impacted restaurants, and as a result, the Company recognized pre-tax asset impairments during fiscal year 2015, within the U.S. segment.

During 2014, the Company decided to close 36 underperforming international locations, primarily in South Korea (the "International Restaurant Closure Initiative").

During 2013, the Company decided to close 22 underperforming domestic locations (the "Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiative").

*Cumulative Closure Initiative and Restructuring Costs* - Following is a summary of cumulative expenses related to the Closure Initiatives incurred through December 25, 2016 (dollars in thousands):

	LOCATION OF CHARGE IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF	CLOSURE INITIATIVES AND RESTRUCTURING									
DESCRIPTION	OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		2017	E	BONEFISH		INTERNATIONAL	D	OMESTIC		TOTAL
Impairments, facility closure and other expenses	Provision for impaired assets and restaurant closings	s	46,500	\$	29,063	\$	25,779	\$	26,269	s	127,611
Severance and other expenses	General and administrative	•	_		744		4,722	•	1,035	-	6,501
Reversal of deferred rent liability	Other restaurant operating		(3,271)		(3,410)		(1,031)		(2,078)		(9,790)
		\$	43,229	\$	26,397	\$	29,470	\$	25,226	\$	124,322

*Projected Future Expenses and Cash Expenditures* - The Company currently expects to incur additional charges for the 2017 Closure Initiative and Bonefish Grill Restructuring over the next three years, including costs associated with lease obligations, employee terminations and other closure-related obligations. Following is a summary of estimated pre-tax expense by type:

Estimated future expense (dollars in millions)	2017 CLOSURE INITIATIVE				 BONEFISH GRILL RESTRUCTURING			
Lease related liabilities, net of subleases	\$	17.0	to \$	19.0	\$ 2.2	to	\$	5.2
Employee severance and other obligations	\$	2.5	to \$	4.5	\$ 0.3	to	\$	1.0
Total estimated future expense	\$	19.5	to \$	23.5	\$ 2.5	to	\$	6.2
						=		
Total estimated future cash expenditures (dollars in millions)	\$	31.5	\$	37.0	\$ 10.1	to	\$	12.5

Total future undiscounted cash expenditures for the 2017 Closures Initiative and Bonefish Grill Restructuring, primarily related to lease liabilities, are expected to occur over the remaining lease terms with the final term ending in January 2029 and October 2024, respectively.

Accrued Facility Closure and Other Cost Rollforward - The following table summarizes the Company's accrual activity related to facility closure and other costs during fiscal years 2016 and 2015:

(dollars in thousands)	 2016	2015		
Beginning of the year	\$ 5,699	\$	11,000	
Charges	6,845		10,358	
Cash payments	(4,706)		(13,814)	
Adjustments	 (1,281)		(1,845)	
End of the year (1)	\$ 6,557	\$	5,699	

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company had exit-related accruals of \$2.6 million and \$2.0 million, recorded in Accrued and other current liabilities and \$4.0 million and \$3.7 million, recorded in Other long-term liabilities, net, as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively.

Outback Steakhouse South Korea - On July 25, 2016, the Company completed the sale of its Outback Steakhouse subsidiary in South Korea ("Outback Steakhouse South Korea") for a purchase price of \$50.0 million, in cash. In the second quarter of 2016, the Company recognized an impairment charge of \$39.6 million, including costs to sell of \$3.3 million, within the International segment. The Company also recognized tax expense of \$2.4 million for fiscal year 2016 with respect to undistributed earnings in South Korea that were previously considered to be permanently reinvested.

During the third quarter of 2016, the Company recognized a gain on the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea of

\$2.1 million within Other income (expense), net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income, primarily due to a change in foreign currency exchange rates subsequent to the Company's second fiscal quarter. After completion of the sale, the Company's restaurant locations in South Korea are operated as franchises.

Following are the components of Outback Steakhouse South Korea included in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the following periods:

	FISCAL YEAR							
(dollars in thousands)	2016			2015		2014		
Restaurant sales	\$	90,455	\$	171,649	\$	238,802		
(Loss) income before income taxes (1)	\$	(32,348)	\$	3,284	\$	(12,955)		

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes impairment charges of \$39.6 million for Assets held for sale and a gain of \$2.1 million on the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea for fiscal year 2016.

Roy's - On January 26, 2015, the Company sold its Roy's business to United Ohana, LLC (the "Buyer"), for a purchase price of \$10.0 million, less certain liabilities, and recognized a loss on sale of \$0.9 million, which was recorded in Other expense, net, during fiscal year 2015.

In connection with the sale of Roy's, the Company continues to provide lease guarantees for certain of the Roy's locations. Under the guarantees, the Company will pay the rental expense over the remaining lease term in the event of default by the Buyer. The fair value and maximum value of the lease guarantees is nominal. The maximum amount is calculated as the fair value of the lease payments, net of sublease assumptions, over the remaining lease term.

Following are the components of Roy's included in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the following periods:

		FISCAL	YEA	2014 68,575			
(dollars in thousands)	<u> </u>	2015		2014			
Restaurant sales	\$	5,729	\$	68,575			
Loss before income taxes (1)(2)	\$	(831)	\$	(13,612)			

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Other Disposals - During 2016, the Company recognized impairment charges of \$3.5 million for its Puerto Rico subsidiary, within the U.S. segment.

During 2014, the Company decided to sell both of its corporate airplanes. In connection with this decision, the Company recognized pre-tax asset impairment charges of \$0.7 million and \$10.6 million in fiscal years 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The remaining restaurant impairment and closing charges resulted from the carrying value of a restaurant's assets exceeding its estimated fair market value, primarily due to locations identified for relocation or closure.

#### 4. Earnings Per Share

The Company computes basic earnings per share based on the weighted average number of common shares that were outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share includes the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents consisting of restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance-based share units and stock options, using the treasury stock method. Performance-based share units are considered dilutive when the related performance criterion has been met.

<sup>(1)</sup> Loss before income taxes includes loss on sale of \$0.9 million in fiscal year 2015.

<sup>(2)</sup> Loss before income taxes includes impairment charges of \$13.4 million in fiscal year 2014, which was recorded within the U.S. segment.

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	FISCAL YEAR							
(in thousands, except per share amounts)		2016		2015	2014			
Net income attributable to Bloomin' Brands	\$	41,748	\$	127,327	\$	91,090		
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding		111,381		122,352		125,139		
Effect of diluted securities:								
Stock options		2,659		2,992		3,079		
Nonvested restricted stock and restricted stock units		260		216		91		
Nonvested performance-based share units		11		25		8		
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding		114,311		125,585		128,317		
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.37	\$	1.04	\$	0.73		
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.37	\$	1.01	\$	0.71		

Dilutive securities outstanding not included in the computation of earnings per share because their effect was antidilutive were as follows:

	FISCAL YEAR			
(shares in thousands)	2016	2015	2014	
Stock options	5,151	2,670	3,090	
Nonvested restricted stock and restricted stock units	219	27	206	
Nonvested performance-based share units	92	_	_	

#### 5. Stock-based and Deferred Compensation Plans

#### **Stock-based Compensation Plans**

Equity Compensation Plans - On April 22, 2016, the Company's shareholders approved the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2016 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan (the "2016 Incentive Plan"). Following approval of the 2016 Incentive Plan, no further awards have been granted under the Company's previous equity compensation plans. Existing awards under previous plans continue to vest in accordance with the original vesting schedule and will expire at the end of their original term. The 2016 Incentive Plan permits the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance awards and other cash-based or stock-based awards to Company management, other key employees, consultants and directors.

As of December 25, 2016, the maximum number of shares of common stock available for issuance pursuant to the 2016 Incentive Plan was 6,127,810.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense as follows:

	 FISCAL YEAR					
(dollars in thousands)	 2016		2015		2014	
Stock options	\$ 11,926	\$	10,041	\$	11,946	
Restricted stock and restricted stock units	9,275		6,758		3,857	
Performance-based share units	1,393		3,596		1,190	
	\$ 22,594	\$	20,395	\$	16,993	

Stock Options - Beginning in August 2012, stock options generally vest and become exercisable over a period of four years in an equal number of shares each year. Stock options have an exercisable life of no more than ten years from the date of grant. The Company settles stock option exercises with authorized but unissued shares of the Company's common stock. Stock options granted prior to August 2012 generally vest and become exercisable over a period of five years in an equal number of shares each year.

The following table presents a summary of the Company's stock option activity for fiscal year 2016:

(in thousands, except exercise price and contractual life)	OPTIONS	WEIGHTED- AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED- AVERAGE REMAINING CONTRACTUAL LIFE (YEARS)	AGGREGATE INTRINSIC VALUE
Outstanding as of December 27, 2015	9,718	\$ 12.99	5.6	\$ 59,427
Granted	3,164	17.58		
Exercised	(1,090)	8.26		
Forfeited or expired	(808)	20.32		
Outstanding as of December 25, 2016	10,984	\$ 14.24	5.8	\$ 58,231
Vested and expected to vest as of December 25, 2016	10,908	\$ 14.20	5.8	\$ 58,176
Exercisable as of December 25, 2016	6,640	\$ 10.77	3.9	\$ 55,659

Assumptions used in the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the weighted-average fair value of option awards granted were as follows for the periods indicated:

	 FISCAL YEAR					
	 2016		2015		2014	
Assumptions:						
Weighted-average risk-free interest rate (1)	1.32%		1.64%		1.82%	
Dividend yield (2)	1.59%		1.00%		<u> </u>	
Expected term (3)	6.1 years		6.3 years		6.3 years	
Weighted-average volatility (4)	35.2%		43.4%		48.4%	
Weighted-average grant date fair value per option	\$ 5.28	\$	10.11	\$	11.37	

- (1) Risk-free rate is the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect as of the grant date for periods within the expected term of the option.
- (2) Dividend yield is the level of dividends expected to be paid on the Company's common stock over the expected term of the option.
- Expected term represents the period of time that the options are expected to be outstanding. The simplified method of estimating the expected term is used since the Company does not have significant historical exercise experience for its stock options.
- (4) Volatility is based on the historical volatilities of the Company's stock and the stock of comparable peer companies.

The following represents stock option compensation information for the periods indicated:

	FISCAL YEAR					
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015		2014
Intrinsic value of options exercised	\$	10,792	\$	11,843	\$	19,474
Excess tax benefits for tax deductions related to the exercise of stock options	\$	2,146	\$	702	\$	2,405
Cash received from option exercises, net of tax withholding	\$	8,998	\$	7,440	\$	9,540
Fair value of stock options vested	\$	19,431	\$	26,643	\$	36,614
Tax benefits for stock option compensation expense	\$	4,177	\$	4,594	\$	7,576
Unrecognized stock option expense	\$	20,684				
Remaining weighted-average vesting period		2.3 years				

Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units - Restricted stock and restricted stock units generally vest and become exercisable in an equal number of shares each year. Restricted stock and restricted stock units issued to members of the Board of Directors (the "Board") and employees vest over a period of three years and four years, respectively. Following is a summary of the Company's restricted stock and restricted stock unit activity for fiscal year 2016:

(shares in thousands)	NUMBER OF RESTRICTED STOCK & RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARDS	WEIGHTED-AV GRANT DA FAIR VALUE AWARD	TE E PER
Outstanding as of December 27, 2015	1,145	\$	21.48
Granted	1,058		16.38
Vested	(370)		20.98
Forfeited	(239)		19.18
Outstanding as of December 25, 2016	1,594	\$	18.55

The following represents restricted stock and restricted stock unit compensation information as of December 25, 2016:

		FI	SCAL YEAR	
(dollars in thousands)	 2016		2015	 2014
Fair value of restricted stock vested	\$ 7,752	\$	5,339	\$ 2,680
Tax benefits for restricted stock compensation expense	\$ 2,513	\$	2,303	\$ 1,298
Unrecognized restricted stock expense	\$ 21,870			
Remaining weighted-average vesting period	2.7 years			

Performance-based Share Units - Beginning in 2013, the Company granted performance-based share units ("PSUs") to certain employees. Typically, the PSUs vest in an equal number of shares over four years for awards granted prior to 2016, and in fiscal 2016, the Company granted performance-based share units that vest after three years. The number of units that vest is determined for each year based on the achievement of certain Company performance criteria as set forth in the award agreement and may range from zero to 200% of the annual target grant. The PSUs are settled in shares of common stock, with holders receiving one share of common stock for each performance-based share unit that vests. The fair value of PSUs is based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the grant date. Compensation expense for PSUs is recognized over the vesting period when it is probable the performance criteria will be achieved.

As of December 25, 2016, the following PSU programs were in progress:

AWARD DATE	PROGRAM	TARGET NO. OF PSUs REMAINING TO GRANT (1) (shares in thousands)	MAXIMUM PAYOUT (AS A % OF TARGET NO. OF PSUs) (2)
2/27/2014	2014 Program	40	200%
2/26/2015	2015 Program	98	200%
10/1/2015	2015 International Program	19	100%
		157	

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents target PSUs awarded under each of the identified programs that have not been granted for accounting purposes. The PSUs issued 2015 and prior do not result in the recognition of stock-based compensation expense until the performance target has been set by the Board as of the beginning of each fiscal year. There is no effect of these PSUs on the Company's basic or diluted shares outstanding.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assumes achievement of target threshold of the Adjusted EPS goal for the Company for the 2014 Program and 2015 Program.

The following table presents a summary of the Company's PSU activity for fiscal year 2016:

(shares in thousands)	PERFORMANCE-BASED SHARE UNITS	WEIGHTED- GRANT I FAIR VAL AWA	DATE UE PER
Outstanding as of December 27, 2015	166	\$	24.11
Granted (1)	352		16.17
Vested	(145)		25.05
Forfeited	(61)		19.48
Outstanding as of December 25, 2016	312	\$	16.26

<sup>(1)</sup> Share unit amounts include the number of PSUs at the target threshold in the current period grant and additional shares earned above target due to exceeding prior period performance criteria.

The following represents PSU compensation information as of December 25, 2016:

	FISCAL YEAR					
(dollars in thousands)	<u> </u>	2016		2015		2014
Tax benefits for PSU compensation expense	\$	910	\$	636	\$	26
Unrecognized PSU expense	\$	2,668				
Remaining weighted-average vesting period		1.5 years				

#### **Deferred Compensation Plans**

Restaurant Managing Partners and Chef Partners - Restaurant Managing Partners and Chef Partners are eligible to participate in deferred compensation programs. The Company invests in various corporate-owned life insurance policies, which are held within an irrevocable grantor or "rabbi" trust account for settlement of the obligations under the deferred compensation plans. The deferred compensation obligation due to Restaurant Managing and Chef Partners was \$113.0 million and \$133.2 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively. The unfunded obligation for Restaurant Managing and Chef Partners' deferred compensation was \$50.6 million and \$74.0 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively.

#### **Other Benefit Plans**

401(k) Plan - The Company has a qualified defined contribution plan that qualifies under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The Company incurred contribution costs of \$3.2 million, \$3.7 million and \$1.1 million for the 401(k) Plan for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Deferred Compensation Plan - The Company provides a deferred compensation plan for its highly compensated employees who are not eligible to participate in the 401(k) Plan. The deferred compensation plan allows these employees to contribute a percentage of their base salary and cash bonus on a pre-tax basis. The deferred compensation plan is unfunded and unsecured.

#### 6. Other Current Assets, Net

Other current assets, net, consisted of the following:

(dollars in thousands)	Di	DECEMBER 25, 2016		,		,		ECEMBER 27, 2015
Prepaid expenses	\$	35,298	\$	30,373				
Accounts receivable - gift cards, net		102,664		115,926				
Accounts receivable - vendors, net		10,107		10,310				
Accounts receivable - franchisees, net		1,677		1,149				
Accounts receivable - other, net		20,497		21,158				
Assets held for sale		1,331		784				
Other current assets, net		18,652		19,131				
	\$	190,226	\$	198,831				

#### 7. Property, Fixtures and Equipment, Net

Property, fixtures and equipment, net, consisted of the following:

(dollars in thousands)	DECEMBER 25, 2016		D1	ECEMBER 27, 2015
Land	\$	114,375	\$	256,906
Buildings and building improvements		726,418		1,043,699
Furniture and fixtures		383,758		392,849
Equipment		550,598		543,842
Leasehold improvements		492,465		492,628
Construction in progress		47,332		23,842
Less: accumulated depreciation		(1,077,798)		(1,159,306)
	\$	1,237,148	\$	1,594,460

Sale-leaseback Transactions - During 2016, the Company entered into sale-leaseback transactions with third-parties in which it sold 153 restaurant properties at fair market value for gross proceeds of \$541.9 million. In connection with the sale-leaseback transactions, the Company recorded a deferred gain of \$163.4 million, which are amortized to Other restaurant operating expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income over the initial term of each lease, ranging from 15 to 20 years.

In the fourth quarter of 2016, the Company sold six restaurant properties to third parties for aggregate proceeds of \$18.5 million. The sale of the properties does not qualify for sale-leaseback accounting and the book value of the buildings and land will remain on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. See Note 11 - *Long-term Debt, Net* and Note 18 - *Commitments and Contingencies* for additional details regarding the financing obligation.

Leased Properties - As of December 25, 2016, the Company leased \$16.3 million and \$23.4 million, respectively, of certain land and buildings to third parties. Accumulated depreciation related to the leased building assets of \$7.5 million is included in Property, fixtures and equipment as of December 25, 2016.

