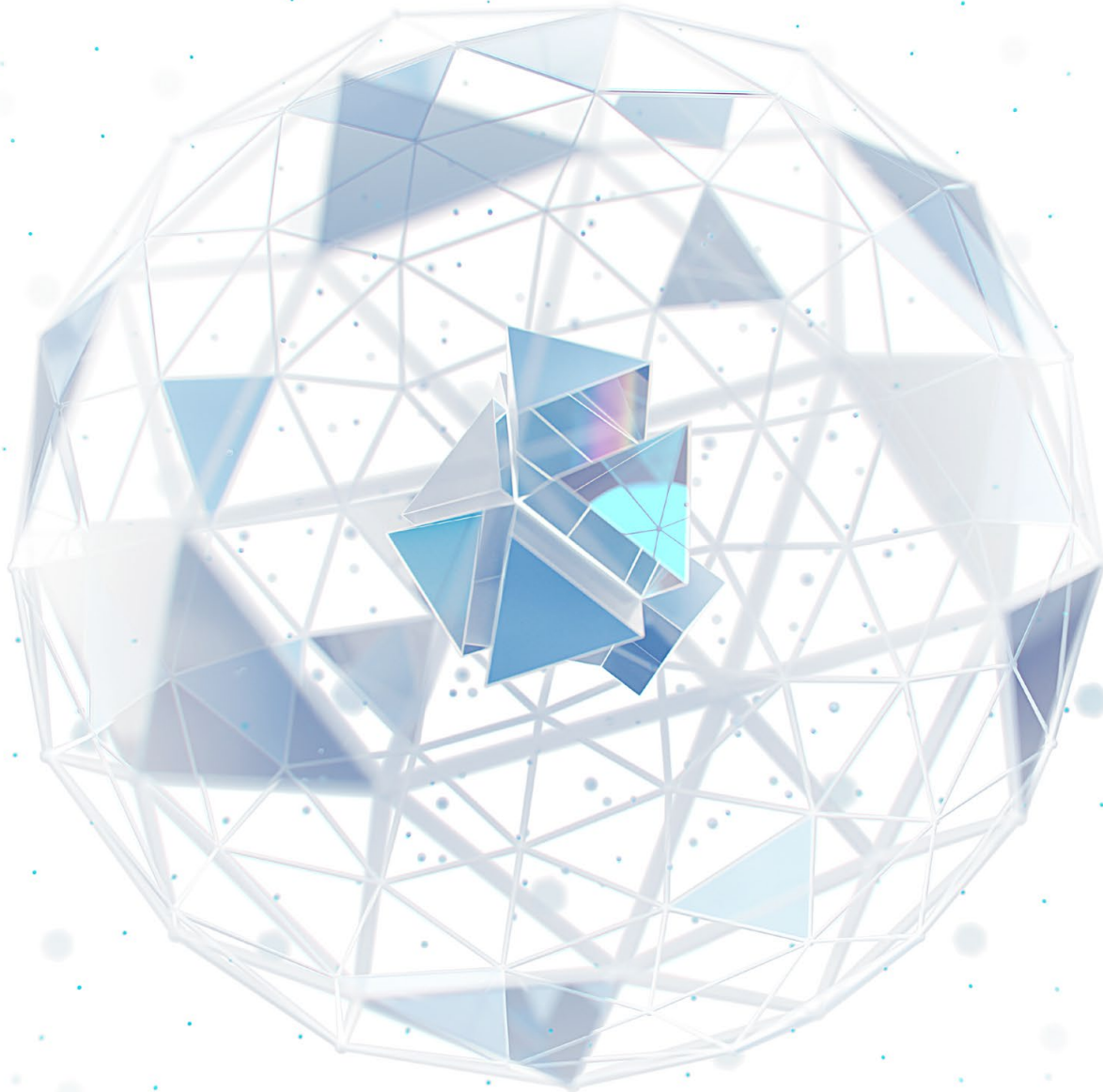


2019

ANNUAL
REPORT



SISTEMA
PUBLIC JOINT STOCK
FINANCIAL CORPORATION



sistema.com

About this report

About this report

This annual report presents information on business operations of Sistema Public Joint Stock Financial Corporation and its portfolio companies in 2019. All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding Sistema PJSFC, portfolio companies' industries, their performance and strategy were made before February 2020 and do not account for the influence of COVID-19 pandemic, unless specifically noted otherwise.

The annual report of Sistema PJSFC for the year 2019 has been prepared in compliance with Federal Law on Joint Stock Companies, Federal Law on Securities Market, Bank of Russia Regulation on Disclosure by Issuers as amended.

This annual report was approved by the Annual General Meeting of Sistema PJSFC on 27 June 2020 (Minutes No. 1-20, dated 1 July 2020).

Unless specifically noted otherwise, all financial performance indicators in this annual report are based on consolidated financial statements under IFRS.

Certain immaterial discrepancies in percentage calculations and in arithmetic operations of addition in tables and charts in this annual report are attributable to rounding.

You may access other annual reports of the Corporation at its official website, www.sistema.com, in Information Disclosure and Investors & Shareholders.

Disclaimer

Certain statements in this annual report may contain assumptions or projections regarding forthcoming or expected events related to Sistema PJSFC or its portfolio companies. Statements of this nature may be expressed by using the words "expect," "estimate," "intend," "will," "could," negations of such words, as well as similar expressions. These statements are only predictions, and actual events or results may differ materially.

Sistema PJSFC does not commit to reviewing these statements in order to correlate them with actual events and circumstances that may occur after the above-mentioned date or to highlight the events that were not expected to occur when this annual report was prepared. Many factors could cause the actual results of Sistema PJSFC or its portfolio companies to differ materially from those set forth in our projections or forward-looking statements, including, among others, macroeconomic conditions, our competitive environment, country-specific risks of operating in Russia, rapid technological and market changes in the industries where Sistema PJSFC and its portfolio companies operate, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the macroeconomic situation in the markets where Sistema PJSFC and its portfolio companies operate and on their financial performance, as well as many other risks specifically related to Sistema and its operations.

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SISTEMA OVERVIEW

SISTEMA PROFILE

Sistema PJSC ("Sistema" or the "Corporation") is one of the largest public investment companies in Russia. Founded in 1993, Sistema is today represented across over 15 high-potential sectors of the Russian economy through its portfolio companies that serve over 150 million consumers. Sistema's investment portfolio includes mostly Russian companies in such sectors as telecommunications, forestry, agriculture, healthcare, real estate, consumer retail, and others.

The Corporation's shares trade on Moscow Exchange (ticker: AFKS) and on London Stock Exchange in the form of global depository receipts (ticker: SSA). One GDR represents 20 ordinary shares.

STRATEGY

Sistema's strategic goal is to create long-term growth of shareholder value by boosting returns on investments in existing assets and reinvesting available cash in new investment projects to diversify its portfolio and increase overall returns on investment.

AWARDS AND ACHIEVEMENTS

BEST MULTI-SECTOR INVESTMENT COMPANY 2019 – RUSSIA
Alternative Investment Fund Awards 2019 (Wealth & Finance Magazine)

ISSUER OF THE YEAR
Cbonds Awards

TOP-12
Leaders of the sustainable development indices of the RSPP¹

TOP 20

PUBLIC RUSSIAN COMPANIES IN FORBES GLOBAL 2000

TOP 20

LARGEST RUSSIAN COMPANIES BY REVENUE (RBC)



KEY HIGHLIGHTS 2019²

>150_M
CONSUMERS

1,264_{BN RUB}
TOTAL ASSETS

REVENUE

656.9
BN RUB

ADJUSTED NET PROFIT

53.4
BN RUB

ADJUSTED OIBDA

223.9
BN RUB

INVESTMENTS

28.1
BN RUB

>15
SECTORS

AFKS
MOEX

SSA
LSE

PUBLIC ASSETS

MTS

NYSE: MBT
MOEX: MTSS

DETSKY MIR

MOEX: DSKY

ETALON GROUP

LSE / MOEX³: ETLN

BB-
FITCH

BB-
S&P

ruA
RAEX

¹ Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs.

² Hereinafter the results for 2019 are presented taking into account reclassification of Detskiy Mir, Leader-Invest, MTS business in Ukraine and RTI enterprises in the field of microelectronics as part of discontinued operations. The results for 2018 have been restated to reflect the results of this reclassification.

³ Etalon's GDRs started trading on Moscow Exchange on 3 February 2020.

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

Sistema is the majority shareholder in most of its portfolio companies.

20+
COUNTRIES

15+
INDUSTRIES

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE SHAREHOLDING

98.6%⁵
HIGH TECH
KRONSTADT

98.6%⁵
HIGH TECH
AEROMAX

91%
POWER GRIDS
BPGC

100%
REAL ESTATE
BUSINESS
NEDVIZHIMOST

100%
BANKING
EWUB

83%
FUNDS
SISTEMA
ASIA FUND

80%
FUNDS
SISTEMA_VC

70%
FUNDS
SISTEMA CAPITAL MC

96.9%
PRIVATE HEALTHCARE
MEDSI
Largest private healthcare chain in Russia

50.01%
TELECOMMUNICATIONS
MTS

Leading telecommunications operator and digital services provider in Russia
MOEX: MTSS / NYSE: MBT

42.999%
E-COMMERCE
OZON
Largest multcategory online retailer in Russia

25%¹
REAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT
ETALON GROUP

One of the leading public development and construction companies in Russia
LSE / MOEX: ETLN

33.4%
RETAIL
DETSKY MIR

Leading children goods retailer in Russia and Kazakhstan
MOEX: DSKY

84.6%²
AGRICULTURE
STEPPE AGROHOLDING

Major agricultural holding and one of Russia's largest land owners

98.3%
FORESTRY
SEGEZHA GROUP

Largest vertically integrated forestry holding in Russia

42.9%
RETAIL
CONCEPT GROUP

24.9%³
PHARMA
ALIUM

46.5%⁴
PHARMA
SINTEZ

100%
HOSPITALITY
COSMOS HOTEL GROUP

50%
HIGH TECH
ELEMENT

87%
HIGH TECH
RTI

1 Shareholding of Sistema and its affiliates.
2 92.8% as of 31 December 2019.
3 26.3% as of 31 December 2019.
4 Joint shareholding with a financial partner.
5 97.8% as of 31 December 2019.



CEO'S STATEMENT

Dear Shareholders,

I am honoured to be chosen to lead Sistema, the largest public diversified company in Russia, and join a team of outstanding investment management professionals.

In 2019, Sistema demonstrated sustained growth in its public and key non-public assets, significantly lowered its financial liabilities at the Corporate Centre, continued to invest in high-potential businesses and executed several successful monetisations.

Sistema's consolidated revenue increased by 5.1% year-on-year in 2019 to RUB 656.9 bn, driven by greater revenue at key assets. At MTS, revenue increase was fuelled by growth in mobile services as well as other complementary areas, including financial services, system integration services and software sales. Steppe delivered top-line growth due to increased exports of traditional and niche crops, positive dynamics in the dairy farming segment, and sales growth in the sugar and grocery product trading segment. At Medsi, we saw revenue increase as a result of the growth of services provided across key segments: VMI, MMI and retail. In 2019, adjusted OIBDA of the Group remained largely unchanged year-on-year and amounted to RUB 223.9 bn as softer global markets put pressure on the performance of our export-oriented assets.

Over the course of the year, we continued to expand our presence in segments where we identified significant potential for growth due to market consolidation. Acquisition of a stake in Etalon Group, one of the leading development and construction companies, and its subsequent integration with Leader Invest, our developer in Moscow, allowed us to create one of the largest players in the real estate markets of Moscow and St Petersburg. The consolidation of our pharmaceutical assets, Binnopharm and OBL Pharm, under the Alium brand, as well as the acquisition of a stake in Sintez, have created the opportunity to establish a leading pharmaceutical holding that may potentially become a Top-3 player in the commercial (non-state) segment of the pharmaceutical market.

In 2019, Sistema gradually increased its share in Ozon by acquiring stakes from other shareholders, including an 18.7% stake from MTS. Following a debt-to-equity conversion in December 2019, Sistema's stake in Ozon increased to 42.999%.

During 2019, Ozon focused on developing its logistical infrastructure. The online retailer has more than doubled its fulfilment capacity to almost 200,000 sq m and invested significantly in the expansion of last-mile delivery infrastructure. This investment in infrastructure, the parcel lockers network, product assortment expansion and the development of the marketplace enabled Ozon to accelerate its growth. In 2019, Ozon boosted its GMV

by 93% to RUB 80.7 bn (including VAT), significantly strengthening its leading position in the Russian e-commerce market.

The successful SPO of Detsky Mir was among the key achievements of 2019. The public offering of 175 M shares in Detsky Mir achieved a price of RUB 91 per share and raised RUB 12.5 bn in funds. The SPO substantially increased the company's free float, thereby significantly improving liquidity and strengthening Detsky Mir's investment case. In January 2020, Sistema also benefited from a special dividend payout from MTS, amounting to RUB 10.3 bn in cashflow, related to its disposal of its Ukraine asset. We fully divested MTS Bank, and its consolidation into MTS is already starting to yield synergy benefits.

Proceeds from monetisations along with the dividend flow from portfolio companies were used to reduce the Corporate Centre's gross debt by RUB 34.0 bn (or 15.2% year-on-year) to RUB 189.2 bn. We have also continually decreased foreign exchange risk of our debt portfolio throughout 2019. In May, we retired our USD 500 M Eurobond series. In November 2019, we repaid a US dollar-denominated bank loan. As a result, the share of the Corporate Centre's FX-denominated liabilities has decreased to 4%. In addition to limiting the foreign exchange risk of the portfolio, Sistema has considerably improved its debt maturity profile to 3.5 years. We also used the favourable funding environment to substantially reduce our average cost of debt.

In early 2020, we expanded our venture capital portfolio by establishing the Sistema SmartTech fund, a startup fund specialising in early-stage investment. Sistema SmartTech will primarily invest in projects of Russian origin operating in a variety of sectors and demonstrating growth potential through the creation of new market niches.

Faced with the outbreak of COVID-19 in the first quarter 2020, we have promptly taken measures to protect our employees, clients and partners. Our portfolio companies have focused on adjusting their operations to ensure uninterrupted service. As of early April 2020, we invested approximately RUB 1 bn to tackle the spread of the virus, ensure safety of our employees and clients, and alleviate social and economic consequences of lockdown measures.

Our outlook for 2020 is now subjected to unprecedented challenges and uncertainty of business environment that the COVID-19 epidemic presents. However, the diligent implementation of our strategy and successful optimisation of debt portfolio have put us in a much stronger position to handle the situation and sustain strong growth that benefits our shareholders and the economic environment in general.

Sistema uniquely benefits from its diversified portfolio structure, which includes:

- Assets in sectors resilient in the face of deteriorating economic environment, such as telecommunications (MTS), children's goods retail (Detsky Mir), power grids (BPGC);
- Export-oriented businesses that benefit from the weakening of the rouble (Segezha and Steppe);
- Companies that gain unique opportunities during the current crisis to scale up their client base and strengthen their market position (Ozon).

It is difficult to assess the full gravity or the duration of the crisis, and its potential impact on the operational and financial performance of our portfolio companies. However, I am confident that at this time of uncertainty there is a source of strength in our diversified business lines and a sound financial position.

Vladimir Chirakhov
SISTEMA PRESIDENT AND CEO

STRATEGIC OVERVIEW

Mission

Sistema's mission is to build Russia's leading investment company with a diversified expertise and a strong track record, which will become an investment platform for managing own and third-party capital, while simultaneously providing access to unique investment opportunities in the most attractive industries of the Russian economy and high-potential technologies, and ensuring long-term growth of shareholder value.

STRATEGIC GOALS OF SISTEMA

- Maximising total shareholder return (TSR) and reducing the discount of market capitalisation to net asset value (NAV);
- Raising and managing outside capital to expand available investment resources.

STRATEGIC FOCUS

- Building businesses worth over USD 1 bn (Steppe AgroHolding, Segezha Group, Medsi, Ozon);
- Embracing unique investment opportunities in traditional sectors in Russia;
- Focusing on investments in the high-potential technological industry;
- Creating value at existing assets, including through adoption of state-of-the-art technologies and digital solutions;
- Continuous enhancement of corporate governance.

PARTNERSHIP MANAGEMENT MODEL

The Corporation has adopted a partnership management model that allows the key executives (Managing Partners) of the Corporation to share the risks and returns from investment activities with the shareholders.

Managing Partners are responsible for implementation of investment strategies of portfolio companies. This means that they participate in making strategic decisions and, depending on the maturity of a particular asset, provide assistance with operational management. In most cases, Managing Partners chair the boards of directors and are in charge of forming the board and organising its work. They also bear responsibility for recruitment and appointment of the management of respective companies.

The incentive plan of Managing Partners is aimed at:

- Increasing Sistema's market capitalisation;
- Maximising the value of assets under management and monetising this value;
- Raising outside capital under management.

Managing Partners co-invest in assets under their management.

ASSET MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES

Investing in the development of existing portfolio assets to grow their value is one of the key stages of Sistema's value creation model.

Value creation in assets

1. A board of directors is formed at portfolio companies, which must include independent directors with a recognised industry and/or functional expertise. The board of directors provides supervision, coordination and support to the management of portfolio companies in decision-making in key functional areas: strategy and major transactions, budget planning, HR policy, and internal audit
2. Efficient managers are recruited for each company, with incentive plans aimed at creation of shareholder value.
3. Strategic and financial planning cycles are introduced based on the best international practices of corporate governance.
4. New technologies are identified that may help to enhance efficiency, streamline processes, develop innovative products and services for customers, and expand the portfolio companies' markets.

INVESTMENT PRINCIPLES

CURRENT INVESTMENTS

Focus: investments in own high-potential assets that can be developed to reach the value of over USD 1 bn.

Investment strategy: investments in portfolio companies to increase their market share or enter adjacent/synergetic business segments.

Geography: in accordance with the approved strategy for portfolio companies.

Industries: companies' industries and complementary/synergetic industries.

Discounted payback period (DPBP): 3–10 years

NEW INVESTMENTS

Focus: unique investment opportunities in traditional industries in Russia.

Mature undervalued assets

Investment strategy: acquisition of substantial or controlling stakes in large assets in attractive Russian markets with a significant discount to the market value and a possibility of quickly reducing the discount and selling within 2–3 years.

Growing assets

Investment strategy: acquisition and consolidation of players, further value creation by ousting competitors, consolidating the industry, leveraging economies of scale and market growth; exit in 4–5 years through sale to a strategic investor/IPO.

Geography: mostly Russia.

Industries: sectors with large markets (at least USD 1 bn), high growth rates, import substitution capacity and strong export prospects.

Focus: investment in high-potential technological industries and technologies of the future.

Investment in major IT companies

Investment strategy: direct investments by the Corporate Centre in large stakes in technology companies that do not meet the requirements of investment theses of Sistema's own funds, with an opportunity of creating businesses valued at over USD 1 bn and monetisation prospects in 5–7 years.

Venture projects

Investment strategy: investments by Sistema's existing and new venture funds; monetisation through funds' closing. Mandatory engagement of external investors as financial partners (the share of outside partners is at least 20%).

Geography: no restrictions.

Industries: software development, e-commerce, e-businesses, Internet of Things, virtual assistants, machine learning and neural networks, cybersecurity, medtech, AR/VR and others.

RESPONSIBLE INVESTING

For Sistema, responsible investing is an integral element of the investment strategy and long-term success. It means that at all stages of its investment activities and asset ownership the Corporation considers not only financial and operating aspects but also significant ESG factors to create long-term value for shareholders and other stakeholders.

Sistema's indirect ESG impact through its portfolio assets is more significant than the direct one. Therefore, as a responsible investor, the Corporation continually makes efforts to promote the following principles in Sistema Group companies through their governance bodies under established corporate procedures:

- Compliance with high standards of corporate governance and corporate responsibility principles;
- Improvement of their sustainability management approaches and performance indicators;
- Minimisation of negative and maximisation of positive impact through innovation, services, products and investments in local communities.

To learn more about responsible investing and sustainable development management, please refer to the section ["Sustainability management"](#).

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KEY EVENTS

IN 2019 AND AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

Corporation

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In June 2019, Anna Belova was elected to the Board as an independent director and was appointed Deputy Chair of the Board. Anna has extensive experience as a board member of major Russian companies and has been a member of Sistema's Board of Directors since 2017.

In April 2020, Sistema's Board of Directors appointed Vladimir Chirakhov, Chairman of the Board of Directors of Detsky Mir, as President and CEO of Sistema. Andrey Dubovskov, who previously served as President and CEO of Sistema, was appointed Deputy Chair of the Board of Directors of Sistema.

MONETISATIONS

Sale of Leader Invest and consolidation of real estate assets

In accordance with its strategy for real estate assets, Sistema sold a 51% stake in JSC Leader Invest to Etalon Group in February 2019 for RUB 15.2 bn. In a separate transaction Sistema acquired 25% of Etalon Group from its founder and largest shareholder Vyacheslav Zarenkov and his family for USD 226.6 M.

In August 2019, Sistema sold the remaining 49% stake in Leader Invest to Etalon Group for RUB 14.6 bn. As a result of the transaction, Etalon Group consolidated 100% ownership of Leader Invest.

SPO of Detsky Mir

In November 2019, Sistema and the Russia-China Investment Fund organised a successful SPO of PJSC Detsky Mir, selling 175 M shares at a price of RUB 91 per share. The total amount raised was RUB 15.9 bn, out of which Sistema received RUB 12.5 bn. Following the transaction, Sistema's shareholding in Detsky Mir decreased from 52.1% to 33.4%. The offering substantially increased the company's free float, enhancing liquidity and further improving Detsky Mir's investment case.

Sale of MTS Bank

In February 2019, Sistema and its subsidiary Sistema Telecom Assets sold a 39.5% stake in PJSC MTS Bank to Mobile Telesystems B.V., a 100% subsidiary of PJSC MTS, for RUB 11.4 bn. Later on, in December 2019, Sistema sold the residual 4.5% stake in MTS Bank to Mobile Telesystems B.V. for RUB 1.4 bn. As a result, Sistema fully divested the asset, while MTS Group's shareholding in the bank reached 99.7%¹.

INVESTMENTS AND TRANSACTIONS

Securing a foothold in the fast-growing e-commerce segment

Throughout 2019, Sistema consistently increased its equity holding in Ozon Holdings Limited by acquiring its shares from other shareholders, including an 18.7% stake from MTS. In December 2019, a loan previously provided by the Corporation was converted into Ozon's equity. As of 31 March 2020, Sistema Group's shareholding in the company was 42.999%. Building up the stake in Ozon is driven by expectations of further growth in the e-commerce market and Sistema's strategy of increasing its presence in the sector by investing in a leading multi-category online retailer.

Strengthening of position in the pharma market

In December 2018, Sistema, VTB Bank and the management of JSC OBL Pharm acquired a stake in OBL Pharm from Alvansa Ltd². Sistema's investment in the deal was RUB 1.83 bn. In April 2019, the Russian Direct Investment Fund (RDIF), the Russia-China Investment Fund (RCIF) and several major Middle Eastern funds joined the project, investing over RUB 4 bn. Following the transaction, Sistema's effective shareholding in OBL Pharm was 13%, that of VTB – 46%, and of the investors' consortium – 28%. In the course of the reporting year, steps were taken to integrate OBL Pharm and JSC Binnopharm, which resulted in the establishment of the merged pharma company, Alium, in October 2019. Sistema subsequently participated in the placement of OBL Pharm's additionally issued shares in October 2019.

After consolidation of the company's ownership structure, Sistema's effective shareholding in Alium reached 24.9% as of 31 March 2020.³

In August 2019, Sistema, along with a financial partner, acting through a holding company Sinocom Investments Limited, acquired 46.5% in OJSC Sintez and 75.1% in CJSC Biocom from the investment company Marathon Group for RUB 11.8 bn. Together with Alium, Sintez and Biocom have the potential to become a Top-3 Russian pharmaceutical company in the commercial segment. After the end of the reporting period, in March 2020, Sinocom made a mandatory tender offer to shareholders of Sintez for the acquisition of their shares.

Agreement on construction of an R&D laboratory

In January 2020, Sistema and its subsidiary LLC Sistema BioTech signed an investment agreement with the International Medical Cluster Fund on establishment of a multi-specialty biotechnological R&D laboratory and a centre for non-clinical testing of latest international products and technologies at the International Medical Cluster in Skolkovo. The agreement envisages construction of a lab building with a total area of 15,000 sq m. The lab will be made operational in mid-2022 and will become one of Russia's largest private R&D centres.

Focus on investments via funds

In 2019, Sistema continued investing in attractive projects in the Russian and global markets through its funds, Sistema_VC and SAF. After the end of the reporting period, in February 2020, the Corporation established a new fund, Sistema SmartTech, which will invest in companies at early development stages (from seed investment to round A). The fund's life is 8 years, and its target size is RUB 5 bn. Sistema's investment in the fund will not exceed RUB 1.5 bn. Sistema SmartTech is expected to support about 20 early-stage VC projects, with investments in each individual project ranging from RUB 50 M to RUB 300 M.



STRENGTHENING OF FINANCIAL PROFILE

Debt reduction

Throughout 2019, Sistema worked on gradually reducing its debt. By 31 December 2019, the Corporate Centre's financial liabilities had decreased by 15.2% year-on-year to RUB 189.2 bn.

Active participation in capital markets

Sistema was active in capital markets on the back of a strong demand for its debt securities in 2019. The Corporation issued four series of exchange-traded bonds, each for RUB 10 bn, and redeemed a USD 500 M Eurobond issue. It also organised a secondary offering of two issues purchased earlier in a tender offer for RUB 2.8 bn. Sistema's achievements earned it a Cbonds Awards prize in the "Issuer of the Year" nomination.

Upgrade in credit ratings

In August 2019, the S&P rating agency upgraded Sistema's credit rating from B+ to BB-, with a stable outlook. In September 2019, RAEX (Expert RA) raised Sistema's credit rating from ruBBB+ to ruA, also with a stable outlook.

DIVIDENDS AND SHAREHOLDERS' RETURNS

Dividends

In June 2019, the Annual General Meeting of shareholders of Sistema decided to pay dividends for 2018 in the amount of RUB 1,061,500,000.00, or RUB 0.11 per ordinary share.

Share buyback

In September 2019, Sistema started a RUB 3 bn share buyback programme, valid until 29 February 2020. In the course of 2019, Sistema Finance, a subsidiary of the Corporation, acquired 120.6 M Sistema shares for a total of RUB 1.6 bn as part of the programme. In February 2020, after the end of the reporting year, the buyback programme was extended till the end of 2020.

ENHANCING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

In 2019, Sistema initiated a revision of its approaches in the area of sustainable development and responsible investment. Based on the analysis of the current situation, a roadmap was developed to systematise activities of the Corporation and bring them into compliance with best practices and investor expectations.

Sistema began to actively communicate with investors and analytical agencies, such as Sustainalytics, MSCI, FTSE, on ESG⁴ topics. These interactions and corrections of analysts' reports helped to improve the Corporation's positions in many aspects.

Based on the results of 2019, Sistema was once again included in the leading groups of sustainable development indices of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs (RSPP): "Responsibility and Transparency" and "Sustainable Development Vector". The Corporation's securities (MOEX: AFKS) were included in the updated base for calculation of the corresponding indices at the Moscow Exchange.

¹ Including a 0.2% stake held by PJSC MGTS, a subsidiary of MTS.
² The main shareholders of Alvansa Ltd are Gazprombank and UFG Private Equity.
³ 26.3% as of 31 December 2019.

⁴ ESG stands for Environmental, Social and Governance.

KEY EVENTS IN 2019 AND AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

Portfolio assets

MTS

Dividend payouts

In March 2019, the board of directors of PJSC MTS approved a new dividend policy for 2019–2021 with a target dividend of at least RUB 28 per ordinary share (RUB 56 per ADR) for each calendar year.

In June 2019, MTS's annual general meeting of shareholders approved dividends for 2018 to a total amount of RUB 39.93 bn, or RUB 19.98 per share (RUB 39.96 per ADR). In September 2019, interim dividends for the 1H 2019 were approved in the amount of RUB 8.68 per share (RUB 17.36 per ADR), or RUB 17.35 bn in total. Upon the closing of the deal to sell the business in Ukraine, special dividends were approved in the amount of RUB 13.25 per share (RUB 26.50 per ADR), or RUB 26.48 bn in total.

Sale of Ukraine business

In December 2019, MTS sold 100% of shares in PrJSC VF Ukraine for USD 734 M to a company controlled by Bakcell, a telecom arm of the international group NEQSOL Holding. The deal is in line with the updated strategy of MTS, which focuses on the Russian market and the development of a range of advanced digital services on the basis of the core telecom business.

Share buyback

In May 2019, MTS completed its two-year buyback programme for a total amount of RUB 30 bn. Under the programme, LLC Bastion, a wholly-owned subsidiary of MTS, acquired 113.5 M ordinary shares (including ADRs), or 5.9% of the authorised capital of MTS, for RUB 29.8 bn.

In March 2020, the board of directors of MTS approved a buyback programme in the amount of up to RUB 15 bn.

New strategy CLV 2.0

In October 2019, the board of directors of MTS approved MTS's new strategy, Customer Lifetime Value 2.0, for 2020–2022, which provides for the accelerated creation of a large-scale ecosystem of new digital products for MTS customers based on accumulated expertise and achievements in the telecom business. MTS intends to focus its efforts on the improvement of people's quality of life, well-balanced business development, market cap growth and higher return on invested capital.

DETSKY MIR

International expansion

In 2019, PJSC Detsky Mir successfully entered the market of Belarus by opening 8 retail stores in Minsk and other cities. The results of the chain in Belarus exceeded expectations, and at the end of 2019 the company reached the operating break-even point. Detsky Mir also continued consolidating the market in Kazakhstan, where it opened 8 new supermarkets and increased the like-for-like sales of the chain by 35.5% compared to 2018. In view of such strong results the management decided to expand its foothold in Central Asia and extend the Detsky Mir chain to Kyrgyzstan in 2020.

Online development

In 2019, Detsky Mir's revenues from online orders increased by 65.2% year-on-year, to RUB 14.5 bn, with the online store www.detmir.ru receiving more than 238 million visits. In total, the company fulfilled more than 9.8 M online orders. Detsky Mir launched a same-day and next-day delivery service in 30 largest cities of Russia and started the pilot phase of the new "microstore" format that combines a retail outlet and a pick-up point. Moreover, starting from 2019, the customers of Detsky Mir may use a fully-functional mobile application that makes it possible to purchase goods through a convenient interface using a virtual loyalty card.

Dividend payouts

In May 2019, the annual general meeting of Detsky Mir's shareholders approved the distribution of RUB 3.3 bn (RUB 4.45 per share) in dividends for 2018, and in December 2019, the distribution of RUB 3.7 bn (RUB 5.06 per share) in interim dividends for 9M 2019.

ETALON GROUP

Integration with Leader Invest

In February 2019, Etalon Group purchased from Sistema a 51% stake in the property development business JSC Leader Invest for RUB 15.2 bn, and in August 2019, acquired the remaining 49% for RUB 14.6 bn. In June 2019, Etalon Group increased its share in the Zil-Yug project to 100%. These acquisitions enabled Etalon Group to expand its land holdings in Moscow by 1.9 M sq m.

Etalon Group completed the integration of Leader Invest in the third quarter of 2019 by adopting a single brand for all projects, cutting duplicate functions and costs, and speeding up the construction of acquired unfinished properties. The successful integration of Leader Invest enabled Etalon Group to boost sales in Moscow by 26%, commission a record 353,000 sq m of real estate and raise the price for residential properties in Moscow by 42% by the end of 2019 by changing the project mix and introducing dynamic pricing.

Dividend payouts

In August 2019, Etalon Group's annual general meeting of shareholders approved the payment of USD 56.04 M (USD 0.19 per share/GDR) in 2018 dividends.

In January 2020, Etalon Group's Board of Directors adopted a revised dividend policy and approved minimal guaranteed dividend payments in the amount of RUB 12 per share/GDR unless the ratio of EBITDA to interest payments made by the company in the reporting period falls below 1.5.

Listing on Moscow Exchange

In February 2002, the global depositary receipts of Etalon Group, previously trading only on the LSE, were also listed on Moscow Exchange and included in the Level 1 Quotation list.



SEGEZHA GROUP

Expansion and reconstruction of production facilities

In 2019, LLC Segezha Group started the construction of Russia's first CLT plant to produce a modern engineering material for wooden house-building, and launched a new line for the production of industrial paper packaging in Salsk with a capacity of 83 M sacks a year. In July 2019, the company launched the reconstruction of its Segezha Pulp and Paper Mill, which provides for an increase in the capacity of the enterprise to 850,000 t of products per year and product portfolio expansion.

In April 2020, Segezha Group received a government permit for the construction of a new plywood mill in Galich (Kostroma region) with a design capacity of 125,000 cu m of plywood a year. The 31.2 ha site will accommodate a production area of some 48,000 sq m, warehouses for finished products and an office building. Production is scheduled to start in 2021.

Entry to capital markets

In January 2020, Segezha Group issued RUB 10 bn in three-year exchange-traded bonds. Although the coupon rate was preliminarily set at 7.25–7.50%, high demand for the bonds enabled a more moderate final rate of 7.1%.

STEPPE AGROHOLDING

Expansion of land assets

In 2019, the land bank of JSC Steppe AgroHolding (Steppe) totaled 416,000 ha, up from 401,000 ha year-on-year, mostly due to the acquisition of an 11,000 ha asset in the Stavropol region in the first half of the year. After the reporting period, in March 2020, the company further expanded its land bank to 527,000 ha by acquiring the Rodnaya Zemlya farm (30,300 ha) and leasing land (80,500 ha) from the Zerno Don group in the Rostov region.

MEDSI

Chain expansion

As a step to expand its regional chain, in December 2019, JSC Medsi Group acquired a second clinic in St. Petersburg. After the reporting period, Medsi acquired a chain of 4 clinics in Izhevsk with a total floorspace of 4,300 sq m. The chain includes a clinical, diagnostic and hospital centre, a pediatric clinic, a clinic for adults and a women's health centre.

In September 2019, Medsi started developing its own franchise network, expected to grow to 20 Medsi-branded partnership clinics across Russia over the course of 5 years. Partnership clinics may open both in cities where Medsi is already represented and in new cities with populations of >300,000 people.

OZON

Product range expansion

In 2019, Ozon focused on expanding its assortment as one of the most important factors to e-commerce growth. By the end of 2019, the number of stock keeping units increased threefold year-on-year, to 5 M SKUs. The main growth driver was the development of the marketplace: its share in Ozon's turnover increased from 5% in January 2019 to 30% at the end of the year, and in March 2020, about 70% of Ozon's assortment was formed by its marketplace partners. At the end of 2019, about 6,500 partners already had active sales on Ozon, with about 15,000 in the process of registration.

Investments in the logistics infrastructure

In 2019, Ozon more than doubled the area of its fulfilment centres (to almost 200,000 sq m) and expanded the last-mile delivery infrastructure. At the end of 2019, the company had the largest network of parcel lockers in Russia with 6,900 automated Ozon lockers. Ozon's total network, including its own and partner lockers and order pick-up points, grew threefold during the year, to 16,700 locations.

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

FOR 2019

Consolidated financial results

M RUB	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	656,861	625,032	5.1%
OIBDA	201,701	221,078	(8.8%)
Adj. OIBDA ¹	223,929	226,027	(0.9%)
Operating income	86,417	108,578	(20.4%)
Adj. operating income ¹	108,646	113,527	(4.3%)
Net profit/(loss)	28,597	(45,896)	—
Adj. net profit ¹	53,379	1,114	4,693.7%

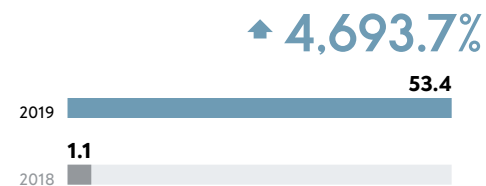
REVENUE, bn RUB



ADJ. OIBDA, bn RUB



ADJ. NET PROFIT, bn RUB



Sistema's consolidated revenue increased by 5.1% year-on-year to **RUB 656.9 bn** in 2019, driven by improved revenue at key assets: at MTS due to growth in mobile services as well as other complementary areas including financial services, system integration services and software sales; at Steppe due to increased exports of traditional and niche crops, positive dynamics in the dairy farming segment and sales growth in the sugar and grocery product trading segment; and at Medsi due to growth of services provided across key segments.

Sistema Group's adjusted OIBDA in 2019 slightly decreased by 0.9% year-on-year to **RUB 223.9 bn** amid a negative impact of weak global conditions on the OIBDA dynamics of the Group's key non-public assets (Segezha Group and Steppe). The Group's adjusted OIBDA dynamics were also affected by a net loss at Ozon of RUB 7.8 bn, accounted for using the equity method (investment in associates).

The Group's selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses for 2019 increased by 8.4% to **RUB 129.0 bn**. The SG&A/revenue ratio at key assets remained almost unchanged year-on-year. In 2019, the Corporate Centre SG&A/Group revenue ratio increased by 0.5 p.p to 2.0% as a result of an increase in Corporate Centre expenses related to the monetisation of assets.

Adjusted net profit amounted to RUB 53.4 bn in 2019, compared to **RUB 1.1 bn** in 2018. The dynamics of net profit year-on-year were influenced by the sale of 100% of shares in Leader Invest and its deconsolidation, the public offering of 18.3% of Detsky Mir shares and reclassification of the remaining stake in Detsky Mir (33.4%) as investment in associates.

The Group's CAPEX slightly decreased year-on-year by 5.2% to **RUB 117.6 bn** in 2019.

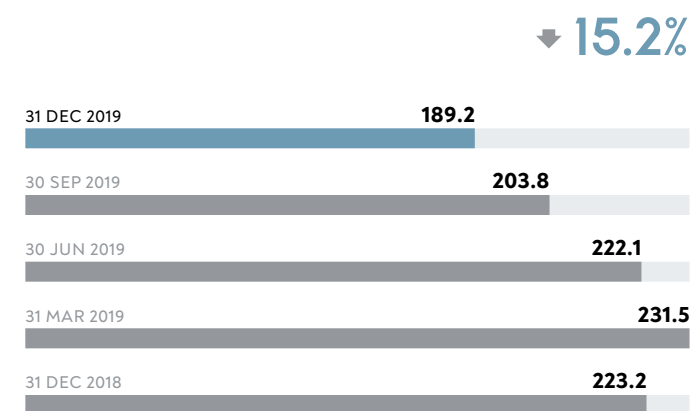
¹ Hereinafter, adjusted OIBDA, adjusted operating income and adjusted profit are used to evaluate financial performance of the Corporation and Sistema Group companies and represent underlying financial measures adjusted for a number of one-off gains and losses that are not related to business operations.

Debt portfolio overview

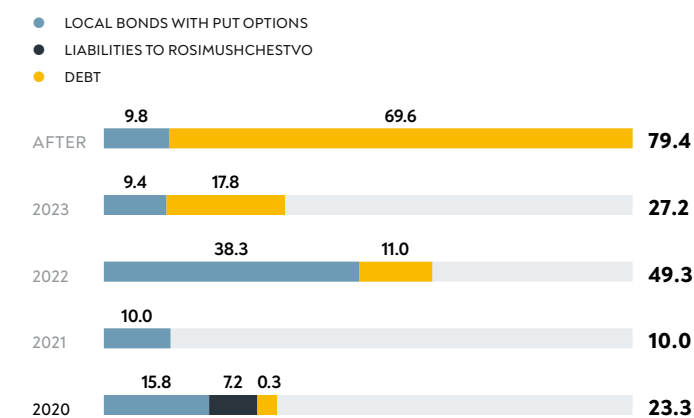
In 2019, Sistema allocated a significant portion of the funds received from monetisation of assets, including the secondary public offering of Detsky Mir shares and the sale of Leader Invest, to repay the debt of the Corporate Centre, reducing financial obligations by 15.2% year-on-year to RUB 189.2 bn as of 31 December 2019. The Corporation's efforts were also aimed at reducing its foreign currency (FX) exposure: as a result of the retirement of Eurobonds in May 2019 and the repayment of an FX loan in November 2019, the share of the Corporate Centre's FX-denominated liabilities decreased to 4% of the total debt portfolio.

In order to optimise and diversify its debt portfolio, Sistema was active in the capital markets in 2019, having issued four series of bonds² for a total of RUB 40 bn and also having improved the terms of a number of loan agreements, including due to the general reduction in rates in the Russian market. The Corporation managed to improve its debt portfolio maturity to 3.5 years and achieve a record low coupon rate of 6.85% during the secondary placement of series 001P-05 bonds in February 2020.

THE CORPORATE CENTRE'S FINANCIAL LIABILITIES, bn RUB³



SCHEDULE FOR REPAYMENT OF FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS OF THE CORPORATE CENTRE, bn RUB³



Credit ratings

As a result of the Corporation's achievements in debt reduction during 2019, a number of rating agencies revised Sistema's credit ratings. In August 2019, S&P Global Ratings upgraded Sistema's credit rating to BB- with a stable outlook. In September 2019, Expert RA upgraded Sistema's rating to ruA with a stable outlook. In May 2019, Fitch Ratings upgraded its credit rating outlook to stable.

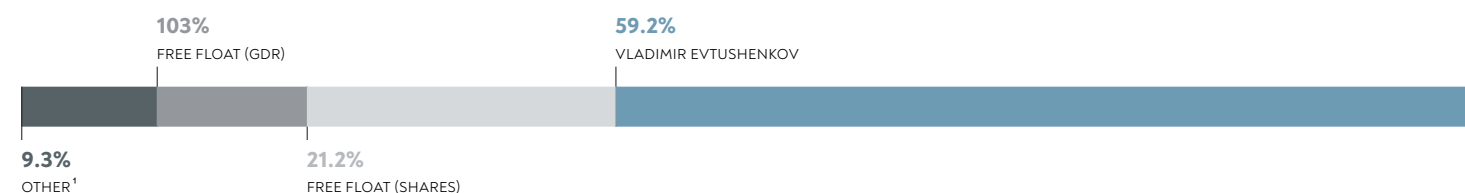
	LONG-TERM CREDIT RATING	OUTLOOK	DATE OF MOST RECENT RATING UPDATE
Standard & Poor's	BB-	Stable	29/08/2019
Fitch	BB-	Stable	15/05/2019
Expert RA	ruA	Stable	25/09/2019

² Series 001P-09, 001P-10, 001P-11 and 001P-12.
³ Based on management accounts.

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Structure of shareholders' equity

As of 31 December 2019



9.65 _{BN}
SHARES OUTSTANDING

868.5 _M **RUB**
SHARE CAPITAL

Sistema has 9,650,000,000 ordinary shares outstanding with a nominal value of RUB 0.09 each. Its authorised capital is RUB 868,500,000.

Sistema held an initial public offering in 2005. Its shares trade on the London Stock Exchange in the form of global depositary receipts (GDRs) under the ticker SSA. One GDR represents 20 ordinary shares. The Corporation's ordinary shares are also listed on the Moscow Exchange in the first listing level under the ticker AFKS. The GDRs traded on the London Stock Exchange represent about 10.3% of Sistema's equity, while the shares traded on the Moscow Exchange represent 21.2%. The free float is about 31.5% of equity.

Sistema's shares are included in the Moscow Exchange's two key indices, the MOEX Russia Index and RTS, as well as its Broad Market Indices and SMID Indices.

Sistema is also the largest shareholder in three public companies: **MTS**, **Detsky Mir** and **Etalon Group**.

Shares of **PJSC MTS**, a Sistema subsidiary, trade on Moscow Exchange under the ticker MTSS and on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in the form of ADRs under the ticker MBT.

Shares of **PJSC Detsky Mir**, a Sistema subsidiary, began trading on the Moscow Exchange in 2017 under the ticker DSKY in the Level 1 Quotation list.

In February 2019, the Corporation acquired a 25% stake in **Etalon Group plc**. Etalon's GDRs have been listed on the London Stock Exchange under the ticker ETLN since 2011 and on the Moscow Exchange in the Level 1 Quotation list since February 2020.

Sistema's principal shareholder is its Chairman of the Board of Directors **Vladimir Evtushenkov**, who owns **59.2%** of the Corporation's equity.

¹ Ordinary shares and GDRs owned by Sistema Group companies, members of the Board of Directors and the management of Sistema.

Changes in Sistema's GDR and ordinary share prices

In 2019, the price of Sistema's shares and GDRs grew by 129.0% and 110.1% respectively, significantly outperforming the market: the RTS and the MOEX Russia Index grew by 44.9% and 28.6% respectively. Market capitalisation at the end of 2019 was USD 2.4 bn, compared with USD 1.1 bn at the end of 2018. The share price was driven, among other factors, by strong results of portfolio companies, a decrease in debt burden, successful monetisation of a number of the Corporation's assets and the launch of the share buyback programme. Stock liquidity also improved year-on-year: the average daily trading volume in monetary terms increased from USD 3.9 M in 2018 to USD 4.4 M. Since the beginning of 2020, shares have been under market pressure amid the COVID-19 pandemic and ruble depreciation.

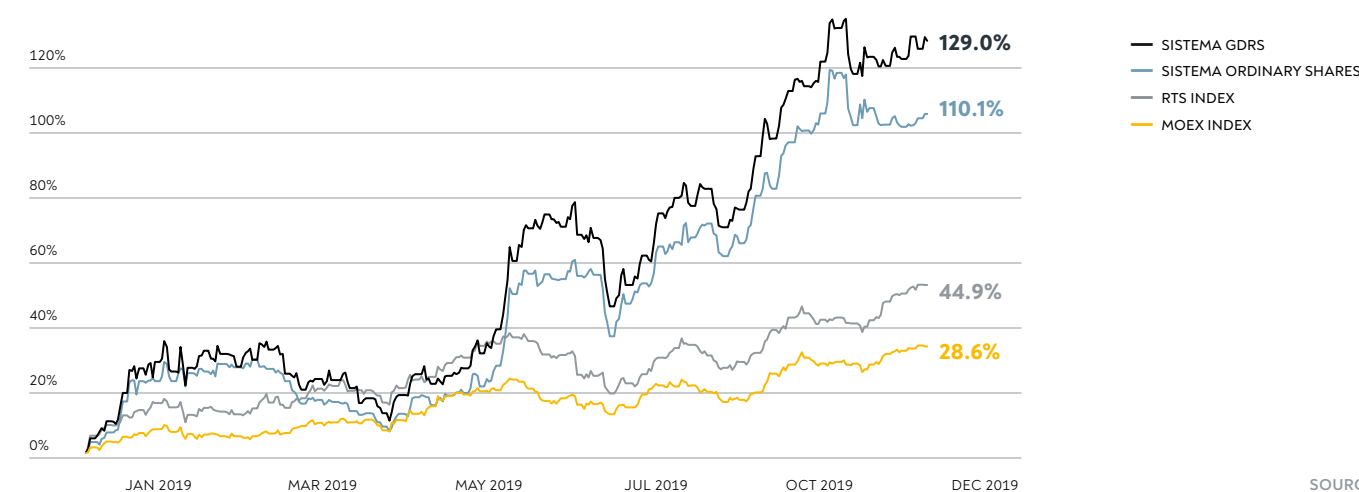
In September 2019, the Corporation launched the share buyback programme in the amount of RUB 3 bn. As of 31 December 2019, the programme was implemented in the amount of RUB 1.6 bn. In February 2020, it was decided to extend the programme until the end of 2020.

On the first trading day of 2019, the closing price of one GDR on the **London Stock Exchange** was USD 2.32. Strong performance was observed during the year, with the price of one GDR peaking at USD 5.01 on 26 November. On the last trading day of the year, the closing price was USD 4.87. The average daily trading volume in 2019 was 3.0 M GDRs.

On the first trading day of 2019, the closing price of one ordinary share on the **Moscow Exchange** was RUB 8.04. Strong performance was observed during the year, with the price of one ordinary share peaking at RUB 16.5 on 20 November. On the last trading day of the year, the closing price was RUB 15.24. The average daily trading volume in 2019 was 20.9 M ordinary shares.

Sistema's GDR and ordinary share price dynamics

The indicator is calculated as share price/index appreciation in relation to the value as of 31 December 2018



SOURCE: BLOOMBERG

² The volume-weighted average price of one ordinary share of Sistema on Moscow Exchange was RUB 8.097 for the last 60 trading days of 2018 and RUB 14.717 for the last 60 trading days of 2019.

REPORT ON DIVIDENDS DECLARED (ACCRUED) ON SISTEMA SHARES IN 2019

Dividend policy

Dividends serve as the main tool for enhancing shareholder value. In determining the amount of dividends the Board of Directors of the Corporation takes into account a number of factors, including the following:

- cash flows generated by key public assets of Sistema that are mostly used to support the Corporate Centre and make future investments;
- the growth and development prospects of non-public assets whose cash flows and monetisation proceeds may be allocated for dividends, and other tools for generating for shareholder returns;
- debt and other liabilities of the Corporate Centre.

When making decisions with regard to any payments, the Board of Directors also considers the situation in financial markets, current macroeconomic environment in Russia and other countries where Sistema operates.

DIVIDENDS DISTRIBUTED FOR THE FULL YEAR 2018

On 29 June 2019, the Annual General Meeting of Sistema's shareholders (Minutes No. 1–19) approved the distribution of RUB 1,061,500,000.00, or RUB 0.11 per ordinary share of Sistema, as dividends.

As of 31 December 2019, the total amount of dividends distributed equalled RUB 1,061,387,737.52. Withholding tax on dividends distributed to foreign shareholders totalled RUB 440,084.00.

UNPAID DIVIDENDS

As of 31 December 2019, the total amount of unpaid dividends equalled RUB 4,213,795,709.62, including:

- **RUB 4,213,003,658.88** not paid in accordance with a shareholder's request in writing;
- **RUB 792,050.74** not paid due to absence of information about dividend recipients necessary to transfer the due amounts.

1.06 ^{BN} _{RUB}
TOTAL DIVIDENDS PAID
for 2018

0.11 _{RUB}
DIVIDEND PER SHARE
for 2018

	TOTAL AMOUNT OF DECLARED DIVIDENDS, RUB	DIVIDEND PER SHARE, RUB	DECLARATION DATE	PAYMENT DATE
2014 (FOR THE FULL YEAR 2013)	19,879,000,000	2.06	28/06/2014	31/07/2014
2015 (FOR THE FULL YEAR 2014)	4,535,500,000	0.47	27/06/2015	29/07/2015
2016 (FOR THE FULL YEAR 2015)	6,465,500,000	0.67	25/06/2016	27/07/2016
2016 (FOR H1 2016)	3,667,000,000	0.38	23/09/2016	20/10/2016
2017 (FOR THE FULL YEAR 2016)	7,816,500,000	0.81	24/06/2017	28/11/2017
2017 2017 (FOR 9M 2017)	6,562,000,000	0.68	28/11/2017	22/12/2017 ¹ – 19/01/2018 ²
2018 (FOR THE FULL YEAR 2017)	1,061,500,000	0.11	30/06/2018	31/07/2018
2019 (FOR THE FULL YEAR 2018)	1,061,500,000	0.11	29/06/2019	31/07/2019

¹ Date of payment of dividends to nominee shareholders and custodians who are professional participants of the securities market and who are included in the shareholders register.
² Date of payment of dividends to other persons included in the shareholders register.

KEY ASSETS' PERFORMANCE IN 2019

28	MTS
34	DETSKY MIR
42	ETALON GROUP
48	SEGEZHA GROUP
56	MEDSI
64	STEPPE AGROHOLDING
70	OZON
74	ALIUM
78	SINTEZ
80	BUSINESS NEDVIZHIMOST
84	COSMOS HOTEL GROUP
88	BPGC
92	RTI
96	OTHER ASSETS
106	FUNDS





PJSC MOBILE TELESYSTEMS

50.01%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Alexey Kornya
PRESIDENT AND CHAIRMAN
OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD



Felix Evtushenkov
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

PJSC Mobile TeleSystems ("MTS") is a leading Russian company offering mobile and fixed-line services, Internet access, cable and satellite TV, digital services and mobile apps, financial and e-commerce services, and convergent IT solutions in the areas of system integration, Internet of things, artificial intelligence, data processing and cloud computing.

87^M

MOBILE SUBSCRIBERS
in Russia, Belarus and Armenia

240^{THSD SQ M}

OF FIBRE-OPTIC LINES

200

200 CITIES IN RUSSIA
where fixed-line, broadband and digital TV services are provided

10

DATA CENTRES

>20.3^M

USERS OF MY MTS APP

UP TO 20%

OF CAPITAL EXPENDITURES
TO BE ALLOCATED ANNUALLY
TO NEW SEGMENTS

121.5^{BN RUB}

MTS BRAND VALUE¹,
making it the most valuable brand
among Russian telecom operators

83.7^{BN RUB}

DIVIDENDS PAID OVER 2019

TOP-15

RUSSIAN COMPANIES IN
TERMS OF SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT²

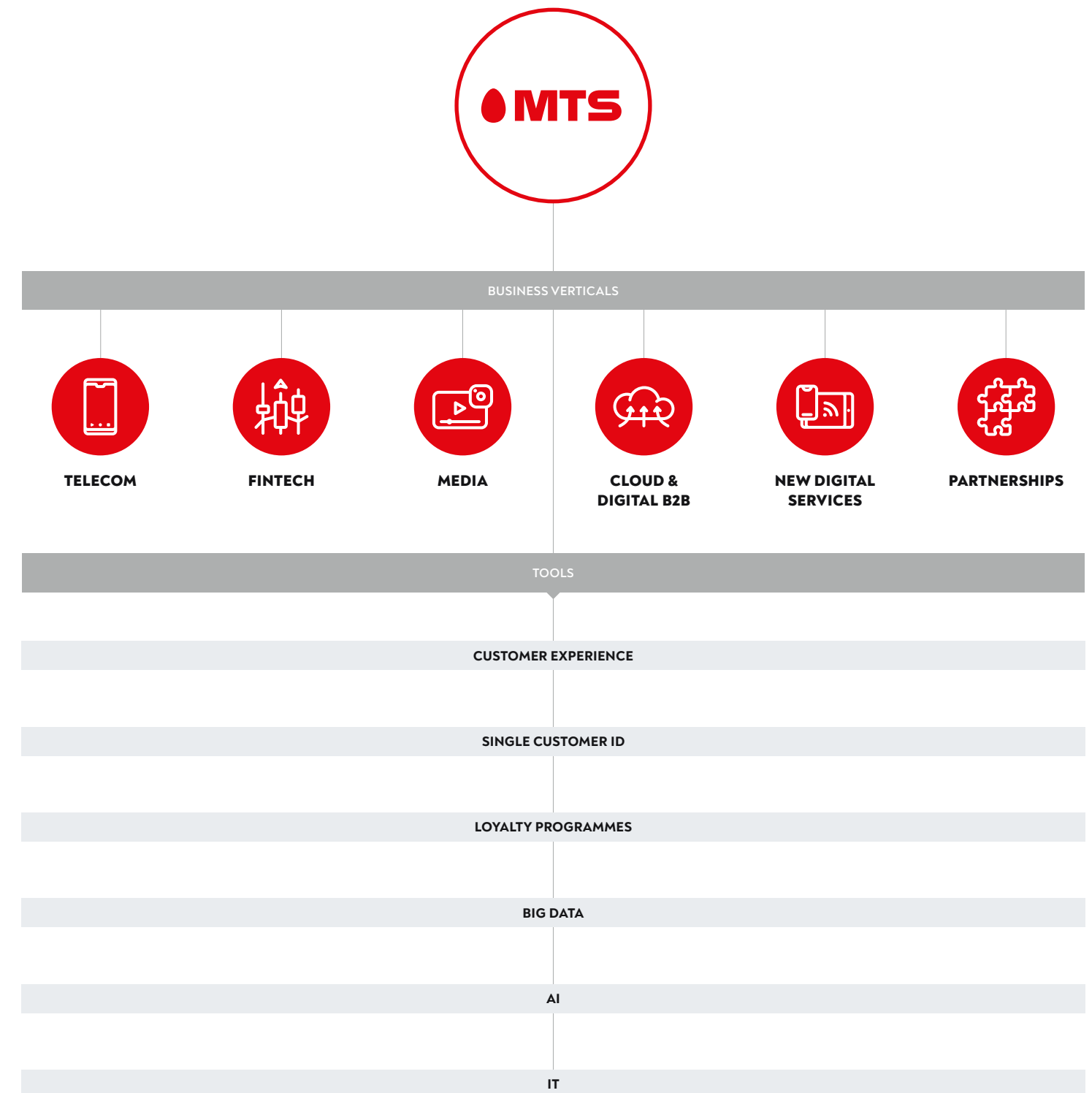


¹ Source: Brand Finance.
² Source: Expert media group.

BUSINESS MODEL

In 2019, as part of its updated strategy, MTS introduced a new matrix-based organisational structure built around four key business segments: telecommunications, fintech, media, cloud and digital solutions for businesses.

New segments were established: artificial intelligence and big data. The company also launched MTS Media, a new unit combining all TV segments of the Group. The reorganisation is aimed at creating separate units based on innovative teams at the level of top management and creating functional business segments needed to launch an ecosystem of digital products.

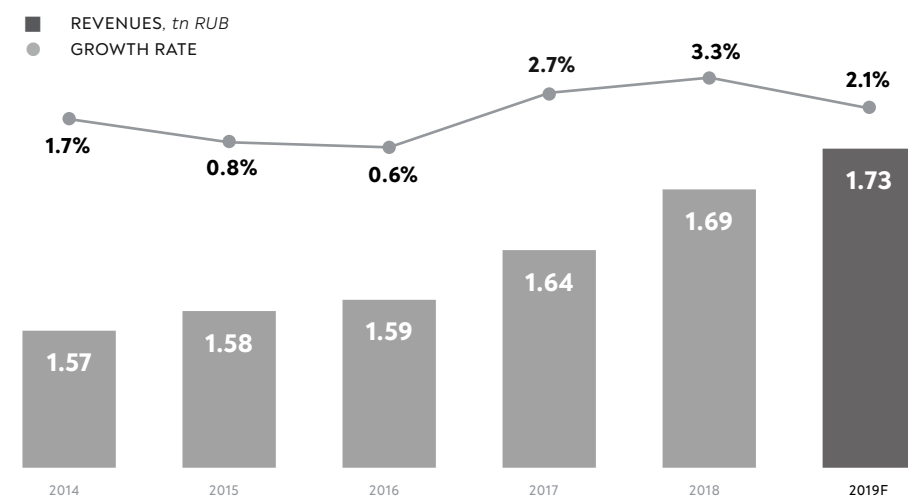


INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

The size of the Russian telecom market reached RUB 1.73 tn in 2019 having grown by 2.1% year-on-year, which is lower compared to 2017 and 2018 (2.7% and 3.3% respectively).

This result was mainly due to a slowdown in the growth of mobile communications and pay TV segments, as well as a reduction in the markets of fixed telephony and inter-operator services. Subscribers continue to abandon landline phones, while companies optimise the costs of telephone communications. The inter-operator market is shrinking due to market consolidation and falling revenues in a number of international segments. The slowdown in telecom market growth was also due to regulatory changes including abolition of intra-network roaming charges from September 2018 as well as VAT increase from 18% to 20% in January 2019.

Russian telecom market dynamics in 2014–2019P²



SOURCE: TMT Consulting.

The mobile segment grew by 3.3% in 2019. In the mobile market, the efforts of operators to increase revenue per subscriber were partially offset by competition between operators and by introduction of unlimited plans. Growth in the corporate segment and the M2M market slowed down significantly. Despite these negative factors, most federal operators managed to maintain positive revenue trends in 2019 by continuing their "more for more" policy, i.e. offering more voice and data for more money.

