

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

**FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO
COMMISSION FILE NO. 001-36534**

IRADIMED CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant As Specified In Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)
1025 Willa Springs Drive
Winter Springs, Florida
(Address of principal executive offices)

73-1408526
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

32708
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(407) 677-8022**

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(b) OF THE ACT:

Title of each class:	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered:
Common stock, par value \$0.0001	IRMD	Nasdaq Capital Market

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(g) OF THE ACT: **None.**

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

As of June 30, 2023, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, the aggregate market value of its shares held by non-affiliates was approximately \$378,514,706.

There were 12,662,809 shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, as of February 29, 2024. The registrant's common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the stock symbol "IRMD."

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The information that is required to be included in Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K is incorporated by reference from the registrant's definitive proxy statement for the 2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed by the registrant within 120 days of December 31, 2023. Only those portions of any such definitive proxy statement that are specifically incorporated by reference herein shall constitute a part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

IRADIMED CORPORATION.
TABLE OF CONTENTS TO ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2023

<u>PART I</u>		1
<u>ITEM 1.</u>	<u>BUSINESS</u>	1
<u>ITEM 1A.</u>	<u>RISK FACTORS</u>	20
<u>ITEM 1B.</u>	<u>UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS</u>	42
<u>ITEM 1C.</u>	<u>CYBERSECURITY</u>	42
<u>ITEM 2.</u>	<u>PROPERTIES</u>	43
<u>ITEM 3.</u>	<u>LEGAL PROCEEDINGS</u>	44
<u>ITEM 4.</u>	<u>MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES</u>	44
<u>PART II</u>		45
<u>ITEM 5.</u>	<u>MARKET FOR REGISTRANT’S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES</u>	45
<u>ITEM 6.</u>	<u>[RESERVED]</u>	47
<u>ITEM 7.</u>	<u>MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS</u>	48
<u>ITEM 7A.</u>	<u>QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK</u>	54
<u>ITEM 8.</u>	<u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA</u>	54
<u>ITEM 9.</u>	<u>CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE</u>	54
<u>ITEM 9A.</u>	<u>CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES</u>	55
<u>ITEM 9B.</u>	<u>OTHER INFORMATION</u>	55
<u>ITEM 9C.</u>	<u>DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS</u>	56
<u>PART III</u>		56
<u>ITEM 10.</u>	<u>DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE</u>	56
<u>ITEM 11.</u>	<u>EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION</u>	56
<u>ITEM 12.</u>	<u>SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS</u>	56
<u>ITEM 13.</u>	<u>CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE</u>	56
<u>ITEM 14.</u>	<u>PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES</u>	56
<u>PART IV</u>		57
<u>ITEM 15.</u>	<u>EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES</u>	57
<u>ITEM 16.</u>	<u>FORM 10-K SUMMARY</u>	57
<u>EXHIBIT INDEX</u>		57
<u>SIGNATURES</u>		59
<u>INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>		F-1

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K (this “Form 10-K” or “Annual Report”) within the meaning under Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our management team’s expectations, hopes, beliefs, intentions or strategies regarding the future, projections, forecasts or other characterizations of future events or circumstances, including any underlying assumptions, and are not guarantees of future performance. The words “may,” “will,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “expect,” “continue,” “could,” “estimate,” “future,” “expect,” “intends,” “might,” “plan,” “possible,” “potential,” “aim,” “strive,” “predict,” “project,” “should,” “would” and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking.

The forward-looking statements in this Annual Report include, among other things, statements about:

- our ability to receive 510(k) clearance for our products and product candidates, complete inspections conducted by the U.S. Food & Drug Administration (“FDA”) or other regulatory bodies resulting in favorable outcomes, additional actions by or requests from the FDA, including a request to cease domestic distribution of products, or other regulatory bodies and unanticipated costs or delays associated with the resolution of these matters;
- the timing and likelihood of regulatory approvals or clearances from the FDA or other regulatory bodies and regulatory actions on our product candidates and product marketing activities;
- unexpected costs, expenses and diversion of management attention resulting from actions or requests posed to us by the FDA or other regulatory bodies;
- our primary reliance on a limited number of products;
- our ability to retain the continued service of our key professionals, including key management, marketing and scientific personnel, and to identify, hire and retain such additional qualified professionals;
- our expectations regarding the sales and marketing of our products, product candidates and services;
- our expectations regarding the integrity of our supply chain for our products;
- the potential for adverse application of environmental, health and safety and other laws and regulations of any jurisdiction on our operations;
- our expectations for market acceptance of our new products;
- the potential for our marketed products to be withdrawn due to recalls, patient adverse events or deaths;
- our ability to successfully prepare, file, prosecute, maintain, defend, including in cases of infringement, and enforce patent claims and other intellectual property rights on our products;
- our ability to identify and pursue development of additional products;
- the implementation of our business strategies;
- the potential for exposure to product liability claims;
- our financial performance expectations and interpretations thereof by securities analysts and investors;

[Table of Contents](#)

- our ability to compete in the development and marketing of our products and product candidates with existing companies and new market entrants in our industry;
- difficulties or delays in the development, production, manufacturing and marketing of new or existing products and services, including difficulties or delays associated with obtaining requisite regulatory approvals or clearances associated with those activities;
- changes in laws and regulations or in the interpretation or application of laws or regulations, as well as possible failures to comply with applicable laws or regulations as a result of possible misinterpretations or misapplications;
- cost-containment efforts of our customers, purchasing groups, third-party payers and governmental organizations;
- costs associated with protecting our trade secrets and enforcing our patent, copyright and trademark rights, and successful challenges to the validity of our patents, copyrights or trademarks;
- actions of regulatory bodies and other government authorities, including the FDA and foreign counterparts, that could delay, limit or suspend product development, manufacturing or sales or result in recalls, seizures, consent decrees, injunctions and monetary sanctions;
- costs or claims resulting from potential errors or defects in our manufacturing that may injure persons or damage property or operations, including costs from remediation efforts or recalls;
- the results, consequences, effects or timing of any commercial disputes, patent infringement claims or other legal proceedings or any government investigations;
- interruption in our ability to manufacture our products or an inability to obtain key components or raw materials or increased costs in such key components or raw materials;
- uncertainties in our industry due to the effects of government-driven or mandated healthcare reform;
- competitive pressures in the markets in which we operate;
- potential negative impacts resulting from climate change or other environmental, social and governance and sustainability related matters;
- the impact on our operations and financial results of any public health emergency and any related policies and actions by governments or other third parties;
- breaches or failures of our or our vendors' or customers' information technology systems or products, including by cyber-attack, data leakage, unauthorized access or theft;
- the loss of, or default by, one or more key customers or suppliers;
- unfavorable changes to the terms of key customer or supplier relationships;
- weakening of economic conditions, or the anticipation thereof, that could adversely affect the level of demand for our products;
- geopolitical risks, including from international conflicts and upcoming elections in the United States and other countries, which could, among other things, lead to increased market volatility; and

[Table of Contents](#)

- other risks detailed in our filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”).

We have included important factors in the cautionary statements included in this Annual Report, particularly in “Item 1A. Risk Factors”, that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from the forward-looking statements that we make. You should read this Form 10-K and the documents that we have filed as exhibits to this Annual Report completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. These forward-looking statements are based on information available as of the date of this Form 10-K, and current expectations, forecasts and assumptions, and involve a number of judgments, risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any subsequent date, and we do not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date they were made, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

Overview

IRADIMED CORPORATION (“IRadimed”, the “Company,” “we,” “us,” “our” or similar terms) develops, manufactures, markets and distributes Magnetic Resonance Imaging (“MRI”) compatible medical devices and related accessories, disposables and services relating to them. We were incorporated in Oklahoma in July 1992 and reincorporated in Delaware in April 2014.

MRidium 3860+ MRI Compatible IV Infusion Pump System

We are the only known provider of a non-magnetic intravenous (“IV”) infusion pump system that is specifically designed to be safe for use during MRI procedures. We were the first to develop an infusion delivery system that largely eliminates many of the dangers and problems present during MRI procedures. Standard infusion pumps contain magnetic and electronic components which can create radio frequency interference and are dangerous to operate in the presence of the powerful magnet that drives an MRI system. Our patented MRidium® MRI compatible IV infusion pump system has been designed with a non-magnetic ultrasonic motor, uniquely designed non-ferrous parts and other special features to safely and predictably deliver anesthesia and other IV fluids during various MRI procedures. Our pump solution provides a seamless approach that enables accurate, safe and dependable fluid delivery before, during and after an MRI scan, which is important to critically ill patients who cannot be removed from their vital medications, and children and infants who must generally be sedated to remain immobile during an MRI scan.

Each IV infusion pump system consists of an MRidium® MRI compatible IV infusion pump, non-magnetic mobile stand, proprietary disposable IV tubing sets and many of these systems contain additional optional upgrade accessories.

IRadimed 3880 MRI Compatible Patient Vital Signs Monitoring System

Our 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system has been designed with non-magnetic components and other special features to safely and accurately monitor a patient’s vital signs during various MRI procedures. The IRADIMED 3880 system operates dependably in magnetic fields up to 30,000 gauss, which means it can operate virtually anywhere in the MRI scanner room. The IRADIMED 3880 has a compact, lightweight design allowing it to travel with the patient from their critical care unit to the MRI and back, resulting in increased patient safety through uninterrupted vital signs monitoring and decreasing the amount of time critically ill patients are away from critical care units. The features of the IRADIMED 3880 include: wireless Electrocardiogram (“ECG”) with dynamic gradient filtering; wireless blood oxygen saturation monitoring (“SpO2”) using Masimo® algorithms; non-magnetic respiratory CO2; invasive and non-invasive blood pressure; patient temperature; and optional advanced multi-gas anesthetic agent unit featuring continuous Minimum Alveolar Concentration measurements. The IRADIMED 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system has an easy-to-use design and allows for the effective communication of patient vital signs information to clinicians.

With the expanding use of MRI procedures, both traditional procedures, and intraoperative and interventional procedures, safe and reliable infusion delivery and patient monitoring in an MRI environment is becoming increasingly important to hospitals and other medical providers. Our founder, President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors, Roger Susi, is a pioneer in the MRI compatible medical device industry, having invented the first MRI compatible patient monitoring system in 1986 and the first non-magnetic MRI compatible IV infusion system in 2004.

We sell our products primarily to hospitals and acute care facilities, both in the United States and internationally. We currently employ a direct sales strategy in the United States and as of December 31, 2023, our direct sales force consisted of 25 field sales representatives, supported by 3 regional sales directors, and supplemented by 7

[Table of Contents](#)

clinical application specialists. Internationally, we market our products into approximately 80 countries through the use of independent distributors.

As of December 31, 2023, we have sold approximately 7,196 MRI compatible IV infusion pump systems and approximately 2,166 of our 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring systems.

We generate revenue from the sale of MRI compatible medical devices and related accessories, extended warranty agreements, services related to maintaining our products and the sale of disposable products used with our devices. In fiscal year 2023, our revenue was \$65.6 million and our income from operations was \$20.0 million representing an operating profit margin of 30.5 percent. Refer to the information contained under the caption “Financial Highlights and Outlook” regarding our outlook for 2024.

Our internet website is www.iradimed.com. We make available on the Investors section of our website, free of charge, our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and Proxy Statements, and amendments to those reports, as soon as reasonably practicable after filing such documents with, or furnishing such documents to, the SEC. We include our website address throughout this filing for reference only. The information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference to this report.

History and Development

Mr. Susi founded Invivo Research Inc. in 1979 where he developed the first MRI compatible patient monitoring system. Mr. Susi served as the President of Invivo Research Inc. from 1979 until 1998, and as its Chairman of the Board of Directors from 1998 until 2000. Under Mr. Susi’s leadership, Invivo Research matured from a start-up medical device company into a leading producer of vital signs monitoring devices used during MRI procedures. Invivo Research Inc. was acquired by Invivo Corporation (“Invivo”) in 1992, which began trading on the Nasdaq Capital Market (“Nasdaq”) in 1994. Mr. Susi served as a Director of Invivo Corporation from 1998 until 2000 and oversaw technical areas from 2000 to 2004. Invivo Corporation was acquired by Intermagnetics General Corporation in 2004, which was later acquired by Koninklijke Philips NV (NYSE: PHG).

Mr. Susi began exploring the market for an MRI compatible IV infusion pump while at Invivo. Invivo subsequently disclaimed any interest in the infusion pump and acknowledged that Mr. Susi was free to pursue the infusion pump development for his own account. Accordingly, Mr. Susi began the formal and detailed development of what subsequently has become our MRidium MRI compatible IV infusion pump system. This first-generation MRI compatible IV infusion pump system and its associated proprietary IV tubing sets obtained FDA 510(k) clearance in March 2005 after which we began our sales and marketing efforts.

We commenced international sales through a network of distributors and in 2006; we signed an exclusive distribution agreement with Mallinckrodt/Tyco Healthcare (now part of Medtronic plc (NYSE: MDT)) for domestic and Canadian distribution of our products including the MRidium 3850 MRI compatible IV infusion pump system (the predecessor to our current 3860+ model). The exclusive arrangement ended in 2010, allowing us to implement a direct marketing strategy with our own sales force in the U.S.

In 2009, we introduced our second-generation MRI compatible IV infusion pump system, the MRidium 3860+ which improved upon the previous 3850 version in several areas, including the addition of SpO2 monitoring, and remote wireless monitoring capability. An SpO2 monitor can signal when an insufficient level of oxygen is being supplied to the body. Our MRidium 3860+ is the only MRI compatible IV infusion pump system on the market today.

In 2014, we began developing our own MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system (“3880 Monitor”). Using current and new technologies, and our trade secrets, we believe our 3880 Monitor improves on the design of other MRI compatible vital signs monitors. Our 3880 Monitor is compact and lightweight, overcoming many of the workflow issues created by other larger and heavier MRI compatible monitors currently in the market. In December 2016, we made our first shipments of the 3880 Monitor to international customers. In October 2017, we received FDA 510(k) clearance for our 3880 Monitor and immediately began our direct selling efforts in the United States.

In 2022, we introduced our ferromagnetic detection device, IRadimed FMD1 3600 with Remote Alarm Logging Unit, (“RALU”). This is the first ferromagnetic detection device with TruSense™ threat qualification technology. This technology predicts an approaching ferrous hazard by uniquely sensing a threat’s speed, trajectory, and Zone IV door status reducing false alarms, all while simultaneously circumventing background magnetic field noise.

Industry

We currently compete in the MRI compatible medical device market.

Need for MRI Compatible IV Infusion Pumps and Vital Signs Monitors

MRI is a widely used, non-invasive medical imaging technique to visualize vital organs, bodily function and to identify blockages, abnormalities, and growths. MRI is generally considered safer than other scanning techniques that expose the body to radiation. This is particularly true for children. As such, practitioners at hospitals and other medical facilities have been increasingly developing and using MRI for new procedures. These procedures include cardiac stress testing, intraoperative MRI and neurology MRI techniques. Our MRI compatible products offer a way to continuously deliver essential IV fluids safely and accurately while also monitoring the vital signs of critically ill or sedated patients, thereby allowing the expanded use of MRI procedures, better or quicker diagnoses and treatments that may lead to shorter hospital stays resulting in lower health care costs.

While the benefits and uses of interventional magnetic resonance (“MR”) are known, there are hazards intrinsic to the MR environment which must be respected. These hazards may be attributed to a powerful static magnetic field, pulsed gradient magnetic fields, and pulsed radio frequency fields. The MRI suite is a harsh place for medical devices, and safe and proper patient care requires specialty equipment that is specifically designed and built for the MR environment. Many of the dangers and problems present in the MR environment can be solved through use of non-magnetic equipment that have operational safeguards and that maintain performance standards within a harsh magnetic environment while simultaneously maintaining patient safety. Designing MRI compatible medical devices that operate safely and effectively in the MR environment requires overcoming significant technical hurdles.

Intravenous fluids and vital signs monitoring are needed during MRI procedures for many different reasons. Infusion pumps provide sedation to patients who are not able to remain immobile during an MRI scan and to deliver a continuous flow of critical medications to seriously ill patients, including those from critical care departments. Given the benefits to patient safety, radiology departments performing the scan, anesthesia departments delivering sedation and critical care specialists responsible for delivering critical medications during MRI procedures often initiate requests for an MRI compatible IV infusion pump. Additionally, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations requires monitoring of a patient’s vital signs while under sedation. Further, vital signs monitoring is also required when the patient’s condition prevents them from alerting clinicians when experiencing pain, respiratory problems, cardiac distress or other difficulties that may arise during an MRI scan.

Standard Infusion Pumps and Other Inadequate Alternatives

For those medical facilities that do not currently own an MRI compatible IV infusion pump, there are five general methods that are used to deal with patients that are candidates for an MRI requiring IV medications or sedation during their imaging procedure: (1) do not offer MRI treatment to such patients; (2) use standard (magnetic) pumps with long IV lines that extend outside the MRI scanner room; (3) proceed and accept patients for an MRI procedure, but stop the flow of IV fluids during the procedure; (4) allow the gravity controlled free drip of IV fluids; and (5) attempt to shield a conventional IV infusion pump. All these approaches have drawbacks, introduce safety risks and may result in patient harm.

Use of multiple lengths of extension tubing can cause infusion inaccuracies, unnecessary waste of costly medications and false alarms or, more seriously, delayed alarms for equipment issues such as occlusion, especially when low flow rates are being used. Such makeshift extension sets can also affect the effectiveness of fluid delivery. A clinician’s adjustment of dosage and other settings may take longer to reach the patient due to the over-extended tubing.

[Table of Contents](#)

Further, there are risks in using a standard IV infusion pump that is mistakenly believed to be at a safe distance from the MR scanner. The powerful magnetic fields may cause metal objects in the MR environment to be drawn with great force into the bore of the MRI system, resulting in potentially deadly projectiles. Moreover, an MRI scanner's gradient magnetic field and radiofrequency ("RF") fields can send electrical currents through cables and other conductive materials that are near the MRI system and cause the cables to heat, which may result in burns if they come into contact with the patient or facility staff.

Other problems include devices malfunctioning if they are not properly designed for use in the harsh MR environment and low-quality MR images due to artifacts caused by RF interference emitted from ancillary equipment.

To deal with the harsh environment of MR, some manufacturers have offered a "shielded box" solution (also known as a Faraday cage) for use with their standard IV pumps, but the approach has not been widely accepted by customers. The major problem with this approach is that a highly magnetic standard IV infusion pump is still being introduced into a hazardous MRI environment, which can lead to projectile accidents. Additionally, placing a highly magnetic standard IV infusion pump inside a shielded box hinders an operator's ability to determine the pump's status and creates inefficiencies when addressing an alarm or revising a pump's flow rate. Moreover, a Faraday cage with a standard IV infusion pump must be kept approximately 5 to 10 feet from the scanner, which may result in the use of long IV lines. By contrast, our MRI compatible IV infusion pump system can be safely placed and operated anywhere in the scanner room including next to the scanner.

We believe that our MRidium MRI compatible IV infusion pump system is the first and only product to provide an easy-to-operate, non-magnetic, safe and RF-quiet solution.

Market Opportunities

Addressable Market

MRI Compatible IV Infusion Pump

We view our MRI compatible IV infusion pump primarily as a patient and staff safety device. Accordingly, we do not actively market our IV infusion pump system in countries that we believe do not have a minimum level of patient safety standards to warrant a device like ours. We estimate there is the potential for the sale of approximately 27,350 MRI compatible IV infusion pump systems based on the number of MRI scanners installed globally in acute care facilities of sufficient sophistication as to be considered supporting favorable market conditions for utilization of our MRI compatible IV infusion pump system. Additionally, based on historical sales data and customer purchasing behaviors, we believe, that with our direct U.S. sales team, there is potential for sales of our MRI compatible IV infusion pump system within critical care departments of U.S. hospitals (refer to the section below titled *Expansion of Intra-Hospital Use of MRI Compatible Devices*). Based on an estimate of the number of critical care departments in the U.S., we believe there is the potential for the continued sales of our MRI compatible IV infusion pump systems.

MRI Compatible Patient Vital Signs Monitor

The market for MRI compatible multi-parameter vital signs monitors is well-developed and more subject to replacement cycles than new adoptions. As with our MRI compatible IV infusion pump, we also consider our MRI compatible multi-parameter vital signs monitor primarily as a patient safety device. Accordingly, we do not actively market our MRI vital signs monitor in countries that we believe do not have a minimum level of patient safety standards to warrant a device like ours. We estimate there is the potential for the sale of approximately 27,350 MRI vital signs monitoring systems based on the number of MRI scanners installed globally in acute care facilities of sufficient sophistication as to be considered supporting favorable market conditions for utilization of our MRI vital signs monitoring system. Additionally, based on historical sales data and customer purchasing behaviors, we believe, that with our direct U.S. sales team, there is potential for sales of our MRI vital signs monitoring system within critical care departments of U.S. hospitals (refer to the section below titled *Expansion of Intra-Hospital Use of MRI Compatible Devices*). Based on an estimate the number of critical care departments in the U.S. and an estimate of the anticipated

adoption rate in these critical care departments, we believe there is potential for additional sales of our MRI vital signs monitoring systems.

Expansion of Intra-Hospital Use of MRI Compatible Devices

Historically, we marketed our MRI compatible devices primarily to the MRI departments of U.S. hospitals. We believe, however, based on feedback and historical successes selling our devices, that there is continued potential for expanded deployment of our MRI compatible IV infusion pumps and MRI compatible monitors within the Intensive Care Unit (ICU), Emergency Room (ER), and other critical care departments within U.S. hospitals where there is a high probability that MRI procedures will need to be performed on these patients. These additional call points within the critical care areas of a hospital often result in additional sales into radiology. Additionally, expanded use of our MRI compatible medical devices could serve as a type of transport package and allow for consistent and uninterrupted administration of IV fluids and monitoring of vital signs, allowing for easier and safer intra-hospital transport of patients to and from the MRI scanner.

It is often necessary for a patient in a critical care department of the hospital who is connected to a standard vital signs monitor and a standard IV infusion pump that is delivering critical medications to be quickly moved to the MRI facility for immediate imaging. The presence of our MRI compatible medical devices in those critical care departments enables the orderly and rapid transfer between those standard medical devices to our 3880 Monitor and MRidium MRI compatible IV infusion pump in the critical care department prior to transporting the patient for an MRI. Seriously ill patients are generally at higher risk when they are away from the resources of critical care departments, and efficient transfers to MRI compatible devices while the patient is in the critical care environment minimizes the time the patient spends away from the critical care department.

We believe there is a higher occurrence of equipment-related adverse events during the intra-hospital transport of critically ill patients. We therefore believe that placing our MRI compatible devices in critical care departments could reduce patient adverse events associated with vital signs monitors and IV pump transfers typically performed within MRI departments.

Some hospitals use MRI during surgical procedures. Neurosurgical interventions have been at the forefront of this development in image-guided surgery, followed by otolaryngological procedures. As MR-guided intervention during surgery has been deployed, the degree of complexity in supplemental devices has increased markedly. Much of the effort required for successful implementation of intraoperative MRI has been in development and testing of anesthesia equipment, patient monitoring devices, infusion pumps and surgical instruments and accessories, all of which need to be MRI compatible if used near the MRI scanner. Intraoperative MRI is expanding demand for our MRI compatible devices from the MRI suite to the surgical suite of the hospital.

Strategy

Company Objective

Our objective is to become the leader in providing safe and effective care for all patients undergoing MRI procedures through the development and commercialization of a portfolio of MRI compatible products, accessories, disposables, and related services. By increasing the safety parameters of equipment operating within the harsh magnetic environment of the MRI scanner room, we hope to enable hospitals and other healthcare providers to offer the MRI diagnostic procedures patients require. We believe our current products increase the safety of performing MRI diagnostics for patients by minimizing potential complications with IV infusions, vital signs monitoring, and detection of metals possessing ferromagnetism.

[Table of Contents](#)

We seek to grow our business by, among other things:

Driving market awareness of our MRI compatible IV infusion pump and the safety risks associated with using conventional IV pumps with long IV lines.

We believe that the largest potential market for our MRI compatible IV infusion pumps is the segment of the market that is currently using workaround solutions. Such solutions include using conventional pumps outside the MRI scanner room and attaching multiple extension lines of IV tubing sets through the wall or under the door into the MRI scanner room to reach the patient. This practice of makeshift setups is fraught with risks to the patient and unnecessary costs and inefficiencies. These risks and inefficiencies include:

- Infection risk from running lengthy IV tubing sets with multiple extensions through the wall or under the door;
- Risk of inaccurate dose delivery from using a conventional IV infusion pump with multiple extension lines;
- Potential medication occlusion and lengthy alarm notification delays due to multiple extension lines, posing great risks to patients on critical medications;
- Excess medication costs due to the disposal of multiple extension IV tubing sets filled with unused medication at the end of the procedure; and
- Lost productivity and MRI scanning time due to the lengthy set up time required for multiple extension lines.

We believe that increased market awareness and education will be required for potential customers to appreciate the value for patients and the hospital of an efficient and patient-safe MRI environment, which includes MRI compatible IV infusion pumps.

Driving market awareness of our MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system

We believe our 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system creates customer value by resolving significant workflow issues through the additional utilization achievable with our MRI monitor that is not possible with other MRI monitors. Our 3880 Monitor's compact and lightweight design facilitates the use of multiple monitors to support a single MRI scanner as well as the transportation of patients from their critical care unit to the MRI and back, resulting in increased patient safety through uninterrupted vital signs monitoring and decreasing the amount of time critically ill patients are away from critical care units. Because of the transport capabilities that only our small-sized 3880 Monitor offers, we believe multiple departments within a hospital will be interested in purchasing our device. Other MRI monitors are too large and heavy for use in patient transport scenarios are therefore typically only located in the MRI departments of hospitals.

Continuing to innovate with MRI compatible patient care products.

Our management team has a significant amount of experience developing and commercializing MRI compatible products. We have entrenched relationships with several of the industry's top thought leaders and we have, and will continue to, closely collaborate with them to build upon IRADIMED's innovative MRI compatible technologies. We intend to leverage this experience and collaboration to innovate and commercialize other technologically advanced MRI compatible patient care products. The recent introduction of our Ferromagnetic Detection system ("FMD") is an example of this expansion.

When reasonably available, acquiring synergistic MRI patient care companies, products, or technology licenses to accelerate our product development and leverage our existing sales organization.

We have an experienced team of engineering and operations managers committed to improving on existing MRI patient care designs through our internal development efforts and the possible acquisition of technologies and intellectual property of others. We have a direct sales organization in the U.S. and a team of experienced international distributors that we believe can effectively go to market with additional MRI compatible patient care products. While we have not completed an acquisition, we evaluate such opportunities from time to time that might improve our value to customers via a larger product offering.

Commercial Strategy

We believe that the MRI compatible IV infusion pump market continues to have growth potential given the low rate of market penetration, and we aim to drive increased awareness, adoption and utilization of our MRI compatible products by:

Continued development of our MRI-focused U.S. direct sales force and our international sales efforts

We believe the most meaningful aspect of our commercialization strategy in the U.S. is the continued development of the market through driving awareness and education by our direct sales force. Since there is no current direct competitor for an MRI compatible IV infusion pump, our focus is on expanding the market through better education on the advantages to patients, clinicians and hospitals of our infusion pump solution and the shortcomings of current workaround practices. Additionally, with our 3880 Monitor, we focus on educating customers on the total workflow benefits our devices offer and how our devices increase the efficiency of MRI scanners via patient throughput.

As business progress dictates, we intend to add to our specialized, MRI product-focused direct sales team, including our supporting clinical application specialists. We believe that we can significantly increase sales of our MRI compatible medical devices by continuing to call on critical care departments, which may help influence hospitals' purchasing decisions. We believe that this strategy is likely expanding the number of acute care facilities using our MRI compatible products and increasing the average number of MRI compatible IV infusion pumps and monitors per MRI scanner.

Internationally, our focus is to continue working with our distributors in key target markets, such as Europe and Asia, to expand the business and augment our market penetration rates. As business progress dictates, we plan to expand our internal capacity to serve high potential markets by adding dedicated resources located outside the U.S. to oversee our relationships at the local level.

Supporting commercial efforts with evidence-based information

We focus our sales team on educating customers on the safety and efficiency benefits of using our MRI compatible products. To assist in the education process, we have developed materials that document the risks and additional costs associated with using a workaround solution of running long lines from conventional IV pumps outside the MRI scanner room. We are also continuing the development of and enhancing our materials documenting the benefits of uninterrupted vital signs monitoring that allows for easy transfer of critically ill patients from critical care to the MRI scanner room and back. We believe this kind of evidence-based documentation will help us provide widespread education to the clinicians that are driving clinical practice. We also believe that documented evidence will serve to inform the quality and risk management leaders in these organizations, which in turn may help drive the overall adoption of our MRI compatible products.

Providing best in class customer service and user experience

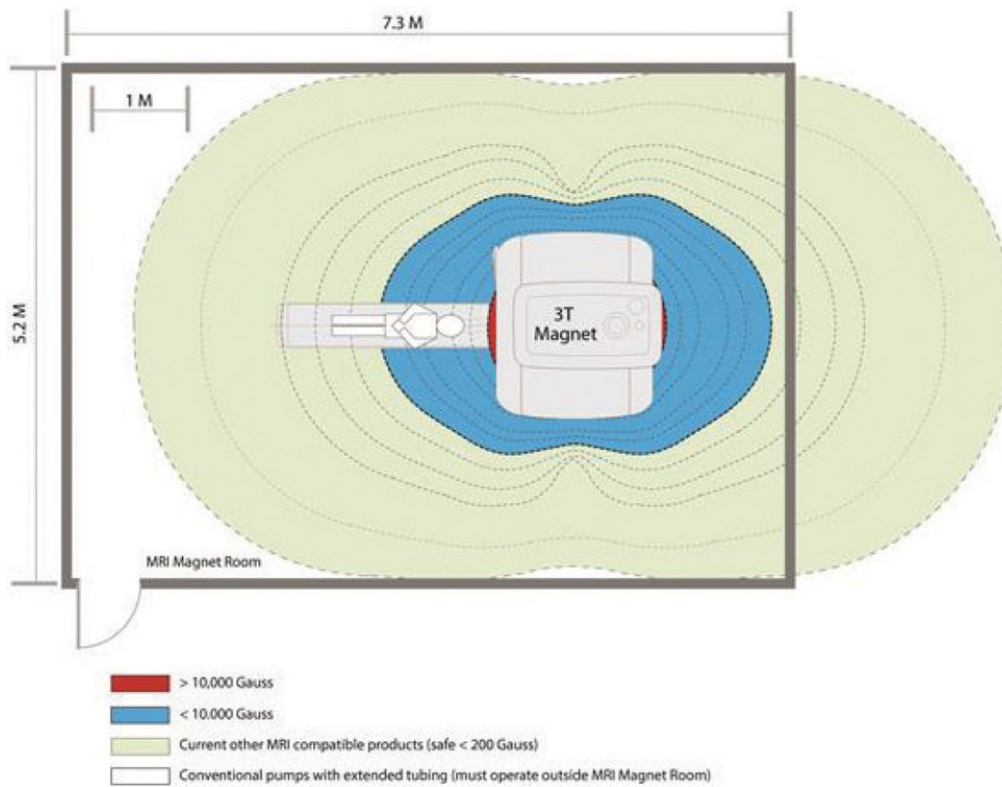
We believe that the expectations of our customers for service and a superior user experience have risen with the advancement of technology. Once a customer purchases our products, it is imperative that they receive first-class clinical education and support to encourage usage of our products. We devote a significant amount of time and training to ensure

that this educational experience is a success. This training is usually performed by our sales staff with the frequent assistance of our clinical application specialists. We intend to hire more clinical application specialists to strengthen our initial training experience and increase ongoing customer support. We believe that a positive user experience is critical to driving increased rates of utilization of our products.

Our Products

Typical MRI Scanner Room

The following diagram is representation of an aerial view of a typical MRI scanner room with a typical three Tesla magnet. The gauss-lines illustrate the distance from the magnet where various types of medical devices can safely operate. Our 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitor is the only MRI monitor that can operate safely and reliably in very close proximity to the bore of the powerful magnet used to operate the MRI (area shown in red). Additionally, our MRidium MRI compatible IV infusion pump is the only pump on the market approved to operate safely and reliably near the patient (area shown in blue). All other pumps must be placed at a distance from the MRI scanner, which may include being outside of the scanner room entirely.



We currently offer three primary products for sale: (1) our MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump system with associated disposable IV tubing sets, (2) our 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system with associated disposable products, and (3) our 3600 FMD1 with RALU ferromagnetic detection device.

MRidium MRI Compatible IV Infusion Pump System

The patented MRidium MRI compatible IV infusion pump system is based upon a non-magnetic, ultrasonic motor and other uniquely designed non-ferrous parts to provide accurate and dependable fluid delivery to patients undergoing an MRI procedure. Our MRidium MRI compatible IV infusion pump system has been designed to offer numerous advantages to hospitals, clinicians, and patients. MRidium's strengths include the following:

- The only non-magnetic MRI compatible IV infusion pump system specifically designed and built to operate inside the MR environment.
- A mobile, rugged, easy-to-operate, and reliable system with a strong safety record.
- Able to operate virtually anywhere in the MRI scanner room; approved for use in the presence of 0.2T to 3T magnets and fully operational up to the 10,000 gauss-line.
- Available with a Dose Error Reduction System ("DERS") to reduce the risk of medication errors and simplify clinician monitoring.
- Available with a wireless remote display/control providing clinicians and technicians control and visibility from outside of the MRI scanner room.
- Available with an add-on channel (3861 Side Car Module) allowing for the easy addition of a second IV line for patients requiring multiple IV medications at a low incremental cost to the hospital.
- Available with a built-in SpO2 monitor using Masimo SET® technology and a specially designed fiber optic SpO2 sensor allowing one device to monitor oxygen saturation levels while safely providing IV infusion during an MRI procedure.

Our MRI compatible IV infusion pump system includes the 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump, proprietary single-use IV tubing sets, a non-magnetic pole and a lithium battery. In addition, we offer optional upgrade systems including the 3861 Side Car, 3865 Remote Display/Control, DERS and an SpO2 monitor as discussed below.

MRidium 3860+ MRI Compatible IV Infusion Pump

The MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump was introduced in 2009 and improved upon the performance and features of our first generation MRidium 3850 MRI compatible IV infusion pump. The MRidium 3860+ pump system can operate dependably in the presence of 0.2T to 3T magnets and is fully operational up to the 10,000 gauss-line. This means our MRidium 3860+ is highly versatile and can operate virtually anywhere in the MRI scanner room, including close to the MRI scanner. The MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump system has a 10-key numeric input keypad making our system easy to accurately program and operate. Our pumping range of 0.1 mL per hour to 1,400 mL per hour provides a broad range of fluid flow control. Our broad range of infusion rates support differing patient needs including low levels for pediatric sedation, mid-levels for continued IV infusion of medications to critically ill patients and high levels in the event of emergency situations. Our MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump system offers a dose rate calculator, bolus dose programming, full alarm settings, and a rechargeable battery with a 12-hour life.

MRidium 3860+ IV Tubing Sets

The MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump system utilizes proprietary fluid delivery tubing sets, each known as an "IV tubing set." Each use of our MRI compatible IV infusion pump requires a disposable IV tubing set. We offer a variety of IV tubing sets for varying infusion scenarios and these include our standard "spike" infusion

[Table of Contents](#)

set, syringe adapter infusion set and extension infusion set. Each of our IV tubing sets is latex-free and Di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (DEHP)-free.