Depreciation and repair and maintenance expense is as follows for the periods indicated:

	FISCAL YEAR						
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015		2014	
Depreciation expense	\$	183,049	\$	178,855	\$	177,504	
Repair and maintenance expense		108,940		107,960		108,392	

#### 8. Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net

Goodwill - The following table is a rollforward of goodwill:

(dollars in thousands)	U.S.			ERNATIONAL	CONSOLIDATED	
Balance as of December 28, 2014	\$	172,711	\$	168,829	\$	341,540
Translation adjustments		_		(40,679)		(40,679)
Balance as of December 27, 2015	\$	172,711	\$	128,150	\$	300,861
Translation adjustments	'	_		11,382		11,382
Divestiture of Outback Steakhouse South Korea		_		(1,901)		(1,901)
Transfer to Assets held for sale		(287)		_		(287)
Balance as of December 25, 2016	\$	172,424	\$	137,631	\$	310,055

The following table is a summary of the Company's gross goodwill balances and accumulated impairments as of the periods indicated:

		DECEME	BER	25, 2016		DECEMB	BER	27, 2015	DECEMBER 28, 2014			
(dollars in thousands)	GR	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT		ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENTS	G	GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT		ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENTS	G	ROSS CARRYING AMOUNT		ACCUMULATED IMPAIRMENTS
U.S.	\$	840,594	\$	(668,170)	\$	840,881	\$	(668,170)	\$	840,881	\$	(668,170)
International		254,097		(116,466)		244,616		(116,466)		285,295		(116,466)
Total goodwill	\$	1,094,691	\$	(784,636)	\$	1,085,497	\$	(784,636)	\$	1,126,176	\$	(784,636)

The Company performs its annual assessment for impairment of goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets each year during the second quarter. As a result of this assessment, the Company did not record any goodwill asset impairment charges during fiscal years 2016, 2015 or 2014.

Intangible Assets, net - Intangible assets, net, consisted of the following as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015:

	WEIGHTED AVERAGE		<b>DECEMBER 25, 2016</b>					
(dollars in thousands)	AVERAGE AMORTIZATION PERIOD (IN YEARS)	AMORTIZATION GROSS NET PERIOD CARRYING ACCUMULATED CARRYING		GROSS CARRYING VALUE	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	NET CARRYING VALUE		
Trade names	Indefinite	\$ 414,041		\$ 414,041	\$ 414,000		\$ 414,000	
Trademarks	12	81,381	\$ (36,400)	44,981	82,131	\$ (32,662)	49,469	
Favorable leases	10	73,665	(41,258)	32,407	80,909	(42,882)	38,027	
Franchise agreements	4	14,881	(10,922)	3,959	14,881	(9,777)	5,104	
Reacquired franchise rights	11	53,045	(13,091)	39,954	46,447	(7,745)	38,702	
Other intangibles	3	9,099	(8,918)	181	9,099	(7,564)	1,535	
Total intangible assets (1)	10	\$ 646,112	\$ (110,589)	\$ 535,523	\$ 647,467	\$ (100,630)	\$ 546,837	

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company recorded \$0.6 million of intangible asset impairment charges during fiscal year 2016, within the International segment.

The Company did not record any indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment charges during fiscal years 2016, 2015 or 2014.

Definite-lived intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis. The following table presents the aggregate expense related to the amortization of the Company's trademarks, favorable leases, franchise agreements, reacquired franchise rights and other intangibles:

	FISCAL YEAR							
(dollars in thousands)		2016	2015			2014		
Amortization expense (1)	\$ 15,666		\$ 15,666 \$ 16,852		\$	19,807		

<sup>(1)</sup> Amortization expense is recorded in Depreciation and amortization and Other restaurant operating expenses in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income .

The following table presents expected annual amortization of intangible assets as of December 25, 2016:

(dollars in thousands)	
2017	\$ 13,581
2018	13,095
2019	12,763
2020	11,349
2021	10,110

#### 9. Other Assets, Net

Other assets, net, consisted of the following:

(dollars in thousands)	DECEMBER 25, 2016		DE	CCEMBER 27, 2015
Company-owned life insurance	\$	74,629	\$	68,950
Deferred financing fees (1)		2,632		3,730
Liquor licenses		27,515		27,869
Other assets	24,370			47,322
	\$	129,146	\$	147,871

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of accumulated amortization of \$3.3 million and \$2.2 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively.

#### 10. Accrued and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued and other current liabilities consisted of the following:

(dollars in thousands)	D:	ECEMBER 25, 2016	D	ECEMBER 27, 2015
Accrued payroll and other compensation	\$	81,981	\$	95,994
Accrued insurance		23,533		20,824
Other current liabilities		98,901		89,793
	\$	204,415	\$	206,611

#### 11. Long-term Debt, Net

Following is a summary of outstanding long-term debt:

	DECEMBE	R 25, 2016	<b>DECEMBER 27, 2015</b>			
(dollars in thousands)	TSTANDING BALANCE	INTEREST RATE	OUTSTANDING BALANCE	INTEREST RATE		
Senior Secured Credit Facility:						
Term loan A (1)	\$ 258,750	2.63%	\$ 277,500	2.26%		
Term loan A-1	140,625	2.70%	150,000	2.34%		
Revolving credit facility (1) (2)	 622,000	2.67%	432,000	2.29%		
Total Senior Secured Credit Facility	1,021,375		859,500			
PRP Mortgage Loan (2)	47,202	3.21%	_	%		
2012 CMBS loan:						
First mortgage loan (1)	_	%	289,588	4.13%		
First mezzanine loan	_	%	84,028	9.00%		
Second mezzanine loan	_	%	85,353	11.25%		
Total 2012 CMBS loan	_		458,969			
Financing obligations	19,595	7.45% to 7.60%	1,361	7.60%		
Capital lease obligations	2,364		2,632			
Other notes payable	1,776	0.00% to 7.00%	931	0.73% to 7.00%		
Less: unamortized debt discount and issuance costs	(2,827)		(6,529)			
Total debt, net	1,089,485		1,316,864			
Less: current portion of long-term debt, net	 (35,079)		(31,853)			
Long-term debt, net	\$ 1,054,406		\$ 1,285,011			

<sup>(1)</sup> Represents the weighted-average interest rate for the respective period.

Bloomin' Brands, Inc. is a holding company and conducts its operations through its subsidiaries, certain of which have incurred indebtedness as described below.

Credit Agreement Amendments - On May 16, 2014, OSI completed a refinancing of its senior secured credit facility and entered into the Third Amendment ("Third Amendment") to its existing credit agreement, dated October 26, 2012 (as amended, the "Credit Agreement"). The Credit Agreement, provided for senior secured financing (the "Senior Secured Credit Facility") of up to \$1.125 billion, initially consisting of a \$300.0 million Term loan A, a \$225.0 million Term loan B and a \$600.0 million revolving credit facility, including letter of credit and swing line loan sub-facilities. The Term loan A and revolving credit facility mature May 16, 2019. The Term loan A was issued with a discount of \$2.9 million.

On March 31, 2015, OSI entered into the Fourth Amendment to its Credit Agreement (the "Fourth Amendment"), to effect an increase of OSI's existing revolving credit facility from \$600.0 million to \$825.0 million in order to fully pay down its existing Term loan B on April 2, 2015.

OSI entered into the Fifth Amendment to its Credit Agreement (the "Fifth Amendment") on December 11, 2015. The Fifth Amendment provided an incremental Term loan A-1 in an aggregate principal amount of \$150.0 million, increased certain leverage ratio tests for purposes of restricted payments and mandatory prepayments and made certain other revisions to the terms of the Credit Agreement as discussed below under *Debt Covenants and Other Restrictions*.

The Company may elect an interest rate for the Credit Agreement at each reset period based on the Base Rate or the Eurocurrency Rate. The Base Rate option is the highest of: (i) the prime rate of Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, (ii) the federal funds effective rate plus 0.5 of 1.0% or (iii) the Eurocurrency rate with a one-month interest period plus

<sup>(2)</sup> Subsequent to December 25, 2016, the Company made payments of \$19.2 million on its PRP Mortgage Loan.

1.0% (the "Base Rate"). The Eurocurrency Rate option is the seven, 30, 60, 90 or 180-day Eurocurrency rate ("Eurocurrency Rate"). The interest rates are as follows:

BASE RATE ELECTION

EUROCURRENCY RATE ELECTION

Term loan A, Term loan A-1 and revolving credit facility 75 to 125 basis points over Base Rate

175 to 225 basis points over the Eurocurrency Rate

Fees on letters of credit and the daily unused availability under the revolving credit facility as of December 25, 2016, were 2.13% and 0.30% , respectively. As of December 25, 2016, \$27.8 million of the revolving credit facility was committed for the issuance of letters of credit and not available for borrowing.

Substantially all of the assets of the Company's domestic OSI subsidiaries collateralize the Senior Secured Credit Facility.

PRP Mortgage Loan - On February 11, 2016, New Private Restaurant Partners, LLC, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("PRP"), as borrower, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as lender (the "Lender"), entered into a loan agreement (the "PRP Mortgage Loan"), pursuant to which PRP borrowed \$300.0 million. The PRP Mortgage Loan has an initial maturity date of February 11, 2018 (the "Initial Maturity") with an option to extend the Initial Maturity for one twelve -month extension period (the "Extension") provided that certain conditions are satisfied. The PRP Mortgage Loan is collateralized by certain properties owned by PRP ("Collateral Properties"). PRP has also made negative pledges with respect to certain properties ("Unencumbered Properties").

The proceeds of the PRP Mortgage Loan were used, together with borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facility, to prepay a portion, and fully defease the remainder, of the 2012 CMBS loan. In connection with the defeasance, the Company recognized a loss of \$26.6 million during the fiscal year ended December 25, 2016. Following the defeasance of the 2012 CMBS loan, \$19.3 million of restricted cash was released.

The PRP Mortgage Loan bears interest, payable monthly, at a variable rate equal to 250 basis points above the seven-day LIBOR, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances.

The PRP Mortgage Loan permits the Company to refinance or sell the Collateral Properties and the Unencumbered Properties, subject to certain terms and conditions, including that specified release proceeds are applied against the outstanding loan balance.

On July 27, 2016, PRP and the Lender, entered into a First Amendment (the "Amendment") to the PRP Mortgage Loan to provide for additional borrowings of \$69.5 million.

Financing Obligation - In the fourth quarter of 2016, the Company sold six restaurant properties to third parties for aggregate proceeds of \$18.5 million and the Company entered into lease agreements under which the Company agreed to lease back each of the properties for an initial term of 20 years. As the Company had continuing involvement in these restaurant properties, the sale of the properties does not qualify for sale-leaseback accounting. As a result, the aggregate proceeds have been recorded as a financing obligation and the assets related to the sold and leased restaurant properties remain on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet and continue to be depreciated. As such, the lease payments are recognized as interest expense. See Note 18 - Commitments and Contingencies for additional details regarding the financing obligation.

Debt Covenants and Other Restrictions - Borrowings under the Company's debt agreements are subject to various covenants that limit the Company's ability to: incur additional indebtedness; make significant payments; sell assets; pay dividends and other restricted payments; acquire certain assets; effect mergers and similar transactions; and effect certain other transactions with affiliates. The Credit Agreement also has a financial covenant to maintain a specified quarterly Total Net Leverage Ratio ("TNLR"). TNLR is the ratio of Consolidated Total Debt (Current portion of long-term debt and Long-term debt, net) to Consolidated EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and

amortization and certain other adjustments). The TNLR may not exceed a level set at 5.00 to 1.00 through fiscal 2017, with a step down to a maximum level of 4.75 to 1.00 in fiscal 2018 and thereafter.

The Fifth Amendment to the Credit Agreement permits regular quarterly dividend payments, subject to certain restrictions.

As of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, the Company was in compliance with its debt covenants.

Loss on Defeasance, Extinguishment and Modification of Debt - Following is a summary of loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt recorded in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income:

	FISCAL YEAR						
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015		2014	
Defeasance of 2012 CMBS Loan (1)	\$	26,580	\$		\$	_	
Modification of PRP Mortgage Loan (2)		418		_		_	
Refinancing of Senior Secured Credit Facility (3)		_		2,956		11,092	
Loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt	\$	26,998	\$	2,956	\$	11,092	

<sup>(1)</sup> The loss was comprised of a penalty of \$23.2 million, write-offs of \$1.7 million and \$1.1 million of deferred financing fees and unamortized debt discount, respectively, and third-party financing costs of \$0.6 million.

Deferred financing fees - The Company deferred \$5.8 million and \$2.0 million of financing costs incurred in connection with the PRP Mortgage Loan and related amendment and Credit Agreement amendments in fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. Deferred financing fees of \$1.3 million incurred in connection with the modification of the revolving credit facility were recorded in Other assets, net in fiscal year 2015. All other deferred financing fees were recorded in Long-term debt, net.

Maturities - Following is a summary of principal payments of the Company's total consolidated debt outstanding as of December 25, 2016:

(dollars in thousands)	_	DECEMBER 25, 2016
Year 1	\$	35,079
Year 2		76,086
Year 3		957,701
Year 4		484
Year 5		483
Thereafter		19,652
Total	\$	1,089,485

The following is a summary of required amortization payments for Term loan A and Term loan A-1 (dollars in thousands):

SCHEDULED QUARTERLY PAYMENT DATES	TER	M LOAN A	TERM LOAN A-1		
March 31, 2017 through June 30, 2018	\$	5,625	\$	2,813	
September 30, 2018 through March 31, 2019	\$	7,500	\$	3,750	

The Credit Agreement contains mandatory prepayment requirements for Term loan A and Term loan A-1. The Company

<sup>(2)</sup> The loss was comprised of third-party financing costs.

<sup>(3)</sup> Losses were comprised of write-offs of \$1.4 million and \$5.5 million of deferred financing fees and \$1.2 million and \$4.9 million of unamortized debt discount for fiscal years 2015 and 2014, respectively. Losses also included third-party financing costs of \$0.3 million in fiscal year 2015 and a prepayment penalty of \$0.7 million in fiscal year 2014.

is required to prepay outstanding amounts under its Term loan A and Term loan A-1 with 50% of its annual excess cash flow, as defined in the Credit Agreement. The amount of outstanding Term loan A and Term loan A-1 required to be prepaid in accordance with the debt covenants may vary based on the Company's leverage ratio and year end results. Other than the required minimum amortization premiums of \$33.8 million, the Company does not anticipate any other payments will be required through December 31, 2017.

#### 12. Other Long-term Liabilities, Net

Other long-term liabilities, net, consisted of the following:

(dollars in thousands)	DECEMBER 25, 2016			DECEMBER 27, 2015
Accrued insurance liability	\$	39,260	\$	40,649
Unfavorable leases (1)		41,778		45,375
Chef and Restaurant Managing Partner deferred compensation obligations and deposits		102,768		134,470
Other long-term liabilities		35,224		41,014
	\$	219,030	\$	261,508

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of accumulated amortization of \$32.6 million and \$29.8 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively.

#### 13. Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

Brazil Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests - In 2013, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Outback Steakhouse Restaurantes Brasil S.A. ("OB Brasil"), completed the acquisition of a controlling interest in PGS Consultoria e Serviços Ltda. (the "Brazil Joint Venture"). As a result of the acquisition, the Company had a 90% interest and the former equity holders of PGS Participações Ltda, the Company's joint venture partner ("Former Equity Holders"), retained a noncontrolling interest of 10% in the Brazil Joint Venture. The purchase agreement provided the Former Equity Holders with options to sell their remaining interests to OB Brasil and provided OB Brasil with options to purchase such remaining interests (the "Options"), in various amounts and at various times through 2018, subject to acceleration in certain circumstances. The Options were embedded features within the noncontrolling interest and were classified within the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets as Redeemable noncontrolling interests.

In 2016 and 2015, the Former Equity Holders exercised Options to sell their interests in the Brazil Joint Venture to the Company for total cash consideration of \$27.3 million and \$0.9 million, respectively. These transactions resulted in a reduction of \$29.4 million and \$0.6 million of Mezzanine equity and an increase of \$2.1 million and \$0.3 million of Additional paid-in capital during fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively. As a result of the exercise of the Options, the Company owns 100% of the Brazil Joint Venture as of December 25, 2016.

In connection with the acquisition of the remaining interests in the Brazil Joint Venture, the Company recognized a cumulative translation adjustment of \$9.6 million, which resulted in an increase to Additional paid-in capital and a decrease to Accumulated other comprehensive loss during fiscal year 2016.

China Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests - The Company also consolidates a subsidiary in China, which has noncontrolling interests that are permitted to deliver subsidiary shares in exchange for cash at a future date.

Rollforward of Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests - The following table presents a rollforward of Redeemable noncontrolling interests for fiscal years 2016 and 2015 :

	FISCAL YEAR							
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015				
Balance, beginning of period	\$	23,526	\$	24,733				
Change in redemption value of Redeemable noncontrolling interests		2,024		2,877				
Net income attributable to Redeemable noncontrolling interests		977		1,005				
Foreign currency translation attributable to Redeemable noncontrolling interests		3,451		(3,944)				
Purchase of Redeemable noncontrolling interests		(29,431)		(584)				
Out-of period adjustment - foreign currency translation attributable to Redeemable noncontrolling interests (1)		_		(9,232)				
Out-of period adjustment - change in redemption value of Redeemable noncontrolling interests (1)		_		8,671				
Balance, end of period	\$	547	\$	23,526				

<sup>(1)</sup> In the third quarter of 2015, the Company identified and corrected errors in accounting for the allocation of foreign currency translation adjustments to Redeemable noncontrolling interests and fair value adjustments for Redeemable noncontrolling interests.