Also in November 2019, a package of amendments to the Federal Law "On Communications" and the Federal Law "On Information, Information Technologies and Protection of Information" (the so-called "sovereign Internet law") came into force, which stipulates, among other things, the obligation of operators to install equipment for analysing and filtering traffic at Internet exchange points.

The mobile subscriber base in Russia grew by 1.7%, to 260 M, mainly due to the efforts of operators to build up their customer base and an increase in the number of mobile M2M connections.

Russia's communications market may begin active introduction of 5G technology in 2020 and the share of 5G communications may reach 20% of the total number of connections by 2025⁴.

Traditional telecommunication services remained the main source of income for Russian telecom companies in 2019. It is expected that in 2020 telecom operators will mainly focus on increasing revenues from core services, and will continue to develop their offering in IT, media and other related markets.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

In 2019, MTS remained the leader in the Russian telecommunications market due to its stable operating activities, promotion of strategic business segments based on mobile data transmission and strengthened position as a leading provider of digital services. MTS Group's revenue grew 5.5% year-on-year and amounted to RUB 476.1 bn in 2019.

In 2019, MTS updated its brand positioning by introducing a new slogan and a new visual style. This change in branding reflected the company's new strategy aimed at the transformation and development of new digital products.

In December 2019, MTS sold 100% of shares in PrJSC VF Ukraine for USD 734 M to a company controlled by Bakcell. The deal is in line with the updated strategy of MTS, which provides for a focus on the Russian market and development of a range of advanced digital services on the basis of the core telecom business.

In December 2019, MTS acquired a 4.5% stake in PJSC MTS Bank ("MTS Bank") for RUB 1.4 bn from Sistema. As a result of this transaction, MTS Group's stake in MTS Bank increased to 99.7%⁵, while Sistema withdrew from MTS Bank completely.

In January 2019, MTS acquired a 100% stake in LLC IT Grad 1 Cloud for RUB 2.5 bn⁶, which holds the assets of IT Grad Group, one of the largest cloud providers of IaaS⁷ in the Russian market. The transaction is aimed at expanding MTS's competences in the cloud business and increasing the efficiency of #CloudMTS.

MTS continued to develop its innovation centre in 2019. The company began the fourth enrolment round of the MTS StartUp Hub acceleration programme. At the end of May 2019, MTS announced the launch of a programme for creating a partnership network in the main global centres of innovation (Israel, Germany and Singapore) to attract and transfer startups. In July 2019, an incubation programme for 5G startups was launched in Moscow.

In June 2019, as part of the St. Petersburg International Economic Forum ("Forum"), MTS and Huawei signed an agreement on the development of 5G technologies, providing for introduction of 5G and IoT on the existing MTS infrastructure, development of the LTE network to 5G-ready level, and launch of test zones and pilot 5G networks for various use cases. As part of the Forum, MTS also signed a number of agreements with the governments of Moscow, Republic of Tatarstan, Kaluga Region, Ryazan Region and Samara Region for the development of the digital economy for a total amount of RUB 2.4 bn. The agreement with the Moscow government provides for the development of innovative infrastructure based on 5G networks.

In 2019, MTS continued to develop the segment of AI, launching sales of chatbot systems for customer service. The company also launched its Virtual Lawyer product called, a system for automated work with documents and contract lifecycle management. In November 2019, MTS, Sberbank, Gazprom Neft, Yandex, Mail.ru Group and the Russian Direct Investment Fund announced the signing of a cooperation agreement for the creation of the AI-Russia Alliance during the Artificial Intelligence Journey (AIJ) forum.

In the second half of 2019, MTS joined GSMA's global initiative to develop an industrial road map setting out actions aimed at minimising the impact of the telecom industry on climate in accordance with the Paris Agreement on climate change.

MTS continues to successfully improve the My MTS app and grow its user base. My MTS had over 20.3 M monthly users at the end of 2019. The app is used as a platform for developing the ecosystem and promoting other digital services offered by the company.

In May 2019, MTS completed its two-year buyback programme for RUB 30 bn. Under the programme, LLC Bastion, a wholly-owned subsidiary of MTS, acquired 113.5 M ordinary shares (including ADRs), or 5.9% of the authorised capital of MTS, for RUB 29.8 bn.

In March 2020, the board of directors of MTS approved a buyback programme in the amount of up to RUB 15 bn.

1.73 TN RUB

SIZE OF RUSSIAN TELECOM MARKET

in 2019

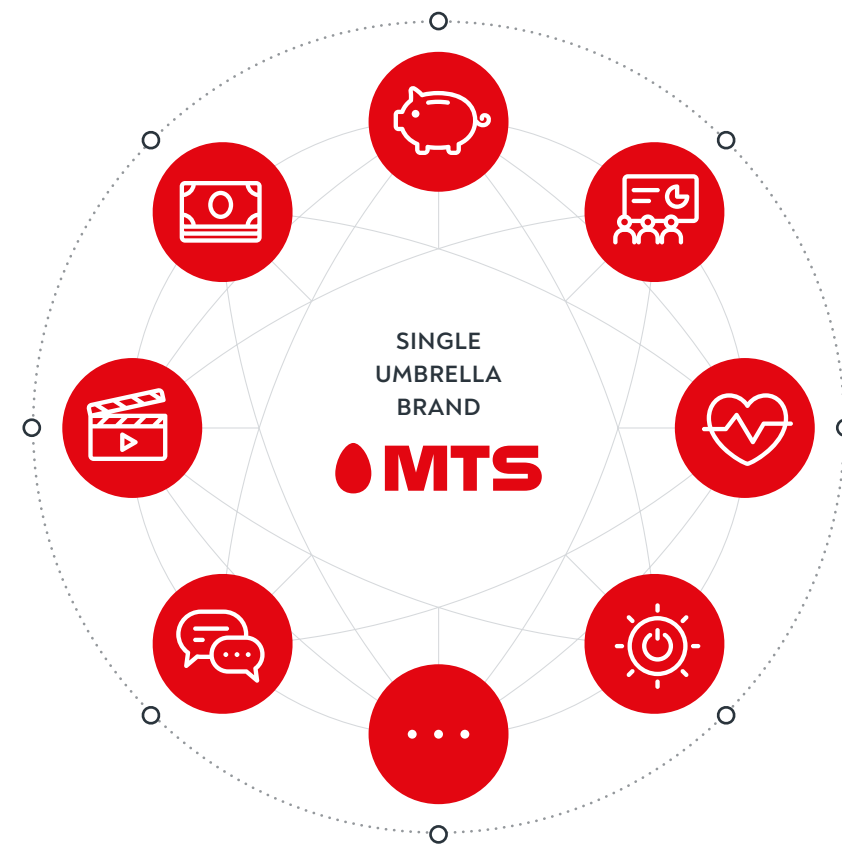
¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Hereinafter 2019P stands for 2019 projection.
³ Machine-to-machine.
⁴ Sources: GSMA, the Analytical Centre under the Government of the Russian Federation and the Russian LTE Union.

⁵ Including the 0.2% stake of PJSC MGTS.
⁶ Taking into account net debt.
⁷ Infrastructure as a service.

NEW STRATEGY CLV 2.0

In October 2019, the board of directors of MTS approved MTS Group's new strategy — Customer Lifetime Value 2.0 ("CLV 2.0") — for 2020–2022, which provides for the accelerated creation of a large-scale ecosystem of new digital products for MTS customers based on accumulated expertise and achievements in the telecom business. MTS intends to focus its efforts on improvement of people's lives, well-balanced business development, market cap growth and higher return on invested capital.

CLV 2.0 elaborates on the company's current strategic goals and is aimed at building a digital ecosystem with a seamless user experience on top of a strong telecommunications core. MTS plans to allocate up to 20% of its core Capex for new segments and take on a customer-centric approach designed to increase overall time customers spend within the MTS ecosystem. The new strategy is focused on maximising long-term customer value by better meeting the customer's needs, while enhancing loyalty and offering attractive bundled offerings. MTS intends to extend convergence beyond connectivity by providing fit-for-purpose offerings for the modern digital lifestyle to improve people's lives, support the development of Russia's digital economy and continue to pay significant dividends to investors.



CLV 2.0 STRATEGY

Customer

- Best customer experience due to a deep personalised approach based on AI, big data and a single client ID.
- Seamless transition between digital storefronts and products.

Lifetime

- Focus on long-term customer relationship&.
- Focus on maintaining brand loyalty and emotional attachment.

Value

- Deliberate receipt of benefits by the customer from being part of the ecosystem.
- User-friendly tech platform for efficient interaction with partners offering additional services and for best customer experience.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

INDICATOR, M RUB ¹	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	476,106	451,466	5.5%
OIBDA	211,513	202,564	4.4%
Operating income	115,235	107,178	7.5%
Adj. net profit attributable to Sistema	25,403	32,951	(22.9%)

In 2019, revenue of MTS increased 5.5% year-on-year by RUB 476.1 bn due to higher revenue from mobile services, as well as complementary segments, including financial services, system integration services and software sales. OIBDA grew by 4.4% to RUB 211.5 bn, as the growth in revenue from the core business offset the negative effect of the cancellation of internal roaming charges. Adjusted net profit decreased 22.9% year-on-year to RUB 25.4 bn due to an increase in debt service costs, derivatives transactions and non-cash losses from the sale of assets, including the sale of the Ukraine business in December 2019.

In March 2019, the board of directors of MTS approved a new dividend policy for 2019–2021. The target dividend yield is at least RUB 28 per ordinary share (RUB 56 per ADR) for each calendar year.

In June 2019, the annual general meeting of MTS shareholders approved dividends for 2018 in the amount of RUB 39.93 bn or RUB 19.98 per share. In September 2019, interim dividends for the first half of 2019 were approved in the amount of RUB 8.68 per share (RUB 17.36 per ADR), or RUB 17.3 bn in total. After closing the deal to sell the business in Ukraine, it was decided to pay special dividends in the amount of RUB 13.25 per share (RUB 26.50 per ADR), or RUB 26.48 bn in total.



¹ MTS's results reflect reclassification of the Ukraine business as part of discontinued operations since 4Q 2019. The results for 2018 have been revised to reflect the results of this reclassification.



DETSKY MIR

33.4%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Maria Davydova¹
CEO



Vladimir Chirakhov²
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Detsky Mir Group (Detsky Mir)³ is a multi-format retail operator and a leader in the children's goods segment in Russia and Kazakhstan. It comprises the retail chain Detsky Mir (in Russia, Kazakhstan and Belarus), the Detsky Mir online store (Detmir.ru), the Detmir chain (in Belarus), ELC (in Russia) and ABC stores, and the Zoozavr chain of pet stores.

842 STORES
OF DETSKY MIR GROUP
at the end of 2019

766 STORES
OF DETSKY MIR CHAIN
at the end of 2019

62 STORES
BRANDED ELC AND ABC
at the end of 2019

72ND ANNIVERSARY
OF DETSKY MIR BRAND
in 2019

26%
DETSKY MIR'S SHARE IN
RUSSIA'S CHILDREN'S
GOODS MARKET

19%
DETSKY MIR'S SHARE IN
RUSSIA'S ONLINE CHILDREN'S
GOODS MARKET

843 THSD SQ.M
TOTAL SELLING SPACE
at the end of 2019

No. 1
BY REVENUE IN THE
CHILDREN'S GOODS MARKETS
OF RUSSIA AND KAZAKHSTAN
in 2019

No. 1
IN ONLINE SALES OF
CHILDREN'S GOODS
according to Data Insight

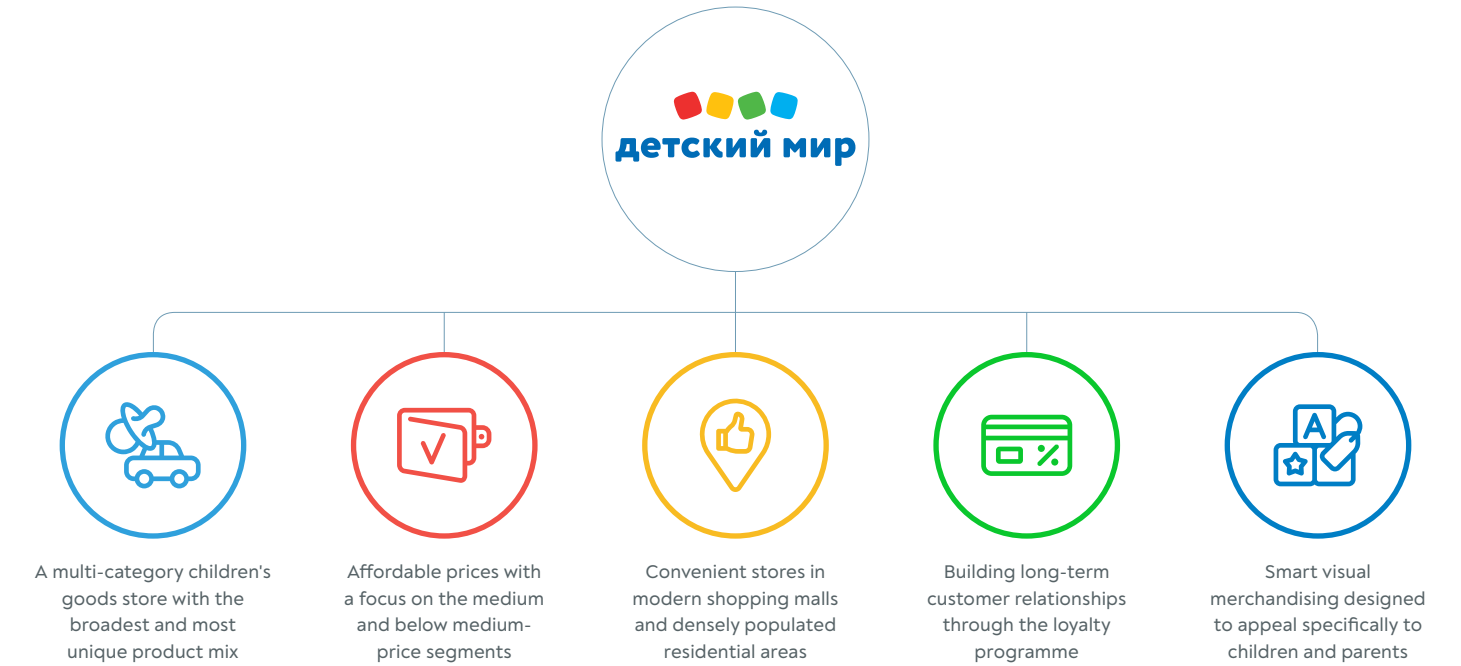


¹ As of 31 December 2019; Vladimir Chirakhov.
² As of 31 December 2019; Alexey Katkov.
³ As of 31 December 2019, the Group included PJSC Detsky Mir, LLC KUB-Market (ELC and ABC), LLP Detsky Mir Kazakhstan, JSC Detsky Mir Orel, LLC DM North-West, LLC Detmir BEL and LLC DM Capital.

BUSINESS MODEL

A standard supermarket of the Detsky Mir retail chain includes about 20 to 30 thsd items of children's goods in the medium price segment: toys, clothing and footwear, infant products, stationery, arts and crafts, sports goods, car seats and furniture. The company's target audience is families with medium income, which represent the majority of customers in shopping malls.

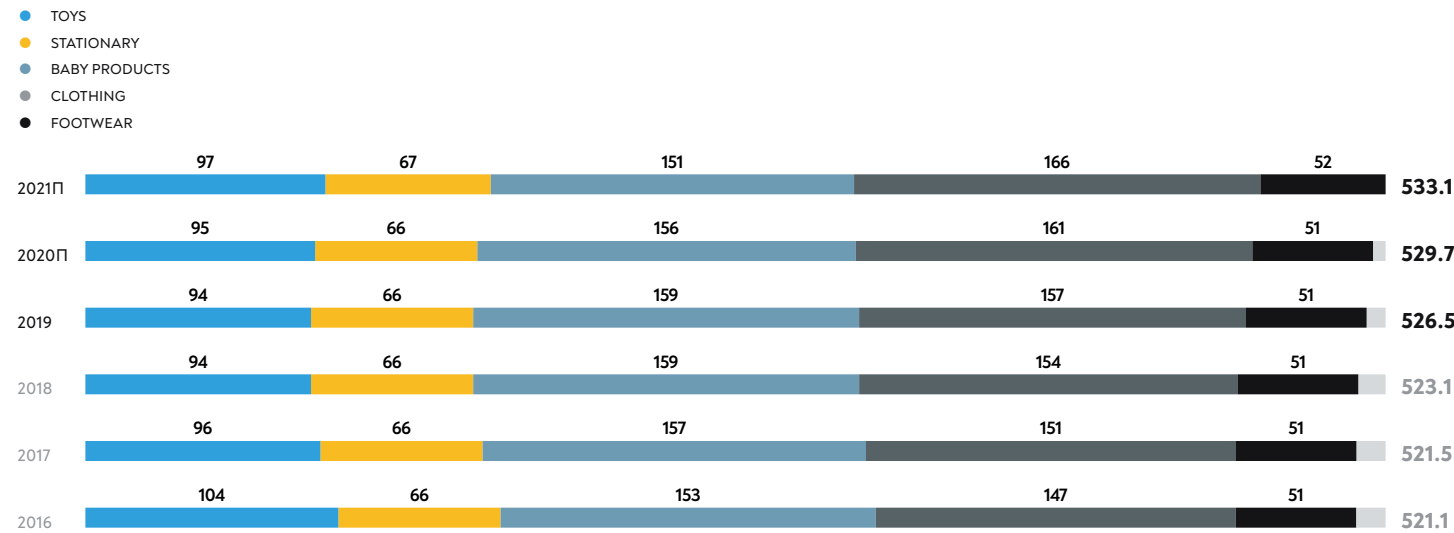
Detsky Mir's retail concept combines five key elements:



INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

In 2019, the volume of children's goods market in Russia increased by 0.6% year-on-year and reached RUB 526.5 bn². The market's CAGR over the last four years was 0.5%. Analysts project that the market may grow by an average of about 1% per year and may be worth RUB 533.1 bn by 2021.

Annual volume of children's goods market in Russia by category, bn RUB



SOURCES: RUSSIAN TARGET GROUP INDEX, IPSOS COMCON.
 IPSOS COMCON estimates the volume of the Russian children's goods market by the volume of retail sales (including a 10% VAT) in cities and towns with population over 100,000 people.

Clothing and footwear traditionally account for a substantial part of the children's goods market. In 2019, the share of this category increased by 0.4 p.p. year-on-year to 39.5%. Toys accounted for 17.9% of the market, similarly to 2018. Sales of baby products have dropped amid falling birth rates in Russia, and the market share of this product category decreased by 0.2 p.p. year-on-year to 30.1%. Toys, clothing and footwear were expected to remain the fastest growing categories until 2021, while the share of baby products was expected to continue its decline due to the projected negative demographic trends in Russia according to Rosstat outlook.

At the same time, demand for baby products is expected to recover in the next 3–4 years on the back of the measures by the Russian government in 2020 to address the demographic crisis. These measures include extension and expansion of the maternity capital programme, subsidising mortgages for young families and additional payments for each child aged 3–7 in families whose average income per person is below the minimal living wage.

Although in the second half of 2019 the macroeconomic situation in Russia showed some signs of recovery, the growth of real disposable incomes remained weak, putting negative pressure on the purchasing power of households: Russian consumers remained price-sensitive with demand shifting from the premium and medium-price segments to the mass market and economy segment. Therefore, domestic products and private labels were gaining popularity due lower pricing than that of similar imported or branded goods.

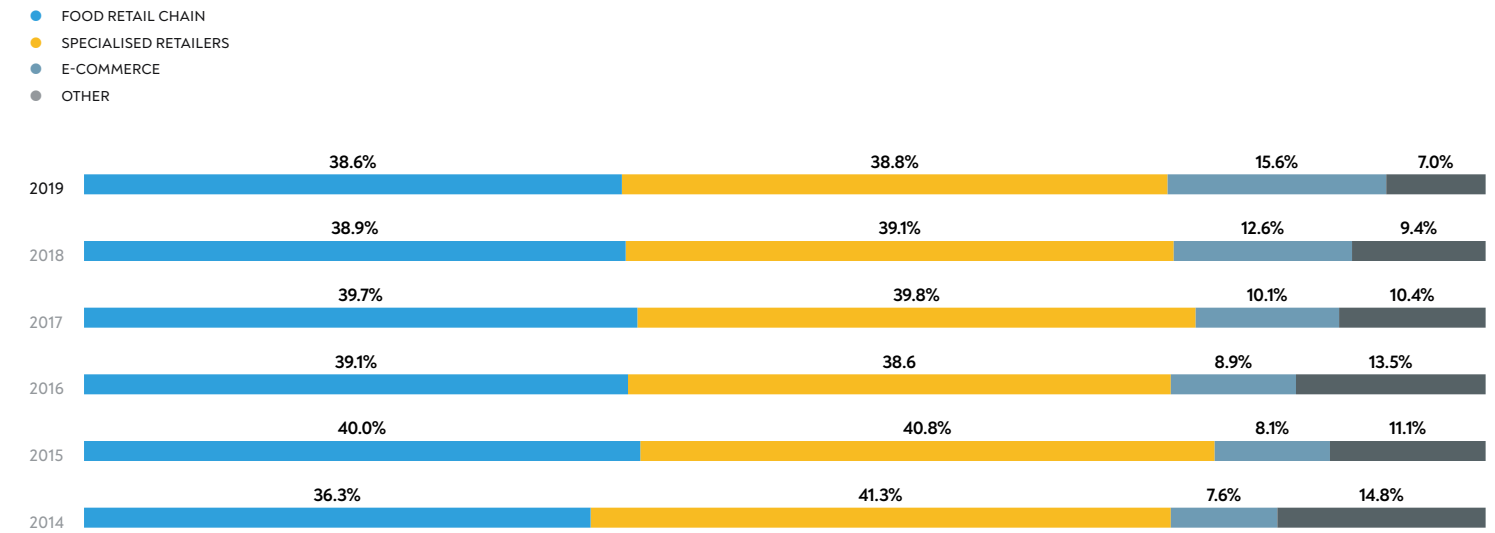
In 2019, the share of unorganised retail formats in the children's goods market in Russia continued to shrink amid a growing demand for a wider product mix, development of large retail chains and rapid growth of e-commerce. In 2019, the share of unorganised retail fell by 2.4 p.p. year-on-year to 7%, mainly due to growth of online sales.

In 2019, specialised retailers remained the main sales channel for children's goods, along with food retail, as a result of active development of the Detsky Mir retail chain and other smaller specialised chains. However, due to the fast growth in the share

of online stores in 2019, the shares of specialised and food retail chains decreased by 0.3 p.p. year-on-year to 38.8% and 38.6% respectively.

Demand for online sales of children's goods is growing backed by a broad product range, affordable prices and convenience of product search and delivery. In 2019, the share of e-commerce in the children's goods market increased by 3.0 p.p. year-on-year to 15.6%. The average annual growth of online sales in the children's goods market in 2015–2019 was 19.4%.

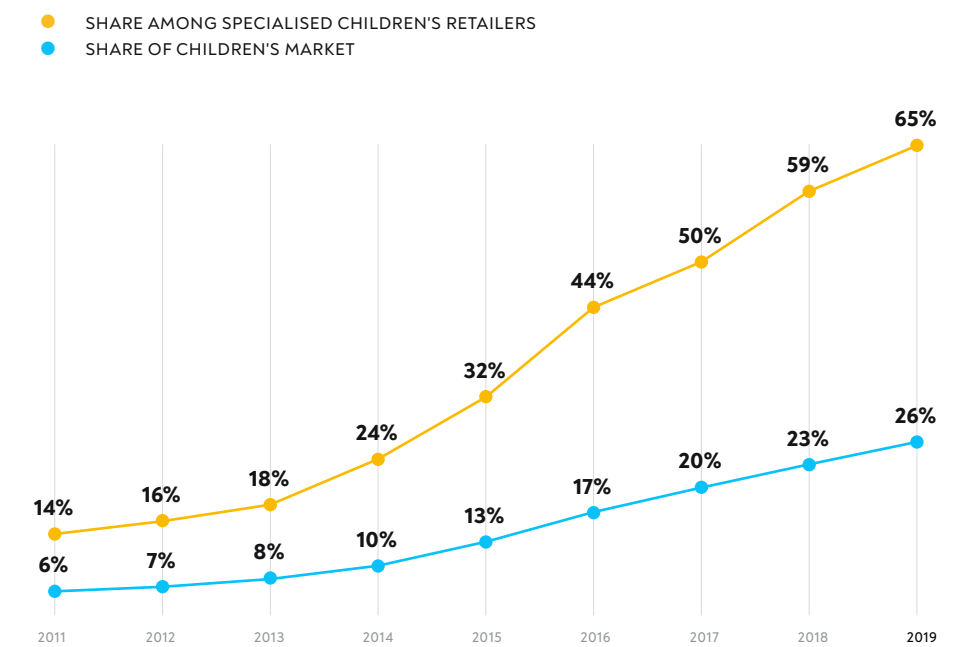
Children's goods market structure by sales channel



SOURCE: IPSOS COMCON.

Detsky Mir's share of Russian children's goods market

Detsky Mir's share of the children's goods market among specialised retailers increased from 1.4% in 2011 to 67% in 2019, driven by the opening of a large number of stores during the period and the attraction of consumer traffic from competing smaller retail chains, as well as dynamic growth of online sales. In 2012–2019 Detsky Mir opened 544³ new stores, while the CAGR of e-commerce channels was 10.4%.



SOURCE: IPSOS COMCON.

³ Net increase without taking into account closed stores.

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: Ipsos Comcon.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

> 238 M

ONLINE STORE VISITS

24 M ^{+16% 2018/19}

HOLDERS OF DETSKY MIR CHAIN LOYALTY CARDS

In 2019, Detsky Mir maintained rapid growth despite the unfavourable macroeconomic environment and increased its revenue by 16.1% to RUB 128.8 bn. The company fulfilled its plan for expansion of Detsky Mir retail chain, having opened 101 new stores in Russia, Kazakhstan and Belarus in the reporting year.

The total like-for-like sales of Detsky Mir stores in Russia and Kazakhstan increased by 7.2%, a 50% increase from 2018 (4.7%). Such strong results were achieved due to an effective pricing policy and continuous improvement of product range. The main driver of Detsky Mir's robust performance is Detsky Mir's ability to attract new customers. As a result, like-for-like growth in the number of transactions was 8.5%. In 2019, the total footfall in Detsky Mir's retail chain exceeded 244 M people.

The number of loyalty card holders increased by 16% year-on-year reaching 24 M, with the number of active card holders standing at 10.6 M. The sales to loyalty card holders accounted for 77.7% of total sales.

One of the key strategic initiatives of the company is expansion to international markets. In 2019, Detsky Mir successfully entered the market of Belarus by opening 8 retail stores in the largest shopping malls in Minsk and other cities. The results of the chain in Belarus were higher than the KPIs, and at the end of 2019 the company achieved break-even. Detsky Mir also continued to consolidate the market in the Republic of Kazakhstan, where it opened 8 new supermarkets and increased

the like-for-like sales of the chain by 35.5% as compared to 2018. In view of such strong results the management decided to expand its foothold in Central Asia by expanding to Kyrgyzstan in 2020.

As part of its effort to form a unique customer proposition and boost customer loyalty, Detsky Mir continued to develop its private label goods. As of the end of 2019 Detsky Mir chain offered 8,000 items under its private label with their share in the chain's turnover in 2019 having increased by 3.3 p.p. up to 33.1%. The company sees significant potential for growth of private label sales in the toys and diapers categories.



> 9.8 M

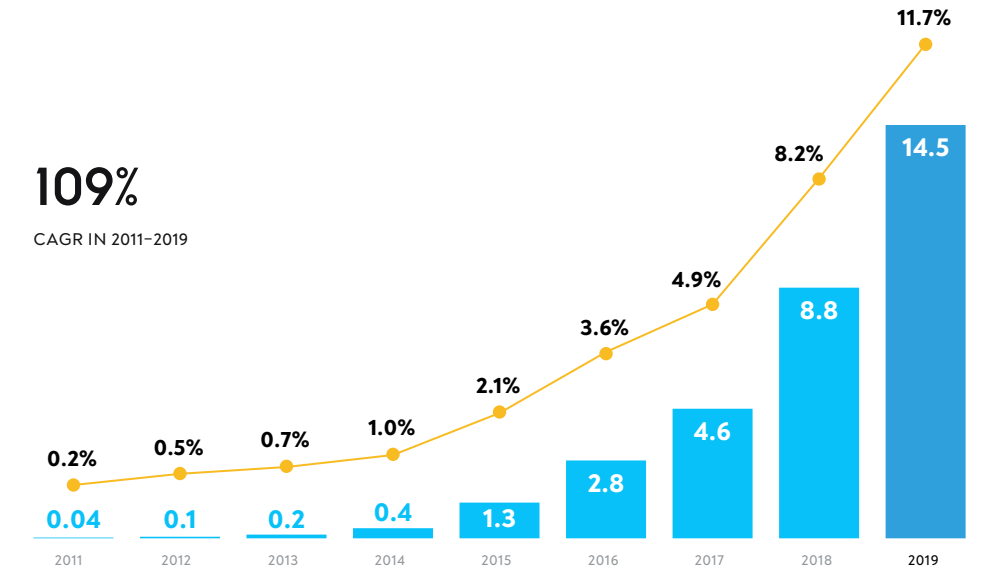
ONLINE ORDERS

15.7%

ONLINE BUSINESS AS A SHARE OF DETSKY MIR'S TOTAL REVENUE IN 4Q 2019

E-commerce sales channel growth

● REVENUE FROM E-COMMERCE AS A SHARE OF TOTAL REVENUE
■ REVENUE FROM E-COMMERCE, bn RUB



109%

CAGR IN 2011-2019

The company supports the growing popularity of online sales and is working to develop this segment. In the reporting year Detsky Mir successfully launched same-day and next-day delivery service in 30 largest cities of Russia. Starting in 2019 Detsky Mir customers are able to use a fully-functional mobile app to purchase goods through a convenient interface featuring a virtual loyalty card.

As part of its omnichannel business model, the company has launched a pilot phase of the new "microstore" format that combines a retail outlet and a pick-up point. These stores will have a total selling space of up to 170 sq m and will be located in small towns. In 2019, the company opened four pilot microstores. The new format is expected to improve the quality of delivery of online orders and increase the company's penetration in the children's goods market in Russia.

In 2019, Detsky Mir launched a pilot version of the marketplace for the clothing and footwear category. Given that the turnover of the new electronic platform is the same as that of the online store, the company expects to expand the range of clothing and footwear available on the marketplace from 20,000 items to 250,000 items.

In 2019, Detsky Mir opened six new pet stores under the Zoolavr brand. By the end of 2019, the chain comprised 10 pet stores.

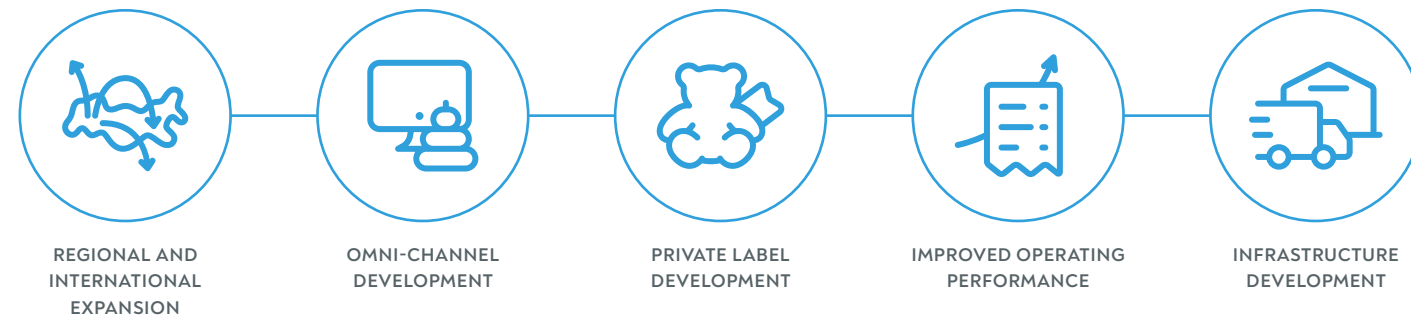
In November 2019, Detsky Mir's shareholders Sistema and the Russia-China Investment Fund organised a successful SPO of Detsky Mir, selling 175 M shares, equivalent to 23.7% of the company's authorised capital. Following the SPO, Detsky Mir's shares in free float accounted for 57.6%, Sistema's stake was 33.4%, and RCIF held 9.0%.

On 3 April 2020, the Board of Directors of Detsky Mir appointed Maria Davydova CEO of the company. Maria Davydova previously held the position of Deputy CEO of Commercial activities. Vladimir Chirakhov, the former CEO of Detsky Mir, was elected Chairman of the company's Board of Directors.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

The key strategic goal of Detsky Mir is the consolidation the children's goods market in Russia, Kazakhstan and Belarus. The company plans to achieve this by expanding the retail chain, developing omni-channel sales and offering affordable and diverse products, including private labels.

STRATEGIC FOCUS



Detsky Mir is planning to open at least 80¹ new stores in 2020 and at least 300 stores in 2020–2023. The company also intends to continue cutting its operating costs, with its EBITDA margin to reach at least 10%.

Key mid-term goals and initiatives:

- Remain a number one player in the Kazakh market and increase the number of Detskiy Mir stores by 50% to over 60.
- Become a number one player in the market of Belarus and increase the number of Detskiy Mir stores to 45.
- Develop the Hub Store project enabling customers to pick up online orders from any convenient store in their region.
- Open the first warehouse to cater for courier delivery and in-store pick-up services outside Moscow Region.
- Launch a fully-functional marketplace for the clothing and footwear category in order to expand the product mix from 20,000 SKUs to 250,000 SKUs in the medium term.

- Increase the share of sales of private labels and direct imports to 40% for toys and 15% for diapers.
- Open a new distribution centre in the Urals macro-region by 2021.

In October 2019, the Board of Directors of Detsky Mir approved a new three-year long-term incentive plan for the company's key employees. The plan came in effect in February 2020 and aims to ensure further growth of Detsky Mir's market capitalisation.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

128.8^{BN} RUB

DETSKY MIR'S CONSOLIDATED REVENUE IN 2019

INDICATOR, M RUB ²	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	128,764	110,874	16.1%
Adj. EBITDA	23,797	21,114	12.7%
Operating income	12,893	11,232	14.8%
Adj. net profit	7,262	6,320	14.9%

In 2019 Detsky Mir's consolidated revenue grew by 16.1% year-on-year and reached RUB 128.8 bn. Growth was driven by new store openings (+101 stores in 2019), an increase in like-for-like (LFL) sales by 7.2% and online sales by 65.2%, as well as the launch of a courier delivery service and a fully-functional mobile application.

The company managed to maintain high operational efficiency by improving commercial lease terms and cutting marketing expenses: adjusted EBITDA increased by 12.7% year-on-year to RUB 23.8 bn. The share of SG&A expenses in revenue decreased from 21.8% in 2018 to 20.8% in 2019.³

The company reduced its net debt, enabling it to fully implement its development programme and increase dividend payments by 14.6% to RUB 7 bn, equivalent to a dividend yield of 10%.

² The results are in line with Detsky Mir's financial statement. The results of Detsky Mir are not consolidated in the financial statement of Sistema PJSC since November 2019. The results of Sistema PJSC for 2019 are presented taking into account reclassification of Detsky Mir in discontinued operations. The table provides 100% net profit.
³ In accordance with IAS 17.

¹ Including Detsky Mir stores in Russia, Kazakhstan and Belarus.



ETALON GROUP

25%¹

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Gennady Shcherbina
CEO



Sergey Egorov
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Etalon Group is one of the largest and oldest residential real estate developers and construction companies in Russia with more than 30 years of experience and strong positions in Moscow and St. Petersburg.

Etalon Group has the highest reliability rating among Russian developers² and holds the second place in the Forbes ranking of Top-20 most reliable developers.

33 PROJECTS <small>in design and construction phase</small>	3.3^M SQ M NSA ³	40% OF CURRENT PORTFOLIO TO BE SOLD WITHOUT USING ESCROW ACCOUNTS
188^{BN} RUB MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS ⁴	630^{THSD} SQ M OF REAL ESTATE SOLD in 2019	622^{THSD} SQ M OF REAL ESTATE COMMISSIONED IN 21 DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS in 2019
20% INCREASE IN AVERAGE PRICES FOR RESIDENTIAL REAL ESTATE in 2019	77.7^M RUB CASH INFLOWS in 2019 (+24% 2018/19)	77.6^M RUB NEW SALES in 2019 (+13% 2018/19)



etalongroup.com

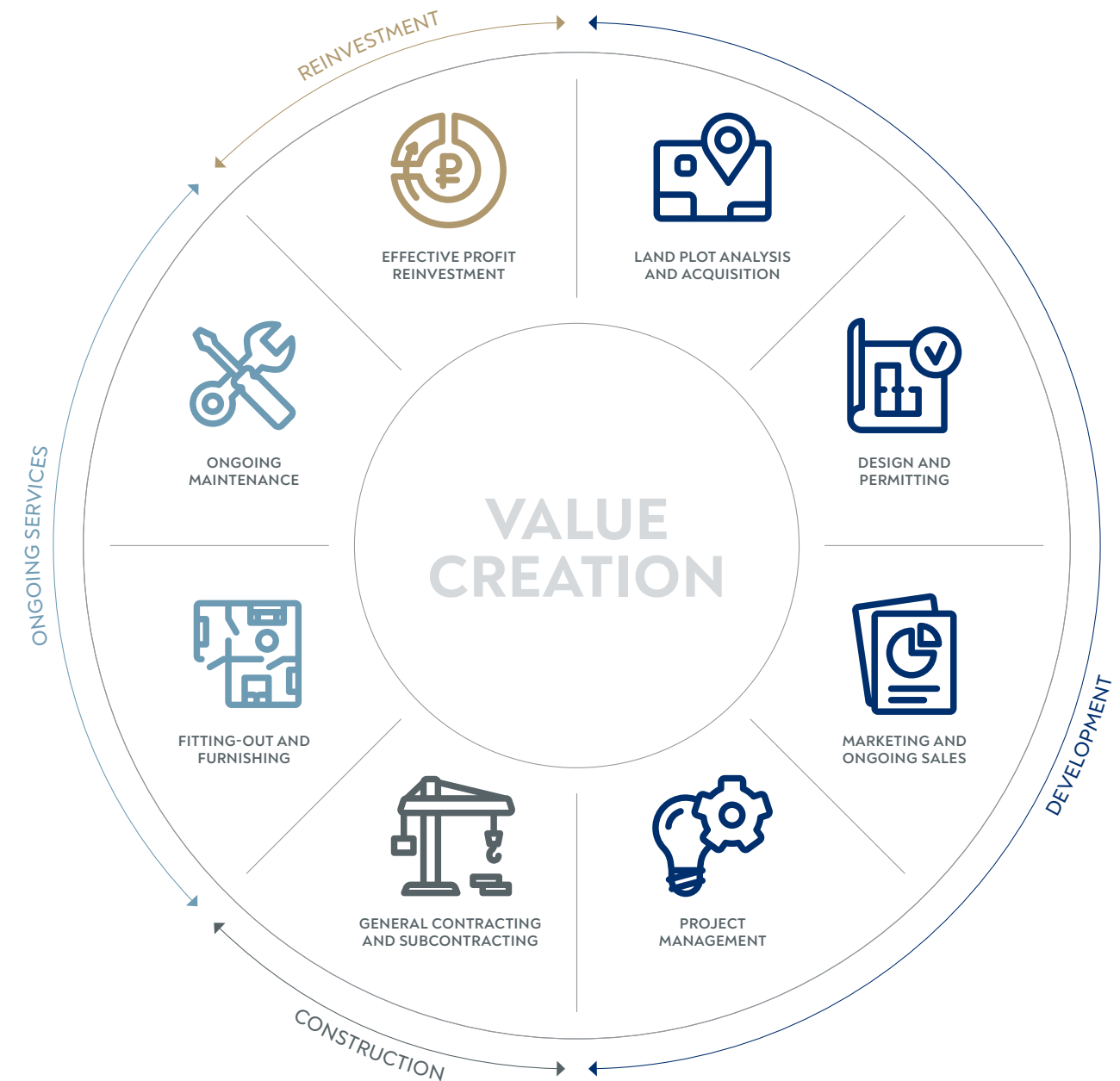
¹ Held by Sistema and affiliated persons.
² Source: www.erzrf.ru.
³ Net saleable area.
⁴ As of 31 December 2019. Source: Colliers International.

BUSINESS MODEL

Etalon Group's vertically integrated business provides for value creation for customers and shareholders at every stage: from acquisition of a land plot to maintenance of finished properties.

Over the entire project life cycle, which usually lasts from three to four and a half years, Etalon Group aims to introduce state-of-the-art approaches to design, construction and maintenance of finished properties, maximise returns on investments and create unique environments for future residents, thus enhancing customer loyalty.

Etalon Group is focused on the medium-range segment, which accounts for 60–70%⁵ of the total housing demand in Moscow and St. Petersburg and includes development projects in the upper economy, comfort and business segments. The mid-range segment is more resilient to macroeconomic volatility and has significant growth potential due to its affordability, attractive profit margins and sufficient market volumes.



⁵ Source: Knight Frank.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

2019 saw an increase in demand for housing on the back of declining interest rates and greater government support for young families. Combined with the reduced offering from small and medium-size developers, resulting from the new industry regulations related to escrow accounts that took effect on 1 July 2019, this trend may create conditions for further growth and strengthening of market positions of such major players as Etalon Group.

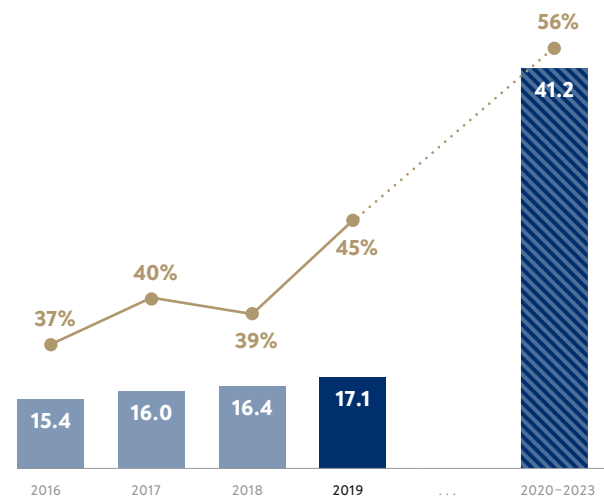


IMPROVED POSITIONS OF MAJOR MARKET PLAYERS

On 1 July 2019, amendments to the federal law "On Co-Funding Apartment Block Construction" took effect. In line with the law, developers will have to switch from off-plan contracts to escrow-based project financing. These measures will create conditions for further growth and will bolster market positions of such major developers as Etalon Group by ousting smaller developers from the market, as they will not be able to withstand higher competition and new regulatory environment. The trend toward consolidation will be supported by the new market entry barriers emerging as a result of new legislation and the need for cooperation with major banks in off-plan projects.

NEWLY COMMISSIONED HOUSING MARKET

- TOP-20 PLAYERS' SHARE OF THE MARKET
- TOTAL HOUSING COMMISSIONED, M SQ M



SOURCES: ROSSTAT, WWW.ERZRF.RU, WWW.DOMRF.RU. DATA FOR THE KEY REGIONS OF ETALON GROUP: MOSCOW, MOSCOW REGION, ST. PETERSBURG

In 2019, the number of small and mid-size developers facing bankruptcy reached 350, a 77% increase year-on-year (according to Construction Industry Rating Agency)

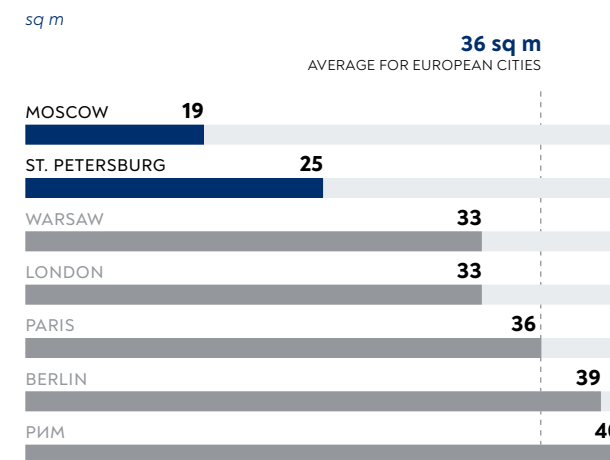
¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: Central Bank of Russia. Average weighted mortgage rate for housing loans issued in 2019.
³ Housing per capita as of the end of 2018, sq m.
⁴ Affordability of housing is calculated as a ratio of an average wage to an annuity payment. The annuity payment was calculated for a 20-year mortgage loan with a 15% deposit to buy a 60 sq m property.
⁵ Affordability of housing is calculated as a ratio of an average wage to an annuity payment. The annuity payment was calculated for a mortgage loan whose value was calculated as a ratio of issued loans to the number of loans issued in a specific year. The annuity payment was calculated on the basis of an average weighted mortgage term and interest rate for a specific year.
⁶ Source: a public survey conducted in 2018 in Russia by www.domrf.ru.
⁷ As of the end of 2019, Maximum tax benefits and savings from subsidised mortgage loans are calculated for a 20-year mortgage with a 6% interest rate and a 20% deposit for a 60 sq m apartment and based on the average price of housing in Moscow. Source: Rosstat.



NEED FOR IMPROVEMENT OF LIVING CONDITIONS

Housing per capita in Moscow and St. Petersburg is relatively low compared to most major cities in developed countries, which preconditioned further growth of demand for residential properties in the two largest cities in Russia.

HOUSING PER CAPITA³



SOURCES: ROSSTAT, AMT FÜR STATISTIK BERLIN-BRANDENBURG, CENTRE FOR CITIES, ISTAT, URZĄD STATYSTYCZNY W WARSZAWIE



INCREASED ATTRACTIVENESS OF INVESTMENTS IN RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES

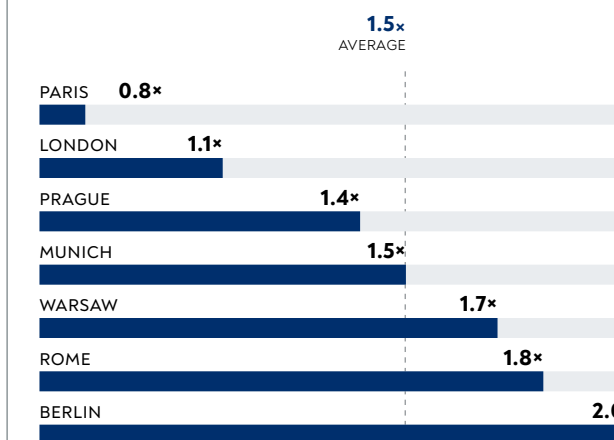
Younger people increasingly preferred renting to house buying: only 13% of individuals under the age of 25 were planning to purchase a home⁶, which may create additional demand for rental properties. Combined with a drop in interest rates on bank deposits, this may stimulate an inflow of private investments into the real estate market, as the reliability and profitability of investments in real estate is comparable to that of bank deposits, while the inflation risks related to residential properties are low. The total amount of deposits in Russia at the end of 2019 was RUB 30.5 tn.



INCREASED HOUSING AFFORDABILITY

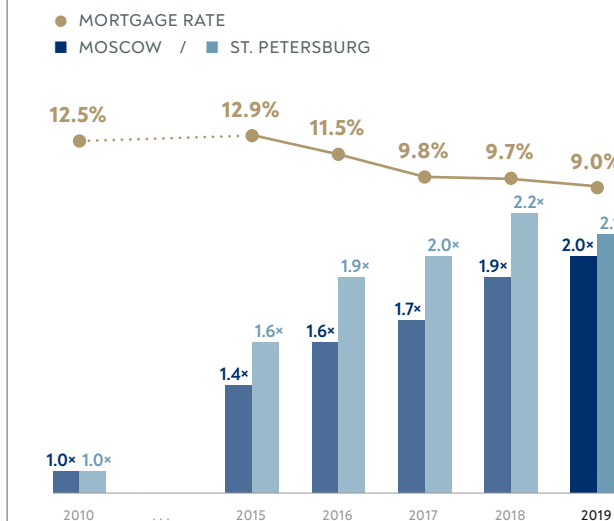
With mortgage rates reaching a record low of 9% in 2019², housing was becoming more affordable for a greater number of residents in Moscow and St. Petersburg, while the maternity capital programme and tax benefits helped first-time buyers to make a deposit and contributed to a reduction in debt servicing costs.

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IN MAJOR EUROPEAN CITIES⁴



SOURCES: BANQUE DE FRANCE, BANK OF ENGLAND, ČESKÁ NÁRODNÍ BANKA (CNB), DEUTSCHE BUNDESBANK, NARODOWY BANK POLSKI (NBP), BANCA D'ITALIA

HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IN MAJOR RUSSIAN CITIES⁵



SOURCES: ROSSTAT, CENTRAL BANK OF RUSSIA

Total payments to families with one to three children amount to RUB 1–2 M. Additional savings due to tax benefits and subsidised mortgage loans may reach RUB 3.2 M⁷

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

In February 2019, Sistema acquired 25% of Etalon Group shares from its founder and largest shareholder Vyacheslav Zarenkov and his family members for USD 226.6 M. As part of a separate transaction Etalon Group purchased a 51% stake in JSC Leader Invest (Leader Invest), Sistema's subsidiary and one of the largest development and construction companies in Russia, for RUB 15.2 bn. In August 2019, Etalon Group consolidated a 100% stake in Leader Invest after acquiring the remaining 49% from Sistema for RUB 14.6 bn. In June 2019, Etalon Group increased its share in the Zil-Yug project to 100%. These acquisitions enabled Etalon Group to expand its land holdings in Moscow by 1.9 M sq m.

Etalon Group completed integration of Leader Invest in Q3 2019 by adopting a single brand for all projects, cutting duplicate functions and costs, and speeding up the construction of acquired unfinished properties. Successful integration of Leader Invest enabled Etalon Group to boost sales in Moscow by 26%, commission a record 353,000 sq m of real estate and raise the price for residential properties in Moscow by 42% by the end of 2019 by changing the project mix and introducing dynamic pricing.

Another important event of 2019 was the launch of the second largest project added to the company's portfolio after the acquisition of Leader Invest: the residential island Nagatino i-Land with a total area of 472,000 sq m¹.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

In January 2020, the Board of Directors of Etalon Group approved a revised development strategy until 2024 aimed at achieving the following goals:

- 1. Improving business efficiency.** Comprehensive implementation of digital solutions in the area of cost control and sales efficiency combined with streamlining of asset ownership structure and proportionate reduction of administrative costs will enable Etalon to become a leader in terms of efficiency by 2024.
- 2. Digital and technological transformation of production processes.** Etalon Group aims to develop new construction technologies to create an alternative to traditional brick-monolithic construction techniques. The new approaches will include modern prefabricated construction methods, modular construction and construction from CLT² panels, which can significantly cut the costs and time of construction.
- 3. Strengthening presence in key markets.** Etalon Group intends to make up for its shortage of supply in St. Petersburg during 2020–2021 and then to stabilise its residential portfolio both in the Moscow Metropolitan Area and in St. Petersburg by replenishing its land bank annually in an amount equal to the volume of real estate sold during the year.
- 4. Development of an ecosystem for additional services and customer retention.** Etalon Group plans to actively develop additional services for the ever-growing number of people who live in properties built by the company. This will enable it to achieve the highest NPS (net promoter score) score among Russian developers and, as a result, increase its share of repeat purchases, while also generating additional profit from complementary businesses.
- 5. Further geographic expansion.** Subject to the achievement of stable operational and financial growth, Etalon Group will consider entering other Russian regions in cities with stable demand, high incomes and high real estate prices.

In January 2020, Etalon Group's Board of Directors adopted a revised dividend policy and approved minimal guaranteed dividend payments in the amount of RUB 12 per share/GDR unless the ratio of EBITDA to interest payments made by the company in the reporting period falls below 1.5.

¹ As of 31 December 2019. Source: Colliers International.
² Cross-laminated timber.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

84.3 ^{+16.6% 2018/19} **BN RUB**

ETALON GROUP'S REVENUE IN 2019

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

In 2019, Etalon Group, demonstrated growth across the most significant indicators, including new commissionings, for the first time in the last five years. The company completed the construction of 622,000 sq m of properties at 21 projects and sold 630,000 sq m of real estate for a total of RUB 77.6 bn, marking a 13% increase from 2018.

INDICATOR	2019	2018	CHANGE
Sales, M RUB	77,627	68,731	12.9%
Sales, sq m	630,000	628,000	0.4%
Average price, RUB / sq m	123,000	109,000	12.5%
Average price (housing), RUB / sq m	149,000	124,000	19.8%
Cash inflows, M RUB	77,713	62,785	23.8%
Commissionings, sq m	622,000	479,000	29.7%

Major completed projects

PROJECT	AREA, sq m
Summer Garden residential complex, first set	122,000
Blyukhera St. residential complex	100,000
Galaxy residential complex, second set	91,000

³ The results are in line with Etalon Group's financial statements. Alternative performance measures reconciliation is provided in Etalon's disclosure materials. The results of Etalon Group are not consolidated in the financial statements of Sistema. The table shows 100% of net profit.
⁴ EBITDA, operating and net profit results for 2018 were revised due to changes in the accounting policy with regard to capitalisation of borrowing costs and significant financing component.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

INDICATOR, M RUB ³	2019	2018 ⁴	CHANGE
Revenue	84,330	72,327	16.6%
EBITDA	8,897	6,118	45.4%
Operating income	6,484	3,204	102.4%
Adj. net profit / (loss)	3,110	(700)	—

Etalon Group's revenue increased by 16.6% up to RUB 84.3 bn in 2019, while revenue from the main segment (residential development) rose by 26.5% and totalled RUB 73.5 bn. Such record-high results were achieved due to strong sales and the highest number of newly commissioned properties in the company's history: Summer Garden residential complex (first phase), Galaxy residential complex (second phase), Serebryany Fontan and Blyukhera St. residential complexes, etc. The development projects of the acquired Leader Invest also made a significant contribution to revenue growth and accounted for 15% of total revenue from the main business segment.

EBITDA was up 45.4% reaching RUB 8.9 bn with EBITDA margin rising 10.6% in 2019. The growth of this indicator was achieved by boosting gross income and keeping the share of SG&A expenses in revenue at stable levels.

Net profit adjusted for one-off acquisition and integration expenses reached RUB 3.1 bn compared to a net loss of RUB 0.7 bn in 2018.

In 2019, Etalon Group paid USD 56 M in dividends (19 cents per GDR).



SEGEZHA GROUP

98.3%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Mikhail Shamolin
PRESIDENT



Ali Uzdenov
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Segezha Group is a fast-growing vertically integrated Russian forestry holding with a full cycle of logging and advanced wood processing. Segezha Group comprises forest, wood processing and pulp and paper assets in Russia and Europe.

11

COUNTRIES
with representative offices

The main production facilities are located in the European part of Russia and EU nations, with representative offices in 11 countries. Segezha Group employs about 13,000 people.

>100

COUNTRIES
sales

The company exports products to over 100 countries. Exports of finished products account for 70% of the company's revenue. Segezha Group is among Russian, European, and global leaders in the production of plywood, paper sacks, unbleached sack paper, and sawn timber.

7.4_M HA

TOTAL WOODLAND IN LEASEHOLD

Segezha Group is the largest forest user in the European part of Russia. The total area of woodland in leasehold is 7.4 M ha, with 95% certified according to FSC standards¹.

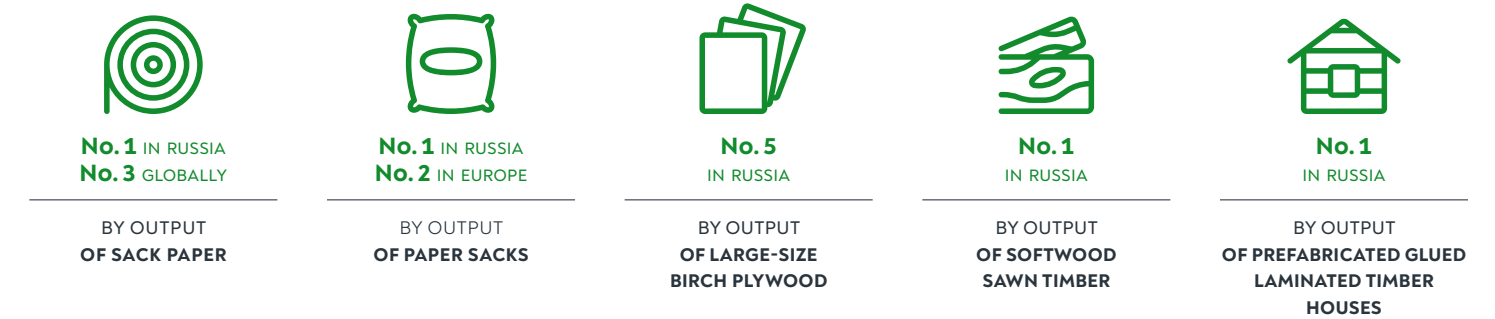


segezha-group.com

¹ Forest Stewardship Council® (FSC-C133272).

STRONG LEADERSHIP IN EMERGING MARKETS

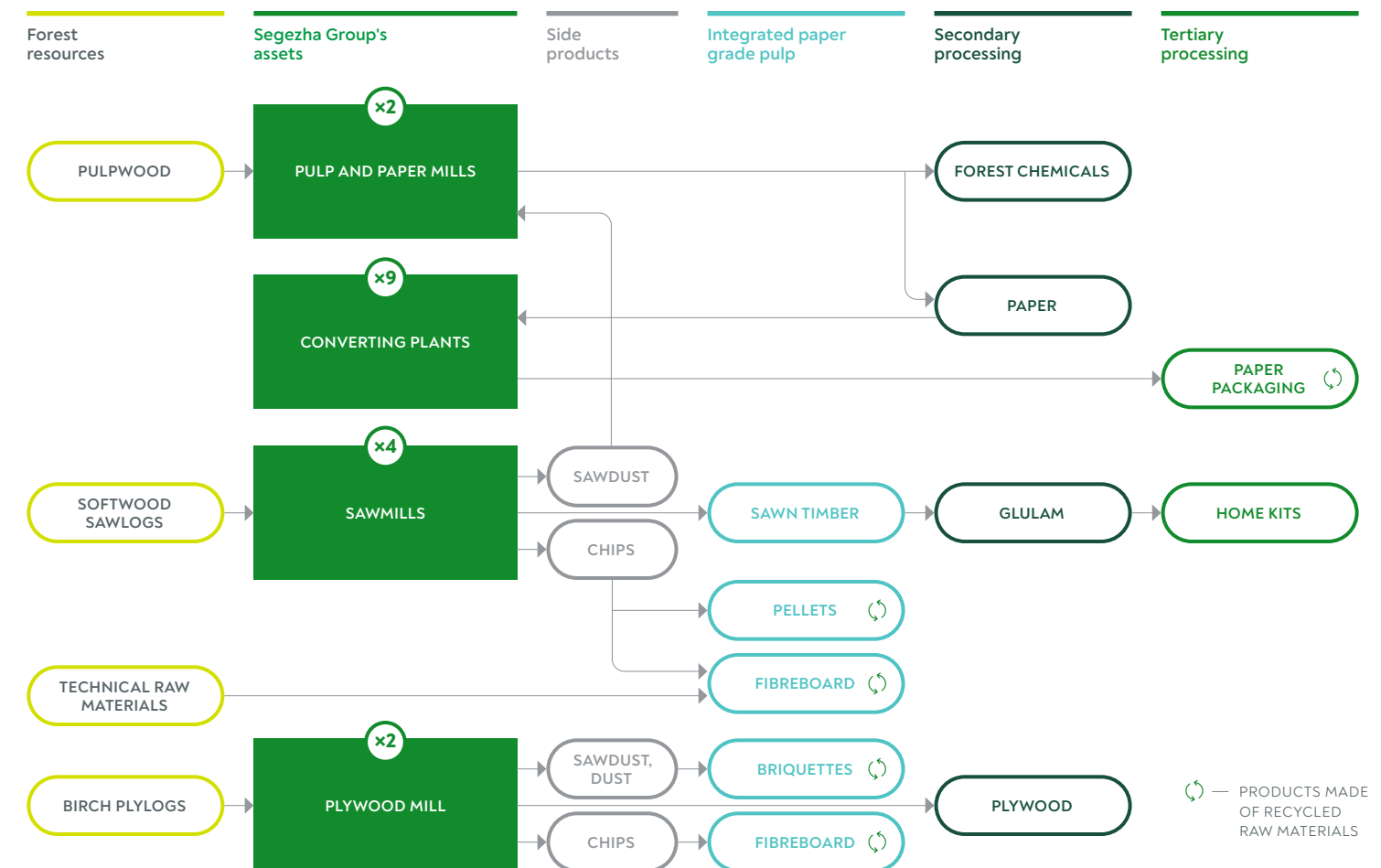
ACCORDING TO COMPANY'S ESTIMATES AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019



BUSINESS MODEL



Segezha Group's business model is based on the principle of vertical integration with the aim of creating added value and ensuring business sustainability by diversifying risks amid a changing macro environment. High levels of operational efficiency and a presence in all key stages of value creation, from own logging on leased woodland to sale of high-margin products to end consumers, allow Segezha Group to maintain market leadership in terms of cost of finished products in all business segments.



INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹



SACK PAPER

In 2019, global sack paper output totalled 7.4 M t, up from 7.1 M t in 2018². Having peaked in 2018, global prices of sack paper first stopped growing and then demonstrated substantial decline in the reporting period. This was primarily due to stabilisation of China's demand as the balance of its waste paper market recovered. The key factors that may have a positive effect on prices in 2020 include the increase in the number of bans on plastic packaging and its replacement with paper packaging, and growing consumption in Asia and Latin America. According to analyst forecasts³, CAGR of paper consumption is expected at 1% in 2019–2025.

5%

SHARE OF SEGEZHA GROUP IN THE GLOBAL OUTPUT OF SACK PAPER

70%

SHARE OF SEGEZHA GROUP IN THE RUSSIAN OUTPUT OF SACK PAPER

Segezha Pulp & Paper Mill is Russia's only manufacturer of high-porosity and high-strength unbleached sack paper.



PAPER SACKS

Paper sack consumption in Europe totalled 5.9 bn units in 2019, a decrease of 2.1%⁴ compared to the previous year. The decline came mostly from the construction and chemicals segments. The demand for paper sacks in the construction industry dropped mainly due to certain cement producers transitioning to large-size packaging.

In the European market, Germany, Turkey, Italy, France and Spain account for about 55% of demand for paper sacks. 56% of demand comes from the construction industry (cement and dry construction mixes).

The compound annual growth rate of paper sack consumption is projected at 0.5% in 2019–2025, mainly due to the food and animal food segments. Following the market trends, Segezha Group reduced the share of sacks produced for the construction sector in 2019 and increased the share of products for high-margin and growing segments.

In Russia, similarly to the European market, the construction industry (cement and dry construction mixes) accounts for most of paper sack consumption (85%). At the same time, demand exceeds domestic production, and the deficit is compensated with imports, the share of which in 2019 was 22%.

11%

SHARE OF SEGEZHA GROUP IN THE EUROPEAN PAPER SACK MARKET⁵

In 2019, paper sack consumption in Russia was 771 M units, down 1.9%⁶ year-on-year. The decline came mostly from the construction segment, as certain cement producers transitioned to large-size packaging. Paper sack consumption in Russia is expected to grow by an average of 0.4% p.a. in 2019–2025.



SAWN TIMBER

No. 1

IN RUSSIA BY GROSS SAWN TIMBER OUTPUT⁷

In 2019, the global market of softwood sawn timber was estimated at 349 M cu m⁷. Global consumption of sawn timber had been growing by 2.4% p.a. in the previous five years, driven by upward trends in the construction and furniture markets of the United States and China, which are the world's largest consumers of sawn timber.

Throughout 2019, prices of sawn timber were falling in all major markets due to an excess of output over demand. This was caused by overstocking in China, the yuan's depreciation against major global currencies, trade wars, high competition for the market, and overproduction in Russia and Europe.

Stocks, prices and solvency of market players are expected to stabilise in 2020. Deficit of affordable quality raw materials is likely to grow in all the key production regions till 2025, which will result in a slowdown of production rates in Europe, Canada and the US. Global consumption is projected to grow by 1.8% p.a. The highest growth rates till 2025 will be seen in China, the US, and Middle East and North Africa (MENA).

The output of softwood sawn timber in Russia totalled 4.4 M cu m in 2019, an increase of 13%⁷ against 2018. Russia is the world's fourth-largest producer of softwood sawn timber after Europe, the US and Canada, with a market share of 11%.

In 2019, Russia increased its softwood sawn timber exports by 5% to 31.4 M cu m, mainly on the back of higher demand for Russian products in China, which remains the biggest consumer of Russian sawn timber. In 2019, China increased purchases in the Russian market by 11% year-on-year, to 19 M cu m, which accounted for 61% of all exports⁷. Similarly to the global market, export prices of Russian sawn timber saw a negative trend throughout 2019.



PLYWOOD

72%

RUSSIA'S SHARE IN GLOBAL BIRCH PLYWOOD OUTPUT IN 2019

4%

SEGEZHA GROUP'S SHARE IN RUSSIAN BIRCH PLYWOOD OUTPUT IN 2019

The global plywood market has demonstrated a steady growth in recent years. In 2019, its size was estimated at 4.94 M cu m, up 1% from 2018. Europe and Russia remained the largest global consumers in 2019, accounting for 72% of total consumption⁸. Growth of plywood consumption in Russia in 2019 exceeded the global rate and reached 2.7%.

Segments consuming plywood vary geographically: the share of its consumption for construction and formwork in 2019 was 57% in Europe, 35% in Russia, 90% in North America and 87% in MENA.

Global consumption of birch plywood is projected to grow by 2% p.a. on average till 2025. Demand for birch plywood will be driven by the construction, transportation (light and medium segments) and shipbuilding industries.

Russia remains the world's indisputable leader in birch plywood production: its share of the global market was 72%⁹ in 2019. Segezha Group accounted for 4% of Russia's total birch plywood output in 2019.



GLUED LAMINATED TIMBER

+2%

GLOBAL GLULAM CONSUMPTION IN 2019

Europe and Japan remain the main consumers of laminated beams, which are mostly used in construction. In 2019, global consumption of glued laminated timber grew by 2% to about 4.2 M cu m⁷, mainly due to growth of construction in Germany. France is a promising market for glued laminated timber due to a high share of rented wooden housing.



PREFABRICATED HOUSES

+4.2%

RUSSIAN CONSUMPTION OF PREFABRICATED GLULAM HOUSES

Consumption of prefabricated glulam houses in the Russian market grew by 4.2% in the reporting period. The key regions consuming prefab houses are the Central, Northwest and Volga federal districts.



¹ Sources: Fisher, Hawkins Wright, Poyry, CEPI, Eurosac, Rosstat, Indufor, FAOSTAT, GWMI, EUWID, FEA. All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.

² The previously reported figure for 2018 (7.2 M t) was updated following expansion of database used by Segezha Group and subsequent adjustment of calculations.

³ Source: Hawkins Wright.

⁴ The previously reported figure for 2018 (5.4 bn units) was updated to 6.0 bn units due to expansion of Eurosac's database.

⁵ Excluding Russia and Ukraine.

⁶ The previously reported figure for 2018 (766 M t) was updated to 786 M t following expansion of database used by Segezha Group and subsequent adjustment of calculations.

⁷ As of 31 December 2019. Source: company's proprietary data.

⁸ Source: Indufor.

⁹ This indicator was revised down due to an update of Indufor database.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

Segezha Group's strategy is aimed at creating an industry leader in production efficiency on the basis of a vertically integrated and diversified business model.

Wood resources

- Increase in the share of proprietary wood resources by expansion of allowable cut and increase of its utilisation rate.
- Quality forest reproduction.

Manufacturing assets

- Upgrade of current production facilities.
- Construction of new energy-efficient facilities to meet growing global demand for timber products.

Sustainability

- Health and safety of employees.
- Minimising environmental impact.
- Moving towards zero-waste production.
- Development of regions of operations.

Innovation

- Development of R&D within the company.
- Development of new products, production processes and solutions of the future.
- Automation and state-of-the-art IT solutions.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019



PAPER AND PACKAGING

Production, sales and revenue in the paper segment

INDICATOR	2019	2018	CHANGE
Output, t	388,000	375,000	3.4%
Sales, t ¹	254,000	244,000	4.1%
Revenue, bn RUB ²	15.2	15.6	(2.0%)

Segezha Group produces 70% of sack paper in Russia. About 36% of the paper output is supplied to the company's facilities in Russia and Europe to manufacture paper sacks, while the remaining 64% is sold in Russia or exported. Exports account for 89% of external sales. Segezha's paper is supplied to 74 countries. The key export markets are Latin America, Southeast Asia, North America, and MENA.

In 2019, Segezha Group increased its paper output by 3.4% to 388,000 t, mainly due to strong performance in the first half of the year. The company managed to increase its output by advancing equipment repairs at Segezha PPM. Paper sales grew by 4.1% to 254,000 t following the output gains. Additional volumes were sold to existing customers and to over 100 new clients from 70 countries.

Revenue from paper sales totalled RUB 15.2 bn in 2019, 2.0% lower than in 2018, due to unfavourable market situation. The negative effect was offset by an increase in output and optimisation of the product portfolio structure.

Output, sales and revenue in the paper packaging segment

INDICATOR	2019	2018	CHANGE
Output, M units	1,262	1,286	(1.8%)
Sales, M units	1,238	1,284	(3.6%)
Revenue, bn RUB	18.1	17.2	5.2%

Packaging products of Segezha Group's enterprises in Europe (Segezha Packaging) are mostly sold in the European market, while the needs of the Russian and CIS market are met by its Russian facilities located in Karelia and Rostov Region.

In 2019, the output of industrial paper sacks remained at the level of 2018 due to full utilisation of production capacity. At the end of the year, the company produced 57% of all paper sacks consumed by the Russian market.

In 2019, the company sold 1,238 M units of paper packaging, marking a decrease of 3.6% against 2018. The decline came from a lower demand for paper sacks in Europe and increased production under the off-season programme, which envisages production in the low winter season and sale of products during the high season. In Russia, demand for sack paper remained steady throughout the year. The decline in physical sales was offset by a more aggressive pricing policy with regard to paper products in Russia and Europe in 2019. The company increased the share of sales in high-margin segments (packaging for powdered milk and animal food, consumer packaging). Revenue from sales of paper packaging grew by 5.2% in 2019 against 2018 to RUB 18.1 bn.

¹ Around 36% of the paper output is converted into paper packaging.
² Net of intra-group turnover.



PLYWOOD

Output, sales and revenue in the plywood segment

INDICATOR	2019	2018	CHANGE
Output, cu m	192,000	136,000	41.1%
Sales, cu m	182,000	120,000	52.0%
Revenue, bn RUB	5.5	4.5	18.5%

Most of the plywood produced by Segezha Group is made for export (72% in 2019) and supplied to 60 countries, with key markets being Europe, the USA and countries of Asia-Pacific, including China, South Korea and India.

In 2019, Segezha Group produced 192 cu m of birch plywood, up 41.1% from 2018, primarily as a result of full capacity utilisation at the new plywood mill in Kirov Region commissioned in July of 2018. Segezha's sales of plywood in 2019 reached 182,000 cu m, up 52.0% from 2018. Extra product volumes were sold in the high-margin markets of North America and Europe, with industrial consumers becoming an increasingly large customer category.

Plywood revenue in 2019 was up 18.5% from 2018, to RUB 5.5 bn. The growth is primarily driven by the rising output and physical sales of plywood as well as an increasing share of high-margin products, including new plywood grades.



SAWN TIMBER

Output, sales and revenue in the sawn timber segment

INDICATOR	2019	2018	CHANGE
Output, cu m	1,014,000	924,000	9.8%
Sales, cu m	1,004,000	931,000	7.9%
Revenue, bn RUB	13.8	13.9	(0.8%)

Segezha Group exports 99% of its sawn timber to dozens of countries, with most volumes consumed by construction companies and producers of furniture and packaging. The main markets for the company's sawn timber are China, Europe and MENA.

In 2019, Segezha Group's enterprises increased the output of sawn timber by 9.8% year-on-year, to 1,014,000 cu m, due to increased production efficiency at all four facilities. The output growth brought about an increase in sales by 7.9% year-on-year, to 1,004,000 sq m, with the extra volumes mostly consumed by current customers.

Sawn timber revenue in 2019 totalled RUB 13.8 bn, down 0.8% from 2018, primarily as a result of a 9% reduction in the mean annual prices for exported Russian sawn softwood timber (in rouble terms)³. The negative effect of the slump in sawn timber prices was partially offset by an increase in sales.



GLUED LAMINATED TIMBER AND PREFABRICATED HOUSES

Output, sales and revenue in the laminated wood structures segment

INDICATOR	2019	2018	CHANGE
Output, cu m	55,000	51,000	9.6%
Sales, cu m	55,000	51,000	8.1%
Revenue, bn RUB	1.4	1.4	5.4%

Segezha Group's glulam is mostly exported to Europe due to high demand in the region. In 2019, 88% of all glulam sales were made in Italy, Germany and Austria.

In 2019, Segezha Group increased glulam output by 9.6% year-on-year, to 55,000 cu m, due to increased production efficiency. Accordingly, physical sales went up 8.1% year-on-year.

Glulam revenue in 2019 totalled RUB 1.4 bn, up 5.4% from 2018, primarily as a result of improvements in the company's product portfolio.

Output, sales and revenue in the prefab houses segment

INDICATOR	2019	2018	CHANGE
Output, cu m	28,000	26,000	5.6%
Sales, cu m	27,000	28,000	(3.1%)
Revenue, bn RUB	0.6	0.7	(1.0%)

Segezha Group supplies laminated-beam prefab houses mainly to the Russian market and is the undisputed market leader with a 20%⁴ market share in 2019.

The output of prefab houses in 2019 went up 5.6% year-on-year, to 28,000 cu m, mostly due to equipment efficiency enhancement. The 3.1% and 1.0% reduction in physical sales and revenue, respectively, is primarily the result of some of the unsold volumes of Q4 2019 being rescheduled to be sold in the first half of 2020. The drop in revenue was partially offset by an increase in the prices for prefab houses in the second half of 2019.

³ Source: Rosstat.
⁴ As of 31 December 2019. Source: company's proprietary data.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

58.5 ^{+1% 2018/19}
RUB
BN

SEGEZHA GROUP'S REVENUE

INDICATOR, M RUB	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	58,495	57,889	1.0%
Adj. OIBDA	13,993	12,984	7.8%
Operating income	8,333	8,178	1.9%
Adj. profit attributable to Sistema	5,040	54	9,272.1%

In 2019, Segezha Group's revenue grew by 1.0% year-on-year, to RUB 58.5 bn. The moderate revenue growth rate mostly results from a downturn in the global prices for sack paper, plywood and sawn timber in 2019. The negative trend was offset by an increase in domestic prices for paper packages and an increased output of plywood after the achievement of the full design capacity at the plywood factory in Kirov Region.

Segezha Group's adjusted OIBDA in 2019 was up 7.8% year-on-year, to RUB 14.0 bn, as a result of reduced production costs. The adjusted OIBDA margin is up 1.5 p.p. year-on-year, to 23.9%, primarily driven by efficient cost management, especially in SG&A costs.

The adjusted net profit in 2019 reached RUB 5.0 bn. The substantial increase in the adjusted net profit year-on-year was largely due to revaluation exchange gains.

OTHER ACHIEVEMENTS

- In 2019, Segezha Group launched the construction of Russia's first factory producing CLT panels, a state-of-the-art engineering material for wooden houses, and commissioned a new line in Salsk producing up to 83 M industrial paper packages per year. In July 2019, the company launched a modernisation programme at Segezha Pulp & Paper Mill to increase capacity to 850,000 tonnes per year and expand the product portfolio.
- In April 2020, Segezha Group received a government permit for the construction of a new plywood mill in Galich (Kostroma Region) with a design capacity of 125,000 cu m of plywood a year. The 31.2 ha site will accommodate a production area of some 48,000 sq m, warehouses for finished products and an office building. Production is scheduled to start in 2021.
- New solutions: The company launched a wood processing centre to produce special grades of plywood. The move has made it possible to move away from outsourcing plywood drilling and milling, reduce production costs and deliver finished products to customers.
- In February 2019, Lesosibirsk WP completed the international Sustainable Biomass Program (SBP) certification. The audit was performed by NEPCo, a global non-profit that contributes to sustainable land use and climate-friendly solutions.
- As part of the second phase of pellet facility construction, a new pellet mill with a production capacity of 15,000 t a year was commissioned at Lesosibirsk WP, which has brought the plant's total pellet production capacity to 85,000 t of pellets a year, making timber waste yet another source of income for the company.

NEW PRODUCTS

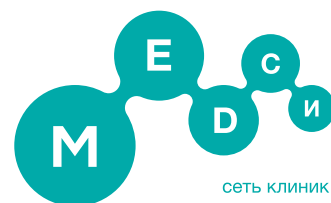
Innovative packaging paper SKE i4

In 2019, Segezha Group's paper facilities successfully produced pilot batches of a new product ordered by customers, i.e. high-strength paper SKE i4 with high stretching properties. In May 2019, Segezha Group's SKE i4-based packaging was awarded a Silver Grand Prix at the international Eurosac 2019 congress in Ljubljana.

Five new types of plywood

In 2019, Segezha Group launched five new products, including Segezha PlyForm, a unique formwork product for construction. The company developed several new solutions, i.e. Segezha Creative (laminated coloured plywood), Segezha Art (plywood ready for painting), Segezha ClearPly (eco-style plywood with transparent and semi-transparent coating), and Segezha Anthracite (plywood for floor covering in light commercial vehicles). Three out of these five new plywood products are currently unique in the market.





MEDSI



Elena Brusilova
PRESIDENT



Artyom Sirazutdinov
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

96.9%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE

Medsi Group ("Medsi") is Russia's largest national healthcare chain offering a full range of preventive, diagnostic, treatment, and rehabilitation services for children and adults.

8.2%

VMI MARKET SHARE
in Moscow and Moscow Region

48

FACILITIES

9.6_M

PATIENT VISITS

9

REGIONS
OF OPERATIONS

>100^{THSD}
SQ M

MEDICAL
FLOOR SPACE

2,284^{RUB}

AVERAGE CHEQUE

ASSETS OVERVIEW

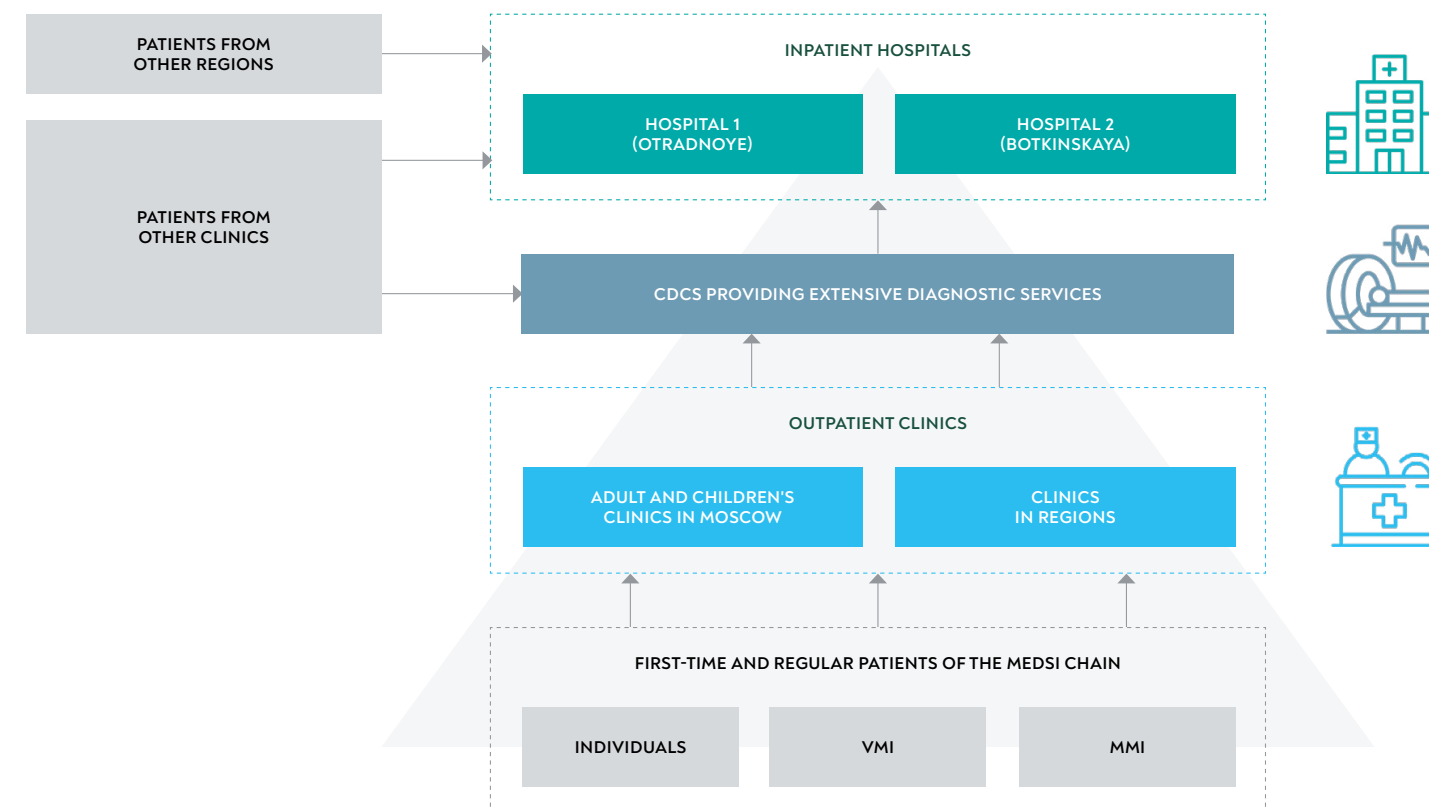
Clinical & diagnostic centres (CDCs), Moscow	4
<i>Krasnaya Presnya</i>	1
<i>Belorusskaya</i>	1
<i>Grokholsky</i>	1
<i>Solyanka</i>	1
Primary care clinics, Moscow and Moscow Region ¹	19
Children's clinics, Moscow	2
Hospitals, Moscow and Moscow Region	2
Sanatoriums and wellness centres, Moscow and Moscow Region	3
Regional clinics	18
<i>Perm</i>	7
<i>St Petersburg</i>	2
<i>Barnaul</i>	1
<i>Bryansk</i>	1
<i>Volgograd</i>	1
<i>Nizhnevartovsk</i>	1
<i>Nyagan</i>	1
<i>Izhevsk ²</i>	4

¹ Including a franchisee clinic at Tulskaia in Moscow.
² The chain of clinics in Izhevsk was acquired in March 2020.



medsi.ru

BUSINESS MODEL



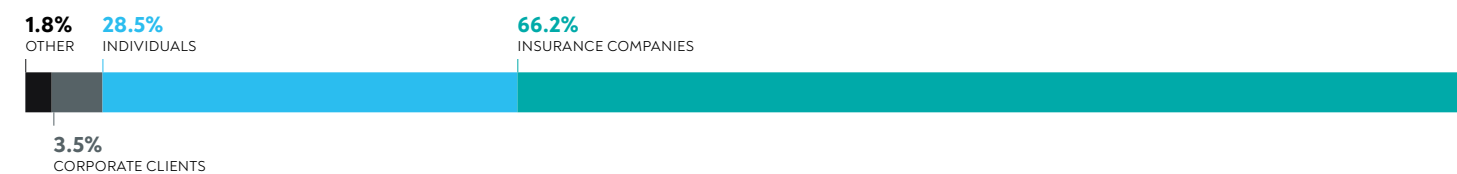
Medsi's business model is a three-tier vertically integrated system of medical care, including outpatient care, diagnostics, and hi-tech inpatient care. Patient flow organisation is based on internal patient routing system across key segments: individuals, VMI, MMI. Due to a wide range of diagnostic services in regional hubs (CDCs) as well as hi-tech medical services in Medsi's hospitals, Medsi sees an inflow of patients from other regions and other clinics. The company's medical strategy adheres to P4 medicine principles (predictive, preventive, personalised, and participatory).

In 2019, the company implemented a hub-based management model combining outpatient, diagnostic and inpatient assets under common control based on geographic or operational criteria. The model enabled integration

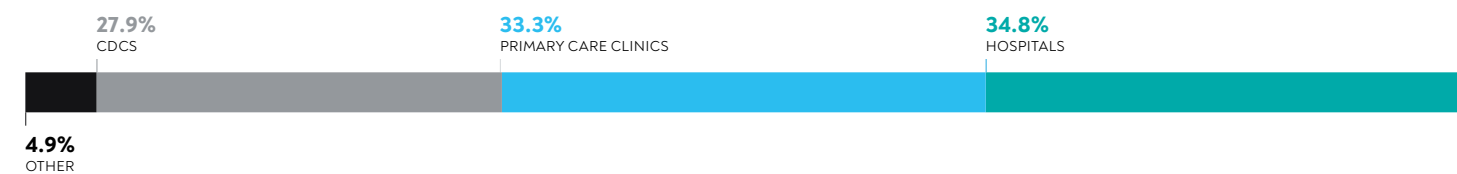
and standardisation of business processes across assets in Moscow and Moscow Region, enhanced operating efficiency, and formed the backbone for the development strategy of regional assets, which will be clustered into hubs as the chain grows.

Standardisation of business processes in 2019 empowered Medsi to come up with a franchise product that is unique in the industry. The company offers a standardised suite of protocols and processes, as well as information support and consultations at launch and promotion stages. The first franchisee primary care clinics were launched in Q1 2020.

Revenue structure by channel



Revenue structure by asset



INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

In 2019, the size of Russian private healthcare market reached RUB 644 bn², up by 8.5% from 2018.

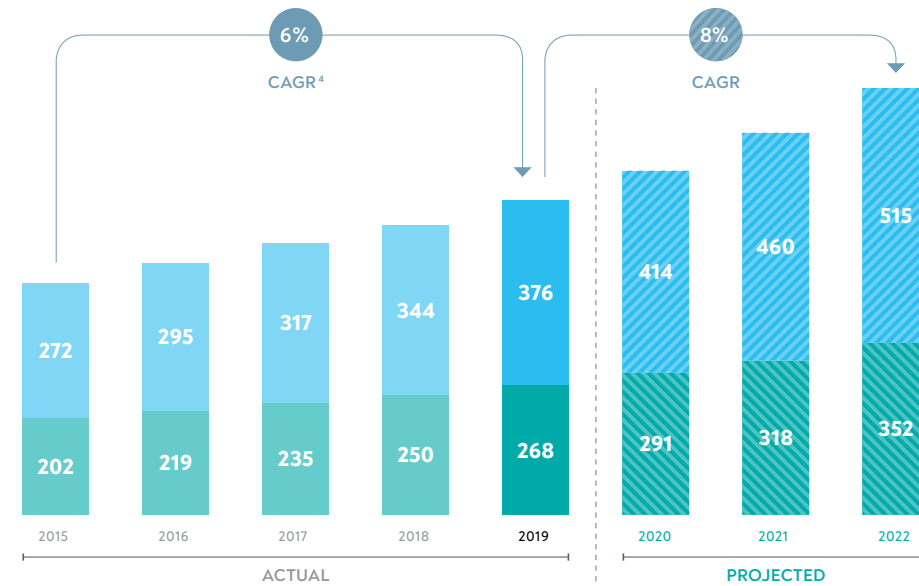
The growth was primarily driven by higher fees, growing demand for specialty services, and the development of ancillary businesses, such as medical tourism and telemedicine. The private healthcare services market has also been growing on the back of paid services penetrating the state-run healthcare system (historically working within the MMI system) and patients increasingly favouring private healthcare providers over public

ones due to notoriously long waiting periods at state-run establishments and a limited range of services covered by MMI policies. On the other hand, similarly to 2018, market growth in 2019 was contained by a slump in real disposable incomes of households that pushed some patients to opt for self-medication and cheaper "shadow operators".

PRIVATE HEALTHCARE MARKET IN RUSSIA³

bn RUB

■ REGIONS OTHER THAN MOSCOW AND MOSCOW REGION
■ MOSCOW AND MOSCOW REGION



644 BN RUB ^{+8.5% 2018/19}

SIZE OF RUSSIAN PRIVATE HEALTHCARE MARKET

in 2019



BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

EXISTING ASSETS

In 2019, Medsi continued expanding floor space and stepping up floor space utilisation rates. Total medical floor space in 2019 was up 4.5%, translating into 1.1% revenue growth over the year. The floor space optimisation programme covers most of the chain's assets, aiming to increase the capacity of clinics and accessibility of a wide range of medical specialties. The Floor space was expanded most substantially at Clinical Hospital No.1 (by 4.5%), CDC Krasnaya Presnya (by 13.8%) and PCC Prechistenka (by 48.5%).

In 2019, Medsi continued the construction of Michurinsky multi-purpose medical centre, scheduled to open in Q4 2020. The facility will include a clinical and diagnostic centre for adults and children, a day hospital, and a 24-hour hospital with a hi-tech surgery unit, spread over 28,000 sq m of medical areas.

Medsi has also maintained focus on the modernisation of existing clinics and improvement of business processes, with 2019 capital expenditure up 191.4% from 2018.

Medical equipment is another focus of the company's modernisation programme. Medsi has invested over RUB 470 M in equipment and technology over the two years since programme launch, with priority given to diagnostic radiology and sonography as well as surgical and dentistry equipment. A visible outgrowth of the investment programme, upgrades of CT and MRI machines in 2019 enabled capacity utilisation to grow by 15% and 3%, respectively.

Medsi has moved away from acquiring heavy equipment to comprehensive equipment support throughout its lifecycle, from installation to maintenance to upgrades. Consultancy projects effected in 2019 jointly with leading vendors made it possible to set global benchmarks as strategic objectives across the chain, in addition to adopting lean production principles as well as analysing and optimising current processes. The projects are expected to continue in 2020.

NEW ASSETS AND PROJECTS

Asset modernisation and equipment upgrades set patient traffic and work flow management as one of the priorities for 2019, which enabled the company to increase overall occupancy at inpatient and outpatient hospitals. Medsi continued to expand its range of specialties, with flagship assets setting up specialized units in the areas of neurosurgery, X-ray surgery, lower limb pathologies, robot-assisted surgery, and a pediatric surgical facility under the leadership of renowned doctors.

As a further step to expand its national chain, Medsi acquired a second clinic in St. Petersburg in December 2019. The increased spectrum of healthcare services catering specifically to cancer patients in St. Petersburg is meant to replicate the success of a similar strategy of Medsi's Botkinsky clinical hospital in Moscow.

In September 2019, Medsi first started developing its own franchise network, expected to grow to 20 Medsi-branded franchisee clinics across Russia in a five-year term. Franchisee clinics may open both in cities where Medsi already operates and in new cities with populations over 300,000 people.

In March 2020, Medsi acquired 4 clinics in Izhevsk with a total floorspace of 4,300 sq m. The chain includes a CDC with an inpatient facility, a clinic for adults, a clinic for children and a women's clinic.

In March 2020, Medsi signed an agreement with Bioniq Health-tech Solutions to launch Russia's first digital personalised health monitoring system combining AI-assisted tracking of personal medical readings, consultative support from expert doctors, lifestyle enhancement programmes, tailored diets, workout plans and vitamin and mineral intake recommendations.

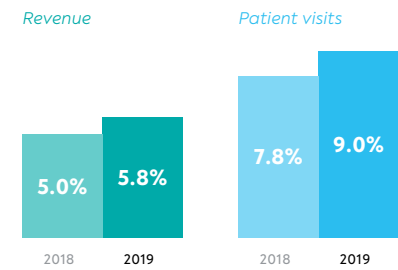
The 2019 Customer Loyalty Rating of Moscow Clinics features Medsi as the most-recognised healthcare provider for a third consecutive year.³ The company also tops the 2019 Top-100 Private Multi-Specialty Clinics ranking released by Vademecum Analytics, up from No. 2 in 2018.

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: BusinessStat. This amount includes revenue from self-pay patients and VMI policy holders.
³ Source: Businessstat.
⁴ CAGR stands for compound annual growth rate.

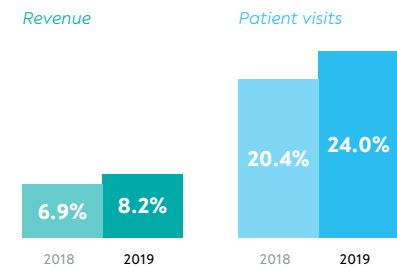
VMI SEGMENT ¹

In 2019, Medsi increased its VMI market share from 5.0% to 5.8%. With the overall Russian VMI market up 6.9% in 2019, Medsi registered a revenue growth of 27.2% across Russia and 27.3% in Moscow and Moscow Region.

MEDSI'S VMI MARKET SHARE GROWTH RUSSIA



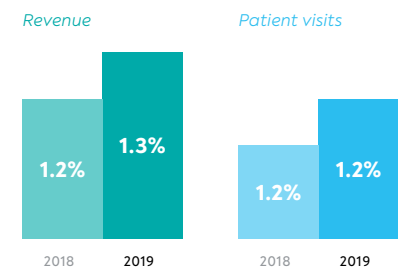
MEDSI'S VMI MARKET SHARE GROWTH MOSCOW AND MOSCOW REGION



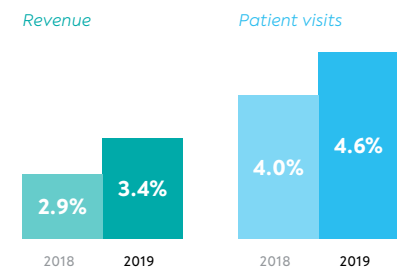
RETAIL SEGMENT ¹

In 2019, Medsi grew its market share in the retail segment of the private healthcare market from 1.2% to 1.3%. While the overall Russian retail segment grew in 2019 by 9%, Medsi registered a revenue growth of 21.5% across Russia and 27.5% in Moscow and Moscow Region.

MEDSI'S MARKET SHARE GROWTH RUSSIA



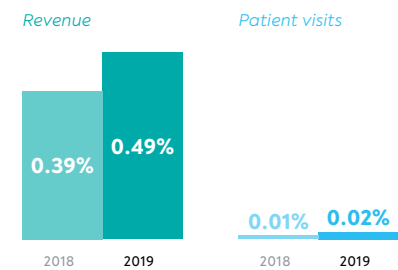
MEDSI'S MARKET SHARE GROWTH MOSCOW AND MOSCOW REGION



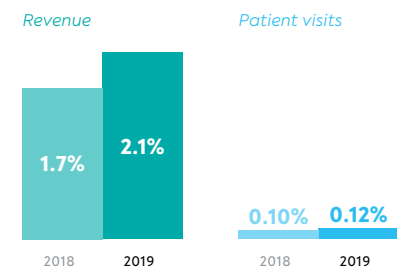
MMI SEGMENT ¹

In 2019, Medsi increased its share in the MMI market in Moscow and Moscow Region from 1.7% to 2.1% by revenue. With the overall Moscow-Region MMI market up 8.5% in terms of revenue and 1% in terms of patient visits, Medsi registered a growth of 34.0% and 19.6%, respectively.

MEDSI'S MARKET SHARE GROWTH RUSSIA



MEDSI'S MARKET SHARE GROWTH MOSCOW AND MOSCOW REGION



BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

Medsi's strategy aims to create the nation's first countrywide multi-specialty healthcare provider offering a full spectrum of services. This includes:



Further increase of market share in Moscow and other regions

- Launch of new multi-specialty medical centre Michurinsky with 28,000 sq m of medical areas.
- Launch of at least 5 new outpatient clinics.
- Expansion through regional M&A and franchise partnership projects.



Further enhancement of operating efficiency

- Change of customer relationship approach from managing traffic to managing lifetime value.
- Seasonality management through demand projections, cost planning, and smart scheduling.
- Optimisation of incentive plans through economies of scale.
- Flexible OpEx management.



Digital transformation

- Further refinement of SmartMed telemedicine platform and expansion of the range of telemedicine services provided.
- Partnership projects in AI and healthy lifestyle services.
- Development of BigData for joint clinical research with pharmaceutical and technological partners.



¹ Source: calculations based on data from Businesstat and company statistics.

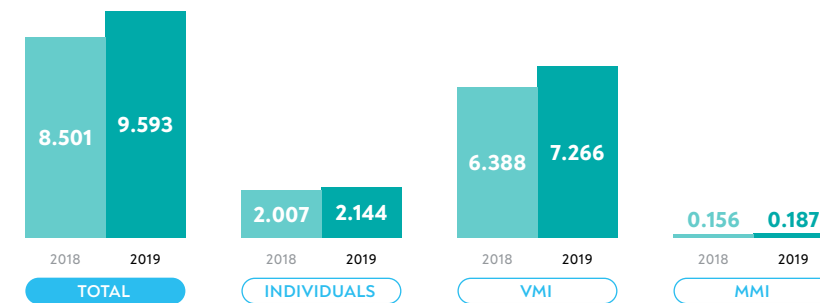
FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

9.6 ^{+12.8% 2018/19}
M

VISITS IN 2019

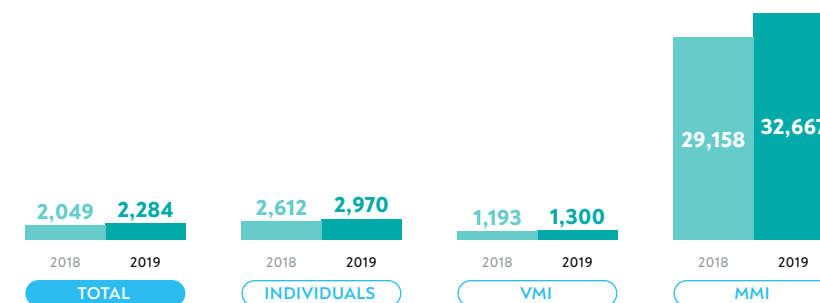
OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE¹

PATIENT VISITS IN 2018–2019, M visits



In 2019, Medsi registered an increase in patient visits in all business segments by a total of 12.8%. The growth rate reached 6.8% in the retail segment, 13.7% in VMI and 19.6% in MMI.

AVERAGE CHEQUE IN 2018–2019, RUB



The average cheque in 2019 increased across all segments by an average of 11.5%. The biggest increase in the average cheque was observed in the retail (13.7%) and MMI (12.0%) segments. The growth rate in the VMI segment was 9.0%.

INDICATOR	UOM	2019	2018	CHANGE
Patient visits	M visits	9.6	8.5	12.8%
Services provided	services	17,334,000	14,532,000	19.3%
Medical floor space ²	sq m	100,500	96,200	4.5%
Average cheque	RUB	2,300	2,100	11.5%
Occupancy at inpatient clinics	%	84.7%	69.7%	15 p.p.
Occupancy at outpatient clinics	%	47.3%	47.0%	0.3 p.p.

¹ Source: data from 2019–2020 commercial strategy, calculated based on company statistics.
² As of 31 December of the respective year.

22.3 ^{+25.8% 2018/19}
BN
RUB

MEDSI'S REVENUE IN 2019

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

INDICATOR, M RUB	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	22,322	17,747	25.8%
Adj. OIBDA	5,916	3,600	64.3%
Operating income	2,848	693	311.1%
Adj. net profit attributable to Sistema	2,920	1,061	175.3%

Medsi's revenue in 2019 increased by 25.8% to RUB 22.3 bn as a result of revenue growth across all key segments amid increasing number of services provided.

Adjusted OIBDA grew by 64.3% on the back of revenue dynamics and due to higher occupancy rate in hospitals as well as the impact of participation in the Michurinsky Project, a joint venture with Capital Group, to construct the Nebo business class residential project with a positive effect of RUB 1.1 bn in 2019.

Adjusted net profit almost tripled, mostly due to OIBDA dynamics.





STEPPE AGROHOLDING

84.6%¹

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Andrey Neduzhko
CEO



Ali Uzdenov
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Steppe Agroholding ("Steppe") is among Russia's largest agricultural players, with a diversified asset portfolio and a land bank of 527,000 ha.

Steppe is a national leader in terms of operating efficiency, asset quality, and agricultural expertise in crop and dairy farming. The company enjoys a competitive edge in agricultural trading due to access to a commodity base and its own logistical facilities.

No. 5

IN RUSSIA BY LAND ASSETS' AREA²

56.9^{THSD}_T

MILK PRODUCTION IN 2019

5,850

MILK COWS

1.3_{MT}

GROSS HARVEST OF CROPS³

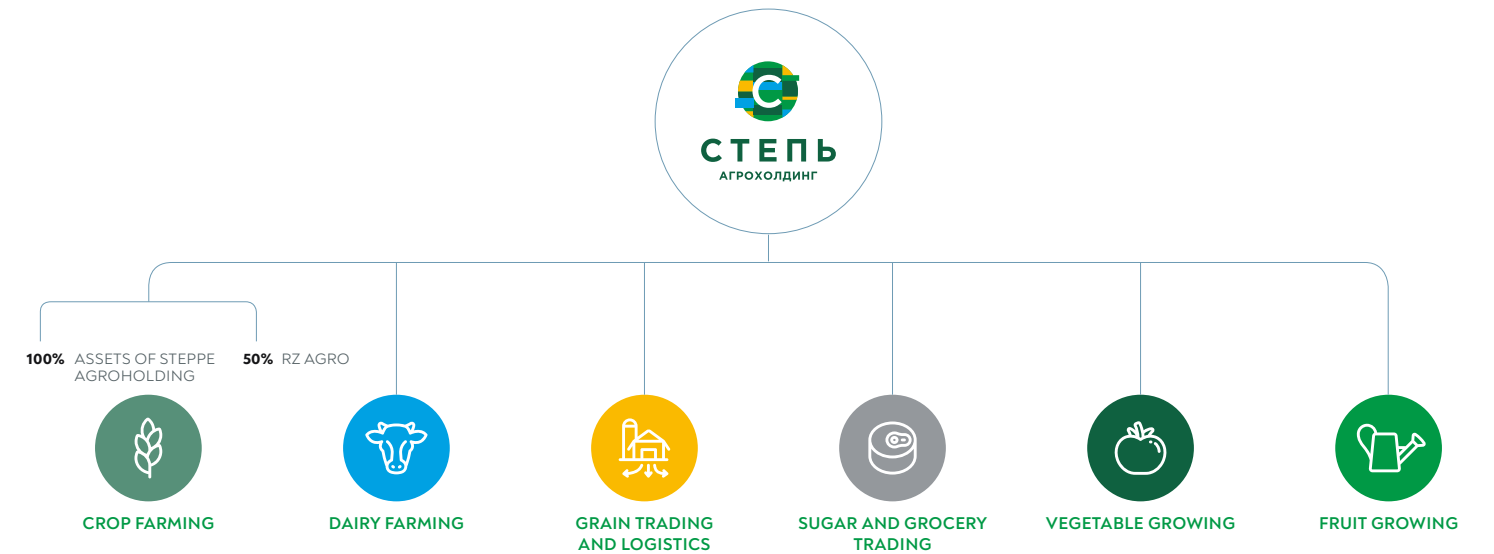


ahstep.ru

¹ 92.8% as of 31 December 2019.
² Source: BEFL.
³ Steppe AgroHolding jointly with RZ Agro.

BUSINESS MODEL

Steppe's business model is based on vertical integration and diversification across most promising agricultural segments. Steppe is active in crop and dairy farming and vegetable and fruit growing. The company also develops logistical capabilities and trades in grain, sugar and grocery.



BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

Steppe's development strategy relies on further increases of the land bank, aggressive advancement in the trading segment, development of proprietary logistics infrastructure and construction of new dairy farms.



INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

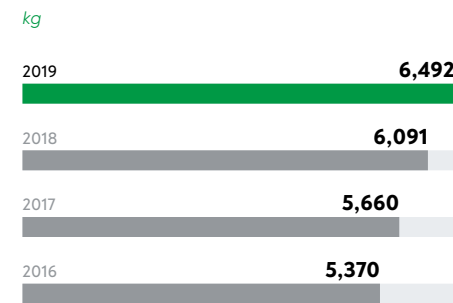


DAIRY FARMING

Milk output in 2019 was up 2.4% year-on-year, to 31.3 M t. Yield per cow in the corporate sector also increased substantially by 6.6% year-on-year.

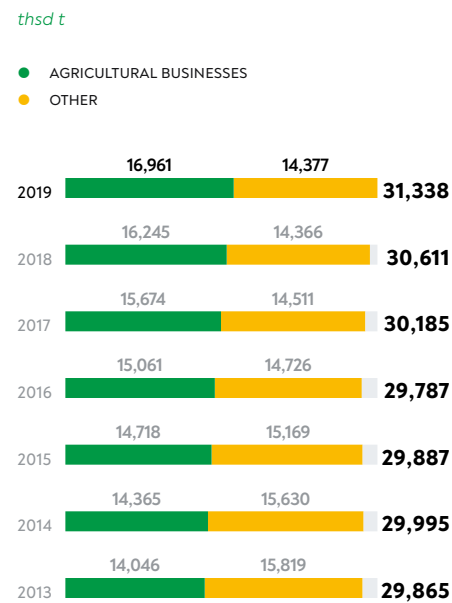
Russia's total output of market grade milk in 2019 is estimated at 22.2 M t, or 71% of all produced milk, which creates substantial potential for boosting the production of high-quality milk as raw material for the dairy product industry.

MILK YIELD PER COW IN THE CORPORATE SECTOR



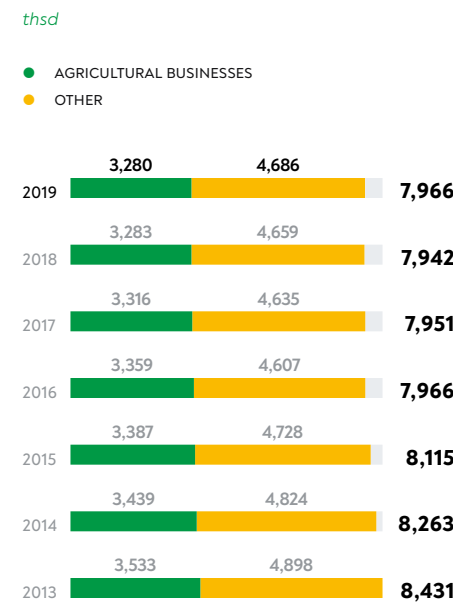
SOURCE: UISIS

TOTAL MILK YIELD



SOURCE: ROSSTAT

FORAGE-FED COWS IN FARMS OF ALL CATEGORIES



SOURCE: UISIS



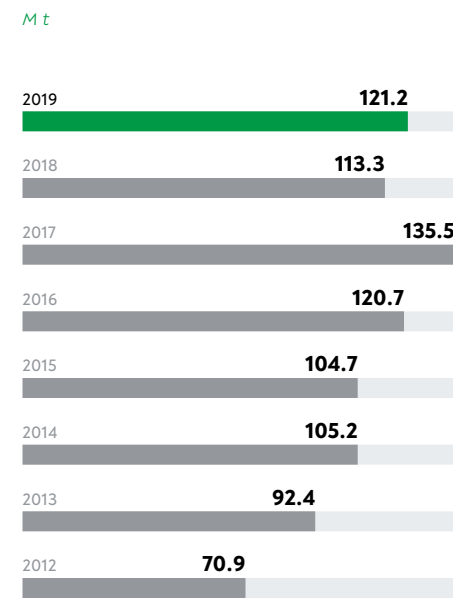
CROP FARMING

The output of cereals and pulses in Russia in 2019 was up 7.0% year-on-year, to 121.2 M t. In particular, wheat output was up 3.2% year-on-year, to 74.5 M t², primarily as a result of a 3.0% increase in wheat-growing area.

The average crop yield of cereals and pulses in 2019 went up 5.1% year-on-year, to 2.7 t/ha². At the same time, the crop yield of wheat is down 3.1%, to 3.4 t/ha, due to unfavourable weather conditions in much of Russia.

In 2018–2019, the larger Russian agricultural businesses continued to acquire land to expand their holdings, a trend that supported further growth of prices for agricultural land.

GROSS CEREAL AND PULSE HARVEST IN RUSSIA



SOURCE: UISIS

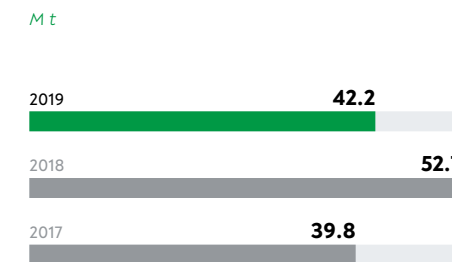


GRAIN TRADING

In 2019, Russia remained among the world's leading exporters of agricultural crops and the global number one in wheat exports. Grain exports in the 2018–2019 season reached 42.2 M t, of which 34.6 M t (roughly 82%) was wheat.³

In the first half of the 2019–2020 season, grain exports totalled 24.8 M t, down 14.1% from the first half of the 2018–2019 season. Wheat exports reached 20.8 M t, down 15.0% from the first half of the 2018–2019 season.³ The reduction in export volumes in the period is a result of the sales of some products being rescheduled for the second half of the crop year.

EXPORTS OF CEREALS



SOURCE: UISIS

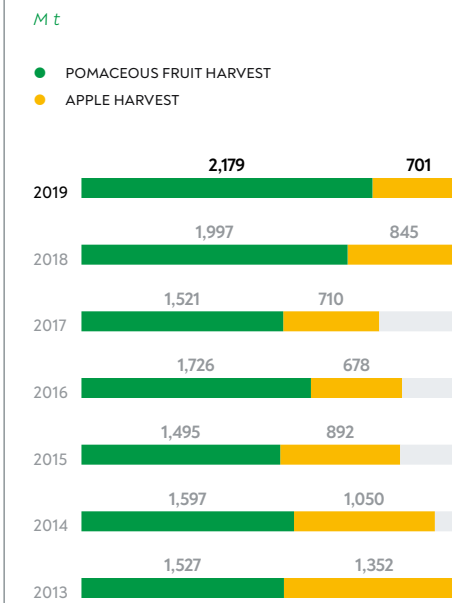


FRUIT GROWING

The gross harvest of pomaceous fruit in 2019 was up 9.1%, to 2.2 M t, mostly due to the planting of new intensive orchards. The area under perennial pomaceous fruit crops was up by 4,000 ha, to 233,000 ha.

Apple imports in 2019 equalled 0.7 M t, down 17.1% from 2018. The reduction notwithstanding, imports still represent a substantial percentage of Russia's pomaceous fruit consumption.

GROSS POMACEOUS FRUIT HARVEST AND IMPORT OF APPLES IN RUSSIA



SOURCE: UISIS

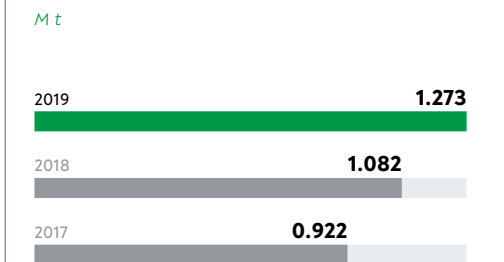


VEGETABLE GROWING

In 2019, the protected-ground vegetables sector continued to grow, with farms increasingly commissioning new greenhouses. The total area of greenhouses in Russia currently stands at 2,600 ha, up 4.9% from 2018. The total output of vegetables grown in protected-ground greenhouses is up 17.7% year-on-year, to 1.273 M t.

Russia's imports of tomatoes and cucumbers in 2019 were down 6.2%, to 658,000 t.

GROSS VEGETABLE HARVEST IN PROTECTED-GROUND GREENHOUSES



SOURCE: UISIS

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: UISIS.

³ Source: RusAgroTrans.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

In 2019, Steppe demonstrated growth across all key business segments, particularly in crop and dairy farming and fruit growing.

In March 2020, the company expanded its land bank under management to 527,000 ha by acquiring the Rodnaya Zemlya farm (30,300 ha) and leasing land (80,500 ha) from the Zerno Don group in Rostov Region.

CROP FARMING

As of the end of 2019, Steppe's land bank totalled 416,000 ha, up from 401,000 ha at the end of 2018, mostly due to the acquisition of an 11,000 ha farm in Stavropol Region in the first half of the year.

The yields of most of the company's crops were under pressure in 2019 due to challenging weather conditions observed in Russia's grain-producing regions in the ripening season. Steppe managed to largely offset the negative effect of climatic factors through increased operating efficiency, greater fleet of technological machinery and equipment in crop farming, innovative tech solutions, and digitalisation of the company's main business processes.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE GROWING

In 2019, the gross harvest of apples totalled 30,700 tonnes, up 65.8% from 2018, representing an all-time high for the fruit growing segment.

Further development of the fruit and vegetable growing segments will involve intensive farming technologies, sales optimisations and brand strengthening.

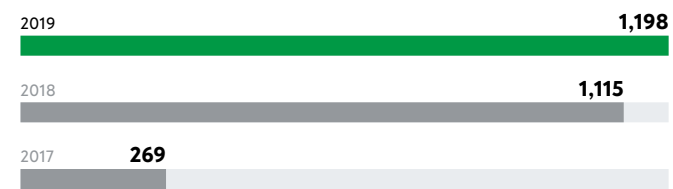
GRAIN TRADING AND LOGISTICS

Steppe's grain exports reached 1.22 M t in the 2018–2019 crop year and 0.957 M t in the first half of the 2019–2020 crop year, placing the company among Russia's 8 largest grain producers.

At the end of the calendar year 2019, total grain exports reached 1.198 M t.

STEPPE AGROHOLDING'S GRAIN EXPORTS

thsd t



SOURCE: UISIS

DAIRY FARMING

The dairy farming segment remains a driver of Steppe's business growth in terms of both business diversification and vertical integration.

The company's milk cow headcount reached 5,850 as of the end of 2019, up 22.9% year-on-year. The total milk production in 2019 was up 21.9% year-on-year, to 57,000 t, with a per-cow milk yield of 11,100 litres a year.

The segment's further development will be driven both by the commissioning of new farms and by operational improvements such as enhancement of cows' genetic potential and use of latest technologies and accumulated know-how.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

31 ^{+28.5% 2018/19}
BN
RUB

STEPPE AGROHOLDING'S
REVENUE IN 2019

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

STEPPE AGROHOLDING: PRODUCTION

INDICATOR, thsd t	2019	2018	CHANGE
Gross harvest (crop farming)	945.0	814.1	16.1%
Milk production	56.9	46.7	21.9%
Vegetable harvest, including	41.3	46.3	(10.8%)
Tomatoes	21.4	25.1	(14.8%)
Cucumbers	19.9	21.2	(6.0%)
Gross apple harvest	30.7	18.5	65.8%

STEPPE AGROHOLDING'S GROSS HARVEST (RZ AGRO INCLUDED)

CROP, thsd t	2019	2018	CHANGE
Beetroot	368.5	251.8	46.3%
Wheat	707.7	685.9	3.2%
Corn	46.9	40.1	16.8%
Winter barley	22.0	25.0	(11.8%)
Sunflower	57.5	49.4	16.4%
Other	117.5	102.4	14.8%
TOTAL	1,320.0	1,154.6	14.3%

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

INDICATOR, M RUB	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	31,044	24,161	28.5%
OIBDA	4,103	4,909	(16.4%)
Operating income	2,283	3,261	(30.0%)
Net profit / (loss) attributable to Sistema	(584)	1,095	(153.3%)

Steppe's 2019 revenue was up 28.5% year-on-year, to RUB 31.0 bn. The growth came on the back of rising exports of both traditional and niche crops, strong performance of the dairy farming segment and intensive development of sugar and grocery trading.

The 2019 OIBDA equalled RUB 4.1 bn, down 16.4% year-on-year due to a global slump in grain prices and a negative effect of biological assets revaluation, a trend that was partially mitigated by the enhancement of operating efficiency in the key business segments.

In 2019, Steppe's CapEx totalled RUB 1.9 bn. Most of the amount went towards the construction of dairy farms, gradual acquisition of land parcels for expansion purposes, development of the logistics infrastructure and new equipment and machinery purchases.

OZON

OZON

42.999%

SISTEMA GROUP'S STAKE



Alexander Shulgin
CEO

Ozon is a diversified online platform for millions of consumers, which includes a leading Russian multi category online retailer (OZON online store), Ozon.Travel online travel agency, LitRes e-library and various financial services for customers and partners. The company ranks first by GMV¹ among multi-category online stores in Russia and is a leader in terms of SKUs, online traffic and brand awareness.

No. 1
MULTI-CATEGORY ONLINE
RETAILER IN RUSSIA

No. 1
BRAND BY AWARENESS

93%
GMV GROWTH
in 2019

**80.7 BN
RUB**
GMV (INCL. VAT)
in 2019

32.3 M
ORDERS DELIVERED
in 2019

>5 M
UNIQUE SKUS

6.5 THSD
MARKETPLACE
PARTNERS

>38 M
UNIQUE VISITORS OF THE
ONLINE PLATFORM
in December 2019

40%
OF POPULATION HAVE ACCESS
TO NEXT-DAY DELIVERY



ozon.ru

1 GMV stands for Gross Merchandise Value, i.e. turnover excluding returns.

BUSINESS MODEL

TECHNOLOGIES

LOGISTICS

OZON

- ACTIVE DEVELOPMENT OF THE MARKETPLACE
- BROAD MULTI-CATEGORY PRODUCT MIX
- No. 1 BRAND IN RUSSIAN E-COMMERCE
- COMPREHENSIVE DELIVERY NETWORK
- MOBILE FIRST APPROACH

20%
of the company's total
turnover is attributable
to marketplace

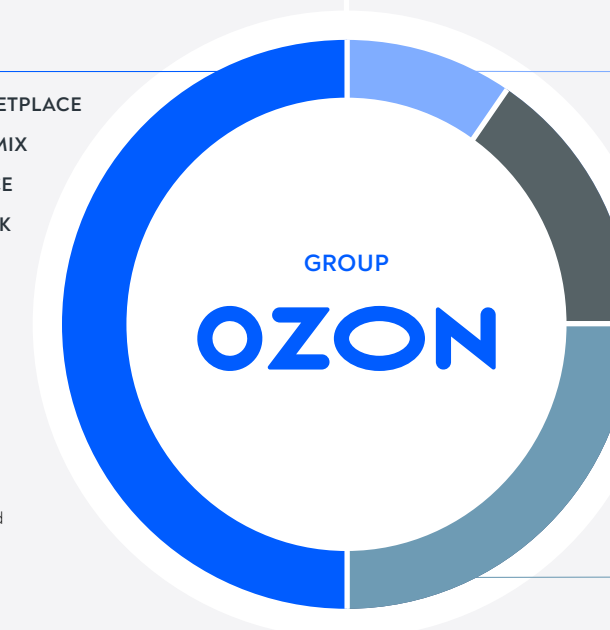
>5 M
unique SKUs

200 THSD SQ M
warehouse space,
+2 growth compared
to 2018

65%
unaided brand
awareness

16.7 THSD
700 order pick-up
locations

>60%
of orders
in the mobile app



FINANCIAL SERVICES

- CROWDLENDING PLATFORM
- LOAN BROKER

ЛитРес:

- No. 1 DIGITAL PLATFORM IN THE BOOK MARKET
60%+ share of the e-book market
- A WIDE RANGE OF E-BOOKS AND AUDIOBOOKS
+300 thsd e-books

OZON TRAVEL

- THE LARGEST ONLINE TRAVEL AGENCY IN RUSSIA
- LARGE CUSTOMER BASE
+780 thsd unique clients in 2019

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019²

In 2019, Russia's total e-commerce market, including domestic and cross-border trade, maintained a high growth rate of ~21% year-on-year and exceeded RUB 1.5 tn³

At the same time, the domestic e-commerce market grew by 25% and reached RUB 1 tn³. Despite rapid growth, e-commerce penetration in Russia still lags behind most countries (6.4% in 2019 compared with 22% in the UK, 11% in the US and 37% in China⁴), which indicates a significant potential for further growth of the Russian market. Russia is Europe's largest market in terms of the Internet audience (93 M users) with Internet penetration of 81%⁵. According to analysts, e-commerce penetration in Russia could reach 9.5% by 2022, which corresponds to a market size of RUB 3.8 tn with a compound annual growth rate of 23%⁶.