- *MRidium 1056 Standard Infusion Set.* Our standard “spike” infusion set features the ability to accurately deliver liquids from either a bottle or IV bag. The 1056 standard infusion set contains two needle-free injection ports and is typically used when starting a new infusion from a bottle or bag.
- *MRidium 1057 Syringe Adapter Infusion Set.* Our syringe adapter IV set enables users to provide accurate delivery of IV fluids directly from standard syringes. The 1057 vented syringe adapter set benefits from a low priming volume of 4 ml, which minimizes inefficient waste of medication. This product is most commonly used for cardiac medications, anesthesia, and pediatric drug delivery.
- *MRidium 1058 Extension Infusion Set.* Our extension infusion set allows users to transfer a patient on a standard infusion pump to our MRI compatible IV infusion pump. The user simply disconnects the existing IV tubing at the patient site and primes and connects the MRidium extension set to the existing IV tubing. Once removed from the conventional infusion pump and connected to our MRidium MRI compatible IV infusion pump, the user can program the pump and begin the infusion. The 1058 extension set includes one needle-free injection port and is typically used to provide uninterrupted critical medications to a severely ill patient during an MRI procedure.

MR IV Pole

We offer a fully functional and weighted non-magnetic IV pole that is designed for mobility within the hospital and the MRI scanner room. The IV pole can support two MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pumps, each with a 3861 Side Car Pump Module. The IV pole is 66 inches (1.68 meters) high, stabilized with a wide pole radius and mobilized with five casters designed to roll easily during transport. The IV pole is equipped with four hooks for holding fluid bags.

Optional Features

Our 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump system gives customers the ability to adapt their systems to meet their specific needs. In addition to our standard product features, we also offer system upgrades which include a modular add-on second IV channel through our 3861 Side Car, a wireless remote control/display, DERS and an imbedded SpO2 monitor. We also offer rechargeable lithium polymer battery packs which have 12-hour life when not connected to an electrical outlet.

3861 Side Car Pump Module

Our Side Car Pump Module can be attached to our 3860+ MRidium MRI compatible IV infusion pump to provide a second channel for infusion delivery. This flexible option allows hospitals to convert their single-channel infusion pump into a dual-channel system designed to deliver both large and small volume fluids in the MRI scanner room. The side car is fully functional with our 3865 MRidium Wireless Remote, allowing clinicians the ability to control both channels with one remote control unit outside of the MRI scanner room. The additional delivery line has all of the same features and benefits as the 3860+ MRidium MRI compatible IV infusion pump, as described above.

3865 MRidium Wireless Remote Display/Control

Our wireless remote display/control unit allows for complete control and monitoring of the MRidium MRI compatible IV infusion pump system from the control room (outside of the MRI scanner room). The 3865 MRidium Wireless Remote relays all commands via a single channel and displays information bi-directionally between the MRI compatible IV infusion pump and the remote display/control unit. Utilizing the same user interface and large bright display as the MRidium pump, our wireless remote display/control unit permits clinicians to adjust all pump parameters, including SpO2 monitoring parameters, rates, dose, volume, pump run/stop, alarms (adjust or reset), as well as real-time titration. Our remote display/control unit utilizes a proven MRI compatible 2.4 GHz frequency hopping spread spectrum

[Table of Contents](#)

radio technology for artifact-free operation that does not disturb the MRI imaging process. Clinicians may also use the remote display/control unit to adjust a second pump channel when used in combination with our Side Car unit discussed above. Our 3865 MRidium Wireless Remote also functions as a battery charger for our MRidium battery pack.

Dose Error Reduction System (DERS)

Our DERS software for use with our MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump system incorporates the latest dosing safety features for patients. The DERS system enables users to create a unique drug library and establish nominal values and limits for dose and concentration for specified infusion protocols. With DERS, patient safety and user convenience are supported by user-programmed infusion hard limits (maximum and minimum) and soft limits (high and low limits that require user confirmation to exceed). The dose applied via DERS is displayed and can be adjusted directly on the running screen at any time during the infusion. The memory card port allows for easy archiving and updating of the drug library.

SpO2 Monitoring with Sensor and Accessories

Our MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump system also offers state-of-the-art Masimo SET® SpO2™ capability providing a unique ability to have SpO2 monitoring and IV delivery combined in one unit. This feature offers users the ability to start sedations outside of the MRI scanner room, transport to the scanner, and then back to recovery without having to discontinue SpO2 monitoring of the patient. In addition, our fiber optic MRI SpO2 sensor and accessories provide a safe connection between the patient and our MRI compatible IV infusion pumps. This fiber optic based SpO2 sensor delivers outstanding performance while avoiding potentially hazardous heating or image artifact during MRI scans. The method of patient attachment uses a medical-grade silicone rubber sensor grip that allows easy and convenient attachment to the patient's hand or foot, and accommodates pediatric, adult, and infant patients with various size grips.

We believe our MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump system and its customizable features comprehensively and uniquely address the needs of MRI departments within hospitals and other medical facilities.

MRI Compatible Patient Vital Signs Monitoring System

Our 3880 Monitor has been designed with non-magnetic components and other special features to monitor a patient's vital signs safely and accurately during various MRI procedures. The 3880 Monitor system is fully operational in magnetic fields up to 30,000 gauss, which means it can operate virtually anywhere in the MRI scanner room (see above diagram).

Our 3880 Monitor has a compact, lightweight design allowing it to travel with the patient from the critical care unit, to the MRI and back, resulting in increased patient safety through uninterrupted vital signs monitoring and decreasing the amount of time critically ill patients are away from critical care units.

The basic configuration of the 3880 Monitor includes wireless ECG with dynamic gradient filtering, wireless SpO2 using Masimo® algorithms, and non-invasive blood pressure. Optional features include all or a combination of non-magnetic respiratory CO2; invasive blood pressure; patient temperature, and/or optional advanced multi-gas anesthetic agent unit featuring continuous Minimum Alveolar Concentration measurements.

The MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system also includes: (1) an extended range remote tablet that allows for remote monitoring from outside the MRI scanner room; (2) a base station control center that facilitates printing, wireless communications between the remote tablet and the monitor, and acts as a battery charger for the remote tablet; and (3) wireless ECG, SpO2 and invasive blood pressure pods that facilitate the respective monitoring modalities.

IRadimed FMD1 with Remote Alarm Logging Unit (“RALU”)

Our 3600 ferromagnetic detection device, IRadimed FMD1 with RALU is the first ferromagnetic detection device with TruSense™ threat qualification technology. Our patent pending TruSense™ technology predicts an approaching ferrous hazard by uniquely sensing a threat’s speed, trajectory, and Zone IV door status. with IRadimed’s expertise in Dynamic Signal Processing. This technology reduces false alarms, all while simultaneously circumventing background magnetic field noise. The 3600 can be self-installed and does not require drilling, special tools, permits or contractors like traditional FMD systems.

The wireless touchscreen, RALU is unique in the industry and provides a full color visual representation of the MRI door and FMD status. When an incident occurs, this wireless touchscreen uniquely allows users to quickly and easily log all ferrous items as they enter the MRI Zone IV improving the reporting accuracy hospitals require for accreditation.

Intellectual Property

We protect our proprietary technology through a combination of patents, trade secrets and confidentiality agreements. During the development of our products, our founder, President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors, Roger Susi, obtained a number of patents regarding our MRI compatible IV infusion pump and related systems. Mr. Susi has irrevocably assigned these patents to us.

We have 16 issued U.S. patents and 4 issued foreign patents with remaining lives that range from 1 to 17 years. We also have a number of U.S. patent applications pending. These patents and patent applications relate to several of our products, including our MRI compatible IV infusion pump system and its components and our MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system. We intend to file patent applications with respect to future patentable developments and improvements when we believe that such protection is in our best interest.

We also rely on trade secrets, copyright and other laws and on confidentiality agreements to protect our technology, but we believe that neither our patents nor other legal rights will necessarily prevent third parties from developing or using similar or related technology to compete against our products. Moreover, our technology may be viewed as improvements or adaptations of known MRI infusion or monitoring technology, which might be duplicated or discovered through our patents, reverse engineering or both.

Sales and Marketing

We sell our MRI compatible products through our direct sales force in the U.S. and independent distributors internationally. In the U.S., we sell our products through our 25 direct field sales representatives, 3 regional sales directors and 7 clinical application specialists. We have distribution agreements for our products with independent distributors selling our products internationally. We have developed an experienced team of international distributors that have a strong MRI/radiology product portfolio and focus. Our international distributors are managed by our international sales team.

The percentage of total revenue generated by geographic region was as follows:

	Percent of Revenue	
	Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
United States	80.1 %	82.4 %
International	19.9 %	17.6 %

The percentage of total revenue generated by product type was as follows:

	Percent of Revenue	
	Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Devices	70.1 %	68.5 %
Disposable, service and other	26.8 %	27.4 %
Amortization of extended warranty agreements	3.1 %	4.1 %

Selling cycles for our devices have varied widely and have historically ranged between three and six months in duration.

The principal customers for our MRI compatible products include hospitals and acute care facilities. The key decision maker in a purchase varies on the hospital department making the purchase. We serve these customers through our sales and service specialists and believe that our specialists are well-positioned to build upon these customer relationships. We communicate with our customers on a regular basis to understand potential issues or concerns as well as to improve our products and services in response to their needs. Product orders and inquiries are handled by trained service representatives who communicate with customers after equipment shipments, installations, and service repair calls. We have implemented various other programs which enable us to assess our customers' needs. These programs include surveys and visits to customer sites.

We enter into agreements with Integrated Delivery Networks ("IDNs") and healthcare supply contracting companies, which are commonly referred to as Group Purchasing Organizations ("GPOs") in the U.S., which enable us to sell and distribute our products to their member hospitals. GPOs negotiate volume purchase prices for hospitals, group practices, and other clinics that are members of a GPO. Our agreements with GPOs typically include the following provisions:

- Negotiated pricing for all group members;
- Volume discounts and other preferential terms on member purchases from us;
- Promotion of our products by the GPO to its members; and
- Payment of administrative fees by us to the GPO, based on purchases of our products by group members.

Under our GPO agreements, we are required to pay the GPOs a fee of three percent of the sales of our products to members of the GPO. Sales to participating IDNs do not have an associated fee.

Manufacturing and Suppliers

We assemble our products in our facility in Winter Springs, Florida, from components and sub-assemblies purchased from outside suppliers. We perform final assembly, testing and packaging to control quality and manufacturing efficiency. We purchase components and sub-assemblies from qualified suppliers that are subject to our stringent quality specifications and inspections by us. We conduct quality audits of our key suppliers, several of which are experienced in the supply of components to manufacturers of finished medical devices or disposables for use with these medical devices. Our historical track record of producing MRI compatible products has been good; however, there can be no assurance that this trend will continue or that we will be able to produce sufficient units to reach our expected revenue growth rates.

Some of the raw materials and parts that are critical to the production and operation of our products are sourced from single suppliers. Some components we or our suppliers utilize are from Chinese or Taiwanese manufacturers. We have never encountered a significant supply interruption from any sole supplier; however, the operations of our third-party suppliers could be disrupted by conditions unrelated to our business operations or that are beyond our control, including but not limited to the global supply chain issues, international trade restrictions, excessive demand creating

shortages of available supply, and conditions related to health pandemics. We continuously monitor our supply chain regarding these matters. We typically maintain no less than a three-month supply of raw materials and parts that are sourced from sole suppliers and make efforts to identify additional suppliers who may be able to provide such raw materials or parts. For example, the non-magnetic, ultrasonic motor which drives our MRI compatible IV infusion pump is sole sourced from a major multinational Japanese manufacturing company with whom we have an excellent long-term relationship. This company has exclusively provided us with these motors since 2005. Our exclusive supply agreement with this company expired February 25, 2024. This supply agreement was renewed March 2024, and extends through March 1, 2029.

We place significant emphasis on providing quality products and services to our customers. Quality management and oversight play an essential role in understanding and meeting customer requirements, effectively resolving quality issues and improving our products and services. We have a network of quality systems throughout our facilities that relate to the design, development, assembly, packaging, sterilization, handling, distribution and labeling of our products.

To assess and facilitate compliance with applicable requirements, we periodically review our quality systems to determine their effectiveness and identify areas for improvement.

We also conduct compliance training programs for our sales and marketing personnel and perform assessments of our suppliers of raw materials, components and finished goods. In addition, we conduct quality management reviews designed to inform management of key issues that may affect the quality of our products. From time to time, we may determine that products manufactured or marketed by us do not meet our specifications, published standards or regulatory requirements. When a quality issue is identified, we investigate the issue and seek to take appropriate corrective action, such as withdrawal of the product from the market, correction of the product at the customer location, notice to the customer of revised labeling or a combination of these or other corrective actions.

In January 2007, we received ISO 13485 certification and met the requirements under the European Medical Device Directive to use the CE Mark, thereby allowing us to continue to market our products in the European Community. In October 2022, we underwent a recertification audit to maintain our ISO 13485:2016 and Medical Device Single Audit Program certifications and received our certificates. These certificates will need renewal again by January 2025.

Competition

The medical products industry is generally characterized by intense competition and innovation via extensive research and new product development efforts. The market for medical products is subject to rapid change due to a competitive, cost-conscious environment and to government programs intended to reduce the cost of medical care. Many manufacturers and distributors of medical equipment are large, well-established companies whose resources, reputations, and ability to leverage existing customer relationships might give them a competitive advantage over us. We believe that a company's reputation for producing accurate, reliable, and technologically advanced products, references from users, features (speed, safety, ease of use, patient convenience and range of applicability), product effectiveness and price are the principal competitive factors in the medical products industry.

Our SpO₂ products, which measure blood oxygen saturation and included in our MRI compatible IV infusion pump and our MRI compatible vital signs monitor, also compete indirectly with many other methods currently used to measure blood oxygen levels or the effects of low blood oxygen levels.

MRidium MRI Compatible IV Infusion Pump System

We do not believe there is currently any direct competition for our MRI compatible IV infusion pump system. Historically, our only direct competitor in the MRI compatible IV infusion pump market, Bayer Radiology, formerly MEDRAD, Inc., announced during 2013 its decision to remove its competing Continuum pump system from the market, and discontinued support throughout the world in June 2015 due to ongoing regulatory issues. As a result, we believe

[Table of Contents](#)

that our MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump is the only true MRI compatible IV infusion pump available today.

The medical device and IV infusion market is highly regulated and is typically one of the areas that the FDA scrutinizes closely for new market introductions. Because of this, the FDA 510(k) clearance process for new infusion pumps is usually long and requires significant testing and documentation. This long development timeline coupled with the low market penetration to date may discourage new competitors from undertaking a complex project like building an MRI compatible IV infusion pump. We believe that the market for MRI compatible IV infusion pump products is underpenetrated and may become highly competitive if, and when, the market develops further.

We also compete with manufacturers of “shielded box” solutions that are intended to permit use of conventional IV pumps inside the MRI scanner room. The providers of shielded boxes include B. Braun, Fresenius Kabi and MIPM Mammendorfer Institut für Physik und Medizin.

Many of our potential customers opt not to purchase our MRI compatible IV infusion pump systems and instead use makeshift workarounds, such as placing conventional IV infusion devices outside of the MRI scanning room and utilizing extension tubing to reach the patient. To this extent, we are in competition with conventional IV infusion pump manufacturers and distributors.

There are many manufacturers of conventional IV infusion pump devices, and if any of these manufacturers, or other potential competitors, decide to enter the MRI compatible IV infusion pump market, they may have competitive advantages over us. Many of these potential competitors have established reputations, customer relationships and marketing, distribution, and service networks. In addition, they have substantially longer histories in the medical products industry, larger product lines and greater financial, technical, manufacturing, management, and research and development resources. Many of these potential competitors may have long-term product supply relationships with our potential customers.

MRI Compatible Patient Vital Signs Monitoring System

There are several manufacturers that have developed competing MRI compatible vital signs monitoring systems that are currently on the market. We believe the dominant competitor with a market-leading position in MRI compatible vital signs monitoring is Invivo Research, Inc., which was founded by Roger Susi, our founder, President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors. Invivo is now owned by Koninklijke Philips NV (NYSE: PHG).

Other large and well-known companies such as GE Healthcare Technologies (NYSE: GEHC) and Schiller AG, also have competing products as do other smaller privately held companies. Each of these manufacturers have competitive advantages over us as they may have established customer relationships, product supply agreements, longer histories in the MRI monitoring market and several have greater financial, technical, manufacturing, management, and research and development budgets. Additionally, our 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitor is newer to the market relative to these other companies, which may result in customers being reluctant to switch from other well-known and established MRI compatible monitoring systems to ours.

Seasonality

Our business is seasonal. Historically, our third quarter bookings have typically been lower, compared to other fiscal quarters, principally because the fiscal quarter coincides with the summer vacation season in the northern hemisphere.

Segment Information and Geographic Data

Our business operates as one reportable segment. Financial information about geographic areas is presented in Notes 2 and 4 in the Notes to Financial Statements of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Research and Development

Our research and development efforts focus on developing innovative products by utilizing our established core competencies in MRI compatible technologies and feedback from strategic relationships with hospitals, acute medical facilities and medical equipment manufacturers for new product ideas. Our research and development efforts are driven by the leadership of our founder, Roger Susi, along with engineers and technical professionals with significant experience in systems engineering and product design.

Our research and development expenses were \$2.9 million or 4.4 percent of revenue in 2023 and \$2.3 million or 4.3 percent of revenue in 2022.

Human Capital

As of December 31, 2023, we had 148 full-time employees, including 57 in manufacturing and service, 48 in sales, marketing and customer support services, 15 in regulatory affairs and quality assurance, 13 in finance and administration and 15 in research and development. No employees are represented by a labor union. We have not experienced any work stoppages and consider our relations with our employees to be good. We endeavor to maintain a workplace that is free from discrimination or harassment on the basis of color, race, sex, national origin, ethnicity, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, gender identification or expression or any other status protected by applicable law. We conduct annual training to reduce risks of harassment and discrimination and monitor employee conduct year-round, including by providing employees with access to an anonymous whistleblower hotline to report any allegations. The basis for recruitment, hiring, development, training, compensation, and advancement at the Company is qualifications, performance, skills and experience. Our employees are fairly compensated, without regard to gender, race and ethnicity, and routinely recognized for outstanding performance and provided with training and professional development opportunities.

Regulatory Matters

Governmental Regulation and Other Matters

Our medical device products are subject to extensive, complex and increasing oversight and regulation by the FDA, and other domestic and foreign governmental authorities. Our manufacturing facility, and those of our suppliers, are subject to periodic inspections to verify compliance with current FDA and other governmental regulatory requirements. If it were determined that we were not in compliance with these laws and regulations, we could be subject to criminal or civil liability, or both, and other material adverse effects. We have compliance programs in place to support and monitor compliance with these laws and regulations. All our products and facilities and those of our suppliers are subject to drug and medical device laws and regulations promulgated by the FDA and national and supranational regulatory authorities outside the U.S., including, for example, Health Canada's Health Products and Foods Branch, the U.K.'s Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency, and Australia's Therapeutic Goods Agency. These authorities regulate a range of activities including, among other matters, manufacturing, post-marketing studies in humans, advertising and promotion, product labeling, post-marketing surveillance and adverse event reporting.

Regulation of Medical Devices in the United States

The development, manufacture, sale and distribution of our medical device products are subject to comprehensive governmental regulation. Most notably, all our medical devices sold in the United States are subject to the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act of 1938, as amended ("FDC Act"), as implemented and enforced by the FDA. The FDA, and in some cases other government agencies, such as the U.S. Federal Communications Commission ("FCC"), administer requirements covering the design, testing, safety, effectiveness, manufacturing, labeling, promotion and advertising, distribution, and post-market surveillance of our products.

Unless an exemption applies, each medical device that we market must first receive either premarket notification clearance (by making what is commonly called "a 510(k) submission") or premarket approval (by filing a premarket approval application ("PMA") from the FDA pursuant to the FDC Act. In addition, certain modifications

made to marketed devices also may require 510(k) clearance or approval of a PMA supplement. The FDA's 510(k) clearance process varies in length and can extend beyond twelve months. The process of obtaining PMA approval is much more costly, lengthy, and uncertain than the 510(k) process. It generally takes from two to three years or even longer. All our current regulated medical devices and related products that are available in the U.S. were originally cleared through the 510(k) process as required by the FDA. We cannot be sure that future medical devices or modifications of current medical devices, will qualify for the 510(k) pathway or whether 510(k) clearance or PMA approval will be obtained for any future product that we propose to market. Our FMD1 is an example of this as a non-regulated product without diagnostic or therapeutic claims.

In December 2014, the FDA issued guidance entitled "Infusion Pumps Total Product Life Cycle." This guidance established substantial additional pre-market requirements for new and modified infusion pumps. Through this guidance, the FDA indicated more data demonstrating product safety will be required for future 510(k) submissions for infusion pumps, including the potential for more clinical and human factors data. The impact of this guidance is likely to result in a more time consuming and costly process to obtain regulatory clearance to market infusion pumps. In addition, new requirements beyond the 2014 guidance document could result in longer delays for the clearance of new products, modification of existing infusion pump products or remediation of existing products in the market. Future delays in the receipt of, or failure to obtain, approvals could result in delayed or no realization of attendant product revenues.

After a device is placed on the market, numerous regulatory requirements continue to apply. Those regulatory requirements include the following: product listing and establishment registration; adherence to the Quality System Regulation ("QSR"), which requires stringent design, testing, control, documentation and other quality assurance procedures; labeling requirements and FDA prohibitions against the promotion of off-label uses or indications; adverse event reporting; post-approval restrictions or conditions, including post-approval study commitments; post-market surveillance requirements; the FDA's recall authority, whereby it can ask for, or require, the recall of products from the market; and requirements relating to voluntary corrections or removals.

All aspects of our manufacturing and distribution of regulated products and those of our suppliers are subject to substantial governmental oversight. Facilities used for the production, packaging, labeling, storage, and distribution of medical devices must be registered with the FDA and other regulatory authorities. All manufacturing activities for these products must be conducted in compliance with current good manufacturing practices ("cGMPs"). Our manufacturing facilities and those of our suppliers are subject to periodic, routine and for-cause inspections to verify compliance with cGMPs. If, upon inspection, the FDA or another regulatory agency finds that a manufacturer has failed to comply with cGMPs, it could institute a wide variety of enforcement actions, ranging from a public warning letter to more severe sanctions, such as product recalls or seizures, monetary sanctions, consent decrees, injunctions to halt manufacturing and distributing products, civil or criminal sanctions, refusal to grant clearances or approvals or delays in granting such clearances or approvals, import detentions of products made outside of the United States, restrictions on operations or withdrawal or suspension of existing approvals. The FDA also has the authority to request repair, replacement, or refund of the cost of any medical device manufactured or distributed by us. These actions could result in, among other things, substantial modifications to our business practices and operations; a total or partial shutdown of production in one or more facilities while we or our suppliers remedy the alleged violation; the inability to obtain future pre-market clearances or approvals; and withdrawals or suspensions of current products from the market. Any of these events could disrupt our business and have a material adverse effect on our revenues, profitability, and financial condition.

Product Recalls

We have made substantial investments in quality systems and we will continue to make improvements to our products and systems to further reduce potential issues related to patient safety and avoid recalls in the future. Product quality plays a critical role in our success. While we believe that we have made significant improvements to our product quality and overall quality systems, quality concerns, whether real or perceived, could adversely affect our results. Conversely, improving quality can be a competitive advantage and improve our results. For more information about risks related to these matters, see the section captioned "*Defects or failures associated with our products and/or our quality control systems could lead to the filing of adverse event reports, recalls or safety alerts and negative publicity and could subject us to regulatory actions*" in the "Risk Factors" section.

Healthcare Fraud and Abuse Laws

As a manufacturer and distributor of medical devices to hospitals and other healthcare providers, we and our customers are subject to laws which apply to Medicare, Medicaid, and other federal and state healthcare programs in the U.S. One such law, the Anti-kickback Statute, prohibits the solicitation, offer, payment or receipt of remuneration in return for referral or purchase, or in return for the recommending or arranging for the referral or purchase, of products covered by the programs. The Anti-kickback Statute provides several exceptions or “safe harbors” for particular types of transactions. While we generally do not file claims for reimbursement from government payers, the U.S. federal government has asserted theories of liability against manufacturers under the Federal False Claims Act, which prohibits the submission of false claims to Medicare, Medicaid, and other state and federal programs. Many states have similar fraud and abuse laws which may apply to us. Violations of these fraud and abuse-related laws are punishable by criminal or civil sanctions, including substantial fines, imprisonment, and exclusion from participation in healthcare programs such as Medicare and Medicaid and health programs outside the United States. We have developed and implemented business practices and processes to train our personnel to perform their duties in compliance with healthcare fraud and abuse laws. While we conduct informal oversight to detect and prevent these types of fraud and abuse, we lack formal written policies and procedures at this time. If we were unable to document and implement the controls and procedures required in a timely manner or otherwise violate such laws, we might suffer adverse regulatory consequences or face criminal sanctions, which could harm our operations, financial reporting, or financial results.

Regulation of Medical Devices Outside of the United States

Medical device laws also are in effect in many of the non-U.S. markets in which we do business. These laws range from comprehensive device approval requirements for some or all our products to requests for product data or certifications. Inspection of and controls over manufacturing, as well as monitoring of device-related adverse events, also are components of most of these regulatory systems. Most of our business is subject to varying degrees of governmental regulation in the countries in which we operate, and the general trend is toward increasingly stringent regulation balanced with a goal of optimizing international harmonization. For example, the European Union (“EU”), which currently relies on independent third parties, (called “Notified Bodies”) rather than governmental authorities to review and certify medium and high-risk medical devices, is moving to more governmental oversight of medical devices. Currently, the regulatory requirements for a broad spectrum of medical devices are covered in three European Medical Device Directives (adopted in the 1990’s) with which manufacturers must comply in order to receive a CE Certificate of Conformity (“CE Mark”) from a Notified Body. Only certified medical devices bearing a CE Mark can be sold in the EU and European Free Trade Association (“EFTA”) countries and Türkiye. EFTA includes Iceland, Norway, Principality of Liechtenstein and Switzerland.

In May 2017, the European Union (the “EU”) implemented a new regulatory scheme for medical devices under the Medical Device Regulation (“MDR”). The MDR initially became effective in May 2021, however the MDR transition was recently extended to 2028 for Class IIb non implanted devices. Regardless our CE Certificates remain valid through December 2028, allowing us to continue shipping our products into the EU. MDR brings significant new requirements for many medical devices, including enhanced requirements for clinical evidence and documentation, increased focus on device identification and traceability, new definitions, and registration of economic operators throughout the distribution chain, and additional post-market surveillance and vigilance. Compliance with the MDR will require re-certification of our products to the enhanced standards and may result in substantial additional expense. If these measures are unable to be taken, it may no longer be possible to place such devices on the EU market. Additionally, we may lose our current quality system certification due to ISO Registrar difficulties as European authorities increase regulatory pressure or increased scrutiny resulting from MDR. The loss of the quality system certification may prevent product shipments to the EU and to other foreign markets, such as Canada, which could significantly lower our revenues from foreign sales while we take remedial measures.

The EU has enacted legislation restricting the use of hazardous substances in electronic equipment (Directive 2011/65/EU, referred to as “RoHS 2”), such as our devices. The application of RoHS 2 to medical devices became effective as of July 22, 2014. Our products are compliant with RoHS 2. If we are unable to remain compliant with RoHS 2, there may be an interruption of sales to the EU, which could significantly lower our revenues from foreign sales while we take remedial measures.

Anti-Bribery Laws

Our global activities are subject to the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, the U.K. Bribery Act, and other countries' anti-bribery laws that have been enacted in support of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development's Anti-bribery Convention. These laws generally prohibit companies and their intermediaries from making improper payments to non-U.S. government officials with the intent to inappropriately gain a business advantage. They also require companies to maintain accurate books and records and internal financial controls. The U.K. Bribery Act also prohibits commercial bribery and makes it a crime for a company to fail to prevent bribery. Companies have the burden of proving that they have adequate procedures in place to prevent bribery. The enforcement of such laws in the U.S. and elsewhere has increased dramatically in the past few years, and authorities have indicated that the pharmaceutical and medical device industry is a significant focus for enforcement efforts.

Because of the predominance of government-sponsored healthcare systems around the world, many of our customer relationships outside of the United States are with governmental entities. Our policies mandate strict compliance with the anti-bribery laws. We operate in many parts of the world that have experienced governmental corruption to some degree, and in certain circumstances strict compliance with anti-bribery laws may conflict with local customs and practices.

Transparency Laws in the U.S. and Other Countries

There are numerous requirements imposed by states in the U.S. on the interaction of pharmaceutical and medical device companies with physicians. For example, several states and the District of Columbia either require the tracking and reporting of specific types of interactions with healthcare professionals or restrict such interactions. A similar requirement was imposed at the federal level under the "sunshine" provision of Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, (the "Sunshine Provisions"), to track and report payments and "transfers of value" to U.S. physicians or teaching hospitals by manufacturers of medical products that are available for reimbursement by a federal insurer.

Other Laws

We are also subject to a variety of other laws, directives, and regulations in and outside of the U.S., including those related to the following:

- environmental laws and regulations;
- the safety and health laws of the U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Act, which sets forth requirements for workplace conditions;
- California's Proposition 65, which sets forth a list of substances that are deemed by the State of California to pose a risk of carcinogenicity or birth defects; and
- various customs, export control, anti-boycott and trade embargo laws and regulations administered by U.S. and foreign government agencies, including the U.S. Customs and Border Protection, the Bureau of Industry and Security, the Department of Commerce and the Office of Foreign Assets Control Treasury Department, as well as others.

Despite our training and compliance program, our internal control policies and procedures may not always protect us from reckless or criminal acts committed by our employees or agents in violation of any of these laws.

Available Information

Our principal executive office is located at 1025 Willa Springs Drive, Winter Springs, Florida 32708. Our telephone number is (407) 677-8022, and our website address is <https://www.iradimed.com>. Information contained on, or accessible through, our website is provided for textual reference only and does not constitute part of, and is not

[Table of Contents](#)

incorporated by reference into, this Annual Report. Our common stock is listed and traded on Nasdaq under the symbol “IRMD”.

We make our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports, available free of charge in the “Investors” section of our website as soon as reasonably practicable after we file these reports with the SEC. We routinely post these reports, recent news and announcements, financial results and other important information about our business on our website at <https://www.iradimed.com>. Information contained on our website is not a part of this Annual Report.

In addition, the SEC maintains an Internet website at www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC.

Our Board has adopted a written Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the “Code of Ethics”) applicable to all of our executives, directors, and employees. The Code of Ethics covers fundamental ethical and compliance-related principles and practices such as accurate accounting records and financial reporting, avoiding conflicts of interest, the protection and use of our property and information and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. A current copy of the Code of Ethics is posted on the Governance section of the Investors page of our website, which is located at www.iradimed.com. We intend to satisfy the disclosure requirement under Item 5.05 of Form 8-K regarding any substantive amendment to, or waiver from, a provision of the Code of Ethics by posting such information on our website address at <https://www.iradimed.com>.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

We operate in a rapidly changing environment that involves many risks that could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results, and some of which are beyond our control. The occurrence of any of these risks could harm our business, financial condition, results of operations and/or growth prospects or cause our actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements we have made in this report and those we may make from time to time. In evaluating the Company and its business, you should carefully consider the information included under Part I, Item 1A “Risk Factors” in this Annual Report.

Risk Factors Summary

The following is a summary of the risk factors that could materially affect our business, financial condition, or future results, all of which are more fully described below. This summary should be read in conjunction with the “Risk Factors” described below and should not be relied upon as a complete summary of the material risks facing our business.

Risks Relating to Our Business and Financial Condition

- The strict adherence to regulatory requirements governing medical devices during the manufacturing process and that of suppliers.
- Successful development and commercialization of enhanced products or new products to remain competitive.
- Our dependence on a limited number of products, and disruptions in our ability to sell these products.
- Dependence upon the integrity of our supply chain, including multiple single-source suppliers.
- Our reliance on third-party suppliers for certain of our raw materials and components.
- Securities class action litigation or derivative litigation.

Table of Contents

- Our markets are very competitive, and we sell certain of our products in a mature market.
- We manufacture and store our products at a single facility in Florida.
- Our inability to collect on our accounts receivables from our customers.
- Failure to maintain relationships with Integrated Delivery Networks and Group Purchasing Organizations.
- Cost-containment efforts of our customers and purchasing groups.
- A failure in our efforts to access and educate clinicians, anesthesiologists, radiologists, and hospital administrators regarding the advantages of our products.
- The lengthy sales cycle for medical devices could delay our sales.
- Our reliance on distributors to sell our products outside the U.S.
- Our dependency on our founder, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, Roger Susi.
- Failure to attract and retain the talent required for our business.
- Sufficiency of our internal and external sources of liquidity.
- Inability to scale our operations or adequately manage generational upgrades to our own products.
- Difficulties associated with integrating acquisitions of technologies, products, and businesses.
- Difficulties associated with accurately forecasting our business performance.
- Inherent uncertainties involved in estimates, judgments and assumptions used in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP.
- Changes in effective tax rates or adverse outcomes resulting from examination of our income or other tax returns.
- Our engagement in related party transactions.
- We are subject to various privacy and consumer protection laws.

Risks Related to Our Industry

- Changes in government regulations or U.S. healthcare policy could force us to make modifications to how we develop, manufacture, market, and price our products.
- Failure to obtain, or experience significant delays in obtaining, FDA clearances or other necessary approvals to commercially distribute new products.
- Risks associated with doing business outside of the U.S.
- We may incur product liability losses or become subject to other lawsuits related to our products, business, and insurance coverage could be inadequate or unavailable to cover these losses.

[Table of Contents](#)

- Defects or failures associated with our products and/or our quality control systems.
- Our products or product types, or MR imaging could be subject to negative publicity.
- Healthcare fraud and abuse regulations could potentially result in significant liability, require us to change our business practices and/or restrict our operations in the future.
- Impact of violations of the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and similar worldwide anti-bribery laws.
- We and our suppliers and customers are required to obtain regulatory approvals and maintain compliance with regulations applicable to medical devices and infusion pumps.
- Our operations are subject to environmental laws and regulations.

Risks Relating to our Intellectual Property

- Protection of our intellectual property.
- Uncertainties associated with timely patent reviews and approvals.
- We may become involved in patent litigation or other intellectual property proceedings relating to our current and future products.
- Disclosure of confidential or proprietary information, unpatented trade secrets, know-how, confidential and proprietary technology.

Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock

- Significant fluctuations and volatility of our common stock.
- Use of capital to repurchase shares of our common stock and need or choice to raise additional capital in the future.
- The ability of Roger Susi, who serves as our Chairman of the Board of Directors, President and Chief Executive Officer, to exert significant influence over matters subject to stockholder approval due to his significant minority ownership.
- Payment of dividends, or a reduction or cessation of expected dividends.
- The requirements of being a public company may strain our resources, divert management's attention and affect our ability to attract and retain executive management and qualified board members.
- Failure to develop and maintain adequate internal controls or to implement new or improved controls.
- Impact of being a public company on our competitive environment and our risk of potential litigation.
- Impact from our involvement in securities class action litigation, if any.
- Impact of securities or industry analysts' failing to initiate research coverage of our stock, downgrading our stock, or discontinuing coverage.

- Our charter documents and Delaware law have provisions that may discourage an acquisition of us by others and may prevent attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management.

Risks Relating to Our Business and Financial Condition

Our financial performance is significantly dependent on a limited number of products, and disruptions in our ability to sell these products may have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our current revenue and profitability are significantly dependent on the sale of the MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump system, the 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system (both Class II medical devices) and the ongoing sale of related disposables and services.

There can be no guarantee that in the future, the FDA will not impact our ability to commercially distribute. The FDA could require us to cease shipment of our products, notify health professionals and others that the devices present unreasonable risk or substantial harm to public health, order a recall, repair, replacement, or refund of the devices, detain or seize adulterated or misbranded medical devices, or ban the medical devices. The FDA may also issue warning letters or untitled letters, refuse future requests for 510(k) submission or premarket approval, revoke existing 510(k) clearances or premarket approvals previously granted, impose operating restrictions, enjoin and restrain certain violations of applicable law pertaining to medical devices and assess civil or criminal penalties against our officers, employees, or us.