#### 14. Stockholders' Equity

*Share Repurchases* - The following table presents a summary of the Company's share repurchase programs for 2014, 2015 and 2016 (dollars in thousands):

SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM	BOARD APPROVAL DATE	AUTHORIZED	 REPURCHASED	 CANCELED	 REMAINING
2014	December 12, 2014	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ _	\$ _
2015	August 3, 2015	\$ 100,000	\$ 69,999	\$ 30,001	\$ _
2016	February 12, 2016	\$ 250,000	\$ 139,892	\$ 110,108	\$ _
July 2016 (1)	July 26, 2016	\$ 300,000	\$ 169,995	\$ _	\$ 130,005

In January 2017, the Company repurchased 1.1 million shares of its common stock for \$20.0 million under a Rule 10b5-1 plan. The July 2016 Share Repurchase Program will expire on January 26, 2018.

Following is a summary of the shares repurchased under the Company's share repurchase programs:

	NUMBER OF SHARES (in thousands)			VERAGE F			AMOUNT (dollars in thousands)			
	2016	2015	2016		2015		2016			2015
First fiscal quarter	4,399	2,759	\$	17.05	\$	25.37	\$	75,000	\$	70,000
Second fiscal quarter	3,376	1,370	\$	19.22	\$	21.90		64,892		30,000
Third fiscal quarter	7,056	2,914	\$	19.13	\$	20.59		135,000		59,999
Fourth fiscal quarter	1,816	602	\$	19.27	\$	16.60		34,995		10,000
Total common stock repurchases	16,647	7,645	\$	18.62	\$	22.24	\$	309,887	\$	169,999

Dividends - The Company declared and paid dividends per share during the periods presented as follows:

	 DIVID PER S	ENDS HARE	 AMOUNT (dollars in thousands)			
	 2016	2015	 2016		2015	
First fiscal quarter	\$ 0.07	0.06	\$ 8,238	\$	7,423	
Second fiscal quarter	0.07	0.06	7,978		7,391	
Third fiscal quarter	0.07	0.06	7,765		7,333	
Fourth fiscal quarter	0.07	0.06	7,398		7,185	
Total cash dividends declared and paid	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.24	\$ 31,379	\$	29,332	

In February 2017, the Board declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.08 per share, payable on March 10, 2017 to shareholders of record at the close of business on February 27, 2017.

Acquisition of Limited Partnership Interests - During 2016, the Company purchased the remaining partnership interests in certain of the Company's limited partnerships for five Outback Steakhouse restaurants for an aggregate purchase price of \$3.4 million. These transactions resulted in a reduction of \$2.5 million, net of tax, in Additional paid-in capital in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity during fiscal year 2016.

During 2014, the Company purchased the remaining partnership interests in certain of the Company's limited partnerships that either owned or had a contractual right to varying percentages of cash flows in 37 Bonefish Grill restaurants for an aggregate purchase price of \$17.2 million. These transactions resulted in a reduction of \$11.7 million, net of tax, in Additional paid-in capital in the Company's Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity during fiscal year 2014.

The following table sets forth the effect of the acquisition of the limited partnership interests on stockholders' equity attributable to Bloomin' Brands for the following periods:

#### NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO BLOOMIN' BRANDS AND TRANSFERS TO NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

	FISCAL YEAR										
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015	2014						
Net income attributable to Bloomin' Brands	\$	41,748	\$	127,327	\$	91,090					
Transfers to noncontrolling interests:											
Decrease in Bloomin' Brands additional paid-in capital for purchase of limited partnership interests		(2,475)		_		(11,662)					
Change from net income attributable to Bloomin' Brands and transfers to noncontrolling interests	\$	39,273	\$	127,327	\$	79,428					

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss - Following are the components of Accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL"):

(dollars in thousands)	DECEM	MBER 25, 2016	<b>DECEMBER 27, 2015</b>		
Foreign currency translation adjustment (1)	\$	(107,509)	\$	(141,176)	
Unrealized losses on derivatives, net of tax		(3,634)		(6,191)	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$	(111,143)	\$	(147,367)	

<sup>(1)</sup> During the fiscal year 2016, approximately \$16.8 million of the foreign currency translation adjustment in Accumulated other comprehensive loss was disposed of in connection with the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea.

Following are the components of Other comprehensive (loss) income during the periods presented:

	FISCAL YEAR					
(dollars in thousands)	2016			2015		2014
Bloomin' Brands:						
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$	33,667	\$	(92,259)	\$	(31,731)
Out-of period adjustment - foreign currency translation (1)		_		9,232		_
Total foreign currency translation adjustment	\$	33,667	\$	(83,027)	\$	(31,731)
Unrealized loss on derivatives, net of tax (2)	\$	(1,250)	\$	(6,033)	\$	(2,393)
Reclassification of adjustment for loss on derivatives included in Net income, net of tax (3)		3,807		2,235		_
Total unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives, net of tax	\$	2,557	\$	(3,798)	\$	(2,393)
Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Bloomin' Brands	\$	36,224	\$	(86,825)	\$	(34,124)
					-	
Non-controlling interests:						
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$	(43)	\$	9	\$	_
Other comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Non-controlling interests	\$	(43)	\$	9	\$	
Redeemable non-controlling interests:						
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$	3,451	\$	(3,944)	\$	_
Out-of period adjustment - foreign currency translation (1)		_		(9,232)		
Total foreign currency translation adjustment	\$	3,451	\$	(13,176)	\$	_
Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Redeemable non-controlling interests	\$	3,451	\$	(13,176)	\$	_

<sup>(1)</sup> In the third quarter of 2015, the Company identified and corrected errors in accounting for the allocation of foreign currency translation adjustments to Redeemable noncontrolling interests. See Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for further details.

*Noncontrolling Interests* - In 2015, certain former equity holders of PGS Par contributed approximately \$3.2 million to the Company for a noncontrolling interest in a new concept in Brazil (Abbraccio).

#### 15. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

*Interest Rate Risk* - The Company is exposed to certain risk arising from both its business operations and economic conditions. The Company manages economic risks, including interest rate, primarily by managing the amount, sources and duration of its debt funding and through the use of derivative financial instruments. The Company's objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, the Company primarily uses interest rate swaps.

Currency Exchange Rate Risk - The Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risk arising from transactions and balances denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. The Company may use foreign currency forward contracts to manage certain foreign currency exposures.

<sup>(2)</sup> Unrealized loss on derivatives is net of tax benefits of (\$0.8) million, (\$3.9) million and (\$1.5) million for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

<sup>(3)</sup> Reclassifications of adjustments for losses on derivatives are net of tax benefits of \$2.4 million and \$1.4 million for fiscal years 2016 and 2015, respectively.

#### **DESIGNATED HEDGES**

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk - On September 9, 2014, the Company entered into variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreements with eight counterparties to hedge a portion of the cash flows of the Company's variable rate debt. The swap agreements have an aggregate notional amount of \$400.0 million, a start date of June 30, 2015, and mature on May 16, 2019. Under the terms of the swap agreements, the Company pays a weighted-average fixed rate of 2.02% on the \$400.0 million notional amount and receives payments from the counterparty based on the 30-day LIBOR rate.

The interest rate swaps, which have been designated and qualify as a cash flow hedge, are recognized on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value and are classified based on the instruments' maturity dates. The Company estimates \$4.2 million will be reclassified to interest expense over the next twelve months.

The following table presents the fair value of the Company's interest rate swaps as well as their classification on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet:

(dollars in thousands)	 DECEMBER 25, 2016	 DECEMBER 27, 2015	CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET CLASSIFICATION
Interest rate swaps - liability	\$ 3,968	\$ 5,142	Accrued and other current liabilities
Interest rate swaps - liability	1,999	5,007	Other long-term liabilities, net
Total fair value of derivative instruments (1)	\$ 5,967	\$ 10,149	
Accrued interest	\$ 408	\$ 556	Accrued and other current liabilities

<sup>(1)</sup> See Note 16 - Fair Value Measurements for fair value discussion of the interest rate swaps.

The following table summarizes the effects of the interest rate swaps on Net income for the period indicated:

	FISCAL YEAR				
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015	
Interest rate swap expense recognized in Interest expense, net (1)	\$	(6,241)	\$	(3,664)	
Income tax benefit recognized in Provision for income taxes		2,434		1,429	
Total effects of the interest rate swaps on Net income	\$	(3,807)	\$	(2,235)	

<sup>(1)</sup> During fiscal years 2016 and 2015, the Company did not recognize any gain or loss as a result of hedge ineffectiveness.

The Company records its derivatives on the Consolidated Balance Sheets on a gross balance basis. The Company's interest rate swaps are subject to master netting arrangements. As of December 25, 2016, the Company did not have more than one derivative between the same counterparties and as such, there was no netting.

By utilizing the interest rate swaps, the Company is exposed to credit-related losses in the event that the counterparty fails to perform under the terms of the derivative contract. To mitigate this risk, the Company enters into derivative contracts with major financial institutions based upon credit ratings and other factors. The Company continually assesses the creditworthiness of its counterparties. As of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, all counterparties to the interest rate swaps had performed in accordance with their contractual obligations.

The Company has agreements with each of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where the Company could be declared in default on its derivative obligations if the repayment of the underlying indebtedness is accelerated by the lender due to the Company's default on indebtedness.

As of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, the fair value of the Company's interest rate swaps in a net liability position, which includes accrued interest but excludes any adjustment for nonperformance risk, was \$6.4 million and \$10.9 million, respectively. As of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, the Company has not posted any

collateral related to these agreements. If the Company had breached any of these provisions as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, it could have been required to settle its obligations under the agreements at their termination value of \$6.4 million and \$10.9 million, respectively.

#### NON-DESIGNATED HEDGES

Commodities - The Company's restaurants are dependent upon energy to operate and are impacted by changes in energy prices, including natural gas. The Company utilizes derivative instruments with a notional amount of \$0.8 million to mitigate some of its overall exposure to material increases in natural gas.

#### 16. Fair Value Measurements

Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis - The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value by hierarchy level on a recurring basis as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015 :

	<b>DECEMBER 25, 2016</b>						<b>DECEMBER 27, 2015</b>						
(dollars in thousands)		TOTAL		LEVEL 1		LEVEL 2		TOTAL		LEVEL 1		LEVEL 2	
Assets:													
Cash equivalents:													
Fixed income funds	\$	90	\$	90	\$	_	\$	6,333	\$	6,333	\$	_	
Money market funds		18,607		18,607		_		7,168		7,168		_	
Restricted cash equivalents:													
Fixed income funds		552		552		_		551		551		_	
Money market funds		2,518		2,518		_		2,681		2,681		_	
Other current assets, net:													
Derivative instruments - foreign currency forward contracts		_		_		_		59		_		59	
Total asset recurring fair value measurements	\$	21,767	\$	21,767	\$		\$	16,792	\$	16,733	\$	59	
Liabilities:													
Accrued and other current liabilities:													
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps	\$	3,968	\$	_	\$	3,968	\$	5,142	\$	_	\$	5,142	
Derivative instruments - commodities		157		_		157		583		_		583	
Derivative instruments - foreign currency forward contracts		_		_		_		703		_		703	
Other long-term liabilities:													
Derivative instruments - interest rate swaps		1,999		_		1,999		5,007				5,007	
Total liability recurring fair value measurements	\$	6,124	\$		\$	6,124	\$	11,435	\$		\$	11,435	

Fair value of each class of financial instrument is determined based on the following:

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT	METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS
Fixed income funds and Money market funds	Carrying value approximates fair value because maturities are less than three months.
Derivative instruments	The Company's derivative instruments include interest rate swaps, foreign currency forward contracts and commodities. Fair value measurements are based on the contractual terms of the derivatives and use observable market-based inputs. The interest rate swaps are valued using a discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative using observable inputs including interest rate curves and credit spreads. The foreign currency forwards are valued by comparing the contracted forward exchange rate to the current market exchange rate. Key inputs for the valuation of the foreign currency forwards are spot rates, foreign currency forward rates, and the interest rate curve of the domestic currency. The Company incorporates credit valuation adjustments to reflect both its own nonperformance risk and the respective counterparty's nonperformance risk in the fair value measurements. As of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, the Company has determined that the credit valuation adjustments are not significant to the overall valuation of its derivatives.

Fair Value Measurements on a Nonrecurring Basis - Assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis relate primarily to property, fixtures and equipment, goodwill and other intangible assets, which are remeasured when carrying value exceeds fair value. The following table summarizes the fair value remeasurements for Assets held for sale and Property, fixtures and equipment for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014 aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy within which those measurements fall:

		2016		 2	2015		2014			
(dollars in thousands)	ARRYING VALUE		TOTAL PAIRMENT	CARRYING VALUE	]	TOTAL IMPAIRMENT		ARRYING VALUE		TOTAL MPAIRMENT
Assets held for sale (1)	\$ 45,901	\$	44,729	\$ 4,136	\$	1,028	\$	9,613	\$	23,974
Property, fixtures and equipment (2)	21,450		53,136	3,634		27,126		2,429		13,097
Other (3)	39		1,198	_		_		_		_
	\$ 67,390	\$	99,063	\$ 7,770	\$	28,154	\$	12,042	\$	37,071

- (1) Carrying value approximates fair value with all assets measured using Level 2 inputs (purchase contracts) to estimate the fair value. Refer to Note 3 *Impairments*, Disposals and Exit Costs for discussion of impairments related to Outback Steakhouse South Korea, corporate airplanes and Roy's.
- Carrying value approximates fair value. Carrying values for assets measured using Level 2 inputs totaled \$20.3 million, \$2.5 million and \$1.8 million for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Assets measured using Level 3 inputs, had carrying values of \$1.2 million, \$1.1 million and \$0.6 million for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Third-party market appraisals (Level 2) and discounted cash flow models (Level 3) were used to estimate the fair value. Refer to Note 3 Impairments, Disposals and Exit Costs for discussion of impairments related to the 2017 Closure Initiative, Bonefish Restructuring and International and Domestic Restaurant Closure Initiatives.
- (3) Other primarily includes investment in unconsolidated affiliates and intangible assets. Carrying value approximates fair value with all assets measured using market appraisals (Level 2) to estimate the fair value.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments - The Company's non-derivative financial instruments as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015 consist of cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and current and long-term debt. The fair values of cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying amounts reported in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets due to their short duration.

Debt is carried at amortized cost; however, the Company estimates the fair value of debt for disclosure purposes. The following table includes the carrying value and fair value of the Company's debt as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015 aggregated by the level in the fair value hierarchy in which those measurements fall:

		DEC	CEMBER 25, 201	6			DE	CEMBER 27, 201	5	
			FAIR	VAL	UE			FAIR	VAL	UE
(dollars in thousands)	 CARRYING VALUE		LEVEL 2		LEVEL 3	CARRYING VALUE		LEVEL 2		LEVEL 3
Senior Secured Credit Facility:										
Term loan A	\$ 258,750	\$	257,780	\$	_	\$ 277,500	\$	276,459	\$	_
Term loan A-1	140,625		140,098		_	150,000		149,438		_
Revolving credit facility	622,000		617,335		_	432,000		429,300		_
PRP Mortgage Loan	47,202		_		47,202	_		_		_
2012 CMBS loan:										
Mortgage loan	_		_		_	289,588		_		293,222
First mezzanine loan	_		_		_	84,028		_		83,608
Second mezzanine loan	_		_		_	85,353		_		85,780
Other notes payable	1,776		_		1,659	931		_		918
Other notes payable	1,776		_		1,039	931		_		91

Fair value of debt is determined based on the following:

DEBT FACILITY	METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS
Senior Secured Credit Facility	Quoted market prices in inactive markets.
PRP Mortgage Loan and 2012 CMBS Loan	Assumptions derived from current conditions in the real estate and credit markets, changes in the underlying collateral and expectations of management.
Other notes payable	Discounted cash flow approach. Discounted cash flow inputs primarily include cost of debt rates which are used to derive the present value factors for the determination of fair value.

