UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 Commission file number 1-12616

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Maryland	38-2730780
(State of Incorporation)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
27777 Franklin Rd.	
Suite 200	
Southfield, Michigan	48034
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)	(Zip Code)
(248)	208-2500
(Registrant's telephone n	number, including area code)
Common Stock, Par Value \$0.01 per Share	New York Stock Exchange
Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act	Name of each exchange on which registered
7.125% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, Par Value \$0.01 per Share	New York Stock Exchange
Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act	Name of each exchange on which registered
Securities Registered Pursuant	to Section 12(g) of the Act: None
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in R	ule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes [X] No []
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section	n 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes [] No [X]
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 , and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No
	on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to
Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regu knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in P	alation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. []
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated f	îler, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. (Check one):
Large accelerated filer [X] Accelerated filer [] Nor	n-accelerated filer [] Smaller reporting company []
Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b	o-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes[] No [X]

As of June 30, 2013, the aggregate market value of the Registrant's stock held by non-affiliates was approximately \$1,699,804,983.68 (computed by reference to the closing sales price of the Registrant's common stock as of June 30, 2013). For this computation, the Registrant has excluded the market value of all shares of common stock reported as beneficially owned by executive officers and directors of the Registrant; such exclusion shall not be deemed to constitute an admission that any such person is an affiliate of the Registrant.

Number of shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, outstanding as of February 14, 2014: 36,168,663

Table of Contents

Item	Description	Page
Part I.		
Item 1.	Business	<u>4</u>
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	<u>9</u>
Item 1B.	Unresolved Staff Comments	4 9 21 22 29 29
Item 2.	Properties	<u>22</u>
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings	<u>29</u>
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>29</u>
Part II.		
Item 5.	Market for the Registrants Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	<u>29</u>
Item 6.	Selected Financial Data	
Item 7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	33 34 55 56 56 57 58
Item 7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	<u>5 5</u>
Item 8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	<u>56</u>
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	<u>56</u>
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures	<u>57</u>
Item 9B.	Other Information	<u>58</u>
Part III.		
Item 10.	Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	<u>59</u>
Item 11.	Executive Compensation	<u>66</u>
Item 12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	<u>79</u>
Item 13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	<u>81</u>
Item 14.	Principal Accountant Fees and Services	<u>83</u>
Part IV.		
Item 15.	Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules	<u>84</u>
	3	

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

GENERAL

Sun Communities, Inc., a Maryland corporation, together with the Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership (the "Operating Partnership") and other consolidated subsidiaries are referred to herein as the "Company", "us", "we", and "our". We are a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT").

We are a fully integrated real estate company which, together with our affiliates and predecessors, has been in the business of acquiring, operating, developing and expanding manufactured housing ("MH") and recreational vehicle ("RV") communities since 1975. We lease individual parcels of land ("sites") with utility access for placement of manufactured homes and RVs to our customers. We are also engaged through a taxable subsidiary, Sun Home Services, Inc., a Michigan corporation ("SHS"), in the marketing, selling, and leasing of new and pre-owned homes to current and future residents in our communities. The operations of SHS support and enhance our occupancy levels, property performance, and cash flows.

We own, operate, and develop MH and RV communities concentrated in the midwestern, southern, and southeastern United States. As of December 31, 2013, we owned and operated a portfolio of 188 properties located in 26 states (the "Properties", or "Property"), including 150 MH communities, 27 RV communities, and 11 Properties containing both MH and RV sites. As of December 31, 2013, the Properties contained an aggregate of 69,789 developed sites comprised of 54,168 developed manufactured home sites, 7,633 annual RV sites (inclusive of both annual and seasonal usage rights), 7,988 transient RV sites, and approximately 6,300 additional manufactured home sites suitable for development.

Our executive and principal property management office is located at 27777 Franklin Road, Suite 200, Southfield, Michigan 48034 and our telephone number is (248) 208-2500. We have regional property management offices located in Austin, Texas; San Antonio, Texas; Dayton, Ohio; Grand Rapids, Michigan; Elkhart, Indiana; Indianapolis, Indiana; Traverse City, Michigan; Charlotte, North Carolina; Denver, Colorado; Ft. Myers, Florida and Orlando, Florida; and we employed an aggregate of 1,236 full and part time employees as of December 31, 2013.

Our website address is www.suncommunities.com and we make available, free of charge, on or through our website all of our periodic reports, including our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K, as soon as reasonably practicable after we file such reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY

The Operating Partnership is structured as an umbrella partnership REIT, or UPREIT. In 1993, we contributed our net assets to the Operating Partnership in exchange for the sole general partner interest in the Operating Partnership and the majority of all the Operating Partnership's initial capital. We substantially conduct our operations through the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership owns, either directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, all of our assets. This UPREIT structure enables us to comply with certain complex requirements under the federal tax rules and regulations applicable to REITs, and to acquire MH and RV communities in transactions that defer some or all of the sellers' tax consequences. The financial results of the Operating Partnership and our other subsidiaries are consolidated in our consolidated financial statements. The financial results include certain activities that do not necessarily qualify as REIT activities under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). We have formed taxable REIT subsidiaries, as defined in the Code, to engage in such activities. We use taxable REIT subsidiaries to offer certain services to our residents and engage in activities that would not otherwise be permitted under the REIT rules if provided directly by us or by the Operating Partnership. The taxable REIT subsidiaries include our home sales business, SHS, which provides manufactured home sales, leasing and other services to current and prospective tenants of the Properties.

We do not own all of the Operating Partnership units ("OP units"). As of December 31, 2013, the Operating Partnership had issued and outstanding 38,209,616 common OP units, 3,400,000 7.125% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred OP Units (the "7.125% Series A OP Units"), 1,325,275 preferred OP units ("Aspen preferred OP units"), 455,476 Series A-1 preferred OP units, 112,400 Series B-3 preferred OP units and 40,267.50 Series A-3 preferred OP units. As of December 31, 2013, we held 36,140,294 common OP units, or approximately 94.6% of the issued and outstanding common OP units, all of the 7.125% Series A OP Units and no Aspen preferred OP units, Series A-1 preferred OP units, Series B-3 preferred OP units or Series A-3 preferred OP units.

Subject to certain limitations, the holder of each common OP unit at its option may convert such common OP unit at any time into one share of our common stock. The holders of common OP units receive distributions on the same dates and in amounts equal

to the distributions paid to holders of our common stock.

Subject to certain limitations, at any time prior to January 1, 2024, the holder of each Aspen preferred OP unit at its option may convert such Aspen preferred OP unit into: (a) if the market price of our common stock is \$68.00 per share or less, 0.397 common OP units, or (b) if the market price of our common stock is greater than \$68.00 per share, that number of common OP units determined by dividing (i) the sum of (A) \$27.00 plus (B) 25% of the amount by which the market price of our common stock exceeds \$68.00 per share, by (ii) the per-share market price of our common stock. The holders of Aspen preferred OP units generally receive distributions on the same dates as distributions are paid to holders of common OP units. Each Aspen preferred OP unit is entitled to receive distributions in an amount equal to the product of (x) \$27.00, multiplied by (y) an annual rate equal to the 10-year United States Treasury bond yield plus 239 basis points; provided, however, that the aggregate distribution rate shall not be less than 6.5% nor more than 9%. On January 2, 2024, we are required to redeem all Aspen preferred OP units that have not been converted to common OP Units. In addition, we are required to redeem the Aspen preferred OP units of any holder thereof within five days after receipt of a written demand during the existence of certain uncured Aspen preferred OP unit defaults, including our failure to pay distributions on the Aspen preferred OP units when due and our failure to provide certain security for the payment of distributions on the Aspen preferred OP units. We may also redeem Aspen preferred OP units from time to time if we and the holder thereof agree to do so.

Subject to certain limitations, the holder of each Series A-1 preferred OP unit at its option may exchange such Series A-1 preferred OP unit at any time on or after December 31, 2013, into 2.439 shares of our common stock (which exchange rate is subject to adjustment upon stock splits, recapitalizations and similar events). The holders of Series A-1 preferred OP units generally receive distributions on the same dates as distributions are paid to holders of common OP units. Each Series A-1 preferred OP unit is entitled to receive distributions in an amount equal to the product of \$100.00 multiplied by an annual rate equal to 5.1% until June 23, 2013, and an annual rate equal to 6.0% thereafter.

Series B-3 preferred OP units are not convertible. The holders of Series B-3 preferred OP units generally receive distributions on the same dates as distributions are paid to holders of common OP units. Each Series B-3 preferred OP unit is entitled to receive distributions in an amount equal to the product of \$100.00 multiplied by an annual rate equal to 8.0%. As of December 31, 2013, there were 36,700 outstanding Series B-3 preferred OP units which were issued on December 1, 2002, 33,450 outstanding Series B-3 preferred OP units which were issued on January 1, 2003, and 42,250 outstanding Series B-3 preferred OP units which were issued on January 5, 2004. Subject to certain limitations, (x) during the 90-day period beginning on each of the tenth through fifteenth anniversaries of the issue date of the applicable Series B-3 preferred OP Units, (y) at any time after the fifteenth anniversary of the issue date of the applicable Series B-3 preferred OP Units may require us to redeem such holder's Series B-3 preferred OP units at the redemption price of \$100.00 per unit. In addition, at any time after the fifteenth anniversary of the issue date of the applicable Series B-3 preferred OP units we may redeem, at our option, all of the Series B-3 preferred OP units of any holder thereof at the redemption price of \$100.00 per unit.

In connection with the issuance of the 7.125% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock"), the Operating Partnership created the 7.125% Series A OP Units as a new class of OP units. All of the outstanding 7.125% Series A OP Units are held by us and they have rights, preferences and other terms substantially similar to the Series A Preferred Stock, including rights to receive distributions at the same time and in the same amounts as distributions paid on Series A Preferred Stock. The Operating Partnership issued the 7.125% Series A OP Units to us in consideration of our contributing to the Operating Partnership the net proceeds of our November 2012 offering of shares of Series A Preferred Stock. The 7.125% Series A OP Units rank senior in all respects to the Aspen preferred OP units, the Series A-1 preferred OP units, the Series B-3 preferred OP units and the common OP units. So long as any Aspen preferred OP units remain issued and outstanding, the Operating Partnership may not issue any OP units that are not junior to the Aspen preferred OP units without the written consent of holders of a majority of the Aspen preferred OP units. Holders of a majority of the Aspen preferred OP units have consented to the issuance of up to \$150.0 million in OP units have previously consented to the issuance of up to approximately an additional \$54.5 million of OP Units that are pari passu with the Aspen preferred OP units.

Subject to certain limitations, including certain contractual restrictions contained in the related acquisition agreements, the holder of each Series A-3 preferred OP unit at its option may exchange such Series A-3 preferred OP unit at any time into 1.8605 shares of our common stock (which exchange rate is subject to adjustment upon stock splits, recapitalizations and similar events). The holders of Series A-3 preferred OP units generally receive distributions on the same dates as distributions are paid to holders of common OP Units. Each Series A-3 preferred OP unit is entitled to receive distributions in an amount equal to the product of \$100.00 multiplied by an annual rate equal to 4.5%.

REAL PROPERTY OPERATIONS

Properties are designed and improved for several home options of various sizes and designs and consist of MH communities and RV communities.

An MH community is a residential subdivision designed and improved with sites for the placement of manufactured homes and related improvements and amenities. Manufactured homes are detached, single-family homes which are produced off-site by manufacturers and installed on sites within the community. Manufactured homes are available in a wide array of designs, providing owners with a level of customization generally unavailable in other forms of multi-family housing developments.

Modern manufactured housing communities, such as the Properties, contain improvements similar to other garden -style residential developments, including centralized entrances, paved streets, curbs and gutters, and parkways. In addition, these communities also often provide a number of amenities, such as a clubhouse, a swimming pool, shuffleboard courts, tennis courts, and laundry facilities.

An RV community is a resort or park designed and improved with sites for the placement of RVs for varied lengths of time. Properties may also provide vacation rental homes. RV communities, such as the Properties, include a number of amenities, such as restaurants, golf courses, swimming pools, tennis courts, fitness centers, planned activities and spacious social facilities.

The owner of each home on our Properties leases the site on which the home is located. We own the underlying land, utility connections, streets, lighting, driveways, common area amenities and other capital improvements and are responsible for enforcement of community guidelines and maintenance. Some of the Properties provide water and sewer service through public or private utilities, while others provide these services to residents from on -site facilities. Each owner of a home within our Properties is responsible for the maintenance of the home and leased site. As a result, capital expenditure needs tend to be less significant relative to multi-family rental apartment complexes.

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

Our property management strategy emphasizes intensive, hands -on management by dedicated, on-site district and community managers. We believe that this on-site focus enables us to continually monitor and address resident concerns, the performance of competitive properties and local market conditions. As of December 31, 2013, we employed 1,236 full and part time employees, of which 765 were located on -site as property managers, support staff, or maintenance personnel.

Our community managers are overseen by John B. McLaren, our President and Chief Operating Officer, who has been in the manufactured housing industry since 1995, three Senior Vice Presidents of Operations and Sales, two Division Vice Presidents and 18 Regional Vice Presidents. The Regional Vice Presidents are responsible for semi-annual market surveys of competitive communities, interaction with local manufactured home dealers, regular property inspections and oversight of property operations and sales functions for eight to twelve properties.

Each district or community manager performs regular inspections in order to continually monitor the Property's physical condition and to effectively address tenant concerns. In addition to a district or community manager, each district or property has on-site maintenance personnel and management support staff. We hold mandatory training sessions for all new property management personnel to ensure that management policies and procedures are executed effectively and professionally. All of our property management personnel participate in on-going training to ensure that changes to management policies and procedures are implemented consistently. We offer approximately 300 courses for our team members through our Sun University, which has led to increased knowledge and accountability for daily operations and policies and procedures.

HOME SALES AND RENTALS

SHS is engaged in the marketing, selling and leasing of new and pre-owned homes to current and future residents in our communities. Since tenants often purchase a home already on-site within a community, such services enhance occupancy and property performance. Additionally, because many of the homes on the Properties are sold through SHS, better control of home quality in our communities can be maintained than if sales services were conducted solely through third-party brokers. SHS also leases homes to prospective tenants. At December 31, 2013, SHS had 9,726 occupied leased homes in its portfolio. Homes for this rental program (the "Rental Program") are purchased at discounted rates from finance companies that hold repossessed homes within our communities. New homes are also purchased for the Rental Program. Leases associated with the Rental Program generally have a term of one year. The Rental Program requires intensive management of costs associated with repair and refurbishment of these homes as the tenants vacate and the homes are re-leased, similar to apartment rentals. We received approximately 31,000

applications during 2013 to live in our Properties, providing a significant "resident boarding" system allowing us to market purchasing a home to the best applicants and to rent to the remainder of approved applicants. Through the Rental Program we are able to demonstrate our product and lifestyle to the renters, while monitoring their payment history and converting qualified renters to owners.

REGULATIONS AND INSURANCE

General

MH and RV community properties are subject to various laws, ordinances and regulations, including regulations relating to recreational facilities such as swimming pools, clubhouses and other common areas. We believe that each Property has the necessary operating permits and approvals.

Insurance

Our management believes that the Properties are covered by adequate fire, flood (where appropriate), property and business interruption insurance provided by reputable companies with commercially reasonable deductibles and limits. We maintain a blanket policy that covers all of our Properties. We have obtained title insurance insuring fee title to the Properties in an aggregate amount which we believe to be adequate. Claims made to our insurance carriers that are determined to be recoverable are classified in other receivables as incurred.

SITE LEASES OR USAGE RIGHTS

The typical lease we enter into with a tenant for the rental of a manufactured home site is month -to-month or year-to-year, renewable upon the consent of both parties, or, in some instances, as provided by statute. A small number of our leases, mainly Florida properties, are tied to consumer price index or other indices as it relates to rent increase. Generally, market rate adjustments are made on an annual basis. These leases are cancelable for non-payment of rent, violation of community rules and regulations or other specified defaults. During the five calendar years ended December 31, 2013, on average 2.5% of the homes in our communities have been removed by their owners and 4.8% of the homes have been sold by their owners to a new owner who then assumes rental obligations as a community resident. The cost to move a home is approximately \$4,000 to \$10,000. The average resident remains in our communities for approximately 20 years, while the average home, which gives rise to the rental stream, remains in our communities for approximately 40 years.

At Properties zoned for RV use, our customers have short-term ("transient") usage rights or long-term ("annual") usage rights. The transient RV customers typically prepay for their stay or leave deposits for the following season, whereas the annual RV customers prepay for their stay or leave a deposit to reserve a site. Many of these RV customers do not live full time on the Property.

Please see the risk factors at Item 1A, and financial statements and related notes beginning on page F-1 of this Form 10-K for more detailed information.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains various "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and we intend that such forward-looking statements will be subject to the safe harbors created thereby. For this purpose, any statements contained in this filing that relate to expectations, beliefs, projections, future plans and strategies, trends or prospective events or developments and similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts are deemed to be forward-looking statements. Words such as "forecasts," "intends," "intended," "goal," "estimate," "estimates," "expects," "expect," "expected," "project," "projected," "projections," "plans," "predicts," "potential," "seeks," "anticipates," "anticipated," "should," "could," "may," "will," "designed to," "foreseeable future," "believe," "believes," "scheduled" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward looking statements contain these words. These forward-looking statements reflect our current views with respect to future events and financial performance, but involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, both general and specific to the matters discussed in this filing. These risks and uncertainties may cause our actual results to be materially different from any future results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. In addition to the risks disclosed under "Risk Factors" contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and our other filings with the SEC, such risks and uncertainties include:

· changes in general economic conditions, the real estate industry and the markets in which we operate;

- difficulties in our ability to evaluate, finance, complete and integrate acquisitions, developments and expansions successfully;
- · our liquidity and refinancing demands;
- · our ability to obtain or refinance maturing debt;
- · our ability to maintain compliance with covenants contained in our debt facilities;
- · availability of capital;
- · difficulties in completing acquisitions;
- · our ability to maintain rental rates and occupancy levels;
- · our failure to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures;
- · increases in interest rates and operating costs, including insurance premiums and real property taxes;
- risks related to natural disasters;
- general volatility of the capital markets and the market price of shares of our capital stock;
- our failure to maintain our status as a REIT;
- · changes in real estate and zoning laws and regulations;
- · legislative or regulatory changes, including changes to laws governing the taxation of REITs;
- · litigation, judgments or settlements;
- competitive market forces; and
- the ability of manufactured home buyers to obtain financing and the level of repossessions by manufactured home lenders.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements included or incorporated by reference into this filing, whether as a result of new information, future events, changes in our expectations or otherwise.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. All written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are qualified in their entirety by these cautionary statements.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Our prospects are subject to certain uncertainties and risks. Our future results could differ materially from current results, and our actual results could differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statements as a result of certain risk factors. These risk factors include, but are not limited to, those set forth below, other one-time events, and important factors disclosed previously and from time to time in our other filings with the SEC.

REAL ESTATE RISKS

General economic conditions and the concentration of our properties in Michigan, Florida, Indiana, and Texas may affect our ability to generate sufficient revenue.

The market and economic conditions in our current markets generally, and specifically in metropolitan areas of our current markets, may significantly affect manufactured home occupancy or rental rates. Occupancy and rental rates, in turn, may significantly affect our revenues, and if our communities do not generate revenues sufficient to meet our operating expenses, including debt service and capital expenditures, our cash flow and ability to pay or refinance our debt obligations could be adversely affected. We derive significant amounts of our rental income from properties located in Michigan, Florida, Indiana, and Texas. As of December 31, 2013, 74 of our 188 Properties, representing approximately 36% of developed sites, are located in Michigan; 27 Properties, representing approximately 19% of developed sites, are located in Florida; 18 Properties, representing approximately 9% of developed sites, are located in Indiana; and 18 Properties, representing approximately 9% of developed sites, are located in Texas. As a result of the geographic concentration of our Properties in Michigan, Florida, Indiana, and Texas, we are exposed to the risks of downturns in the local economy or other local real estate market conditions which could adversely affect occupancy rates, rental rates, and property values of properties in these markets.

Our income would also be adversely affected if tenants were unable to pay rent or if sites were unable to be rented on favorable terms. If we were unable to promptly relet or renew the leases for a significant number of the sites, or if the rental rates upon such renewal or reletting were significantly lower than expected rates, then our business and results of operations could be adversely affected. In addition, certain expenditures associated with each Property (such as real estate taxes and maintenance costs) generally are not reduced when circumstances cause a reduction in income from the Property. Furthermore, real estate investments are relatively illiquid and, therefore, will tend to limit our ability to vary our portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions.

The following factors, among others, may adversely affect the revenues generated by our communities:

- · the national and local economic climate which may be adversely impacted by, among other factors, plant closings, and industry slowdowns;
- local real estate market conditions such as the oversupply of MH and RV sites or a reduction in demand for MH and RV sites in an area;
- the number of repossessed homes in a particular market;
- the lack of an established dealer network;
- · the rental market which may limit the extent to which rents may be increased to meet increased expenses without decreasing occupancy rates;
- the perceptions by prospective tenants of the safety, convenience and attractiveness of our Properties and the neighborhoods where they are located;
- · zoning or other regulatory restrictions;
- competition from other available MH and RV communities and alternative forms of housing (such as apartment buildings and site -built single-family homes);
- our ability to provide adequate management, maintenance and insurance;

REAL ESTATE RISKS, CONTINUED

- · increased operating costs, including insurance premiums, real estate taxes, and utilities; and
- the enactment of rent control laws or laws taxing the owners of manufactured homes.

Competition affects occupancy levels and rents which could adversely affect our revenues.

All of our Properties are located in developed areas that include other MH and RV community properties. The number of competitive MH and RV community properties in a particular area could have a material adverse effect on our ability to lease sites and increase rents charged at our Properties or at any newly acquired properties. We may be competing with others with greater resources and whose officers and directors have more experience than our officers and directors. In addition, other forms of multi-family residential properties, such as private and federally funded or assisted multi-family housing projects and single-family housing, provide housing alternatives to potential tenants of MH and RV communities.

Our ability to sell or lease manufactured homes may be affected by various factors, which may in turn adversely affect our profitability.

SHS operates in the manufactured home market offering manufactured home sales and leasing services to tenants and prospective tenants of our communities. The market for the sale and lease of manufactured homes may be adversely affected by the following factors:

- downturns in economic conditions which adversely impact the housing market;
- an oversupply of, or a reduced demand for, manufactured homes;
- the difficulty facing potential purchasers in obtaining affordable financing as a result of heightened lending criteria; and
- an increase or decrease in the rate of manufactured home repossessions which provide aggressively priced competition to new manufactured home sales

Any of the above listed factors could adversely impact our rate of manufactured home sales and leases, which would result in a decrease in profitability.

We may not be able to integrate or finance our acquisitions and our acquisitions may not perform as expected.

We have acquired and intend to continue to acquire MH and RV communities on a select basis. Our acquisition activities and their success are subject to the following risks:

- we may be unable to acquire a desired property because of competition from other well capitalized real estate investors, including both publicly traded real estate investment trusts and institutional investment funds;
- even if we enter into an acquisition agreement for a property, it is usually subject to customary conditions to closing, including completion of due diligence investigations to our satisfaction, which may not be satisfied;
- · even if we are able to acquire a desired property, competition from other real estate investors may significantly increase the purchase price;
- we may be unable to finance acquisitions on favorable terms;
- acquired properties may fail to perform as expected;
- acquired properties may be located in new markets where we face risks associated with a lack of market knowledge or understanding of the local
 economy, lack of business relationships in the area and unfamiliarity with local governmental and permitting procedures; and
- we may be unable to quickly and efficiently integrate new acquisitions, particularly acquisitions of portfolios of properties, into our existing operations.

REAL ESTATE RISKS, CONTINUED

If any of the above occurred, our business and results of operations could be adversely affected.

In addition, we may acquire properties subject to liabilities and without any recourse, or with only limited recourse, with respect to unknown liabilities. As a result, if a liability were to be asserted against us based upon ownership of those properties, we might have to pay substantial sums to settle it, which could adversely affect our cash flow.

Increases in taxes and regulatory compliance costs may reduce our revenue.

Costs resulting from changes in real estate laws, income taxes, service or other taxes, generally are not passed through to tenants under leases and may adversely affect our funds from operations and our ability to pay or refinance our debt. Similarly, changes in laws increasing the potential liability for environmental conditions existing on properties or increasing the restrictions on discharges or other conditions may result in significant unanticipated expenditures, which would adversely affect our business and results of operations.

We may not be able to integrate or finance our expansion and development activities.

From time to time, we engage in the construction and development of new communities or expansion of existing communities, and may continue to engage in the development and construction business in the future. Our development and construction business may be exposed to the following risks which are in addition to those risks associated with the ownership and operation of established MH and RV communities:

- we may not be able to obtain financing with favorable terms for community development which may make us unable to proceed with the
 development;
- we may be unable to obtain, or face delays in obtaining, necessary zoning, building and other governmental permits and authorizations, which could
 result in increased costs and delays, and even require us to abandon development of the community entirely if we are unable to obtain such permits
 or authorizations;
- we may abandon development opportunities that we have already begun to explore and as a result we may not recover expenses already incurred in connection with exploring such development opportunities;
- we may be unable to complete construction and lease -up of a community on schedule resulting in increased debt service expense and construction
 costs:
- we may incur construction and development costs for a community which exceed our original estimates due to increased materials, labor or other
 costs, which could make completion of the community uneconomical and we may not be able to increase rents to compensate for the increase in
 development costs which may impact our profitability;
- · we may be unable to secure long-term financing on completion of development resulting in increased debt service and lower profitability; and
- occupancy rates and rents at a newly developed community may fluctuate depending on several factors, including market and economic conditions, which may result in the community not being profitable.

If any of the above occurred, our business and results of operations could be adversely affected.

Rent control legislation may harm our ability to increase rents.

State and local rent control laws in certain jurisdictions may limit our ability to increase rents and to recover increases in operating expenses and the costs of capital improvements. Enactment of such laws has been considered from time to time in other jurisdictions. Certain Properties are located, and we may purchase additional properties, in markets that are either subject to rent control or in which rent -limiting legislation exists or may be enacted.

REAL ESTATE RISKS, CONTINUED

We may be subject to environmental liability.

Under various federal, state and local laws, ordinances and regulations, an owner or operator of real estate is liable for the costs of removal or remediation of certain hazardous substances at, on, under or in such property. Such laws often impose such liability without regard to whether the owner knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of such hazardous substances. The presence of such substances, or the failure to properly remediate such substances, may adversely affect the owner's ability to sell or rent such property, to borrow using such property as collateral or to develop such property. Persons who arrange for the disposal or treatment of hazardous substances also may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of such substances at a disposal or treatment facility owned or operated by another person. In addition, certain environmental laws impose liability for the management and disposal of asbestos -containing materials and for the release of such materials into the air. These laws may provide for third parties to seek recovery from owners or operators of real properties for personal injury associated with asbestos -containing materials. In connection with the ownership, operation, management, and development of real properties, we may be considered an owner or operator of such properties and, therefore, are potentially liable for removal or remediation costs, and also may be liable for governmental fines and injuries to persons and property. When we arrange for the treatment or disposal of hazardous substances at landfills or other facilities owned by other persons, we may be liable for the removal or remediation costs at such facilities.

All of the Properties have been subject to a Phase I or similar environmental audit (which involves general inspections without soil sampling or ground water analysis) completed by independent environmental consultants. These environmental audits have not revealed any significant environmental liability that would have a material adverse effect on our business. These audits cannot reflect conditions arising after the studies were completed, and no assurances can be given that existing environmental studies reveal all environmental liabilities, that any prior owner or operator of a property or neighboring owner or operator did not create any material environmental condition not known to us, or that a material environmental condition does not otherwise exist as to any one or more Properties.

Losses in excess of our insurance coverage or uninsured losses could adversely affect our cash flow.

We maintain comprehensive liability, fire, flood (where appropriate), extended coverage, and rental loss insurance on the Properties with policy specifications, limits, and deductibles which are customarily carried for similar properties. Certain types of losses, however, may be either uninsurable or not economically insurable, such as losses due to earthquakes, riots, or acts of war. In the event an uninsured loss occurs, we could lose both our investment in and anticipated profits and cash flow from the affected property. Any loss could adversely affect our ability to repay our debt.

FINANCING AND INVESTMENT RISKS

Our significant amount of debt could limit our operational flexibility or otherwise adversely affect our financial condition.

We have a significant amount of debt. As of December 31, 2013, we had approximately \$1.5 billion of total debt outstanding, consisting of approximately \$1.2 billion in debt that is collateralized by mortgage liens on 113 of the Properties, \$110.5 million that is secured by collateralized receivables, \$181.4 million that is collateralized by liens on manufactured homes and \$47.0 million that is unsecured debt. If we fail to meet our obligations under our secured debt, the lenders would be entitled to foreclose on all or some of the collateral securing such debt which could have a material adverse effect on us and our ability to make expected distributions, and could threaten our continued viability.

We are subject to the risks normally associated with debt financing, including the following risks:

- our cash flow may be insufficient to meet required payments of principal and interest, or require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow to pay our debt and the interest associated with our debt rather than to other areas of our business;
- our existing indebtedness may limit our operating flexibility due to financial and other restrictive covenants, including restrictions on incurring additional debt;
- it may be more difficult for us to obtain additional financing in the future for our operations, working capital requirements, capital expenditures, debt service or other general requirements;
- · we may be more vulnerable in the event of adverse economic and industry conditions or a downturn in our business;

FINANCING AND INVESTMENT RISKS, CONTINUED

- · we may be placed at a competitive disadvantage compared to our competitors that have less debt; and
- we may not be able to refinance at all or on favorable terms, as our debt matures.

If any of the above risks occurred, our financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

We may incur substantially more debt, which would increase the risks associated with our substantial leverage.

Despite our current indebtedness levels, we may incur substantially more debt in the future. If new debt is added to our current debt levels, an even greater portion of our cash flow will be needed to satisfy our debt service obligations. As a result, the related risks that we now face could intensify and increase the risk of a default on our indebtedness.

The financial condition and solvency of our borrowers may adversely affect our installment notes.

As of December 31, 2013, we had approximately \$135.3 million of installment notes, net of reserves, to owners of manufactured homes. These installment loans are collateralized by the manufactured homes. We may invest in additional mortgages and installment loans in the future. By virtue of our investment in the mortgages and the loans, we are subject to the following risks of such investment:

- the borrowers may not be able to make debt service payments or pay principal when due;
- · the value of property securing the installment notes receivable may be less than the amounts owed; and
- interest rates payable on the installment notes receivable may be lower than our cost of funds.

If any of the above occurred, our business and results of operations could be adversely affected.

TAX RISKS

We may suffer adverse tax consequences and be unable to attract capital if we fail to qualify as a REIT.

We believe that since our taxable year ended December 31, 1994, we have been organized and operated, and intend to continue to operate, so as to qualify for taxation as a REIT under the Code. Although we believe that we have been and will continue to be organized and have operated and will continue to operate so as to qualify for taxation as a REIT, we cannot be assured that we have been or will continue to be organized or operated in a manner to so qualify or remain so qualified. Qualification as a REIT involves the satisfaction of numerous requirements (some on an annual and quarterly basis) established under highly technical and complex Code provisions for which there are only limited judicial or administrative interpretations, and involves the determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control. In addition, frequent changes occur in the area of REIT taxation, which require us to continually monitor our tax status.

If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we could be subject to federal income tax (including any applicable alternative minimum tax) on our taxable income at regular corporate rates. Moreover, unless entitled to relief under certain statutory provisions,

we also would be disqualified from treatment as a REIT for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification was lost. This treatment would reduce our net earnings available for investment or distribution to stockholders because of the additional tax liability to us for the years involved. In addition, distributions to stockholders would no longer be required to be made. Even if we qualify for and maintain our REIT status, we will be subject to certain federal, state and local taxes on our property and certain of our operations.

We intend for the Operating Partnership to be taxed as a partnership, but we cannot guarantee that it will qualify.

We believe that the Operating Partnership has been organized as a partnership and will qualify for treatment as such under the Code. However, if the Operating Partnership is deemed to be a "publicly traded partnership," it will be treated as a corporation instead of a partnership for federal income tax purposes unless at least 90% of its income is qualifying income as defined in the Code. The income requirements applicable to REITs and the definition of "qualifying income" for purposes of this 90% test are similar in most respects. Qualifying income for the 90% test generally includes passive income, such as specified types of real

TAX RISKS, CONTINUED

property rents, dividends and interest. We believe that the Operating Partnership has and will continue to meet this 90% test, but we cannot guarantee that it has or will. If the Operating Partnership were to be taxed as a regular corporation, it would incur substantial tax liabilities, we would fail to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, and our ability to raise additional capital could be significantly impaired.

Our ability to accumulate cash may be restricted due to certain REIT distribution requirements.

In order to qualify as a REIT, we must distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income (calculated without any deduction for dividends paid and excluding net capital gain) and to avoid federal income taxation, our distributions must not be less than 100% of our REIT taxable income, including capital gains. As a result of the distribution requirements, we do not expect to accumulate significant amounts of cash. Accordingly, these distributions could significantly reduce the cash available to us in subsequent periods to fund our operations and future growth.

Our taxable REIT subsidiaries, or TRSs, are subject to special rules that may result in increased taxes.

As a REIT, we must pay a 100% penalty tax on certain payments that we receive if the economic arrangements between us and any of our TRSs are not comparable to similar arrangements between unrelated parties. The Internal Revenue Service may successfully assert that the economic arrangements of any of our inter-company transactions are not comparable to similar arrangements between unrelated parties.

Dividends payable by REITs do not qualify for the reduced tax rates applicable to certain dividends.

The maximum federal tax rate for certain qualified dividends payable to domestic stockholders that are individuals, trusts and estates is 20%. Dividends payable by REITs, however, are generally not eligible for this reduced rate. Although this legislation does not adversely affect the taxation of REITs or dividends paid by REITs, the more favorable rates applicable to regular qualified corporate dividends could cause investors who are individuals, trusts and estates to perceive investments in REITs to be relatively less competitive than investments in stock of non-REIT corporations that pay dividends, which could adversely affect the comparative value of the stock of REITs, including our common stock and Series A Preferred Stock.

Complying with REIT requirements may cause us to forego otherwise attractive opportunities.

To remain qualified as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we must continually satisfy requirements and tests under the tax law concerning, among other things, the sources of our income, the nature and diversification of our assets, the amounts we distribute to our stockholders and the ownership of our stock. In order to meet these tests, we may be required to forego or limit attractive business or investment opportunities and distribute all of our net earnings rather than invest in attractive opportunities or hold larger liquid reserves. Therefore, compliance with the REIT requirements may hinder our ability to operate solely to maximize profits.

Our ability to use net operating loss carryforwards to reduce future tax payments may be limited if we experience a change in ownership, or if taxable income does not reach sufficient levels.

Under Section 382 of the Code, if a corporation undergoes an "ownership change" (generally defined as a greater than 50% change (by value) in its equity ownership over a rolling three-year period), the corporation's ability to use its pre-ownership-change net operating loss carryforwards to offset its post-ownership-change income may be limited. We may experience ownership changes in the future. If an ownership change were to occur, we would be limited in the portion of net operating loss carryforwards that we could use in the future to offset taxable income for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

BUSINESS RISKS

Some of our directors and officers may have conflicts of interest with respect to certain related party transactions and other business interests.

Ownership of Origen. We own 5,000,000 shares of Origen Financial, Inc. ("Origen") common stock and Shiffman Origen LLC (which is owned by the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse's Marital Trust, Gary A. Shiffman (our Chief Executive Officer), and members

BUSINESS RISKS, CONTINUED

of Mr. Shiffman's family) owns 1,025,000 shares of Origen common stock. Gary A. Shiffman is a member of the Board of Directors of Origen, and one of our directors, Arthur A. Weiss, is a trustee of the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse's Marital Trust. Accordingly, in all transactions involving Origen, Mr. Shiffman and/or Mr. Weiss may have a conflict of interest with respect to their respective obligations as our officer and/or director.

Lease of Executive Offices. Gary A. Shiffman, together with certain of his family members, indirectly owns a 21% equity interest in American Center LLC, the entity from which we lease office space for our principal executive offices. Arthur A. Weiss owns a less than one percent indirect interest in American Center LLC. Under this lease agreement, we lease approximately 48,200 rentable square feet. The term of the lease is until October 31, 2016, with an option to renew for an additional five years. The base rent through October 31, 2014 is \$18.12 per square foot (gross). From November 1, 2014 to August 31, 2015, the base rent will be \$18.24 per square foot (gross) and from September 1, 2015 to October 31, 2016, the base rent will be \$17.92 per square foot (gross). As of May 2013, we also have a temporary lease through April 30, 2014 for approximately 10,500 rentable square feet with base rent equal to \$14.33 per square foot (gross). Mr. Shiffman and Mr. Weiss may have a conflict of interest with respect to their obligations as our officer and/or director and their respective ownership interests in American Center LLC.

Legal Counsel. During 2013, Jaffe, Raitt, Heuer, & Weiss, Professional Corporation acted as our general counsel and represented us in various matters. Arthur A. Weiss, one of our directors, is the Chairman of the Board of Directors and a shareholder of such firm. We incurred legal fees and expenses owed to Jaffe, Raitt, Heuer, & Weiss of approximately \$3.2 million, \$3.4 million and \$2.5 million in the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Tax Consequences Upon Sale of Properties. Gary A. Shiffman holds limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership which were received in connection with the contribution of 24 properties (four of which have been sold) from partnerships previously affiliated with him (the "Sun Partnerships"). Prior to any redemption of these limited partnership interests for our common stock, Mr. Shiffman will have tax consequences different from those on us and our public stockholders upon the sale of any of the Sun Partnerships. Therefore, we and Mr. Shiffman may have different objectives regarding the appropriate pricing and timing of any sale of those properties.

We rely on key management.

We are dependent on the efforts of our executive officers, Gary A. Shiffman, John B. McLaren, Karen J. Dearing and Jonathan M. Colman (together, the "Executive Officers"). The loss of services of one or more of our Executive Officers could have a temporary adverse effect on our operations. We do not currently maintain or contemplate obtaining any "key-man" life insurance on the Executive Officers.

Certain provisions in our governing documents may make it difficult for a third-party to acquire us.

9.8% Ownership Limit. In order to qualify and maintain our qualification as a REIT, not more than 50% of the outstanding shares of our capital stock may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals. Thus, ownership of more than 9.8%, in number of shares or value, of the issued and outstanding shares of our capital stock by any single stockholder has been restricted, with certain exceptions, for the purpose of maintaining our qualification as a REIT under the Code. Such restrictions in our charter do not apply to Milton M. Shiffman, Gary A. Shiffman, and Robert B. Bayer; trustees, personal representatives and agents to the extent acting for them or their respective estates; or certain of their respective relatives.

The 9.8% ownership limit, as well as our ability to issue additional shares of common stock or shares of other stock (which may have rights and preferences over the common stock), may discourage a change of control of the Company and may also: (1) deter tender offers for the common stock, which offers may be advantageous to stockholders; and (2) limit the opportunity for stockholders to receive a premium for their common stock that might otherwise exist if an investor were attempting to assemble a block of common stock in excess of 9.8% of our outstanding shares or otherwise effect a change of control of the Company.

Preferred Stock. Our charter authorizes the Board of Directors to issue up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock and to establish the preferences and rights (including the right to vote and the right to convert into shares of common stock) of any shares issued. In November 2012, we amended our charter to designate 3,450,000 shares of preferred stock as 7.125% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value per share, and issued 3,400,000 of such shares of stock. The power to issue preferred stock could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company even if a change in control were in the stockholders' interest.

BUSINESS RISKS, CONTINUED

Upon the occurrence of certain change of control events, the result of which is that shares of our common stock and the common securities of the acquiring or surviving entity (or ADRs representing such securities) are not listed on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"), the NYSE MKT or NASDAQ or listed or quoted on an exchange or quotation system that is a successor to the NYSE, the NYSE MKT or NASDAQ, holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock will have the right, subject to certain limitations, to convert some or all of their shares of Series A Preferred Stock into shares of our common stock (or equivalent value of alternative consideration) and under these circumstances we will also have a special optional redemption right to redeem the shares of Series A Preferred Stock. Upon such a conversion, the holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock will be limited to a maximum number of shares of our common stock. If our common stock price, as determined in accordance with our charter for these purposes, is less than \$20.97, subject to adjustment, the holders will receive a maximum of 1.1925 shares of our common stock per shares of Series A Preferred Stock, which may result in a holder receiving value that is less than the liquidation preference of the Series A Preferred Stock. These features of the Series A Preferred Stock may have the effect of inhibiting a third party from making an acquisition proposal for Sun or of delaying, deferring or preventing a change of control of Sun under circumstances that otherwise could provide the holders of our common stock and Series A Preferred Stock with the opportunity to realize a premium over the then-current market price or that stockholders may otherwise believe is in their best interests.

Rights Plan. We adopted a stockholders' rights plan in 2008 that provides our stockholders (other than a stockholder attempting to acquire a 15% or greater interest in us) with the right to purchase our stock at a discount in the event any person attempts to acquire a 15% or greater interest in us. Because this plan could make it more expensive for a person to acquire a controlling interest in us, it could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control even if a change in control were in the stockholders' interest.

Certain provisions of Maryland law could inhibit changes in control, which may discourage third parties from conducting a tender offer or seeking other change of control transactions that could involve a premium price for our common stock or that our stockholders otherwise believe to be in their best interest.

Certain provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law, or MGCL, may have the effect of inhibiting a third party from making a proposal to acquire us or of impeding a change of control under circumstances that otherwise could provide the holders of shares of our common stock with the opportunity to realize a premium over the then-prevailing market price of such shares, including:

- "business combination" provisions that, subject to limitations, prohibit certain business combinations between us and an "interested stockholder" (defined generally as any person who beneficially owns 10% or more of the voting power of our shares or an affiliate thereof or an affiliate or associate of ours who was the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of 10% or more of the voting power of our then outstanding voting stock at any time within the two-year period immediately prior to the date in question) for five years after the most recent date on which the stockholder becomes an interested stockholder, and thereafter impose fair price and/or supermajority and stockholder voting requirements on these combinations; and
- "control share" provisions that provide that "control shares" of our company (defined as shares that, when aggregated with other shares controlled by the stockholder, entitle the stockholder to exercise one of three increasing ranges of voting power in electing directors) acquired in a "control share acquisition" (defined as the direct or indirect acquisition of ownership or control of issued and outstanding "control shares") have no voting rights except to the extent approved by our stockholders by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, excluding all interested shares.

The provisions of the MGCL relating to business combinations do not apply, however, to business combinations that are approved or exempted by our board of directors prior to the time that the interested stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. As permitted by the statute, our board of directors has by resolution exempted Milton M. Shiffman, Robert B. Bayer, and Gary A. Shiffman, their affiliates and all persons acting in concert or as a group with the foregoing, from the business combination provisions of the MGCL and, consequently, the five-year prohibition and the supermajority vote requirements will not apply to business combinations between us and these persons. As a result, these persons may be able to enter into business combinations with us that may not be in the best interests of our stockholders without compliance by our company with the supermajority vote requirements and the other provisions of the statute.

BUSINESS RISKS, CONTINUED

Also, pursuant to a provision in our bylaws, we have exempted any acquisition of our stock from the control share provisions of the MGCL. However, our board of directors may by amendment to our bylaws opt in to the control share provisions of the MGCL at any time in the future.

Additionally, Subtitle 8 of Title 3 of the MGCL permits our board of directors, without stockholder approval and regardless of what is currently provided in our charter or bylaws, to elect to be subject to certain provisions relating to corporate governance that may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change of control of our company that might involve a premium to the market price of our common stock or otherwise be in our stockholders' best interests. These provisions include a classified board; two-thirds vote to remove a director; that the number of directors may only be fixed by the board of directors; that vacancies on the board as a result of an increase in the size of the board or due to death, resignation or removal can only be filled by the board, and the director appointed to fill the vacancy serves for the remainder of the full term of the class of director in which the vacancy occurred; and a majority requirement for the calling by stockholders of special meetings. Other than a classified board, the filling of vacancies as a result of the removal of a director and a majority requirement for the calling by stockholders of special meetings, we are already subject to these provisions, either by provisions of our charter and bylaws unrelated to Subtitle 8 or by reason of an election to be subject to certain provisions of Subtitle 8. In the future, our board of directors may elect, without stockholder approval, to make us subject to the provisions of Subtitle 8 to which we are not currently subject.

Changes in our investment and financing policies may be made without stockholder approval.

Our investment and financing policies, and our policies with respect to certain other activities, including our growth, debt, capitalization, distributions, REIT status, and operating policies, are determined by our Board of Directors. Although the Board of Directors has no present intention to do so, these policies may be amended or revised from time to time at the discretion of the Board of Directors without notice to or a vote of our stockholders. Accordingly, stockholders may not have control over changes in our policies and changes in our policies may not fully serve the interests of all stockholders.

Substantial sales of our common stock could cause our stock price to fall.

The sale of substantial amounts of our common stock, whether directly by us or in the secondary market, the perception that such sales could occur or the availability of future issuances of shares of our common stock, OP Units or other securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for our common stock, could materially and adversely affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to raise capital through future offerings of equity or equity-related securities. In addition, we may issue capital stock that is senior to our common stock in the future for a number of reasons, including to finance our operations and business strategy, to adjust our ratio of debt to equity or for other reasons.

Based on the applicable conversion ratios then in effect, as of February 14, 2014, in the future we may issue to the limited partners of the Operating Partnership, up to approximately 2.1 million shares of our common stock in exchange for their common OP Units, up to approximately 0.5 million shares of our common stock in exchange for their Series A-3 preferred OP Units and up to approximately 1.1 million shares of our common stock in exchange for their Series A-1 preferred OP Units. The limited partners may sell such shares pursuant to registration rights or an available exemption from registration. As of February 14, 2014, options to purchase 46,250 shares of our common stock were outstanding under our equity incentive plans. We currently have the authority to issue restricted stock awards or options to purchase up to an additional 362,100 shares of our common stock pursuant to our equity incentive plans. In addition, we entered into an "at-the-market" Sales Agreement in May 2012 to issue and sell shares of common stock. As of February 14, 2014, our board of directors had authorized us to sell approximately an additional \$75.5 million of common stock under this agreement. No prediction can be made regarding the effect that future sales of shares of our common stock or our other securities will have on the market price of shares.

An increase in interest rates may have an adverse effect on the price of our common stock.

One of the factors that may influence the price of our common stock in the public market will be the annual distributions to stockholders relative to the prevailing market price of the common stock. An increase in market interest rates may tend to make the common stock less attractive relative to other investments, which could adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

BUSINESS RISKS, CONTINUED

The volatility in economic conditions and the financial markets may adversely affect our industry, business and financial performance.

Although demand in the U.S. improved recently, the U.S. macroeconomic environment remains uncertain and was the primary factor in a slowdown starting in 2008. The global economy remains unstable, and we expect the economic environment may continue to be challenging as continued economic uncertainty has generally given the marketplace less confidence. In particular, the financial crisis that affected the banking system and financial markets and the related uncertainty in global economic conditions resulted in a tightening in the credit markets, a low level of liquidity in many financial markets and volatility in credit, equity and fixed income markets. If such conditions are experienced in future periods, our industry, business and results of operations may be severely impacted. The slow recovery and possible impact of automatic sequesters or a failure to raise the "debt ceiling" in the U.S. may adversely impact us. The other risk factors presented in this Form 10-K discuss some of the principal risks inherent in our business, including liquidity risks, operational risks, and credit risks, among others. Turbulence in financial markets accentuates each of these risks and magnifies their potential effect on us. If these economic developments continue to rebound slowly or worsen, there could be an adverse impact on our access to capital, stock price and our operating results.

Our business operations may not generate the cash needed to make distributions on our capital stock or to service our indebtedness, and we may adjust our common stock distribution policy.

Our ability to make distributions on our common stock and Series A Preferred Stock and payments on our indebtedness and to fund planned capital expenditures will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future. We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available to us in an amount sufficient to enable us to make distributions on our common stock or Series A Preferred Stock, to pay our indebtedness or to fund our other liquidity needs.

The decision to declare and pay distributions on shares of our common stock in the future, as well as the timing, amount and composition of any such future distributions, will be at the sole discretion of our Board of Directors in light of conditions then existing, including our earnings, financial condition, capital requirements, debt maturities, the availability of debt and equity capital, applicable REIT and legal restrictions and the general overall economic conditions and other factors. Any change in our distribution policy could have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

Our ability to pay distributions is limited by the requirements of Maryland law.

Our ability to pay distributions on our common stock and Series A Preferred Stock is limited by the laws of Maryland. Under Maryland law, a Maryland corporation generally may not make a distribution if, after giving effect to the distribution, the corporation would not be able to pay its debts as they become due in the usual course of business, or the corporation's total assets would be less than the sum of its total liabilities plus, unless the corporation's charter provides otherwise, the amount that would be needed, if the corporation were dissolved at the time of the distribution, to satisfy the preferential rights upon dissolution of stockholders whose preferential rights are superior to those receiving the distribution, provided, however, that a Maryland corporation may make a distribution from: (i) its net earnings for the fiscal year in which the distribution is made; (ii) its net earnings for the preceding fiscal year; or (iii) the sum of its net earnings for its preceding eight fiscal quarters even if, after such distribution, the corporation's total assets would be less than its total liabilities. Accordingly, we generally may not make a distribution on our common stock or Series A Preferred Stock if, after giving effect to the distribution, we would not be able to pay our debts as they become due in the usual course of business or, unless paid from one of the permitted sources of net earnings as described above, our total assets would be less than the sum of our total liabilities plus, unless the terms of such class or series of stock provide otherwise, the amount that would be needed to satisfy the preferential rights upon dissolution of the holders of shares of any class or series of stock then outstanding, if any, with preferential rights upon dissolution senior to those of our common stock or Series A Preferred Stock.

We may not be able to pay distributions upon events of default under our financing documents.

Some of our financing documents contain restrictions on distributions upon the occurrence of events of default thereunder. If such an event of default occurs, such as our failure to pay principal at maturity or interest when due for a specified period of time, we would be prohibited from making payments on our common stock and Series A Preferred Stock.

BUSINESS RISKS, CONTINUED

Our share price could be volatile and could decline, resulting in a substantial or complete loss on our stockholders' investment.

The stock markets, including the NYSE on which we list our common stock and Series A Preferred Stock, have experienced significant price and volume fluctuations. As a result, the market price of our common stock and Series A Preferred Stock could be similarly volatile, and investors in our common stock and Series A Preferred Stock may experience a decrease in the value of their shares, including decreases unrelated to our operating performance or prospects. The price of our common stock and Series A Preferred Stock could be subject to wide fluctuations in response to a number of factors, including:

- any increases in prevailing interest rates, which may negatively affect the market for shares of our common stock or Series A Preferred Stock;
- · the market for similar securities;
- issuances of other series or classes of preferred stock or other equity securities;
- our operating performance and the performance of other similar companies;
- · our ability to maintain compliance with covenants contained in our debt facilities;
- actual or anticipated variations in our operating results, funds from operations, cash flows or liquidity;
- · changes in our earnings estimates or those of analysts;
- changes in our distribution policy;
- publication of research reports about us or the real estate industry generally;
- increases in market interest rates that lead purchasers of our common stock to demand a higher dividend yield;
- changes in market valuations of similar companies;
- adverse market reaction to the amount of our debt outstanding at any time, the amount of our debt maturing in the near- and medium-term and our ability to refinance our debt, or our plans to incur additional debt in the future;
- · additions or departures of key management personnel;
- speculation in the press or investment community;
- · actions by institutional stockholders; and
- general market and economic conditions.

Many of the factors listed above are beyond our control. Those factors may cause the market price of our common stock to decline significantly, regardless of our financial condition, results of operations and prospects. It is impossible to provide any assurance that the market price of our common stock will not fall in the future, and it may be difficult for holders to resell shares of our common stock at prices they find attractive, or at all. In the past, securities class action litigation has often been instituted against companies following periods of volatility in their stock price. This type of litigation could result in substantial costs and divert our management's attention and resources.

Our Series A Preferred Stock has not been rated.

We have not sought to obtain a rating for our Series A Preferred Stock. No assurance can be given, however, that one or more rating agencies might not independently determine to issue such a rating or that such a rating, if issued, would not adversely affect the market price of the Series A Preferred Stock. In addition, we may elect in the future to obtain a rating of the Series A Preferred Stock, which could adversely affect the market price of the Series A Preferred Stock. Ratings only reflect the views of the rating

BUSINESS RISKS, CONTINUED

agency or agencies issuing the ratings and such ratings could be revised downward, placed on a watch list or withdrawn entirely at the discretion of the issuing rating agency if in its judgment circumstances so warrant. Any such downward revision, placing on a watch list or withdrawal of a rating could have an adverse effect on the market price of the Series A Preferred Stock.

Security breaches and other disruptions could compromise our information and expose us to liability, which would cause our business and reputation to suffer.