As inflationary measures have affected the greater market in the last two years, we have considered the effects of inflation on our business operations and financial results. We have assessed that inflation has not had a material impact on our revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, or cash flows for the current reporting period. We have also evaluated our exposure to future inflationary risk and concluded that it is not significant based on our current business model and market conditions. We have mitigated the impact of inflation on our cost of goods sold by continued operational efficiency.

Our products could be rendered obsolete or economically impractical by numerous factors, many of which are beyond our control, including but not limited to:

- entrance of new competitors into our markets;
- technological advancements of MRI scanners;
- technological developments such as new imaging modalities which render MRI procedures obsolete or reduce the instances where MRI imaging is utilized;
- loss of key relationships with suppliers, integrated delivery healthcare systems, group purchasing organizations, distributors, or direct end-user customers;
- manufacturing or supply interruptions;
- product liability claims;
- our reputation and product market acceptance;
- loss of existing regulatory approvals or the imposition of new requirements to maintain such approvals; and
- product recalls or safety alerts.

Any major factor adversely affecting the sale of our products or services would cause our revenues to decline and have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition, and our common stock.

We have significant international sales as well as international supply chain links and we face risks related to health epidemics that could adversely affect our revenue.

Our business could be adversely impacted by the effects of various health epidemics. With respect to our sales, in the past, some customers implemented heightened security policies that inhibited the ability of our domestic sales force and international distributors to access hospitals for purposes of selling our products. This caused delays of orders for our products and negatively affected our revenues. These heightened security policies and delays of orders may be reinstated or continue.

Our materials suppliers could also be disrupted by epidemic related conditions, possibly resulting in disruption to our supply chain. If our suppliers are unable or fail to fulfill their obligations to us for any reason, we may not be able to manufacture our products and satisfy customer demand or our obligations under sales agreements in a timely manner, and our business could be harmed as a result. In addition, a significant health epidemic could adversely affect the economies and financial markets of many countries, resulting in an economic downturn that could affect demand for our products which could have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results and financial condition.

Our continued success depends on the integrity of our supply chain, including multiple single-source suppliers, the disruption of which could negatively impact our business.

Many of the component parts of our products are obtained through supply agreements with third parties. Some of these parts require our partners to engage in complex manufacturing processes and involve long lead times or delivery periods. Considering our dependence on third-party suppliers, several of which are single-source suppliers, we are subject to inherent uncertainties and risks related to their ability to produce or deliver parts on a timely basis, to comply with product safety and other regulatory requirements and to provide quality parts to us at a reasonable price.

For example, we are dependent upon a single vendor for the ultrasonic motor at the core of our devices. If this vendor fails to meet our volume requirements, which we anticipate will increase over time, or if the vendor becomes unable or unwilling to continue supplying motors to us, this would impact our ability to supply our devices to customers until a replacement source is secured. Our executed agreement with this vendor, which renewed in March 2024, provides that the price at which we purchase products from the vendor is determined by agreement from time to time or should material costs change. Although we have had a long history of stable pricing with this supplier, this provision may make it difficult for us to continue to receive motors from this vendor on favorable terms or at all if we do not agree on pricing in the future. In such event, it could materially and adversely affect our commercial activities, operating results, and financial condition.

In the near term, we do not anticipate finding alternative sources for our primary suppliers, including single source suppliers. Therefore, if our primary suppliers become unable or unwilling to manufacture or deliver materials, or manufacture or deliver such materials later than anticipated, we could experience protracted delays or interruptions in the supply of materials which would ultimately delay our manufacture of products for commercial sale, which could materially and adversely affect our development programs, commercial activities, operating results, and financial condition.

Additionally, any failure by us to forecast demand for, or to maintain an adequate supply of raw materials, parts, or finished products, could result in an interruption in the supply of certain products and a decline in our sales.

We rely on third-party suppliers for certain of our raw materials and components.

We rely on unaffiliated third-party suppliers for certain raw materials and components necessary for the manufacturing and operation of our products. Certain of those raw materials and components are proprietary products of those unaffiliated third-party suppliers and are specifically cited in our applications with regulatory agencies so that they must be obtained from that specific sole source or sources and could not be obtained from another supplier unless and until an appropriate application amendment is approved by the regulatory agency.

Among the reasons we may be unable to obtain these raw materials and components include, but are not limited to:

- a supplier's inability or unwillingness to continue supplying raw materials and/or components;
- regulatory requirements or action by regulatory agencies or others, including changes in international trade treaties and/or tariffs;
- adverse financial or other strategic developments at or affecting the supplier, including bankruptcy;
- unexpected demand for or shortage of raw materials or components;
- failure of the supplier to comply with quality standards which results in quality and product failures, product contamination and/or recall;
- discovery of previously unknown or undetected imperfections in raw materials or components;
- labor disputes or shortages, including from natural disasters and the effects of health emergencies or pandemics; and
- political instability and actual or anticipated military or political conflicts.

These events could negatively impact our ability to satisfy demand for our products, which could have a material adverse effect on our products' use and sales and our business and results of operations. We may experience these or other shortages in the future resulting in delayed shipments, supply constraints, contract disputes and/or stock-outs of our products.

We have been subject to securities class action litigation and derivative litigation, and we may be subject to similar or other litigation in the future.

In 2014, following adverse action by the FDA or volatility in our stock price, securities class action litigation has been brought against us. There can be no assurance that we will not face other securities litigation in the future. With respect to any litigation, our insurance may not reimburse us or may not be sufficient to reimburse us for the expenses or losses we may suffer in contesting and concluding such lawsuits. A decision adverse to our interests on these actions or resulting from these matters could result in the payment of substantial damages and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and our common stock. Regardless of the outcome, these claims may result in injury to our reputation, significant costs, diversion of management's attention and resources, and loss of revenue.

There is no assurance that our internal and external sources of liquidity will at all times be sufficient for our cash requirements.

We must have sufficient sources of liquidity to fund our working capital requirements, our capital improvement plans, to return cash to shareholders via stock repurchases and/or dividends and execute on our strategic initiatives. A decline in operating results could limit our generation of capital resources and cause financial stresses if we are unable to increase revenues or adjust our costs appropriately to changes in revenue. Further, future new product launches or investments in other growth initiatives may demand increased working capital before any long-term return is realized from increased revenue. Our ability to achieve our business and cash flow plans is based on a number of assumptions which involve significant judgments and estimates of future performance, borrowing capacity and credit availability, which cannot at all times be assured. Accordingly, there is no assurance that cash flows from operations and other internal and external sources of liquidity will at all times be sufficient for our cash requirements. If necessary, we may need to consider actions and steps to improve our cash position and mitigate any potential liquidity shortfall, such as modifying our business plan, pursuing additional financing to the extent available, reducing capital expenditures, pursuing and evaluating other alternatives and opportunities to obtain additional sources of liquidity and other potential

actions to reduce costs. There can be no assurance that any of these actions would be successful, sufficient or available on favorable terms. Any inability to generate or obtain sufficient levels of liquidity to meet our cash requirements at the level and times needed could have a material adverse impact on our business and financial position.

The manufacture of our products requires strict adherence to regulatory requirements governing medical devices and if we or our suppliers encounter problems our business could suffer.

The manufacture of our products must comply with strict regulatory requirements governing Class II medical devices in the U.S. and other regulatory requirements in foreign locations. Problems may arise during manufacturing, quality control, storage, or distribution of our products for a variety of reasons, including equipment malfunction, failure to follow specific protocols and procedures, manufacturing quality concerns, or problems with raw materials, electromechanical, software and other components, supplier issues, and natural disasters. If problems arise during production, the affected products may have to be discarded. Manufacturing problems or delays could also lead to increased costs, lost sales, damage to customer relations, failure to supply penalties, time and expense spent investigating the cause and, depending on the cause, similar losses with respect to other batches of products. If problems are not discovered before the product is released to the market, voluntary recalls, corrective actions, or product liability related costs may also be incurred. Should we encounter difficulties in the manufacture of our products or be subject to a product recall, our business could suffer materially.

Our markets are very competitive, and we sell certain of our products in a mature market.

The market for our 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system is well-developed and sales growth for our monitor could be slower than we anticipate. Our vital signs monitoring system could face difficult competition, including competitors offering lower prices, which could have an adverse effect on our revenue and margins. Our competitors may have certain advantages, which include the ability to devote greater resources to the development, promotion, and sale of their products. Consequently, we may need to increase our efforts, and related expenses for research and development, marketing, and selling to maintain or improve our position. We may not realize the per unit revenue we have planned for and expect. Continued sales to our existing customers are expected to be significant to our revenue in the future, and if our existing customers do not continue to purchase from us, our revenue may decline.

We manufacture and store our products at a single facility in Florida.

We manufacture and store our products at a single facility in Winter Springs, Florida. If by reason of fire, hurricane, or other natural disaster, or for any other reason, the facility is destroyed or seriously damaged or our access to it is limited, our ability to provide products to our customers would be seriously interrupted or impaired completely and our operating results and financial condition would be materially and negatively affected.

Our inability to collect on our accounts receivables from customers may have an adverse effect on our business operations and financial condition.

We market our products to end users in the United States and to distributors internationally. Sales to end users in the United States are generally made on open credit terms. Management maintains an allowance for potential credit losses. From time to time, we have had, and may in the future have, accounts receivables from one or more affiliated customers that accounted for 10 percent or more of our gross accounts receivable. As a result, we may be exposed to a certain level of concentration of credit risk. If a major customer experiences financial difficulties, the effect on us could be material and have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations. Additionally, the recent health pandemic has and may continue to cause delays in payments from customers, which may adversely impact our future results of operations and liquidity.

If we fail to maintain relationships with Integrated Delivery Networks and Group Purchasing Organizations, sales of our products could decline.

Our ability to sell our products to U.S. hospitals, acute care facilities and outpatient imaging centers depends in part on our relationships with Integrated Delivery Networks and Group Purchasing Organizations (“GPOs”).

Many existing and potential customers for our products are members of GPOs. GPOs negotiate pricing arrangements and contracts, which are sometimes exclusive, with medical supply manufacturers and distributors, and these negotiated prices are made available to a GPO’s affiliated hospitals and other members. We pay the GPOs an administrative fee in the form of a percentage of the volume of products sold to their affiliated hospitals and other members. If we are not an approved provider selected by a GPO, affiliated hospitals and other members may be less likely to purchase our products. Should a GPO negotiate a sole source or bundling contract covering a future or current competitor’s products, we may be precluded from making sales of our competing products to members of that GPO for the duration of the contractual arrangement. For example, even if we have an existing contract with a GPO for sales of our MRidium 3860+ MRI compatible IV infusion pump, we may encounter difficulties in selling, or be unable to sell, our 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system to that GPO’s affiliated hospitals and other members, which may result in a longer sales cycle or an inability to sell. Our failure to renew contracts with GPOs may cause us to lose market share and could have a material adverse effect on our sales, financial condition, and results of operations. In the future, if another competitive supplier emerges, and we fail to keep our relationships and develop new relationships with GPOs, our competitive position would likely suffer.

Cost-containment efforts of our customers and purchasing groups could adversely affect our sales and profitability.

Our MRI compatible medical devices are considered capital equipment by many potential customers, and hence changes in the budgets of healthcare organizations and the timing of spending under these budgets and conflicting spending priorities, such as spending related to the recent health pandemic, may have a significant effect on the demand for our products and related services. Any decrease in expenditures by these healthcare facilities could decrease demand for our products and related services and reduce our revenue. Additionally, changes to reimbursement policies by third-party payors could also decrease demand for MR procedures and hence also for our products and related services and reduce our revenue.

Any failure in our efforts to access and educate clinicians, anesthesiologists, radiologists, and hospital administrators regarding the advantages of our products could significantly limit our product sales.

We believe our future success will require us to educate a sufficient number of clinicians, anesthesiologists, radiologists, hospital administrators and other purchasing decision-makers about our products and the costs and benefits of our products. If we fail to demonstrate the safety, reliability and economic benefits of our products to hospitals and acute medical facilities, our products may not be adopted, and our expected and actual sales would suffer.

The lengthy sales cycle for medical devices could delay our sales.

The decision-making process of customers is often complex and time-consuming. Based on our experience, we believe the period between initial discussions with customers regarding our products and a customer’s purchase of our products have varied widely and have historically ranged between three and six months in duration. Sales cycles can also be delayed because of capital budgeting procedures. Moreover, even if one or two units are sold to a hospital, we believe that it will take additional time and experience with our products before other medical professionals routinely use them for other procedures and in other departments of the hospital. Such time would delay potential sales of additional units and disposable products or additional optional accessories to that medical facility or hospital. These delays could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Because we rely on distributors to sell our products outside of the U.S., our revenues could decline if our existing distributors do not continue to purchase products from us or if our relationship with any of these distributors is terminated.

We rely on distributors for all our sales outside the U.S. and hence do not have direct control over foreign sales activities. These distributors also assist us with regulatory approvals and the education of physicians and government agencies. Our revenues outside the U.S. have recently represented approximately 20 percent of our net revenues. If our existing international distributors fail to sell our products or sell at lower levels than we anticipate, we could experience a decline in revenues or fail to meet our forecasts. We cannot be certain that we will be able to attract new international distributors nor retain existing ones that market our products effectively or provide timely and cost-effective customer support and service. None of our existing distributors are obligated to continue selling our products.

If we do not successfully develop and commercialize enhanced products or new products that remain competitive, we could lose revenue opportunities and customers, and our ability to achieve growth would be impaired.

The medical device industry is characterized by rapid product development and technological advances, which places our products at risk of obsolescence. Our long-term success depends upon the development and successful commercialization of new products, new or improved technologies and additional applications for MRI compatible infusion, therapeutic, diagnostic and safety products and services. The research and development process is time-consuming and costly and may not result in products or applications that we can successfully commercialize. If we do not successfully adapt our technology, products, and applications, we could lose revenue opportunities and customers. In addition, we may not be able to improve our products or develop new products or technologies quickly enough to maintain a competitive position in our markets and continue to grow our business.

We are highly dependent on our founder, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, Roger Susi.

We believe that Mr. Susi will continue to play a significant role in the development of new products. Our current and future operations could be adversely impacted if we were to lose his services. Accordingly, our success will be dependent on appropriately managing the risks related to maintaining his continued services, including having a succession plan.

If we fail to attract and retain the talent required for our business, our business could be materially harmed.

Competition for highly skilled personnel is often intense in the medical device industry, including in the MRI compatible medical device segment. If our current employees with experience in the MRI compatible device industry leave our company, we may have difficulty finding replacements with an equivalent amount of experience and skill, which could harm our operations. Our future success will also depend in part on our ability to identify, hire and retain additional personnel, including executives, skilled engineers to develop new products and sales and production staff. We may not be successful in attracting, integrating, or retaining qualified personnel to meet our current growth plans or future needs. Our productivity may be adversely affected if we do not integrate and train our new employees quickly and effectively.

Any one of our executive officers or other key employees could terminate his or her relationship with us at any time. The loss of one or more of our executive officers or key employees, and any failure to have in place and execute an effective succession plan for key executive officers, could significantly delay or prevent us from achieving our business and/or development objectives and could materially harm our business. Changes in our executive management team may also cause disruptions in, and harm to, our business.

We may also have difficulty finding and retaining qualified Board members. Any failure to do so could be perceived negatively and could adversely affect our business.

Also, to the extent we hire personnel from competitors, we may be subject to allegations that we have improperly solicited, or that they have divulged proprietary or other confidential information, or that their former employers own their inventions or work product.

We may be unable to scale our operations successfully.

We are working to expand our size and scale via more penetration of existing markets and the launch of new complementary products and updates to existing products. This growth, if it occurs as planned, will place significant demands on our management and manufacturing capacity, as well as our financial, administrative, and other resources. We cannot guarantee that any of the personnel, systems, procedures and controls we put in place will be adequate to support the manufacture and distribution of our products. Our operating results will depend substantially on the ability of our officers and key employees to manage changing business conditions and to implement and improve our financial and administrative systems and manage other resources. If we are unable to respond to and manage changing business conditions, or the scale of our products, services, and operations, then the quality of our services, our ability to retain key personnel and our business could be harmed. In February 2023, we purchased 26 acres of land in Orlando, Florida on which we plan to build an expanded facility to increase capacity. Any failure to successfully construct and operate such a facility expansion might limit our ability to grow as we expect. We do not plan to retain the current Winter Springs, Florida leased facility once the larger facility is fully operational.

We engage in related party transactions, which result in a conflict of interest involving our management.

We have engaged in the past, and continue to engage, in related party transactions, particularly between our company and Roger Susi and his affiliates. The only significant ongoing related party transaction is the lease agreement between our company and Susi, LLC, an affiliate of Roger Susi, with respect to our current sole production and headquarters facility in Winter Springs, Florida. Related party transactions that present difficult conflicts of interest, could result in disadvantages to our company, and may impair investor confidence, which could materially and adversely affect us. Related party transactions could also cause us to become materially dependent on related parties in the ongoing conduct of our business, and related parties may be motivated by personal interests to pursue courses of action that are not necessarily in the best interests of our company and our stockholders. The purchase of land and the planned expanded facility will reduce related party transaction exposure by the eventual termination of the lease with Susi, LLC.

Any acquisitions of technologies, products, and businesses may be difficult to integrate, could adversely affect our relationships with key customers, and/or could result in significant charges to earnings.

We periodically evaluate potential acquisitions of technologies, products and businesses that are complementary to our products and that could accelerate our growth. However, our company has never completed an acquisition and there can be no assurance that we will be successful in finding any acquisitions in the future. The process of identifying, executing, and realizing attractive returns on acquisitions involves a high degree of uncertainty. Acquisitions typically entail many risks and could result in difficulties in integrating operations, personnel, technologies, and products. If we are not able to successfully integrate our acquisitions, we may not obtain the advantages and synergies that the acquisitions were intended to create, which may have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows, our ability to develop and introduce new products and the market price of our stock.

The environment in which we operate makes it difficult to accurately forecast our business performance.

Significant changes and volatility in most aspects of the current business environment, including financial markets, customer behavior, speed of technological, regulatory, and competitive changes, and the recent health pandemic, make it increasingly difficult for us to predict our revenues and earnings into the future. Our quarterly sales and profits depend substantially on the volume and timing of orders fulfilled during the quarter, and such orders are difficult to forecast. Product demand is dependent upon the capital spending budgets of our customers and prospects as well as government funding policies and matters of public policy as well as product and economic cycles that can affect the spending decisions of these entities. As a result, any revenue, earnings or financial guidance or outlook which we have given or might give may turn out to be inaccurate. Though we endeavor to give reasonable estimates of future revenues, earnings, and financial information at the time we give such guidance, based on then-current conditions, there is a significant risk that such guidance or outlook will turn out to be incorrect. Historically, companies that have overstated their operating guidance have suffered significant declines in their stock price when such results are announced to the public.

There are inherent uncertainties involved in estimates, judgments and assumptions used in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Furthermore, portions of GAAP require the use of fair value models which are variable in application and methodology from appraiser to appraiser. Any changes in estimates, judgments and assumptions used could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, and operating results.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Such assumptions and estimates include those related to revenue recognition, accruals for product returns, allowances for doubtful accounts, valuation of inventory, impairment of intangibles and long-lived assets, accounting for leases, accounting for income taxes and stock-based compensation and allowances for uncertainties. These factors are also influenced by regular changes to GAAP, some of which are material to many companies. These changes introduce risk to our financial reporting processes due to implementation and internal control implications.

We base the aforementioned estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, as discussed in greater detail in the section titled “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.” Our actual operating results may differ and fall below our assumptions and the financial forecasts of securities analysts and investors, resulting in a significant decline in our stock price.

Changes in effective tax rates or adverse outcomes resulting from examination of our income or other tax returns could adversely affect our results.

We are subject to the continuous examination of our income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service, or IRS, and other tax authorities. It is possible that tax authorities may disagree with certain positions we have taken, and any adverse outcome of such a review or audit could have a negative effect on our financial position and operating results. We regularly assess the likelihood of adverse outcomes resulting from these examinations to determine the adequacy of our provision for income taxes, but the determination of our provision for income taxes and other tax liabilities requires significant judgment by management, and there are transactions where the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Although we believe that our estimates are reasonable, the ultimate tax outcome may differ from the amounts recorded in our financial statements and may materially affect our financial results in the period or periods for which such determination is made. There can be no assurance that the outcomes from continuous examinations will not have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

We are subject to various privacy and consumer protection laws.

Our privacy policy is posted on our website, and any failure by us or our vendor or other business partners to comply with it or with federal, state, or international privacy, data protection or security laws or regulations could result in regulatory or litigation-related actions against us, legal liability, fines, damages, and other costs. Substantial expenses and operational changes may be required in connection with maintaining compliance with such laws, and in particular certain emerging privacy laws are still subject to a high degree of uncertainty as to their interpretation and application. For example, in May 2018, the General Data Protection Regulation (the “GDPR”) began to fully apply to the processing of personal information collected from individuals located in the European Union. The GDPR has created new compliance obligations and has significantly increased fines for noncompliance. Although we take steps to protect the security of our customers’ personal information, we may be required to expend significant resources to comply with data breach requirements if third parties improperly obtain and use the personal information of our customers or we otherwise experience a data loss with respect to customers’ personal information. A breach of our network security and systems could have negative consequences for our business and future prospects, including possible fines, penalties and damages, reduced customer demand for our products, and harm to our reputation and brand.

Risks Related to Our Industry

We are subject to substantial government regulation that is subject to change and could force us to make modifications to how we develop, manufacture, market, and price our products.

The medical device industry is regulated extensively by governmental authorities, principally the FDA in the U.S. and corresponding state and foreign regulatory agencies. The majority of our manufacturing processes are required to comply with quality systems regulations, including current good manufacturing practice requirements that cover the methods and documentation of the design, testing, production, control, quality assurance, labeling, packaging and shipping of our products. Failure to comply with applicable medical device regulatory requirements could result in, among other things, warning letters, fines, injunctions, civil penalties, repairs, replacements, refunds, recalls or seizures of products, total or partial suspensions of production, refusal of the FDA or other regulatory agencies to grant pre-market clearances or approvals for our products, withdrawals, or suspensions of future or current clearances or approvals and criminal prosecution.

In addition, our products are subject to pre-clearance requirements by the FDA and similar international agencies that govern a wide variety of product activities from design and development to labeling, manufacturing, promotion, sales, and distribution. Compliance with these regulations is time consuming, burdensome, and expensive for us. The failure to obtain, or the loss or suspension of any such pre-approval, would negatively affect our ability to sell our products and harm our anticipated revenues.

Foreign governmental authorities that regulate the manufacture and sale of medical devices have become increasingly stringent and, to the extent we sell our products in foreign countries, we may be subject to more rigorous regulation in the future. Regulatory changes could result in restrictions on our ability to carry on or expand our operations, higher than anticipated costs or lower than anticipated revenue.

If we fail to obtain, or experience significant delays in obtaining, FDA clearances or other necessary approvals to commercially distribute new products, our ability to maintain profitability or grow will suffer.

Our current products are Class II medical devices and hence require regulatory pre-market approval by the FDA and other federal and state authorities prior to their sale in the U.S. Similar approvals are required by foreign governmental authorities for sale of our products outside of the U.S., including the EU. We are responsible for obtaining the applicable regulatory approval for the commercial distribution of our products. As part of our strategy, we plan to seek approvals for new or improved MRI compatible products. The process of obtaining approvals is costly and time consuming, and there can be no assurance that we will obtain the required approvals on a timely basis, or at all. Failure to receive approvals for new products will hurt our ability to grow.

We are subject to risks associated with doing business outside of the U.S.

Sales to customers outside of the U.S. have recently been approximately 20 percent of our net revenues and we expect that non-U.S. sales will contribute to future growth. A majority of our international sales originate from Europe and Japan, and we also make sales in Canada, Hong Kong, Australia, Mexico and certain parts of the Middle East. The risks associated with operations outside the U.S. include:

- foreign regulatory and governmental requirements that could change and restrict our ability to manufacture and sell our products;
- possible failure to comply with anti-bribery laws such as the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and similar anti-bribery laws in other jurisdictions;
- foreign currency fluctuations that can impact our financial statements when foreign denominations are translated into U.S. dollars;

[Table of Contents](#)

- different local product preferences and product requirements, which might increase with increasing nationalism;
- trade protection and restriction measures under international trade treaties and via tariffs, and import or export licensing requirements;
- difficulty in establishing, staffing and managing non-U.S. operations;
- failure to maintain relationships with distributors, especially those who have assisted with foreign regulatory or government clearances;
- uncertainties regarding judicial systems and procedures, changes in labor, environmental, health and safety laws;
- healthcare crises or epidemics;
- potentially negative consequences from changes in or interpretations of tax laws, including U.S. state and foreign tax jurisdiction responses to recent changes in U.S. federal tax laws;
- political instability and actual or anticipated military or political conflicts, including instability related to war and terrorist attacks, such as Russia's invasion of Ukraine, and to political matters, such as the U.K.'s Brexit;
- economic instability, inflation, deflation, recession or interest rate fluctuations;
- potential disruption in supply chains; and
- minimal or diminished protection of intellectual property.

These risks, individually or in the aggregate, could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

We may incur product liability losses or become subject to other lawsuits related to our products, business, and insurance coverage could be inadequate or unavailable to cover these losses.

Our business is subject to potential product liability risks that are inherent in the design, development, manufacture and marketing of our medical devices and disposable products. We carry third-party product liability insurance coverage to protect against such risks, but there can be no assurance that our policy is adequate. In the ordinary course of business, we may become the subject of product liability claims and lawsuits alleging that our products have resulted or could result in an unsafe condition or injury to patients. Any product liability claim brought against us, with or without merit, could be costly to defend and could result in settlement payments and adjustments not covered by or in excess of our product liability insurance. We currently have third-party product liability insurance with maximum coverage of \$5,000,000; however, such coverage requires a substantial deductible that we must pay before becoming eligible to receive any insurance proceeds. The deductible amount is currently equal to \$50,000 per occurrence and \$150,000 in the aggregate. We will have to pay for defending product liability or other claims that are not covered by our insurance. These payments could have a material adverse effect on our profitability and financial condition. Product liability claims and lawsuits, safety alerts, recalls or corrective actions, regardless of their ultimate outcome, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, reputation and on our ability to attract and retain customers. In addition, we may not be able to obtain insurance in the future on terms acceptable to us or at all.

Defects or failures associated with our products and/or our quality control systems could lead to the filing of adverse event reports, recalls or safety alerts and negative publicity and could subject us to regulatory actions.

Safety problems associated with our products could lead to a product recall or the issuance of a safety alert relating to such products and result in significant costs and negative publicity. An adverse event involving one of our products could require us to file an adverse event report with the FDA. Such disclosure could result in reduced market acceptance and demand for all our products and could harm our reputation and our ability to market our products in the future. In some circumstances, adverse events arising from or associated with the design, manufacture or marketing of our products could result in the suspension or delay of regulatory reviews of our applications for new product approvals or clearances.

We may also voluntarily undertake a recall of our products or temporarily shut down production lines based on internal safety, quality monitoring and testing data. To avoid future product recalls we have made and continue to invest in our quality systems, processes, and procedures. We will continue to make improvements to our products and systems to further reduce issues related to patient safety.

However, there can be no assurance our efforts or systems will be sufficient. Future quality concerns, whether real or perceived, could adversely affect our operating results.

Our products or product types, or MR imaging could be subject to negative publicity, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations and could cause the market value of our common stock to decline.

The market's perception of our products could be harmed if any of our products or similar products offered by others in our industry become the subject of negative publicity due to a product safety issue, withdrawal, recall, or are proven or are claimed to be harmful to patients. The harm to market perception may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position and results of operations and could cause the market value of our common stock to decline.

Our products are designed for use around MRI scanners. MRI has been an important imaging diagnostic for some time now, however, should traditional MRI technology change materially or decline in usage due to new technologies or concerns about costs or efficacy of MR imaging, our products would suffer as MRI usage and installations declined. Such a matter may also have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position and results of operations and could cause the market value of our common stock to decline.

U.S. healthcare policy and changes thereto, including the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

Our medical devices and business activities are subject to rigorous regulation by the FDA and other federal, state and international governmental authorities. These authorities and members of Congress have been increasing their scrutiny over the medical device industry. In recent years, Congress, the Department of Justice, the Office of Inspector General of the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Defense have issued subpoenas and other requests for information to medical device manufacturers, primarily related to financial arrangements with healthcare providers, regulatory compliance and marketing and product promotional practices. Furthermore, certain state governments have enacted legislation to limit and/or increase transparency of interactions with healthcare providers, pursuant to which we are required by law to disclose payments and other transfers of value to healthcare providers licensed by certain states.

We anticipate that the government will continue to scrutinize our industry closely, and any new regulations or statutory provisions could result in delays or increased costs during the periods of product development, clinical trials and regulatory review and approval, as well as increased costs to assure compliance.

We are subject to healthcare fraud and abuse regulations that could result in significant liability, require us to change our business practices and restrict our operations in the future.

We and our customers are subject to various U.S. federal, state and local laws targeting fraud and abuse in the healthcare industry, including anti-kickback and false claims laws. Violations of these laws are punishable by criminal or civil sanctions, including substantial fines, imprisonment, and exclusion from participation in healthcare programs such as Medicare and Medicaid, and Veterans' Administration health programs and health programs outside the U.S. These laws and regulations are broad in scope and are subject to evolving interpretations, which could require us to alter one or more of our sales or marketing practices. In addition, violations of these laws, or allegations of such violations, could disrupt our business and result in a material adverse effect on our sales, profitability, and financial condition. Furthermore, since many of our customers rely on reimbursement from Medicare, Medicaid, and other governmental programs to cover a substantial portion of their expenditures, if we or our customers are excluded from such programs as a result of a violation of these laws, it could have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

We have developed and implemented business practices and processes to train our personnel to perform their duties in compliance with healthcare fraud and abuse laws and conduct informal oversight to detect and prevent these types of fraud and abuse. However, we lack formal written policies and procedures at this time. If we are unable to formally document and implement the controls and procedures required in a timely manner or we are otherwise found to be in violation of such laws, we might suffer adverse regulatory consequences or face criminal sanctions, which could harm our operations, financial reporting, or financial results.

We could be adversely affected by violations of the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and similar worldwide anti-bribery laws.

The U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and similar worldwide anti-bribery laws generally prohibit companies and their intermediaries from making improper payments to non-U.S. officials for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business. We intend to adopt policies for compliance with these anti-bribery laws, which often carry substantial penalties.

We cannot assure you that our internal control policies and procedures always will protect us from reckless or other inappropriate acts committed by our affiliates, employees, or agents. Violations of these laws, or allegations of such violations, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position and results of operations and could cause the market value of our common stock to decline.

We and our suppliers and customers are required to obtain regulatory approvals to comply with regulations applicable to medical devices, including infusion pumps, and these approvals could result in delays or increased costs in developing new products.

In December 2014, the FDA issued guidance entitled "Infusion Pumps Total Product Life Cycle." This guidance established substantial additional pre-market requirements for new and modified infusion pumps. Through this guidance, the FDA indicated more data demonstrating product safety will be required for future 510(k) submissions for infusion pumps, including the potential for more clinical and human factors data. The process for obtaining regulatory approvals to market infusion pumps and related accessories have become more costly and time consuming. The impact of this guidance is likely to result in a more time consuming and costly process to obtain regulatory clearance to market infusion pumps. In addition, new requirements could result in longer delays for the clearance of new products, modification of existing infusion pump products or remediation of existing products in the market. Future delays in the receipt of, or failure to obtain, approvals could result in delayed or no realization of product revenues.

We and our suppliers and customers are required to maintain compliance with regulations applicable to medical devices, including infusion pumps, and it could be costly to comply with these regulations and to develop compliant products and processes. Failure to comply with these regulations could subject us to sanctions and could adversely affect our business.

Even if we are able to obtain approval for introducing new products to the market, we and our suppliers may not be able to remain in compliance with applicable FDA and other material regulatory requirements once clearance or approval has been obtained for a product. These requirements include, among other things, regulations regarding manufacturing practices, product labeling, off-label marketing, advertising and post-marketing reporting, adverse event reports and field alerts. Compliance with these FDA requirements is subject to continual review and is monitored through periodic inspections by the FDA. For example, the FDA conducted routine inspections of our facility in Winter Springs, Florida in June 2019. The FDA issued a Form 483 on June 17, 2019 resulting from an inspection of our facility between June 11 and June 17, 2019, that identified three observations. These observations were related to procedural and documentation issues associated with vendor requirements and complaint investigation.

We submitted responses to the Form 483 in July 2019 in which we described our proposed corrective and preventative actions to address each of the observations. We received an acknowledgement letter from the FDA, on October 1, 2019, noting the proposed corrective and preventative actions were reviewed and appeared adequate.

In addition, manufacturing flaws, component failures, design defects, off-label uses by practitioners, or inadequate disclosure of product related information could result in an unsafe condition or the injury or death of a patient. All these events could harm our sales, margins and profitability in the affected periods and may have a material adverse effect on our business. Any adverse regulatory action or action taken by us to maintain appropriate regulatory compliance, with respect to these laws and regulations could disrupt our business and have a material adverse effect on our sales, profitability, and financial condition. Furthermore, an adverse regulatory action with respect to any of our products or operating procedures or to our suppliers' manufacturing facilities could materially harm our reputation in the marketplace.

Our operations are subject to environmental laws and regulations, with which compliance is costly and which exposes us to penalties for non-compliance.

Our business, products, and product candidates are subject to federal, state, and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment, worker health and safety and the use, management, storage, and disposal of hazardous substances, waste, and other regulated materials. These environmental laws and regulations could require us to pay for environmental remediation and response costs at third-party locations where we dispose of or recycle hazardous substances. The costs of complying with these various environmental requirements, as they now exist or as may be altered in the future, could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Risks Relating to our Intellectual Property

Our success depends on our ability to protect our intellectual property.

We intend to rely on a combination of patents, trademarks, trade secrets, know-how, license agreements and contractual provisions to establish and protect our proprietary rights to our technologies and products. We cannot guarantee that the steps we have taken or will take to protect our intellectual property rights will be adequate or that they will deter infringement, misappropriation, or violation of our intellectual property. We may fail to secure patents that are important to our business, and we cannot guarantee that any pending U.S. trademark or patent application, if ultimately issued, will provide us some relative competitive advantage. Litigation may be necessary to enforce our intellectual property rights and to determine the validity and scope of our proprietary rights.

Any litigation could result in substantial expenses and may not adequately protect our intellectual property rights. In addition, the laws of some of the countries in which our products may in the future be sold may not protect our products and intellectual property to the same extent as U.S. laws, or at all. We may be unable to protect our rights in

trade secrets and unpatented proprietary technology in these countries. If our trade secrets become known, we may lose our competitive advantages.

Even if we are able to secure necessary patents in the U.S., we may not be able to secure necessary patents and trademarks in foreign countries in which we sell our products or plan to sell our products. In 2013, the U.S. transitioned to a “first inventor to file” system for patents in which, assuming the other requirements for patentability are met, the first inventor to file a patent application is entitled to a patent. We may be subject to a third-party pre-issuance submission of prior art to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, or become involved in opposition, derivation, reexamination, inter parties review or interference proceedings challenging our patent rights or the patent rights of others. An adverse determination in any such submission, proceeding or litigation could reduce the scope of, or invalidate our patent rights, allow third parties to commercialize our technology or products and compete directly with us, without payment to us, or result in our inability to manufacture or commercialize products without infringing third party patent rights.