Legislative changes in Russia also contribute to the development of the domestic e-commerce market and the strengthening of local players compared to their foreign competitors. On 1 January 2020, the threshold for duty-free imports of parcels was reduced from EUR 500 per month to EUR 200 per parcel, with the duty rate reduced from 30% to 15%. In the future, the threshold for duty-free imports will be gradually reduced to EUR 20⁷, which can lead to a significant decrease in the growth rate of orders in foreign

stores. It is expected that as a result of the proposed legislative changes the share of cross border e-commerce will decrease from 31% to 20% by 2022, and large Russian market players will benefit the most.

Developed e-commerce markets have a significantly higher level of consolidation, with Top-2 players controlling more than two-thirds of the market (as in China, the US and India). The main consolidators will be the largest fast-growing multi-category marketplaces. Active investments in the logistics infrastructure, expansion of own product mix, development of the marketplace and competitive prices will allow Ozon to strengthen its leading positions in the market.

2 All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.

3 VAT exclusive. Source: company's estimates.

4 Source: JP Morgan.

5 Source: Data Insight, E-commerce in Russia 2019.

6 Excluding structural changes of the market amid coronavirus outbreak. Source: Sberbank CIB.

7 This duty threshold will become effective from 2022.

8 Source: Data Insight and company's estimates.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

80.7 ^{+93% 2018/19}
BN
RUB

OZON'S TURNOVER (GMV)

in 2019

In 2019, Ozon's turnover (GMV) grew by record-high 93% year-on-year to RUB 80.7 bn (VAT inclusive). The number of delivered orders increased 2.1 times over the year to 32.3 M.

In 2019, Ozon's priority areas in implementing its strategy aimed at business growth acceleration were expanding the product mix while maintaining competitive prices, developing logistics and improving service quality for both customers and partner companies (including through introduction of innovative products and services).

The company focused on the expansion of its product mix as one of the most important factors in e-commerce growth. Over 2019, the number of SKUs increased threefold to 5 M SKUs. The main growth driver was the development of the marketplace: its share in Ozon online store's turnover increased from 5% in January 2019 to 30% by the end of the year, and in March 2020 about 70% of Ozon's product mix was formed by its marketplace partners. At the end of 2019, about 6,500 partners had active sales on Ozon, with about 15,000 in the process of registration.

Another important driver of GMV growth was the increase in the frequency of purchases and the average transaction value (ATV). The launch of Ozon Premium subscription service significantly contributed to performance improvement, and accounted for 20% of deliveries in 2019. The ATV per Ozon Premium user was several times higher than ATV per ordinary user, with one order averaging 6–7 items.

Ozon's investment programme in 2019 was aimed primarily at developing the logistics infrastructure, including doubling the area of fulfilment centres (to ~200,000 sq m) and expanding last-mile delivery infrastructure. At the end of 2019, the company had the largest network of parcel lockers in Russia with 6,900 own automated lockers. Ozon's total network, including own and partner lockers and order pick-up points, grew threefold over the year to 16,700 locations. The share of automated pick-up points reached 23% of the total volume of Ozon's deliveries in 2019.

Ozon actively develops projects that are complementary to its core business and are aimed at increasing the loyalty of both customers and business partners. The following projects were launched in 2019:

- **Ozon Premium**, a subscription service for regular customers that helps save on delivery and receive additional bonuses. Subscribers made 6.2 M orders in 2019.
- **A bank card** with higher cashback.
- **Ozon.Invest**, a crowdfundering platform where Ozon's partner companies can raise funding from individuals.
- **A logistics marketplace**, i.e. a programme to develop a network of partner-operated pick-up points and parcel lockers, as well as partner-enabled courier delivery.

INCREASING SISTEMA GROUP'S STAKE IN OZON

Sistema consistently increased its equity holding in Ozon Holdings Limited throughout 2019 by acquiring its shares from other shareholders (including an 18.7% stake from MTS) and making additional direct investments in the company. In December 2019, loans issued by the Corporation during 2019 were converted into Ozon's equity. As of 31 March 2020, Sistema Group's total shareholding in the company was 42.999%.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

Ozon's strategic goal is to transform the company into a full-fledged online platform while maintaining high business growth rates. A key element of the company's strategy is increasing the availability of e-commerce for residents of small towns where the selection of goods and affordability are limited.

In 2020, Ozon will focus on further development of its logistics infrastructure and expansion of the product mix (including through the development of its marketplace), increased offering of funding programmes for partners and customers, launch and development of new products for partners (advertising platform and analytical tools, logistics marketplace, Ozon.Invest, etc).



alium

ALIUM

24.9%¹

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Andrey Belashov²
CEO



Dmitry Zubov
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Alium Group is a vertically integrated full-cycle pharmaceutical company that develops and manufactures drugs, sells them to distributors and pharmacy chains and actively promotes them in the market.

Alium was established in 2019 through the merger of two pharma assets owned by Sistema, OBL Pharm and Binnopharm (a 100% subsidiary of OBL Pharm from September 2019).

>200

MARKET AUTHORISATIONS FOR DRUGS

12

NEW DRUGS BROUGHT TO MARKET in 2019

>50

DRUGS UNDER DEVELOPMENT/AWAITING REGISTRATION

~55%

OF THE PORTFOLIO'S REVENUE COMES FROM OTC DRUGS

~90%

OF REVENUE COMES FROM THE COMMERCIAL SEGMENT



obolensk.ru

¹ As of 31 December 2019 – 26.3%.
² As of 31 December 2019 – Andrey Mladentsev.

BUSINESS MODEL



Research and development

Alium owns two R&D centres for development of aerosols, injections, liquid and solid dosage forms.

The aggregate area of the R&D facilities exceeds 1,000 sq m. They employ over 50 highly qualified specialists with previous experience at large R&D and test labs. Alium's R&D capacity allows for development of over 30 new drugs per year.



Manufacturing

Alium's production facilities are four pharma plants manufacturing quality medications in compliance with Russian GMP standards.

The maximum annual output is 3 bn tablets, 160 M capsules and 20 M sachets. In addition to solid dosage forms, Alium produces ampoules, syringes, solutions, aerosols and suppositories.



Promotion

Alium's key advantage is its efficient promotion system that includes active media advertising, a pool of field representatives, competences in medical promotion and a division working with online retailers.



Product portfolio

Alium holds market authorisations for over 200³ drugs with a focus on the following medical areas: gastroenterology, cardiovascular diseases, respiratory diseases, infectious diseases and neurology.



³ The best-selling drugs are Venarus (No. 2 among vein tonics in 2019), Maxilac (a probiotic ranking No. 4 among nutritional supplements in 2019), Neobutin (No. 4 among antispasmodic drugs for gastrointestinal system) and Reslip (No. 2 among medications for sleep disorders).

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

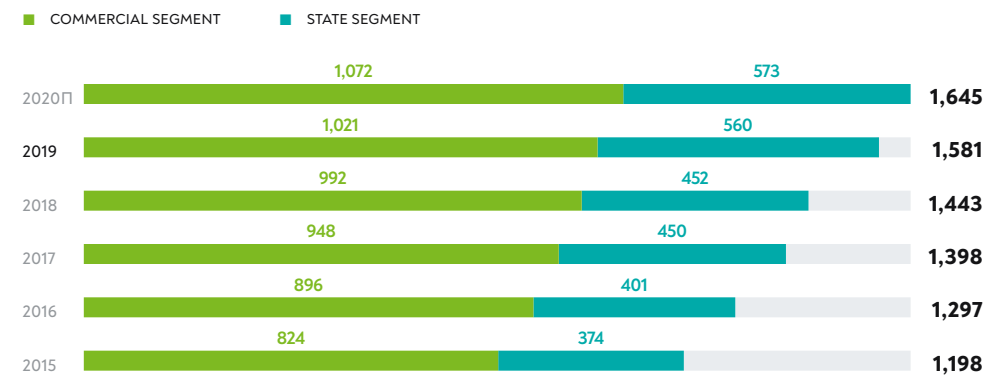
In 2019, the Russian drugs segment demonstrated growth of 9,6%². In 2020, the commercial segment of the pharma market is expected to grow by 5,0%. The share of generics in drug consumption continues to increase due to lower prices as compared to original medications and the declining purchasing power of the Russian population. The share of generics was 62.5% in monetary terms in 2019, up 1.1 p.p. year-on-year. The share of imported drugs fell by 1.2 p.p. in 2019 to 71.5% in monetary terms.

In 2020, a number of legislative initiatives were expected to take effect that would strongly impact the Russian pharma market:

1. Mandatory tags for medications are expected to be introduced from 1 July 2020 to oust low-quality and illegal products from the market and protect end consumers.
2. In 2020, all previously registered maximum selling prices for vital and essential medications are expected to be re-registered. Corresponding amendments to the Federal Law "On Circulation of Medicines" were adopted in May 2019. The re-registration procedure was developed by the Healthcare Ministry and approved by a Government resolution.
3. In summer 2020, pharmacies with suitable licences are expected to be able to sell OTC drugs and nutritional supplements online, provided the products are registered in Russia and have been checked by the Federal Service for Consumer Rights Protection.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE RUSSIAN DRUGS MARKET

bn RUB



SOURCE: DSM (PRELIMINARY DATA).

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

In 2020, the company plans to launch over 30 new commercial drugs. Sales growth will be ensured by an active promotion programme, which includes raising awareness of the medical community, work with pharmacy chains and advertising campaigns for OTC drugs.

The main strategic focus areas for 2020 are:

- Intensive development of online sales;
- Establishment of a business unit for export sales;
- Development of medical promotion both at public clinics and private healthcare centres;
- Manufacturing of private labels for pharmacy chains.

Alium's strategy also envisages inorganic growth, such as acquisition of rights for promising medications in target and adjacent areas, with subsequent investment in their promotion in order to create leaders in respective categories.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

The integration of OBL Pharm and Binnopharm was a business development milestone in 2019, as it created a large pharmaceutical player under the Alium brand, No. 9 by sales volume in monetary terms among Russian companies in the commercial segment based on 2019 results. As a result of the integration, Sistema's effective stake in Alium increased from 12.8% to 24.9%.

The integration resulted in the companies' merger of their sales services, transfer of sales to a single contract, streamlining of their manufacturing and R&D activities and changes in top management.

Sales of Alium's drugs demonstrated substantial growth in 2019 compared to 2018:

KEY DRUGS OF THE GROUP	NEW HIGH-POTENTIAL DRUGS
Neobutin: 93.5%	Elmucin: 323.9%
Reslip: 49.0%	Primaxetine: 200.3%
Maxilac: 20.3%	Inspirax: 165.1%
Venarus: 11.5%	Dexonal: 122.8%

In 2019, Alium launched 12 new drugs, including Sustaflex®, a nutritional supplement for improving joint mobility, Cidocan®, a nootropic prescription drug, and Gastrostat®, a gastroprotective medication.

ACQUISITION OF OBL PHARM

At the end of 2018, a consortium of investors consisting of Sistema, VTB and the management of OBL Pharm acquired a 95.14% stake in OBL Pharm from Alvansa Ltd, whose main shareholders are Gazprombank and UFG Private Equity.

In July 2019, the Russian Direct Investment Fund (RDIF), the Russia-China Investment Fund (RCIF) and major Middle Eastern funds became Alium's shareholders, having invested over RUB 4 bn. Following the transaction, the effective shareholding of the consortium of investors in OBL Pharm was 28%, that of VTB was 46%, and that of Sistema was 13%.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

INDICATOR, M RUB ³	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	7,568	6,863	10.3%
OIBDA	1,877	2,134	(12.1%)
Operating income	1,401	1,891	(25.9%)
Net profit	748	1,544	(51.6%)

7.6 BN RUB
+10.3% 2018/19

ALIUM'S REVENUE IN 2019

Revenue in 2019 grew year-on-year by 10.3% to RUB 7.6 bn due to growth in sales of promoted products (Maxilac, Neobutin). In addition, Alium's results were affected by the consolidation of Binnopharm's results starting from 1 September 2019. A decrease in OIBDA by 12.1% year-on-year to RUB 1.9 bn in 2019 was due to increased expenses for the promotion of new products.

Net profit decreased to RUB 0.7 bn in 2019 as a result of OIBDA dynamics, higher depreciation charges associated with the commissioning of a new factory in February 2019, new debt taken on for OBL Pharm's share buy-out in December 2018, and due to decision to no longer capitalise loan interest in 2019.

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: DSM.

³ Management accounts. The results of Binnopharm are consolidated in the financial statements of OBL Pharm for 2019 starting from 1 September 2019. Figures for 2018 are shown on a stand-alone basis from OBL Pharm accounts. The results of OBL Pharm and Binnopharm are not consolidated in the financial statements of Sistema PJSC. The table shows 100% of net profit.



SINTEZ

46.5%¹

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Sergey Klykov
CEO



Dmitry Zubov
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sintez is a major Russian pharmaceutical company located in Kurgan.

Biocom is a subsidiary of Sintez located in Stavropol and specialising in generics.

300

DRUGS IN THE PORTFOLIO OF SINTEZ AND BIOCOM

>30

DRUGS IN DEVELOPMENT

35%

OF PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED FROM OWN SUBSTANCES

TOP-10

RUSSIAN DRUG MANUFACTURER²

No. 1

IN THE RUSSIAN ANTIBIOTICS MARKET BY PRODUCTION OUTPUT



ksintez.ru

¹ Joint shareholding with a financial partner.
² Source: DSM.

BUSINESS MODEL

Sintez is one of Russia's largest pharma companies, located in Kurgan. It is one of the region's largest taxpayers and employers with over 3,000 people.

Sintez's three R&D laboratories develop 10–15 medications per year. The company's production facilities meet the Russian GMP standards and include 7 production facilities and 28 production lines for manufacturing 15 dosage forms, including tablets, capsules, powders, drops, sprays, suspensions, solutions, ointments, gels and creams. In addition to ready-to-use drugs, Sintez produces active pharmaceutical substances through chemical synthesis and extraction from biological and animal sources. The substances are also used for Sintez's own manufacturing process.

Sintez's subsidiary Biocom is a manufacturer of high-quality generics. Its plant in Stavropol meets the European GMP standards.

At present, the diversified product portfolio of Sintez and Biocom comprises about 300 drugs for major medical areas: infectious diseases, respiratory diseases, neurology, locomotor system diseases, dermatology and cardiology.

ACQUISITION OF SINTEZ AND BIOCOM FROM MARATHON GROUP

In August 2019, Sistema and a financial partner acquired 46.5% in Sintez and 75.1% in Biocom from Marathon Group for RUB 11.8 bn. Sintez and Biocom, which have complementary product portfolios, have long been cooperating in sales and are under common management.

The goal of the transaction was to secure Sistema's foothold in the commercial and hospital segments of the Russian pharma market. At the next stage of consolidation of Sistema's pharma assets, Sintez and Biocom may be integrated with Alium. Once the consolidation is complete, the merged company could become a Top-3 Russian pharmaceutical company. The merged company's product portfolio will comprise over 500 drugs produced at 6 pharmaceutical facilities in Moscow, Moscow Region, Kurgan and Stavropol.

Potential synergies of the consolidation include stronger R&D competences, forming of a balanced product portfolio with significant commercial potential, stronger negotiating positions and savings on administrative costs.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

INDICATOR, M RUB ³	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	9,171	7,411	23.7%
OIBDA	1,838	1,535	19.7%
Operating income	1,420	1,213	17.1%
Net profit	824	953	(13.4%)

9.1 BN RUB

SINTEZ'S REVENUE IN 2019

Revenue grew by 23.7% year-on-year to RUB 9.2 bn due to growth in retail sales as well as launch of promotion system in pharmacies and pharmacy chains, and increase in export (with Uzbekistan, Kyrgyzstan and Turkmenistan as main export destinations). In addition, revenue growth was influenced by the consolidation of Biocom.

OIBDA in 2019 showed a 19.7% growth year-on-year to RUB 1.8 bn following revenue dynamics and as a result of effective cost controls.

Net profit decreased to RUB 0.8 bn by 13.4% year-on-year, primarily due to increased interest credit payments resulting from taking out a loan to purchase shares of Biocom.

³ Management accounts. The results of Biocom are consolidated in the financial statements of Sintez for 2019 starting from August 2019. Figures for 2018 are shown on a stand-alone basis from Sintez accounts. The results of Sintez are not consolidated in the financial statements of Sistema PJSC. The table shows 100% of net profit.



BUSINESS NEDVIZHIMOST

100%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Yuri Yakovchik
CEO



Sergei Egorov
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Business Nedvizhimost Group is one of the largest real estate owners in Moscow.

331.2 THSD SQ M
TOTAL AREA OF LEASED OUT PROPERTIES

88%
OF LEASED PROPERTIES ARE COMMERCIAL

+63%
GROWTH OF LEASED-OUT COMMERCIAL PROPERTIES
in 2019

127.2 THSD SQ M
SOLD PROPERTIES
in 2019

187
COTTAGES IN MOSCOW AND MOSCOW REGION
at the end of 2019

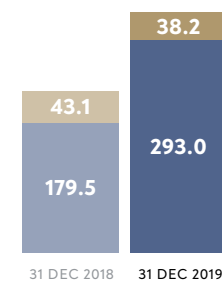
147
LAND PLOTS
at the end of 2019

At the end of 2019, the Group comprised over 15 legal entities with a broad pool of properties: mansions, offices and shopping spaces, C class buildings, production and warehouse facilities, cottage estates within Moscow and land plots in Moscow Region. The properties are leased out, while several properties and land plots have been put up for sale. JSC Business Nedvizhimost also offers services in professional real estate management.

LEASED OUT PROPERTIES

thsd sq m

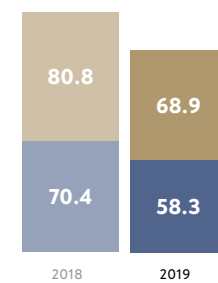
- COUNTRYSIDE PROPERTIES
- COMMERCIAL PROPERTIES



REAL ESTATE SALES

thsd sq m

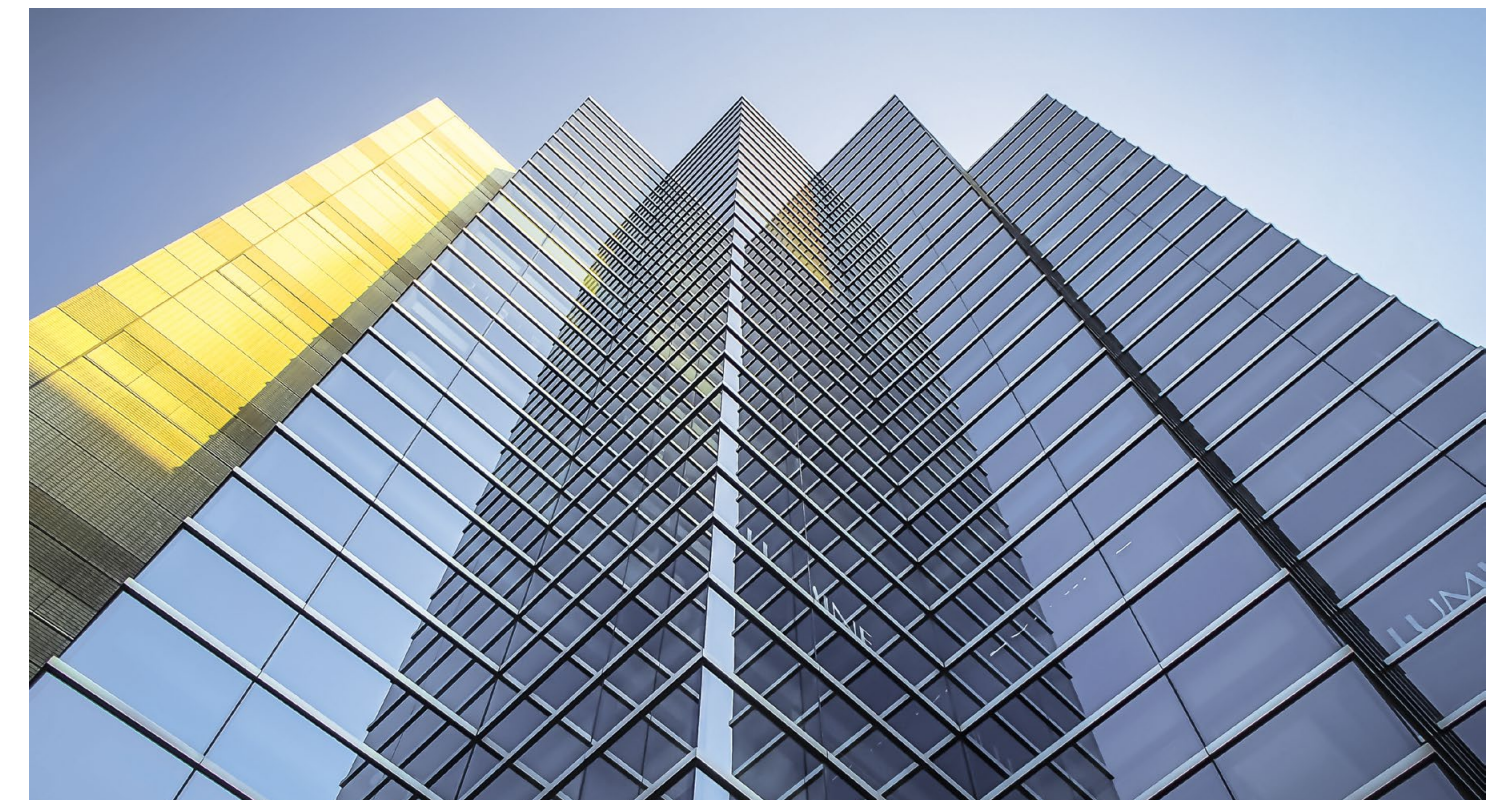
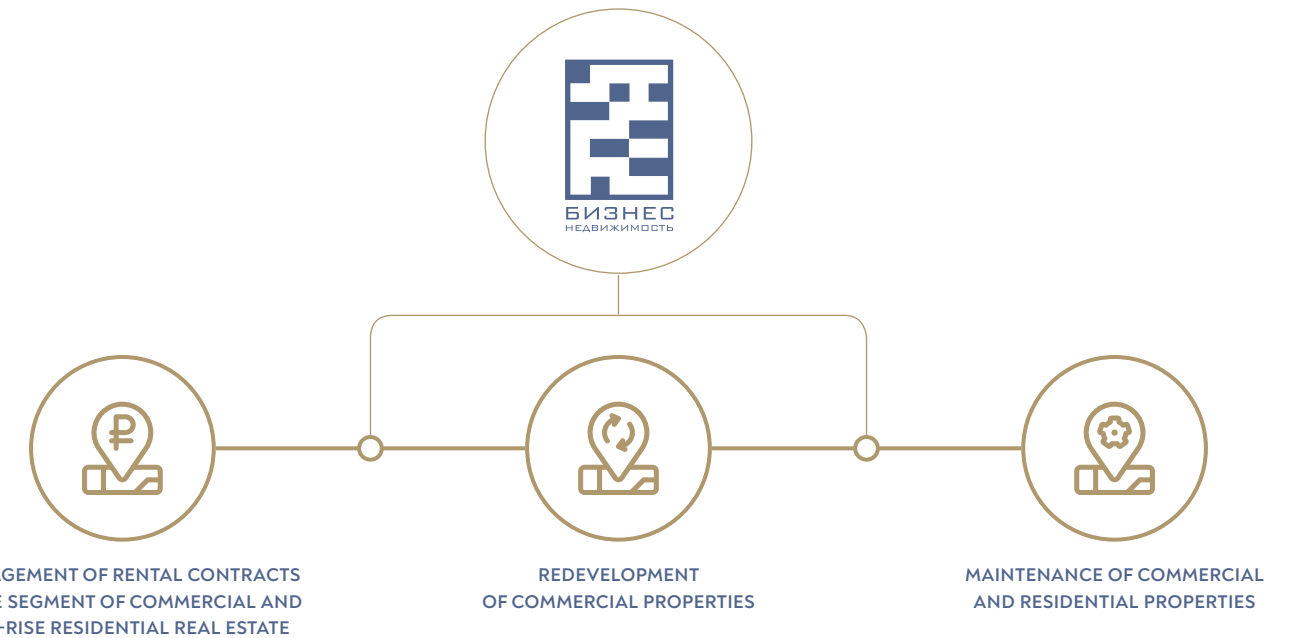
- LAND PLOTS
- COMMERCIAL PROPERTIES



sistema-bn.ru

BUSINESS MODEL

Business Nedvizhimost's business model is focused on three key areas interlinked within the value creation chain in the commercial segment: the value created through redevelopment is subsequently monetised by leasing the properties, accounting for optimal maintenance plans for each asset.



INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

The area of new office properties commissioned in 2019 was 386,000 sq m, with nearly half commissioned in Q4. The majority of new offices are located outside the Central administrative district of Moscow. The commissioned area remained flat year-on-year. The average annual commissioning rate was similar to that in 2018.

The majority of commissioned offices pertain to B and B+ class, with only one class A property. The size of the quality offices market reached 21 M sq m, where 60% belong to class B and B+.

Net absorption of offices (the difference between leased and vacated properties) exceeded commissioning of new properties by almost 50%. The area of newly leased properties was 2.0 M sq m in 2019, up 10% from 2018.

The volume of new deals (1.7 M sq m) was above the level of the pre-crisis 2007 for the second successive year, and a steady growth continued since 2015. A significant volume of deals was related to big rental contracts (from 5,000 sq m), with the majority signed with banks, IT companies and telecoms. The demand peaked in Q4, due to existing agreements being linked to the financial year and large companies planning their operations ahead for the next 3 to 5 years.

In 2018–2019, there was an observable new trend towards positive absorption of all quality properties due tenants considering office premises with an account for a potential headcount increase by 25% in the near future. Additional demand encouraged developers to commission properties that were frozen earlier. As the absorption rate increased, new office projects were launched, due for commissioning in 2021–2022.

Growth in the real estate market was also driven by co-working spaces that demonstrated a 25% increase year-on-year, accounting for a significant share of office absorption. The market received a strong impetus from WeWork, a US co-working chain, which entered the market by concluding five rental deals with large Moscow business centres.

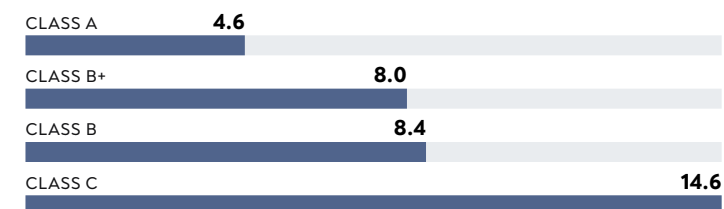
The weighted average requested rent rate for class A buildings (net of A Premium) was RUB 27,600 per sq m per year at the end of 2019. The rates for class B+ and B were RUB 16,900 and RUB 14,500, respectively².

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

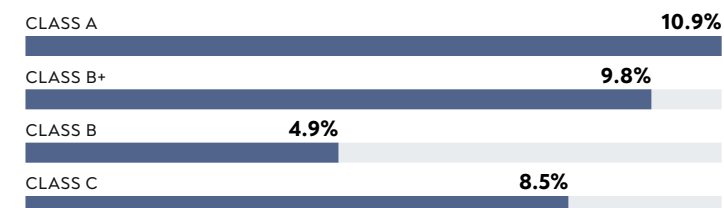
The company's real estate portfolio grew significantly in 2019 due to acquisition of former ATS buildings with an aggregate area of 220,000 sq m from MGTS. The company now owns Moscow's largest distributed chain of commercial properties (over 80 buildings). All buildings are leased out, with MGTS being the anchor tenant of the new properties.

In 2019, the company continued a large-scale renovation of its rental assets in Serebryany Bor, which had begun in 2017 and will be completed in 2020. Under the programme, leased residential buildings and infrastructure facilities have been remodelled and repaired, which contributed to 8 additional houses being leased in 2019.

AGGREGATE SIZE OF THE OFFICE PREMISES MARKET AT THE END OF 2019, thsd sq m



CHANGE IN RATE OF VACANT PREMISES AT THE END OF 2019



SOURCE: ILM, SWISS APPRISAL, CUSHMAN&WAKEFIELD.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

Business Nedvizhimost's development strategy adopted in 2019 focuses on in-depth redevelopment of certain assets in order to enhance their quality and significantly raise rental rates. One redevelopment option is multi-purpose centres that accommodate traditional offices, co-working and shopping spaces, as well as serviced apartments.

The renovation programme is divided into several stages and is designed to run until 2024.

In addition to renovation of own properties, the company plans to purchase assets off the market for in-depth redevelopment, including joint redevelopment with external partners.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

7.1 ^{-9.9% 2018/19}
BN
RUB

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

OBJECTS	31 DECEMBER 2019		31 DECEMBER 2018	
	NUMBER	AREA, thsd sq m	NUMBER	AREA, thsd sq m
Office buildings				
total	98	441	67	265
incl. vacant	11	10	7	8
Cottages in Moscow and Moscow Region				
total	187	64	202	62
incl. vacant	62	11	85	16
Land plots	147	1,040	209	1,134

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

INDICATOR, M RUB ³	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	7,105	7,886	(9.9%)
Adj. OIBDA	4,495	4,598	(2.2%)
Operating income	4,014	4,184	(4.1%)
Adj. net profit attributable to Sistema	3,332	3,147	5.9%

Revenue from rental assets declined by 9.9% to RUB 7.1 bn. Negative dynamics year-on-year were due to decrease in sales volumes of land plots in Moscow Region and commercial real estate as the company has completed optimization of its real estate portfolio.

In 2019, adjusted OIBDA decreased slightly, 2.2% year-on-year, amounting to RUB 4.5 billion. Adjusted OIBDA margin grew by 5 p.p. year-on-year to 63.3% in 2019.

Adjusted net profit of Business Nedvizhimost in 2019 increased by 5.9% year-on-year to RUB 3.3 billion.



³ Management accounts.

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: ILM.



COSMOS HOTEL GROUP

100%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Alexander Shvein
PRESIDENT



Leonid Monosov
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Cosmos Hotel Group is one of Russia's leading hotel management companies providing a full range of hotel development services from project consulting and preparing hotels for opening to cost cutting and increasing asset capitalisation.

Cosmos Hotel Group manages 4,122 rooms in 3–5 star hotels located in tourist and business centres. Assets under management include city business hotels and luxury resorts in Russia, Italy, Namibia and the Czech Republic.

4,122

ROOMS UNDER MANAGEMENT at the end of 2019

19

HOTELS UNDER MANAGEMENT at the end of 2019

1.5 млн

VISITORS AT HOTELS MANAGED BY COSMOS HOTEL GROUP in 2019

2,390 RUB

AVERAGE REVPAR¹ GENERATED BY THE HOTELS OF COSMOS HOTEL GROUP in 2019

66.6%

AVERAGE OCCUPANCY RATE AT THE HOTELS OF COSMOS HOTEL GROUP in 2019

21.8%

OF COSMOS HOTEL GROUP'S REVENUE GENERATED BY HOTELS OUTSIDE RUSSIA in 2019



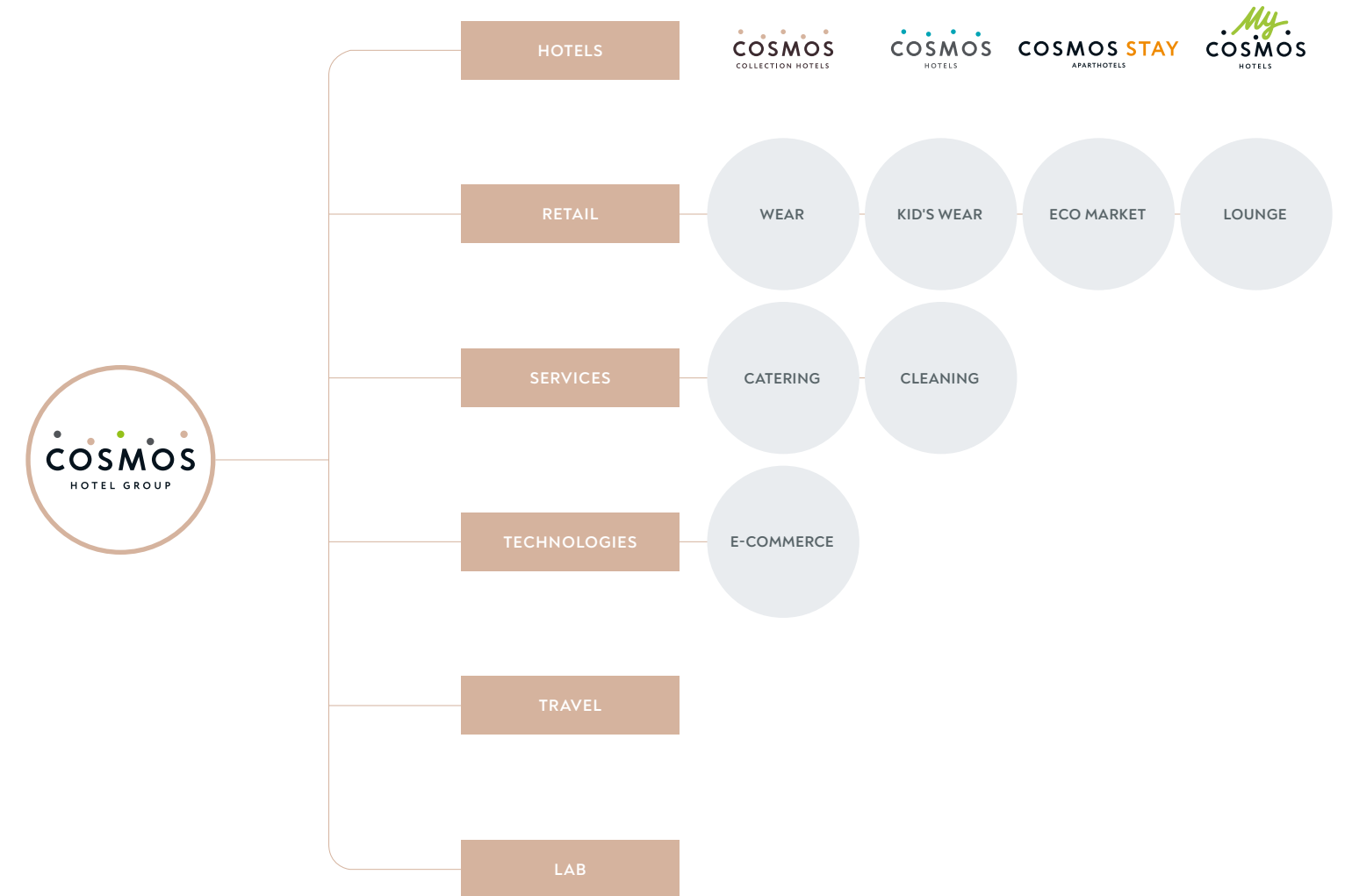
cosmosgroup.ru

¹ RevPAR stands for revenue per available room per day.

BUSINESS MODEL

Cosmos Hotel Group provides a broad range of services, from hotel concept development and design and construction support to brand selection and hotel management.

Cosmos Hotel Group specialises in managing existing hotels, including implementation of service standards, introduction of quality assurance systems, recruitment, training and regular assessment of personnel, administrative and business operations, adoption of security standards, improvement of sales, income management and centralised procurement systems, as well as providing other highly skilled services in the hospitality segment.



BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

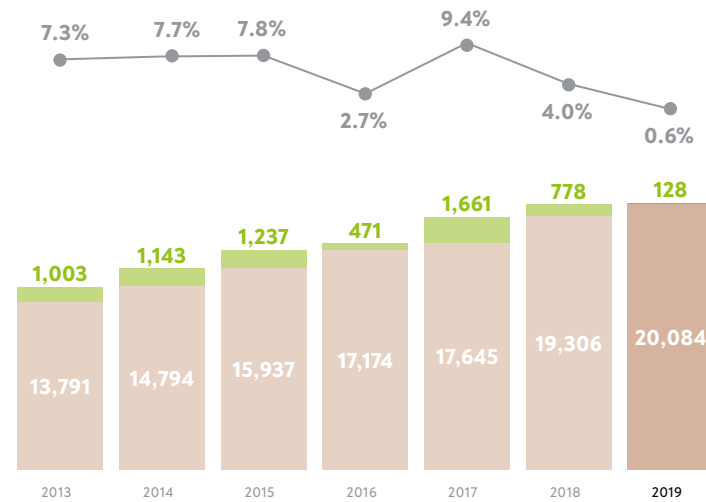
The development strategy of Cosmos Hotel Group is aimed at increasing its market share by expanding accommodation supply in Moscow, St. Petersburg and the largest regional economic hubs. The main focus of the business is development of 3–4 star business hotels. Most of Cosmos Hotel Group's hotels are located in Russia's regions with the highest demand for hotel accommodation in this price segment.

In 2020, Cosmos Hotel Group expects to complete the rebranding of its luxury hotels Altay Resort and Izumrudny Les under the Cosmos Collection brand. The rebranding programme will also cover Cosmos and Intourist Kolomenskoye, which will operate under the Cosmos Hotel brand. In 2020, Cosmos Hotel Group will launch its first serviced apartment property under the Cosmos Stay brand and re-open the Leopard Lodge safari hotel after renovation.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

CHANGES IN HOTEL CAPACITY IN MOSCOW

- GROWTH
- NUMBER OF NEW ROOMS OVER THE YEAR
- NUMBER OF ROOMS AVAILABLE AT THE START OF THE YEAR



In 2019, a 128-room international brand hotel Holiday Inn Express Baumanskaya was opened in Moscow. After a period of considerable growth in 2017–2018, quality demand for rooms in international brand hotels increased by less than 1.0% in 2019²

The average occupancy rate of Moscow hotels in 2019 was 78%, which is 3 p.p. higher than in 2018.

Hotel accommodation prices increased by 2.9% in 2019 compared to 2017. The luxury segment enjoyed the highest growth in room prices (7.9%) due to a unique value proposition and attractive location.

All hotel segments saw substantial growth in revenues compared to 2017 (10.4%) on the back of higher occupancy rates, while the main growth driver in the luxury segment was the average price per room.

The competition in Russia's hotel chains segment was low. Russian hotel chains control about 40% of quality 3–5 star hotel capacity in Russia.

Competition was still high in Moscow's hospitality market, especially in the segment of budget tourist groups. The hotels of Cosmos Hotel Group have a competitive advantage in the market due to their diversified product offering, distribution channels and efficient business processes. Cosmos Hotel Group accounts for more than 5% of the hotel capacity in the midscale segment in Moscow, which is one of its key competitive advantages as it enables the company to regulate prices through supply volumes.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

In 2019, Cosmos Hotel Group continued successful integration of the Regional Hotel Chain (RHC) acquired in 2016. The revenue of RHC assets increased by 5.1% in 2019 compared to 2017 as a result of the RHC consolidation and the increased operational efficiency of Cosmos Hotel Group.

In 2019, Cosmos Hotel Group launched comprehensive renovation of its flagship asset, Cosmos hotel. The renovation project will be implemented in two stages. The first stage, which is expected to be completed in 2020, will see renovation of the main restaurant's kitchen and replacement of lifts. The second stage (2020–2023) envisages a complete overhaul of hotel rooms, including replacement of utility systems. All repair works at the property will be performed without suspending operations.

In 2019, Altay Resort opened a new 60-room hotel building. Izumrudny Les launched a new wellness centre featuring a 25-metre swimming pool, a congress hall with multi-functional rooms of various sizes and 10 additional duplex cottages with the total accommodation capacity of 20 rooms.

In 2019, Cosmos Hotel Group continued the rebranding of its hotels in Russia with the exception of Holiday Inn Express and Park Inn, which are still operating under international brands. In 2018, the company opened Cosmos Petrozavodsk, the first hotel operating under the Cosmos brand.

Izumrudny Les received the national hospitality award as the best countryside hotel in 2019. Izumrudny Les also won the "Best hospitality company in Moscow Region" award in the category "Eco hotel of the year".

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

5 BN RUB ^{-5% 2018/19}

COSMOS HOTEL GROUP'S HOTEL ASSETS' REVENUE IN 2019

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

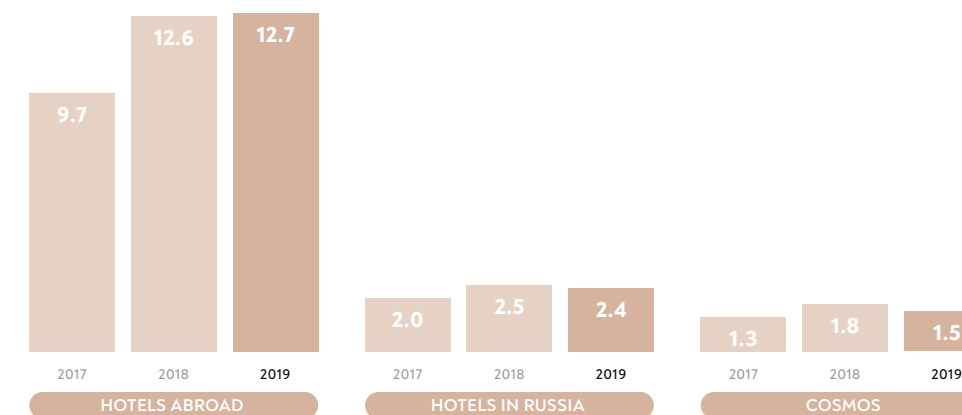
INDICATOR ⁴	2019	2018	2017	2018/19
RevPAR, RUB	2,390	2,564	1,977	(6.8%)
<i>Hotels in Russia</i>	1,980	2,164	1,640	(8.5%)
<i>Hotels abroad</i>	12,749	12,640	9,734	0.9%
Occupancy rate,	66.6%	64.4%	56.8%	2.2p.p.
<i>Hotels in Russia</i>	66.7%	64.5%	57.0%	2.2p.p.
<i>Hotels abroad</i>	63.9%	60.2%	52.5%	3.7p.p.
Rooms	4,122	4,052	3,776	1.7%

The average occupancy rate of hotels in 2019 was 66.6%, which is 2.2 p.p. higher than in 2018 due to growth in the domestic and outbound tourism segments and the effect of the 2018 FIFA World Cup. At the same time, occupancy rate increased by 10 p.p. against 2017 mostly due to the improved performance of Cosmos hotel and city hotels.

RevPAR decreased by 6.8% from RUB 2,564 in 2018 to RUB 2,390 in 2019. In the meantime, the company's RevPAR rose by 29.7% compared to 2017 mostly due to the contribution from HIEX Moscow Paveletskaya and hotels abroad.

REVPAR

thsd RUB



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

INDICATOR, M RUB ⁵	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	5,034	5,301	(5.0%)
Adj. OIBDA	1,251	1,314	(4.8%)
Operating (loss) / profit	(481)	555	—
Adj. net (loss) attributable to Sistema	(238)	(532)	—

In 2019, the hotel assets of Cosmos Hotel Group saw a drop in revenue of 5.0% to RUB 5.0 bn compared to 2018. The negative dynamics in FY 2019 were impacted by the effect of a high base on the back of the 2018 FIFA World Cup in Russia, and a decrease in the incoming tourist flow. In the meantime, the company recorded revenue growth compared to 2017 mostly due to the launch of HIEX Moscow Paveletskaya and improved performance of Cosmos Hotel and RHC. In 2019, the share of revenue accounted for by hotels outside Russia increased from 22% to 24% on the back of lower revenues in the segment of Russian hotels.

Adjusted OIBDA in 2019 decreased by 4.8% year-on-year to RUB 1.3 bn following revenue dynamics. Adjusted net loss year-on-year in 2019 decreased as a result of debt portfolio optimization.

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: Cushman & Wakefield.
³ Comparison against 2017 is more representative due to a seasonal upsurge in the market during the FIFA World Cup in 2018.

⁴ The 2017–2018 figures have been adjusted for inclusion of resorts.
⁵ Management accounts.



BPGC

91%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Dmitry Sharovатов
CEO



Oleg Mubarakshin
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

JSC Bashkir Power Grid Company ("BPGC") is one of Russia's largest regional power grid companies.

16,487

NEW CONNECTIONS
in 2019

280 THSD

SMART METERS WITH
AUTOMATED DATA
COLLECTION
at the end of 2019

>86.5 THSD
KM

OF POWER GRIDS

90.9%

IMPLEMENTATION OF SMART
GRID TECHNOLOGY IN UFA
at the end of 2019

35%

SHARE OF THE AUTOMATED
POWER CONTROL AND
METERING SYSTEM
at the end of 2019

7.7%

POWER LOSSES IN
DISTRIBUTION GRIDS
in 2019

82%

SHARE OF POWER
TRANSMISSION MARKET
IN THE REPUBLIC OF
BASHKORTOSTAN¹

8,011

EMPLOYEES



bashes.ru

¹ By revenue.

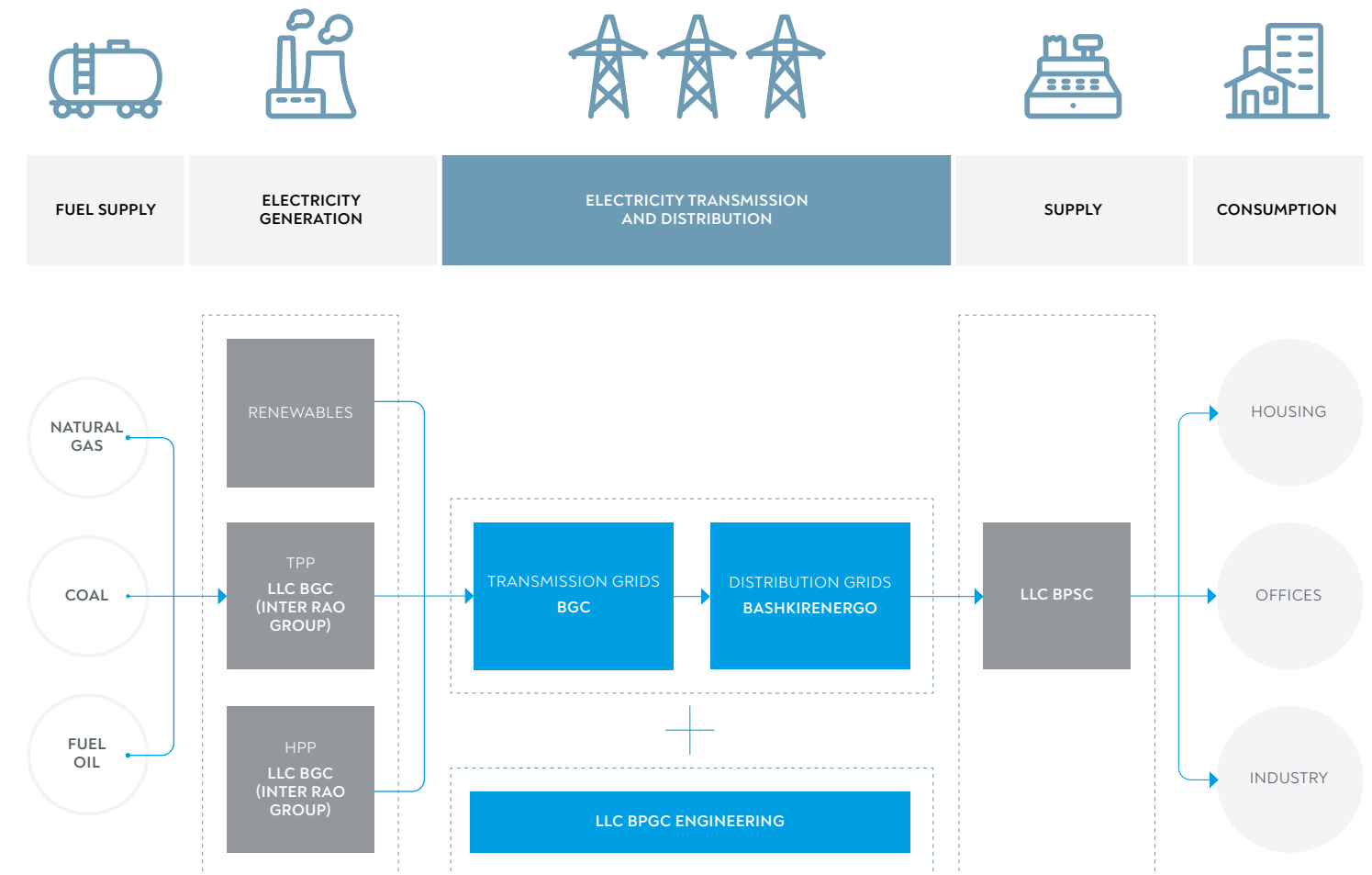
BUSINESS MODEL

BPGC's activities are aimed at providing reliable, high-quality and affordable power supply to consumers. In addition to the core operating activities, the company pays attention to ensuring conditions for the region's economic growth, sustainable development and mutually beneficial cooperation with the state.

BPGC manages companies in three main areas:

- LLC Bashkir Grid Company ("BGC") provides for electric **power transmission** transmission between the central part of Russia and the Urals.
- LLC Bashkirenergo ensures **distribution of electric power** to individual consumers in the Republic of Bashkortostan.
- LLC BPGC Engineering carries out design, **construction and overhaul of power facilities**.

Most of the company's revenue is generated from activities related to electric power transmission. These activities are natural monopolies with tariffs regulated by the state. BPGC's subsidiaries also provide services in connection to power grids, design and construction of power facilities, IT and communications.



INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

Electricity generation in Russia increased by 0.4% to 1,096 bn kilowatt-hours (kW-h) in 2019, while electricity consumption in the reporting period remained at the level of the previous year – 1,075 bn kW-h, Russian Ministry of Energy data suggests. A significant increase in electricity generation was recorded at solar and wind power plants: 1.6 bn kW-h of electricity was generated at such power plants in 2019, up 58.6% year-on-year.

In order to reduce the volume of cross-subsidies in the power grid sector, indexation of tariffs for the delivery of electric energy to residential

consumers will remain at the level of 5.0%² per year on average in Russia. Regulated electricity rates for residential consumers will grow at the same pace.

The average "common pot" tariff for electric power transmission services reached RUB 1.18 per kW-h in the Republic of Bashkortostan in 2019. The indexation of single-rate rates averaged 110.5% since July 2019.

Electricity generation in Russia in 2020 is expected to reach 1,126.2 bn kW-h, and domestic consumption may increase to 1,115.0 bn kW-h².

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

In 2019, BPGC commissioned the Kustarevskaya substation, which supplies electric power to a large neighbourhood in Ufa. The technical solutions employed in this project simplify the processes associated with operations and maintenance, increase the reliability and quality of power supply to consumers and represent new steps in the development of Smart Grid.

In 2019, BPGC completed a project to electrify the Belaya River waterfront in Ufa, one of the city's landmarks.

In 2019, BPGC continued to implement its long-term programmes aimed at enhancing operating efficiency:

- energy conservation and energy efficiency;
- development of digital energy based on the comprehensive overhaul project of distribution grids in Ufa and introduction of Smart Grid technology;
- automation of business processes employing IT and ERP systems.

LLC Bashkirenergo continued to roll out its programme for the implementation of the automated power control and metering system by installing about 36,000 meters in 2019. The total number of installed smart meters reached 280,000 at the end of 2019. In 2020, the company plans to install 25,000 new meters and approximately 107,000 meters in 2020–2022, allowing it to increase the share of smart meters to 40%.

In 2019, the company continued to implement the Smart Grid project in the city of Ufa. Over the reporting year, BPGC upgraded 83 distribution and transformer substations, and laid 5 kilometres of cable lines.

In 2019, BGC completed the long-term programme to upgrade electrical equipment at the open switchgear of the Beketovo substation, which started back in 1998, having replaced 162 units of electrical equipment during this period. Updating the equipment at the Beketovo substation is crucial both for regional energy supply and for electric power transmission between the central Russia and the Urals through 500 kV transmission grids. The overhaul of this substation increased the reliability of energy streams

BPGC is one of the leaders in terms of operational efficiency among Russia's power grid companies. Compared to the "pot holders" in the neighbouring regions, BPGC is the leader in terms of operating costs.

and reduced operating costs for the maintenance of electrical equipment. The company also upgraded equipment at three other substations in the reporting year for a total cost of RUB 63 M.

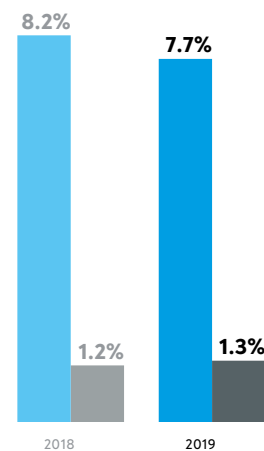
In 2019, LLC BPGC Engineering completed the design and construction of a large energy facility – a 220 kV substation in Revda (Sverdlovsk Region) as part of its strategy to enter the external market. In addition to the substation, the company commissioned a 220 kV overhead power transmission line with a length of more than 1.5 km. At the end of 2019, the substation was energised, and its commissioning is planned for 2020.

The company recorded 16,487 connections to power grids in 2019, down 14.7% year-on-year. The decline was mostly due to the saturation of the market in terms of demand for power below 15 kW (a group that mainly includes households and small businesses).

In June 2019, BPGC was recognized as the winner of the 9th Russian national competition Russia's Best Power Grids in the categories "Socially Responsible Power Grid Company" and "Most Transparent Power Grid Company".

Losses on grids

■ DISTRIBUTION
■ TRANSMISSION



¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: Ministry of Economic Development of the Russian Federation.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

20.9 ^{+9.4% 2018/19}
BN
RUB

BPGC'S REVENUE IN 2019

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

INDICATOR	UoM	2019		2018		CHANGE	
		BASHKIR-ENERGO	BGC	BASHKIR-ENERGO	BGC	BASHKIR-ENERGO	BGC
Power in	M kW-h	22,453	27,095	22,512	27,327	(0.3%)	(0.8%)
Power losses	%	7.69	1.27	8.23	1.21	(0.54 p.p.)	0.06 p.p.
Power losses	M kW-h	1,726	340	1,854	325	(6.9%)	4.5%
New connections	connections	16,487	–	19,321	1	(14.7%)	–
Connected capacity	MW	356.9	–	380.2	4	(6.1%)	–

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

INDICATOR, M RUB	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	20,931	19,130	9.4%
OIBDA	6,205	6,369	(2.6%)
Operating profit	3,537	3,872	(8.7%)
Net profit attributable to Sistema	2,698	2,930	(7.9%)

In 2019, revenue increased by 9.4% year-on-year to RUB 20.9 bn due to the increase of electricity transmission tariffs and changes in the methodology for accounting revenue from grid connection services.

OIBDA in 2019 decreased by 2.6% year-on-year to RUB 6.2 billion. OIBDA dynamics were affected by the growth of other operating income in 2019 due to one-off financial transactions on the settlement of operational disputes. OIBDA margin decreased by 3.7 p.p. year-on-year to 29.6% in 2019 as a result of OIBDA decline.

In 2019, BPGC's net profit amounted to RUB 2.7 billion, 7.9% lower than in 2018. Negative dynamics was mostly due to OIBDA trend and growth in depreciation charges.



RTI

87%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Pavel Laptayev
CEO



Oleg Mubarakshin
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

RTI Group is a developer, manufacturer and supplier of complex radar, information and integrated automated control systems and command centres, communications equipment and electronic devices.

>10,000

SCIENTISTS, DESIGNERS AND ENGINEERS

25^{BN}
RUB

REVENUE IN 2019

7

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTES

6

INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES



aorti.ru

BUSINESS MODEL

RTI comprises 13 key enterprises, including JSC RTI management company, R&D institutes, plants, construction and assembly companies and software developers. RTI's core activities are divided into two business segments: radars, automated security and control systems, and the remaining assets that are separate business units.

RTI has own well-developed R&D infrastructure and well-equipped serial production facilities employing over 10,000 researchers, product developers, engineers and other highly qualified specialists. Its enterprises are located in Moscow, Saransk, Zelenograd, Dubna, Yaroslavl, Veliky Novgorod and Vladivostok.



INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

Target markets for RTI are security solutions and automated control and communication systems. Introduction of command and control systems (2C systems) is a global trend in the segment of automated solutions for public administration. This market is expected to grow from USD 33.0 bn in 2019 to USD 43.9 bn by 2025, which is in line with a global CAGR of 4.9%.²

The size of the Russian ICT market in 2019 was USD 47.1 bn, making it the largest in Central and Eastern Europe. Aggregate ICT spending in CEE totalled USD 136.7 bn in 2019, an increase of 4.0% from 2018. Spending on telecom services accounted for 41% of the total market volume in the region, and sales of equipment and IT services for 34% and 13%, respectively.³

In 2020, the Russian market of automated control systems is projected to demonstrate a high growth rate of 10%-15% in the segment of service solutions (geoinformation platforms, business intelligence) and control systems for state authorities.⁴ The global trend towards automation and intellectualisation of control and security systems, including use of artificial intelligence, is also expected to sustain.

RTI develops products for growing segments of the ICT market. Notably, it is actively working to create a standard automated control system for Russian regions, the Region Administration Centre.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

In February 2019, CJSC RTI Microelectronics (part of RTI Group) signed a legally binding agreement with Rostec and Roselektronika, envisaging the setup of a joint venture, LLC Element, in the segment of microelectronic component base. In May 2019, RTI transferred its microelectronics assets, with the largest ones being PJSC Mikron and JSC NIIME, to the new joint venture.

In 2019, RTI Group completed trials of the first beyond-the-horizon Container radar, which was officially put into operation on 1 December 2019.

Work is underway to develop and launch products in civilian segments. Notably, the company created prototypes of the following products in 2019:

- Experimental space-based flight test system
- Yauza airfield landing system to ensure accurate land approach of aircraft
- Crowd security screening system that enables hidden and safe screening and remotely identifies presence of weapons, explosives, chemicals or drugs.