In the ordinary course of our business, we collect and store sensitive data, including our proprietary business information and that of our tenants and clients and personally identifiable information of our employees, in our facility and on our network. Despite our security measures, our information technology and infrastructure may be vulnerable to attacks by hackers or breached due to employee error, malfeasance or other disruptions. Any such breach could compromise our network and the information stored there could be accessed, publicly disclosed, lost or stolen. Any such access, disclosure or other loss of information could result in legal claims or proceedings, disrupt our operations, damage our reputation, and cause a loss of confidence, which could adversely affect our business.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

As of December 31, 2013, the Properties consisted of 150 MH communities, 27 RV communities, and 11 properties containing both MH and RV sites located in 26 states. As of December 31, 2013, the Properties contained an aggregate of 69,789 developed sites comprised of 54,168 developed manufactured home sites, 7,633 annual RV sites (inclusive of both annual and seasonal usage rights), 7,988 transient RV sites, and approximately 6,300 additional manufactured home sites suitable for development. Most of the Properties include amenities oriented toward family and retirement living. Of the 188 Properties, 83 have more than 300 developed manufactured home sites; with the largest having 1,064 developed manufactured home sites. See "Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation, Schedule III" for detail on Properties that are encumbered.

As of December 31, 2013, the Properties had an occupancy rate of 89.7% excluding transient RV sites. Since January 1, 2013, the Properties have averaged an aggregate annual turnover of homes (where the home is moved out of the community) of approximately 2.6% and an average annual turnover of residents (where the resident-owned home is sold and remains within the community, typically without interruption of rental income) of approximately 4.6%. The average renewal rate for residents in our Rental Program was 59.5% for the year ended December 31, 2013.

We believe that our Properties' high amenity levels contribute to low turnover and generally high occupancy rates. All of the Properties provide residents with attractive amenities with most offering a clubhouse, a swimming pool, and laundry facilities. Many of the Properties offer additional amenities such as sauna/whirlpool spas, tennis, shuffleboard and basketball courts and/or exercise rooms.

We have concentrated our communities within certain geographic areas in order to achieve economies of scale in management and operation. The Properties are principally concentrated in the midwestern, southern, and southeastern United States. We believe that geographic diversification helps to insulate the portfolio from regional economic influences.

The following tables set forth certain information relating to the properties owned as of December 31, 2013. The occupancy percentage includes MH sites and annual RV sites, and excludes transient RV sites.

				MH and Annual RV Sites as of	Transient RV Sites as of	Occupancy as of	Occupancy as of	Occupancy as of
Property	MH/R	V City	State	12/31/13	12/31/13	12/31/13	12/31/12	12/31/11
MIDWEST								
Michigan								
Academy/West Pointe (1)	MH	Canton	MI	441	_	92%	93%	88%
Allendale Meadows Mobile Village	MH	Allendale	MI	352		89%	80%	78%
Alpine Meadows Mobile Village	MH	Grand Rapids	MI	403	_	98%	91%	87%
Apple Carr Village	MH	Muskegon	MI	529	_	83%	76%	72%
Bedford Hills Mobile Village	MH	Battle Creek	MI	339	_	73%	72%	71%
Brentwood Mobile Village	MH	Kentwood	MI	195	_	97%	97%	9 9%
Brookside Village	MH	Kentwood	MI	196	_	100%	97%	9 5%
Byron Center Mobile Village	MH	Byron Center	MI	143	_	94%	89%	93%
Camelot Villa	MH	Macomb	MI	712	_	79%	N/A	N/A
Candlewick Court	MH	Owosso	MI	211	_	66%	70%	73%
Cider Mill Crossings	MH	Fenton	MI	262	_	72%	51%	19%
Cider Mill Village	MH	Middleville	MI	258	_	83%	77%	67%
College Park Estates	MH	Canton	MI	230	_	84%	77%	73%
Continental Estates	MH	Davison	MI	385	_	40%	39%	40%
Continental North	MH	Davison	MI	474	_	54%	51%	53%
Country Acres Mobile Village	MH	Cadillac	MI	182	_	95%	90%	86%
Country Hills Village	MH	Hudsonville	MI	239	_	98%	93%	74%
Country Meadows Mobile Village	MH	Flat Rock	MI	577	_	97%	9 5%	94%
			22	2				

			_	MH and Annual RV Sites as of	Transient RV Sites as of		Occupancy as of	
Property	MH/RV		State	12/31/13	12/31/13	12/31/13	12/31/12	12/31/11
Country Meadows Village	MH	Caledonia	MI	307	_	95%	88%	77%
Countryside Village	MH	Perry	MI	359	_	60%	61%	58%
Creekwood Meadows	MH	Burton	MI	336	_	76%	73%	65%
Cutler Estates Mobile Village	MH	Grand Rapids	MI	259	_	9 5%	96%	98%
Davison East	MH	Davison	MI	190	_	40%	43%	44%
Dutton Mill Village	MH	Caledonia	MI	307	_	98%	98%	91%
East Village Estates	MH	Washington Twp.	MI	708	_	9 9%	93%	N/A
Falcon Pointe	MH	East Lansing	MI	142	_	13% (2)	13% (2)	13% (2)
Fisherman's Cove	MH	Flint	MI	162	_	94%	91%	87%
Grand Mobile Estates	MH	Grand Rapids	MI	230		76%	72%	75%
Hamlin	MH	Webberville	MI	209	_	87% (3)	83% (3)	75% (3)
Hickory Hills Village	MH	Battle Creek	MI	283		98%	94%	84%
Hidden Ridge RV Resort	RV	Hopkins	MI	106	170	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Holiday West Village	MH	Holland	MI	341		9 9%	9 9%	93%
Holly Village/Hawaiian Gardens (1)	MH	Holly	MI	425	_	96%	96%	98%
Hunters Crossing	MH	Capac	MI	114		90%	89%	N/A
Hunters Glen	MH	Wayland	MI	280	_	79% (2)	$69\%^{(2)}$	63% (2)
Kensington Meadows	MH	Lansing	MI	290	_	98%	9 6%	90%
Kings Court Mobile Village	MH	Traverse City	MI	639	_	9 9%	100%	100%
Knollwood Estates	MH	Allendale	MI	161	_	94%	89%	82%
Lafayette Place	MH	Warren	MI	254	_	71%	68%	66%
Lakeview	MH	Ypsilanti	MI	392	_	97%	98%	97%
Leisure Village	MH	Belmont	MI	238	_	100%	100%	97%
Lincoln Estates	MH	Holland	MI	191	_	98%	93%	92%
Meadow Lake Estates	MH	White Lake	MI	425	_	9 5%	92%	88%
Meadowbrook Estates	MH	Monroe	MI	453	_	94%	92%	92%
Northville Crossings	MH	Northville	MI	756	_	91%	82%	N/A
Oak Island Village	MH	East Lansing	MI	250	_	97%	9 5%	84%
Pinebrook Village	MH	Grand Rapids	MI	185	_	92%	93%	91%
Presidential Estates Mobile Village	MH	Hudsonville	MI	364	_	97%	9 5%	90%
Richmond Place	MH	Richmond	MI	117	_	86%	83%	84%
River Haven Village	MH	Grand Haven	MI	721	_	64%	60%	60%
Rudgate Clinton	MH	Clinton Township	MI	667	_	96%	90%	N/A
Rudgate Manor	MH	Sterling Heights	MI	931	_	96%	89%	N/A
Scio Farms Estates	MH	Ann Arbor	MI	913	_	98%	9 5%	94%
Sheffield Estates	MH	Auburn Hills	MI	228	_	92%	9 6%	98%
Sherman Oaks	MH	Jackson	MI	366	_	73%	72%	74%
Silver Springs	MH	Clinton Township	MI	546	_	96%	89%	N/A
Southwood Village	MH	Grand Rapids	MI	394	_	99%	97%	94%
St. Clair Place	MH	St. Clair	MI	100	_	74%	75%	75%
Sunset Ridge	MH	Portland Township	MI	190	_	95%	9 5%	96%
Sycamore Village	MH	Mason	MI	396	_	9 9%	91%	85%

December	MH/RV	. City	State	MH and Annual RV Sites as of	Transient RV Sites as of	Occupancy as of 12/31/13	Occupancy as of	
Property Tamarac Village	MH	V City Ludington	State MI	12/31/13 293	12/31/13	99%	98%	9 5%
Tamarac Village	RV	Ludington	MI	105	12	100% (5)	100% (5)	100% (5)
Timberline Estates	MH	Grand Rapids	MI	296	_	94%	87%	83%
Town & Country Mobile Village	MH	Traverse City	MI	192	_	100%	9 9%	98%
Village Trails	MH	Howard City	MI	100	_	94%	97%	97%
Warren Dunes Village	MH	Bridgman	MI	188	_	9 5%	91%	77%
Waverly Shores Village	MH	Holland	MI	326	_	100%	100%	97%
West Village Estates	MH	Romulus	MI	628	_	100%	93%	N/A
White Lake Mobile Home Village	МН	White Lake	MI	315	_	96%	98%	96%
White Oak Estates	MH	Mt. Morris	MI	480	_	68%	65%	66%
Windham Hills Estates	MH	Jackson	MI	402	_	85% (3)	78% (3)	77% (3)
Windsor Woods Village	MH	Wayland	MI	314	_	90%	83%	78%
Woodhaven Place	MH	Woodhaven	MI	220	_	96%	97%	98%
Michigan Total				24,912	182	88%	85%	81%
			,	,				
Indiana								
Brookside Mobile Home Village	MH	Goshen	IN	570	_	71%	6 5%	66%
Carrington Pointe	MH	Ft. Wayne	IN	320		82% (3)	80% (3)	80% (3)
Clear Water Mobile Village	MH	South Bend	IN	227	_	92%	82%	77%
Cobus Green Mobile Home Park	MH	Elkhart	IN	386		78%	6 6%	66%
Deerfield Run	MH	Anderson	IN	175	_	73% (3)	62% (3)	61%(3)
Four Seasons	MH	Elkhart	IN	218	_	92%	86%	82%
Holiday Mobile Home Village	MH	Elkhart	IN	326	_	74%	71%	75%
Liberty Farms	MH	Valparaiso	IN	220		98%	9 9%	98%
Maplewood	MH	Lawrence	IN	207	_	66%	67%	69%
Meadows	MH	Nappanee	IN	330		47%	51%	50%
Pebble Creek (4)	MH	Greenwood	IN	257	_	93%	98%	93%
Pine Hills	MH	Middlebury	IN	129	_	90%	87%	91%
Roxbury Park	MH	Goshen	IN	398	_	9 9%	88%	84%
Timberbrook	MH	Bristol	IN	567	_	52%	52%	5 5%
Valley Brook	MH	Indianapolis	IN	798	_	52%	53%	54%
West Glen Village	MH	Indianapolis	IN	552	_	80%	76%	72%
Woodlake Estates	MH	Ft. Wayne	IN	338	_	5 9%	57%	53%
Woods Edge Mobile Village	MH	West Lafayette	IN	598		53% (3)	52% (3)	52% (3)
Indiana Total			,	6,616	_	71%	68%	67%
Ohio								
Apple Creek Manufactured Home Community and Self Storage	MH	Amelia	ОН	176		93%	9 5%	9 5%
Byrne Hill Village	MH	Toledo	OH	236	_	93%	88%	91%
Catalina Catalina	MH	Middletown	OH	462	_	5 9%	5 9%	5 9%
East Fork (4)	MH	Batavia	OH	240	_	90%	99%	97%
Indian Creek RV & Camping Resort	RV	Geneva on the Lake	ОН	319	313	100% (5)	99% N/A	9/% N/A
matan creek it i & camping itesoft	10.4	Seneva on the Lake	011	31)	313	100/0 . /	1 1/ / 1	1 1/ / 1

				MH and Annual RV Sites as of	Transient RV Sites as of	Occupancy as of	Occupancy as of	Occupancy as of
Property	MH/RV	- 0	State	12/31/13	12/31/13	12/31/13	12/31/12	12/31/11
Oakwood Village	MH	Miamisburg	OH	511	_	98%	96%	92%
Orchard Lake	MH	Milford	OH	147		99%	98%	97%
Westbrook Senior Village	MH	Toledo	OH	112	_	96%	9 9%	96%
Westbrook Village	MH	Toledo	OH	344		94%	9 6%	96%
Willowbrook Place	MH	Toledo	OH	266	_	94%	87%	91%
Woodside Terrace	MH	Holland	OH	439	_	87%	83%	79%
Worthington Arms	MH	Lewis Center	OH	224		9 5%	96%	98%
Ohio Total				3,476	313	89%	88%	87%
SOUTH								
Texas								
Blazing Star	RV	San Antonio	TX	66	196	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Boulder Ridge	MH	Pflugerville	TX	526	_	99%	98%	9 5%
Branch Creek Estates	MH	Austin	TX	392	_	100%	100%	9 9%
Casa del Valle	MH	Alamo	TX	126	_	98%	100%	100%
Casa del Valle	RV	Alamo	TX	124	137	100% (5)	100% (5)	100% (5)
Chisholm Point Estates	MH	Pflugerville	TX	417	_	99%	99%	99%
Comal Farms (4)	MH	New Braunfels	TX	350	_	99%	97%	99%
Kenwood RV and Mobile Home Plaza	MH	LaFeria	TX	41	_	95%	100%	100%
Kenwood RV and Mobile Home Plaza	RV	LaFeria	TX	44	195	100% (5)	100% (5)	100% (5)
Oak Crest	MH	Austin	TX	335	_	100%	99%	98%
Pecan Branch	MH	Georgetown	TX	69	_	94%	93%	91%
Pine Trace	MH	Houston	TX	501	_	99%	99%	98%
River Ranch (4)	MH	Austin	TX	540	_	73% (2)	79% (2)	98%
River Ridge	MH	Austin	TX	515	_	100%	97%	74% (3)
Saddlebrook	MH	Austin	TX	260	_	99%	97%	98%
Snow to Sun	MH	Weslaco	TX	184	_	98%	99%	100%
Snow to Sun	RV	Weslaco	TX	138	153	100% (5)	100% (5)	100% (5)
Stonebridge (4)	MH	San Antonio	TX	335	_	98%	99%	99%
Summit Ridge (4)	MH	Converse	TX	370	_	91%	67%	98%
Sunset Ridge (4)	MH	Kyle	TX	170	_	100%	99%	98%
Woodlake Trails (4)	MH	San Antonio	TX	227	_	98%	70% (3)	98%
Texas Total				5,730	681	96%	94%	96%
SOUTHEAST								
Florida								
Arbor Terrace RV Park	RV	Bradenton	FL	140	226	100% (5)	100% (5)	98% (5)
Ariana Village Mobile Home Park	MH	Lakeland	FL	208	_	94%	92%	92%
Blueberry Hill	RV	Bushnell	FL	80	325	100% (5)	100% (5)	N/A
Buttonwood Bay	MH	Sebring	FL	407	_	100%	100%	100%
Buttonwood Bay	RV	Sebring	FL	368	165	100% (5)	100% (5)	98% (5)

Property	MH/RV	7 City	State	MH and Annual RV Sites as of 12/31/13	Transient RV Sites as of 12/31/13	Occupancy as of 12/31/13	Occupancy as of 12/31/12	Occupancy as of 12/31/11
Club Naples	RV	Naples	FL	133	172	100% (5)	100% (5)	9 9% (5)
Gold Coaster	MH	Homestead	FL	470		98% (5)	9 9% (5)	100% (5)
Gold Coaster	RV	Homestead	FL		75	N/A	N/A	N/A
Grand Lakes	RV	Citra	FL	122	280	100% (5)	100% (5)	N/A
Groves RV Resort	RV	Ft. Myers	FL	157	118	100% (5)	100% (5)	9 9% (5)
Holly Forest Estates	MH	Holly Hill	FL	402	_	99%	99%	99%
Indian Creek Park	MH	Ft. Myers Beach	FL	353	_	100%	100%	99%
Indian Creek Park	RV	Ft. Myers Beach	FL	951	133	100% (5)	100% (5)	9 9% (5)
Island Lakes	MH	Merritt Island	FL	301	_	100%	100%	99%
Kings Lake	MH	Debary	FL	245	_	100%	99%	96%
Lake Juliana Landings	MH	Auburndale	FL	274	_	97%	98%	97%
Lake San Marino RV Park	RV	Naples	FL	187	220	100% (5)	100% (5)	9 6% (5)
Meadowbrook Village	MH	Tampa	FL	257	_	100%	100%	100%
Naples RV Resort	RV	Naples	FL	63	101	100% (5)	100% (5)	94% (5)
North Lake	RV	Moore Haven	FL	190	82	100% (5)	100% (5)	100% (5)
Orange City RV Resort	MH	Orange City	FL	4	_	100%	100%	100%
Orange City RV Resort	RV	Orange City	FL	230	291	100% (5)	100% (5)	100% (5)
Orange Tree Village	MH	Orange City	FL	246		100%	99%	100%
Rainbow RV Resort	MH	Frostproof	FL	37	_	100%	100%	N/A
Rainbow RV Resort	RV	Frostproof	FL	213	249	100% (5)	100% (5)	N/A
Royal Country	MH	Miami	FL	864		100%	100%	100%
Saddle Oak Club	MH	Ocala	FL	376	_	99%	99%	9 9%
Siesta Bay RV Park	RV	Ft. Myers Beach	FL	713	84	100% (5)	100% (5)	98% (5)
Silver Star Mobile Village	MH	Orlando	FL	406		99%	98%	98%
Tampa East	MH	Dover	FL	31	_	100%	100%	100%
Tampa East	RV	Dover	FL	216	453	100%	100% (5)	9 6% (5)
Three Lakes	RV	Hudson	FL	175	133	100% (5)	100% (5)	N/A
Water Oak Country Club Estates	MH	Lady Lake	FL	1,064	133	99%	99%	100%
Florida Total	IVIII	Lady Lake	1L	9,883	3,107	99%	99%	9 9%
Tioriaa Totai			,	7,003	3,107	22/0	22/0	7770
OTHER								
Autumn Ridge	MH	Ankeny	IA	413	_	99%	9 9%	100%
Bell Crossing	MH	Clarksville	TN	239		90% (3)	79% (3)	72% (3)
Big Timber Lake RV Resort	RV	Cape May	NJ	256	272	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Candlelight Village	MH	Chicago Heights	IL	309		97%	97%	9 9%
Cave Creek	MH	Evans	CO	289	_	98%	99%	91%
Countryside Atlanta	MH	Lawrenceville	GA	271		100% (6)	100% (6)	100% (6)
Countryside Gwinnett	MH	Buford	GA	331	_	99%	98%	96%
Countryside Lake Lanier	MH	Buford	GA	548		92%	86%	84%
Creekside (4)	MH	Reidsville	NC	45	_	64% (2)	62% (2)	64% (2)
Desert View Village	MH	West Wendover	NV	93	_	43% (2)	44% (2)	47% (2)
Eagle Crest	MH	Firestone	CO	441	_	99%	99%	94%
Edwardsville	МН	Edwardsville	KS	634	_	74%	70%	69%

				MH and Annual RV	Transient RV			
Property	MH/RV	City	State	Sites as of 12/31/13	Sites as of 12/31/13	Occupancy as of 12/31/13	Occupancy as of 12/31/12	Occupancy as of 12/31/11
Forest Meadows	MH	Philomath	OR	75	_	100%	100%	99%
Glen Laurel (4)	MH	Concord	NC	260	_	88% (2)	77% (2)	67% (2)
Gwynn's Island RV Resort &								
Campground	RV	Gwynn	VA	88	29	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
High Pointe	MH	Frederica	DE	411	_	96%	96%	93%
Jellystone Park(TM) of Western New York	RV	North Java	NY	_	299	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jellystone Park(TM) at Birchwood Acres	RV	Woodridge	NY	44	225	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Lake In Wood	RV	Narvon	PA	277	144	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Lake Laurie RV & Camping Resort	RV	Cape May	NJ	292	427	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Meadowbrook (4)	MH	Charlotte	NC	321	_	5 9% (3)	9 9%	9 9%
New Point RV Resort	RV	New Point	VA	161	162	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
North Point Estates	MH	Pueblo	CO	108		9 5%	84% (2)	$76\%^{(2)}$
Palm Creek Golf & RV Resort	MH	Casa Grande	AZ	150		94%	97%	N/A
Palm Creek Golf & RV Resort	RV	Casa Grande	AZ	716	1,047	100% (5)	100% (5)	N/A
Peter's Pond RV Resort	RV	Sandwich	MA	231	177	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Pheasant Ridge	MH	Lancaster	PA	553	_	100%	100%	100%
Pin Oak Parc	MH	O'Fallon	MO	502		86%	83%	82%
Pine Ridge	MH	Petersburg	VA	245		98%	97%	98%
Sea Air Village	MH	Rehoboth Beach	DE	372		99%	100%	100%
Sea Air Village	RV	Rehoboth Beach	DE	130	9	100% (5)	100% (5)	100% (5)
Seaport RV Resort	RV	Mystic	CT	25	116	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Southfork	MH	Belton	MO	474	_	62%	61%	62%
Sun Villa Estates	MH	Reno	NV	324	_	97%	98%	100%
Timber Ridge	MH	Ft. Collins	CO	585	_	100%	100%	98%
Vines RV Resort	RV	Paso Robles	CA	_	130	N/A	N/A	N/A
Wagon Wheel RV Resort & Campground	l RV	Old Orchard Beach	ME	167	116	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Westward Ho RV Resort & Campground	RV	Glenbeulah	WI	195	133	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Wild Acres RV Resort & Campground	RV	Orchard Beach	ME	211	419	100% (5)	N/A	N/A
Woodland Park Estates	MH	Eugene	OR	398	_	100%	100%	100%
Other Total				11,184	3,705	93%	91%	89%
TOTAL / AVERAGE				61,801	7,988	90%	87%	85%

⁽¹⁾ Properties have two licenses but operate as one community.

⁽²⁾ Occupancy in these Properties reflects the fact that these communities are ground-up developments and have not reached full occupancy.

⁽³⁾ Occupancy in these Properties reflects the fact that these communities are in a lease-up phase following an expansion.

⁽⁴⁾ This Property is owned by an affiliate of SunChamp LLC, a joint venture that owns 11 of our consolidated manufactured home communities, in which we own approximately an 81.9% equity interest as of December 31, 2013.

⁽⁵⁾ Occupancy percentage excludes transient RV sites. Percentage calculated by dividing revenue producing sites by developed sites. A revenue producing site is defined as a site that is occupied by a paying resident or reserved by a customer with annual or seasonal usage rights. A developed site is defined as an adequate sized parcel of land that has road and utility access which is zoned and licensed (if required) for use as a home site.

(6) The number of developed sites and occupancy percentage at this Property includes sites that have been covered under our comprehensive insurance coverage (subject to deductibles and certain limitations) for both property damage and business interruption from a flood that caused substantial damage to this Property.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On June 4, 2010, we settled all of the claims arising out of the litigation filed in 2004 by TJ Holdings, LLC ("TJ Holdings") in the Superior Court of Guilford County, North Carolina and the associated arbitration proceeding commenced by TJ Holdings in Southfield, Michigan. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, in which neither party admitted any liability whatsoever, we paid TJ Holdings \$360,000. In addition, pursuant to this settlement, TJ Holdings' percentage ownership interest in Sun/Forest, LLC will be increased on a one time basis, in the event of a sale or refinance of all of the SunChamp Properties, to between 9.03% and 28.99% depending on our average closing stock price as reported by the NYSE during the 30 days preceding the sale or refinance of all the SunChamp Properties. Once this percentage ownership interest has been adjusted, there will be no further adjustments from subsequent sales or refinances of the SunChamp Properties. The likelihood of a sale or refinancing of all of the SunChamp properties is not probable as these properties continue to see growth potential nor do we have a need to refinance all of the properties, so we do not expect it to have a material adverse impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

We are involved in various other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. All such proceedings, taken together, are not expected to have a material adverse impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Market Information

Our common stock has been listed on the NYSE since December 8, 1993, and traded under the symbol "SUI". The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices per share for the common stock for the periods indicated as reported by the NYSE and the distributions per share paid by us with respect to each period:

Year Ended December 31, 2013	High	 Low	Distributions		
1st Quarter	\$ 49.38	\$ 40.28	\$ 0.63		
2nd Quarter	\$ 57.78	\$ 46.40	\$ 0.63		
3rd Quarter	\$ 53.35	\$ 41.93	\$ 0.63		
4th Quarter	\$ 45.96	\$ 39.53	\$ 0.63 (1)		

Year Ended December 31, 2012	High	Low	Distributions		
1 _{st} Quarter	\$ 43.90	\$ 35.06	\$	0.63	
2nd Quarter	\$ 44.68	\$ 39.15	\$	0.63	
3rd Quarter	\$ 47.84	\$ 43.37	\$	0.63	
4th Quarter	\$ 44.64	\$ 36.15	\$	0.63 (2)	

⁽¹⁾ Paid on January 17, 2014, to stockholders of record on December 31, 2013

On February 14, 2014, the closing share price of our common stock was \$47.28 per share on the NYSE, and there were 233 holders of record for the 36,168,663 million outstanding shares of common stock. On February 14, 2014, the Operating Partnership had (i) 2,069,322 common OP units issued and outstanding which were convertible into an equal number of shares of our common stock, (ii) 1,325,275 Aspen preferred OP units issued and outstanding which were exchangeable for 526,212 shares of our common stock, (iii) 455,476 Series A-1 preferred OP units issued and outstanding which were exchangeable for 1,111,361 shares of our common stock and (iv) 40,267.50 Series A-3 preferred OP Units issued and outstanding which were exchangeable for 74,918 shares of our common stock.

We have historically paid regular quarterly distributions to holders of our common stock and common OP Units. In addition, we are obligated to make distributions to holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock, Aspen preferred OP units, Series A-1 preferred

⁽²⁾ Paid on January 18, 2013, to stockholders of record on December 31, 2012

OP units, Series A-3 preferred OP units and Series B-3 preferred OP units. See "Structure of the Company" under Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-K. Our ability to make distributions on our common and preferred stock and payments on our indebtedness and to fund planned capital expenditures will depend on our ability to generate cash in the future. The decision to declare and pay distributions on shares of our common stock in the future, as well as the timing, amount and composition of any such future distributions, will be at the sole discretion of our Board of Directors in light of conditions then existing, including our earnings, financial condition, capital requirements, debt maturities, the availability of debt and equity capital, applicable REIT and legal restrictions and the general overall economic conditions and other factors.

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table reflects information about the securities authorized for issuance under our equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2013.

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-aver price of our options, war righ	tstanding rrants and	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column a)		
Plan Category	(a)	(b))	(c)		
Equity compensation plans approved by shareholders	46,250	\$	30.77		392,100	
Equity compensation plans not approved by shareholders			_		_	
Total	46,250	\$	30.77		392,100	

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

In November 2004, our Board of Directors authorized us to repurchase up to 1,000,000 shares of our common stock. We have 400,000 common shares remaining in the repurchase program. No common shares were repurchased under this program during 2013. There is no expiration date specified for the buyback program.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

From time to time, we may issue shares of common stock in exchange for OP units that may be tendered to the Operating Partnership for redemption in accordance with the terms and provisions of the limited partnership agreement of the Operating Partnership. Such shares are issued based on the exchange ratios and formulas described in "Structure of the Company" under Item 1 above.

Holders of common OP Units have converted zero units, 2,400 units and 10,249 units to common stock for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

In February 2013, our Operating Partnership issued 40,267.50 Series A-3 preferred OP units in connection with our acquisition of ten RV communities. See Note 2 to our financial statements for other consideration paid in the transaction. The Series A-3 preferred OP units are convertible, but not redeemable. The holders of the Series A-3 preferred OP units can convert each Series A-3 preferred OP unit at any time, subject to certain contractual restrictions contained in the acquisition agreements, into 1.8605 shares of our common stock (which exchange rate is subject to adjustment upon stock splits, recapitalizations and similar events). The Series A-3 preferred OP unit holders receive an annual preferred return of 4.5%.

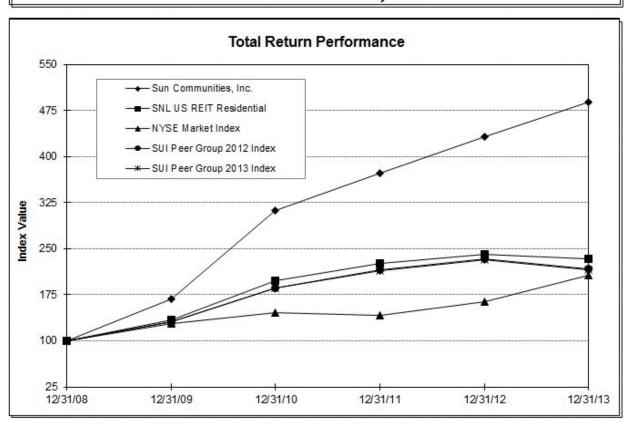
In June 2011, our Operating Partnership issued 455,476 Series A-1 preferred OP units in connection with our acquisition of the Kentland Communities ("Kentland"). The Series A-1 preferred OP units are convertible, but not redeemable. The holders of the Series A-1 preferred OP units can convert each Series A-1 preferred OP units at any time after December 31, 2013 into 2.439 shares of common stock (which exchange rate is subject to adjustment upon stock splits, recapitalizations and similar events). The Series A-1 preferred OP unit holders received an annual preferred return of 5.1% through June 23, 2013 and 6.0% thereafter.

All of the securities described above were issued in private placements in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act, including Regulation D promulgated there under. No underwriters were used in connection with any of such issuances.

Performance Graph

Set forth below is a line graph comparing the yearly percentage change in the cumulative total shareholder return on our common stock against the cumulative total return of a broad market index composed of all issuers listed on the NYSE and an industry index comprised of fifteen publicly traded residential real estate investment trusts, for the five year period ending on December 31, 2013. This line graph assumes a \$100 investment on December 31, 2008, a reinvestment of distributions and actual increase of the market value of our common stock relative to an initial investment of \$100. The comparisons in this table are required by the SEC and are not intended to forecast or be indicative of possible future performance of our common stock.

Sun Communities, Inc.



	As of December 31,											
Index		2008		2009		2010		2011	2012		2013	
Sun Communities, Inc.	\$	100.00	\$	167.55	\$	311.61	\$	372.87	\$	432.03	\$	487.97
SNL US REIT Residential	\$	100.00	\$	134.17	\$	197.07	\$	225.74	\$	240.18	\$	233.42
NYSE Market Index	\$	100.00	\$	128.58	\$	146.07	\$	140.71	\$	163.43	\$	206.56
SUI Peer Group 2012 Index(1)	\$	100.00	\$	131.23	\$	186.64	\$	215.47	\$	232.91	\$	217.27
SUI Peer Group 2013 Index (2)	\$	100.00	\$	130.90	\$	185.69	\$	214.20	\$	231.66	\$	215.69

4 - - CD------- 21

⁽¹⁾ Includes American Campus Communities, Inc., American Capital Agency Corp., Apartment and Management Company, Associated Estates Realty Corporation, AvalonBay Communities, Inc., BRE Properties, Inc., Camden Property Trust, Colonial Properties Trust, Education Realty Trust, Inc., Equity Lifestyles Properties, Inc., Equity Residential, Essex Property Trust, Inc., Home Properties, Inc., Mid-America Apartment Communities, Inc., Senior Housing Properties Trust and UDR, Inc.

⁽²⁾ Includes the same companies as SUI Peer Group 2012 Index, with the exception of Colonial Properties Trust, which merged with Mid-America Apartment Communities, Inc. in 2013.

The information included under the heading "Performance Graph" is not to be treated as "soliciting material" or as "filed" with the SEC, and is not incorporated by reference into any filing by the Company under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act that is made on, before or after the date of filing of this Form 10-K.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following table sets forth selected financial and operating information on a historical basis. The historical financial data has been derived from our historical financial statements. The following information should be read in conjunction with the information included in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", and the financial statements and accompanying notes included herein.

	Year Ended December 31,									
		2013		2012 (1)		2011 (1)		2010 (2)		2009 (2)
		(In thousands, except for share related data)								
OPERATING DATA:										
Revenues	\$	415,222	\$	338,952	\$	288,600	\$	265,407	\$	258,453
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. common stockholders:										
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	10,610	\$	4,958	\$	(1,086)	\$	(2,883)	\$	(6,099)
Net income (loss)	\$	10,610	\$	4,958	\$	(1,086)	\$	(2,883)	\$	(6,302)
Income (loss) from continuing operations per share - basic and diluted	\$	0.31	\$	0.18	\$	(0.05)	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.33)
Cash distributions declared per common share (3)	\$	2.52	\$	2.52	\$	3.15	\$	2.52	\$	2.52
BALANCE SHEET DATA:										
Investment property before accumulated depreciation		2,489,119		2,177,305		1,794,605		1,580,544		1,565,700
Total assets	\$	1,999,236		1,754,628		1,367,974		1,165,342		1,184,234
Total debt and lines of credit	\$	1,492,820	\$	1,453,501	\$	1,397,225	\$	1,258,139	\$	1,253,907
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	\$	397,074	\$	212,990	\$	(100,655)	\$	(132,384)	\$	(111,308)
OTHER FINANCIAL DATA:										
Net operating income (NOI) (4) from:										
Real property operations	\$	203,176	\$	167,715	\$	146,876	\$	135,222	\$	131,131
Home sales and home rentals	\$	26,620	\$	18,677	\$	12,954	\$	12,981	\$	13,410
Funds from operations (FFO) (4)	\$	117,583	\$	92,409	\$	73,691	\$	62,765	\$	56,073
Adjustment to FFO	Ψ	3,928	Ψ	4,296	Ψ	1,564	Ψ	874	Ψ	3,419
FFO excluding certain items	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	63,639	\$	59,492
FFO per share excluding certain items - fully diluted (1) Financial information has been restated to reflect certain reclassifications in prior per	\$ riod		\$ urre	3.19 nt period presenta	\$ atior	3.13	\$	2.97	\$	2.86

⁽²⁾ Financial information has been restated to reflect the reclassification of our cable television service business as a discontinued operation. Additionally, financial information has been restated to reflect certain reclassifications in prior periods to conform to current period presentation.

⁽³⁾ In 2011, we paid \$2.52 in cash distributions per common share and declared \$3.15 in distributions per common share.

⁽⁴⁾ Refer to Item 7, Supplemental Measures, for information regarding the presentation of the NOI financial measure and FFO financial measure.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

The following discussion and analysis of the consolidated financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this Form 10-K.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

2013 Accomplishments

- Same Site occupancy increased to 88.9% at year end from 87.1% at December 31, 2012.
- Home sales increased 10.7% to a historical high of 1,929.
- Completed acquisitions of one MH community and 14 RV communities for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$175.1 million.
- Closed one underwritten registered public offering totaling 5.8 million shares of common stock with net proceeds of approximately \$249.5 million after deducting offering related expenses.
- Entered into a \$350.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility, which replaced our previous \$150.0 million facility, decreased the per annum interest rate and extended the maturity date to May 15, 2017.
- Entered into a loan agreement for \$141.5 million, which is classified into two pools and matures on January 1, 2024. The proceeds of the loans, along with \$34.4 million in cash, was used to repay in full 11 loans previously made to subsidiaries of the Company.

Property Operations:

Occupancy in our Properties as well as our ability to increase rental rates directly affects revenues. Our revenue streams are predominantly derived from customers renting our sites on a long-term basis. Our Same Site properties continue to achieve revenue and occupancy increases which drive continued Net Operating Income ("NOI") growth. Home sales are at their historical high, and we expect to continue to increase the number of homes sold in our portfolio.

Portfolio Information:	Year Ended December 31,							
		2013		2012		2011		
Occupancy % - Total Portfolio - MH and annual RV		89.7%	,	87.3%		85.3%		
Occupancy % - Same Site - MH and annual RV		88.9%)	87.1%		85.8%		
Funds from operations excluding certain items (1)	\$	3.22	\$	3.19	\$	3.13		
NOI(1) - Total Portfolio	\$	203,176	\$	167,715	\$	146,876		
NOI(1) - Same Site	\$	173,674	\$	164,041	\$	140,058		
Homes Sold		1,929		1,742		1,439		
Number of Occupied Rental Homes		9,726		8,110		7,047		

Refer to Item 7, Supplemental Measures, for information regarding the presentation of the NOI financial measure and funds from operations excluding certain items financial measure.

Acquisition Activity:

Since 2011, we have completed acquisitions of 50 properties with over 21,000 sites located in high growth areas and retirement and vacation destinations such as Florida, California and Eastern coastal areas such as Old Orchard Beach, Maine; Cape May, New Jersey; Chesapeake Bay, Virginia and Cape Cod, Massachusetts.

During 2013, we acquired one MH community comprised of 712 developed sites and 14 RV communities comprised of 1,989 annual developed sites and 2,818 transient developed sites for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$175.1 million.

We continue to experience an active pipeline of acquisition opportunities and will seek to enhance the growth of the Company through continued selective acquisitions.

Development Activity:

We expanded 784 sites at eight properties in 2013. The total capital invested was approximately \$18.0 million.

We continue to expand our properties utilizing our inventory of owned and entitled land (approximately 6,300 developed sites) and expect to construct approximately 800 additional sites in 2014, located primarily in Texas and Colorado, which have current occupancies in excess of 90%.

Capital Activity:

In March 2013, we closed one underwritten registered public offering of 5.8 million shares of common stock with net proceeds of approximately \$249.5 million after deducting offering related expenses.

Proceeds from this capital raise allowed us to maintain our targeted leverage levels while continuing to expand our portfolio.

Markets

The following table identifies the Company's largest markets by number of sites:

Major Market	Number of Properties	Total Sites	Percentage of Total Sites
Michigan	74	25,094	36.0%
Florida	27	12,990	18.6%
Indiana	18	6,616	9.5%
Texas	18	6,411	9.2%
Northeast	16	5,858	8.4%
Ohio	12	3,789	5.4%
West	10	4,356	6.2%
Other	13	4,675	6.7%

SUPPLEMENTAL MEASURES

In addition to the results reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"), we have provided information regarding NOI in the following tables. NOI is derived from revenues minus property operating and maintenance expenses and real estate taxes. We use NOI as the primary basis to evaluate the performance of our operations. A reconciliation of NOI to net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. is included in "Results of Operations" below.

We believe that NOI is helpful to investors and analysts as a measure of operating performance because it is an indicator of the return on property investment, and provides a method of comparing property performance over time. We use NOI as a key management tool when evaluating performance and growth of particular properties and/or groups of properties. The principal limitation of NOI is that it excludes depreciation, amortization, interest expense, and non-property specific expenses such as general and administrative expenses, all of which are significant costs, and therefore, NOI is a measure of the operating performance of our properties rather than of the Company overall. We believe that these costs included in net income (loss) often have no effect on the market value of our property and therefore limit its use as a performance measure. In addition, such expenses are often incurred at a parent company level and therefore are not necessarily linked to the performance of a real estate asset.

NOI should not be considered a substitute for the reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP. NOI should not be considered as an alternative to net income (loss) as an indicator of our financial performance, or to cash flows as a measure of liquidity; nor is it indicative of funds available for our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions. NOI, as determined and presented by us, may not be comparable to related or similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

We also provide information regarding Funds From Operations ("FFO"). We consider FFO an appropriate supplemental measure of the financial performance of an equity REIT. Under the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") definition, FFO represents net income, excluding extraordinary items (as defined under GAAP), and gain (loss) on sales of depreciable property, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization (excluding amortization of financing costs), and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Management also uses FFO excluding certain items, a non-GAAP financial measure, which excludes certain gain and loss items that management considers unrelated to the operational and financial performance of our core business. We believe that this provides investors with another financial measure of our operating performance that is more comparable when evaluating period over period results. A discussion of FFO, FFO excluding certain items, a reconciliation of FFO to net income (loss), and FFO to FFO excluding certain items are included in the presentation of FFO following our "Results of Operations."

The following table is a summary of our consolidated financial results which are discussed in more detail in the following paragraphs (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,									
		2013		2012		2011				
Real Property NOI	\$	203,176	\$	167,715	\$	146,876				
Rental Program NOI		58,481		47,084		37,991				
Home Sales NOI/Gross Profit		14,555		10,229		6,860				
Site rent from Rental Program (included in Real Property NOI)		(46,416)		(38,636)		(31,897)				
NOI/Gross profit		229,796		186,392		159,830				
Adjustments to arrive at net income (loss):										
Other revenues		14,773		11,455		10,445				
General and administrative		(35,854)		(28,353)		(27,275)				
Acquisition related costs		(3,928)		(4,296)		(1,971)				
Depreciation and amortization		(110,078)		(89,674)		(74,193)				
Asset impairment charge		_		_		(1,382)				
Interest expense		(76,577)		(71,180)		(67,939)				
Provision for state income taxes		(234)		(249)		(150)				
Distributions from affiliate		2,250		3,900		2,100				
Net income (loss)		20,148		7,995		(535)				
Less: Preferred return to A-1 preferred OP units		2,598		2,329		1,222				
Less: Preferred return to A-3 preferred OP units		166								
Less: Amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests		718		(318)		(671)				
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc.		16,666		5,984		(1,086)				
Less: Series A Preferred Stock Distributions		6,056		1,026						
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. common stockholders	\$	10,610	\$	4,958	\$	(1,086)				

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We report operating results under two segments: Real Property Operations and Home Sales and Rentals. The Real Property Operations segment owns, operates, and develops MH communities and RV communities concentrated in the midwestern, southern, and southeastern United States and is in the business of acquiring, operating, and expanding MH and RV communities. The Home Sales and Rentals segment offers manufactured home sales and leasing services to tenants and prospective tenants of our communities. We evaluate segment operating performance based on NOI and Gross Profit.

COMPARISON OF THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

REAL PROPERTY OPERATIONS - TOTAL PORTFOLIO

The following tables reflect certain financial and other information for our Total Portfolio for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Year Ended December 31,											
Financial Information (in thousands)		2013		2012		Change	% Change					
Income from Real Property	\$	313,097	\$	255,761	\$	57,336	22.4%					
Property operating expenses:												
Payroll and benefits		28,090		20,340		7,750	38.1%					
Legal, taxes, & insurance		4,769		3,216		1,553	48.3%					
Utilities		36,071		29,445		6,626	22.5%					
Supplies and repair		11,213		10,085		1,128	11.2%					
Other		7,494		5,753		1,741	30.3%					
Real estate taxes		22,284		19,207		3,077	16.0%					
Property operating expenses		109,921		88,046		21,875	24.8%					
Real Property NOI	\$	203,176	\$	167,715	\$	35,461	21.1%					

Other Information		2013	2012		Change
Number of properties		188	173		15
Developed sites		69,789	63,697		6,092
Occupied sites (1)(2)		55,459	50,412		5,047
Occupancy % (1)		89.7%	87.3%		2.4%
Weighted average monthly site rent - MH	\$	443	\$ 434	\$	9
Weighted average monthly site rent - RV ⁽³⁾	\$	380	\$ 406	\$	(26)
Sites available for development		6,339	6,969		(630)

4 - - CD- - - - - 21

The 21.1% growth in Real Property NOI consists of \$25.9 million from newly acquired properties and \$9.6 million from our Same Site properties as detailed below.

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Occupied sites and occupancy % include MH and annual RV sites, and excludes transient RV sites.

⁽²⁾ Occupied sites include 2,480 sites acquired during 2013 and 4,989 sites acquired in 2012.

 $^{^{(3)}}$ Weighted average rent pertains to annual RV sites and excludes transient RV sites.

REAL PROPERTY OPERATIONS – SAME SITE

A key management tool used when evaluating performance and growth of our properties is a comparison of all Properties owned and operated for the same period in both years ("Same Site"). The Same Site data may change from time-to-time depending on acquisitions, dispositions, management discretion, significant transactions, or unique situations.

In order to evaluate the growth of the Same Site communities, management has classified certain items differently than our GAAP statements. The reclassification difference between our GAAP statements and our Same Site portfolio is the reclassification of water and sewer revenues from income from real property to utilities. A significant portion of our utility charges are re-billed to our residents. We reclassify these amounts to reflect the utility expenses associated with our Same Site portfolio net of recovery.

The Same Site information in this comparison of the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 includes all Properties acquired on or prior to December 31, 2011 and which were owned and operated by the Company during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

	Year Ended December 31,											
Financial Information (in thousands)		2013		2012	Change		% Change					
Income from Real Property	\$	245,703	\$	233,858	\$	11,845	5.1 %					
Property operating expenses:												
Payroll and benefits		20,689		19,452		1,237	6.4 %					
Legal, taxes, & insurance		4,101		3,125		976	31.2 %					
Utilities		13,624		13,279		345	2.6 %					
Supplies and repair		9,279		9,687		(408)	(4.2)%					
Other		5,366		5,491		(125)	(2.3)%					
Real estate taxes		18,970		18,783		187	1.0 %					
Property operating expenses		72,029		69,817		2,212	3.2 %					
Real Property NOI	\$	173,674	\$	164,041	\$	9,633	5.9 %					

	As of December 31,									
Other Information	2013		2012		Change					
Number of properties	 159		159		_					
Developed sites	55,590		55,006		584					
Occupied sites (1)	46,908		45,224		1,684					
Occupancy % (1)(2)	88.9%	ı	87.1%	,	1.8%					
Weighted average monthly rent per site - MH	\$ 445	\$	433	\$	12					
Weighted average monthly rent per site - RV (3)	\$ 416	\$	409	\$	7					
Sites available for development	5,631		6,104		(473)					

As of December 31.

The 5.9% growth in NOI is primarily due to increased revenues of \$11.8 million partially offset by a \$2.2 million increase in expenses.

Income from real property revenue consists of MH and RV site rent, and miscellaneous other property revenues. The 5.1% growth in income from real property was due to a combination of factors. Revenue from our MH and RV portfolio increased \$10.7 million due to weighted average rental rate increases of 2.3% and due to the increased number of occupied home sites. This growth in revenue was partially offset by rent concessions offered to new residents and current residents converting from home renters to home owners. Additionally, other revenues increased \$1.1 million primarily due to increases in late fees and insufficient fund charges, cable television royalties, property tax revenues and utility income.

Property operating expenses increased approximately \$2.2 million, or 3.2%, compared to 2012. Of that increase, payroll and benefits increased by \$1.2 million primarily as a result of increased health insurance, workers compensation costs and salary increases. Legal, taxes and insurance increased \$1.0 million primarily due to \$0.6 million of increased property and casualty insurance and \$0.4 million of increased legal fees. Utility expense increased \$0.3 million primarily as a result of the increased gas and electric costs. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in supplies and repairs of \$0.4 million, which was primarily due to decreased lawn services and tree trimming/removal expense, decreased maintenance

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Occupied sites and occupancy % include MH and annual RV sites, and excludes transient RV sites.

⁽²⁾ Occupancy % excludes recently completed but vacant expansion sites.

⁽³⁾ Weighted average rent pertains to annual RV sites and excludes transient RV sites.

and repair expenses for water, irrigation and electric systems and decreased maintenance expenses for our clubhouses, garages, sheds and carports.

HOME SALES AND RENTALS

We acquire pre-owned and repossessed manufactured homes generally located within our communities from lenders and dealers at substantial discounts. We lease or sell these value priced homes to current and prospective residents. We also purchase new homes to lease and sell to current and prospective residents.

The following table reflects certain financial and other information for our Rental Program for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands, except for statistical information):

Vear Ended December 31

	Tear Ended December 31,							
Financial Information		2013		2012		Change	% Change	
Rental home revenue	\$	32,500	\$	26,589	\$	5,911	22.2 %	
Site rent from Rental Program (1)		46,416		38,636		7,780	20.1 %	
Rental Program revenue		78,916		65,225		13,691	21.0 %	
Expenses								
Commissions		2,507		2,207		300	13.6 %	
Repairs and refurbishment		9,411		9,002		409	4.5 %	
Taxes and insurance		4,446		3,467		979	28.2 %	
Marketing and other		4,071		3,465		606	17.5 %	
Rental Program operating and maintenance		20,435		18,141		2,294	12.6 %	
Rental Program NOI	\$	58,481	\$	47,084	\$	11,397	24.2 %	
	_							
Other Information								
Number of occupied rentals, end of period		9,726		8,110		1,616	19.9 %	
Investment in occupied rental homes	\$	355,789	\$	287,261	\$	68,528	23.9 %	
Number of sold rental homes		924		953		(29)	(3.0)%	
Weighted average monthly rental rate	\$	796	\$	782	\$	14	1.8 %	

⁽¹⁾ The renter's monthly payment includes the site rent and an amount attributable to the leasing of the home. The site rent is reflected in the Real Property Operations segment. For purposes of management analysis, the site rent is included in the Rental Program revenue to evaluate the incremental revenue gains associated with implementation of the Rental Program, and assess the overall growth and performance of Rental Program and financial impact to our operations.

The 24.2% growth in NOI is primarily as a result of the increased number of residents participating in the Rental Program and from increased monthly rental rates as indicated in the table above.

The increase in operating and maintenance expense of \$2.3 million was a result of several factors. Personal property and use taxes increased \$0.6 million and property and casualty insurance increased \$0.4 million, both due to the additional homes in the Rental Program, and bad debt expense increased \$0.5 million. Commissions increased \$0.3 million, primarily due to the increased number of new leases.

The following table reflects certain financial and statistical information for our Home Sales Program for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands, except for statistical information):

		Year Ended December 31,									
Financial Information		2013		2012	Change		% Change				
New home sales	\$	6,645	\$	5,380	\$	1,265	23.5%				
Pre-owned home sales		48,207		39,767		8,440	21.2%				
Revenue from homes sales	_	54,852		45,147		9,705	21.5%				
New home cost of sales		5,557		4,553		1,004	22.1%				
Pre-owned home cost of sales		34,740		30,365		4,375	14.4%				
Cost of home sales		40,297		34,918		5,379	15.4%				
NOI / Gross profit	\$	14,555	\$	10,229	\$	4,326	42.3%				
Gross profit – new homes	\$	1,088	\$	827	\$	261	31.6%				
Gross margin % – new homes		16.4%		15.4%		1.0%					
Gross profit – pre-owned homes	\$	13,467	\$	9,402	\$	4,065	43.2%				
Gross margin % – pre-owned homes		27.9%		23.6%		4.3%					
Statistical Information											
Home sales volume:											
New home sales		85		76		9	11.8%				
Pre-owned home sales		1,844		1,666		178	10.7%				
Total homes sold	<u> </u>	1,929		1,742		187	10.7%				

Home Sales NOI/Gross profit increased \$0.3 million on new home sales and \$4.1 million on preowned home sales. The increased profits are due to both an increase in volume of home sales and an increase in average selling price.

OTHER INCOME STATEMENT ITEMS

The following table summarizes other income and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 (amounts in thousands):

Year Ended December 31.

	2013	2012	Change	% Change
Ancillary revenues, net	\$ 1,151	\$ (180)	\$ 1,331	(739.4)%
Interest income	\$ 13,073	\$ 11,018	\$ 2,055	18.7 %
Brokerage commissions and other revenues	\$ 549	\$ 617	\$ (68)	(11.0)%
Real property general and administrative	\$ 25,941	\$ 20,037	\$ 5,904	29.5 %
Home sales and rentals general and administrative	\$ 9,913	\$ 8,316	\$ 1,597	19.2 %
Acquisition related costs	\$ 3,928	\$ 4,296	\$ (368)	(8.6)%
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 110,078	\$ 89,674	\$ 20,404	22.8 %
Interest expense	\$ 76,577	\$ 71,180	\$ 5,397	7.6 %
Distributions from affiliates	\$ 2,250	\$ 3,900	\$ (1,650)	(42.3)%

Ancillary revenues, net increased \$1.3 million primarily related to increases in our vacation rental income and golf course, restaurant and pro shop income, as a result of our acquisition of 14 RV communities during 2013.

Interest income increased primarily due to increases in interest income of \$1.3 million from collateralized receivables and \$0.7 million from installment note receivables.

Real property general and administrative costs increased primarily due to increased salaries, wages and bonus expense of \$2.1 million as a result of our acquisitions and increased headcount year over year, increased health insurance and workers compensation costs of \$0.5 million, increased deferred compensation of \$1.7 million due to awards of restricted stock to our executives and key employees, increased other expenses of \$0.9 million related to training and development, travel, consulting fees, software support and maintenance expenses, office expenses and rent, increased human resources expense of \$0.3 million primarily related to pre-employment costs and an update to our payroll processing server and increased legal expense of \$0.3 million.

Home sales and rentals general and administrative costs increased primarily due to increased salary expense of \$0.5 million, increased health insurance costs of \$0.2 million, increased commissions on home sales of \$0.3 million, increased advertising expense of \$0.3 million and increased utility expense of \$0.2 million.

Depreciation and amortization costs increased as a result of additional depreciation and amortization of \$9.5 million primarily related to our newly acquired properties (See Note 2 to our financial statements), \$6.9 million related to depreciation on investment property for use in our rental program, \$2.3 million related to the amortization of in place leases and promotions, and \$1.7 million related to the write off of the remaining net book value for assets replaced during the year.

Interest expense on debt, including interest on mandatorily redeemable debt, increased primarily due to an increase of \$1.8 million in our mortgage interest due to debt associated with the acquired properties (See Note 2 to our financial statements), an increase of \$1.5 million in amortized financing costs, an increase of \$1.3 million in interest expense on our secured borrowing arrangements, and an increase of \$0.9 million in interest on our lines of credit, partially offset by a decrease in preferred OP unit interest expense.

Distributions from affiliate decreased approximately \$1.7 million. We suspended equity accounting in 2010 on our affiliate, Origen, as our investment balance is zero. The income recorded in 2013 and 2012 is distribution income. The amount of the distribution is determined by Origen on a quarterly basis. See Note 7 to our financial statements.