Our unpatented trade secrets, know-how, confidential and proprietary information, and technology may be inadequately protected.

We rely on unpatented trade secrets, know-how and technology. This intellectual property is difficult to protect, especially in the medical device industry, where much of the information about a product must be submitted to regulatory authorities during the clearance process. We seek to protect trade secrets, confidential information, and proprietary information, in part, by entering into confidentiality and invention assignment agreements with employees, consultants, and others. These parties may breach or terminate these agreements, and we may not have adequate remedies for such breaches. Furthermore, these agreements may not provide meaningful protection for our trade secrets or other confidential or proprietary information or result in the effective assignment to us of intellectual property and may not provide an adequate remedy in the event of unauthorized use or disclosure of confidential information or other breaches of the agreements. Despite our efforts to protect our trade secrets and our other confidential and proprietary information, we or our collaboration partners, board members, employees, consultants, contractors, or scientific and other advisors may unintentionally or willfully disclose our proprietary information to competitors.

There is a risk that our trade secrets and other confidential and proprietary information could have been, or could, in the future, be shared by any of our former employees with, and be used to the benefit of, any company that competes with us.

If we fail to maintain trade secret protection or fail to protect the confidentiality of our other confidential and proprietary information, our competitive position may be adversely affected. Competitors may also independently discover our trade secrets. Enforcement of claims that a third party has illegally obtained and is using trade secrets is expensive, time consuming and uncertain. If our competitors independently develop equivalent knowledge, methods and know-how, we would not be able to effectively assert our trade secret protections against them, which could have a material adverse effect on our business.

There can be no assurance of timely patent review and approval to minimize competition and generate sufficient revenues.

There can be no assurance that the Patent and Trademark Office will have sufficient resources to review our patent applications in a timely manner. Consequently, even if our patent applications are ultimately successful, our patent applications may be delayed, which would prevent intellectual property protection for our products. If we fail to successfully commercialize our products due to the lack of intellectual property protection, we may be unable to generate sufficient revenues to meet or grow our business according to our expected goals and this may have a materially adverse effect on our profitability, financial condition, and operations.

We may become involved in patent litigation or other intellectual property proceedings relating to our current and future product clearances, which could result in liability for damages or delay or stop our development and commercialization efforts.

The medical device industry has been characterized by significant litigation and other proceedings regarding patents, patent applications, and other intellectual property rights. The situations in which we may become parties to such litigation or proceedings may include any third parties (which may have substantially greater resources than we have) initiating litigation claiming that our products infringe their patent or other intellectual property rights; in such case, we will need to defend against such proceedings.

The large number of patents, the rapid rate of new patent applications and issuances, the complexities of the technologies involved, and the uncertainty of litigation significantly increase the risks related to any patent litigation. Any potential intellectual property litigation also could force us to do one or more of the following:

- stop selling, making, or using products that use the disputed intellectual property;
- obtain a license from the intellectual property owner to continue selling, making, licensing, or using products, which license may require substantial royalty payments and may not be available on reasonable terms, or at all;
- pay substantial damages or royalties to the party whose intellectual property rights we may be found to be infringing;
- pay the attorney fees and costs of litigation to the party whose intellectual property rights we may be found to be infringing; or
- redesign those products that contain the allegedly infringing intellectual property, which could be costly, disruptive and/or infeasible.

If any of the foregoing events occur, we may have to withdraw existing products from the market or may be unable to commercialize one or more of our products, all of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. As the number of participants in our industry grows, the possibility of intellectual property infringement claims against us increases.

Furthermore, the costs of resolving any patent litigation or other intellectual property proceeding, even if resolved in our favor, could be substantial. Uncertainties resulting from the initiation and continuation of patent litigation or other intellectual property proceedings could have a material adverse effect on our ability to compete in the marketplace. Patent litigation and other intellectual property proceedings may also consume significant management time.

In the event that a competitor infringes upon our patent or other intellectual property rights, enforcing those rights may be costly, difficult, and time-consuming. Even if successful, litigation to enforce our intellectual property rights or to defend our patents against challenge could be expensive and time-consuming and could divert our management's attention. We may not have sufficient resources to enforce our intellectual property rights or to defend our patent or other intellectual property rights against a challenge. If we are unsuccessful in enforcing and protecting our intellectual property rights and protecting our products, it could materially harm our business.

There may also be situations where we use our business judgment and decide to market and sell products, notwithstanding the fact that allegations of patent infringement(s) have not been finally resolved by the courts (i.e., an "at-risk launch"). The risk involved in doing so can be substantial because the remedies available to the owner of a patent for infringement may include, among other things, damages measured by the profits lost by the patent owner and not necessarily by the profits earned by the infringer. In the case of a willful infringement, the definition of which is subjective, such damages may be increased up to three times. An adverse decision could have a material adverse effect

on our business, financial position and results of operations and could cause the market value of our common stock to decline.

In addition, we may indemnify our customers and distributors with respect to infringement by our products of the proprietary rights of third parties. Third parties may assert infringement claims against our customers or distributors. These claims may require us to initiate or defend protracted and costly litigation on behalf of our customers or distributors, regardless of the merits of these claims. If any of these claims succeed, we may be forced to pay damages on behalf of our customers or distributors or may be required to obtain licenses for the products they use. If we cannot obtain all necessary licenses on commercially reasonable terms, our customers may be forced to stop using our products.

We may be subject to claims that we, our board members, employees, or consultants have used or disclosed alleged trade secrets or other proprietary information belonging to third parties and any such individuals who are currently affiliated with one of our competitors may disclose our proprietary technology or information.

As is commonplace in the medical device industry, some of our board members, employees and consultants are or have been associated with other medical device companies that compete with us. For example, Mr. Susi and a number of our other employees are former employees of other medical device firms. While associated with such other companies, these individuals may have been exposed to research and technology similar to the areas of research, technology, sales methodology, pricing models and other such matters in which we are engaged. We may become subject to future claims that we, our employees, board members, or consultants have inadvertently or otherwise used or disclosed alleged trade secrets or other proprietary information of those companies. Litigation may be necessary to defend against such claims.

We have entered into confidentiality agreements with our executives and key consultants. However, we do not have, and are not planning to enter into, any confidentiality agreements with our non-executive directors because they have a fiduciary duty of confidentiality as directors.

There is the possibility that any of our former board members, employees, or consultants who are currently or who may be employed at, or associated with, one of our competitors may unintentionally or willfully disclose our proprietary technology or information.

Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock

Our common stock price has been and will likely continue to be subject to significant fluctuations and volatility, and you may be unable to sell your shares at a fair price, or at all.

Our stock could be subject to wide fluctuations in price in response to various factors, including the following:

- a lack of liquidity in the public trading of our common stock;
- the commercial success or failure of our key products;
- delayed or reduced orders from our customers;
- manufacturing or supply interruptions;
- changes or developments in laws or regulations applicable to our products and product candidates;
- introduction of competitive products or technologies;
- poorly executed acquisitions or acquisitions whose projected potential is not realized;
- actual or anticipated variations in quarterly operating results;

[Table of Contents](#)

- failure to meet or exceed our own estimates and projections or the estimates and projections of securities analysts or investors;
- new or revised earnings estimates or guidance by us or securities analysts or investors;
- varying economic and market conditions in the U.S.;
- negative developments impacting the medical device industry in general and changes in the market valuations of companies deemed similar to us;
- negative developments concerning our sources of manufacturing supply;
- disputes or other developments relating to patents, trademarks or other proprietary rights;
- litigation or investigations involving us, our industry, or both;
- issuances of debt, equity or convertible securities at terms deemed unfavorable by the market;
- major catastrophic events;
- sales of large blocks of our stock;
- changes in our Board of Directors, management or key personnel; or
- the other factors described in this “Risk Factors” section.

Any one of the factors above, or the cumulative effect of some of the factors referred to above, may result in significant fluctuations in our quarterly or annual operating results, fluctuations in our share price and investors’ perception of our business. If we fail to meet or exceed such expectations, our business and stock price could be materially adversely affected.

Any use of capital to repurchase shares of our common stock, or the election to continue to pay a regular cash dividend, could have a material adverse effect on our stock price and our business.

Our Board of Directors has historically authorized stock repurchase programs and, pursuant to these authorizations, we have used a significant amount of cash to repurchase shares of common stock of our company. During 2016 and 2017, we repurchased 779,135 shares of our common stock for approximately \$11.8 million. While those stock repurchase programs have expired, should our Board of Directors authorize another stock repurchase program, there can be no assurance that we will be able to repurchase shares on favorable terms or, if we do repurchase shares, that such repurchases will increase shareholder value. Stock repurchases now are burdened with a Federal excise tax which diminishes their attraction to deliver returns to shareholders.

In December 2023, our Board of Directors declared a special cash dividend of \$0.48 per share and the initiation of a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.15 per share. The special cash dividend and the first quarterly dividend are payable on January 12, 2024, to shareholders of record at the close of business on December 18, 2023. Even though our board of directors has approved the payment of a regular quarterly cash dividend on the Company’s common stock, there can be no assurance as to whether or when we may pay dividends on our common stock in the future. Future dividends, if any, will be declared and paid at the discretion of the Company’s board of directors and will depend on a number of factors.

Similarly, on February 2, 2023, the Board of Directors declared a special cash dividend of \$1.05 per share on the Company’s common stock. On February 21, 2023, we paid \$13,222,907 to shareholders of record at the close of business on February 13, 2023. In the future, the Board of Directors may elect to allocate capital based on our continued ability to generate cash from operations, our capital needs to support normal operations, and making investments that are

aimed at supporting growth, rather than paying cash dividends. These capital allocation decisions could have a material adverse effect on our stock price. If the Board of Directors chose to omit a dividend and retained future earnings for the operation and expansion of our business, realization of a gain on your investment will depend solely on the appreciation of the price of our common stock, which may never occur.

Additionally, if we use a significant portion of our capital to repurchase shares or pay cash dividends, our financial flexibility will be reduced, and we may not be able to execute on other strategic initiatives or tolerate periods of operating losses. If we repurchase shares on unfavorable terms or if our use of capital to repurchase shares or pay cash dividends inhibits our ability to pursue other strategic initiatives or tolerate periods of operating losses, it could have a material adverse effect on our stock price and our business.

We may need or choose to raise additional capital in the future, which could result in dilution to our stockholders and adversely affect stock price.

While we believe that our cash and investment balances and prospective cash flow from our operations will provide us with adequate capital to fund operations for at least the next 12 months from the date of the issuance of the financial statements included herein, we may need or choose to raise additional funds prior to that time. We may seek to sell additional equity or debt securities or to obtain a credit facility, which we may not be able to do on favorable terms, or at all. The sale of additional equity or convertible debt securities could result in additional dilution to our stockholders. If additional funds are raised through the issuance of debt securities or preferred stock, these securities could have rights that are senior to holders of common stock and any debt securities could contain covenants that would restrict our operations. The sale of such securities could hurt demand for our common stock and cause our share price to decline.

Roger Susi, who serves as our Chairman of the Board of Directors, President and Chief Executive Officer, owns a significant percentage of our stock and will be able to exert significant influence over matters subject to stockholder approval.

Mr. Susi, our founder, who serves as our Chairman of the Board of Directors, President and Chief Executive Officer, and his affiliates, beneficially own approximately 36 percent of our outstanding common stock. Mr. Susi may be able to significantly influence matters requiring approval by our stockholders, including the election of directors and the approval of mergers, acquisitions, or other extraordinary transactions. He may also have interests that differ from yours and may vote in a way with which you disagree, and which may be adverse to your interests. This concentration of ownership may have the effect of promoting, delaying or deterring a change of control of our company.

The requirements of being a public company may strain our resources, divert management's attention and affect our ability to attract and retain executive management and qualified board members.

As a public company, we are subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, the Dodd-Frank Act, the listing requirements of the Nasdaq Stock Market and other applicable securities rules and regulations. Compliance with these rules and regulations will increase our legal and financial compliance costs, make some activities more difficult, time consuming or costly and increase demand on our systems and resources. The Exchange Act requires, among other things, that we file annual, quarterly, and current reports with respect to our business and operating results. As a result, management's attention may be diverted from other business concerns, which could adversely affect our business and operating results. We may need to hire more employees in the future or engage outside consultants to monitor and advise us regarding compliance, which will increase our costs and expenses.

In addition, changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure are creating uncertainty for public companies, increasing legal and financial compliance costs, and making some activities more time consuming. These laws, regulations and standards are subject to varying interpretations, in many cases due to their lack of specificity, and, as a result, their application in practice may evolve over time as new guidance is provided by regulatory and governing bodies. This could result in continuing uncertainty regarding compliance matters and higher costs necessitated by ongoing revisions to disclosure and governance practices. We may need to invest in additional

resources to comply with evolving laws, regulations and standards, and this investment may result in increased general and administrative expenses and a diversion of management's time and attention from revenue-generating activities to compliance activities. If our efforts to comply with new laws, regulations and standards differ from the activities intended by regulatory or governing bodies due to ambiguities related to their application and practice, regulatory authorities may initiate legal proceedings against us, and our business may be adversely affected.

We believe that being a public company and compliant with these rules and regulations has made it more expensive for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance, and we may be required to accept reduced coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain coverage. These factors could also make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified executive officers and qualified members of our Board of Directors, particularly to serve on the Board of Directors' audit committee (the "Audit Committee") and compensation committee (the "Compensation Committee").

As a result of being a public company, we are obligated to establish and maintain adequate internal controls. Failure to develop and maintain adequate internal controls or to implement new or improved controls could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position and results of operations and could cause the market value of our common stock to decline.

Ensuring that we have adequate internal financial and accounting controls and procedures in place so that we can produce accurate financial statements on a timely basis is a costly and time-consuming effort. Our internal controls over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP. During the evaluation and testing process, if we identify one or more material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting, we will be unable to assert that our internal controls are effective.

We are required to disclose significant changes made in our internal controls and procedures on a quarterly basis. Our independent registered public accounting firm may issue a report that is adverse in the event it is not satisfied with the level at which our controls are documented, designed, or operating. Our remediation efforts may not enable us to avoid a material weakness in the future.

Our business practices are more visible as a public company, and this could impact our competitive environment and our risk of potential litigation.

As a result of disclosure of information in filings required of a public company, our business and financial condition are more visible than a privately-held company, potentially exposing us to new competition and threatened or actual litigation, including by competitors and other third parties. New competition could result in reduced sales of our products and adversely impact our profitability. If lawsuits prevail against us, our business and operating results could be adversely affected, and even if the claims do not result in litigation or are resolved in our favor, these claims, and the time and resources necessary to resolve them, could divert the resources of our management and adversely affect our business and operating results.

We may and have become involved in securities class action litigation that could divert management's attention from our business and adversely affect our business and could subject us to significant liabilities.

The stock markets have from time-to-time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that have affected the market prices of small capitalization medical device companies. These broad market fluctuations as well a broad range of other factors, including the realization of any of the risks described in this "Risk Factors" section, may cause the market price of our common stock to decline. In the past, securities class action litigation has often been brought against a company following a decline in the market price of its securities. We have become, and may in the future, become involved in this type of litigation. Litigation is expensive and could divert management's attention and resources from our primary business, which could adversely affect our operating results. Any adverse determination in any such litigation or any amounts paid to settle any such actual or threatened litigation could require us to make significant payments. Such payment could have a material impact on how investors view our company and result in a decline in our stock price.

If securities or industry analysts fail to initiate research coverage of our stock, downgrade our stock, or discontinue coverage, our trading volume might be reduced, and our stock price could decline.

The trading market for our common stock depends, in part, on the research reports that securities or industry analysts publish about our business. If securities or industry analysts do not commence or continue coverage of our company, the trading market for our stock may not be robust and the price of our stock could likely be negatively impacted. In the event securities or industry analysts initiate coverage, and later downgrade our stock or discontinue such coverage, our stock price could decline.

Our charter documents and Delaware law have provisions that may discourage an acquisition of us by others and may prevent attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management.

Provisions in our charter documents, as well as provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law (“DGCL”), could depress the trading price of our common stock by making it more difficult for a third party to acquire us at a price favorable to our shareholders. These provisions include:

- authorizing the issuance of “blank check” preferred stock, the terms of which may be established and shares of which may be issued without stockholder approval to defend against a takeover attempt; and
- establishing advance notice requirements for nominations for election to our Board of Directors or for proposing matters that can be acted upon at stockholder meetings.

In addition, these provisions may frustrate or prevent any attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management by making it more difficult for stockholders to replace members of our Board of Directors. We are subject to Section 203 of the DGCL, which generally prohibits a Delaware corporation from engaging in any of a broad range of business combinations with an interested stockholder for a period of three years following the date on which the stockholder became an interested stockholder, unless such transactions are approved by our Board of Directors. This provision could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control, whether or not it is desired by or beneficial to our stockholders, which could also affect the price that some investors are willing to pay for our common stock.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 1C. CYBERSECURITY

IRadimed employs a multilayer approach to addressing cybersecurity risk based on the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) framework. It has established a cybersecurity team that utilizes internal and external assessments, automated monitoring tools, and input from public and private partners to identify potential cyber threats. External third-party security firms are engaged to assist with cybersecurity risk assessments, penetration testing and system security analysis. Our cybersecurity team works in conjunction with the management, legal, finance, accounting, operations, and information technology areas to assess the risk these identified cybersecurity threats present to the organization. To ensure consistency, these cybersecurity risk assessments are incorporated into IRadimed’s enterprise risk management process, and our information technology leadership reviews the Company’s enterprise risk management-level cybersecurity risks on a quarterly basis, and key cybersecurity risks are incorporated into the enterprise risk management framework. Cybersecurity risks are managed and controlled through multiple overlapping layers of cybersecurity defenses that include:

- the implementation of a comprehensive cybersecurity policy that encompasses but is not limited to, information governance, monitoring, authentication, encryption, vulnerability management, third-party management, and recovery;

[Table of Contents](#)

- required annual cybersecurity training for all employees with additional supplemental cybersecurity training required based on role;
- random employee phish testing, training and follow-up;
- procedural and automated cyber controls in conjunction with robust detection, mitigation, and recovery capabilities;
- the integration of multiple threat intelligence sources into our cybersecurity tools and processes;
- the retention of external cybersecurity threat response resources; and
- the formation of a multidisciplinary cybersecurity incident response team.

The IRadimed board of directors provides enterprise-level oversight of risks associated with cybersecurity threats through the Audit Committee, which serves and functions as the Board's primary oversight body to monitor the Company's cybersecurity and related information technology risk and assists the Company's board of directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities regarding the Company policies and processes with respect to risk assessment and risk management, including any significant non-financial risk exposures; reviewing and discussing our information security policies and internal controls regarding information security; and reviewing the annual disclosures concerning the role of the Board in the risk oversight of the Company. The Audit Committee performs an annual review of the cybersecurity program and receives regular updates on key cybersecurity risks, the cybersecurity risk management plan, and cyber incident event trends. The Audit Committee oversees the Company's disclosure of any cybersecurity incident deemed material (and such materiality determination will be made by the Board upon recommendation of the Audit Committee) as required by the SEC or any other governmental authority, as applicable.

In addition to managing our own cybersecurity preparedness, we also consider and evaluate cybersecurity risks associated with the use of third-party service providers. Risk assessments are performed against third-party service providers with a specific focus on any sensitive data that is to be shared with them. The internal business owners of vertical applications are required to document user access reviews regularly. We request a System and Organizational Controls ("SOC") 2 report from the vendors of our enterprise cloud applications. If they do not provide us with a SOC 2, we seek additional compensating risk assurance in our contract language with them. Risks associated with the use of third-party service providers are managed as part of our overall cybersecurity risk management framework.

To continually manage and control the material risks that cybersecurity threats present to the organization, IRadimed invests significantly in the cybersecurity elements outlined above. In addition, the Company has made investments to fulfill the operational and financial regulatory requirements laid out by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

IRadimed faces a number of cybersecurity risks in connection with its business. Although such risks have not materially affected us, including our business strategy, results of operations, or financial conditions, to date, we have, from time to time, experienced threats to and breaches of our data systems, including malware, phishing and computer virus attacks.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

Our principal offices are currently located in a leased facility of approximately 23,100 square feet located in Winter Springs, Florida. This facility has been leased from an entity controlled by our founder, President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors, Roger Susi. Pursuant to the terms of our lease, the current monthly base rent is \$34,133, adjusted annually for changes in the consumer price index. Prior to May 31, 2019, the expiration date of the initial lease term, and pursuant to the terms of the lease contract, we renewed the lease for an

[Table of Contents](#)

additional five years, resulting in a new lease expiration date of May 31, 2024. Unless advance written notice of termination is timely provided, the lease will automatically renew for one additional successive term of five years beginning in 2024, and thereafter will be renewed for successive terms of one year each. Pursuant to a reinstatement and amendment, dated February 2, 2023, to the previously announced sale and purchase agreement with O Property, Ltd., a Florida limited partnership, and the Company, dated November 1, 2022, the parties consummated the sale of approximately 26.518 acres of land located in Orange County, Florida to the Company for a purchase price of \$6,200,000. The property was acquired as a site for future office, assembly and warehouse/shipping space to accommodate our increased operations and anticipated growth.

In February 2023, we entered into two, two-year, non-cancelable operating leases for approximately 5,400 square feet of additional office space in Winter Springs, Florida. Pursuant to the lease terms the total monthly base rent is \$10,055. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company paid \$110,605 and \$0 respectively. Under the terms of the lease, we are responsible for insurance and maintenance expenses. Pursuant to the contract terms, the leases will expire February 2025 and do not contain any residual value guarantee or material restrictive covenants.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we are involved in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business, including proceedings for which we may not have insurance coverage. While many of these matters involve inherent uncertainty as of the date hereof, we do not currently believe that any such legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, results of operations or liquidity. We also believe that adequate reserves for these liabilities have been made.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Market for Common Stock

Our common stock has been publicly traded on Nasdaq under the stock symbol "IRMD" since July 16, 2014. Prior to that date, there was no public market for our common stock.

The stock market in general has experienced significant stock price fluctuations in the past few years. In some cases, these fluctuations have been unrelated to the operating performance of the affected companies. Therefore, many companies have experienced dramatic volatility in the market prices of their common stock. We believe that a number of factors, both within and outside our control, could cause the price of our common stock to fluctuate, perhaps substantially. Factors such as the following (and others) could have a significant adverse impact on the market price of our common stock:

- Our financial position and results of operations;
- Our ability, if needed, to obtain additional financing and, if available, the terms and conditions of the financing;
- Concern as to, or other evidence of, the reliability and efficiency of our proposed products or our competitors' products;
- Announcements of innovations or new products by us or our competitors;
- Federal, state, and international governmental regulatory actions and the impact of such requirements on our business;
- The development of litigation against us;
- Period-to-period fluctuations in our operating results;
- Changes in estimates of our performance by any securities analysts;
- The issuance of new equity securities pursuant to a future offering or acquisition;
- Poorly executed acquisitions or acquisitions whose projected potential is not realized;
- Changes in interest rates;
- Competitive developments, including announcements by competitors of new products or significant contracts, acquisitions, strategic partnerships, joint ventures or capital commitments;
- Sales of large blocks of our stock;
- Investor perceptions of our company; and
- General economic and other national and international conditions.

Stockholders

As of February 29, 2024, we had 3 stockholders of record. This number is significantly less than and does not include “street name” or beneficial holders, whose shares are held by banks, brokers, financial institutions and other nominees.

Dividends

On February 2, 2023, the Board of Directors declared a special cash dividend of \$1.05 per share on the Company’s common stock. On February 21, 2023, we paid \$13,222,907, to shareholders of record at the close of business on February 13, 2023. On December 12, 2023, the Board of Directors declared a special cash dividend of \$0.48 per share and the initiation of a regular quarterly dividend on the Company’s outstanding common stock. The regular quarterly dividend is \$0.15 per share. The special cash dividend and the quarterly dividend are payable on January 12, 2024, to shareholders of record at the close of business on December 18, 2023.

The decision on whether to pay cash dividends on our common stock in the future will be made by our Board of Directors, at its discretion, and will depend on our financial condition, operating results, capital requirements and other factors that the board of directors considers significant.

Unregistered Sales of Securities; Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities

None.

Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer

The following table provides information regarding repurchases of common stock for the year ended December 31, 2023.

	Total Number of Shares Purchased (1)	Average Price Paid per Share (2)	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
January 1, 2023—January 31, 2023	898	\$ —	—	\$ —
February 1, 2023—February 28, 2023	48	\$ —	—	\$ —
March 1, 2023—March 31, 2023	469	\$ —	—	\$ —
April 1, 2023—April 30, 2023	23	\$ —	—	\$ —
May 1, 2023—May 31, 2023	524	\$ —	—	\$ —
June 1, 2023—June 30, 2023	1,502	\$ —	—	\$ —
July 1, 2023—July 31, 2023	588	\$ —	—	\$ —
August 1, 2023—August 31, 2023	17	\$ —	—	\$ —
September 1, 2023—September 30, 2023	66	\$ —	—	\$ —
October 1, 2023—October 31, 2023	338	\$ —	—	\$ —
November 1, 2023—November 30, 2023	—	\$ —	—	\$ —
December 1, 2023—December 31, 2023	10,004	\$ —	—	\$ —
Total	14,477	\$ —	—	\$ —

(1) The number of shares purchased reflects shares withheld for taxes on vesting of restricted stock. There were no shares repurchased pursuant to the open market repurchase authorization.

(2) The average price paid per share does not include the withheld shares discussed in (1).

Transfer Agent

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc.

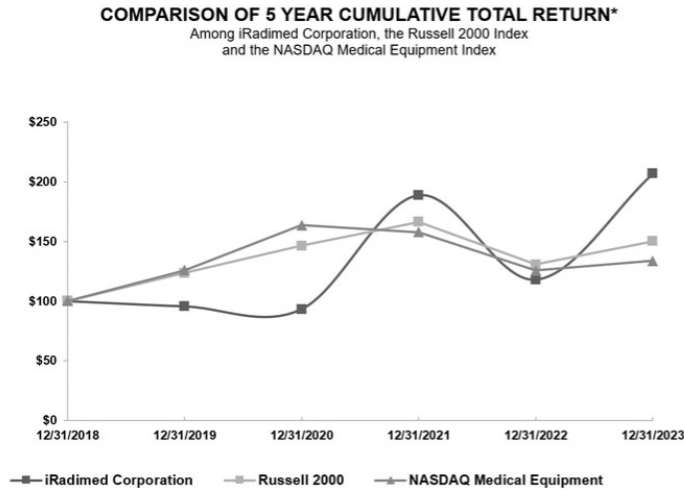
Equity Compensation Plan Information

The information required by this item regarding our equity compensation plans is incorporated herein by reference to Item 12 of Part III of this Annual Report

Stock Performance Graph

The following information of Part II Item 5 is being furnished and shall not be deemed to be “soliciting material” or to be “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor will it be deemed incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except to the extent that we specifically incorporate such information by reference thereto.

The following graph shows a comparison, from December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2023, of cumulative total return for our common stock, the Russell 2000 Index and the Nasdaq Medical Equipment Index. Such returns are based on historical results and are not intended to suggest future performance. Data for the Russell 2000 Index and the Nasdaq Medical Equipment Index assumes reinvestment of dividends.



*\$100 invested on 12/31/18 in stock or index, including reinvestment of dividends.
Fiscal year ending December 31.

ITEM 6. [RESERVED]

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read this discussion and analysis together with our audited financial statements, the notes to such statements and the other financial information included in this Form 10-K. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. As a result of many factors, such as those set forth under the section entitled "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Form 10-K, our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements. See "CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS" for a discussion of the uncertainties, risks and assumptions associated with these statements.

Our Business

We develop, manufacture, market and distribute Magnetic Resonance Imaging ("MRI") compatible medical devices and accessories, disposables and services relating to them.

We are a leader in the development of innovative MRI compatible medical devices. We are the only known provider of a non-magnetic intravenous ("IV") infusion pump system that is specifically designed to be safe for use during MRI procedures. We were the first to develop an infusion delivery system that largely eliminates many of the dangers and problems present during MRI procedures. Standard infusion pumps contain magnetic and electronic components which can create radio frequency interference and are dangerous to operate in the presence of the powerful magnet that drives an MRI system. Our patented MRidium® MRI compatible IV infusion pump system has been designed with a non-magnetic ultrasonic motor, uniquely designed non-ferrous parts and other special features to safely and predictably deliver anesthesia and other IV fluids during various MRI procedures. Our pump solution provides a seamless approach that enables accurate, safe and dependable fluid delivery before, during and after an MRI scan, which is important to critically ill patients who cannot be removed from their vital medications, and children and infants who must generally be sedated to remain immobile during an MRI scan.

Each IV infusion pump system consists of an MRidium® MRI compatible IV infusion pump, non-magnetic mobile stand, proprietary disposable IV tubing sets and many of these systems contain additional optional upgrade accessories.

Our 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system has been designed with non-magnetic components and other special features to safely and accurately monitor a patient's vital signs during various MRI procedures. The IRADIMED 3880 system operates dependably in magnetic fields up to 30,000 gauss, which means it can operate virtually anywhere in the MRI scanner room. The IRADIMED 3880 has a compact, lightweight design allowing it to travel with the patient from their critical care unit, to the MRI and back, resulting in increased patient safety through uninterrupted vital signs monitoring and decreasing the amount of time critically ill patients are away from critical care units. The features of the IRADIMED 3880 include: wireless ECG with dynamic gradient filtering; wireless SpO2 using Masimo® algorithms; non-magnetic respiratory CO2; invasive and non-invasive blood pressure; patient temperature; and optional advanced multi-gas anesthetic agent unit featuring continuous Minimum Alveolar Concentration measurements. The IRADIMED 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system has an easy-to-use design and allows for the effective communication of patient vital signs information to clinicians.

We generate revenue from the sale of MRI compatible medical devices and accessories, extended warranty agreements, services related to maintaining our products and the sale of disposable products used with our devices. The principal customers for our MRI compatible products include hospitals and acute care facilities, both in the United States and internationally. As of December 31, 2023, our direct U.S. sales force consisted of 25 field sales representatives, 3 regional sales directors and supplemented by 7 clinical application specialists. Internationally, we have distribution agreements with independent distributors selling our products.

Selling cycles for our devices have varied widely and have historically ranged between three and six months in duration with more recent trends lengthening beyond this historical range due to lingering pandemic issues. We also enter into agreements with IDNs and healthcare supply contracting companies, which are commonly referred to as GPOs in the U.S., which enable us to sell and distribute our products to their member hospitals. GPOs negotiate volume

[Table of Contents](#)

purchase prices for hospitals, group practices, and other clinics that are members of a GPO. Under our GPO agreements, we are required to pay the GPOs a fee of three percent of the sales of our products to members of the GPO. Sales to participating IDNs do not have an associated fee.

Financial Highlights and Outlook

Our revenue was \$65.6 million in 2023 and \$53.3 million in 2022. Our diluted earnings per share was \$1.35 in 2023, and \$1.02 in 2022. Our cash provided by operations was \$13.5 million in 2023, and \$10.0 million in 2022.

Our estimated installed base of medical devices is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2023	2022
IV Infusion Pump Systems	7,196	6,582
Patient Vital Signs Monitoring Systems	2,166	1,596

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

We prepare our financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and use assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and related disclosures at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Our significant accounting policies are more fully described in Note 1 to the Financial Statements. However, we believe that the following critical accounting policies require the use of significant estimates, assumptions and judgments. The use of different estimates, assumptions and judgments could have a material effect on the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and related disclosures as of the date of the financial statements and revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Revenue Recognition

We generate revenue from the sale of MRI compatible medical devices and accessories, extended warranty agreements, services related to maintaining our products and the sale of disposable products used with our devices. The principal customers for our MRI compatible products include hospitals and acute care facilities, both in the U.S. and internationally. In the U.S. we sell our products through our direct sales force and outside of the U.S. we sell our products through third-party distributors who resell our products to end users.

For many domestic sales, we enter into agreements with IDN systems and healthcare supply contracting companies, commonly referred to as GPOs.

GPO agreements enable us to sell and distribute our products to their member hospitals. Our agreements with GPOs typically include negotiated pricing for all group members established at time of GPO contract execution. Under these agreements, we are required to pay the GPOs a fee of three percent of the sales of our products to members of the GPO. We do not sell to GPOs. Hospitals, group practices and other acute care facilities that are members of a GPO, purchase products directly from us under the terms of our GPO agreements.

We recognize revenue when all of the following criteria are met: we have a contract with a customer that creates enforceable rights and obligations; promised products or services are identified; the transaction price, or the amount we expect to receive, is determinable and we have transferred control of the promised products or services to the customer. We consider transfer of control evidenced upon the passage of title and risks and rewards of ownership to the customer, which is typically at a point in time, except for our extended warranty agreements. We allocate the transaction price using the relative standalone selling price method.

[Table of Contents](#)

Customer sale prices for our medical devices and related disposables and services are contractually fixed over the contract term. We recognize a receivable at the point in time we have an unconditional right to payment. Payment terms are typically within 45 days after transferring control to U.S. customers. Most international distributors are required to pay a portion of the transaction price in advance and the remaining amount within 30 days of receiving the related products. Accordingly, we have elected to use the practical expedient that allows us to ignore the possible existence of a significant financing component within the contract.

We have elected to account for shipping and handling charges billed to customers as revenue and shipping and handling related expenses as cost of revenue.

In certain U.S. states we are required to collect sales taxes from our customers. We have elected to exclude the amounts collected for these taxes from revenue and record them as a liability until remitted to the taxing authority.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated selected statements of operations data as a percentage of total revenue. Our historical operating results are not necessarily indicative of the results for any future period.

	Percent of Revenue Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Revenue	100.0 %	100.0 %
Cost of revenue	23.5	22.6
Gross profit	76.5	77.4
Operating expenses:		
General and administrative	23.1	20.1
Sales and marketing	18.5	23.8
Research and development	4.4	4.3
Total operating expenses	46.0	48.2
Income from operations	30.5	29.3
Other income, net	2.6	1.0
Income before provision for income taxes	33.1	30.3
Provision for income tax expense	6.9	6.3
Net income	26.2 %	24.0 %

Comparison of the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Revenue by Geographic Region

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
United States	\$ 52,525,449	\$ 43,898,735
International	13,036,847	9,404,410
Total revenue	\$ 65,562,296	\$ 53,303,145

Revenue by Type

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Devices:		
MRI Compatible IV Infusion Pump Systems	\$ 19,611,128	\$ 14,526,017
MRI Compatible Patient Vital Signs Monitoring Systems	25,414,537	21,721,720
Ferro Magnetic Detection Systems	944,793	257,112
Total Devices revenue	45,970,458	36,504,849
Disposables, services and other	17,578,366	14,622,327
Amortization of extended warranty agreements	2,013,472	2,175,969
Total revenue	\$ 65,562,296	\$ 53,303,145

Revenue increased \$12.3 million, or 23.0 percent, to \$65.6 million from \$53.3 million for the same period in 2022.

Revenue from sales in the U.S. increased \$8.6 million, or 19.7 percent, to \$52.5 million from \$43.9 million for the same period in 2022. Revenue from sales internationally increased \$3.6 million, or 38.6 percent, to \$13.0 million from \$9.4 million for the same period in 2022. Domestic sales accounted for 80.1 percent of total revenue for the year ended December 31, 2023, compared to 82.4 percent for the same period in 2022.

Revenue from sales of devices increased \$9.5 million, or 25.9 percent, to \$46.0 million from \$36.5 million for the same period in 2022. This increase was the result of higher overall unit sales, particularly our IV infusion pump systems.

Revenue from sales of our disposables, service and other increased \$3.0 million, or 20.2 percent, to \$17.6 million from \$14.6 million for the same period in 2022. Revenue from the amortization of our extended warranty agreements decreased \$0.2 million, or 7.5%, to \$2.0 million from \$2.2 million for the same period in 2022. The increase in ancillary product sales aligns with the increased sales of our devices. The decline in revenue from the amortization of deferred revenue year-over-year is primarily due to a higher initial volume of deferred revenue during the pandemic, as more companies were purchasing extended warranties at that time.