#### 17. Income Taxes

The following table presents the domestic and foreign components of Income before provision for income taxes:

	FISCAL YEAR					
(dollars in thousands)	2016			2015		2014
Domestic	\$ 70,	,481	\$	146,331	\$	124,157
Foreign	(13,	,990)		24,523		(4,187)
	\$ 56,	,491	\$	170,854	\$	119,970

Provision (benefit) for income taxes consisted of the following:

	 FISCAL YEAR				
(dollars in thousands)	 2016	2015	2014		
Current provision:	 				
Federal	\$ 43,071	\$ 17,952	\$	13,364	
State	28,033	5,962		7,687	
Foreign	 14,389	11,384		16,616	
	85,493	35,298		37,667	
Deferred provision (benefit):	 _				
Federal	(53,647)	2,514		(8,842)	
State	(21,316)	626		688	
Foreign	(386)	856		(5,469)	
	 (75,349)	3,996		(13,623)	
Provision for income taxes	\$ 10,144	\$ 39,294	\$	24,044	

Effective Income Tax Rate - The reconciliation of income taxes calculated at the United States federal tax statutory rate to the Company's effective income tax rate is as follows:

		FISCAL YEAR	
	2016	2015	2014
Income taxes at federal statutory rate	35.0 %	35.0 %	35.0 %
State and local income taxes, net of federal benefit	8.2	2.3	3.2
Valuation allowance on deferred income tax assets	6.1	1.7	1.5
Employment-related credits, net	(53.5)	(15.8)	(24.2)
Net life insurance expense	(2.7)	(0.3)	(0.8)
Noncontrolling interests	(2.8)	(0.8)	(1.2)
Tax settlements and related adjustments	(0.2)	(0.1)	1.7
Sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea	27.4	_	_
Foreign rate differential	0.8	0.6	2.7
Other, net	(0.3)	0.4	2.1
Total	18.0 %	23.0 %	20.0 %

The net decrease in the effective income tax rate in fiscal year 2016 as compared to fiscal year 2015 was primarily due to benefits from employment-related credits being a higher percentage of net income in 2016 and a change in the amount and mix of income and losses across the Company's domestic and international subsidiaries, partially offset by the sale of Outback Steakhouse South Korea.

The net increase in the effective income tax rate in fiscal year 2015 as compared to fiscal year 2014 was primarily due to a change in the amount and mix of income and losses across the Company's domestic and international subsidiaries and the payroll tax audit settlements.

Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities - The income tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	DE	DECEMBER 25, 2016		CEMBER 27, 2015
Deferred income tax assets:				
Deferred rent	\$	57,783	\$	53,426
Insurance reserves		23,906		22,716
Unearned revenue		19,566		18,029
Deferred compensation		62,389		65,100
Net operating loss carryforwards		6,036		8,176
Federal tax credit carryforwards		58,963		148,447
Partner deposits and accrued partner obligations		8,245		13,248
Other, net		8,309		11,813
Gross deferred income tax assets		245,197		340,955
Less: valuation allowance		(7,220)		(4,088)
Net deferred income tax assets		237,977		336,867
Deferred income tax liabilities:				
Less: property, fixtures and equipment basis differences		(37,847)		(197,604)
Less: intangible asset basis differences		(155,053)		(150,997)
Less: deferred gain on extinguishment of debt		(23,022)		(34,181)
Net deferred income tax assets (liabilities)	\$	22,055	\$	(45,915)

*Undistributed Earnings* - The Company had aggregate undistributed earnings of \$60.6 million for foreign subsidiaries, which it considers to be permanently reinvested and are expected to continue to be permanently reinvested. As such,

no deferred tax liability has been recorded as of December 25, 2016. If the Company identifies an exception to its reinvestment policy of undistributed earnings, additional tax liabilities will be recorded. It is not practical to determine the amount of unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities on the undistributed earnings the Company considers to be permanently reinvested.

Tax Carryforwards - The amount and expiration dates of tax loss carryforwards and credit carryforwards as of December 25, 2016 are as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	EXPIRATION D	DATE	AMOUNT			
United States federal tax credit carryforwards	2026 -	2036	\$ 71,335			
Foreign loss carryforwards	2017 -	Indefinite	\$ 22,514			

*Unrecognized Tax Benefits* - As of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, the liability for unrecognized tax benefits was \$19.6 million and \$19.4 million, respectively. Of the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits, including accrued interest and penalties, \$18.9 million and \$19.3 million, respectively, if recognized, would impact the Company's effective tax rate.

The following table summarizes the activity related to the Company's unrecognized tax benefits:

		FIS	CAL YEAR	
(dollars in thousands)	 2016		2015	2014
Balance as of beginning of year	\$ 19,430	\$	17,563	\$ 17,068
Additions for tax positions taken during a prior period	476		3,022	2,177
Reductions for tax positions taken during a prior period	(430)		(848)	(422)
Additions for tax positions taken during the current period	2,472		2,305	2,649
Settlements with taxing authorities	(391)		(1,078)	(3,935)
Lapses in the applicable statutes of limitations	(2,230)		(540)	(120)
Translation adjustments	256		(994)	146
Balance as of end of year	\$ 19,583	\$	19,430	\$ 17,563

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in Provision for income taxes. The Company recognized a benefit related to interest and penalties of \$0.4 million and \$0.6 million and an expense of \$1.5 million for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company had approximately \$1.2 million and \$1.6 million accrued for the payment of interest and penalties as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015 respectively.

In many cases, the Company's uncertain tax positions are related to tax years that remain the subject to examination by relevant taxable authorities. Based on the outcome of these examinations, or a result of the expiration of the statute of limitations for specific jurisdictions, it is reasonably possible that the related recorded unrecognized tax benefits for tax positions taken on previously filed tax returns will change by approximately \$1.0 million to \$2.0 million within the next twelve months.

Open Tax Years - Following is a summary of the open audit years by jurisdiction:

	OPEN AUDIT	YEARS
United States federal	2007 -	2015
United States states	2001 -	2015
Foreign	2009 -	2015

The Company was previously under examination by tax authorities in South Korea for the 2008 to 2012 tax years. In connection with the examination, the Company was assessed and paid \$6.7 million of tax obligations. The Company

is currently seeking relief from double taxation through competent authority. Accordingly, the Company has not recorded any tax expense related to the assessment in South Korea.

#### 18. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases - The Company leases restaurant and office facilities and certain equipment under operating leases mainly having initial terms expiring between 2017 and 2036. The restaurant facility leases have renewal clauses primarily from five to 30 years, exercisable at the option of the Company. Certain of these leases require the payment of contingent rentals leased on a percentage of gross revenues, as defined by the terms of the applicable lease agreement.

Total rent expense is as follows for the periods indicated:

	FISCAL YEAR					
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015		2014
Rent expense (1)	\$	173,507	\$	164,754	\$	169,701

(1) Includes contingent rent expense of \$5.9 million, \$7.4 million and \$8.0 million for fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

As of December 25, 2016, future minimum rental payments under non-cancelable operating leases are as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	
2017	\$ 174,019
2018	163,721
2019	149,516
2020	135,998
2021	120,150
Thereafter	 905,650
Total minimum lease payments (1)	\$ 1,649,054

(1) Total minimum lease payments have not been reduced by minimum sublease rentals of \$6.3 million due in future periods under non-cancelable subleases.

Financing Obligation - Following is a summary of the Company's minimum financing payments during the initial term of the various leases as of December 25, 2016:

(dollars in thousands)	 DECEMBER 25, 2016	
Year 1	\$ 1,182	
Year 2	1,202	
Year 3	1,224	
Year 4	1,245	
Year 5	1,267	
Thereafter	21,519	
Total (1)	\$ 27,639	

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to Note 11 - Long-term Debt, Net for additional details regarding the Company's financing obligation.

Purchase Obligations - Purchase obligations were \$439.4 million and \$509.7 million as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively. These purchase obligations are primarily due within five years, however, commitments with various vendors extend through April 2022. Outstanding commitments consist primarily of food and beverage products related to normal business operations and contracts for restaurant level service contracts, advertising and technology. In 2016, the Company purchased more than 85% of its U.S. beef raw materials from four beef suppliers that represent approximately 83% of the total beef marketplace in the U.S.

Litigation and Other Matters - In relation to the various legal matters discussed below, the Company had \$3.5 million and \$4.5 million of liability recorded as of December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively. During fiscal years 2016, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized \$4.0 million, \$4.6 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, in Other restaurant operating expenses in its Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for legal settlements.

In November 2015, David Sears and Elizabeth Thomas, two former Outback Managers ("Manager Plaintiffs"), sent a demand letter seeking unpaid overtime compensation on behalf of all Managers and Kitchen Managers employed at Outback Steakhouse restaurants from November 2012 to present. The Manager Plaintiffs claim that Managers were not assigned sufficient management duties to qualify as exempt from overtime. In December 2016, the Company agreed to a tentative class settlement for eligible Kitchen Managers and has accrued a settlement, inclusive of legal fees, of \$2.4 million in fiscal year 2016.

On October 4, 2013, two then-current employees (the "Nevada Plaintiffs") filed a purported collective action lawsuit against the Company, OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, and two of its subsidiaries in the U.S. District Court for the District of Nevada (Cardoza, et al. v. Bloomin' Brands, Inc., et al., Case No.: 2:13-cv-01820-JAD-NJK). The complaint alleges violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act by requiring employees to work off the clock, complete on-line training without pay, and attend meetings in the restaurant without pay. The nationwide collective action permitted all hourly employees in all Outback Steakhouse restaurants to join. The suit requested an unspecified amount in back pay for the employees that joined the lawsuit, an equal amount in liquidated damages, costs, expenses, and attorney's fees. The Nevada Plaintiffs also filed a companion lawsuit in Nevada state court alleging that the Company violated the state break time rules. In November 2015, the Company reached a tentative settlement agreement resolving all claims and the cost of class administration for \$3.2 million . The Court issued final approval in November 2016 and the Company subsequently made payment during the fourth quarter of 2016.

In addition, the Company is subject to legal proceedings, claims and liabilities, such as liquor liability, sexual harassment and slip and fall cases, which arise in the ordinary course of business and are generally covered by insurance if they exceed specified retention or deductible amounts. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to those actions will not have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations and cash flows.

*Insurance* - As of December 25, 2016, the future payments the Company expects for workers' compensation, general liability and health insurance claims are:

(dollars in thousands)	
2017	\$ 23,652
2018	13,467
2019	8,934
2020	5,066
2021	2,803
Thereafter	11,549
	\$ 65,471

Discount rates of 1.32% and 1.08% were used for December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015, respectively. A reconciliation of the expected aggregate undiscounted reserves to the discounted reserves for insurance claims recognized in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets is as follows:

(dollars in thousands)	DECI	EMBER 25, 2016	DEC	EMBER 27, 2015
Undiscounted reserves	\$	65,471	\$	63,791
Discount		(2,678)		(2,318)
Discounted reserves	\$	62,793	\$	61,473
Discounted reserves recognized in the Company 's Consolidated Balance Sheets:				
Accrued and other current liabilities	\$	23,533	\$	20,824
Other long-term liabilities, net		39,260		40,649
	\$	62,793	\$	61,473

#### Segment Reporting

The Company has two reportable segments, U.S. and International, which reflects how the Company manages its business, reviews operating performance and allocates resources. The U.S. segment includes all brands operating in the U.S. while brands operating outside the U.S. are included in the International segment. Resources are allocated and performance is assessed by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, whom the Company has determined to be its Chief Operating Decision Maker. Following is a summary of reporting segments as of December 25, 2016:

SEGMENT	CONCEPT	GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION	
U.S.	Outback Steakhouse		
	Carrabba's Italian Grill	United States of America	
	Bonefish Grill	United States of America	
	Fleming's Prime Steakhouse & Wine Bar		
International	Outback Steakhouse	Brazil, Hong Kong, China	
	Carrabba's Italian Grill (Abbraccio)	Brazil	

Segment accounting policies are the same as those described in Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies . Revenues for all segments include only transactions with customers and include no intersegment revenues. Excluded from income from operations for U.S. and International are certain legal and corporate costs not directly related to the performance of the segments, certain stock-based compensation expenses and certain bonus expense.

Prior to 2016, certain insurance expenses were not allocated to the Company's concepts as these expenses were reviewed and evaluated on a Company-wide basis and therefore, these costs were excluded from segment restaurant-level operating margin and income from operations. In 2016, the Company's management changed how insurance expenses related to its restaurants are reviewed and now considers those costs when evaluating the operating performance of the Company's concepts. Accordingly, the Company has recast all prior period segment information to reflect this change.

# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

The following table is a summary of Total revenue by segment:

	 FISCAL YEAR				
(dollars in thousands)	 2016		2015		2014
Total revenues					
U.S.	\$ 3,797,309	\$	3,879,743	\$	3,854,279
International	 455,003		497,933		588,432
Total revenues	\$ 4,252,312	\$	4,377,676	\$	4,442,711

The following table is a reconciliation of Segment income (loss) from operations to Income before provision for income taxes:

	FISCAL YEAR					
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015		2014
Segment income (loss) from operations						
U.S.	\$	286,683	\$	348,731	\$	327,693
International		(5,954)		34,597		25,020
Total segment income from operations		280,729		383,328		352,713
Unallocated corporate operating expense		(153,123)		(152,403)		(160,749)
Total income from operations	'	127,606		230,925		191,964
Loss on defeasance, extinguishment and modification of debt		(26,998)		(2,956)		(11,092)
Other income (expense), net		1,609		(939)		(1,244)
Interest expense, net		(45,726)		(56,176)		(59,658)
Income before provision for income taxes	\$	56,491	\$	170,854	\$	119,970

The following table is a summary of Depreciation and amortization expense by segment:

	<u>-</u>		]	FISCAL YEAR	
(dollars in thousands)		2016		2015	2014
Depreciation and amortization	_				
U.S.	9	155,434	\$	151,868	\$ 147,686
International		26,013		26,736	29,705
Corporate	_	12,391		11,795	 13,520
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	193,838	\$	190,399	\$ 190,911

The following table is a summary of capital expenditures by segment:

		F	ISCAL YEAR		
(dollars in thousands)	2016 2015		2014		
Capital expenditures					
U.S.	\$ 211,855	\$	153,445	\$	174,952
International	40,662		46,803		55,594
Corporate	17,671		10,015		7,322
Total capital expenditures	\$ 270,188	\$	210,263	\$	237,868

# BLOOMIN' BRANDS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

The following table sets forth Total assets by segment:

(dollars in thousands)	_1	DECEMBER 25, 2016	DECEM	IBER 27, 2015
Assets				
U.S.	\$	1,995,227	\$	2,405,196
International		436,024		472,518
Corporate		211,028		154,855
Total assets	\$	2,642,279	\$	3,032,569

International assets are defined as assets residing in a country other than the U.S. The following table details long-lived assets, excluding goodwill, intangible assets and deferred tax assets, by major geographic area:

(dollars in thousands)	D	ECEMBER 25, 2016	DEC	CEMBER 27, 2015
U.S.	\$	1,231,154	\$	1,601,691
International		136,264		156,905
	\$	1,367,418	\$	1,758,596

#### 20. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

2016 FISCAL QUARTERS (dollars in thousands, except per share data)	FIRST (1)	 SECOND (1)	 THIRD (1)	FOURTH (1)
Total revenues	\$ 1,164,188	\$ 1,078,588	\$ 1,005,387	\$ 1,004,149
Income (loss) from operations	86,684	13,333	31,734	(4,145)
Net income (loss)	35,883	(8,065)	21,228	(2,699)
Net income (loss) attributable to Bloomin' Brands	34,475	(9,177)	20,733	(4,283)
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.29	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.19	\$ (0.04)
Diluted	\$ 0.29	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.18	\$ (0.04)

2015 FISCAL QUARTERS (dollars in thousands, except per share data)	 FIRST (2)	 SECOND (2)	 THIRD (2)	FOURTH (2)
Total revenues	\$ 1,202,059	\$ 1,099,597	\$ 1,026,721	\$ 1,049,299
Income from operations	97,701	62,585	38,724	31,915
Net income	62,082	33,056	17,405	19,017
Net income attributable to Bloomin' Brands	60,588	32,226	16,811	17,702
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.15
Diluted	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.26	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.14

Income from operations in the first quarter includes \$3.6 million of restaurant closing costs incurred in connection with the Bonefish Restructuring. Income from operations in the second quarter of 2016 includes \$39.6 million of asset impairment charges and related costs associated with the Company's decision to sell its Outback South Korea subsidiary. Income from operations in the third quarter of 2016 includes \$3.2 million of asset impairment charges and related costs for its Puerto Rico subsidiary. Income from operations in the fourth quarter of 2016 includes: (i) \$46.5 million of pre-tax asset impairments incurred offset by the reversal of \$3.3 million of deferred rent liabilities in connection with the 2017 Closure Initiative, (ii) \$6.4 million of asset impairments and closing costs related to the relocation of certain restaurants and (iii) \$3.6 million of severance related to restructuring of certain functions. Net income for the first quarter of 2016 includes \$26.6 million related to the defeasance of the 2012 CMBS loan.

Total revenues in the first quarter of 2015 include \$24.3 million higher restaurant sales due to a change in the Company's fiscal year end. Income from operations in the first quarter of 2015 includes \$7.7 million of pre-tax impairments and restaurant closing costs incurred in connection with the Domestic and International Restaurant Closure Initiatives. Income from operations in the fourth quarter includes \$24.2 million of pre-tax asset impairments incurred in connection with the Bonefish Restructuring. Net income for the second quarter of 2015 includes \$2.6 million of loss in connection with a refinancing of the Company's Senior Secured Credit Facility. Net income in the first quarter of 2015 includes \$4.9 million of less net income due to a change in the Company's fiscal year end.

#### Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

#### Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We have established and maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 25, 2016.

#### Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management's report on our internal control over financial reporting and the attestation report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, our independent registered certified public accounting firm, on our internal control over financial reporting are included in Item 8, Financial Statements and Supplementary Data, of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent quarter ended December 25, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### Item 9B. Other Information

None.