COMPARISON OF THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

REAL PROPERTY OPERATIONS – TOTAL PORTFOLIO

The following tables reflect certain financial and other information for our Total Portfolio for the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011:

Year Ended December 31, 2012 2011 Change % Change Financial Information (in thousands) 255,761 \$ 223,613 \$ Income from Real Property 32,148 14.4% Property operating expenses: Payroll and benefits 20,340 17,312 3,028 17.5% Legal, taxes, & insurance 3,216 0.5% 3,200 16 Utilities 29,445 25,146 4,299 17.1% Supplies and repair 10,085 8,852 1,233 13.9% 5,753 4,680 1,073 22.9% Other Real estate taxes 19,207 17,547 1,660 9.5% 11,309 88,046 76,737 Property operating expenses 14.7% 167,715 146,876 20,839 Real Property NOI 14.2%

As of December 31,									
	2012		2011		Change				
	173		159		14				
	63,697		54,811		8,886				
	50,412		44,204		6,208				
	87.3%		85.3%		2.0%				
\$	434	\$	420	\$	14				
\$	406	\$	418	\$	(12)				
	6,969		6,443		526				
	•	173 63,697 50,412 87.3% \$ 434 \$ 406	173 63,697 50,412 87.3% \$ 434 \$ \$ 406 \$	2012 2011 173 159 63,697 54,811 50,412 44,204 87.3% 85.3% \$ 434 \$ 420 \$ 406 \$ 418	2012 2011 173 159 63,697 54,811 50,412 44,204 87.3% 85.3% \$ 434 \$ 420 \$ 406 \$ 418				

Occupied sites and occupancy % include MH and annual RV sites and excludes transient RV sites.

The 14.2% growth in NOI was primarily due to \$13.0 million from newly acquired properties and \$7.8 million from Same Site properties as detailed below.

Occupied sites include 4,989 sites acquired in 2012 and 4,814 sites acquired during 2011.

⁽³⁾ Weighted average rent pertains to annual RV sites and excludes transient RV sites.

REAL PROPERTY OPERATIONS – SAME SITE

The Same Site information in this comparison of the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 includes all properties acquired on or prior to December 31, 2010 and which were owned and operated by the Company during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

	Year Ended December 31,											
Financial Information (in thousands)		2012	2011		Change		% Change					
Income from Real Property	\$	207,849	\$	198,806	\$	9,043	4.5 %					
Property operating expenses:												
Payroll and benefits		16,696		16,223		473	2.9 %					
Legal, taxes, & insurance		2,652		2,993		(341)	(11.4)%					
Utilities		11,288		11,004		284	2.6 %					
Supplies and repair		8,428		8,163		265	3.2 %					
Other		4,807		4,310		497	11.5 %					
Real estate taxes		16,157		16,055		102	0.6 %					
Property operating expenses		60,028		58,748		1,280	2.2 %					
Real Property NOI	\$	147,821	\$	140,058	\$	7,763	5.5 %					

	 As of December 31,								
Other Information	2012		2011		Change				
Number of properties	 136		136		_				
Developed sites	48,222		47,850		372				
Occupied sites (1)	39,860		39,230		630				
Occupancy % (1)(2)	86.7%		85.8%		0.9%				
Weighted average monthly rent per site - MH (3)	\$ 437	\$	425	\$	12				
Weighted average monthly rent per site - RV (3)	\$ 453	\$	431	\$	22				
Sites available for development	4,908		5,247		(339)				

Occupied sites and occupancy % include MH and annual RV sites, and excludes transient RV sites.

Real Property NOI increased \$7.8 million, or 5.5%, compared to 2011. Income from real property revenue consists of manufactured home and RV site rent, and miscellaneous other property revenues. The 4.5% growth in income from real property was due to a combination of factors. Revenue from our manufactured home and RV portfolio increased \$9.5 million due to average rental rate increases of 2.8% and due to the increased number of occupied home sites. This growth in revenue was partially offset by rent concessions offered to new residents and current residents converting from home renters to home owners. Additionally, other revenues decreased \$0.5 million due to a decrease in cable television royalties and utility income partially offset by an increase in other charges and fees.

Property operating expenses increased \$1.3 million, or 2.2%, compared to 2011. Payroll and benefits increased by \$0.5 million due to increased salaries partially offset by decreased health and life insurance costs. Other expenses increased \$0.5 million primarily due to increased operational meeting expenses, general office expenses, security service expenses, regional manager travel expense and resident relations expenses. Supplies and repairs increased \$0.3 million primarily due to increased lawn services and community maintenance expenses. Utilities expenses increased \$0.3 million primarily due to increased cable, telephone and internet expenses, and real estate taxes increased \$0.1 million. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in property insurance of \$0.3 million.

Occupancy % excludes recently completed but vacant expansion sites.

⁽³⁾ Weighted average rent pertains to annual RV sites and excludes transient RV sites.

HOME SALES AND RENTALS

We acquire pre-owned and repossessed manufactured homes generally located within our communities from lenders and dealers at substantial discounts. We lease or sell these value priced homes to current and prospective residents. We also purchase new homes to lease and sell to current and prospective residents.

The following table reflects certain financial and other information for our Rental Program for the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands, except for statistical information):

	Year Ended December 31,							
Financial Information	2012		2011		Change		% Change	
Rental home revenue	\$	26,589	\$	22,290	\$	4,299	19.3%	
Site rent from Rental Program (1)		38,636		31,897		6,739	21.1%	
Rental Program revenue		65,225		54,187		11,038	20.4%	
Expenses								
Commissions		2,207		1,908		299	15.7%	
Repairs and refurbishment		9,002		8,080		922	11.4%	
Taxes and insurance		3,467		3,100		367	11.8%	
Marketing and other		3,465		3,108		357	11.5%	
Rental Program operating and maintenance		18,141		16,196		1,945	12.0%	
Rental Program NOI	\$	47,084	\$	37,991	\$	9,093	23.9%	
Other Information								
Number of occupied rentals, end of period		8,110		7,047		1,063	15.1%	
Investment in occupied rental homes	\$	287,261	\$	237,383	\$	49,878	21.0%	
Number of sold rental homes		953		789		164	20.8%	
Weighted average monthly rental rate	\$	782	\$	756	\$	26	3.4%	

⁽¹⁾ The renter's monthly payment includes the site rent and an amount attributable to the leasing of the home. The site rent is reflected in the Real Property Operations segment. For purposes of management analysis, the site rent is included in the Rental Program revenue to evaluate the incremental revenue gains associated with implementation of the Rental Program, and assess the overall growth and performance of Rental Program and financial impact to our operations.

The 23.9% growth in Rental Program NOI was primarily due to increased revenues of \$1.0 million, offset by increased expenses of \$1.9 million. Revenues increased primarily due to the increased number of residents participating in the Rental Program and from increased monthly rental rates as indicated in the table above.

The increase in operating and maintenance expense of \$1.9 million was due to several factors. Due to the increased number of occupied rental homes in the Rental Program, refurbishment costs for occupant turnover increased \$0.5 million, personal property and use taxes increased \$0.4 million, bad debt expense increased \$0.4 million and repair costs increased \$0.4 million. Commissions increased \$0.3 million due to the increased number of new and renewed leases. Those increases were partially offset by a \$0.1 million decrease in advertising costs.

The following table reflects certain financial and statistical information for our Home Sales Program for the year ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands, except for statistical information):

	Year Ended December 31,								
Financial Information	 2012			Change		% Change			
New home sales	\$ 5,380	\$	2,062	\$	3,318	160.9%			
Pre-owned home sales	39,767		30,190		9,577	31.7%			
Revenue from homes sales	 45,147		32,252		12,895	40.0%			
New home cost of sales	4,553		1,700		2,853	167.8%			
Pre-owned home cost of sales	 30,365		23,692		6,673	28.2%			
Cost of home sales	34,918		25,392		9,526	37.5%			
NOI / Gross profit	\$ 10,229	\$	6,860	\$	3,369	49.1%			
Gross profit – new homes	\$ 827	\$	362	\$	465	128.5%			
Gross margin % – new homes	15.4%		17.6%		(2.2)%				
Gross profit – pre-owned homes	\$ 9,402	\$	6,498	\$	2,904	44.7%			
Gross margin % – pre-owned homes	23.6%		21.5%		2.1 %				
Statistical Information									
Home sales volume:									
New home sales	76		28		48	171.4%			
Pre-owned home sales	 1,666		1,411		255	18.1%			
Total homes sold	 1,742		1,439		303	21.1%			

Home Sales NOI increased 49.1% compared to 2011. Gross profit on new home sales increased \$0.5 million and gross profit on pre-owned home sales increased \$2.9 million primarily due to increased sales volume.

OTHER INCOME STATEMENT ITEMS

The following table summarizes other income and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 (amounts in thousands):

Year Ended December 31.

	2012	2011	Change	% Change
Ancillary revenues, net	\$ (180)	\$ 7	\$ (187)	(2,671.4)%
Interest income	\$ 11,018	\$ 9,509	\$ 1,509	15.9 %
Brokerage commissions and other revenues	\$ 617	\$ 929	\$ (312)	(33.6)%
Real property general and administrative	\$ 20,037	\$ 19,704	\$ 333	1.7 %
Home sales and rentals general and administrative	\$ 8,316	\$ 7,571	\$ 745	9.8 %
Acquisition related costs	\$ 4,296	\$ 1,971	\$ 2,325	118.0 %
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 89,674	\$ 74,193	\$ 15,481	20.9 %
Interest expense	\$ 71,180	\$ 67,939	\$ 3,241	4.8 %
Distributions from affiliates	\$ 3,900	\$ 2,100	\$ 1,800	85.7 %

Ancillary revenues, net decreased primarily due increased costs related to the maintenance and operation of our golf courses, restaurants and pro shops and increased insurance, warranty and credit bureau expense, partially offset by increased revenue from our golf courses, restaurants and pro shops.

Interest income increased primarily due to increases in interest income of \$0.9 million from collateralized receivables and \$0.5 million from installment note receivables.

Home sales and rentals general and administrative costs increased primarily due to increased salary, commission and bonus costs.

Acquisition related costs increased by \$2.3 million. These costs have been incurred for both completed and potential acquisitions (See Note 2 to our financial statements).

Depreciation and amortization costs increased primarily due to increased depreciation on investment property for use in our Rental Program of \$4.9 million and increased other depreciation and amortization of \$10.6 million primarily due to the newly acquired properties (See Note 2 to our financial statements).

Interest expense on debt, including interest on mandatorily redeemable debt, increased primarily due to an increase in expense associated with our secured borrowing arrangements of \$0.9 million, an increase of \$4.2 million in our mortgage interest due to debt associated with the acquired properties (See Note 2 to our financial statements) and a higher rate on our FNMA debt and an increase of \$0.1 million in amortized financing costs, offset by a decrease of \$2.0 million in interest on our lines of credit.

Distributions from affiliate increased by \$1.8 million. We suspended equity accounting in 2010 on our affiliate, Origen, as our investment balance is zero. The income recorded in 2012 and 2011 is distribution income. The amount of the distribution is determined by Origen on a quarterly basis. See Note 7 of our financial statements

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS

We provide information regarding FFO as a supplemental measure of operating performance. FFO is defined by NAREIT as net income (loss) (computed in accordance GAAP), excluding gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable operating property, plus real estate-related depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Due to the variety among owners of identical assets in similar condition (based on historical cost accounting and useful life estimates), we believe excluding gains and losses related to sales of previously depreciated operating real estate assets, impairment and real estate asset depreciation and amortization, provides a better indicator of our operating performance. FFO is a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance because it reflects the impact to operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental rates, and operating costs, providing perspective not readily apparent from net income (loss). Management believes that the use of FFO has been beneficial in improving the understanding of operating results of REITs among the investing public and making comparisons of REIT operating results more meaningful. Management, the investment community, and banking institutions routinely use FFO, together with other measures, to measure operating performance in our industry. Further, management uses FFO for planning and forecasting future periods.

Because FFO excludes significant economic components of net income (loss) including depreciation and amortization, FFO should be used as an adjunct to net income (loss) and not as an alternative to net income (loss). The principal limitation of FFO is that it does not represent cash flow from operations as defined by GAAP and is a supplemental measure of performance that does not replace net income (loss) as a measure of performance or net cash provided by operating activities as a measure of liquidity. In addition, FFO is not intended as a measure of a REIT's ability to meet debt principal repayments and other cash requirements, nor as a measure of working capital. FFO only provides investors with an additional performance measure. FFO is compiled in accordance with its interpretation of standards established by NAREIT, which may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently.

The following table reconciles net income (loss) to FFO data for diluted purposes for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2013		2012		2011
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. common stockholders	\$	10,610	\$	4,958	\$	(1,086)
Adjustments:						
Preferred return to Series A-1 preferred OP units		2,598		2,329		1,222
Preferred return to Series A-3 preferred OP units		166		_		_
Amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests		718		(318)		(671)
Depreciation and amortization		111,083		90,577		75,479
Asset impairment charge		_		_		1,382
Gain on disposition of assets		(7,592)		(5,137)		(2,635)
Funds from operations ("FFO")	\$	117,583	\$	92,409	\$	73,691
Adjustments:						
State income tax adjustment ⁽¹⁾		_		_		(407)
Acquisition related costs		3,928		4,296		1,971
FFO excluding certain items	\$	121,511	\$	96,705	\$	75,255
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		34,228		26,970		21,147
Add:				·		
Common OP Units		2,069		2,071		2,075
Restricted stock		504		285		235
Common stock issuable upon conversion of Series A-1 preferred OP units		1,111		1,111		580
Common stock issuable upon conversion of Series A-3 preferred OP units		67		_		_
Common stock issuable upon conversion of stock options		15		17		16
Weighted average common shares outstanding - fully diluted		37,994		30,454		24,053
FFO per share - fully diluted	\$	3.11	Ф	3.05	\$	3.06
1	\$	3.11	\$	3.19	\$	
FFO per share excluding certain items - fully diluted	•	3.22	Ф	5.19	Ф	3.13

The state income tax adjustment for the period ended December 31, 2011 represents the reversal of the corporate and business tax expense previously excluded from FFO in a prior period.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our principal liquidity demands have historically been, and are expected to continue to be, distributions to our stockholders and the unitholders of the Operating Partnership, capital improvements of properties, the purchase of new and pre-owned homes, property acquisitions, development and expansion of properties, and debt repayment.

Subject to market conditions, we intend to continue to look for opportunities to expand our development pipeline and acquire existing communities. We also intend to continue to strengthen our capital and liquidity positions by continuing to focus on our core fundamentals, which are generating positive cash flows from operations, maintaining appropriate debt levels and leverage ratios, and controlling overhead costs. We intend to meet our liquidity requirements through available cash balances, cash flows generated from operations, draws on our secured credit facility, secured debt financing transactions, and the use of debt and equity offerings under our automatic shelf registration statement.

We completed six acquisitions in 2013 in which we acquired 15 properties in total, one MH community and 14 RV communities. See Note 2 to our financial statements for details on the acquisitions and Note 9 to our financial statements for related debt transactions. We will continue to evaluate acquisition opportunities that meet our criteria for acquisition. Should additional investment opportunities arise in 2014, we may finance the acquisitions through secured financing, draws on our credit facilities, the assumption of existing debt on the properties and/or the issuance of certain equity securities.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we invested \$59.3 million in the acquisition of homes intended for the Rental Program net of proceeds from third party financing from homes sales. Expenditures for 2014 will be dependent upon the condition of the markets for repossessions and new home sales, as well as rental homes. We finance new home purchases with a \$12.0 million floor plan facility. Our ability to purchase homes for sale or rent may be limited by cash received from third party financing of our home sales, available floor plan financing, operating cash flows and working capital available on our secured lines of credit.

Our cash flow activities are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	 Year Ended December 31,									
	2013		2012		2011					
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 114,683	\$	87,251	\$	63,311					
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	\$ (352,412)	\$	(375,219)	\$	(159,328)					
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	\$ 212,974	\$	311,619	\$	93,454					

Operating Activities

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$24.8 million from \$29.5 million as of December 31, 2012, to \$4.8 million as of December 31, 2013. Net cash provided by operating activities increased by \$27.4 million from \$87.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$114.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Our net cash flows provided by operating activities from continuing operations may be adversely impacted by, among other things: (a) the market and economic conditions in our current markets generally, and specifically in metropolitan areas of our current markets; (b) lower occupancy and rental rates of our properties; (c) increased operating costs, such as wage and benefit costs, insurance premiums, real estate taxes and utilities, that cannot be passed on to our tenants; (d) decreased sales of manufactured homes and (e) current volatility in economic conditions and the financial markets. See Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in this 10-K.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$352.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, compared to \$375.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2012. The decrease of \$22.8 million is primarily a result of less cash invested into acquisitions during 2013, partially offset by increased investment in properties, largely due to homes purchased for the Rental Program in recently acquired and expanded communities, costs incurred for the expansion of usable sites in our communities and an investment in a note receivable, which was extinguished in a net cash settlement during the acquisition of the properties upon which the note receivable was attributable to.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$213.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, compared to \$311.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2012. Cash provided by financing activities in 2012 includes \$82.2 million of cash received from the issuance of Series A Preferred Stock. No such issuance was done in 2013, which accounts for the majority of the \$98.6 million decrease in cash provided by financing activities.

We continually evaluate our debt maturities, and, based on management's current assessment, believe we have viable financing and refinancing alternatives that will not materially adversely impact our expected financial results. We continue to pursue borrowing opportunities with a variety of different lending institutions and have noticed that, although pricing and loan-to-value ratios remain dependent on specific deal terms, spreads for non-recourse mortgage financing are compressing and loan-to-value ratios are gradually increasing from levels a year ago. The unsecured debt markets are functioning well and credit spreads are at manageable levels. We continue to assess our debt maturities and financing needs in 2014 and beyond to try to best position the Company if current credit market conditions change.

Financial Flexibility

In May 2013, we entered into a credit agreement with Citibank, N.A. and certain other lenders consisting of a \$350.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Facility"), subject to certain borrowing base calculations, and a built in accordion allowing for up to \$250.0 million in additional borrowings. The Facility replaced our \$150.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility, which was scheduled to mature on October 1, 2014. As of December 31, 2013, we had an outstanding balance of \$178.1 million on the Facility. We did not have an outstanding balance on the Facility as of December 31, 2012. Borrowings under the Facility bear a floating interest rate based on Eurodollar plus a margin that is determined based on our leverage ratio calculated in accordance with the Facility agreement, which can range from 1.65% to 2.90%. During 2013, the highest balance on the Facility was \$178.1 million, and the highest balance on the previous senior secured revolving credit facility was \$110.2 million. The borrowings under the Facility mature May 15, 2017, which can be extended for one additional year at our option, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions as defined in the credit agreement. Although the Facility is a committed facility, the financial failure of one or more of the participating financial institutions may reduce the amount of available credit for use by us.

Our Facility provides us with the ability to issue letters of credit. Our issuance of letters of credit does not increase our borrowings outstanding under our line of credit, but it does reduce the borrowing amount available. At December 31, 2013, we had outstanding letters of credit to back standby letters of credit totaling approximately \$2.7 million, leaving approximately \$169.2 million available under the Facility.

Pursuant to the terms of the Facility, we are subject to various financial and other covenants. We are currently in compliance with these covenants. The most restrictive financial covenants for the Facility are as follows:

Covenant	Must Be	As of 12/31/13
Maximum Leverage Ratio	<68.5%	46.6%
Minimum Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	>1.40	2.19
Minimum Tangible Net Worth	>\$850,141	\$1,123,878
Maximum Dividend Payout Ratio	<95.0%	72.2%

Market and Economic Conditions

While the U.S. continues to see moderate signs of recovery including improvements in job growth, motor vehicle sales and the housing market, the improvements are somewhat inconsistent. The Federal Reserve's tapering of monetary stimulus which began in December 2013, and which has long suppressed long term interest rates, brings the risk of rising interest rates to the forefront which could move investor sentiment away from the real estate sector. The change in monetary policy could also be perceived as the precursor to real economic improvement which could bode well for real estate operations. Rising interest rates in the U.S as well as the slowing of quantitative easing by the Federal Reserve has also had a significant impact on global economies which were are also challenged by political and financial instability. Continued economic uncertainty, both nationally and internationally, causes increased volatility in investor confidence thereby creating similar volatility in the availability of both debt and equity capital. If such volatility is experienced in future periods, our industry, business and results of operations may be adversely impacted.

We anticipate meeting our long-term liquidity requirements, such as scheduled debt maturities, large property acquisitions, and Operating Partnership unit redemptions through the issuance of certain debt or equity securities and/or the collateralization of our properties. At December 31, 2013, we had 75 unencumbered properties with an estimated market value of \$676.1 million, 58 of these properties support the borrowing base for our \$350.0 million secured line of credit. From time to time, we may also issue shares of our capital stock, issue equity units in our Operating Partnership, obtain debt financing, or sell selected assets. Our ability to finance our long-term liquidity requirements in such a manner will be affected by numerous economic factors affecting the manufactured housing community industry at the time, including the availability and cost of mortgage debt, our financial condition, the operating history of the properties, the state of the debt and equity markets, and the general national, regional, and local economic conditions. When it becomes necessary for us to approach the credit markets, the volatility in those markets could make borrowing more difficult to secure, more expensive, or effectively unavailable. See "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A. If we are unable to obtain additional debt or equity financing on acceptable terms, our business, results of operations and financial condition would be adversely impacted.

Contractual Cash Obligations

Our primary long-term liquidity needs are principal payments on outstanding indebtedness. As of December 31, 2013, our outstanding contractual obligations, including interest expense, were as follows:

Payments Due By Period

(In thousands) **Contractual Cash Obligations Total Due** <1 year 1-3 years 3-5 years After 5 years Collateralized term loans - CMBS (1) 643,172 6,639 271,122 48,967 316,444 Collateralized term loans - FNMA 366,019 5,178 62,998 10,991 286,852 Aspen preferred OP Units and Series B-3 preferred OP Units 47,022 11,240 35,782 Lines of credit 181,383 3,283 178,100 Secured borrowing 110,510 4,871 11,358 13,562 80,719 Mortgage notes, other (2) 143,343 14,986 33,050 21,601 73,706 1,491,449 46,197 378,528 273,221 793,503 Total principal payments

Interest expense (3)	362,504	61,272	108,816	71,742	120,674			
Operating leases	2,511	918	1,593	_				
Total contractual obligations	\$ 1,856,464	\$ 108,387	\$ 488,937	\$ 344,963	\$ 914,177			
(1) Our contractual cash obligation related to our Collateralized term loans - CMBS excludes a \$1.7 million premium.								

As of December 31, 2013, our net debt to enterprise value approximated 45.8% (assuming conversion of all common OP units, A-1 preferred OP units and A-3 preferred OP units to shares of common stock). Our debt has a weighted average maturity of approximately 6.8 years and a weighted average interest rate of 5.0%.

Capital expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 included recurring capital expenditures of \$14.0 million and \$9.1 million, respectively. We are committed to the continued upkeep of our properties and therefore do not expect a significant decline in our recurring capital expenditures during 2014.

⁽²⁾ Our contractual cash obligation related to our Mortgage notes, other excludes a \$0.3 million discount.

⁽³⁾ Our contractual cash obligation related to interest expense is calculated based on the current debt levels, rates and maturities as of December 31, 2013 (excluding secured borrowings), and actual payments required in future periods may be different than the amounts included above.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations discuss our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. In preparing these financial statements, management has made its best estimate and judgment of certain amounts included in the financial statements. Nevertheless, actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Management believes the following critical accounting policies, among others, affect its more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements:

Investment Property

Investment property is recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation. We review the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used for impairment quarterly or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate a possible impairment. Circumstances that may prompt a test of recoverability may include a significant decrease in the anticipated market price, an adverse change to the extent or manner in which an asset may be used or in its physical condition or other such events that may significantly change the value of the long-lived asset. An impairment loss is recognized when a long-lived asset's carrying value is not recoverable and exceeds estimated fair value. We estimate the fair value of our long-lived assets based on future cash flows and any potential disposition proceeds for a given asset. Forecasting cash flows requires management to make estimates and assumptions about such variables as the estimated holding period, rental rates, occupancy, development and operating expenses during the holding period, as well as disposition proceeds. Management uses its best judgment when developing these estimates and assumptions, but the development of the projected future cash flows is based on subjective variables. Future events could occur which would cause us to conclude that impairment indicators exist, and significant adverse changes in national, regional, or local market conditions or trends may cause us to change the estimates and assumptions used in our impairment analysis. The results of an impairment analysis could be material to our financial statements.

Capitalized Costs

We capitalize certain costs incurred in connection with the development, redevelopment, capital enhancement and leasing of our properties. Management is required to use professional judgment in determining whether such costs meet the criteria for immediate expense or capitalization. The amounts are dependent on the volume and timing of such activities and the costs associated with such activities. Maintenance, repairs and minor improvements to properties are expensed when incurred. Renovations and improvements to properties are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives and construction costs related to the development of new community or expansion sites are capitalized until the property is substantially complete. Costs incurred to renovate repossessed homes for our Rental Program are capitalized and costs incurred to refurbish the homes at turnover and repair the homes while occupied are expensed. Certain expenditures to dealers and residents related to obtaining lessees in our communities are capitalized and amortized over a seven year period based on the anticipated term of occupancy of a resident. Costs associated with implementing our computer systems are capitalized and amortized over the estimated useful lives of the related software and hardware. Costs incurred to obtain new financing are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the related loan agreement using the straight-line method (which approximates the effective interest method).

Notes and Other Receivables

We make financing available to purchasers of manufactured homes generally located in our communities. The notes are collateralized by the underlying manufactured home sold. Notes receivable include both installment loans purchased by the Company as well as transferred loans that have not met the requirements for sale accounting which are presented herein as collateralized receivables (See Note 5 to our financial statements for additional information). For purposes of accounting policy, all notes receivable are considered one homogeneous segment, as the notes are typically underwritten using the same requirements and terms. Notes receivable are reported at their outstanding unpaid principal balance adjusted for an allowance for loan loss. Interest income is accrued based upon the unpaid principal balance of the loans.

Past due status of our notes receivable is determined based upon the contractual terms of the note. When a note receivable becomes 60 days delinquent, we stop accruing interest on the note receivable. The interest on nonaccrual loans is accounted for on the cash basis until qualifying for return to accrual. Loans are returned to accrual when all principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured. Loans on a nonaccrual status were immaterial at December 31, 2013 and 2012. The ability to collect our notes receivable is measured based on current and historical information and events. We consider numerous factors including: length of delinquency, estimated costs to lease or sell, and repossession history. Our

experience supports a high recovery rate for notes receivable; however there is some degree of uncertainty about the recoverability of our investment in these notes receivable. We are generally able to recover our recorded investment in uncollectible notes receivable by repossessing the homes on the notes retained by us and repurchasing the homes on the collateralized receivables, and subsequently selling or leasing these homes to potential residents in our communities. We have established a loan loss reserve based on our estimated unrecoverable costs associated with repossessed/repurchased homes. We estimate our unrecoverable costs to be the repurchase price of the home collateralizing the note receivable plus repair and remarketing costs in excess of the estimated selling price of the home being repossessed. A historical average of this excess cost is calculated based on prior repossessions/repurchases and is applied to our estimated annual future repossessions to create the allowance for both installment and collateralized notes receivable. See Note 5 to our financial statements for additional information.

We evaluate the collectability of a loan based on our ability to collect the scheduled payments of principal and interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. We generally see that if the obligor is delinquent on the loan they are also delinquent on site rent. If the scheduled payment is delinquent more than five to seven days, dependent on state law, we begin the repossession and eviction process simultaneously. This process generally takes 30 to 45 days; due to the short time frame from delinquent loan to repossession we do not evaluate the notes receivables for impairments. No loans were considered impaired as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

We evaluate the credit quality of our notes receivable at the inception of the receivable. We consider the following factors in order to determine the credit quality of the applicant - rental payment history; home debt to income ratio; loan value to the collateralized asset; total debt to income ratio; length of employment; previous landlord references; and FICO scores.

Other receivables are generally comprised of amounts due from residents for rent and related charges, home sale proceeds receivable from sales near year end and various other miscellaneous receivables. Accounts receivable from residents are typically due within 30 days and stated at amounts due from residents net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts outstanding longer than the contractual payment terms are considered past due. We evaluate the recoverability of our receivables whenever events occur or there are changes in circumstances such that management believes it is probable that it will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan and lease agreements. Receivables related to community rents are reserved when we believe that collection is less than probable, which is generally after a resident balance reaches 60 to 90 days past due.

Revenue Recognition

Rental income attributable to site and home leases is recorded on a straight-line basis when earned from tenants. Leases entered into by tenants are generally for one year terms but may range from month-to-month to two years and are renewable by mutual agreement from us and the resident, or in some cases, as provided by state statute. Revenue from the sale of manufactured homes is recognized upon transfer of title at the closing of the sales transaction. Interest income on notes receivable is recorded on a level yield basis over the life of the notes. We report certain taxes collected from the resident and remitted to taxing authorities in revenue. These taxes include certain Florida property and fire taxes.

Refer to Note 1 to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on certain critical accounting policies and estimate.

Impact of New Accounting Standards

See Note 18 to our financial statements, "Recent Accounting Pronouncements", within this Form 10-K.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements with any unconsolidated entities that it believes have or are reasonably likely to have a material effect on its financial condition, results of operations, liquidity or capital resources.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our principal market risk exposure is interest rate risk. We mitigate this risk by maintaining prudent amounts of leverage, minimizing capital costs and interest expense while continuously evaluating all available debt and equity resources and following established risk management policies and procedures, which include the periodic use of derivatives. Our primary strategy in entering into derivative contracts is to minimize the variability interest rate changes could have on our future cash flows. We generally employ derivative instruments that effectively convert a portion of our variable rate debt to fixed rate debt. We do not enter into derivative instruments for speculative purposes.

We have three derivative contracts consisting of one interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$20.0 million, and two interest rate cap agreements with a total notional amount of \$162.4 million as of December 31, 2013. The swap agreement fixed \$20.0 million of variable rate borrowings at 4.02% through January 2014. The first interest rate cap agreement has a cap rate of 11.27%, a notional amount of \$152.4 million, and a termination date of April 2015. The second interest rate cap agreement has a cap rate of 11.02%, a notional amount of \$10.0 million and a termination date of October 2016.

Our remaining variable rate debt totals \$344.0 million and \$222.5 million as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, which bear interest at prime or various LIBOR rates. If prime or LIBOR increased or decreased by 1.0% during the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, we believe our interest expense would have increased or decreased by approximately \$2.4 million and \$2.4 million based on the \$235.9 million and \$237.8 million average balances outstanding under our variable rate debt facilities for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Financial statements and supplementary data are filed herewith under Item 15.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures as defined in the rules promulgated under the Exchange Act. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, Gary A. Shiffman, and Chief Financial Officer, Karen J. Dearing, we evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2013. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of December 31, 2013, to ensure that information we are required to disclose in filings with the SEC under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms, and to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Design and Evaluation of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, we have included a report of management's assessment of the design and effectiveness of our internal controls as part of this Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. Our independent registered public accounting firm also attested to, and reported on, the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Management's report and the independent registered public accounting firm's attestation report are included in our 2013 financial statements under the captions entitled "Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting" and "Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm".

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarterly period ended December 31, 2013 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Board of Directors and Committees

At the Company's Annual Meeting of Shareholders held July 23, 2013, the Company's shareholders approved Articles of Amendment to our Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation, as amended and supplemented, under which the classification of our Board of Directors ("the Board") was eliminated and all directors will be elected annually for one-year terms beginning at our 2014 annual shareholders meeting.

The Board meets quarterly, or more often as necessary. The Board met five times during 2013 and took various actions pursuant to resolutions adopted by unanimous written consent. All directors attended at least 75% of the meetings of the Board and each committee on which they served. Except for Messrs. Paul D. Lapides and Ronald L. Piasecki, all of our board members attended the 2013 annual meeting.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Board increased the number of members of the Board from seven to eight as permitted under our bylaws and appointed Brian M. Hermelin to serve as a director of the Company until our 2014 annual shareholders meeting and until his successor is elected and qualifies. In addition, Mr. Hermelin has been appointed to the Audit Committee and Executive Committee of the Board, and has been designated as an audit committee financial expert.

Several important functions of the Board may be performed by committees that are comprised of members of the Board. Our bylaws authorize the formation of these committees and grant the Board the authority to prescribe the functions of each committee and the standards for membership of each committee. In addition, the Board appoints the members of each committee. The Board has four standing committees: an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee, and an Executive Committee. You may find copies of the charters of the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the Executive Committee under the "Investors-Officers and Directors" section of our website at www.suncommunities.com. You may also find a copy of our corporate governance guidelines and our code of business conduct and ethics under the "Investors-Officers and Directors" section of our website at www.suncommunities.com. All of the committee charters, our corporate governance guidelines and our code of business conduct and ethics are available in print to any shareholder who requests them.

The Audit Committee operates pursuant to a fourth amended and restated charter that was approved by the Board in April 2013, and is reviewed annually. It is available under the "Investors-Officers and Directors" section of our website at www.suncommunities.com. The Audit Committee, among other functions, (i) has the sole authority to appoint, retain, terminate and determine the compensation of our independent accountants, (ii) reviews with our independent accountants the scope and results of the audit engagement, (iii) approves professional services provided by our independent accountants, (iv) reviews the independence of our independent accountants, and (v) directs and controls our internal audit functions. The current members of the Audit Committee are Messrs. Robert H. Naftaly, Clunet R. Lewis (Chairman), Brian M. Hermelin and Ms. Stephanie W. Bergeron, all of whom are "independent" as that term is defined in the rules of the SEC and applicable rules of the NYSE. The Audit Committee held four formal meetings during the year ended December 31, 2013. The Board has determined that each member of the Audit Committee is an "audit committee financial expert", as defined by SEC rules.

The Compensation Committee operates pursuant to a charter that was approved by the Board in March 2004. A copy of the Compensation Committee Charter is available under the "Investors-Officers and Directors" section of our website at www.suncommunities.com. The Compensation Committee, among other functions, (i) reviews and approves corporate goals and objectives relevant to the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer and such other executive officers as may be designated by the Chief Executive Officer, evaluates the performance of such officers in light of such goals and objectives, and determines and approves the compensation of such officers based on these evaluations, (ii) approves the compensation of our other executive officers, (iii) recommends to the Board for approval the compensation of the non-employee directors and (iv) oversees our incentive-compensation plans and equity-based plans. The current members of the Compensation Committee are Messrs. Robert H. Naftaly (Chairman), Clunet R. Lewis and Paul D. Lapides, all of whom are independent directors under the NYSE rules. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Compensation Committee held two formal meetings and took various actions by unanimous written consent (see "Report of the Compensation Committee on Executive Compensation").

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (the "NCG Committee") operates pursuant to a charter that was approved by the Board in March 2004. A copy of the NCG Committee Charter is available under the "Investors-Officers and Directors" section of our website at www.suncommunities.com. The NCG Committee, among other functions, is responsible for (i) identifying individuals qualified to become Board members, consistent with criteria approved by the Board, (ii) recommending that the Board

select the committee-recommended nominees for election at each annual meeting of shareholders, (iii) developing and recommending to the Board a set of corporate governance guidelines applicable to us, and (iv) periodically reviewing such guidelines and recommending any changes, and overseeing the evaluation of the Board. The current members of the NCG Committee are Messrs. Paul D. Lapides (Chairman), Clunet R. Lewis and Ronald L. Piasecki, all of whom are independent under the NYSE rules. The NCG Committee held one formal meeting during the year ended December 31, 2013. The NCG Committee considers diversity and skills in identifying nominees for service on our Board. Regarding diversity, the NCG Committee considers the entirety of the board and a wide range of economic, social and ethnic backgrounds and does not nominate representational directors from any specific group.

The Executive Committee operates pursuant to a charter that was approved by the Board in January 2014. The Executive Committee was established to generally manage our day-to-day business and affairs between regular Board meetings. The Executive Committee has specific authority to approve any and all acquisitions and/or financings (including refinancings of existing debt) by us or our subsidiaries up to a maximum purchase price or loan amount of \$50 million per transaction. In no event may the Executive Committee, without the prior approval of the Board acting as a whole: (i) recommend to the shareholders an amendment to our charter; (ii) amend our bylaws; (iii) adopt an agreement of merger or consolidation; (iv) recommend to the shareholders the sale, lease or exchange of all or substantially all of our property and assets; (v) recommend to the shareholders our dissolution or a revocation of a dissolution; (vi) fill vacancies on the Board; (vii) fix compensation of the directors for serving on the Board or on a committee of the Board; (viii) declare distributions or authorize the issuance of our stock; (ix) approve or take any action with respect to any related party transaction involving us; or (x) take any other action which is forbidden by our bylaws or charter. All actions taken by the Executive Committee must be promptly reported to the Board as a whole and are subject to ratification, revision and alteration by the Board, except that no rights of third persons created in reliance on authorized acts of the Executive Committee can be affected by any such revision or alteration. The current members of the Executive Committee are Messrs. Gary A. Shiffman, Arthur A. Weiss and Brian M. Hermelin. The Executive Committee did not hold any formal meetings during the year ended December 31, 2013.

The Board oversees and implements its risk management function several different ways. Specifically, the Audit Committee discusses our risk assessment and risk management policies with the Chief Financial Officer and other accounting staff, our internal auditor and our independent accountants in conjunction with its review of our financial statements as they deem necessary. In addition, the Board discusses the general risks facing us, the risk factors disclosed in our annual and period reports and our risk management policies with our executive management team from time to time throughout the year. In the event that a specific risk is identified, the Board or the Audit Committee directs management to assess, evaluate and provide remedial recommendations to the Board or the Audit Committee.

Independence of Non-Employee Directors

The NYSE rules require that a majority of the Board consist of members who are independent. There are different measures of director independence—independence under NYSE rules, under Section 16 of the Exchange Act and under Section 162(m) of the Code. The Board has reviewed information about each of our non-employee directors and determined that Ms. Stephanie W. Bergeron and Messrs. Paul D. Lapides, Clunet R. Lewis, Robert H. Naftaly, Ronald L. Piasecki and Brian M. Hermelin are independent directors. The independent directors meet on a regular basis in executive sessions without management participation. In 2013, the executive sessions occurred after some of the regularly scheduled meetings of the entire Board and may occur at such other times as the independent directors deem appropriate or necessary. The Board appoints a lead director on an annual basis to serve for a term of one year. Clunet R. Lewis is currently serving as lead director. The lead director calls and presides at the executive sessions of our independent directors, acts as a liaison between our management team and the Board and is responsible for identifying, analyzing and making recommendations to the Board with respect to certain strategic and extraordinary matters.

Consideration of Director Nominees

Board Membership Criteria

The Board of Directors has established criteria for Board membership. These criteria include the following specific, minimum qualifications that the NCG Committee believes must be met by an NCG Committee-recommended nominee for a position on the Board:

- The candidate must have experience at a strategic or policymaking level in a business, government, non-profit or academic organization of high standing;
- · The candidate must be highly accomplished in his or her field, with superior credentials and recognition;

- The candidate must be well regarded in the community and must have a long-term reputation for high ethical and moral standards;
- The candidate must have sufficient time and availability to devote to our affairs, particularly in light of the number of boards on which the nominee may serve; and
- The candidate's principal business or occupation must not be such as to place the candidate in competition with us or conflict with the discharge of a director's responsibilities to us or to our shareholders.

In addition to the minimum qualifications for each nominee set forth above, the NCG Committee will recommend director candidates to the full Board for nomination, or present director candidates to the full Board for consideration, to help ensure that:

- A majority of the Board of Directors shall be "independent" as defined by the NYSE rules;
- · Each of its Audit, Compensation and NCG Committees shall be comprised entirely of independent directors; and
- At least one member of the Audit Committee shall have such experience, education and qualifications necessary to qualify as an "audit committee financial expert" as defined by the rules of the SEC.

Consideration of Shareholder Nominated Directors

The NCG Committee's current policy is to review and consider any director candidates who have been recommended by shareholders in compliance with the procedures established from time to time by the NCG Committee. All shareholder recommendations for director candidates must be submitted in writing to our Secretary at Sun Communities, Inc., 27777 Franklin Road, Suite 200, Southfield, MI 48034, who will forward all recommendations to the NCG Committee. All shareholder recommendations for director candidates for election at the 2015 annual meeting of shareholders must be submitted to our Secretary not earlier than the 120th day and not later than the 90th day prior to the first anniversary of the 2014 annual meeting provided, however, that if the 2015 annual meeting is more than 30 days earlier or later than the first anniversary of the 2014 annual meeting, notice by the shareholder must be delivered not earlier than the 120th day and not later than the 90th day prior to the date of the 2015 annual meeting or, if the first public announcement of the date of the 2015 annual meeting is less than 100 days prior to the date of the 2014 annual meeting, the tenth day following the day on which public announcement of the date of the 2015 annual meeting is first made by us. All shareholder recommendations for director candidates must include the following information:

- The shareholder's name, address, number of shares owned, length of period held and proof of ownership;
- The name, age, business and residential address, educational background, current principal occupation or employment, and principal occupation or employment for the preceding five full fiscal years of the proposed director candidate;
- A description of the qualifications and background of the proposed director candidate which addresses the minimum qualifications and other criteria for Board membership as approved by the Board from time to time;
- · A description of all arrangements or understandings between the shareholder and the proposed director candidate;
- The consent of the proposed director candidate (1) to be named in the proxy statement relating to our annual meeting of stockholders and (2) to serve as a director if elected at such annual meeting; and
- Any other information regarding the proposed director candidate that is required to be included in a proxy statement filed pursuant to the rules of the SEC.

Identifying and Evaluating Nominees

The NCG Committee may solicit recommendations for director nominees from any or all of the following sources: non-management directors, executive officers, third-party search firms or any other source it deems appropriate. The NCG Committee will review and evaluate the qualifications of any proposed director candidate that it is considering or has been recommended to it by a shareholder in compliance with the NCG Committee's procedures for that purpose, and conduct inquiries it deems appropriate into the background of these proposed director candidates. When nominating a sitting director for re-election, the NCG Committee will consider the director's performance on the Board and the director's qualifications in respect to the criteria set forth above.

Other than circumstances in which we are legally required by contract or otherwise to provide third parties with the ability to nominate directors, the NCG Committee will evaluate all proposed director candidates based on the same criteria and in substantially the same manner, with no regard to the source of the initial recommendation of the proposed director candidate.

Board of Directors

The following list identifies each incumbent director and describes each person's principal occupation for at least the past five years. Each of the directors has served continuously from the date of his or her election to the present time.

Name	Age	Office
Gary A. Shiffman	59	Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Stephanie W. Bergeron	60	Director
Paul D. Lapides	59	Director
Clunet R. Lewis	67	Director
Robert H. Naftaly	75	Director
Ronald L. Piasecki	74	Director
Arthur A. Weiss	65	Director
Brian M. Hermelin ⁽¹⁾	48	Director

⁽¹⁾ Mr. Hermelin was appointed effective January 1, 2014.

Gary A. Shiffman is our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and has been an executive officer since our inception. He is a member of our Executive Committee. He has been actively involved in the management, acquisition, construction and development of MH communities and has developed an extensive network of industry relationships over the past twenty years. He has overseen the acquisition, rezoning, development and marketing of numerous manufactured home expansion projects, as well as other types of income producing real estate. Additionally, Mr. Shiffman has significant direct holdings in various real estate asset classes, which include office, multi-family, industrial, residential and retail. Mr. Shiffman is an executive officer and a director of SHS and all of our other corporate subsidiaries. Mr. Shiffman is also a director of Origen.

Stephanie W. Bergeron has been a director since May 2007. She is currently a member of our Audit Committee. Ms. Bergeron, a certified public accountant, also serves as the President and Chief Executive Officer of Walsh College. Additionally, Ms. Bergeron serves as President and Chief Executive Officer of Bluepoint Partners, LLC, a firm providing financial consulting services. From December 1998 to December 2003, Ms. Bergeron served as Vice President and Treasurer and then Senior Vice President-Corporate Financial Operations of The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company ("Goodyear"). Prior to joining Goodyear, Ms. Bergeron was a Vice President and Assistant Treasurer of DaimlerChrysler Corporation. She has also served on Audit Committees of several publicly traded companies (including as chairman) and a number of not for profit organizations. During her business career, Ms. Bergeron directed staff responsible for accounting, treasury, investor relations and tax matters. Crain's Detroit Business named Bergeron one of its "Most Influential Women" in 1997 and in 2007.

Paul D. Lapides has been a director since December 1993. He is currently the chairman of our NCG Committee and a member of our Compensation Committee. Mr. Lapides is Director of the Corporate Governance Center in the Michael J. Coles College of Business at Kennesaw State University, where he is a professor of management and entrepreneurship. Mr. Lapides is a director of OnBoard, Inc., and a member of the advisory boards of the Newman Real Estate Institute at Baruch College and the National Association of Corporate Directors. Mr. Lapides has extensive knowledge and experience in the areas of real estate and corporate governance. Mr. Lapides, a certified public accountant, has been involved in real-estate related activities including the management of a \$3.0 billion national portfolio of income-producing real estate. As a published author or co-author of more than 100 articles and twelve books, Mr. Lapides is considered a well-respected authority in management and corporate governance related issues.

Clunet R. Lewis has been a director since December 1993. He is currently the chairman of our Audit Committee, a member of our Compensation Committee and our NCG Committee, and he serves as the Lead Independent Director. Mr. Lewis has also chaired Special Committees of our Independent Directors formed to review and evaluate strategic alternatives. Mr. Lewis is a retired commercial lawyer. While in private practice, Mr. Lewis specialized in mergers and acquisitions, debt financings, issuances of equity and debt securities, and corporate governance and control issues. Mr. Lewis has also served as Board Member, General Counsel, Chief Financial Officer, President, and Managing Director of other public and private companies.

Robert H. Naftaly has been a director since October 2006. He is currently the chairman of our Compensation Committee and a member of our Audit Committee. Mr. Naftaly is retired as President and Chief Executive Officer of PPOM, an independent operating subsidiary of Blue Cross Blue Shield of Michigan ("BCBSM") and as Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of BCBSM. Previously, Mr. Naftaly served as Vice President and General Auditor of Detroit Edison Company and was the Director of the Department of Management and Budget for the State of Michigan. He was a managing partner and founder of Geller, Naftaly, Herbach & Shapiro, a certified public accounting firm. In addition, Mr. Naftaly has served as a director of Meadowbrook Insurance Group, Inc. (NYSE:MIG) since 2002 where he is currently the Chairman of the Compensation Committee and a member of the Capital Strategy and Acquisition Committee. Mr. Naftaly previously served as a director of Walsh College, a non-profit institution that offers business and technology degrees and programs and since November 2013 has been a director emeritus of Walsh College. Mr. Naftaly also serves as a director and the chair of the Audit Committee at Talmer Bancorp, Inc. (NASDAQ: TLMR). Mr. Naftaly, a certified public accountant, draws upon a wide experience of board membership and leadership experiences. Mr. Naftaly was appointed by Governor Jennifer Granholm, as Chairperson, State Tax Commission of the State of Michigan in 2002. Mr. Naftaly is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Michigan Association of Certified Public Accountants. In 2002, he received the Distinguished Achievement Award from the Michigan Association of Certified Public Accountants.

Ronald L. Piasecki has been a director since May 1996, upon completion of our acquisition of twenty-five MH communities (the "Aspen Properties") owned by affiliates of Aspen Enterprises, Ltd. ("Aspen"). He is currently a member of our NCG Committee. Mr. Piasecki was a director of Aspen Properties, which he co-founded in 1974. From 1974 until its sale to us in 1996, Mr. Piasecki was the managing partner in charge of property financing, legal and accounting relationships, resident relations, lobbying and syndication and sale of registered private equity limited partnership and participating mortgage interests. Prior to our acquisition, Aspen was one of the largest privately-held developers and owners of manufactured housing communities in the U.S. Mr. Piasecki has been involved in real estate development and management since 1968 when he began working in the tax department of the then accounting firm of Lybrand, Ross Brothers and Montgomery in Detroit. Mr. Piasecki then practiced law, specializing in real estate development, syndication and management, until 1980 when he became a full time partner in Aspen. Mr. Piasecki is currently engaged in the financing, development and management of real estate properties.

Arthur A. Weiss has been a director since October 1996. He is a member of our Executive Committee. Since 1976, Mr. Weiss has practiced law with the law firm of Jaffe, Raitt, Heuer & Weiss, Professional Corporation, which represents us in various matters. Mr. Weiss is currently Chairman of the firm and a shareholder of Jaffe, Raitt, Heuer & Weiss, Professional Corporation. Mr. Weiss practices law in the area of business planning, taxation, estate planning and real estate law. Mr. Weiss is a director of several closely-held companies in the real estate industry, steel industry and technology industry and currently serves as a director of Talmer Bancorp, Inc. (NASDAQ: TLMR). Mr. Weiss is also a director and officer of a number of closely held public and private nonprofit corporations, which include the Detroit Symphony Orchestra, where he is on the executive committee, and serves as a treasurer and board member. Mr. Weiss received a MBA in finance and a post graduate LLM degree from New York University in taxation. In addition to being an author and frequent lecturer in the Detroit area, Mr. Weiss previously was an Adjunct Professor of Law at Wayne State University. Mr. Weiss was previously recognized as one of the nation's Top 100 Attorneys by Worth magazine and has been chosen over the last 10 years as one of the Super Lawyers.

Brian M. Hermelin was appointed, effective January 1, 2014, to serve as a director of the Company until the 2014 annual meeting of shareholders and until his successor is elected and qualifies. He is a member of our Audit Committee and Executive Committee. Mr. Hermelin is the Co-Founder and Managing Partner since 2007 of Rockbridge Growth Equity LLC, a private equity investment firm focusing on companies in the business services, financial services, sports, media and entertainment, and consumer direct marketing industries. He is also a co-founder and General Partner of Detroit Venture Partners, LLC, a venture capital firm based in Detroit, Michigan. From December 2000 to May 2011, Mr. Hermelin served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Active Aero Group/USA Jet Airlines Inc., an air charter and logistics firm that also operates an air charter service for freight and passenger air transport. In addition, he is the chair of the Audit Committee of Rock Ohio Caesars LLC.

In addition to each director's qualifications, experience and skills outlined in their biographical data above and the minimum Board qualifications set forth above, our NCG Committee looked for certain attributes in each director nominee and based on these attributes, and the mix of attributes of the other incumbent directors, determined that each director nominee should serve on our Board. The NCG Committee does not require that each director nominee possess all of these attributes but rather that the Board is comprised of directors that, taken together, provide us with a variety and depth of knowledge, judgment and experience necessary to provide effective oversight and vision. These attributes include: (a) significant leadership skills as a chief executive officer and/or relevant board member experience, (b) real estate industry experience, (c) transactional experience, especially within the real estate industry, (d) relevant experience in property operations, (e) financial expertise, and (f) legal or regulatory experience. The following table lists the attributes of each director, as determined by the NCG Committee:

Director	CEO/Board Experience	Real Estate Industry	Transactional Experience	Property Operations	Financial Expertise	Legal / Regulatory
Gary A. Shiffman	X	X	X	X	X	
Stephanie W. Bergeron	X		X		X	
Paul D. Lapides	X	X	X	X	X	X
Clunet R. Lewis	X	X	X		X	X
Robert H. Naftaly	X		X		X	
Ronald L. Piasecki	X	X	X	X	X	X
Arthur A. Weiss	X	X	X		X	X
Brian M. Hermelin ⁽¹⁾	X		X		X	

⁽¹⁾ Mr. Hermelin was appointed effective January 1, 2014.

To the best of our knowledge, as of the date of this Form 10-K, there are no material proceedings to which any director or nominee is currently a party, or has a material interest, adverse to the Company. Except as described below, to the best of our knowledge, during the past ten years: (i) there have been no events under any bankruptcy act, no criminal proceedings and no judgments or injunctions that are material to the evaluation of the ability or integrity of any director or nominee, (ii) no director or nominee has been the subject of a or a party to any judicial or administrative proceedings relating to an alleged violation of (a) mail or wire fraud; (b) fraud in connection with any business entity; (c) violations of federal or state securities, commodities, banking or insurance laws and regulations, and (iii) no director or nominee has been the subject of a or a party to any sanction or order of any self-regulatory organization, any registered entity (as defined in Section 1(a)(29) of the Commodity Exchange Act), or any equivalent exchange, association, entity or organization that has disciplinary authority over its members or persons associated with a member.

As announced on February 27, 2006, the SEC completed its inquiry regarding the accounting for our SunChamp investment during 2000, 2001 and 2002, and the entry of an agreed-upon Administrative Order (the "Order"). The Order required us to cease and desist from violations of certain non-intent based provisions of the federal securities laws, without admitting or denying any such violations. On February 27, 2006, the SEC filed a civil action against Mr. Shiffman, in his capacity as our Chief Executive Officer, Jeffrey P. Jorissen, our then (and now former as of February 2008) Chief Financial Officer and a former Controller in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan alleging various claims generally consistent with the SEC's findings set forth in the Order. On July 21, 2008, the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan approved a settlement whereby the SEC dismissed its civil lawsuit against Mr. Shiffman and our former Controller. The SEC concurrently reached a settlement with Mr. Jorissen.