Cost of Revenue and Gross Profit

	Year Ended Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Revenue	\$ 65,562,296	\$ 53,303,145
Cost of revenue	15,404,027	12,020,742
Gross profit	\$ 50,158,269	\$ 41,282,403
Gross profit percentage	76.5 %	77.4 %

Cost of revenue increased approximately \$3.4 million, or 28.1 percent, to \$15.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, from \$12.0 million for the same period in 2022. Gross profit increased approximately \$8.9 million, or 21.5 percent, to \$50.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 from \$41.3 million for the same period in 2022. The increase in cost of revenue and gross profit is primarily due to higher revenue during the year ended December 31, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022.

Gross profit margin was 76.5 percent and 77.4 percent for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The increase in gross profit margin is the result of favorable overhead variance adjustments and higher average selling prices in 2023 compared to 2022, offset by increased raw material costs due to inflation. The increase

in year over year sales also positively impacts the Company's ability to favorably absorb overhead costs and increase gross profit margin.

Operating Expenses

	December 31,	
	2023	2022
General and administrative	\$ 15,122,065	\$ 10,697,067
Percentage of revenue	23.1 %	20.1 %
Sales and marketing	\$ 12,142,090	\$ 12,679,610
Percentage of revenue	18.5 %	23.8 %
Research and development	\$ 2,858,656	\$ 2,278,081
Percentage of revenue	4.4 %	4.3 %

General and Administrative

General and administrative expense increased approximately \$4.4 million, or 41.4 percent, to \$15.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, from \$10.7 million for the same period last year. This increase is primarily due to higher expenses for legal and professional costs, regulatory approval and consulting costs, and payroll and employee benefits costs. These increases are a direct result of the continuous growth of the Company and need for additional support resources.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses decreased approximately \$0.6 million, or 4.3 percent, to \$12.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, from \$12.7 million for the same period in 2022. This decrease is primarily the result of lower expenses for sales commissions, partially offset by higher expenses for payroll and benefits. Lower commissions are related to the sales cycle, and not necessarily in line with revenue growth. The increases are a direct result of the continuing growth of the Company.

Research and Development

Research and development expense increased approximately \$0.6 million, or 25.5 percent, to \$2.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, from \$2.3 million for the same period in 2022. This is primarily due to higher payroll and benefits costs, offset by lower prototype design and consulting expenses.

Other Income, Net

Other income, net consists of interest income, foreign currency transactional gains and losses, and other miscellaneous income. We reported other income of approximately \$1.7 million and \$0.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. This increase is primarily the result of higher interest income during the year ended December 31, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022.

Income Taxes

We recorded a provision for income tax expense of approximately \$4.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, compared to a tax expense of approximately \$3.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. Our effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2023 was 20.8 percent compared to 20.7 percent for the same period in 2022. The increase in our effective tax rate is primarily the result of higher book income before the provision for income taxes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal sources of liquidity have historically been our cash and cash equivalents balances, our investments, cash flow from operations and access to the financial markets. Our principal uses of cash are operating expenses, working capital requirements and capital expenditures.

As of December 31, 2023, we had cash and investments of \$49.8 million, stockholders' equity of \$71.4 million, and working capital of \$59.7 million, compared to cash and cash equivalents and investments of \$58.0 million, stockholders' equity of \$73.7 million, and working capital of \$68.9 million as of December 31, 2022.

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 13,465,012	\$ 10,042,711
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,007,167)	(1,374,997)
Net cash used in financing activities	(13,656,511)	(12,706,400)

Comparison of the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Operating Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2023, cash provided by operations increased \$3.5 million to \$13.5 million, from \$10.0 million in 2022. During 2023, cash provided by operations was positively impacted by higher net income, accounts receivable, stock compensation, and deferred revenue. Cash provided by operations was negatively impacted by inventory, accounts payable, and deferred income taxes.

Investing Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2023, cash related to investing activities decreased \$6.6 million to a use of \$8.0 million, from \$1.4 million used in 2022. During 2023, cash related to investing activities was impacted by purchases of property and equipment, specifically the purchase of land. During 2022, cash related to investing activities was impacted by maturities of investments, purchases of property and equipment, and capitalized intangible assets.

Financing Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2023, cash related to financing activities decreased \$1.0 million to a use of \$13.7 million, from \$12.7 million used in 2022. During 2023, cash used in financing activities was related to a cash payment for a dividend and taxes paid for the net share settlement of restricted stock units.

Sales to end users in the United States are generally made on open credit terms. Management maintains an allowance for potential credit losses.

Our manufacturing operations and headquarters facility is approximately 23,100 square feet located in Winter Springs, Florida. This facility has been leased from Susi, LLC, an entity controlled by our President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman, Roger Susi. Pursuant to the terms of our lease, the monthly base rent is \$34,133, adjusted annually for changes in the consumer price index.

We believe our sources of liquidity, including cash flow from operations, existing cash, and available financing sources will be sufficient to meet our projected cash requirements for at least the next 12 months from the date the financial statements are issued. Any equity financing may be dilutive to stockholders, and debt financing, if available, may involve restrictive covenants that increase our costs. We monitor our capital requirements to ensure our needs are in line with available capital resources. From time to time, we may explore additional financing sources to meet our working capital requirements, make continued investment in research and development, expand our business and acquire products or businesses that complement our current business. These actions would likely affect our future capital

requirements and the adequacy of our available funds. Our future liquidity and capital requirements will depend on numerous factors, including the:

- Amount and timing of revenue and expenses;
- Dividend policy;
- Extent to which our existing and new products gain market acceptance;
- Extent to which we make acquisitions;
- Cost and timing of product development efforts and the success of these development efforts;
- Cost and timing of selling and marketing activities; and
- Availability of borrowings or other means of financing.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We develop our products in the U.S. and sell those products into approximately 80 countries throughout the world. We also purchase certain components for our products from foreign vendors. Most of our sale and purchase transactions are denominated in the U.S. Dollar. As a result, our financial results could be affected by factors such as foreign currency exchange rates relative to the U.S. Dollar or weak economic conditions in foreign markets. In addition, changes in exchange rates may also affect the end-user prices of our products compared to those of our competitors, who may be selling their products in local currencies, making our products less competitive in some countries.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We have foreign currency risks related to our cost of revenue denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar, principally the Japanese yen (“Yen”). The volatility of the Yen depends on many factors that we cannot forecast with reliable accuracy. We have experienced and will continue to experience fluctuations in our net income as a result of transaction gains and losses related to revaluing Yen denominated accounts payable balances. In the event our Yen denominated accounts payable or expenses increase, our operating results may be affected by fluctuations in the Yen exchange rate. If the U.S. Dollar uniformly increased or decreased in strength by 10 percent relative to the Yen, our net income would have correspondingly increased or decreased by an immaterial amount for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Interest Rate Risk

When able, we invest excess cash in money-market funds, and in the past, corporate debt securities or discrete short-term investments. Our interest income is sensitive to changes in the general level of interest rates in the U.S. If market interest rates were to change by 100 basis points from levels at December 31, 2023, we expect a corresponding change of approximately \$431,000 in interest income earned on our excess cash held in interest bearing accounts.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The Financial Statements and Supplementary Data required by this Item 8 are incorporated by reference to information beginning on Page F-1 of this Form 10-K.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain a set of disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. In accordance with Rule 13a-15(b) of the Exchange Act, as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K, an evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K, were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP"). All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations.

We conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of our system of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023, the last day of our fiscal year. This assessment was based on criteria established in the framework Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013), issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, and included an evaluation of elements such as the design and operating effectiveness of key financial reporting controls, process documentation, accounting policies, and our overall control environment. Based on our assessment, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of the end of the fiscal year to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We reviewed the results of management's assessment with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting - (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended December 31, 2023 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on Controls

Our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives as specified above. Management does not expect, however, that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all error and fraud. Any control system, no matter how well designed and operated, is based upon certain assumptions and can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that its objectives will be met. Further, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

ITEM 9C. DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS

Not applicable.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required by this Item 10 will be included in the Proxy Statement to be filed within 120 days after the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this Item 11 will be included in the Proxy Statement, and such information is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by this Item 12, including Equity Compensation Plan Information, will be included in the Proxy Statement, and such information is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by this Item 13 will be included in the Proxy Statement, and such information is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this Item 14 will be included in the Proxy Statement, and such information is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

The following documents are filed as part of this report:

1. Financial Statements: See “Index to Financial Statements” in Part II, Item 8 of this annual report on Form 10-K.
2. Financial Statement Schedule: Not applicable.
3. Exhibits: The exhibits listed in the accompanying “Exhibit Index” are filed or incorporated by reference as part of this Form 10-K.

ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

None.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit	Form	Incorporated by Reference		Filed Herewith
			File No.	Filing Date	
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation	14C	001-36534	10/9/2015	
3.2	Third Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant	8-K	001-36534	9/19/2018	
4.1	Specimen common stock certificate	S-1A	333-196875	7/9/2014	
4.2	Description of Registrant’s Securities	10-K	001-36534	3/6/2020	
10.1+	Form of Stock Option Agreement for Iradimed Corp. 2005 Incentive Stock Plan	S-1	333-196875	6/18/2014	
10.2+	Iradimed Corporation Amended and Restated 2014 Equity Incentive Plan	10-Q	001-36534	8/6/2020	
10.3+	Form of Stock Option Agreement for Iradimed Corporation 2014 Equity Incentive Plan	S-1	333-196875	6/18/2014	
10.4+	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for Iradimed Corporation 2014 Equity Incentive Plan	S-8	333-198971	9/26/2014	
10.5+	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Time-Vesting) for Iradimed Corporation 2014 Equity Incentive Plan	S-8	333-198971	9/26/2014	
10.6+	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Performance-Vesting) for Iradimed Corporation 2014 Equity Incentive Plan	S-8	333-198971	9/26/2014	
10.7	Lease Agreement regarding 1025 Willa Springs Dr. between Susi, LLC and the Registrant, dated January 17, 2014	S-1	333-196875	6/18/2014	
10.8+	Employment Agreement between the Registrant and John F Glenn, dated May 21, 2022	8-K	001-36534	5/26/2022	
10.9†	Supply Agreement between the Registrant and Fukoku Co., Ltd. entered into on January 26, 2014	S-1	333-196875	6/18/2014	
10.10†	Amendment Agreement to Supply Agreement between the Registrant and Fukoku Co., Ltd. entered into on March 26, 2019	8-K	001-36534	3/26/2019	
10.11+	Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Roger Susi, dated July 24, 2019	8-K	001-36534	7/29/2019	
10.12+	Employment Agreement between the Registrant and John (Jack) Glenn, dated May 21, 2022	8-K	001-36534	5/26/2022	
10.13	Sale and Purchase Agreement between O PPROPERTY, LTD., a Florida limited partnership, and the Registrant, dated November 1, 2022	8-K	001-36534	11/4/2022	

[Table of Contents](#)

10.14	Reinstatement and Amendment to Sale and Purchase Agreement between O PROPERTY, LTD., a Florida limited partnership, and the Registrant, dated February 2, 2023	8-K	001-36534	2/3/2023	
10.15+	2023 Equity Incentive Plan				X
10.16+	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for Iradimed Corporation 2023 Equity Incentive Plan				X
10.17+	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Time-Vesting) for Iradimed Corporation 2023 Equity Incentive Plan				X
10.18+	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (Performance-Vesting) for Iradimed Corporation 2023 Equity Incentive Plan				X
21.1	List of Subsidiaries				X
23.1	Consent of RSM US LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm				X
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule, 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002				X
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule, 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002				X
32.1*	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002				
97	Iradimed Corporation Incentive-Based Compensation Recovery Policy	8-K	001-36534	11/6/2023	
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document				X
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extensions Schema Document				X
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Calculation Linkbase Document				X
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Document				X
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document				X
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document				X
104	Inline XBRL for the cover page of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, included as part of this Exhibit 101 inline XBRL Document set				X

+ Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

† Confidential treatment has been granted for portions of this exhibit. These portions have been omitted from the exhibit filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and submitted separately to the Securities and Exchange Commission.

* The certification attached as Exhibit 32.1 that accompanies this Form 10-K is not deemed filed with the SEC and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Iradimed Corporation under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date of this Form 10-K, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Winter Springs, State of Florida, on March 1, 2024.

IRADIMED CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Dated: March 1, 2024

/s/ Roger Susi
By: Roger Susi
Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

Each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Roger Susi and John Glenn as his true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him and in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this Report on Form 10-K, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agents full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorney-in-fact and agents, or his substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Company in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ Roger Susi</u> Roger Susi	Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)	March 1, 2024
<u>/s/ John Glenn</u> John Glenn	Chief Financial Officer and Secretary (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	March 1, 2024
<u>/s/ Monty Allen</u> Monty Allen	Director	March 1, 2024
<u>/s/ Anthony Vuoto</u> Anthony Vuoto	Director	March 1, 2024
<u>/s/ James Hawkins</u> James Hawkins	Director	March 1, 2024
<u>/s/ Hilda Scharen-Guivel</u> Hilda Scharen-Guivel	Director	March 1, 2024

IRADIMED CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID: 49)	F-2
Balance Sheets	F-4
Statements of Operations	F-5
Statements of Comprehensive Income	F-6
Statements of Stockholders' Equity	F-7
Statements of Cash Flows	F-8
Notes to Financial Statements	F-9

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Stockholders' and the Board of Directors of IRADIMED CORPORATION

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of IRADIMED CORPORATION (the Company) as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements (collectively, the financial statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of the critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Deferred Revenue Recorded on the Sale of Extended Warranties

As discussed in Notes 1 and 2 to the financial statements, the Company recorded deferred revenue related to the sale of extended warranty agreements of \$4,835,966 at December 31, 2023. The Company records contract liabilities, or deferred revenue, when it has an obligation to provide a product or service to the customer and payment is received in advance. Payments received on the sale of extended warranty agreements are deferred and recognized in revenue ratably

[Table of Contents](#)

over the agreement period, which is typically one to four years after control of the related product is transferred to the customer.

We identified deferred revenue recorded on the sale of extended warranties as a critical audit matter because of the complexities of the manual calculations performed by management in estimating the deferred revenue to recognize on the sale of extended warranties at year end. Auditing management's estimates of deferred revenue to record on the sale of extended warranties required auditor judgment and an increase in audit effort due to the complexities of management's manual calculations.

Our audit procedures related to deferred revenue recorded on the sale of extended warranties included the following, among others:

- We obtained an understanding of the relevant controls related to deferred revenue recorded on the sale of extended warranties and tested such controls for design and operating effectiveness, including controls related to management's review of the manual calculations.
- We performed a test of details by agreeing a sample of extended warranty sales transactions to underlying customer contracts. For each selection, we recalculated the revenue recognized for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the expected deferred revenue balance at year end.
- We tested the mathematical accuracy of management's deferred revenue calculations and the timing of revenue recognized.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2013.

/s/ RSM US LLP

Orlando, Florida
March 1, 2024

IRADIMED CORPORATION
BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 49,762,198	\$ 57,960,864
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$368,835 as of December 31, 2023, and \$160,498 as of December 31, 2022	12,224,273	13,274,521
Inventory, net	12,821,194	5,369,233
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,193,447	630,960
Prepaid income taxes	—	254,093
Total current assets	76,001,112	77,489,671
Property and equipment, net	9,288,625	2,399,812
Intangible assets, net	2,519,053	2,069,439
Operating lease right-of-use asset	2,043,043	2,205,286
Deferred tax asset, net	2,122,816	700,867
Other assets	181,449	648,672
Total assets	<u>\$ 92,156,098</u>	<u>\$ 85,513,747</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,857,091	\$ 1,799,316
Accrued payroll and benefits	2,775,103	2,871,890
Other accrued taxes	103,241	121,919
Warranty reserve	117,463	94,030
Deferred revenue	2,570,407	3,373,122
Dividend payable	7,975,997	—
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	427,963	293,466
Other current liabilities	250,000	—
Accrued income taxes	250,041	—
Total current liabilities	16,327,306	8,553,743
Deferred revenue	2,793,548	1,375,197
Operating lease liabilities, less current portion	1,615,080	1,911,820
Total liabilities	20,735,934	11,840,760
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock; \$0.0001 par value; 31,500,000 shares authorized; 12,660,313 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023, and 12,591,004 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2022	1,265	1,259
Additional paid-in capital	28,160,745	26,407,446
Retained earnings	43,258,154	47,264,282
Total Stockholders' Equity	71,420,164	73,672,987
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 92,156,098</u>	<u>\$ 85,513,747</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

IRADIMED CORPORATION
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	For the Year Ended	
	December 31,	
	2023	2022
Revenue	\$ 65,562,296	\$ 53,303,145
Cost of revenue	15,404,027	12,020,742
Gross profit	50,158,269	41,282,403
Operating expenses:		
General and administrative	15,122,065	10,697,067
Sales and marketing	12,142,090	12,679,610
Research and development	2,858,656	2,278,081
Total operating expenses	30,122,811	25,654,758
Income from operations	20,035,458	15,627,645
Other income, net	1,702,798	553,104
Income before provision for income taxes	21,738,256	16,180,749
Provision for income tax expense	4,545,480	3,352,262
Net income	\$ 17,192,776	\$ 12,828,487
Net income per share:		
Basic	\$ 1.36	\$ 1.02
Diluted	\$ 1.35	\$ 1.02
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic	12,602,948	12,562,856
Diluted	12,722,530	12,635,971

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

IRADIMED CORPORATION
STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	For the Year Ended	
	December 31,	
	2023	2022
Net income	\$ 17,192,776	\$ 12,828,487
Other comprehensive (loss) income:		
Change in fair value of available-for-sale securities, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$0 and \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively and \$0 and \$9,098 for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively	—	(10,953)
Realized (gain) loss on available-for-sale securities reclassified to net income, net of tax expense (benefit) of \$0 and \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$0 and \$1,966 for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively	—	(6,059)
Other comprehensive loss	—	(17,012)
Comprehensive income	\$ 17,192,776	\$ 12,811,475

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

IRADIMED CORPORATION
STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				
Balances, December 31, 2021	12,544,024	\$ 1,254	\$ 25,160,618	\$ 46,994,922	\$ 17,012	\$ 72,173,806
Net income	—	—	—	12,828,487	—	12,828,487
Dividends paid	—	—	—	(12,559,127)	—	(12,559,127)
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	(17,012)	(17,012)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	1,394,106	—	—	1,394,106
Net share settlement of restricted stock units	31,414	3	(293,984)	—	—	(293,981)
Exercise of stock options	15,566	2	146,706	—	—	146,708
Balances, December 31, 2022	12,591,004	\$ 1,259	\$ 26,407,446	\$ 47,264,282	\$ —	\$ 73,672,987
Net income	—	—	—	17,192,776	—	17,192,776
Dividends paid or accrued	—	—	—	(21,198,904)	—	(21,198,904)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	2,186,909	—	—	2,186,909
Net share settlement of restricted stock units	41,879	4	(610,345)	—	—	(610,341)
Net share settlement of performance based stock units	6,430	—	—	—	—	—
Exercise of stock options	21,000	2	176,735	—	—	176,737
Balances, December 31, 2023	12,660,313	\$ 1,265	\$ 28,160,745	\$ 43,258,154	\$ —	\$ 71,420,164

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

IRADIMED CORPORATION
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Years Ended December 31,	
	December 31,	
	2023	2022
Operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 17,192,776	\$ 12,828,487
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	208,337	102,767
Provision for excess and obsolete inventory	181,443	55,737
Depreciation and amortization	765,180	670,673
Loss (Gain) on disposal of property and equipment	12,537	(1,741)
Stock-based compensation	2,186,909	1,394,106
Deferred income taxes, net	(1,171,908)	57,097
(Gain) on maturities of investments	—	(8,025)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	841,911	(8,240,688)
Inventory	(7,468,170)	(1,308,956)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(562,487)	305,936
Other assets	467,223	(398,224)
Accounts payable	(216,436)	1,124,972
Accrued payroll and benefits	(96,787)	57,330
Other accrued taxes	(18,678)	(18,396)
Warranty reserve	23,433	(14,850)
Deferred revenue	615,636	530,576
Other current liabilities	250,000	(146,435)
Prepaid income taxes	254,093	3,052,345
Net cash provided by operating activities	13,465,012	10,042,711
Investing activities:		
Proceeds from maturities of investments	—	500,000
Purchases of property and equipment	(7,440,510)	(823,019)
Capitalized intangible assets	(566,657)	(1,051,978)
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,007,167)	(1,374,997)
Financing activities:		
Dividends paid	(13,222,907)	(12,559,127)
Proceeds from exercises of stock options	176,744	146,708
Taxes paid related to the net share settlement of equity awards	(610,348)	(293,981)
Net cash used in financing activities	(13,656,511)	(12,706,400)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(8,198,666)	(4,038,686)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	57,960,864	61,999,550
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 49,762,198	\$ 57,960,864
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Dividends declared not yet paid	\$ 7,975,997	\$ —
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 5,351,708	\$ 1,711,500
ROU asset recognized in exchange for new lease obligation	\$ 227,982	\$ —
Operating and short-term lease payments recorded within cash flow provided by operating activities	\$ 675,190	\$ 534,469

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

IRADIMED CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 — Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

IRADIMED CORPORATION (“IRADIMED”, the “Company”, “we”, “our”) was incorporated in Oklahoma in July 1992 and reincorporated in Delaware in April 2014. We develop, manufacture, market and distribute a Magnetic Resonance Imaging (“MRI”) compatible intravenous (“IV”) infusion pump system and MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring systems and related accessories, disposables and services.

We are a leader in the development of innovative MRI compatible medical devices. We are the only known provider of a non-magnetic IV infusion pump system that is specifically designed to be safe for use during MRI procedures. We were the first to develop an infusion delivery system that largely eliminates many of the dangers and problems present during MRI procedures. Standard infusion pumps contain magnetic and electronic components which can create radio frequency interference and are dangerous to operate in the presence of the powerful magnet that drives an MRI system. Our patented MRidium® MRI compatible IV infusion pump system has been designed with a non-magnetic ultrasonic motor, uniquely designed non-ferrous parts and other special features to safely and predictably deliver anesthesia and other IV fluids during various MRI procedures. Our pump solution provides a seamless approach that enables accurate, safe and dependable fluid delivery before, during and after an MRI scan, which is important to critically ill patients who cannot be removed from their vital medications, and children and infants who must generally be sedated to remain immobile during an MRI scan.

Each IV infusion pump system consists of an MRidium® MRI compatible IV infusion pump, non-magnetic mobile stand, proprietary disposable IV tubing sets and many of these systems contain additional optional upgrade accessories.

Our 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system has been designed with non-magnetic components and other special features to safely and accurately monitor a patient’s vital signs during various MRI procedures. The IRADIMED 3880 system operates dependably in magnetic fields up to 30,000 gauss, which means it can operate virtually anywhere in the MRI scanner room. The IRADIMED 3880 has a compact, lightweight design allowing it to travel with the patient from their critical care unit, to the MRI and back, resulting in increased patient safety through uninterrupted vital signs monitoring and decreasing the amount of time critically ill patients are away from critical care units. The features of the IRADIMED 3880 include: wireless ECG with dynamic gradient filtering; wireless SpO2 using Masimo® algorithms; non-magnetic respiratory CO2; invasive and non-invasive blood pressure; patient temperature, and optional advanced multi-gas anesthetic agent unit featuring continuous Minimum Alveolar Concentration measurements. The IRADIMED 3880 MRI compatible patient vital signs monitoring system has an easy-to-use design and allows for the effective communication of patient vital signs information to clinicians.

Our headquarters is located in Winter Springs, Florida.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Such estimates include allowances for potentially uncollectible accounts receivable, valuation of inventory, intangible assets, stock-based compensation, deferred income taxes, reserves for warranty obligations, and the provision for income taxes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

We generate revenue from the sale of MRI compatible medical devices and accessories, extended warranty agreements, services related to maintaining our products and the sale of disposable products used with our devices. The principal customers for our MRI compatible products include hospitals and acute care facilities, both in the U.S. and internationally. In the U.S. we sell our products through our direct sales force and outside of the U.S. we sell our products through third-party distributors who resell our products to end users.

For many domestic sales, we enter into agreements with integrated delivery health systems and healthcare supply contracting companies, commonly referred to as Group Purchasing Organizations (“GPOs”).

GPO agreements enable us to sell and distribute our products to their member hospitals. Our agreements with GPOs typically include negotiated pricing for all group members established at the time of GPO contract execution. Under these agreements, we are required to pay the GPOs a fee of three percent of the sales of our products to members of the GPO. We do not sell to GPOs. Hospitals, group practices and other acute care facilities that are members of a GPO, purchase products directly from us under the terms of our GPO agreements.

We recognize revenue when all of the following criteria are met: we have a contract with a customer that creates enforceable rights and obligations; promised products or services are identified; the transaction price, or the amount we expect to receive, is determinable and we have transferred control of the promised products or services to the customer. We consider transfer of control evidenced upon the passage of title and risks and rewards of ownership to the customer, which is typically at a point in time, except for our extended warranty agreements. We allocate the transaction price using the relative standalone selling price method.

Customer sale prices for our medical devices and related disposables and services are contractually fixed over the contract term. We recognize a receivable at the point in time we have an unconditional right to payment. Payment terms are typically within 45 days after transferring control to U.S. customers. Most international distributors are required to pay a portion of the transaction price in advance and the remaining amount within 30 days of receiving the related products. Accordingly, we have elected to use the practical expedient that allows us to ignore the possible existence of a significant financing component within the contract.

We have elected to account for shipping and handling charges billed to customers as revenue and shipping and handling related expenses as cost of revenue.

In certain U.S. states we are required to collect sales taxes from our customers. We have elected to exclude the amounts collected for these taxes from revenue and record them as a liability until remitted to the taxing authority.

Contract Liabilities

We record contract liabilities, or deferred revenue, when we have an obligation to provide a product or service to the customer and payment is received in advance of our performance. When we sell a product or service with a future performance obligation, we defer revenue allocated to the unfulfilled performance obligation and recognize this revenue when, or as, the performance obligation is satisfied.

Our deferred revenue consists of advance payments received from customers prior to the transfer of products or services, shipments that are in-transit at the end of a period and sales of extended warranty agreements. Advance payments received from customers and shipments in-transit are recognized in revenue at the time control of the related products has been transferred to the customer or services have been delivered. Amounts related to extended warranty agreements are deferred and recognized in revenue ratably over the agreement period, which is typically one to four years after control of the related products is transferred to the customer, as we believe this recognition pattern best depicts the transfer of services being provided.

Deferred revenue is classified as current or long-term deferred revenue in our Balance Sheets, depending on the expected timing of satisfying the related performance obligations.

Capitalized Contract Costs

We capitalize commissions paid to our sales managers related to contracts with customers when the associated revenue is expected to be earned over a period of time. Deferred commissions are primarily related to the sale of extended warranty agreements. Capitalized commissions are included in Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets in our Balance Sheets when the associated expense is expected to be recognized in one year or less, or in Other Assets when the associated expense is expected to be recognized in greater than one year. The associated expense is included in Sales and Marketing expenses in our Statements of Operations.

Variable Consideration

Our sales are typically subject to 30 to 60-day customer-specified acceptance provisions primarily for purposes of ensuring products were not damaged during the shipping process. Historically, we have experienced immaterial product returns and, when experienced, we typically exchange the affected products with new products. Accordingly, variable consideration from contracts with customers is immaterial to our financial statements.

Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less are classified as cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable is recorded at the transaction price of the related products and services. We regularly assess the sufficiency of the allowance for estimated uncollectible accounts receivable. Estimates are based on historical collection experience and other customer-specific information, such as bankruptcy filings or known liquidity problems of our customers. When it is determined that an account receivable is uncollectible, it is written off and relieved from the allowance. Any future determination that the allowance for estimated uncollectible accounts receivable is not properly stated could result in changes in operating expense and results of operations. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, our allowance for doubtful accounts was \$368,835 and \$160,498, respectively.

Investments

Investments, held in the past, consisted of corporate debt securities and were considered available-for-sale. The specific identification method was used to determine the cost basis of investments sold. Our investments were recorded in our Balance Sheets at fair value. We classified our investments as current based on the nature of the investments and their availability for use in current operations. Unrealized gains and losses on our investments were included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax. Realized gains or losses and impairment losses that were determined to be other-than-temporary were recorded in other income, net, in our Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2023, we do not own any corporate debt securities, but should direct debt securities be utilized in the future, we would treat them as described above.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. A three-level valuation hierarchy requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability on the measurement date. The three levels of inputs are:

- Level 1 — quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical asset or liability.

[Table of Contents](#)

- Level 2 — quoted prices for a similar asset or liability in an active market or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 — unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement of the asset or liability.

Financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses. Cash and cash equivalents and investments are reported at their respective fair values on the balance sheet dates. The recorded carrying amount of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximates their fair values due to their short-term nature.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of standard cost, which approximates actual cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal and transportation. We may be exposed to a number of factors that could result in portions of our inventory becoming either obsolete or in excess of anticipated usage. These factors include, but are not limited to, technological changes, competitive pressures in products and prices, and the introduction of new product lines. We regularly evaluate our ability to realize the value of inventory based on a combination of factors, including historical usage rates, forecasted sales, product life cycles, and market acceptance of new products. When inventory that is obsolete or in excess of anticipated usage is identified, it is written down to net realizable value or an inventory valuation allowance is established.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of the respective assets, which are generally three to five years for computer software and hardware and five to seven years for furniture, fixtures, machinery and equipment. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

Repair and maintenance costs that do not extend the useful life of our property and equipment are expensed as incurred.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets include application and legal costs incurred to obtain patents. We capitalize these costs when we determine that probable future economic benefits exist. In making this determination, we consider the projected future operating results associated with the patents, industry and economic trends, and the entry of new products in the market. Costs incurred prior to this determination are expensed in the period they are incurred. We amortize capitalized patent costs using the straight-line method over their useful lives, which is typically 20 years. Periodic costs incurred to maintain existing patents are expensed as incurred.

Research & Development and Capitalized Software Development Costs

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Some of our products include embedded software which is essential to the products' functionality. Costs incurred in the research and development of new software components and enhancements to existing software components are expensed as incurred until technological feasibility has been established. We capitalize software development costs when the product reaches technological feasibility and cease capitalization when the product is ready for commercial sale. Capitalized software development costs are included in intangible assets and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the product and included in cost of revenue. Amortization begins when the product is available for general sales to customers.

Long-lived Assets

Long-lived assets, including right-of-use assets, are tested for impairment whenever changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of these assets may be impaired. Impairment indicators include, but are not limited to, technological obsolescence, unfavorable court rulings, significant negative industry and economic trends, and significant underperformance relative to historical and projected future operating results. Impairment is considered to have occurred when the estimated undiscounted future cash flows related to the asset groups are less than its carrying value. Estimates of future cash flows involve consideration of many factors including the marketability of new products, product acceptance and lifecycle, competition, appropriate discount rates and operating margins. An impairment is recognized as the amount by which the carrying value is greater than the fair value of the asset or asset group.

Warranty

The Company provides for the estimated cost of product warranties at the time revenue is recognized. While we engage in product quality programs and processes, including actively monitoring and evaluating the quality of our suppliers, the estimated warranty obligation is affected by ongoing product failure rates, material usage costs and direct labor incurred in correcting a product failure. Actual product failure rates, material usage costs and the amount of labor required to repair products that differ from estimates result in revisions to the estimated liability. We warrant for a limited period of time that our products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship. We estimate warranty allowances based on historical warranty experience. The estimates we use in projecting future product warranty costs may prove to be incorrect. Any future determination that our provision for product warranty is understated could result in increases to our cost of revenue and a reduction in our operating profits and results of operations. Historically, warranty expenses have not been material to our financial statements.

Stock-Based Compensation

Historically, we have granted three types of employee equity awards, stock options, restricted stock units and performance-based restricted stock units.

We recognize stock-based compensation expense associated with employee equity awards on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period for stock options and restricted stock units, which is generally four years for employees and two years for the board of directors. Expense related to our performance-based restricted stock units is recognized straight-line over the requisite performance period, which is three years.

The grant date fair value of our restricted stock units is based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant.

In December 2023 and 2022, the Company granted Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units (“PSUs”) to certain employees under the Company’s Long-Term Incentive Plan (“LTIP”), which was adopted under the Company’s Amended and Restated 2014 Equity Incentive Plan. Payouts of the PSUs will be based on the Company’s total shareholder return compared to a peer group or index total shareholder return. For purposes of the LTIP, total shareholder return is calculated as the share price at the end of the performance period, which is three years, including the reinvestment of any dividends during the performance period, as compared to the share price at the beginning of the performance period. The payout range for participants will be between 0 percent and 200 percent, depending on the Company’s relative total return performance.

The grant date fair value of our PSUs is based on a Monte Carlo simulation, the closing price of our common stock, and other pertinent factors on the grant date. Compensation expense for the PSUs is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite performance period, which is three years from the grant date.

We elect to recognize forfeitures as they occur.

We issue new shares of common stock upon exercise of stock options or vesting of restricted stock units and PSUs.

Income Taxes

We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

We record net deferred tax assets to the extent we believe these assets will more likely than not be realized. In making such determination, we consider all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax planning strategies and recent financial operations. A valuation allowance is recorded to offset net deferred tax assets if, based upon the available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

We recognize the tax benefit of uncertain tax positions, if any, in the financial statements based on the technical merits of the position. When the tax position is deemed more likely than not of being sustained, we recognize the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being ultimately realized upon settlement.

Foreign Currency

Gains and losses from transactions denominated in currencies other than our functional currency are included in other income, net. Foreign currency gains and losses result primarily from fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S. Dollar and the Japanese Yen.

Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income includes net income and other comprehensive income items that are excluded from net income under U.S. GAAP. Comprehensive income included unrealized gains and losses on our investments classified as available for sale while those investments were held.

Basic and Diluted Net Income per Share

Basic net income per share is based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. The stock options, restricted stock units, and performance-based restricted stock units granted by us represent the only dilutive effect reflected in diluted weighted average shares outstanding.

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted net income per share:

	For the Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Net income	\$ 17,192,776	\$ 12,828,487
Weighted-average shares outstanding — Basic	12,602,948	12,562,856
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Stock options	17,654	20,106
Restricted stock units	63,340	43,037
Performance-based restricted stock units	38,588	9,972
Weighted-average shares outstanding — Diluted	12,722,530	12,635,971
Basic net income per share	\$ 1.36	\$ 1.02
Diluted net income per share	\$ 1.35	\$ 1.02

[Table of Contents](#)

Stock options to purchase shares of our common stock and restricted stock units excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive are as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Anti-dilutive stock options and restricted stock units	419	22,744

Certain Significant Risks and Uncertainties

We market our products to end users in the United States and to third-party distributors internationally. Sales to end users in the United States are generally made on open credit terms. Management maintains an allowance for potential credit losses.

We have deposited our cash and cash equivalents with various financial institutions. Our cash and cash equivalents balances exceed federally insured limits periodically throughout the year. We have not incurred any losses related to these balances.

Our medical devices require clearance from the Food and Drug Administration and international regulatory agencies prior to commercialized sales. Our future products may not receive required approvals. If we were denied such approvals, or if such approvals were revoked or delayed or if we were unable to timely renew certain approvals for existing products, it would have a materially adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Certain key components of our products essential to their functionality are sole-sourced. Any disruption in the availability of these components would have a materially adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Pandemic Considerations

We continue to monitor developments associated with the recent evolving pandemic and its effects on our employees, customers, supply chain and distribution channels. The ongoing impact of the recent and potential future pandemics depends on several factors including the severity and duration of the pandemic and the extent and severity of the impact on our customers, which is uncertain and unpredictable. Our future results of operations and cash flows may suffer adverse effects from disruptions in our supply chain and manufacturing operations, delays in payments on outstanding accounts receivable, uncertain demand for our products, and effects of any actions we may take to address financial and operational challenges our customers may face. Our future results may potentially be heavily determined by global vaccination rates, duration of the pandemic, its geographic spread, further business disruptions and the overall impact on the global economy.