#### PART III

### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information required by this item relating to our directors and nominees will be included under the captions "Proposal No. 1-Election of Directors: Nominees for Election at this Annual Meeting" and "—Directors Continuing in Office" in our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2017 Annual Meeting of Stockholders ("Definitive Proxy Statement") and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information required by this item relating to our executive officers is included under the caption "Executive Officers of the Registrant" in Part I of this Report on Form 10-K.

The information required by this item regarding compliance with Section 16(a) of the Securities Act of 1934 will be included under the caption "Ownership of Securities—Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance" in our Definitive Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

We have adopted a Business Conduct and Code of Ethics that applies to all employees. A copy of our Business Conduct and Code of Ethics is available on our website, free of charge. The Internet address for our website is www.bloominbrands.com, and the Business Conduct and Code of Ethics may be found on our main webpage by clicking first on "Investors" and then on "Corporate Governance" and next on "Code of Business Conduct and Ethics."

We intend to satisfy any disclosure requirement under Item 5.05 of Form 8-K regarding an amendment to, or waiver from, a provision of this code of ethics by posting such information on our website, on the webpage found by clicking through to "Code of Business Conduct and Ethics" as specified above.

The information required by this item regarding our Audit Committee will be included under the caption "Proposal No. 1: Election of Directors—Board Committees and Meetings" in our Definitive Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### **Item 11. Executive Compensation**

The information required by this item will be included under the captions "Proposal No. 1: Election of Directors—Director Compensation" and "Executive Compensation and Related Information" in our Definitive Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

# Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this item will be included under the caption "Ownership of Securities" in our Definitive Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

The information relating to securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans is included under the caption "Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans" in Item 5 of this Report on Form 10-K.

### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information required by this item relating to transactions with related persons will be included under the caption "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions," and the information required by this item relating to director independence will be included under the caption "Proposal No. 1: Election of Directors—Independent Directors," in each case in our Definitive Proxy Statement, and is incorporated herein by reference.

# **Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services**

The information required by this item will be included under the captions "Proposal No. 2: Ratification of Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm—Principal Accountant Fees and Services" and "—Policy on Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services of Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm" in our Definitive Proxy Statement and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### PART IV

#### Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

### (a)(1) LISTING OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following consolidated financial statements of the Company and subsidiaries are included in Item 8 of this Report:

- Consolidated Balance Sheets December 25, 2016 and December 27, 2015
- Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income Fiscal years 2016, 2015, and 2014
- Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Fiscal years 2016, 2015, and 2014
- Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Fiscal years 2016, 2015, and 2014
- Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

## (a)(2) FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

All financial statement schedules have been omitted, since the required information is not applicable or is not present in amounts sufficient to require submission of the schedule, or because the information required is included in the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this Report.

## (a)(3) EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBITS	FILINGS REFERENCED FOR INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE
2.1	Quota Purchase and Sale Agreement dated October 31, 2013 and effective November 1, 2013, by and between Bloomin' Brands, Inc., Outback Steakhouse Restaurantes Brasil S.A. (formerly known as Bloom Holdco Participações Ltda.), PGS Participações Ltda., the equity holders of PGS Participações Ltda., PGS Consultoria e Serviços Ltda., and Bloom Participações Ltda. <sup>1</sup>	December 31, 2013 Form 10-K, Exhibit 2.1
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Bloomin' Brands, Inc.	Registration Statement on Form S-8, File No. 333-183270, filed on August 13, 2012, Exhibit 4.1
3.2	Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of Bloomin' Brands, Inc.	Registration Statement on Form S-8, File No. 333-183270, filed on August 13, 2012, Exhibit 4.2
4.1	Form of Common Stock Certificate	Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on July 18, 2012, Exhibit 4.1
10.1	Credit Agreement dated October 26, 2012 among OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, OSI HoldCo, Inc., the Lenders and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as administrative agent for the Lenders <sup>1</sup>	September 30, 2012 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.1
10.2	First Amendment to Credit Agreement, Guaranty and Security Agreement dated as of April 10, 2013 among OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, OSI HoldCo, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors, the Lenders and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as administrative agent for the Lenders	March 31, 2013 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.1
10.3	Second Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of January 3, 2014 among OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, OSI HoldCo, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as administrative agent	December 31, 2013 Form 10-K, Exhibit 10.3
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EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBITS	FILINGS REFERENCED FOR INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE
10.4	Third Amendment to Credit Agreement dated as of May 16, 2014 among OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, OSI HoldCo, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as administrative agent, collateral agent, L/C issuer, swing line lender and assigning Lender, Deutsche Bang AG New York Branch, as assignee and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as successor administrative agent	June 29, 2014 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.5
10.5	Fourth Amendment to Credit Agreement and Incremental Amendment dated as of March 31, 2015, among OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, OSI Holdco, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors party thereto, the lenders party thereto, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent	March 29, 2015 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.1
10.6	Fifth Amendment to Credit Agreement and Incremental Amendment dated as of December 11, 2015, among OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, OSI Holdco, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors party thereto, the lenders party thereto, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent	December 27, 2015 Form 10-K, Exhibit 10.6
10.7	Loan Agreement, dated February 11, 2016, between New Private Restaurant Properties, LLC, as borrower, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as lender <sup>1</sup>	March 27, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.1
10.8	First Amendment to Loan Agreement, dated July 27, 2016, between New Private Restaurant Properties, LLC as borrower, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as lender. <sup>1</sup>	September 25, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.1
10.9	Secured Promissory Note, dated February 11, 2016, between New Private Restaurant Properties, LLC, as borrower, and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as lender	March 27, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.2
10.10	Royalty Agreement dated April 1995 among Carrabba's Italian Grill, Inc., Outback Steakhouse, Inc., Mangia Beve, Inc., Carrabba, Inc., Carrabba Woodway, Inc., John C. Carrabba, III, Damian C. Mandola, and John C. Carrabba, Jr., as amended by First Amendment to Royalty Agreement dated January 1997 and Second Amendment to Royalty Agreement made and entered into effective April 7, 2010 by and among Carrabba's Italian Grill, LLC, OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, Mangia Beve, Inc., Mangia Beve II, Inc., Original, Inc., Voss, Inc., John C. Carrabba, III, Damian C. Mandola, and John C. Carrabba, Jr.	Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on April 6, 2012, Exhibit 10.6
10.11	Third Amendment to Royalty Agreement made and entered into effective June 1, 2014, by and among Carrabba's Italian Grill, LLC, OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, Mangia Beve, Inc., Mangia Beve II, Inc., Original, Inc., Voss, Inc., John C. Carrabba, III, Damian C. Mandola, and John C. Carrabba, Jr.	June 29, 2014 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.6
10.12	Amended and Restated Operating Agreement for OSI/Fleming's, LLC made as of June 4, 2010 by and among OS Prime, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, FPSH Limited Partnership and AWA III Steakhouses, Inc.	Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on April 6, 2012, Exhibit 10.8
10.13	Amended and Restated Master Lease Agreement, dated March 27, 2012, between New Private Restaurant Properties, LLC, as landlord, and Private Restaurant Master Lessee, LLC, as tenant <sup>1</sup>	Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on May 17, 2012, Exhibit 10.26
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EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBITS	FILINGS REFERENCED FOR INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE
10.14	Lease, dated June 14, 2007, between OS Southern, LLC and Selmon's/Florida-I, Limited Partnership (predecessor to MVP LRS, LLC), as amended May 27, 2010	Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on May 17, 2012, Exhibit 10.52
10.15	Lease, dated January 21, 2014, between OS Southern, LLC and MVP LRS, LLC	December 31, 2013 Form 10-K, Exhibit 10.28
10.16*	Employee Rollover Agreement for conversion of OSI Restaurant Partners, Inc. restricted stock to Kangaroo Holdings, Inc. restricted stock entered into by the individuals listed on Schedule 1 thereto	Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on April 6, 2012, Exhibit 10.4
10.17*	OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC HCE Deferred Compensation Plan effective October 1, 2007	Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on April 6, 2012, Exhibit 10.46
10.18*	Kangaroo Holdings, Inc. 2007 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended	Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on April 6, 2012, Exhibit 10.1
10.19*	Form of Option Agreement for Options under the Kangaroo Holdings, Inc. 2007 Equity Incentive Plan	Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on April 6, 2012, Exhibit 10.42
10.20*	Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2012 Incentive Award Plan	Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on July 18, 2012, Exhibit 10.2
10.21*	Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Award Agreement for options granted under the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2012 Incentive Award Plan	December 7, 2012 Form 8-K, Exhibit 10.2
10.22*	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for restricted stock granted to directors under the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2012 Incentive Award Plan	December 7, 2012 Form 8-K, Exhibit 10.3
10.23*	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for restricted stock granted to employees and consultants under the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2012 Incentive Award Plan	December 7, 2012 Form 8-K, Exhibit 10.4
10.24*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for restricted stock granted to directors under the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2012 Incentive Award Plan	September 30, 2013 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.1
10.25*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for restricted stock granted to employees and consultants under the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2012 Incentive Award Plan	September 30, 2013 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.2
10.26*	Form of Performance Unit Award Agreement for performance units granted under the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2012 Incentive Award Plan	December 7, 2012 Form 8-K, Exhibit 10.5
10.27*	Form of Bloomin' Brands, Inc. Indemnification Agreement by and between Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and each member of its Board of Directors and each of its executive officers	Amendment No. 4 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on July 18, 2012, Exhibit 10.39
10.28*	Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2016 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan	June 26, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.1
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EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBITS	FILINGS REFERENCED FOR INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE
10.29*	Form of Nonqualified Stock Option Award Agreement for options granted to executive management under the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2016 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan	June 26, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.2
10.30*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for restricted stock granted to directors under the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2016 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan	June 26, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.3
10.31*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for restricted stock granted to executive management under the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2016 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan	June 26, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.4
10.32*	Form of Performance Award Agreement for performance units granted under the Bloomin' Brands, Inc. 2016 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan	June 26, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.5
10.33*	Bloomin' Brands, Inc. Executive Change in Control Plan, effective December 6, 2012	December 7, 2012 Form 8-K, Exhibit 10.1
10.34*	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement made and entered into September 4, 2012 by and between Elizabeth A. Smith and Bloomin' Brands, Inc.	June 30, 2012 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.1
10.35*	Option Agreement, dated November 16, 2009, by and between Kangaroo Holdings, Inc. and Elizabeth A. Smith, as amended December 31, 2009	Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on April 6, 2012, Exhibit 10.40
10.36*	Option Agreement, dated July 1, 2011, by and between Kangaroo Holdings, Inc. and Elizabeth A. Smith	Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on April 6, 2012, Exhibit 10.41
10.37*	Officer Employment Agreement, made and entered into effective May 7, 2012, by and among David Deno and OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC	Amendment No. 1 to Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on May 17, 2012, Exhibit 10.53
10.38*	Amendment, dated July 16, 2014, to the Officer Employment Agreement, made and entered into effective May 7, 2012, by and among David Deno and OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC	June 29, 2014 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.7
10.39*	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated June 14, 2007, between Joseph J. Kadow and OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC, as amended on January 1, 2009, June 12, 2009, December 30, 2010 and December 16, 2011	Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on April 6, 2012, Exhibit 10.29
10.40*	Split-Dollar Agreement dated August 12, 2008 and effective March 30, 2006, by and between OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC (formerly known as Outback Steakhouse, Inc.) and Joseph J. Kadow	Registration Statement on Form S-1, File No. 333-180615, filed on April 6, 2012, Exhibit 10.48
10.41*	Employment Offer Letter Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2013, between Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and Patrick Murtha	December 31, 2013 Form 10-K, Exhibit 10.55
10.42*	Employment Offer Letter Agreement, dated as of July 30, 2014, between Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and Donagh Herlihy	December 28, 2014 Form 10-K, Exhibit 10.58
10.43*	Employment Offer Letter Agreement, dated as of May 4, 2015, between Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and Sukhdev Singh	December 27, 2015 Form 10-K, Exhibit 10.57
10.44*	Employment Offer Letter Agreement, dated as of February 12, 2016, between Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and Michael Kappitt	March 27, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.3

EXHIBIT NUMBER	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBITS	FILINGS REFERENCED FOR INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE
10.45*	Employment Offer Letter Agreement, dated as of April 15, 2016, between Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and Christopher Brandt	June 26, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.6
10.46*	Employment Offer Letter Agreement, dated as of July 29, 2016, between Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and Gregg Scarlett	September 25, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.2
10.47*	Employment Offer Letter Agreement, dated as of July 29, 2016, between Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and David Schmidt	September 25, 2016 Form 10-Q, Exhibit 10.3
10.48	Registration Rights Agreement among Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and certain stockholders of Bloomin' Brands, Inc. made as of April 29, 2014	May 1, 2014 Form 8-K, Exhibit 10.3
21.1	List of Subsidiaries	Filed herewith
23.1	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	Filed herewith
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial and Administrative Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 $^{\circ}$	Filed herewith
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial and Administrative Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 <sup>2</sup>	Filed herewith
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document	Filed herewith
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	Filed herewith
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	Filed herewith
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	Filed herewith
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document	Filed herewith
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	Filed herewith

<sup>\*</sup> Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit

# Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Confidential treatment has been granted with respect to portions of Exhibits 2.1, 10.1, 10.7, 10.8 and 10.13 and such portions have been filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These certifications are not deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. These certifications will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates them by reference.

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: February 22, 2017 Bloomin' Brands, Inc.

By: /s/ Elizabeth A. Smith

Elizabeth A. Smith Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Elizabeth A. Smith Elizabeth A. Smith	Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	February 22, 2017
/s/ David J. Deno	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer	,
David J. Deno	(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	February 22, 2017
/s/ James R. Craigie	<u> </u>	
James R. Craigie	Director	February 22, 2017
/s/ David R. Fitzjohn	Division	Falores 22, 2017
David R. Fitzjohn	Director	February 22, 2017
/s/ Mindy Grossman Mindy Grossman	Director	February 22, 2017
·	Director	1 cordary 22, 2017
/s/ Tara Walpert Levy Tara Walpert Levy	Director	February 22, 2017
/s/ John J. Mahoney		
John J. Mahoney	Director	February 22, 2017
/s/ Chris T. Sullivan		
Chris T. Sullivan	Director	February 22, 2017

SUBSIDIARY NAME	STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION	
Annapolis Outback, LLC	MD	
BBI International Holdings, Inc.	FL	
BBI Ristorante Italiano, LLC	FL	
Bel Air Outback, Inc.	MD	
BFG Florida Services, Ltd	FL	
BFG Georgia Services, Ltd	FL	
BFG Indiana Services, Limited Partnership	FL	
BFG Nebraska, Inc.	FL	
BFG New Jersey Services, Limited Partnership	FL	
BFG North Carolina Services, Ltd	FL	
BFG Oklahoma, Inc.	FL	
BFG Pennsylvania Services, Ltd	FL	
BFG South Carolina Services, Ltd	FL.	
BFG/FPS of Marlton Partnership	FL	
Bloom Brands Holdings I C.V.	NL	
Bloom Brands Holdings II C.V.	NL	
Bloom Group Holdings B.V.	NL	
Bloom Group Holdings II, B.V.	NL	
Bloom Group Restaurants, B.V.	NL	
Bloom Group Restaurants, LLC	FL	
Bloom No.1 Limited	НК	
Bloom No.2 Limited	НК	
Bloom Participações, Ltda.	BR	
Bloom Restaurantes Brasil S.A.	BR	
Bloomin' Brands Gift Card Services, LLC	FL	
Bloomin' Brands International, LLC	FL	
Bloomin Canada Inc.	ON	
Bloomin Hong Kong Limited	НК	
Bloomin Korea Holding	CI	
Bloomin Puerto Rico L.P.	CI	
Bonefish Baltimore County, LLC	MD	
Bonefish Beverages, LLC	TX	
Bonefish Brandywine, LLC	MD	
Bonefish Designated Partner, LLC	DE	
Bonefish Grill International, LLC	FL.	
Bonefish Grill of Florida Designated Partner, LLC	DE	
Bonefish Grill of Florida, LLC	DE	
Bonefish Grill of Rogers, Inc.	AR	
Bonefish Grill, LLC	FL	
Bonefish Holdings, LLC	TX	
Bonefish Kansas Designated Partner, LLC	DE	
Bonefish Kansas LLC	KS	
Bonefish of Bel Air, LLC	MD	
Bonefish of Gaithersburg, Inc.	MD	
Bonefish/Anne Arundel, LLC	MD	
Bonefish/Asheville, Limited Partnership	FL	
Bonefish/Carolinas, Limited Partnership	FL	
Bonefish/Centreville, Limited Partnership	FL	
Bonefish/Columbus-I, Limited Partnership	FL	
Bonefish/Crescent Springs, Limited Partnership	FL	
Bonefish/Fredericksburg, Limited Partnership	FL	
Bonefish/Glen Burnie, LLC	MD	