Executive Officers

The persons listed below are our executive officers who served during the last completed fiscal year. Each is appointed by, and serves at the pleasure of, the Board.

Name	Age	Office
Gary A. Shiffman	59	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
John B. McLaren	43	President and Chief Operating Officer
Karen J. Dearing	49	Executive Vice President, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary
Jonathan M. Colman	58	Executive Vice President

Background information for Gary A. Shiffman is provided above. Background information for the other three current executive officers is set forth below.

John B. McLaren has been in the manufactured housing industry since 1995. He has served as our President since February 2014 and as our Chief Operating Officer since February 2008. From February 2008 to February 2014, he served as an Executive Vice President of the Company. From August 2005 to February 2008, he was Senior Vice President of SHS with overall responsibility for homes sales and leasing. Prior to that, Mr. McLaren was a Regional Vice President for Apartment Investment & Management Company ("AIMCO"), a Real Estate Investment Trust engaged in leasing apartments. Prior to AIMCO, Mr. McLaren spent approximately three years as Vice President of Leasing & Service for SHS with responsibility for developing and leading our Rental Program.

Karen J. Dearing joined us in October 1998 as the Director of Finance where she worked extensively with accounting and finance matters related to our ground up developments and expansions. Ms. Dearing became our Corporate Controller in 2002, a Senior Vice President in 2006, and Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer in February 2008. She is responsible for the overall management of our information technology, accounting and finance departments, and all internal and external financial reporting. Prior to working for us, Ms. Dearing had eight years of experience as the Financial Controller of a privately-owned automotive supplier and five years' experience as a certified public accountant with Deloitte.

Jonathan M. Colman joined us in 1994 as Vice President-Acquisitions and became a Senior Vice President in 1995 and an Executive Vice President in March 2003. A certified public accountant, Mr. Colman has over twenty years of experience in the manufactured housing community industry. He has been involved in the acquisition, financing and management of over 75 manufactured housing communities for two of the 10 largest manufactured housing community owners, including Uniprop, Inc. during its syndication of over \$90.0 million in public limited partnerships in the late 1980s. Mr. Colman is also a Vice President of all of our corporate subsidiaries.

To the best of our knowledge, as of the date of this Form 10-K, there are no material proceedings to which any executive officer is currently a party, or has a material interest, adverse to us. To the best of our knowledge, except with respect to Mr. Shiffman (as described above), during the past ten years: (i) there have been no events under any bankruptcy act, no criminal proceedings and no judgments or injunctions that are material to the evaluation of the ability or integrity of any executive officer, (ii) no executive officer has been the subject of a or a party to any judicial or administrative proceedings relating to an alleged violation of (a) mail or wire fraud; (b) fraud in connection with any business entity; or (c) violations of federal or state securities, commodities, banking or insurance laws and regulations, and (iii) no any executive officer has been the subject of a or a party to any sanction or order of any self-regulatory organization, any registered entity (as defined in Section 1(a)(29) of the Commodity Exchange Act), or any equivalent exchange, association, entity or organization that has disciplinary authority over its members or persons associated with a member.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act, requires our directors, executive officers and beneficial owners of more than 10% of our capital stock to file reports of ownership and changes of ownership with the SEC and the NYSE. Based solely on our review of the copies of such reports received by us, and written representations from certain reporting persons, we believe, that, during the year ended December 31, 2013, our directors, executive officers and beneficial owners of more than 10% of our common stock have complied with all filing requirements applicable to them, except that Mr. Arthur A. Weiss failed to timely file one report disclosing the sale of 1,368 shares of common stock by a trust of which he is a co-trustee.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Compensation Committee Composition and Charter

The Compensation Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities for determining the compensation offered to our executive officers. The Compensation Committee, among other functions:

- consults with executive management in developing a compensation philosophy;
- reviews and approves the goals and objectives relevant to the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers ensuring
 those goals are aligned with our short and long-term objectives;
- · reviews and approves salary, annual and long-term incentive compensation performance objectives and payments for the executive officers;
- evaluates the performance of the executives in light of the goals and objectives of our executive compensation plans and establishes future compensation levels based upon this evaluation;
- · reviews and approves grants and awards to the executive officers and other participants under our equity based compensation plans; and
- · reviews and approves any employment agreements and severance agreements to be made with any existing or prospective executive officer.

The Compensation Committee has the authority to retain and terminate independent, third-party compensation consultants and to obtain independent advice and assistance from internal and external legal, accounting and other advisors. The Compensation Committee did not engage a compensation consultant firm for 2013 compensation year. Each member of the Compensation Committee is independent under NYSE rules. A copy of the Compensation Committee Charter is available under the "Investors-Officers and Directors" section of our website at www.suncommunities.com.

In late 2010, the Compensation Committee engaged FPL Associates ("FPL"), a nationally recognized consulting firm specializing in the real estate industry, to: (1) assist the Compensation Committee with identifying a peer group; (2) assess the overall framework of our executive compensation program; (3) assess the compensation levels compared to the selected peer group; and (4) provide guidance and recommendations in establishing the overall compensation structure and individual compensation opportunities that were in place during 2010 and those established for 2011. The compensation of our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer were reviewed and compared to a Public REIT Peer Group (the "Peer Group") generally comparable to Sun in terms of asset class, size and/or geography. The Peer Group contained the following companies:

Associated Realty Corporation
Colonial Properties Trust
EastGroup Properties, Inc.
Equity LifeStyle Properties, Inc.
Glimcher Realty Trust
Home Properties, Inc.
Mid-America Apartment Communities, Inc.
Post Properties, Inc.
Ramco-Gershenson Properties Trust
UMH Properties, Inc.

The compensation data for each company was reviewed over a three-year period and compared to our compensation data for the same period. Each compensation component and total compensation of our three officers generally ranked between the 25th percentile to median of the total compensation levels of the Peer Group. The Compensation Committee believed this to be an appropriate level of compensation, although the Compensation Committee does not set a specific target level of compensation for our officers in relation to peers. As part of the review, FPL and the Compensation Committee discussed long-term equity plans with multi-year performance components including the types of programs being utilized in the marketplace, an analysis of all the peer long-term incentive plans, and key considerations with regards to such a plan for us. The Compensation Committee evaluated

the possibility of adding a long-term equity plan with multi-year performance metrics as a component of our compensation program in future years. FPL has not provided any other services to us.

Compensation Philosophy and Objectives

The goals and objectives of our executive compensation program are to attract and retain a skilled executive team to manage, lead and direct our personnel and capital to obtain the best possible economic results.

The executive compensation program supports our commitment to providing superior shareholder value. This program is designed to:

- attract, retain and reward executives who have the motivation, experience and skills necessary to lead us effectively and encourage them to make career commitments to us;
- base executive compensation levels on our overall financial and operational performance and the individual contribution of an executive officer to our success;
- · create a link between the performance of our stock and executive compensation; and
- position executive compensation levels to be competitive with other similarly situated public companies including the real estate industry in general
 and manufactured housing REITs in particular.

Annual salary and incentive awards are intended to be competitive in the marketplace to attract and retain executives. Stock options and restricted stock awards are intended to provide longer-term motivation which has the effect of linking stock price performance to executive compensation. Restricted stock is also intended to provide post-retirement financial security in lieu of other forms of more costly supplemental retirement programs. We have not implemented any policies related to stock ownership guidelines for our executive management or for members of the Board.

Role of Executive Officers in Compensation Decisions

The Compensation Committee makes all decisions regarding the compensation of executive officers, including cash-based and equity-based incentive compensation programs. The Compensation Committee reviews the performance, and determines the annual incentive compensation, of the Chief Executive Officer. The Compensation Committee and the Chief Executive Officer annually review the performance metrics of the short and long-term performance plans and the performance of the other executive officers. The conclusions reached and recommendations based on the reviews of the other executive officers, including with respect to annual incentive and equity award amounts, are presented by the Chief Executive Officer to the Compensation Committee, which can exercise its discretion in modifying any recommended incentive or equity awards. From time to time, the Compensation Committee may request our Senior Vice President of Human Resources or Chief Financial Officer to collect publicly available information on compensation levels and programs for executives. In addition, our Chief Financial Officer analyzes implications of various executive compensation awards or plan designs.

Compensation Components and Processes

In order to implement our executive compensation philosophy, the Compensation Committee exercises its independent discretion in reviewing and approving the executive compensation program as a whole, as well as specific compensation levels for each executive officer. Final aggregate compensation determinations for each fiscal year are generally made after the end of the fiscal year, after financial statements for such year become available. At that time, the Compensation Committee determines the annual incentive award, if any, for the past year's performance, sets base salaries for those executive officers whose base salaries are not bound by employment agreements for the following fiscal year and makes awards of equity-based compensation, if any. Prior to the engagement of FPL in late 2010, the Compensation Committee did not formally benchmark executive compensation but did, on occasion, review salary and compensation information for companies with comparable market capitalization, number of employees and business sectors as published in the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts Compensation Survey (the "NAREIT Survey") and various other compensation studies and surveys. The Compensation Committee used this information to gain a general understanding of current compensation practices and guidelines and did not tie its compensation decisions to any particular target or level of compensation noted in the NAREIT Survey or other surveys. The Compensation Committee considers (a) internal equity among executive officers, (b) market data for the positions held by these executives, (c) each executive's duties, responsibilities, and experience level, (d) each executive's performance and contribution to our success, and (e) cost to us when determining levels of compensation.

The Compensation Committee also considered the results of the advisory vote by shareholders on executive compensation, or the "say-on-pay" proposal, presented to shareholders at our July 23, 2013 Annual Meeting. As reported in our Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on July 29, 2013, approximately 98% of the shares that voted on the say-on-pay proposal approved our 2012 executive compensation. Based on the votes from our 2013 Annual Meeting, we will continue to offer an annual non-binding advisory vote on the executive compensation. Accordingly, the Compensation Committee made no direct changes to the Company's executive compensation program as a result of the say-on-pay vote and our executive compensation program for the year ended December 31, 2013 continued to focus on the factors and objectives described above.

The key components of executive officer compensation are base salary, annual incentive awards, and long-term equity incentive awards. Base salary is generally based on factors such as an individual officer's level of responsibility, prior years' compensation, comparison to compensation of other officers, and compensation provided at competitive companies and companies of similar size.

Annual incentive awards are cash bonuses that motivate the executive officers to maximize our annual operating and financial performance and reward participants based on annual performance. The Compensation Committee annually reviews the performance measures for determining award levels which include individual performance, our performance against budget and growth in FFO and CNOI, in each case as measured against targets established by the Compensation Committee. A definition of FFO and NOI is included under the heading "Supplemental Measures" in Item 7 of this Form 10-K, and CNOI is described further below. The Compensation Committee, in its sole discretion, may make adjustments to the NAREIT definition of FFO in determining FFO performance targets and achievement. The specific performance measures of the 2013 annual incentive award plan are further enumerated below.

Long-term equity incentive awards are provided to the executive officers in order to increase their personal stake in our success and motivate them to enhance our long-term value while better aligning their interests with those of other shareholders. Equity awards are generally awarded in the form of restricted stock although stock options are utilized from time to time. The value of the restricted shares awarded is the price of a share of our stock as of the close of business on the grant date. On an annual basis the Compensation Committee reviews and approves the equity incentives to be issued to each of the executive officers for the prior year's performance. There is no established target for long-term equity incentive awards for any of the executive officers either as a dollar value or percentage of their total compensation. Rather, the Compensation Committee reviews this component of each executive officer's total compensation on an annual basis. As such, during the year ended December 31, 2013, the Compensation Committee awarded 290,000, 15,000, 3,000 and 15,000 shares of restricted stock to Messrs. Shiffman, McLaren, Colman and Ms. Dearing, respectively. In February 2014, a grant of 8,000 shares of restricted stock was awarded to Mr. Colman. Restricted stock awards generally begin to vest after three to four years from the date of grant and then vest over the following four to five years. Our executive officers (as well as our employees that receive restricted stock awards) receive distributions on the restricted stock awards that have been granted to date, including restricted stock awards that have not vested.

Employment Agreements

Gary A. Shiffman

In June 2013, we entered into an employment agreement with Gary A. Shiffman, under which he serves as our Chief Executive Officer. He also served as our President until February 2014. We and Mr. Shiffman entered into a prior employment agreement in 2005, which expired on December 31, 2011 and was automatically renewed for a one-year term in both 2012 and 2013. This agreement supersedes the 2005 employment agreement. Mr. Shiffman's employment agreement has an initial term ending June 20, 2018 and will be automatically renewed for successive one year terms thereafter unless either party timely terminates the agreement. Pursuant to this employment agreement, Mr. Shiffman is paid an annual base salary of \$671,000, which will be increased by an annual cost of living adjustment on January 1 of each year of the term, beginning in 2014. In addition to his base salary, we may pay Mr. Shiffman annual incentive compensation in an amount up to 100% of his then current base salary, as follows: (i) if, in the sole discretion of the Compensation Committee of our Board, Mr. Shiffman fulfills his annual individual goals and objectives as approved by the Compensation Committee, he will receive incentive compensation in the amount of 25% of his then current base salary; (ii) if, in the sole discretion of the Compensation Committee, the Company achieves the FFO and financial budget objectives approved by our Board at the beginning of the applicable year, Mr. Shiffman will receive incentive compensation in the amount of 50% of his then current base salary; and (iii) the remaining 25% of the incentive compensation may be awarded to Mr. Shiffman in the sole discretion of the Compensation Committee for extraordinary performance during the applicable year. Incentive compensation paid or payable to Mr. Shiffman under the employment agreement shall not be deemed to be fully earned and vested, and must be repaid to the extent such incentive compensation becomes subject to clawback pursuant to the provisions of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, any rules promulgated thereunder or the rules and regulations of the New York Stock Exchange. The non-competition clauses of Mr. Shiffman's employment agreement preclude him from engaging, directly or indirectly: (a) in the real estate business or any other business competitive with our business during the period

he is employed by us; and (b) in the manufactured housing community business or any other business competitive with our business for a period of 18 months following the period he is employed by us. However, Mr. Shiffman's employment agreement does allow him to make passive investments relating to real estate in general. See "Change in Control and Severance Agreements" for a description of the terms of Mr. Shiffman's employment agreement relating to change in control and severance payments.

In connection with the execution of the employment agreement, and pursuant to a restricted stock award agreement, we also issued Mr. Shiffman 250,000 restricted shares of our common stock.

A copy of Mr. Shiffman's employment agreement is attached as an exhibit to our periodic filings under the Exchange Act.

Karen J. Dearing

On March 7, 2011 with an effective date of January 1, 2011 (the "Effective Date"), we entered into an employment agreement with Karen J. Dearing pursuant to which Ms. Dearing serves as our Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary, and Treasurer. Ms. Dearing's employment agreement is for an initial term commencing on the Effective Date and ending on December 31, 2015. The employment agreement is automatically renewable for successive one year terms thereafter unless either party timely terminates the agreement. Pursuant to the employment agreement, Ms. Dearing is paid an annual base salary of \$335,000 thereafter, subject to adjustments in accordance with the annual cost of living provided that if the base salary for the calendar year 2014 is less than 115% of the base salary for calendar year 2011, for 2014 and 2015 only, the annual increase in the base salary shall be the greater of five percent or the otherwise applicable cost of living adjustment. Upon signing the employment agreement, Ms. Dearing was paid a one-time signing bonus of \$150,000. In addition to her base salary and in accordance with the terms of her employment agreement and in sole discretion of the Compensation Committee, Ms. Dearing is eligible for annual incentive compensation of up to 50% of her base salary if certain annual individual and/or Company performance criteria, as established by the Compensation Committee in its sole discretion, are met and up to 50% of her base salary at the sole discretion of the Compensation Committee. The clawback clause of Ms. Dearing's employment agreement deems that the bonus payment or any other incentive compensation is not deemed fully earned and vested, and Ms. Dearing shall reimburse us if previously paid, to the extent such incentive compensation becomes subject to clawback pursuant to the provisions of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act or NYSE rules. The non-competition clauses of Ms. Dearing's employment agreement preclude her from engaging, directly or indirectly, in the development, ownership, leasing, management, financing, or sales of manufactured housing communities or manufactured homes anywhere in the continental United States or Canada during the period she is employed by us and for a period of up to twenty four months following the period she is employed by us; provided, however, that if Ms. Dearing is terminated without "cause" the period of non-competition shall be reduced to twelve months following the period she is employed by us. Notwithstanding, Ms. Dearing's employment agreement does allow her to make passive investments in publicly-traded entities engaged in our business during the period she is employed by us. See "Change in Control and Severance Payments" for a description of the terms of Ms. Dearing's employment agreement relating to change of control and severance payments.

A copy of Ms. Dearing's employment agreement is attached as an exhibit to our periodic filings under the Exchange Act.

John B. McLaren

On March 7, 2011 but effective as of the Effective Date, we entered into an employment agreement with John B. McLaren pursuant to which Mr. McLaren serves as our Chief Operating Officer. Since February 2014, he has also served as our President. Prior to that, he was our Executive Vice President. Mr. McLaren's employment agreement is for an initial term commencing on the Effective Date and ending on December 31, 2015. The employment agreement is automatically renewable for successive one year terms thereafter unless either party timely terminates the agreement. Pursuant to the employment agreement, Mr. McLaren is paid an annual base salary of \$345,000 in the first year, \$375,000 in the second year, \$400,000 in the third year, and \$425,000 thereafter, subject to adjustments in accordance with the annual cost of living. Upon signing the employment agreement, Mr. McLaren was paid a one-time signing bonus of \$150,000. In addition to his base salary and in accordance with the terms of his employment agreement and sole discretion of the Compensation Committee, Mr. McLaren is eligible for annual incentive compensation of up to 50% of his base salary if certain annual individual and/or Company performance criteria, as established by the Compensation Committee in its sole discretion, are met and up to 50% of his base salary at the sole discretion of the Compensation Committee. The clawback clause of Mr. McLaren's employment agreement deems that the bonus payment or any other incentive compensation is not deemed fully earned and vested, and Mr. McLaren shall reimburse us if previously paid, to the extent such incentive compensation becomes subject to clawback pursuant to the provisions of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act or NYSE rules. The non-competition clauses of Mr. McLaren's employment agreement preclude him from engaging, directly or indirectly, in the development, ownership, leasing, management, financing, or sales of manufactured housing communities or manufactured homes anywhere in th

is terminated without "cause" the period of non-competition shall be reduced to twelve months following the period he is employed by us. Notwithstanding, Mr. McLaren's employment agreement does allow him to make passive investments in publicly-traded entities engaged in our business during the period he is employed by us. See "Change in Control and Severance Payments" for a description of the terms of Mr. McLaren's employment agreement relating to change of control and severance payments.

A copy of Mr. McLaren's employment agreement is attached as an exhibit to our periodic filings under the Exchange Act.

2013 Compensation

The base salaries for the named executive officers for the year ended December 31, 2013, were paid in accordance with existing employment agreements or arrangements.

For 2013, the Compensation Committee established the following targets for the executive officers in relation to annual incentive awards. The achievement of such targets was used to determine a portion of the executive's annual incentive award. As indicated in each executive's employment agreement, the payment of any or all of the incentive compensation, whether or not set targets are achieved, is in the sole discretion of the Compensation Committee. The structure of the bonus plans for Mr. Shiffman and Ms. Dearing are set forth in the tables below:

CEO Bonus Plan				9	% of Salary		_		
	_		30%		60%	100%	_		
Item	All	ocation of Base Salary	Met		Exceed	Excel		Maximum Discretionary Award (2)	Total Bonus Awarded
Achievement of individual goals	\$	167,778	\$ 50,333	\$	100,667	\$ 167,778	\$	_	\$ 167,778
Company achievement of FFO (1)		335,555	\$ 100,667	\$	201,333	\$ 335,555	\$		
Compensation Committee Discretion (2)		167,778	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$	167,778	167,778
Total	\$	671,111							\$ 335,556

CFO Bonus Plan				9,	% of Salary			
			30%		60%	100%		
Item	Allo	ocation of Base Salary	Met		Exceed	Excel	Maximum Discretionary Award (2)	Total Bonus Awarded
Achievement of individual goals	\$	88,245	\$ 26,474	\$	52,947	\$ 88,245	\$ _	\$ 88,245
Company achievement of FFO (1)		176,490	\$ 52,947	\$	105,894	\$ 176,490	\$ 	_
Compensation Committee Discretion (2)		88,245	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$ 88,245	88,245
Total (1) See Target Level Table below for achievement ranges.	\$	352,980						\$ 176,490

⁽²⁾ The Compensation Committee has the discretion to award the CEO and CFO a cash bonus in any amount up to a maximum of 25% of their base salary.

The individual goals for Mr. Shiffman were focused on strategic leadership of the organization and communication of our mission and values, implementation of systems and processes that assure physical, financial and human resources of our organization, providing strategic planning and guidance for growth through acquisitions and expansions and opportunistically accessing capital markets to fund growth and strengthen the balance sheet. The individual goals for Ms. Dearing were focused on evaluation and implementation of strategies associated with our capital requirements and structure including debt and equity transactions, effectively leading our accounting, tax and information technology departments, and creating and communicating along with the other executive officers, our strategic vision. The Compensation Committee determined that for fiscal year 2013 both Mr. Shiffman and Ms. Dearing "excelled" in the achievement of their individual goals and as such, achieved annual incentive awards of \$167,778 and \$88,245, respectively, for the achievement of this target.

Based on the results achieved in 2013, including significant community acquisitions, financing transactions and diligent management of the Company's balance sheet, the Compensation Committee, elected to exercise its sole discretion to award Mr. Shiffman and Ms. Dearing additional discretionary amounts of \$167,778 and \$88,245, respectively, bringing their total annual incentive bonuses to \$335,556 and \$176,490, respectively.

The following tables provide a summary of the various target levels that we established compared to the actual results to evaluate the achievement of certain executive goals:

		larget Ranges									
Achievement Level	FFO	CNOI(2)	Revenue Producing Sites ("RPS")								
Met	\$3.19 - \$3.23	\$221,068,057	> 1,623								
Exceed	\$3.24 - \$3.27	\$222,173,397	> 1,673								
Excel	\$3.27 or greater	\$223,278,738	> 1,723								

		Company Results					
	Revised FFO(1)	CNOI ⁽²⁾	Revenue Producing Sites ("RPS")				
Result	\$3.16	\$219,673,284	1,885				
Achievement Level	Not Achieved	Not Achieved	Excel				

⁽¹⁾ The reconciliation for Revised FFO as deemed by the Compensation Committee is below.

The following table provides information regarding the Compensation Committee's calculation of Revised FFO (shown as diluted per share):

	Year Ended	Year Ended December 31, 2013		
Funds from operations (FFO)	\$	3.11		
Acquisition related costs		0.11		
Adjustment to reflect certain items including unbudgeted acquisitions and financing events		(0.06)		
Revised FFO as deemed by the Compensation Committee	\$	3.16		

Targets for FFO achievement were developed from the Company's budget including community acquisitions and common stock offerings completed through March 31, 2013. Adjustments were made to remove the operating results of properties acquired after March 31, 2013 including the assumed interest charge associated with the purchase price of the communities, as well as certain financing charges related to unbudgeted financing transactions.

We achieved Revised FFO/share of \$3.16 as adjusted by the Compensation Committee and as such Messrs. Shiffman and McLaren and Ms. Dearing did not receive an incentive payout with respect to this target.

The structure of the annual incentive plan for Mr. McLaren is set forth in the table below:

COO Bonus Plan	_			%	of Salary			_		
	_		30%		60%		100%			
Item	Alle	ocation of Base Salary	Minimum		Target	1	Maximum		Maximum Discretionary Award (2)	Total Bonus Awarded
CNOI(1)	\$	100,000	\$ 30,000	\$	60,000	\$	100,000	\$		\$ _
Company achievement of FFO		80,000	\$ 24,000	\$	48,000	\$	80,000	\$	_	_
Achievement of Revenue Producing Sites ("RPS")		20,000	\$ 6,000	\$	12,000	\$	20,000	\$	_	20,000
Compensation Committee Discretion (2)		200,000						\$	200,000	180,000
Total	\$	400,000								\$ 200,000

⁽¹⁾ See Target Ranges Table above for achievement ranges and definition of CNOI.

Combined net operating income for this purpose may not be the same as net operating income as disclosed in the accompanying financial statements as certain items that are not under Mr. McLaren's control or that are recorded solely for GAAP financial purposes are excluded from the computation of combined net operating income. Mr. McLaren achieved the maximum award for the achievement of revenue producing sites and did not achieve an annual incentive award for CNOI or FFO. The Compensation

⁽²⁾ CNOI is comprised of NOI/Gross Profit excluding any Gross Profit (Loss) on fixed asset home sales.

⁽²⁾ The Compensation Committee has the discretion to award the COO a cash bonus in any amount up to a maximum of 50% of his base salary.

Committee, in its sole discretion, elected to award Mr. McLaren a discretionary bonus of \$180,000 due to his significant efforts with respect to our core portfolio, acquired communities and leadership of the operations, sales and human resource departments.

For Jonathan M. Colman:

Mr. Colman's annual incentive award is determined in the sole discretion of the CEO and recommended to the Compensation Committee after review of his overall responsibilities, his individual performance during the year, the annual incentives of the other executive officers and his overall compensation. For the fiscal year 2013, the CEO recommended and the Compensation Committee approved an annual incentive award of \$135,000 related to his work on the acquisition of the 15 communities completed in 2013.

Tax and Accounting Implications

Deductibility of Executive Compensation.

Section 162(m) of the Code limits the deductibility on our tax return of compensation over \$1.0 million to any of our named executive officers. We believe that, because we qualify as a REIT under the Code and therefore are not subject to federal income taxes on our income to the extent distributed, the payment of compensation that does not satisfy the requirements of section 162(m) has not and will not generally affect our net income. However, to the extent that compensation does not qualify for deduction of section 162(m), a larger portion of shareholder distributions may be subject to federal income taxation as dividend income rather than return of capital. We do not believe that section 162(m) has materially affected or will materially affect the taxability of shareholder distributions, although no assurance can be given in this regard due to the variety of factors that affect the tax position of each shareholder. For these reasons, section 162(m) is not a significant factor in the Compensation Committee's compensation policy and practices. In 2013, we did not pay any compensation to any of our named executive officers that was subject to section 162(m).

409A Considerations.

We have also taken into consideration Code Section 409A in the design and implementation of our compensation programs. If an executive is entitled to nonqualified deferred compensation benefits that are subject to Section 409A, and such benefits do not comply with Section 409A, then the benefits are taxable in the first year they are not subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture. In such case, the executive is subject to regular federal income tax, interest and an additional federal income tax of 20% of the benefit includible in income.

Risks Arising from Compensation Policies and Practices

Our senior management has assessed the enterprise-wide risks facing us and processes and procedures to mitigate such risks. In connection with such enterprise risk management process, our compensation programs were assessed, including program features that could potentially encourage excessive or imprudent risk taking and the specific aspects of our compensation policies and procedures which mitigate some of the material risks that might otherwise arise from such policies and procedures. Following this review, our management, Compensation Committee and full Board of Directors affirmatively determined that there were no risks arising from the compensation policies and practices that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on us.

Director Compensation Tables

Directors who are also employees receive no additional compensation for their services as directors. During 2013, we paid directors that are not our employees the following annual fees:

	C	Chairman	Member		
Annual Retainer	\$	_	\$	60,000	
Audit Committee	\$	32,500	\$	30,000	
Compensation Committee	\$	10,000	\$	5,000	
NCG Committee	\$	10,000	\$	5,000	
Executive Committee	\$	5,000	\$	_	

The following tables provide compensation information for each member of the Board for the year ended on December 31, 2013.

	Fees	Earned or Paid in	Feb	ruary 2013 Restricted	
Name		Cash		Stock Award(1)	Total
Stephanie W. Bergeron	\$	90,000	\$	82,242	\$ 172,242
Paul D. Lapides	\$	75,000	\$	82,242	\$ 157,242
Clunet R. Lewis	\$	102,500	\$	82,242	\$ 184,742
Robert H. Naftaly	\$	100,000	\$	82,242	\$ 182,242
Ronald L. Piasecki	\$	65,000	\$	82,242	\$ 147,242
Arthur A. Weiss	\$	65,000	\$	82,242	\$ 147,242
Brian M. Hermelin ⁽²⁾	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _

⁽¹⁾ This column represents the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation ("FASB ASC Topic 718"). For additional information on the valuation assumptions with respect to these grants, refer to Note 11 to our financial statements.

⁽²⁾ Mr. Hermelin was appointed effective January 1, 2014.

Name	•	13 Restricted Stock	Aggregate number of options and restricted stock outstanding at December 31, 2013
Stephanie W. Bergeron	\$	82,242	10,900
Paul D. Lapides	\$	82,242	14,400
Clunet R. Lewis	\$	82,242	10,900
Robert H. Naftaly	\$	82,242	6,400
Ronald L Piasecki	\$	82,242	7,900
Arthur A. Weiss	\$	82,242	6,400
Brian M. Hermelin ⁽²⁾	\$	_	_

This column represents the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. For additional information on the valuation assumptions with respect to these grants, refer to Note 11 of our financial statements.

In February 2014, each of our non-employee directors was granted 2,000 shares of restricted stock as provided for in the First Amended and Restated 2004 Non-Employee Director Option Plan. All of the shares will vest on February 12, 2017.

⁽²⁾ Mr. Hermelin was appointed effective January 1, 2014.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table includes information concerning compensation for our named executive officers for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013:

						All Other	
Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	 Bonus (1)	S	tock Awards (2)	Compensation (3)	 Total
Gary A. Shiffman, Chairman,	2013	\$ 671,111	\$ 335,556	\$	13,717,600	\$ 49,249	\$ 14,773,516
Chief Executive Officer, and	2012	\$ 657,500	\$ 315,000	\$	769,200	\$ 59,666	\$ 1,801,366
President (4)	2011	\$ 637,385	\$ 637,385	\$	1,882,000	\$ 47,571	\$ 3,204,341
Karen J. Dearing, Executive Vice	2013	\$ 352,980	\$ 176,490	\$	685,350	\$ 3,753	\$ 1,218,573
President, Treasurer, Chief	2012	\$ 345,720	\$ 135,000	\$	204,000	\$ 5,502	\$ 690,222
Financial Officer and Secretary	2011	\$ 335,000	\$ 402,925	\$	834,575	\$ 5,145	\$ 1,577,645
John B. McLaren, Executive Vice	2013	\$ 400,000	\$ 200,000	\$	685,350	\$ 3,691	\$ 1,289,041
President and Chief Operating	2012	\$ 375,000	\$ 150,000	\$	408,000	\$ 5,279	\$ 938,279
Officer (4)	2011	\$ 345,000	\$ 381,150	\$	1,113,925	\$ 5,194	\$ 1,845,269
Jonathan M. Colman, Executive	2013	\$ 87,328	\$ 265,000	\$	137,070	\$ 2,759	\$ 492,157
Vice President	2012	\$ 195,388	\$ 175,000	\$	_	\$ 2,982	\$ 373,370
	2011	\$ 191,521	\$ 75,000	\$	_	\$ 2,210	\$ 268,731

⁽¹⁾ See "2013 Compensation" above for additional information regarding annual incentive payments awarded in 2013. Although the annual incentive payments were earned for 2013, 2012 and 2011 such payments were made in 2014, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The bonus in 2013 for Mr. Coleman includes \$130,000 of acquisition related commissions. The bonus in 2011 for Ms. Dearing and Mr. McLaren includes the \$150,000 signing bonus as provided for in their respective employment agreements.

⁽²⁾ This column represents the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. For additional information on the valuation assumptions with respect to these grants, refer to Note 11 of our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Includes matching contributions to our 401(k) plan of \$3,253, \$3,412, \$2,480 and \$3,251 for each of Messrs. Shiffman, McLaren, Colman and Ms. Dearing, respectively; for the year ended December 31, 2013. Includes matching contributions to our 401(k) plan of \$5,000, \$5,000, \$2,703 and \$5,000 for each of Messrs. Shiffman, McLaren, Colman and Ms. Dearing, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2012. Includes matching contributions to our 401(k) plan of \$3,862, \$4,900, \$1,916 and \$4,851 for each of Messrs. Shiffman, McLaren, Colman and Ms. Dearing, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2011. Also includes premiums for life insurance and accidental death and disability insurance in the amount of \$279 for each of Messrs. Shiffman, McLaren, Colman and Ms. Dearing for the year ended December 31, 2012; and \$294 for each of Messrs. Shiffman, McLaren and Colman and Ms. Dearing for the year ended December 31, 2011. Includes perquisites for sporting events valued in the amounts of \$2,717 and \$223 for Mr. Shiffman and Ms. Dearing, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2013. Includes perquisites for sporting events valued in the amounts of \$8,637 and \$223 for Mr. Shiffman and Ms. Dearing, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2012. Includes perquisites for sporting events valued in the amounts of \$3,415 for Mr. Shiffman for the year ended December 31, 2011. Includes \$43,000, \$45,750 and \$40,000 paid to Mr. Shiffman by Origen Financial, Inc. for service on its Board of Directors for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

⁽⁴⁾ Mr. McLaren was appointed to replace Mr. Shiffman as President of the Company in February 2014.

Grants of Plan Based Awards

We made the following grants of restricted shares of our common stock to certain named executive officers in 2013. The shares granted on June 20, 2013 to Mr. Shiffman in connection with his employment agreement vest 35% on June 20, 2016, 35% on June 20, 2017, 20% on June 20, 2018 and 5% on each of June 20, 2019 and June 20, 2020. The shares granted on February 15, 2013 to Messrs. McLaren and Colman and Ms. Dearing vest 20% on February 15, 2017, 30% on February 15, 2018, 35% on February 15, 2019, 10% on February 15, 2020 and five percent on February 15, 2021. One-third of the shares granted on February 15, 2013 to Mr. Shiffman vest on each of February 15, 2017, 2018 and 2019.

Name	Grant Date	All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares of Stocks or Units (#)	Grant Dat	e Fair Value of Stock Option Awards (1)
Gary A. Shiffman	2/15/2013	40,000	\$	1,827,600
	6/20/2013	250,000	\$	11,890,000
		290,000	\$	13,717,600
Karen J. Dearing	2/15/2013	15,000	\$	685,350
John B. McLaren	2/15/2013	15,000	\$	685,350
Jonathan M. Colman	2/15/2013	3,000	\$	137,070

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to SEC rules, this column represents the total fair market value of restricted stock awards, in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table provides certain information with respect to the value of all restricted share awards previously granted our named executive officers. None of the named executive officers hold any unexercised options.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End as of December 31, 2013

	Share Awa	Number of Shares or Units of Stock that Have Not Vested 3,502 Market Value of Shares or Units of Shares or Units of Stock that Have Not Vested (2) 149,325 (3)				
Name	of Stock that Have Not	Shares or Units of Stock that Have Not	_			
Gary A. Shiffman	3,502	\$ 149,325	(3)			
	1,000	\$ 42,640	(4)			
	40,000	\$ 1,705,600	(6)			
	50,000	\$ 2,132,000	(8)			
	20,000	\$ 852,800	(10)			
	40,000	\$ 1,705,600	(11)			
	250,000	\$ 10,660,000	(13)			
Karen J. Dearing	350	\$ 14,924	(4)			
	3,000	\$ 127,920	(5)			
	6,667	\$ 284,281	(6)			
	7,500	\$ 319,800	(7)			
	10,000	\$ 426,400	(8)			
	5,000	\$ 213,200				
	15,000	\$ 639,600	(12)			
John B. McLaren						
	3,000	\$ 127,920	(5)			
	6,667	\$ 284,281	(6)			
	12,500	\$ 533,000	(7)			
	7,500	\$ 319,800	(8)			
	10,000	\$ 426,400	(9)			
	15,000	\$ 639,600	(12)			
Jonathan M. Colman						
	500	\$ 21,320	(4)			
	3,000	\$ 127,920	(12)			

⁽¹⁾ All share awards begin to vest after either the third or fourth anniversary of the date of grant.

⁽²⁾ Value based on \$42.64, the closing price of our common stock on NYSE on December 31, 2013.

⁽³⁾ Shares will vest on July 15, 2014.

⁽⁴⁾ Shares will vest on May 10, 2014.

^{2,000} shares vest on February 5, 2014 and the remaining 1,000 shares will vest in two equal installments on February 5, 2015 and February 5, 2018.

⁽⁶⁾ The shares will vest in equal installments on July 30, 2014 and July 31, 2015.

One-third of the shares will vest on each of January 1, 2015, January 1, 2016 and January 1, 2017.

⁽⁸⁾ One-third of the shares vest on each of May 6, 2015, May 6, 2016 and May 6, 2017.

⁽⁹⁾ Twenty percent of the shares vest on February 20, 2016, 30% of the shares vest on February 20, 2017, 35% of the shares vest on February 20, 2018, 10% of the shares vest on February 20, 2019 and 5% of the shares vest on February 20, 2020.

One-third of the shares vest on each of December 14, 2016, December 14, 2017 and December 14, 2018.

- (11) One-third of the shares will vest on each of February 15, 2017, February 15, 2018 and February 15, 2019.
- (12) Twenty percent of the shares will vest on February 15, 2017, 30% of the shares will vest on February 15, 2018, 35% of the shares will vest on February 15, 2019, 10% of the shares will vest on February 15, 2020 and 5% of the shares will vest on on February 15, 2021.
- (13) Thirty-five percent of the shares will vest on June 20, 2016, 35% of the shares will vest on June 20, 2017, 20% of the shares will vest on June 20, 2018 and 5% of the shares will vest on each of June 20, 2019 and June 20, 2020.

Option Exercises and Stock Vested During Last Fiscal Year

The following table sets forth certain information concerning shares held by our named executive officers that vested during the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2013:

Stock Awards

	Stock Awards						
Name	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting		Value Realized on Vesting (1)				
Gary Shiffman	20,000	\$	1,019,500				
Karen J. Dearing	3,500	\$	150,868				
	3,333	\$	169,900				
John B. McLaren	3,500	\$	150,868				
	3,333	\$	169,900				

⁽¹⁾ Value based on the average of the high and low of the share price on the vesting date, or the next business day if the vesting date was on a weekend.

Change in Control and Severance Payments

Under their employment agreements, we are obligated to make severance and change in control payments to Mr. Shiffman, Mr. McLaren and Ms. Dearing under certain circumstances. If any such executive is terminated without "cause" as defined in his or her employment agreement, he or she is entitled to any accrued but unpaid salary, incentive compensation and benefits through the effective date of termination. In addition, subject to the execution of a general release and continued compliance with his or her non-competition and confidentiality covenants, Mr. Shiffman is entitled to a continuation of salary for up to 18 months after termination, and each of Ms. Dearing and Mr. McLaren is entitled to a continuation of salary for up to 12 months after termination. If Mr. Shiffman's, Mr. McLaren's or Ms. Dearing's employment is terminated due to death or disability, he or she or his or her successors and assigns, is entitled to any accrued but unpaid salary, incentive compensation and benefits through the effective date of termination. In addition, Mr. Shiffman, Mr. McLaren and Ms. Dearing are entitled to a continuation of salary for up to 24 months after death or disability.

If there is a change of control of the Company and any of the following events has occurred: (i) we terminate the employment of Mr. Shiffman, Mr. McLaren or Ms. Dearing within two years after the date of such change of control, (ii) the form of such change of control transaction is a sale by the Company of all or substantially all of its assets and the Company or its successor does not expressly assume the employment agreement of Mr. Shiffman, Mr. McLaren or Ms. Dearing, or (iii) in the case of Mr. Shiffman, less than two years remain under the term of his employment agreement, and in the case of Mr. McLaren or Ms. Dearing, less than 18 months remain under the term of his or her employment agreement, then we are obligated to pay Mr. Shiffman, Mr. McLaren or Ms. Dearing, as applicable, an amount equal to 2.99 times his or her then current base salary, and to continue to provide him or her health and insurance benefits for up to one year.

Under any of the foregoing events of termination or change of control, all stock options and other stock based compensation awarded to the applicable executive shall become fully vested and immediately exercisable.

The following tables describe the potential payments upon termination without cause, a termination due to death or disability or after a change of control (and associated termination of the executives) for the following named executive officers:

Termination Without Cause

			A	cceleration of Vesting of		
Name	C	ash Payment (1)		Stock Awards (2)	 Benefits (3)	Total
Gary A. Shiffman	\$	1,006,667	\$	17,247,965	\$ _	\$ 18,254,632
Karen J. Dearing	\$	352,980	\$	2,026,125	\$ _	\$ 2,379,105
John B. McLaren	\$	400,000	\$	2,331,001	\$ _	\$ 2,731,001
Jonathan M. Colman	\$		\$	_	\$ _	\$ _

Termination Due to Death or Disability

			Ac	celeration of Vesting of		
Name	Cas	sh Payment (1)		Stock Awards (2)	Benefits (3)	Total
Gary A. Shiffman	\$	1,342,222	\$	17,247,965	\$ _	\$ 18,590,187
Karen J. Dearing	\$	705,960	\$	2,026,125	\$ _	\$ 2,732,085
John B. McLaren	\$	600,000	\$	2,331,001	\$ _	\$ 2,931,001
Jonathan M. Colman	\$	_	\$	149,240	\$ _	\$ 149,240

Change of Control

			A	cceleration of Vesting of		
Name	Cas	sh Payment (1)		Stock Awards (2)	Benefits (3)	Total
Gary A. Shiffman	\$	2,006,622	\$	17,247,965	\$ 10,899	\$ 19,265,486
Karen J. Dearing	\$	1,055,410	\$	2,026,125	\$ 279	\$ 3,081,814
John B. McLaren	\$	1,196,000	\$	2,331,001	\$ 10,899	\$ 3,537,900
Jonathan M. Colman	\$	_	\$	149,240	\$ 	\$ 149,240

⁽¹⁾ Assumes a termination on December 31, 2013 and payments based on base salary without taking into account any accrued incentive based compensation as of December 31, 2013 for each executive for the periods specified above.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

None of the members of the Compensation Committee has been or will be one of our officers or employees. We do not have any interlocking relationships between our executive officers and the Compensation Committee and the executive officers and compensation committees of any other entities, nor has any such interlocking relationship existed in the past.

Compensation Committee Report

The Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis required by Item 402(b) of Regulation S-K with management and, based on such review and discussions, the Committee recommended to the Board that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this Form 10-K.

Respectfully submitted,
Members of the Compensation Committee:
Robert H. Naftaly
Clunet R. Lewis
Paul D. Lapides

⁽²⁾ Calculated based on a termination as of December 31, 2013 and the fair market value of our common stock on NYSE as of December 31, 2013.

⁽³⁾ Reflects continuation of health benefits, life insurance and accidental death and disability insurance for the periods specified above.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The following table sets forth, based upon information available to us, as of February 14, 2014, the shareholdings of: (a) each person known to us to be the beneficial owner of more than five percent (5%) of our common stock; (b) each of our directors; (c) each named executive officer listed in the Summary Compensation Table; and (d) all of our named executive officers and directors as a group:

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Outstanding Shares(1)
Gary A. Shiffman	•	-
27777 Franklin Road	2,159,898	(2) 5.89%
Suite 200	2,139,898	3.89%
Southfield, Michigan 48034		
John B. McLaren		
27777 Franklin Road Suite 200	57,320	*
Southfield, Michigan 48034		
Karen J. Dearing		
27777 Franklin Road	55,423	*
Suite 200	55,425	
Southfield, Michigan 48034		
Jonathan M. Colman		
27777 Franklin Road Suite 200	40,206	*
Southfield, Michigan 48034		
Paul D. Lapides		
27777 Franklin Road	10.074	(2)
Suite 200	18,874	(3)
Southfield, Michigan 48034		
Clunet R. Lewis		
27777 Franklin Road	68,176	(4) *
Suite 200 Southfield, Michigan 48034		
Ronald L. Piasecki		
27777 Franklin Road		
Suite 200	82,312	(5) *
Southfield, Michigan 48034		
Arthur A. Weiss		
27777 Franklin Road	754,777	(6) 2.08%
Suite 200 Southfield, Michigan 48034	, and the second se	
Robert H. Naftaly		
27777 Franklin Road		
Suite 2500	20,400	(7) *
Southfield, Michigan 48034		
Stephanie W. Bergeron		
27777 Franklin Road	18,400	(8)
Suite 200	,	
Southfield, Michigan 48034		
Brian M. Hermelin 27777 Franklin Road		
Suite 200	2,000	*
Southfield, Michigan 48034		
FMR LLC and Edward C. Johnson 3d (9)		
82 Devonshire Street	5,417,384	14.98%
Boston, MA 02109		
The Vanguard Group, Inc. (10)	4 474 075	12.270/
100 Vanguard Blvd. Malvern, PA 19355	4,474,075	12.37%
Vanguard Specialized Funds - Vanguard REIT Index Fund (11)		
100 Vanguard Blvd.	2,319,156	6.41%
Malvern, PA 19355	2,517,100	0.11/0
BlackRock, Inc. (12)		
40 East 52nd Street	2,755,142	7.62%
New York, NY 10022		
Anchor Capital Advisors LLC (13)		
One Post Office Square, Suite 3850	1,805,689	4.99%
Boston, MA 02109		
All executive officers and directors as a group (10 persons) (14)	2,682,151	7.30%

- * Less than one percent (1%) of the outstanding shares.
 - (1) In accordance with SEC regulations, the percentage calculations are based on 36,168,663 shares of common stock issued and outstanding as of February 14, 2014 plus shares of common stock which may be acquired pursuant to options exercisable, common OP Units and Aspen preferred OP Units of Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership that are indirectly convertible into common stock, within 60 days of February 14, 2014, by each individual or group listed. As of February 14, 2014, each Aspen preferred OP Unit was indirectly convertible into 0.397 shares of common stock.
 - (2) Includes: (a) 394,141 Common OP Units convertible into 394,141 shares of common stock; (b) 453,841 shares of common stock owned by certain limited liability companies of which Mr. Shiffman is a member and a manager, and (c) 141,794 Common OP Units convertible into 141,794 shares of common stock owned by certain limited liability companies of which Mr. Shiffman is a member and a manager.
 - (3) Includes 10,500 shares of common stock which may be acquired pursuant to options exercisable within 60 days of February 14, 2014.
 - (4) Includes (a) 20,000 Common OP Units convertible into 20,000 shares of common stock, and (b) 7,000 shares of common stock which may be acquired pursuant to options exercisable within 60 days of February 14, 2014.
 - (5) Includes: (a) 17,437 Common OP Units convertible into 17,437 shares of common stock, (b) 139,735 Series A-1 preferred OP Units convertible into 55,475 Common OP Units, which in turn were convertible into 55,475 shares of common stock as of February 14, 2014, and (c) 4,000 shares of common stock which may be acquired pursuant to options exercisable within 60 days of February 14, 2014.
 - (6) Includes (a) 16,938 Common OP Units convertible into 16,938 shares of common stock, (b) 2,500 shares of common stock which may be acquired pursuant to options exercisable within 60 days of February 14, 2014, (c) 453,841 shares of common stock owned by certain limited liability companies of which Mr. Weiss is a manager, (d) 141,794 Common OP Units convertible into 141,794 shares of common stock owned by a limited liability company of which Mr. Weiss is a manager, (e) 1,959 shares of common stock held by the 1997 Shiffman Charitable Remainder Unitrust for which Mr. Weiss is a Co-Trustee, and (f) 86,810 shares of common stock and 40,287 common OP Units convertible into 40,287 shares of common stock held by the Gary A. Shiffman 2012 Irrevocable Family Trust, of which Mr. Weiss is the Trustee. Mr. Weiss does not have a pecuniary interest in any of the 1997 Shiffman Charitable Remainder Unitrust, the Gary A. Shiffman 2012 Irrevocable Family Trust or the limited liability companies described above and, accordingly, Mr. Weiss disclaims beneficial ownership of the 542,610 shares of common stock and the 182,081 common OP Units held by such entities.
 - (7) Includes 2,500 shares of common stock which may be acquired pursuant to options exercisable within 60 days of February 14, 2014.
 - (8) Includes 7,000 shares of common stock which may be acquired pursuant to options exercisable within 60 days of February 14, 2014.
 - (9) According to the Schedule 13G/A for the year ended December 31, 2013 and filed with the SEC on February 14, 2014, both FMR LLC, in its capacity as a parent holding company or control person, and Edward C. Johnson 3d, the Chairman of FMR LLC, beneficially own 5,417,384 shares of our common stock.
 - (10) According to the Schedule 13G/A for the year ended December 31, 2013 and filed with the SEC on February 12, 2014, The Vanguard Group, Inc., in its capacity as an investment advisor, beneficially owns 4,474,075 shares of our common stock.
 - (11) According to the Schedule 13G/A for the year ended December 31, 2013 and filed with the SEC on February 4, 2014, Vanguard Specialized Funds-Vanguard REIT Index Fund, in its capacity as an investment advisor, beneficially owns 2,319,156 shares of our common stock.
 - (12) According to the Schedule 13G/A for the year ended December 31, 2013 and filed with the SEC on January 30, 2014, BlackRock, Inc., in its capacity as a parent holding company or control person, beneficially owns 2,755,142 shares of our common stock.
 - (13) According to the Schedule 13G/A for the year ended December 31, 2013 and filed with the SEC on February 6, 2014, Anchor Capital Advisors LLC, in its capacity as an investment advisor, beneficially owns 1,805,689 shares of our common stock.
 - (14) Includes (a) 630,597 common OP Units convertible into 630,597 shares of common stock, (b) 139,735 Series A-1 preferred OP Units convertible into 55,475 common OP Units, which in turn were convertible into 55,475 shares of common stock as of February 14, 2014, and (c) 33,500 shares of common stock which may be acquired pursuant to options exercisable within 60 days of February 14, 2014.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Relationship with Equity Affiliates

We have entered into the following transactions with Origen Financial Services, LLC ("OFS LLC"):

- Investment in OFS LLC. We entered into an agreement with four unrelated companies and we contributed cash of approximately \$0.6 million towards the formation of OFS LLC. OFS LLC purchased the loan origination platform of Origen. The purpose of the venture is to originate manufactured housing installment contracts for its members. We accounted for our investment in OFS LLC using the equity method of accounting which we have since suspended. As of December 31, 2013, we had an ownership interest in the OFS LLC of 22.9%, and the carrying value of our investment was zero.
- Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement. OFS LLC agreed to fund loans that meet our underwriting guidelines and then transfer those loans to us pursuant to a Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement. We paid OFS LLC a fee of \$650 per loan pursuant to a Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement which totaled approximately \$0.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2013. We purchased, at par, \$7.7 million of these loans during the year ended December 31, 2013.

We have entered into the following transactions with Origen:

- Investment in Origen. We own 5,000,000 shares of Origen common stock and Shiffman Origen LLC (which is owned by the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse's Marital Trust, Gary A. Shiffman (our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer), and members of Mr. Shiffman's family) owns 1,025,000 shares of Origen common stock. Gary A. Shiffman is a member of the Board of Directors of Origen and Arthur A. Weiss, our director, is a trustee of the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse's Marital Trust. We accounted for our investment in Origen using the equity method of accounting which we have since suspended. As of December 31, 2013 we had an ownership interest in Origen of approximately 19%, and the carrying value of our investment was zero.
- · Board Membership. Gary A. Shiffman, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer is a board member of Origen.

Lease of Principal Executive Offices

Gary A. Shiffman, together with certain of his family members, indirectly owns a 21% equity interest in American Center LLC, the entity from which we lease office space for our principal executive offices. Arthur A. Weiss owns a less than one percent indirect interest in American Center LLC. Under this lease agreement, we lease approximately 48,200 rentable square feet. The term of the lease is until October 31, 2016, with an option to renew for an additional five years. The base rent through October 31, 2014 is \$18.12 per square foot (gross). From November 1, 2014 to August 31, 2015, the base rent will be \$18.24 per square foot (gross) and from September 1, 2015 to October 31, 2016, the base rent will be \$17.92 per square foot (gross). As of May 2013, we also have a temporary lease through April 30, 2014 for approximately 10,500 rentable square feet with base rent equal to \$14.33 per square foot (gross). Our annual rent expense associated with the lease of our executive offices was approximately \$1.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 and \$0.7 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. Our future annual rent expense will be approximately \$0.9 million for 2014 and 2015 and \$0.7 million for 2016. Each of Mr. Shiffman and Mr. Weiss may have a conflict of interest with respect to his obligations as our officer and/or director and his ownership interest in American Center LLC.

Loan Funding Agreement with Talmer Bank

Each of Robert H. Naftaly and Arthur A. Weiss, who serve on our board of directors, is also a director of each of Talmer Bancorp, Inc. and its primary operating subsidiary, Talmer Bank. Each of Mr. Naftaly, Mr. Weiss and Mr. Shiffman also owns less than one percent of Talmer Bancorp, Inc.'s common stock. In January 2013, we entered into an agreement with Talmer Bank under which we could refer purchasers of homes in our communities to Talmer Bank to obtain loans to finance their home purchases. We did not receive referral fees or other cash compensation under the agreement. If Talmer Bank made loans to purchasers referred by us under the agreement, those purchasers defaulted on their loans and Talmer Bank repossessed the homes securing such loans, we agreed to purchase from Talmer Bank each such repossessed home for a price equal to 100% of the amount under each such loan, subject to certain adjustments; provided that the maximum outstanding principal amount of the loans subject to the agreement did not exceed \$10.0 million. In addition, we agreed to waive all site rent that would otherwise have been due from Talmer Bank so

long as it owned any homes on which loans were made pursuant to the agreement. The agreement expired November 1, 2013 and was not extended. No transactions occurred under this agreement.