In addition, in 2019 RTI became a partner of JSC MCST, a Russian developer of microchips. The partnership will enable RTI to actively develop and promote own and joint developments, engaging other domestic software developers and distributors.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

RTI's mission is to create a smart and safe future for the humankind. To achieve it, the company strives to remain the leader in its traditional segments of long- and ultra-long-range radars and automated control systems. RTI is also working to strengthen its position in promising markets by entering new segments, such as short-range radars, space-based radars, civilian (regional) automated control systems, communications and navigation systems.

In addition, it promotes its existing competences in Southeast Asia, the Middle East and Eastern Europe. Based on technological developments, it plans to fully digitalise all radars: using computing capacity of data processing centres, artificial intelligence and big data analysis, and to unite all radars of the radar field into a single information system for faster and more accurate data processing.

Moving in line with the global trend towards digitalisation of economy and public services, RTI is actively developing a comprehensive B2G solution for Russian regions, the Region Administration Centre. This solution is designed to collect reliable and comprehensive statistics on a region, process it, analyse and forecast changes in indicators. This will be achieved through integration with federal databases and information systems of municipal authorities. Region Management Centres will provide up-to-date information to regional authorities for accurate strategic planning and project management and will reduce reporting-related workload of the regional executive and local government bodies.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE IN 2019

INDICATOR, M RUB ⁴	2019	2018	CHANGE
Revenue	24,740	22,886	8.1%
Adj. OIBDA	5,389	4,919	9.5%
Operating profit / (loss)	(1,770)	921	—
Adj. net profit / (loss) attributable to Sistema	3,195	(531)	—

24.7 BN RUB

RTI'S REVENUE IN 2019

In 2019, RTI's revenue showed an 8.1% year-on-year increase to RUB 24.7 bn primarily due to the increased volume of activity under large long-term contracts. Adjusted OIBDA grew by 9.5% year-on-year to RUB 5.4 bn in 2019. Adjusted OIBDA margin remained at the 2018 level of 21.8%.

In 2019, RTI reported adjusted net profit of RUB 3.2 bn compared to a net loss a year earlier, which was mostly due to disposal of assets in 2Q 2019.

The decrease in net debt by 33.0% to RUB 19.4 bn was due to the transfer of part of RTI Group's debt together with microelectronics assets to Element LLC, as well as repayments of RUB 1 billion made on RTI's outstanding debt. In addition, funds totaling RUB 5.7 bn earmarked for work under state contracts are held on RTI's accounts but not factored into net debt calculations.

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: MarketsandMarkets Research.
³ Source: IDC.
⁴ Source: company's estimates.

⁴ RTI's results for 2019 reflect reclassification of RTI's microelectronics assets as part of discontinued operations. Results for 2018 have been revised to reflect the results of this reclassification.



ELEMENT

50.0001%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE¹



Ilya Ivantsov
CEO



Oleg Bocharov²
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Element Group is a leading Russian microelectronics developer and manufacturer that creates technologies to ensure digital development of business and society.

Element is comprised of the most advanced Russian enterprises operating in the field of microelectronics development, production and design. The products developed by the company are supplied as input material for the manufacturing, telecoms, financial and energy sectors, thus facilitating the implementation of projects aimed at development of the digital economy.

>8,000

EMPLOYEES

>1,000

DEVELOPERS

20.8 BN RUB

REVENUE IN 2019

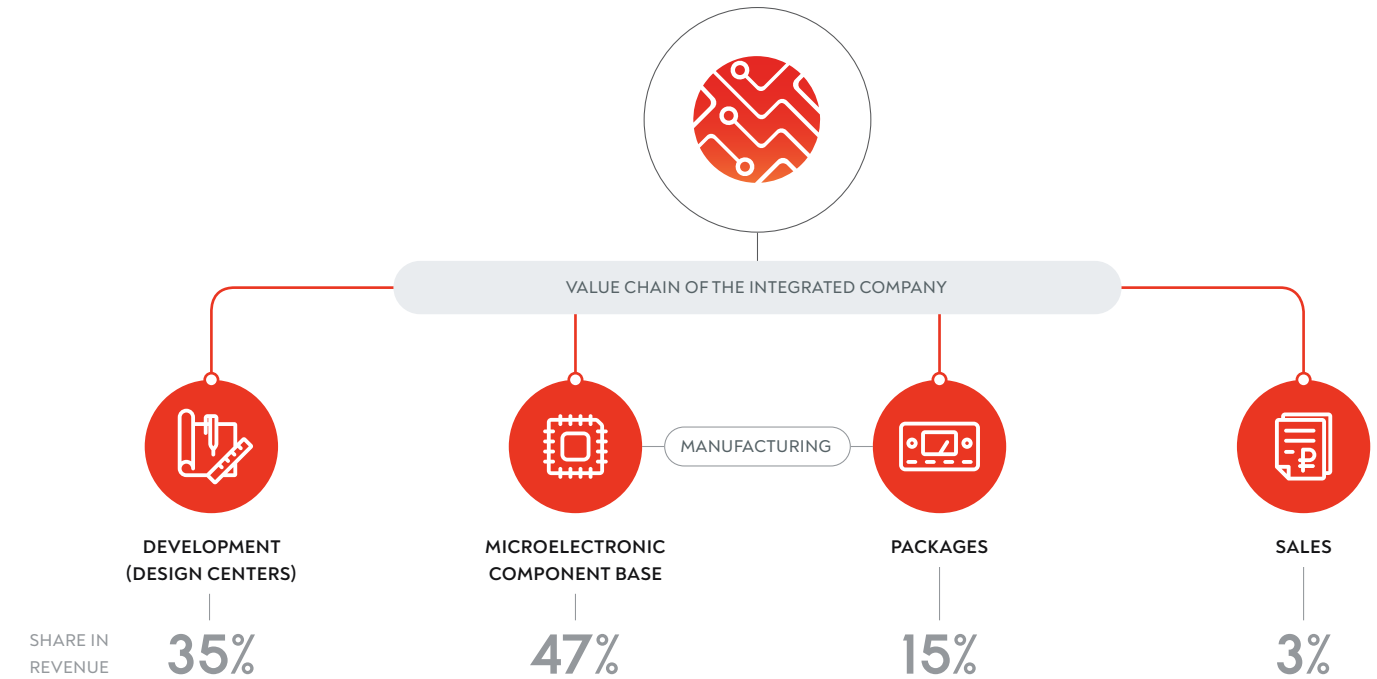
13%

SHARE OF EXPORTS IN REVENUE

¹ RTI's stake
² As of 31 December 2019 – Alexander Borisov.

BUSINESS MODEL

Element includes assets representing the entire value chain in the area of microelectronic component base: from fundamental research to sales of finished solutions. Element's diversified product portfolio comprises solutions from over 15 enterprises and design centres. The Group is able to meet the demand of the market worth more than RUB 100 bn.



INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

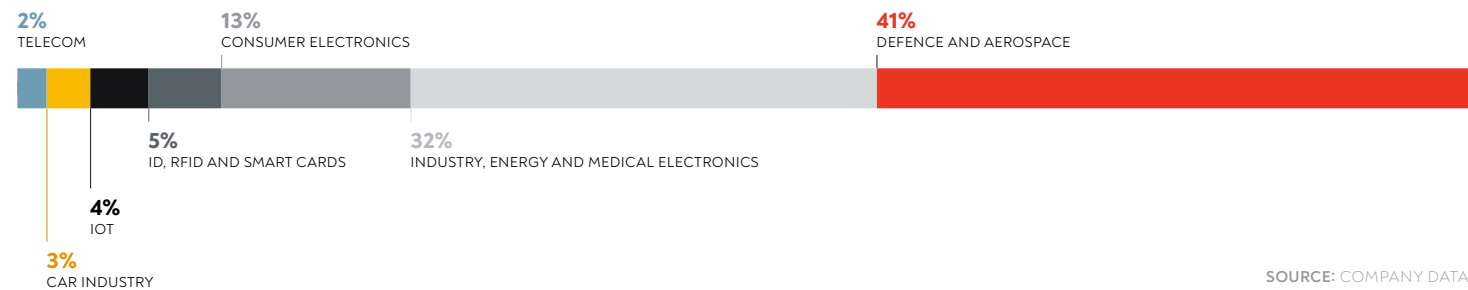
In 2019, the global microelectronics market was down 11.6% year-on-year to USD 409 bn². The decline was mostly caused by the lack of breakthrough technologies and products in the market and a fall in demand for memory storage resulting from the saturation of demand from media data storage systems. The main sources of demand for microelectronic products are segments of computer and server equipment, mobile devices and telecommunications. At the same time, the global demand is expected to recover in 2020² on the back of the growing IoT, AI, industrial electronics and car electronics sectors.

In 2019, the Russian microelectronics market contracted by 5.2% to RUB 127 bn amid decreasing volumes of government contracts. Demand for microchips remains strong in the defence, aerospace and healthcare industries. The general trend towards digitalisation of business processes, automation of production facilities and infrastructure is stimulating demand for microcontrollers. The high demand for microelectronic products is supported by the communication equipment and security systems segments.

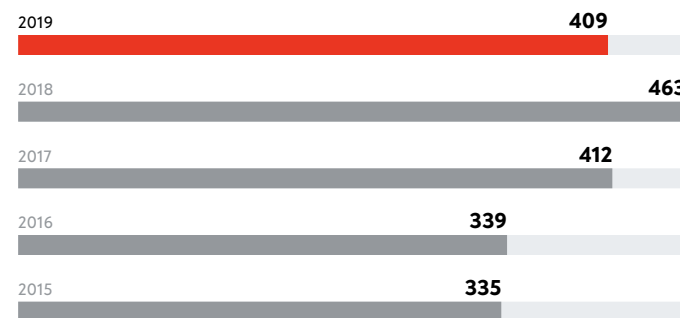
Demand is expected to recover in the domestic market by 2021 mostly due to the introduction of state support measures for the industry. In 2019, the share of imported products in general microelectronics consumption in Russia was 82%³, indicative of substantial potential for expanding local production as part of the import substitution programme.

The global trend toward greater technological and logistical isolation stimulates the demand for products localised in Russia. In 2020–2025, the share of domestically manufactured components for navigation and automated city management systems, internal and external environmental monitoring systems, energy and energy transportation sectors is expected to grow considerably.

Structure of Russian microelectronics market



Global microelectronics market, bn USD



SOURCE: COMPANY DATA, WORLD SEMICONDUCTOR TRADE STATISTICS.

Russian microelectronics market, bn RUB



SOURCE: COMPANY DATA, WORLD SEMICONDUCTOR TRADE STATISTICS.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

Element was established in July 2019. RTI Microelectronics (controlled by Sistema), Rostec and RosElectronics jointly contributed to the JV controlling stakes in 19 enterprises operating in the area of development and production of microelectronic component base. Following the transfer of shares to the joint venture RTI Microelectronics holds 50.0001%, while Rostec and RosElectronics together hold 49.9999% in the authorised capital of the merged company.

In September 2019, Element opened Vostok Centre, the first Russian centre for collective design of electronics in the Far East, on Russky Island on the basis of the School of Engineering and the School of Digital Economics of the Far Eastern Federal University.

In November 2019, Element, Sozvezdie Concern (part of Rostec) and Rostelecom set up a consortium for developing domestically produced equipment for communication networks to ensure security and reliability of telecom infrastructure in Russia.

In December 2019, Element, MTS and the Skolkovo Institute of Science and Technology (SkolTec) signed a trilateral agreement on cooperation in development and manufacturing of equipment for 5G networks based on international Open Radio Access Network standards. Successful implementation of the agreement will enable operators to stop using more expensive solutions supplied by foreign vendors. Under the agreement SkolTec will provide a platform for experiments, Element will supply a component base for testing areas and labs, while MTS will be in charge of standards and solutions required for the deployment of 5G networks.

In December 2019, Element, RC Module and HighTech Group entered into a cooperation agreement in the area of developing AI hardware platforms and solutions in Russia. The companies will work together to develop strategies for supplying the Russian market with domestically produced AI hardware solutions in order to reduce reliance on foreign producers of specialised AI computer systems, to create an effective ecosystem for neural network learning and offer new solutions in the area of AI-enabled electronics.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

Element's development strategy envisages growth of production capacity, expansion of product output, and aims to achieve the following goals:

- Business scale growth
- Scientific and technological development
- Development of design centres
- Facilitation in development and implementation of effective government support measures in the microelectronics industry
- Improvement of operational efficiency.

Achievement of these strategic goals will allow for a considerable increase in value of Element's assets and simultaneously address the priority objectives of Russia in the area of ensuring technological independence of critical information infrastructure.

INDICATOR, M units	2019
TOTAL MICROCHIPS PRODUCED	2,201.8
CHIP MODULES (PASSPORTS, VISAS, IDS, MEDICAL INSURANCE POLICIES, BANK CARDS)	13.7
CHIPS FOR EXPORT (INTEGRATED CIRCUITS, SCHOTTKY DIODES, TVS DIODES)	2,016.3
CHIPS FOR DOMESTIC MARKET (TRANSPORT TICKETS, TAGS, DEFENCE, R&D, FOUNDRY)	171.8

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: World semiconductor trade statistics.
³ Source: company data.

CONCEPT GROUP.

42.9%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE

CONCEPT GROUP¹



Elena Bogomolova
CEO



Artyom Sirazutdinov
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

LLC Concept Group is one of the leading fashion retailers in Russia.

352

STORES

67.2 THSD SQ M

AGGREGATE AREA OF STORES

17%

SHARE OF ONLINE SALES IN REVENUE

>100

CITIES OF OPERATIONS

Concept Group's portfolio comprises the following brands: Acoola (children's clothes and accessories), Concept Club (women's clothes and accessories), and Infinity Lingerie (underwear). Concept Group's business is based on a multi-brand and multi-channel model that enables the company to diversify its revenue structure. A significant part of revenue comes from the company's nationwide retail and franchise chain that comprises over 350 stores. The company is broadly represented on leading Russian marketplaces and is developing its own online store. Its production facilities are located in China and Bangladesh.

In 2019, the clothes, footwear and accessories market exhibited a decline for the first time since 2015. Analysts² estimate that the market in monetary terms declined by 3%-4% year-on-year, to RUB 2.26-2.29 tn. The main reasons for the downturn were the falling real income of the population, VAT increase and the unusually warm

autumn and winter in 2019. In 2020, redistribution of sales channels is projected to continue, notably, due to growth of the online segment.

In 2019, a new management team joined Concept Group. The team has strong expertise both in building the key business processes in fashion retail and in optimising sales channels. Over the course of the year, the management overhauled the company's operations, which made it possible to achieve a positive net profit for the first time in two years.

The company also devised and approved a new development strategy aimed at becoming a Top-5 player in Russia's fashion retail market.



conceptgroup.ru

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: Fashion Consulting Group.



THE COMPANY'S STRATEGY FOCUSES ON:



Organic growth

The company focuses on growing its market share through large-scale expansion of its chain, launching stores of the new format in Russian cities with population of 200,000+ residents.



Increase in operational efficiency

through continuous work to reduce production costs, optimise supply chains and logistics, establish own production in Russia.



Improved offering

backed by stronger designer competences and increased brand awareness as a result of establishment of an in-house design bureau.



KRONSTADT¹

98.6%²

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Sergey Bogatikov
CEO

Kronstadt is a Russian high-tech company that engineers and manufactures knowledge-intensive products and solutions for the production, deployment and safe usage of sophisticated air-, sea-, and land based systems.

The global market for the production of unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) has grown from USD 10 bn in 2018 to USD 11 bn in 2019³. The bulk of demand still comes from the defence industry due to technical and regulatory restrictions; however, the share of defence customers will begin to gradually decline in favour of corporate clients over the next 5 years. Some of the largest logistics companies in the world, such as SF Express and Amazon, have already begun to introduce UAS into the business processes of their logistics centres. At the same time, it is expected that the use of UAS for passenger transportation will only be possible once the technology is put into industrial use in freight transportation.

In 2019, Kronstadt fulfilled its production programme. During the year, two branches were established to develop key components for UAS. In October 2019, Kronstadt filed an application with the Federal Air Transport Agency (Rosaviation) for certification of Orion type UAS.

Kronstadt's key focus areas include:

1. Unmanned systems and robotics.
2. On-board systems and equipment.
3. ACS and geographic information systems.
4. Training systems.

The key strategic goals of Kronstadt include:

1. Maximising the presence in the market of unmanned aerial vehicles (UAV) with a take-off mass of 1–2.5 t for the government customer and in the market of components for other heavy unmanned systems.
2. Developing export opportunities for UAVs with a take-off mass of 1.0–2.5 t.
3. Reducing UAS production costs.




kronstadt.ru

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² 97.8% as of 31 December 2019.
³ Source: Strategy Partners.



AEROMAX⁴

98.6%²

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Maxim Chizhov
CEO

Aeromax is an innovative centre for the development of civilian unmanned projects.

The company's activities are aimed at the development, implementation and subsequent replication of intelligent hi-tech solutions that provide competitive advantages to businesses in the global market for unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) and digitalisation services. Aeromax began its operations in 2018 by providing services to Sistema Group companies, but is now actively working to expand its client base. In 2019, the company fulfilled 5 contracts for customers not affiliated with Sistema Group.

Aeromax offers solutions for monitoring, aerial photography, aerial laser scanning and implementation of geographic analytical systems. Jointly with Far East and Arctic Development Fund (Vnesheconombank), the company conducts research on advanced forest inventory methods that utilise UAS and develops software for forest inventory automation that will expedite the process and lower its cost. Since the annual demand for forest inventory in Russia amounts to 30 M ha, applying the new methods will establish a new segment of UAS-related services.

Russia's market for services employing UAS amounted to RUB 5.0 bn in 2019 and has potential to grow to RUB 7.4 bn in 2020.⁵ Oil and gas, forestry, agriculture, logistics, media, construction and electric power sectors may become major consumers of services employing UAS.

The company's development strategy is aimed at assuming leadership in the market of services using UAS in Russia.




aerom.ax

⁴ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
⁵ Source: Strategy Partners.



EAST-WEST UNITED BANK S.A.¹

100%

SISTEMA'S EFFECTIVE STAKE



Sergey Pchelintsev
CEO



Jeannot Krecké
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

East-West United Bank S.A. ("EWUB") is a European bank providing asset management services to individuals and transaction banking services to businesses with a focus on Russian clients.

>800^M
EUR

TOTAL ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT

14.7^M
EUR

NET INTEREST INCOME IN 2019

2.8^M
EUR

NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME IN 2019

>100

EMPLOYEES



ewub.lu

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.

EWUB is registered in Luxembourg and targets private and corporate clients affiliated with Russia or trading with Russian partners. EWUB provides private banking services to high net worth individuals (HNWI), including personal and family investment and wealth management services. In the corporate segment, EWUB provides its clients with transactional banking services, including cash management, credit and treasury products.

In 2019, EWUB continued implementing its business strategy approved in 2018 and focused on private banking and transactional banking activities. To support the strategy, a three-year digital transformation plan was adopted, which enable the bank to launch new banking products in these two segments and improve the efficiency of business processes. As part of this transformation, the bank launched a new trade finance product line for corporate clients in 2019.

In 2019, the bank continued to stabilise and diversify its funding base through the fully digital deposit platform DirektBank servicing retail clients in Luxembourg and Germany. As of the end of 2019, the platform had about 4,000 active clients.

EWUB's investment portfolio consisting of marketable securities and participations in syndicated loans grew 14% year-on-year to EUR 480 M.



EWUB's key goal is to grow its business in private and corporate banking. The main tasks that help achieve this goal include:

Improving the client experience

through investments into digital channels and infrastructure.

Growing the client base

by increasing EWUB's brand awareness in target markets, expanding own sales force and the network of partners, including synergies with Sistema Group companies like MTS Bank and Sistema Capital.

Expanding the product offering

New products to become available in 2020 include wealth management advisory for private clients (complementing the existing portfolio management, custody and brokerage offering) and credit products for both private and business clients.



SISTEMA VENTURE CAPITAL

80%

SISTEMA'S STAKE



Dmitry Filatov
PRESIDENT

Sistema_VC is a venture capital fund investing in growth-stage high-tech companies in Russia and Europe with potential to become leaders in their industries or niches.

YEAR ESTABLISHED: **2016**

GEOGRAPHY: **RUSSIA, UK, ISRAEL, LITHUANIA, NETHERLANDS AND US**

INVESTMENT INDUSTRIES: **GROWTH-STAGE TECH COMPANIES**

LIFE: **NO FIXED TERM**

TARGET RETURNS: **25%-30% (IN RUB)**

10 BN RUB

TARGET SIZE

90%

INVESTED
AS OF THE END OF 2019

INVESTMENT FOCUS

Deep tech projects¹

- Projects leveraging artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML)
- Cognitive technologies (machine recognition of speech, sounds, movement, video analytics, etc)
- Next-generation networks (SDN², NFV³)

New emerging market niches in Russia (edtech, logtech, foodtech⁴)

- Priority investment stages: Late seed, Series A, B



¹ Technologies or scientific advances that are hard to reproduce or copy, often unique and patented, and take products and solutions to a new level.
² SDN stands for software-defined networking, i.e. organisation of data transmission over networks with separation of programmed network management from data transmission devices.
³ NFV stands for network functions virtualisation, i.e. a network architecture that involves the virtualisation of entire classes of network node functions into building blocks that may connect together.
⁴ Technologies in education, logistics and food.
⁵ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the funds's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
⁶ Source: Crunchbase.

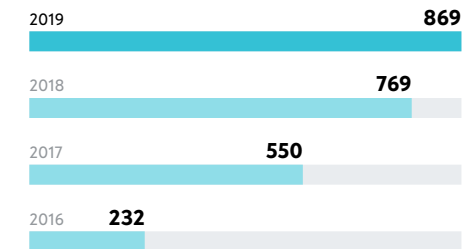
INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019⁵

In 2019, the European VC market continued its rapid growth, increasing 25.3% year-on-year to USD 36.1 bn, despite an 8.4% decrease in the global market amid a slowdown in economic activity in the US and China⁶. The fastest-growing industries in terms of funding raised are e-commerce, health, AI and logistics. There is an observable increase in the activity of corporate venture funds, which participated in one in five VC deals in Europe in 2019.

In 2019, the volume of the Russian VC market (by total size of deals excluding exits) grew 13.0% to USD 868.7 M, marking its best result since 2014. The number of deals in 2019 decreased 1.5 times compared to 2018 mainly due to a decline in the activity of accelerators, yet the average deal size increased across all segments: from seed to later stages. 2019 was also a record year in terms of exits from VC projects: USD 5.6 bn, up 16 times compared to 2018.

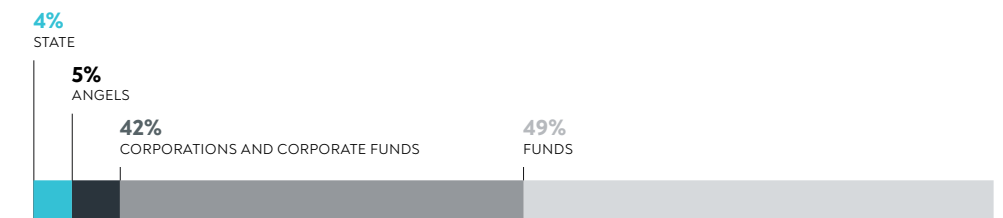
The most promising VC investment areas in Russia are startups related to AI, integrated technologies and logistics.

RUSSIAN VC MARKET DYNAMICS IN 2016-2019, M USD



SOURCE: DSIGHT

RUSSIA'S VC MARKET STRUCTURE



SOURCE: DSIGHT

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

In 2019, Sistema_VC continued to invest in startups in the area of artificial intelligence. The fund's portfolio now includes three UK-based companies: FiveAI, SenSat and KisanHub. Sistema_VC's partners new investments partners in 2019 included Tencent, Notion, IQ Capital, Lakestar and Amadeus Capital Partners.

Seven companies from the fund's portfolio raised additional funding in 2019: DataSine, MEL Science, NFWare, Observe, Gosu AI, TraceAir and Connecterra. New partners that participated in the rounds include Brighteye Ventures, Propel, Pentech, Yandex, TMT Investments and others.

Sistema_VC and MTS received the Venture Investor award from the Russian Venture Capital Association and its partner Russian Venture Company. The fund was recognized in the Best Syndicate Deal category for their investment in YouDo in 2018.

In 2019, the fund continued to hold conferences in the framework of own networking project titled #public_tech. The conferences bring together promising startups that are relevant for specific portfolio companies and for Sistema_VC. In 2019, Sistema_VC held conferences on retail tech and agrotech.

In June 2019, the fund's portfolio company VisionLabs, with support from Sistema_VC, held its third annual international conference on computer vision and machine learning titled Machines Can See. The summit brought together 20,000 attendees, and its business programme included machine vision researchers from around the world.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

In 2020–2021, Sistema_VC's strategy will focus on exits from assets in which it invested in 2016–2017. The fund's team continues its work associated with raising funds for portfolio companies. The fund reserves the right to participate in follow-on funding rounds of its portfolio companies.

NEW INVESTMENTS MADE IN 2019



Tech solutions for self-driving cars

The company develops self-driving software solutions. FiveAI technologies are intended to make human mobility safer, quicker, cheaper, greener and more accessible. FiveAI software is able to cope with narrow and winding streets of European cities and account for the specifics of their historic centres.

five.ai



Artificial intelligence to optimise grain supply

The company has developed a cloud platform to optimise the supply chain for agricultural companies.

The startup operates at the intersection of precision farming, big data, cloud computing, machine learning and mobile technology. Its platform collects and analyses data on the state of grain crops to forecast deliveries. The optimisation helps reduce the impact of seasonal risks on yields and save resources.

kisanhub.com



Digital twins of infrastructure facilities

SenSat has developed a technology for creating "digital twins" of real-life locations for the infrastructure industry.

The company uses real-time datasets and AI algorithms to create accurate and up-to-date copies of objects in a machine-readable format. SenSat is committed to creating an intelligent ecosystem that translates the real world into a version understandable to AI.

sensat.co.uk

KEY PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

as of 31 December 2019



Marketplace for domestic and business services

RUSSIA



Commercial computer vision solutions

RUSSIA



Platform leveraging machine learning technologies to target digital advertising

RUSSIA



International company creating scientific and educational products for children using VR technologies

RUSSIA



Ultra-fast processing of large data sets for business insights

ISRAEL



AI-based monitoring of livestock health at dairy farms

NETHERLANDS



Machine learning and psychometry for personalised marketing

UK



Automation of construction based on data from drones

US



SISTEMA CAPITAL PARTNERS GROUP¹

INDUSTRIAL FOCUS: ASSET-HEAVY OPPORTUNITIES

GEOGRAPHY: EUROPE

INVESTMENT CYCLE: 3-5 YEARS

49%

SISTEMA'S STAKE

The SCP Group ("SCP") is an investment firm targeting scalable asset-heavy opportunities in Europe.

>230 THSD SQ M

COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE AREA UNDER MANAGEMENT

>15%

TARGET IRR

>5%

TARGET YIELD CASH-ON-CASH

SCP's strategy is to build market-leading operating platforms, which own and manage asset portfolios aiming to benefit from structural changes and rapid growth.

Since 2015, SCP has created a successful investment case in Europe, completing a full investment cycle in commercial real estate with a total gross asset value (GAV) of approximately EUR 300 M. As a result of successful asset exits, investor returns exceeded 20% IRR net of commissions. After exits, as of the end 2019 GAV of assets under administration was around EUR 105 M.

In 2019 SCP strengthened the x + bricks platform, specialising in food-anchored retail, to become a highly recognised player in the German real estate market. The gross value of assets involved in completed transactions amounted to EUR 365 M as of 31 December 2019.

In 2019, SCP raised EUR 100 M in partnership capital from institutional and large private investors.

In February 2020, SCP signed an agreement to acquire 100% of the Real hyper-market chain from Metro AG. The transaction scope includes acquisition of over 250 Real stores and the operating business of Real. It is anticipated that third parties will also take part in financing the transaction. Closing of the transaction is expected in the first half of 2020 and depends on the fulfillment of a number of conditions precedent.



thescpgroup.com

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.



SISTEMA ASIA FUND

83%

SISTEMA'S STAKE



Andrey Terebenin
MANAGING PARTNER

Sistema Asia Fund (SAF) is Sistema's venture fund which invests in high-tech companies in India and Southeast Asia.

120

M USD

TARGET SIZE
WITH POTENTIAL INCREASE
TO USD 150 M

YEAR ESTABLISHED:	2015
GEOGRAPHY:	INDIA, SOUTHEAST ASIA
INDUSTRY FOCUS:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CONSUMER TECH (E-COMMERCE, HEALTHCARE, TRANSPORT, MEDIA, FINANCE AND EDUCATION) • ENTERPRISE TECH (IoT) • VR/ AR (VIRTUAL REALITY) • BIG DATA • AI (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE) • ML (MACHINE LEARNING)
LIFE:	8 YEARS MANDATORY + 2 YEARS OPTIONAL
INVESTMENT STAGE:	4 YEARS
TARGET RETURNS:	3X CASH-ON-CASH

SAF invests in companies at various growth stages in the markets of India and Southeast Asia. SAF is focused on investments in high-tech companies that operate in the sector of technology products and services and also invests in other types of businesses and consumer brands that use technologies as their key competitive advantage and operate in India and/or have significant presence in the Indian market.

Target funding rounds: A-C.

Investment criteria:

1. A proven business model and/or loyal audience;
2. Solutions specific to the Indian market;
3. Startup founders heavily involved in business management;
4. Co-investors.




sistemaasiacapital.com

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW FOR 2019¹

2019 was a milestone year for the Indian venture capital industry with USD 10 bn² in capital deployed, about 55% more than in 2018. Deal volume increased by 30% year on year, mostly due to more early-stage deals. Around 80% of venture capital investments in 2019 was concentrated in four sectors: Consumer tech, Software/ SaaS, Fintech and B2B commerce and tech. Consumer tech continued to be the largest sector accounting for approximately 35% of the total investments.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

In March 2019, SAF completed its first monetisation by selling a stake in Qwikcilver, an Indian end-to-end service provider of gift card and prepaid solutions. Qwikcilver was the first Indian company to develop gift cards in India, becoming an undisputed market leader. As of March 2019, the company issued about 250 M gift cards a year in 16 countries for 15,000 online platforms and mobile applications. Sistema Asia Fund invested in Qwikcilver in 2016 and exited three years later with solid returns on the invested capital.

In July 2019, SAF took part in the Series C funding round of Uniphore, an Indian AI-based speech recognition startup. Uniphore raised a total of USD 50 M in the round that was led by March Capital Partners and joined by Chiratae Ventures, CXO Fund and other funds. Uniphore will use the raised funds to invest in research and development and grow its employee base globally. The company has offices in the USA, India and Singapore. The headcount is more than 150 people.

In 2019, SAF conducted eight additional rounds of funding for its existing portfolio assets. The most significant rounds include:

REBEL FOODS

A Series D round was held in September 2019. As a result of the round the company raised USD 125 M in investments from Goldman Sachs, the hedge fund Coatue Management and the Indonesian technology group Gojek. Rebel Foods was valued at USD 525 M in the round.

LENDINGKART

A funding round was held in August 2019. The company raised a total of USD 146 M.

LICIOUS

A Series E funding round was held in December 2019. Vertex Growth Fund, a Singapore-based venture firm, was the lead investor in the round, which raised a total of USD 30 M. Since its launch, the startup has raised USD 94.5 M in total.



¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the fund's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.
² Source: Bain & Company.

NEW INVESTMENTS MADE

in 2019



UNIPHORE

Uniphore was founded in 2008 and aims to bridge the communication gap between man and machine using voice and speech. The company develops and sells software solutions for conversational analytics, conversational assistance and conversational security. Over 4 M people use Uniphore products in 80 companies globally. Uniphore's core products are:

auMina

Speech analytics software enabling organisations to identify customer issues through analysing customer dynamics and call centre interactions. The product combines AI and NLP (natural language processing) to uncover real insights from customer conversations, empowering organisations to deliver personalised customer service experiences.

akeira

Conversational assistant software that helps organisations in consumer interaction and can be deployed using a variety of interfaces. Backed by real-time customer analytics, the software drives highly effective conversations for supporting sales and customer service functions across multiple industries.

amVoice

Authentication software providing security to phone-based transactions. It works by identifying unique voice patterns, including behavioural and physiological ones, to authenticate individuals.

KEY PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

as of 31 December 2019



LICIOUS

Licious is a brand operating in the meat and meat products-selling business in a market where over 90% of players represent disorganized retail with poor quality and low sanitary standards. The company manages the entire value creation chain, from sourcing to processing and delivery to customers, using uninterrupted cold chain.



REBEL FOODS

Rebel Foods is India's largest "food on demand" company using cloud kitchen technology and is based in Mumbai. The company operates five brands including Faasos.



LENDINGKART

Lendingkart is a fintech lender that has created its own data-based lending algorithm to provide loans to SMEs. The company has a small team of employees to attract customers and collect debt.



KISSHT

Kissht is an online consumer lending platform based on a proprietary algorithm for assessing creditworthiness with AI elements.



HEALTHIFYME

HealthifyMe is India's largest digital fitness platform (4 M users and over 200 sports instructors and nutritionists) that allows users to monitor calories consumption, set personal fitness goals and monitor their progress. What makes it really effective is access to online consultations with nutritionists and instructors.





СИСТЕМА КАПИТАЛ

70%

СИСТЕМА'S EFFECTIVE STAKE

СИСТЕМА CAPITAL¹

MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Igor Busarov
CEO

LLC Sistema Capital MC ("Sistema Capital") is a professional securities market participant that has operated in the area of asset management since 2001.

A++

RATING
Expert RA95.5^{BN}
RUBASSETS UNDER
MANAGEMENT

No. 15

AMONG RUSSIA'S LARGEST ASSET
MANAGEMENT COMPANIES BY ASSETS
UNDER MANAGEMENT

Expert RA



sistema-capital.com

¹ All projections and forward-looking estimates regarding the industry in general and the company's business in particular were made before February 2020, unless specifically noted otherwise.

BUSINESS MODEL

Sistema Capital offers corporate clients and retail investors investment products in both Russian and foreign markets representing various asset classes: stocks, bonds and derivatives.

Sistema Capital's corporate clients include insurance companies and non-government pension funds (NPFs) such as Sberbank NPF, Otkritie NPF, Bolshoy NPF and others.

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT IN 2019

According to the estimates of Expert RA rating agency, Sistema Capital ranked 15th among Russia's asset management companies in terms of assets under management (AuM) in 2019. In 2019, AuM grew by 40% from RUB 68.3 bn at the end of 2018 to RUB 95.5 bn at the end of 2019.

Mutual investment fund Sistema Capital Mobile. Bonds managed by Sistema Capital ranked third by yield growth in 2019 among open-end mutual bond funds with net assets of over RUB 50 M, according to a ranking compiled by Investfunds website.

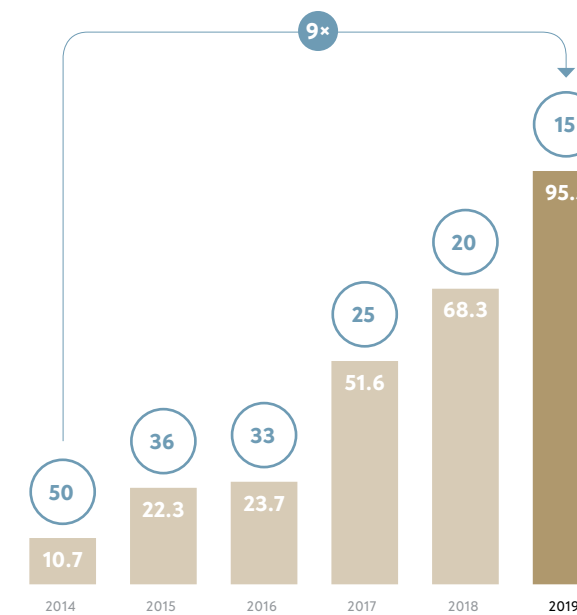
In 2019, Expert RA rating agency upgraded its rating for Sistema Capital from A+ to A++ (indicative of highest level of reliability and service quality of a management company) with stable outlook. The rating upgrade was due to the growth of assets and profitability of the business, as well as improved quality of the company's risk management. The agency also appreciated the results of market portfolios management (the weighted average returns of the largest portfolios exceed the agency's benchmarks) and the quality of assets under management.

In 2019, Sistema Capital continued to develop its retail business under the MTS Investments brand, which allowed it to expand its customer base to 7,000. The agent sales channel also expanded backed by partnerships with MTS Bank's regional branches.

Sistema Capital's strategic goal is to build a leading asset management company oriented towards private and institutional investors (retail customers, HNWI and non-government pension funds) while continuing as a manager of Sistema Group's liquidity and the vehicle for investment of Sistema's funds in marketable securities with varied risk levels.

ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT, bn RUB

○ RANKING IN EXPERT RA'S LIST OF LARGEST ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANIES IN TERMS OF AUM



PERFORMANCE OF MUTUAL INVESTMENT FUNDS

	CURRENCY	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Bonds						
SISTEMA CAPITAL MOBILE. BONDS	RUB	15.3%	7.5%	15.1%	—	—
SISTEMA CAPITAL MOBILE. BONDS. FOREIGN CURRENCY	USD	10.0%	0.8%	5.8%	—	—
SISTEMA CAPITAL RESERVE	RUB	12.6%	7.4%	14.2%	12.1%	17.3%
SISTEMA CAPITAL RESERVE. FOREIGN CURRENCY	USD	9.4%	2.0%	5.2%	7.2%	20.4%
Stocks						
SISTEMA CAPITAL MOBILE. STOCKS	RUB	28.4%	13.9%	4.2%	23.4%	56.3%
SISTEMA CAPITAL MOBILE. STOCKS. FOREIGN CURRENCY	USD	19.8%	—	—	—	—

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

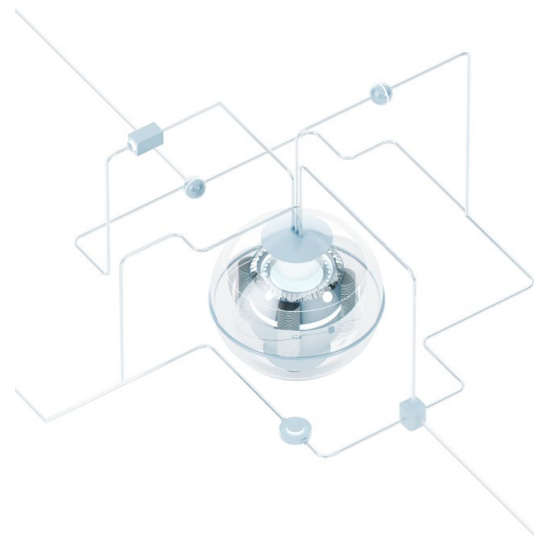
118 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE SYSTEM

137 BOARD AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION POLICY

140 RISK MANAGEMENT



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE SYSTEM



As an investment company, Sistema believes that superior corporate governance and information transparency are important elements of its strategy. Sistema seeks to meet the best international standards of corporate governance and transparency and improves its corporate governance practices on an ongoing basis through the timely implementation of necessary changes and high efficiency of managerial decision-making.

SISTEMA'S CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES

- ◆ clear and effective procedures for making investment decisions
- ◆ reasonable transparency of governance processes for investors and partners
- ◆ a dividend policy that takes due account of both reasonable expectations of investors and Sistema's financial resources
- ◆ a professional Board of Directors that is actively involved in strategic planning, and oversight of business processes
- ◆ particular focus of the Board of Directors on related-party transactions and potential conflicts of interest

The Corporation builds a stronger foundation for its investment case by applying these principles to all of its activities, including strategic and financial management, HR and social policy, preparation of financial statements, control and audit, and risk management.

In its corporate governance practices Sistema takes guidance from legal requirements, the Listing Rules of Moscow Exchange, and the recommendations of the Russian Corporate Governance Code^{1,2}. The Corporation also takes into account the UK

Corporate Governance Code³. The Corporation's Charter and internal regulations define its corporate governance principles and procedures, as well as the composition, procedures and powers of its governance and control bodies in accordance with Russian laws and best international practices. The Corporate Governance Code and Ethics Code of Sistema set out additional commitments of the Corporation, its top management and employees in terms of social responsibility, transparency, and ethical business principles.

¹ The text of the Corporate Governance Code recommended by the letter of the Bank of Russia No 06-52/2463 dated 10 April 2014 is available at: <https://www.cbr.ru/publ/Vestnik/ves140418040.pdf>
² Sistema's compliance with the standards set out in the Corporate Governance Code of Russia is analysed in Annex 6 to this report. If Sistema's corporate governance practices diverge from the standards recommended in the above documents, the Corporation provides an explanation of how it ensures the balance of interests envisaged by applicable corporate governance standards.
³ The text of the UK Corporate Governance Code is available at: <https://www.frc.org.uk/getattachment/88bd8c45-50ea-4841-95b0-d2f4f48069a2/2018-UK-Corporate-Governance-Code-FINAL.pdf>

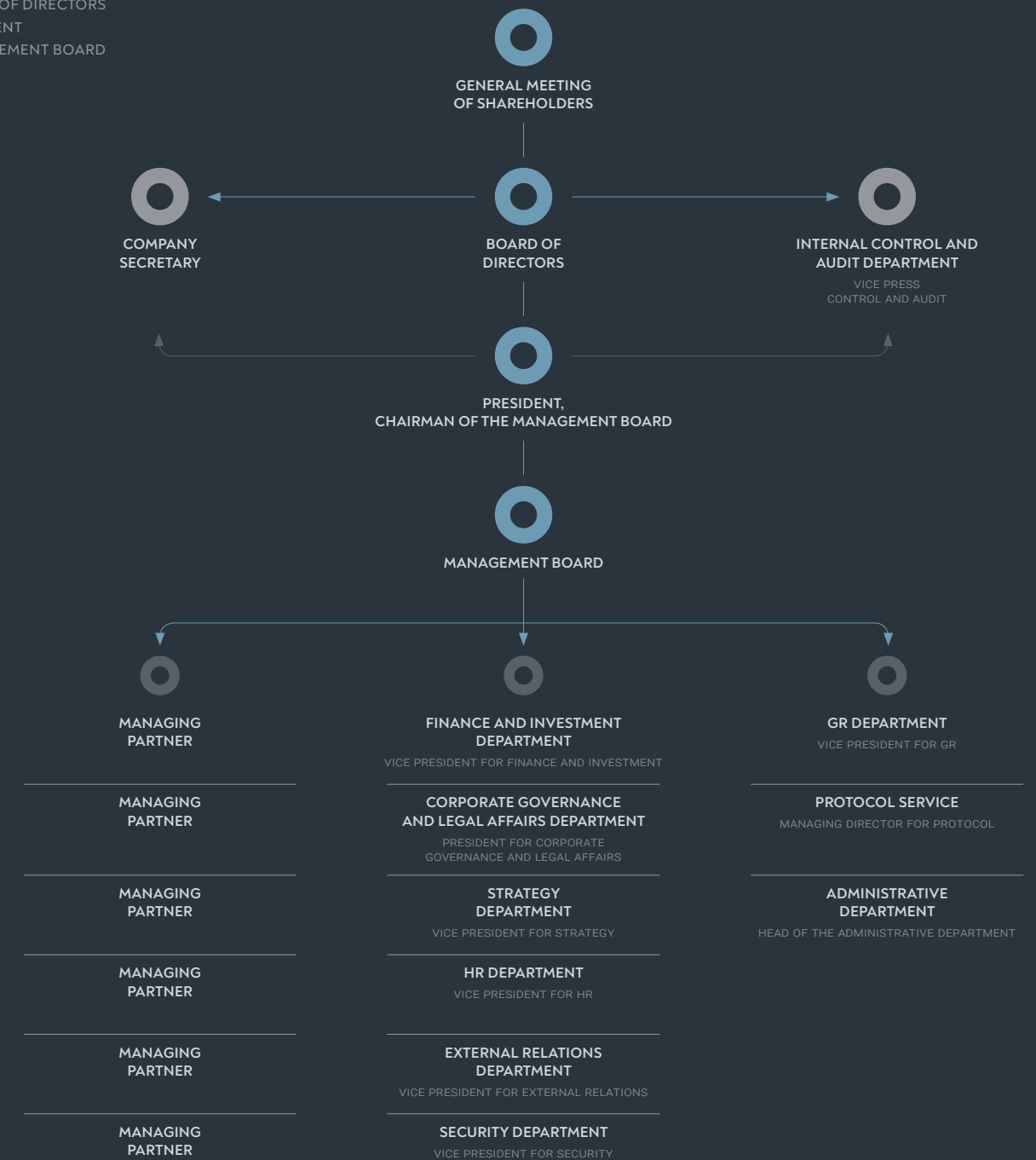
SISTEMA'S CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019

SISTEMA'S CHARTER PROVIDES FOR THE FOLLOWING CORPORATE GOVERNANCE BODIES:

- GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS
- BOARD OF DIRECTORS
- PRESIDENT
- MANAGEMENT BOARD

→ FUNCTIONAL SUBORDINATION
 → ADMINISTRATIVE SUBORDINATION



GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

The General Meeting of shareholders is the supreme governing body of the Corporation. The activities and powers of the General Meeting of shareholders are governed by Russian laws, Sistema's Charter and the Terms of Reference of the General Meeting of shareholders. The Corporation seeks to create the most favourable environment for shareholders who wish to participate in the General Meeting.

OBSERVANCE OF SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Proposing agenda items for the General Meeting of shareholders and nominating candidates to the Corporation's governance bodies

Shareholders who own at least 2% of the Corporation's voting shares may propose items for the agenda of the General Meeting of shareholders (AGM) and nominate candidates to the Corporation's governance and control bodies. Such proposals must be submitted to the Corporation no later than 100 days after the end of the reporting year, in accordance with the Terms of Reference of the General Meeting of shareholders and other internal regulations of the Corporation¹. The Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors conducts a preliminary review of candidates nominated by shareholders to the governance and control bodies of the Corporation.

Participation in General Meetings of shareholders and voting on agenda items

Sistema seeks to safeguard the right of shareholders to take part in the governance of the Corporation by participating in the General Meetings of shareholders and voting on agenda items, as well as the right to receive dividends.

In order to ensure that shareholders can exercise their right to take part in the General Meeting, the Corporation makes extensive use of electronic communications. All materials pertaining to the General Meeting's agenda items are published on the Corporation's website in Russian and in English (www.sistema.ru / www.sistema.com) at least 30 days before the date of the meeting and are then electronically transmitted to nominee shareholders².

Sistema's shareholders may use the e-voting system available on the website of the Corporation's registrar, JSC Reestr. To use this service, shareholders should contact the office of JSC Reestr for access to their personal shareholder accounts on the registrar's website. If a shareholder has a personal account on the Russian e-government portal, they may obtain access to the service without making an appearance at the registrar's office in person. More detailed information on signing up for the e-voting service is available on the website of the Corporation's registrar <http://www.aoreestr.ru/shareholders/e-voting>.

Each shareholder may also vote on agenda items either in person or by proxy (if the General Meeting is held as an in-person meeting of shareholders). Shareholders whose shares are recorded in the registry may fill out ballot papers and send them to Sistema by mail ahead of the General Meeting.

Holders of Sistema's global depository receipts (GDRs) may vote on General Meeting agenda items by proxy through the depository bank servicing Sistema's GDR programme (Citibank, N.A. in 2019). For more information on the depository bank and voting procedures, please visit the bank's website www.citiadr.idmanagementsolutions.com. Votes of the GDR holders whose details are disclosed to the depository are collected by the depository bank via clearing systems and are included in the general ballot specifying all GDR holders' votes cast for and against each proposed draft resolution, as well as abstentions.

The results of voting on agenda items of a General Meeting of shareholders held in person are announced before the close of the meeting. After the minutes of the meeting are drawn up, shareholders may also view the voting results on the Corporation's website.

¹ If an extraordinary General Meeting of shareholders is conducted and its agenda includes the election of the Board of Directors, shareholders who own a sufficient number of shares also may nominate candidates to the Board of Directors. Such proposals must be submitted in writing to the Corporation no later than 30 days prior to such General Meeting.
² The notice of the General Meeting of shareholders and ballots are also sent by mail to shareholders whose rights to the shares of the Corporation are recorded in the shareholder register.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Corporation announces the amount of dividends recommended by the Board of Directors and the record date in advance, which enables shareholders to make informed decisions with respect to their shares.

In determining the recommended amount of dividends for 2018, the Board of Directors took due account of the priority of the strategic goal of reducing the Corporation's debt, and recommended that the General Meeting of shareholders approve dividends totalling RUB 1,061,500,000, or RUB 0.11 per share, thus giving its assent to a departure from the current dividend policy³.

In determining the Company's payout, the Board of Directors considers a number of factors, including the following:

- Cash flows generated by Sistema's core publicly traded assets, which primarily support the Corporate Centre and are earmarked for future investments;
- Prospects for growth and development of non-public assets, the cash flows and monetisations from which could be allocated towards dividends or a shareholder return; and
- Indebtedness and other obligations at the Corporate Centre.

In assessing any payout, the Board also considers the state of financial markets, macroeconomic considerations both within Russia and in key operating markets.

INFORMATION ON GENERAL MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS HELD IN 2019

Annual General Meetings of shareholders

DATE AND VENUE	29 June 2019, 3 Tverskaya St., the Ritz-Carlton Hotel
FORM OF THE MEETING	Meeting (in-person)
ITEMS REVIEWED AND DECISIONS TAKEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annual report and financial statements for 2018 were approved; • Dividends for 2018 of 1,061,500,000, or RUB 0.11 per ordinary share (RUB 2.2 per GDR), were approved. • The Board of Directors was elected; • Auditors were appointed for RAS and IFRS audits for 2019. • The revised Charter and internal regulations of Sistema PJSFC governing the activity of Sistema's governance bodies, as well as the regulation governing the remuneration and compensations of the Board of Directors, were approved.
ATTENDED	Shareholders holding a combined 76.3% of votes
DATE AND REFERENCE NUMBER OF THE MINUTES	03 July 2019, No. 1–19

³ The current version of the Dividend Policy was adopted in April 2017.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors is a collective governance body in charge of the oversight and strategic management of the Corporation.

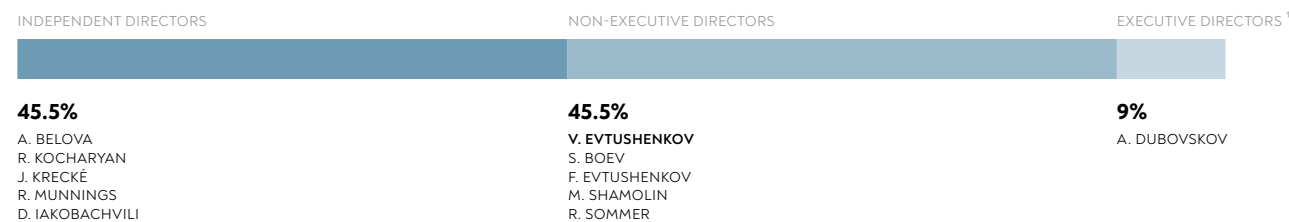
Under Sistema's Charter, the responsibilities of the Board of Directors include:

- Supervising the operations of the Corporation in general;
- Formulating strategic and financial development plans;
- Determining investment principles and criteria;
- Assessing management's performance;
- Defining corporate governance principles;
- Approving transactions and strategic projects in accordance with applicable laws and the Corporation's internal regulations.

The composition of the Board

The Board of Directors effective as of 31 December 2019 was elected at the AGM held on 29 June 2019. Independent directors account for 45% of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors consists of **11 members**



Composition of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC in 2019 (re-elected on 29 June 2019)²



Vladimir Evtushenkov
BOARD CHAIRMAN³



Anna Belova^{4,5}
DEPUTY CHAIR OF THE BOARD
FROM 29 JUNE 2019



Sergey Boev



Andrey Dubovskov⁶



Felix Evtushenkov
DEPUTY CHAIR OF THE BOARD
BEFORE 29 JUNE 2019



Ron Sommer



Robert Kocharyan^{5,7}



Jeannot Krecké^{5,8}



Roger Munnings^{5,9}



Mikhail Shamolin



David Iakobachvili^{5,10}

¹ After the end of the reporting period, on 19 April 2020, A. Dubovskov became a non-executive director due to termination of his powers as President of the Corporation.

² Short bios and information on directors' stakes in Sistema's authorised capital are available in Annex 1.

³ Chairman and Deputy Chair of the Board of Directors were elected at the first Board meeting on 29 June 2019.

⁴ A. Belova was elected to the Board of Directors based on a proposal of minority shareholders.

⁵ Independent Director.

⁶ After the end of the reporting period, at the Board meeting on 18 April 2020, A. Dubovskov was also elected Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors.

⁷ In line with Moscow Exchange listing rules, R. Kocharyan was recognised as independent by Sistema. Information pertaining to the decision is available on Sistema's website.

⁸ In line with Moscow Exchange listing rules, J. Krecké was recognised as independent by Sistema. Information pertaining to the decision is available on Sistema's website.

⁹ In line with Moscow Exchange listing rules, R. Munnings was recognised as independent by Sistema. Information pertaining to the decision is available on Sistema's website.

¹⁰ In line with Moscow Exchange listing rules, D. Iakobachvili was recognised as independent by Sistema. Information pertaining to the decision is available on Sistema's website.

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MEETINGS WERE HELD BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF SISTEMA IN 2019

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sistema's Board meetings are held on a regular basis in accordance with the approved annual work plan of the Board of Directors, which is devised based on Sistema's strategic planning and reporting cycle.

In 2019, the Board of Directors held 13 meetings: 8 in-person meetings held under the work plan and 5 ad hoc meetings with voting by ballot. The Board of Directors reviewed a total of 74 agenda items in 2019.

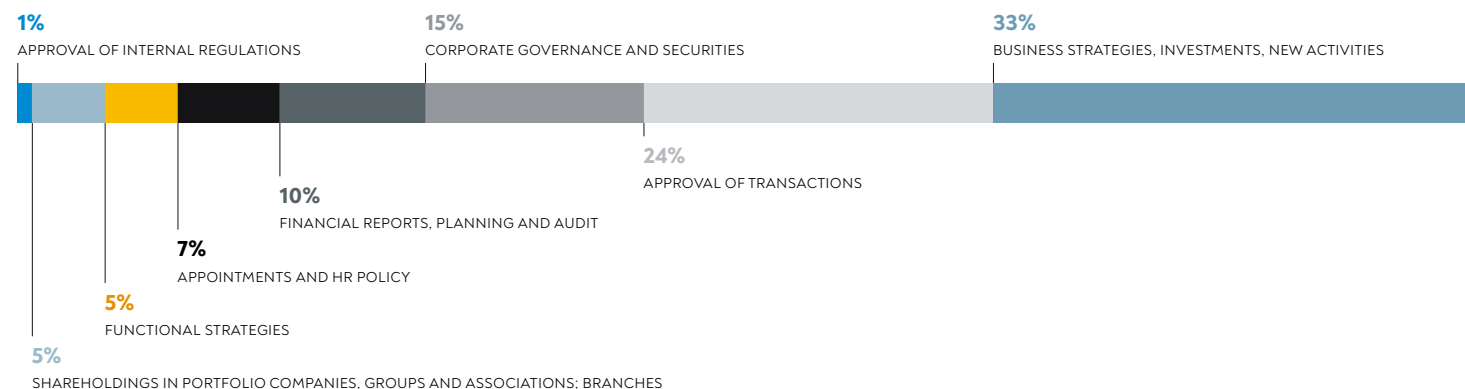
	2019	2018
Number of in-person meetings	8	8
Number of meetings with voting by ballot	5	4
Number of items in accordance with the Board's work plan	37	48
Actual number of items reviewed by the Board	74	74

Over the reporting period the Board of Directors considered the following key items:

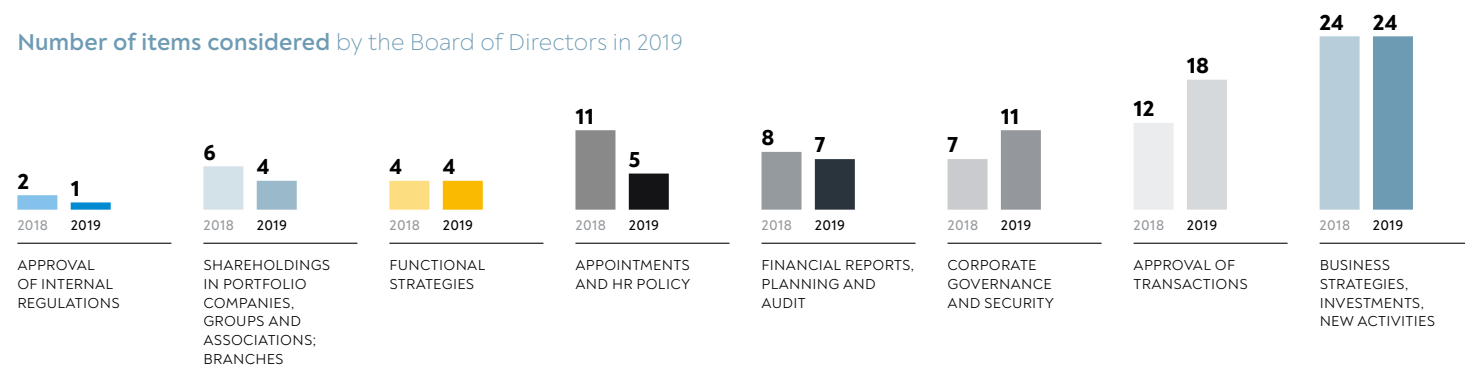
1. Sistema's development strategy.
2. Sistema Group's strategic planning cycle.
3. Investment policy, strategy of Sistema's investment funds and priority areas for investment in 2019–2020.
4. Managing and creating value for Sistema's investments in the following areas:
 - Telecom assets;
 - Consumer (retail) assets, including e-commerce assets;
 - Agricultural assets;
 - Timber processing and pulp and paper assets;
 - Banking assets;
 - Assets in financial services and investment management in capital markets;
 - High-tech assets;
 - Real estate assets;
 - Healthcare assets;
 - Hotel assets.
5. Sistema's results and performance against budget.
6. Budget planning, approval of the consolidated budget of Sistema PJSFC and management's KPIs for 2019–2020.
7. Risk management.
8. Report of the Internal Control and Audit Department.
9. HR matters and employee incentive systems.
10. Assessment of corporate governance including the results of assessment of the Board of Directors and Committees of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC.
11. Corporate social responsibility.
12. Mandatory corporate procedures, including calling the General Meeting and developing the work plan of the Board of Directors.
13. Composition of Board Committees and determining the status of Board members.
14. Approval of internal regulations.
15. Approval of transactions, including acquisition of equity stakes.

TOPICS REVIEWED BY THE BOARD IN 2019

Most of the items considered by the Board of Directors in 2019 covered the Corporation's **business strategy, management of its investments** in various industries, **HR policy, approval of transactions** (including shareholdings in companies) and **corporate governance**.



Number of items considered by the Board of Directors in 2019



PREPARATION FOR MEETINGS AND QUORUM OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Preparation procedures for Board meetings are designed to ensure the best use of the experience and expertise of Board members. Materials for the agenda items are published on the Board's electronic portal at least 10 days prior to the meeting, which provides the directors with sufficient time to form an informed opinion on all agenda items. Most agenda items (including the approval of transactions) undergo mandatory preliminary review at meetings of the Board's Committees.

The Corporation practices in-depth analysis and advance review of key items of the agenda by independent directors involving thorough discussions between Board members and management. This serves to increase the involvement of the Board members in the development of the Corporation's strategy.

Meetings of Sistema's Board of Directors usually have a high attendance rate: the average quorum of meetings in 2019 was 94.4%.