We are actively managing our response to the recent pandemic and continue to work with our customers, distributors, vendors, and suppliers and assessing the potential effects to our financial position, results of operations and cash flows. As of the date of the issuance of these financial statements, the extent to which a pandemic may materially impact our financial condition, liquidity, or results of operations in future periods remains uncertain.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Pronouncements Implemented in 2023

Beginning in 2022, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (“TCJA”) eliminated the option to deduct research and experimental expenditures in the current year and requires taxpayers to amortize them over five or fifteen years pursuant to IRC Section 174. This change is applied from 2022 onward prospectively and impacts the timing of the related cash tax payments as the deductions are disallowed for tax in the year incurred but allowed for tax purposes to be amortized

[Table of Contents](#)

and deducted over 5 years. The mandatory capitalization requirement increased our deferred tax assets and cash tax liabilities by approximately \$0.5 million as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023. In the future, Congress may consider legislation that would defer the amortization requirement to later years, possibly with a retroactive effect. In the meantime, we expect to continue to make additional Federal tax payments based on current Section 174 tax law. The impact of Section 174 on our cash from operations depends on the amount of research and experimental expenditures incurred by the company and whether the IRS issues guidance on the provision which differs from current interpretation, among other things.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements to be Implemented

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, which requires the Company to measure and recognize expected credit losses for financial assets held and not accounted for at fair value through net income. In November 2018, April 2019 and May 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2018-19, *Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses*, ASU 2019-04, *Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses* and ASU 2019-05, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Targeted Transition Relief*, which provided additional implementation guidance on ASU 2016-03. The previously mentioned ASUs are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of these ASUs did not have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

2 — Revenue

Disaggregation of Revenue

We disaggregate revenue from contracts with customers by geographic region and revenue type as we believe it best depicts the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of our revenue and cash flow.

Revenue information by geographic region is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
United States	\$ 52,525,449	\$ 43,898,735
International	13,036,847	9,404,410
Total revenue	<u>\$ 65,562,296</u>	<u>\$ 53,303,145</u>

Revenue information by type is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Devices:		
MRI Compatible IV Infusion Pump Systems	\$ 19,611,128	\$ 14,526,017
MRI Compatible Patient Vital Signs Monitoring Systems	25,414,537	21,721,720
Ferro Magnetic Detection Systems	944,793	257,112
Total Devices revenue	<u>45,970,458</u>	<u>36,504,849</u>
Disposables, services and other	17,578,366	14,622,327
Amortization of extended warranty agreements	2,013,472	2,175,969
Total revenue	<u>\$ 65,562,296</u>	<u>\$ 53,303,145</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

Contract Liabilities

Our contract liabilities consist of:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2023</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2022</u>
Advance payments from customers	\$ 508,956	\$ 896,617
Shipments in-transit	15,438	14,696
Extended warranty agreements	4,835,966	3,837,006
Total	<u>\$ 5,360,360</u>	<u>\$ 4,748,319</u>

Changes in the contract liabilities during the period are as follows:

	<u>Deferred</u> <u>Revenue</u>
Contract liabilities, December 31, 2021	\$ 4,232,439
Increases due to cash received from customers	5,094,184
Decreases due to recognition of revenue	(4,578,304)
Contract liabilities, December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 4,748,319</u>
Increases due to cash received from customers	5,089,484
Decreases due to recognition of revenue	(4,477,443)
Contract liabilities, December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 5,360,360</u>

Capitalized Contract Costs

Our capitalized contract costs totaled \$162,134 and \$340,044 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

3 — Inventory, net

Inventory consists of:

	<u>As of December 31,</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Raw materials	\$ 10,833,004	\$ 4,827,113
Work in process	501,191	369,761
Finished goods	1,907,729	411,647
Inventory before allowance for excess and obsolete	13,241,924	5,608,521
Allowance for excess and obsolete	(420,730)	(239,288)
Total	<u>\$ 12,821,194</u>	<u>\$ 5,369,233</u>

4 — Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment consist of:

	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>
Land	\$ 6,253,790	\$ —
Computer software and hardware	1,380,289	1,121,455
Furniture and fixtures	1,757,129	1,573,587
Leasehold improvements	270,486	259,146
Machinery and equipment	2,438,922	2,210,181
Fixed assets in-process	1,257,844	665,773
	<u>13,358,460</u>	<u>5,830,142</u>
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(4,069,835)</u>	<u>(3,430,330)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 9,288,625</u>	<u>\$ 2,399,812</u>

Depreciation expense of property and equipment was \$648,133 and \$569,551 for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Property and equipment, net by geographic region is as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>
United States	\$ 8,950,580	\$ 2,248,308
International	338,045	151,504
Total property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 9,288,625</u>	<u>\$ 2,399,812</u>

Long-lived assets held outside of the United States consist principally of tooling, which is a component of machinery and equipment, net.

5 — Intangible Assets, net

The following table summarizes the components of intangible asset balances:

	<u>December 31, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>
Patents — in use	\$ 321,874	\$ 321,873
Patents — fully amortized	70,164	70,164
Patents — in process	128,221	123,153
Internally developed software — in use	1,773,720	872,218
Internally developed software — in process	1,149,409	1,489,322
Trademarks	27,697	27,697
	<u>3,471,085</u>	<u>2,904,427</u>
Accumulated amortization	<u>(952,032)</u>	<u>(834,988)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,519,053</u>	<u>\$ 2,069,439</u>

Amortization expense of intangible assets was \$117,047 and \$101,122 for the year ended December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

Expected annual amortization expense for the next five years related to intangible assets is as follows (excludes in-process intangible assets):

2024	\$ 229,330
2025	\$ 226,190
2026	\$ 214,444
2027	\$ 140,731
2028	\$ 138,129

6 — Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The only component of accumulated other comprehensive income related to unrealized gains and (losses) on our investments was as follows:

	Unrealized (Losses) Gains on Available-For-Sale Securities
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 17,012
(Gain) Loss on available-for-sale securities, net	(10,953)
Reclassification realized in net earnings	(6,059)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ —
(Gain) Loss on available-for-sale securities, net	—
Reclassification realized in net earnings	—
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ —

7 — Stock-Based Compensation

In April 2014, our Board of Directors adopted and our shareholders approved the 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (“2014 Plan”). Upon adoption and approval of the 2014 Plan, the previous equity incentive plan was terminated and the remaining shares available for future awards were canceled. The 2014 Plan initially reserved 1,000,000 shares of our common stock for awards of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance awards and other stock-based and cash awards. On June 12, 2020, the shareholders approved an amendment to the 2014 Plan, which reserved an additional 1,000,000 shares of our common stock for the various equity awards mentioned above. As of December 31, 2023, there were 969,303 shares available for future awards under the 2014 Plan. The 2014 Plan expires in April 2024 and the remaining shares available for future awards will be cancelled.

On June 15, 2023, our Board of Directors adopted, and our shareholders approved the 2023 Equity Incentive Plan (“2023 Plan”). The 2023 Plan reserves 1,500,000 shares of our common stock for awards of incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance awards and other stock-based awards. The 2023 Plan will expire on June 15, 2033, when any remaining shares available for future awards will be cancelled.

[Table of Contents](#)

Stock-based compensation was recognized as follows in the Statements of Operations:

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Cost of revenue	\$ 247,848	\$ 195,574
General and administrative	1,183,644	604,626
Sales and marketing	562,940	438,864
Research and development	192,477	155,042
Total	<u>\$ 2,186,909</u>	<u>\$ 1,394,106</u>

Stock Options

The following table presents a summary of our stock option activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Options	Weighted-Average Exercise Price Per Share	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (Yrs.)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding beginning of period	24,010	\$ 8.59	—	\$ —
Options granted	—	—	—	—
Options exercised	(21,000)	8.42	—	—
Options cancelled	—	—	—	—
Options expired	—	—	—	—
Outstanding end of period	<u>3,010</u>	<u>\$ 9.84</u>	<u>0.96</u>	<u>\$ 113,266</u>
Exercisable	<u>3,010</u>	<u>\$ 9.84</u>	<u>0.96</u>	<u>\$ 113,266</u>

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$698,855 and \$598,967 respectively.

No options were granted during the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Restricted Stock Units

The following table presents a summary of our restricted stock unit activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Restricted Stock Units	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2022	151,337	\$ 30.57
Granted	46,080	\$ 41.16
Vested	(54,282)	\$ 29.34
Cancelled/Forfeited	(1,808)	\$ 30.01
Unvested at December 31, 2023	<u>141,327</u>	<u>\$ 34.50</u>

As of December 31, 2023, we had \$4,170,643 of unrecognized compensation cost related to the unvested restricted stock units, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.57 years.

[Table of Contents](#)

Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units

The following table presents a summary of our Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit (“PSU”) activity as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2022	27,884	\$ 40.03
Granted	13,160	\$ 59.28
Vested	(4,252)	\$ 29.53
Cancelled/Forfeited	—	\$ 0
Unvested at December 31, 2023	36,792	\$ 48.13

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company awarded 13,160 PSUs. The awards will vest three years from the award date based on the achievement of certain performance criteria approved by the Compensation Committee.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company awarded 18,819 PSUs. The awards will vest three years from the award date based on the achievement of certain performance criteria approved by the Compensation Committee.

Based on the level of achievement of the performance criteria at the end of the three years for each of the PSUs awarded, the number of shares earned can range from 0 percent to 200 percent of the remaining shares outstanding; therefore, the maximum number of shares that can be issued under these awards is twice the original remaining outstanding awards of 36,792 PSUs, or 73,584 shares. Currently, for accounting purposes, we assume the full 73,584 are probable.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company recognized \$17,779 in stock compensation expense related to the 13,160 PSUs granted in December 2023 compared to \$12,249 in stock compensation expense for the same period recognized in 2022 related to the 18,819 PSUs granted in December 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the grant date fair value of the PSUs was \$59.28 per unit, which was calculated using a Monte-Carlo simulation model with an expected term of three years and a risk-free interest rate of 4.36%. The Monte-Carlo simulation incorporated the volatility and dividend yield for the Company and the Nasdaq US Small Cap Medical Equipment Index. Index volatility was 37.1% and dividend yield was 1.0%. The volatility and dividend yield used for the Company was 49.7% and 1.0%, respectively.

As of December 31, 2023, we had \$1,308,461 of unrecognized compensation cost related to the unvested PSUs, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.45 years.

8 — Other Income, Net

Other income, net consists of:

	For the Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Interest income	\$ 1,864,113	\$ 581,852
Realized gains on maturities of investments	—	8,025
Foreign currency exchange losses	(148,842)	(36,773)
Disposal of Assets	(12,473)	0
Total other income, net	\$ 1,702,798	\$ 553,104

9 — Income Taxes

The components of the provision for income taxes are as follows:

	For the Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Current taxes:		
U.S. federal	\$ 4,691,517	\$ 2,936,394
State	1,273,073	349,669
Foreign	2,835	1,789
Total current tax expense	5,967,425	3,287,852
Deferred taxes:		
U.S. federal	(1,195,888)	(105,068)
State	(226,057)	169,478
Total deferred tax expense	(1,421,945)	64,410
Provision for income tax expense	\$ 4,545,480	\$ 3,352,262

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The significant components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

	As of December 31,	
	2023	2022
Deferred income tax assets (liabilities):		
Stock compensation	\$ 163,084	\$ 227,682
Deferred revenue	756,267	533,600
Reserves and allowances	607,273	258,016
Depreciation and amortization	(495,359)	(400,869)
Accrued expenses	—	(16,565)
Capitalized Research and Development	1,091,003	—
Other, net	548	99,005
Total deferred income taxes, net	\$ 2,122,816	\$ 700,869

A reconciliation of the statutory U.S. federal tax rate to our effective rate is as follows:

	For the Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Statutory U.S. federal tax rate	21.0 %	21.0 %
CARES Act NOL carryback	—	(0.1)
Stock compensation expense and tax windfalls upon exercises and vesting	(0.9)	(0.7)
State taxes, net of federal benefit	4.8	3.2
Permanent items	0.4	0.4
Provision to return adjustments, net	(1.7)	(0.3)
Foreign derived intangible income	(1.8)	(1.3)
Research and development credits	(1.2)	(1.1)
Other	0.2	(0.4)
Effective rate	20.8 %	20.7 %

As of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, we did not identify or accrue for any uncertain tax positions. We are currently not aware of any uncertain tax positions that could result in significant payments, accruals or other material deviations in this estimate over the next 12 months.

[Table of Contents](#)

The Company does not have any outstanding U.S. federal income tax or material state and local tax matters for years through 2023. There are no federal income tax returns currently under examination by the Internal Revenue Service. The Company remains subject to income tax examinations for our United States Federal and certain U.S. state income taxes for 2020 and subsequent years and various other U.S. state income taxes for 2019 and subsequent years.

A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. Management has evaluated the need for a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets, considering the reversal of temporary differences, and believes it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the net deferred income tax assets as of December 31, 2023.

10 — Leases

We have entered into operating lease contracts for our plant and office space and various office equipment. We have three material lease contracts outstanding.

In January 2014, we entered into a non-cancelable operating lease, commencing July 1, 2014, for our manufacturing and headquarters facility in Winter Springs, Florida owned by Susi, LLC, an entity controlled by our President, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board, Roger Susi. Pursuant to the terms of our lease for this property, the monthly base rent is \$34,133, adjusted annually for changes in the consumer price index. For the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company paid Susi, LLC \$626,239 and \$492,643 respectively related to this lease. Under the terms of the lease, we are responsible for property taxes, insurance and maintenance expenses. Prior to May 31, 2019, the expiration date of the initial lease term, and pursuant to the terms of the lease contract, we renewed the lease for an additional five years, resulting in a new lease expiration date of May 31, 2024. Unless advance written notice of termination is timely provided, the lease will automatically renew for one additional successive term of five years beginning in 2024, and thereafter, will be renewed for successive terms of one year each. At the time we adopted ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), we concluded that we will exercise the remaining five-year option, resulting in a remaining lease term of 6.2 years as of December 31, 2023. This lease agreement does not contain any residual value guarantee or material restrictive covenants.

In February 2023, we entered into two, two-year, non-cancelable operating leases for approximately 5,400 square feet of additional office space in Winter Springs, Florida. Pursuant to the lease terms the total monthly base rent is \$10,055. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, and 2022, the Company paid \$110,605 and \$0 respectively. Under the terms of the lease, we are responsible for insurance and maintenance expenses. Pursuant to the contract terms, the leases will expire February 2025 and do not contain any residual value guarantee or material restrictive covenants.

Operating lease cost recognized in the Statements of Operations is as follows:

	For the Year Ended	
	December 31,	
	2023	2022
Cost of revenue	\$ 233,101	\$ 223,880
General and administrative	392,901	263,346
Sales and marketing	13,045	12,529
Research and development	36,143	34,713
Total	\$ 675,190	\$ 534,468

Lease costs for short-term leases were immaterial for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Maturity of Operating lease liability as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

Three months ending December 31, 2023	\$	—
2024		535,954
2025		415,294
2026		409,596
2027		409,596
Thereafter		596,127
Total lease payments		<u>2,366,567</u>
Imputed interest		(323,524)
Present value of lease liability	\$	<u>2,043,043</u>

We used a discount rate of 6.0% to determine the present value of the operating lease liability on January 1, 2019. We will reassess the lease accounting terms and assumptions once the details regarding completion of new manufacturing facility and planned departure of the current facility is finalized.

11 — Employee Benefit Plan

We sponsor a 401(k) tax-deferred savings plan under which eligible employees may elect to have a portion of their salary deferred and contributed to the plan. Employer matching contributions are determined by management and are discretionary. Employer matching contributions were \$540,503 and \$479,155 for the year ended December 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Employer contributions vest immediately.

12 — Commitments and Contingencies

Purchase commitments. We had various purchase orders for goods or services totaling approximately \$8,217,571 and \$8,021,403 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. No amounts related to these purchase orders have been recognized in our balance sheet.

Indemnifications. Under our amended and restated bylaws, we have agreed to indemnify our officers and directors for certain events or occurrences arising as a result of the officer or director serving in such capacity. We have a director and officer liability insurance policy that limits our exposure under these indemnifications and enables us to recover a portion of any future loss arising out of them.

In addition, in the normal course of business, we enter into contracts that contain indemnification clauses whereby the Company indemnifies our customers against damages associated with product failures. We have determined that these agreements fall within the scope of ASC 460, *Guarantees*. We have obtained liability insurance providing coverage that limits our exposure for these indemnified matters. We have not incurred costs to defend lawsuits or settle claims related to these indemnities. We believe the estimated fair value of these indemnities is immaterial and have not recorded a liability for these agreements as of December 31, 2023.

Legal matters. We may from time to time become a party to various legal proceedings or claims that arise in the ordinary course of business.

13 — Capital Stock

The rights and privileges of our Series A Preferred Stock and Common Stock are as follows:

Series A Preferred Stock

We are authorized to issue 3,500,000 shares of preferred stock, of which 800,000 of these shares shall be designated as Series A Preferred Stock (“Preferred Stock”) with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. As of December 31, 2023, there was no preferred stock issued or outstanding.

[Table of Contents](#)

Voting and Dividends. The holder of each share of Preferred Stock has the right to one vote for each share of Common Stock into which such Preferred Stock could then be converted. The holders of the Preferred Stock are entitled to receive dividends from legally available assets prior to any declaration or payment of dividends to the holders of Common Stock. Dividends on each share of Preferred Stock are initially at \$0.06429 per year payable when and as declared by the Board and are non-cumulative. After payment of such dividends, any additional dividends or distributions are distributed among all holders of Common Stock and Preferred Stock in proportion to the number of shares of Common Stock that would be held by each holder if all shares of Preferred Stock were converted to Common Stock at the then effective conversion rate. To date, no dividends have been declared.

Liquidation. In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our Company, either voluntary or involuntary, the holders of the Preferred Stock are entitled to receive, prior and in preference to any distribution of the proceeds resulting from such liquidation event to holders of the Common Stock, an amount equal to \$1.07143 plus declared but unpaid dividends. If, upon occurrence of such liquidation event, the proceeds are insufficient to permit the payment of the aforementioned amount in full, then the entire proceeds shall be distributed ratably among all holders of the Preferred Stock in proportion to the full amount each holder would otherwise receive.

Conversion. Each share of Preferred Stock is convertible at any time, at the option of the holder, into such number of fully paid non-assessable shares of Common Stock as is determined by dividing the original issue price of each share of Preferred Stock by the applicable conversion price. The initial conversion price per share is \$1.07143. Adjustments to the initial conversion price may result from a recapitalization event or changes in the number of common shares outstanding. Each share of Preferred Stock automatically converts into shares of fully paid non-assessable shares of Common Stock, at the then applicable conversion rate, upon the date specified by written consent or agreement of the holders of a majority of the then outstanding shares of Preferred Stock, voting as a single class on an as-converted basis.

Redemption. Upon a majority vote of the then outstanding shares of Preferred Stock, we may, at our discretion, redeem or purchase shares of Preferred Stock. We also have a first right of refusal to repurchase shares of the Preferred Stock arising from a holder's proposal to sell such Preferred Stock.

Common Stock

We are authorized to issue 31,500,000 shares of Common Stock with a par value of \$0.0001 per share.

Voting and Dividends. Each outstanding share of Common Stock shall entitle the holder thereof to one vote on each matter properly submitted to the stockholders of the Company for their vote except for matters related to potential amendments to our Certificate of Incorporation or matters that solely relate to the terms of one or more outstanding series of our Preferred Stock. Holders of our Common Stock are entitled to receive, when, as and if declared by the Board, dividends pro rata based on the number of shares of Common Stock held. These dividend rights are junior to those of the holders of Preferred Stock.

Liquidation. Liquidation preference to the holders of Common Stock is junior to that of the holders of Preferred Stock.

Redemption. The Common Stock is not redeemable.

14 — Subsequent Events

On December 12, 2023, the Board of Directors declared a special cash dividend of \$0.48 per share and the initiation of a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.15 per share on the Company's outstanding common stock. The payment of both declarations was made on January 12, 2024, when we paid \$7,975,997 to shareholders of record at the close of business on December 18, 2023.

IRADIMED CORPORATION 2023 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

Iradimed Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the “**Company**”), sets forth herein the terms of its 2023 Equity Incentive Plan (the “**Plan**”), as follows:

1. PURPOSE

The Plan is intended to enhance the ability of the Company and its Affiliates (as defined herein) to attract and retain highly qualified officers, non-employee members of the Board, key employees, consultants and advisors, and to motivate such officers, non-employee members of the Board, key employees, consultants and advisors to serve the Company and its Affiliates and to expend maximum effort to improve the business results and earnings of the Company, by providing to such persons an opportunity to acquire or increase a direct proprietary interest in the operations and future success of the Company. To this end, the Plan provides for the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, unrestricted stock, other stock-based awards and cash awards. Any of these awards may, but need not, be made as performance incentives to reward attainment of performance goals in accordance with the terms hereof. Stock options granted under the Plan may be non-qualified stock options or incentive stock options, as provided herein.

2. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of interpreting the Plan and related documents (including Award Agreements), the following definitions shall apply:

2.1. “Acquiror” shall have the meaning set forth in **Section 15.2.1**.

2.2. “Affiliate” means any company or other trade or business that “controls,” is “controlled by” or is “under common control” with the Company within the meaning of Rule 405 of Regulation C under the Securities Act, including, without limitation, any Subsidiary.

2.3. “Award” means a grant of an Option, SAR, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Unit, Other Stock-based Award or cash award under the Plan.

2.4. “Award Agreement” means a written agreement between the Company and a Grantee, or notice from the Company or an Affiliate to a Grantee that evidences and sets out the terms and conditions of an Award.

2.5. “Board” means the Board of Directors of the Company.

2.6. “Business Combination” shall have the meaning set forth in **Section 15.2.2**.

2.7. “Cause” shall be defined as that term is defined in the Grantee’s offer letter or other applicable employment agreement; or, if there is no such definition, “Cause” means, as determined by the Company and unless otherwise provided in an applicable Award Agreement: (i) the commission of any act by a Grantee constituting financial dishonesty against the Company or its Affiliates (which act would be chargeable as a crime under applicable law); (ii) a Grantee’s engaging in any other act of dishonesty, fraud, intentional misrepresentation, moral turpitude,

illegality or harassment that, as determined in good faith by the Board, would: (A) materially adversely affect the business or the reputation of the Company or any of its Affiliates with their respective current or prospective customers, suppliers, lenders and/or other third parties with whom such entity does or might do business; or (B) expose the Company or any of its Affiliates to a risk of civil or criminal legal damages, liabilities or penalties; (iii) the repeated failure by a Grantee to follow the directives of the chief executive officer of the Company or any of its Affiliates or the Board, or (iv) any material misconduct, violation of the Company's or Affiliates' policies, or willful and deliberate non-performance of duty by the Grantee in connection with the business affairs of the Company or its Affiliates.

2.8. "Change in Control" shall have the meaning set forth in **Section 15.2.2**.

2.9. "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as now in effect or as hereafter amended. References to the Code shall include the valid and binding governmental regulations, court decisions and other regulatory and judicial authority issued or rendered thereunder.

2.10. "Committee" means the Compensation Committee of the Board, or such other committee as determined by the Board. The Compensation Committee of the Board may, in its discretion, designate a subcommittee of its members to serve as the Committee (to the extent the Board has not designated another person, committee or entity as the Committee). The Board shall cause the Committee to satisfy the applicable requirements of any stock exchange on which the Common Stock may then be listed. For purposes of Awards to Grantees who are subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, the "Committee" means all of the members of the Compensation Committee who are "non-employee directors" within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 adopted under the Exchange Act.

2.11. "Company" shall have the meaning set forth in the preamble.

2.12. "Common Stock" means a share of common stock of the Company, par value \$0.0001 per share.

2.13. "Consultant" means a consultant or advisor that provides bona fide services to the Company or any Affiliate and who qualifies as a consultant or advisor under Rule 701 of the Securities Act (during any period in which the Company is not a public company subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act) or Form S-8 (during any period in which the Company is a public company subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act).

2.14. "Disability" shall be defined as that term is defined in the Grantee's offer letter or other applicable employment agreement; or, if there is no such definition, "Disability" means, as determined by the Company and unless otherwise provided in an applicable Award Agreement, the Grantee is unable to perform each of the essential duties of such Grantee's position by reason of a medically determinable physical or mental impairment that is potentially permanent in character or that can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months; *provided, however*, that, with respect to rules regarding expiration of an Incentive Stock Option following termination of the Grantee's Service, "Disability" means "permanent and total disability" as set forth in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code.

2.15. "Effective Date" means June 15, 2023, the date the Plan was approved by the

Company's stockholders.

2.16. "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as now in effect or as hereafter amended.

2.17. "Fair Market Value" of a share of Common Stock as of a particular date shall mean (i) if the Common Stock is listed on a national securities exchange, the closing or last price of the Common Stock on the composite tape or other comparable reporting system for the applicable date, or if the applicable date is not a trading day, the trading day immediately preceding the applicable date, or (ii) if the shares of Common Stock are not then listed on a national securities exchange, or the value of such shares is not otherwise determinable, such value as determined by the Board in good faith in its sole discretion.

2.18. "Family Member" means a person who is a spouse, former spouse, child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, niece, nephew, mother-in-law, father-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother, sister, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law, including adoptive relationships, of the applicable individual, any person sharing the applicable individual's household (other than a tenant or employee), a trust in which any one or more of these persons have more than 50% of the beneficial interest, a foundation in which any one or more of these persons (or the applicable individual) control the management of assets, and any other entity in which one or more of these persons (or the applicable individual) own more than 50% of the voting interests.

2.19. "Grant Date" means, as determined by the Board, the latest to occur of (i) the date as of which the Board approves an Award, (ii) the date on which the recipient of an Award first becomes eligible to receive an Award under **Section 6**, or (iii) such other date as may be specified by the Board in the Award Agreement.

2.20. "Grantee" means a person who receives or holds an Award under the Plan.

2.21. "Holder" means, with respect to any Issued Shares, the person holding such Issued Shares, including the initial Grantee or any Permitted Transferee.

2.22. "Incentive Stock Option" means an "incentive stock option" within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code, or the corresponding provision of any subsequently enacted tax statute, as amended from time to time.

2.23. "Incumbent Directors" shall have the meaning set forth in **Section 15.2.2**.

2.24. "Issued Shares" means, collectively, all outstanding shares of Common Stock issued pursuant to Awards (including without limitation, outstanding shares of Restricted Stock prior to or after vesting and shares issued in connection with the exercise of an Option or SAR).

2.25. "New Shares" shall have the meaning set forth in **Section 15.1**.

2.26. "Non-qualified Stock Option" means an Option that is not an Incentive Stock Option.

- 2.27. **“Option”** means an option to purchase one or more shares of Stock pursuant to the Plan.
- 2.28. **“Option Price”** means the exercise price for each share of Stock subject to an Option.
- 2.29. **“Other Stock-based Awards”** means Awards consisting of Stock units, or other Awards, valued in whole or in part by reference to, or otherwise based on, Common Stock.
- 2.30. **“Performance Award”** means an Award made subject to the attainment of performance goals (as described in **Section 12**) over an established performance period.
- 2.31. **“Permitted Transferee”** means any of the following to whom a Holder may transfer Issued Shares hereunder (as set forth in **Section 17.11.3**): the Holder’s spouse, children (natural or adopted), stepchildren or a trust for their sole benefit of which the Holder is the settlor; *provided however*; that any such trust does not require or permit distribution of any Issued Shares during the term of this Agreement unless subject to its terms. Upon the death of the Holder, the term Permitted Transferees shall also include such deceased Holder’s estate, executors, administrators, personal representatives, heirs, legatees and distributees, as the case may be.
- 2.32. **“Plan”** shall have the meaning set forth in the preamble.
- 2.33. **“Prior Plans”** means, collectively, the Iradimed Corporation Amended and Restated 2014 Equity Incentive Plan and the Iradimed Corporation (Oklahoma) 2005 Incentive Stock Plan.
- 2.34. **“Purchase Price”** means the purchase price for each share of Stock pursuant to a grant of Restricted Stock.
- 2.35. **“Restricted Period”** shall have the meaning set forth in **Section 10.1**.
- 2.36. **“Restricted Stock”** means shares of Common Stock awarded to a Grantee pursuant to **Section 10**.
- 2.37. **“Restricted Stock Unit”** means a bookkeeping entry representing the equivalent of shares of Common Stock awarded to a Grantee pursuant to **Section 10**.
- 2.38. **“SAR”** means a right granted to a Grantee under **Section 9**.
- 2.39. **“SAR Exercise Price”** means the per share exercise price of a SAR granted to a Grantee under **Section 9**.
- 2.40. **“SEC”** means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 2.41. **“Section 409A”** means Section 409A of the Code.

2.42. “**Securities Act**” means the Securities Act of 1933, as now in effect or as hereafter amended.

2.43. “**Separation from Service**” means a termination of Service by a Service Provider, as determined by the Board, which determination shall be final, binding and conclusive; *provided, however*, that if any Award governed by Section 409A is to be distributed on a Separation from Service, then the definition of Separation from Service for such purposes shall comply with the definition provided in Section 409A.

2.44. “**Service**” means service as a Service Provider to the Company or an Affiliate. Unless otherwise stated in the applicable Award Agreement, a Grantee’s change in position or duties shall not result in interrupted or terminated Service, so long as such Grantee continues to be a Service Provider to the Company or an Affiliate.

2.45. “**Service Provider**” means an employee, officer, non-employee member of the Board, or Consultant of the Company or an Affiliate.

2.46. “**Subsidiary**” means any “subsidiary corporation” of the Company within the meaning of Section 424(f) of the Code.

2.47. “**Substitute Award**” means any Award granted in assumption of or in substitution for an award of a company or business acquired by the Company or a Subsidiary or with which the Company or an Affiliate combines.

2.48. “**Ten Percent Stockholder**” means an individual who owns more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of outstanding stock of the Company, its parent or any of its Subsidiaries. In determining stock ownership, the attribution rules of Section 424(d) of the Code shall be applied.

2.49. “**Termination Date**” means the date that is ten years after the Effective Date, unless the Plan is earlier terminated by the Board under **Section 5.2**.

2.50. “**Voting Securities**” shall have the meaning set forth in **Section 15.2.2**.

3. ADMINISTRATION OF THE PLAN

3.1. General.

The Board shall have such powers and authorities related to the administration of the Plan as are consistent with the Company’s certificate of incorporation and bylaws and applicable law. The Board shall have the power and authority to delegate its responsibilities hereunder to the Committee, which shall have full authority to act in accordance with its charter (as in effect from time to time), and with respect to the authority of the Board to act hereunder, all references to the Board shall be deemed to include a reference to the Committee, to the extent such power or responsibilities have been delegated. Except as specifically provided in **Section 14** or as otherwise may be required by applicable law, regulatory requirement or the certificate of incorporation or the bylaws of the Company, the Board shall have full power and authority to take all actions and to make all determinations required or provided for under the Plan, any Award or any Award

Agreement, and shall have full power and authority to take all such other actions and make all such other determinations, including determinations of fact, not inconsistent with the specific terms and provisions of the Plan that the Board deems to be necessary or appropriate to the administration of the Plan. The Committee shall administer the Plan; *provided, however*, the Board shall retain the right to exercise the authority of the Committee to the extent consistent with applicable law and the applicable requirements of any securities exchange on which the Common Stock may then be listed. The interpretation and construction by the Board of any provision of the Plan, any Award or any Award Agreement shall be final, binding and conclusive. Without limitation, the Board shall have full and final authority, subject to the other terms and conditions of the Plan, to:

- (i) designate Grantees;
- (ii) determine the type or types of Awards to be made to a Grantee;
- (iii) determine the number of shares of Stock to be subject to an Award;
- (iv) establish the terms and conditions of each Award (including, but not limited to, the Option Price of any Option, the nature and duration of any restriction or condition (or provision for lapse thereof) relating to the vesting, exercise, transfer, or forfeiture of an Award or the shares of Stock subject thereto, and any terms or conditions that may be necessary to qualify Options as Incentive Stock Options);
- (v) prescribe the form of each Award Agreement; and
- (vi) amend, modify, or supplement the terms of any outstanding Award including the authority, in order to effectuate the purposes of the Plan, to modify Awards to foreign nationals or individuals who are employed outside the United States to recognize differences in local law, tax policy, or custom.

3.2. Deferral Arrangement.

The Board may permit or require the deferral of any Award payment into a deferred compensation arrangement, subject to such rules and procedures as it may establish and in accordance with Section 409A, which may include provisions for the payment or crediting of interest or dividend equivalents, including converting such credits into deferred Stock units.

3.3. No Liability.

No member of the Board or of the Committee shall be liable for any action or determination made in good faith with respect to the Plan, any Award or Award Agreement.

3.4. Book Entry.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, the Company may elect to satisfy any requirement under this Plan for the delivery of stock certificates through the use of book-entry.

4. STOCK SUBJECT TO THE PLAN

4.1. Authorized Number of Shares.

Subject to adjustment under **Section 15**, the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock that may be initially issued pursuant to the Plan is 1,500,000. The total number of shares of Common Stock described in the preceding sentence shall be available for issuance under Incentive Stock Options. Shares of Common Stock underlying any outstanding stock option or other award granted under the Prior Plans or any other predecessor employee stock plan of the Company that is forfeited, terminated or cancelled for any reason without issuance of such shares, including an award that is settled in cash or shares underlying an award that are surrendered or tendered to the Company for payment of an exercise price or to cover taxes, shall be cancelled and shall not be available for future grant under the Plan. From and after the Effective Date, no new awards shall be made under the Prior Plans. Shares issued under the Plan may consist in whole or in part of authorized but unissued shares, treasury shares, or shares purchased on the open market or otherwise, all as determined by the Company from time to time.

4.2. Share Counting.

Any Award settled in cash shall not be counted as shares of Common Stock for any purpose under this Plan. If any Award under the Plan expires, or is terminated, surrendered or forfeited, in whole or in part, the unissued Common Stock covered by such Award shall again be available for the grant of Awards under the Plan. If shares of Common Stock issued pursuant to the Plan are repurchased by, or are surrendered or forfeited to the Company at no more than cost, such shares of Common Stock shall again be available for the grant of Awards under the Plan. If shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise, vesting or settlement of an Award, or shares of Common Stock owned by a Grantee (which are not subject to any pledge or other security interest), are surrendered or tendered to the Company in payment of the Option Price or Purchase Price of an Award or any taxes required to be withheld in respect of an Award, in each case, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Plan and any applicable Award Agreement, such surrendered or tendered shares of Common Stock shall again become available for issuance under the Plan. In addition, in the case of any Substitute Award, such Substitute Award shall not be counted against the number of shares reserved under the Plan.

5. EFFECTIVE DATE, DURATION AND AMENDMENTS

5.1. Term.

The Plan shall be effective as of the Effective Date, provided that it has been approved by the Company's stockholders. The Plan shall terminate automatically on the ten-year anniversary of the Effective Date and may be terminated on any earlier date as provided in **Section 5.2**.

5.2. Amendment and Termination of the Plan.

The Board may, at any time and from time to time, amend, suspend, or terminate the Plan as to any Awards which have not been made. An amendment shall be contingent on approval of the Company's stockholders to the extent stated by the Board, required by applicable law or required by applicable stock exchange listing requirements. No Awards shall be made after the

Termination Date. The applicable terms of the Plan, and any terms and conditions applicable to Awards granted prior to the Termination Date shall survive the termination of the Plan and continue to apply to such Awards. No amendment, suspension, or termination of the Plan shall, without the consent of the Grantee, materially impair rights or obligations under any Award theretofore awarded.