Boochish/Services   Irrinsed Paramethip   File   Boochish/Services   Irrinsed Paramethip   Boochish/Services   Irrinsed Paramethip   Boochish/Services   Irrinsed Paramethip   File   Carababa Albamathip   File   Fil	SUBSIDIARY NAME	STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION
Bondink Normon I, Immired Partnership         PL           Rosenbick Normon I, Immired Partnership         PL           Boneflach Normon I, Immired Partnership         PL           Boneflach Normon I, Immired Partnership         PL           Boneflach Normon I, Immired Partnership         PL           Carrabo's I ballon Gill of House Court, Ic         DR           Carrabo's I ballon Gill of House Court, Ic         MD           Carrabo's I ballon Gill of Nerder, Ice         AR           Carrabo's I ballon Gill of Nerder, Ice         BD           Carrabo's I ballon Gill of Nerder, Ice         BD           Carrabo's I Shane JLC         BD           Carr	Bonefish/Gulf Coast, Limited Partnership	FL
Beseinfalt Reclament, Limited Patronship	Bonefish/Hyde Park, Limited Partnership	FL
RosenfishSouther Vergüni, Limited Partnership         FL           BonefishSouthers, Vergüni, Limited Partnership         FL           BonefishSouthers, United Partnership         FL           BonefishSouthers, Limited Partnership         FL           BonefishSouthers, Limited Partnership         FL           Carmbols Statism Grill of Lowers, Inc         MD           Carmbols Indian Grill of Overles, Inc         MD           Carmbols Indian Grill of LUC         FL           Carmbols Indian Grill LUC         FL           Carmbols Indian Grill, LUC         BD           Carmbols Indian Grill, Indian Grill,	Bonefish/Newport News, Limited Partnership	FL
Bonefish/Southers / Wignai, Limited Paramethy         FL           Bonefish/Southers, Limited Paramethy         FL           Bonefish/Southers, Limited Paramethy         FL           Bonefish/Southers, Limited Paramethy         FL           Bonemany Air, Lac         DE           Carabho's bialous Gell of Howard County, Inc.         MD           Carabho's fullous Gell of Howard County, Inc.         MD           Carabho's fullous Gell of Howard County, Inc.         AR           Carabho's fullous Seliguard Partner, LLC         BC           Carabho's fullous Seliguard Partner, LLC         MD           Carabho's A Bow, LLC         MD           Carabho's A Deck Allous All	Bonefish/Richmond, Limited Partnership	FL
Bonefairh Southern, Limited Pattenship	Bonefish/South Florida-I, Limited Partnership	FL
Boonerany Air, Inc.         FL           Boonerany Air, Inc.         FL           Carnabot's Stapianed Patriner, LLC         DE           Carnabot's Stapiane Girll of Loverlo, Inc.         MD           Carnabot's Stapiane Girll of Overlo, Inc.         AR           Carnabot's Indian Girll of Rogers, Inc.         AR           Carnabot's Indian Girll, LLC         FL           Carnabot's Names I LC         MD           Carnabot's Names I LC         MD           Carnabot's Names I LC         MD           Carnabot's Or Boandown, Inc.         MD           Carnabot's Or Desadeus, Inc.         MD           Carnabot's Or Desadeus, Inc.         MD           Carnabot's Or Desadeus, Inc.         MD           Carnabot's Passedueus, Inc.         MD           Carnabot's Oreas City, Inc.         MD           Carnabot's Cost Springs, Limited Patrinership         FL           Carnabot's Cost Springs, Limited Patrinership <td>Bonefish/Southern Virginia, Limited Partnership</td> <td>FL</td>	Bonefish/Southern Virginia, Limited Partnership	FL
Bomering Ar, Inc.         FL           Carabbé S besignated Partner, LLC         DE           Carabbé S besignated Partner, LLC         MD           Carabbé S Italian Grill off Gordes, Inc.         MD           Carabbé S Italian Grill of Roges, Inc.         AR           Carabbé S Italian Grill, LLC         FL           Carabbé S Kansa Dosignated Partner, LLC         DE           Carabbé S Kansa Dosignated Partner, LLC         MD           Carabbé S Gornation M. R.         KS           Carabbé S Gornation M. R.         MD           Carabbé S Grantion M. R.         MD           Carabbé S Grantion M. R.         MD           Carabbé S Pasadean, Inc.         MD           Carabbé S Pasadean, Inc.         MD           Carabbé S	Bonefish/Southern, Limited Partnership	FL
Carnibba's Designated Pattner, LLC         DE           Carnibba's Islain Gill of Clorders, Inc.         MD           Carnibba's Islain Gill of Rogers, Inc.         AR           Carnibba's Islain Gill, LLC         FL           Carnibba's Islain Gill, LLC         DE           Carnibba's Kansas Luc         DE           Carnibba's General Clay         MD           Carnibba's of General Clay         MD           Carnibba's of General Clay         MD           Carnibba's of Cenne Clay, Inc.         MD           Carnibba's of Waldorf, Inc.         MD           Carnibba's Playmingham 280, Limited Partnership         FL           Carnibba's Playmingham 280, Limit	Bonefish/Virginia, Limited Partnership	FL
Carrabbé à Italian Grill of Howard County, Inc.         MD           Carrabbé à Italian Grill of Rogen, Inc.         AR           Carrabbé à Italian Grill (IC)         EL           Carrabbé à Italian Grill, ILC         DE           Carrabbé à Shansa Designated Partur, ILC         KS           Carrabbé à Shansa Su-eignated Partur, ILC         MD           Carrabbé à Shansa Su-eignated Partur, ILC         MD           Carrabbé à Of Bowie, ILC         MD           Carrabbé à Of Gennation, Inc.         MD           Carrabbé à Of Gennation, Inc.         MD           Carrabbé à Of Basadena, Inc.         MD           Carrabbé à Of Waldorf, Inc.         MD           Carrabbé à Cou Springs, Limited Partureship         FL           Carrabbé à Cou Springs, Limited Partureship         FL           Carrabbé à Cou Springs, Limited Partureship         FL           Carrabbé à Car	Boomerang Air, Inc.	FL
Curabba's Italian Grill of Overlea, Inc.         AR           Curabba's Italian Grill, LIC         FL           Curabba's Kanasa Grill, LIC         DE           Curabba's Kanasa Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Curabba's Kanasa Designated Partner, LLC         MD           Curabba's of Generations, Inc         MD           Curabba's of Ocean Cay, Inc         MD           Curabba's of Ocean Cay, Inc         MD           Curabba's of Washorf, Inc.         MD           Curabba's of Washorf, Inc.         MD           Curabba's Springa, Limited Partnership         FL           Curabba's Springa, Limited Partnership         FL           Curabba's Spot, Limited Partnership         FL           Curabba's Score Hill, Limited Partnership         FL           Curabba's Score Hill, Limited Partnership         FL           Curabba's Score, Limited Partnership         FL           Curabba's Score, Limited Partnership         FL           Curabba's Score, Score, Limited Partnership         FL           Curabba's Score, Score, Limited Partnership         FL           ClG	Carrabba's Designated Partner, LLC	DE
Carabba's Italian Grill, LLC         FL           Carabba's Italian Grill, LLC         DE           Carabba's Kansas Deignated Parter, LLC         DE           Carabba's Kansas LLC         KS           Carabba's Grin, LLC         MD           Carabba's of Novie, LLC         MD           Carabba's of Ocean City, Inc.         MD           Carabba's of Seadens, Inc.         MD           Carabba's of Seadens, Inc.         MD           Carabba's Spirings, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Vocal Spirings, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Volume Read, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Volume Read, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Volume Read, Limited Partnership         FL           ClG1 Albama Services, Ld         FL		MD
Carrabba's Italian Grill, LLC         FL           Carrabba's Kansas Designated Parner, LLC         DE           Carrabba's Sansas Designated Parner, LLC         KS           Carrabba's of Thowie, LLC         MD           Carrabba's of Ocean City, Inc.         MD           Carrabba's of Ocean City, Inc.         MD           Carrabba's of Waldorf, Inc.         MD           Carrabba's of Waldorf, Inc.         MD           Carrabba's Os Springs, Limited Partnership         FL           Carrabba's DC-L Limited Partnership         FL           Carrabba's SD-C-L Limited Partnership         FL           Carrabba's Series Hills, Limited Partnership         FL           Carrabba's Green Hills, Limited Partnership         FL           Carrabba's Green Hills, Limited Partnership         FL           Carrabba's Green Hills, Limited Partnership         FL           Carrabba's Monigonery, Limited Partnership         FL           Carrabba's Monigonery, Limited Partnership         FL           Carrabba's Monigonery, Limited Partnership         FL           Carrabba's Rocky Top, Limited Partnership         FL           Ciff I Adabama Services, Ltd         FL           Ciff I Hodings, LLC         TX           Ciff I Hodings, LLC         TX           C	Carrabba's Italian Grill of Overlea, Inc.	MD
Carabba's Kansas Designated Partner, I.I.C         KS           Carabba's Kansas I.I.C         KS           Carabba's of Germantown, Inc.         MD           Carabba's of Germantown, Inc.         MD           Carabba's of Coene City, Inc.         MD           Carabba's of Waldorf, Inc.         MD           Carabba's of Springs, Inmited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Sprinningham 280, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Sprinningham 280, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's SDC-I, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's SLexington, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's SLexington, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's SLexington, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Shortgonnery, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Shortgonnery, Limited Partnership         FL           Ciff Albaham's Services, Lid         FL           Ciff Albaham's Services, Lid         FL           Ciff Albaham's Services, Limited Partnership         FL           Ciff Indiang, LiC         FL	Carrabba's Italian Grill of Rogers, Inc.	AR
Carabba's Kansas LLC         KS           Carabba's of Bowie, LLC         MD           Carabba's of Cenantown, Ine.         MD           Carabba's of Cean City, Ine.         MD           Carabba's of Pasadena, Ine.         MD           Carabba's of Waldorf, Ine.         MD           Carabba's Own of Waldorf, Ine.         MD           Carabba's Pool Springs, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's POOl, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's POOl, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Green Hills, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Green Hills, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Alexington, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Wallami Beach, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Montgomery, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabba's Montgomery, Limited Partnership         FL           Cifi Alabama Services, Ltd         FL           Cifi Florida Services, Ltmited Partnership         FL           Cifi Florida Services, Ltmited Partnership         FL           Cifi Florida Services, Ltmited Part	Carrabba's Italian Grill, LLC	FL
Carabba's of Gernatown, Inc.         MD           Carabba's of Gernatown, Inc.         MD           Carabba's of Ocean City, Inc.         MD           Carabba's of Waldorf, Inc.         MD           Carabba's Opings, Limited Pattership         FL           Carabba's Lexington, Limited Pattership         FL           Carabba's Maini Beach, Limited Pattership         FL           Carabba's Mongomery, Limited Pattership         FL           Clif Beverages of Fease, LLC         TX           Clif Beverages of Texas, LLC         TX           Clif Severages of Texas, LLC         FL           Clif Okalboma, Inc.         FL </td <td>Carrabba's Kansas Designated Partner, LLC</td> <td>DE</td>	Carrabba's Kansas Designated Partner, LLC	DE
Carabbà s of Germantown, Inc.         MD           Carabbà s of Qeaca City, Inc.         MD           Carabbà s of Pasadena, Inc.         MD           Carabbà s Of Waldorf, Inc.         MD           Carabbà S Congrigor, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabbà S Of-L, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabbà S Green Hills, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabbà S Green Hills, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabbà S Louisville, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabbà S Mami Beach, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabbà S Nocky Top, Limited Partnership         FL           Carabbà S Rocky Top, Limited Partnership         FL           Cif Gi Bevingency, Limited Partnership         FL           Cif Gi Bevingency E, Lid         FL           Cif Gi Bevinges, LtC         TX           Cif Gi Bevinges, LtC         TX           Cif Olablama, LtC         FL           Cif Olabloma, Inc.         FL           Cif Olabloma, Inc.         FL           Cif Olabloma, Inc. <td>Carrabba's Kansas LLC</td> <td>KS</td>	Carrabba's Kansas LLC	KS
Curabbà's of Pasadena, Inc.         MD           Carrabbà's of Pasadena, Inc.         MD           Carrabbà's of Waldorf, Inc.         FL           Carrabbà's Cool Springs, Limited Patmership         FL           Carrabbà's DC-I, Limited Patmership         FL           Carrabbà's DC-I, Limited Patmership         FL           Carrabbà's Green Hills, Limited Patmership         FL           Carrabbà's Green Hills, Limited Patmership         FL           Carrabbà's Cusiville, Limited Patmership         FL           Carrabbà's Va usiville, Limited Patmership         FL           Clarabbà's Nontgomey, Limited Patmership         FL           Clif Jabaria, Linc         FL           Clif Jabaria, Linc         FL           Clif Jabaria, Linc         FL	Carrabba's of Bowie, LLC	MD
Carrabba's of Pasadena, Inc. Carrabba's of Waldorf, Inc. Carrabba's Gwaldorf, Inc. Carrabba's Diminigham 280, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's DC-1, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's DC-1, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Green Hills, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Louisville, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Louisville, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Louisville, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Montgomery, Limited Partnership FL CGIG I Alabama Services, Ltd FL CGIG Holdman, LIC FL CGIG Holdman, LIC FL CGIG Holdman, LIC FL CGIG Nebraska, Inc. FL CGIG Nebraska, Inc. FL CGIG Nebraska, Inc. FL CGIG Nebraska, Inc. FL CGIG South Carolina Services, Ltd FL Fleming's Soverages, LLC FL Fleming's Soverages, LLC FL Fleming's International, LLC FL Fleming's International, LLC FL Fleming's International, LLC Fleming's International, LLC Fleming's Gutback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's Ottaback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's Coutback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's Flortback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's	Carrabba's of Germantown, Inc.	MD
Carrabba's of Pasadena, Inc. Carrabba's of Waldorf, Inc. Carrabba's Gwaldorf, Inc. Carrabba's Diminigham 280, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's DC-1, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's DC-1, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Green Hills, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Louisville, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Louisville, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Louisville, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Montgomery, Limited Partnership FL CGIG I Alabama Services, Ltd FL CGIG Holdman, LIC FL CGIG Holdman, LIC FL CGIG Holdman, LIC FL CGIG Nebraska, Inc. FL CGIG Nebraska, Inc. FL CGIG Nebraska, Inc. FL CGIG Nebraska, Inc. FL CGIG South Carolina Services, Ltd FL Fleming's Soverages, LLC FL Fleming's Soverages, LLC FL Fleming's International, LLC FL Fleming's International, LLC FL Fleming's International, LLC Fleming's International, LLC Fleming's Gutback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's Ottaback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's Coutback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's Flortback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's	Carrabba's of Ocean City, Inc.	MD