Participation of Board members in meetings of the Board of Directors and its Committees in 2019*

	BOARD OF DIRECTORS	STRATEGY COMMITTEE	AUDIT, FINANCE AND RISK COMMITTEE	NOMINATION, REMUNERATION AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE	ETHICS AND CONTROL COMMITTEE	INVESTOR RELATIONS AND DIVIDEND POLICY COMMITTEE
ATTENDANCE						
V. Evtushenkov	13/13	7/7				
A. Belova	13/13	2/3	12/13	4/4	8/8	9/9
S. Boev	13/13	4/7		4/4	8/8	
A. Dubovskov	13/13	5/7				
F. Evtushenkov	13/13	7/7			3/4	
R. Sommer	13/13	2/7	13/13	8/8		
R. Kocharyan	7/13	0/7	2/6	0/8	0/4	
J. Krecké	12/13		12/13		4/4	9/9
R. Munnings	13/13		13/13	8/8	8/8	8/9
M. Shamolin	12/13	0/4				
D. Iakobachvili	13/13	5/7	7/7	8/8		9/9

* The first number shows the number of meetings attended by the Board member, the second number is the total number of meetings.

ASSESSMENT OF THE WORK OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND ITS COMMITTEES

Assessment of the Board of Directors' performance is an important tool that helps identify areas where the work of the Board of Directors may be improved. Sistema continues the practice of annual comprehensive assessments of the work of the Board of Directors and all its Committees.

In 2019, the assessment was carried out in the form of a survey of members of the Board covering the following areas:

AREAS OF ASSESSMENT	MAIN FOCUS AREAS	SCORE IN 2019	SCORE IN 2018
MEMBERSHIP AND STRUCTURE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Number of Board members	4.57	4.56
	Balance of knowledge, skills and industry experience of Board members	4.13	4.33
ORGANISATION OF THE BOARD'S WORK	Content of the Board's agendas	4.25	4.33
	Quality and timely provision of materials	4.38	4.33
	Quality of discussions	4.33	4.11
FUNCTIONAL AREAS OF THE BOARD'S WORK	Strategic management	4.30	4.21
	Finance and internal control	4.20	4.40
	HR policy and corporate governance	4.20	4.25

As a result of the analysis of the Board's performance the total score on a 5-point scale was 4.33, i.e., on the same level as in 2018. A heavier involvement of directors in succession planning for key management and in the nomination of candidates to the boards of portfolio companies was indicated as an area for improvement.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sistema has five Committees of the Board of Directors:

- Strategy Committee;
- Audit, Finance and Risk Committee;
- Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee;
- Ethics and Control Committee;
- Investor Relations and Dividend Policy Committee.

The main purpose of the Committees is to assist the Board in the reviewing and making decisions in specific functional areas, as well as to ensure prior in-depth scrutiny of matters submitted to the Board's.

The status, procedures for nominating members, responsibilities and decision-making procedures of the Board's Committees are provided by the Terms of Reference of each Committee as approved by the Board of Directors and published on the Corporation's website in the Corporate Documents section

<http://www.sistema.ru/o-kompanii/korporativnoe-upravlenie/korporativnye-dokumenty/>.

Functions of the Board committees

STRATEGY COMMITTEE

- Analysis of strategic management issues of Sistema Group;
- Review of strategy planning methods;
- Review of M&A transactions with a value exceeding USD 100 M;
- Review of Sistema Group's investment projects involving entry into new geographic regions or industries and projects with significant state participation.

AUDIT, FINANCE AND RISK COMMITTEE

- Facilitation and supervision of financial statements preparation and audits;
- Assessment of the quality of audit services and provision of preliminary recommendations to the Board of Directors with respect to the selection of RAS and IFRS auditors;
- Assessment of the risk management and compliance in financial reporting, audit and planning;
- Provisional evaluation of transactions submitted to the Board of Directors.
- Budgeting and financial planning.

NOMINATION, REMUNERATION AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

- Facilitation of the development of an efficient corporate governance system meeting international standards;
- Preliminary review of nominees:
 - to the Board of Directors of Sistema;
 - to the boards of directors of portfolio companies;
 - to senior management positions across Sistema Group;
 - to the position of the Corporation's Company Secretary;
- Development of the Corporation's incentive and remuneration policies;
- Coordination of the assessment of Board performance.

ETHICS AND CONTROL COMMITTEE

- Facilitation of an efficient system of economic and corporate security;
- Oversight of the Ethics Code compliance;
- Maintenance of a system for preventing corruption, fraud, and other misconduct at Sistema Group companies.

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND DIVIDEND POLICY COMMITTEE

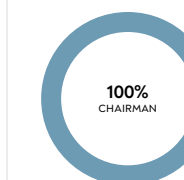
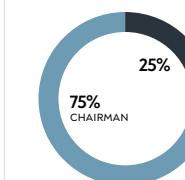
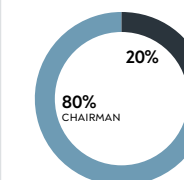
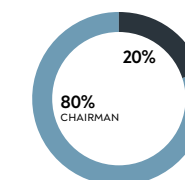
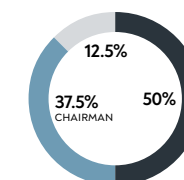
- Strengthening of the Corporation's investment case;
- Maintenance of effective relations with the financial community;
- Development of Sistema's dividend policy, including recommendations for the Corporation's Board of Directors with respect to the amount of payable dividends;
- Protection of the rights and interests of Sistema's shareholders.

The structure of Sistema's Board Committees as of 31 December 2019

	THE STRATEGY COMMITTEE	THE AUDIT, FINANCE AND RISK COMMITTEE	THE NOMINATION, REMUNERATION AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE ¹	THE ETHICS AND CONTROL COMMITTEE	THE INVESTOR RELATIONS AND DIVIDEND POLICY COMMITTEE
V. Evtushenkov	CHAIRMAN				
A. Belova			ACTING CHAIR		CHAIRMAN
S. Boev					
A. Dubovskov					
F. Evtushenkov					
R. Sommer					
R. Kocharyan			CHAIRMAN		
J. Krecké ²				CHAIRMAN	
R. Munnings ²		CHAIRMAN			
M. Shamolin					
D. Iakobachvili					

MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE

- INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR
- NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
- EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR



¹ The President of Sistema attends Committee meetings in the capacity of a permanent invitee and does not vote on the matters submitted to the Committee.
² R. Munnings and J. Krecké, both members of the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee, are experts in finance and audit with extensive experience in this area.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Matters considered by the Board Committees

COMMITTEE	NUMBER OF MEETINGS IN 2019	AREAS COVERED BY AGENDA ITEMS
STRATEGY COMMITTEE	7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value creation by the Corporation's investments in various industries; Investment projects; Strategic management and planning system.
AUDIT, FINANCE AND RISK COMMITTEE	13	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assessment of the quality of audit services, results of the tender for audit services, recommendations for the Board of Directors on selecting an external auditor; Review and approval of the Corporation's financial reports, the annual budget and report on performance against the Corporation's budget; Review of management's reports on risk management at Sistema, risk maps and mitigation plans; Preliminary review and evaluation of transactions to be submitted to the Board of Directors; Development of the internal audit function.
NOMINATION, REMUNERATION AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE	8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Development of corporate governance at Sistema Group, including various scenarios for the transformation of the Corporate Centre; Incentive system and its key parameters, performance assessment and bonuses for the key managers and employees of Sistema; HR process and prior review of candidates for top management positions at Sistema and nominees to the boards of directors of the key portfolio companies.
ETHICS AND CONTROL COMMITTEE	8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Performance of the Internal Control and Audit Department in 2018 and its work plan for 2020; Results of ethics assessment of the Corporation's employees; Compliance system at Sistema; Fraud and corruption prevention at Sistema; Internal control strategy for digital applications.
INVESTOR RELATIONS AND DIVIDEND POLICY COMMITTEE	9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Communications and interaction with minority shareholders; Amount of dividends and dividend policy of the Corporation; ESG strategy; Market analysis and monitoring; Sistema's investment case and its perception by the investment community.

PRESIDENT

The President is the permanent chief executive officer whose main tasks include managing the current operations of the Corporation and resolving any matters that are not reserved for the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Board of Directors, or the Management Board, with the aim of achieving the strategic goals set by the Board of Directors, ensuring the Corporation's profitability and safeguarding the rights and legitimate interests of its shareholders. The President reports to the Board of Directors and the General Meeting of shareholders of Sistema. The President chairs the Management Board.

As of 31 December 2019, Andrey Dubovskov was President and Chairman of the Management Board of Sistema.

Andrey Dubovskov



Born in Alma-Ata (now Almaty) in 1966.

In 1993, Andrey graduated from the Gerasimov Institute of Cinematography.

Andrey has extensive experience in telecom companies: since 1993, he has held multiple managerial positions at Millicom International Cellular S.A., Millicom International Cellular B.V., LLC Regional Cellular Telecommunications, CJSC 800 and other companies in Moscow, Alma-Ata, Nizhny Novgorod, Yekaterinburg, Perm and Kiev.

2002–2004—CEO, Tele2 (Nizhny Novgorod).

In 2004, he joined OJSC MTS as head of the company's Nizhny Novgorod branch.

2006–2007—Director of the MTS Ural Macroregion.

In 2007, Andrey became First Deputy CEO of CJSC UMS (MTS Ukraine); in 2008, he was appointed head of the MTS Ukraine business unit.

2011–2018—President of PJSC MTS.

On 13 March 2018, Andrey was appointed President of Sistema by the Board of Directors.

Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC and the Board of Sistema Charitable Foundation.

After the end of the reporting period, the Board of Directors approved Vladimir Chirakhov's appointment as President and Chairman of the Management Board of Sistema PJSFC, effective 20 April 2020 (for a three-year term).

Vladimir Chirakhov



Born in Tbilisi in 1974.

In 1996, Vladimir graduated with honours from the Russian Federal Security Service Academy with a degree in applied mathematics and mathematical engineering. In 2000, he studied system analysis and business management at the Moscow International Higher Business School MIRBIS. In 2001, he graduated from the Russian Presidential Academy of National Economy with a degree in management. In 2013, he completed Executive MBA at the Moscow Skolkovo School of Management.

2005–2009—Senior Category Manager and Project Manager at LLC MVideo Management.

2009—Commercial Director at LLC Lindeks.

2009–2012—Commercial Director, Executive Director, CEO of LLC Korablik-R.

In March 2012, Vladimir was appointed Deputy CEO for sales at OJSC Detsky Mir, and from September 2012 until March 2020 was CEO of PJSC Detsky Mir.

On 20 April 2020, Vladimir was appointed President of Sistema by the Board of Directors.

Chairman of the Board of Directors of PJSC Detsky Mir, member of the Board of Directors of JSC Progress and LLC Internet Solutions.

In March 2020, Vladimir was awarded the Order of Friendship.

MANAGEMENT BOARD

The Management Board of Sistema determines methods for the implementation of the Corporation's development strategy, formulates development plans, defines and monitors investment processes, and reviews most matters to be subsequently submitted to the Corporation's Board of Directors.

In 2019, the Management Board held 11 meetings and reviewed 34 agenda items in the following key areas:

1. Sistema's development strategy.
2. Management strategy and structure of Sistema's investment funds.
3. Sistema Group's strategic planning cycle.
4. Development strategy, value creation and monetisation of Sistema's investments in various industries.
5. Corporate governance practices at the Corporation
6. Budget performance, budget planning and key performance indicators.
7. Debt and liquidity management.
8. Sistema's corporate social responsibility.

In April 2018, the powers of the previously elected Management Board were terminated, and the Board of Directors elected a new Management Board for a three-year term. As of 31 December 2019, the Corporation's Management Board consisted of 15 members.

Members of the Management Board of Sistema as of 31 December 2019¹

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1. Andrey Dubovskov
PRESIDENT, CHAIRMAN OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD</p> | <p>9. Vsevolod Rozanov
MANAGING PARTNER</p> |
| <p>2. Igor Alyoshin
VICE PRESIDENT FOR SECURITY</p> | <p>10. Artyom Sirazutdinov
MANAGING PARTNER</p> |
| <p>3. Sergey Egorov
MANAGING PARTNER</p> | <p>11. Joshua Tulgan
VICE PRESIDENT FOR EXTERNAL RELATIONS</p> |
| <p>4. Artyom Zasursky
VICE PRESIDENT FOR STRATEGY</p> | <p>12. Vladimir Travkov
VICE PRESIDENT FOR FINANCE AND INVESTMENTS</p> |
| <p>5. Alexey Katkov
MANAGING PARTNER</p> | <p>13. Ali Uzdenov
MANAGING PARTNER</p> |
| <p>6. Svetlana Matveyeva
VICE PRESIDENT FOR HR</p> | <p>14. Sergey Shishkin
VICE PRESIDENT FOR CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND LEGAL</p> |
| <p>7. Oleg Mubarakshin
MANAGING PARTNER</p> | <p>15. Maxim Yanpolsky
MANAGING PARTNER</p> |
| <p>8. Andrey Pilipenko
VICE PRESIDENT FOR GOVERNMENT RELATIONS</p> | |

After the end of the reporting period, the Board of Directors approved Vladimir Chirakhov's appointment as President and Chairman of the Management Board of Sistema PJSC, effective 20 April 2020 (for a three-year term).

Changes to Sistema's Management Board in 2019

A. Guryev	20 May 2019	Powers terminated
S. Egorov	20 May 2019	Elected
S. Matveyeva	21 May 2019	Elected

GOVERNANCE BODIES REPORTING TO THE PRESIDENT AND THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

To improve management decision-making, Sistema has several governance bodies that report to the President and the Management Board, i.e., the Expert Council, the Finance and Investment Committee, the Risk Committee, and the Tender Committee.

These committees are permanent consultative collective bodies tasked with a detailed analysis of current operations and processes within their functional areas and with assisting the President and the Management Board in decision-making.

EXPERT COUNCIL

The Expert Council considers all of the Corporation's new investment ideas and projects for acquisitions of assets in new and complementary industries, as well as in industries where Sistema already has a presence. The Expert Council verifies conformity of the projects with a number of formal requirements set out in the Corporation's internal regulations, scores them, and opines on them in writing. Once approved by the Expert Council, projects are further reported to the Finance and Investment Committee.

As of 31 December 2019, the Expert Council consisted of 13 members, and the Chairman of the Expert Council was Artyom Zasursky, Vice President for Strategy.

In 2019, the Expert Council held 11 meetings.

THE FINANCE AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

The responsibilities of the Finance and Investment Committee include:

- Review of the Corporation's investment projects at different stages from conception to completion;
- Approval of financial models, business plans and key performance indicators of investment projects;
- Recommendations regarding the feasibility of projects, exit scenarios and sources of financing;
- Review of external financing terms.

The Committee considers the Corporation's investment projects once they are approved by the Expert Council. An approval by the Committee is required for further review of a project by the Management Board and/or Board of Directors.

As of 31 December 2019, the Committee consisted of 8 members, and the Chairman of the Committee was the Corporation's President Andrey Dubovskov.

In 2019, the Committee held 38 meetings.

RISK COMMITTEE

The Risk Committee's responsibilities include:

- Assessment of the most material risks facing the Corporation and its portfolio companies;
- Ensuring the preparation of a risk register and a generalised risk map of Sistema;
- Preparation and approval of risk assessment reviews;
- Preparation of proposals regarding the acceptable risk level (risk appetite) of Sistema;
- Coordination of risk management strategies, plans and monitoring of their implementation.

As of 31 December 2019, the Committee consisted of 12 members, and the Chairman of the Committee was Vladimir Travkov, Vice President for Finance and Investment.

The Risk Committee includes an Expert Group consisting of 10 members that reviews matters pertaining to the approval of counterparty limits (applying to banks, insurers and management companies) and guarantees (including bank guarantees) securing counterparty obligations, the preliminary approval of WACC estimates for the evaluation of investment projects of portfolio companies to be further reported to the Finance and Investment Committee, and other operational matters pertaining to risk management across Sistema Group.

The Risk Committee and the Expert Group held a total of 4 meetings in 2019.

¹ Short bios and information on Management Board members' stakes in Sistema's authorised capital are available in Annex 1.

TENDER COMMITTEE

The responsibilities of the Tender Committee include:

- Ensuring the acquisition of goods and services on the best terms available;
- Minimising the costs of purchase (ownership, operation) of goods, works and services without compromising their quality;
- Ensuring the sale of Sistema's property and rights as they become irrelevant to the company's operations on the best economic terms available;
- Ensuring the transparency of procurement procedures and impartial decision-making;
- Prevention of corruption, fraud and other wrongdoing in procurement.

As of 31 December 2019, the Committee consisted of 7 members, and the Chairman of the Committee was Vladimir Travkov, Vice President for Finance and Investment.

In 2019, the Tender Committee held 32 meetings.

RISK MANAGEMENT, INTERNAL CONTROL AND INTERNAL AUDIT SYSTEMS

RISK MANAGEMENT

Sistema's risk management system employs a two-level approach, under which the risks identified at Sistema and its portfolio companies are consolidated to assess their impact on Sistema Group as a whole.

The enterprise risk management system (ERM) used in the Corporation includes the following elements:

- Identification of risks at all levels of management (from the top to line management), which includes identifying risk owners and making risk passports;
- Primary assessment of the materiality of identified risks and their analysis (VaR method);
- Ranging risks by management levels;
- Assessment of the aggregate influence of material risks on the Corporation's key financial indicators (Monte Carlo modelling);
- Development of plans to mitigate identified risks at all management levels;
- Regular monitoring of performance against mitigation plans and assessment of their effectiveness;
- Risk monitoring, quarterly reports on risks facing the Corporation.

Sistema's risk management procedures are carried out by a dedicated risk management unit with the support of risk management professionals from the Finance and Investment Department.

The reassessment of identified and/or new risks, the effects of mitigation and response measures and the approval of limits applying to counterparties (banks, management companies and insurers) are monitored at least on a quarterly basis by a dedicated Expert Group of the Risk Committee, which includes representatives of all of the Corporation's key departments. The risk management system is monitored by Sistema's Risk Committee and Management Board.

Sistema's senior executives submit regular reports on risk management at the Corporation to the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee, which translate into further reports to the Board of Directors.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

Sistema's internal control system is based on advanced international and Russian internal control practices, involves all material decision-making levels, and serves the interests of the Corporation's shareholders, investors and management.

The internal control system and the responsibility for the implementation of control procedures are formalised in codes, policies, procedures, and other internal regulations of the Corporation.

The Internal Control Policy was approved by the Corporation's Board of Directors and is the top-level internal regulation describing the key principles of internal control as a continuous and integrated process that involves all units and governance bodies of the Corporation.

The Corporation methodically works on the composition of a regulatory framework designed to govern all issues relating to internal control through their cascading from the level of the Board of Directors to the level of employees.

The key objectives of the internal control system are:

- Creating new and improving existing control mechanisms that will ensure efficient business processes and the implementation of the Corporation's investment projects;
- Ensuring the safety of the Corporation's assets and efficient use of its resources;
- Protecting the interests of the Corporation's shareholders, preventing and resolving conflicts of interest;
- Creating conditions for timely preparation and submission of reliable reports and other information that is legally required to be publicly disclosed;
- Ensuring the Corporation's compliance with applicable laws and requirements of regulators.

In accordance with advanced practices and approaches in internal control and audit, the efficiency of the Corporation's internal control system is ensured at three levels (in addition to the Board of Directors and the Corporation's senior management):

Level 1: Heads of structural units and employees of the Corporation are responsible for building an efficient internal control system and assessing and managing risks within their remit.

Level 2: Sistema's controlling bodies and Committees perform control functions, e.g.:

- The Risk Committee and the Risk Management Function are responsible for developing and monitoring the implementation of an effective risk management practice;
- The Finance and Investment Committee of the Corporation approves and monitors the implementation of investment projects;
- The Security Department is responsible, inter alia, for economic security, the prevention of corruption and information security.

Level 3: The Internal Control and Audit Department conducts independent assessments of the efficiency of the internal control system, as well as risk management and the corporate governance procedures.

All of the Corporation's employees in charge of various control procedures bear responsibility for the efficiency of such controls and risk management activities as prescribed in their job descriptions and internal regulations, as well as laws of the Russian Federation and other relevant jurisdictions.

INTERNAL AUDIT

The body in charge of internal audit at the Corporation is the Internal Control and Audit Department, which reports to the Board of Directors (functionally) and Sistema's President (administratively). The Department is headed by Vice President for Internal Control and Audit, who is appointed and dismissed by the President based on resolutions passed by the Corporation's Board of Directors following preliminary approval by the Board's Ethics and Control Committee.

The main objectives of the Internal Control and Audit Department are:

- Helping shareholders and management improve the internal control system by performing regular audits of the efficiency of the Corporation's internal control, risk management and corporate governance systems;
- Supplying management and shareholders with objective information on existing internal and external risks, as well as their probability and consequences;
- Enhancing awareness among the Corporation's management team about the performance of Sistema's structural units;
- Monitoring the achievement of the goals of shareholders of the Corporation.

To meet these objectives, the Internal Control and Audit Department carries out the following functions:

- Performing independent audits of individual operations, processes and units;
- Assessing the effectiveness of the internal control system;
- Assessing the effectiveness of the risk management system;
- Assessing the effectiveness of the corporate governance system, preventing violations of law and the Corporation's regulations, ensuring the observance of professional and ethical standards and preparing recommendations for improving them;
- Developing recommendations to remedy deficiencies identified and monitoring the execution of remedial actions;
- Monitoring compliance with procurement procedures and other profit and expenditure transactions associated with elevated risk and materiality levels;
- Administering the Hotline.

The Internal Control and Audit Department has all the resources and powers required to perform the above functions and is an independent structural unit. In all of its operations, the Department abides by international standards applying to internal control and audit and the code of ethics.

Aiming to improve the quality, widen the scope and increase the depth of audits, the Department continuously works on a single set of methods to standardise audit and control procedures in specific fields and risk areas.

The Internal Control and Audit Department closely interacts with Sistema's external auditor. These interactions include coordination and consultations over the annual audit plan (concerning the financial reporting control effectiveness) and discussion and evaluation of detected risks.

Regular reports on the results of the Internal Control and Audit Department are reviewed by the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee and the Ethics and Control Committee of Sistema's Board of Directors. The full-year report is also submitted to the Board of Directors of Sistema for review.

In 2019, the Internal Control and Audit Department conducted 57 audits to assess the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control, risk management and corporate governance systems. Audits performed by the Internal Control and Audit Department did not uncover any weaknesses or risks that could affect the sustainability of the Corporation's business as a whole. Specific comments pertaining to various aspects audited were communicated to stakeholders in a timely manner and followed up by recommendations on how to eliminate them.

Sistema's Internal Control & Audit Department continuously develops automation technologies in an effort to improve the effectiveness of audit procedures, specifically at planning, risk analysis and testing stages.

RESOLUTION OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Matters related to conflicts of interest are governed by the Corporation's Code of Ethics as well as the laws of applicable jurisdictions. The Corporation has an ethics assessment procedure: all top managers of the Corporation annually (or as conflicts of interests arise) fill out Ethics and Conflict of Interest Declarations. All new employees are required to complete a training course and learn the requirements of the Code of Ethics and the procedure to fill out the Declaration and are required to report relevant conflicts of interest (if any) before starting their jobs.

In 2019, the results of the ethics declaration campaign were reviewed by the Ethics and Control Committee of Sistema's Board of Directors. In most cases, declared conflicts of interest did not require any resolution measures, as they posed no risks to the Corporation's interests. However, action plans on conflict resolution were implemented with respect to several declarants in accordance with best corporate governance practices.

EXTERNAL AUDIT

In compliance with the decision of the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee, the Corporation employs specific procedures to appoint the independent auditors of Sistema's financial statements. The Committee performs an annual assessment of the quality of audit services received. If the quality of services provided by the current auditor is deemed insufficient, the Audit Committee organises a tender to select a new auditor. If the quality is deemed sufficient, Sistema negotiates the price of the services with the current auditor for the following period. According to the decision of the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee, a tender for external audit services should be held at least every five years to ensure the auditor's impartiality and objectivity.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ACROSS SISTEMA GROUP

The quality of strategic planning and the investment case of Sistema's portfolio companies depend, *inter alia*, on the quality of corporate governance procedures. To increase the value of its investments, Sistema pays special attention to improving the quality of corporate governance at its portfolio companies.

The Corporation carries out the strategic management of its key portfolio companies through efficient work of boards of directors by including professional independent members with expertise in the companies' industries, as well as in strategy, finance, audit, and corporate governance. Independent directors account for about one-third of members of the boards of key portfolio companies (depending on the level of a company's organisational maturity).

The Corporation continuously improves the corporate governance system in order to increase efficiency and remain compliant with best practices. Improving the quality of corporate governance processes at portfolio companies and attracting competent professionals to their boards of directors is designed to increase the quality of decision-making and the shareholder value of Sistema's portfolio assets. With that in mind, the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of Sistema's Board of Directors gives priority to the selection of candidates to be nominated to the boards of directors of portfolio companies and is heavily involved in the process at each stage, from formulating the skills and expertise requirements for each key asset to making recommendations with regard to specific lists of candidates.

Boards of directors of portfolio companies and their committees ensure control and coordination and support management in decision-making in the following main functional areas, seeking to further enhance the quality of management of portfolio companies:

- Strategy and key transactions;
- Budget planning;
- HR policy and incentive system;
- Internal audit.

Committees of the boards of directors of portfolio companies play a pivotal role in the collective review of function-specific matters to be reported to the Board of Directors.

The Corporation also seeks to facilitate the adoption of best compliance practices (such as anticorruption and exchange compliance, data protection, AML) across Sistema Group, acting through its representatives on the boards and special committees of portfolio companies.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE SYSTEM IN 2019

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS ON THE CORPORATION'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In 2019, 11 members were elected to the Corporation's Board of Directors, 5 of whom qualify as independent directors or are recognised as independent under the Listing Rules of Moscow Exchange and the Russian Corporate Governance Code.

The current Board comprises the following independent directors:

- **Anna Belova;**
- **Robert Kocharyan;**
- **Jeannot Krecké;**
- **Roger Munnings;**
- **David Iakobachvili.**

All of the Corporation's independent directors have significant experience in managing large organisations and possess strong professional reputation, which ensures due objectivity of their judgements and freedom from the influence of the Corporation's management and particular shareholders when making decisions.

Independent directors are directly involved in discussing and formulating the strategy of the Corporation. For this purpose, working groups headed by independent members of the Board and including representatives of the Strategy Department and the Finance and Investment Department are established to formulate substantiated positions of the Board of Directors on strategic issues related to the development of the Corporation.

Independent director Anna Belova was nominated to the Board of Directors by a group of minority shareholders. At the first meeting of Sistema's Board of Directors held after the Annual General Meeting of shareholders, Anna Belova was elected Deputy Chair of the Corporation's Board of Directors. In this position, she, *inter alia*, coordinates the activities of independent members of the Board of Directors and interacts with the Chairman of the Board of Directors, acting as the senior independent director. Anna Belova has extensive experience as a board member of large Russian companies and has been a member of Sistema's Board of Directors since 2017.

SELECTION OF CANDIDATES TO THE BOARDS OF DIRECTORS OF ASSETS

In 2019, the Corporation introduced the practice of holding working meetings of the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee with executives responsible for the Corporation's investments in a particular asset as part of the cycle of nominating candidates for election to the boards of directors of portfolio companies. Such meetings involve the Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors and other independent directors. Their purpose is the discussion and identification of specific needs of assets as regards director expertise. After such discussions, independent directors give recommended director skill profiles to the management responsible for a particular asset. The Committee then proceeds to consider lists of board nominees in light of such skill profiles and may suggest adjustments thereto as necessary.

CHANGES TO THE CORPORATION'S CHARTER AND INTERNAL REGULATIONS

In June 2019, the General Meeting of shareholders of Sistema PJSFC approved the new versions of the Charter of Sistema PJSFC, the Terms of Reference of the General Meeting of shareholders of Sistema PJSFC, the Terms of Reference of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC and the Terms of Reference of the Management Board of Sistema PJSFC.

The amendments to the Charter and internal regulations of the Corporation were necessitated by the need to update the scope of authority of Sistema's governance bodies in accordance with applicable laws. In particular, they set forth the authority of the Board of Directors in the area of internal control and audit as established by law. Considering that the Board of Directors has a broad scope of authority in internal control and audit and that the functions of the Audit Review Commission duplicated those of the Board's Audit, Finance and Risk Committee, provisions on the Audit Review Commission were removed from the Company's Charter and internal regulations in accordance with Federal Law "On Joint-Stock Companies".

The Charter and other internal regulations were also updated to remove certain obsolete rules pertaining to the standard procedures of preparation, convocation, and conduct of the General Meeting of Sistema's shareholders and to ensure proper alignment with legal rules governing shareholder rights and obligations.

REMUNERATION SYSTEM FOR MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In June 2019, the General Meeting of shareholders approved a new version of the Policy on Remuneration and Compensations Payable to Members of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC.

The changes made to the remuneration system affected the directors' supplementary remuneration for payable in the form of shares of the Corporation. Under the new system, members of the Board of Directors receive supplementary remuneration if the weighted average price of an ordinary share of Sistema on Moscow Exchange at the end of the reporting year exceeds the weighted average price at the beginning of the same reporting year, but in any case is greater than RUB 9.71. The amount of supplementary remuneration is now proportionate to the increase in the Corporation's market capitalisation in the relevant reporting year, with the maximum amount of the supplementary remuneration remaining unchanged.

PLANS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Each year, the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of Sistema's Board of Directors annually develops and approves the Corporation's action plan for improving corporate governance in the next year.

The plan for 2020 envisages the following actions:

1. Improving the corporate governance system in Sistema Group, including the procedure for selecting nominees to the boards of directors of portfolio companies in accordance with the skill profiles made for particular assets (throughout 2020);
2. Updating the management incentive system by taking into account personal contributions to an increase of Sistema's market capitalisation (throughout 2020);
3. Improving the procedure for making investment decisions for a better management of the growth of shareholder returns (throughout 2020);
4. Adjusting the system for managing the Corporation's funds based on the corporate venture fund model (throughout 2020).

BOARD AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION POLICY

BOARD REMUNERATION POLICY

Remuneration for the work of members of the Board of Directors is calculated and paid in accordance with the Policy on Remuneration and Compensations Payable to Members of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC (hereinafter, "the Policy") approved by the General Meeting of shareholders.

BASIC REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In 2019, basic remuneration of members of the Board of Directors amounted to RUB 13.7 M or RUB 17.8 M per year depending on whether a director is a tax resident of Russia. Basic remuneration was paid to Board members in cash in equal quarterly instalments.

SUPPLEMENTARY REMUNERATION OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

In 2019, the General Meeting of shareholders approved amendments to the Policy¹ which provide for supplementary remuneration in the form of ordinary shares to members of the Board of Directors on the condition that an increase in capitalisation is recorded in the reporting year². The amount of supplementary remuneration is variable and is equal to a share³ of the increase in capitalisation achieved in the relevant financial year.

The amount of additional remuneration is, in any case, limited by the amount of basic remuneration (no more than RUB 17.8 M a year).

REMUNERATION FOR PERFORMANCE OF ADDITIONAL DUTIES

Board members who perform additional duties, i.e., Chair of the Board, Deputy Chair of the Board and Chairs of Board Committees, receive remuneration on a quarterly basis in the amount stipulated by the Policy.

REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES AND OTHER CONDITIONS

Members of the Board of Directors are reimbursed for their expenses incurred during performance of their duties, including participation in meetings of the Board of Directors and Board Committees.

Sistema PJSFC insures the liability of members of the Board of Directors.

Sistema PJSFC does not provide loans to members of the Board of Directors.

¹ In accordance with the Policy on Remuneration and Compensations Payable to Members of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC effective until 28 June 2019, additional remuneration of members of the Board of Directors was paid once a year in the form of ordinary shares of Sistema PJSFC subject to achievement of the Corporation's investment targets in the reporting year: (i) the arithmetic mean of TSR and iTSR exceeds or equals CoE, or (ii) TSR exceeds or equals the amount of change of the MSCI index (Δ MSCI), provided that iTSR exceeds or equals CoE.

² For an increase in capitalisation to be recorded for the purposes of the Policy, the weighted average price of one ordinary share of Sistema on Moscow Exchange at the end of the reporting year (for 60 preceding trading days) must exceed the weighted average price of one share at the beginning of the reporting year (for 60 preceding trading days).

³ 0.1% or 0.125% (depending on tax residency) of the increase in capitalisation for the financial year.

BOARD AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION POLICY

SENIOR MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION POLICY

The incentive scheme for senior executives of Sistema PJSFC in 2019 consisted of:

- A fixed monthly salary determined in line with the internal system of grades;
- Bonuses paid for implementation of projects, generation of cash income, achievement of KPIs and objectives. Remuneration is paid based on employees' individual performance and positive cash flow generated by projects implemented by the teams of Managing Partners and Departments of Sistema. Payments may amount to (a) up to 20% of cash income for project implementation, (b) certain percentage of annual income for achievement of KPIs.

For the purpose of calculating bonuses, cash income means:

- An increase in the value of an asset (in the event of asset sale or IPO) net of (i) hurdle rate determined by the Finance and Investment Committee chaired by the President of the Corporation prior to the start of a project or the acquisition of an asset, (ii) investments made in such an asset and project costs;
- Percentage of the project team's annual income.

CO-INVESTMENT PROGRAMME

In 2016, the Board of Directors approved a programme enabling Sistema's senior managers to co-invest in the Corporation and/or its portfolio companies (the "Co-Investment Programme"). The Co-Investment Programme is designed to align the interests of the Corporation's shareholders and senior executives in terms of long-term management and development of portfolio companies by granting rights to acquire participation interests in the Corporation's privately held portfolio companies with growth prospects.

The Co-Investment Programme is designed for the President, heads of departments or business units, as well as employees of the Corporation who hold positions no lower than Executive Director or Senior/Chief Investment Director.

Participants of the Co-investment Programme use their own funds to acquire:

- Shares/interests in Sistema's portfolio companies and/or
- Ordinary shares in Sistema PJSFC.

The amount of co-investment is limited by one average annual income of a participant.

OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS

No extra compensation above the level stipulated by Russian employment laws is paid to the President or other senior executives in case of termination of employment.

Sistema does not pay remuneration to executive management for serving on the Management Board.

The Corporation does not provide loans to senior executives.

REMUNERATION PAID TO SISTEMA'S BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT IN 2019¹

Members of Sistema's Board of Directors received the following remuneration in 2019:

	2019	2018
Remuneration for work on the Board of Directors	RUB 191,720,000	RUB 192,757,500
Fixed salary ²	RUB 106,523,000	RUB 102,889,800
Bonuses ³	RUB 631,513,400	RUB 130,000,000
Remuneration for work on Board Committees	RUB 6,750,000	RUB 6,850,000
Reimbursement of expenses incurred by Board members in connection with their duties	RUB 4,917,600⁴	RUB 1,191,000 ⁵

Members of Sistema's Management Board⁶ received the following remuneration in 2019:

	2019	2018
Fixed salary	RUB 507,160,500	RUB 416,016,300
Bonuses ⁷	RUB 2,933,809,000⁸	RUB 1,289,507,500 ⁹
Other types of remuneration	RUB 946,700	RUB 424,100

¹ All figures in this section are stated before applicable income tax.

² Members of the Board of Directors who were also Sistema employees in 2019, with the exception of the President.

³ Members of the Board of Directors who were also Sistema employees in 2019, with the exception of the President. Bonuses for 2019 were paid to Sistema employees in Q1 2020.

⁴ Including reimbursement of travel and accommodation expenses related to participation of members in the meetings of the Board of Directors in 2019.

⁵ In addition, Sistema reimbursed RUB 3,652,400 of travel and accommodation expenses related to participation of members in the meetings of the Board of Directors in 2018.

⁶ Including the President of Sistema.

⁷ Bonuses for 2019 were paid to Sistema employees in Q1 2020.

⁸ In Q1 2020, some members of the Management Board used a part of their cash bonuses for 2019 to acquire about 12 million ordinary shares of the Corporation, which is consistent with Sistema's strategy for increasing the participation of its employees in the company's equity.

⁹ In Q1 2019, members of the Management Board used a part of their cash bonuses for 2018 to acquire about 19.7 million ordinary shares of the Corporation.

RISK MANAGEMENT

INTEGRATED RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM AND THE GROUP'S RISK APPETITE

The risks that the Corporation may encounter are the consequences of the processes and factors over which Sistema has little or no influence. At the same time, the Corporation can initiate actions to reduce the negative consequences of such factors if a certain risk materializes. Therefore, efficient assessment of existing risks and the probability of their occurrence, as well as effective risk management, are an important part of Sistema's strategy.

Risk management is an integral part of all processes at Sistema: it extends to strategy planning and implementation, investing, budgeting, procurement, and everyday operations. The integrated risk management system (ERM) operating at Sistema was developed in compliance with international standards, recommendations and best risk management practices. The ERM system is designed to keep risks at the level that is acceptable for Sistema's shareholders and management.

As part of quarterly ERM procedures the risk managers at Sistema Group companies compile risk registers for portfolio companies and a consolidated risk register for the Group, prioritise risks and aggregate them into portfolios, evaluate probability and materiality of all risks and analyse the impact of material risks on the financial results of each company and Sistema Group as a whole, using simulation and financial modelling methods.

In order to address the risks listed in Sistema Group's risk register, risk owners develop risk management (mitigation) and response plans, conduct risk monitoring and make necessary adjustments.

One of the key principles of risk management at Sistema Group is the use of the risk appetite concept. This approach implies identification and monitoring of the Corporation's target risk profile in line with the current strategic goals and in the context of their integration into risk management procedures.

Sistema Group's risk appetite determines the level of risk acceptable for the shareholders and includes the following basic provisions.

- The amount of potential losses under the risks accepted by Sistema Group should not reach a level leading to the termination of the Group companies' operations, even under stressful conditions;
- The structure of cash flows of Sistema Group companies should guarantee a timely fulfilment of obligations to counterparties in the short and long term;
- In its operations, the Group aims to avoid concentration of risks in counterparties, industries, and countries/regions with high risk levels;
- Sustainable development and economic efficiency in the long term;
- Compliance with the requirements of national regulators in the countries of operation and the standards and recommendations of international regulatory bodies;
- Maintaining an impeccable business reputation, avoiding actions that could damage the company's public image;
- Maintaining external issuer credit ratings assigned by international rating agencies.

Risk management reports are submitted for review to relevant collective governance bodies of the Corporation at least once a quarter. Each risk management report contains a re-evaluation of risks and their impact on the financial results of the Corporation, an assessment of the effectiveness of risk mitigation and response plans, and potential risk areas (areas requiring attention) identified for future periods.

The Corporation has developed a unified compliance system which encapsulates a set of activities aimed at minimising risks in the area of anti-corruption and stock exchange compliance, as well as risks related to data protection and confidentiality, prevention of money laundering and funding of terrorism.

GLOBAL AND COUNTRY RISKS

Risks related to changes in the political and economic situation in Russia are material for Sistema because most of the Group's business is conducted in Russia. The companies and investment funds of Sistema Group also operate in the CIS, the EU, UK, South and Southeast Asia. A significant portion of goods produced by the Group's companies is marketed in the CIS, Southeast Asia, Eastern Europe and North Africa. In the event of any major political turmoil in these regions, the Group's business in these regions may be disrupted or discontinued, which may lead to material losses.

Political and economic instability, as well as any potential downturn or slowdown in Russia's economic growth may lead to a decrease in household incomes and consumer demand, which could have a material adverse effect on the operations and the financial position of all Sistema Group companies.

The business of the Group may be adversely affected by a tightening of sanctions, a complete economic blockade and change in the political situation in the country, as well as potential involvement of the Russian Federation in military conflicts.

Due to the situation in Ukraine, Western countries have imposed sanctions on a number of Russian citizens and companies. There is a probability of extension of existing sanctions or introduction of additional categories of sanctions that may affect the Group companies or their officers. Any potential breach of sanctions may prevent the companies of the Group from cooperating with the government authorities of the USA/EU, result in civil or criminal penalties for the sanctioned persons or their associates in accordance with the laws of the USA/EU, or lead to significant fines and potential damage to reputation.

Any further tensions in the relationship between Russia and other countries and any escalation of existing conflicts, introduction of additional sanctions or continued uncertainty as to their scope may have an adverse impact on the Russian economy, the financial status of the Group's partners and suppliers, the capability of the Group companies to conduct trading and financial operations and to raise funding on commercially viable terms, and the volatility of Sistema's stock price.

INDUSTRY RISKS

The presence of Sistema Group companies in various sectors of the economy engenders diverse risks. The most material risks for the Group are related to operations in telecom, energy, retail, hospitality, healthcare, pharmaceuticals, forestry, agriculture, and real estate.

Any significant changes in these industries may have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the respective companies and on the Group as a whole.

SISTEMA'S EXTERNAL RISKS

FINANCIAL RISKS

The business of Sistema is inextricably connected to the state of the global economy and financial markets. In particular, it is sensitive to movements in the prices of oil, gas and other commodities exported by Russia. A weakening or strengthening of the rouble against the US dollar and the euro amid fluctuating oil prices and imposed sanctions may result in a rise in costs and/or a drop in revenues or impede the achievement of financial targets and debt management by Sistema Group companies.

Investor flight from Russia amid restrictions for foreign companies as a result of sanctions may have an adverse effect on joint ventures (partnerships) and new investment projects of Sistema Group.

Growing inflation may result in higher expenses and therefore put pressure on profit margins and affect domestic demand for the products and services of Sistema Group companies.

The servicing and refinancing of existing and future liabilities of the Corporation may lead to significant cash outflows. If sanctions are maintained and the access of Russian banks and businesses to foreign debt remains restricted in the medium term, this may significantly increase the current liquidity deficit in the market and result in further interest rate rises, making it difficult for Sistema Group to raise funding for its operations and to refinance the debt of the Corporation and its portfolio companies. Should the Corporation be unable to raise necessary funding on the terms and within the timeframes required, it could face significant restrictions in terms of business development and the Group's operating and investment activity.

An unfavourable macroeconomic environment in many countries where Sistema's assets operate may make it necessary to re-evaluate goodwill at certain Sistema companies and their respective assets.

Foreign currency control and restrictions on capital repatriation may adversely affect capital flows and reduce the value of Sistema's investments in Russia, which may have a material adverse effect on the business of Sistema Group.

Potential bankruptcy of one of the Russian banks acting as the Group's counterparty may result in a reduction in the sources of borrowing for the Corporation and its portfolio companies and may lead to direct losses of funds deposited in the accounts at such banks.

POLITICAL RISKS

The effect of geopolitical risks on the activities of the Corporation and its portfolio companies remains tangible, as protectionism and economic sanctions are increasingly being used as tools for achieving geopolitical goals in unpredictable ways.

Imposition of sanctions against Russian government or Russian companies and individuals may cause disruptions in international payment systems, which in turn may prevent the Corporation and its portfolio companies from performing settlements and reduce Sistema's investment appeal.

SOCIAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL RISKS

Due to the variety of industries where the companies of Sistema Group operate, the social and environmental risks faced by the assets differ materially across the Group. However, it is possible to highlight a number of major trends that may eventually become risks or opportunities for the companies of the Group:

- change in consumer preferences, a trend towards responsible consumption and healthy lifestyle, higher expectations from brands in terms of their mission, responsibility and sustainable development;
- change in the age structure of customers, the need to adapt and update products and services in accordance with the demands of an ageing population;
- increased competition for talent acquisition due to demographic gaps and changing expectations of the young workforce in relation to working conditions;
- climate change and extreme weather conditions that may impact crop yields, the health of the population and the operations of infrastructure;
- emergence of new technological solutions and economic transformation, including digitalisation and automation in the manufacturing and service sectors and potential redundancy of a large number of employees;
- growing cyber security threats and a tightening of regulations in the area of confidentiality and personal data protection;
- deteriorating living standards and potential rise in social tensions in the regions where the Group operates, which may reduce the income of the Corporation and its portfolio companies;
- a tightening of regulations in the area of sustainable development, carbon regulations and information disclosure.

Among the material risks faced by the Group's industrial companies are those related to environmental protection, occupational health and safety, waste disposal, as well as risks related to the state of the infrastructure, the threat of accidents and electromagnetic safety, which are critical for telecommunications and power grid companies.

In the agricultural sector, the most material risks include climate risks and challenges related to the need to adapt to changing weather conditions, greenhouse gases, water consumption and animal farming.

Emergencies and accidents at the production facilities of Sistema Group may have a significant impact on the environment, i.e. pollution of land and water, emissions above allowances, discharge of waste waters or leaks of hazardous substances, any of which may damage local communities, ecosystems and biodiversity. Irrational use of natural resources (land, timber) may deplete the raw materials/production base and lower the economic results of agricultural and forestry assets.

To manage these risks, the companies of the Group are implementing advanced technological solutions, improving management systems in the area of environmental protection, energy efficiency, occupational health and safety, and developing measures aimed at prevention and mitigation of accidents and emergencies.

The risks related to sustainability compliance failures in supply chains may result in disruption of supplies and have an adverse effect on the reputation of Sistema Group. As part of their efforts to minimise such risks the companies of the Group set strict requirements for suppliers, contractors and partners in terms of compliance with existing laws and the companies' internal regulations.

Due to increased global and regional terrorist threats, any potential accidents at the enterprises and infrastructure facilities of the Group may cause significant economic damage, negatively affect people's health and provoke a tightening of data access regulations.

LEGAL RISKS

There is a risk of unpredictable court rulings and administrative decisions with respect to the business of Sistema Group and its portfolio companies, which may have an adverse effect on the Group's operations. This risk is caused by a number of factors, including:

- possible discrepancies and ambiguities in: (i) federal and other laws; (ii) regulations issued by executive authorities of the countries where Sistema Group operates; (iii) regional and local laws and regulations;
- gaps in laws and regulations and lack of court and administrative guidelines on the interpretation of certain laws, as well as inconsistent court guidelines and rulings;
- influence of political, social and commercial factors on the judicial system;
- potentially selective or arbitrary actions of government authorities.

Gaps in existing corporate and securities laws may create barriers to raising capital in the future.

Lack of clarity on the applicability of the Federal Law "On the Procedure for Foreign Investment in Companies of Strategic Importance to National Defence and State Security" and the regulations of the Customs Union of the Eurasian Economic Union to Sistema Group may have an adverse effect on the business of Sistema Group due to the presence of foreign shareholders.

There is a risk of amendments being introduced to the laws and regulations of the countries where Sistema Group companies operate due to potential changes in foreign states' or international organisations' approach to governing international trade and investments.

Since Russian corporate law provides for potential liability of shareholders for the obligations of their controlled entities, Sistema may incur financial losses related to the liabilities of its portfolio companies.

The minority shareholders of Sistema's subsidiaries may contest or vote against related-party or other transactions, which may limit Sistema's capabilities of closing investment deals and restructuring businesses.

Should the Russian Federal Anti-Monopoly Service conclude that Sistema or one of its material subsidiaries has violated any of the existing anti-monopoly laws, this may result in serious administrative sanctions involving losses for the Corporation. The Federal Anti-Monopoly Service may also prevent the Corporation and its portfolio companies from closing and/or performing certain transactions, which may also limit Sistema's capacity to do investment deals and restructure businesses.

TAX RISKS

Tax laws, regulations and practices of the jurisdictions where Sistema's assets operate are intricate, opaque and prone to frequent modifications and ambiguous interpretations. If the actions of the Corporation and its portfolio companies are interpreted as breach of tax laws, this may produce an adverse effect on the business of Sistema Group.

Russian law on transfer pricing may necessitate adjustments to the price-setting practices used by Sistema Group's companies and result in additional tax liabilities related to some transactions.

In 2015, new rules relating to the taxation of undistributed profits of controlled foreign companies and profits from indirect sale of properties in Russia were introduced, as well as the concept of a beneficiary owner and new criteria for establishing tax residency of foreign legal entities in Russia. Since taking effect, these rules have been revised multiple times, with the introduced amendments having retroactive effect. As a result of applying such taxation rules, the Group's companies may face new tax liabilities arising from the uncertainty around the interpretation of tax law and lack of consistent administrative precedents.

RISKS RELATED TO SECURITIES MARKETS

Deterioration in the geopolitical situation, sanctions imposed on certain Russian companies, worsening of the macroeconomic environment and capital and investor flight from the Russian market led to a reduction in the valuation of Russian companies in the years 2014 through 2019. In view of these circumstances, Sistema Group's access to investor funding through securities markets may be further restricted as a result of introduction of sectoral sanctions in the business segments where the companies of Sistema Group operate and/or due to the cautious approach of investors to Russian companies in general. In particular, Sistema's ability to raise funding via debt instruments may be limited, which may lead to a lack of working capital and cash available for investment and have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's financial performance.

RISKS RELATED TO CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC

In March 2020, the World Health Organization in March 2020 declared the new coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak a pandemic due to its rapid spread. Responses put in place by many countries, including Russian Federation, to contain the spread of COVID-19 are resulting in significant operational disruption for many companies and have significant impact on global financial markets. As the situation is rapidly evolving it may have a significant effect on business of many companies across a wide range of sectors, including, but not limited to such impacts as disruption of business operations as a result of interruption of production or closure of facilities, supply chain disruptions, quarantines of personnel, reduced demand and difficulties in raising financing. In addition, the Group may face the increasingly broad effects of COVID-19 as a result of its negative impact on the global economy and major financial markets. The significance of the effect of COVID-19 on Sistema Group's business largely depends on the duration and the incidence of the pandemic effects on the world and Russian economy.

RISKS RELATED TO SISTEMA GROUP'S OPERATIONS

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE BUSINESS STRATEGY

The Corporation's strategic focus is to develop a balanced and diversified asset portfolio in the sectors and regions where Sistema has expertise and competitive advantages while attracting international and Russian partners. Despite having an established strategy, Sistema cannot guarantee that it will achieve any of its goals, efficiently manage portfolio companies or take advantage of new investment opportunities due to its high debt and limited investment resources. Sistema's failure to achieve the goals set in its strategy may undermine its financial results.

The development of Sistema Group companies depends on numerous factors, including the receipt of necessary permits from state authorities, sufficient demand from consumers, successful development of technologies, efficient risk and cost management, timely completion of R&D efforts and deployment of new products and services. Difficulties arising in any of these areas may have a detrimental effect on the development of Sistema Group companies and the Corporation's financial results.

ACQUISITION, INTEGRATION, DISPOSAL OR RESTRUCTURING OF ASSETS

Sistema implements its strategy by acquiring, disposing, and restructuring assets. New investment opportunities entail various risks, including lack of relevant targets or their unavailability, insufficient or inadequate due diligence of a target company's operations and/or financial situation, and potential overvaluation of assets. These risks, if they materialize, may adversely affect Sistema's financial performance.

Acquisition of assets may increase pressure on the cash position and create a need for raising external funding.

Delays in the implementation of investment deals or failure to close them may have an adverse effect on the achievement of Sistema's strategic goals and on the results, financial position and investment appeal of the Corporation.

Sistema may face difficulties associated with building an efficient governance system in newly acquired assets. Main risks in this area include:

- inability to efficiently integrate operating assets and personnel of an acquired company;
- inability to establish and integrate necessary control mechanisms, including those related to logistics and distribution;
- conflicts between shareholders;
- hostility and/or unwillingness to cooperate on the part of the management and personnel of an acquired asset;
- customer attrition by an acquired asset.

If any of the above risks materialise, the asset in question may lose part of its value and/or Sistema's financial performance may be adversely affected.

When disposing of its assets, the Corporation may face the following risks:

- delays in closing or failure to close a deal due to inability to obtain corporate or state approvals;
- mistakes in asset valuation;
- assuming excessive obligations associated with the asset that is being disposed of;
- loss of synergies with other assets remaining in the portfolio.

If one or several of the specified risks materialise, the Corporation may lose potential profit, which may adversely affect its financial performance.

MANAGEMENT AND KEY PERSONNEL

The implementation of Sistema's strategy in many respects depends on the efforts and professionalism of the management team. Failure to hire a sufficiently competent and motivated management team may adversely affect Sistema's business, performance, financial position and development prospects.

CASH FLOWS FROM SISTEMA GROUP COMPANIES

The Corporation's financial performance depends on the ability of Sistema Group companies to generate cash flows needed to service its financial liabilities, including repayment of debt and interest, as well as for further investment activities. Such cash-generation capacity may be restricted due to regulatory, tax or any other barriers, which may have an adverse effect on the financial position and investment capacity of the Corporation.

RAISING CAPITAL AND FINANCING

Cash flows from portfolio companies may be insufficient to cover all of the Corporation's investments scheduled for a particular period. This may create a need to raise additional external funding and increase the debt burden of the Corporation, which, in turn, will put pressure on the credit ratings of the Corporation and Sistema Group companies. A downgrading of the credit rating may increase the cost of existing debt, make new borrowings more expensive or inaccessible and, in some cases, trigger acceleration in maturity of existing loans. The risk of deterioration or withdrawal of the Corporation's credit rating correlates with reputation and liquidity risks. The current debt level of the Corporation also restricts new borrowings.

UNCERTAINTY OF ESTIMATES IN REPORTING

In the application of the Group's accounting policies the management is required to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and their underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates, which may have a material adverse effect on the Group's financial results.

The estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on a regular basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affect only that period or in the period of the revision and in future periods if the revision influences both the current and future periods.

LOAN COVENANTS

The loan agreements and debt instruments of the Corporation and Sistema Group companies provide for certain restrictive covenants. These covenants restrict further borrowings, encumbrance of property with pledges, sale of assets, and transactions with affiliates. They may also restrict Sistema's operations, including financing of capital expenses, or limit its capacity to timely repay debts and service other liabilities. Any breach of covenants, however inadvertent, may entitle the creditors of the Corporation and/or Sistema Group companies to demand early repayment of loans and adversely affect the Corporation's financial performance.

LICENCES AND PERMITS

The operations of Sistema Group companies are regulated by various government bodies and agencies issuing and renewing licences, approvals, and permits, and also depend on applicable laws, regulations, and standards. Regulatory authorities largely rely on their own judgement when interpreting and implementing legal requirements, issuing and extending licences, approvals and permits, and monitoring compliance with such licences. There is no guarantee that the existing licences and permits, including those issued to the Group's companies, will be extended, that new licences and permits will be issued, or that the companies will be able to comply with the terms of such licences. There is no guarantee either that existing or future licences or permits will not be suspended or revoked on certain grounds. Any of these circumstances may have a material adverse effect on Sistema's business.

PRIVATISED COMPANIES

The portfolio of Sistema Group contains several privatised assets. In the future, the Corporation and the companies of the Group may also take part in privatisation of assets. Since Russia's laws and regulations related to privatisation remain somewhat unclear and inconsistent (e.g., federal and regional rules on privatisation differ), privatisation of many companies may be contested, including selective contestation, which may have a material adverse effect on the business, financial situation, performance, or development prospects of the Corporation.

COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

In their operations, the Corporation and Sistema Group companies are subject to a number of rules and standards in the area of market competition, corporate governance, fraud and corruption prevention, management of conflicts of interest, compliance with sanctions, fair treatment of customers, prevention of money laundering and funding of terrorism, data security, prevention of insider trading and market manipulation. Failure to comply with these requirements may create the risk of legal and regulatory sanctions, significant financial losses and reputational damage.

Moreover, the operations of Sistema and its portfolio companies are regulated by the anti-corruption laws of the jurisdictions where they conduct their business or where their securities are listed, including the laws of the Russian Federation, the UK Bribery Act and the US Foreign Corrupt Practices Act. Any investigation into potential violations of the FCPA, UK Bribery Act or other anti-corruption laws of the US, the UK or other jurisdictions, may adversely affect the reputation, business, financial situation and performance of Sistema and the companies of Sistema Group.

HUMAN RIGHTS

The Corporation is aware of its responsibility for observing human rights, preventing any exertion of harmful influence on human rights, eliminating or mitigating the potential consequences of such influence whenever it takes place.

As part of its operations and cooperation with suppliers, contractors, partners and other stakeholders the Corporation may exert direct and indirect impact on the rights of employees, local communities, customers, patients, and consumers. Any instances of violations of human rights may have an adverse effect on the Corporation's reputation and lead to court disputes, loss of confidence of investors, customers and employees, cause resistance from local communities, trade unions and NGOs.

The risks associated with human rights are taken into account in the risk management systems of Sistema Group companies, and material items are regularly reviewed by their boards of directors. For more details on the management of risks related to human rights, please refer to the section titled "[Management of sustainable development](#)".

DIGITALISATION OF BUSINESS, DEVELOPMENT OF IT AND PROTECTION OF PERSONAL DATA

With digitalisation of businesses (implementation of modern IT solutions and systems) and comprehensive penetration of the Internet, the risks related to cybersecurity and personal data protection are becoming a major threat to the business of Sistema Group companies. Inability to prevent cyberattacks and unauthorised access to their networks and databases may cause leaks of personal data and confidential and other sensitive information, damage to the assets of the Group's portfolio companies, disruption in production processes, network security breaches, costs related to the restoration of IT systems and equipment, which may have a material adverse effect on the business of Sistema Group.

The risks related to personal data protection are most significant in the telecom, online services, telemedicine, financial and e-commerce sectors. Sistema Group companies implement programmes, projects and measures that contribute to reducing the likelihood and possible negative consequences of industry-specific risks.

COMPETITION

All business segments where Sistema operates are exposed to competition from other companies. Telecom, retail, media, tourism, private healthcare, pharma, property development, forestry and agricultural markets in Russia and abroad are highly competitive. Inability of the Group companies to compete efficiently may have a material adverse effect on the business, performance, financial situation and development prospects of the Corporation.

BRAND QUALITY AND REPUTATION

Developing and maintaining brand awareness for the Group companies is crucial to shaping the public opinion about their existing and future products and services. Sistema believes that the importance of a corporate brand is growing steadily in highly competitive markets. Successful development and improvement of brand awareness depends largely on the efficiency of marketing and ability to provide quality products and services at competitive prices. The effort and funds invested in brand development may prove greater than the incomes they yield, which may lead to potential financial losses for the Group companies.

Sistema's reputation may suffer in the event of unethical business practices, professional errors (including medical errors), negligence, failure to observe human rights, dissemination of insider information, and corruption offences committed at the Corporation or its portfolio companies.

SUSTAINABILITY MANAGEMENT

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SUSTAINABILITY MANAGEMENT

Approach to sustainability management and responsible investment

Sistema aims to build a competitive and sustainable business that meets the principles of social and environmental responsibility and ensures the creation of value for shareholders and a wide range of stakeholders in the long term.

In 2019, Sistema initiated an update of its sustainability and responsible investment management system. Based on the analysis of the current situation, a roadmap was developed to streamline the relevant activities in the Group and bring them into compliance with best practices and investor expectations. Measures planned include updating the Corporate Governance Code, developing a Sustainability Policy and a Human Rights Policy, defining strategic sustainability areas, and improving approaches to disclosure of non-financial information.

Sistema's investment process is regulated by internal documents and procedures. Potential investment projects and investment programmes of portfolio companies are subject to detailed review as part of Sistema's multi-stage investment process. In addition to financial analysis and

industry analysis that underlie decision-making for each project, such components as management quality, staffing, state of production base, infrastructure and technology, related social obligations and environmental risks are also considered for specific projects.

Investment in prospective projects and development of current portfolio assets include defining a development strategy, increasing operational efficiency, developing corporate governance and sustainability management systems, managing ESG risks and developing the corporate culture to ensure opportunities for the investment portfolio's sustainable development.

ESG risk management is part of the corporate risk management system. To learn more about ESG risks, please refer to section ["Risk management"](#).