6. AWARD ELIGIBILITY AND LIMITATIONS

6.1. Service Providers.

Subject to this **Section 6**, Awards may be made to any Service Provider as the Board shall determine and designate from time to time in its discretion.

6.2. Successive Awards.

An eligible person may receive more than one Award, subject to such restrictions as are provided herein.

6.3. Stand-Alone, Additional, Tandem, and Substitute Awards.

Awards may, in the discretion of the Board, be granted either alone or in addition to, in tandem with, or in substitution or exchange for, any other Award or any award granted under another plan of the Company, any Affiliate, or any business entity to be acquired by the Company or an Affiliate, or any other right of a Grantee to receive payment from the Company or any Affiliate. Such additional, tandem, and substitute or exchange Awards may be granted at any time. If an Award is granted in substitution or exchange for another Award, the Board shall have the right to require the surrender of such other Award in consideration for the grant of the new Award. Subject to the requirements of applicable law, the Board shall have the right, in its discretion, to make Awards in substitution or exchange for any other award under another plan of the Company, any Affiliate, or any business entity to be acquired by the Company or an Affiliate. In addition, Awards may be granted in lieu of cash compensation, including in lieu of cash amounts payable under other plans of the Company or any Affiliate, in which the value of Common Stock subject to the Award is equivalent in value to the cash compensation (for example, Restricted Stock Units or Restricted Stock).

7. AWARD AGREEMENT

Each Award shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement, in such form or forms as the Board shall from time to time determine. Without limiting the foregoing, an Award Agreement may be provided in the form of a notice that provides that acceptance of the Award constitutes acceptance of all terms of the Plan and the notice. Award Agreements granted from time to time or at the same time need not contain similar provisions but shall be consistent with the terms of the Plan. Each Award Agreement evidencing an Award of Options shall specify whether such Options are intended to be Non-qualified Stock Options or Incentive Stock Options, and in the absence of such specification such options shall be deemed Non-qualified Stock Options.

8. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF OPTIONS

8.1. Option Price.

The Option Price of each Option shall be fixed by the Board and stated in the related Award Agreement. The Option Price of each Option intended to be an Incentive Stock Option (except those that constitute Substitute Awards) shall be at least the Fair Market Value on the Grant Date of a share of Stock; *provided, however*, that in the event that a Grantee is a Ten Percent Stockholder as of the Grant Date, the Option Price of an Option granted to such Grantee that is intended to be an Incentive Stock Option shall be not less than 110% of the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock on the Grant Date. In no case shall the Option Price of any Option be less than the par value of a share of Stock.

8.2. Vesting.

Subject to **Section 8.3**, each Option shall become exercisable at such times and under such conditions (including, without limitation, performance requirements) as shall be determined by the Board and stated in the Award Agreement.

8.3. Term.

Each Option shall terminate, and all rights to purchase shares of Stock thereunder shall cease, upon the expiration of the Option term determined by the Board and stated in the Award Agreement not to exceed ten years from the Grant Date, or under such circumstances and on such date prior thereto as is set forth in the Plan or as may be fixed by the Board and stated in the related Award Agreement; *provided, however*, that in the event that the Grantee is a Ten Percent Stockholder, an Option granted to such Grantee that is intended to be an Incentive Stock Option at the Grant Date shall not be exercisable after the expiration of five years from its Grant Date.

8.4. Limitations on Exercise of Option.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, in no event may any Option be exercised, in whole or in part, (i) prior to the date the Plan is approved by the stockholders of the Company as provided herein or (ii) after the occurrence of an event which results in termination of the Option.

8.5. Method of Exercise.

An Option that is exercisable may be exercised by the Grantee's delivery of a notice of exercise to the Company, setting forth the number of shares of Stock with respect to which the Option is to be exercised, accompanied by full payment for the shares. To be effective, notice of exercise must be made in accordance with procedures established by the Company from time to time.

8.6. Rights of Holders of Options.

Unless otherwise stated in the related Award Agreement, an individual holding or exercising an Option shall have none of the rights of a stockholder (for example, the right to receive cash or dividend payments or distributions attributable to the subject shares of Common Stock or to direct the voting of the subject shares of Common Stock) until the shares of Common Stock

covered thereby are fully paid and issued to such individual. Except as provided in **Section 15** or the related Award Agreement, no adjustment shall be made for dividends, distributions or other rights for which the record date is prior to the date of such issuance.

8.7. Delivery of Stock Certificates.

Promptly after the exercise of an Option by a Grantee and the payment in full of the Option Price, such Grantee shall be entitled to the issuance of a stock certificate or certificates evidencing the Grantee's ownership of the shares of Stock subject to the Option.

8.8. Limitations on Incentive Stock Options.

An Option shall constitute an Incentive Stock Option only (i) if the Grantee of such Option is an employee of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company; (ii) to the extent specifically provided in the related Award Agreement; and (iii) to the extent that the aggregate Fair Market Value (determined at the time the Option is granted) of the shares of Stock with respect to which all Incentive Stock Options held by such Grantee become exercisable for the first time during any calendar year (under the Plan and all other plans of the Grantee's employer and its Affiliates) does not exceed \$100,000. This limitation shall be applied by taking Options into account in the order in which they were granted.

9. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS

9.1. Right to Payment.

A SAR shall confer on the Grantee a right to receive, upon exercise thereof, the excess of (i) the Fair Market Value of one share of Stock on the date of exercise over (ii) the SAR Exercise Price, as determined by the Board. The Award Agreement for an SAR shall specify the SAR Exercise Price. SARs may be granted alone or in conjunction with all or part of an Option or at any subsequent time during the term of such Option or in conjunction with all or part of any other Award.

9.2. Other Terms.

The Board shall determine at the Grant Date or thereafter, the time or times at which and the circumstances under which a SAR may be exercised in whole or in part (including based on achievement of performance goals and/or future service requirements), the time or times at which SARs shall cease to be or become exercisable following Separation from Service or upon other conditions, the method of exercise, whether or not a SAR shall be in tandem or in combination with any other Award, and any other terms and conditions of any SAR.

9.3. Term of SARs.

The term of a SAR granted under the Plan shall be determined by the Board, in its sole discretion; *provided, however*, that such term shall not exceed ten years.

9.4. Payment of SAR Amount.

Upon exercise of a SAR, a Grantee shall be entitled to receive payment from the Company (in cash or Common Stock, as determined by the Board) in an amount determined by multiplying (i) the difference between the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on the date of exercise over the SAR Exercise Price by (ii) the number of shares of Common Stock with respect to which the SAR is exercised.

10. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF RESTRICTED STOCK AND RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS

10.1. Restrictions.

At the time of grant, the Board may, in its sole discretion, establish a period of time (a “**Restricted Period**”) and any additional restrictions including the satisfaction of corporate or individual performance objectives applicable to an Award of Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units in accordance with **Section 12**. Each Award of Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units may be subject to a different Restricted Period and additional restrictions. Neither Restricted Stock nor Restricted Stock Units may be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged or otherwise encumbered or disposed of during the Restricted Period or prior to the satisfaction of any other applicable restrictions.

10.2. Restricted Stock Certificates.

The Company shall issue Common Stock, in the name of each Grantee to whom Restricted Stock has been granted, stock certificates or other evidence of ownership representing the total number of shares of Restricted Stock granted to the Grantee, as soon as reasonably practicable after the Grant Date. The Board may provide in an Award Agreement that either (i) the Secretary of the Company shall hold such certificates for the Grantee’s benefit until such time as the Restricted Stock is forfeited to the Company or the restrictions lapse, or (ii) such certificates shall be delivered to the Grantee; *provided, however*, that such certificates shall bear a legend or legends that comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and make appropriate reference to the restrictions imposed under the Plan and the Award Agreement.

10.3. Rights of Holders of Restricted Stock.

Unless the Board otherwise provides in an Award Agreement, holders of Restricted Stock shall have rights as stockholders of the Company, including voting and dividend rights.

10.4. Rights of Holders of Restricted Stock Units.

10.4.1. Settlement of Restricted Stock Units.

Restricted Stock Units may be settled in cash or Common Stock, as determined by the Board and set forth in the Award Agreement. The Award Agreement shall also set forth whether the Restricted Stock Units shall be settled (i) within the time period specified in **Section 17.9** for short term deferrals or (ii) otherwise within the requirements of Section 409A, in which case the Award Agreement shall specify upon which events such Restricted Stock Units shall be settled.

10.4.2. Voting and Dividend Rights.

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable Award Agreement, holders of Restricted Stock Units shall not have rights as stockholders of the Company, including no voting or dividend or dividend equivalents rights.

10.4.3. Creditor's Rights.

A holder of Restricted Stock Units shall have no rights other than those of a general creditor of the Company. Restricted Stock Units represent an unfunded and unsecured obligation of the Company, subject to the terms and conditions of the applicable Award Agreement.

10.5. Purchase of Restricted Stock.

The Grantee shall be required, to the extent required by applicable law, to purchase the Restricted Stock from the Company at a Purchase Price equal to the greater of (i) the aggregate par value of the shares of Stock represented by such Restricted Stock or (ii) the Purchase Price, if any, specified in the related Award Agreement. If specified in the Award Agreement, the Purchase Price may be deemed paid by Services already rendered. The Purchase Price shall be payable in a form described in **Section 11** or, in the discretion of the Board, in consideration for past Services rendered.

10.6. Delivery of Stock.

Upon the expiration or termination of any Restricted Period and the satisfaction of any other conditions prescribed by the Board, the restrictions applicable to shares of Restricted Stock or Restricted Stock Units settled in Stock shall lapse, and, unless otherwise provided in the Award Agreement, a stock certificate for such shares shall be delivered, free of all such restrictions, to the Grantee or the Grantee's beneficiary or estate, as the case may be.

11. FORM OF PAYMENT FOR OPTIONS AND RESTRICTED STOCK

11.1. General Rule.

Payment of the Option Price for the shares purchased pursuant to the exercise of an Option or the Purchase Price for Restricted Stock shall be made in cash or in cash equivalents acceptable to the Company, except as provided in this **Section 11**.

11.2. Surrender of Stock.

To the extent the Award Agreement so provides, payment of the Option Price for shares purchased pursuant to the exercise of an Option or the Purchase Price for Restricted Stock may be made all or in part through the tender to the Company of shares of Common Stock, which shares shall be valued, for purposes of determining the extent to which the Option Price or Purchase Price for Restricted Stock has been paid thereby, at their Fair Market Value on the date of exercise or surrender. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the right to make payment in the form of already owned shares of Common Stock may be authorized only at the time of grant.

11.3. Cashless Exercise.

With respect to an Non-qualified Stock Option only (and not with respect to an Incentive Stock Option or Restricted Stock), to the extent permitted by law and to the extent the Award Agreement so provides, payment of the Option Price may be made all or in part by delivery (on a form acceptable to the Company) of an irrevocable direction to a licensed securities broker acceptable to the Company to sell shares of Common Stock and to deliver all or part of the sales proceeds to the Company in payment of the Option Price and any withholding taxes described in **Section 17.3**.

11.4. Other Forms of Payment.

To the extent the Award Agreement so provides, payment of the Option Price or the Purchase Price for Restricted Stock may be made in any other form that is consistent with applicable laws, regulations and rules, including, but not limited to, the Company's withholding of shares of Stock otherwise due to the exercising Grantee.

12. TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF PERFORMANCE AWARDS

The right of a Grantee to exercise or receive a grant or settlement of any Award, and the timing thereof, may be subject to such performance conditions as may be specified by the Board. The Board may use such business criteria and other measures of performance as it may deem appropriate in establishing any performance conditions, and may exercise its discretion to reduce the amounts payable under any Award subject to performance conditions.

13. OTHER STOCK-BASED AWARDS

13.1. Grant of Other Stock-based Awards.

Other Stock-based Awards may be granted either alone or in addition to or in conjunction with other Awards under the Plan. Other Stock-based Awards may be granted in lieu of other cash or other compensation to which a Service Provider is entitled from the Company or may be used in the settlement of amounts payable in shares of Common Stock under any other compensation plan or arrangement of the Company, including without limitation, the Company's incentive compensation plan. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Board shall have the sole and complete authority to determine the persons to whom and the time or times at which such Awards shall be made, the number of shares of Common Stock to be granted pursuant to such Awards, and all other conditions of such Awards. Unless the Board determines otherwise, any such Award shall be confirmed by an Award Agreement, which shall contain such provisions as the Board determines to be necessary or appropriate to carry out the intent of this Plan with respect to such Award.

13.2. Terms of Other Stock-based Awards.

Any Common Stock subject to Awards made under this **Section 13** may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered prior to the date on which the shares are issued, or, if later, the date on which any applicable restriction, performance or deferral period lapses.

14. REQUIREMENTS OF LAW

14.1. General.

The Company shall not be required to sell or issue any shares of Common Stock under any Award if the sale or issuance of such shares would constitute a violation by the Grantee, any other individual exercising an Option, or the Company of any provision of any law or regulation of any governmental authority, including without limitation any federal or state securities laws or regulations. If at any time the Company determines, in its discretion, that the listing, registration or qualification of any shares subject to an Award on any securities exchange or under any governmental regulatory body is necessary or desirable as a condition of, or in connection with, the issuance or purchase of shares hereunder, no shares of Common Stock may be issued or sold to the Grantee or any other individual exercising an Option pursuant to such Award unless such listing, registration, qualification, consent or approval shall have been effected or obtained free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company, and any delay caused thereby shall in no way affect the date of termination of the Award.

Specifically, in connection with the Securities Act, upon the exercise of any Option or the delivery of any shares of Common Stock underlying an Award, unless a registration statement under the Securities Act is in effect with respect to the shares of Common Stock covered by such Award, the Company shall not be required to sell or issue such shares unless the Board has received evidence satisfactory to it that the Grantee or any other individual exercising an Option may acquire such shares pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act. Any determination in this connection by the Board shall be final, binding, and conclusive. The Company may, but shall in no event be obligated to, register any securities covered hereby pursuant to the Securities Act. The Company shall not be obligated to take any affirmative action in order to cause the exercise of an Option or the issuance of shares of Common Stock pursuant to the Plan to comply with any law or regulation of any governmental authority. As to any jurisdiction that expressly imposes the requirement that an Option shall not be exercisable until the shares of Common Stock covered by such Option are registered or are exempt from registration, the exercise of such Option (under circumstances in which the laws of such jurisdiction apply) shall be deemed conditioned on the effectiveness of such registration or the availability of such an exemption.

14.2. Rule 16b-3.

During any time when the Company has a class of equity security registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, it is the intent of the Company that Awards and the exercise of Options granted to officers and directors hereunder shall qualify for the exemption provided by Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act. To the extent that any provision of the Plan or action by the Board or Committee does not comply with the requirements of Rule 16b-3, it shall be deemed inoperative to the extent permitted by law and deemed advisable by the Board, and shall not affect the validity of the Plan. In the event that Rule 16b-3 is revised or replaced, the Board may exercise its discretion to modify this Plan in any respect necessary to satisfy the requirements of, or to take advantage of any features of, the revised exemption or its replacement.

14.3. Non-Exempt Employees.

No Option granted to a Grantee who is a non-exempt employee for purposes of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, shall be first exercisable for any shares of Common Stock until at least six months following the date of grant of the Option. Notwithstanding the foregoing, consistent with the provisions of the Worker Economic Opportunity Act, in the event of the Grantee's death or Disability, upon a Change in Control in which the vesting of such Options accelerates, or upon the Grantee's retirement (as such term may be defined in the Grantee's Award Agreement or in another applicable agreement or in accordance with the Company's then current employment policies and guidelines) any such vested Options may be exercised earlier than six months following the date of grant. The foregoing provision is intended to operate so that any income derived by a non-exempt employee in connection with the exercise or vesting of an Option shall be exempt from the Grantee's regular rate of pay.

15. EFFECT OF CHANGES IN CAPITALIZATION

15.1. Adjustments for Changes in Capital Structure.

Subject to any required action by the stockholders of the Company, in the event of any change in the Common Stock effected without receipt of consideration by the Company, whether through merger, consolidation, reorganization, reincorporation, recapitalization, reclassification, stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, split-up, split-off, spin-off, combination of shares, exchange of shares, or similar change in the capital structure of the Company, or in the event of payment of a dividend or distribution to the stockholders of the Company in a form other than Common Stock (excepting normal cash dividends) that has a material effect on the Fair Market Value of shares of Common Stock, appropriate and proportionate adjustments shall be made in the number and class of shares subject to the Plan and to any outstanding Awards, and in the Option Price, SAR Exercise Price or Purchase Price per share of any outstanding Awards in order to prevent dilution or enlargement of Grantees' rights under the Plan. For purposes of the foregoing, conversion of any convertible securities of the Company shall not be treated as "effected without receipt of consideration by the Company." If a majority of the shares that are of the same class as the shares that are subject to outstanding Awards are exchanged for, converted into, or otherwise become (whether or not pursuant to a Change in Control) shares of another corporation (the "New Shares"), the Board may unilaterally amend the outstanding Awards to provide that such Awards are for New Shares. In the event of any such amendment, the number of shares subject to, and the Option Price, SAR Exercise Price or Purchase Price per share of, the outstanding Awards shall be adjusted in a fair and equitable manner as determined by the Board, in its discretion. Any fractional share resulting from an adjustment pursuant to this **Section 15.1** shall be rounded down to the nearest whole number and the Option Price, SAR Exercise Price or Purchase Price per share shall be rounded up to the nearest whole cent. In no event may the exercise price of any Award be decreased to an amount less than the par value, if any, of the stock subject to the Award. The Board in its sole discretion, may also make such adjustments in the terms of any Award to reflect, or related to, such changes in the capital structure of the Company or distributions as it deems appropriate. Adjustments determined by the Board pursuant to this **Section 15.1** shall be made in accordance with Section 409A to the extent applicable.

15.2. Change in Control.

15.2.1. Consequences of a Change in Control. Subject to the requirements and limitations of Section 409A if applicable, the Board may provide for any one or more of the following in connection with a Change in Control:

(i) The Board may, in its discretion, provide in any Award Agreement or, in the event of a Change in Control, may take such actions as it deems appropriate to provide for the acceleration of the exercisability, vesting and/or settlement in connection with such Change in Control of each or any outstanding Award or portion thereof and shares acquired pursuant thereto upon such conditions, including termination of the Grantee's Service prior to, upon, or following such Change in Control, to such extent as the Board shall determine.

(ii) In the event of a Change in Control, the surviving, continuing, successor, or purchasing corporation or other business entity or parent thereof, as the case may be (the "**Acquiror**"), may, without the consent of any Grantee, either assume or continue the Company's rights and obligations under each or any Award or portion thereof outstanding immediately prior to the Change in Control or substitute for each or any such outstanding Award or portion thereof a substantially equivalent award with respect to the Acquiror's stock, as applicable. For purposes of this **Section 15.2.1**, if so determined by the Board, in its discretion, an Award denominated in shares of Common Stock shall be deemed assumed if, following the Change in Control, the Award confers the right to receive, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and the applicable Award Agreement, for each share of Common Stock subject to the Award immediately prior to the Change in Control, the consideration (whether stock, cash, other securities or property or a combination thereof) to which a holder of a share of Common Stock on the effective date of the Change in Control was entitled; *provided, however*, that if such consideration is not solely common stock of the Acquiror, the Board may, with the consent of the Acquiror, provide for the consideration to be received upon the exercise or settlement of the Award, for each share of Common Stock subject to the Award, to consist solely of common stock of the Acquiror equal in Fair Market Value to the per share consideration received by holders of Common Stock pursuant to the Change in Control. If any portion of such consideration may be received by holders of Common Stock pursuant to the Change in Control on a contingent or delayed basis, the Board may, in its sole discretion, determine such Fair Market Value per share as of the time of the Change in Control on the basis of the Board's good faith estimate of the present value of the probable future payment of such consideration. Any Award or portion thereof that is neither assumed or continued by the Acquiror in connection with the Change in Control nor exercised or settled as of the time of consummation of the Change in Control shall terminate and cease to be outstanding effective as of the time of consummation of the Change in Control.

(iii) The Board may, in its discretion and without the consent of any Grantee, determine that, upon the occurrence of a Change in Control, each or any Award or a portion thereof outstanding immediately prior to the Change in Control and not previously exercised or settled shall be canceled in exchange for a payment with respect to each vested share (and each unvested share, if so determined by the Board) of Common Stock subject to such canceled Award in (1) cash, (2) stock of the Company or of a corporation or other business entity a party to the Change in Control, or (3) other property that, in any such case, shall be in an amount having a Fair Market Value equal to the Fair Market Value of the consideration to be paid per

share of Common Stock in the Change in Control, reduced by the exercise or purchase price per share, if any, under such Award. If any portion of such consideration may be received by holders of Common Stock pursuant to the Change in Control on a contingent or delayed basis, the Board may, in its sole discretion, determine such Fair Market Value per share as of the time of the Change in Control on the basis of the Board's good faith estimate of the present value of the probable future payment of such consideration. In the event such determination is made by the Board, the amount of such payment (reduced by applicable withholding taxes, if any) shall be paid to Grantees in respect of the vested portions of their canceled Awards as soon as practicable following the date of the Change in Control and in respect of the unvested portions of their canceled Awards in accordance with the vesting schedules applicable to such Awards.

15.2.2. Change in Control Defined. Except as may otherwise be defined in an Award Agreement, a Change in Control shall mean the occurrence of any of the following events:

(i) the acquisition, other than from the Company, by any individual, entity or group (within the meaning of Section 13(d)(3) or 14(d)(2) of the Exchange Act), other than the Company or any subsidiary, affiliate (within the meaning of Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended) or employee benefit plan of the Company, of beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act) of more than 50% of the combined voting power of the then outstanding voting securities of the Company entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (the "**Voting Securities**"); or

(ii) a reorganization, merger, consolidation or recapitalization of the Company (a "**Business Combination**"), other than a Business Combination in which more than 50% of the combined voting power of the outstanding voting securities of the surviving or resulting entity immediately following the Business Combination is held by the persons who, immediately prior to the Business Combination, were the holders of the Voting Securities; or

(iii) a complete liquidation or dissolution of the Company, or a sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company; or

(iv) during any period of 24 consecutive months, the Incumbent Directors cease to constitute a majority of the Board; "**Incumbent Directors**" shall mean individuals who were members of the Board at the beginning of such period or individuals whose election or nomination for election to the Board by the Company's stockholders was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the then Incumbent Directors (but excluding any individual whose initial election or nomination is in connection with an actual or threatened proxy contest relating to the election of directors).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if it is determined that an Award hereunder is subject to the requirements of Section 409A and payable upon a Change in Control, the Company shall not be deemed to have undergone a Change in Control unless the Company is deemed to have undergone a "change in control event" pursuant to the definition of such term in Section 409A.

15.3. Adjustments.

Adjustments under this **Section 15** related to shares of Common Stock or securities of the Company shall be made by the Board, whose determination in that respect shall be final, binding

and conclusive. No fractional shares or other securities shall be issued pursuant to any such adjustment, and any fractions resulting from any such adjustment shall be eliminated in each case by rounding downward to the nearest whole share.

16. NO LIMITATIONS ON COMPANY

The making of Awards pursuant to the Plan shall not affect or limit in any way the right or power of the Company to make adjustments, reclassifications, reorganizations, or changes of its capital or business structure or to merge, consolidate, dissolve, or liquidate, or to sell or transfer all or any part of its business or assets.

17. TERMS APPLICABLE GENERALLY TO AWARDS GRANTED UNDER THE PLAN

17.1. Disclaimer of Rights.

No provision in the Plan or in any Award Agreement shall be construed to confer on any individual the right to remain in the employ or service of the Company or any Affiliate, or to interfere in any way with any contractual or other right or authority of the Company or any Affiliate either to increase or decrease the compensation or other payments to any individual at any time, or to terminate any employment or other relationship between any individual and the Company or any Affiliate. In addition, notwithstanding anything contained in the Plan to the contrary, unless otherwise stated in the applicable Award Agreement, no Award granted under the Plan shall be affected by any change of duties or position of the Grantee, so long as such Grantee continues to be a Service Provider. The obligation of the Company to pay any benefits pursuant to this Plan shall be interpreted as a contractual obligation to pay only those amounts described herein, in the manner and under the conditions prescribed herein. The Plan shall in no way be interpreted to require the Company to transfer any amounts to a third party trustee or otherwise hold any amounts in trust or escrow for payment to any Grantee or beneficiary under the terms of the Plan.

17.2. Nonexclusivity of the Plan.

Neither the adoption of the Plan nor the submission of the Plan to the stockholders of the Company for approval shall be construed as creating any limitations on the right and authority of the Board to adopt such other incentive compensation arrangements (which arrangements may be applicable either generally to a class or classes of individuals or specifically to a particular individual or particular individuals), including, without limitation, the granting of stock options as the Board in its discretion determines desirable.

17.3. Withholding Taxes.

The Company or an Affiliate, as the case may be, shall have the right to deduct from payments of any kind otherwise due to a Grantee any federal, state, or local taxes of any kind required by law to be withheld (i) with respect to the vesting of or other lapse of restrictions applicable to an Award, (ii) upon the issuance of any shares of Common Stock upon the exercise of an Option or SAR, or (iii) otherwise due in connection with an Award. At the time of such vesting, lapse, or exercise, the Grantee shall pay to the Company or the Affiliate, as the case may be, any amount that the Company or the Affiliate may reasonably determine to be necessary to

satisfy such withholding obligation. Subject to the prior approval of the Company or the Affiliate, which may be withheld by the Company or the Affiliate, as the case may be, in its sole discretion, the Grantee may elect to satisfy such obligations, in whole or in part, (i) by causing the Company or the Affiliate to withhold the minimum required number of shares of Common Stock otherwise issuable to the Grantee as may be necessary to satisfy such withholding obligation or (ii) by delivering to the Company or the Affiliate shares of Common Stock already owned by the Grantee. The shares of Common Stock so delivered or withheld shall have an aggregate Fair Market Value equal to such withholding obligations. The Fair Market Value of the shares of Common Stock used to satisfy such withholding obligation shall be determined by the Company or the Affiliate as of the date that the amount of tax to be withheld is to be determined. A Grantee who has made an election pursuant to this **Section 17.3** may satisfy the Grantee's withholding obligation only with shares of Common Stock that are not subject to any repurchase, forfeiture, unfulfilled vesting, or other similar requirements.

17.4. Captions.

The use of captions in this Plan or any Award Agreement is for the convenience of reference only and shall not affect the meaning of any provision of the Plan or any Award Agreement.

17.5. Other Provisions.

Each Award Agreement may contain such other terms and conditions not inconsistent with the Plan as may be determined by the Board, in its sole discretion. In the event of any conflict between the terms of an employment agreement and the Plan, the terms of the employment agreement govern.

17.6. Number and Gender.

With respect to words used in this Plan, the singular form shall include the plural form, the masculine gender shall include the feminine gender, etc., as the context requires.

17.7. Severability.

If any provision of the Plan or any Award Agreement shall be determined to be illegal or unenforceable by any court of law in any jurisdiction, the remaining provisions hereof and thereof shall be severable and enforceable in accordance with their terms, and all provisions shall remain enforceable in any other jurisdiction.

17.8. Governing Law.

The Plan shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law.

17.9. Section 409A.

The Plan is intended to comply with Section 409A to the extent subject thereto, and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, the Plan shall be interpreted and administered to

be in compliance therewith. Any payments described in the Plan that are due within the “short-term deferral period” as defined in Section 409A shall not be treated as deferred compensation unless applicable laws require otherwise. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, to the extent required to avoid accelerated taxation and tax penalties under Section 409A, amounts that would otherwise be payable and benefits that would otherwise be provided pursuant to the Plan during the six month period immediately following the Grantee’s Separation from Service shall instead be paid on the first payroll date after the six-month anniversary of the Grantee’s Separation from Service (or the Grantee’s death, if earlier). Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither the Company nor the Committee shall have any obligation to take any action to prevent the assessment of any excise tax or penalty on any Grantee under Section 409A and neither the Company nor the Committee shall have any liability to any Grantee for such tax or penalty.

17.10. Separation from Service.

The Board shall determine the effect of a Separation from Service upon Awards, and such effect shall be set forth in the appropriate Award Agreement. Without limiting the foregoing, the Board may provide in the Award Agreements at the time of grant, or any time thereafter with the consent of the Grantee, the actions that shall be taken upon the occurrence of a Separation from Service, including, but not limited to, accelerated vesting or termination, depending upon the circumstances surrounding the Separation from Service.

17.11. Transferability of Awards and Issued Shares.

17.11.1. Transfers in General.

Except as provided in **Section 17.11.2**, no Award shall be assignable or transferable by the Grantee to whom it is granted, other than by will or the laws of descent and distribution, and, during the lifetime of the Grantee, only the Grantee personally (or the Grantee’s personal representative) may exercise rights under the Plan.

17.11.2. Family Transfers.

If authorized in the applicable Award Agreement, a Grantee may transfer, not for value, all or part of an Award (other than Incentive Stock Options) to any Family Member. For the purpose of this **Section 17.11.2**, a “not for value” transfer is a transfer that is (i) a gift, (ii) a transfer under a domestic relations order in settlement of marital property rights, or (iii) a transfer to an entity in which more than 50% of the voting interests are owned by Family Members (or the Grantee) in exchange for an interest in that entity. Following a transfer under this **Section 17.11.2**, any such Award shall continue to be subject to the same terms and conditions as were applicable immediately prior to transfer. Subsequent transfers of transferred Awards are prohibited except to Family Members of the original Grantee in accordance with this **Section 17.11.2** or by will or the laws of descent and distribution.

17.11.3. Issued Shares.

No Issued Shares shall be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged, hypothecated, given away or in any other manner disposed of or encumbered, whether voluntarily or by operation of law, unless (i) such transfer is in compliance with the terms of the applicable Award, all applicable

securities laws, and with the terms and conditions of the Plan (including this **Section 17.11.3**), (ii) such transfer does not cause the Company to become subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, and (iii) the transferee consents in writing to be bound by the provisions of the Plan (including this **Section 17.11.3**). In connection with any proposed transfer, the Board may require the transferor to provide at the transferor's own expense an opinion of counsel to the transferor, satisfactory to the Board, that such transfer is in compliance with all foreign, federal and state securities laws. Any attempted disposition of Issued Shares not in accordance with the terms and conditions of this **Section 17.11.3** shall be null and void, and the Company shall not reflect on its records any change in record ownership of any Issued Shares as a result of any such disposition, shall otherwise refuse to recognize any such disposition and shall not in any way give effect to any such disposition of Issued Shares. Subject to the foregoing general provisions, and unless otherwise provided in the agreement with respect to a particular Award, Issued Shares may be transferred pursuant to the following specific terms and conditions:

(i) The Holder may sell, assign, transfer or give away any or all of the Issued Shares to Permitted Transferees; *provided, however*; that following such sale, assignment, or other transfer, such Issued Shares shall continue to be subject to the terms of this Plan (including this **Section 17.11.3**) and such Permitted Transferees shall, as a condition to any such transfer, deliver a written acknowledgment to that effect to the Company.

(ii) Upon the death of the Holder, any Issued Shares then held by the Holder at the time of such death and any Issued Shares acquired thereafter by the Holder's legal representative shall be subject to the provisions of this Plan, and the Holder's estate, executors, administrators, personal representatives, heirs, legatees and distributees shall be obligated to convey such Issued Shares to the Company or its assigns under the terms contemplated hereby.

17.12. Dividends and Dividend Equivalent Rights.

If specified in the Award Agreement, the recipient of an Award under this Plan may be entitled to receive, currently or on a deferred basis, dividends or dividend equivalents with respect to the Common Stock or other securities covered by an Award. The terms and conditions of a dividend equivalent right may be set forth in the Award Agreement. Dividend equivalents credited to a Grantee may be paid currently or may be deemed to be reinvested in additional shares of Common Stock or other securities of the Company at a price per unit equal to the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on the date that such dividend was paid to stockholders, as determined in the sole discretion of the Board.

**NOTICE OF GRANT OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD
IRADIMED CORPORATION
2023 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN**

FOR GOOD AND VALUABLE CONSIDERATION, Iradimed Corporation (the “Company”) hereby grants this Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “Award”) of the number of Restricted Stock Units set forth in this Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “Notice”) to the Grantee designated in this Notice, pursuant to the provisions of the Company’s 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”) and subject to certain restrictions as outlined below in this Notice and the additional provisions set forth in the attached Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock Units Award (the “Terms”). Together, this Notice and the attached Terms constitute the “Agreement.”

Grantee:

Grant Date:

Number of Restricted Stock Units:

Vesting Schedule: Subject to the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, the Restricted Stock Units shall become earned and vested, and shares of Stock shall be issued in settlement of vested Restricted Stock Units, in accordance with the following schedule, in the event the Grantee does not have a Separation from Service prior to the applicable vesting date(s):

On the one-year anniversary of the Grant Date	25% of the Award
On the two-year anniversary of the Grant Date	25% of the Award
On the three-year anniversary of the Grant Date	25% of the Award
On the four-year anniversary of the Grant Date	25% of the Award

No Restricted Stock Units shall become earned and vested following Grantee’s Separation from Service, except as expressly provided in the Notice below, as applicable, or as otherwise provided pursuant to the terms of the Plan.

Impact of Separation from Service on Vesting: Any non-vested portion of the Award expires immediately.

Acceleration of Vesting Under Certain Circumstances: The vesting of the Award may be accelerated in the Board’s sole discretion, in whole or in part.

By signing below, the Grantee agrees that this Award is granted under and governed by the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement.

Grantee

Iradimed Corporation

By: _____

Date: _____

Date: _____



TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD

The Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Award**”) granted by Iradimed Corporation (the “**Company**”) to the Grantee specified in the Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Notice**”) to which these Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Terms**”) are attached, is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Notice, and these Terms. The terms and conditions of the Plan are incorporated by reference in their entirety into these Terms. Together, the Notice and these Terms constitute the “**Agreement**.” A Prospectus describing the Plan has been delivered to the Grantee. The Plan itself is available upon request. When used in this Agreement, the terms which are defined in the Plan shall have the meanings given to them in the Plan, as modified herein (if applicable).

This Award is conditioned upon the Grantee’s acceptance of the provisions set forth in this Agreement within 60 days after the Agreement is presented to the Grantee for review. For purposes this Agreement, any reference to the Company shall include a reference to any Affiliate.

1. Grant of Units.

(a) As of the Grant Date set forth in the Notice, the Company grants to the Grantee the number Restricted Stock Units (“**Units**”) set forth in the Notice. Each Unit represents the right to receive one share of Stock at a future date after the Unit has become earned and vested, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

(b) The Units covered by this Award shall become earned and vested in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice. Each earned and vested Unit shall be settled on the date(s) specified in the Notice by issuance of one share of Stock on or as soon as administratively practicable (but no more than 60 days) after the applicable vesting and/or settlement date specified in the Notice, subject to the requirements of (i) Section 4 (Withholding) and Section 6 (Regulatory Restrictions on the Shares Issued Upon Settlement) of this Agreement, and (ii) Section 17.11 of the Plan regarding a potential six-month delay in settlement for awards to certain Grantees to the extent determined by the Company to be necessary to comply with Section 409A.

(c) Units constitute an unfunded and unsecured obligation of the Company. The Grantee shall not have any rights of a stockholder of the Company with respect to the shares of Stock underlying the Units unless and until the Units become earned and vested and are settled by the issuance of shares of Stock. Upon issuance of shares of Stock in connection with the settlement of vested Units, the Grantee shall be the record owner of the shares of Stock unless and until such shares are sold or otherwise disposed of, and as record owner shall be entitled to all rights of a stockholder of the Company (including voting rights).