Carabbà 's Birmingham 280, Limited Partnership       FL         Carabbà 's Cool Springs, Limited Partnership       FL         Carabbà 'SDC-I, Limited Partnership       FL         Carabbà 's Green Hills, Limited Partnership       FL         Carabbà 's Green Hills, Limited Partnership       FL         Carabbà 's Louisville, Limited Partnership       FL         Carabbà 's Louisville, Limited Partnership       FL         Carabbà 's Montgomery, Limited Partnership       FL         Carabbà 's Rocky Top, Limited Partnership       FL         Carabbà 's Rocky Top, Limited Partnership       FL         Cif Gl Beverages of Texas, LLC       TX         Cif Gl Beverages of Texas, LLC       TX         Cif I Florida Services, Lid       FL         Cif Ol Holdings, LLC       TX         Cif Ol Nebraska, Inc.       FL         Cif Ol Nebraska, LLC       FL         Door Sid		MD
Carrabba's Cool Springs, Limited Partnership Carrabba's Decrified Tewnship, Limited Partnership Carrabba's Decrified Township, Limited Partnership Elacarrabba's Creen Hills, Limited Partnership Elacarrabba's Creen Hills, Limited Partnership Elacarrabba's Creen Hills, Limited Partnership Elacarrabba's Louisville, Limited Partnership Elacarrabba's Montgomery, Limited Partnership Elacarrabba's Montgomery, Limited Partnership Elacarrabba's Montgomery, Limited Partnership Fl. Carrabba's Montgomery, Limited Partnership Fl. CIGI Alabama Services, Lid Fl. CIGI Alabama Services, Ltd Fl. CIGI Beverages of Texas, LLC TX CIGI Florida Services, Ltd Fl. CIGI Holdings, LLC Fl. CIGI Holdings, LLC Fl. CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership Fl. CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd Fl. Fleming's South Carolina Services, Ltd Fl. Fleming's Southack Roldings, LLC Fl. Fleming's Outhack Holdings, ILC Fleming's Outhack Holdings, Inc. Fl. Fleming's Outhack Holdings, Inc. Fl. Fleming's Gouthack Holdings, Inc. Fl. Fleming's Florida Services, Ltd Fleming's Florida Services, Ltd Fleming's Florida Services, Ltd Fleming's Florida Services,	Carrabba's of Waldorf, Inc.	MD
Carrabba's Cool Springs, Limited Partnership Carrabba's Decrified Tewnship, Limited Partnership Carrabba's Decrified Township, Limited Partnership EL Carrabba's Green Hills, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Green Hills, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Louisville, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Louisville, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's Montgomery, Limited Partnership FL CIGI Alabama Services, Lid FL CIGI Alabama Services, Lid FL CIGI Holdings, LLC FL CIGI Holdings, LLC FL CIGI Holdings, LLC FL CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership FL CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Lid FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Lid FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Lid FL CIGI Holdings, LLC FL Fleming's Beverages, LLC FL Fleming's Servages, LLC FL Fleming's Of Baltimore, LLC MD Fleming's Outback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's Outback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's Goutback Holdings, Inc. TX FPS Florida Services, Ltd FL	Carrabba's/Birmingham 280, Limited Partnership	FL
Carrabba'sDC-I, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba'sGreen Hills, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba'sGreen Hills, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba'sLewington, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba'sLouisville, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba'sMaimi Beach, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba'sMontgomery, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba'sMontgomery, Limited Partnership       FL         CiGid Alabama Services, Lid       FL         CiGid Alabama Services, Lid       FL         CiGid Horida Services, Lid       FL         CiGid Holdings, LLC       TX         CiGid Nebraska, Inc.       FL         CiGid Nebraska, Inc.       FL         CiGid Nebraska, Inc.       FL         CiGid South Carolina Services, Limited Partnership       FL         CiGid South Carolina Services, Lid       FL         CiGid Pleff of East Brunswick Partnership       FL         DoorSide, LLC       FL         Dutch Holdings, LLC       FL         Fleming's Severages, LLC       FL         Fleming's Severages, LLC       FL         Fleming's Outback Holdings, Inc.       FL         Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC       MD	Carrabba's/Cool Springs, Limited Partnership	FL
Carrabba's Oeer Hills, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba's Lewington, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba's Louisville, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba's Montigomer, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba's Montigomery, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba's Rocky Top, Limited Partnership       FL         ClGI Alabama Services, Ltd       FL         ClGI Beerages of Texas, LLC       TX         ClGI Florida Services, Ltd       TX         ClGI Holdings, LLC       TX         ClGI New York Services, Limited Partnership       FL         ClGI New York Services, Limited Partnership       FL         ClGI South Carolina Services, Limited Partnership       FL         ClGI South Carolina Services, Ltd       FL         ClGI South Carolina Services, Ltd       FL         ClGI South Carolina Services, Ltd       FL         DoorSide, LtC       FL         Duch Holdings I, LtC       FL         Fleming's Beverages, LtC       TX         Fleming's Services, Ltd       MD         Fleming's of Baltimore, LtC       MD         Fleming's Outback Holdings, Inc.       TX         Fleming's Soutback Holdings, Inc.       TX		FL
Carabba's/Lexington, Limited Partnership Carabba's/Louisville, Limited Partnership Carabba's/Mamin Beach, Limited Partnership Carabba's/Montgomery, Limited Partnership Carabba's/Montgomery, Limited Partnership Carabba's/Montgomery, Limited Partnership Clicil Alabama Services, Limited Partnership Clicil Alabama Services, Lid Clicil Alabama Services, Lid Clicil Beverages of Texas, LLC Clicil Holdings, LLC Clicil Holdings, LLC Clicil Holdings, LLC Clicil Nebraska, Inc. Clicil Nebraska, Inc. Clicil Nebraska, Inc. Clicil Nebraska, Inc. Clicil Okaboma, Inc. Clicil Okaboma, Inc. Clicil Okaboma, Inc. Clicil Okaboma, Inc. Clicil South Carolina Services, Lid Clicil Nebraska, Inc. FL Clicil Nebrask	•	FL
Carrabba's/Louisville, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba's/Montgomery, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba's/Rocky Top, Limited Partnership       FL         Carrabba's/Rocky Top, Limited Partnership       FL         CIGI Alabama Services, Ltd       FL         CIGI Beverages of Texas, LLC       TX         CIGI Florida Services, Ltd       FL         CIGI Holdings, LLC       TX         CIGI Nebraska, Inc.       FL         CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership       FL         CIGI Oklahoma, Inc.       FL         CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd       FL         CIGIS outh Carolina Services, Ltd       FL         CIGIABE of East Brunswick Partnership       FL         Dutch Holdings I, LLC       FL         Fleming's Beverages, LLC       TX         Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC       MD         Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC       MD         Fleming's Outback Holdings, Inc.       TX	Carrabba's/Green Hills, Limited Partnership	FL
Carrabba's/Mami Beach, Limited Partnership FL Carrabba's/Rocky Top, Limited Partnership FL CIGI Alabama Services, Ltd CIGI Alabama Services, Ltd CIGI Alabama Services, Ltd TX CIGI Florida Services, Ltd TX CIGI Florida Services, Ltd TX CIGI Holdings, LLC CIGI Holdings, LLC CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership FL CIGI Oklahoma, Inc. FL CIGI Oklahoma, Inc. FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI Holdings, LLC FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI Holdings, LLC FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL Fleming's Beverages, LLC FL Fleming's Beverages, LLC FL Fleming's Buffarmational, LLC Fleming's Gradilimore, LLC Fleming's Olutback Holdings, Inc. FR Fleming's Olutback Holdings, Inc. FL Fleming's Southack Holdings, Inc. TX FPS Florida Services, Ltd FL	Carrabba's/Lexington, Limited Partnership	FL
Carrabba's/Montgomery, Limited Partnership Carrabba's/Rocky Top, Limited Partnership FL CIGI Alabama Services, Ltd FL CIGI Alabama Services, Ltd FL CIGI Beverages of Texas, LLC TX CIGI Florida Services, Ltd FL CIGI Holdings, LLC TX CIGI Holdings, LLC TX CIGI Nebraska, Inc. FL CIGI Nebraska, Inc. FL CIGI Nebraska, Inc. FL CIGI Oklahoma, Inc. FL Fleming's of East Brunswick Partnership FL Fleming's Beverages, LtC FL Fleming's Beverages, LLC Fleming's Beverages, LLC Fleming's International, LLC Fleming's International, LLC Fleming's Of Baltimore, LLC Fleming's Of Baltimore, LLC Fleming's Gratian Brasil Ltda. FR Fleming's Goutback Holdings, Inc. TX FPS Florida Services, Ltd FL Fleming's Goutback Holdings, Inc. TX FPS Florida Services, Ltd	Carrabba's/Louisville, Limited Partnership	FL
Carrabba's/Rocky Top, Limited Partnership  CIGI Alabama Services, Ltd  FL  CIGI Beverages of Texas, LLC  TX  CIGI Florida Services, Ltd  FL  CIGI Holdings, LLC  CIGI Holdings, LLC  CIGI Nebraska, Inc.  CIGI Nebraska, Inc.  CIGI Nebraska, Inc.  CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership  FL  CIGI Oklahoma, Inc.  CIGI Oklahoma, Inc.  FL  CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd  FL  CIGI Seast Brunswick Partnership  FL  CIGI/BFG of East Brunswick Partnership  FL  DoorSide, LLC  Dutch Holdings I, LLC  FL  Fleming's Beverages, LLC  FL  Fleming's International, LLC  Fleming's International, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  MD  Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  BR  Fleming's S/Outback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL	Carrabba's/Miami Beach, Limited Partnership	FL
CIGI Alabama Services, Ltd CIGI Beverages of Texas, LLC CIGI Florida Services, Ltd FL CIGI Florida Services, Ltd FL CIGI Holdings, LLC CIGI Nebraska, Inc. CIGI Nebraska, Inc. FL CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership FL CIGI Oklahoma, Inc. FL CIGI Oklahoma, Inc. FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI/BFG of East Brunswick Partnership FL DoorSide, LLC FL Dutch Holdings I, LLC FL Fleming's Beverages, LLC FL Fleming's International, LLC FL Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC MD Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda. BR Fleming's Outback Holdings, Inc. TX FPS Florida Services, Ltd FL	Carrabba's/Montgomery, Limited Partnership	FL
CIGI Beverages of Texas, LLC CIGI Florida Services, Ltd CIGI Holdings, LLC CIGI Holdings, LLC CIGI Nebraska, Inc. CIGI Nebraska, Inc. CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership FL CIGI Oklahoma, Inc. CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI Holdings I, LLC FL Dutch Holdings I, LLC FL Fleming's Beverages, LLC FL Fleming's International, LLC FL Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC FL Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC Fleming's MD Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda. BR Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc. TX FPS Florida Services, Ltd FL	Carrabba's/Rocky Top, Limited Partnership	FL
CIGI Florida Services, Ltd  CIGI Holdings, LLC  CIGI Nebraska, Inc.  CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership  CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership  FL  CIGI Oklahoma, Inc.  CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd  CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd  FL  CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd  FL  CIGI/BFG of East Brunswick Partnership  FL  DoorSide, LLC  FL  Dutch Holdings I, LLC  FL  Fleming's Beverages, LLC  TX  Fleming's International, LLC  FL  Fleming's International, LLC  FL  Fleming's Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  BR  Fleming's Voutback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL	CIGI Alabama Services, Ltd	FL
CIGI Holdings, LLC CIGI Nebraska, Inc. CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership FL CIGI Oklahoma, Inc. FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd FL CIGI/BFG of East Brunswick Partnership FL Doorside, LLC FL Dutch Holdings I, LLC FL Fleming's Beverages, LLC FL Fleming's International, LLC FL Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC FL Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC FL Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda. FR Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc. TX FPS Florida Services, Ltd FL	CIGI Beverages of Texas, LLC	TX
CIGI Nebraska, Inc.  CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership  CIGI Oklahoma, Inc.  CIGI Oklahoma, Inc.  CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd  FL  CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd  FL  CIGI/BFG of East Brunswick Partnership  FL  DoorSide, LLC  FL  Dutch Holdings I, LLC  FL  FL  Fleming's Beverages, LLC  FL  Fleming's International, LLC  FL  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  FL  Fleming's sof Baltimore, LLC  Fleming's Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  Fleming's Voutback Holdings, Inc.  FL  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL	CIGI Florida Services, Ltd	FL
CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership  CIGI Oklahoma, Inc.  CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd  FL  CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd  FL  CIGI/BFG of East Brunswick Partnership  DoorSide, LLC  Dutch Holdings I, LLC  FL  Fleming's Beverages, LLC  FL  Fleming's International, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  Fleming's Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  Fleming's Voutback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL  FL  FL  FL  FL  FL  FL  FL  FL  F	CIGI Holdings, LLC	TX
CIGI Oklahoma, Inc.  CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd  CIGI/BFG of East Brunswick Partnership  DoorSide, LLC  Dutch Holdings I, LLC  FL  Fleming's Beverages, LLC  FL  Fleming's International, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  Fleming's Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc.  TX  Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL	CIGI Nebraska, Inc.	FL
CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd  CIGI/BFG of East Brunswick Partnership  DoorSide, LLC  FL  Dutch Holdings I, LLC  Fleming's Beverages, LLC  Fleming's International, LLC  Fleming's International, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  MD  Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL  FL  FL  FL  FL  FL  FL  FL  FL  F	CIGI New York Services, Limited Partnership	FL
CIGI/BFG of East Brunswick Partnership  DoorSide, LLC  Dutch Holdings I, LLC  FL  Fleming's Beverages, LLC  Fleming's International, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  MD  Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  BR  Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL	CIGI Oklahoma, Inc.	FL
DoorSide, LLC  Dutch Holdings I, LLC  FL  Fleming's Beverages, LLC  Fleming's International, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  MD  Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  BR  Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL	CIGI South Carolina Services, Ltd	FL
Dutch Holdings I, LLC Fleming's Beverages, LLC TX Fleming's International, LLC Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC MD Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda. BR Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc. TX FPS Florida Services, Ltd FL	CIGI/BFG of East Brunswick Partnership	FL
Fleming's Beverages, LLC  Fleming's International, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  MD  Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  BR  Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL	DoorSide, LLC	FL
Fleming's International, LLC Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC MD Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda. BR Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc. TX FPS Florida Services, Ltd FL	Dutch Holdings I, LLC	FL
Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC  Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  BR  Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL	Fleming's Beverages, LLC	TX
Flemings Restaurantes do Brasil Ltda.  Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL	Fleming's International, LLC	FL
Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc.  TX  FPS Florida Services, Ltd  FL	Fleming's of Baltimore, LLC	MD
FPS Florida Services, Ltd FL		BR
	Fleming's/Outback Holdings, Inc.	TX
FPS NEBRASKA INC	FPS Florida Services, Ltd	FL
	FPS NEBRASKA, INC.	FL
FPS Oklahoma, Inc.		
Frederick Outback, Inc. MD		MD
	Hagerstown Outback, Inc.	MD
W : 0 d 1 k	Hagerstown Outback, Inc.	MD