Sistema implements its investment and social programmes on the basis of diverse expertise and mutually beneficial cross-sector partnerships with government bodies, scientific and educational institutions, and public and non-profit organisations that the Corporation and its portfolio companies cooperate with.

Transparency and ongoing dialogue with stakeholders are the basic principles of Sistema's activities as a public company. Sistema prepares public non-financial reporting in accordance with recognised international standards and facilitates disclosure of significant non-financial information by its key portfolio companies and funds

PARTICIPATION IN SUSTAINABILITY INITIATIVES

Sistema is a signatory to the **UN Global Compact** promoting shared values and responsible business practices, and to the **Social Charter of the Russian Business**, a set of fundamental principles of responsible business practices adopted by the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs (RSPP).

Since 2016, Sistema has been included in the **FTSE4Good Index**.

As of February 2020, Sistema received a Low risk rating (15.3) in the **ESG Sustainalytics Risk Rating** (#37 out of 578 diversified financials companies).

In 2019, the Corporation improved its position and received a rating of BB (on a scale of AAA-CCC) in the **MSCI ESG Ratings** assessment compared to B in 2018.

Based on the results of 2019, Sistema was once again included in the leading groups of the sustainable development indices of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs (RSPP): **"Responsibility and Transparency"** and **"Sustainable Development Vector"**. The Corporation's securities (MOEX: AFKS) are included in the updated base for calculation of the corresponding indices at the Moscow Exchange.

Sistema and the Group's companies were included in the **Sustainability Ranking 100** prepared by Expert magazine.

The Corporation was recognised as one of the top 10 private Russian companies of the 2019 **National Corporate Transparency Ranking** based on the annual study of the Russian Regional Network on Integrated Reporting.

Key ESG areas as a continuation of the investment strategy

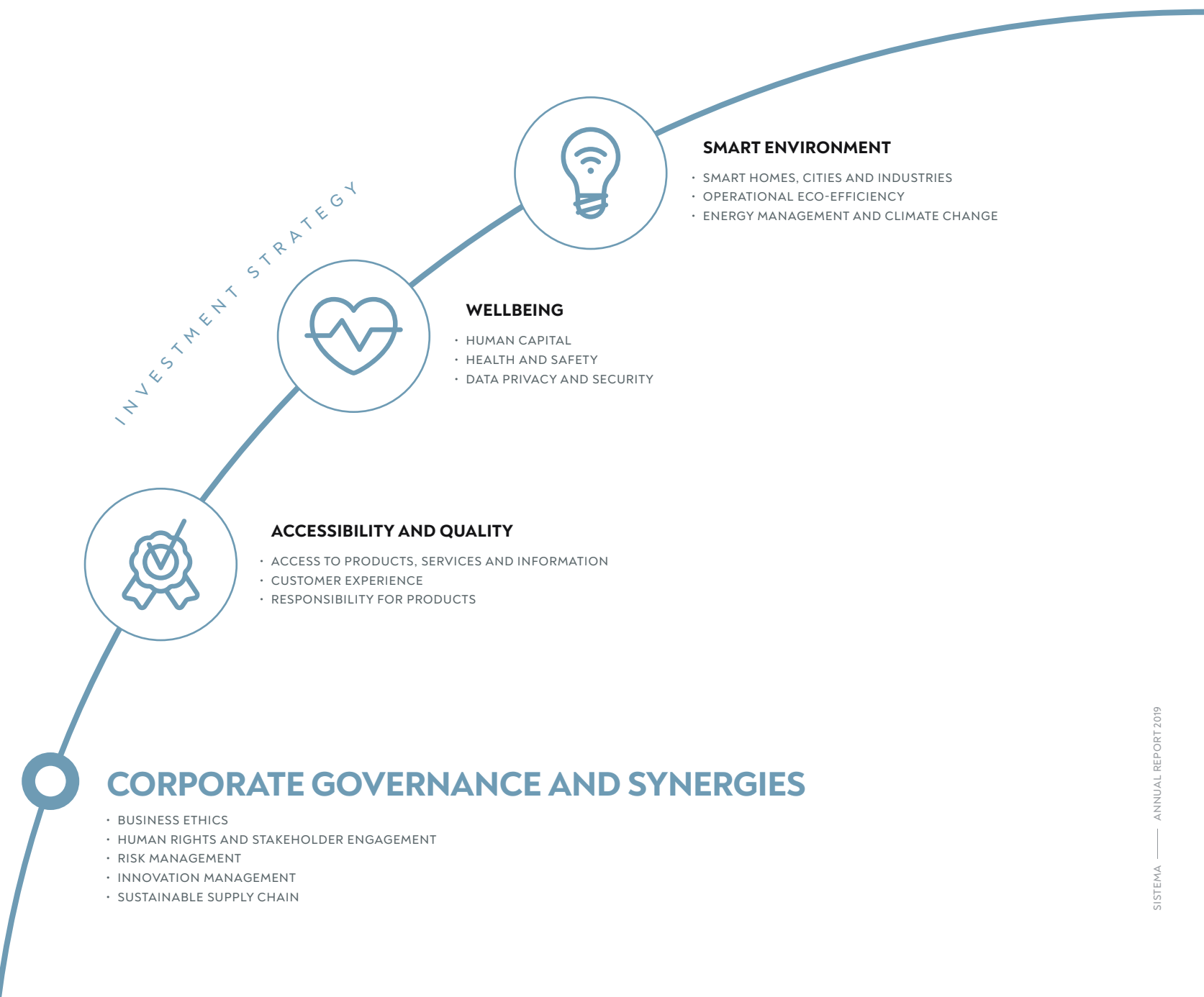
Sistema identified **three key ESG areas** that it is promoting through its investment activities and making efforts to have a significant positive impact within them: :

- **Accessibility and quality** of products and services
- **Wellbeing** of employees, customers and local communities
- **Smart, efficient and safe environment**.

Innovation and digital transformation are the focus of the Corporation's strategy. Sistema consistently invests in building intellectual potential: science and education, advanced research, tech startups, innovations and digitalisation. The Corporation cooperates with innovation support institutes, creates own R&D centres, and facilitates the adoption of advanced technologies and organisational innovations in its portfolio companies.

Most of the projects implemented by the Corporation, its assets and Sistema Charitable Foundation contribute to solving socially important issues at the intersection of the key ESG areas.

Examples of such projects are provided in section ["Examples of key ESG efforts of portfolio companies"](#).



Sustainability governance structure

Sistema's Board of Directors plays a key role in determining the strategic sustainability areas of the Corporation's activities and overseeing its results. Sustainability aspects essential for the Corporation are managed at both strategic and functional levels, and the key principles and approaches are communicated to the Group's companies through their boards of directors.

At the level of Sistema's Board of Directors, sustainability is supervised by the Investor Relations and Dividend Policy Committee, which preliminarily defines the Corporation's position with regards to ESG factors and considers the strategy of the corporate charitable foundation. Other Committees of the Board of Directors consider certain aspects of ESG factors (corporate governance, ethical business conduct, etc.) within their competence. Implementation of the defined position at the operational level, its communication to investors and public non-financial reporting are the responsibilities of the IR Team, which was strengthened in 2019 in terms of ESG expertise.

Corporate social responsibility, social communications, regional policy and charitable activities are supervised by the Government Relations Department; corporate governance and compliance aspects are supervised by the Company Secretary, the Corporate Governance and Legal Department and the Internal Control and Audit Department, while the HR Department is responsible for HR policy aspects. If necessary, cross-functional working groups are created at the Corporate Centre to develop common approaches to managing the key aspects of sustainable development.

Business ethics and responsible business conduct

The Corporation believes that it must adhere to the following corporate responsibility principles when making strategic, investment and operational decisions:

- **Consideration of environmental, social and governance risks and opportunities** when developing and implementing strategy, assessing investment opportunities and developing portfolio companies.
- **Integrity and transparency.** The Corporation refines its management structures, policies and procedures to ensure compliance with applicable laws and good business practices. The Corporation also discloses material information about itself and its activities, including public non-financial reporting, thus enabling stakeholders to properly oversee its activities.
- **Respect for human rights.** The Corporation promotes inclusivity and diversity, ensures equal opportunities, prevention of child and forced labour, protection of personal data, respect for labour and other fundamental human rights.
- **Ethics, loyalty and honesty in relations with partners, counterparties, and personnel.** The Corporation strictly observes its own Code of Ethics and provides comprehensive support to the development of business ethics in the companies of Sistema Group.
- **Employee care.** The Corporation seeks to provide its employees with decent and safe working conditions and fair compensation. It shall develop and implement programmes designed to create conditions for enhancing qualifications and education, expand the scope of health insurance, develop sports, culture, volunteering, and charity opportunities, and promote other social activities to benefit its employees.
- **Focused allocation of the Corporation's financial and intellectual resources on promoting innovation** and developing businesses in industries that can bring substantial social, economic and technological benefits to the regions and local communities in which the Corporation operates.
- **Respect for the environment.** The Corporation seeks to ensure responsible resource management and environmental safety of production processes, products and services.
- Investment in **socially impactful projects and programmes** through the Sistema Charitable Foundation and the charitable activities of Sistema Group companies.

Respect for human rights

The Corporation ensures, and requires all of its assets to ensure, compliance with the provisions of Russian and international human rights laws, including, but not limited to, the Constitution and the Labour Code of the Russian Federation, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.

As part of its operations and cooperation with suppliers, contractors, partners and other stakeholders the Corporation may have direct and indirect impact on the following aspects of human rights:

- **Workers' rights,** including decent working conditions and remuneration, occupational health and safety, inclusivity and non-discrimination on any grounds, respect for the honour and dignity of the individuals, prevention of forced and child labour, freedom of association and collective bargaining.
- **Community rights,** including the right to a safe environment, access to information, access to socially important infrastructure, water and cultural facilities, respect for property rights, respect for traditions and customs, and respect for the rights of indigenous peoples.
- **Rights of clients, patients and consumers,** including accessibility, safety and quality of products and services, data privacy and security, availability of reliable information and prevention of unfair marketing practices, online safety (especially for children, elderly people and other vulnerable groups), and assistance in realisation of the rights to education and health.

The Corporation has zero tolerance for **human rights violations in the value chain** and expects its suppliers, contractors and partners to ensure the same strict compliance with laws and respect for human rights.

The risks associated with human rights are considered within the risk management systems of Sistema Group companies, and material items are regularly reviewed by their boards of directors. In addition, management systems are constantly being improved to ensure respect for human rights, including policies and procedures, compliance programmes, training and internal audits. Human rights aspects are considered when conducting due diligence as part of investment projects. The Group's companies have formalised and accessible grievance mechanisms, which ensure confidentiality, unbiased consideration, absence of negative consequences for the submitter, and feedback.

EXAMPLES OF KEY ESG EFFORTS OF PORTFOLIO COMPANIES



WELLBEING



ACCESSIBILITY



SMART ENVIRONMENT

Sistema and its portfolio companies significantly contribute to the shaping of a competitive labour and procurement market, including the engagement of small and medium-size businesses, the modernisation of infrastructure, industry and agriculture, the enhancement of the accessibility and safety of products and services, the development of the health and education systems and the social and environmental wellbeing of communities where they operate.

Given the diversity of industry sectors Sistema invests in, sustainability risks and value creation potential vary across the Group. Below we provide some of the **most illustrative examples of the efforts of portfolio companies** in 2019. The traditional synergies between assets enabled many cross-sectional projects.

Recognition of customer experience achievements



MTS and **Medsi** each received the international CX WORLD AWARDS 2019 for their achievements in the field of customer experience: Medsi for "Best Customer Experience in B2C" and MTS for "Best Employee Engagement Programme" and the "Best Customer Experience Team".

Telemedicine and data privacy



Medsi and **MTS** carried on their cooperation in 2019 developing the telemedicine platform SmartMed that delivers distance medical care to patients through online video or chat communications. All patients' records, including medical charts, appointment history, prescriptions and test results, are stored with secure #CloudMTS solution and are accessible for reading on gadget screens at any time.

In 2019, **MTS** first offered #CloudMTS personal data protection services to medical practices outside Medsi. The solution helps health providers comply with data privacy and security regulations and optimise IT costs.

Responsibility for products and the development of the circular economy



In 2019, **Segezha Group** supported the "Sustainable Wood for a Sustainable World" initiative of the Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations. Segezha Group works towards zero-waste production by developing biofuel manufacturing, recycling sawmill residues in multi-fuel boilers and generating renewable energy both for industrial and domestic use. The company's 2019 project "Introducing Bioenergy Technologies in Forest Industry" brought it a win in the "Environment.Business" category of the second national professional award "Change Management. Visionaries". Segezha's multi-fuel boilers fitted with state-of-the-art electrical filters purify atmospheric emissions and reduce the consumption of fuel oil by 30%.

Pellets produced from waste wood became a high-added-value product of the company, with its sustainability certified in accordance with the Sustainable Biomass Programme (SBP), which assigned Segezha's biofuel with an ash content of less than 0.5% the highest quality class. The promotion of the circular economy principles becomes a key criterion to further sustainable development of the company.

Improved work and leisure conditions



Segezha Group's ongoing investment project The Cozy Workplace aims to create comfortable work and leisure conditions for the company's staff, on a par with best practices of global industry leaders.

The total investment in a sweeping programme of improvements, the creation of new infrastructure, the disassembly of unused facilities and the overhaul of production, cultural and sports facilities will amount to RUB1 bn. The project is scheduled to be completed in early 2020.

The Cozy Workplace is part of a comprehensive modernisation and efficiency enhancement programme that supplements large-scale investments in the technological upgrades of Segezha Group's assets, the digitalisation and automation of business processes, the enhancement of industrial safety and the development of human capital assets.

Building a comfortable living environment



Etalon Group's flagship apartment complex Wings is a significant step towards building a comfortable urban environment and a sustainable ecosystem provided with all necessary services. The school and kindergarten buildings incorporated in the housing estate were designed in consultations with experts in education and child psychology. In another sustainable move, Etalon Group teamed up with Panasonic Russia to build an urban vertical farm, a pilot innovative hi-tech solution allowing to grow vegetables and greens all year round in immediate proximity to consumers, which guarantees their freshness and nutritional value. Wings won the Environmental Assessment prize at the 2019 Urban Awards, the nation-wide initiative awarding best construction and property development projects.

Supporting hi-tech medical care for children



In 2019 **Detsky Mir** embarked on a long-term cooperation with the National Medical Research Centre for Children's Health of the Russian Ministry of Health. Detsky Mir Charitable Foundation will finance the acquisition of medical products required for the surgical treatment of the patients of the National Children's Health Research Centre, including pacemakers, implants and other special devices that are not fully covered by public financing.

Safety and efficiency of production and the city infrastructure



MTS has been actively developing digital services making use of the IoT, AI, cloud technology and Big Data. Employing these solutions contributes to greater safety, lower energy consumption, and less emissions of harmful substances generated by industrial plants, municipal facilities and social services. In particular, MTS already has solutions in the fields of environmental monitoring, digitalisation of waste collection and recycling, and geanalytics projects where MTS's Big Data is used to create "digital copies" of cities and smart solutions for road traffic management. In 2019, MTS signed a number of digitalisation agreements with local governments, including that of Kalmykia, Tatarstan, Samara, Lipetsk and Orenburg regions, the Far Eastern territories and others.

Mikron has come up with a new IoT solution for the handling of solid municipal waste that remotely monitors the filling level of waste bins and optimises pick-up logistics by saving trips and fuel for refuse collection vehicles. On top of that, the company's new RFID solution makes it easy to track tagged products throughout the supply chain, from start of production to delivery, and to optimise the production cycle by reducing downtime and minimising human errors, while also providing real-time control of all key processes and enhancing production efficiency.

Managing climate risks in the telecom industry



MTS joined a global GSMA-led initiative to develop a mobile industry climate action roadmap in line with the Paris Agreement aimed at combating climate change. Cooperation with the GSMA on climate issues is designed to enhance the company's efforts in the area of ensuring total transparency of environmental impact and raising public awareness about the company's initiatives aimed at increasing energy efficiency and cutting carbon emissions.

In addition, in 2019 **MTS** for the first time completed the CDP questionnaire on climate and became one of Russia's 10 top-ranked CDP-reporting companies, with an assigned score of C ("Awareness").

Smart solutions for agriculture



In the summer of 2019, **Connecterra**, a portfolio company of Sistema's venture fund **Sistema VC**, joined the Farming for Generations initiative launched by an alliance of agricultural sector leaders based on the understanding that the food system has to change in order to tackle a number of environmental and health problems and that agriculture has to play a pivotal role in the establishment of sustainable food systems of tomorrow. Farming for Generations aims to help dairy farms study the norms of regenerative agriculture for the preservation and replenishment of the planet's resources, proper livestock management and long-term economic viability of farms for future generations. Russia will become one of the project's pilot regions, with best practices formulated based on the experience gained from the 25 pilot projects in the USA, EU and Russia to be rolled out all across the alliance's global network.

Hi-tech cattle management solutions are used at the dairy farm of **STEPPE AgroHolding**. For example, special sensors worn on cow feet provide data about each animal, including its weight, milk yield and the chemical composition of its milk. The data is then processed by special software and used to form guidance to introduce necessary changes to the environment, the cow's diet, and staff's duties. The technology translates into a significant increase in the average annual yield per cow. To put it in perspective, in 2019 the company reached a per-cow annual output of 13,500 kg, while the national average according to RosStat is just over 6,000 kg.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Evolution of responsible business practices in agriculture

In March of 2019, **STEPPE AgroHolding** joined the Association of Responsible Agricultural Market Players, a cross-sector association aiming to develop responsible transparent business practices in agriculture and related industries, drive the economic advancement of the farm produce selling market, and ensure efficient market self-regulation. The association members work hand in hand to reinforce the Agricultural Sales Charter by introducing a new policy that will counter illegal activities on the agro market.

Interactions with local entrepreneurs

The online retailer **Ozon** launched a "last mile" delivery programme in the Urals Federal District, inviting local entrepreneurs to act as Ozon's pick-up points, install postamats, or perform courier deliveries. The marketplace curates partners so as to avoid unnecessary competition (where pick-up points are placed at a sufficient distance from one another) and offers a double service fee for each picked-up order for the first three months of cooperation. Ozon also provides new partners with an option of initial costs financing through the company's online platform and a special staff training programme.

Corporate social responsibility and Sistema Charitable Foundation

For over 15 years, **Sistema Charitable Foundation** (SCF, the Foundation) has been active in the Russian nonprofit universe, steadily developing the strategic areas of the Corporation's social investments. The Foundation is the locomotive of the philanthropic efforts of Sistema and its portfolio companies, working in three main areas: Education and Technology, Culture and Art and Social Needs and Volunteering.

The Foundation sees its main objective in creating favourable conditions for the creation of new tech solutions and raising a new generation of professionals capable of changing the quality of society's life. Every year, the Foundation develops a social investing strategy, approves a charity programme, builds a portfolio of projects and carries them out in accordance with the approved budget. In 2019, the Foundation revisited its approach to human capital investments, along with enhancing and scaling up its best projects and practices.

The Foundation's operating principles are openness, transparency, regard for the social priorities of donor companies and for social needs, establishment of centres of excellence in each line of work, attainment of synergies between parallel projects, and close long-term relations with partners.

The total social investments of Sistema and its portfolio companies in 2019 reached some RUB 1.1 bn, about one-third of which (RUB 275 M) was invested through SCF, which accumulates the Group's funds to carry out cross-company infrastructure programmes.

1.1 RUB
BN

TOTAL SOCIAL INVESTMENTS
OF SISTEMA AND ITS
PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

~RUB 275 m through SCF

In 2019, **over a million people from 73 Russian regions and 30 countries of the world** received healthcare and social services, access to state-of-the-art educational, cultural and outreach programmes and opportunities to unlock their potential in the hi-tech sector.

The autumn of 2019 marked the end of the nation-wide research project *Odyssey* to create next generation search and rescue technologies. The project that had lasted a year and a half is a strong example of harmonious cooperation between the tech community, the state, businesses and NGOs. Over a thousand scientists, entrepreneurs, students and engineers were involved in developing technical solutions for the search and rescue of missing persons. The project yielded three solutions that are already used by Russia's leading rescue teams, both volunteer and professional.

Working in the area of *Education and Technology*, the Foundation has been actively supporting the Russian engineering education, aiming to foster creativity in a tech-intensive environment. Among other things, the effort translated into the establishment of the Vostok Centre, Russia's first hub for collective design of electronics, in cooperation with the Far Eastern Federal University. The Centre's first projects were developed as part of the Foundation and Mikron's nation-wide learning programme *Microelectronics.Level 157*, which helped narrow the gap between the knowledge that students of technical universities gain and the actual requirements of the market.

The Foundation's efforts in the field of *Culture and Art* aim to make the Russian cultural artefacts accessible to all Russian citizens. In 2019, SCF lent support to the exhibition projects of the State Russian Museum and several inclusivity initiatives. The Foundation launched and rolled out a new model of charity sociocultural festivals efficiently addressing specific social needs of local communities.

Working in the field of *Social Needs and Volunteering*, throughout 2019 the Foundation pursued programmes aiming to provide comprehensive hi-tech healthcare to war veterans, help the underprivileged and promote volunteering.



Project Odyssey for search and rescue technologies development

ANNEXES


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ANNEX 1

Brief biographies of Sistema's Board members, President, Management Board members and Company Secretary. Their shareholding in Sistema PJSFC.¹

Members of the Board of Directors

NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
<p>Vladimir Evtushenkov</p> <p>Chairman of the Board of Directors Non-executive director</p> 	<p>Born in 1948 in the Smolensk region.</p> <p>He graduated from the Mendeleev Moscow Institute of Chemical Technology in 1973 and from the Economics Department of the Lomonosov Moscow State University in 1980. PhD degree in Economics.</p> <p>1975–1982 – Shop Manager, Deputy Director, Chief Engineer, the Karacharovo Plastics Factory.</p> <p>1982–1987 – Chief Engineer, First Deputy CEO, the Polymerbyt Research and Manufacturing Association.</p> <p>1987–1988 – Head of the Technical Department, then Head of the Main Department of Science and Technology, the Moscow City Executive Committee.</p> <p>1990 – Chairman of the Moscow Municipal Committee for Science and Technology.</p> <p>1993 – Founded Sistema Joint-Stock Financial Corporation together with a group of associates.</p> <p>Majority shareholder, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chairman of the Strategy Committee of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Chairman of the Russian-Arab Business Council and member of the management boards of the main associations of entrepreneurs in Russia – the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs and the Russian Chamber of Commerce and Industry.</p> <p>He heads the Board of Trustees of the fund "Friends of the Russian Museum" and is a member of the boards of trustees of Sistema Charitable Foundation and many other charitable, non-profit and educational organisations, including Lomonosov Moscow State University, Higher School of Economics, Russian Geographical Society, etc. Mr. Evtushenkov is Honorary Consul of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg in the Russian Federation with jurisdiction over the Yekaterinburg and Khabarovsk regions.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 59.2030%.</p>

¹ As of 31 December 2018.

Members of the Board of Directors

NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
<p>Anna Belova</p> <p>Independent director</p> 	<p>Born in 1961 in Aleksandrovsk, the Sakhalin region.</p> <p>In 1984, she graduated from the Moscow Engineering Physics Institute. PhD degree in Economics; Professor of the Higher School of Economics.</p> <p>2001–2003 – Deputy Railway Minister of Russia.</p> <p>2004–2005 – Deputy Chair of the Management Board, Vice President for Corporate Governance, Reform and Computerisation, OJSC Russian Railways.</p> <p>2005–2007 – Advisor to the Head of the Federal Nuclear Energy Agency.</p> <p>2005–2007 – First Deputy CEO, OJSC TekhSnabExport.</p> <p>2007–2011 – Member of the Management Board, Deputy CEO, Director for Strategy, Corporate Development and Integration, OJSC SUEK.</p> <p>2008–2016 – Member of the Board of Directors (independent director), OJSC Sheremetyevo International Airport.</p> <p>Since 2017 – Academic supervisor of the Research Centre for Systemic Transformation at the Lomonosov Moscow State University.</p> <p>Author of over 50 articles and academic papers on economics, entrepreneurship, management strategy and business transformation.</p> <p>Holder of various public and government awards:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2010 – winner of the Russian national competition organised by the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs and the Association of Independent Directors in the category "Independent Director of the Year". • 2014 – winner of the award "Best Corporate Director Among Companies Partially Owned by Government" in the category "Best Board Chairperson" established by the National Association of Corporate Directors and Top Managers. • 2014 – winner of ARISTOS, the Russian national award in the area of management, in the category "Best Independent Director". <p>Member of the boards of directors of PJSC Unipro, JSC High-Speed Rail Lines and Tiscali S.p.A. Over the past 10 years, she has been a member of the boards of directors of more than 25 Russian and international companies.</p> <p>Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2017. Chairman of the Investor Relations and Dividend Policy Committee and member of the Audit, Finance and Risks Committee and Ethics and Control Committee of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0%.</p>

Members of the Board of Directors

NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
<p>Sergey Boev Non-executive director</p> 	<p>Born in Moscow in 1953.</p> <p>In 1978, he graduated from the All-Union Correspondence Law Institute and in 1984, from the Moscow Ordzhonikidze Institute of Management. Holds PhD degrees in Economics and Engineering. Professor.</p> <p>1971–1999 – Worked at the Mintz Radio Technology Institute where he made a career from fitter's apprentice to CEO.</p> <p>2000–2008 – CEO, OJSC RTI Concern.</p> <p>2008–2011 – Vice President and Head of the High Technology and Industry Business Unit at Sistema.</p> <p>2011–2016 – CEO and Chief Designer of OJSC RTI.</p> <p>2012 – Appointed Chief Designer of the National Missile Warning System.</p> <p>2016–2018 – Chairman of the Board of Directors of JSC RTI.</p> <p>Since 2018 – CEO of PJSC Vimpel.</p> <p>Winner of the State Prize of the Russian Federation in science and technologies. Awarded the Order of Honour. Awarded the titles of the honoured economist of Russia and the honoured radio engineer of Russia.</p> <p>Member of the Council on Legislative Support for the Defence Industry and Military-Technical Cooperation under the Federation Council of the Federal Assembly of the Russian Federation, the Science and Technology Council of the Military and Industrial Commission of the Russian Government, and the Commission on the Defence Industry of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs (RSPF). Full member of the Academy of Military Science; Head of the Intelligent Information and Radiophysical Systems Department of the Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology; professor of the Radio Engineering Department of the Ogarev Mordovia State University.</p> <p>Chairman of the Board of Directors of JSC Research Institute of Molecular Electronics (NIIME) and member of the Board of Directors of JSC Almaz Antey Concern.</p> <p>Member of the Board of the Sistema Charitable Foundation and the boards of trustees of the Russian Admirals' Club and the Suvorov Military School in Tver.</p> <p>Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2013. Member of the Strategy Committee and Ethics and Control Committee of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0929%.</p>

Andrey DubovskovExecutive director¹

Born in 1966 in Alma-Ata (now Almaty).

In 1993, graduated from the Gerasimov University of Cinematography.

Mr Dubovskov has extensive experience in telecommunication companies: since 1993, he has held multiple managerial positions at Millicom International Cellular S.A., Millicom International Cellular B.V., LLC Regional Cellular Telecommunications, CJSC 800, and other companies in Moscow, Alma-Ata, Nizhny Novgorod, Yekaterinburg, Perm and Kiev.

2002–2004 – CEO, Tele2 (Nizhny Novgorod).

In 2004, he joined OJSC MTS as head of the company's Nizhny Novgorod branch.

2006–2007 – Director of the MTS Ural Macroregion.

In 2007, he became First Deputy CEO of CJSC UMS (MTS Ukraine) and in 2008 was appointed head of the MTS Ukraine business unit.

2011–2018 – President of PJSC MTS.


From March 2018 to April 2020, he was President of Sistema PJSFC.

Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2015, elected Deputy Chair of the Board in April 2020. Member of the Strategy Committee of the Board. Member of the Board of Sistema Charitable Foundation.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0570%.

¹ On 19 April 2020, after the end of the reporting year, A. Dubovskov became a non-executive director as his powers as CEO ceased.

Members of the Board of Directors

NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
<p>Felix Evtushenkov Non-executive director</p> 	<p>Born in Moscow in 1978.</p> <p>In 2000, he graduated from the Griboyedov Institute of International Law and Economics with a degree in law.</p> <p>1999–2000 – Assistant to President of CJSC Sistema Invest, Executive Director of Industry Department at Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>2000–2006 – Deputy CEO, CEO, CJSC Sistema Hals.</p> <p>2006–2008 – President, OJSC Sistema Hals.</p> <p>2008–2011 – Vice President, Head of Consumer Assets Business Unit, Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>2011–2012 – First Vice President, Head of Core Assets Business Unit, Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>2012–2018 – First Vice President, Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Since 2019 – Chairman of the Board of Directors of MTS.</p> <p>Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2015. Member of the Strategy Committee of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC. Chairman of the Board of Sistema Charitable Foundation.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 5.1817%.</p>

Ron Sommer

Non-executive director



Born in 1949.

In 1971, obtained a doctoral degree in mathematics from the University of Vienna.

1980–1986 – Managing Director, German branch, Sony Group.

1986–1990 – Chairman of the Management Board, Sony Deutschland.

1990–1995 – President and CEO, Sony Corporation USA, from 1993 – Sony Europe.

1995–2002 – Chairman of the Management Board, Deutsche Telekom AG.

1998–2018 – Member of the Supervisory Board of Munich Reinsurance.

2004–2009 – Member of the Board of Directors, Motorola Inc., USA.

2005–2011 – Member of the Board of Directors (independent director) of Sistema PJSFC, Chairman of the Investor Relations Committee of the Board.

2009–2011 – First Vice President, Head of the Telecom Assets Business Unit, Sistema PJSFC.

Chairman of the Board of Directors of PJSC MTS and Chairman of the Strategy Committee of the Board of Directors of PJSC MTS since June 2009.

Mr Sommer is very active in the area of corporate governance; he is Chairman of the Supervisory Board of MTS Ukraine and member of the Board of Directors of Tata Consultancy Services, India.

Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2017. Member of the Strategy Committee, the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee, and the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of Sistema's Board of Directors.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0%.

Robert Kocharyan

Independent director



Born in 1954 in Stepanakert, Nagorno-Karabakh Autonomous Region.

In 1982, he graduated from the Yerevan Polytechnic Institute.

1991–1994 – Deputy of the first Supreme Council of the Nagorno-Karabakh Republic (NKR), Chairman of the State Defence Committee of the NKR and Prime Minister of the NKR.

1994–1997 – President of the NKR.


1997–1998 – Prime Minister of the Republic of Armenia.

1998–2008 – President of the Republic of Armenia.

Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2009. Chairman of the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee, member of the Strategy Committee and the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee of the Board.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0228%.

Members of the Board of Directors

NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
<p>Jeannot Krecké</p> <p>Independent director</p> 	<p>Born in 1950 in Luxembourg.</p> <p>Graduated from the Free University of Brussels. Further education in economics, accounting and taxation. Co-author of the annual manual on taxation in Luxembourg and of books on tax control and tax fraud monitoring.</p> <p>2004 – Minister of Sport, Luxembourg.</p> <p>2004–2011 – Minister of Economics and Foreign Trade, Luxembourg, representative of the Luxembourg Government in the Council of Ministers of the European Union.</p> <p>Member of the board of directors of East-West United Bank S.A. since 2013 and its Chairman since 2015.</p> <p>Co-founded the Alzheimer Association Luxembourg and became its President (1987–1997). President of the Alzheimer Foundation since 1997.</p> <p>1970–1977 – played for the Luxembourg national football team; participated in transatlantic and polar expeditions (Greenland, Svalbard).</p> <p>Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2012. Chairman of the Ethics and Control Committee, member of the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee and the Investor Relations and Dividend Policy Committee of the Board.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0201%.</p>

Roger Munnings

Independent director



Born in 1950 in the United Kingdom.

Graduated from the Oxford University with a degree of Master of Arts in Politics, Philosophy and Economics.

Member of the UK Government's working group on trade and investments between Great Britain and Russia, Chairman of the Institute of Audit Committees of Russia.

Roger had a long and successful career with the international auditor KPMG (1974–2008), including during his time as the President and Managing Partner of KPMG in Russia and the CIS (1996–2008), as well as Chairman of the world energy and natural resources committee of KPMG (1993–2008). Member of the Institute of Certified Accountants of England and Wales.

Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2010. Chairman of the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee, member of the Investor Relations and Dividend Policy Committee, the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee and the Ethics and Control Committee of the Board.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0219%.

Mikhail Shamolin

Non-executive director



Born in Moscow in 1970.

He graduated from the Moscow Automobile and Road Technical Institute in 1992 and from the Russian Presidential Academy of Public Administration in 1993.

In 1996–1997, completed a finance and management course for senior executives at the Wharton School of Business.

In 1998–2004, worked for McKinsey&Co, an international consultancy firm.

2004–2005 – Managing Director for the Ferroalloys Division, Interpipe Corp (Ukraine).

2005–2011 – Vice President for Sales and Customer Service, then Vice President, Head of Business Unit, President, OJSC MTS.

2011–2018 – President and Management Board Chairman, Sistema PJSFC.

Since 2018 – President of LLC Segezha Group MC.


Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2011. Member of the Strategy Committee of the Board Directors of Sistema PJSFC. Member of the Board of Sistema Charitable Foundation.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0,2988%.

Members of the Board of Directors

NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
<p>David Iakobachvili</p> <p>Independent director</p> 	<p>Born in 1957 in Georgia.</p> <p>Graduated from the Civil and Industrial Engineering Department of the Georgian Technical University in Tbilisi.</p> <p>1986–2000 – private entrepreneur involved in various projects: official dealership of General Motors cars, tourism and hotel business, timber processing, retail, communications and banking.</p> <p>In 1992, he became one of the founders of a food producing company Wimm-Bill-Dann.</p> <p>1992–2011 – Member and later Chairman of the Board of Directors of Wimm-Bill-Dann.</p> <p>President of LLC Orion Naslediye and Petrocas Enegy International. Vice President of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs (RSPP) and Chairman of its Committee for Corporate Social Responsibility and Demographic Policy. Chairman of the Joint Ethics Commission of the RSPP. Chairman of the Board of Directors of RusBrand, the Association of Branded Goods Manufacturers in Russia. Head of the Russian-American Business Cooperation Council. Member of the Public Council of the Ministry of Construction and Utilities of the Russian Federation. Member of the General Council of LLC Business Russia. Member of the World Economic Forum in Davos and B20 summits. Member of the Franco-Russian Dialogue Association. Member of the President's Global Council at New York University (NYU). Owner of a private museum Collection.</p> <p>Member of the boards of trustees of the Higher School of Economics, RSPP Business School, French University College in Russia, Mstislav Rostropovich Foundation for Scholarships, State Hermitage Museum, Russian Museum of Decorative, Applied and Folk Art, Russian Military History Society, Maria Charity, Family Education Boarding House, and Foundation for Supporting Underprivileged Children.</p> <p>Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2011. Member of the Strategy Committee, the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee, and of the Investor Relations and Dividend Policy Committee of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0267%.</p>

President and Management Board members

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
<p>Andrey Dubovskov</p> <p>President, Chairman of the Management Board of Sistema PJSFC¹</p> 	<p>Born in 1966 in Alma-Ata (now Almaty).</p> <p>In 1993, he graduated from the Gerasimov University of Cinematography.</p> <p>Mr Dubovskov has extensive experience in telecommunication companies: since 1993, he has held multiple managerial positions at Millicom International Cellular S.A., Millicom International Cellular B.V., LLC Regional Cellular Telecommunications, CJSC 800, and other companies in Moscow, Alma-Ata, Nizhny Novgorod, Yekaterinburg, Perm and Kiev.</p> <p>2002–2004 – CEO, Tele2 (Nizhny Novgorod).</p> <p>In 2004, he joined OJSC MTS as head of the company's Nizhny Novgorod branch.</p> <p>2006–2007 – Director of the MTS Ural Macroregion.</p> <p>In 2007, became First Deputy CEO of CJSC UMS (MTS Ukraine) and in 2008, was appointed head of the MTS Ukraine business unit.</p> <p>2011–2018 – President of PJSC MTS.</p> <p>From March 2018 to April 2020, he was President of Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Member of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC since 2015, elected Deputy Chair of the Board in April 2020. Member of the Strategy Committee of the Board. Member of the Board of Sistema Charitable Foundation.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0570%.</p>

¹ A. Dubovskov ceased to be CEO after the end of the reporting year. On 20 April 2020, V. Chirakhov was appointed CEO.

President and Management Board members

NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
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Igor Alyoshin

Vice President for Security at Sistema PJSFC



Born in Kurgan in 1965.

In 1987, he graduated from the Omsk High School of Police, USSR Ministry of Internal Affairs, with a degree in law.

1983–2012 – Service with law enforcement.

2012–2013 – Management Board member, Vice President for Security and Assets Protection, Medsi Group.

2013–2014 – Vice President for Security, MTS Group Corporate Centre, Security Unit, MTS.

2014–2018 – Senior Vice President, Head of Security Service, MTS Bank.

From April 2018 – Vice President for Security, Sistema PJSFC.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0%.

Sergey Egorov

Vice President for HR at Sistema PJSFC



Born in 1982.

In 2004, he graduated from the Kyrgyz National University with a degree in Finance and Credit.

2007–2008 – Senior Analyst, Private Equity and Structured Financing Department, LLC United Capital Partners Advisory.

2008–2012 – Analyst, LLC Sberbank Capital.

He started working at Sistema PJSFC in 2012 and served as Director for Special Projects in 2018–2019.

Managing Partner of Sistema PJSFC since May 2019.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0%.

Artyom Zasursky

Vice President, Head of Strategy Function



Born in Moscow in 1979.

In 2005, he completed postgraduate studies at the Journalism Department of the Lomonosov Moscow State University.

In 2001, he graduated from the Lomonosov Moscow State University with a degree in Foreign Social and Economic Geography and Translation.

2002–2003 – Head of Department at LLC Crossmedia Solutions.

2005–2006 – Executive Director at LLC Territoriya Igr.

2007–2009 – CEO at LLC Dragonara.

2011 – Director for Development at LLC Stream.

2012–2013 – Vice President for Development at OJSC SMM.

2013–2016 – CEO at LLC Stream.

2017–2018 – Vice President, Head of the Strategy Department of Sistema PJSFC; since April 2018 – Vice President for Strategy at Sistema PJSFC.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0199%.

Alexey Katkov

Managing Partner of Sistema PJSFC



Born in Moscow in 1977.

In 1999, he graduated from the Russian Presidential Academy of National Economy with a degree in Management.

2000–2015 – Advertising Manager, Sales Director, Commercial Director (since 2007) at LLC Mail.Ru.

2015–2017 – Member of Management Board, First Vice President, COO at JSC SMM; then President of JSC Sistema Venture Capital.

2017–2018 – CEO and then President of LLC SVC Fund.

Since April 2018 – Managing Partner at Sistema PJSFC.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0560%.

President and Management Board members

NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
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Svetlana Matveeva

Vice President for HR



Born in 1984.

In 2006, she graduated from the Plekhanov Russian University of Economics with a degree in Economics. In 2007, she graduated from the Faculty of Computational Mathematics and Cybernetics of the Lomonosov Moscow State University.

Until 2012, she held various positions at Sportmaster Group; in 2012, she joined Sistema.

2017–2019 – Executive Director for Motivation, Training and Organisational Development, HR Department of Sistema PJSFC.

Vice President for HR at Sistema PJSFC since May 2019.

In 2019, she made it to the short list (15 finalists) of Leaders of Russia, a national management competition.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0018%.

Oleg Mubarakshin

Managing Partner of Sistema PJSFC



Born in 1968 in the Saratov region.

He graduated from Moscow State Academy of Law with a degree in Law in 2000 and from the Finance Academy of the Government of the Russian Federation with a degree in Finance in 2002.

In 1991, he graduated from the Defence Ministry's Military Institute.

1996–1998 – Deputy CEO for legal matters, the oil and gas company Belye Nochi (Russia).

1998–2007 – Vice President for Corporate and Legal Affairs for Central and Eastern Europe, InBev FMCG Group (Russia).

2008–2009 – Vice President for Legal Affairs for Western Europe, InBev FMCG Group (Belgium).

2009–2013 – Member of the Management Board, Head of Legal, EastOne Investment and Consulting Group (Ukraine, United Kingdom).

2013–2015 – Vice President, Head of the Legal Function, Sistema PJSFC.

2015–2018 – Senior Vice President, Head of the Legal Function of Sistema PJSFC; since April 2018 – Managing Partner at Sistema PJSFC.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.2835%.

Andrey Pilipenko

Vice President for Government Relations at Sistema PJSFC



Born in 1973 in Gubkin, the Belgorod region.

In 1995, he graduated from the Voronezh State University with a degree in History.

2014–2015 – Vice President for Security at OJSC Bashneft Oil Company.

2015–2018 – Investment Director at Sistema PJSFC.

2015–2018 – Member of the Management Board and Vice President for Security at LLC Segezha Group.

Since August 2018 – Vice President for Government Relations at Sistema PJSFC.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0079%.

Vsevolod Rozanov

Managing Partner of Sistema PJSFC



Born in Moscow in 1971.

He graduated from the Economics Department of the Lomonosov Moscow State University with a degree in Economics.

1993–2001 – Held various positions at the consultancy Bain & Company Inc. in Moscow, London and Stockholm.

2002–2004 – Deputy CEO for Economics and Finance, CJSC MTU-Infom.

2004–2006 – Vice President for Economics and Finance, OJSC Comstar United Telesystems.





2006–2008 – Vice President for Finance and Investment, member of the Management Board, OJSC MTS.

2008–2013 – CEO of Sistema Shyam TeleServices Limited. Board member of SSTL and OJSC MTS.




2013–2018 – Senior Vice President, Head of the Finance and Investment Function of Sistema PJSFC; since April 2018 – Managing Partner at Sistema PJSFC.

Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.1748%.

President and Management Board members

NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
<p>Artyom Sirazutdinov Managing Partner of Sistema PJSFC</p> 	<p>Born in 1969 in Novokuznetsk.</p> <p>In 1993, he graduated from Siberian University of Metallurgy with a degree in Aluminium Production Engineering.</p> <p>In 1996, he received an MBA degree from Virginia Commonwealth University.</p> <p>1996–2005 – Vice President at Russia Partners Managing Company.</p> <p>2005–2007 – Managing Director at Sputnik Investment Group.</p> <p>2007–2010 – Member of Management Board, Chief Investment Officer at EastOne.</p> <p>2010–2016 – Deputy Management Board Chairman at OJSC International Financial Club Bank.</p> <p>2016–2018 – Vice President at Sistema PJSFC; since April 2018 – Managing Partner at Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0051%.</p>
<p>Vladimir Travkov Vice President for Finance and Investment at Sistema PJSFC</p> 	<p>Born in 1979 in Tashkent, the Republic of Uzbekistan.</p> <p>He received a degree in Economics from the Lomonosov Moscow State University in 2000 and a degree in Management from the same university in 2002.</p> <p>2003–2004 – Specialist of the strategic analysis service at MTS.</p> <p>2004–2007 – Chief economist, head of the planning and analysis department at Comstar United TeleSystems.</p> <p>2007–2010 – Head of the consolidation and planning methodology department at MTS.</p> <p>2010–2011 – Head of the planning and management reporting department at Comstar United TeleSystems.</p> <p>2011–2018 – Head of the functional controlling department at MTS.</p> <p>Since April 2018 – Vice President for Finance and Investment at Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0073%.</p>
<p>Joshua Blair Tulgan Vice President for External Relations at Sistema PJSFC</p> 	<p>Born in 1973 in Poughkeepsie, New York, the United States.</p> <p>He studied at Phillips Academy and Bowdoin College, majoring in History and Russian Language. He obtained a Bachelor of Arts degree from Bowdoin College. In 2004, Joshua received an MBA degree in Strategy and International Development from Georgetown University.</p> <p>1995–1999 – Consulted Russian companies on capital markets strategies and IR at Burson Marsteller.</p> <p>2001–2002 – Head of Foreign Media Relations at Sibneft (PJSC Gazprom Neft).</p> <p>2006–2018 – Director of the Investor Relations Department of the Corporate Communications Division at PJSC MTS; from 2012 – Director of the Corporate Finance and Investor Relations Department of the Finance and Investment Division at PJSC MTS.</p> <p>Since July 2018 – Vice President for External Relations at Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0030%.</p>
<p>Ali Uzdenov Managing Partner of Sistema PJSFC</p> 	<p>Born in 1962 in Kislodovsk, the Stavropol region.</p> <p>In 1985, he graduated from Rostov Institute of Railway Engineers with a degree in Automation, Telemechanics and Communications.</p> <p>In 1990, he continued his education at the International Survival School (Italy).</p> <p>1994–1997 – Head of the Rostov Commodity Exchange.</p> <p>1997–1998 – CEO of LLC Ayaks.</p> <p>1998–2001 – CEO of the Rostov branch, OJSC Bashneft.</p> <p>2001–2007 – Chairman of the Board of Directors, OJSC Kormmash.</p> <p>2007–2009 – CEO of LLC Rostovregiongaz.</p> <p>2009–2012 – First Vice President for Refining and Sales, OJSC Bashneft.</p> <p>2012–2018 – Vice President, Senior Vice President of Sistema PJSFC; since April 2018 – Managing Partner at Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.1446%.</p>

President and Management Board members

NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
<p>Sergey Shishkin Vice President for Corporate Governance and Legal Affairs at Sistema PJSFC</p> 	<p>Born in Moscow in 1970.</p> <p>In 1992, he graduated with honours from the Lomonosov Moscow State Lomonosov University with a degree in Law. In 1996, he received a PhD in Law.</p> <p>1998–2000 – Director at the Foundation of International Institute for Development of Legal Economy.</p> <p>2001–2003 – Member of the bar association of Moscow.</p> <p>2005–2011 – Head of the Property Department, Director of the Department of Property Projects, Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>2011–2015 – Executive Vice President for Corporate Projects at Sistema PJSFC; October 2014 – December 2015 – Acting Senior Vice President, Head of the Corporate Governance Function at Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>2015–2018 – Vice President, Head of the Corporate Governance Function of Sistema PJSFC; since April 2018 – Vice President for Corporate Governance and Legal Affairs at Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0.0572%.</p>
<p>Maxim Yanpolsky Managing Partner of Sistema PJSFC</p> 	<p>Born in Moscow in 1980.</p> <p>In 2002, he graduated from the Lomonosov Moscow State University, the Department of Computational Mathematics and Cybernetics with a degree in Applied Mathematics and Computer Science. In 2011, he received an MBA degree from the University of Chicago's Booth School of Business.</p> <p>He started his professional career at Troika Dialog investment company, where from 1999 to 2002 he was engaged in modelling and risk assessment of complex derivative instruments.</p> <p>In 2000, he trained at the Weizmann Institute of Science (Israel), in Moross Lab specialising in computer vision.</p> <p>From 2002 to 2004, Maxim worked in the international consulting company Accenture as a consultant for the financial services industry (FSI).</p> <p>From 2004 to 2008, as Vice President at Renaissance Capital, he led the project office, product development and business technology for Renaissance Investment Management Group in Russia, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and Cyprus.</p> <p>In 2009, he became a co-founder and Senior Partner of the investment company Third Rome, where he was responsible for advising clients on M&A, making VC investments and launching a VC fund called BRV.</p> <p>From 2014 to the end of 2017, he was engaged in business development of PJSC Otkritie Bank as Senior Vice President, launching such projects and segments as Bank Tochka, Rocketbank, Otkritie Factoring, Customs Card, Business Advance, etc.</p> <p>In April 2018, he was appointed Vice President for Financial Technologies at PJSC MTS and in September 2018 joined Sistema PJSFC as Managing Partner.</p> <p>Share in the authorised capital of Sistema PJSFC: 0%.</p>
<p>Company Secretary</p>	
NAME AND POSITION	BRIEF BIOGRAPHY
<p>Igor Petrov Company Secretary of Sistema PJSFC</p> 	<p>Born in 1978 in Leningrad (now St Petersburg).</p> <p>In 1999, he graduated from the St Petersburg State University with a degree in Oriental and African studies. In 2000, he obtained a degree in Philology from the same university. In 2004, he graduated from the Utrecht University (the Netherlands) with a degree in International Law. In 2009, he obtained a degree in Corporate Finance and Financial Analysis from the Russian Academy of National Economy in Moscow. In 2019, he received an MBA degree from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business.</p> <p>2005 – Lawyer, Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer, Amsterdam.</p> <p>2005–2006 – Lawyer, ICICI Bank Eurasia.</p> <p>Company Secretary of Sistema PJSFC since 2006.</p>

ANNEX 2

Financial results according to Russian Accounting Standards (RAS)

KEY FINANCIAL INDICATORS

THSD RUB	2019	2018
Revenue from sale of products, goods, works and services (net of VAT)	44,947,796	31,192,955
Administrative expenses	(10,349,809)	(6,990,040)
Profit from sales	34,597,987	24,202,915
Interest receivable	6,087,299	4,811,069
Interest payable	(19,409,648)	(17,919,274)
Other income	118,021,673	14,170,159
Other expenses	(56,163,444)	(62,257,619)
Earnings (loss) before tax	83,133,867	(36,992,750)
Current income tax	(9,544)	(16,865)
Net income (loss)	79,089,695	(46,495,402)
Retained earnings (accumulated loss)	192,276,831	114,248,636

The primary activity of Sistema PJSC is management of interests in commercial organisations.

INCOME STRUCTURE

THSD RUB	2019	2018
Total revenue, incl.	44,947,796	31,192,955
Income from participation in share capitals of other companies	44,931,482	31,178,987
Other operating income (rent, agency services and sureties)	16,314	13,968

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

	2019	2018
Labour efficiency, <i>thsd RUB/FTE</i>	164,043	112,610
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.915	1.630
Share of long-term debt in the sum of long-term debt and equity	0.429	0.518
Debt service coverage ratio	1.01	3.30
Overdue debt, %	0	0

FINANCIAL STABILITY INDICATORS

	2019	2018
Net working capital, <i>thsd RUB</i>	22,076,343	(32,177,701)
Current ratio	1.58	0.62
Quick ratio	1.58	0.62

DATA ON FUEL AND ENERGY CONSUMPTION

TYPE OF RESOURCES	2019		2018	
	QUANTITY	AMOUNT, INCLUDING VAT, <i>thsd RUB</i>	QUANTITY	AMOUNT, INCLUDING VAT, <i>thsd RUB</i>
Heat, <i>Gcal</i>	1,461.16	2,726.98	1,657.07	2,931.24
Electric power, <i>thousand kWh</i>	2,191.69	9,159.37	2,287.78	9,141.74
Water, <i>cu m</i>	7,197.84	285.10	7,048.00	257.81
Petrol, <i>l</i>	192,279.33	9,284.46	204,128.82	8,920.98
TOTAL	—	21,455.90	—	21,251.77

ANNEX 3

Transactions involving Sistema shares performed by Sistema's Board members, President and Management Board members during 01 January – 31 December 2018.¹

SISTEMA SHARES RECEIVED

BY MEMBERS OF SISTEMA'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND MANAGEMENT BOARD ON 18 JANUARY 2018 UNDER THE LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PROGRAMME

NAME	NUMBER OF SISTEMA SHARES
I. Alyoshin	341,176
A. Dubovskov	3,170,169
A. Guryev	781,115
A. Zasursky	758,669
O. Mubarakshin	3,770,898
A. Pilipenko	296,285
V. Rozanov	1,436,533
V. Travkov	700,310
J. Tulgan	287,307
A. Uzdеноv	448,916
S. Shishkin	987,361

DIVESTMENT OF SISTEMA SHARES

BY MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, PRESIDENT AND MEMBERS OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD OF SISTEMA PJSFC

NAME	NUMBER OF SISTEMA SHARES	DATES OF TRANSACTIONS
M. Shamolin	3,000,000	28 June 2019
S. Matveyeva	122,400	30 September 2019

ANNEX 4

List of transactions carried out by Sistema PJSFC in the reporting year that are recognised as major transactions under the Federal Law "On Joint-Stock Companies".

All of the transactions performed by Sistema PJSFC in 2019 that qualify as major transactions according to the Federal Law "On Joint-Stock Companies" were approved by the Corporation's Board of Directors.

No.	No. OF BOARD MINUTES AND DATE OF RESOLUTION	DESCRIPTION	COUNTERPARTIES	TRANSACTION VALUE
1	01–19, 21/01/2019	Supplementary Agreement No. 1 to Non-Revolving Credit Facility Agreement No. 6591 (dated 16 February 2018) concluded between Sistema PJSFC as borrower and Sberbank as lender, which provides for the extension of the availability period under the said agreement until 31 December 2019.	Sberbank	Up to RUB 105,000,000,000.00 of the principal amount of the debt, as well as interest, fees and other payments, which, as assessed at the time of the transaction, would not exceed RUB 47,000,000,000.00 during the entire term of the credit facility.
2	10–19, 11/10/2019	Opening of a non-revolving credit facility for a period of up to 72 calendar months with a limit of RUB 104,250,000,000.00 between Sistema PJSFC as borrower and Sberbank as lender, secured by pledge of ordinary shares in MTS PJSC to the extent of the the drawdown of funds in proportion to the loan-to-value (LTV) ratio, for the purpose of refinancing Sberbank's secured loan under Non-Revolving Credit Facility Agreement No. 6591 (dated 16 February 2018) in the amount of RUB 59,250,000,000.00, with the undrawn credit facility balance in the amount of RUB 45,000,000,000.00 under the said Non-Revolving Credit Facility Agreement No. 6591 (dated 16 February 2018) to be closed.	Sberbank	Up to RUB 104,250,000,000.00 of the principal amount of the debt, as well as interest, fees and other payments, which, as assessed at the time of the transaction, would not exceed RUB 55,000,000,000.00 during the entire term of the credit facility.
3	10–19, 11/10/2019	Pledge to Sberbank of 319,868,641 ordinary registered book-entry shares in MTS PJSC owned by Sistema PJSFC as security under Non-Revolving Credit Facility Agreement No. 7297 (dated 25 November 2019), with the pledge of the specified shares in MTS PJSC provided as security to Sberbank under Non Revolving Credit Facility Agreement No. 6591 (dated 16 February 2018) to be terminated.	Sberbank	RUB 64,615,384,693.85 (pledge value)

¹ Information provided herein coincides with the information included in the notices of transactions with the Corporation's securities sent to Sistema PJSFC by the Board members, President and Management Board members. The persons whose transactions are presented in this Annex were members of the governing bodies of the Corporation at the time of the relevant transactions.

ANNEX 5

List of transactions carried out by Sistema PJSC in the reporting year that are recognised as related-party transactions under the Federal Law "On Joint-Stock Companies".

All of the transactions performed by Sistema PJSC in 2019 that qualify as related-party transactions according to the Federal Law "On Joint-Stock Companies" were approved by the Corporation's Board of Directors.

No.	No. OF MINUTES AND DATE OF RESOLUTION	DESCRIPTION	COUNTERPARTIES	TRANSACTION VALUE	RELATED PARTIES
1	01-19, 21/01/2019	Sale of shares in PJSC MTS Bank held by Sistema PJSC and Sistema Telecom Assets LLC to Mobile TeleSystems B.V.	Sistema Telecom Assets LLC, Mobile TeleSystems B.V.	RUB 11,409,274,606.80	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov
2	02-19, 08/02/2019	Loan agreement with Capgrowth Investments Limited	Capgrowth Investments Limited	USD 226,700,000.00	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov
3	02-19, 08/02/2019	Acquisition of shares in Ozon Holding Limited from Dega Retail Holding Limited	Dega Retail Holding Limited	RUB 7,901,500,600.00	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov
4	07-18, 30/06/2018	Divestment of a stake in the equity capital of Segezha Group LLC to M. Shamolin	M. Shamolin	RUB 130,761,000.00	M. Shamolin
5	03-19, 29/03/2019	Divestment of shares in Mikron PJSC to JSC RTI Microelectronics	JSC RTI Microelectronics	RUB 4,151,052,750.00	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov
6	08-19, 23/07/2019	Divestment of shares in Binnopharm JSC to PE Obolenskoe JSC in exchange for newly issued shares of PE Obolenskoe JSC	PE Obolenskoe JSC	RUB 2,363,147,134.20	O. Mubarakshin
7	02-19, 08/02/2019	Sale and purchase agreement with Etalon Group company AO with regard to shares in Leader Invest JSC	Etalon Group company AO, KITROMELIDES, PETSAS ADVOCATES LLC	RUB 14,600,000,000.00	S. Egorov, O. Mubarakshin
8	08-19, 23/07/2019	Loan agreement with Kronstadt Group LLC	Kronstadt Group LLC	RUB 877,000,000.00	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov, O. Mubarakshin, V. Travkov

No.	No. OF MINUTES AND DATE OF RESOLUTION	DESCRIPTION	COUNTERPARTIES	TRANSACTION VALUE	RELATED PARTIES
9	08-19, 23/07/2019	Additional contribution to the equity capital of Sistema Telecom Assets LLC	Sistema Telecom Assets LLC	RUB 2,363,147,134.00	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov, S. Shishkin
10	08-19, 23/07/2019	Sale of shares in OBL Pharm to Sistema Telecom Assets LLC	Sistema Telecom Assets LLC	RUB 2,363,147,134.00	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov, S. Shishkin
11	08-19, 23/07/2019	Additional contribution to the equity capital of Intellectual Technical Solutions	Intellectual Technical Solutions	RUB 3,497,236,837.08	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov, O. Mubarakshin, V. Travkov
12	12-19, 15/11/2019	Contribution to the equity capital of Cosmos HG LLC	LLC Cosmos HG LLC	RUB 4,200,000,000.00	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov
13	13-19, 21/12/2019	Sale of shares in PJSC MTS Bank to Mobile TeleSystems B.V.	Mobile TeleSystems B. V.	RUB 1,445,829,622.10	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov
14	12-19, 15/11/2019	Engagement agreement with underwriters for a secondary public offering of shares in Detsky Mir PJSC	EXARZO HOLDINGS LIMITED, FLOETTE HOLDINGS LIMITED, Detsky Mir PJSC, Goldman Sachs International, UBS Europe SE, JSC Sberbank CIB, Sberbank CIB (UK) Limited, VTB Capital plc	USD 4,770,000.00	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov, A. Katkov
15	12-19, 15/11/2019	Underwriting agreement for a secondary public offering of shares in Detsky Mir PJSC	EXARZO HOLDINGS LIMITED, FLOETTE HOLDINGS LIMITED, Detsky Mir PJSC, Goldman Sachs International, UBS Europe SE, JSC Sberbank CIB, Sberbank CIB (UK) Limited, VTB Capital plc	RUB 15,925,000,000.00	V. Evtushenkov, F. Evtushenkov, A. Katkov

ANNEX 6

Report on compliance with the Corporate Governance Code recommended by the Bank of Russia.

In the opinion of Sistema's Board of Directors, the Corporation complies with the principles and guidelines of the Corporate Governance Code recommended by the Bank of Russia (hereinafter, "the Code") with the reservations mentioned herein below.