(d) The Grantee may designate a beneficiary to receive payment in connection with the Units in the event of the Grantee’s death in accordance with the Company’s beneficiary designation procedures, as in effect from time to time. If the Grantee does not designate a beneficiary, or if the Grantee’s designated beneficiary does not survive the Grantee, then the Grantee’s beneficiary will be the Grantee’s estate.

2. Restrictions. Subject to any exceptions set forth in this Agreement, until such time as the Units become earned and vested and are settled in shares of Stock in accordance with Section 1, the Units or the rights relating thereto may not be assigned, alienated, pledged, attached, sold or otherwise transferred or encumbered by the Grantee. Any attempt to assign, alienate, pledge, attach, sell or otherwise transfer or encumber the Units or the rights relating thereto shall be wholly ineffective and, if any such attempt is made, the Units will be forfeited by the Grantee and

all of the Grantee's rights to such Units shall immediately terminate without any payment or consideration by the Company.

3. Cancellation of Rights. If any portion of the Units fail to become earned and vested (for example, because the Grantee fails to satisfy the vesting conditions specified in the Notice prior to a Separation from Service), then such Units shall be immediately forfeited as of the date of such failure and all of the Grantee's rights to such Units shall immediately terminate without any payment or consideration by the Company.
4. Withholding.
 - (a) Regardless of any action the Company takes with respect to any or all income tax, payroll tax or other tax-related withholding ("Tax-Related Items"), the Grantee acknowledges that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items owed by the Grantee is and remains the Grantee's responsibility and that the Company (i) makes no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the Award, including the grant or vesting of the Units, the subsequent sale of shares of Stock acquired upon vesting; and (ii) does not commit to structure the terms of the grant or any aspect of the Award to reduce or eliminate the Grantee's liability for Tax-Related Items.
 - (b) Prior to vesting of the Units, the Grantee shall pay or make adequate arrangements satisfactory to the Company to satisfy all withholding obligations of the Company. In this regard, the Grantee authorizes the Company to withhold all applicable Tax-Related Items legally payable by the Grantee from the Grantee's wages or other cash compensation paid to the Grantee by the Company or from proceeds of the sale of the shares of Stock. Alternatively, or in addition, to the extent permissible under applicable law, the Company may (i) sell or arrange for the sale of shares of Stock that the Grantee acquires to meet the withholding obligation for Tax-Related Items, and/or (ii) withhold in shares of Stock, provided that the Company only withholds the amount of shares of Stock necessary to satisfy the minimum withholding amount. Finally, the Grantee shall pay to the Company any amount of Tax-Related Items that the Company may be required to withhold as a result of the Grantee's participation in the Plan that cannot be satisfied by the means previously described. The Company may refuse to issue and deliver shares of Stock in payment of any earned and vested Units if the Grantee fails to comply with the Grantee's obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items as described in this Section 4.
5. Grantee Representations. The Grantee hereby represents to the Company that the Grantee has read and fully understands the provisions of this Agreement, the Prospectus and the Plan, and the Grantee's decision to participate in the Plan is completely voluntary. Further, the Grantee acknowledges that the Grantee is relying solely on his or her own advisors with respect to the tax consequences of this Award.
6. Regulatory Restrictions on the Shares Issued Upon Settlement. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Agreement, the Committee shall have the sole discretion to impose such conditions, restrictions and limitations on the issuance of shares of Stock with respect to this Award unless and until the Committee determines that such issuance complies with (i) any applicable registration requirements under the Securities Act or the Committee has determined that an exemption therefrom is available, (ii) any applicable listing requirement of any stock exchange on which the Stock is listed, (iii) any applicable Company policy or administrative rules, and (iv) any other applicable provision of state, federal or foreign law, including foreign securities laws where applicable.

7. Miscellaneous.

(a) Notices. Any notice which either party hereto may be required or permitted to give to the other shall be in writing and may be delivered personally, by intraoffice mail, by fax, by electronic mail or other electronic means, or via a postal service, postage prepaid, to such electronic mail or postal address and directed to such person as the Company may notify the Grantee from time to time; and to the Grantee at the Grantee's electronic mail or postal address as shown on the records of the Company from time to time, or at such other electronic mail or postal address as the Grantee, by notice to the Company, may designate in writing from time to time.

(b) Waiver. The waiver by any party hereto of a breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other or subsequent breach.

(c) Entire Agreement. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the Award are superseded.

(d) Binding Effect; Successors. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and to the extent not prohibited herein, their respective heirs, successors, assigns and representatives. Nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to confer on any person other than the parties hereto and as provided above, their respective heirs, successors, assigns and representatives any rights, remedies, obligations or liabilities.

(e) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law, and applicable Federal law.

(f) Headings. The headings contained herein are for the sole purpose of convenience of reference, and shall not in any way limit or affect the meaning or interpretation of any of the terms or provisions of this Agreement.

(g) Conflicts; Amendment. The provisions of the Plan are incorporated in this Agreement in their entirety. In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Agreement and the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall control. This Agreement may be amended at any time by the Committee, provided that no amendment may, without the consent of the Grantee, materially impair the Grantee's rights with respect to the Award. The Committee shall have full authority and discretion, subject only to the terms of the Plan, to decide all matters relating to the administration or interpretation of the Plan, the Award, and the Agreement, and all such action by the Committee shall be final, conclusive, and binding upon the Company and the Grantee.

(h) No Right to Continued Employment. Nothing in this Agreement shall confer upon the Grantee any right to continue in the employ or service of the Company or affect the right of the Company to terminate the Grantee's employment or service at any time.

(i) Further Assurances. The Grantee agrees, upon demand of the Company or the Committee, to do all acts and execute, deliver and perform all additional documents, instruments and agreements which may be reasonably required by the Company or the Committee, as the case may be, to implement the provisions and purposes of this Agreement and the Plan.

(j) Personal Data. By accepting the Award under this Agreement, the Grantee hereby consents to the Company's use, dissemination and disclosure of any information pertaining to the Grantee that the Company determines to be necessary or desirable for the implementation, administration and management of the Plan.

(k) Dispute Resolution.

(i) Arbitration. If any controversy or claim arising out of this award cannot be resolved by the Grantee and the Company (each a "party" and collectively, the "parties"), such conflict or claim shall be resolved by arbitration in accordance with the then current rules of the American Arbitration Association governing commercial disputes. Such matters will be arbitrated in the Orlando metropolitan area and, for purposes of these Terms, each party consents to arbitration in such place. Arbitration proceedings shall commence when either party notifies the other that a dispute to arbitration exists and requests that the dispute be arbitrated. If the parties to the dispute cannot within thirty (30) days after the request for arbitration is made mutually agree upon an arbitrator or arbitrators to settle the dispute, each party to the dispute shall select an arbitrator. The two arbitrators shall, within fifteen (15) days after the appointment of the last arbitrator, select a third arbitrator and the three arbitrators shall determine the matter. Each arbitrator shall act impartially. If for any reason an arbitrator is not appointed within the time provided or the arbitrators appointed by the parties cannot agree upon a third arbitrator, then an arbitrator shall be appointed by the Circuit Court of Florida for the County of Orange in accordance with applicable state law. Unless the parties mutually agree otherwise, any arbitrator selected will be familiar with equity compensation disputes. The final decision will be that of the sole arbitrator or of the majority of the arbitrators, and shall be final and binding upon the parties, except as otherwise provided by law. The sole arbitrator or the majority of arbitrators shall also determine the allocation of costs of the arbitration among the parties, and shall have the right to award to the prevailing party all cost of the arbitration, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

(ii) Jurisdiction and Venue. For purposes of enforcing the award or decision in any arbitration proceeding, each party hereto submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of Florida state courts located in the city of Orlando or the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida. In that regard, each party hereby waives, and agrees not to assert, by way of motion, as a defense, or otherwise, in any such suit, action or proceeding, any claim that it is not subject personally to the jurisdiction of the above-named courts, that its property is exempt or immune from attachment or execution (except as protected by applicable law), that the suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, that the venue of the suit, action or proceeding is improper or that these Terms or the subject matter hereof may not be enforced in or by such court, and (ii) hereby waives and agrees not to seek any review by any court of any other jurisdiction which may be called upon to grant an enforcement of the judgment of any such court. Each party hereby consents to service of process by registered mail at the address to which notices are to be given. Each party agrees that its, his or her submission to jurisdiction and its, his or her consent to service of process by mail is made for the express benefit of each other party. Final judgment against any party in any such action, suit or proceeding may be enforced in other jurisdictions by suit, action or proceeding on the judgment, or in any other manner provided by or pursuant to the laws of such other jurisdiction.

(l) Confidentiality. The Grantee agrees that the terms and conditions of the Restricted Stock award reflected in the Notice and these Terms are strictly confidential and, with the exception of Grantee's counsel, tax advisor, immediate family, or as required by applicable law, have not and shall not be disclosed, discussed, or revealed to any other persons, entities, or organizations, whether within or outside Company, without prior written approval of Company. The Grantee further agrees to take all reasonable steps necessary to ensure that confidentiality is maintained by any of the individuals or entities referenced above to whom disclosure is authorized.

**NOTICE OF GRANT OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD
IRADIMED CORPORATION
2023 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN**

FOR GOOD AND VALUABLE CONSIDERATION, Iradimed Corporation (the “**Company**”) hereby grants this Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Award**”) of the number of Restricted Stock Units set forth in this Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Notice**”) to the Grantee designated in this Notice, pursuant to the provisions of the Company’s 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (the “**Plan**”) and subject to certain restrictions as outlined below in this Notice and the additional provisions set forth in the attached Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock Units Award (the “**Terms**”). Together, this Notice and the attached Terms constitute the “**Agreement**.”

Grantee:

Grant Date:

Number of Restricted Stock Units:

Vesting Schedule: Subject to the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, the Restricted Stock Units shall become earned and vested, and shares of Stock shall be issued in settlement of vested Restricted Stock Units, in accordance with the following schedule, in the event the Grantee does not have a Separation from Service prior to the applicable vesting date(s):

On the three-year anniversary of the Grant Date 100% of the Award

No Restricted Stock Units shall become earned and vested following Grantee’s Separation from Service, except as expressly provided in the Notice below, as applicable, or as otherwise provided pursuant to the terms of the Plan.

Impact of Separation from Service on Vesting: Any non-vested portion of the Award expires immediately.

Acceleration of Vesting Under Certain Circumstances: The vesting of the Award may be accelerated in the Board’s sole discretion, in whole or in part.

By signing below, the Grantee agrees that this Award is granted under and governed by the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement.

Grantee

Iradimed Corporation

By: _____

Date: _____

Title: _____

Date: _____



TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD

The Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Award**”) granted by Iradimed Corporation (the “**Company**”) to the Grantee specified in the Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Notice**”) to which these Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Terms**”) are attached, is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Notice, and these Terms. The terms and conditions of the Plan are incorporated by reference in their entirety into these Terms. Together, the Notice and these Terms constitute the “**Agreement**.” A Prospectus describing the Plan has been delivered to the Grantee. The Plan itself is available upon request. When used in this Agreement, the terms which are defined in the Plan shall have the meanings given to them in the Plan, as modified herein (if applicable).

This Award is conditioned upon the Grantee’s acceptance of the provisions set forth in this Agreement within 60 days after the Agreement is presented to the Grantee for review. For purposes this Agreement, any reference to the Company shall include a reference to any Affiliate.

1. Grant of Units.

(a) As of the Grant Date set forth in the Notice, the Company grants to the Grantee the number Restricted Stock Units (“**Units**”) set forth in the Notice. Each Unit represents the right to receive one share of Stock at a future date after the Unit has become earned and vested, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

(b) The Units covered by this Award shall become earned and vested in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice. Each earned and vested Unit shall be settled on the date(s) specified in the Notice by issuance of one share of Stock on or as soon as administratively practicable (but no more than 60 days) after the applicable vesting and/or settlement date specified in the Notice, subject to the requirements of (i) Section 4 (Withholding) and Section 6 (Regulatory Restrictions on the Shares Issued Upon Settlement) of this Agreement, and (ii) Section 17.11 of the Plan regarding a potential six-month delay in settlement for awards to certain Grantees to the extent determined by the Company to be necessary to comply with Section 409A.

(c) Units constitute an unfunded and unsecured obligation of the Company. The Grantee shall not have any rights of a stockholder of the Company with respect to the shares of Stock underlying the Units unless and until the Units become earned and vested and are settled by the issuance of shares of Stock. Upon issuance of shares of Stock in connection with the settlement of vested Units, the Grantee shall be the record owner of the shares of Stock unless and until such shares are sold or otherwise disposed of, and as record owner shall be entitled to all rights of a stockholder of the Company (including voting rights).

(d) The Grantee may designate a beneficiary to receive payment in connection with the Units in the event of the Grantee’s death in accordance with the Company’s beneficiary designation procedures, as in effect from time to time. If the Grantee does not designate a beneficiary, or if the Grantee’s designated beneficiary does not survive the Grantee, then the Grantee’s beneficiary will be the Grantee’s estate.

2. Restrictions. Subject to any exceptions set forth in this Agreement, until such time as the Units become earned and vested and are settled in shares of Stock in accordance with Section 1, the Units or the rights relating thereto may not be assigned, alienated, pledged, attached, sold or otherwise transferred or encumbered by the Grantee. Any attempt to assign, alienate, pledge, attach, sell or otherwise transfer or encumber the Units or the rights relating thereto shall be wholly ineffective and, if any such attempt is made, the Units will be forfeited by the Grantee and

all of the Grantee's rights to such Units shall immediately terminate without any payment or consideration by the Company.

3. Cancellation of Rights. If any portion of the Units fail to become earned and vested (for example, because the Grantee fails to satisfy the vesting conditions specified in the Notice prior to a Separation from Service), then such Units shall be immediately forfeited as of the date of such failure and all of the Grantee's rights to such Units shall immediately terminate without any payment or consideration by the Company.
4. Withholding.
 - (a) Regardless of any action the Company takes with respect to any or all income tax, payroll tax or other tax-related withholding ("Tax-Related Items"), the Grantee acknowledges that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items owed by the Grantee is and remains the Grantee's responsibility and that the Company (i) makes no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the Award, including the grant or vesting of the Units, the subsequent sale of shares of Stock acquired upon vesting; and (ii) does not commit to structure the terms of the grant or any aspect of the Award to reduce or eliminate the Grantee's liability for Tax-Related Items.
 - (b) Prior to vesting of the Units, the Grantee shall pay or make adequate arrangements satisfactory to the Company to satisfy all withholding obligations of the Company. In this regard, the Grantee authorizes the Company to withhold all applicable Tax-Related Items legally payable by the Grantee from the Grantee's wages or other cash compensation paid to the Grantee by the Company or from proceeds of the sale of the shares of Stock. Alternatively, or in addition, to the extent permissible under applicable law, the Company may (i) sell or arrange for the sale of shares of Stock that the Grantee acquires to meet the withholding obligation for Tax-Related Items, and/or (ii) withhold in shares of Stock, provided that the Company only withholds the amount of shares of Stock necessary to satisfy the minimum withholding amount. Finally, the Grantee shall pay to the Company any amount of Tax-Related Items that the Company may be required to withhold as a result of the Grantee's participation in the Plan that cannot be satisfied by the means previously described. The Company may refuse to issue and deliver shares of Stock in payment of any earned and vested Units if the Grantee fails to comply with the Grantee's obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items as described in this Section 4.
5. Grantee Representations. The Grantee hereby represents to the Company that the Grantee has read and fully understands the provisions of this Agreement, the Prospectus and the Plan, and the Grantee's decision to participate in the Plan is completely voluntary. Further, the Grantee acknowledges that the Grantee is relying solely on his or her own advisors with respect to the tax consequences of this Award.
6. Regulatory Restrictions on the Shares Issued Upon Settlement. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Agreement, the Committee shall have the sole discretion to impose such conditions, restrictions and limitations on the issuance of shares of Stock with respect to this Award unless and until the Committee determines that such issuance complies with (i) any applicable registration requirements under the Securities Act or the Committee has determined that an exemption therefrom is available, (ii) any applicable listing requirement of any stock exchange on which the Stock is listed, (iii) any applicable Company policy or administrative rules, and (iv) any other applicable provision of state, federal or foreign law, including foreign securities laws where applicable.

7. Miscellaneous.

(a) Notices. Any notice which either party hereto may be required or permitted to give to the other shall be in writing and may be delivered personally, by intraoffice mail, by fax, by electronic mail or other electronic means, or via a postal service, postage prepaid, to such electronic mail or postal address and directed to such person as the Company may notify the Grantee from time to time; and to the Grantee at the Grantee's electronic mail or postal address as shown on the records of the Company from time to time, or at such other electronic mail or postal address as the Grantee, by notice to the Company, may designate in writing from time to time.

(b) Waiver. The waiver by any party hereto of a breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other or subsequent breach.

(c) Entire Agreement. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the Award are superseded.

(d) Binding Effect; Successors. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and to the extent not prohibited herein, their respective heirs, successors, assigns and representatives. Nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to confer on any person other than the parties hereto and as provided above, their respective heirs, successors, assigns and representatives any rights, remedies, obligations or liabilities.

(e) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law, and applicable Federal law.

(f) Headings. The headings contained herein are for the sole purpose of convenience of reference, and shall not in any way limit or affect the meaning or interpretation of any of the terms or provisions of this Agreement.

(g) Conflicts; Amendment. The provisions of the Plan are incorporated in this Agreement in their entirety. In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Agreement and the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall control. This Agreement may be amended at any time by the Committee, provided that no amendment may, without the consent of the Grantee, materially impair the Grantee's rights with respect to the Award. The Committee shall have full authority and discretion, subject only to the terms of the Plan, to decide all matters relating to the administration or interpretation of the Plan, the Award, and the Agreement, and all such action by the Committee shall be final, conclusive, and binding upon the Company and the Grantee.

(h) No Right to Continued Employment. Nothing in this Agreement shall confer upon the Grantee any right to continue in the employ or service of the Company or affect the right of the Company to terminate the Grantee's employment or service at any time.

(i) Further Assurances. The Grantee agrees, upon demand of the Company or the Committee, to do all acts and execute, deliver and perform all additional documents, instruments and agreements which may be reasonably required by the Company or the Committee, as the case may be, to implement the provisions and purposes of this Agreement and the Plan.

(j) Personal Data. By accepting the Award under this Agreement, the Grantee hereby consents to the Company's use, dissemination and disclosure of any information pertaining to the Grantee that the Company determines to be necessary or desirable for the implementation, administration and management of the Plan.

(k) Dispute Resolution.

(i) Arbitration. If any controversy or claim arising out of this award cannot be resolved by the Grantee and the Company (each a "party" and collectively, the "parties"), such conflict or claim shall be resolved by arbitration in accordance with the then current rules of the American Arbitration Association governing commercial disputes. Such matters will be arbitrated in the Orlando metropolitan area and, for purposes of these Terms, each party consents to arbitration in such place. Arbitration proceedings shall commence when either party notifies the other that a dispute to arbitration exists and requests that the dispute be arbitrated. If the parties to the dispute cannot within thirty (30) days after the request for arbitration is made mutually agree upon an arbitrator or arbitrators to settle the dispute, each party to the dispute shall select an arbitrator. The two arbitrators shall, within fifteen (15) days after the appointment of the last arbitrator, select a third arbitrator and the three arbitrators shall determine the matter. Each arbitrator shall act impartially. If for any reason an arbitrator is not appointed within the time provided or the arbitrators appointed by the parties cannot agree upon a third arbitrator, then an arbitrator shall be appointed by the Circuit Court of Florida for the County of Orange in accordance with applicable state law. Unless the parties mutually agree otherwise, any arbitrator selected will be familiar with equity compensation disputes. The final decision will be that of the sole arbitrator or of the majority of the arbitrators, and shall be final and binding upon the parties, except as otherwise provided by law. The sole arbitrator or the majority of arbitrators shall also determine the allocation of costs of the arbitration among the parties, and shall have the right to award to the prevailing party all cost of the arbitration, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

(ii) Jurisdiction and Venue. For purposes of enforcing the award or decision in any arbitration proceeding, each party hereto submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of Florida state courts located in the city of Orlando or the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida. In that regard, each party hereby waives, and agrees not to assert, by way of motion, as a defense, or otherwise, in any such suit, action or proceeding, any claim that it is not subject personally to the jurisdiction of the above-named courts, that its property is exempt or immune from attachment or execution (except as protected by applicable law), that the suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, that the venue of the suit, action or proceeding is improper or that these Terms or the subject matter hereof may not be enforced in or by such court, and (ii) hereby waives and agrees not to seek any review by any court of any other jurisdiction which may be called upon to grant an enforcement of the judgment of any such court. Each party hereby consents to service of process by registered mail at the address to which notices are to be given. Each party agrees that its, his or her submission to jurisdiction and its, his or her consent to service of process by mail is made for the express benefit of each other party. Final judgment against any party in any such action, suit or proceeding may be enforced in other jurisdictions by suit, action or proceeding on the judgment, or in any other manner provided by or pursuant to the laws of such other jurisdiction.

(l) Confidentiality. The Grantee agrees that the terms and conditions of the Restricted Stock award reflected in the Notice and these Terms are strictly confidential and, with the exception of Grantee's counsel, tax advisor, immediate family, or as required by applicable law, have not and shall not be disclosed, discussed, or revealed to any other persons, entities, or organizations, whether within or outside Company, without prior written approval of Company. The Grantee further agrees to take all reasonable steps necessary to ensure that confidentiality is maintained by any of the individuals or entities referenced above to whom disclosure is authorized.

NOTICE OF GRANT OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD
(PERFORMANCE-VESTING)

IRADIMED CORPORATION
2023 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

FOR GOOD AND VALUABLE CONSIDERATION, Iradimed Corporation (the “Company”) hereby grants this Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “Award”) of the number of Restricted Stock Units set forth in this Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “Notice”) to the Grantee designated in this Notice, pursuant to the provisions of the Company’s 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”) and subject to certain restrictions as outlined below in this Notice and the additional provisions set forth in the attached Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock Units Award (the “Terms”). Together, this Notice and the attached Terms constitute the “Agreement.”

Grantee:

Grant Date:

Number of Restricted Stock Units (at target performance):

Vesting Schedule: Subject to the terms of the Plan and this Agreement, the Restricted Stock Units shall become earned and vested, and shares of Stock shall be issued in settlement of vested Restricted Stock Units, in accordance with the following schedule, in the event the Grantee does not have a Separation from Service prior to **Mmmm/dd/yyyy** (the “vesting date”):

(a) Performance-Vesting Conditions. The number of Restricted Stock Units that become earned and vested (if any) on the vesting date will be determined in accordance with the performance measures, targets and methodology set forth in Appendix A. Any Restricted Stock Units that do not become vested pursuant to this paragraph (a) will be forfeited on **Mmmm/dd/yyyy**.

(b) Time-Vesting Conditions. In addition to the performance-vesting conditions stated above, and except as expressly provided in the Notice below, as applicable, or as otherwise provided pursuant to the terms of the Plan, the Grantee must remain continuously employed with the Company through the vesting date to become earned and vested in the number of Restricted Stock Units determined pursuant to paragraph (a).

Impact of Separation from Service on Vesting: Any non-vested portion of the Award expires immediately.

Acceleration of Vesting on or following a Change in Control: The vesting of the Award may be accelerated in the Board’s sole discretion, in whole or in part.

By signing below, the Grantee agrees that this Award is granted under and governed by the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement.

Grantee

Iradimed Corporation
By: _____

Date: _____

Title: _____
Date: _____



APPENDIX A

FY 2022 Annual Incentive Plan – Long-Term Incentive Measurement

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD

The Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Award**”) granted by Iradimed Corporation (the “**Company**”) to the Grantee specified in the Notice of Grant of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Notice**”) to which these Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock Unit Award (the “**Terms**”) are attached, is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Notice, and these Terms. The terms and conditions of the Plan are incorporated by reference in their entirety into these Terms. Together, the Notice and these Terms constitute the “**Agreement**.” A Prospectus describing the Plan has been delivered to the Grantee. The Plan itself is available upon request. When used in this Agreement, the terms which are defined in the Plan shall have the meanings given to them in the Plan, as modified herein (if applicable).

This Award is conditioned upon the Grantee’s acceptance of the provisions set forth in this Agreement within 60 days after the Agreement is presented to the Grantee for review. For purposes this Agreement, any reference to the Company shall include a reference to any Affiliate.

1. **Grant of Units.**

(a) As of the Grant Date set forth in the Notice, the Company grants to the Grantee the number Restricted Stock Units (“**Units**”) set forth in the Notice. Each Unit represents the right to receive one share of Stock at a future date after the Unit has become earned and vested, subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

(b) The Units covered by this Award shall become earned and vested in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice. Each earned and vested Unit shall be settled on the date(s) specified in the Notice by issuance of one share of Stock on or as soon as administratively practicable (but no more than 60 days) after the applicable vesting and/or settlement date specified in the Notice, subject to the requirements of (i) Section 4 (Withholding) and Section 6 (Regulatory Restrictions on the Shares Issued Upon Settlement) of this Agreement and (ii) Section 17.11 of the Plan regarding a potential six-month delay in settlement for awards to certain Grantees to the extent determined by the Company to be necessary to comply with Section 409A.

(c) Units constitute an unfunded and unsecured obligation of the Company. The Grantee shall not have any rights of a stockholder of the Company with respect to the shares of Stock underlying the Units unless and until the Units become earned and vested and are settled by the issuance of shares of Stock. Upon issuance of shares of Stock in connection with the settlement of vested Units, the Grantee shall be the record owner of the shares of Stock unless and until such shares are sold or otherwise disposed of, and as record owner shall be entitled to all rights of a stockholder of the Company (including voting rights).

(d) The Grantee may designate a beneficiary to receive payment in connection with the Units in the event of the Grantee’s death in accordance with the Company’s beneficiary designation procedures, as in effect from time to time. If the Grantee does not designate a beneficiary, or if the Grantee’s designated beneficiary does not survive the Grantee, then the Grantee’s beneficiary will be the Grantee’s estate.

2. **Restrictions.** Subject to any exceptions set forth in this Agreement, until such time as the Units become earned and vested and are settled in shares of Stock in accordance with Section 1, the Units or the rights relating thereto may not be assigned, alienated, pledged, attached, sold or otherwise transferred or encumbered by the Grantee. Any attempt to assign, alienate, pledge, attach, sell or otherwise transfer or encumber the Units or the rights relating thereto shall be wholly ineffective and, if any such attempt is made, the Units will be forfeited by the Grantee and all of the Grantee’s rights to such Units shall immediately terminate without any payment or consideration by the Company.

3. Cancellation of Rights. If any portion of the Units fail to become earned and vested (for example, because the Grantee fails to satisfy the vesting conditions specified in the Notice prior to a Separation from Service), then such Units shall be immediately forfeited as of the date of such failure and all of the Grantee's rights to such Units shall immediately terminate without any payment or consideration by the Company.
4. Withholding.
 - (a) Regardless of any action the Company takes with respect to any or all income tax, payroll tax or other tax-related withholding ("Tax-Related Items"), the Grantee acknowledges that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items owed by the Grantee is and remains the Grantee's responsibility and that the Company (i) makes no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the Award, including the grant or vesting of the Units, the subsequent sale of shares of Stock acquired upon vesting; and (ii) does not commit to structure the terms of the grant or any aspect of the Award to reduce or eliminate the Grantee's liability for Tax-Related Items.
 - (b) Prior to vesting of the Units, the Grantee shall pay or make adequate arrangements satisfactory to the Company to satisfy all withholding obligations of the Company. In this regard, the Grantee authorizes the Company to withhold all applicable Tax-Related Items legally payable by the Grantee from the Grantee's wages or other cash compensation paid to the Grantee by the Company or from proceeds of the sale of the shares of Stock. Alternatively, or in addition, to the extent permissible under applicable law, the Company may (i) sell or arrange for the sale of shares of Stock that the Grantee acquires to meet the withholding obligation for Tax-Related Items, and/or (ii) withhold in shares of Stock, provided that the Company only withholds the amount of shares of Stock necessary to satisfy the minimum withholding amount. Finally, the Grantee shall pay to the Company any amount of Tax-Related Items that the Company may be required to withhold as a result of the Grantee's participation in the Plan that cannot be satisfied by the means previously described. The Company may refuse to issue and deliver shares of Stock in payment of any earned and vested Units if the Grantee fails to comply with the Grantee's obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items as described in this Section 4.
5. Grantee Representations. The Grantee hereby represents to the Company that the Grantee has read and fully understands the provisions of this Agreement, the Prospectus and the Plan, and the Grantee's decision to participate in the Plan is completely voluntary. Further, the Grantee acknowledges that the Grantee is relying solely on his or her own advisors with respect to the tax consequences of this Award.
6. Regulatory Restrictions on the Shares Issued Upon Settlement. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Agreement, the Committee shall have the sole discretion to impose such conditions, restrictions and limitations on the issuance of shares of Stock with respect to this Award unless and until the Committee determines that such issuance complies with (i) any applicable registration requirements under the Securities Act or the Committee has determined that an exemption therefrom is available, (ii) any applicable listing requirement of any stock exchange on which the Stock is listed, (iii) any applicable Company policy or administrative rules, and (iv) any other applicable provision of state, federal or foreign law, including foreign securities laws where applicable.
7. Miscellaneous.
 - (a) Notices. Any notice which either party hereto may be required or permitted to give to the other shall be in writing and may be delivered personally, by intraoffice mail, by fax, by electronic mail or other electronic means, or via a postal service, postage prepaid, to such electronic mail or postal address and directed to such person as the Company may notify the Grantee from time to time; and to the Grantee at the Grantee's electronic mail or postal address as shown on the records of the Company from time to time, or at such other electronic mail or postal address as the Grantee, by notice to the Company, may designate in writing from time to time.
 - (b) Waiver. The waiver by any party hereto of a breach of any provision of this Agreement shall not operate or be construed as a waiver of any other or subsequent breach.

(c) Entire Agreement. This Agreement and the Plan constitute the entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the Award are superseded.

(d) Binding Effect; Successors. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and to the extent not prohibited herein, their respective heirs, successors, assigns and representatives. Nothing in this Agreement, express or implied, is intended to confer on any person other than the parties hereto and as provided above, their respective heirs, successors, assigns and representatives any rights, remedies, obligations or liabilities.

(e) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law, and applicable Federal law.

(f) Headings. The headings contained herein are for the sole purpose of convenience of reference, and shall not in any way limit or affect the meaning or interpretation of any of the terms or provisions of this Agreement.

(g) Conflicts; Amendment. The provisions of the Plan are incorporated in this Agreement in their entirety. In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Agreement and the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall control. This Agreement may be amended at any time by the Committee, provided that no amendment may, without the consent of the Grantee, materially impair the Grantee's rights with respect to the Award. The Committee shall have full authority and discretion, subject only to the terms of the Plan, to decide all matters relating to the administration or interpretation of the Plan, the Award, and the Agreement, and all such action by the Committee shall be final, conclusive, and binding upon the Company and the Grantee.

(h) No Right to Continued Employment. Nothing in this Agreement shall confer upon the Grantee any right to continue in the employ or service of the Company or affect the right of the Company to terminate the Grantee's employment or service at any time.

(i) Further Assurances. The Grantee agrees, upon demand of the Company or the Committee, to do all acts and execute, deliver and perform all additional documents, instruments and agreements which may be reasonably required by the Company or the Committee, as the case may be, to implement the provisions and purposes of this Agreement and the Plan.

(j) Personal Data. By accepting the Award under this Agreement, the Grantee hereby consents to the Company's use, dissemination and disclosure of any information pertaining to the Grantee that the Company determines to be necessary or desirable for the implementation, administration and management of the Plan.

(k) Dispute Resolution.

(i) Arbitration. If any controversy or claim arising out of this award cannot be resolved by the Grantee and the Company (each a "party" and collectively, the "parties"), such conflict or claim shall be resolved by arbitration in accordance with the then current rules of the American Arbitration Association governing commercial disputes. Such matters will be arbitrated in the Orlando metropolitan area and, for purposes of these Terms, each party consents to arbitration in such place. Arbitration proceedings shall commence when either party notifies the other that a dispute to arbitration exists and requests that the dispute be arbitrated. If the parties to the dispute cannot within thirty (30) days after the request for arbitration is made mutually agree upon an arbitrator or arbitrators to settle the dispute, each party to the dispute shall select an arbitrator. The two arbitrators shall, within fifteen (15) days after the appointment of the last arbitrator, select a third arbitrator and the three arbitrators shall determine the matter. Each arbitrator shall act impartially. If for any reason an arbitrator is not appointed within the time provided or the arbitrators appointed by the parties cannot agree upon a third arbitrator, then an arbitrator shall be appointed by the Circuit Court of Florida for the County of Orange

in accordance with applicable state law. Unless the parties mutually agree otherwise, any arbitrator selected will be familiar with equity compensation disputes. The final decision will be that of the sole arbitrator or of the majority of the arbitrators, and shall be final and binding upon the parties, except as otherwise provided by law. The sole arbitrator or the majority of arbitrators shall also determine the allocation of costs of the arbitration among the parties, and shall have the right to award to the prevailing party all cost of the arbitration, including reasonable attorneys' fees.

(ii) Jurisdiction and Venue. For purposes of enforcing the award or decision in any arbitration proceeding, each party hereto submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of Florida state courts located in the city of Orlando or the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida. In that regard, each party hereby waives, and agrees not to assert, by way of motion, as a defense, or otherwise, in any such suit, action or proceeding, any claim that it is not subject personally to the jurisdiction of the above-named courts, that its property is exempt or immune from attachment or execution (except as protected by applicable law), that the suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, that the venue of the suit, action or proceeding is improper or that these Terms or the subject matter hereof may not be enforced in or by such court, and (ii) hereby waives and agrees not to seek any review by any court of any other jurisdiction which may be called upon to grant an enforcement of the judgment of any such court. Each party hereby consents to service of process by registered mail at the address to which notices are to be given. Each party agrees that its, his or her submission to jurisdiction and its, his or her consent to service of process by mail is made for the express benefit of each other party. Final judgment against any party in any such action, suit or proceeding may be enforced in other jurisdictions by suit, action or proceeding on the judgment, or in any other manner provided by or pursuant to the laws of such other jurisdiction.

(i) Confidentiality. The Grantee agrees that the terms and conditions of the Restricted Stock award reflected in the Notice and these Terms are strictly confidential and, with the exception of Grantee's counsel, tax advisor, immediate family, or as required by applicable law, have not and shall not be disclosed, discussed, or revealed to any other persons, entities, or organizations, whether within or outside Company, without prior written approval of Company. The Grantee further agrees to take all reasonable steps necessary to ensure that confidentiality is maintained by any of the individuals or entities referenced above to whom disclosure is authorized.

List of Subsidiaries of Iradimed Corporation

Legal Name	Jurisdiction
None	Not Applicable

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements (No. 333-276021 and No. 333-198971 and No. 333-248613) on Form S-8 of IRADIMED CORPORATION of our report dated March 1, 2024, relating to the financial statements of IRADIMED CORPORATION, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of IRADIMED CORPORATION for the year ended December 31, 2023.

/s/ RSM US LLP

Orlando, Florida
March 1, 2024

Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Roger Susi, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of IRADIMED CORPORATION;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 1, 2024

/s/ Roger Susi

By: Roger Susi

Chief Executive Officer and President

(Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Item 601(b)(31) of Regulation S-K, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, John Glenn, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of IRADIMED CORPORATION;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 1, 2024

/s/ John Glenn

By: John Glenn

Chief Financial Officer and Secretary

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the annual report of IRADIMED CORPORATION (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned, in the capacities and on the date indicated below, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Roger Susi

By: Roger Susi
Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)
March 1, 2024

/s/ John Glenn

By: John Glenn
Chief Financial Officer and Secretary
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)
March 1, 2024