See SPE Moz 1, LTC	SUBSIDIARY NAME	STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION	
GUT CAN COUNTING         TX           Count City Outback, Inc.         MIS           OK Managements, Inc.         DE           OK Montage Holdings, Inc.         DE           OK Nortage Flacification, Counting Holdings, Inc.         DE           OK Route, LLC         PL           OK Route, LLC         PL           OK Route, LLC         PL           OK Route, LLC         PL           OK Tombook, Sevens, Land         PL           OK Florids Sevens, Land         PL           OK Florids Sevens, Land Pattership         PL           OK Now, Carriera Service, Land         PL           OK Now, Carriera Service, Land	New PRP Mezz 1, LLC	DE	
Ocas City Outbook, Inc.         MD           OS Mutaque Holing, Inc.         DE           OS Nitaque Falk, LC         FL           OS Nigan, Falk, LC         FL           OS Real, JLC         FL           OS Real, LLC         FL           OS Real, LLC         FL           OS Tompot, LLC         FL           OS Tompot, LLC         FL           OS Tompot, LLC         FL           OS Connection Strokes, Limited Paramethip         FL           OSE Connection Strokes, Limited Paramethip         FL           OSE Thords Strokes, Intelled Paramethip         FL           OSE Thords Strokes, Intelled Paramethip         FL           OSE Manyland Strokes, Intelled Paramethip         FL           OSE Manyland Strokes, Intelled Paramethip         FL           OSE New Strokes, Intelled Paramethip         FL           OSE Strokes, Intelled Paramethip         FL <td>New PRP Mezz 2, LLC</td> <td>DE</td>	New PRP Mezz 2, LLC	DE	
65 Mortgape Hollings, Inc.         DE           65 Mortgape Hollings, Inc.         DE           65 Prince, I.I.C         PI           65 Realey, I.I.C         PI           65 Realey, I.I.C         PI           65 Realey, I.I.C         PI           65 Realey, I.I.C         PI           65 Scarbers, I.I.C         PI           65 Farbassa Services, I.I.         PI           65 Far	OBTex Holdings, LLC	TX	
65 Mortgape Hollings, Inc.         DE           65 Mortgape Hollings, Inc.         DE           65 Prince, I.I.C         PI           65 Realey, I.I.C         PI           65 Realey, I.I.C         PI           65 Realey, I.I.C         PI           65 Realey, I.I.C         PI           65 Scarbers, I.I.C         PI           65 Farbassa Services, I.I.         PI           65 Far	Ocean City Outback, Inc.	MD	
68 Natugar Faldings, Inc.         DE           68 Natugar Falds, LLC         FL           68 Rottle, LLC         FL           68 Rottle, LLC         FL           68 Rottle, LLC         FL           68 Rottle, LLC         FL           68 Tarquar, LLC         FL           68 Farbaner Services, Latl         FL           68 Farbaner Services, Latl         FL           69 Flacifia Services, Lot         FL           60 Flacifia Services, Lot         FL           60 Flacifia Services, Lot         FL           60 Flacifia Services, Lot <td></td> <td>FL</td>		FL	
OS Ready, LLC         FL           OS Ready, LLC         FL           OS Souther, LLC         FL           OS Souther, LLC         FL           OST Topford, LLC         FL           OST Conscient Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Connective Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Brains Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Manyland Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Normals Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Collegate Partne	OS Mortgage Holdings, Inc.	DE	
OS Ready, LLC         FL           OS Ready, LLC         FL           OS Souther, LLC         FL           OS Souther, LLC         FL           OST Topford, LLC         FL           OST Conscient Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Connective Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Brains Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Manyland Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Normals Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Service, Limited Partnership         FL           OST Collegate Partne		FL	
OS Stouten, LLC         FL           OS Stouten, LLC         FL           OST Tropteal, LLC         FL           OSF Armanes Services, Lad         FL           OSF Tromate Services, Land         FL           OSF Institute Services, Lad         FL           OSF Institute Services, Land         FL           OSF North Markand Services, Land         FL           OSF North Services, Lands Services, La		FL	
0S Souders, LLC         FL           0S Torget, LLC         FL           0SF Arbanus Services, Lumited Partnership         FL           0SF Florida Services, Ltd         FL           0SF Stations Services, Ltd         FL           0SF Manyland Services, Ltd         FL           0SF Netwards, Lone         FL           0SF Netwards, Limited Partnership         FL           0SF Netwards, Services, Limited Partnership         FL           0SF Okhiboma, Inc.         FL           0SF Castle Carloin Services, Ltd         FL           0SF Castle Carloin Services, Ltd         FL           0SF Team Services, Ltd         FL           0SF Call Carloin Transcoll, Partnership         FL	OS Realty, LLC	FL	
OS Frogical, LLC         FL           OSF Attensies Services, Ltail         FL           OSF Democratical Services, Ltail         FL           OSF Democratical Services, Ltail         FL           OSF Manyland Services, Ltail         FL           OSF Nordas Services, Ltail         FL           OSF Nordas Services, Ltail Telepatroship         FL           OSF Nordas Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Nord Carolina Services, Ltail         FL           OSF Nord Carolina Services, Ltail         FL           OSF Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Tella Services, Ltail	OS Restaurant Services, LLC	FL	
OSF Comector Services, Ind         FL           OSF Comector Services, Lot         FL           OSF Illenia Services, Lot         FL           OSF Manyland Services, Lot         FL           OSF Nobrada, Inc.         FL           OSF Nobrada, Inc.         FL           OSF Nobrada, Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Nobrada, Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Nobrada Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Nobrada, Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Nobrada, Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Nobrada, Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Orlahoma, Bervices, Lot         FL           OSF Orlahoma, Services, Lot         FL           OSF Orlahoma, Services, Lot         FL           OSF Orlahoma, Services, Lot         FL           OSF Texas Services, Lot         FL           OSF Texas Services, Lot         FL           OSF Texas Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Virginia Services, Limited Partnership         FL	OS Southern, LLC	FL	
OSF Commeticat Services, Lind         FL           OSF Blinds Services, Lid         FL           OSF Manyland Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Manyland Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Newslas, Inc.         IT.           OSF Newslas, Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New Percy Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New Percy Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New Long Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New Long Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF OWN Conformal Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Own Conformal Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Teams Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Teams Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Teams Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Teams Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Teams Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Team Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF	OS Tropical, LLC	FL	
OSF Florida Services, I.dd         FL           OSF Maryland Services, I.dd         FL           OSF Nebraska, Inc.         FL           OSF Nebraska Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New Jersy Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New Jersy Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New Jersy Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF OKabana, Inc.         FL           OSF OKabana, Inc.         FL           OSF OKabana, Inc.         FL           OSF Demonytwania Services, I.dd         FL           OSF Texas Services, I.dd         FL           OSF Permy, Services, I.dd         FL           OSF Permy Services, I.dd         FL           OSF (Florid of Sevelana Partnership         FL           OSF (Florid of Sevelana Partnership         FL           OSF (Florid of Sevelana Partnership         FL <t< td=""><td>OSF Arkansas Services, Ltd</td><td>FL</td></t<>	OSF Arkansas Services, Ltd	FL	
OSF Illinois Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Nebrask, Ire         FL           OSF Nebrask, Ire         FL           OSF Nebrask, Ire         FL           OSF New Jercy Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF North Carolina Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Penaly Year Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Penaly Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Penaly Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Under Services, Ltmited Partnership         FL           OSF OFF OFF Detartership         FL           OSF OFF OFF Detartership         FL           OSF Cerls are, Ire         DE           OSI Hold Co. In.         DE	OSF Connecticut Services, Limited Partnership	FL	
OSF Maryland Services, Lind         FL           OSF Newals Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Newal Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Okalborna, Inc.         FL           OSF Okalborna, Inc.         FL           OSF Peans Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Search Carofina Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Texas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Unginna Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Virginia Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF CIGI of Evesham Partnership         FL           OSF CIGI of Evesham Partnership         FL           OSF Hold Co. In.         DE           OSI International, LtC         DE           OSI International, LtC	OSF Florida Services, Ltd	FL	
OSF Nebraska Rivices, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New Yarcies, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Okahoma, Inc.         FL           OSF Pennsy Nation Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Pennsy Nation Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Teas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Units Services, Ltd         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.	OSF Illinois Services, Ltd	FL	
OSF Newbanka Runce         FL           OSF Newbank Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New Jarsey Pervices, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New Jarsey Pervices, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF ORIA Carolina Services, Lid         FL           OSF ORIA Carolina Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Sunds Carolina Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Texas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Texas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Units Services, Ltd         FL           OSF PR Go Objected Patrnership         FL           OSF PR Go Objected Patrnership         FL           OSF PR Go Objected Patrnership         FL           OSF Units Control Certain Patrnership         FL           OSF Loads Collage of Patrnership         FL           OSI HolaCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI HolaCo I, Inc.         DE	OSF Maryland Services, Ltd	FL	
OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Oklahoma, Inc.         FL           OSF Oklahoma, Inc.         FL           OSF Seath Carolina Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Texas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Texas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Unab Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Unab Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Unab Services, Ltd         FL           OSF JUAN Services, Ltmited Partnership         FL           OSF JUAN Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Classam Partnership         FL           OSF Classam Partnership         FL           OSF Loddoco II, Inc.         DE           OSF Holdoco II, Inc.         DE           OSF Holdoco II, Inc.         DE           OSF Holdoco II, Inc.         DE           OSF Holdo		FL	
OSF New York Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Onsh' Carolina Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Pennsylvania Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Sensylvania Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Sensylvania Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Usan's Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Usan's Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF Densylvania Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Deptford Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Lawrenceville Partnership         FL           OSF/CHG of Evelsam Partnership         FL           OSF/CHG of Evelsam Partnership         FL           OSI China Venture         CI           OSI China Venture         CI           OSI Hold Co I, Inc.         DE           OSI Hold Co I, Inc.         DE           OSI Hold Co, Inc.         DE           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback & Carabbe's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback A Careing be signated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Catering, Inc.         FL           Outback Catering, Inc.         DE <td>OSF Nevada Services, Limited Partnership</td> <td>FL</td>	OSF Nevada Services, Limited Partnership	FL	
OSF North Carolina Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Pennsylvania Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Scuth Carolina Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Texas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Unb Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Unb Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Unb Services, Lind Gartnership         FL           OSF Coll of Eveshar Patreeship         FL           OSI China Venture         Cl           OSI China Venture         DE           OSI Coll Suser, Inc.         DE           OSI Hold Coll, Inc.         DE           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           Outhack & Cararbbi 's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outhack & Cararbbi 's	OSF New Jersey Services, Limited Partnership	FL	
OSF Olahoma, Inc.         FL           OSF Pennsylvania Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Description Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Utals Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Utals Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Utals Services, Ltdinited Partnership         FL           OSF/BG of Deptrod Partnership         FL           OSF/BG of Deptrod Partnership         FL           OSF/BG of Lawrenceville Partnership         FL           OSF (CGI of Evenlam Partnership         FL           OSI (Coll sevenlam Partnership         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI Fleming's, LLC         DE           Ost (Sevenlam Partners, LLC         DE           Outback & Carrababa's of New Mexico, Inc.         TX           Outback &		FL	
OSF Olahoma, Inc.         FL           OSF Pennsylvania Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Description Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Utals Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Utals Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Utals Services, Ltdinited Partnership         FL           OSF/BG of Deptrod Partnership         FL           OSF/BG of Deptrod Partnership         FL           OSF/BG of Lawrenceville Partnership         FL           OSF (CGI of Evenlam Partnership         FL           OSI (Coll sevenlam Partnership         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI Fleming's, LLC         DE           Ost (Sevenlam Partners, LLC         DE           Outback & Carrababa's of New Mexico, Inc.         TX           Outback &	OSF North Carolina Services, Ltd	FL	
OSF South Carolina Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Usas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Usas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Virginia Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG Of Deptford Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Lawrenceville Partnership         FL           OSF/ClG of Evesham Partnership         FL           OSF Chair Venture         Cl           OSI China Venture         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI Hold Co. Inc.         DE           OSI Kestaurant Partners, LLC         DE      <		FL	
OSF South Carolina Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Usas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Usas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Virginis Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Deptford Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Lawrenceville Partnership         FL           OSF/CGI of Evesham Partnership         FL           OSF/CGI of Evesham Partnership         FL           OSI China Venture         Cl           OSI China Venture         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI International, LLC         FL           OSI International, LLC         PL           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI International, LLC         PL           OSI Nestaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI Nestaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           Outback Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         TX           Outback Carring Design	OSF Pennsylvania Services, Ltd	FL	
OSF Texas Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Utah Services, Ltd         FL           OSF Vignian Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Deptford Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Lawreneeville Partnership         FL           OSF/CIGI of Evesham Partnership         FL           OSI China Venture         CI           OSI China Venture         DE           OSI China Venture         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Ine.         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Ine.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Ine.         DE           OSI International, LLC         FL           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI/Fleming's, LLC         DE           OSI/Fleming's, LLC         VT           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Ine.         NM           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Ine.         NM           Outback Deverages of Texas, LLC         TX           Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Abansas Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC         KS <td></td> <td>FL</td>		FL	
OSF Virginia Services, Linited Partnership         FL           OSF Virginia Services, Linited Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Deptford Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Lawrenceville Partnership         FL           OSF OFF OFF OF Exham Partnership         FL           OSI China Venture         CI           OSI China Venture         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo II, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI International, LLC         FL           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI Floring's, LLC         DE           OSIVIT, LLC         VT           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback Abeverages of Texas, LLC         TX           Outback Actering Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback International Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas LLC         KS           Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas LLC		FL	
OSF Virginia Services, Limited Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Deptford Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Lawrenceville Partnership         FL           OSF/CIGI of Evesham Partnership         FL           OSI China Venture         CI           OSI China Venture         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI International, LLC         DE           OSI International, LLC         DE           OSI International, LLC         DE           OSI/Fleming's, LLC         DE           OSIVFleming's, LLC         DE           Ostrate, & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback Alabama, Inc.         AL           Outback Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Catering, Inc.         FL           Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Catering, Inc.         FL           Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas D			
OSF/BFG of Lavrenceville Partnership         FL           OSF/BFG of Lavrenceville Partnership         FL           OSF/CIGI of Evesham Partnership         FL           OSI Chi-Isa Venture         CI           OSI Col-Isaver, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo II, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI International, LLC         FL           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSIVFleming's, LLC         DE           OSIVF, LLC         VT           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback Alabama, Inc.         AL           Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC         TX           Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Catering, Inc.         FL           Outback Catering, Inc.         DE           Outback International Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kanasa Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kanasa Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback of Aspen Hill, Inc.         MD           Outback of Calvert County, Inc.         MD		FL	
OSF/BEG of Lawrenceville Partnership         FL           OSF/CIGI of Evesham Partnership         FL           OSI China Venture         CI           OSI Chora Venture         DE           OSI Hold Co I, Inc.         DE           OSI Hold Co II, Inc.         DE           OSI Hold Co, Inc.         DE           OSI International, LLC         FL           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI/Fleming's, LLC         DE           OSIVT, LLC         VT           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         AL           Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC         TX           Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Catering, Inc.         FL           Outback Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Losignated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC		FL	
OSI China Venture         CI           OSI Co-Issuer, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, II, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI International, LLC         DE           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI/Fleming's, LLC         DE           OSIVT, LLC         VT           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC         TX           Outback Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback International Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback International Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback of Calvert County, Inc.         MD		FL	
OSI Co-Issuer, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI International, LLC         FL           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI/Fleming's, LLC         DE           OSIVI, LLC         VT           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback Alabama, Inc.         AL           Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC         TX           Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Catering, Inc.         FL           Outback Catering, Inc.         DE           Outback International Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback International Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas LLC         KS           Outback of Aspen Hill, Inc.         MD           Outback of Calvert County, Inc.         MD	OSF/CIGI of Evesham Partnership	FL	
OSI HoldCo I, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI HoldCo, Inc.         DE           OSI International, LLC         FL           OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC         DE           OSI/Fleming's, LLC         DE           OSSIVT, LLC         VT           Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.         NM           Outback A Carrabba, Inc.         AL           Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC         TX           Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Catering, Inc.         FL           Outback Catering, Inc.         DE           Outback Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback International Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC         DE           Outback Kansas LLC         KS           Outback of Aspen Hill, Inc.         MD           Outback of Calvert County, Inc.         MD	OSI China Venture	CI	
OSI HoldCo, Inc. OE OSI HoldCo, Inc. OE OSI International, LLC OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC OE OSI/Fleming's, LLC OSI/Fleming's, LLC OUtback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc. OUtback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc. OUtback Alabama, Inc. Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC OUtback Catering Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Catering Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Catering, Inc. OUtback Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Designated Partner, LLC OUtback International Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Kansas LLC OUtback Kansas LLC OUtback Catering Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Kansas LLC OUtback Catering Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Kansas LLC OUtback Catering Designated Partner, LLC OUtback Catering Designated Part	OSI Co-Issuer, Inc.	DE	
OSI HoldCo, Inc. OSI International, LLC OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC OSI/Fleming's, LLC OSI/Fleming's, LLC OSSIVT, LLC OUtback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc. Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc. Outback Alabama, Inc. Outback Alabama, Inc. Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC OUtback Catering Designated Partner, LLC Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback International Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Of Aspen Hill, Inc. MD Outback of Calvert County, Inc.	OSI HoldCo I, Inc.	DE	
OSI International, LLC OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC OSI/Fleming's, LLC OSI/Fleming's, LLC OSSIVT, LLC OUTDACK & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc. Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc. Outback Alabama, Inc. Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback International Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Catering, Inc. Outb	OSI HoldCo II, Inc.	DE	
OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC OSI/Fleming's, LLC OSSIVT, LLC Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc. Outback Alabama, Inc. Outback Alabama, Inc. Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback International Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Mansas LLC Outback Of Aspen Hill, Inc. MD Outback of Calvert County, Inc.	OSI HoldCo, Inc.	DE	
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OSSIVT, LLC Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc. Outback Alabama, Inc. Outback Alabama, Inc. Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback International Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Catering, Inc. Outba	OSI Restaurant Partners, LLC	DE	
Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.  Outback Alabama, Inc.  Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC  Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Catering, Inc.  Outback Designated Partner, LLC  Outback International Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Kansas LLC  Outback Kansas LLC  Outback Outback International Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Catering, Inc.  DE  Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Catering, Inc.  MD  Outback of Calvert County, Inc.  MD	OSI/Fleming's, LLC	DE	
Outback Alabama, Inc. Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback International Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Catering, Inc.  MD Outback Catering, Inc.  MD Outback Catering, Inc.  MD	OSSIVT, LLC	VT	
Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback International Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback G Aspen Hill, Inc. MD Outback of Calvert County, Inc. MD	Outback & Carrabba's of New Mexico, Inc.	NM	
Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC Outback Catering, Inc. Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback International Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Galvert County, Inc. DE Outback of Calvert County, Inc.	Outback Alabama, Inc.	AL	
Outback Catering, Inc.  Outback Designated Partner, LLC  Outback International Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Kansas LLC  KS  Outback of Aspen Hill, Inc.  MD  Outback of Calvert County, Inc.	Outback Beverages of Texas, LLC	TX	
Outback Catering, Inc.  Outback Designated Partner, LLC  Outback International Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC  Outback Kansas LLC  KS  Outback of Aspen Hill, Inc.  MD  Outback of Calvert County, Inc.	Outback Catering Designated Partner, LLC	DE	
Outback Designated Partner, LLC Outback International Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas LLC Outback Kansas LLC KS Outback of Aspen Hill, Inc. MD Outback of Calvert County, Inc.			
Outback International Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas Designated Partner, LLC Outback Kansas LLC KS Outback of Aspen Hill, Inc. MD Outback of Calvert County, Inc. MD	-	DE	
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Outback of Aspen Hill, Inc.  Outback of Calvert County, Inc.  MD  MD			
Outback of Calvert County, Inc. MD			
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SUBSIDIARY NAME	STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION
Outback of La Plata, Inc.	MD
Outback of Laurel, LLC	MD
Outback of Waldorf, Inc.	MD
Outback Philippines Development Holdings Corporation	PI
Outback Puerto Rico Designated Partner, LLC	DE
Outback Steakhouse Brasil Participações Ltda.	BR
Outback Steakhouse International Investments, Co.	CI
Outback Steakhouse International Services, LLC	FL
Outback Steakhouse International, L.P.	GA
Outback Steakhouse International, LLC	FL
Outback Steakhouse Korea, Ltd. (f/k/a/ Aussie Chung Ltd.)	КО
Outback Steakhouse of Bowie, Inc.	MD
Outback Steakhouse of Canton, Inc.	MD
Outback Steakhouse of Florida, LLC	FL
Outback Steakhouse of Howard County, Inc.	MD
Outback Steakhouse of Jonesboro, Inc.	AR
Outback Steakhouse of Rogers, Inc.	AR
Outback Steakhouse of Salisbury, Inc.	MD
Outback Steakhouse of St. Mary's County, Inc.	MD
Outback Steakhouse Restaurantes Brasil, S.A. (f/k/a Bloom Holdco)	BR
Outback Steakhouse West Virginia, Inc.	WV
Outback Steakhouse-NYC, Ltd.	FL
Outback/Carrabba's Partnership	FL
Outback/DC, Limited Partnership	FL
Outback/Fleming's Designated Partner, LLC	DE
Outback/Hampton, Limited Partnership	FL
Outback/Mid Atlantic-I, Limited Partnership	FL
Outback/Stone-II, Limited Partnership	FL
Outback-Carrabba's of Hunt Valley, Inc.	MD
Owings Mills Incorporated	MD
Perry Hall Outback, Inc.	MD
Prime Designated Partner, LLC	DE
Prince George's County Outback, Inc.	MD
Private Restaurant Master Lessee, LLC	DE
Private Restaurant Properties, LLC	DE
PRP Holdings, LLC	DE
Snyderman Restaurant Group Inc	NJ
Williamsburg Square Joint Venture	PA
Xuanmei Food and Beverage (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	CN

# CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-3 (No. 333-194295) and S-8 (Nos. 333-183270, 333-187035, 333-194261, 333-202259, 333-209691 and 333-210868) of Bloomin' Brands, Inc. of our report dated February 22, 2017 relating to the financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Tampa, Florida February 22, 2017

#### **CERTIFICATION**

- I, Elizabeth A. Smith, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Bloomin' Brands, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 22, 2017 /s/ Elizabeth A. Smith

Elizabeth A. Smith Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

#### **CERTIFICATION**

### I, David J. Deno, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Bloomin' Brands, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 22, 2017 /s/ David J. Deno

David J. Deno

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Bloomin' Brands, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 25, 2016 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Elizabeth A. Smith, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the dates and periods covered by the Report.

Date: February 22, 2017 /s/ Elizabeth A. Smith

Elizabeth A. Smith Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to, and will be retained by, Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Bloomin' Brands, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 25, 2016 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, David J. Deno, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the dates and periods covered by the Report.

Date: February 22, 2017 /s/ David J. Deno

David J. Deno

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Administrative Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to, and will be retained by, Bloomin' Brands, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.