Legal Counsel

During 2013, Jaffe, Raitt, Heuer, & Weiss, Professional Corporation acted as our general counsel and represented us in various matters. Arthur A. Weiss is the Chairman of the Board of Directors and a shareholder of such firm. We incurred legal fees and expenses owed to Jaffe, Raitt, Heuer, & Weiss of approximately \$3.2 million in the year ended December 31, 2013.

Tax Consequences Upon Sale of Properties

Gary A. Shiffman holds limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership which were received in connection with the contribution of 24 properties (four of which have been sold) from partnerships previously affiliated with him (the "Sun Partnerships"). Prior to any redemption of these limited partnership interests for our common stock, Mr. Shiffman will have tax consequences different from those on us and our public stockholders upon the sale of any of the Sun Partnerships. Therefore, we and Mr. Shiffman may have different objectives regarding the appropriate pricing and timing of any sale of those properties.

Policies and Procedures for Approval of Related Party Transactions

None of our executive officers or directors (or any family member or affiliate of such executive officer or director) may enter into any transaction or arrangement with us that reasonably could be expected to give rise to a conflict of interest without the prior approval of the NCG Committee. Any such transaction or arrangement must be promptly reported to the NCG Committee or the full Board. Any such disclosure provided by an executive officer or director is reviewed by the NCG Committee and approved or disapproved. In determining whether to approve such a transaction or arrangement, the NCG Committee takes into account, among other factors, whether the transaction was on terms no less favorable to us than terms generally available to third parties and the extent of the executive officer's or director's involvement in such transaction or arrangement.

The current policy was adopted and approved in 2004. All related party transactions disclosed above were approved by either the NCG Committee or the full Board.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

Fees

Aggregate fees for professional services rendered by Grant Thornton, LLP, our independent auditors, for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 were as follows:

Category	De	ecember 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Audit Fees: For professional services rendered for the audit of the Company's financial statements, the audit of internal controls relating to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, the reviews of the quarterly financial statements and consents	\$	569.376	\$ 734,170
Audit-Related Fees: For professional services rendered for accounting assistance with new accounting standards and potential transactions and other SEC related matters	\$	123,204	\$ 7,019
Tax Fees	\$	_	\$ _
All Other Fees	\$	_	\$ _

The Audit Committee has a policy concerning the pre-approval of audit and non-audit services to be provided by our independent auditors. The policy requires that all services provided by the independent auditors to us, including audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services, must be pre-approved by the Audit Committee. In some cases, pre-approval is provided by the full Audit Committee for up to a year, and relates to a particular category or group of services and is subject to a particular budget. In other cases, specific pre-approval is required. All of the services provided by our independent auditor in 2013 and 2012 including services related to audit, audit-related fees, tax fees and all other fees described above, were approved by the Audit Committee under its pre-approval policies.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

The following documents are filed herewith as part of this Form 10-K:

1. Financial Statements.

A list of the financial statements required to be filed as a part of this Form 10 -K is shown in the "Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules" filed herewith.

2. Financial Schedules

A list of the financial statement schedules required to be filed as a part of this Form 10 -K is shown in the "Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules" filed herewith.

3. Exhibits.

A list of the exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K to be filed as a part of this Form 10-K is shown on the "Exhibit Index" filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

	(Registra	ant)	
February 20, 2014	Ву	/s/	Gary A. Shiffman
	_		Gary A. Shiffman
			Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Annual Report on Form 10-K has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

	Name	Capacity	Date
/s/	Gary A. Shiffman	Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors (Principal Executive Officer)	February 20, 2014
	Gary A. Shiffman		
		Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer,	
		Secretary (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting	February 20, 2014
/s/	Karen J. Dearing	Officer)	
	Karen J. Dearing		
/s/	Stephanie W. Bergeron	Director	February 20, 2014
	Stephanie W. Bergeron		
/s/	Paul D. Lapides	Director	February 20, 2014
	Paul D. Lapides		
/s/	Clunet R. Lewis	Director	February 20, 2014
	Clunet R. Lewis		
/s/	Robert H. Naftaly	Director	February 20, 2014
	Robert H. Naftaly		
/s/	Ronald L. Piasecki	Director	February 20, 2014
	Ronald L. Piasecki		
/s/	Arthur A. Weiss	Director	February 20, 2014
-	Arthur A. Weiss		
/s/	Brian M. Hermelin	Director	February 20, 2014
	Brian M. Hermelin		

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description	Method of Filing
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Sun Communities, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement No. 33 69340
3.2	Articles Supplementary, dated October 16, 2006	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 16, 2006
3.3	Articles of Amendment dated June 13, 1997	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form 8-A dated November 9, 2012
3.4	Articles Supplementary designating 7.125% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock dated November 9, 2012	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form 8-A dated November 9, 2012
3.5	Articles of Amendment dated July 24, 2013	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 23, 2013
3.6	Second Amended and Restated Bylaws	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 23, 2013
4.1	Articles Supplementary of Board of Directors of Sun Communities, Inc. Designating a Series of Preferred Stock	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 29, 1999
4.2	Articles Supplementary of Board of Directors Classifying and Designating a Series of Preferred Stock as Junior Participating Preferred Stock and Fixing Distribution and Other Preferences and Rights of Such Series	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form 8-A dated June 3, 2008
4.3	Rights Agreement, dated as of June 2, 2008, between Sun Communities, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as Rights Agent	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form 8-A dated June 3, 2008
4.4	Sun Communities, Inc. Equity Incentive Plan#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 22, 2009
4.7	Registration Rights Agreement dated June 23, 2011 among Sun Communities, Inc., and the holders of Series A-1 Preferred Units that are parties thereto	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 23, 2011
4.8	First Amendment to Registration Rights Agreement dated as of February 3, 2014 among Sun Communities, Inc., and the holders of Series A-1 Preferred Units that are parties thereto	Filed herewith
4.9	Form of certificate evidencing common stock	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form 8-A dated November 9, 2012
4.10	Form of certificate evidencing 7.125% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement on Form 8-A dated November 9, 2012
4.11	Articles Supplementary canceling and reclassifying 9.125% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Perpetual Preferred Stock dated November 9, 2012	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 9, 2012
4.12	Registration Rights Agreement dated February 8, 2013 among Sun Communities, Inc., and the holders of Series A-3 Preferred Units that are parties thereto	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 6, 2013
10.1	Form of Stock Option Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and certain directors, officers and other individuals#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement No. 33 69340
10.2	Amended and Restated 1993 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement No. 33 80972
10.3	Form of Non-Employee Director Stock Option Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and certain directors#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Registration Statement No. 33 80972
10.4	Second Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1996
10.5	Long Term Incentive Plan#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997

10.6	Second Amended and Restated 1993 Stock Option Plan#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Proxy Statement, dated April 20, 1999
10.7	One Hundred Third Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of the Operating Partnership	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated September 29, 1999
10.8	One Hundred Eleventh Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of the Operating Partnership	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001
10.9	One Hundred Thirty-Sixth Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of the Operating Partnership	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001
10.10	One Hundred Forty-Fifth Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of the Operating Partnership	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001
10.11	Lease, dated November 1, 2002, by and between the Operating Partnership as Tenant and American Center LLC as Landlord	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, December 31, 2002, as amended
10.12	Fixed Facility Note dated April 5, 2004 made by Sun Secured Financing LLC, Aspen - Ft. Collins Limited Partnership and Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, in favor of ARCS Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., in the original principal amount of \$77,362,500	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2004
10.13	Fixed Facility Note dated April 28, 2004 made by Sun Secured Financing LLC, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Aspen - Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC and Sun Saddle Oak LLC, in favor of ARCS Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., in the original principal amount of \$100,000,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2004
10.14	Variable Facility Note dated April 28, 2004 made by Sun Secured Financing LLC, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Aspen - Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC and Sun Saddle Oak LLC, in favor of ARCS Commercial Mortgage Co., L.P., in the original principal amount of \$60,275,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2004
10.15	One Hundred Seventy-Second Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of the Operating Partnership	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004
10.16	Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004
10.17	Future Advance, Renewal and Consolidation Promissory Note dated November 15, 2006 made by Miami Lakes Venture Associates in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB in the original principal amount of \$54,000,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007
10.18	Notice of Future Advance, Mortgage Modification, Extension and Spreader Agreement and Security Agreement dated November 15, 2006 made by Miami Lakes Venture Associates in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007
10.19	Promissory Note dated January 4, 2007 made by High Point Associates, L.P., in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB in the original principal amount of \$17,500,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007
10.20	Mortgage and Security Agreement dated January 4, 2007 made by High Point Associates, L.P., in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007
10.21	Promissory Note dated January 5, 2007 made by Sea Breeze Limited Partnership in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB in the original principal amount of \$20,000,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007
10.22	Mortgage and Security Agreement dated January 5, 2007 made by Sea Breeze Limited Partnership in favor of Lehman Brothers Bank, FSB	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007
10.23	Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and John B. McLaren, dated February 5, 2008#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 4, 2008
10.24	Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Sun Communities, Inc. and Karen J. Dearing, dated February 5, 2008#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 4, 2008
10.25	Loan Agreement dated March 1, 2011 among Sun Siesta Bay LLC, Sun Pheasant Ridge Limited Partnership, Sun/York L.L.C., Sun Richmond LLC, Sun Groves LLC, Sun Lake Juliana LLC, Sun Lake San Marino LLC, Sun Candlelight Village LLC, Sun Southfork LLC, Sun Four Seasons LLC and Sun Lafayette Place LLC, as Borrowers, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, as Lender	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 1, 2011

10.26	Promissory Note dated March 1, 2011 in the principal amount of \$115,000,000 by Sun Siesta Bay LLC, Sun Pheasant Ridge Limited Partnership, Sun/York L.L.C., Sun Richmond LLC, Sun Groves LLC, Sun Lake Juliana LLC, Sun Lake San Marino LLC, Sun Candlelight Village LLC, Sun Southfork LLC, Sun Four Seasons LLC and Sun Lafayette Place LLC, as Borrowers, in favor of JPMorgan Chase Bank, National Association, as Lender	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 1, 2011
10.27	Employment Agreement dated March 7, 2011 among Sun Communities, Inc., Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership and John B. McLaren#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 7, 2011
10.28	Employment Agreement dated March 7, 2011 among Sun Communities, Inc., Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership and Karen J. Dearing#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated March 7, 2011
10.29	Two Hundred Seventy Fifth Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership dated as of June 23, 2011	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 23, 2011
10.30	First Amendment to Second Amended and Restated Master Credit Facility Agreement dated October 3, 2011, among Sun Secured Financing LLC, Aspen-Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance, LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC, Sun Saddle Oak LLC, PNC Bank, National Association and Fannie Mae	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2011
10.31	Variable Facility Note dated January 3, 2012 made by Sun Secured Financing LLC, Aspen-Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance, LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC, and Sun Saddle Oak LLC in favor of PNC Bank, National Association, in the original principal amount of \$152,362,500	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 3, 2012
10.32	Variable Facility Note dated January 3, 2012 made by Sun Secured Financing LLC, Aspen-Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, Sun Communities Finance, LLC, Sun Holly Forest LLC, and Sun Saddle Oak LLC in favor of PNC Bank, National Association, in the original principal amount of \$10,000,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 3, 2012
10.33	Third Lease Modification dated October 31, 2011 by and between the Operating Partnership as Tenant and American Center LLC as Landlord	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011
10.34	First Amended and Restated 2004 Non-Employee Director Option Plan#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 19, 2012
10.35	Loan commitment letter dated October 3, 2012, among Sun Rudgate Lender LLC, Rudgate Village Company Limited Partnership, Rudgate Clinton Company Limited Partnership and Rudgate Clinton Estates L.L.C and certain guarantors named therein	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated October 3, 2012
10.36	Two Hundred Eighty Third Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership dated November 14, 2012	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 9, 2012
10.37	Loan Agreement dated November 15, 2012 among Ladder Capital Finance LLC, Rudgate Village SPE, LLC, Rudgate Clinton SPE, LLC and Rudgate Clinton Estates SPE, LLC	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 14, 2012
10.38	Promissory Note dated November 15, 2012 made by Rudgate Village SPE, LLC, Rudgate Clinton SPE, LLC and Rudgate Clinton Estates SPE, LLC, in favor of Ladder Capital Finance LLC, in the original principal amount of \$45,900,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 14, 2012
10.39	Guaranty of Recourse Obligations dated November 15, 2012 made by Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership in favor of Ladder Capital Finance LLC	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 14, 2012
10.40	Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated November 14, 2012 among Sun Rudgate Lender LLC, Rudgate Village Holdings, LLC, Rudgate Clinton Holdings, LLC and Rudgate Clinton Estates Holdings, LLC	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 14, 2012
10.41	Promissory Note (Mezzanine) dated November 14, 2012 made by Rudgate Village Holdings, LLC, Rudgate Clinton Holdings, LLC and Rudgate Clinton Estates Holdings, LLC, in favor of Sun Rudgate Lender LLC, in the maximum principal amount of up to \$25,000,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 14, 2012
10.42	Future Advance Promissory Note (Mezzanine) dated November 14, 2012 made by Rudgate Village Holdings, LLC, Rudgate Clinton Holdings, LLC and Rudgate Clinton Estates Holdings, LLC, in favor of Sun Rudgate Lender LLC, in the maximum principal amount of up to \$15,000,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 14, 2012
10.43	Property Management Agreement dated November 14, 2012 between Rudgate Village SPE, LLC and Sun Home Services, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 14, 2012
10.44	Property Management Agreement dated November 14, 2012 among Rudgate Clinton SPE, LLC, Rudgate Clinton Estates SPE, LLC and Sun Home Services, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 14, 2012
10.45	Credit Agreement, dated February 6, 2013, by and among Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership, Sun Communities, Inc., certain of its wholly owned subsidiaries, Bank of Montreal, as administrative agent and lender, and BMO Capital Markets, as sole lead arranger and sole book manager	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 6, 2013
10.46	At the Market Offering Sales Agreement, dated May 10, 2012, among Sun Communities, Inc., Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership, BMO Capital Markets Corp. and Liquidnet, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 10, 2012
10.47	Two Hundred Eighty Seventh Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership dated as of February 8, 2013	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated February 6, 2013

10.48	Employment Agreement dated June 20, 2013 among Sun Communities, Inc., Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership and Gary A. Shiffman#	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 20, 2013
10.49	Loan Agreement dated December 31, 2013 among Bank of America N.A., as lender, and Aspen-Alpine Project, LLC, Sun Cobus Green LLC, Aspen-Country Project, LLC, Sun Pool 3 LLC, Sun Rainbow RV LLC, Sun Tampa East, LLC, Country Hills Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, Dutton Mill Village, LLC and Sun Forest Meadows LLC, as borrowers	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 31, 2013
10.50	Loan Agreement dated December 31, 2013 among Bank of America N.A., as lender, and Sun Big Timber RV LLC, Cider Mill Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, Sun Continental North LLC, Aspen-Byron Project, LLC, Sun Camelot Villa LLC, Sun Fisherman's Cove LLC, Sun Gold Coaster LLC, Sun Pine Hills LLC and Aspen-Town & Country Associates II, LLC, as borrowers	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 31, 2013
10.51	Promissory Note dated December 31, 2013 in the original principal amount of \$72,438,339 made by Aspen-Alpine Project, LLC, Sun Cobus Green LLC, Aspen-Country Project, LLC, Sun Pool 3 LLC, Sun Rainbow RV LLC, Sun Tampa East, LLC, Country Hills Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, Dutton Mill Village, LLC and Sun Forest Meadows LLC in favor of Bank of America N.A.	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 31, 2013
10.52	Promissory Note dated December 31, 2013 in the original principal amount of \$69,061,661 made by Sun Big Timber RV LLC, Cider Mill Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, Sun Continental North LLC, Aspen-Byron Project, LLC, Sun Camelot Villa LLC, Sun Fisherman's Cove LLC, Sun Gold Coaster LLC, Sun Pine Hills LLC and Aspen-Town & Country Associates II, LLC in favor of Bank of America N.A.	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 31, 2013
10.53	Master Loan Agreement, dated January 24, 2014, among Sun Ariana LLC, Sun Island Lakes LLC, Sun Kings Lake LLC, and Sun Indian Creek LLC, collectively as borrowers, and the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, as lender	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 30, 2014
10.54	Amended and Restated Renewal Promissory Note dated January 24, 2014, made by Sun Ariana LLC, in favor of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company in the original principal amount of \$6,000,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 30, 2014
10.55	Amended and Restated Renewal Promissory Note dated January 24, 2014, made by Sun Island Lakes LLC, in favor of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company in the original principal amount of \$13,000,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 30, 2014
10.56	Amended and Restated Renewal Promissory Note dated January 24, 2014, made by Sun Indian Creek LLC, in favor of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company in the original principal amount of \$70,000,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 30, 2014
10.57	Amended and Restated Renewal Promissory Note dated January 24, 2014, made by Sun Kings Lake LLC, in favor of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company in the original principal amount of \$10,000,000	Incorporated by reference to Sun Communities, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 30, 2014
21.1	List of Subsidiaries of Sun Communities, Inc.	Filed herewith
23.1	Consent of Grant Thornton LLP	Filed herewith
23.2	Consent of Baker Tilly Virchow Krause, LLP	Filed herewith
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed herewith
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Furnished herewith
99.1	Financial Statements of Origen Financial, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2013	Filed herewith
101.1	The following Sun Communities, Inc. financial information, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) and Comprehensive Loss for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011; (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, and (vi) Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation	Filed herewith

Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

INDEX TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULE

	Page
Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	F- <u>2</u>
Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F- <u>3</u>
Financial Statements:	
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2013 and 2012	F- <u>5</u>
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011	F- <u>6</u>
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011	F- <u>7</u>
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011	F- <u>8</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011	F- <u>9</u>
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F- <u>10</u>
Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation	F- <u>44</u>

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally
 accepted accounting principles;
- provide reasonable assurance that receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorization of our management and directors;
- provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a
 material adverse effect on the financial statements.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations and can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. Even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013. In making this assessment, management used the criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting set forth in "Internal Control – Integrated Framework (1992)" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on this assessment, management determined that, as of December 31, 2013, our internal control over financial reporting was effective.

Grant Thornton LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has issued an attestation report on our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, and their report is included herein.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders Sun Communities, Inc.

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Sun Communities, Inc. (a Maryland corporation) and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2013, based on criteria established in the 1992 Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, based on criteria established in the 1992 Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by COSO.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and our report dated February 20, 2014 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP GRANT THORNTON LLP

Southfield, Michigan February 20, 2014

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders Sun Communities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sun Communities, Inc. (a Maryland corporation) and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2013. Our audits of the basic consolidated financial statements included the financial statement schedule listed in the index appearing under Item 15. These financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sun Communities, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2013 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, based on criteria established in the 1992 Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated February 20, 2014 expressed an unqualified opinion.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP GRANT THORNTON LLP

Southfield, Michigan February 20, 2014

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except per share amounts)

		31,		
		2013		2012
ASSETS				
Investment property, net (including \$56,805 and \$56,326 for consolidated variable interest entities at				
December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012; see Note 8)	\$	1,755,052	\$	1,518,136
Cash and cash equivalents		4,753		29,508
Inventory of manufactured homes		5,810		7,527
Notes and other receivables, net		164,685		139,850
Other assets		68,936		59,607
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,999,236	\$	1,754,628
LIABILITIES				
Debt (including \$45,209 and \$45,900 for consolidated variable interest entities at December 31, 2013 are	nd			
December 31, 2012; see Note 8)	\$	1,311,437	\$	1,423,720
Lines of credit		181,383		29,781
Other liabilities		109,342		88,137
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,602,162	\$	1,541,638
Commitments and contingencies				_
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value. Authorized: 10,000 shares;				
Issued and outstanding: 3,400 shares at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012	\$	34	\$	34
Common stock, \$0.01 par value. Authorized: 90,000 shares;				
Issued and outstanding: 36,140 shares at December 31, 2013 and 29,755 shares at December 31, 2012		361		298
Additional paid-in capital		1,141,590		876,620
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(366)		(696)
Distributions in excess of accumulated earnings		(761,112)		(683,734)
Total Sun Communities, Inc. stockholders' equity		380,507		192,522
Noncontrolling interests:				
Series A-1 preferred OP units		45,548		45,548
Series A-3 preferred OP units		3,463		_
Common OP units		(31,907)		(24,572)
Consolidated variable interest entities		(537)		(508)
Total noncontrolling interests		16,567		20,468
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		397,074		212,990
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	1,999,236	\$	1,754,628

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except per share amounts)

		31,	,		
	·	2013	2012		2011
REVENUES					
Income from real property	\$	313,097	\$ 255,761	\$	223,613
Revenue from home sales		54,852	45,147		32,252
Rental home revenue		32,500	26,589		22,290
Ancillary revenues, net		1,151	(180)		7
Interest		13,073	11,018		9,509
Brokerage commissions and other income, net		549	617		929
Total revenues		415,222	338,952		288,600
COSTS AND EXPENSES					
Property operating and maintenance		87,637	68,839		59,190
Real estate taxes		22,284	19,207		17,547
Cost of home sales		40,297	34,918		25,392
Rental home operating and maintenance		20,435	18,141		16,196
General and administrative - real property		25,941	20,037		19,704
General and administrative - home sales and rentals		9,913	8,316		7,571
Acquisition related costs		3,928	4,296		1,971
Depreciation and amortization		110,078	89,674		74,193
Asset impairment charge		_	_		1,382
Interest		73,339	67,859		64,606
Interest on mandatorily redeemable debt		3,238	3,321		3,333
Total expenses		397,090	334,608		291,085
Income (loss) before income taxes and distributions from affiliate		18,132	4,344		(2,485)
Provision for state income taxes		(234)	(249)		(150)
Distributions from affiliate		2,250	3,900		2,100
Net income (loss)		20,148	7,995		(535)
Less: Preferred return to Series A-1 preferred OP units		2,598	2,329		1,222
Less: Preferred return to Series A-3 preferred OP units		166	_		_
Less: Amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests		718	(318)		(671)
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc.		16,666	 5,984		(1,086)
Less: Series A preferred stock distributions		6,056	1,026		_
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. common stockholders	\$	10,610	\$ 4,958	\$	(1,086)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:					
Basic		34,732	27,255		21,147
Diluted		34,747	27,272		21,147
Earnings (loss) per share:			,		
Basic	\$	0.31	\$ 0.18	\$	(0.05)
Diluted	\$	0.31	\$ 0.18	\$	(0.05)

 $See\ accompanying\ Notes\ to\ Consolidated\ Financial\ Statements.$

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In thousands)

Year Ended December 31, 2013 2012 2011 Net income (loss) 20,148 7,995 \$ (535) Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps 362 643 1,048 20,510 8,638 513 Total comprehensive income Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the noncontrolling interests 750 (252)(576)\$ 19,760 8,890 1,089 Comprehensive income attributable to Sun Communities, Inc.

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (In thousands)

	7.125% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock	(Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital		(cumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Distributions in Excess of Accumulated Earnings		1	Non-Controlling Interests	al Stockholders' quity (Deficit)
Balance as of December 31, 2010	<u> </u>	\$	199	\$	431,749	\$	(2,226)	\$	(549,625)	\$	(12,481)	\$ (132,384)
Issuance of common stock from exercise of options, net	_		_		841		_		_		_	841
Issuance and associated costs of common stock, net	_		19		58,347		_		_		_	58,366
Issuance of preferred OP units	_		_		_		_		_		45,548	45,548
Share-based compensation - amortization and forfeitures	_		_		1,462		_		79		_	1,541
Net income (loss)	_		_		_		_		136		(671)	(535)
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps	_		_		_		953		_		95	1,048
Distributions	_		_		_		_		(68,543)		(6,537)	(75,080)
Balance as of December 31, 2011	\$ —	\$	218	\$	492,399	\$	(1,273)	\$	(617,953)	\$	25,954	\$ (100,655)
Issuance of common stock from exercise of options, net			_		166		_		_		_	166
Issuance and associated costs of common stock, net	_		80		300,554		_		_		_	300,634
Issuance and associated costs of Series A preferred stock	34		_		82,166		_		_		_	82,200
Share-based compensation - amortization and forfeitures	_		_		1,335		_		90		_	1,425
Net income (loss)	_		_		_		_		8,313		(318)	7,995
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps	_		_		_		577		_		66	643
Distributions	_		_		_		_		(74,184)		(5,234)	(79,418)
Balance as of December 31, 2012	\$ 34	\$	298	\$	876,620	\$	(696)	\$	(683,734)	\$	20,468	\$ 212,990
Issuance of common stock from exercise of options, net	_		_		201							201
Issuance and associated costs of common stock, net	_		63		261,697		_		_		_	261,760
Issuance of preferred OP units	_		_		_		_		_		3,463	3,463
Share-based compensation - amortization and forfeitures	_		_		3,072		_		127		_	3,199
Net income	_		_		_				19,430		718	20,148
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps	_		_		_		330		_		32	362
Distributions	_						_		(96,935)		(8,114)	(105,049)
Balance as of December 31, 2013	\$ 34	\$	361	\$	1,141,590	\$	(366)	\$	(761,112)	\$	16,567	\$ 397,074

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

	Year Ended December 3					1,			
		2013		2012		2011			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Ф	20.140	Φ.	5 005	Φ.	(50.5			
Net income (loss)	\$	20,148	\$	7,995	\$	(535			
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		(0.67)		(0.0)					
Gain (loss) from dispositions		(867)		(99)		1 202			
Asset impairment charges		_		_		1,382			
(Gain) loss on valuation of derivative instruments		2 100		(4)		13			
Share-based compensation		3,199		1,463		1,609			
Depreciation and amortization		105,210		86,487		73,484			
Amortization of deferred financing costs		2,713		1,619		1,707			
Distributions from affiliate		(2,250)		(3,900)		(2,100			
Change in notes receivable from financed sales of inventory homes, net of repayments		(8,772)		(8,583)		(5,868			
Change in inventory, other assets and other receivables, net		(3,229)		(1,211)		(18,461			
Change in other liabilities		(1,469)		3,484		12,080			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	114,683	_	87,251		63,311			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				/					
Investment in properties		(179,413)		(125,075)		(87,720			
Acquisitions of properties		(122,176)		(249,317)		(77,171			
Investment in note receivable of acquired properties		(49,441)		_		_			
Proceeds related to affiliate dividend distribution		2,250		3,900		2,100			
Proceeds related to disposition of land		_		172					
Proceeds (financing) related to disposition of assets and depreciated homes, net		(1,017)		936		3,859			
Issuance of notes and other receivables		(3,841)		(6,440)		(1,192			
Repayments of notes and other receivables		1,226		605	_	796			
NET CASH USED FOR INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(352,412)		(375,219)		(159,328			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:									
Issuance and associated costs of common stock, OP units, and preferred OP units, net		261,760		300,634		58,366			
Net proceeds from stock option exercise		201		166		841			
Net proceeds from issuance of Series A Preferred Stock		_		82,200		_			
Distributions to stockholders, OP unit holders, and preferred OP unit holders		(100,403)		(73,371)		(60,034			
Payments to retire preferred operating partnership units		(300)		_		_			
Borrowings on lines of credit		415,410		253,195		214,631			
Payments on lines of credit		(263,808)		(352,448)		(180,124			
Proceeds from issuance of other debt		175,507		192,278		200,615			
Payments on other debt		(269,400)		(89,004)		(137,330			
Payments for deferred financing costs		(5,993)		(2,031)		(3,511			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		212,974		311,619		93,454			
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(24,755)		23,651		(2,563			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		29,508		5,857		8,420			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	4,753	\$	29,508	\$	5,857			
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:									
Cash paid for interest (net of capitalized interest of \$678, \$0 and \$0, respectively)	\$	61,268	\$	79,400	\$	55,560			
Cash paid for interest on mandatorily redeemable debt	\$	3,238	\$	3,326	\$	3,331			
Cash paid for state income taxes	\$	155	\$	320	\$	523			
Noncash investing and financing activities:									
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps	\$	362	\$	643	\$	1,048			
Reduction in secured borrowing balance	\$	17,906	\$	13,680	\$	11,104			
Change in distributions declared and outstanding	\$	4,646	\$	21,093	\$	15,046			
Noncash investing and financing activities at the date of acquisition:									
Acquisitions - Series A-1 preferred OP units issued	\$	_	\$		\$	45,548			
Acquisitions - Series A-3 preferred OP units issued	\$	3,463	\$	_	\$				
Acquisitions - debt assumed	\$	_	\$	62,826	\$	52,398			
Acquisitions - other liabilities	\$	_	\$	880	\$	4,982			
Acquisitions - release of note receivable and accrued interest	\$	49,441	\$	_	\$,, ,, , , <u> </u>			

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Business

Sun Communities, Inc., a Maryland corporation, together with the Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership (the "Operating Partnership") and other consolidated subsidiaries are referred to herein as the "Company", "us", "we", and "our". We are a self-administered and self-managed real estate investment trust ("REIT").

We own, operate, and develop manufactured housing ("MH") and recreational vehicle ("RV") communities concentrated in the midwestern, southern, southeastern and northeastern United States. As of December 31, 2013, we owned and operated a portfolio of 188 properties located in 26 states (the "Properties"), including 150 MH communities, 27 RV communities, and 11 properties containing both MH and RV sites. As of December 31, 2013, the Properties contained an aggregate of 69,789 developed sites comprised of 54,168 developed manufactured home sites, 7,633 annual RV sites (inclusive of both annual and seasonal usage rights), 7,988 transient RV sites, and approximately 6,300 additional MH and RV sites suitable for development.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying financial statements include our accounts and all majority-owned and controlled subsidiaries, including entities in which we have a controlling interest or have been determined to be the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity ("VIE"). All inter-company transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Any subsidiaries, in which we have an ownership percentage equal to or greater than 50%, but less than 100%, represent subsidiaries with a noncontrolling interest. The noncontrolling interests in our subsidiaries are allocated their proportionate share of the subsidiaries' financial results. This allocation is recorded as the noncontrolling interest in our consolidated financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions related to the reported amounts included in our consolidated financial statements and accompanying footnote disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior periods' financial statements in order to conform to current period presentation.

Investment Property

Investment property is recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation. We review the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used for impairment quarterly or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate a possible impairment. Circumstances that may prompt a test of recoverability may include a significant decrease in the anticipated market price, an adverse change to the extent or manner in which an asset may be used or in its physical condition or other such events that may significantly change the value of the long-lived asset. An impairment loss is recognized when a long-lived asset's carrying value is not recoverable and exceeds estimated fair value. We estimate the fair value of our long-lived assets based on discounted future cash flows and any potential disposition proceeds for a given asset. Forecasting cash flows requires management to make estimates and assumptions about such variables as the estimated holding period, rental rates, occupancy and operating expenses during the holding period, as well as disposition proceeds. Management uses its best judgment when developing these estimates and assumptions, but the development of the projected future cash flows is based on subjective variables. Future events could occur which would cause us to conclude that impairment indicators exist, and significant adverse changes in national, regional, or local market conditions or trends may cause us to change the estimates and assumptions used in our impairment analysis. The results of an impairment analysis could be material to our financial statements.

We periodically receive offers from interested parties to purchase certain of our properties. These offers may be the result of an active program initiated by us to sell the property, or from an unsolicited offer to purchase the property. The typical sale process involves a significant negotiation and due diligence period between us and the potential purchaser. As the intent of this process is

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

to determine if there are items that would cause the purchaser to be unwilling to purchase or we would be unwilling to sell, it is not unusual for such potential offers of sale/purchase to be withdrawn as such issues arise. We classify assets as "held for sale" when it is probable, in our opinion, that a sale transaction will be completed within one year. This typically occurs when all significant contingencies surrounding the closing have been resolved, which often corresponds with the closing date.

We allocate the purchase price of properties to net tangible and identified intangible assets acquired based on their fair values. In making estimates of fair values for purposes of allocating purchase price, we utilize an independent third party to value the net tangible and identified intangible assets in connection with the acquisition of the respective property. We provide historical and pro forma financial information obtained about each property, as well as any other information needed in order for the third party to ascertain the fair value of the tangible and intangible assets (including in-place leases) acquired.

Other Capitalized Costs

We capitalize certain costs incurred in connection with the development, redevelopment, capital enhancement and leasing of our properties. Management is required to use professional judgment in determining whether such costs meet the criteria for immediate expense or capitalization. The amounts are dependent on the volume and timing of such activities and the costs associated with such activities. Maintenance, repairs and minor improvements to properties are expensed when incurred. Renovations and improvements to properties are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives and construction costs related to the development of new community or expansion sites are capitalized until the property is substantially complete. Costs incurred to renovate repossessed homes for our Rental Program are capitalized and costs incurred to refurbish the homes at turnover and repair the homes while occupied are expensed. Certain expenditures to dealers and residents related to obtaining lessees in our communities are capitalized and amortized over a seven year period based on the anticipated term of occupancy of a resident. Costs associated with implementing our computer systems are capitalized and amortized over the estimated useful lives of the related software and hardware. Costs incurred to obtain new financing are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the related loan agreement using the straight-line method (which approximates the effective interest method).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

We consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase to be cash and cash equivalents. The maximum amount of credit risk arising from cash deposits in excess of federally insured amounts was approximately \$5.7 million as of December 31, 2013. We had no cash deposits in excess of federally insured amounts as of December 31, 2012. From time to time, we may have cash deposits in excess of federally insured amounts.

Inventory

Inventory of manufactured homes is stated at lower of specific cost or market based on the specific identification method.

Investments in Affiliates

Investments in affiliates in which we do not have a controlling direct or indirect voting interest, but can exercise significant influence over the entity with respect to its operations and major decisions, are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. The carrying value of our investment is adjusted for our proportionate share of the affiliate's net income or loss and reduced by distributions received. We review the carrying value of our investment in affiliates for other than temporary impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate a possible impairment. Financial condition, operational performance, and other economic trends are some of the factors we consider when we evaluate the existence of impairment indicators. When we have a carrying value of zero for our investment, we suspend the equity method of accounting until such time that the affiliate's net income equals or exceeds the share of net losses not recognized during the time in which the equity method of accounting was suspended. See Note 7 for additional information.

Notes and Other Receivables

We provide financing to purchasers of manufactured homes generally located in our communities. The notes are collateralized by the underlying manufactured home sold. Notes receivable include both installment loans retained by the Company as well as transferred loans that have not met the requirements for sale accounting which are presented herein as collateralized receivables (See Note 5 for additional information). For purposes of accounting policy, all notes receivable are considered one homogenous segment, as the notes are typically underwritten using the same requirements and terms. Notes receivable are reported at their

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

outstanding unpaid principal balance adjusted for an allowance for loan loss. Interest income is accrued based upon the unpaid principal balance of the loans.

Past due status of our notes receivable is determined based upon the contractual terms of the note. When a note receivable becomes 60 days delinquent, we stop accruing interest on the note receivable. The interest on nonaccrual loans is accounted for on the cash

basis until qualifying for return to accrual. Loans are returned to accrual when all principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured. Loans on a nonaccrual status were immaterial at December 31, 2013 and 2012. The ability to collect our notes receivable is measured based on current and historical information and events. We consider numerous factors including: length of delinquency, estimated costs to lease or sell, and repossession history. Our experience supports a high recovery rate for notes receivable; however there is some degree of uncertainty about the recoverability of our investment in these notes receivable. We are generally able to recover our recorded investment in uncollectible notes receivable by repossessing the homes on the notes retained by us and repurchasing the homes on the collateralized receivables, and subsequently selling or leasing these homes to potential residents in our communities. We have established a loan loss reserve based on our estimated unrecoverable costs associated with repossessed/repurchased homes. We estimate our unrecoverable costs to be the repurchase price of the home collateralizing the note receivable plus repair and remarketing costs in excess of the estimated selling price of the home being repossessed. A historical average of this excess cost is calculated based on prior repossessions/repurchases and is applied to our estimated annual future repossessions to create the allowance for both installment and collateralized notes receivable. See Note 5 for additional information.

We evaluate the collectability of a loan based on our ability to collect the scheduled payments of principal and interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. We generally see that if the obligor is delinquent on the loan they are also delinquent on site rent. If the scheduled payment is delinquent more than five to seven days, dependent on state law, we begin the repossession and eviction process simultaneously. This process generally takes 30 to 45 days; due to the short time frame from delinquent loan to repossession we do not evaluate the notes receivables for impairments. No loans were considered impaired as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

We evaluate the credit quality of our notes receivable at the inception of the receivable. We consider the following factors in order to determine the credit quality of the applicant - rental payment history; home debt to income ratio; total debt to income ratio; length of employment; previous landlord references; and credit scores.

Other receivables are generally comprised of amounts due from residents for rent and related charges, home sale proceeds receivable from sales near year end and various other miscellaneous receivables. Accounts receivable from residents are typically due within 30 days and stated at amounts due from residents net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts outstanding longer than the contractual payment terms are considered past due. We evaluate the recoverability of our receivables whenever events occur or there are changes in circumstances such that management believes it is probable that it will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan and lease agreements. Receivables related to community rents are reserved when we believe that collection is less than probable, which is generally after a resident balance reaches 60 to 90 days past due.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash consists of amounts held in deposit at a financial institution to collateralize derivative instruments in a liability position and deposits for tax, insurance and repair escrows held by lenders in accordance with certain debt agreements. At December 31, 2013 and 2012, \$9.4 million and \$8.9 million of restricted cash, respectively, was included as a component of Other assets on the consolidated balance sheets.

Identified Intangible Assets

The Company amortizes identified intangible assets that are determined to have finite lives over the period the assets are expected to contribute directly or indirectly to the future cash flows of the property or business. At December 31, 2013 and 2012, the carrying amounts of the identified intangible assets are included in Other assets on the consolidated balance sheets. See Note 6 for additional information on our intangible assets.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Deferred Tax Assets

We are subject to certain state taxes that are considered to be income taxes and have certain subsidiaries that are taxed as regular corporations. Deferred tax assets or liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and net operating loss carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using currently enacted tax rates. A valuation allowance is established if, based on the available evidence, it is considered more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. See Note 13 for additional information.

Deferred Financing Costs

Deferred financing costs include fees and costs incurred to obtain long-term financing. The costs are amortized over the terms of the respective loans. Unamortized deferred financing costs are written off when debt is retired before the maturity date. Upon amendment of the line of credit or refinancing of mortgage debt, unamortized deferred financing costs are accounted for in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 470-50-40, Modifications and Extinguishments. At December 31, 2013 and 2012, deferred financing costs are included as a component of Other assets on the consolidated balance sheets.

Share-Based Compensation

Share-based compensation cost for restricted stock awards is measured based on the closing share price of our common stock on the date of grant. Share-based compensation cost for stock options is estimated at the grant date based on each option's fair-value

as calculated by the Binomial (lattice) option-pricing model. The Binomial (lattice) option-pricing model incorporates various assumptions including expected volatility, expected life, dividend yield, and interest rates. Share-based compensation cost for phantom share awards is re-measured based on the closing share price of our common stock at the end of each reporting period. See Note 11 for additional information.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Our financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable, derivative instruments, and debt. We utilize fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures, pursuant to FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. See Note 17 for additional information regarding the estimates and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument.

Revenue Recognition

Rental income attributable to site and home leases is recorded on a straight-line basis when earned from tenants. Leases entered into by tenants are generally for one year terms but may range from month-to-month to two years and are renewable by mutual agreement from us and the resident, or in some cases, as provided by state statute. Revenue from the sale of manufactured homes is recognized upon transfer of title at the closing of the sales transaction. Interest income on notes receivable is recorded on a level yield basis over the life of the notes. We report certain taxes collected from the resident and remitted to taxing authorities in revenue. These taxes include certain Florida property and fire taxes.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. As of December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, we had advertising costs of \$2.9 million, \$2.5 million and \$2.4 million, respectively.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Useful lives are 30 years for land improvements and buildings, 10 years for rental homes, seven to 15 years for furniture, fixtures and equipment, and seven to 15 years for intangible assets.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

We do not enter into derivative instruments for speculative purposes. We adjust our balance sheet on a quarterly basis to reflect the current fair market value of our derivatives. For those hedges that qualify for cash flow hedge accounting, we adjust our balance sheet on a quarterly basis to reflect current fair market value of our derivatives. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recorded in earnings or comprehensive income, as appropriate. The ineffective portion of the hedge is immediately recognized in earnings to the extent that the change in value of a derivative does not perfectly offset the change in value of the instrument being hedged. The effective portion of the hedge is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income. We use standard market conventions to determine the fair values of derivative instruments, including the quoted market prices or quotes from brokers or dealers for the same or similar instruments. All methods of assessing fair value result in a general approximation of value and such value may never actually be realized. See Note 16 for additional information. Cash flows from derivative instruments are classified in the same category as the cash flows of the underlying hedged items, which are in the operating activities section of the consolidated statements of cash flows.

2. Real Estate Acquisitions

2013 Activity:

During the fourth quarter of 2013, we acquired Camelot Villa, an MH community with approximately 712 sites located in Macomb, Michigan, Jellystone Park at Birchwood Acres ("Jellystone at Birchwood"), an RV community with approximately 269 sites located in Woodridge, New York, and Vines RV Resort ("Vines"), an RV community with approximately 130 sites located in Paso Robles, California.

During the second quarter of 2013, we acquired Big Timber Lake RV Resort ("Big Timber Lake"), an RV community with approximately 528 sites located in Cape May, New Jersey, and Jellystone RV Resort ("Jellystone"), an RV community with approximately 299 sites located in North Java, New York.

During the first quarter of 2013, we acquired 10 RV communities from Gwynns Island RV Resort LLC, Indian Creek RV Resort LLC, Lake Laurie RV Resort LLC, Newpoint RV Resort LLC, Peters Pond RV Resort LLC, Virginia Tent LLC,

Wagon Wheel Maine LLC, Westward Ho RV Resort LLC and Wild Acres LLC (collectively, "Morgan RV Properties"), with approximately 3,700 sites located in Ohio, Virginia, Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New Jersey and Wisconsin.

2012 Activity:

During the fourth quarter of 2012, we acquired (i) Palm Creek Golf & RV Resort ("Palm Creek"), a community with 283 manufactured home sites, 1,580 RV sites and expansion potential of approximately 550 MH sites or 990 RV sites located in Casa Grande, Arizona; (ii) Lake-In-Wood Camping Resort ("Lake In Wood"), an RV community with approximately 425 sites located in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania; and (iii) Rainbow RV Resort ("Rainbow"), an RV community with approximately 500 sites located in Frostproof, Florida. We also acquired four MH communities (the "Rudgate Acquisition Properties") with approximately 1,996 sites located in southeast Michigan and entered into management agreements with Rudgate Village Company Limited Partnership, Rudgate Clinton Company Limited Partnership and Rudgate Clinton Estates L.L.C. under which we manage two MH communities (the "Rudgate Managed Properties") with approximately 1,598 sites located in southeast Michigan. In addition, we provided mezzanine financing to the Rudgate Managed Properties. The Rudgate Managed Properties are accounted for as variable interest entities and are included in our 2012 acquisition activity (See Note 8 for details).

During the third quarter of 2012, we acquired Blazing Star RV Resort ("Blazing Star"), an RV community with 260 sites located in San Antonio, Texas and Northville Crossing Manufactured Home Community ("Northville Crossing"), an MH community with 756 sites located in Northville, Michigan.

During the first quarter of 2012, we acquired Three Lakes RV Resort, Blueberry Hill RV Resort and Grand Lake Estates (collectively, the "Additional Florida Properties"), one of which is located in Hudson, Florida, one of which is located in Bushnell, Florida and one of which is located in Orange Lake, Florida, comprised of 1,114 RV sites in the aggregate.

2. Real Estate Acquisitions, continued

The following table summarizes the amounts of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed recognized at the acquisition dates and the consideration paid for the 2013 acquisitions (in thousands):

							2013			
At Acquisition Date	I	Morgan RV Properties	Jellystone	Е	Big Timber Lake	C	amelot Villa	ellystone at Birchwood	Vines	Total
Investment in property	\$	109,122	\$ 9,754	\$	21,898	\$	22,121	\$ 6,087	\$ 8,000	\$ 176,982
Inventory of manufactured homes		_			_		2,324	_	_	2,324
Notes and other receivables		_	_		_		852	_	_	852
In-place leases and other intangible assets		2,940	390		580		610	450	_	4,970
Other assets		157	7		48		84	12	1	309
Below market leases		_	_		(3,490)		(240)	_	_	(3,730)
Other liabilities		(3,697)	(930)		(1,157)		(546)	(293)	(4)	(6,627)
Total identifiable assets and liabilities assumed	\$	108,522	\$ 9,221	\$	17,879	\$	25,205	\$ 6,256	\$ 7,997	\$ 175,080
Consideration										
Cash	\$	55,618	\$ 9,221	\$	17,879	\$	25,205	\$ 6,256	\$ 7,997	\$ 122,176
Series A-3 preferred OP units (1)		3,463	_		_		_	_	_	3,463
Extinguishment of note receivable		49,441	_		_		_	_	_	49,441
Fair value of total consideration transferred	\$	108,522	\$ 9,221	\$	17,879	\$	25,205	\$ 6,256	\$ 7,997	\$ 175,080

⁽¹⁾ Included in the total consideration paid for Morgan RV Properties was the issuance of 40,268 Series A-3 preferred OP units. In order to estimate the fair value of these units at the valuation date, we utilized the income approach using estimated future discounted cash flows.

The purchase price allocations for Jellystone, Big Timber Lake, Camelot Villa, Jellystone at Birchwood and Vines are preliminary and may be adjusted as final costs and final valuations are determined.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information presents the results of our operations for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 as if acquisitions completed in 2013 were acquired on January 1, 2012. The unaudited pro forma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of either the results of operations that would have actually occurred or the future results of operations (in thousands, except pershare data). (1)

Year Ended December 31,

	 (unaudited)					
	 2013	2012				
Total revenues	\$ 423,490	\$	392,862			
Net income attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. shareholders	\$ 16,352	\$	23,833			
Net income per share attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. shareholders - basic	\$ 0.47	\$	0.87			
Net income per share attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. shareholders - diluted	\$ 0.47	\$	0.87			

⁽¹⁾ Below are nonrecurring expenses that have been adjusted for the pro forma results above:

⁽a) Transaction costs related to the acquisitions are not expected to have a continuing impact and therefore have been excluded from 2013 and included in 2012 for acquisitions completed in 2013.

2. Real Estate Acquisitions, continued

The following table summarizes the amounts of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed recognized at the acquisition dates and the consideration paid for the 2012 acquisitions (in thousands):

	Add	ltl Florida				Northville			A	Rudgate equisition and Managed			Lake In	
At Acquisition Date		roperties	Bla	azing Star		Crossing]	Rainbow		Properties	P	alm Creek	Wood	Total
Investment in property	\$	25,384	\$	6,913	\$	30,814	\$	7,572	\$	123,754	\$	87,979	\$ 14,457	\$ 296,873
Inventory of manufactured homes		112		220		187		679		2,978			_	4,176
Notes and other receivables		_		_		1,169		_		3,002		_	_	4,171
In-place leases and other intangible assets		180		_		260		40		8,110		2,058	_	10,648
Other assets		_		193		_		_		745		686	43	1,667
Other liabilities		(1,194)		(179)		(221)		(331)		(1,832)		(880)	(755)	(5,392)
Assumed debt		_		(4,104)		_		_		(15,103)		(43,619)	_	(62,826)
Total identifiable assets and liabilities assumed	\$	24,482	\$	3,043	\$	32,209	\$	7,960	\$	121,654	\$	46,224	\$ 13,745	\$ 249,317
Consideration														
Cash (1)	\$	24,482	\$	3,043	\$	32,209	\$	7,351	\$	54,054	\$	10,247	\$ 13,745	\$ 145,131
New debt proceeds (2)		_		_		_		609		67,600		35,977	_	104,186
Fair value of total consideration transferred	\$	24,482	\$	3,043	\$	32,209	\$	7,960	\$	121,654	\$	46,224	\$ 13,745	\$ 249,317

⁽¹⁾ Subsequent to the acquisition, on March 30, 2012, the Additional Florida Properties were encumbered with a \$19.0 million loan. On September 28, 2012, Northville Crossing was encumbered with a \$21.7 million loan. (See Note 9)

The following unaudited pro forma financial information presents the results of our operations for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 as if acquisitions completed in 2012 were acquired on January 1, 2011. The unaudited pro forma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of either the results of operations that would have actually occurred or the future results of operations (in thousands, except pershare data). (1)

Year Ended December 31,

	 (unaudited)						
	2012	2011					
Total revenues	\$ 367,710	\$	323,473				
Net income attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. shareholders	\$ 13,666	\$	6,677				
Net income per share attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. shareholders - basic	\$ 0.50	\$	0.31				
Net income per share attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. shareholders - diluted	\$ 0.50	\$	0.30				

⁽¹⁾ Below are nonrecurring expenses that have been adjusted for the pro forma results above:

⁽²⁾ Subsequent to the acquisition, in January 2013, we paid off the \$36.0 million sellers note for Palm Creek. (See Note 9)

⁽a) Certain sellers had management fees of \$0.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 that have been excluded from above as these fees will not continue going forward.

⁽b) Transaction costs related to the acquisitions are not expected to have a continuing impact and therefore have been excluded from 2012 and included in 2011 for acquisitions completed in 2012.

2. Real Estate Acquisitions, continued

The amount of revenue and net income included in the consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 for all acquisitions described above is set forth in the following table (in thousands):

Year Ended December 31,

	 (unaudited)					
	 2013		2012		2011	
Revenue	\$ 60,148	\$	38,557	\$	12,201	
Net income	\$ 5,914	\$	290	\$	1,247	

Acquisition related costs of approximately \$3.9 million, \$4.3 million and \$2.0 million have been incurred for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and are presented as "Acquisition related costs" in our consolidated statements of operations.

3. Investment Property

The following table sets forth certain information regarding investment property (in thousands):

	Dec	ember 31, 2013	De	ecember 31, 2012
Land	\$	194,404	\$	178,993
Land improvements and buildings		1,806,546		1,608,825
Rental homes and improvements		393,562		305,838
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment		65,086		54,354
Land held for future development		29,521		29,295
Investment property		2,489,119		2,177,305
Accumulated depreciation		(734,067)		(659, 169)
Investment property, net	\$	1,755,052	\$	1,518,136

Land improvements and buildings consist primarily of infrastructure, roads, landscaping, clubhouses, maintenance buildings and amenities.

In December 2011, we recorded impairment charges of \$1.4 million associated with a long-lived asset for our MH community in Reidsville, North Carolina. This community consists of 45 developed sites. Based on our impairment analysis, we reviewed the carrying value of the long-lived asset to be held and used for impairment which indicated a possible impairment. Circumstances that prompted this test of recoverability included a decrease in the net operating income and an adverse judgment that limits the number of rental homes in the community. We considered both of these factors and determined that we will not be expanding the community. We recognized the impairment loss because the long-lived asset's carrying value was deemed not recoverable and exceeded estimated fair value. We estimated the fair value of the long-lived asset based on discounted future cash flows and any potential disposition proceeds for the given asset. We used variables such as estimated holding period, rental rates, occupancy and operating expenses during the holding period, as well as disposition proceeds to forecast future cash flows. This transaction is classified as asset impairment charge within the consolidated statements of operations.

See Note 2, "Real Estate Acquisitions", for details on acquisitions.

4. Transfers of Financial Assets

We completed various transactions with an unrelated entity involving our notes receivable during 2013 and 2012 under which we received a total of \$34.0 million and \$26.4 million, respectively, of cash proceeds in exchange for relinquishing our right, title and interest in certain notes receivable. We have no further obligations or rights with respect to the control, management, administration, servicing, or collection of the installment notes. However, we are subject to certain recourse provisions requiring us to purchase the underlying homes collateralizing such notes, in the event of a note default and subsequent repossession of the home by the unrelated entity. The recourse provisions are considered to be a form of continuing involvement, and therefore these transferred loans did not meet the requirements for sale accounting. We continue to recognize these transferred loans on our balance sheet and refer to them as collateralized receivables as a transfer of financial assets. The proceeds from the transfer have been recognized as a secured borrowing.