When assessing compliance of Sistema's corporate governance practices with the Code's recommendations, the Board looked at both formal and actual adherence to the principles and recommendations of the Code by the Corporation and its officers, including the achievement of the general level of corporate governance standards stipulated by the Code through both conventional and alternative mechanisms.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
I. Shareholder rights and equality in their exercise				
1.1. The company should ensure equal and fair treatment of all shareholders as regards their rights to participate in the company's governance.				
1.1.1.	The company should create for its shareholders the most favourable conditions for participation in the general meeting, for developing a substantiated position on the general meeting's agenda items, coordinating their actions, and expressing their opinions on matters under consideration.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The company has made publicly available the internal document that sets out the procedures for conducting the general meeting of shareholders, and this document is approved by the general meeting of shareholders. The company offers an available means of communication with the company, such as a hotline, e-mail or a web forum, that allows shareholders to express their opinions and submit queries about the agenda during preparations for the general meeting. These actions were taken by the company ahead of each general meeting held in the reporting period. 	Observed	<p>The procedure for convening, preparing and conducting the General Meeting of shareholders of the Corporation is regulated by the Terms of Reference of the General Meeting of shareholders that were approved by the General Meeting of shareholders of Sistema PJSFC (Minutes No.1-19 dd 03 July 2019) and is freely available on the Corporation's website.</p> <p>When holding each General Meeting of shareholders, the Corporation communicates to its shareholders an e-mail address to which they may send their opinions or questions with regard to the General Meeting, including its agenda.</p>
1.1.2.	The procedure for notifying shareholders of the forthcoming general meeting and providing materials for the general meeting should enable the shareholders to prepare for the meeting in an appropriate manner.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> A notice of the general meeting of shareholders is published on the website at least 30 days before the date of the meeting. The notice specifies the venue and documents needed for admission to the meeting. The shareholders are provided access to information about persons that proposed agenda items and nominated candidates to the board of directors and the audit review commission of the company. 	Observed	<p>In accordance with Sistema's Charter, a notice of the general meeting of shareholders, including the date, time and venue of the meeting and documents needed for admission, is published in both Russian and English on the Company's website (sistema.ru / sistema.com) at least 30 days before the meeting.</p> <p>The information about who proposed each item to the agenda of the general meeting and about each candidate nominated for election to the Corporation's governance bodies and who nominated them is provided in explanatory notes or other relevant materials.</p>

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
1.1.3.	During preparation for the general meeting and the meeting itself the shareholders should be able to receive information about the meeting and relevant materials in a timely manner and without any hindrance, put questions to executive bodies and members of the company's board of directors and communicate with each other.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> In the reporting period, the shareholders had an opportunity to ask questions to members of the Company's governance bodies and board of directors ahead of or during the annual general meeting of shareholders. The stance of the board of directors (including dissenting opinions entered in the minutes) on each agenda item of shareholders' meetings held in the reporting period is properly reported in the materials provided for the general meetings. Prior to each general meeting held in the reporting period, the company provided eligible shareholders with lists of persons entitled to participate in such meeting on the same date as it itself obtained such lists.. 	Observed	<p>During preparations for a general meeting, the shareholders are able to receive answers to their questions sent to a special email address (osa@sistema.ru) indicated in the notice of the general meeting. Shareholders participating in the general meeting may put questions to members of the governance bodies, of the board of directors and the management board and the President who are also present at the meeting.</p> <p>The stance of the Board of Directors on the agenda items of the general meeting is reported in the explanatory note for each such agenda item.</p> <p>In accordance with the Terms of Reference of the General Meeting of Shareholders, shareholders have the right to see the list of persons entitled to participate in the general meeting, for which purpose they should contact Sistema's Company Secretary.</p>
1.1.4.	Shareholders should be able to request the convocation of general meetings, nominate candidates to the company's governance bodies, and propose items for the AGM's agenda without needless difficulties.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> In the reporting period, shareholders had the opportunity within at least 60 days after the end of the relevant calendar year to propose items for the agenda of the annual general meeting. In the reporting period, the company did not refuse to accept items proposed for the agenda or nominees to the company's governance bodies for reasons of misprints or other insignificant shortcomings in a shareholder's proposal. 	Observed	<p>The Charter of Sistema PJSFC sets a deadline for submission of shareholders' proposals for the general meeting's agenda to 100 days after the end of the financial year.</p> <p>Should a shareholder's proposal contain a material shortcoming, the Corporation should inform such shareholder about such shortcoming well in advance, so that such shortcoming can be properly eliminated before the Board of Directors has approved the general meeting's agenda and the list of nominees to the governance and control bodies.</p>
1.1.5.	Each shareholder should be able to exercise their voting right in the easiest and most convenient way for the shareholder, without any hindrance.	The company's internal regulations (internal policy) include provisions that entitle each participant of the general meeting to request a copy of their filled-in voting ballot, certified by the teller committee, before the end of the general meeting.	Observed	The provision that a person filling in the voting ballot is entitled to have a copy of their filled-in voting ballot certified by the teller committee before the end of the general meeting is included in the Terms of Reference of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.
1.1.6.	The procedure of general meetings adopted by the company should ensure equal opportunities for all persons present at the meeting to express their opinions and ask their questions.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Each physical meeting of shareholders held in the reporting period afforded ample time for reports on all agenda items and discussions of such reports. Candidates to the company's governance and control bodies were available for answering shareholders' questions at the meeting at which their nominations were to be voted on. When making decisions related to the preparation for and procedure of general meetings of shareholders in the reporting period, the board of directors considered the use of telecommunication technologies to give shareholders remote access to general meetings. 	Observed	<p>Each physical General Meeting of Shareholders held in the reporting period afforded up to 20 minutes for reports on each agenda item and ample time for the discussion of such reports.</p> <p>All of the current nominees to the Board of Directors and the Audit Review Commission are present at the relevant General Meeting.</p> <p>Participants of the General Meeting have the possibility to consult with each other on the agenda items.</p> <p>From 2017 on, when preparing for the General Meeting, Sistema's shareholders may also use an e-voting system available on the website of the Corporation's registrar JSC Reyestr. Shareholders are also given the opportunity to vote remotely, provided that the relevant depository provides the technical means for such voting.</p> <p>The Corporation provides a sufficiently big room that accommodates all the persons willing to participate in the General Meeting.</p>

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
1.2.	The shareholders should be given equal and fair opportunities to share in the company's net income via dividends.			
1.2.1.	The company should develop and implement a transparent and clear mechanism for determining the amount of dividends and distributing them.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The company has developed a dividend policy, which has been approved by the board of directors and publicly disclosed. If the company's dividend policy stipulates that the amount of dividends to be distributed should be based on the company's financial performance, such performance metrics are taken from the company's consolidated financial reports. 	Observed	<p>The Corporation's Board of Directors approved the Dividend Policy (Minutes of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC No.04-17 dd 03 April 2017), which is available for reading at the company's website.</p> <p>In case the amount and/or frequency of dividend payments deviate from those recommended in the Dividend Policy, the Corporation discloses the reasons for such deviation.</p>
1.2.2.	The company is advised against deciding in favour of any dividend distribution that, although being in no breach of statutory restrictions, is economically impractical and/or conducive to misconceptions about the company's performance.	The company's dividend policy clearly specifies financial/economic circumstances under which it should not pay dividends.	Partially observed	<p>According to the Dividend Policy, the Company's shareholders shall receive dividends only if there are sources and grounds for their payment, as stipulated by Russian law.</p> <p>The Corporation does not declare dividends if net income or cash flow are insufficient (there is a liquidity shortage) or if distributing dividends is economically unreasonable. Although such circumstances are not formally set out in the Dividend Policy, the Corporation believes it to pose no additional risks to shareholders.</p> <p>The Investor Relations and Dividend Policy Committee of the Board of Directors considers the management's suggestions regarding dividend payouts and makes recommendations on this subject to the Board.</p> <p>The Corporation expects to update its dividend policy once volatility in financial markets is lower.</p>
1.2.3.	The Company may not allow any compromise of the dividend rights of its existing shareholders.	The company took no actions that would compromise the dividend rights of existing shareholders.	Observed	<p>The Corporation has issued only one type of ordinary shares. Holders of global depository receipts are entitled to dividends on a par with holders of ordinary shares.</p> <p>In the reporting period, the Corporation took no actions that would compromise the dividend rights of the holders of ordinary shares and/or global depository receipts.</p>
1.2.4.	Companies should strive to avoid situations where shareholders receive from the company any type of profit (income) other than dividends or liquidating distributions.	In order to rule out situations where shareholders receive any type of profit (income) from the company other than dividends or liquidating distributions, the company's internal regulations envisage control mechanisms that ensure timely identification of and approval procedures to be applied to transactions involving any persons affiliated with material shareholders (persons entitled to dispose of votes attaching to voting shares) in cases where law does not formally recognise such transactions as related party transactions.	Observed	The Corporation has a Code of Ethics approved by the Board of Directors (Minutes No.08-15 dd 02 November 2015), which stipulates that officers responsible for transactions shall in good time report to the Board of Directors any conflicts of interest related to such transactions.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
1.3.	The corporate governance system and practices should ensure an equal footing for all shareholders that own shares of the same category (type), including minority and foreign shareholders, and equal treatment of them by the company.			
1.3.1.	Companies should create conditions for fair treatment of each shareholder by the governance bodies and the controlling persons of the company, including prevention of abuse of power by major shareholders in respect of minority shareholders.	In the reporting period, the procedures for managing major shareholders' potential conflicts of interest were efficient, and the board of directors paid sufficient attention to conflicts between shareholders, if any.	Observed	<p>The Corporation has taken every step necessary to prevent any shareholders' actions that are intended to harm other shareholders or the Corporation as well as any other abuse of shareholder rights.</p> <p>There were no recorded conflicts between the Corporation's shareholders in the reporting period.</p>
1.3.2.	Companies should not take any actions that cause or may cause any artificial redistribution of controlling rights.	Either there are no quasi-treasury shares, or such shares are not admitted for voting throughout the reporting period.	Observed	Although the Corporation's internal documents do not restrict any entities controlled by the Corporations from voting with equity shares in the Corporation, no such quasi-treasury shares were actually used for voting in the reporting period.
1.4.	Shareholders should be provided with reliable and efficient ways to register rights to the shares, and the ability to dispose of their shares freely and easily.			
1.4.	Shareholders should be provided with reliable and efficient ways to register rights to the shares, and the ability to dispose of their shares freely and easily.	The quality and reliability of services provided by the company's registrar to keep the shareholder register meet the needs of the company and its shareholders.	Observed	The Registrar of the Corporation is one of the largest special registrars in Russia, which has proven and reliable technologies that provide the most efficient way to ensure registration of proprietary rights and exercise of shareholder rights. The Corporation cooperates with the registrar to update information about shareholders contained in the shareholder register.
II. Board of Directors				
2.1	The board of directors is in charge of strategic management of the company, determines the main principles and approaches to organising the company's risk control and internal control systems, controls the work of its executive bodies and performs other key functions.			
2.1.1.	The board of directors should bear responsibility for decisions relating to the appointment and dismissal of executives and appointment and dissolution of executive bodies on relevant grounds, including their poor or inappropriate performance. The board of directors should also ensure that the company's executive bodies act in compliance with the approved development strategy and adhere to a course of action consistent with the company's line of activity.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The powers of the board of directors to appoint and dismiss members of executive bodies and determine the terms of their employment agreements are set out in the charter. The board of directors reviewed a report (reports) of the CEO and members of a collective executive body on the implementation of the company's strategy. 	Observed	<p>The Charter of Sistema PJSFC stipulates that the authority of the Board of Directors includes appointment and dismissal of the President of the Corporation, election and dismissal of members of the Management Board, and approval of the terms of employment agreements signed with the President and members of the Management Board.</p> <p>Sistema's Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee approves CEOs of subsidiaries and nominees to their boards of directors.</p> <p>The Board of Directors monitors implementation of the Corporation's strategy and business plans by its executive bodies on a regular basis.</p>

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
2.1.2.	The board of directors should set the key long-term priorities for the company's business, assess and approve key performance indicators and key business goals of the company, evaluate and approve strategies and business plans for the core businesses of the Company.	In the reporting period, the board of directors reviewed matters relating to the implementation status and updates of the strategy, approval of the company's financial plan (budget) and criteria and indicators (including interim ones) of implementation of the company's strategy and business plans.	Observed	<p>The Board of Directors controls and supports the formulation of and execution on the Corporation's strategy at each stage, evaluates its progress and feasibility, and adjusts it as necessary.</p> <p>The strategy and business plans of the Corporation approved by the Board of Directors contain clear criteria, most of which are quantity indices, and use interim control metrics.</p> <p>The Board of Directors approves the budget of the Corporation on an annual basis.</p> <p>At least once a year, the Board of Directors reviews the Corporation's strategy and assesses its implementation status and need for updating. In particular, the Board reviewed the Corporation's strategy as a whole on 11 October 2019 and discussed its various functional constituents at each physical Board meeting held throughout the reporting year.</p>
2.1.3.	The board of directors should determine the principles of and approaches to organising the risk management and internal control systems at the company.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The board of directors determined the principles of and approaches to organising the risk management and internal control systems at the company. The board of directors assessed the risk management and internal control systems of the company in the reporting period. 	Observed	<p>The Charter of Sistema PJSFC includes approval of risk management principles in the remit of the Board of Directors. The Corporation also adopted the Risk Code.</p> <p>The Board of Directors reviews a risk management report and a report on the work of the internal control system at the Corporation at least once a year and issues its opinion. In the reporting year, this item was reviewed by the Board of Directors on 02 February 2019.</p>
2.1.4.	The board of directors should determine the company's policy with regard to remuneration and (or) reimbursement of expenses to Board members, executive bodies and other key executives of the company.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The company developed and introduced a policy (policies), approved by the board of directors, on remuneration and compensation of expenses of members of the board of directors, executive bodies of the company and other senior executives. The board of directors reviewed items pertaining to this policy (policies) in the reporting period. 	Observed	<p>The General Meeting of shareholders of the Corporation approved the Policy on remuneration and compensations payable to members of the Corporation's Board of Directors (Minutes No.1–19 dd 03 July 2019).</p> <p>The Board of Directors of the Corporation approved the HR policy and policies on remuneration payable to the employees of Sistema PJSFC. Employees' remuneration includes a fixed part, a bonus for execution of projects and generation of cash income, and long-term incentives.</p> <p>The Board of Directors also approved the rules for reimbursement of expenses to the top executives of the Corporation.</p>

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
2.1.5.	The board of directors should play a key role in preventing, identifying and settling internal conflicts between the company's governance bodies, shareholders and employees.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The board of directors plays a key role in preventing, identifying and settling internal conflicts. The company has created a system for identifying transactions related to conflicts of interest and measures aimed at resolving such conflicts. 	Observed	<p>The Board of Directors takes all the measures necessary to prevent and settle internal conflicts.</p> <p>The Corporation regularly collects information about related and affiliated persons of the members of its Board of Directors and executive bodies. In accordance with the Code of Ethics, ethics assessment is performed during which senior managers responsible for the transactions submit ethics and conflict of interest declarations. The Internal Control and Audit Department analyses the information received about the signs of the management responsible for the transactions having conflicts of interest.</p> <p>Resolutions on related party transactions are made by persons that are not involved in the relevant conflict of interest.</p> <p>Employees' compliance with the regulations for resolution of conflicts of interests is secured with disciplinary measures.</p>
2.1.6.	The board of directors should play a key role in securing transparency of the company, timely and full disclosure of the company's information, unhindered access of shareholders to the company's documents.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The board of directors adopted a regulation on the information policy. The company has designated persons responsible for implementation of the information policy. 	Observed	<p>The Board of Directors of the Corporation approved the Regulation on the Information Policy (Minutes No. 04–10 dd 21 April 2010).</p> <p>The responsibility to control compliance with the Information Policy lies with the Company Secretary reporting to the Board of Directors of the Corporation.</p>
2.1.7.	The board of directors should control the corporate governance practices at the company and play a key role in material corporate events of the company.	In the reporting period, the board of directors reviewed an item on corporate governance practices at the company.	Observed	Based on the results of annual appraisal of the Corporation's corporate governance practices, the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors formulates proposals aimed at improving corporate governance practices for review and approval by the Board of Directors.
2.2. The board of directors should be accountable to the company's shareholders.				
2.2.1.	Information about the work of the board of directors shall be disclosed and provided to shareholders.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The company's annual report for the reporting period includes information about directors' attendance of the meetings of the board and board committees. The annual report includes information about the key results of appraisal of the board's work conducted in the reporting period. 	Observed	<p>The Annual Report and the Corporation's website (sistema.ru / sistema.com) disclose information about the number of meetings of the Board of Directors and its Committees held in the past year, specifying the forms of meetings and Board members' attendance.</p> <p>The main results of the Board's performance assessment and that of its executive bodies are disclosed in the Annual Report of the Corporation.</p>
2.2.2.	Chairman of the board of directors should be available for communication with the company's shareholders.	The company has a transparent procedure that gives shareholders a possibility to put questions to the board chairman and to communicate their stance on such matters.	Observed	Shareholders can put questions to the Chairman of the Board of Directors regarding issues within the remit of the Board of Directors, and inform him about their opinions (positions) on such matters via the Company Secretary.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
2.3.	The board of directors should be an efficient and professional governance body of the company, capable of passing objective independent judgements and taking decisions aligned with the interests of the company and its shareholders.			
2.3.1.	It is recommended to elect to the board of directors persons that have an impeccable business and personal reputation and possess the knowledge, skills and experience necessary for making decisions on the matters falling within the remit of the Board of Directors and required for efficient discharge of its functions.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> The procedure for assessing the board's efficiency adopted by the company includes assessment of the professional skills of the board members. In the reporting period, the board of directors (or its nomination committee) assessed candidates to the board in terms of their possessing relevant experience, knowledge, business reputation, absence of a conflict of interest, etc. 	Observed	<p>The annual assessment of the Board of Directors includes assessment of the Board's competences.</p> <p>The Board's Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee assesses all candidates nominated to the Board of Directors regarding their independence and potential contribution to the work of the Board of Directors.</p> <p>Sufficient professional experience, business reputation and absence of a conflict of interest are important criteria during the assessment of candidates to the Board of Directors.</p>
2.3.2.	Members of the board of directors should be elected in a transparent procedure enabling shareholders to receive information about the candidates that is sufficient to form an opinion of their personal and professional qualities.	In all instances in the reporting period when the agenda included items on election of board members, the company provided the shareholders with biographies of all candidates to the board, results of such candidates' assessment by the board (or its nomination committee), information on whether such candidates meet the independence criteria, in accordance with recommendations 102–107 of the Code, and the candidates' written consent to be elected to the board of directors.	Observed	<p>The biographies of candidates to the Board of Directors and recommendations of the Board's Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee with regard to voting on such candidates, as well as information about their meeting the independence criteria are included in materials for General Meetings of shareholders whose agendas include an item on election of the Board of Directors.</p> <p>The status of newly elected members of the Board of Directors and their independence are confirmed at the first meeting of the Board after election.</p>
2.3.3.	The composition of the board of directors should be well balanced, in terms of qualification, experience, expertise and business qualities, and board members should enjoy the confidence of shareholders.	As part of the assessment of the board's work in the reporting period, the board of directors analysed its needs in terms of professional and business skills and experience.	Observed	The annual assessment of the Board of Directors includes assessment of the Board's competences and how they match the Corporation's needs.
2.3.4.	The number of members on the company's board of directors should make it possible to organise the work of the board of directors in the most efficient manner, allowing for formation of board committees and giving the opportunity to material minority shareholders of the company to elect candidates they vote for to the board of directors.	As part of the assessment of the board of directors conducted in the reporting period, the board of directors considered whether the number of the board members met the company's needs and shareholders' interests.	Observed	The annual assessment of the Board of Directors includes assessment of the number of the Board members.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
2.4.	The board of directors should have a sufficient number of independent directors.			
2.4.1.	It is recommended to acknowledge as independent directors the persons that have sufficient expertise, competence, experience, and independence for formulation of their own positions; that are capable of making objective and conscientious judgements; and that are independent from the company's governance bodies, particular groups of shareholders, or other interested parties. It should be noted that a candidate is not normally considered to be independent if he/she is affiliated with the company, its material shareholder, material counterparty or competitor or with the state.	In the reporting period, all independent board members met all the independence criteria set out in recommendations 102–107 of the Code or were recognised as independent by resolution of the board of directors.	Observed	The criteria of independence of members of the Corporation's Board of Directors are aligned with the criteria recommended by the Corporate Governance Code and the Listing Rules of Moscow Stock Exchange.
2.4.2.	It is recommended to assess compliance of candidates to the board of directors with the independence criteria and to analyse compliance of independent directors on the board with the independence criteria on a regular basis. In such assessment, contents should prevail over form.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> In the reporting period, the board of directors (or its nomination committee) formed an opinion about the independence of each candidate to the board and presented it to shareholders. In the reporting period, the board of directors (or its nomination committee) reviewed the independence of incumbent board members specified as independent in the company's annual report at least once. The company has procedures in place that provide for actions a board member has to take if he/she stops being an independent director, including timely notifying the board. 	Observed	<p>The Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors (hereinafter, "the Committee") issues an opinion on the independence of candidates to the Board of Directors.</p> <p>At the first meeting of the Board of Directors following the General Meeting of shareholders where such new Board of Directors was elected, the Board of Directors determines the status of independent members of the Board of Directors.</p> <p>The Committee analyses compliance of the independent directors on the Board with the independence criteria on a regular basis.</p> <p>When elected to the Board, Board members undertake in writing to notify the Corporation of any circumstances that may affect their ability to have independent judgement on items reviewed by the Board of Directors.</p>
2.4.3.	It is recommended that independent directors constitute at least one third of elected board of directors.	Independent directors constitute at least one third of the board of directors.	Observed	About half (5 out of 11) members of the Board are independent.
2.4.4.	Independent directors should play a key role in preventing internal conflicts in the company and in the performance of significant corporate actions by the company.	Independent directors (not having a conflict of interest) give preliminary assessment to material corporate actions related to a potential conflict of interest, the results of which are submitted to the board.	Observed	<p>Independent directors perform a preliminary assessment of potential actions and draft resolutions of the Corporation that may lead to a conflict as they prepare for meetings of the Board or Board Committees. Notably, the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee pre-approves all related party transactions.</p> <p>Opinions of Board members are incorporated in the meeting materials.</p>

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
2.5.	Chairman of the board of directors should facilitate the most efficient discharge of functions that fall within the remit of the board of directors.			
2.5.1.	It is recommended to elect an independent director as chairman, or to select a senior independent director among the elected independent directors who would coordinate the work of independent directors and interact with the chairman of the board of directors.	The board chairman is an independent director or a senior independent director is elected among independent directors. The role, rights and duties of the board chairman (and, if applicable, of the senior independent director) are duly set out in the company's internal regulations.	Observed	The role of the Board Chairman is set out in the Terms of Reference of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC approved by the General Meeting of shareholders on 24 June 2017 (Minutes No.1-19 dd 03 July 2019). The Terms of Reference also define the role of the Deputy Chairman of the Board, who, together with the Company Secretary, ensures interaction between independent directors and the Board Chairman. Each independent director can communicate his or her position on any agenda item to the Board Chairman. In view of the above, the Corporation as a whole and the Board of Directors in particular have yet to reach a consensus on whether the Board needs a senior independent director. Independent director Anna Belova was elected Deputy Chair of the Corporation's Board of Directors. In this position, she, inter alia, coordinates the activities of independent members of the Board of Directors and interacts with the Chairman of the Board of Directors, acting as the senior independent director.
2.5.2.	The board chairman should ensure a constructive atmosphere of the meetings, free discussions of the matters on the meeting agenda, and control over execution of resolutions passed by the board of directors.	Performance of the board chairman is assessed during assessment of the performance of the board as a whole in the reporting period.	Observed	The annual assessment of the Board of Directors includes assessment of the efficiency of interaction between Board members and the Board Chairman.
2.5.3.	The board chairman should take necessary measures to provide board members with information required for making decisions on the agenda items in a timely manner.	The duty of the board chairman to procure timely provision of materials on agenda items for board members is stipulated by the company's internal regulations.	Observed	In accordance with the Procedure of the Board of Directors, the Board Chairman takes necessary measures to provide Board members with information required for making decisions on the agenda items in a timely manner. The Board Chairman maintains regular contacts with other governance bodies and executives of the Corporation.
2.6.	Members of the board of directors should act in good faith and reasonably, in the best interests of the company and its shareholders proceeding from sufficient amount of information, with due care and diligence.			
2.6.1.	Reasonable and bona fide actions of the board members imply that decisions are made with due consideration of all available information, without conflicts of interest, with equal treatment of the company's shareholders, within usual entrepreneurial risks.	The company's internal regulations stipulate that a board member shall notify the board of directors if he/she is in the situation of a conflict of interest in respect of any item on the agenda of a board or committee meeting before the start of discussion of the respective agenda item. The company's internal regulations stipulate that a board member shall not vote on any agenda item where he/she has a conflict of interest. The company has a procedure in place that allows the board of directors to receive professional advice on matters within its remit at the expense of the company.	Observed	The Terms of Reference of the Board of Directors and the Ethics Code of the Corporation stipulate that Board members shall timely notify the Corporation if a conflict of interest arises and shall not make decisions on any matter where they have a conflict of interest. The Board of Directors is entitled to engage external independent experts for examination of draft resolutions at the Corporation's expense.
2.6.2.	The rights and obligations of board members should be clearly formulated and recorded in the internal regulations of the company.	The company has an internal document in place that clearly defines the rights and obligations of board members.	Observed	Rights and obligations of Board members are recorded in the Charter of Sistema PJSFC, the Terms of Reference of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC, and the Procedure on the Board of Directors.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
2.6.3.	Board members should have enough time to perform their duties.	Individual attendance of board and committee meetings and the time spent preparing for the meetings is taken into account during the board's assessment procedure in the reporting period. In accordance with the company's internal regulations, board members are obligated to notify the board of their intention to join governance bodies of other entities (except for the company's subsidiaries and affiliates) and of the fact of such appointment.	Observed	The annual assessment of the Board of Directors includes assessment of the organisation and attendance of the Board meetings. When elected to the Board, Board members fill in questionnaires envisaged by the Terms of Reference of the Board of Directors, where they must specify companies where they are members of governance bodies or where they intend to be elected.
2.6.4.	All members of the board of directors should have equal possibilities to access the company's documents and information. Newly elected members of the board of directors should be provided with sufficient information about the company and the work of the board of directors as soon as possible.	The company's internal documents stipulate the right of board members to get access to documents and make inquiries related to the company and organisations controlled by the company, and the obligation of the company's executive bodies to provide them with such information and documents. The company has a formal induction programme for newly elected board members.	Observed	Sistema's Board members are able to promptly receive answers to their queries and any information they may require from the executive management directly or via the Company Secretary. The employees' obligation to provide such information is recorded in the internal regulations of the Corporation. The Company Secretary familiarises newly elected Board members with the activities of the Board in accordance with the Terms of Reference of the Board of Directors.
2.7.	Meetings of the board of directors, their preparation, and participation of board members in them should provide for efficient work of the board of directors.			
2.7.1.	It is recommended to hold meetings of the board of directors as necessary, taking into account the scale of business and the company's objectives in a certain period of time.	The board of directors held at least six meetings in the reporting year.	Observed	Meetings of the Board of Directors are held at least six times a year in accordance with the approved work plan of the Board of Directors. 8 meetings of the Board of Directors were held in 2019.
2.7.2.	It is recommended to develop and include in the company's internal regulations the procedure for preparing and conducting meetings of the board of directors that would give the board members the possibility to prepare for the meeting.	The company adopted an internal document that regulates the procedure for preparing and holding board meetings, which, among other things, stipulates that the notice of a meeting shall, as a rule, be sent at least 5 days before the meeting.	Observed	The Procedure of the Board of Directors determines the procedure and the time of sending a voting ballot to each member of the Board of Directors and for obtaining the filled-in ballot in case the meeting is held in absentia. Board members have permanent access to the work plan of the Board of Directors. All information for Board meetings is available in Russian and English on the portal of the Board of Directors (to which all Board members are connected) at least 10 days before the Board meeting.
2.7.3.	The form of board meetings should be determined with consideration of the importance of agenda items. The most important items should be discussed at meetings in praesentia.	The company's charter or internal regulations stipulate that the most important items (according to the list set out in recommendation 168 of the Code) shall be reviewed at meetings in praesentia.	Observed	All scheduled meetings of the Board of Directors are held in praesentia. Meetings in absentia are held when some urgent issues arise. The Procedure of the Board of Directors stipulates that the most important items shall be reviewed at meetings in praesentia.
2.7.4.	It is recommended that decisions on the most essential aspects of the company's business are made by a qualified majority or a simple majority of votes of all the elected Board members.	The company's charter stipulates that resolutions on the most important items, which are set out in recommendation 170 of the Code, shall be adopted at board meetings by a qualified majority of at least three fourths of votes or by a simple majority of all the elected Board members.	Partially observed	According to the Charter of Sistema PJSFC, decisions on items relating to increase of authorised capital, placement of certain types of securities, approval of material and related party transactions are made in compliance with special voting rules. Decisions on other agenda items are made by simple majority of votes of the Board members. Independent directors who regularly attend the meetings comprise almost half of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC. Considering how the work is organised, it is rather difficult to justify the necessity of introducing any special voting rules for specific agenda items, and the Corporation does not intend to establish them in the near future.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
2.8.	The board of directors should form committees for preview of the most important matters pertaining to the company's business.			
2.8.1.	For provisional review of matters pertaining to the company's financial activities, it is recommended to form an audit committee consisting of independent directors.	<p>The board of directors set up an audit committee consisting only of independent directors.</p> <p>The company's internal regulations determine the objectives of the audit committee, including objectives set out in recommendation 172 of the Code.</p> <p>At least one member of the audit committee, who is an independent director, has experience and expertise in preparation, analysis, evaluation and audit of statutory (financial) accounts.</p> <p>The audit committee met at least once per quarter in the reporting period.</p>	Observed	<p>The Corporation has formed the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee of the Board of Directors (hereinafter, "the Committee") and approved the Terms of Reference of the Committee. The objectives of the Committee as recorded in the Terms of Reference are aligned with the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code.</p> <p>Independent directors constitute the majority of the Committee members (4 out of 5). The Committee is chaired by an independent director, R. Munnings, who has a vast experience and expertise in preparation, analysis, evaluation and audit of statutory (financial) accounts.</p> <p>13 meetings of the Committee were held in 2019.</p>
2.8.2.	For provisional review of issues relating to development of efficient and transparent practices in the sphere of remuneration, it is recommended to form a remuneration committee consisting of independent directors and chaired by an independent director who is not the chairman of the board of directors.	<p>The board of directors set up a remuneration committee consisting only of independent directors.</p> <p>The remuneration committee is chaired by an independent director who is not board chairman.</p> <p>The company's internal regulations determine the objectives of the remuneration committee, including objectives set out in recommendation 180 of the Code.</p>	Observed	<p>The Corporation has formed the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors (hereinafter, "the Committee") and approved the Terms of Reference of the Committee. The objectives of the Committee as recorded in the Terms of Reference are aligned with the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code.</p> <p>Independent directors constitute the majority of the Committee members (4 out of 5). The Committee is chaired by an independent director, R. Kocharyan, who is not the Board Chairman.</p>
2.8.3.	It is recommended to form a nomination (HR) committee to preview issues relating to HR (continuity) planning, professional composition and efficiency of the board of directors. Most of the members of such committee should be independent directors.	<p>The board of directors set up a nomination committee (or its objectives set out in recommendation 186 of the Code are pursued by another committee) consisting mostly of independent directors.</p> <p>The company's internal regulations determine the objectives of the nomination committee (or another committee that carries out its functions), including objectives set out in recommendation 186 of the Code.</p>	Observed	<p>The Corporation has formed the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors (hereinafter, "the Committee") and approved the Terms of Reference of the Committee. The objectives of the Committee as recorded in the Terms of Reference are aligned with the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code.</p> <p>Independent directors constitute the majority of the Committee members (4 out of 5).</p>
2.8.4.	Depending on the scale of business and the level of risks the company is exposed to, it is recommended to form other committees of the board of directors (strategy committee, corporate governance committee, ethics committee, risk management committee, budget committee, EH&S committee, etc.)	In the reporting period, the company's board of directors reviewed an item on whether the composition of the board committees is aligned with the objectives of the board and the company's goals. Additional committees either were set up or were found not needed.	Observed	The Corporation's Board annually, at the first meeting after its election, forms Board Committees in accordance with the Corporation's goals and objectives.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
2.8.5.	It is recommended to determine the composition of committees so as to allow for a thorough discussion of the items under preliminary consideration, taking into account various opinions.	<p>Board committees are chaired by independent directors.</p> <p>The company's internal regulations (policies) include provisions that stipulate that persons who are not members of the audit committee, the nomination committee and the remuneration committee may attend committee meetings only if invited by the chairman of the respective committee.</p>	Observed	<p>Each Committee of the Board of Directors consists of at least 4 members of the Board of Directors.</p> <p>The Audit, Finance and Risk Committee, the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee and the Investor Relations and Dividend Policy Committee are chaired by independent directors. Two of the Board Committees are chaired by non-executive directors (the Strategy Committee and the Ethics and Control Committee).</p> <p>The maximum number of committees in which a member of the Corporation's Board of Directors can take part is not determined, however, Board members are usually involved in the work of three committees at the most.</p> <p>Persons who are not members of the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee or the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee may attend meetings of such Committees only upon invitation from their respective Chairmen.</p>
2.8.6.	Committee chairmen should inform the board of directors and its chairman about the work of their committees on a regular basis.	In the reporting period, committee chairmen regularly reported to the board about the work of their committees.	Observed	<p>Chairmen of the Committees inform the Chairman of the Corporation's Board of Directors about the work of their Committees on a regular basis.</p> <p>The Committees present regular reports on their work to the Board of Directors.</p>
2.9.	The board of directors should ensure performance review of the board of directors, its committees and members of the board of directors.			
2.9.1.	Performance review of the board of directors should be aimed at determining the efficiency of the board of directors, its committees and members of the board of directors, adequacy of their performance for the needs of the company's development, intensification of the board's work or identifying areas for improvement.	<p>Self-appraisal or external assessment of the board of directors conducted in the reporting period included assessment of the committees, individual board members and the board as a whole.</p> <p>The results of the self-appraisal or external assessment conducted in the reporting period were reviewed at a board meeting in praesentia.</p>	Observed	<p>Performance review of the Board of Directors is provided for in the Terms of Reference of the Board of Directors of Sistema PJSFC.</p> <p>The Corporation's assessment procedure for the Board of Directors is based on extensive experience and includes appraisal of the Board's performance, including organisation of its work, and the performance of its Committees.</p> <p>The criteria used to assess the performance of the Board of Directors provide for assessment of the professional and personal qualities of members of the Board of Directors, their independence, teamwork and personal contribution, as well as other factors that have an impact on the performance of the Board of Directors.</p> <p>The assessment results are reviewed at the in-person meeting of the Board of Directors preceding the Annual General Meeting of shareholders.</p> <p>On the basis of these results, the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors formulates suggestions for improvement of the performance of the Board of Directors and its Committees.</p>
2.9.2.	Performance review of the board of directors, its committees and members should be conducted on a regular basis at least once a year. It is recommended to engage a third party (consultant) to perform an independent assessment of the board's performance on a regular basis, not less than once every three years.	The company engaged a third party (consultant) to conduct independent assessment of the work of the board of directors at least once in the last three reporting periods.	Observed	Performance review of the Board of Directors and its Committees is performed annually. An external organisation (Nestor Advisors Ltd.) was enlisted for the review in 2017.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
III. Company Secretary				
3.1	The company secretary should provide efficient day-to-day interactions with the shareholders, coordination of the company's activities aimed at protecting the shareholders' rights and interests, facilitation of the work of the board of directors.			
3.1.1.	The company secretary should have the expertise, experience and qualification sufficient for execution of his/her professional duties, an impeccable reputation, and enjoy the confidence of shareholders.	The company adopted and disclosed an internal document, terms of reference of the company secretary. The company's website and annual report include the company secretary's biography in as much detail as is given for the biographies of the board members and executive management of the company.	Observed	The Corporation's Board of Directors approved the Terms of Reference of the Company Secretary of the Corporation (Minutes No.1-19 dd 03 July 2019). The Policy specifies the requirements to the person who may hold the position of the Company Secretary, in line with the guidelines of the Corporate Governance Code. Information about the Company Secretary is disclosed in the Annual Report.
3.1.2.	The company secretary should have sufficient independence from the company's executive bodies and the authority and resources required to fulfil his/her professional duties.	The board of directors approves appointment, dismissal and additional remuneration of the company secretary.	Observed	The Company Secretary reports directly to the Board of Directors, and is appointed or dismissed by the Board of Directors. The Corporation's Board of Directors approved the Terms of Reference of the Company Secretary of the Corporation setting the requirements to the candidacies to the position of Company Secretary, the appointment and dismissal procedures, reporting lines, procedure for the Company Secretary's interactions with the governance bodies and the subdivisions, his/her functions, rights and obligations, the terms and procedure of remuneration and the liability of the Company Secretary.
IV. Remuneration of the Board of Directors' members, executive bodies and key management of the Company				
4.1.	The level of remuneration paid by the company should be sufficient for engaging, motivating and retaining employees possessing the competencies and qualifications required by the company. The remuneration of the board members, executive bodies and key management shall be paid in accordance with the remuneration policy adopted by the company.			
4.1.1.	It is recommended that the level of remuneration paid by the company to the board members, executive bodies and other key management, should provide sufficient motivation for their efficient work enabling the company to engage and retain competent and highly qualified specialists. At the same time, the company should avoid paying excessive remuneration or having an unjustifiably big gap between the remuneration levels of the persons specified above and other employees.	The company adopted an internal document(s), a policy (policies) on remuneration of members of the board, executive bodies and other key senior executives, which clearly defines approaches to their remuneration.	Observed	The approaches to remuneration of the Board members are defined in the Policy on Remuneration and Compensations for Members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation (approved by Sistema's General Meeting of shareholders on 27 June 2019, Minutes No.1-19 dd 03 July 2019). The document is available on the Corporation's website. Remuneration of key executives is regulated by the Corporation's internal documents that stipulate principles and approaches to remuneration of all the employees. The level of remuneration paid to the Board members, executive bodies and other key management of the Corporation corresponds to the remuneration levels at peer companies.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
4.1.2.	The company's remuneration policy should be developed	In the reporting period, the remuneration committee reviewed the remuneration policy (policies) and the practice of its (their) implementation and, if necessary, provided recommendations for the board of directors.	Observed	The Corporation's remuneration policy is developed by the Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board of Directors and approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors has approved the internal regulations on remuneration and long-term incentives of the members of executive bodies and other key management. The Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee annually reviews the results of implementation of the Corporation's remuneration policy and, if necessary, makes recommendations for the Board of Directors.
4.1.3.	The company's remuneration policy should contain transparent mechanisms for determining the amount of remuneration payable to the board members, executive bodies and other key management of the company, as well as regulate all types of payments, benefits and compensation granted to the specified persons.	The company's remuneration policy envisages transparent mechanisms for determining the amount of remuneration payable to the board members, executive bodies and other key management of the company, as well as regulates all types of payments, benefits and compensation granted to the specified persons.	Observed	The Corporation's internal regulations provide detailed guidelines on the procedure for determining the amount of remuneration and for making the respective payments of all remuneration components, as well as any other compensation. Decisions on the amount of remuneration payable to specific employees are taken without the participation of the respective employee and are not discussed with him or her.
4.1.4.	It is recommended that the company should develop a policy for expenses compensation, specifying the list of costs to be reimbursed and the level of services to which the board members, executive bodies and other key management of the company may be entitled. Such policy may be an integral part of the company's remuneration policy.	The remuneration policy (policies) or other internal documents of the company stipulate the rules for compensating the board members, executive bodies and other key management of the company for their expenses.	Observed	According to the Corporation's internal regulations compensation is due only for the expenses incurred by the members of corporate governance bodies and other employees of the Corporation that are directly related to activities performed in the interests of the Corporation. There are strict regulations on the level of services to which the Board members, the President, the Management Board members and other key executives are entitled. The travel expenses of such persons related to the need to attend the Corporation's meetings and make any other business trips as part of performing their job duties are reimbursed.
4.2.	The remuneration system of board members should ensure that the financial interests of the directors are closely correlated with the long-term financial interests of the shareholders.			
4.2.1.	Fixed annual remuneration is a preferable form of cash remuneration payable to board members. It is inadvisable to pay remuneration for participation in isolated meetings of the board or its committees. It is not recommended applying any forms of short-term incentives and additional financial motivation to board members.	Fixed annual remuneration was the only form of monetary remuneration of board members for serving on the board of directors in the reporting period.	Observed	In accordance with the Policy on remuneration and compensations payable to members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation, the main form of remuneration of the Board members is fixed remuneration. The Company also pays additional remuneration to the Board members for achievement of the Corporation's investment goals. The amount of such additional remuneration is also fixed.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
4.2.2.	Long-term ownership of the company's shares is the best tool facilitating the proximity of the financial interests of board members and the long-term interests of shareholders. At the same time, it is not recommended that the right to sell shares be linked to the achievement of specific operating targets of the company, nor is the participation of board members in stock option schemes recommended.	If the company's internal document(s) – remuneration policy (policies) – envisage payment of the company's shares to board members, the company shall adopt and disclose clear rules for board members' ownership of its shares, aimed at encouraging long-term ownership of such shares.	Partially observed	A portion of the remuneration of the Board members (additional remuneration) is paid in shares. Board members' long-term ownership of the shares is encouraged, and, in accordance with the existing practice, members of the Board of Directors retain their shares at least until their membership is terminated. The Corporation immediately discloses information on any transactions made by any Board members and involving Sistema's shares or any derivatives where Sistema shares are used as underlying assets, which also stimulates long-term ownership and contains the use of hedging. The Board members have no obligation to refrain from using hedging mechanisms.
4.2.3.	It is inadvisable to allow paying any additional remuneration or compensation to board members in the event of early termination of their contract due to a change of the controlling shareholder or other circumstances.	The company does not envisage payment of any additional remuneration or compensation to board members in the event of early termination of their contract due to a change of the controlling shareholder or other circumstances.	Observed	There are no provisions on the Board members' entitlement to any additional remuneration or compensation (severance payments) in the event of early termination of their contract due to a change of the controlling shareholder or other circumstances.
4.3.	The remuneration system of the executive bodies and key management of the company should ensure correlation of their remuneration and the results of the company, as well as their personal contribution to the achievement of this result.			
4.3.1.	Remuneration of the executive bodies and other key management of the company should be determined in such a way as to ensure a reasonable and justifiable ratio of the fixed and variable parts of the remuneration linked to the results of the company and personal (individual) contribution of the employee in the final result.	In the reporting period, the annual performance indicators approved by the board of directors were used for determining the amount of the variable part of remuneration of members of executive bodies and other key managers of the company. During the latest conducted assessment of the remuneration system of members of executive bodies and other key managers of the company, the board of directors (the remuneration committee) was satisfied that the company uses an efficacious ratio of the fixed and variable parts of remuneration. The company has a procedure in place that ensures that bonuses wrongly received by members of executive bodies and other key managers of the company are repaid to the company.	Observed	The Corporation has a short-term and long-term incentive system for the members of the executive bodies and other key managers, approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors approves key performance indicators as an element of the incentive system. The Nomination, Remuneration and Corporate Governance Committee is involved in the development of key indicators used as the basis for the short-term and long-term incentive systems and analyses the ratio of the fixed and variable parts of remuneration. According to the provisions of the short-term incentive system the results of the employees are assessed at the end of the year. The assessment of the Corporation's year-end performance as part of the short-term and long-term incentive systems takes into account the risks carried by the Corporation. In the event of discovering any instances of manipulation with accounting figures or any other types of wrongdoing committed by employees that jeopardise the interests of the shareholders, the respective employees shall be penalised and shall have to compensate the Corporation for its losses in compliance with the current laws.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
4.3.2.	It is recommended that the companies whose shares are traded on a stock exchange should implement a long-term incentive scheme for the executive bodies of the company and other key managers based on the shares of the company (stock options or other derivative financial instruments whose underlying asset is the company's shares).	The company adopted a long-term incentive programme for members of executive bodies and other key managers of the company using the company's shares (financial tools based on the company's shares). The long-term incentive programme for members of executive bodies and other key managers of the company stipulates that the right to sell the shares or other financial tools provided under such programme shall not arise until at least three years from the award. This right shall be triggered by the company's achievement of certain performance targets.	Observed	The Corporation has a long-term incentive scheme for the top management and other key employees based on the shares of the Corporation. Under the long-term incentive scheme the shares are awarded during a five-year period with annual deferral, depending on the results achieved over the previous years. There are no further restrictions on the sale of shares. In view of the fact that under the long-term incentive scheme shares are granted with a deferral, the scheme does not provide for any additional restrictions on the sale of shares in the event of early termination of powers and (or) termination of the employment contract.
4.3.3.	Severance payments (golden parachutes) paid by the company in the event of early termination of the powers of executive bodies or key managers should not exceed the double amount of their fixed annual remuneration, provided that such early termination was prompted by the company and that the respective employee was not guilty of any wrongdoing.	Severance payments (golden parachutes) paid by the company in the event of early termination of the powers of executive bodies or key managers did not exceed the double amount of their fixed annual remuneration in the reporting period, provided that such early termination was prompted by the company and that the respective employee was not guilty of any wrongdoing.	Observed	The amount of severance payment made by the Corporation in the event of an early dismissal of members of executive bodies or other key managers prompted by the Corporation does not exceed the mandatory amount set by the law, which is less than the double amount of fixed annual remuneration.
V. Risk management and internal control system				
5.1. The company should have an effective risk management and control system aimed at providing reasonable assurance in the achievement of the goals set for the company.				
5.1.1.	The company's board of directors should determine the principles of and approaches to organising the risk management and internal control systems at the company.	The powers of different governance bodies and divisions of the company in risk management and internal control are clearly determined by internal regulations/a respective policy of the company approved by the board of directors.	Observed	The Board of Directors approved the Internal Audit Policy and the Internal Control Policy of the Corporation. The Corporation also adopted the Risk Management Code. All the regulations were developed in accordance with the COSO integrated concept on internal control. The risk management and internal control systems function at operational and organisational levels. The roles and objectives of various governance bodies of the Corporation in this process are set out in the above-mentioned documents.
5.1.2.	The company's executive bodies should ensure the establishment and maintenance of effective risk management and internal control systems at the company.	The company's executive bodies ensured distribution of functions and powers with regard to risk management and internal control between heads of divisions and departments that report to them.	Observed	A dedicated risk management subdivision was set up within the Finance and Investment Function. Heads of the Corporation's subdivisions, in line with their functional duties, are responsible for developing, documenting, implementing, monitoring and upgrading the risk management and internal control systems in their respective functional areas.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
5.1.3.	The risk management and internal control systems of the company should ensure objective, fair and clear understanding of the current status and prospects of the company, the integrity and transparency of the company's financial reporting, the reasonableness and acceptability of the risks assumed by the company.	The company has adopted an anti-corruption policy. The company provides for a way to inform the board of directors or the board's audit committee about breaches of laws, internal procedures or the company's code of ethics.	Observed	The internal control and risk management system enables the Corporation to timely respond to the newly emerged risks. The Board of Directors approved the Anticorruption Policy of the Corporation. The Corporation has a single whistleblower hotline enabling any employee of the Corporation to report any offences committed by the Corporation and/or its officers. The purpose of the hotline is to counteract potential instances of abuse during implementation of various projects and business activities, including the procurement of products, works and services, and to prevent potential corrupt practices or fraud. The whistleblowers are protected from any types of pressure (including dismissal, persecution and any forms of discrimination). The key approaches to the operation of the Hotline are outlined in the Sistema's Hotline Whistleblowing Programme published on the Corporation's website.
5.1.4.	It is recommended that the board of directors should take all necessary and sufficient measures to make sure that the existing risk management and internal control system of the company meets the respective principles and approaches approved by the board of directors and is functioning efficiently.	In the reporting period, the board of directors or the board's audit committee assessed the efficiency of the company's risk management and internal control system. Information about the key results of such assessment are included in the company's annual report.	Observed	The Board of Directors reviews the matters of organisation, functioning and efficiency of the risk management and internal control system and, if necessary, gives recommendations for its improvement on a regular basis (at least once a year). Information on the results of the review held by the Board of Directors on the efficiency of the risk management and internal control system is provided to the shareholders as part of the Annual Report.
5.2.	To ensure a regular and independent assessment of the reliability and efficiency of its risk management and internal control systems and corporate governance practices the company should organise internal audits.			
5.2.1.	It is recommended that internal audits should be organised by means of establishing a dedicated subdivision (internal audit unit) or engaging an independent external auditor. In order to ensure the independence of the internal audit unit its functional and administrative reporting lines should be divided. It is advisable that the internal audit unit should functionally report to the board of directors and administratively – directly to the company's sole executive body.	For the purposes of internal audits, the company established a separate internal audit unit that functionally reports to the board of directors or the audit committee or engaged an independent external company with similar reporting principles.	Observed	The Corporation has set up the Internal Control and Audit Department operating on the basis of the Terms of References of the Internal Control and Audit Department. The Department functionally reports to the Board of Directors and administratively – to the Corporation's President. Head of the Department is appointed and dismissed by the President based on the resolution of the Board of Directors.
5.2.2.	It is recommended that the internal audit function should perform an assessment of the efficiency of the internal control and risk management systems, corporate governance, and conform to the generally accepted standards in internal audit.	In the reporting period, an internal audit was conducted that gave assessment to the efficiency of the internal control and risk management system. The company uses generally accepted approaches to internal control and risk management.	Observed	The Corporation's internal audit procedures comply with the International Internal Audit Standards of the Institute of Internal Auditors. The Corporation's internal audits include assessment of the efficiency of the internal control and risk management system and assessment of the corporate governance.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
VI. Disclosing information about the company, information policy of the company				
6.1. The company and its operations should be transparent for the shareholders, investors and other interested parties.				
6.1.1.	The company should develop and implement an information policy ensuring efficient interaction between the company, shareholders, investors and other interested parties.	1. The company's board approved an information policy that was developed taking into account the Code's recommendations. 2. The board (or a board committee) reviewed the company's compliance with its information policy at least once in the reporting period.	Observed	The Corporation has developed and implemented the Information Policy approved by the Board of Directors. The executive bodies of the Corporation and its Company Secretary are responsible for the implementation of the Information Policy. The Board of Directors oversees compliance with the Information Policy. Members of the executive bodies hold meetings with analysts on a regular basis to accompany the disclosure (publication) of the Corporation's financial statements or to comment on the key investment projects and development plans of the Corporation.
6.1.2.	The company should disclose information on the corporate governance system and practices, including detailed information on compliance with the principles and recommendations of this Code.	1. The company discloses information about its corporate governance system and general principles of corporate governance used by the company, including on its website. 2. The company discloses information about the members of its executive bodies and the board of directors, the independence of board members and their membership in board committees (as defined in the Code). 3. If there is an entity controlling the company, the company publishes a memorandum of the controlling entity disclosing its plans with regard to corporate governance at the company.	Observed	The Corporation publishes information about its governance bodies and their composition, including the biographies of the members of governance bodies, on its website (www.sistema.ru/www.sistema.com). The Corporation has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (hereinafter, "the Code") setting out the key principles of corporate governance and the obligations assumed by the Board of Directors including representatives of the principal shareholder with respect to the Corporation. The Code has been published on the Corporation's website. The Corporation's controlling shareholder is the Board Chairman and his plans with regard to corporate governance at the Corporation are reflected in publicly disclosed documents approved by the Board of Directors and the General Meeting of shareholders of the Corporation.
6.2. The company should timely disclose complete, relevant and reliable information about the company in order to enable its shareholders and investors to take informed decisions.				
6.2.1.	The company should disclose information regularly, consistently and promptly and ensure the accessibility, reliability, completeness and comparability of the disclosed data.	The company's information policy determines approaches and criteria for identifying information that may have a material influence on the valuation of the company and the price of its securities and procedures providing for timely disclosure of such information. If the company's securities are traded on foreign organised markets, disclosure of material information in Russia and on such markets is made simultaneously and equally during the reporting year. If foreign shareholders hold a significant amount of the company's shares, disclosure of information in the reporting year was made both in Russian and in one of the most widely spoken foreign languages.	Observed	The Corporation's information policy makes it possible to coordinate the work of all units and subdivisions of the Corporation dealing with information disclosures. The Corporation discloses information in the shortest possible time. The Corporation's material information is disclosed for Russian and foreign investors simultaneously and in equal volumes in the Russian and English languages. The Corporation promptly responds to any rumours and/or unreliable information about its activities. The Corporation uses its website (www.sistema.ru/www.sistema.com) and the Interfax news feed for disclosing information. The Corporation is aiming to make sure that the disclosed information is unambiguous, objective and neutral and does not avoid disclosing negative information.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
6.2.2.	It is recommended that the company should avoid adopting a purely technical approach when disclosing information and should disclose all material information about its activities even if the disclosure of such information is not required by the law.	In the reporting period, the company disclosed its annual and semi-annual financial reports prepared in accordance with the IFRS. The company's annual report for the reporting period includes its annual financial statement prepared in accordance with the IFRS, together with the auditors' opinion. The company discloses full information about the structure of the company's capital in accordance with recommendation 290 of the Code in its annual report and on its website.	Observed	The Corporation discloses all material information not only about itself but also about its controlled legal entities. The Corporation discloses the following additional information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> strategy and objectives of the Corporation, financial operations and financial status of the Corporation, capital structure of the Corporation, social responsibility of the Corporation.
6.2.3.	The annual report, being one of the most important tools of informational interaction with shareholders and other interested parties, should contain information making it possible to assess the company's annual results.	The company's annual report includes information about the key aspects of the company's operations and its financial performance. The company's annual report includes information about the environmental and social aspects of the company's operations.	Observed	The Corporation discloses all material information in the Annual Report in accordance with the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Code. The Annual Report includes all material data from the annual statutory and financial reports, as well as information about the Corporation's CSR efforts.
6.3.	The company should ensure that all shareholders have equal and unhindered access to information and documents upon their request.			
6.3.1.	The shareholders should be able to exercise their right to access documents and information without any unjustifiable difficulties.	The company's information policy stipulates an easy procedure for providing shareholders with access to information, including information of the company's controlled legal entities, upon shareholders' request.	Observed	When giving shareholders access to its documents and information, the Corporation is guided by applicable legislation and seeks to avoid creating unnecessary difficulties. The Corporation's information policy sets out the procedure for granting such access. The Corporation does not overstate the costs related to making and sending the copies of such documents. The matters of providing information about controlled legal entities are not regulated by the Information Policy, since the companies controlled by the Corporation conduct independent operations and Sistema PJSFC does not take any operational decisions with respect to such companies.
6.3.2.	It is recommended that when providing information to the shareholders the company should ensure a reasonable balance of interests of specific shareholders and the company itself, which is interested in maintaining confidentiality of crucial commercial information that may have a significant impact on its competitiveness.	In the reporting period, the company did not refuse to accommodate shareholders' requests for information or such refusals were justified. In instances stipulated by the company's information policy, shareholders are notified about the confidential nature of information and assume the obligation to maintain its confidentiality.	Observed	A shareholder may be granted access to confidential information about the Corporation only provided that the shareholder is aware of the confidential nature of such information and assumes the obligation to maintain its confidentiality in accordance with applicable laws.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
VII. Material corporate actions				
7.1. Actions that have or may have a significant impact on the structure of the shareholders' equity or the financial position of the company and accordingly the position of its shareholders (material corporate actions) should be taken on fair terms providing for the protection of the rights and interests of the shareholders and other interested parties.				
7.1.1.	Material corporate actions include the company's reorganisation, acquisition of 30 or more % of the company's voting shares (takeover), material transactions, increase or decrease of the company's authorised capital, listing of delisting of the company's shares, and other actions that may result in a significant change of shareholder rights or have a detrimental effect on their interests. It is recommended that the company's charter should determine the list (criteria) of transactions or other actions constituting material corporate actions and vest the board of directors of the company with the exclusive powers to take decisions on such matters.	The company's charter sets out a list of transactions and other actions that constitute material corporate actions and criteria for identifying them. Decisions with regard to material corporate actions are within the remit of the board of directors. If law expressly stipulates that such corporate actions shall be within the remit of the general meeting of shareholders, the board of directors gives shareholders appropriate recommendations. The company's charter stipulates that at least the following actions constitute material corporate actions: the company's reorganisation, acquisition of 30 or more % of the company's voting shares (takeover), material transactions, increase or decrease of the company's authorised capital, listing of delisting of the company's shares.	Observed	In accordance with the legislation, decisions on listing and delisting of shares, as well as decisions on reorganisation and approval of major transactions in accordance with applicable laws are within the remit of the General Meeting of shareholders. In accordance with the Charter of Sistema PJSFC, decision-making on all other actions specified in the Corporate Governance Code falls within the remit of the Board of Directors.
7.1.2.	The board of directors should play a key role in taking decisions or developing recommendations on material corporate actions on the basis of the opinions of independent directors of the company.	The company has a procedure in place that allows independent directors to state their position on material corporate actions before their approval.	Observed	Prior to being considered by the Board of Directors, related party transactions are provisionally reviewed by the Audit, Finance and Risk Committee (hereinafter, "the Committee"), which consists mostly of independent directors. The Committee's opinion is discussed when the transactions are reviewed at a Board meeting. Decisions on approval of related-party transactions are taken by Board members who are not related parties.
7.1.3.	It is recommended that in the course of taking material corporate actions influencing the rights and lawful interests of the shareholders, equal terms should be provided to all the company shareholders, and when the mechanisms provided by the law are insufficient, additional measures should be taken to protect the rights and lawful interests of the company's shareholders. At the same time, the company should be guided not only by formal requirements of the law, but also by the principles of corporate governance set out in the Code.	The company's charter, taking into account the specifics of its business, sets lower minimum criteria for recognising transactions as material corporate actions than those envisaged by applicable laws. In the reporting period, all material corporate actions passed the approval procedure before they were carried out.	Observed	The Board of Directors reviews all material matters of the Corporation in accordance with procedures envisaged by the Corporation's internal documents. The thresholds for submission of certain transactions for review of the Board of Directors set in the Corporation's Charter are lower than those stipulated by the law. In 2019, all actions that are recognised as material corporate actions in accordance with the Corporate Governance Code were approved by the Board of Directors before they were carried out.

No.	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLE	CRITERIA FOR ASSESSMENT	COMPLIANCE	NOTES
7.2.	The company should establish such procedures for taking material corporate actions that would enable the shareholders to timely receive information on such actions, and provide them with the opportunity to influence such actions and guarantee an adequate level of protection of the shareholders' rights.			
7.2.1.	Disclosures of information on material corporate actions should contain explanations of the reasons, terms and consequences of such actions.	In the reporting period, the company timely and thoroughly disclosed information about its material corporate actions, including the reasons for and the timeframe of such actions.	Observed	Being a public company, the Corporation discloses the maximum possible amount of information on any corporate actions, including those that may influence the dividend and/or any other rights of the shareholders.
7.2.2.	It is recommended that the rules and procedures related to the company's taking material corporate actions should be set out in the internal regulations of the company.	<p>The company's internal documents stipulate a procedure for engaging an independent appraiser for determining the value of assets to be disposed or acquired in a major transaction or in a related party transaction.</p> <p>The company's internal documents stipulate a procedure for engaging an independent appraiser for determining the price of acquiring and buying back the company's shares.</p> <p>The company's internal documents set out an extensive list of reasons for recognising board members and other persons as stipulated by law as related parties in the company's transactions.</p>	Observed	<p>To the extent that the rules and procedures related to the Corporation's taking material corporate actions are not provided for by applicable laws, such rules and procedures are set forth in the internal regulations of the Corporation.</p> <p>When reviewing material transactions at Board meetings, an independent appraiser or an investment consultant is engaged to determine the price of such transactions.</p> <p>Only Board members that do not have any conflict of interest and are not related parties vote on approval of related party transactions.</p>

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