In the event of note default, and subsequent repossession of a manufactured home by the unrelated entity, the terms of the agreement require us to repurchase the manufactured home. Default is defined as the failure to repay the installment note according to contractual terms. The repurchase price is calculated as a percentage of the outstanding principal balance of the collateralized receivable, plus any outstanding late fees, accrued interest, legal fees, and escrow advances associated with the installment note. The percentage used to determine the repurchase price of the outstanding principal balance on the installment note is based on the number of payments made on the note. In general, the repurchase price is determined as follows:

Number of Payments	Repurchase %
Less than or equal to 15	100%
Greater than 15 but less than 64	90%
Equal to or greater than 64 but less than 120	6 5%
120 or more	50%

The transferred assets have been classified as collateralized receivables in Notes and Other Receivables (see Note 5) and the cash proceeds received from these transactions have been classified as a secured borrowing in Debt (see Note 9) within the consolidated balance sheets. The balance of the collateralized receivables was \$109.8 million (net of allowance of \$0.7 million) and \$93.8 million (net of allowance of \$0.6 million) as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The outstanding balance on the secured borrowing was \$110.5 million and \$94.4 million as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

The balances of the collateralized receivables and secured borrowings fluctuate. The balances increase as additional notes receivable are transferred and exchanged for cash proceeds. The balances are reduced as the related collateralized receivables are collected from the customers, or as the underlying collateral is repurchased. The change in the aggregate gross principal balance of the collateralized receivables is as follows (in thousands):

		Year Ended					
	Decem	ber 31, 2013		December 31, 2012			
Beginning balance	\$	94,409	\$	81,682			
Financed sales of manufactured homes		34,007		26,406			
Principal payments and payoffs from our customers		(7,930)		(5,662)			
Principal reduction from repurchased homes		(9,976)		(8,017)			
Total activity		16,101		12,727			
Ending balance	\$	110,510	\$	94,409			

The collateralized receivables earn interest income and the secured borrowings accrue interest expense at the same interest rates. The amount of interest income and expense recognized was \$10.6 million, \$9.4 million and \$8.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

5. Notes and Other Receivables

The following table sets forth certain information regarding notes and other receivables (in thousands):

	Decen	nber 31, 2013	Dec	ember 31, 2012
Installment notes receivable on manufactured homes, net	\$	25,471	\$	21,898
Collateralized receivables, net (see Note 4)		109,821		93,834
Other receivables, net		29,393		24,118
Total notes and other receivables, net	\$	164,685	\$	139,850

Installment Notes Receivable on Manufactured Homes

The installment notes of \$25.5 million (net of allowance of \$0.1 million) and \$22.0 million (net of allowance of \$0.1 million) as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, are collateralized by manufactured homes. The notes represent financing provided by us to purchasers of manufactured homes primarily located in our communities and require monthly principal and interest payments. The notes have a net weighted average interest rate and maturity of 8.9% and 11.9 years as of December 31, 2013, and 8.6% and 11.0 years as of December 31, 2012.

The change in the aggregate gross principal balance of the installment notes is as follows (in thousands):

		Year Ended					
	Dece	mber 31, 2013	Dece	mber 31, 2012			
Beginning balance	\$	22,019	\$	13,545			
Financed sales of manufactured homes		7,798		7,453			
Acquired notes (see Note 2)		852		4,171			
Principal payments and payoffs from our customers		(3,838)		(2,292)			
Principal reduction from repossessed homes		(1,256)		(858)			
Total activity	-	3,556		8,474			
Ending balance	\$	25,575	\$	22,019			

Collateralized Receivables

Collateralized receivables represent notes receivable that were transferred to a third party, but did not meet the requirements for sale accounting (see Note 4). The receivables have a balance of \$109.8 million (net of allowance of \$0.7 million) and \$93.8 million(net of allowance of \$0.6 million) as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. The receivables have a net weighted average interest rate and maturity of 10.7% and 13.6 years as of December 31, 2013, and 11.0% and 13.2 years as of December 31, 2012.

Allowance for Losses for Collateralized and Installment Notes Receivable

The following table sets forth the allowance for losses for collateralized and installment notes receivable as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

	 Year Ended					
	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012				
Beginning balance	\$ (697)	\$ (635)				
Lower of cost or market write-downs	421	243				
Increase to reserve balance	(517)	(305)				
Total activity	(96)	(62)				
Ending balance	\$ (793)	\$ (697)				

5. Notes and Other Receivables, continued

Other Receivables

As of December 31, 2013 other receivables were comprised of amounts due from residents for rent and water and sewer usage of \$6.9 million (net of allowance of \$0.7 million), home sale proceeds of \$5.7 million, insurance receivables of \$2.0 million, insurance settlement of \$3.7 million, rebates and other receivables of \$4.6 million and two notes receivable of \$4.3 million and \$2.2 million. The \$4.3 million note bears interest at LIBOR plus 475 basis points, is secured by senior mortgages on two RV communities, a pledge of \$4.0 million in Series A-3 Preferred OP Units, a subordinated interest in a cash collateral account and an equity interest in another RV community and is due on May 31, 2014. The \$2.2 million note bears interest at 8.0% for the first two years and 7.9% for the remainder of the loan, is secured by the senior mortgage on one MH community and a deed of land, and is due on December 31, 2016. As of December 31, 2012 other receivables were comprised of amounts due from residents for rent and water and sewer usage of \$4.1 million (net of allowance of \$0.5 million), home sale proceeds of \$6.1 million, insurance receivables of \$1.7 million, insurance settlement of \$3.7 million, note receivable of \$5.0 million, and rebates and other receivables of \$3.5 million.

6. Intangible Assets

Our intangible assets are in-place leases from acquisitions, capitalized costs in relation to leasing activities and franchise fees. These intangible assets are recorded within Other assets on the consolidated balance sheet. The accumulated amortization and gross carrying amounts are as follows (in thousands):

			December 31, 2013				Decembe	r 31, 2	2012
Intangible Asset	Useful Life	Gi	ross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization	(Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization
In-place leases	7 years	\$	26,961	\$	(8,239)	\$	22,761	\$	(4,941)
Capitalized leasing costs greater than 1 year	7 years		13,359		(6,757)		12,506		(6,854)
Franchise fees	15 years		770		(29)				_
Total		\$	41,090	\$	(15,025)	\$	35,267	\$	(11,795)

During 2013, in connection with our acquisitions, we purchased intangible assets valued at approximately \$5.0 million. Of this total, approximately \$4.2 million is classified as in-place leases with a useful life of seven years, and \$0.8 million is classified as franchise fees with a useful life of 15 years.

The aggregate net amortization expenses related to the intangible assets are as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,								
Intangible Asset		2013		2012		2011			
In-place leases	\$	3,297	\$	1,657	\$	975			
Capitalized leasing costs greater than 1 year		1,507		1,504		1,603			
Franchise fees		60		_		_			
Total	\$	4,864	\$	3,161	\$	2,578			

We anticipate the amortization expense for the existing intangible assets to be as follows for the next five years (in thousands):

			Year		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Estimated expense	\$ 4,906	\$ 4,689	\$ 4,497	\$ 4,299	\$ 3,436

7. Investment in Affiliates

Origen Financial Services, LLC ("OFS LLC")

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, we had a 22.9% ownership interest in OFS LLC, an entity formed to originate manufactured housing installment contracts. We have suspended equity accounting as the carrying value of our investment is zero.

Origen Financial, Inc. ("Origen")

Through Sun OFI, LLC, a taxable REIT subsidiary, we own 5,000,000 shares of common stock of Origen which approximates an ownership interest of 19.0%. Although it is no longer originating or servicing loans, Origen continues to manage an existing portfolio of manufactured home loans and asset backed securities. We have suspended equity accounting for this investment as the carrying value of our investment is zero. We do, however, receive income from dividends on our shares of Origen common stock. Our investment in Origen had a market value of approximately \$6.3 million based on a quoted market closing price of \$1.25 per share as reported on the OTC Pink Marketplace as of December 31, 2013.

In January 2013, we were advised by Origen that it would be restating their 2011 financial statements to correct its results from operations. This adjustment has no impact to our financial statements since we have suspended equity accounting.

The following table sets forth certain summarized financial information for Origen (in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,						
		2013		2012		2011		
Revenues		\$ 49,775	\$	64,838	\$	67,094		
Expenses		(51,912)		(66,215)		(77,598)		
Net loss	-	\$ (2,137)	\$	(1,377)	\$	(10,504)		

	As of Dec	ember :	ember 31,		
ASSETS	2013		2012		
Loans receivable	\$ 463,254	\$	543,420		
Other assets	15,529		19,824		
Total assets	\$ 478,783	\$	563,244		
LIABILITIES					
Warehouse and securitization financing	\$ 423,369	\$	491,720		
Other liabilities	38,109		48,389		
Total liabilities	\$ 461,478	\$	540,109		

8. Consolidated Variable Interest Entities

On November 14, 2012, we guaranteed certain non-recourse carveouts under a \$45.9 million mortgage loan (the "Senior Loan") from Ladder Capital Finance LLC to Rudgate Village SPE, LLC, Rudgate Clinton SPE, LLC and Rudgate Clinton Estates SPE, LLC (the "Rudgate Borrowers"). The Senior Loan is secured by the Rudgate Managed Properties, which are located in southeast Michigan. In addition, we entered into a Mezzanine Loan Agreement with the sole members of the Rudgate Borrowers under which we agreed to provide mezzanine financing in the amount of \$15.1 million in respect of the Rudgate Managed Properties, and entered into property management agreements to manage and operate these two communities. We believe these arrangements represent variable interests in the Rudgate Managed Properties that were evaluated under the guidance set forth in the Financial FASB ASC Topic 810, Consolidation. As a result of the qualitative and quantitative analysis performed, we determined that we are the primary beneficiary and hold a controlling financial interest in these entities due to our power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the entities, as well as our obligation to absorb the most significant losses and our rights to receive significant benefits from these entities. As such, the transactions and accounts of these Variable Interest Entities ("VIEs") are included in our consolidated financial statements.

Included in our consolidated financial statements after appropriate eliminations were amounts related to the VIEs at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 as follows (in thousands):

	Dec	ember 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
ASSETS	<u>, </u>		
Investment property, net	\$	56,805	\$ 56,326
Other assets		3,926	4,598
Total Assets	\$	60,731	\$ 60,924
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Debt	\$	45,209	\$ 45,900
Other liabilities		6,564	1,773
Noncontrolling interests		(537)	(508)
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	51,236	\$ 47,165

Investment property, net and other assets related to the consolidated VIEs comprised approximately 3.0% and 3.5% of our consolidated total assets and debt and other liabilities comprised approximately 3.2% and 3.1% of our consolidated total liabilities at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. Noncontrolling interest related to the consolidated VIEs comprised less than 1.0% of our consolidated total equity at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

9. Debt and Lines of Credit

The following table sets forth certain information regarding debt (in thousands):

		Princi Outstar		g	Weighted Years to M	0	Weighted Average Interest Rates				
	Dece	December 31, 2013 2012		,	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012			
Collateralized term loans - CMBS	\$	644,844	\$	725,951	6.1	4.5	5.4%	5.2%			
Collateralized term loans - FNMA		366,019		369,810	8.1	10.3	3.6%	3.8%			
Aspen and Series B-3 preferred OP Units		47,022		47,322	7.6	8.4	6.9%	6.9%			
Secured borrowing (see Note 4)		110,510		94,409	13.5	12.8	10.7%	11.0%			
Mortgage notes, other		143,042		186,228	6.0	6.2	4.6%	4.3%			
Total debt	\$	1,311,437	\$	1,423,720	7.2	6.8	5.0%	5.2%			

Collateralized Term Loans

In December 2013, we and nine of our subsidiaries entered into a loan agreement with a lender for a \$72.4 million term loan ("Pool A Loan"), and we and nine of our other subsidiaries entered into a loan agreement with the same lender for a \$69.1 million term

9. Debt and Lines of Credit, continued

loan ("Pool B Loan", and collectively with the Pool A Loan, the "Loans"). Each Loan matures on January 1, 2024. The Pool A Loan accrues interest at 4.89% per year and is secured by eight MH communities and two RV communities. The Pool B Loan accrues interest at 4.90% per year and is secured by eight MH communities and one RV community. We used the proceeds of the Loans and \$34.4 million to repay in full 11 loans previously made to subsidiaries of the Company.

In May 2013, we extended until May 1, 2023, \$151.4 million of Fannie Mae (FNMA) debt, which had an original maturity date of May 1, 2013. The current weighted average interest rate on this debt is 3.6%.

In September 2012, we completed a secured debt agreement for \$21.7 million bearing an interest rate of 3.89% and a maturity date of October 1, 2022. This loan is secured by Northville Crossing (See Note 2 for acquisition details).

In July 2012, we assumed a collateralized mortgage backed security ("CMBS") agreement of \$4.1 million, as a result of the Blazing Star acquisition (See Note 2 for acquisition details), which has a maturity date of December 15, 2015 and bears an interest rate of 5.64%.

The collateralized term loans totaling \$1.0 billion as of December 31, 2013, are secured by 9 5 properties comprised of 38,002 sites representing approximately \$682.7 million of net book value.

Aspen preferred OP Units and Series B-3 preferred OP units

The Aspen preferred OP units are convertible into 526,212 common shares based on a conversion price of \$68 per share with a redemption date of January 1, 2024. The current preferred rate is 6.5%.

We redeemed \$1.0 million of Series B-3 preferred OP units in May 2012.

Secured Borrowing

See Note 4, "Transfers of Financial Assets", for additional information regarding our collateralized receivables and secured borrowing transactions.

Mortgage Notes

In October 2013, two mortgage agreements were paid off upon maturity in the amounts of \$3.5 million and \$2.3 million which were secured by Dutton Mill and Falcon Pointe, respectively.

In May 2013, we paid off the entire \$3.5 million mortgage agreement secured by Holiday West Village upon maturity.

In April 2013, we paid off the sellers note associated with the acquisition of Rainbow RV Resort. The note had a principal balance of \$0.6 million and did not incur any interest.

In January 2013, we paid off the sellers note associated with the acquisition of Palm Creek. The note had a principal balance of \$36.0 million and an interest rate of 2.0%. We also paid off the remaining \$30.0 million outstanding under our \$36.0 million variable financing loan from Bank of America, N.A. and The Private Bank.

In December 2012, we assumed secured debt with a principal balance of \$41.7 million, as a result of the Palm Creek acquisition (See Note 2). This secured debt was recorded at fair value on the date of the acquisition. The debt is secured by one property. The maturity date is July 1, 2022 and the interest rate is 5.25%.

In November 2012, we entered into a \$21.7 million financing agreement to fund the acquisition of the Rudgate Acquisition Properties. The debt is secured by one property. The maturity date is September 6, 2022 and the interest rate is 4.65%.

In November 2012, we also assumed secured debt of \$15.4 million, as a result of the Rudgate acquisition (See Note 2). This secured debt was recorded at fair value on the date of the acquisition. The debt is secured by two properties. The maturity date is February 1, 2022 and the interest rate is 4.3%.

9. Debt and Lines of Credit, continued

In September 2012, we paid off a mortgage loan of approximately \$25.0 million secured by four properties which was due to mature on June 20, 2013.

In June 2012, we completed a variable refinancing agreement for \$14.1 million. This debt bears an interest rate of LIBOR plus a 2.0% margin (effective rate at December 31, 2013 was 2.16%) and has a maturity of September 1, 2016, assuming the election of the two successive one-year extensions at our option. The loan is secured by two properties and refinanced \$14.0 million of debt which matured in June 2012.

In March 2012, we paid off a \$2.7 million mortgage loan secured by an MH community in Belmont, Michigan which was due to mature on April 1, 2012.

On February 1, 2012, we paid off \$4.5 million of this agreement which was collateralized by Orange City. In September 2012, we paid off the remaining approximately \$18.1 million mortgage agreement which was due to mature on June 1, 2015.

The mortgage notes totaling \$143.0 million as of December 31, 2013, are collateralized by 18 properties comprised of 7,868 sites representing approximately \$242.0 million of net book value.

Lines of Credit

In May 2013, we entered into a credit agreement with Citibank, N.A. and certain other lenders consisting of a \$350.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Facility"). The Facility replaced our previous \$150.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility, which was scheduled to mature on October 1, 2014 and incurred interest at a floating rate based on the Eurodollar rate plus a margin that was determined based on our leverage ratio calculated in accordance with the previous credit agreement, which ranged from 2.25% to 2.95%.

The Facility has a four year term ending May 15, 2017, which can be extended for one additional year at our option, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions as defined in the credit agreement. The credit agreement also provides for, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, additional commitments in an amount not to exceed \$250.0 million. The Facility bears interest at a floating rate based on the Eurodollar rate plus a margin that is determined based on our leverage ratio calculated in accordance with the credit agreement, which can range from 1.65% to 2.90%. Based on our calculation of the leverage ratio as of December 31, 2013, the margin was 1.70%. At December 31, 2013, we had approximately \$178.1 million outstanding under the Facility. There was no amount outstanding on the previous senior secured revolving credit facility at December 31, 2012. Approximately \$2.7 million and \$4.0 million of availability was used to back standby letters of credit at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, \$169.2 million and \$146.0 million were available to be drawn under the Facility and our previous facility, respectively, based on the calculation of the borrowing base at each date.

The Facility is secured by a first priority lien on all of our equity interests in each entity that owns all or a portion of the properties constituting the borrowing base and collateral assignments of our senior and junior debt positions in certain borrowing base properties.

In February 2013, we entered into a \$61.5 million credit agreement to fund a portion of the purchase of the Morgan RV Properties acquisition (See Note 2 "Real Estate Acquisitions"). This loan was paid off in March 2013.

We have a \$20.0 million secured line of credit agreement collateralized by a portion of our rental home portfolio, which was reduced from \$50.0 million in July 2013. The net book value of the rental homes pledged as security for the loan must meet or exceed 200% of the outstanding loan balance. The terms of the agreement require interest only payments for the first five years, with the remainder of the term being amortized based on a 10 year term. The interest rate is the prime rate published in the *Wall Street Journal* adjusted the first day of each calendar month plus 200 basis points with a minimum rate of 5.5%. At December 31, 2013, the effective interest rate was 5.5%, and there was no amount outstanding. At December 31, 2012, we had \$25.0 million outstanding on \$50.0 million of availability under this line of credit.

Lastly, we have a \$12.0 million manufactured home floor plan facility renewable indefinitely until our lender provides us at least twelve months notice of its intent to terminate the agreement. The interest rate is 100 basis points over the greater of the prime rate published in the *Wall Street Journal* on the first business day of each month or 6.0%. At December 31, 2013 the effective

interest rate was 7.00%. The outstanding balance was \$3.3 million and \$4.8 million as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

9. Debt and Lines of Credit, continued

Long-term Debt Maturities

As of December 31, 2013, the total of maturities and amortization of our debt (excluding premiums and discounts) and lines of credit during the next five years are as follows (in thousands):

	Maturities and Amortization By Year													
		Total Due		2014		2015	2016		2017		2018			Thereafter
Lines of credit	\$	181,383	\$	3,283	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	178,100	\$	_
Mortgage loans payable:														
Maturities		1,024,296		11,476		56,343		280,740		55,019		_		620,718
Principal amortization		128,238		15,327		15,831		14,256		13,282		13,258		56,284
Aspen and Series B-3 preferred OP units		47,022		11,240		_		_		_		_		35,782
Secured borrowing		110,510		4,871		5,395		5,963		6,509		7,053		80,719
Total	\$	1,491,449	\$	46,197	\$	77,569	\$	300,959	\$	74,810	\$	198,411	\$	793,503

Covenants

The most restrictive of our debt agreements place limitations on secured borrowings and contain minimum fixed charge coverage, leverage, distribution and net worth requirements. As of December 31, 2013, we were in compliance with all covenants.

10. Equity Transactions

In March 2013, we closed an underwritten registered public offering of 5,750,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$45.25 per share. The net proceeds from the offering were \$249.5 million after deducting underwriting discounts and the expenses related to the offering. We used a portion of the proceeds to pay down debt. We used the remaining net proceeds of the offering to fund the acquisition of properties and for working capital and general corporate purposes.

In February 2013, we issued \$4.0 million of Series A-3 preferred OP units in connection with the Morgan RV Properties acquisition (see Note 2). Series A-3 preferred OP unit holders can convert the Series A-3 preferred OP units into shares of common stock based upon a conversion price of \$53.75 per share. The Series A-3 preferred OP unit holders receive a preferred return of 4.5% per year.

In November 2012, we closed an underwritten registered public offering of 3,400,000 shares of Series A preferred stock at a price of \$25.00 per share. The net proceeds from the offering were \$82.2 million after deducting the underwriting discounts and expenses related to the offering. We used \$55.3 million of the net proceeds of the offering to fund the acquisition of the Rudgate Acquisition Properties. We used the remaining net proceeds of the offering for working capital and general corporate purposes.

In September 2012, we closed an underwritten registered public offering of 3,000,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$44.06 per share. The net proceeds from the offering were \$132.0 million after deducting the underwriting discounts and expenses related to the offering. We primarily used the net proceeds of the offering to repay \$78.0 million of our senior secured revolving credit facility and we used \$43.1 million to repay single mortgages secured by nine communities.

In May 2012, pursuant to a shelf registration statement on Form S-3, we registered with the SEC the sale of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, warrants and units consisting of two or more of the aforementioned securities. This shelf registration statement was effective upon filing and replaced our previous shelf registration statement which was scheduled to expire in May 2012.

In May 2012, we entered into an "at-the-market" sales agreement with BMO Capital Markets Corp and Liquidnet Inc. to issue and sell shares of common stock from time to time. The current authorization allows for the sale of our common stock up to an aggregate amount of \$100 million. There were 526,586 shares of common stock sold through December 31, 2013. The shares of common stock were sold at the prevailing market price of our common stock at the time of each sale with a weighted average sale price of \$46.57 and we received net proceeds of approximately \$24.2 million. The proceeds were used to pay down our line of credit.

10. Equity Transactions, continued

In January 2012, we closed an underwritten registered public offering of 4,600,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$35.50 per share. The net proceeds from the offering were \$156.0 million after deducting underwriting discounts and the expenses related to the offering. The net proceeds of the offering were primarily used to repay \$123.5 million of outstanding debt and to fund \$25.0 million of the purchase price of the Additional Florida Properties (See Note 2 for additional information), which were subsequently encumbered with a loan of \$19.0 million.

In November 2004, our Board of Directors authorized us to repurchase up to 1,000,000 shares of our common stock. We have 400,000 common shares remaining in the repurchase program. No common shares were repurchased during 2013 or 2012. There is no expiration date specified for the buyback program.

Common OP Unit holders can convert their Common OP units into an equivalent number of shares of common stock at any time. During the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, holders of Common OP Units converted zero and 2,400 units, respectively, to common stock.

Under our previous shelf registration statement on Form S-3 we had an "at-the-market" sales agreement to issue and sell shares of common stock. We issued 40,524 shares of common stock from January 1, 2012 through May 9, 2012, when the sales agreement was terminated. The shares of common stock were sold at the prevailing market price of our common stock at the time of each sale with a weighted average sale price of \$37.22 and we received net proceeds of approximately \$1.5 million. The proceeds were used to pay down our line of credit.

Cash distributions of \$0.63 per share were declared for the quarter ended December 31, 2013. On January 17, 2014 cash payments of approximately \$24.1 million for aggregate distributions and distribution equivalents were made to common stockholders, common OP unitholders and restricted stockholders of record as of December 31, 2013. In addition, cash distributions of \$0.4453 per share were declared on the Company's Series A cumulative redeemable preferred stock for the quarter ended December 31, 2013. On January 15, 2014 cash payments of approximately \$1.5 million for aggregate distributions were made to Series A cumulative redeemable preferred stockholders of record as of January 2, 2014.

The Company is incorporated in the state of Maryland and under the law of that state the concept of treasury shares does not exist. All shares repurchased are considered authorized but unissued. Accordingly, we have retrospectively reclassified \$63.6 million from treasury stock to common stock and additional paid in capital on our consolidated balance sheet.

11. Share-Based Compensation

As of December 31, 2013, we have two share-based compensation plans approved by stockholders: Sun Communities, Inc. Equity Incentive Plan ("2009 Equity Plan") and the First Amended and Restated 2004 Non-Employee Director Option Plan ("Director Plan"). We believe granting equity awards will provide certain key employees and directors additional incentives to promote our financial success, and promote employee and director retention by providing an opportunity to acquire or increase the direct proprietary interest of those individuals in our operations and future.

2009 Equity Plan

The 2009 Equity Plan was approved by our stockholders at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on July 29, 2009. The 2009 Equity Plan replaced the Sun Communities, Inc. Stock Option Plan adopted in 1993, as amended and restated in 1996 and 2000, and terminates automatically July 29, 2019.

The types of awards that may be granted under the 2009 Equity Plan include stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, and other stock based awards. The maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued under the 2009 Equity Plan is 950,000 shares, with 312,500 shares remaining for future issuance.

In December 2013, we granted 500 shares of restricted stock to an employee under our 2009 Equity Plan. The restricted shares had a fair value of \$40.74 per share and will vest as follows: December 16, 2016: 35%; December 16, 2017: 35%; December 16, 2018: 20%, December 16, 2019: 5%; and December 16, 2020: 5%. The fair value was determined using the closing price of our common stock on the date the shares were issued.

11. Share-Based Compensation, continued

In August 2013, we granted 36,000 shares of restricted stock to employees under our 2009 Equity Plan. The restricted shares had a fair value of \$48.22 per share and will vest as follows: August 6, 2016: 35%; August 6, 2017: 35%; August 6, 2018: 20%; August 6, 2019: 5%; and August 6, 2020: 5%. The fair value was determined using the closing price of our common stock on the date the shares were issued.

In June 2013, we granted 250,000 shares of restricted stock to an executive officer under our 2009 Equity Plan. The restricted shares had a fair value of \$47.56 per share and will vest as follows: June 20, 2016: 35%; June 20, 2017: 35%; June 20, 2018: 20%; June 20, 2019: 5%; and June 20, 2020: 5%. The fair value was determined using the closing price of our common stock on the date the shares were issued.

In March 2013, we granted 1,000 shares of restricted stock to employees under our 2009 Equity Plan. The awards vest on March 12, 2016, and had a fair value of \$45.68 per share. The fair value was determined using the closing price of our common stock on the date the shares were issued.

In February 2013, we granted 73,000 shares of restricted stock to our executive officers under our 2009 Equity Plan. The awards vest ratably over a six or eight year period beginning on the fourth anniversary of the grant date, and had a fair value of \$45.69 per share. The fair value was determined by using the closing share price of our common stock on the date the shares were issued.

Director Plan

The Director Plan was approved by our stockholders at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on July 19, 2012. The Director Plan amended and restated in its entirety our 2004 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan.

The types of awards that may be granted under the Director Plans are options, restricted stock and OP units. Only non-employee directors are eligible to participate in the Director Plan. The maximum number of options, restricted stock and OP units that may be issued under the Director Plan is 175,000 shares, with 79,600 shares remaining for future issuance.

In February 2013, we granted a total of 10,800 shares of restricted stock to our directors under the Director Plan. The awards vest on February 15, 2016, and had a fair value of \$45.69 per share. The fair value was determined by using the closing share price of our common stock on the date the shares were issued.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, 9,442 shares of common stock were issued in connection with the exercise of stock options and the net proceeds received were \$0.2 million.

We have recognized compensation costs associated with share based awards of \$3.2 million, \$1.5 million, and \$1.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 respectively.

Restricted Stock

The majority of our share-based compensation is awarded as restricted stock grants to key employees. We have also awarded restricted stock to our non-employee directors. We measure the fair value associated with these awards using the closing price of our common stock as of the grant date to calculate compensation cost. Employee awards typically vest over several years and are subject to continued employment by the employee. Award recipients receive distribution payments on unvested shares of restricted stock.

11. Share-Based Compensation, continued

The following table summarizes our restricted stock activity for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011:

	Number of Shares	W	/eighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested restricted shares at January 1, 2011	141,783	\$	21.11
Granted	154,500	\$	37.15
Vested	(20,412)	\$	36.87
Forfeited		\$	_
Unvested restricted shares at December 31, 2011	275,871	\$	28.93
Granted	44,600	\$	40.93
Vested	(8,750)	\$	19.92
Forfeited	(1,214)	\$	37.04
Unvested restricted shares at December 31, 2012	310,507	\$	30.88
Granted	371,300	\$	47.19
Vested	(37,291)	\$	16.87
Forfeited	(12,560)	\$	38.47
Unvested restricted shares at December 31, 2013	631,956	\$	41.14

Total compensation cost recognized for restricted stock was \$3.2 million, \$1.4 million, and \$1.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively. The total fair value of shares vested was \$0.6 million, \$0.2 million, and \$0.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The remaining net compensation cost related to our

unvested restricted shares outstanding as of December 31, 2013 is approximately \$19.9 million. That expense is expected to be recognized \$3.9 million in 2014, \$3.7 million in 2015, \$3.3 million in 2016 and \$9.0 million thereafter.

Options

We have granted stock options to certain employees and non-employee directors. Option awards are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of our common stock as of the grant date. Stock options generally vest over a 3 years period from the date of grant and have a maximum term of 10 years. We granted 10,500 options to our non-employee directors during the year ended December 31, 2011 and no grants were made in 2012 or 2013. We issue new shares at the time of share option exercise (or share unit conversion).

11. Share-Based Compensation, continued

The weighted average fair value of the options issued is estimated on the date of the grant using the Binomial (lattice) option pricing model, with the following weighted average assumptions used for the grants in the periods indicated:

	Jı	uly 2011 Award
Estimated fair value per share of options granted	\$	9.70
Number of options granted		10,500
Assumptions:		
Annualized dividend yield		6.70%
Common stock price volatility		45.20%
Risk-free rate of return		1.52%
Expected option terms (in years)		5.0

The options outstanding as of December 31, 2013 consist of 46,250 non-employee director options. There are zero employee options outstanding. The compensation expense associated with non-vested stock option awards was not significant for the year ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011.

The following table summarizes our option activity during the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011:

	Number of	Weighted Average Exercise Price
	Options	(per common share)
Options outstanding at January 1, 2011	140,177	\$ 29.20
Granted	10,500	\$ 37.35
Exercised	(64,641)	\$ 29.43
Forfeited or expired	(8,950)	\$ 33.33
Options outstanding at December 31, 2011	77,086	\$ 29.64
Granted	_	\$ _
Exercised	(16,256)	\$ 30.12
Forfeited or expired	(4,880)	\$ 33.16
Options outstanding at December 31, 2012	55,950	\$ 29.19
Granted	_	\$ _
Exercised	(9,700)	\$ 21.67
Forfeited or expired	_	\$ _
Options outstanding at December 31, 2013	46,250	\$ 30.77

The following table summarizes our options outstanding and options currently exercisable at December 31, 2013:

_			December	31, 2013	
		Weigh		Average	Aggregate
	Number of	Average Exercise Price (per common share)		Contractual Term	Intrinsic Value
	Options			(in years)	(in 000's)
Options vested and expected to vest	46,250	\$	30.77	4.7	\$ 549
Options vested and exercisable	42,750	\$	30.23	4.4	\$ 530

11. Share-Based Compensation, continued

Aggregate intrinsic value represents the value of our closing share price as of the end of the year in excess of the exercise price multiplied by the number of options outstanding or exercisable. The aggregate intrinsic value excludes the effect of stock options that have a zero or negative intrinsic value. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the intrinsic value of exercised options was \$0.2 million, \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the intrinsic value of vested and exercisable options was \$0.5 million, \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

Phantom Awards

Phantom awards can be granted to certain key employees. Employee awards typically vest over several years and are subject to continued employment by the employee. A cash bonus is paid when the awards vest which is based on a 10 day average of our closing stock price prior to the vesting date. The awards also pay cash bonuses per unvested share equal to the amount of distribution paid per share of common stock.

The value of the awards is re-measured at each reporting date. As our stock price rises, the phantom awards increase in value, along with the associated compensation expense. Accordingly, as our stock price declines, the phantom awards decrease in value, along with the associated compensation expense.

For the year ended December 31, 2013 we had zero phantom award activity and therefore did not record any compensation expense related to phantom awards. For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, we recorded compensation expense of less than \$0.1 million related to phantom awards.

12. Segment Reporting

We group our operating segments into reportable segments that provide similar products and services. Each operating segment has discrete financial information evaluated regularly by the Company's chief operating decision maker in evaluating and assessing performance. We have two reportable segments: (i) Real Property Operations and (ii) Home Sales and Rentals. The Real Property Operations segment owns, operates, and develops MH communities and RV communities and is in the business of acquiring, operating, and expanding MH and RV communities. The Home Sales and Rentals segment offers manufactured home sales and leasing services to tenants and prospective tenants of our communities.

Transactions between our segments are eliminated in consolidation. Transient RV revenue is included in Real Property Operations' revenues and is approximately \$17.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2013. This transient revenue was recognized 40% in the first quarter, 15% in the second quarter, 30% in the third quarter and 15% in the fourth quarter of 2013.

A presentation of segment financial information is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31, 2013									
	Real Pro	operty Operations	Home	Sales and Home Rentals	Consolidated					
Revenues	\$	313,097	\$	87,352	\$	400,449				
Operating expenses/Cost of home sales		109,921		60,732		170,653				
Net operating income/Gross profit		203,176		26,620		229,796				
Adjustments to arrive at net income (loss):										
Ancillary, interest and other income, net		14,773		_		14,773				
General and administrative		(25,941)		(9,913)		(35,854)				
Acquisition related costs		(3,928)		_		(3,928)				
Depreciation and amortization		(73,729)		(36,349)		(110,078)				
Interest		(73,001)		(338)		(73,339)				
Interest on mandatorily redeemable debt		(3,238)				(3,238)				
Distributions from affiliate		2,250		_		2,250				
Provision for state income taxes		(234)				(234)				
Net income (loss)		40,128		(19,980)		20,148				
Less: Preferred return to Series A-1 preferred OP units		2,598		_		2,598				
Less: Preferred return to Series A-3 preferred OP units		166		_		166				
Less: Amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests		2,450		(1,732)		718				
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc.	· <u> </u>	34,914		(18,248)		16,666				
Less: Series A preferred stock distributions		6,056		_		6,056				
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. common stockholders	\$	28,858	\$	(18,248)	\$	10,610				

12. Segment Reporting, continued

	Year Ended December 31, 2012									
	Real Pr	operty Operations	Hom	e Sales and Home Rentals	Consolidated					
Revenues	\$	255,761	\$	71,736	\$	327,497				
Operating expenses/Cost of home sales		88,046		53,059		141,105				
Net operating income/Gross profit		167,715		18,677		186,392				
Adjustments to arrive at net income (loss):										
Ancillary, interest and other income, net		11,455		_		11,455				
General and administrative		(20,037)		(8,316)		(28,353)				
Acquisition related costs		(4,296)		_		(4,296)				
Depreciation and amortization		(61,039)		(28,635)		(89,674)				
Interest		(67,756)		(103)		(67,859)				
Interest on mandatorily redeemable debt		(3,321)				(3,321)				
Distributions from affiliate		3,900		_		3,900				
Provision for state income taxes		(249)				(249)				
Net income (loss)	<u>-</u>	26,372		(18,377)		7,995				
Less: Preferred return to Series A-1 preferred OP units		2,329		_		2,329				
Less: Amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests		1,640		(1,958)		(318)				
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc.	'	22,403		(16,419)		5,984				
Less: Series A preferred stock distributions		1,026		_		1,026				
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. common stockholders	\$	21,377	\$	(16,419)	\$	4,958				

12. Segment Reporting, continued

	Year Ended December 31, 2011									
	Real Pro	perty Operations	Hoi	ne Sales and Home Rentals		Consolidated				
Revenues	\$	223,613	\$	54,542	\$	278,155				
Operating expenses/Cost of home sales		76,737		41,588		118,325				
Net operating income/Gross profit		146,876		12,954		159,830				
Adjustments to arrive at net income (loss):										
Ancillary, interest and other income, net		10,445		_		10,445				
General and administrative		(19,704)		(7,571)		(27,275)				
Acquisition related costs		(1,971)		_		(1,971)				
Depreciation and amortization		(51,063)		(23,130)		(74,193)				
Asset impairment charge		(1,382)		_		(1,382)				
Interest		(63,616)		(990)		(64,606)				
Interest on mandatorily redeemable debt		(3,333)		_		(3,333)				
Distributions from affiliate		2,100		_		2,100				
Provision for state income taxes		(150)				(150)				
Net income (loss)		18,202		(18,737)		(535)				
Less: Preferred return to Series A-1 preferred OP units		1,222		_		1,222				
Less: Amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests		1,003		(1,674)		(671)				
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. common stockholders	\$	15,977	\$	(17,063)	\$	(1,086)				

	December 31, 2013							December 31, 2012				
		Real Property Operations		Home Sales and Home Rentals		Consolidated		Real Property Operations		ome Sales and ome Rentals	Consolidated	
Identifiable assets:												
Investment property, net	\$	1,460,628	\$	294,424	\$	1,755,052	\$	1,296,753	\$	221,383	\$ 1,518,136	
Cash and cash equivalents		5,336		(583)		4,753		29,071		437	29,508	
Inventory of manufactured homes				5,810		5,810				7,527	7,527	
Notes and other receivables, net		154,524		10,161		164,685		131,000		8,850	139,850	
Other assets		64,342		4,594		68,936		54,959		4,648	59,607	
Total assets	\$	1,684,830	\$	314,406	\$	1,999,236	\$	1,511,783	\$	242,845	\$ 1,754,628	

13. Income Taxes

We have elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") as defined under Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 ("Code"), as amended. In order for us to qualify as a REIT, at least ninety-five percent (95%) of our gross income in any year must be derived from certain-specified qualifying sources and at least seventy-five percent (75%) of our gross income must be derived from income qualifying as real estate income under the Code. In addition, a REIT must distribute at least ninety percent (90%) of its REIT ordinary taxable income to its stockholders and meet other tests.

Qualification as a REIT involves the satisfaction of numerous requirements (some on an annual and quarterly basis) established under highly technical and complex Code provisions for which there are only limited judicial or administrative interpretations, and involves the determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control. In addition, frequent

13. Income Taxes, continued

changes occur in the area of REIT taxation which requires us to continually monitor our tax status. We analyzed the various REIT tests and determined that we continued to qualify as a REIT for the year ended December 31, 2013.

As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes at the corporate level on the ordinary taxable income we distribute to our stockholders as dividends. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, our taxable income could be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates (including any applicable alternative minimum tax). Even if we qualify as a REIT, we may be subject to certain state and local income taxes and to U.S. federal income and excise taxes on our undistributed income.

For income tax purposes, distributions paid to common stockholders consist of ordinary income, capital gains, and return of capital. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, distributions paid per share were taxable as follows (unaudited):

			Years Ended	d December 31,						
 20)13		2	012		2011				
Amount	Percentage		Amount	Percentage		Amount	Percentage			
\$ 0.87	34.6%	\$	0.92	48.7%	\$	0.74	23.5%			
_	%			%			%			
1.65	65.4%		0.97	51.3%		2.41	76.5%			
\$ 2.52	100.0%	\$	1.89	100.0%	\$	3.15	100.0%			
\$	Amount \$ 0.87 1.65	\$ 0.87 34.6% % 1.65 65.4%	Amount Percentage \$ 0.87 34.6% \$ — —% 1.65 65.4%	2013 2 Amount Percentage Amount \$ 0.87 34.6% \$ 0.92 — —% — 1.65 65.4% 0.97	Amount Percentage Amount Percentage \$ 0.87 34.6% \$ 0.92 48.7%	2013 2012 Amount Percentage Amount Percentage \$ 0.87 34.6% \$ 0.92 48.7% \$ — —% — —% 1.65 65.4% 0.97 51.3%	2013 2012 20 Amount Percentage Amount Percentage Amount \$ 0.87 34.6% \$ 0.92 48.7% \$ 0.74 — —% — — 1.65 65.4% 0.97 51.3% 2.41			

Sun Home Services, Inc. ("SHS"), our taxable REIT subsidiary, is subject to U.S. federal income taxes. Our deferred tax assets and liabilities reflect the impact of temporary differences between the amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the bases of such assets and liabilities as measured by tax laws. Deferred tax assets are reduced, if necessary, by a valuation allowance to the amount where realization is more likely than not assured after considering all available evidence. Our temporary differences primarily relate to net operating loss carryforwards and depreciation.

The deferred tax assets included in the consolidated balance sheets are comprised of the following tax effects of temporary differences (in thousands):

As of December 31,			
	2013		2012
\$	24,237	\$	22,340
	23,999		19,512
	(128)		(128)
	48,108		41,724
	(47,108)		(40,724)
\$	1,000	\$	1,000
	\$	\$ 24,237 23,999 (128) 48,108 (47,108)	\$ 24,237 \$ 23,999 (128) 48,108 (47,108)

SHS has net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$71.3 million at December 31, 2013. The loss carryforwards will begin to expire in 2021 through 2031 if not offset by future taxable income. Management believes its net deferred tax asset will be realized but realization is continuously subject to an assessment as to recoverability in the future. The deferred tax asset will be used when we generate sufficient taxable income. No federal tax expense was recognized in the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011.

We had no unrecognized tax benefits as of December 31, 2013 and 2012. We expect no significant increases or decreases in unrecognized tax benefits due to changes in tax positions within one year of December 31, 2013.

We classify certain state taxes as income taxes for financial reporting purposes. We record Texas Margin Tax as income tax in our financial statements. In 2011, we were also subject to Michigan Business Tax. We recorded a provision for state income taxes of

13. Income Taxes, continued

approximately \$0.2 million, for each of the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011. No deferred tax liability is recorded in relation to the Texas Margin Tax as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

We and our subsidiaries are subject to income taxes in the U.S. and various state jurisdictions. Tax regulations within each jurisdiction are subject to the interpretation of the related tax laws and regulations and require significant judgment to apply. With few exceptions, we are no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local, examinations by tax authorities for the tax years ended December 31, 2008 and prior.

Our policy is to report income tax penalties and income tax related interest expense as a component of income tax expense. No interest or penalty associated with any unrecognized income tax benefit or provision was accrued, nor was any income tax related interest or penalty recognized during the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011.

14. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

We have outstanding stock options and unvested restricted shares, and our Operating Partnership has Common OP units, convertible Series A-1 preferred OP units, Series A-3 preferred OP units and Aspen preferred OP Units, which if converted or exercised, may impact dilution.

Computations of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations were as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

		Y	ear En	ided Decembe	r 31,	
Numerator	2013			2012	2011	
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$	10,610	\$	4,958	\$	(1,086)
Denominator						
Weighted average common shares outstanding	_	34,228		26,970		21,147
Weighted average unvested restricted stock outstanding		504		285		
Basic weighted average common shares and unvested restricted stock outstanding		34,732		27,255		21,147
Add: dilutive stock options		15		17		
Diluted weighted average common shares and securities		34,747		27,272		21,147
Earnings (loss) per share available to common stockholders:						
Basic	\$	0.31	\$	0.18	\$	(0.05)
Diluted	\$	0.31	\$	0.18	\$	(0.05)

We excluded certain securities from the computation of diluted earnings (loss) per share because the inclusion of these securities would have been anti-dilutive for the periods presented. The following table presents the number of outstanding potentially dilutive securities that were excluded from the computation of diluted earnings (loss) per share for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (amounts in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,						
	2013	2012	2011				
Stock options			77				
Unvested restricted stock	_	_	276				
Common OP units	2,069	2,071	2,072				
Series A-1 preferred OP units	455	455	455				
Series A-3 preferred OP units	40	_	_				
Aspen preferred OP units	1,325	1,325	1,325				
Total securities	3,889	3,851	4,205				

14. Earnings (Loss) Per Share, continued

The figures above represent the total number of potentially dilutive securities, and do not necessarily reflect the incremental impact to the number of diluted weighted average shares outstanding that would be computed if the impact to us had been dilutive to the calculation of earnings per share available to common stockholders.

15. Quarterly Financial Information (Unaudited)

The following is a condensed summary of our unaudited quarterly results for years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. Income (loss) per share for the year may not equal the sum of the fiscal quarters' income (loss) per share due to changes in basic and diluted shares outstanding.

				Qı	ıarte	rs		
		1st ⁽²⁾		2nd		3rd		4th
		(In	n tho	usands, exc	ept po	er share amo	unts)
2013	_							
Total revenues	\$	102,913	\$	100,151	\$	107,201	\$	104,957
Total expenses		94,983		97,290		101,841		102,976
Income before income taxes and distributions from affiliates	\$	7,930	\$	2,861	\$	5,360	\$	1,981
Distributions from affiliate (1)	\$	400	\$	450	\$	700	\$	700
Net income attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. common stockholders	\$	5,744	\$	1,035	\$	3,749	\$	82
Earnings per share:								
Basic	\$	0.19	\$	0.03	\$	0.10	\$	_
Diluted	\$	0.19	\$	0.03	\$	0.10	\$	_
2012								
Total revenues	\$	82,917	\$	82,223	\$	83,018	\$	90,794
Total expenses		77,221		81,591		83,809		91,987
Income (loss) before income taxes and distributions from affiliates	\$	5,696	\$	632	\$	(791)	\$	(1,193)
Distributions from affiliate (1)	\$	750	\$	1,900	\$	600	\$	650
Net income (loss) attributable to Sun Communities, Inc. common stockholders	\$	5,377	\$	1,663	\$	(650)	\$	(1,432)
Earnings (loss) per share:								
Basic	\$	0.21	\$	0.06	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.05)
Diluted (1) Refer to Note 7 for more information regarding distributions from affiliates.	\$	0.21	\$	0.06	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.05)
(2) Financial information includes certain reclassifications to conform to current period presentation.								
F - 37								

16. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Our objective in using interest rate derivatives is to manage exposure to interest rate movements thereby minimizing the effect of interest rate changes and the effect it could have on future cash flows. Interest rate swaps and caps are used to accomplish this objective. We require hedging derivative instruments to be highly effective in reducing the risk exposure that they are designated to hedge. We formally designate any instrument that meets these hedging criteria as a hedge at the inception of the derivative contract. We do not enter into derivative instruments for speculative purposes.

The following table provides the terms of our interest rate derivative contracts that were in effect as of December 31, 2013:

					Notional					Effective Fixed
Type	Purpose	Effective Date	Maturity Date	((in millions)	Based on	Variable Rate	Fixed Rate	Spread	Rate
	Floating to Fixed									
Swap	Rate	1/1/2009	1/1/2014	\$	20.0	3 Month LIBOR	0.3585%	2.1450%	1.8700%	4.0150%
Cap	Cap Floating Rate	4/1/2012	4/1/2015	\$	152.4	3 Month LIBOR	0.3585%	11.2650%	%	N/A
Cap	Cap Floating Rate	10/3/2011	10/3/2016	\$	10.0	3 Month LIBOR	0.3585%	11.0200%	%	N/A

In accordance with ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, we have recorded the fair value of our derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges on the balance sheet. See Note 17 for information on the determination of fair value for the derivative instruments. The following table summarizes the fair value of derivative instruments included in our consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in thousands):

_	A	sset Deriv	atives			Liak				
	Balance Sheet Location		Fair Value			Balance Sheet Location	Fair V			
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments			ember 31, 2013	De	ecember 31, 2012			mber 31, 2013	Dec	cember 31, 2012
Interest rate swap and cap agreements	Other assets	\$	_	\$		Other liabilities	\$	97	\$	459
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments		\$	_	\$	_		\$	97	\$	459

These valuation adjustments will only be realized under certain situations. For example, if we terminate the swaps prior to maturity or if the derivatives fail to qualify for hedge accounting, we would need to amortize amounts currently included in other comprehensive income into interest expense over the terms of the derivative contracts. We do not intend to terminate the swaps prior to maturity and, therefore, the net of valuation adjustments through the various maturity dates will approximate zero, unless the derivatives fail to qualify for hedge accounting.

Our hedges were highly effective and had minimal effect on income. The following table summarizes the impact of derivative instruments for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 as recorded in the consolidated statements of operations (in thousands):

	An	ount	of gain or (loss)		(loss) reclassified from							
Derivatives in cash flow hedging relationship	recognized in OCI (effective portion)					accumulated OCI into income (effective portion)	Amount of gain or (loss) re accumulated OCI into income						
	Year Ended December 31,			er 31	1,		Year Ended December 31,						
	2013		2012		2011			2013		2012	:	2011	
Interest rate swap and cap agreements	\$ 362	\$	643	\$	1,048	Interest expense	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	

Our financial derivative instruments are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges and the effective portion of the gain or loss on such hedges are reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in our consolidated balance sheets. To the extent that the hedging relationship is not effective or does not qualify as a cash flow hedge, the ineffective portion is recorded in interest expense. Hedges that received designated hedge accounting treatment are evaluated for effectiveness at the time that they are designated as well as through the hedging period. No gain or loss was recognized in the consolidated financial statements related to hedge ineffectiveness or to amounts excluded from effectiveness testing on our cash flow hedge during the year ended December 31, 2013. A gain of \$4.0 thousand and a loss of \$13.0 thousand were recognized during the years ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

16. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, continued

Certain of our derivative instruments contain provisions that require us to provide ongoing collateralization on derivative instruments in a liability position. As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we had collateral deposits recorded in other assets of approximately \$0.7 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

17. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Our financial instruments consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, accounts and notes receivable, accounts payable, derivative instruments, and debt.

ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, establishes guidance for the fair value hierarchy that requires the use of observable market data, when available, and prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value in the following categories:

Level 1—Quoted unadjusted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2—Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active and model-derived valuations in which all observable inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.

Level 3—Model derived valuations in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable, including assumptions developed by us.

We utilize fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value.

Derivative Instruments

The derivative instruments held by us are interest rate swap and cap agreements for which quoted market prices are indirectly available. For those derivatives, we use model-derived valuations in which all observable inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets provided by brokers or dealers to determine the fair values of derivative instruments on a recurring basis (Level 2).

Installment Notes on Manufactured Homes

The net carrying value of the installment notes on manufactured homes estimates the fair value as the interest rates in the portfolio are comparable to current prevailing market rates (Level 2).

Long Term Debt and Lines of Credit

The fair value of long term debt (excluding the secured borrowing) is based on the estimates of management and on rates currently quoted and rates currently prevailing for comparable loans and instruments of comparable maturities (Level 2).

Collateralized Receivables and Secured Borrowing

The fair value of these financial instruments offset each other as our collateralized receivables represent a transfer of financial assets and the cash proceeds received from these transactions have been classified as a secured borrowing in the consolidated balance sheets. The net carrying value of the collateralized receivables estimates the fair value as the interest rates in the portfolio are comparable to current prevailing market rates (Level 2).

Other Financial Instruments

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable approximate their fair market values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

17. Fair Value of Financial Instruments, continued

The table below sets forth our financial assets and liabilities that required disclosure of their fair values on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2013. The table presents the carrying values and fair values of our financial instruments as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 that were measured using the valuation techniques described above (in thousands). The table excludes other financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable because the carrying values associated with these instruments approximate fair value since their maturities are less than one year.

	December 31, 2013						r 31, 2012			
Financial assets	C	arrying Value		Fair Value	C	arrying Value		Fair Value		
Installment notes receivable on manufactured homes, net	\$	25,471	\$	25,471	\$	21,898	\$	21,898		
Collateralized receivables, net	\$	109,821	\$	109,821	\$	93,834	\$	93,834		
Financial liabilities										
Derivative instruments	\$	97	\$	97	\$	459	\$	459		
Debt (excluding secured borrowing)	\$	1,200,927	\$	1,211,821	\$	1,329,311	\$	1,355,331		
Secured borrowing	\$	110,510	\$	110,510	\$	94,409	\$	94,409		
Lines of credit	\$	181,383	\$	181,383	\$	29,781	\$	29,781		

The table below sets forth, by level, our financial assets and liabilities that were required to be carried at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2013 (in thousands).

	Description	Frequency	Asset	(Liability)	I	evel 1	I	Level 2	Level 3
December 31, 2013	Derivative instruments	Recurring	\$	(97)	\$		\$	(97)	_
December 31, 2012	Derivative instruments	Recurring	\$	(459)	\$	_	\$	(459)	_

The derivative instruments are the only financial liabilities that were required to be carried at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets for the periods indicated, and we have no financial assets that are required to be carried at fair value.

18. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2013-11, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists" ("ASU 2013-11"). ASU 2013-11 requires an entity to present its unrecognized tax benefits net of its deferred tax assets when settlement in this manner is available under the tax law, which would be based on facts and circumstances as of the balance sheet reporting date and would not consider future events. Gross presentation in the notes to the financial statements will still be required. ASU 2013-11 will apply on a prospective basis to all unrecognized tax benefits that exist at the effective date, with the option to apply it retrospectively. The guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The adoption of this pronouncement will not have any impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-02, "Comprehensive Income: Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income" ("ASU 2013-02"). ASU 2013-02 requires an entity to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. In addition, an entity is required to present, either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in the notes, significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income but only if the amount reclassified is required under GAAP to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period. For other amounts that are not required under GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to cross-reference to other disclosures required under GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. The provisions of ASU 2013-02 were effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have any impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In January 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-01, "Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities" ("ASU 2013-01") which amends ASC Topic 210, Balance Sheet. The updated guidance in ASC Topic 210 clarifies that ordinary trade receivables are not in the scope of ASU No. 2011-11, Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. Specifically, ASU 2011-11 applies only to derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse purchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with specific criteria contained in the ASC or subject to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement. An entity is required to apply the amendments for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, and interim periods within those annual periods. An entity should provide the required disclosures retrospectively for all comparative periods presented. The effective date is the same as the effective date of ASU 2011-11, which was January 1, 2013. Early adoption was not permitted. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have any impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-03, "Reconsideration of Effective Control for Repurchase Agreements" (ASU 2011-03) which amends ASC Topic 860, Transfers and Servicing. The updated guidance in ASC Topic 860 removes from the assessment of effective control (1) the criterion requiring the transferor to have the ability to repurchase or redeem the financial assets on substantially the agreed terms, even in the event of default by the transferee, and (2) the collateral maintenance implementation guidance related to that criterion. The updated guidance in ASC Topic 860 is effective for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after December 15, 2011. Early adoption was not permitted. The adoption of this guidance did not have any impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-04, "Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs" (ASU 2011-04) which amends ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. The updated guidance in ASC Topic 820 changes the wording used to describe the requirements in U.S. GAAP for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements. The updated guidance in ASC Topic 820 is effective during interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Early adoption was not permitted. The adoption of this guidance did not have any impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

19. Commitments and Contingencies

On June 4, 2010 we settled all of the claims arising out of the litigation filed in 2004 by TJ Holdings, LLC in the Superior Court of Guilford County, North Carolina and the associated arbitration proceeding commenced by TJ Holdings in Southfield, Michigan. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, in which neither party admitted any liability whatsoever, we paid TJ Holdings \$360,000. In addition, pursuant to this settlement, TJ Holdings' percentage ownership interest in Sun/Forest, LLC will be increased on a one time basis, in the event of a sale or refinance of all of the SunChamp Properties, to between 9.03% and 28.99% depending on our average closing stock price as reported by the NYSE during the 30 days preceding the sale or refinance of all the SunChamp Properties. Once this percentage ownership interest has been adjusted, there will be no further adjustments from subsequent sales or refinances of the SunChamp Properties. The likelihood of a sale or refinancing of all of the SunChamp properties is not probable as these properties continue to see growth potential nor do we have a need to refinance all of the properties, so we do not expect it to have a material adverse impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

We are involved in various other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. All such proceedings, taken together, are not expected to have a material adverse impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

20. Related Party Transactions

We have entered into the following transactions with OFS LLC:

Investment in OFS LLC. We entered into an agreement with four unrelated companies and we contributed cash of approximately \$0.6 million towards the formation of OFS LLC. OFS LLC purchased the loan origination platform of Origen. The purpose of the venture is to originate manufactured housing installment contracts for its members. We accounted for our investment in OFS LLC using the equity method of accounting which we have since suspended. As of December 31, 2013, we had an ownership interest in the OFS LLC of 22.9%, and the carrying value of our investment was zero.

Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement. OFS LLC agreed to fund loans that meet our underwriting guidelines and then transfer those loans to us pursuant to a Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement. We paid OFS LLC a fee of \$650 per loan pursuant to a Loan Origination, Sale and Purchase Agreement which totaled approximately \$0.1 million during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. We purchased, at par, \$7.7 million and \$6.4 million of these loans during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

We have entered into the following transactions with Origen:

Investment in Origen. We own 5,000,000 shares of Origen common stock and Shiffman Origen LLC (which is owned by the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse's Marital Trust, Gary A. Shiffman (our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer), and members of Mr. Shiffman's family) owns 1,025,000 shares of Origen common stock. Gary A. Shiffman is a member of the Board of Directors of Origen and Arthur A. Weiss, our director, is a trustee of the Milton M. Shiffman Spouse's Marital Trust. We accounted for our investment in Origen using the equity method of accounting which we have since suspended. As of December 31, 2013 we had an ownership interest in Origen of approximately 19%, and the carrying value of our investment was zero.

Board Membership. Gary A. Shiffman, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, is a board member of Origen.

In addition to the transactions with Origen described above, Gary A. Shiffman and his affiliates and/or Arthur A. Weiss, one of our directors, have entered into the following transactions with us:

Lease of Executive Offices. Gary A. Shiffman, together with certain of his family members, indirectly owns a 21% equity interest in American Center LLC, the entity from which we lease office space for our principal executive offices. Arthur A. Weiss owns a less than one percent indirect interest in American Center LLC. Under this lease agreement, we lease approximately 48,200 rentable square feet. The term of the lease is until October 31, 2016, with an option to renew for an additional five years. The base rent through October 31, 2014 is \$18.12 per square foot (gross). From November 1, 2014 to August 31, 2015, the base rent will be \$18.24 per square foot (gross) and from September 1, 2015 to October 31, 2016, the base rent will be \$17.92 per square foot (gross). As of May 2013, we also have a temporary lease through April 30, 2014 for approximately 10,500 rentable square feet with base rent equal to \$14.33 per square foot (gross). Our annual rent expense associated with the lease of our executive offices was approximately \$1.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 and \$0.7 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. Our future annual rent expense will be approximately \$0.9 million for 2014 and 2015 and \$0.7 million for 2016. Each of Mr. Shiffman and Mr. Weiss may have a conflict of interest with respect to his obligations as our officer and/or director and his ownership interest in American Center LLC.

20. Related Party Transactions, continued

Loan Funding Agreement with Talmer Bank. Each of Robert H. Naftaly and Arthur A. Weiss, who serve on our board of directors, is also a director of each of Talmer Bancorp, Inc. and its primary operating subsidiary, Talmer Bank. Each of Mr. Naftaly, Mr. Weiss and Mr. Shiffman also owns less than one percent of Talmer Bancorp, Inc.'s common stock. In January 2013, we entered into an agreement with Talmer Bank under which we could refer purchasers of homes in our communities to Talmer Bank to obtain loans to finance their home purchases. We did not receive referral fees or other cash compensation under the agreement. If Talmer Bank made loans to purchasers referred by us under the agreement, those purchasers defaulted on their loans and Talmer Bank repossessed the homes securing such loans, we had agreed to purchase from Talmer Bank each such repossessed home for a price equal to 100% of the amount under each such loan, subject to certain adjustments; provided that the maximum outstanding principal amount of the loans subject to the agreement did not exceed \$10.0 million. In addition, we agreed to waive all site rent that would otherwise be due from Talmer Bank so long as it owned any homes on which loans were made pursuant to the agreement. The agreement expired November 1, 2013 and was not extended. No transactions occurred under this agreement.

Legal Counsel. During 2011-2013, Jaffe, Raitt, Heuer, & Weiss, Professional Corporation acted as our general counsel and represented us in various matters. Arthur A. Weiss is the Chairman of the Board of Directors and a shareholder of such firm. We incurred legal fees and expenses owed to Jaffe, Raitt, Heuer, & Weiss of approximately \$3.2 million, \$3.4 million and \$2.5 million in the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Tax Consequences Upon Sale of Properties. Gary A. Shiffman holds limited partnership interests in the Operating Partnership which were received in connection with the contribution of 24 properties (four of which have been sold) from partnerships previously affiliated with him (the "Sun Partnerships"). Prior to any redemption of these limited partnership interests for our common stock, Mr. Shiffman will have tax consequences different from those on us and our public stockholders upon the sale of any of the Sun Partnerships. Therefore, we and Mr. Shiffman may have different objectives regarding the appropriate pricing and timing of any sale of those properties.

21. Subsequent Events

We have evaluated our financial statements for subsequent events through the date that this Form 10-K was issued.

Acquisitions

In February 2014, we acquired Driftwood Camping Resort, an RV community with approximately 698 sites located in Clermont, New Jersey, for a purchase price of approximately \$31.9 million. We also acquired Seashore Campsites RV and Campground, an RV community with approximately 685 sites located in Cape May, New Jersey, for a purchase price of approximately \$24.6 million.

In January 2014, we acquired Castaways RV Resort & Campground, an RV community with approximately 369 sites located in Worcester County, Maryland, for a purchase price of approximately \$35.9 million. We also acquired Wine Country RV Resort, an RV community with approximately 166 sites located in Paso Robles, California, for a purchase price of approximately \$13.3 million.

The initial accounting and purchase price allocations for these business acquisitions will be completed during the first quarter of 2014.

Mortgage Loans

On January 30, 2014, we and four of our subsidiaries obtained four mortgage loans (each, an "Individual Loan" and, together, the "Loan") in the aggregate amount of \$99.0 million from The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company ("NM") pursuant to a Master Loan Agreement with NM. Each Individual Loan accrues interest at the rate of 4.20% per year. The borrower under each Individual Loan is required to make monthly principal and interest payments calculated based on a 30 days amortization period. Each Individual Loan matures and all outstanding principal and interest under each Individual Loan will be payable on February 13, 2026. We and each of the four borrowers have guaranteed the Loan. The Loan is secured by a mortgage and assignment of leases and rents on the four MH/RV communities owned by the borrowers. An event of default under any Individual Loan will cause an event of default under the entire Loan and all four mortgaged properties secure the repayment of the entire Loan. The proceeds of the Loan were used to repay a portion of our senior secured line of credit.

(amounts in thousands)

Costs Capitalized Subsequent to
Initial Cost to Acquisition
Company (Improvements)

Gross Amount Carried at December 31, 2013

Property Name	Location	Encumbrance	Land	Depreciable Assets	Land	Depreciable Assets	Land	Depreciable Assets	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Date	Acquired (A) or Constructed (C)
Academy/Westpoint	Canton, MI	В	1,485	14,278		7,647	1,485	21,925	23,410	(8,765)	2000	(A)
Allendale	Allendale, MI	В	366	3,684	_	9,801	366	13,485	13,851	(6,068)	1996	(A)
Alpine	Grand Rapids, MI	Е	729	6,692	_	9,065	729	15,757	16,486	(6,805)	1996	(A)
Apple Carr Village	Muskegon, MI	3,663	800	6,172	_	2,743	800	8,915	9,715	(840)	2011	(A)
Apple Creek	Amelia, OH	C	543	5,480	_	1,901	543	7,381	7,924	(3,010)	1999	(A)
Arbor Terrace	Bradenton, FL	A	456	4,410	_	2,183	456	6,593	7,049	(2,860)	1996	(A)
Ariana Village	Lakeland, FL	_	240	2,195	_	1,117	240	3,312	3,552	(1,728)	1994	(A)
Autumn Ridge	Ankeny, IA	В	890	8,054	(34)	2,898	856	10,952	11,808	(5,352)	1996	(A)
Bedford Hills	Battle Creek, MI	C	1,265	11,562	_	3,194	1,265	14,756	16,021	(7,987)	1996	(A)
Bell Crossing	Clarksville, TN	С	717	1,916	(12)	8,348	705	10,264	10,969	(3,490)	1999	(A)
Big Timber Lake RV Resort	Cape May, NJ San Antonio,	Е	590	21,308	_	324	590	21,632	22,222	(399)	2013	(A)
Blazing Star	TX	3,996	750	6,163	_	789	750	6,952	7,702	(371)	2012	(A)
Blueberry Hill	Bushnell, FL	C	3,830	3,240	_	956	3,830	4,196	8,026	(266)	2012	(A)
	Pflugerville,											
Boulder Ridge	TX	В	1,000	500	3,323	23,933	4,323	24,433	28,756	(10,247)	1998	(C)
Branch Creek	Austin, TX	В	796	3,716	_	5,333	796	9,049	9,845	(4,644)	1995	(A)
Brentwood	Kentwood, MI	A	385	3,592	_	2,285	385	5,877	6,262	(3,004)	1996	(A)
Brookside Manor	Goshen, IN	В	260	1,080	385	12,309	645	13,389	14,034	(6,352)	1985	(A)
Brookside Village	Kentwood, MI	2,474	170	5,564	_	654	170	6,218	6,388	(570)	2011	(A)
Buttonwood Bay	Sebring, FL	A	1,952	18,294	_	4,721	1,952	23,015	24,967	(9,180)	2001	(A)
Byrne Hill Village	Toledo, OH	_	383	3,903	_	1,919	383	5,822	6,205	(2,335)	1999	(A)
Byron Center	Byron Center, MI	E	253	2,402	_	2,376	253	4,778	5,031	(2,167)	1996	(A)
Camelot Villa	Macomb, MI	E	910	21,211	_	2,197	910	23,408	24,318	(381)	2013	(A)
Candlelight Village	Sauk Village, IL	D	600	5,623	_	6,582	600	12,205	12,805	(5,423)	1996	(A)
Candlewick Court	Owosso, MI	A	125	1,900	131	2,890	256	4,790	5,046	(2,502)	1985	(A)
Carrington Pointe	Ft. Wayne, IN	В	1,076	3,632	(1)	7,344	1,075	10,976	12,051	(4,901)	1997	(A)
Casa Del Valle	Alamo, TX	_	246	2,316	_	1,482	246	3,798	4,044	(1,417)	1997	(A)
Catalina	Middletown, OH	A	653	5,858	_	4,016	653	9,874	10,527	(5,410)	1993	(A)
Cave Creek	Evans, CO	5,607	2,241	15,343	_	7,952	2,241	23,295	25,536	(6,292)	2004	(A)
Chisholm Point	Pflugerville, TX	В	609	5,286	_	5,664	609	10,950	11,559	(5,628)	1995	(A)
Cider Mill Crossings	Fenton, MI	С	520	1,568	_	8,956	520	10,524	11,044	(1,013)	2011	(A)
Cider Mill Village	Middleville, MI	E	250	3,590	_	1,982	250	5,572	5,822	(549)	2011	(A)

(amounts in thousands)

Cove

Flint, MI

 \mathbf{E}

380

3,438

3,245

380

6,683

7,063

(3,536)

1993

(A)

Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition

Gross Amount Carried

Initial Cost to Company at December 31, 2013 (Improvements) Acquired (A) Depreciable Depreciable Constructed Property Depreciable Accumulated Name Location Encumbrance Land Assets Land Assets Land Assets Total Depreciation Date **(C)** Clearwater 80 5,183 6,453 Village South Bend, IN В 1,270 60 140 6,593 (2,545)1986 (A) Club Naples Naples, FL C 5,780 4,952 780 5,780 5,732 11,512 (531)2011 (A) Cobus Green Osceola, IN Е 762 7,037 5,061 762 12,098 12,860 (6,149)1993 (A) College Park C 75 9,003 9,803 Estates Canton, MI 800 174 249 10,052 (4,737)1978 (A) Comal New Braunfels, C Farms TX1,455 1,732 8,711 1,455 10,443 11,898 (3,702)2000 (A&C) Continental Estates Davison, MI 1,625 16,581 150 1,636 1,775 18,217 19,992 (9,898)1996 (A) Continental Е 10,001 10,001 North (1) Davison, MI 10,001 (4,795)1996 (A) Corporate 17,600 Headquarters Southfield, MI 17,600 17,600 (9,682)Various Country Acres Cadillac, MI Е 380 3,495 2,748 380 6,243 6,623 (2,906)1996 (A) Country Е 340 3,001 6,862 7,202 Hills Village Hudsonville, MI 3,861 340 (736)2011 (A) Country В 924 296 1,220 25,210 Meadows Flat Rock, MI 7,583 17,627 26,430 (12,257)1994 (A) Country Meadows Village C 550 5,555 3,244 550 8.799 9.349 (887)2011 Caledonia, MI (A) Countryside Lawrenceville. (4,101) Atlanta GA 12,950 1,274 10,957 1,552 1,274 12,509 13,783 2004 (A) Countryside Buford, GA 10,341 1,124 9,539 4,208 1,124 13,747 14,871 2004 (A) Gwinnett (4,717)Countryside Lake Lanier Buford, GA 16,810 1,916 16,357 6,983 1,916 23,340 25,256 (7,180)2004 (A) Countryside Village Perry, MI C 275 3,920 185 4,479 460 8,399 8,859 (4,639)1987 (A) Creekside Reidsville, NC C 350 1,423 (331)(1,179)19 244 263 (36)2000 (A&C) Creekwood D 808 2,043 14,289 Meadows Burton, MI 404 12,246 1,212 15,501 (6,976)1997 (C) Cutler Grand Rapids, C Estates MI 749 6.941 3,123 749 10,064 10,813 (5,055)1996 (A) Davison East (1) Davison, MI 1,177 1,177 1,177 (717)1996 (A) Deerfield C Anderson, IN 990 1,607 5,214 990 6,821 7,811 (2,719)1999 Run (A) West Wendover, Desert View C 1,119 (1,042)77 231 308 1998 Village 231 (113)(C) Dutton Mill 8,997 Е 1,441 10,438 10,808 370 370 (982)2011 Village Caledonia, MI (A) В 2,015 37,439 2,015 37,589 1998 Eagle Crest Firestone, CO 150 39,604 (12,840)(C) Batavia, OH C 1,280 9,193 1,280 15,495 16,775 (5,350)2000 East Fork 6,302 (A&C) East Village Washington 21,373 1,410 25,413 2,903 1,410 28,316 29,726 Estates Twp., MI (1,481)2012 (A) Edwardsville, C 541 Edwardsville KS 425 8,805 7,767 966 16,572 17,538 1987 (8,152)(A) East Lansing, Falcon Pointe MI 450 4,049 (300)(2,529)150 1,520 1,670 (318)2003 (A) Fisherman's

Forest Meadows	Philomath, OR	E	1,031	2,050	_	827	1,031	2,877	3,908	(1,332)	1999	(A)
Four Seasons	Elkhart, IN	D	500	4,811	_	2,613	500	7,424	7,924	(2,958)	2000	(A)
Glen Laurel	Concord, NC	C	1,641	453	_	12,981	1,641	13,434	15,075	(4,100)	2001	(A&C)
Goldcoaster	Homestead, FL	E	446	4,234	172	3,854	618	8,088	8,706	(3,535)	1997	(A)
Grand	Grand Rapids, MI	A	374	3,587	_	2,126	374	5,713	6,087	(2,869)	1996	(A)

F - 45

(amounts in thousands)

	Costs Capitalized
	Subsequent to
	Acquisition
itial Cost to Company	(Improvements)

Gross Amount Carried at December 31, 2013

			Initial Co	st to Company	(Imp	(Improvements) at December 31, 2013						
											Acquired (A)	
Property Name	Location	Encumbrance	Land	Depreciable Assets	Land	Depreciable Assets	Land	Depreciable Assets	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Date	or Constructed (C)
Grand Lakes	Citra, FL	C	5,280	4,501		1,332	5,280	5,833	11,113	(346)	2012	(A)
Groves	Ft. Myers, FL	D	249	2,396	_	1,789	249	4,185	4,434	(1,770)	1997	(A)
Gwynn's Island	Gwynn, VA	С	760	595	_	886	760	1,481	2,241	(36)	2013	(A)
Hamlin	Webberville, MI	A	125	1,675	536	9,693	661	11,368	12,029	(4,282)	1984	(A)
Hickory Hills	Battle Creek,			,		,		,	,	() ,		()
Village	MI	4,367	760	7,697	_	1,969	760	9,666	10,426	(925)	2011	(A)
Hidden Ridge	Hopkins, MI	C	440	893	_	281	440	1,174	1,614	(115)	2011	(A)
High Point	Frederica, DE	17,500	898	7,031	_	5,393	898	12,424	13,322	(4,587)	1997	(A)
Holiday Village	Elkhart, IN	В	100	3,207	143	3,412	243	6,619	6,862	(3,386)	1986	(A)
Holiday West Village	Holland, MI	С	340	8,067	_	1,463	340	9,530	9,870	(923)	2011	(A)
Holly/Hawaiian Gardens	Holly, MI	A	1,514	13,596	_	2,637	1,514	16,233	17,747	(4,955)	2004	(A)
Holly Forest	Holly Hill, FL	В	920	8,376	_	581	920	8,957	9,877	(4,813)	1997	(A)
Hunters												
Crossing	Capac, MI	C	430	1,092	_	431	430	1,523	1,953	(85)	2012	(A)
Hunters Glen	Wayland, MI	С	1,102	11,926		4,950	1,102	16,876	17,978	(5,292)	2004	(A)
Indian Creek	Ft. Myers Beach, FL	_	3,832	34,660	_	6,655	3,832	41,315	45,147	(21,515)	1996	(A)
Indian Creek	Geneva on the Lake, OH	C	420	20,791	_	731	420	21,522	21,942	(399)	2013	(A)
Island Lake	Merritt Island, FL	_	700	6,431	_	531	700	6,962	7,662	(4,077)	1995	(A)
Jellystone	North Java, NY	_	870	8,884	_	592	870	9,476	10,346	(233)	2013	(A)
Jellystone at Birchwood Acres	Woodridge, NY	_	560	5,527	_	(36)	560	5,491	6,051	(83)	2013	(A)
Kensington Meadows	Lansing, MI	В	250	2,699	_	8,336	250	11,035	11,285	(5,007)	1995	(A)
Kenwood	La Feria, TX	С	145	1,842	_	520	145	2,362	2,507	(969)	1999	(A)
King's Court	Traverse City, MI	В	1,473	13,782	(11)	3,927	1,462	17,709	19,171	(9,659)	1996	(A)
King's Lake	Debary, FL	_	280	2,542	_	2,918	280	5,460	5,740	(2,685)	1994	(A)
Knollwood Estates	Allendale, MI	2,706	400	4,061	_	2,967	400	7,028	7,428	(2,840)	2001	(A)
Lafayette Place	Warren, MI	D	669	5,979	_	4,568	669	10,547	11,216	(4,775)	1998	(A)
Lake In Wood	Narvon, PA	C	7,360	7,097	_	439	7,360	7,536	14,896	(426)	2012	(A)
Lake Juliana	Auburndale, FL	D	335	3,048	_	1,713	335	4,761	5,096	(2,532)	1994	(A)
Lake Laurie RV Resort	Cape May, NJ	С	650	7,736	_	1,593	650	9,329	9,979	(218)	2013	(A)
Lake San Marino	Naples, FL	D	650	5,760	_	2,229	650	7,989	8,639	(3,691)	1996	(A)
Lakeview	Ypsilanti, MI	С	1,156	10,903	_	4,191	1,156	15,094	16,250	(4,800)	2004	(A)
Leisure Village	-	C	360	8,219	_	216	360	8,435	8,795	(735)	2011	(A)
	Valparaiso, IN	A	66	1,201	116	2,928	182	4,129	4,311	(2,192)	1985	(A)
Lincoln Estates	Holland, MI	A	455	4,201	_	2,881	455	7,082	7,537	(3,337)	1996	(A)
Maplewood Mobile	Indianapolis, IN	A	275	2,122	_	2,164	275	4,286	4,561	(2,390)	1989	(A)

(amounts in thousands)

Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition

Gross Amount Carried

at December 31, 2013 **Initial Cost to Company** (Improvements) Acquired (A) Constructed **Property** Depreciable Depreciable Depreciable Accumulated Name Location Encumbrance Land Assets Land Assets Land Assets Total Depreciation Date **(C)** White Lake, Meadow Lake 8,429 19,927 Estates MI В 1,188 11,498 127 1,315 21,242 (10,738)1994 (A) Meadowbrook Charlotte, NC C 1,310 6,570 7,792 1,310 14,362 15,672 (5,405)2000 (A&C) Meadowbrook E 3,320 379 11,750 810 15,070 15,880 1986 Monroe, MI 431 (7,431)Estates (A) Meadowbrook Village Tampa, FL Α 519 4,728 644 519 5,372 5,891 (3.387)1994 (A) 287 2,300 (1) 4,050 286 6,350 6,636 (3,534)1987 Meadows Nappanee, IN (A) Naples Gardens Naples, FL C 3,640 2,020 710 3,640 2,730 6,370 (240)2011 (A) New Point RV C 1,550 2,828 8,087 Resort New Point, VA 5,259 1,550 9,637 (173)2013 (A) North Lake Moore Haven, C 595 FL 4,150 3,486 4,150 4,081 8,231 (378)2011 (A) Estates North Point Estates Pueblo, CO \mathbf{C} 1,582 3,027 1 4,775 1,583 7,802 9,385 (2,518)2001 (C) Northville 1,250 6,335 35,899 Crossing Northville, MI 21,101 29,564 (13)1.237 37,136 (1,967)2012 (A) Oak Crest Austin, TX C 4,311 12,611 6,302 4,311 18,913 23,224 (6,750)2002 (A) Oak Island East Lansing, Village 3,398 320 6,843 1,962 320 8,805 9,125 (811)2011 MI (A) Miamisburg, Oakwood Village ОН В 1,964 6,401 (1) 12,850 1,963 19,251 21,214 (7,785)1998 (A) Orange City, Orange City FL C 920 5,540 860 920 6,400 7,320 (564)2011 (A) Orange City, 283 2,530 15 951 298 3,481 Orange Tree 3,779 (2,033)1994 (A) \mathbf{C} 395 4,025 755 380 4,780 5,160 Orchard Lake Milford, OH (15)(2,046)1999 (A) Casa Grande, 41,150 11.836 76,143 3,312 11,836 79,455 91,291 (4,607)2012 Palm Creek AZ(A) Pebble Creek Greenwood, IN C 1,030 5,074 6,467 1,030 11,541 12,571 (4,818)2000 (A&C) Georgetown. Pecan Branch TX C 1,379 235 5,113 1,614 5,113 6,727 (2,157)1999 (C) Peter's Pond RV Resort Sandwich, MA C 4,700 22,840 1,479 4,700 24,319 29,019 (511)2013 (A) Pheasant Lancaster, PA D 2,044 19,279 461 2,044 19,740 21,784 (7,586)2002 (A) Ridge В 1,038 9,043 1,505 13,798 Pin Oak Parc O'Fallon, MO 3,250 467 12,293 (5,403)1994 (A) 3,667 Middlebury, IN 2,991 132 3,535 1980 Pine Hills E 72 544 60 (1,792)(A) Prince George, VA Α 405 2,397 3,506 405 5,903 6,308 (2.905)1986 (A) Pine Ridge 8,069 2,907 2,900 Pine Trace Houston, TX 17,169 (7) 8,683 25,852 28,752 (6,480)2004 (A) Pinebrook Grand Rapids, Village MI C 130 5,692 895 130 6,587 6,717 (614)2011 (A) Hudsonville, 5,911 1996 В 680 680 12,225 12,905 (5,531)Presidential MI 6,314 (A) Frostproof, FL Е 1,890 5,682 816 1,890 6,498 8,388 (362)2012 Rainbow RV (A) Richmond Richmond, MI D 501 2,040 1,773 501 3,813 4,314 (1,778)1998 (A) Grand Haven, C 1,800 1,800 River Haven MI 16,967 5,598 22,565 24,365 (8,927)2001 (A) 4,690 C 28,220 4,686 29,063 River Ranch Austin, TX 843 (4) 33,749 (4,062)2000 (A&C) River Ridge Austin, TX 9,783 3,201 15,090 (2,351)7,577 850 22,667 23,517 (7,586)2002 (A) River Ridge

Expansion	Austin, TX	_	_	_	2,351	4.476	2,351	4,476	6,827	(316) 2010	(C)
Roxbury	Goshen, IN	В	1,057	9,870	1	3,847	1,058	13,717	14,775	(5,052) 2001	(A)
	F - 47										

В

Coopersville, MI

Estates

535

4,867

4,780

536

9,647

10,183

(4,554)

1994

(A)

(amounts in thousands)

Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition

Gross Amount Carried Acquisition at December 31, 2013 **Initial Cost to Company** (Improvements) Acquired (A) Depreciable Depreciable Constructed Property Depreciable Accumulated Name Location Encumbrance Land Assets Land Assets Land Assets Total Depreciation Date **(C)** Royal 1,649 Country Miami, FL 54,000 2,290 20,758 2,290 22,407 24,697 (14,357) 1994 (A) Rudgate Clinton Clinton Township, MI 28,285 1,090 23,664 3,487 1,090 27,151 28,241 (1,405)2012 (A) Rudgate Sterling 16,924 1,440 4,508 1,440 35,618 37,058 Manor Heights, MI 31,110 (1,823)2012 (A) Saddle Oak В 1,223 7,966 Club Ocala, FL 730 6,743 730 8,696 (4,738)1995 (A) San Marcos, 1,703 6,710 18,553 2002 C 11,843 1,703 20,256 (6,709)Saddlebrook TX (A) Scio Farms Ann Arbor, MI A 2,300 22,659 (11)13,125 2,289 35,784 38,073 (17,931)1995 (A) Rehoboth Sea Air Beach, DE 20,000 1,207 10,179 1,922 1,207 12,101 13,308 (4,638)1997 (A) Seaport RV C Mystic, CT 120 290 1,282 120 1,572 1,692 (56)2013 (A) Resort Auburn Hills, 6,625 1,145 8,310 Sheffield 778 7,165 778 9,088 (2,320)1986 (A) Sherman Oaks Jackson, MI C 200 2,400 240 7,049 440 9,449 9,889 (4,830)1986 (A) Ft. Myers Beach, FL D 2,051 18,549 3,068 2,051 Siesta Bay 21,617 23,668 (11,436)1996 (A) Silver Clinton Township, MI 8,339 861 16,595 3,877 861 20,472 21,333 2012 Springs (1,073)(A) Orlando, FL Silver Star 1,022 1,022 A 9,306 936 10,242 11,264 (5,654)1996 (A) Snow to 1,608 Sun Weslaco, TX 190 2,143 13 203 3,751 3,954 (1,550)1997 (A) D 9,011 5,141 14,152 Southfork Belton, MO 1,000 1,000 15,152 (6,030)1997 (A) Grand Rapids. Southwood 5,694 300 11,517 1,386 12,903 Village 300 13,203 (1,172)(A) St. Clair 1998 St. Clair, MI 501 2,029 1,292 501 3,321 3,822 (1,740)(A) San Antonio, Stonebridge TXC 2,515 2,096 (615)8,666 1,900 10,762 12,662 (4,150)2000 (A&C) Richfield Twp., 2,044 2,227 4,271 4,271 1998 Stonebridge (C) Summit Ridge Converse, TX C 2,615 2,092 (883)14,761 1,732 16,853 18,585 (4,053)2000 (A&C) Reno, NV 18,300 11,773 13,915 Sun Villa 2,385 (1,100)857 1,285 12,630 (6,350)1998 (A) Sunset Kyle, TX C 2,190 2.775 7,192 2,190 9,967 12,157 (3,953)2000 (A&C) Ridge Sunset C 2,044 15,586 2,035 15,586 1998 Ridge Portland, MI (9) 17,621 (6,254)(C) Sycamore 6,048 3,049 16,390 16,780 (1,481)Mason, MI 390 13,341 390 2011 (A) Village Tamarac 1,604 5,586 300 12,028 85 385 13,632 14,017 Village Ludington, MI (1,154)2011 (A) Dover, FL Е 734 6,310 3,178 734 9,488 10,222 (2,538)2005 Tampa East (A) C 5,050 5,050 4,484 9,534 Hudson, FL 3,361 1,123 2012 Three Lakes (253)(A) Timber Ft. Collins, CO В 5,853 15,084 Ridge 990 9,231 990 16,074 (7,317)1996 (A) Timberbrook Bristol, IN 101 C 490 3,400 8,386 591 11,786 12,377 (6,833)1987 (A) Timberline

Town and	Traverse City,											
Country	MI	E	406	3,736	_	1,508	406	5,244	5,650	(2,761)	1996	(A)
Valley Brook	Indianapolis, IN	В	150	3,500	1,277	14,043	1,427	17,543	18,970	(9,256)	1989	(A)
Village Trails	Howard City, MI	_	988	1,472	(50)	2,065	938	3,537	4,475	(1,773)	1998	(A)
Vines RV Resort	Paso Robles, CA	_	890	7,110	_	(2)	890	7,108	7,998	(127)	2013	(A)
F - 48												

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC. REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION, SCHEDULE III DECEMBER 31, 2013

(amounts in thousands)

Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition

Gross Amount Carried

at December 31, 2013 **Initial Cost to Company** (Improvements) Acquired (A) Constructed Property Depreciable Depreciable Depreciable Accumulated Name Location Encumbrance Land Assets Land Assets Land Assets Total Depreciation Date **(C)** Wagon Old Orchard 590 9,129 9,719 Wheel Beach, ME \mathbf{C} 7,703 1,426 590 (233)2013 (A) Warren Dunes 1,644 Village Bridgman, MI 2,571 310 3,350 310 4,994 5,304 (508)2011 (A) Lady Lake, 14,448 2,834 2,935 34,089 FLВ 16,706 101 31,154 (15,707) 1993 Water Oak (A) Waverly Shores Holland, MI 5,119 340 7,267 575 340 7,842 8,182 2011 Village (709)(A) West Glen Indianapolis, Village ΙN A 1,100 10,028 6,286 1,100 16,314 17,414 (8,115)1994 (A) West Village Romulus, MI 6,710 884 19,765 1,853 884 21,618 22,502 (1,164)2012 Estates (A) Westbrook Toledo, OH В 1,110 10,462 3,350 1,110 13,812 14,922 (6,103)1999 (A) Westbrook Senior Toledo, OH B 355 3,295 306 355 3,601 3,956 (1,472)2001 (A) Westward Ho RV Glenbeulah, Resort WI C 1,050 5,642 944 1,050 6,586 7,636 (144)2013 (A) White Lake, 8,762 White Lake MI В 672 6,179 1 673 14,941 15,614 (6,761)1997 (A) Mt. Morris, 15,303 White Oak MI В 782 7,245 112 7,164 894 14,409 (6,900)1997 (A) Orchard Wild Acres Beach, ME C 1,640 26,786 2,002 1,640 28,788 30,428 (712)2013 (A) Willowbrook Toledo, OH В 781 7,054 1 3,452 782 10,506 11,288 1997 (4,520)(A) Windham (6,726) 1998 Hills Jackson, MI В 2,673 2,364 13,719 2.673 16,083 18,756 (A) Windsor Woods Wayland, MI Village C 270 5,835 2,525 270 8,360 8,630 (788)2011 (A) Woodhaven Woodhaven, В 501 4,541 3,519 501 8,060 8,561 (3,516)1998 Place MI (A) Woodlake Yoder, IN 632 3,674 (283)498 349 4,172 4,521 (1,087) 1998 (A) Estates San Antonio, Woodlake TXC 1,186 287 (56)10,466 1,130 10,753 11,883 (2,197) 2000 (A&C) Trails Woodland Park Estates 1,592 Eugene, OR 2,489 14,398 1 1,143 1,593 15,541 17,134 (7,868)1998 (A) West Woods Edge Lafayette, IN 100 2,600 3 10,338 103 12,938 13,041 (6,245) 1985 (A) Woodside В 15,545 Terrace Holland, OH 1,064 9,625 (1) 4,857 1,063 14,482 (6,814)1997 (A) Worthington Lewis Center, В 2,792 5,416 5,792 (2,697)Arms OH376 2,624 376 1990 (A) \$7,284 \$2,489,119 \$216,613 \$1,396,410 \$868,812 \$223,897 \$2,265,222 \$ (734,067)

A These communities collateralize \$161.9 million of secured debt.

B These communities collateralize \$366.0 million of secured debt.

C These communities collateralize \$178.1 million of secured debt.

D These communities collateralize \$111.1 million of secured debt.

E These communities collateralize \$141.5 million of secured debt.

⁽¹⁾ The initial cost for this property is included in the initial cost reported for Continental Estates.

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC. REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION, SCHEDULE III DECEMBER 31, 2013

(amounts in thousands)

The change in investment property for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 is as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2013	2012	2011			
Beginning balance	\$ 2,177,305	\$ 1,794,605	\$ 1,580,544			
Community and land acquisitions, including immediate improvements	192,660	302,487	167,326			
Community expansion and development	17,985	13,424	5,931			
Improvements, other	145,916	110,029	78,844			
Asset impairment	_	_	(1,584)			
Dispositions and other	(44,747)	(43,240)	(36,456)			
Ending balance	\$ 2,489,119	\$ 2,177,305	\$ 1,794,605			

The change in accumulated depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 is as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,					
	2013		2012		2011	
Beginning balance	\$ 659,169	\$	597,999	\$	548,218	
Depreciation for the period	96,499		80,124		67,286	
Asset impairment	_		_		(202)	
Dispositions and other	(21,601)		(18,954)		(17,303)	
Ending balance	\$ 734,067	\$	659,169	\$	597,999	

FIRST AMENDMENT TO REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT

THIS FIRST AMENDMENT TO REGISTRATION RIGHTS AGREEMENT (this "<u>Amendment</u>") by and among SUN COMMUNITIES, INC., a Maryland corporation (the "<u>Company</u>") and the undersigned holders (the "<u>Holders</u>") of Series A-1 Preferred Units of Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership is made and entered into effective as of February 3, 2014.

Recitals

- A. The Company and the Initial Holders previously entered into that certain Registration Rights Agreement, dated June 23, 2011 (the "Registration Rights Agreement").
- B. The Company and the Holders now desire to make certain modifications to the Registration Rights Agreement as set forth in this Amendment.

Agreements

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. All capitalized terms used but not defined in this Amendment have the meanings ascribed to them in the Registration Rights Agreement.
 - 2. Section 5.04 of the Registration Rights Agreement is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:
 - "Any provision of this Agreement may be amended and the observance thereof may be waived (either generally or in a particular instance and either retroactively or prospectively) only by the written consent of the holders of at least a majority of the Series A-1 Preferred Units and Registrable Shares (voting together on an as-if-converted to Registrable Shares basis). Any such amendment or waiver shall be binding on all Holders and their respective legal representatives, successors and permitted assigns."
- 3. This Amendment shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the parties hereto, their respective legal representatives, successors and assigns.
- 4. Unless otherwise modified by this Amendment, all provisions of the Registration Rights Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.
- 5. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, and each such counterpart hereof shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts together shall constitute one and the same instrument. Copies (facsimile, photostatic or otherwise) of signatures to this Amendment shall be deemed to be originals and may be relied on to the same extent as the originals.
- 6. If and to the extent there are any inconsistencies between the Registration Rights Agreement and this Amendment, the terms of this Amendment shall control.

[Signatures to follow on next page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this First Amendment to Registration Rights Agreement as of the date first set forth above.

HOLDERS:

Apple Carr Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Brookside Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Cider Mill Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Country Hills Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Country Meadows Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Dutton Mill Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Hickory Hills Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Hidden Ridge RV Park Holding Company #2, LLC Holiday West Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Leisure Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Oak Island Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Pinebrook Parent, Inc. Southwood Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Sycamore Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Tamarac Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Warren Dunes Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Waverly Shores Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC Windsor Woods Village MHP Holding Company #2, LLC

By: <u>/s/ Wilbur A. Lettinga</u>
Name: Wilbur A. Lettinga

Title: Manager and President

Wilbur A. Lettinga Trust u/a/d 2/10/98

By: /s/ Wilbur A. Lettinga

Name: Wilbur A. Lettinga

Title: Trustee

William B. Lettinga Trust u/a/d 1/20/93

By: /s/ William B. Lettinga

Name: William B. Lettinga

Title: Trustee

[Signature page to First Amendment to Registration Rights Agreement]

Michael P. Lettinga Trust u/a/d 8/7/07

By: /s/ William B. Lettinga

Name: William B. Lettinga Title: Trustee

THE COMPANY:

Sun Communities, Inc.

By: /s/ Karen J. Dearing

Name: Karen J. Dearing

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

SUN COMMUNITIES, INC.

Exhibit 21.1 - List of Subsidiaries

Main operating subsidiary:

Sun Communities Operating Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Other subsidiaries:

Apple Carr Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Apple Carr Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Apple Orchard, L.L.C., a Michigan limited liability company

Aspen-Alpine Project, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Aspen-Brentwood Project, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Aspen-Byron Project, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Aspen-Country Project, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Aspen-Ft. Collins Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Aspen-Grand Project, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Aspen-Holland Estates, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Aspen-Town & Country Associates II, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Bright Insurance Agency, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Brookside Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Brookside Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Cider Mill Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Comal Farms Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Country Hills Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Country Meadows Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Country Meadows Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

CP Comal Farms Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

CP Creekside LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

CP Woodlake Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Creekside Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Dutton Mill Village, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

East Fork Crossing Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

FC East Fork Crossing LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

FC Glen Laurel LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

FC Meadowbrook LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

FC Pebble Creek LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

FC River Ranch Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

FC Stonebridge Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

FC Summit Ridge Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

FC Sunset Ridge Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Glen Laurel Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Hickory Hills Village, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Hickory Hills Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Hidden Ridge An RV Community, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Hidden Ridge RV Park Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

High Point Associates, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership

High Point GP One LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Holiday West Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Holiday West Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Leisure Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Leisure Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

LIW Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

McIntosh Utilities, Inc., a Florida non-profit corporation

Meadow Lake Development Company LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Meadowbrook Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Miami Lakes GP One LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Miami Lakes GP Two LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Miami Lakes QRS, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Miami Lakes Venture Associates, a Florida general partnership

Oak Island Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Oak Island Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Palm Creek Holdings LLC, an Arizona limited liability company

Pebble Creek Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Pinebrook Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

River Haven Operating Company LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

River Ranch Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

River Ridge Equities LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

River Ridge Investments LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

SCA2 LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

SCF Manager Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sea Breeze GP One LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sea Breeze Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership

Sheffield MHP, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Snowbird Concessions, Inc., a Texas corporation

Southwood Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Southwood Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

SR East LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

SR Hunters Crossing LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

SR Silver Springs LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

SR West LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Stonebridge Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

SUI TRS, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Summit Ridge Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun ACQ LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Arbor Terrace LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Ariana LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Bell Crossing LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Big Timber RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Blazing Star LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

Sun Blueberry Hill LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Byrne Hill Village LLC (f/k/a Sun Pool 5 LLC), a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Camelot Villa LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Candlelight Village LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Candlewick LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Castaways RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Cave Creek LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

SunChamp Holdings LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

SunChamp LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Cider Mill Crossings LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Club Naples LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Cobus Green LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Communities Acquisitions, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Communities Finance, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Communities Financial LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Communities Funding GP L.L.C., a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Communities Funding II LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Communities Funding Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun Communities Mezzanine Lender, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Communities Texas Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun Communities Texas Mezzanine Lender Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun Continental Estates LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Continental North LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Countryside Atlanta LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Countryside Lake Lanier LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Davison East LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Deerfield Run LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Financial, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Financial Texas Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun Fisherman's Cove LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun/Forest Holdings LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun/Forest LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Forest Meadows LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Four Seasons LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Gold Coaster LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun GP L.L.C., a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Grand Lake Golf, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun Grand Lake LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Groves LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Gwinnett LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Gwynn's Island RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Gypsum Mill Development LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Gypsum Mill East LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Gypsum Mill West LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun HG Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun High Point QRS, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun Holly Forest LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Home Services, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun Hunters Glen LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Indian Creek LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Indian Creek RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Island Lakes LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Jelly-Birchwood NY RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Jelly-WNY RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Kings Lake LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Knollwood LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Lafayette Place LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Lake Juliana LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Lake Laurie RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Lake San Marino LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Lakeview LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Lender RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Life Associates Limited Partnership, an Arizona limited partnership

Sun Life Trailer Resort Limited Partnership, an Arizona limited partnership

Sun LIW GP LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun MA LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Meadowbrook FL LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun MHC Development LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Naples Gardens LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Newpoint RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun North Lake Estates LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Northville Crossing LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Oakcrest Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

SUNOA, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun OFI, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Orange City LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Orange Tree LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Palm Creek SPC, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

Sun Peters Pond RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Pheasant Ridge Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun Pine Hills LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Pine Trace Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun Pool 1 LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Pool 3 LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Pool 8 LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Pool 12 LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun QRS Countryside Manager, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Gwinnett, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Knollwood, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Pool 1, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Pool 2, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Pool 4, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Pool 8, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Pool 9, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Pool 11, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Pool 12, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Pool 13, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Pool A, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS Pool B, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun QRS River Ridge, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun ORS Sheffield, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun Rainbow RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Receivables LLC, a Delaware limited liability company

Sun Richmond Industrial LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Richmond LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun River Ridge II LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun River Ridge Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun Rudgate Lender LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Saddle Brook Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun Saddle Oak LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Scio Farms LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Sea Breeze QRS, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun Seaport RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Secured Financing GP, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun Secured Financing Houston Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun Secured Financing LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sunset Ridge Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Siesta Bay LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Silver Star LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Southfork LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Sylvan Lender LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Tampa East, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Texas Pool Limited Partnership, a Michigan limited partnership

Sun Texas QRS, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun Three Lakes LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Big Timber LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Castaways LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Gwynn's Island LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun TRS Indian Creek LLC a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Jelly-Birchwood NY LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Jelly-WNY LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Lake Laurie LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS LL Castaways LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Newpoint LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Palm Creek LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Peters Pond LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Seaport LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Vines LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Virginia Park LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Wagon Wheel LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Westward Ho LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Wild Acres LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun TRS Wine Country RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Vacation Rentals LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Village Trails LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Villa MHC LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Vines RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Virginia Park RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Wagon Wheel RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Water Oak Golf, Inc., a Michigan corporation

Sun Westward Ho RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Wild Acres RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Wine Country RV LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Woodlake Estates LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun Woods Edge LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sun/York L.L.C., a Michigan limited liability company

Sycamore Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Sycamore Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Tamarac Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Tamarac Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company Warren Dunes Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company Warren Dunes Village MHP, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company Waverly Shores Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company Waverly Shores Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company Windsor Woods Village MHP Holding Company #1, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company Windsor Woods Village Mobile Home Park, LLC, a Michigan limited liability company Woodlake Manager LLC, a Michigan limited liability company

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We have issued our reports dated February 20, 2014, with respect to the consolidated financial statements, schedule, and internal control over financial reporting included in the Annual Report of Sun Communities, Inc. on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference of said reports in the Registration Statements of Sun Communities, Inc. on Forms S-3 (File No. 333-181315, effective May 10, 2012) and on Form S-8 (File No. 333-162216, effective September 30, 2009).

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Southfield, Michigan February 20, 2014

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the inclusion of our report on our audit of the basic financial statements of Origen Financial Inc. as of and for the period ending December 31, 2013 (the "Report") with the Annual Report of Sun Communities, Inc., for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 on Form 10-K and the incorporation by reference of our Report in the registration statements of Sun Communities, Inc. and its subsidiaries on Forms S-3 (File No. 333 -181315, effective May 10, 2012; File No. 333 -158623, effective May 14, 2009; File No. 333 -156618, effective March 31, 2009; File No. 333 -149016, effective March 10, 2008); and on Form S-8 (File No. 333 -162216), effective September 30, 2009. Our Report appears on page 1. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements of Origen Financial Inc. taken as a whole.

/s/ BAKER TILLY VIRCHOW KRAUSE LLP

Southfield, Michigan February 19, 2014

CERTIFICATIONS

(As Adopted Under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

I, Gary A. Shiffman, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Sun Communities, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: February 20, 2014 /s/ Gary A. Shiffman

Gary A. Shiffman, Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

(As Adopted Under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

I, Karen J. Dearing, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Sun Communities, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: February 20, 2014 /s/ Karen J. Dearing

Karen J. Dearing, Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350

(Adopted Under Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

The undersigned officers, Gary A. Shiffman and Karen J. Dearing, hereby certify that to the best of their knowledge: (a) this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Sun Communities, Inc., for the period ended December 31, 2013, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and (b) the information contained in this Form 10-K fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>
/s/ Gary A. Shiffman	February 20, 2014
Gary A. Shiffman, Chief Executive Officer	
/s/ Karen J. Dearing	February 20, 2014
Karen J. Dearing, Chief Financial Officer	

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Sun Communities, Inc. and will be retained by Sun Communities, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

ORIGEN FINANCIAL, INC. Southfield, Michigan CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Including Independent Auditors' Report December 31, 2013 and 2012

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditors' Report		
Financial Statements		
Consolidated Balance Sheets	2	
Consolidated Statements of Operations	3	
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)	4	
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	5	
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	6	
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	7 - 36	

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Stockholders and Board of Directors Origen Financial, Inc. Southfield, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Origen Financial, Inc., which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Origen Financial, Inc. as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ BAKER TILLY VIRCHOW KRAUSE, LLP

Southfield, Michigan February 19, 2014

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share data) As of December 31, 2013 and 2012

ASSETS		 2013	 2012
Restricted cash 8,516 11,110 Investments 1,191 1,442 Loans receivable, net 463,254 543,420 Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net 35 3 Repossessed houses, net 1,401 2,180 Other assets 3,612 4,233 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 478,783 \$ 563,244 ***********************************	ASSETS		
Investments 1,191 1,424 Loans receivable, net 463,254 543,420 Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net 35 33 Repossessed houses, net 1,401 2,180 Other assets 3,612 4,233 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 478,783 \$ 563,244 Securitization financing \$ 423,369 \$ 491,720 Derivative liabilities 29,552 37,454 Other liabilities 8,557 10,935 Total Liabilities 461,478 540,109 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share 125 125 10,000,000 shares authorized 125 125 125, shares issued and outstanding 259 259 \$ 125,000,000 shares authorized 259 259 \$ 25,261,49 shares issued and outstanding 25,261<	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 774	\$ 826
Loans receivable, net 463,254 543,420 Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net 35 33 Repossessed houses, net 1,401 2,180 Other assets 3,612 4,233 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 478,783 \$ 563,244 Securitization financing \$ 423,369 \$ 491,720 Derivative liabilities 29,552 37,454 Other liabilities 8,557 10,935 Total Liabilities 8,557 10,935 Total Liabilities 125 540,109 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share 125 125 10,000,000 shares authorized 125 125 125 shares issued and outstanding 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 259 259 25,926,149 share issued and outstanding 225,230 225,230 Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) 37,403 Distributions in excess of earning	Restricted cash	8,516	11,110
Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net 35 33 Repossessed houses, net 1,401 2,180 Other assets 3,612 4,233 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 478,783 \$ 563,244 ***********************************	Investments	1,191	1,442
Repossessed houses, net Other assets 1,401 (4,23) 2,180 (4,233) TOTAL ASSETS 3,612 (4,233) 4,233 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Securitization financing \$ 423,369 (29,552) 37,454 (29,552) Derivative liabilities 9,552 (29,552) 37,454 (29,552) Other liabilities 8,557 (10,935) 10,935 (29,500) Total Liabilities 125 (29,500) 461,478 (29,500) 540,109 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share 125 (29,500) 125 (29,500) 125 shares issued and outstanding 125 (29,500) 125 (29,500) \$1,000 per share liquidation preference 259 (29,500) 259 (29,500) Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 259 (29,500) 259 (29,500) 125,000,000 shares authorized 259 (29,500) 259 (29,500) 25,026,149 shares issued and outstanding 259 (29,500) 259 (29,500) Additional paid in capital 225,230 (29,500) 225,230 (29,500) Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) (37,403) Distributions in excess o	Loans receivable, net	463,254	543,420
Other assets 3,612 4,233 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 478,783 \$ 563,244 ***********************************	Furniture, fixtures and equipment, net	35	33
State Stat	Repossessed houses, net	1,401	2,180
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Securitization financing \$ 423,369 \$ 491,720 Derivative liabilities 29,552 37,454 Other liabilities 8,557 10,935 Total Liabilities 461,478 540,109 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share 125 125 10,000,000 shares authorized 259 259 125 shares issued and outstanding 259 259 \$1,000 per share liquidation preference 259 259 Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 259 259 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding 225,230 Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	Other assets	3,612	4,233
Securitization financing \$ 423,369 \$ 491,720 Derivative liabilities 29,552 37,454 Other liabilities 8,557 10,935 Total Liabilities 461,478 540,109 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share 125 125 10,000,000 shares authorized 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 259 259 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding 225,230 225,230 Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 478,783	\$ 563,244
Derivative liabilities 29,552 37,454 Other liabilities 8,557 10,935 Total Liabilities 461,478 540,109 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share 125 125 10,000,000 shares authorized 259 259 125 shares issued and outstanding 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding 225,230 225,230 Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	-		
Other liabilities 8,557 10,935 Total Liabilities 461,478 540,109 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share 125 125 10,000,000 shares authorized 125 shares issued and outstanding \$1,000 per share liquidation preference \$259 259 Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized \$25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding \$25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	-	\$ 	\$
Total Liabilities 461,478 540,109 STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share 125 125 10,000,000 shares authorized 125 shares issued and outstanding \$1,000 per share liquidation preference Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding 225,230 225,230 Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	Derivative liabilities		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share 125 125 10,000,000 shares authorized 25 125 125 shares issued and outstanding \$1,000 per share liquidation preference 259 259 Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding 225,230 225,230 Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	Other liabilities	 8,557	 10,935
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share 125 125 10,000,000 shares authorized 125 shares issued and outstanding \$1,000 per share liquidation preference Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	Total Liabilities	 461,478	 540,109
10,000,000 shares authorized 125 shares issued and outstanding \$1,000 per share liquidation preference 259 Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
125 shares issued and outstanding \$1,000 per share liquidation preference Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	Preferred stock, \$.01 par value per share	125	125
\$1,000 per share liquidation preference 259 259 Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	10,000,000 shares authorized		
Common stock, \$.01 par value per share 259 259 125,000,000 shares authorized 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	125 shares issued and outstanding		
125,000,000 shares authorized 25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	\$1,000 per share liquidation preference		
25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding 225,230 225,230 Additional paid in capital (29,413) (37,403) Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	Common stock, \$.01 par value per share	259	259
Additional paid in capital 225,230 225,230 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	125,000,000 shares authorized		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (29,413) (37,403) Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	25,926,149 shares issued and outstanding		
Distributions in excess of earnings (178,896) (165,076) Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	Additional paid in capital	225,230	225,230
Total Stockholders' Equity 17,305 23,135	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(29,413)	(37,403)
	Distributions in excess of earnings	(178,896)	(165,076)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY \$ 478,783 \$ 563,244	Total Stockholders' Equity	17,305	 23,135
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 478,783	\$ 563,244

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except share data)
For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013		2012
INTEREST INCOME			
Interest income	\$	47,670	\$ 55,486
Interest expense		(32,476)	(37,440)
Net Interest Income Before Loan Losses and Impairment		15,194	18,046
Provision for loan losses		10,169	17,415
Reversal of prior impairment on purchased loan pool		(1,017)	
Net Interest Income After Loan Losses and Impairment		6,042	631
NON-INTEREST INCOME			
Realized gain on derivative		_	6,278
Other		2,105	3,073
Total Non-Interest Income		2,105	9,351
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE			
Personnel		1,376	1,428
Loan servicing		6,764	7,870
State business taxes		253	279
Other operating		1,857	1,782
Total Non-Interest Expense		10,250	11,359
Loss Before Income Taxes		(2,103)	(1,377)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE		34	_
NET LOSS	\$	(2,137)	\$ (1,377)
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic and diluted		25,926,149	25,926,149
NET LOSS – per common share, basic and fully diluted:	\$	(0.08)	\$ (0.05)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In thousands) For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013		2012
Net loss	\$	(2,137)	\$ (1,377)
Other comprehensive income:			
Net unrealized gains on interest rate swaps, designated as cash			
flow hedges		7,902	4,208
Reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net loss		87	 (45)
Total Other Comprehensive Income		7,989	4,163
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	5,852	\$ 2,786

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 (In thousands, except share data)

	Pr	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid in Capital		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		Distributions In Excess of Earnings		Total Stockholders' Equity
BALANCES,												
January 1, 2012	\$	125	\$	259	\$	225,230	\$	(41,566)	\$	(143,461)	\$	40,587
Net loss						_		_		(1,377)		(1,377)
Other comprehensive income		_		_		_		4,163		_		4,163
Cash distribution paid (\$0.78 per common share)		_		_		_		_		(20,238)		(20,238)
BALANCES,								-			_	
December 31, 2012		125		259		225,230		(37,403)		(165,076)		23,135
Net loss		_		_		_		_		(2,137)		(2,137)
Other comprehensive income		_		_		_		7,989		_		7,989
Cash distribution paid (\$0.45 per common share)										(11,682)		(11,682)
BALANCES, December 31, 2013	\$	125	\$	259	\$	225,230	\$	(29,414)	\$	(178,895)	\$	17,305

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net loss	\$ (2,137)	\$	(1,377)
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash flows from operating activities			
Provision for loan losses	10,169		17,415
Depreciation and amortization	1,536		1,501
Purchased loan pool allowances (reversals)	(1,017)		_
Increase in other assets	(966)		(1,662)
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	 (2,378)		972
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	 5,207		16,849
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_		_
(Increase) Decrease in restricted cash	2,594		(1,343)
Principal collections on loans	62,295		57,887
Proceeds from sale of repossessed houses	9,975		11,246
Expenditures on capital assets	 (20)		(3)
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	74,844		67,787
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends paid	(11,682)		(20,238)
(Gain) loss on derivatives	_		(6,278)
Decrease (increase) in derivative assets	_		6,750
Repayment of securitization financing	 (68,421)		(67,784)
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	(80,103)		(87,550)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	 (52)		(2,914)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	826		3,740
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	 774		826
Supplemental cash flow disclosures			
Cash paid for interest	\$ 31,621	\$	36,616
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 25	\$	
Noncash investing activities			
Loans transferred to repossessed assets	\$ 17,940	\$	24,639
Noncash operating activities			
Decrease in derivative liability	\$ 7,902	\$	4,208
•			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

Origen Financial, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") is a real estate investment trust ("REIT"). Through March 2008 the Company's business was to originate, purchase and service manufactured housing loans. The Company's manufactured housing loans are amortizing loans that range in amounts from \$10,000 to \$250,000 and have terms of seven to thirty years and are located throughout the United States. The Company generally securitized or placed the manufactured housing loans it originated with institutional investors and retained the right to service the loans on behalf of those investors.

In March 2008, because of the lack of a reliable source for a loan warehouse facility and the unavailability of a profitable exit in the securitization market, the Company ceased originating loans for its own account and sold its portfolio of unsecuritized loans at a substantial loss. The proceeds from the loan sale were used to pay off its existing loan warehouse line of credit, which was not renewed.

In April 2008, the Company completed a secured financing transaction with a related party and used the proceeds, combined with other funds, to pay off the outstanding balance of a supplemental advance credit facility which would have expired in June 2008.

At the Company's annual stockholders meeting on June 25, 2008, the Company's stockholders approved an Asset Disposition and Management Plan. Pursuant to this plan, the company executed a number of transactions and took several actions, as follow:

- On June 30, 2008, the Company completed a transaction for the sale of its loan servicing platform assets and ceased all loan servicing operations.
- In July 2008, the Company completed the sale of certain assets of its loan origination and insurance business and used the
 proceeds to reduce its related party debt.

On January 14, 2009, the Company completed the sale of all the issued and outstanding stock of Origen Servicing, Inc ("Origen Servicing") to Prime RF Holdings LLC. The purchase price was \$175,000 and proceeds from the sale were used to reduce the Company's related party debt. Origen Servicing was a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company that prior to the sale of substantially all of Origen Servicing's assets to Green Tree in July 2008, conducted all of the Company's servicing operations.

Currently, most of the Company's activities are conducted through Origen Financial L.L.C., which is a wholly owned subsidiary. After the sale of the servicing and origination assets as described above, the Company's business essentially consists of actively managing its residual interests in its securitized loan portfolios.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, its wholly owned qualified REIT and taxable REIT subsidiaries. All intercompany amounts have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Included in these financial statements are the following significant estimates: allowance for loan losses, valuation of repossessed houses, valuation of derivatives, and valuation of investments in loan pools and debt securities acquired with evidence of deterioration of credit quality. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and include cash and interest bearing deposits at banks. The Company has restricted cash related to securitized loans that are held in trust. The restricted cash represents principal and interest payments on manufactured housing loans that will be remitted to securitized trusts for distribution to bond holders. Cash balances may be in excess of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments

All investments outstanding at December 31, 2013 and 2012 are debt securities acquired with evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination, and are accounted for as described below.

All investments are regularly measured for impairment. Management uses its judgment to determine whether an investment has sustained an other-than-temporary decline in value. If management determines that an investment has sustained an other -than-temporary decline in its value, the investment is written down to its fair value by a charge to earnings, and a new cost basis is established for the investment. An evaluation of an other-than-temporary decline is dependent on the specific facts and circumstances. Factors considered in determining whether an other-than-temporary decline in value has occurred include: the estimated fair value of the investment in relation to its cost basis; the financial condition of the related entity; and the intent and ability to retain the investment for a sufficient period of time to allow for recovery in the fair value of the investment.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Loan Pools and Debt Securities Acquired with Evidence of Deterioration of Credit Quality

The Company accounts for its investments in loan pools and debt securities acquired with evidence of deterioration of credit quality at the time of acquisition in accordance with ASC Topic 310, "Receivables, Loans, and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality." The carrying values of such acquired loan pools and debt securities were approximately \$10.7 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, at December 31, 2013 and \$11.3 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, at December 31, 2012, and are included in loans receivable and investments, respectively, in the consolidated balance sheets.

Under the provisions of ASC Topic 310, each static pool of loans and debt securities is statistically modeled to determine its projected cash flows. The Company considers historical cash collections for loan pools and debt securities with similar characteristics as well as expected prepayments and estimates the amount and timing of undiscounted expected principal, interest and other cash flows for each pool of loans and debt securities. An internal rate of return is calculated for each static pool of loans and debt securities based on the projected cash flows and applied to the balance of the static pool. The resulting revenue recognized is based on the internal rate of return applied to the remaining balance of each static pool of loans and debt securities. Each static pool is analyzed at least quarterly to assess the actual performance compared to the expected performance. To the extent there are differences in actual performance versus expected performance, the internal rate of return is adjusted prospectively to reflect the revised estimate of cash flows over the remaining life of the static pool. Beginning January 2005, if revised cash flow estimates are less than the original estimates, ASC Topic 310 requires that the internal rate of return remain unchanged and an immediate impairment be recognized. For loans and debt securities acquired with evidence of deterioration of credit quality, if cash flow estimates increase subsequent to recording an impairment, ASC Topic 310 requires reversal of the previously recognized impairment before any increases to the internal rate of return are made. For any remaining increases in estimated future cash flows for loan pools or debt securities acquired with evidence of deterioration of credit quality, the Company adjusts the amount of accretable yield recognized on a prospective basis over the remaining life of the loan pool or debt security.

Application of the interest method of accounting requires the use of estimates to calculate a projected internal rate of return for each pool. These estimates are based on historical cash collections. If future cash collections are materially different in amount or timing than projected cash collections, earnings could be affected, either positively or negatively. Higher collection amounts or cash collections that occur sooner than projected will have a favorable impact on yields and revenues. Lower collection amounts or cash collections that occur later than projected will have an unfavorable impact and result in an immediate impairment being recognized.

Loans Receivable

Loans receivable consist of manufactured housing loans under contracts collateralized by the borrowers' manufactured houses and in some instances, related land. Generally, loans receivable are classified as held for investment and are carried at amortized cost, except for loans purchased with evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination, which are accounted for as described above, under "Loan Pools and Debt Securities Acquired with Evidence of Deterioration of Credit Quality." Interest on loans is credited to income when earned. Loans held for investment include accrued interest and are presented net of deferred loan origination fees and costs and an allowance for estimated loan losses. All of the Company's loans receivable were classified as held for investment at December 31, 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for possible loan losses is maintained at a level believed adequate by management to absorb losses on loans in the Company's loan portfolio. In accordance with ASC 805-20-25, "Pre-acquisition Contingencies" (formerly Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 5, "Accounting for Contingencies"), the Company provides an allowance for loan losses when it is probable that a loan asset has been impaired and the amount of such loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company's loan portfolio is comprised of homogenous manufactured housing loans with average loan balances of approximately \$38,000 at December 31, 2013 and \$40,000 at December 31, 2012. The allowance for loan losses is developed at a portfolio level and the amount of the allowance is determined by establishing a calculated range of probable losses. A range of probable losses is calculated by applying historical loss rate factors to the loan portfolio on a stratified basis using the Company's current portfolio performance and delinquency levels (0 -30 days, 31-60 days, 61-90 days and more than 90 days delinquent) and by the extrapolation of probable loan impairment based on the correlation of historical losses by vintage year of origination. The Company makes a determination of the best estimate within the calculated range of loan losses. Such determination may include, in addition to historical charge off experience, the impact of changed circumstances on current impairment of the loan portfolio. The accrual of interest is discontinued when a loan becomes more than 90 days past due. Cash receipts on impaired loans are applied first to accrued interest and then to principal. Impaired loans, or portions thereof, are charged off when deemed uncollectible. The allowance for loan losses represents an unallocated allowance. There are no elements of the allowance allocated to specific individual loans or to impaired loans.

Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment

Furniture, fixtures and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is recognized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Furniture and fixtures 7 years
Computers 5 years
Software 3 years

Leasehold improvements Shorter of useful life or lease term

Repossessed Houses

Manufactured houses acquired through foreclosure or similar proceedings are recorded at the lesser of the related loan balance or the estimated fair value of the house.

Other Assets

Other assets are comprised of prepaid expenses, deferred financing costs and other miscellaneous receivables. Prepaid expenses are amortized over the expected service period. Deferred financing costs are capitalized and amortized over the life of the corresponding obligation.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Derivative instruments are carried at fair value on the consolidated balance sheets. The accounting for changes in the fair value (i.e., gains or losses) of a derivative instrument is determined by whether it has been designated and qualifies as part of a hedging relationship. For those derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as hedging instruments, the Company designates the hedging instrument, based upon the exposure being hedged. For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges (i.e., hedging the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk), the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is reported as a component of other comprehensive income and reclassified into earnings in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. The remaining gain or loss on the derivative instrument in excess of the cumulative change in the present value of future cash flows of the hedged item (i.e., the ineffective portion), if any, is recognized in current earnings during the period of change. For derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments, the gain or loss is recognized in current earnings during the period of change.

For derivatives designated as hedging instruments at inception, the Company performs an analysis to assess effectiveness. Each derivative designated as a hedge has been and is expected to be highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged item. All components of each derivative instrument's gain or loss are included in the assessment of hedge effectiveness. Net hedge ineffectiveness is recorded in "interest expense" on the consolidated statements of income.

On January 1, 2009, the Company adopted new guidance relating to disclosures about derivative instruments and hedging activities. This new guidance requires entities to provide greater transparency about (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for, and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, results of operations and cash flows. To meet those objectives, the guidance requires (1) qualitative disclosures about objectives for using derivatives by primary underlying risk exposure (e.g., interest rate, credit or foreign exchange rate) and by purpose or strategy (fair value hedge, cash flow hedge, net investment hedge and non -hedges), (2) information about the volume of derivative activity in a flexible format that the preparer believes is the most relevant and practicable, (3) tabular disclosures about balance sheet location and gross fair value amounts of derivative instruments, income statement and other comprehensive income, location of gain and loss amounts on derivative instruments by type of contract, and (4) disclosures about credit -risk-related contingent features in derivative agreements. See footnote 8 for additional information.

Securitizations Structured as Financings

Prior to year 2008, the Company engaged in securitizations of its manufactured housing loan receivables. The Company structured all loan securitizations occurring from 2003 through 2008 as financings for accounting purposes under ASC Topic 860, "Transfers and Servicing." When a loan securitization is structured as a financing, the financed asset remains on the Company's books along with the recorded liability that evidences the financing, typically bonds. Income from the loan interest spread received on the securitized loans is recorded into income as earned. An allowance for credit losses is maintained on the loans. Deferred debt issuance costs and discount related to the bonds are amortized on a level yield basis over the estimated life of the bonds.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a REIT as defined under Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). In order for the Company to qualify as a REIT, at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the Company's gross income in any year must be derived from qualifying sources. In addition, a REIT must distribute at least ninety percent (90%) of its REIT taxable net income to its stockholders.

Qualification as a REIT involves the satisfaction of numerous requirements (some on an annual and quarterly basis) established under highly technical and complex Code provisions for which there are only limited judicial or administrative interpretations, and involves the determination of various factual matters and circumstances not entirely within the Company's control. In addition, frequent changes occur in the area of REIT taxation, which requires the Company continually to monitor its tax status.

As a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income taxes at the corporate level on the ordinary taxable income it distributes to its stockholders as dividends. If the Company fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, its taxable income will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates (including any applicable alternative minimum tax). Even if the Company qualifies as a REIT, it may be subject to certain state and local income taxes and to U.S. federal income and excise taxes on its undistributed taxable income. In addition, taxable income from non-REIT activities managed through taxable REIT subsidiaries, if any, is subject to federal and state income taxes. An income tax allocation is required to be estimated on the Company's taxable income generated by its taxable REIT subsidiaries. Deferred tax components arise based upon temporary differences between the book and tax basis of items such as the allowance for loan losses, accumulated depreciation, share based compensation and goodwill.

The provision for income taxes is based on amounts reported in the consolidated statements of operations and includes deferred income taxes on temporary differences between the income tax basis and financial accounting basis of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets are evaluated for realization based on available evidence of loss carry back capacity, future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, and assumptions made regarding future events. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more -likely-than-not that some portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. There is a valuation allowance recorded to the extent of net deferred tax assets (primarily net operating losses) on the Company's taxable REIT subsidiaries. The amounts are not material to the financial statements.

The Company classifies interest and penalties on income tax liabilities in income tax expense on the consolidated statements of operations.

The provision (benefit) for income taxes is computed by applying the effective federal income tax rate to income (loss) before income taxes as reported in the consolidated financial statements after deducting non -taxable items, principally income from a qualified REIT subsidiary, then adding interest (tax related), penalties, and state taxes.

The Company does not believe that it has any uncertainty in its tax returns. Therefore, there are no accruals for interest and penalties or uncertain tax positions included in the Company's tax accrual. The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and in various state and local jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company and its subsidiaries are no longer subject to U.S. federal or state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2010.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

For income tax purposes, distributions paid to common stockholders consist of ordinary income and return of capital. Distributions paid were taxable as follows for the years ended December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		2013			2012			
	Amount		Percentage	Amount		Percentage		
Ordinary income	\$	_		\$				
Return of capital		11,667	100.00		20,222	100.00		
Total	\$	11,667	100.00	\$	20,222	100.00		

A portion of the Company's income from a qualified REIT subsidiary that would otherwise be classified as a taxable mortgage pool may be treated as "excess inclusion income," which would be subject to the distribution requirements that apply to the Company and could therefore adversely affect its liquidity. Generally, a stockholder's share of excess inclusion income would not be allowed to be offset by any operating losses otherwise available to the stockholder. Tax exempt entities that own shares in a REIT must treat their allocable share of excess inclusion income as unrelated business taxable income. Any portion of a REIT dividend paid to foreign stockholders that is allocable to excess inclusion income will not be eligible for exemption from the 30% withholding tax (or reduced treaty rate) on dividend income. For the year ended December 31, 2013, 1.9% of distributions paid represented excess inclusion income.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair values of financial instruments are based upon estimates at the balance sheet date of the price that would be received in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Company uses quoted market prices and observable inputs when available. However, these inputs are often not available in the markets for many of the Company's assets. In these cases management typically performs discounted cash flow analysis using its best estimates of key assumptions such as credit losses, prepayment speeds and discount rates based on both historical experience and its interpretation of how comparable market data in more active markets should be utilized. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and significant judgment in the interpretation of current market data. Therefore, the fair values presented may differ from amounts the Company could realize or settle currently.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

During February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2013-02, "Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income." The amendments in ASU No. 2013-02 require an entity to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. In addition, ASU No. 2013-02 requires an entity to present, either on the face of the statement where net income is presented or in the notes, significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items in net income if the amounts being reclassified are required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) to be reclassified in their entirety to net income in the same reporting period. For amounts not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income in the same reporting period, an entity is required to cross-reference to other disclosures required under U.S. GAAP that provide additional detail about those amounts. ASU No. 2013-02 is effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of the guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements or the Notes thereto.

The amendments in the ASU No. 2014-04 - Receivables - Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40) clarify when an in substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, that is, when a creditor should be considered to have received physical possession of residential real estate property collateralizing a consumer mortgage loan such that the loan receivable should be derecognized and the real estate property recognized. This Accounting Standards Update is the final version of Proposed Accounting Standards Update EITF-13E-Receivables-Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors (Subtopic 310-40), which has been deleted. The adoption of the guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements or the Notes thereto.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts for prior periods have been reclassified to conform with current financial statement presentation.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 2 - Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share incorporates the potential dilutive effect of common stock equivalents outstanding on an average basis during the period. Potential dilutive common shares primarily consist of employee stock options, non -vested common stock awards, stock purchase warrants and convertible notes. The following table presents a reconciliation of basic and diluted loss per share for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	2013			2012
Numerator:		_		_
Net loss	\$	(2,137)	\$	(1,377)
Preferred stock dividends		(16)		(16)
Loss available to common shareholders, basic	\$	(2,153)	\$	(1,393)
Loss available to common shareholders, diluted	\$	(2,153)	\$	(1,393)
Denominator:		_		_
Weighted average basic common shares outstanding		25,926,149		25,926,149
Effect of dilutive securities: Incremental share - non-vested stock awards				
Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding		25,926,149		25,926,149
Net loss for common stockholders per share:		_		_
Basic	\$	(80.0)	\$	(0.05)
Diluted	\$	(80.0)	\$	(0.05)

NOTE 3 - Investments

The Company follows the provisions of ASC Topics 310 in reporting its investments. The investments are carried on the Company's balance sheet at \$1.2 million and \$1.4 million at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. See "Note 5 - Loan pools and Debt Securities Acquired with Evidence of Deterioration of Credit Quality" for further discussion related to the Company's debt securities accounted for under the provisions of ASC Topic 310.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 4 - Loans Receivable

The carrying amounts and fair value of loans receivable consisted of the following at December 31 (in thousands):

		2012		
Manufactured housing loans - securitized	\$	475,785	\$	558,831
Manufactured housing loans - unsecuritized		1,037		1,351
Accrued interest receivable		3,259		3,729
Deferred loan origination costs		954		1,322
Discount on originated loans (1)		(9,292)		(10,916)
Discount on purchased loans		(208)		(409)
Allowance for purchased loans		(1,672)		(2,689)
Allowance for loan losses		(6,609)		(7,799)
Total	\$	463,254	\$	543,420

(1) Represents the fair market value of servicing rights sold in July 2008 which are related to loans held -for-investment. The discount is accreted into interest income over the life of the loans on a level yield method.

The following table sets forth the average per loan balance, weighted average loan yield, and weighted average initial term at December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		2012		
Number of loans receivable		12,415	13,849	
Average loan balance	\$	38	\$ 40	
Weighted average loan yield		9.32%	9.34%	
Weighted average initial term		21 years	20 years	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 4 - Loans Receivable (cont.)

The following table sets forth the concentration by state of the manufactured housing loan portfolio at December 31 (dollars in thousands):

		2013			2012			
	Principal		Percent	Principal		Percent		
California	\$	190,688	40.0	\$	227,201	40.6		
Texas		40,200	8.4		46,452	8.3		
New York		24,638	5.2		28,266	5.1		
Florida		16,309	3.4		18,746	3.3		
Alabama		15,727	3.3		18,435	3.3		
Other		189,260	39.7		221,082	39.4		
Total	\$	476,822	100.0	\$	560,182	100.0		

The following table sets forth the number and value of loans for various original terms for the manufactured housing loan portfolio at December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	20		2012			
Original Term in Years	Number of Loans	Principal Balance		Number of Loans	Principal Balance	
5 or less	29	\$	1,378	32	\$	1,529
6-10	477		3,178	708		5,980
11-12	86		992	102		1,434
13-15	3,051		56,346	3,393		70,322
16-20	7,001		310,238	7,680		362,807
21-25	718		33,957	785		38,779
26-30	1,053		70,733	1,149		79,331
Total	12,415	\$	476,822	13,849	\$	560,182

Delinquency statistics for the manufactured housing loan portfolio are as follows at December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2013			2012			
Days Delinquent	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	% of Portfolio	Number of Loans	Principal Balance	% of Portfolio	
31-60	105 \$	3,780	0.8	127 \$	4,787	0.9	
61-90	43	1,390	0.3	43	1,842	0.3	
Greater than 90	92	4,209	0.9	109	5,218	0.9	

The Company defines non-performing loans as those loans that are greater than 90 days delinquent in contractual principal payments. The average balance of all non-performing loans as a group was \$4.3 million and \$5.3 million for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 5 - Loan Pools and Debt Securities Acquired with Evidence of Deterioration of Credit Quality

The Company has loan pools and debt securities that were acquired, for which there was at acquisition, evidence of deterioration of credit quality, and for which it was probable, at acquisition, that all contractually required payments would not be collected. These loan pools and debt securities are accounted for under the provisions of ASC Topic 310.

Loan Pools Acquired with Evidence of Deterioration of Credit Quality

The carrying amount of loan pools acquired with evidence of deterioration of credit quality was as follows at December 31 (in thousands):

		2013	 2012
Outstanding balance	\$	11,791	\$ 13,585
Carrying amount, net of allowance of \$1,672 and \$2,689, respectively	\$	10,687	\$ 11,340

Accretable yield represents the excess of expected future cash flows over the remaining carrying value of the purchased portfolio, which is recognized as interest income on a level yield basis over the life of the loan portfolio. Nonaccretable yield represents the difference between the remaining expected cash flows and the total contractual obligation outstanding of the purchased receivables. Changes in accretable yield for the years ended December 31 were as follows (in thousands):

	 2013	2012
Beginning balance	\$ 6,684	\$ 7,568
Accretion	\$ (904)	\$ (1,052)
Reversal of prior impairment	\$ (1,017)	\$ _
Change in estimate of future cash flows	(231)	168
Ending balance	\$ 4,532	\$ 6,684

Under the provisions of ASC Topic 310, if cash flow estimates increase subsequent to recording an impairment, a reversal of the previously recognized impairment is required before an increase to the internal rate of return is made. The Company reversed approximately \$1.0 million and \$0 of the impairment allowance during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, there were no loans acquired for which it was probable at acquisition that all contractually required payments would not be collected.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 5 - Loan Pools and Debt Securities Acquired with Evidence of Deterioration of Credit Quality (cont.)

Debt Securities Acquired with Evidence of Deterioration of Credit Quality

The carrying amount of debt securities acquired with evidence of deterioration of credit quality was as follows at December 31 (in thousands):

	2013	2012	
Outstanding balance	\$ 8,593	\$ 8,598	_
Carrying amount, net	\$ 1,191	\$ 1,442	

Accretable yield represents the excess of expected future cash flows over the remaining carrying value of the debt securities, which is recognized as interest income on a level yield basis over the life of the debt securities. Nonaccretable difference represents the difference between the remaining expected cash flows and the total contractual obligation outstanding of the debt securities. Changes in accretable yield for the years ended December 31 were as follows (in thousands):

	2013	2012		
Beginning balance	\$ 2,649	\$	2,695	
Accretion	(238)		(283)	
Change in estimate of future cash flows	 2,561		237	
Ending balance	\$ 4,972	\$	2,649	

During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 the Company recognized no other -than-temporary impairment on the principal balance of the security.

During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, there were no debt securities acquired for which it was probable at acquisition that all contractually required payments would not be collected.

NOTE 6 - Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses and related additions and deductions to the allowance for the years ended December 31 were as follows (in thousands):

		2013	2012
Balance at beginning of period	\$	11,802	\$ 15,088
Provision for loan losses		10,169	17,415
Gross charge offs		(21,574)	(29,955)
Recoveries		8,308	9,254
Balance at end of period	\$	8,705	\$ 11,802
Allocation to carrying value of repossessed houses	<u></u>	(2,096)	(4,003)
Net Allowance	\$	6,609	\$ 7,799

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 7 - Property and Equipment

Furniture, fixtures and equipment are summarized as follows at December 31 (in thousands):

	201	3	2012
Furniture and fixtures	\$	278	\$ 355
Leasehold improvements		47	49
Computer equipment		199	180
Total		524	584
Less: accumulated depreciation		(489)	(551)
Net Property and Equipment	\$	35	\$ 33

Depreciation expense was approximately \$18,000 and \$19,000, for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTE 8 - Derivatives

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into various transactions involving derivatives to manage exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. These financial instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and market risk.

Credit risk is the possible loss that may occur in the event of nonperformance by the counterparty to a financial instrument. The Company attempts to minimize credit risk arising from financial instruments by evaluating the creditworthiness of each counterparty, adhering to the same credit approval process used for traditional lending activities. Counterparty risk limits and monitoring procedures also facilitate the management of credit risk. The Company generally does not receive collateral when it enters into a derivative contract.

Market risk is the potential loss that may result from movements in interest rates that cause an unfavorable change in the value of a financial instrument. Market risk arising from derivative instruments is reflected in the consolidated financial statements. The Company manages this risk by establishing monetary exposure limits and monitoring compliance with those limits. Market risk inherent in derivative instruments held or issued for risk management purposes is typically offset by changes in the fair value of the assets or liabilities being hedged.

When hedge accounting is discontinued because the Company determines that the derivative no longer qualifies as a hedge, the derivative will continue to be recorded on the consolidated balance sheet at its fair value. Any change in the fair value of a derivative no longer qualifying as a hedge is recognized in current period earnings. For terminated cash flow hedges or cash flow hedges that no longer qualify as highly effective, the effective portion previously recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income is recorded in earnings when the hedged item affects earnings.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 8 - Derivatives (cont.)

Derivative Instruments

Derivative instruments are traded over an organized exchange or negotiated over-the-counter. Credit risk associated with exchange traded contracts is typically assumed by the organized exchange. Over-the-counter contracts are tailored to meet the needs of the counterparties involved and, therefore, contain a greater degree of credit risk and liquidity risk than exchange traded contracts, which have standardized terms and readily available price information. The Company reduces exposure to credit and liquidity risks from over-the-counter derivative instruments entered into for risk management purposes, by conducting such transactions with investment grade domestic financial institutions and subjecting counterparties to credit approvals, limits and monitoring procedures similar to those used in making other extensions of credit.

Detailed discussions of each class of derivative instruments held or issued by the Company for both risk management are as follows.

Interest Rate Swaps

Interest rate swaps are agreements in which two parties periodically exchange fixed cash payments for variable payments based on a designated market rate or index, or variable payments based on two different rates or indices, applied to a specified notional amount until a stated maturity. The Company's swap agreements are structured such that variable payments are primarily based on one month LIBOR or three-month LIBOR. These instruments are principally negotiated over-the-counter and are subject to credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk. All interest rate swaps entered into by the Company were entered with the intent to offset potential increases in interest expense and potential variability in cash flows under various interest rate environments. The Company does not speculate on interest rates. All interest rate swaps were entered into for the purpose of hedging the Company's exposure to interest rate risk. When it is determined that a derivative is not highly effective as a hedge or that it has ceased to be a highly effective hedge the Company discontinues hedge accounting and all changes in value in the derivative instrument are recorded in interest expense in the statement of operations.

Documents governing interest rate swap agreements contain certain restrictive covenants. One of the Company's interest rate swap agreements contained a minimum net worth covenant that the Company did not meet. This entitled the counterparty to initiate an early termination of the interest rate swap agreement. On May 2, 2012, the Company executed an interest rate swap termination transaction with its counterparty in three existing interest rate swap agreements. These interest rate swap agreements, since inception, had been classified by the Company as derivatives not designated as hedging instruments. The termination transactions settled on May 3, 2012 and a realized gain of approximately \$6.2 million was recorded.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 8 - Derivatives (cont.)

The following table presents the composition of the Company's derivative instruments at December 31, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands):

		December 31, 2013					
			Fair Value			e	
				Asset		Liability	
	N	lotional/	De	rivatives		Derivatives	
	C	Contract	(Ur	nrealized		(Unrealized	
	A	Amount	(Gains)		Losses)	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:							
Interest rate contracts: Swaps - cash flow -							
receive floating/pay fixed	\$	243,928	\$	_	\$	29,522	
Total Derivatives	\$	243,928	\$	_	\$	29,522	
			Decem	ber 31, 2012			
				Fair \	/alue		
				Asset		Liability	
	N	lotional/		rivatives		Derivatives	
		Contract	•	nrealized		(Unrealized	
		Amount		Gains)		Losses)	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments: Interest rate contracts: Swaps - cash flow -							
receive floating/pay fixed	\$	283,393	\$		\$	37,454	
Total Derivatives	\$	283,393	\$	_	\$	37,454	

By entering into derivative contracts, the Company is exposed to credit risk if the counterparties fail to perform. The Company minimizes credit risk through credit approvals, limits, monitoring procedures and collateral requirements. Nonperformance risk, including credit risk, is included in the determination of net fair value.

As part of a cash flow hedging strategy, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements (weighted average original maturity of 5.24 years) that effectively converts a portion of existing floating rate debt to a fixed rate basis, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest expense over the life of the agreements.

If interest rates, interest yield curves and notional amounts remain consistent with current projections, the Company expects to reclassify \$10.3 million of comprehensive income to interest expense on derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges during the next twelve months due to receipt of variable interest associated with floating rate debt.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 8 - Derivatives (cont.)

The following table summarizes the notional amount of interest rate swaps and the weighted average interest rates associated with amounts expected to be received or paid on interest rate swap agreements as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands).

		December 31, 2013		
		Weighted Average		
	Notional/			
	Contract	Receive	Pay	
	Amount	Rate	Rate	
Interest rate contracts:				
Swaps - cash flow - receive floating/pay fixed				
rate - Designated as hedging instruments	\$ 243,928		5.28%	
Total	\$ 243,928		5.28%	
		December 31, 2012		
		Weighted A	verage	
	Notional/			
	Contract	Receive	Pay	
	Amount	Rate	Rate	
Interest rate contracts:				
Swaps - cash flow - receive floating/pay fixed				
rate - Designated as hedging instruments	\$ 283,393		5.28%	
Total	\$ 283,393		5.28%	

Management believes these hedging strategies achieve the desired relationship between the fixed cash flow requirements of the derivative contracts and the variable cash flow requirements of its securitization financing which, in turn, reduce the overall exposure of net interest expense to interest rate risk, although there can be no assurance that such strategies will be successful.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 9 - Loan Securitizations

Historically the Company securitized manufactured housing loans. The Company recorded each transaction based on its legal structure. The Company exchanged manufactured housing loans it originated and purchased with a trust for cash. The trust then issued ownership interests to investors in asset backed bonds secured by the loans.

The Company structured all loan securitizations occurring from 2003 through 2008 as financings for accounting purposes. When securitizations are structured as financings no gain or loss is recognized, nor is any allocation made to residual interests or servicing rights. Rather, the loans securitized continue to be carried by the Company as assets, and the asset backed bonds secured by the loans are carried as a liability. The Company records interest income on securitized loans and interest expense on the bonds issued in the securitizations over the life of the securitizations. Deferred debt issuance costs and discount related to the bonds are amortized on a level yield basis over the estimated life of the bonds.

Prior to 2003, the Company sold loan pools that were treated as true sales in accordance with the accounting guidance within ASC Topic 860, "Transfers and Servicing."

Whenever the Company sells loans, it makes customary representations and warranties to purchasers about various characteristics of each loan, such as the manner of origination, the nature and extent of underwriting standards applied, and the types of documentation being provided. Typically these representations and warranties are in place for the life of the loan. If a loan does not perform, and a defect in the origination process is identified, the Company may be required to either repurchase the loan or indemnify the purchaser for losses it may incur on such loan. To date, the Company has not experienced any claims on it representations and warranties for loan pool sales that were accounted for as true sales. The Company has an insurance contract in place against losses in excess of \$250,000 relating to representation and warranty claims. The Company does not believe that it has any exposure to representation and warranty claims; therefore it has not created an accrual for potential claims.

Loan securitization transactions are subject to certain restrictive covenants as detailed in the governing transaction documents. The Company monitors compliance with these covenants on a continuing basis.

NOTE 10 - Debt

Total debt outstanding was as follows at December 31 (in thousands):

 Securitization financing
 2013
 2012

 \$ 423,369
 \$ 491,720

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 10 - Debt (cont.)

Securitization Financing - 2004-A Securitization

On February 11, 2004, the Company completed a securitization of approximately \$238.0 million in principal balance of manufactured housing loans. The securitization was accounted for as a financing. As part of the securitization the Company, through a special purpose entity, issued \$200.0 million in notes payable. The notes are stratified into six different classes and pay interest at a duration weighted average rate of approximately 5.12%. The notes had a contractual maturity date of October 2013 with respect to the Class A -1 notes; August 2017, with respect to the Class A-2 notes; and December 2020, with respect to the Class A-3 notes. All three classes (A-1, A-2 and A-3) have been paid in full. The Class A-4, Class M-1 and Class M-2 notes have a contractual maturity date of January 2035. The outstanding balance on the 2004-A securitization notes was approximately \$43.1 million and \$50.3 million at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Securitization Financing - 2004-B Securitization

On September 29, 2004, the Company completed a securitization of approximately \$200.0 million in principal balance of manufactured housing loans. The securitization was accounted for as a financing. As part of the securitization the Company, through a special purpose entity, issued \$169.0 million in notes payable. The notes are stratified into seven different classes and pay interest at a duration -weighted average rate of approximately 5.27%. The notes had a contractual maturity date of June 2013 with respect to the Class A -1 notes; December 2017, with respect to the Class A-2 notes; and August 2021, with respect to the Class A-3 notes. All three classes (A-1, A-2 and A-3) have been paid in full. The Class A-4, Class M-1, Class M-2 and Class B-1 notes have a contractual maturity date of November 2035. The outstanding balance on the 2004-B securitization notes was approximately \$41.4 million and \$49.2 million at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Securitization Financing - 2005-A Securitization

On May 12, 2005, the Company completed a securitization of approximately \$190.0 million in principal balance of manufactured housing loans. The securitization was accounted for as a financing. As part of the securitization the Company, through a special purpose entity, issued \$165.3 million in notes payable. The notes are stratified into seven different classes and pay interest at a duration -weighted average rate of approximately 5.30%. The notes had a contractual maturity date of July 2013 with respect to the Class A -1 notes; and May 2018, with respect to the Class A-2 notes. Both the A-1 and A-2 classes have been paid in full. The remaining notes have a contractual maturity date of October 2021, with respect to the Class A-3 notes; and June 2036, with respect to the Class A-4, Class M-1, Class M-2 and Class B notes. The outstanding balance on the 2005-A securitization notes was approximately \$46.1 million and \$54.3 million at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Securitization Financing - 2005-B Securitization

On December 15, 2005, the Company completed a securitization of approximately \$175.0 million in principal balance of manufactured housing loans. The securitization was accounted for as a financing. As part of the securitization the Company, through a special purpose entity, issued \$156.2 million in notes payable. The notes are stratified into eight different classes and pay interest at a duration -weighted average rate of approximately 6.15%. The notes had a contractual maturity date of February 2014 with respect to the Class A -1 notes; and December 2018, with respect to the Class A-2 notes. Both the A-1 and A-2 classes have been paid in full. The remaining notes have a contractual maturity date of May 2022, with respect to the Class A-3 notes; and January 2037, with respect to the Class A-4, Class M-1,

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 10 - Debt (cont.)

Class M-2, Class B-1 and Class B-2 notes. The outstanding balance on the 2005-B securitization notes was approximately \$51.5 million and \$59.1 million at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Securitization Financing - 2006-A Securitization

On August 25, 2006, the Company completed a securitization of approximately \$224.2 million in principal balance of manufactured housing loans. The securitization was accounted for as a financing. As part of the securitization the Company, through a special purpose entity, issued \$200.6 million in notes payable. The notes are stratified into two different classes. The Class A -1 notes paid interest at one month LIBOR plus 15 basis points and had a contractual maturity date of November 15, 2018. The Class A-1 notes have been paid in full. The Class A-2 notes pay interest (as specified in the Indenture) at a rate equal to the least of the applicable Auction Rate, the Net Contract Rate and the maximum cap rate of 18.00% per annum and have a contractual maturity date of October 2037. Additional credit enhancement was provided through the issuance of a financial guaranty insurance policy by Ambac Assurance Corporation. The outstanding balance on the 2006 -A securitization notes was approximately \$86.3 million and \$98.0 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Securitization Financing - 2007-A Securitization

On May 2, 2007, the Company completed a securitization of approximately \$200.4 million in principal balance of manufactured housing loans. The securitization was accounted for as a financing. As part of the securitization the Company, through a special purpose entity, issued \$184.4 million in notes payable. The notes are stratified into two different classes. The Class A-1 notes pay interest at one month LIBOR plus 19 basis points and have a contractual maturity date of April 2037. The Class A-2 notes pay interest (as specified in the Indenture) at a rate equal to the least of the applicable Auction Rate, the Net Contract Rate and the maximum cap rate of 18.00% per annum and have a contractual maturity date of April 2037. Additional credit enhancement was provided through the issuance of a financial guaranty insurance policy by Ambac Assurance Corporation. The outstanding balance on the 2007-A securitization notes was approximately \$89.0 million and \$103.0 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Securitization Financing - 2007-B Securitization

On October 16, 2007, the Company completed a securitization of approximately \$140.0 million in principal balance of manufactured housing loans. The securitization was accounted for as a financing. As part of the securitization the Company, through a special purpose entity, issued \$126.7 million of a single AAA rated floating rate class of asset backed notes to a single qualified institutional buyer pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933. The notes pay interest at one month LIBOR plus 120 basis points and have a contractual maturity date of September 2037. Additional credit enhancement was provided by a guaranty from Ambac Assurance Corporation. The outstanding balance on the 2007-B securitization notes was approximately \$66.1 million and \$77.7 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 10 - Debt (cont.)

The average balance and average interest rate of outstanding debt was as follows at December 31 (dollars in thousands):

	2013		2012	2
	Average Balance	Average Rate	Average Balance	Average Rate
Securitization financing — 2004-A securitization	46,943	6.2	54,024	6.2
Securitization financing — 2004-B securitization	45,560	6.7	53,943	6.4
Securitization financing — 2005-A securitization	50,495	5.9	59,087	5.8
Securitization financing — 2005-B securitization	55,670	6.2	64,850	6.2
Securitization financing — 2006-A securitization	92,419	8.3	104,233	8.5
Securitization financing — 2007-A securitization	96,627	7.5	110,690	7.7
Securitization financing — 2007-B securitization	72,362	7.1	82,950	7.0

The duration weighted average rate on the notes differ from the average rate of outstanding debt at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively due to the varying degrees of duration for each class and the amortization of transactions costs.

At December 31, 2013, the total of maturities and amortization of debt during the next five years and thereafter are approximately as follows: 2014 - \$69.7 million; 2015 - \$116.1 million; 2016 - \$65.4 million; 2017 - \$57.7 million; 2018 - \$21.4 million and \$93.3 million thereafter.

NOTE 11 - Employee Benefits

The Company maintains a 401(k) plan covering all employees who meet certain minimum requirements. Participating employees can make salary contributions to the plan up to Internal Revenue Code limits. The Company matches \$1.00 for each dollar contributed by each eligible participant in the plan up to the first 1% of each eligible participant's annual compensation and \$0.50 for each dollar contributed by each eligible participant in the plan up to the next 5% of each eligible participant's annual compensation. The Company's related expense was approximately \$33,000 and \$32,000, respectively for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 12 - Stockholders' Equity

On October 8, 2003, the Company completed a private placement of \$150.0 million of its common stock to certain institutional and accredited investors.

Effective January 1, 2004, the Company sold 125 shares of its Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock directly to 125 investors at a per share price of \$1,000. The transaction resulted in net proceeds to the Company of \$95,000. These shares pay dividends quarterly at an annual rate of 12.5%.

On February 4, 2004, the Company completed a private placement of 1,000,000 shares of its common stock to one institutional investor. The offering provided net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$9.4 million.

On May 6, 2004, the Company completed an initial public offering of 8.0 million shares of its common stock. In June 2004 the underwriters of the initial public offering purchased an additional 625,900 shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to an underwriter's over-allotment option. Net proceeds from these transactions were \$72.2 million after discount and expenses.

In September 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission declared effective the Company's shelf registration statement on Form S -3 for the proposed offering, from time to time, of up to \$200 million of its common stock, preferred stock and debt securities. In addition to such debt securities, preferred stock and common stock the Company could sell under the registration statement from time to time, the Company registered for sale 1,540,000 shares of its common stock pursuant to a sales agreement entered into with Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation. Sales under the agreement commenced on June 5, 2007. There were no sales under this agreement during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. The Company sold 50,063 shares of common stock under the sales agreement with Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation during the year ended December 31, 2007, at the price of the Company's common stock prevailing at the time of each sale. The Company received proceeds, net of commissions, of \$296,000 during the year ended December 31, 2007, as a result of these sales.

In December 2008, the Company voluntarily delisted its common stock from the NASDAQ Global Market, deregistered its common stock under the Securities Act of 1934 and terminated its shelf registration statement on Form S -3 and its registration statement on Form S -8.

Data pertaining to the Company's distributions declared and paid to common stockholders during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

Declaration Date	Record Date	Date Paid	Distribution per Share	Total Distribution (thousands)
December 16, 2013	December 26, 2013	December 31, 2013	\$ 0.14	\$ 3,630
August 29, 2013	September 9, 2013	September 16, 2013	\$ 0.14	\$ 3,630
May 14, 2013	May 27, 2013	June 3, 2013	\$ 0.09	\$ 2,333
February 20, 2013	March 4, 2013	March 11, 2013	\$ 0.08	\$ 2,074
December 13, 2012	December 24, 2012	December 28, 2012	\$ 0.13	\$ 3,370
September 6, 2012	September 17, 2012	September 25, 2012	\$ 0.12	\$ 3,111
June 4, 2012	June 15, 2012	June 22, 2012	\$ 0.38	\$ 9,852
March 14, 2012	March 26, 2012	April 2, 2012	\$ 0.15	\$ 3,889

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 13 - Liquidity Risks and Uncertainties

The risks associated with the Company's business become more acute in any economic slowdown or recession. Periods of economic slowdown or recession may be accompanied by decreased demand for consumer credit and declining asset values. In the manufactured housing business, any material decline in collateral values increases the loan -to-value ratios of loans previously made, thereby weakening collateral coverage and increasing the size of losses in the event of default. Delinquencies, repossessions, foreclosures and losses generally increase during economic slowdowns or recessions. For the Company's finance customers, loss of employment, increases in cost -of-living or other adverse economic conditions would impair their ability to meet their payment obligations. Higher industry inventory levels of repossessed manufactured houses may affect recovery rates and result in future impairment charges and provision for losses. In addition, in an economic slowdown or recession, servicing and litigation costs generally increase. Any sustained period of increased delinquencies, repossessions, foreclosures, losses or increased costs would adversely affect the Company's financial condition, results of operations and liquidity. The Company bears the risk of delinquency and default on securitized loans in which it has a residual or retained ownership interest. The Company also reacquires the risks of delinquency and default for loans that it is obligated to repurchase. Repurchase obligations are typically triggered in sales or securitizations if the loan materially violates the Company's representations or warranties.

The availability of sufficient sources of capital to allow the Company to continue its operations is dependent on numerous factors, many of which are outside its control. Relatively small amounts of capital are required for the Company's ongoing operations and cash generated from operations should be adequate to fund the continued operations.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 14 - Lease Commitments

The Company leases office facilities and equipment under leasing agreements that expire at various dates. These leases generally contain scheduled rent increases or escalation clauses and/or renewal options. Future minimum rental payments under agreements classified as operating leases with non- cancelable terms at December 31, 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

2014	\$ 113
2015	116
2016	49
Thereafter	_
Total	\$ 278

For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, rental and operating lease expense amounted to approximately \$109,000 and \$108,000, respectively. The Company did not pay any contingent rental expense and received no sublease income during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTE 15 - Fair Value Measurements

On January 1, 2008, the Company adopted guidance related to fair value measurements and additional guidance for financial instruments. This guidance establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The updated guidance was issued to establish a uniform definition of fair value. The definition of fair value under this guidance is market based as opposed to company specific and includes the following:

Defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability, in either case through an orderly transaction between market participants at a measurement date, and establishes a framework for measuring fair value;

Establishes a three level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date;

Nullifies previous fair value guidance, which required the deferral of profit at inception of a transaction involving a derivative financial instrument in the absence of observable data supporting the valuation technique;

Eliminates large position discounts for financial instruments quoted in active markets and requires consideration of the company's creditworthiness when valuing liabilities; and

Expands disclosures about instruments that are measured at fair value.

The accounting guidance for financial instruments provides an option to elect fair value as an alternative measurement for selected financial assets, financial liabilities, unrecognized Company commitments and written loan commitments not previously recorded at fair value. The Company has not elected to apply the fair value option for any financial instruments.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 15 - Fair Value Measurements (cont.)

Determination of Fair Value

The Company has an established process for determining fair values. Fair value is based upon quoted market prices, where available. If listed prices or quotes are not available, fair value is based upon internally developed models that use primarily market -based or independently-sourced market parameters, including interest rate yield curves and option volatilities. Valuation adjustments may be made to ensure that financial instruments are recorded at fair value. These adjustments include amounts to reflect counterparty credit quality, creditworthiness, liquidity and unobservable parameters that are applied consistently over time. Any changes to the valuation methodology are reviewed by management to determine appropriateness of the changes. As markets develop and the pricing for certain products becomes more transparent, the Company expects to continue to refine its valuation methodologies.

The methods described above may produce a fair value estimate that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Company believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in different estimates of fair values of the same financial instruments at the reporting date.

Valuation Hierarchy

The accounting guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures establishes a three -level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy favors the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date and thereby favors use of Level 1 if appropriate information is available, and otherwise Level 2 and finally Level 3 if Level 2 input is not available. The three levels are defined as follows.

Level 1 - Fair value is based upon quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets in which the Company can participate.

Level 2 - Fair value is based upon quoted prices for similar (i.e., not identical) assets and liabilities in active markets, and other inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level 3 - Fair value is based upon financial models using primarily unobservable inputs.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input within the valuation hierarchy that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used by the Company for instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 15 - Fair Value Measurements (cont.)

Assets

Investments - "SOP - 03-3" - These securities are comprised of mortgage -backed securities that have evidence of deterioration of credit quality at purchase. The fair values are determined by using a third party discounted cash flow model based on observable market prices and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

Loans receivable

The Company does not record these loans at fair value on a recurring basis. However, from time to time a loan is considered impaired and an allowance for loan losses is established. Loans are considered impaired if it is probable that payment of interest and principal will not be made in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Once a loan is identified as impaired, the fair value of the impaired loan is estimated using one of several methods, including collateral value, market value of similar debt, enterprise value, and liquidation value or discounted cash flows. Impaired loans do not require an allowance if the fair value of the expected repayments or collateral exceed the recorded investments in such loans. At December 31, 2013, substantially all of the total impaired loans were evaluated based on the fair value of the collateral rather than on discounted cash flows. Impaired loans where an allowance is established based on the fair value of collateral require classification in the fair value hierarchy. When the fair value of the collateral is based on an observable market price or a current appraised value, the Company records the impaired loan as a nonrecurring Level 2 valuation.

Repossessed houses

Loans on which the underlying collateral has been repossessed are adjusted to fair value upon transfer to repossessed assets. Subsequently, repossessed assets are carried at the lower of carrying value or fair value, less anticipated marketing and selling costs. Fair value is based upon independent market prices, appraised values of the collateral or management's estimation of the value of the collateral. When the fair value of the collateral is based on an observable market price or a current appraised value, the Company records the repossessed asset as a nonrecurring Level 2 valuation.

Liabilities

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company's derivative contracts include only interest rate swaps. Where possible, such contracts are valued by comparing similar contracts in an active market with inputs that are observable and are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. Where observable active market inputs are not available, the Company utilizes internal financial models using inputs derived from forecasts based on historical results and the Company's estimates. These valuations are classified within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 15 - Fair Value Measurements (cont.)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below (dollars in thousands):

				Dece	mbe	r 31, 2013	
		Fair Valu	ıe Meası	urement	Usir	ıg	
		evel 1	Leve	el 2		Level 3	Assets/Liabilities at Fair Value
Derivative liabilities	\$	<u> </u>	}		\$	29,552	\$ 29,552
Total liabilities	\$,		\$	29,552	\$ 29,552
		Fair Valu	ue Measi			r 31, 2012 Ig	
	L	evel 1	Leve	el 2		Level 3	Assets/Liabilities at Fair Value
Derivative liabilities	<u>L</u> \$.evel 1\$	Leve		\$	Level 3 37,454	\$

Changes in assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the years ended December 31 were as follows (in thousands):

	201	13	2012
Beginning balance	\$	37,454 \$	41,662
Net unrealized gains on interest rate swaps,			
designated as cash flow hedges		(7,902)	(4,208)
Ending balance	\$	29,552 \$	37,454

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 15 - Fair Value Measurements (cont.)

The Company also has assets that under certain conditions are subject to measurement at fair value on a non -recurring basis. These include assets that are measured at the lower of cost or market and had a fair value below cost at the end of the period as summarized below:

		December 31, 2013									
		Fair Value on a Non-recurring Basis									
	L	evel 1		Level 2	ļ	Level 3	•	Asset/Liability at Fair Value			
Investments-SOP – 03-3	\$	_	\$	1,192	\$		\$	1,192			
Impaired loans		_		1,683		_		1,683			
Repossessed assets		_		1,401		_		1,401			
Total Asset	\$		\$	4,276	\$	_	\$	4,276			
				Dec	ember	31, 2012					
		December 31, 2012									
		Fair Value on a Non-recurring Basis									
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3			Asset/Liability at Fair Value			
Investment-SOP - 03-3	\$	_	\$	1,442	\$	_	\$	1,442			
Impaired loans		_		1,826		_		1,826			
Repossessed houses				2,180		_		2,180			
Total Asset											

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 15 - Fair Value Measurements (cont.)

Required Financial Disclosure about Financial Instruments

The accounting guidance for financial instruments requires disclosures of the estimated fair value of certain financial instruments and the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate their fair values. Certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments are excluded from the scope of this guidance. Accordingly, the fair value disclosures required by this guidance are only indicative of the value of individual financial instruments as of the dates indicated and should not be considered an indication of the fair value of the Company.

	2013			2012				
	Carr	ying Amount		Estimated Fair Value	Carr	ying Amount		Estimated Fair Value
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	774	\$	774	\$	826	\$	826
Restricted cash		8,516		8,516		11,110		11,110
Investments		1,191		1,191		1,442		1,442
Loans receivable		463,254		436,353		543,420		492,598
Liabilities								
Securitization financing		423,369		380,086		491,720		413,479
Derivatives		29,552		29,552		37,454		37,454

The methods and assumptions that were used to estimate the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis are discussed above. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value for other financial instruments for which it is practicable to estimate that value:

- Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Due to their short term in nature, the carrying amount of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash approximates fair value.
- Investment-Held-to-Maturity The fair value of investments, classified as held to maturity, is estimated by management using an
 internally developed cash flow model using market interest rates inputs as well as management's best estimates of spreads for
 similar collateral.
- Loans Receivable The fair value of loans is estimated by using internally developed discounted cash flow models using market interest rate inputs as well as management's best estimate of spreads for similar collateral.
- Securitized Financing The fair value of securitized financing is estimated based on a discounted cash flow model that incorporates the current borrowing rates of the notes or similar types of borrowing arrangements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 16 - Related Party Transactions

The Company leases its executive offices in Southfield, Michigan from an entity in which Mr. Gary A. Shiffman, a director of the Company, and certain of his affiliates beneficially own approximately a 21% interest. Ronald A. Klein, a director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, owns less than a 1% interest in the landlord entity. The Company recorded rental expense for these offices of approximately \$104,000 and \$103,000 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTE 17 - Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events occurring through February 19, 2014, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued for events requiring recording or disclosure in the Company's financial statements.

On February 19, 2014, the Company declared a dividend of \$0.08 per common share payable to holders of record as of March 3, 2014. The dividend will be paid on March 13, 2014 and will approximate \$2.1 million.